

Wm. W. Remington

121-6159-(481-555)

Sect. 9

(17 pgs.)

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WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASHINGTON FIELD

11:00a

DIRECTOR AND SAC

DEFERRED

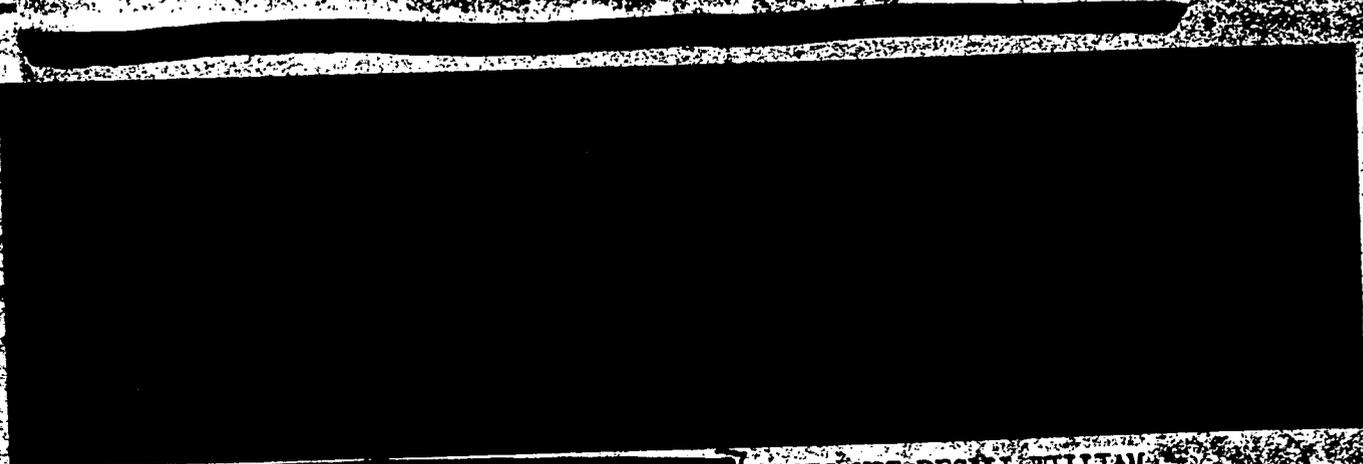
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, ONE ROBERT S. LEHMAN AND ALICE ALLEN

SEPARATELY INTERVIEWED IN LIGHT OF STATEMENT BY ANN REMINGTON THAT HER HUSBAND

WAS SUCH FAR LEFT LIBERALS THAT REMINGTON ATTEMPTED TO RECRUIT THEM

INTO COMMUNIST PARTY AND HAD THEM MEET JOE NORTH WITH THAT IN VIEW

ALICIA LEHMAN, INTERVIEWED MAY TWENTY SIX NINETEEN FIFTY



DOES NOT RECALL WILLIAM

REMINGTON AS BEING PRESENT AND DENIES ANY STATEMENTS OR INDICATION ON

WILLIAM REMINGTONS PART THAT HE WAS IN ANY WAY A COMMUNIST OR OTHERWISE

DISLOYAL, AND DENIES THAT WILLIAM REMINGTON EVER ATTEMPTED EVEN BY

IMPLICATION TO INTEREST HER OR HER HUSBAND IN COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERSHIP

WAS NOT PROPOSITIONED BY NORTH TO JOIN COMMUNIST PARTY, AND NEITHER ALICIA

NOR ROBERT LEHMAN JOINED CP ACCORDING TO ALICIA ROBERT S. LEHMAN

RECORDED 71

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PAGE TWO

[REDACTED] STATED LAST TIME IN CONTACT WITH REMINGTON WAS SUMMER OF FORTY NINE, LEHMAN ON CLOSER QUESTIONING ADMITTED HAVING RECEIVED PHONE CALL FROM REMINGTON QUOTE ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO, MAYBE LESS UNQUOTE, BUT DENIES REMINGTON ATTEMPTED TO PLANT ANY SEED RE ANNS MENTAL CONDITION, PURPOSE OF CALL BEING AN ATTEMPT TO PLACE FRIEND IN POSITION IN CENSUS BUREAU. OPINION OF INTERVIEWING AGENTS OF BOTH ALICIA AND ROBERT LEHMAN GAVE EVERY INDICATION THAT THEY WERE PRIMED TO RAISE ISSUE OF ANNS MENTAL CONDITION AND THUS TO IMPEACH HER CREDIBILITY, AND TO GIVE WILLIAM REMINGTON A CLEAN BILL OF HEALTH AS TO LOYALTY. ROBERT LEHMAN DENIES AND OR WILLIAM REMINGTON EVER EVEN BY IMPLICATION ATTEMPTED TO INTEREST OR RECRUIT HIM INTO CP, STATING THAT [REDACTED] REMINGTON ANTICOMMUNIST, ALTHOUGH ANN MAY HAVE BEEN COMMUNISTICALLY INCLINED, ALTHOUGH QUOTE HE NEVER PAID MUCH ATTENTION TO HER UNQUOTE.

PAGE THREE

VERIFIES MEETING WITH NORTH, ADMITS KNOWING NORTH WAS COMMUNIST, ADMITS
KNOWING THAT REMINGTON KNEW NORTH WAS COMMUNIST, BUT FELT NO SURPRISE
THAT NORTH GUEST IN REMINGTON HOME, STATING HE FELT NORTH WAS ANNS GUEST,
NOT WILLIAMS. ALL COMMENTS REGARDING WILLIAM REMINGTON BY LEHMAN FAVORABLE
FROM LOYALTY STANDPOINT. ALL HIS COMMENTS CONCERNING ANN REMINGTON
DEROGATORY FROM PERSONALITY AND MENTALITY STANDPOINT, AND SLANTED ALONG
LINE THAT ANN PROBABLY A COMMUNIST AND DISLOYAL, BUT THAT HE NEVER PAID
MUCH ATTENTION TO HER AND THAT WILLIAM REMINGTON, OBVIOUSLY DIDNT AGREE
WITH ANNS VIEWS, AS PROVEN FORSOOTH BY THEIR LATER SEPARATION AND DIVORCE.
DETAILS OF INTERVIEWS WILL BE SET OUT IN FORTHCOMING REPORT.

HOTTEL

END

CWL:MB
101-2372

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RECEIVED

M. Stanley

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Clegg	
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Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

31

DIRECTOR AND SAC, U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION
 WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, AKA BILL, COMMERCE, IGE. A REVIEW OF REMINGTON'S
 PERSONNEL FILE, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, REFLECTS THAT EFFECTIVE OCTOBER
 SEVEN, FORTY NINE, REMINGTON RECEIVED AN INTRA-DASH AGENCY TRANSFER AND
 CHANGE TO LOWER GRADE FROM DIRECTOR, EXPORT PROGRAM STAFF, CAF DASH FIFTEEN,
 THEN TEN THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED THIRTY PER ANNUM, NOW GS DASH FIFTEEN,
 TEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED PER ANNUM, EXPORT PROGRAM STAFF, OIT, COMMERCE,
 TO INTERNATIONAL TRADE ECONOMIST, P DASH SEVEN, THEN NINE THOUSAND SEVEN
 HUNDRED SIX DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM, NOW GS DASH FOURTEEN, NINE
 THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED PER ANNUM, PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE RELATIONS
 BRANCH, COMMODITIES DIVISION, OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE, DEPARTMENT OF
 COMMERCE. REMINGTON AT FIRST OBJECTED TO THE DEMOTION AND DEMANDED A FORMAL
 HEARING UNDER THE VETERANS PREFERENCE ACT. AT WHICH HEARING HE WAS REPRESENTED
 BY ATTORNEY JOSEPH RAUH. AFTER A CONFERENCE BETWEEN REMINGTON AND HIS
 ATTORNEY WITH PERSONNEL OFFICIALS OF THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT, REMINGTON
 AGREED TO ACCEPT THE DEMOTION WITHOUT FURTHER OBJECTION. TITLE SHOULD
 THEREFORE BE CHANGED TO READ: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, AKA BILL, INTERNATIONAL
 TRADE ECONOMIST, OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE,
 WASHINGTON, D. C., IGE. SUGGESTED ADVISE AUXILIARY OFFICES

HOTTEL

101-2372

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 31 1950

TELETYPE

FBI KNOXVILLE

5-31-50

710 PM EST

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, NEW YORK CITY

URGENT

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE.

- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Belmont
- Mr. Mohr
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Neese
- Miss Gandy



485

5-31-50 17 111-62

END PAGE ONE

PAGE THREE

REMINGTON-S

TVA PERSONNEL FILE BEING PHOTOSTATED INASMUCH AS IT CONTAINS SUPPLEMENTAL APPLICATION FOR REEMPLOYMENT WITH TVA IN NINETEEN FORTY, SHOWING PRIOR EMPLOYMENT WITH WORKERS EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, KNOXVILLE, TENN., MAY TO AUGUST, NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN. THIS TENDS TO SHOW REMINGTON STILL IN KNOXVILLE VICINITY SUBSEQUENT TO ARRIVAL OF ELIZABETH WINSTON MALCOMBRE TODD IN KNOXVILLE, TENN. BURTON JACK ~~ZIEN~~, FORMER TVA EMPLOYEE, WHO RECENTLY RESIGNED AS NLRB REPRESENTATIVE AT KNOXVILLE, TENN., IS PRESENTLY BEING INTERVIEWED BY AGENTS OF THIS OFFICE AND HAS ADMITTED THAT HE JOINED CP AT KNOXVILLE, TENN., IN APPROXIMATELY JULY OR AUGUST, NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN AT REQUEST OF MERWIN TODD, WHO SUCCEEDED ~~KEN MALCOLM~~ AS CP ORGANIZER THIS AREA.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ZIEN KNOWS THAT TODD SUBSEQUENTLY ROOMED WITH REMINGTON IN SPRING OR SUMMER OF NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN, AND ESTIMATES THAT TODD BECAME CP ORGANIZER FOR KNOX COUNTY IN JUNE OR JULY, NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN. ZIEN HAS NO RECOLLECTION OF REMINGTON AS A MEMBER

END PAGE FOUR

[REDACTED]

PAGE FIVE

OF THE CP BUT DOES KNOW THAT HE WAS INTIMATELY ASSOCIATED WITH TODD. ZIEN STATES THE LAST TIME HE SAW REMINGTON, SO FAR AS HE NOW RECALLS, WAS IN APPROXIMATELY MAY OR JUNE OF NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN WHEN HE ENCOUNTERED HIM ON GAY STREET IN KNOXVILLE, AT WHICH TIME REMINGTON ASKED ZIEN IF HE WOULD LIKE TO VOLUNTEER TO GO TO SPAIN AND FIGHT WITH THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE. INTERVIEW WITH ZIEN CONTINUING AND OTHER INVESTIGATION BEING MADE. NEW YORK ADVISE DONEGAN AND KELLY PROMPTLY.

ROBEY

CORRECTION PAGE ONE LINE FIVE WORDS FIVE AND SIX XXXX
WORDS SIX AND SEVEN STATE DIRECTOR

END

ACK IN ORD PLS

WA 8-30 PM OK FBI WA OVM

NYC OK FBI NYC JJG

DISC PLS

cc: Mr. Stanley

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASHINGTON FIELD MAY 31, 1950 10:15am

DIRECTOR AND SACS ALBANY AND NEW YORK URGENT

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, AKA BILL, DIRECTOR OF EXPORT PROGRAM STAFF,
OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, WASHINGTON, D.C.,
LGE. ANN REMINGTON, FORMER WIFE OF EMPLOYEE, IN INTERVIEW HAS STATED
THAT SHE MET TWO OF REMINGTONS FRIENDS AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY WHO WERE
COMMUNISTS. THESE FRIENDS WERE BOONE SCHIRMER WHOM SHE RECALLS WAS A
BIOLOGIST AND ONE DAVE BRADLEY WHOM SHE RECALLS WAS ALSO A BIOLOGIST OR
CHEMIST AND ADVISED THAT AFTER THEIR MEETING AT HARVARD, SCHIRMER AND
BRADLEY CAME TO BENNINGTON COLLEGE AS YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE ORGANIZERS
AND RECRUITED ANN REMINGTON INTO THE YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE ALONG WITH
ONE ELAINE PARE, A BROOKLYN SOPHOMORE AT BENNINGTON COLLEGE. SHE STATED
THAT THEY WERE THE ONLY TWO PERSONS AT BENNINGTON WHOM SHE KNEW JOINED
YCL AND RECALLED THAT SHE AND ELAINE PARE HAD EXECUTED A CARD OF
APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN YCL AND AS SHE RECALLS RECEIVED A CARD
OF MEMBERSHIP. THIS INFORMATION IS BEING INCLUDED IN WFO LGE REPORT.
IF THE FILES OF THE ALBANY OFFICE CONTAIN INFORMATION CONCERNING SCHIRMER,
BRADLEY AND PARE IT IS DESIRED THAT ALBANY SUTEL WFO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
APPROPRIATE THUMBNAIL SKETCHES FOR USE IN WFO REPORT.

HOTTEL

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INDEXED 34
MAY 31 5 51 PM '50

1/21 6159-490
JUL 13 1950

RECEIVED/RECORDED 34
MAY 31 5 51 PM '50

50 JULY 4 1950
162

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
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SAC, New York

July 10, 1950

Director, FBI

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
Commerce
T.C.E.

R

One copy of a booklet entitled "Hearings Regarding Communism in the United States Government - Part 1", dated 1950 and printed for the Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, is forwarded herewith to the New York and Knoxville offices. This booklet contains testimony concerning Remington heard by Congressional Committees. New York is requested to make its copy available to SAAG Donegan. A copy is being furnished to the Department.

Enclosure

CC: Washington Field (Info)
Knoxville (Encl)

121-6159

RECORDED - 93 *121-6159-498*
JUL 13 1950
49

MAILED TO
JUL 11 1950
COMM - FBI

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED READING ROOM
JUL 10 6:00 PM '50
JUL 11 1950
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

FILE NO. 121-760

REPORT MADE AT LOS ANGELES	DATE WHEN MADE 6/5/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 6/2,5/50	REPORT MADE BY HARVEY G. BERKEY
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka Bill Director of Export, Program Staff Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

* * *

Mrs. ELEANOR BREESE; sister of KATHERINE BUCKLES SCHRYVER, advised that she was employed by Tennessee Valley Authority from approximately 1934-1937; that she has never been a member of the Communist Party; that she is not acquainted with employee REMINGTON; and had no information as to whether employee REMINGTON had ever been a member of the Communist Party.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Washington Field teletype to Los Angeles dated June 1, 1950.
Bureau teletype to Los Angeles dated June 5, 1950.

*1cc LRP
1cc Dept
3cc CSC*

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JUN 13 1950

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: 	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: June 26, 1950

FROM : SAC, KNOXVILLE

AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERYSUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE
LGE
PERJURY

Investigation at Knoxville indicates that REMINGTON resided from March to May, 1937 at 933 North Broadway, Knoxville, which is an old rambling rooming house, then owned and occupied by Miss RUBY COX. During this period, REMINGTON resigned from his position as a messenger with Tennessee Valley Authority to devote his full time to worker's education. In this activity, which consisted principally of engaging in CIO organizational campaigns in behalf of the T.W.O.C. among employees of textile mills in the Knoxville vicinity, REMINGTON was allegedly associated with MERWIN "PAT" TODD, HORACE BRYAN and possibly WILLIAM MARLOWE. Of the above individuals, TODD and probably BRYAN were known to have resided with REMINGTON at 933 North Broadway, Knoxville.

Miss RUBY COX, recently interviewed, advised that a Mr. J. F. BOHANNON, who was employed at that time by Brookside Textile Mills in Knoxville, resided at 116 Fulton Street, directly to the rear of 933 North Broadway in a small house which was also owned by Miss RUBY COX. It is Miss COX's recollection that REMINGTON or TODD endeavored to persuade Mr. BOHANNON to become an organizer for the T.W.O.C.(CIO) at Brookside Mills.

According to Miss COX, BOHANNON was last known to be residing at 102 Orien Street, La Grange, Georgia and was employed in a textile mill at that place. She described him as a round faced, clean-cut American citizen who served in the recent war and had two sons also in service.

The Atlanta Office is requested to interview Mr. BOHANNON for information concerning REMINGTON's alleged Communist Party membership, his activities and his associates.

Similarly, Miss COX advised that Mr. ALTON B. PARKER had resided in 1937 in another house owned by her on Fulton Street to the rear of 933 North Broadway, Knoxville, and was also employed at Brookside Textile Mills, Knoxville, at that time. It is Miss COX's recollection that REMINGTON and TODD, while endeavoring to organize employees of the Brookside Mills for the CIO, contacted Mr. PARKER in an effort to persuade him to join. According to Miss COX, Mr. PARKER's last known address was 23 Sturdevant Street, Brandon Mills, Greenville, South Carolina.

JAR: sbp
121-63

CC-Atlanta (2)
Charlotte (2)
New York (1)(Info.)

RECORDED
INDEXED

121-6159-523

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 25 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

CONF TWO STATIONS

WASHINGTON AND WASH FIELD 1 FROM BOSTON

25
24

5-00 PMM

DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. RE WFO TEL TO NY AND BOSTON, JUNE TWENTYTWO LAST, REQUESTING BOSTON SUTEL THUMBNAIL SKETCH RE BILL MARTIN, MENTIONED PAGE THIRTYTHREE WFO LGE REPORT JUNE SEVEN LAST.

WILLIAM A. MARTIN, PROFESSOR OF SOCIOLOGY, COLGATE UNIVERSITY, HAMILTON, NY, BELIEVED TO BE IDENTICAL WITH INSTANT INDIVIDUAL, WHO WAS INTERVIEWED BY THE ALBANY OFFICE, WHICH FURNISHED FOLLOWING TELETYPE TO BOSTON RE MARTIN. QUOTE WILLIAM A. MARTIN, PROF. OF SOCIOLOGY, COLGATE UNIVERSITY, HAMILTON, NY, ADVISED THAT HE HAD KNOWN REMINGTON DURING EARLY CHILDHOOD AND DURING THREE YEARS ATTENDANCE AT DARTMOUTH COLLEGE FROM NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE TO THIRTYNINE. WAS HIS ROOMMATE DURING NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE DASH THIRTYSEX COLLEGIATE YEAR. HAS VISITED WITH HIM FOR SHORT PERIODS ON A FEW OCCASIONS SINCE THAT TIME. MARTIN ADVISED THAT DURING REMINGTON-S FIRST TWO YEARS AT DARTMOUTH, HE WAS ONE OF A GROUP OF STUDENTS WHO EXPRESSED RADICAL, SOCIALIST, AND COMMUNISTIC IDEAS, AND BELONGED TO VARIOUS SPLINTER GROUPS, SUCH AS ASU, YCL, AND OTHER TEMPORARY ORGANIZED GROUPS TO SUPPORT VARIOUS CAUSES. MARTIN ADVISED THAT HE HIMSELF WAS ONE OF THE LEADERS OF THESE GROUPS. HE ADVISED THAT AFTER STAYING OUT OF SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR NINETEEN THIRTYSEX DASH THIRTYSEVEN, REMINGTON HAD A CHANGE OF HEART AND, UPON HIS RETURN

END PAGE ONE TWO COPIES WFO

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INDEXED 77

121-1157-528

JUN 25 1950

Handwritten initials and scribbles in a box.

Handwritten initials and scribbles in a box.

PAGE TWO

TO DARTMOUTH, BECAME VERY CIRCUMSPECT, CAUTIOUS, AND CHANGED HIS POLITICAL THINKING TO SUCH AN EXTENT THAT MARTIN NOW CONSIDERS HIM A RIGHT WING REACTIONARY. MARTIN ADVISED THAT REMINGTON MADE THIS CHANGE IN AN AMBITIOUS DESIRE TO SECURE A RESPONSIBLE POSITION, AND STATED HE HAD COMPLETELY SACRIFICED HIS IDEALS TO CURRY FAVOR WITH COLLEGE OFFICIALS, AND LATER BUSINESS EXECUTIVES AND GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, IN AN EFFORT TO ENJOY A SUCCESSFUL CAREER IN LIFE. MARTIN ADMITS THAT IT IS POSSIBLE THAT REMINGTON WAS EXPELLED FROM THE YCL FOR DEVIATIONIST TENDENCIES. MARTIN ADMITS THAT HE IS VIOLENTLY PREJUDICED AGAINST REMINGTON AT THE PRESENT TIME, AND STATED THAT HE HIMSELF COULD BE CONSIDERED AS HAVING SOCIALISTIC AND EVEN COMMUNISTIC IDEAS AT THE PRESENT TIME, BUT CLAIMED THAT HE HAD NO SYMPATHY FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY, WHICH HAS DONE MORE TO RETARD THE GROWTH OF TRUE WORLD COMMUNISM THAN ANY OTHER FORCE. MARTIN REFUSED TO GIVE A SIGNED STATEMENT AND DECLINED TO APPEAR AS A WITNESS BEFORE A LOYALTY HEARING BOARD. REPORT FOLLOWS TODAY. END QUOTE.

THE ONLY OTHER INFO AVAILABLE AT BOSTON WAS OBTAINED FROM QUOTE THE DARTMOUTH END QUOTE, DAILY NEWSPAPER FOR THE PERIOD OF TIME WHEN BOTH REMINGTON AND MARTIN ATTENDED DARTMOUTH COLLEGE. IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT WILLIAM A. MARTIN HAS BEEN INTERVIEWED IN CONNECTION WITH INSTANT
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

LOYALTY INVESTIGATION, ADVISE IF THUMBNAIL SKETCH STILL DESIRED.

BOSTON, BY SEPARATE TELETYPE IS REQUESTING ALBANY TO FURNISH TO WFO
ALL INFO WHICH THEY HAVE ON FILE CONCERNING WILLIAM A. MARTIN, TOGETHER
WITH ALBANY REPORT REFLECTING INTERVIEW WITH MARTIN.

SOUCY

END

PLEASE MAKE DATE 25

BS R 1 WA HK

*cc: Mr. Belmont
Mr. Stanley*

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 23 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

CONF 2 STATIONS

WASHINGTON 5 AND NEW YORK 1 FROM BOSTON

23 12-01 P

Stanley

DIRECTOR AND SACS, NY AND KNOXVILLE U R G E N T
 WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. PERJURY. RE KNOXVILLE TEL
 TO BUREAU AND BOSTON TWENTYFIRST, REQUESTING BOSTON SET OUT SPECIFIC
 DATA WHICH BRIDGMAN THINKS HELEN GREGORY AND JACK BRADSHAW COULD
 FURNISH IF INTERVIEWED. BRIDGMAN-S RECOLLECTION OF REMINGTON IS
 ALMOST ENTIRELY IN PERIOD DURING WHICH REMINGTON WAS EMPLOYED AT
 TVA. BRIDGMAN HAS A RECOLLECTION THAT REMINGTON LEFT TVA AND MAY
 HAVE BEEN CONCERNED WITH LABOR MATTERS PRIOR TO TIME HE REMINGTON
 RETURNED TO DARTMOUTH. BRIDGMAN ACCORDINGLY SUGGESTED GREGORY AND
 BRADSHAW AS TWO INDIVIDUALS WHO WOULD POSSIBLY KNOW OF REMINGTON-S
 ACTIVITY IN KNOXVILLE AFTER HE LEFT TVA. SINCE KNOXVILLE SUGGESTS
 BUFILE ONE HUNDRED DASH THREE FIVE NAUGHT EIGHT FIVE BRE MAUDE
 HELEN GREGORY MAY BE IDENTICAL WITH GREGORY AND SINCE BRADSHAW NO
 LONGER AVAILABLE AT KNOXVILLE, BUREAU ADVISE IF THESE INDIVIDUALS
 SHOULD BE INTERVIEWED.

SOUCY

CONF ---LINE 9 LAST WD "REMINGTON" LINE 11 10 WD "RE" NOT "BRE"

CONF 2 B ADVISED

END

A IN O PLS

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INDEXED - 77
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JUN 18 1950

121-6157-931
Mr. Stanley

NY
BS
RI
NY
CAF

Wm. W. Remington

121-6159-(556-660)

Sect. 10

(82 pgs.)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. **121-1111 MPM**

REPORT MADE AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.	DATE WHEN MADE 6/8/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/26, 31/50	REPORT MADE BY FORREST F. BURGESS
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka Bill Director of Export, Program Staff, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Wash., D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

OMIA REECE/PAUL claims she only associated with REMINGTON socially. She further claims she has no knowledge of REMINGTON's membership in the Communist Party nor of his membership in any organization affiliated with the Communist Party. JEANNE PINAIRE, self-admitted member of the Communist Party in Knoxville, Tennessee, around 1937, indicated she had no knowledge of REMINGTON's membership in the Communist Party or in Communist Party fronts. She observed he associated with people known to her as members of the Communist Party.

- RUC -

*1 cc LRB
1 cc Dept.
3 cc CSC*

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APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE 07712	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES 121-1111-570 121-1111-570 121-1111-570	RECORDED - 102 INDEXED 102
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 2 - Bureau 1 - Knoxville 1 - New York 1 - Philadelphia			

Philadelphia File #121-1141

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, AKA BILL
DIRECTOR OF EXPORT, PROGRAM STAFF
OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, WASHINGTON, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
June 8, 1950

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

OMLA REECE PAUL, Box 206, Route 1, West Chichester Road,
Chester, Pennsylvania, advised as follows:

She resided with her parents at 577 Circle Road, Norris, Tennessee, from 1937 to 1941. The city of Norris had at that time a population of about a thousand people and was located about twenty-five miles from Knoxville, Tennessee. She entered the Norris High School at the age of seventeen and was graduated from the school in June 1941. She studied current events in a Social Science class at the Norris High School from 1939 to 1941 under the Norris High School instructor, Mr. PAUL DROST. None of her classmates nor the instructor, DROST, to her knowledge had any association with WILLIAM REMINGTON or his associates. She never met with her classmates in any group known as the Current Events Class.

She met BILL REMINGTON around 1937 at either a square dance at a Congress of Industrial Organizations Union Hall in Knoxville, Tennessee, or at a beer party at the home of HENRY HART in Knoxville, Tennessee. She was only casually acquainted with REMINGTON, HART, FRANCIS MARTIN and a person known to her as PAT TODD, all of whom resided in the vicinity of Knoxville, Tennessee, around 1937. She only knew these individuals in a social way. She never participated in any political discussions with them.

She was never a member of any group known as the Current Events Club, Town Committee for the Aid of Spanish Democracy, or the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, either in Knoxville, Tennessee, or its vicinity. She had no knowledge of REMINGTON, HART, MARTIN, or TODD being members of such groups.

Philadelphia File #121-1111

She did know ABE LEIBSTEIN but had only known him as a tailor in Knoxville, Tennessee, who had once altered a coat for her.

She was not acquainted with JEANNE PINAIRE, BURTON ZIEN, ROBERT HOWES, JOHN BORDEN, BERNICE MORGAN, HARRY YELLER, or HOWARD BRIDGMAN.

She understood from REMINGTON and her friends that REMINGTON was employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority in Tennessee in 1937. She also understood from the same sources that REMINGTON had attended Dartmouth College. During the period she was acquainted with REMINGTON she was given no reason to believe that he was other than loyal to the United States. She had no knowledge that he was a member of the Communist Party or a member of any organization affiliated with the Communist Party.

At the time she knew REMINGTON she was in her late teens. At this time she was solely interested in social affairs and in the pleasure she derived from such affairs. She had no interest in political matters and had never exercised her right to vote. In view of her lack of knowledge and interest in the political issues of that day she made no inquiries into anyone's political beliefs or opinion and therefore had no information to furnish concerning the same.

She observed in the newspapers of recent date that REMINGTON had been indicated by HENRY HART to have been a member of the Communist Party in Tennessee around 1937. Although she only had a limited knowledge of REMINGTON's activities, she could not believe this charge was true.

Miss JEANNE PINAIRE, Apartment B-4, Leonard Apartments, 4101 Baltimore Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, advised as follows on June 5, 1950:

She was employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority at Knoxville, Tennessee, from September 1937 to April or May 1941, in the various capacities of a typist, stenographer and secretary. She was married to BURTON ZIEN in September 1937 but was later divorced from him and resumed the use of her maiden name, JEANNE PINAIRE.

Around 1937 she was visiting in the home of one of her friends when she first saw WILLIAM REMINGTON. It might have been at the home of BETTY MALCOM who was later known as BETTY TODD, or possibly at the home of FRANCIS MARTIN or DAVID MARTIN. REMINGTON dropped in for a

Philadelphia File #121-1111

short visit and hastily departed. She was not introduced to him at that time. Subsequently, she observed REMINGTON had a habit of "breezing" in and out of people's houses very fast. In Knoxville, he was associated with the following people: BETTY and PAT TODD, FRANCIS and DAVID MARTIN, HENRY HART, MURIEL SPEARE, HOWARD BRIDGMAN, MABEL ABERCROMBLE, BERNIE "BUCK" PORAH and BURTON ZIEN, all of whom are also associates of JEANNE PINAIRE. BETTY TODD's maiden name was ELIZABETH WINSTON. She was married to KEN MALCOM from whom she was later divorced, after which she was married to PAT TODD.

Around December 1937 when BURTON ZIEN, JEANNE PINAIRE's husband, was away from Knoxville on a business trip, BETTY TODD approached JEANNE PINAIRE ZIEN to join the Communist Party. BETTY used as a point for persuasion the fact that JEANNE's husband, BURTON ZIEN, was a member of the Communist Party and had expressed a desire that JEANNE become a member also. JEANNE was quite surprised to learn BURTON was a member of the Communist Party but, guided by BETTY's remarks, JEANNE joined the Party at this time. On BURTON's return, JEANNE learned from him that he had expressed no such desire for her to join the Communist Party. BURTON refused to discuss with JEANNE his membership and interest in the Communist Party. She presumed his refusal may have been based on the grounds that in his position as a labor organizer with the Congress of Industrial Organizations he did not want it generally known he was a member of the Party.

Because of her poor physical condition at this time JEANNE PINAIRE ZIEN attended no Communist Party meetings nor was she given any assignments by the Party to perform. She was given a membership card but could not recall what disposition she had made of it. She never paid any dues to the Party and did not know the name of the club, branch or section of the Communist Party of which she was a member.

BETTY TODD's previous husband, KEN MALCOM, was understood by JEANNE to have been the Organizer of the Communist Party in Knoxville, Tennessee, prior to her joining it. He was succeeded as Organizer of the Communist Party by PAT TODD. She had a recollection FRANCIS MARTIN made a public statement to the newspapers that he was a Communist. However, she was not able to furnish any further information in this respect. She believed that BERNARD "BUCK" PORAH may have been a member of the Communist Party and was definitely certain HENRY HART and MURIEL SPEARE were members of the Party.

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She had only seen REMINGTON about six times and felt she did not know enough about him to determine if he was a member of the Communist Party. In elaboration on this statement, she stated she did not recall that she ever actually conversed with REMINGTON on any of the occasions on which she met him, nor had it ever been indicated to her by anyone that REMINGTON was a member of the Communist Party. She had observed that he was associated with those persons whom she previously identified as Communist Party members.

JEANNE never attended any meetings of the Current Events Class in Knoxville, Tennessee, and particularly she denied that she had attended a meeting of the Current Events Class in Knoxville, Tennessee, on June 18, 1937. She denied that she took any part in initiating the formation of a "Town Committee for the Aid of Spanish Democracy." FRANCIS MARTIN approached her and asked her to do some clerical and typing work for the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy. As a personal favor to MARTIN, she agreed to do some of this work if it did not take up too much of her time. In all, she typed about one or two stencils and about a dozen letters for the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy. Without her consent or knowledge, her name was placed on the letterhead of the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy.

She believed she may have attended two or three public meetings of the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy when out-of-town persons were scheduled to speak. She recalled she attended one meeting in the late 1930's, sponsored by this organization which she believed was held at the Farragut Hotel in Knoxville, Tennessee. At this meeting the speaker was a blind and wounded veteran who was indicated to have engaged in the Spanish Civil War around 1937. She could not recall his name.

She had no knowledge that REMINGTON participated in the Current Events Class, the Town Committee for the Aid of Spanish Democracy, or the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, nor that he had attended any meetings of these organizations.

✓ [redacted] of known reliability, who are familiar with the Communist Party activities in Philadelphia and its vicinity, were contacted during the period of this investigation and have no knowledge of any Communist Party activities on the part of either OMIA REECE PAUL or JEANNE PINAIRE.

Miss PINAIRE would not furnish a signed statement nor would she appear before a Loyalty Board.

Philadelphia File #121-1111

*Mrs. Reece to
Mr. [unclear]*

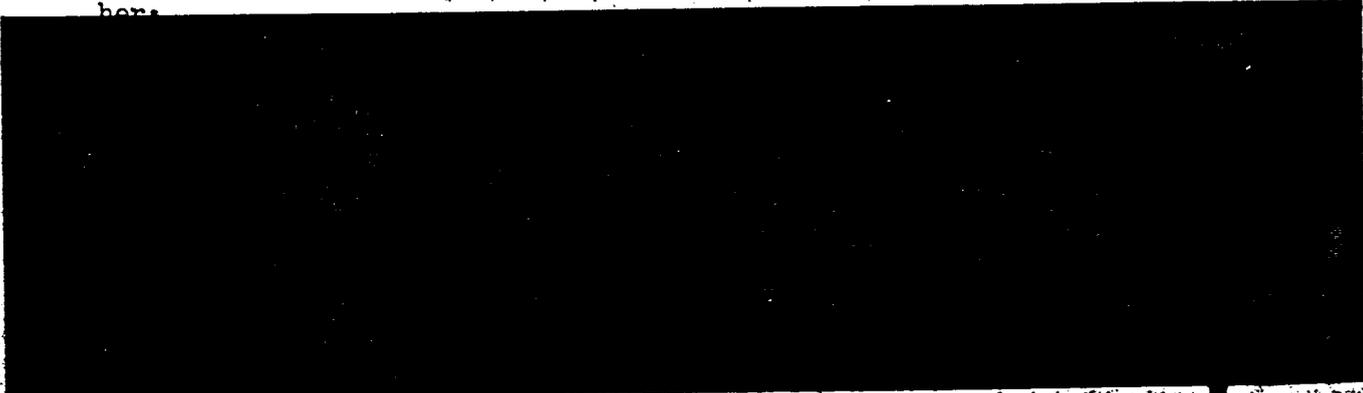
ADMINISTRATIVE SHEET

Mrs. PAUL was interviewed by Special Agents MICHAEL B. DAVIS and the reporting agent. Her first name is correctly spelled OMIA, rather than OMEA.

At the outset of the interview she was extremely nervous. She attempted to explain this by stating she was fearful the reporting agent may have brought news that her husband had been injured during the course of his work. Despite the fact that immediate assurance was given to Mrs. PAUL that such was not the case, the nervousness continued to be apparent throughout the entire interview. It is possible that her nervousness may have been caused because she was purposely withholding information concerning her knowledge of REMINGTON and other people with whom REMINGTON and Mrs. PAUL were jointly associated.

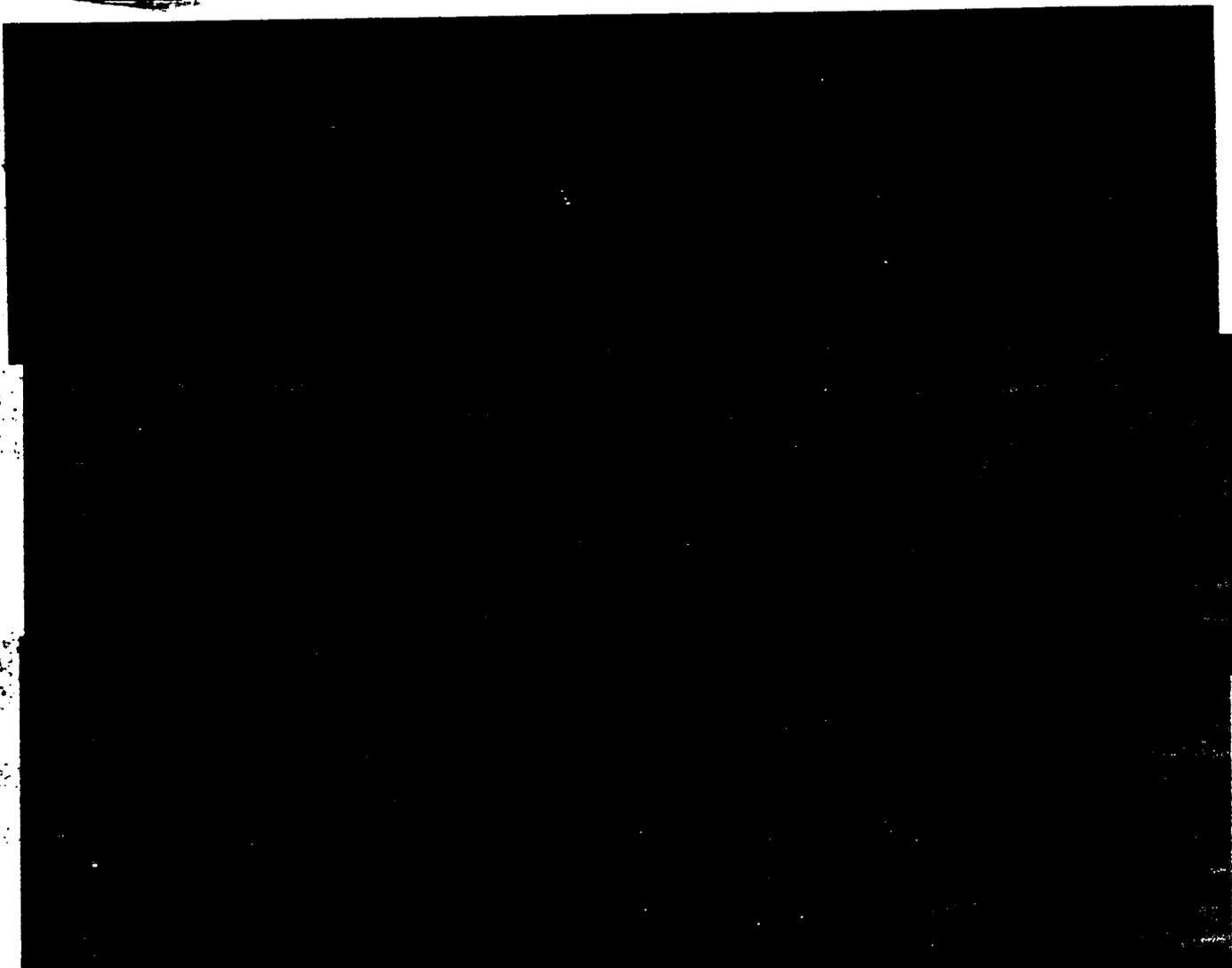
She mentioned that she had seen in the Philadelphia papers that REMINGTON had been accused by HENRY HART of being a Communist Party member around 1937 in Knoxville, Tennessee. She further mentioned she subscribed to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin and also occasionally read the Philadelphia Inquirer. The reporting agent examined the clippings maintained in the library of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin on WILLIAM REMINGTON but found no mention therein of REMINGTON being charged as being a member of the Communist Party by HENRY HART. Thus, there might be a discrepancy in her statement in this regard.

In the event the Knoxville Office deems it feasible to determine the reputation of OMIA REECE PAUL for veracity and loyalty to the United States, the following background information was furnished by her:



Philadelphia File #121-1141

ADMINISTRATIVE SHEET (Cont'd)



When she was interviewed she was rather vague and it seemed apparent that she would only furnish information which could be corroborated from other sources, such as her membership in the Communist Party. When she denied any knowledge of REMINGTON's membership in the Communist Party, it was brought to her attention by the reporting agent that it had been

Philadelphia File #121-11141

ADMINISTRATIVE SHEET (Cont'd)

reflected in recent newspapers that REMINGTON had been identified as a Communist Party member by people with whom he had associated in Knoxville, Tennessee and whom she had also identified as Communist Party members. She still persisted, however, in denying that she had knowledge of REMINGTON's Communist Party membership.

When PINAIRE was asked whether she would be willing to appear as a witness at a Grand Jury hearing in New York City, she quickly pointed out that as her knowledge of REMINGTON's activities were negative, it would be foolish for her to appear as a witness.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

DE

FILE NO. 121-145

REPORT MADE AT DETROIT, MICHIGAN	DATE WHEN MADE 6-5-50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/25; 6/1-3/50	REPORT MADE BY WILLIAM H. ROBINSON
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, Aka Bill Director of Export Program Staff Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

DANIEL H. SCHWARTZ advises he saw WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON in Washington, D. C. on two occasions, once in 1940 at a private residence and again in 1947 on Sixteenth Street. SCHWARTZ states that on first occasion meeting was distasteful to him and therefore on the second occasion, although seeing REMINGTON on the street, he made no attempt to speak. SCHWARTZ denies knowledge of REMINGTON's being a Communist or a Communist Party member. A. B. WINFREE recalls a CIO organizer named WILLIAM REMINGTON in Cookeville, Tennessee, 1939 or 1940. Does not question his loyalty.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Bureau teletypes to Detroit, May 24, 1950 and May 31, 1950.

Washington Field teletype to Detroit, May 31, 1950.

Detroit teletype to Washington Field, May 31, 1950.

*1 cc L.R.B.
1 cc Dept.
1 cc LSC*

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: *H. J. Conroy*
SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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 - 1 - Detroit

121-145-572

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EX-43

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
Also known as Bill
Director of Export, Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Detroit, Michigan
June 5, 1950

III RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

DANIEL H. SCHWARTZ advised that he saw WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON in Washington, D. C. on two occasions during the time that he, SCHWARTZ, resided there, once in 1940 at a private residence. On this occasion SCHWARTZ said that the meeting was distasteful to him since he did not like REMINGTON's wife whom he knew as "Bingo"; nor was he too impressed with REMINGTON himself. SCHWARTZ further advised that he does not recall at whose residence this meeting took place. SCHWARTZ stated that the second occasion when he saw REMINGTON was no more than that inasmuch as he observed him on Sixteenth Street in Washington, D. C., and because of his previous experience, made no attempt to speak to REMINGTON.

SCHWARTZ, in continuing, stated that he did not know where REMINGTON maintained his residence while he was in Washington but believed he lived in a modern apartment development in Virginia on the outskirts of Alexandria. SCHWARTZ said that REMINGTON did not visit him nor attempt to locate him at his own residence while he was in Washington, D. C.

SCHWARTZ further stated that to his knowledge REMINGTON was not a Communist. He said REMINGTON might have been a member of the Communist Party without his knowing it.

ALVIN B. WINFREE, 1611 Dickerson Avenue, Detroit, Michigan, also of 250 West Sixth Street, Cookeville, Tennessee, a plant employee of Hudson Motor Car Company, Detroit, advised he became acquainted with a man named WILLIAM REMINGTON in 1939 or 1940 in Cookeville, Tennessee when the CIQ attempted to organize the workers of the Washington Manufacturing Company in Cookeville. WINFREE is of the opinion this REMINGTON along with two other male organizers was sent to Cookeville by the CIO office in Nashville, Tennessee, and REMINGTON's job was to organize the women in the company named. WINFREE explained that he, being in favor of unions, offered to help REMINGTON and his associates and did assist them by making calls on the factory workers, seeking to enlist them in the CIO.

WINFREE stated that his acquaintance with REMINGTON lasted, to the best of his knowledge, three or four weeks and he has not seen him since the evening of the day two of the organizers mentioned were beaten up by persons in Cookeville opposed to the CIO's efforts to organize the Washington Manufacturing Company. WINFREE said he believes REMINGTON was one of those beaten, receiving a broken arm, and that the three organizers left town the next day.

According to WINFREE there was no question of REMINGTON's loyalty in Cookeville and no indication REMINGTON believed in the doctrines of Communism. WINFREE stated he has no way of knowing if the WILLIAM REMINGTON he knew is identical with the Employee.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

The interview of DANIEL H. SCHWARTZ was conducted by the Reporting Agent and SA JAMES PAXTON.

ALVIN B. WINFREE stated he does not know MERWIN TODD; that he heard REMINGTON and the other CIO organizers returned to Cookeville about a week after the beating and paraded in front of the Washington Manufacturing Company; that he does not recall the names of the CIO organizers who came to Cookeville with WILLIAM REMINGTON; that MAGGIE RANDOLPH, a local woman still in the vicinity, helped in the organizing; that J. O. PARIS, whose loyalty he does not question, was attorney for the CIO in Cookeville; that REMINGTON and his two fellow organizers spent the night, after two were beaten, in the Cookeville jail for protection and left town the following morning at the suggestion of the Sheriff.

P. CLARK.

The interview of WINFREE was conducted by SA ALBERT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

BS FILE NO. 121-428 RN

REPORT MADE AT BOSTON	DATE WHEN MADE 6/1/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 6/1/50	REPORT MADE BY THOMAS F. McLAUGHLIN, JR.
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, AKA BILL, Director of Export Program Staff, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

BOONE SCHIRMER, referred to by **ANN REMINGTON**, wife of employee, as friend of employee whom she met at Harvard University whom she knew as Communist, believed identical with **DANIEL BOONE SCHIRMER**, graduate of Harvard College, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 1937, presently serving as active district leader, CP - USA, Boston, Massachusetts. SCHIRMER commenced active participation in Communist Party movement in Vermont during 1939 and has continued to date as publicly admitted member of the Communist Party and active participant in entire program of Communist Party. SCHIRMER appeared during trial of members of CP National Committee, New York, during 1949 as defense witness.

- RUC -

Reference:

Albany teletype to Boston dated May 31, 1950 and Butel same date.

*1 cc LRB
1 cc Dept.
1 cc CSC*

a

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:

T. A. Army

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT BUREAU

FILE NO. 101-237

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE 6/7/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/17-19, 22-26, 29-31/50	REPORT MADE BY JULIUS L. MATTSOON bh
TITLE Changed. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka "Bill" International Trade Economist, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Mrs. ~~ANN~~ REMINGTON, former wife of employee, interviewed by Bureau Agents. Results of interview to date are set forth indicating former membership of ANN and WILLIAM REMINGTON in the Communist Party and cooperation with JACOB GOLOS and ELIZABETH T. BENTLEY in the Soviet espionage conspiracy active in Washington and New York during the early 1940's. The comments of other individuals concerning REMINGTON's loyalty are set out.

- P -

REFERENCE: Bureau letter dated May 19, 1950.

The title of this case is being marked changed to reflect the new position to which REMINGTON was demoted as is explained in Washington Field Office teletype to Director and New York dated May 31, 1950.

This is the joint report of Special Agents CHARLES W. LYONS and JULIUS L. MATTSOON.

Handwritten notes:
1- New York
1- Albany
1- Richmond
1- Knoxville
1- St. Louis

Handwritten signature: July 18 1950

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
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Washington Field		JUL 18 1950	

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WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
also known as "Bill"
International Trade Economist
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Washington, D. C.

June 7, 1950

III. RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

Mrs. ~~ANN~~ ~~REEMINGTON~~ ~~REEMINGTON~~, #11 Taukenmont Road, Taukenmont, Virginia, former wife of WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON has been interviewed by Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation over a period of several days concerning the past activities and sympathies of the REMINGTONS. Mrs. REMINGTON has been reluctant to furnish information against her former husband for the principal reason that he is at the present time practically her only source of income.

In this connection, Mrs. REMINGTON stated that she has never had to earn a living and is not now experienced for any specific work. She believes that no agency of the Government and few, if any, private concerns would hire her. She has no family upon whom she can look for relief. Her present outlook is that as soon as her alimony stops, she will be desperately put to provide for her children. She is extremely reluctant to hasten that day as long as the truth of REMINGTON's activities can be established without her placing herself in the position of directly spearheading the case against him.

She states that in spite of her own attitude toward REMINGTON, he is still the father of her children and she is desirous that their relationship with him continue in as normal a manner as possible under the conditions of the divorce. She feels strongly that a continued contact of her children with their father is a matter of compelling importance for the normal development of the children. Mrs. REMINGTON is also apprehensive that in future years her children may criticize her for any action she might take at the present time in testifying against REMINGTON.

She has taken the position of being willing to help in the extent of furnishing information which will aid the Government in building its case. She does not desire to testify before any group under any conditions. She feels that REMINGTON should be brought to account for the position in which he has placed himself. In fact, she has indicated that should his conviction depend entirely upon her testimony, she would reconsider her present stand, but for the present, she does not want to be the impelling cause of REMINGTON's dismissal from the Government or of his possible arrest for perjury.

During the instant interview, ANN REMINGTON gave information which is set out in the following. She also assisted interviewing Agents in the preparation of a formal statement. She corrected two rough drafts of the statement and that which is set out below describes the facts concerning the loyalty of REMINGTON and her to the best of her present recollection. Mrs. REMINGTON at one point during the interview said she would willingly sign the statement as certification of its accuracy but stated she would not sign without advice of an attorney. After consulting with her attorney, ANN REMINGTON stated that she had been advised not to sign on the theory that there would be doubtful benefit to herself by signing. By not signing she believes she is protecting herself and her children from being placed in a position which she believes is not absolutely necessary to the Government's case, and perhaps would contribute little. There follows the statement as approved by ANN REMINGTON:

Unsigned.

"Washington, D. C.
May 26, 1950

"I, ANN REMINGTON, give the following voluntary statement to JULIUS L. PATTON and MAURICE A. TAYLOR, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice.

"I attended Bennington College in Vermont from September, 1934 through June, 1938 and was recruited into the American Student Union and the Young Communist League while a student at that school. I recall, in this connection, that I received a card as certificate of membership in the Young Communist League.

"I met my husband, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, in February, 1938, while attending a peace meeting held at Dartmouth College. We exchanged several letters thereafter, and in his correspondence BILL gave me advice and assistance in the organization of the Student Union at Bennington College.

"I learned from BILL that he had been in Knoxville, Tennessee in 1936 - 1937 and had been employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority while in Knoxville. He informed me that he was a member of the Communist Party and had been recruited while in Tennessee by KATHERINE BUCKLES SCHRYVER, also known as KAT SCHRYVER.

"BILL was active in the Young Communist League at Dartmouth, and I recall attending at least one meeting of the Young Communist League with him at Dartmouth.

"In November, 1938, BILL and I were secretly married in New York City, and in June of the following year were remarried formally at the home of my mother in Croton-on-Hudson in New York.

"In the fall of 1938, I attended Columbia University and attended secret Communist Party meetings with the Party Unit at that school. The members were very secretive and indulged in radical theoretical discussions. I found them unreasoning and distasteful, and this influenced me then and later to avoid local Party groups and to seek association only with Party members on a high level and on an independent basis. As a result of dissatisfaction with this Unit and for other reasons, I subsequently joined the Communist Party group in my home town, Croton, New York, and attended Party meetings there.

"For a few months during the winter of 1939, I was employed in the New York City Office of the American Youth Congress.

"During the school year 1940 - 41, BILL and I were students at Columbia University and attended one course in Industrial Organization together. With relation to BILL's choice of subject for his M.A. Degree, he gave careful consideration to pursuing a career in law or economics. He sought the advice of professors at Harvard and Columbia Universities and discussed the matter with high Communist Party members, including AL BERSON and JOSEPH NORTH. The high Party members with whom he consulted told BILL that there was a great need for economists in the Party and that he should take economics. This is the advice which finally influenced him into majoring in economics.

"While living in New York, I cannot recall that BILL and I attended any Communist Party meetings together. We considered ourselves Communists and thought and talked as Communists, but neither of us ever had a Communist Party card or formally joined any group in New York City.

"In the spring of 1940, BILL and I contributed \$100 from our savings to 'New Masses,' a Communist Party weekly publication which at that time was hard pressed for funds. BILL addressed a nice letter to JOE NORTH, Editor of 'New Masses,' transmitting our contribution and expressing the spirit of devotion and sacrifice which went into the gift to 'New Masses.' The letter also indicated that we intended to give a party for the purpose of raising funds for 'New Masses.' The letter was subsequently published in 'New Masses,' but although the letter was quoted, it did not give our names as signatories. During late spring of 1940, BILL and I did give a party and the proceeds were turned over to JOE NORTH for 'New Masses.'

"I accompanied BILL to Washington, D. C. at a time when the Communist Party theme was 'peace,' and I became determined to work in Washington in the interests of peace.

"I was active in helping form the Washington Peace Mobilization and was made Executive Secretary. I realize now that the forming of this organization was part of a national effort on the part of the Communists to endorse the peace movement, and I was used as an out of town figure who had no known Party record. In the course of my dealings with these people, I observed that their meetings were conducted in the same manner as Communist Party meetings; members talked and expressed themselves in Communist Party style and parlance; and individual members were criticized and denounced publicly in the same manner as Communists throughout the world discipline recalcitrant members. Their attitudes were opinionated and dogmatic. The opposition was always throttled. There could never be a compromise on even such minor points as the wording of leaflets. I resisted efforts on the part of certain members of the Washington Peace Mobilization to control my decisions in the direction of the local group and as a result was eased out of my position as Executive Secretary. When advised of my removal, I was told that a more prominent individual would succeed me as Executive Secretary.

"In Washington, as in New York, BILL and I did not join a local Party group or club and never attended Communist Party meetings in Washington.

"We maintained contact with JOSEPH NORTH in visits to my mother at Croton, New York, and we visited with NORTH whenever he came to Washington. While living at 2223 M Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., NORTH visited us at least once a month and brought us current issues of 'New Masses,' 'the Communist,' 'the Marxist Quarterly,' and perhaps other Communist publications.

"In 1941 - 42, after we moved to Tauxemont, Virginia, we had less frequent visits with JOE NORTH. We felt the need of closer contact with the Party and desired a high level contact in order that we might get Party direction and furnish confidential information. At this time, BILL was working for the War Production Board and came into possession of information and data which we believed were of interest to the Soviets. We suggested to JOE NORTH on several occasions that he put us in touch with a Party emissary who could receive the information we were in a position to furnish.

"In the summer or fall of 1942, NORTH arranged a meeting which took place in New York City at which JOE NORTH, BILL and I and the Party emissary, introduced as JOHN, were present. I have since identified this man from a photograph as JACOB GOLOS. This meeting occurred in a restaurant to the best of my recollection. BILL and I disliked GOLOS very much. He was very arbitrary and argumentative and claimed to possess a great deal of information pertaining to the War Production Board which BILL knew to be inaccurate.

"After our first meeting with JACOB GOLOS, we were introduced to ELIZABETH BENNETLEY, known only to us at that time as HELEN. This introduction may have taken place a day or two after our first meeting with GOLOS; but I believe not more than a week later. After this meeting it was planned that HELEN would contact us periodically in Washington and receive whatever information BILL was able to furnish in connection with his position at War Production Board or through any other source at his disposal."

"Approximately two weeks following our introduction to HELEN in New York, I received a phone call at our home in Tauke-
mont, Virginia from HELEN and arranged to pick up HELEN in Washington that afternoon. I drove the car to the Social Security Building where I picked up BILL, and we then together met HELEN in the car near some building, the exact place I do not recall, and then drove to some point where we talked. At this time, I gave HELEN twenty dollars from my own pocketbook as our Communist Party dues for the month, and BILL furnished HELEN with some confidential information from the War Production Board.

"Approximately two weeks or longer after our first meeting in Washington, HELEN again called our home as before and it is my recollection that BILL and I again met HELEN in much the same manner as on the first occasion. On four or five subsequent occasions, HELEN called me at home and I referred her to BILL's office, where HELEN made her own arrangements to meet with BILL.

"I recall only one occasion when I saw the material which BILL furnished HELEN. The first bits of information furnished HELEN was a secret formula for manufacturing explosives from garbage. I believe the formula was delivered to HELEN on her first or second meeting with us in Washington. Although I discontinued accompanying BILL in his meetings with HELEN, I was aware that the relationship was continuing and remembered that BILL was worried about the data furnished and was very careful to paraphrase the material so that it would not be traceable to him.

"On the occasion of what I believe was our second meeting with HELEN in Washington, shortly before Christmas, 1942, HELEN gave BILL and me woolen scarves as gifts.

"I personally furnished HELEN with our Communist Party dues on the occasion of our first and second meetings. BILL probably continued paying dues to HELEN for a while thereafter. Our total payments in this connection did not exceed one hundred dollars.

"It is my understanding that HELEN was also referred to by us as HELEN JOHNSON. BILL probably suggested to HELEN that she use the surname, JOHNSON, because it was embarrassing to have the unknown HELEN calling his office every two weeks or more often. In any event, I know that BILL and HELEN worked this detail out between them.

"BILL's relations with HELEN definitely terminated when he entered the Navy in the early spring of 1944, and, as a matter of fact, they had tapered off to some extent because he had tried somewhat earlier to discourage HELEN's visits. I believe BILL became more aware of what he was doing, and was afraid of being caught.

"BILL and I were well acquainted with BERNARD and JOAN REDMONT whom we both knew to be members of the Communist Party. When the REDMONTs came to Washington, D. C., they had desired to be affiliated with the local Communist Party group but their efforts in this direction had been unsatisfactory. BILL and I suggested that the REDMONTs might desire to be included in our arrangement with HELEN. REDMONT decided to accept our suggestion. Thereafter, BILL made arrangements for REDMONT to meet HELEN. I was not present at the meeting which occurred and I only know what was told to me by BILL. It is my understanding that REDMONT did not meet with GOLOS, and that the material which REDMONT could make available at that time was of little value to HELEN and her principals.

"After ELIZABETH BENTLEY's story became public in 1947, I wrote a letter at BILL's insistence to REDMONT, who was in South America, for the purpose of having REDMONT's story square with that which BILL had given during questioning by Agents of the FBI. Briefly, his story was that HELEN had represented herself as a TIME reporter and that he had given her information for the purpose of research. He said the material furnished was public information. When REDMONT next returned to New York City, I believe BILL went to New York to see him.

"During the year previous to BILL's entrance on duty with the Navy, in April, 1944, he and I began to have a change of heart in our attitude toward Russia and the Communist Party. For the first time in my experience, I had begun to read anti-Russian literature. Good Communists never read anything which is not pro-Soviet, pro-Communist or which deviates in the slightest from the current Party line. In reading KRAVCHENKO's book 'I Chose Freedom,' and other similar writings authored by refugees from Soviet Russia and after BILL's experience in Europe where he had opportunity to talk with Russians and with people who had lived in Russia, we began to realize that Russia and Soviet economy, as it had been represented to us, was in fact undesirable.

"During the latter period of our association with ELIZABETH BENTLEY, BILL came to regret the position in which he found himself and made efforts within the limitations of his position to break off the bond by which he was held to BENTLEY and COLOS. By the end of the war, he had succeeded in breaking away completely from all former ideologies and interests which paralleled those of Soviet Russia. I can say that my sympathies since that time have been loyal to the United States. Although I cannot speak positively for BILL, I think probably that his sympathies have also been loyal to the United States since that time."

It should be noted that Mrs. REMINGTON was asked to read the above statement and approve it as correct to the best of her knowledge. She did this in the presence of Special Agents JULIUS L. MATTSON and CHARLES F. LAMMAN on May 26, 1950.

The American Youth Congress, American Peace Mobilization and the Communist Party, organizations mentioned in the foregoing statement, have been declared by Attorney General TOM C. CLARK as organizations within the purview of Executive Order 9835. The American Student Union was cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on un-American Activities March 29, 1944.

In the series of interviews with Mrs. REMINGTON which developed the facts outlined in the above statement, she related more in full the particulars incident to the instant facts. In order that the continuity of her statement may be more apparent, the details of the interview are being set forth in the following. Descriptive information concerning certain individuals mentioned by ANN REMINGTON are contained elsewhere in this report.

Mrs. REMINGTON advised that she had attended Bennington College in Vermont from September, 1934 to June, 1938. She first became interested in leftist - liberal ideas while at Bennington College and assisted in organizing a Student Union Group in this school, although it was a small and not particularly influential chapter. She stated that a professor in Bennington College by the name of ROBERT LAMB had been very influential in directing her interest toward Communism and advised that although he declared he was not a Communist himself for the reason that he did not feel he could make the necessary sacrifices, he described the Communist system and economy as very desirable and told his students of the great opportunity in liberal leadership to create a better world. She stated she was fascinated by the statements of Professor LAMB.

Mrs. REMINGTON also advised that in the fall of 1936, she had attended a meeting of the Student Union held at Vassar, and related that she had sought out this meeting because of her interest in left wing matters. She further related that in the winter of 1936 - 1937, she had met MILTON BARNETT, a Communist Party member at Croton-on-the-Hudson, New York, where her mother resided, and he had interested her in Communism and had taken her to one or two Party meetings at Croton. At that time, her mother, Mrs. ELIZABETH MOOS, mentioned hereafter, was not a Party member; however, her mother followed Mrs. REMINGTON into the Party shortly after Mrs. REMINGTON became a member.

In February, 1938, Mrs. REMINGTON, hereafter referred to as ANN, attended a peace meeting held at Dartmouth College, where she met REMINGTON for the first time. Thereafter, they exchanged several letters and in this correspondence, REMINGTON gave her advice and assistance in the organization of the Student Union at Bennington College. She also saw REMINGTON several times during 1938 and later in the spring of that year, she and REMINGTON attended the Student Union Convention held at Harvard University. ANN stated that she requested REMINGTON to go with her to the Student Union Convention and they had driven to Cambridge, Massachusetts in her car, accompanied by one CHARLES LIVERMORE, a Dartmouth student.

At Harvard, she met two of REMINGTON's friends who were Communists. These friends were BOONE SCHIRMER, whom she recalls was a biologist, and one DAVE BRADLEY, whom she recalls was also a biologist or chemist. ANN advised that thereafter SCHIRMER and BRADLEY came to Bennington College as Young Communist League organizers and recruited ANN into the Young Communist League, along with one ELAINE PARE, a Brooklyn sophomore, mentioned hereafter. She stated they were the only two persons at Bennington whom she knew joined the YCL. ANN recalled that she had executed a card of application for membership in the Young Communist League and as she recalls, received a card of membership.

ANN related that at the time she met REMINGTON, he had another year to go at Dartmouth College and that he had attended there a year after she graduated from Bennington College. She stated that from REMINGTON she learned that he had been in Knoxville, Tennessee in 1936 and 1937 and had been employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority while in Knoxville. She further related that REMINGTON had informed her that he was a member of the Communist Party and had been recruited while in Tennessee by KATHERINE EUCLES SCHRYVER, also known as KIT SCHRYVER. ANN advised that at a later date about 1939, she had become acquainted with KIT SCHRYVER while in New York City. At that time, KIT SCHRYVER was employed as a proofreader by Random House, a publishing company, and was also a member, if not an official, of United Office and Professional Workers of America (UOPWA). Her husband, LEE SCHRYVER, was also working as a proofreader at Viking Press, according to her best recollection. ANN stated that both KIT and LEE SCHRYVER were Communist Party members, although LEE was not so ardent a Communist as KIT SCHRYVER. She stated that KIT SCHRYVER had sought

to aid her in obtaining a position as proofreader, although she was entirely lacking in experience, for the reason that the Party wanted a Party member in the position. ANN supposed that the position was with Random House or Viking Press, although she was not clear on this point.

In connection with REMINGTON's membership in the Communist Party, ANN indicated that he had an experience while in Tennessee in which he was beaten and stated that this made a profound and lasting impression on REMINGTON. ANN advised that REMINGTON had been active in the Young Communist League at Dartmouth College and she had attended at least one meeting of the Young Communist League with REMINGTON at Dartmouth. She estimated that the Young Communist League group there consisted of about ten members and identified four as DAN SCHWARTZ, CHARLES LIVERMORE, BILL MARTIN, and one BERNSTEIN, possibly identical with WALTER BERNSTEIN, all of whom are mentioned hereafter.

ANN stated that in November, 1938, she and REMINGTON were married secretly at New York City and the following year in June, they were remarried formally at the home of her mother, after which they went to Mexico for a honeymoon. In connection with the wedding trip, ANN related that she and REMINGTON stopped in Knoxville for a day or so on the return to New York. They visited friends of REMINGTON with whom he had associated during the period of TWA employment. Of the persons visited, ANN now recalls four names. They were HENRY HART, an individual who had once been a member of the Communist Party but had since defected; BUCK BORAH, an older man whom REMINGTON admired as a father and an individual who refused to formally join the Communist Party, although he was closely associated with the Communist group in the Knoxville area and was active in Communist activities; MURIEL SPEARE BORAH WILLIAMS and MABEL ABERCROBIE MANSFIELD. ANN is not certain whether MANSFIELD and WILLIAMS were members of the Communist Party but she did know that REMINGTON had been associated with them in connection with his Union activities of previous years.

ANN recalled that she had attended Columbia University in the fall of 1938 during which time she attended secret Communist Party meetings with the Party Unit at Columbia. She stated that the Columbia group used false names, were very secretive and indulged in radical theoretical discussions on a high-brow level. She found them unreasoning and very distasteful which influenced her then and later to avoid local Party groups and to seek association only with Party members on a high level and on an independent basis. Among those who attended Party meetings at Columbia, she remembered HENRY H. WARE, mentioned hereafter. ANN remembered that one meeting of the Columbia University Unit was held in a room over a store and one in a building on 125th Street.

As a result of dissatisfaction with this unit and for other reasons, ANN subsequently joined the Communist Party group at Croton, New York and attended Party meetings there.

In the fall, 1939 and spring, 1940, ANN and REMINGTON resided at 510 West 123rd Street, New York City. For a few months during the winter of 1939,

she was employed in the Office of the American Youth Congress under JOSEPH ~~OR~~ and his wife, VIVIAN ~~LIBELMAN~~, who were leaders of the American Youth Congress. She mentioned that she worked immediately with one Mrs. BRIDGET ~~POULSON~~, an English girl who used her maiden name which ANN could not recall. BRIDGET ~~POULSON~~ subsequently went to Detroit and ANN believes that she later separated from her husband. ANN at first recalled BRIDGET ~~POULSON~~ as a Communist Party member but later said she was not absolutely certain of this.

ANN stated that during the school year 1940 - 41, both REMINGTON and she were students at Columbia University. REMINGTON was majoring in Economics and she mentioned that they both attended one course together. This was a course in Industrial Organization conducted by Professor ROBERT ~~BRADY~~. With relation to REMINGTON's choice of subject for his M.A. Degree, ANN advised that he had given careful consideration to pursuing a career in law or economics. In considering a selection, he visited with HAROLD ~~LASKEY~~, well known British socialist who was lecturing at Columbia University at the time. LASKEY in turn referred REMINGTON to ELLIN ~~FRANKFURTER~~, and REMINGTON consulted with FRANKFURTER at Harvard University, however, ANN was not sure as to FRANKFURTER's advice although she presumed he would have favored REMINGTON's following law. ANN stated that REMINGTON also discussed the matter with high Communist Party members, including AL ~~GROSS~~ and JOSEPH ~~NORTH~~. She stated that the Party higher-ups told REMINGTON that there was great need for economists in the Party and he should take economics and this is the advice which finally influenced him into majoring in economics.

ANN mentioned that in 1940 REMINGTON was taking courses at Columbia University in pursuit of his Master's Degree, which work was being done under a scholarship, the terms of which specified that he could engage in no employment. After they came to Washington in May, 1940, REMINGTON continued to avail himself of the scholarship opportunity, travelling to New York on weekends in order to make appearances at the University and continue the course, which because of his employment with the National Resources Planning Board was in violation of the terms of the scholarship.

Mrs. REMINGTON mentioned this little incident as an example of the smallness of REMINGTON's character. She stated that he had always been very devious in his dealings and got satisfaction out of putting something over on people. She stated that he enjoyed conspiracy, and she implied that for this reason he had been good material for the Communist Party. She mentioned that while at Dartmouth College, he had been able to make himself a member of the Student Council which collaborated with the University in the school government. She also stated that he had always been able to sell himself to his employers and to secure salary raises and promotions, much of which was, of course, due to his ability as he is a very intelligent man. ANN also stated that REMINGTON was penurious and ever reluctant to pay his Communist Party dues. She stated that in order to avoid the Party requirement of 10% of salary, he carefully avoided letting HELEN (ELIZABETH) ~~BENTLEY~~ know of salary increases he received. His deviousness was also indicated by his attitude at the time of their marriage in November, 1938, at which time REMINGTON desired secrecy because of fear his parents would object.

ANN advised that while she and REMINGTON lived in New York, she could not recall that they attended any Communist Party meetings together. She advised that they attended a couple of meetings in Harlem but could not recall that they were Party meetings and thinks that they may have been meetings of some front organization. She advised that they considered themselves Communists and thought and talked as Communists but neither ever had a Communist Party card nor formally joined any group in New York.

ANN advised that in the spring of 1940, she and REMINGTON contributed \$100 from their savings to "New Masses," a Communist Party weekly publication which at that time was hard pressed for funds. She said REMINGTON addressed a nice letter to JOE NORTH, Editor of "New Masses," transmitting their contribution and expressing the spirit of devotion and sacrifice which went into the gift to "New Masses." The letter also indicated that they intended to give a party for the purpose of raising funds for "New Masses." ANN stated that the letter was subsequently published in "New Masses," but although the letter was quoted, it did not give their names as signatories. She indicated that during the late spring of 1940, she and REMINGTON did give a party and the proceeds were turned over to JOE NORTH and "New Masses."

A letter published in the May 7, 1940 edition of "New Masses," Page 20, contains the following text:

"April 27, 1940

"Dear JOE -

"When we got married, we were given this money to put in a bank in case we needed it on a rainy day. We think it is a sad omen for American democracy when a courageous and independent magazine is hard pressed to defend its civil liberties. And so, although we do not always agree with your editorial policies, we think that when New Masses needs money, a very rainy day has come.

"Good luck to you.

"Sincerely yours,

"TOM and HELEN

"P.S. About the middle of May, you will receive the proceeds of a New Masses party that we are planning"

A photostat of Page 20 from the May 7, 1940 issue of "New Masses" was exhibited to ANN REMINGTON. She identified the letter as the one written by REMINGTON described in the foregoing paragraph. ANN stated that the hand-

written letter appearing in "New Masses" appears in much the same form as the letter written to NORTH by BILL, but she cannot say whether the letter published in "New Masses" appears in BILL's handwriting. ANN said that she has been of the opinion that the letter BILL wrote and sent to NORTH was rewritten probably by a staff member of "New Masses" in order that the signature could be edited for publication. A photostatic copy of the instant document is attached as Exhibit "F" with this report.

In May, 1940, REMINGTON secured an appointment with the National Resources Planning Board at Washington, D. C. This position was obtained through THOMAS BLAISDELL through the assistance of one or more professors at Columbia University who referred REMINGTON to BLAISDELL. ANN stated that BLAISDELL was very liberal-minded, although somewhat naive and that he had always regarded REMINGTON very highly and never suspected his Communist affiliation. ANN stated that at the time REMINGTON received his Government appointment, she had been planning to accept a job as counselor in a Communist summer camp in New Jersey, having the Indian name, Wo-Chi-Ca. She stated that a friend of MILTON BARNETT, above, operated this camp and remembered that they were annoyed when she failed to accept the post as counselor.

ANN advised that she accompanied REMINGTON to Washington, D. C. Then, as now, the Communist Party theme was peace and she determined to work in Washington in the interest of peace. She was encouraged in this by the American Youth Congress officials and JOE CADDELL furnished her with the names of a number of persons to contact in Washington, including MORTON FRIEDMAN and his married sister, name not recalled; WILLIAM HINCKLEY and wife, MAG; and SIDNEY KATZ, then connected with the Industrial Union Council. ANN could not positively state that these individuals were Communist Party members although they talked and acted like Communists. She commented that in Washington, D. C., Party members were much more discreet than in New York City. She found an entirely different atmosphere in Washington and observed that the Communists did not talk a great deal about their activity in the Party or their political beliefs in general.

ANN advised that she was active in helping form the Washington Peace Mobilization and was made Executive Secretary. She now realizes that the formation of this organization was part of a national effort on the part of the Communists to endorse the peace movement, and that she was used as an out of town figure who had no known Party record. She said that in the course of her dealings with these people, she observed that their meetings were conducted in the same manner as Communist Party meetings; members talked and expressed themselves in Communist Party style and parlance; and individual members were criticized and denounced publicly in the same manner as Communists throughout the world; discipline recalcitrant members. She said their attitudes were opinionated and dogmatic. The opposition was always throttled. There could never be a compromise on even such minor points as the wording of leaflets. She related that she resisted efforts on the part of certain members of the Washington Peace Mobilization to control her decisions in the direction of the local group and as a result was eased out of her position as Executive Secretary. She recalled that SARAH MONTGOMERY, wife of DONALD MONTGOMERY, Agriculture Department, had succeeded her as Executive Secretary.

In Washington, as in New York, ANN advised she and REMINGTON did not join a local Party group or club and declared that they had never attended a Communist Party meeting in Washington. She stated that they maintained contact with JOSEPH NORTH in visits to her mother at Croton, New York, and whenever NORTH was in Washington, he would visit with the REMINGTONs. NORTH visited the REMINGTONs at least once a month and brought them current issues of "New Masses," "The Communist," "The Marxist Quarterly," and perhaps other Communist publications.

In 1941 - 42, after the REMINGTONs moved to Tauxemont, Virginia, they had less frequent visits with JOE NORTH. ANN said that she and REMINGTON felt the need of closer contact with the Party and desired a high level contact in order that they might get Party direction and furnish confidential information. At this time, REMINGTON was working for the War Production Board and came into possession of information and data which he and ANN wanted to send to Russia. She stated that they solicited the meeting which led to the espionage contact, and ANN admitted that at a later date she and REMINGTON were concerned that the information REMINGTON furnished might be sidetracked at Communist Party headquarters in New York and not reach the desired Moscow destination.

ANN stated that they had broached the subject of a contact to JOSEPH NORTH on several occasions and urged him to put them in touch with the Party emissary. NORTH was a bit slow, but after a month or more and in the summer or fall of 1942, NORTH finally arranged for a meeting which took place in New York City, at which REMINGTON, Mrs. REMINGTON, JOE NORTH and the new contact were present. She stated that she had observed a poor photograph of JACOB GOLOS in New York and believed this man to be identical with a man she met but did not know his real name at that time and thought he was referred to as JOHN or by some similar name. ANN advised that the first meeting had occurred in a restaurant, to the best of her recollection, and she did not believe ELIZABETH BENTLEY was present although they may possibly have met her later that evening. She recalled that in her first meeting with BENTLEY in New York, the latter was so quiet and inactive in the conversation that she did not have a clear recollection.

With reference to GOLOS, she recalled that she disliked him very much, remembering that he was very arbitrary and argumentative and claimed to possess a great deal of information pertaining to WPB which REMINGTON knew to be inaccurate.

ANN related that shortly after her first meeting with the individual, now believed to be JACOB GOLOS, she was introduced to ELIZABETH BENTLEY in a meeting which may have taken place a day or two after the first meeting, but certainly not more than a week later. Her recollection is that this meeting occurred at a Schraffts Restaurant and that probably GOLOS introduced BENTLEY to REMINGTON and herself. She stated that BENTLEY was introduced to her as HELEN, and she never knew BENTLEY's correct name until the SILVERMASTER case broke in the newspapers. She advised she had identified a photograph of ELIZABETH TERRILL BENTLEY as identical with HELEN.

ANN related that after making the above contacts, she and REMINGTON were very anxious to get started and contact seemed quite slow, however, after approximately two weeks following introduction to HELEN, ANN received a phone call at her home from HELEN and arranged to pick HELEN up downtown that afternoon. She stated that she drove in her car to the Social Security Building, where she picked up REMINGTON and thereafter met HELEN in the car near some building, exact place not recalled, and then drove to some point where they talked. At this time, ANN gave HELEN \$20 from her own pocketbook as Communist Party dues for the REMINGTONS for that month as ANN kept the family budget and money. At this meeting, REMINGTON furnished some confidential information from WPB.

Approximately two weeks or longer after this first meeting, ANN advised HELEN again called as before and she believes she again accompanied REMINGTON in meeting HELEN in much the same manner as on the first occasion. On four or five subsequent occasions, HELEN called ANN REMINGTON who referred her to REMINGTON's office, where HELEN made her own arrangements to meet with REMINGTON.

ANN recalled only one occasion when she saw the material which REMINGTON furnished HELEN. She recalled that one of the first bits of information furnished by REMINGTON to HELEN was a top secret formula for manufacturing explosives from garbage and that REMINGTON was very excited about this. She thinks he may have delivered this to HELEN on her first or second visit to them in Washington. She stated that although she discontinued accompanying REMINGTON in meeting with HELEN, she was aware that the relationship was continuing and remembered that REMINGTON was worried about the data furnished and was very careful to paraphrase the material so that it would not be traceable to him.

In emphasizing the caution exercised, she related that about this time BRUCE HINTON, Communist writer who was Washington representative for "New Masses," had requested ANN to do some work for him in digging up news bits and items about liberal and left wing groups in Washington and REMINGTON had opposed this as did HELEN, as they did not want to focus any attention on the REMINGTONS.

ANN recalled that on the occasion of their second meeting with HELEN in Washington, shortly before Christmas, 1945, HELEN gave the REMINGTONS each a woolen scarf. She displayed her gift to the Agents, which she still uses as a headscarf and which is described as a cheap, square, woolen scarf, about 18 inches square in size, having a brown squared pattern.

ANN said that she personally furnished HELEN with the Communist Party dues for REMINGTON and herself on the occasion of their first and second meetings in Washington. It is her belief that REMINGTON probably continued paying dues to HELEN for awhile thereafter. She said their total payments in this connection did not exceed one hundred dollars.

ANN was familiar with the name, HELEN JOHNSON, and stated that REMINGTON had probably suggested to HELEN that she use the surname, JOHNSON, as it was embarrassing to have the unknown HELEN calling his office every two weeks or more often. In any event, she stated that REMINGTON and HELEN had worked this out between them.

ANN advised that all relations with HELEN had definitely terminated when REMINGTON entered the Navy in the early spring of 1944 and, as a matter of fact, they had tapered off to some extent as they had endeavored to discourage HELEN's visits somewhat earlier because the frequency of her trips to them had become bothersome, also, REMINGTON had become more aware of what he was doing and was afraid of being caught.

ANN advised that she and REMINGTON were well acquainted with BERNARD and JOAN REDMONT, whom they both knew to be Communist Party members. She explained that she first met BERNARD REDMONT in 1938 or 1939 at the home of a mutual friend, CAROLA ZIGROSSER, nickname "DUX" ZIGROSSER, who had attended School of Journalism with REDMONT. ANN advised that CAROLA ZIGROSSER was not a Communist but travelled in what she described as an "arty group." She stated that she liked REDMONT, who was single and attractive, and she and REMINGTON had seen him again. She recalled that REDMONT was then in the Columbia School of Journalism and later received a GUGGENHEIM Fellowship. In connection with this fellowship, he tried to get into Russia to continue his studies but failed and ended up in Mexico in the summer of 1939. She stated that REDMONT was keeping company with JOAN ROTHENBERG and that JOAN had gone to Mexico and married REDMONT there. ANN stated, to the best of her recollection, REMINGTON had met JOAN ROTHENBERG prior to meeting REDMONT.

ANN continued that they had renewed their acquaintance with the REDMONTs in Washington, D. C. and advised that the REDMONTs came to Washington sometime after the REMINGTONs, and that BERNARD REDMONT was employed in the Office of Inter-American Affairs and by Columbia Broadcasting System. She also stated that for one year during this period he was an editor of a paper in Herkimer, New York. ANN stated that in Washington, D. C., the REDMONTs had desired to be affiliated with the local Communist Party group but their efforts in this direction had been unsatisfactory. She was under the impression that the REDMONTs had attended one or more Party meetings in Washington, D. C. ANN stated that the REMINGTONs suggested that the REDMONTs might desire to be included in their arrangement with HELEN and believes she may have made this suggestion to the REDMONTs who thought it over and decided to accept. Thereafter, ANN advised that arrangements were made by REMINGTON for REDMONT to meet HELEN. ANN stated that she was not present at such meeting and only knows what was told to her by REMINGTON. She understood that REDMONT did not meet with GOLOS, and she had a recollection that the material which was available to REDMONT at that time was of little value to HELEN and her principals.

As indicated, ANN described BERNARD and JOAN REDMONT as Party members. She stated that they visited with the REDMONTs frequently and she was particularly

friendly with JOAN, whom she described as a charming girl and a loyal, flexible wife. She explained that JOAN was not nearly as ardent a Communist as BERNARD REDMONT, but that she was a devoted wife and followed his leadership. She remembered that when REDMONT was in the Marines during the war, she had talked politics on a number of occasions with JOAN who was aware of the inconsistencies of the Communists and the disadvantages of being a Communist; however, when he returned, she again joined him in interest in the Party.

ANN advised that BERNARD REDMONT had gone to South America in 1947 as a correspondent and recalled that the REMINGTONS had received a card from him, stating that he would return to New York in June, 1947. She stated after the ELIZABETH BENTLEY story became public in 1947, REMINGTON had directed her to write to REDMONT, and she had typed a letter at his direction for the purpose of having REDMONT's story square with that of REMINGTON, who had been questioned by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. She stated REMINGTON worded the letter very carefully, setting forth discreetly his story that HELEN was a "PM" reporter and how he had met her and come to furnish her the data as REMINGTON had claimed in his interviews with Agents. ANN thought that when REDMONT had next returned to New York City, REMINGTON had gone to New York to see him.

ANN advised that in April, 1944, REMINGTON had entered the United States Navy and she and her children had accompanied him to Boulder, Colorado, where he was in training as an intelligence officer and engaged in study at the Navy Russian Language School. She stated that she and REMINGTON still entertained Communist ideas at this time but found very few people at Boulder with whom they could associate on a Party level.

In general retrospect, ANN stated that during the year previous to REMINGTON's entrance on duty with the Navy in April, 1944, she had begun to have a change of heart in her attitude toward Russia and the Communist Party. She said that for the first time in her life, she had begun to read anti-Russian literature. She explained that good Communists never read anything which is not pro-Soviet, pro-Communist or which deviates in the slightest from the current Party line. She said that, for example, in reading KRAVCHENKO's book "I Chose Freedom" a year or two later and after REMINGTON's experience in Europe, where he had opportunity to talk with Russians and with people who had lived in Russia, they began to realize that Russia and Soviet economy was not as it had been represented to them and that it was, in fact, undesirable.

She said that during the latter period of REMINGTON's association with ELIZABETH BENTLEY, he came to regret the position in which he found himself and made efforts within the limitations of his position to break off the bond by which he was held to BENTLEY and GOLOS. She said that after the war, they found that they had broken completely with all former ideologies and interests which paralleled those of Soviet Russia and can now say that their sympathies since that time have been loyal to the United States.

ANN said that she advocated in 1947, when REMINGTON was interviewed by the FBI, that he should admit his former Communist activity and make a fresh start. She said that REMINGTON found himself unable to take this position because he had for a number of years been making false statements on Civil Service forms, concerning membership in the Communist Party, when making application for Federal employment. He feared that he would be dismissed from his job if he were to confess that he had made false statements in this respect. She said that REMINGTON was beginning to have confidence too in his success at denying the various charges against him as they were made. She said that he became deeper and deeper involved as time passed until he is now apparently in a position where he feels it is absolutely impossible to change his story. ANN said, however, that she can swear that since the termination of their relationship with ELIZABETH BENTLEY, she and REMINGTON have been living and conducting themselves as loyal Americans with no reservations in favor of the Communists or Soviet Russia. She said that aside from perjuring himself and making false statements concerning his past interests and activities, he has served the best interests of the United States in the various jobs he has had in the Government.

At the same time, ANN advised that REMINGTON's mentality and makeup are such that his own self-interest is the paramount consideration at all times, that he is obsessed with the idea that he is never wrong and that he would make any decision and do anything which would serve his own personal interests best. In fact, she stated that "he would sell the country down the river if it was for his personal benefit."

[REDACTED] who was referred to in the report of Special Agent KENNEDY R. CORBETT dated May 28, 1948, at Washington, D. C., advised that in the spring of 1943 REMINGTON suggested BERNARD S. REDMONT, an employee in the Press Division, Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, as an individual who might be of value in furnishing information. Subsequently, JACOB M. GOLOS, according to [REDACTED], instructed that REMINGTON solicit REDMONT's assistance. REDMONT, according to [REDACTED] did later become involved in the alleged espionage conspiracy in Washington and did furnish considerable information which came into his possession at the Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs. During the course of another investigation by the FBI, BERNARD S. REDMONT was interviewed on August 28, 1948. REDMONT stated he was well aware that an investigation was being conducted concerning espionage activities and stated that he had issued a statement to the press sometime in July, 1948, which was in effect a denial that he had ever been involved in any espionage activities. REDMONT furnished a copy of this statement which is set forth below:

"The young lady, according to newspaper accounts, says I never gave her anything, so that makes it pretty clear.

"I am not now and never have been a Communist, as everyone who knows me will attest.

"Some six years ago or so, when I was a news editor in the news room of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, editing shortwave broadcasts for Latin America, a young lady interviewed me three or four times about our news broadcasts and programs.

She said her name was HELEN JOHNSON and that she did articles and research for 'PM' and other publications. We discussed only material that was available and given to hundreds of other newspaper reporters and agencies, and that could have been gotten by listening to the radio any day of the week. I never handled any other kind of material, and would not have divulged any secret material, even if I had.

"I suppose this alleged Miss JOHNSON is Miss BENTLEY, but as she herself says, she never got anything from me.

"During most of the time Miss JOHNSON-BENTLEY says she was working in an espionage ring, I was a sergeant in the U. S. Marine Corps. I fought overseas in the Pacific and was wounded in action in defense of my country, my home and my family. I fought for the principles of democracy which this nation represents and which I cherish, and I am ready to defend them once again, if over the call comes.

"I am shocked that men of integrity and honor should be subjected to having their hard-earned reputations and names sullied by unsubstantiated character assassination. But I am confident that the American tradition of fair play will permit all reasonable Americans to get the truth."

REDMONT identified a photograph of ELIZABETH T. BENTLEY as an individual known to him as HELEN JOHNSON. He stated he met this individual sometime in 1942 or 1943 in Washington, D. C. and believed her to be a reporter for the newspaper "PM" as well as other newspapers. REDMONT stated he could not recall the circumstances surrounding his introduction to BENTLEY. He recalled that she had told him she was desirous of obtaining information concerning the CIAA broadcast to South America. At the time he met BENTLEY, he was working in the Press Division of the CIAA. REDMONT stated he did not recall meeting any individuals through BENTLEY. He said he did not remember having met an individual named JACOB GOLDS, whose photograph was exhibited to him. REDMONT declared any information he had furnished to BENTLEY could have been obtained from any other reporter or by any individual listening to the shortwave broadcast emanating from the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs offices. REDMONT stated that while stationed in Washington, D. C., he was acquainted with WILLIAM REMINGTON, who in 1943 was employed by the U. S. Government in several agencies. REDMONT said he did not recall having met BENTLEY through REMINGTON although such was possible, and he did not recall having discussed BENTLEY (HELEN JOHNSON) or her activities with REMINGTON. REDMONT stated categorically that he was not and had never been a member of the Communist Party. [REDACTED] is a reliable informant who will not testify or give a signed statement.

~~WALTER M.~~ COX, Assistant to Deputy Administrator, Economic Cooperation Administration, Washington, D. C., stated he attended Dartmouth College as a freshman when REMINGTON was completing his senior year and had no direct personal contact with him. COX said he knew the faculty considered REMINGTON as outstanding for his age in the field of economics and more left of center in his thinking than the average student. COX said by this description he did not wish to be understood as implying that REMINGTON's tendency to the left bordered on Communism or the subversive. He said he is not aware that REMINGTON was in any way identified with the American Student Union at Dartmouth. He has had no opportunity to observe REMINGTON since college days, except indirectly while reviewing Department of Commerce confidential records relative to export license control which is COX's field in ECA. He said REMINGTON was Chairman of the Department of Commerce License Control Committee and in that position made recommendations concerning export controls toward Russia. While studying records of this Committee, COX said he was struck by the extreme lack of balance between the apparent anti-Russian and anti-satellite policy promulgated by the Committee and the extreme pro-Russian, pro-Communist charges of ELIZABETH BENTLEY against REMINGTON. COX said he cannot recall any specific points in this respect but knows that the Commerce Department Committee records were compiled prior to publicity concerning BENTLEY'S charges against REMINGTON. COX has made no personal observation of REMINGTON which has caused him to regard REMINGTON other than loyal to the United States.

JOHN M. FRANTZ, Housing and Home Finance Agency, Washington, D. C., advised that he had only a casual acquaintance with REMINGTON in Knoxville, Tennessee and was never closely enough associated to know what his sympathies and activities were. FRANTZ stated that he himself was active in a Spanish Aid Committee while an employee with Tennessee Valley Authority, and although he believes it possible REMINGTON was also active with that Committee, his recollection is not clear enough to enable him to state definitely that REMINGTON was a member. FRANTZ stated he has no knowledge of whether REMINGTON was a Communist or member of the Communist Party. FRANTZ knew that REMINGTON was closely associated with individuals in Knoxville who have subsequently admitted their membership in the Communist Party. FRANTZ stated that although it has been alleged that he himself was a member of the Communist Party in Knoxville, it is not true and was, therefore, never in a position to know at the time of his residence in Knoxville which of his TVA employee-associates could have been members of the Communist group.

Mrs. MARGARET C. HINCKLEY, Housewife, RFD #1, Germantown, Maryland, was interviewed on May 19, 1950. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that she and her husband first knew BILL and ANN REMINGTON in Washington, D. C., about 1940, when Mr. HINCKLEY was employed in the Office of Education. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that she is unable to give any exact dates and cannot recall the exact circumstances surrounding the meeting of the two couples, but that she believes that possibly her husband met REMINGTON through his work and as a result of this meeting they became social acquaintances. Mrs. HINCKLEY emphasized the fact that she and her

husband and BILL and ANN REMINGTON were merely social acquaintances. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that the REMINGTONs and the HINCKLEYs visited each other on occasions and had dinner in each other's home. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that her recollection is that when they first became acquainted with the REMINGTONs, ANN REMINGTON's mother, Mrs. MOOS, was supposed to be a "radical" because both BILL and ANN talked about it. Mrs. HINCKLEY denied emphatically that the REMINGTONs had ever made any statements to her that they were members of the Communist Party and she stated that she does not know to this day that they were. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that when she and her husband resided in New York, they belonged to the American League for Peace and Democracy and to the American League Against War and Fascism. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that her husband was Chairman of the American Youth Congress in New York of which she was also a member.

Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that while in New York, she attended Teachers College at Columbia University from 1935 - 36, at which time she was acquainted with ELIZABETH BENTLEY. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that she did not know ELIZABETH BENTLEY was a Communist Party member, but she did know that ELIZABETH BENTLEY was "left wing." Mrs. HINCKLEY advised that she did not like BENTLEY but had worked with her on a newspaper at Columbia University. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that she knew GIL GREEN who was a member of the American Youth Congress and knew that GREEN made no attempt to conceal the fact that he was a Communist Party member. Mrs. HINCKLEY was questioned regarding the fact that she admitted that she and her husband both know GIL GREEN to be an open and avowed Communist and stated that at that time it seemed quite reasonable for her to sit down with a known Communist like GIL GREEN and discuss ways and means to prevent war and preserve peace inasmuch as her prime objective in belonging to any of the organizations she mentioned was motivated by strong desire to promote world peace.

Mrs. HINCKLEY denied that she or her husband were ever members of the Columbia University Harlem Unit of the Communist Party, or that she and her husband, at the suggestion of GIL GREEN, went underground in 1936. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that she did not know what the term "underground" meant. Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that when she and her husband first moved to Washington, D. C., she worked for the Washington Committee for Democratic Action for about one month as Recording Secretary. Mrs. HINCKLEY recalled that someone whose name she does not remember at this time asked her to perform some temporary work for the Committee which she agreed to do as she needed the money. She believed she was paid about one hundred dollars for the work.

Mrs. HINCKLEY stated that she was also active for awhile in the League of Women Shoppers until the time when she moved to her present residence in Montgomery County, Maryland and admitted that she may have belonged to the American Peace Mobilization. In respect to the latter, however, Mrs. HINCKLEY was not definite and could not recall whether she was active in that organization. Mrs. HINCKLEY advised that they moved to Washington in 1940 and for two years lived in a house in Bethesda, Maryland. In 1942, they bought the farm on which they presently reside and that thereafter the REMINGTONs moved to Taurington in Virginia and that they have seen very little of each other since that time except the fact that ANN REMINGTON visited them once about the time she was obtaining her divorce from BILL REMINGTON.

American Peace Mobilization, the American League for Peace and Democracy, the American League Against War and Fascism, the American Youth Congress and the Washington Committee for Democratic Action have all been cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order Number 9835.

The House Committee on Un-American Activities, in its report of March 29, 1944, cited the League of Women Shoppers as a Communist front.

Mr. WILLIAM WILLARD HINCKLEY advised that he could not remember having known either WILLIAM or ANN REMINGTON in New York prior to 1940. He stated that he first became acquainted with the REMINGTONs in Washington, D. C. about 1942 but could not remember who had introduced them to him or him to them. He advised that he believed it was JOE GADNER, hereinbefore described. He stated that his relationship with the REMINGTONs was social and casual, and that they visited each other's home only on infrequent occasions. He specifically recalled that he and his wife attended a weiner roast at the REMINGTONs' home in Tauxemont, Virginia. He advised however he could not recall who else attended the gathering. Mr. HINCKLEY could not remember the number of occasions or dates when the REMINGTONs visited his home, however, he stated that approximately eight months ago, in the late fall of 1949, ANN REMINGTON had visited his farm in Germantown, alone. He stated that on that occasion he learned from ANN REMINGTON that she had been divorced from her husband.

Mr. HINCKLEY further advised that he could not recall ANN REMINGTON's working for him in New York but he was Executive Secretary of the American Youth Congress. He stated that numerous students were employed by that Congress, and that he could not recall a number of them.

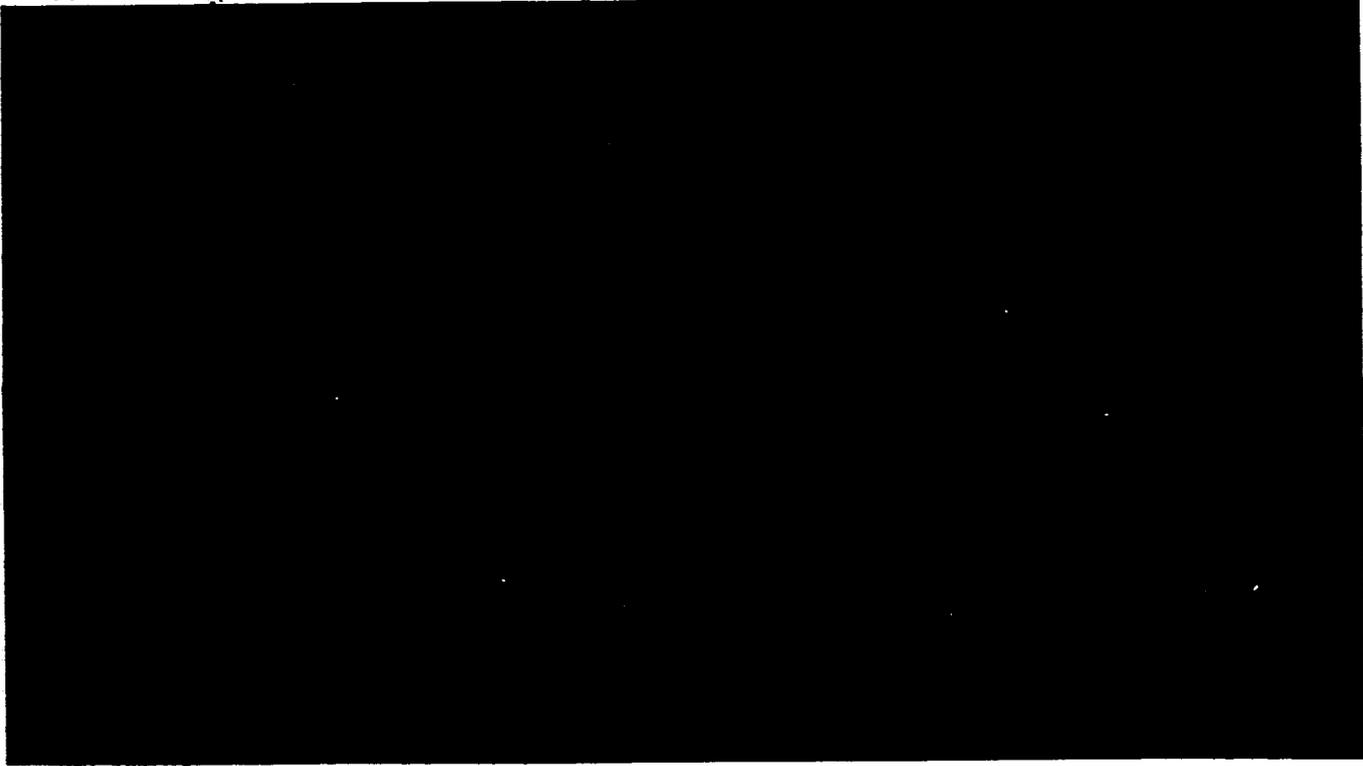
Mr. HINCKLEY advised that he had no knowledge of either ANN or BILL REMINGTON being members of the Communist Party. He stated that, in his opinion, BILL REMINGTON was a much maligned pleasant young man who had never indicated in any way that he was a member of the Communist Party.

When questioned regarding his own membership in the Young Communist League and Unit I, Harlem Section of the Communist Party, as alleged by ELIZABETH BENTLEY, Mr. HINCKLEY stated "how stupid," and went on to emphatically deny that he had ever been a member of the Young Communist League or of the Communist Party at any time.

Mrs. ANNI REMINGTON, during the course of interview, mentioned friends she had on the part of WILLIAM REMINGTON and herself with ROBERT S. LEEHAN and his wife, ALICIA LEEHAN. Mrs. REMINGTON described ROBERT and ALICIA LEEHAN as left wing liberals who had never joined the Communist Party, although she, ANNI and WILLIAM REMINGTON had endeavored to solicit them for membership in the Communist Party, and even had JOSEPH NORTH talk with them with this in view. JOSEPH NORTH, as heretofore mentioned, was known to the REMINGTONS as a member of the Communist Party and connected with the "New Masses."

ROBERT S. LEEHAN and his wife, Mrs. ALICIA LEEHAN, were interviewed separately, in the light of Mrs. REMINGTON's statement that the REMINGTONS had attempted to solicit the LEEHANS for membership in the Communist Party.

Mrs. ALICIA LEEHAN advised that she and her husband initially became acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. REMINGTON in the summer of 1940 at Washington, D. C. Mrs. LEEHAN stated unequivocally that she considered WILLIAM REMINGTON loyal in every respect to this country, and that she never at any time felt that he favored or was even interested in Communism, much less that he could be a member of the Communist Party.



Mrs. LEEHAN admitted that she and ANNI REMINGTON had a luncheon engagement with JOSEPH NORTH in the REMINGTON home on "M" Street, Northwest, sometime before June of 1941. She said that she knew NORTH was a Communist, and that

obviously WILLIAM REMINGTON knew he was a Communist, but that she cannot recall whether WILLIAM REMINGTON was even in town at the time. She could recall such details, however, as the fact that ANN REMINGTON had come by and picked her up and taken her to the REMINGTON home to lunch with NORTH, and that her husband, ROBERT LEEHAN, joined them at the REMINGTON home. She further relates that during the discussion with NORTH, she can recall that she sat on the living room floor, playing with the cats, sitting right next to the armchair in which her husband ROBERT sat. She also recalled that no others were present, but could not remember whether WILLIAM REMINGTON was even there. She said that even if WILLIAM REMINGTON were there, she had no impression of him at all as to political expressions, stating that while she might have impressions of the REMINGTONS as a couple, she really thought only of ANN.

Mrs. LEEHAN did recall however that JOSEPH NORTH talked about the Communist Party, and what it could do for liberals. She said that she and her husband, ROBERT, in conversation together following their meeting with NORTH, agreed that Communist Party membership definitely was not for them, apparently having recognized the meeting with NORTH as implying an invitation to them to join the Communist Party.

Mr. ROBERT S. LEEHAN, employed in the Census Bureau, Department of Commerce, interviewed apart from Mrs. LEEHAN, also stated unequivocally that WILLIAM REMINGTON's loyalty to this country was of the highest sort, that he considered REMINGTON not only as not being in any way favorable to, or a member of the Communist Party, but as always having been quite anti-Communist in his views and expressions. ROBERT LEEHAN also was very disparaging of Mrs. ANN REMINGTON, stating that she was bewildered, neurotic and unbalanced mentally. When pressed as to his reasons for so describing Mrs. REMINGTON, LEEHAN admitted that he did not know what neurotic meant or how mental balance is recognized, and admitted on contemplation that he was unjust in imputing mental unbalance to Mrs. REMINGTON, finally stating that he had a personality clash with ANN REMINGTON, and considered her immature and somewhat mixed up in her thinking, being inclined to be overly positive in her statements, and tending to reach wrong conclusions on sets of facts to his point of view. LEEHAN denied that either ANN or WILLIAM REMINGTON ever even by implication attempted to interest or recruit him into the Communist Party, stating that since he considered WILLIAM REMINGTON anti-Communist, he would have been definitely shocked at any such invitation on WILLIAM REMINGTON's part. He said that ANN REMINGTON may have been Communistically inclined although "he never paid much attention to her."

ROBERT LEEHAN admitted having visited with JOSEPH NORTH at the REMINGTON home, and admitted knowing that NORTH was a Communist. He said that it was apparent that the REMINGTONS knew NORTH was a Communist, but said that he felt no surprise that NORTH was a guest in the REMINGTON home, stating that he felt NORTH was ANN REMINGTON's guest and not WILLIAM REMINGTON's. He said that he looked on NORTH merely as a curiosity since he was interested in observing the facts and statements of an actual Communist, which to him was a curiosity. He said that he did not gain the impression whatsoever that NORTH in any way attempted to interest him or his wife in joining the Communist Party, and further

that he never felt that WILLIAM or ANN REMINGTON had ever even by implication attempted to interest him in joining the Communist Party. He further stated that it was not until he discussed with his wife the interview had with her by the F.B.I., which has been reported herein, that he had ever been informed by his wife that ANN REMINGTON stated that she was a Communist or tried to interest her in joining the Communist Party. It might be noted that these statements of LEHMAN are in contradistinction to the statements of Mrs. LEHMAN who had said that she and her husband in conversation together following their meeting with NORTH agreed that Communist Party membership definitely was not for them.

ROBERT LEHMAN originally stated during instant interview that the last time he was in contact with REMINGTON was in the summer of 1949. On closer questioning, he admitted having received a phone call from REMINGTON "about two weeks ago, maybe less", but denied that REMINGTON attempted to plant any seed regarding ANN's mental condition, stating that the purpose of the call was in an attempt to place a friend of REMINGTON in a position in the Census Bureau.

ROBERT S. LEHMAN has been investigated under the provisions of Executive Order 9835 on the basis of his having been a member of the Washington Bookshop in 1946. ROBERT S. LEHMAN has admitted to representatives of [REDACTED] a Government agency which conducts personnel investigations, membership in the Washington Bookshop Association, the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, the Consumers Union and the Washington Committee for Democratic Action. He also admitted sympathy towards the League of American Writers, although he could not recall whether he was actually a member of that organization. He also admitted that his wife, Mrs. ALICIA LEHMAN, was active in the Southern Conference for Human Welfare in 1945 - 1946.

The Washington Bookshop Association, the Washington Committee for Democratic Action and the League of American Writers have been declared by the Attorney General to be within the purview of Executive Order 9835. The North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, the Consumers Union and the Southern Conference for Human Welfare have been cited as Communist fronts by the House Committee on un-American Activities.

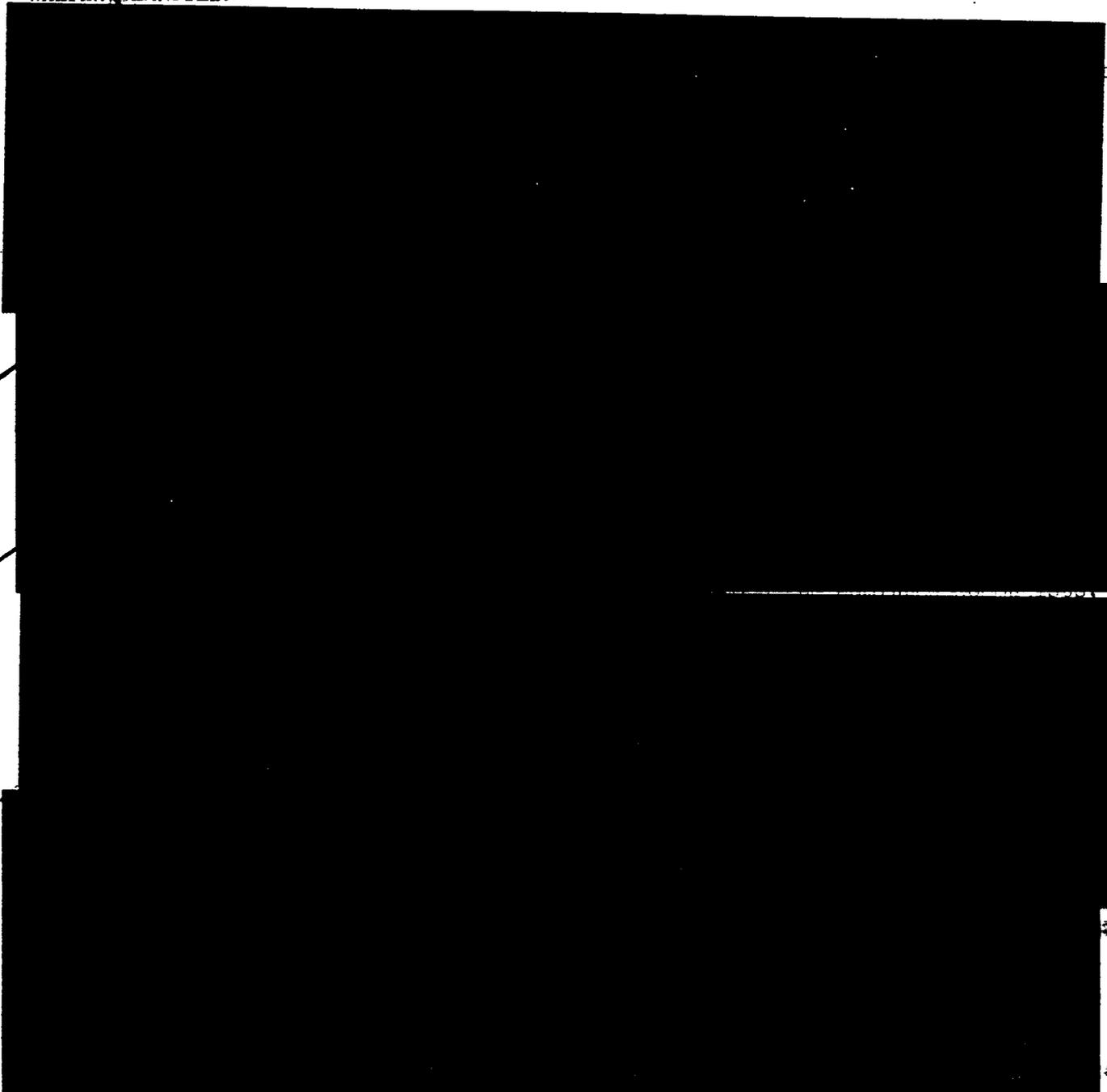
ANN REMINGTON has advised of a recent incident which she said she believes is pertinent to REMINGTON's loyalty. She related that on May 19, 1945, REMINGTON had come by her home in Tauxemont, Virginia to take the children to the circus. He inquired of ANN as to her testimony before the Grand Jury in New York City earlier in the week. She informed REMINGTON that she had tried to support him in her testimony, but found it too difficult to reconcile the conflicting story in detail and that she had finally told the Grand Jury the truth as she saw it.

ANN stated that REMINGTON told her that such testimony would ruin him and would also adversely affect many innocent people, including those who had given his name as reference in securing Government employment. He mentioned THOMAS BLAISDELL in particular as one who would be affected unfavorably by her statements.

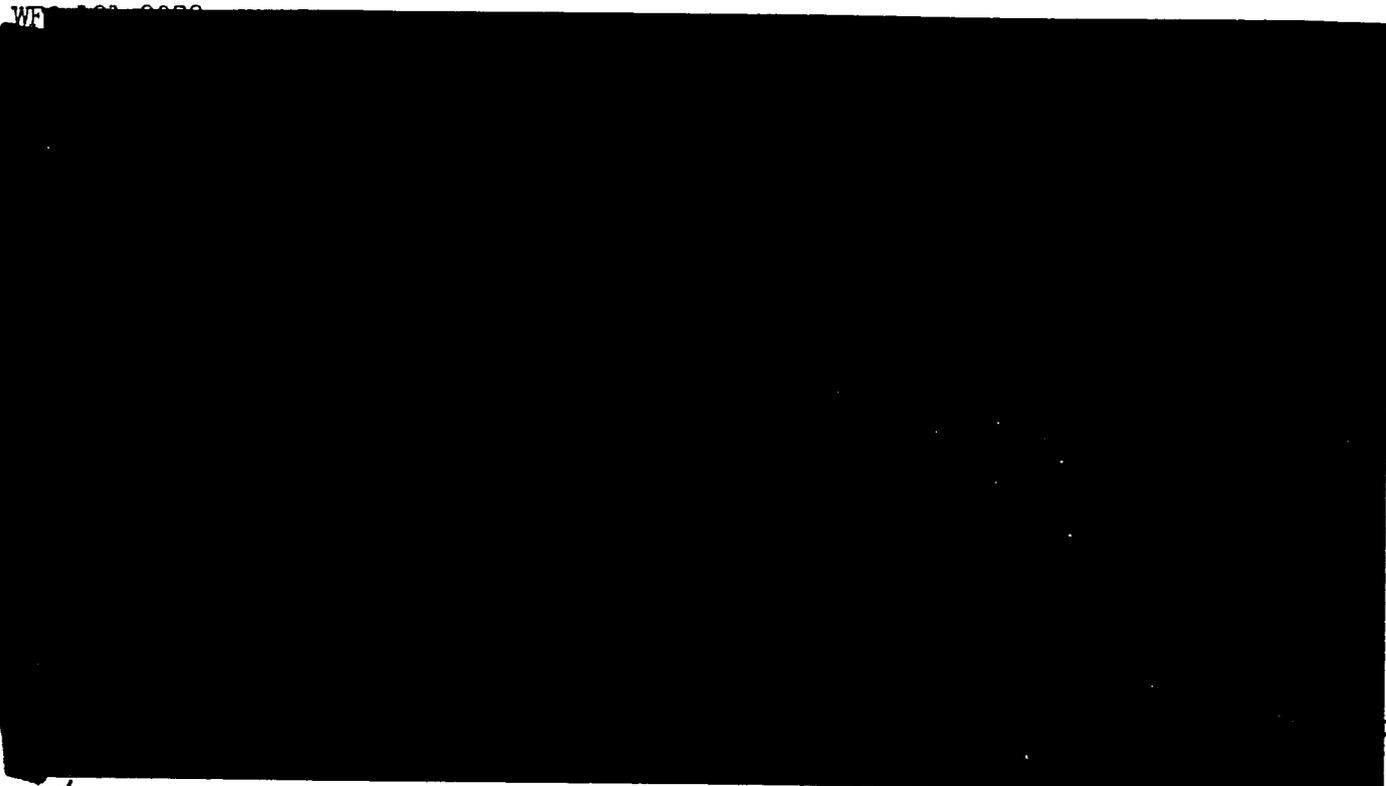
ANN said she suggested to REMINGTON at that time that it would be a good idea if he at long last would tell the truth himself. REMINGTON stated to her that for the above reason, namely that friends and people who relied on him would be affected, he could not do so; however, at the same time he stated that he had been telling the truth at all times in previous testimony by his making particular reference to his testimony before the HCUA of recent date.

REBINGTON suggested to ANN that she procure from her physician an affidavit to the effect that she is not a competent witness, intimating that by such procedure she could gracefully eliminate herself from any further testimony. ANN advised that she is aware of the implications of such a suggestion and knows it would be a recommendation which would affect her adversely for the rest of her life. She stated that she has no intention of complying with REBINGTON's request.

WALTER BERNSTEIN



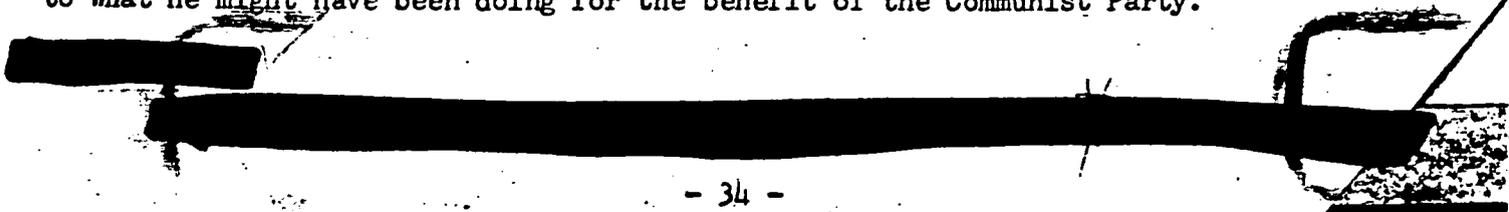
See memo. p. 20, a statement by Walter Bernstein 6-9-57



29,

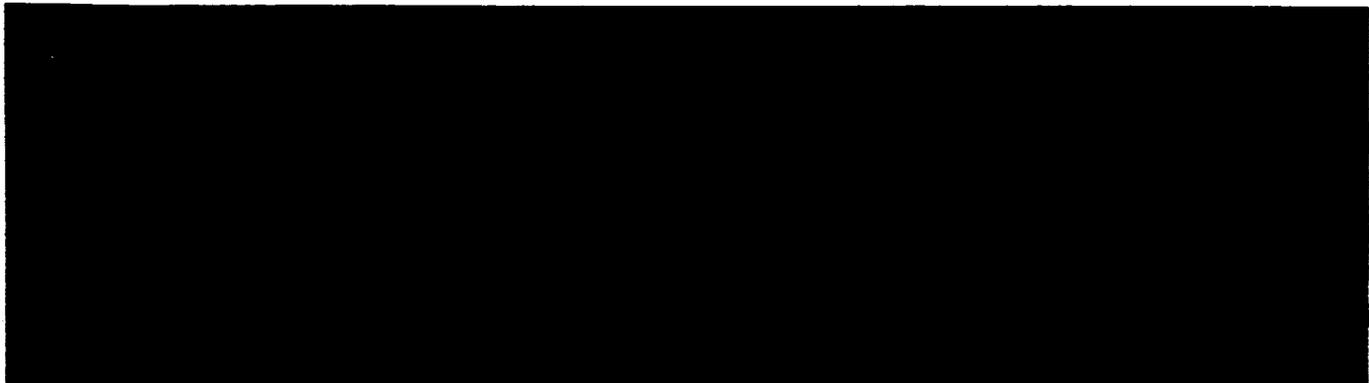
DAN SCHWARTZ

ANN REMINGTON described DAN SCHWARTZ as a student at Dartmouth and a member of the Young Communist League who graduated a year or two before REMINGTON. She knew that SCHWARTZ has been employed by the Library of Congress and the United Public Workers of America. She recalled that after she and REMINGTON came to Washington, REMINGTON renewed acquaintance with DAN SCHWARTZ who was not happy to see REMINGTON again and did not want to commit himself to talk to REMINGTON on the level of Party membership. ANN recalled that REMINGTON was very much annoyed and could not understand this as he knew SCHWARTZ as a member of the Communist Party. ANN stated that she and REMINGTON visited the SCHWARTZ family on one occasion at their apartment near 20th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., and on one other occasion had taken them for a drive along Skyline Drive in the Blue Ridge Mountains. ANN said that the SCHWARTZes also visited her and REMINGTON at their home on Fulton Street, Northwest. ANN said however that in view of SCHWARTZ's attitude, they drifted apart and have not visited regularly. She described DAN SCHWARTZ as a sincere revolutionist who wanted to help lower class groups. She expressed the opinion that SCHWARTZ's reticence toward her and REMINGTON was attributable to the fact that he did not want his Party identity disclosed. SCHWARTZ indicated on occasions that he did not condone REMINGTON's opportunism and his enthusiasm for a career as compared to what he might have been doing for the benefit of the Communist Party.





With respect to the interviews of ROBERT S. LEHMAN and ALICIA LEHMAN referred to in the details of this report, the Bureau's attention is directed to WFO teletype dated May 31, 1950, in which it is stated that the opinion of the Interviewing Agents of both ALICIA and ROBERT LEHMAN was that they gave every indication that they were primed to raise the issue of ANN's mental condition and thus to impeach her credibility; and to give WILLIAM REMINGTON a clean bill of health as to loyalty. ROBERT LEHMAN, although he originally stated during the interview that the last time he was in contact with REMINGTON was in the summer of 1949, on closer questioning admitted having received a phone call from REMINGTON "about two weeks ago, maybe less," but denied that REMINGTON attempted to plant any seed regarding ANN's mental condition, stating that the purpose of the call was in an attempt to place a friend of REMINGTON in a position in the Census Bureau. It was further pointed out that in the interview of ALICIA LEHMAN, at the very outset of the interview, in fact only after the Agents were identified and mentioned the fact that it was their information that Mrs. LEHMAN was acquainted with the REMINGTONs, that Mrs. LEHMAN expostulated her conviction that ANN REMINGTON is insane.



See ...

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.
June 7, 1950

CONFIDENTIAL

WILLIAM WALTER RELLINGTON
also known as "BILL"
International Trade Economist
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Report of: Special Agent JULIUS L. WATSON.
Dated: June 7, 1950, at Washington, D. C.

This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned. This is the result of an FBI investigation and is not to be considered as a clearance.

This is an FBI investigative report and makes no recommendation for clearance or disapproval.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE, LGE

DATE: June 6, 1950

In testimony given by REMINGTON before House Committee on Un-American Activities May 5, 1950, to show that he believed the information being given to HELEN JOHNSON (ELIZABETH BENTLEY) was to be published in the newspaper, "PM". In this connection he read into the record an affidavit which had been prepared by ROBERT R. NATHAN, a former official of WPB. The essence of the affidavit indicated that the WPB had no objection to individuals in executive positions on the Board granting interviews to the press. It was indicated that many members of the WPB had good press contacts and were able to channel information through these outlets beneficial to the WPB by way of publicity and by way of informing the public generally. NATHAN stated in the affidavit that he himself often talked to reporters without clearing through the press relations section of the Board, and that he did not object to any of the members of his staff doing likewise.

REMINGTON said that it was in this connection that he hoped to benefit the WPB by channeling its publicity to the press through HELEN JOHNSON. REMINGTON said he never referred HELEN JOHNSON'S inquiries to the Public Relations Section of WPB because discussion of unclassified matters with the press was not objectionable to WPB. He said he never discussed his conversations with HELEN JOHNSON with his superior, but he believes he mentioned his contacts with HELEN to Mr. THOMAS WILSON. WILSON was described as being the unit head of the committee within WPB of which REMINGTON was a member.

New York

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN -7 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI KNOXVILLE

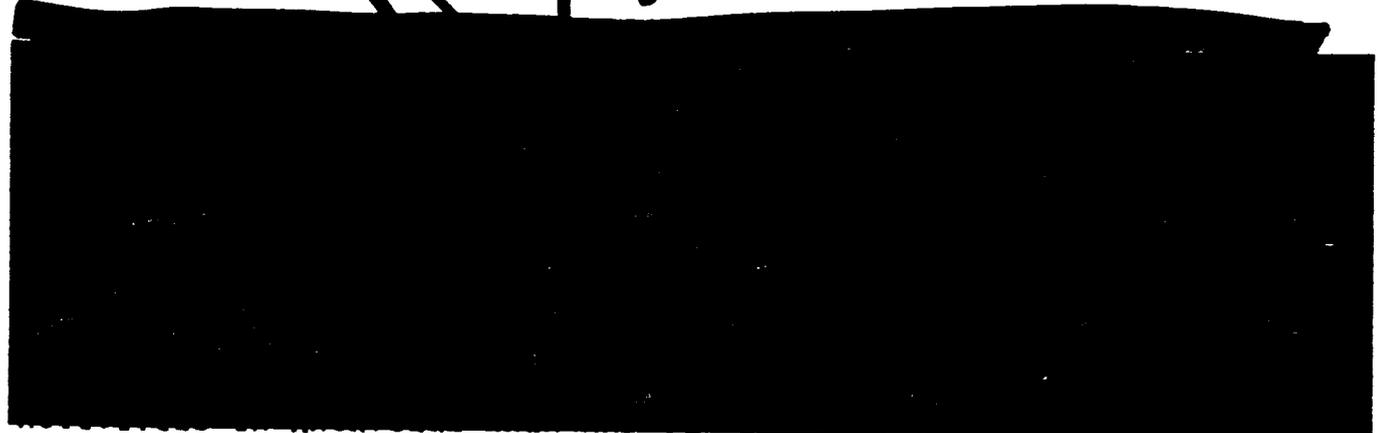
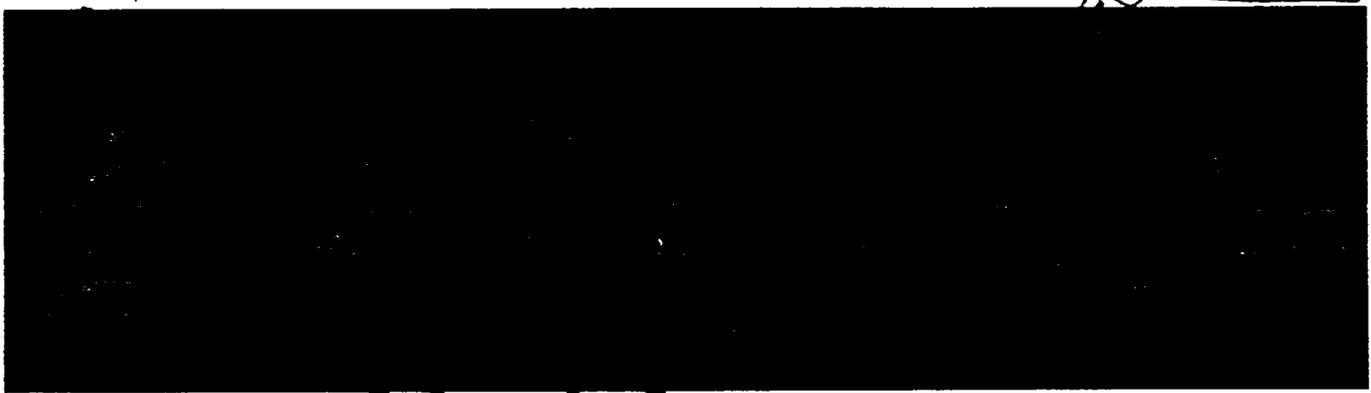
6-7-50

12-46PM HT

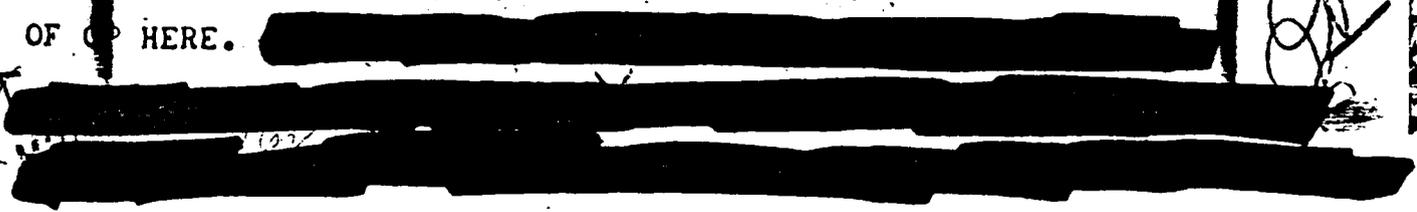
DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC NEW ORLEANS

U R G E N T

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, PERJURY, LGE.



[REDACTED] FYI, BRIDGMAN IS RECORDED ⁶⁴ INDEXED ⁶⁴ EX-MEMBER OF CP WHILE
 EMPLOYED TVA, KNOXVILLE, ABOUT THIRTYSIX-THIRTYSEVEN, IS NOW
 COOPERATING WITH BOSTON OFFICE AND HAS IDENTIFIED REMINGTON AS MEMBER
 OF CP HERE. [REDACTED]



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont *AB*

FROM : C. H. Stanley *CHS*

SUBJECT : WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

DATE: May 26, 1950

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

Howland
July 18

PURPOSE:

To obtain handwriting examination.

BACKGROUND:

Attached are two letters dated March 16, 1949 and April 6, 1949, both signed "William W. Remington," and the May 7, 1940 edition of "New Masses."

RECOMMENDATION:

Refer to FBI Laboratory to determine whether letter and signatures "Tom and Helen" appearing on page 20 of "New Masses" was written by signer of letters dated March 16 and April 6, 1949. If known specimens insufficient FBI Laboratory requested to hold, advising Purvis, Ext. 2065, of need for more. Very expedite.

Mr. Hoover

121-6159

COPIES AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB FOR LAB ACTION AND REPORT

RECORDED - 15

121-6159-602
JUL 18 1950

EX-43

Attachment

JDP:mb

[Handwritten notes and signatures]

[Handwritten signatures]

BELEN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: WILLIAM WAIN WASHINGTON
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

File # 121-6159-602
Lab. # D-117510 BT

NO LAB FILE

Examination requested by: Bureau

Date of reference communication: MEMO 5-21-50

Date Received: 6-1-50

Examination requested: Doc

Result of Examination:

Examination by: *W. J. [unclear]*
6/6/50
7/1

No. one & 2 with Kc2. Not suff. comparable

Specimens submitted for examination

K2 A booklet entitled "New Classes" dated May 7, 1940, containing a letter on page 21 which is dated April 27, 1940, and signed "TOM and HELEN."

Kc2 Eleven photostatic copies of documents some of which contain the known handwriting and handprinting of WILLIAM WAIN WASHINGTON.

121-6159-602
6-1-50
W. J. [unclear]

P2 Dear Joe

April 27 1940

When got in would were this bank
needed day We for American
courageous civil And New Masses very
Good you Sincerely yours Tom and
P.S. About the Helen

K2 D when first that the some period
of work addendum get

REC'D BELMUN
F. B. I.
DEPT. OF JUSTICE
JUN 6 10 38 PM '50

am

June 6, 1950

SACB, NEW YORK and WASHINGTON
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COBLENCE, LOE, PERJURY, RE N. Y. TEL JUNE FIVE.

NO CONCLUSION REACHED WHETHER HANDWRITTEN LETTER PUBLISHED IN MAY SEVEN,
NINETEEN FORTY, QUOTE NEW PAGES UNQUOTE WAS PREPARED BY REMINGTON ON BASIS
OF KNOWN HANDWRITING PRESENTLY AVAILABLE FOR COMPARISON. NO HANDWRITING FOR
MRS. REMINGTON YET AVAILABLE TO LABORATORY. ADDITIONAL KNOWN HANDWRITING
SPECIMENS OF BOTH REMINGTON AND MRS. REMINGTON BEING OBTAINED BY WFO. WFO
SHOULD EXPEDITE.

RECORDED - 15
EX-43

URGENT
121-6159-602

HOOVER.

cc: Washington (By Messenger)

50

LABORATORY DIVISION
L B I

JUN 6 4 08 PM '50

RECEIVED READING ROOM
F B I
JUN 6 6 05 PM '50
U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

JUN - 6 1950

TELETYPE *RH*

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

7338

748
sub

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN - 2 1950

Am
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Mr. Harbo	.....
Mr. Belmont	.....
Mr. Mohr	.....
Tele. Room	.....
Mr. Harbo	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

FB CHARLOTTE

6-2-50

6-10 PM

NKH

DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SACS KNOXVILLE, NYC, AND WFO

.....U R G E N T.....

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. RMYTEL JUNE ONE, LAST.
 KENNETH MCCONNELL, WEAVERVILLE, NC, ADVISED TODAY REMINGTON AND
 MERWIN TODD OCCUPIED APARTMENT TOGETHER, ADDRESS UNKNOWN, AT KNOX-
 VILLE, TENN., JUNE NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN. MCCONNELL RECALLED REMING-
 TON AND TODD WERE ASSAULTED WHILE PASSING OUT CIO LEEFLETS AT MILL,
 NAME UNKNOWN, NEAR KNOXVILLE IN SPRING NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN. REMING-
 TON AND TODD DISCUSSED BRINGING SUIT AGAINST ASSAILANTS AND MCCONNELL
 HAS VAGUE RECOLLECTION JOINT SUIT WAS FILED. KNOXVILLE ATTEMPT TO
 VERIFY JOINT RESIDENCE OF REMINGTON AND TODD. CHECK COURT RECORD AND
 NEWSPAPER MORGUE TO VERIFY BEATING AND SUIT.

BROWN

END ACK

WA

OK FB KX MDC

OK FBI NYC REOT 7-10PM

WA 713PM LOK FBI WASH DC JIM

DISC

RECORDED - 89

INDEXED - 89

121-6157-622
JUN 18 1950

cc: Mr. Stanley
[Signature]

50 JUN 20 1950

TWO COPIES WFO

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

SI FILE NO. 121-719

REPORT MADE AT Springfield, Illinois	DATE WHEN MADE 5-10-50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5-8,9-50	REPORT MADE BY VINCENT T. HARTNETT
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka Bill Director of Export, Program Staff Office of International Trade Department of Commerce Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: WILLIAM CHESTEEN MARLOWE, Peoria, Illinois, stated unable to recall WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON.

- RUC -

REFERENCE: Bureau letter to Springfield dated 5-3-50.

3cc's to CSC
1-cc to LRB
1-cc to Dept.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>James B. Foster</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES		
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 7 - Bureau 1 - Springfield	121-6154-630	RECORDED	55
	JUL 18 1950		FILED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

BUREAU

BUREAU

FILE NO.

121-32

REPORT MADE AT RICHMOND	DATE WHEN MADE 5-4-50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5-1, 3-50	REPORT MADE BY DEAN W. GASTEIGER :NSH
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka Bill Director of Export, Program Staff Office of International Trade Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

WILLIAM THOMAS MARTIN, Vice-President, Sullins College, Bristol, Virginia, was employed by TVA at Knoxville, Tenn. from September, 1934 to December, 1937, when he went to Oregon for TVA and there employed until December, 1939. MARTIN was employed on legal staff and as a salesman for power to various cities in TVA area. He claimed he does not know REMINGTON or a WILLIAM MARTIN, who was employed by TVA in 1937. He denies being identical with this WILLIAM MARTIN. [REDACTED] of unknown reliability, a member of the Communist Party of Knoxville, Tenn. for a few months in 1939, advised that he has no recollection of REMINGTON as being active in Communist Party in Knoxville and unable to identify photograph of him.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Teletype from Knoxville to Director, Washington Field, and Richmond dated 4-28-50.
Teletype from Knoxville to Director and Richmond dated 4-30-50.
Teletype to Director, Boston and Knoxville from Richmond dated May 1, 1950.
Teletype from Richmond to Bureau dated 5-1-50.
Bureau letter to Richmond dated 5-2-50.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED

R. J. [Signature]

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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COPIES OF THIS REPORT

7 Bureau
1 Richmond

121-6159 - 637
RECEIVED
MAY 10 1950

RECORDED - 65
INDEXED - 65

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka Bill
Director of Export
Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Richmond, Virginia
May 4, 1950

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

[REDACTED] of unknown reliability, who is now a resident of Richmond, Virginia, was interviewed by Special Agents W. HERSHEL CAVER and RANDOLPH E. TROW on May 1, 1950, at which time he advised he had lived in Knoxville, Tennessee, prior to coming to Richmond in 1940, and had been a member of the Communist Party of Knoxville during 1939, for a few months. He said that during his membership in the party there, he had attended several party meetings consisting of social functions and group reading classes. He was unable to recall WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON as being one of those persons in attendance at Communist Party functions during the time he, the informant, attended such functions.

insert from p 2

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

When interviewed [redacted] advised that while he did not recall employee by name, he might possibly be able to recognize a photograph of him. Consequently a teletype was dispatched to the Bureau May 1, 1950 requesting that a photograph of employee be furnished Richmond for display to [redacted]. By letter dated May 2, 1950 the Bureau furnished Richmond with a group photograph appearing on page 114 of the "Aegis", Dartmouth annual for the year 1938, containing a photograph of employee.

On May 3, 1950 this photograph was displayed to [redacted] who advised that he did not recognize the photograph of employee as being one of the individuals he saw in attendance at Communist Party functions in Knoxville, Tennessee, during 1939 while he was affiliated with the Communist Party there.

It is to be noted, however, that this photograph is not a clear one. The photograph is being returned to the Bureau.

State

Mr. WILLIAM THOMAS MARTIN, Vice-President, Sullins College, Bristol, Virginia, ~~informed~~ he graduated from Harvard Law School in 1934 and in September of 1934 he secured a position with the TVA at Knoxville, Tennessee, on the legal staff, and as a salesman for power to various cities in TVA area. He remained in Knoxville with TVA until December, 1937, ~~being employed in the Sprinkle Building. He advised he was employed under [redacted] and who~~ and who presently has a law office in New York City. Mr. MARTIN claimed he was transferred from the TVA in Knoxville to Oregon where he was employed on a dam which had just been completed to arrange the sale of power in that area. Mr. MARTIN remained there until December, 1939. While working at Knoxville, Mr. MARTIN reported he dealt only with the legal staff, and that most of the men he worked with were very much older than himself. He advised he knew all of those people and the few clerks who worked in their office, and none that he can recall ever went by the name of REMINGTON. Mr. MARTIN informed he could recall no person that he knew by the name of REMINGTON or WILLIAM MARTIN. He felt that possibly these persons worked in the files or record department, with which he had no contact. According to Mr. MARTIN a good deal of this time was spent traveling as a salesman for power, and therefore was not working directly in the legal staff office all of the time. Mr. MARTIN stated that he had never heard of a HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN to the best of his knowledge, and he freely and voluntarily furnished a photograph of himself taken about 1938 in order that it could be exhibited to BRIDGMAN.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka Bill
Director of Export
Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

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Report of: SA DEAN W. GASTEIGER
Dated: May 4, 1950 at Richmond, Virginia



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Origin of Case: BUREAU

File No. 121-428

Report made at:

Date Made:

Period:

Report made by:

BOSTON, MASS.

5-15-50

4/25-5/15/50

FREDERICK M. CONNORS

Title:

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON aka Bill
 Director of Export, Program Staff
 Office of International Trade
 Department of Commerce
 Washington, D. C.

Character of Case:

LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN, Professor of Economics, Tufts College, Medford, Massachusetts, furnished on May 11, 1950 an additional prepared statement, after consultation with his attorney, reflecting REMINGTON's known Communist Party associates and names of individuals believed by BRIDGMAN to be members of the Communist Party at Knoxville in 1936-1937. In signed statement BRIDGMAN advises he will testify concerning foregoing individuals before a Loyalty Hearing Board. Included with certain Communist Party literature which BRIDGMAN turned over to the Boston Office was a carbon copy of a memorandum reflecting REMINGTON's address to be identical with PAT TODD at Knoxville. Copy of instant memorandum is Exhibit Q with this report. BRIDGMAN has no recollection of a Post Office Box 1692 at Knoxville, Tennessee. Photographs of former Communist Party associates identified by BRIDGMAN.

*This is revised page
 ACC. to Boston let 5-20-50*

-P-

C. G. Soucy pub.

[Handwritten initials]

Approved and Forwarded

SAC

121-6159-633

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- 1 New York (info) (encl)
- 1 Washington (info) (encl)
- 1 Knoxville (info) (encl)
- 2 Boston

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, also known as Bill
Director of Export, Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.

May 15, 1950
Boston, Massachusetts

III. RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN, Professor of Economics at Tufts College, Medford, Massachusetts, furnished the following prepared signed statement which is additional to a statement previously furnished by him under date of April 22, 1950.

"6 Lawler Road
Medford 55, Mass.
May 11, 1950.

"I, Howard Allen Bridgman, should like to make the following voluntary statement to Frederick M. Connors, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This will amplify my previous statement in respect to William Walter Remington, and is true to the best of my knowledge and belief:

1. While working at the Tennessee Valley Authority, Mr. Remington was associated with most of the following persons, who were known to me to be members of the Communist Party:

Merwin ("Pat") Todd, organizer of the Branch
Muriel Speare (now Muriel Speare Williams)
Christine Eversole Benson
Mable Abercrombie
Henry Hart
Betty Malcom (Elizabeth Winston Todd)
Horace Bryan

2. While working at the Tennessee Valley Authority, Mr. Remington was further associated with most of the following persons, who I believe to have been members of the Communist Party, although I have no specific recollection in respect to their membership:

Burton J. Zien
Francis Martin
David Stone Martin
Harry ("Chick") Alber

"Mr. Remington's association with these persons was due both to his own membership in the Communist Party, and to his participation in ~~their~~ activities in Knoxville. The period specifically under consideration is from December, 1936, when I joined the Communist Party, through the Spring of 1937.

"I am willing to testify to the above before a Loyalty Hearing Board.

/s/ Howard Allen Bridgman

Frederick M. Connors
Special Agent, FBI
Boston, Mass., 5/11/50."

On May 11, 1950 Professor BRIDGMAN also turned over to Special Agent CONNORS a carbon copy of a memorandum entitled "Minutes, Current Events Class, June 18, 1937. Topic - Spain." Professor Bridgman advised he had located instant memorandum among his personal effects. The memorandum is being made Exhibit Q to this report and reflects that BILL REMINGTON was residing at the Todd address.

This same memorandum reflects M. TODD, 1825 Highland Avenue, who, according to Professor BRIDGMAN, appears to be identical with MERWIN PAT TODD, who was the organizer of the TVA Communist Party Branch at Knoxville, Tennessee, as set forth in Professor BRIDGMAN's statement of May 11, 1950.

Professor BRIDGMAN advised that due to the passage of time he was unable to identify either the origin, aims or purpose of the Current Events class set forth above. He was unable to furnish information as to whether or not REMINGTON had been a member of this class. He had no recollection as to whether or not the Current Events class was identified with the Communist Party, a Communist front group or otherwise.

Instant memorandum is being made an exhibit to this report in that it reflects that an individual by the name of BILL REMINGTON, who may be identical with the employee, was residing at the same address as an individual by the name of TODD who has been identified as a Communist Party organizer at Knoxville, Tennessee, in 1936-1937.

Professor BRIDGMAN stated that he had no recollection of Post Office Box 1692, Knoxville, being used by the Communist Party branch in that city during 1936-1937. Professor BRIDGMAN stated that if such a post office box had been used he had no recollection of being in any way identified with it.

Under date of May 9, 1950 Professor BRIDGMAN identified the following

This is revised page acc. to Boston Act
5-10-50

Individuals from photographs which were made available to him at the Boston Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation:

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
HENRY C. HART
CHRISTINE EVERSOLE
MABEL C. ABERCROMBIE
MURIEL SPEARE

The foregoing individuals, it is noted, are identified by Professor BRIDGMAN in his signed statement as being members of the Communist Party at Knoxville in 1936-1937.

In addition, Professor BRIDGMAN also identified from photographs DAVID STONE MARTIN, BURTON J. ZIEN, and FRANCIS MARTIN. These latter individuals are identified in the signed statement of Professor BRIDGMAN in this report as being persons whom he believes to have been members of the Communist Party although he has no specific recollection in respect to their membership.

The winter, 1938, issue of "DART" self-described as the undergraduate magazine of writing in Dartmouth College, contained an article entitled "New Myths in the Southland" by William Remington. Exhibit R, attached, includes a photostatic copy of the cover and table of contents of this issue, and the entire article mentioned.

When furnishing the additional signed statement on May 11, 1950, reporting agent inquired of BRIDGMAN if it would be possible to see certain Communist Party literature which BRIDGMAN, on May 9, advised he had located at his home. On this occasion Professor BRIDGMAN turned over a bundle of literature. Included were two carbon copies of minutes concerning a volunteer committee report of a Current Events class on June 18 and June 25, 1937. A photostatic copy of the minutes of the June 18, 1937 class is being made Exhibit Q to instant report inasmuch as the same reflects that BILL REMINGTON's address was identical with PAT TODD's address at Knoxville. PAT TODD was identified by BRIDGMAN as being the organizer of the Communist Party branch.

The minutes of the June 25, 1937 Current Events class are being set out hereinafter as it reflects possible associates of REMINGTON at Knoxville, which individuals the Knoxville Office should consider interviewing in connection with instant case, as well as those individuals set out in Exhibit Q.

*This is revised page acc. to
Boston ltr. 5-20-50*

[REDACTED]

Professor BRIDGMAN was reinterviewed on May 19, 1950 by Special Agent JAMES RIKE and the reporting agent with reference to the Current Events class.

He advised that instant memorandum did not refresh his recollection concerning instant class and he had no knowledge of REMINGTON residing at the TODD address. This memorandum, however, is being retained as an exhibit with this report in view of the fact that TODD has been quoted by BRIDGMAN to have been the organizer of the Communist Party branch at Knoxville and the memorandum specifically indicates one BILL REMINGTON who may be identical with the employee, also resided at this same address.

*This is revised page acc. to
Boston let. 5-20-50*

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

CONFIDENTIAL

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, also known as Bill
Director of Export, Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Report of: Special Agent Frederick M. Connors
Dated: May 15, 1950
At Boston, Massachusetts

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art

WINTER 1948

DART

T Undergraduate Magazine of Writing in Dartmouth College

Volume Ten

Winter, 1938

Number One

Cover by John R. Scotford, Jr.

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DAVID B. FREEMAN, '38,	Managing Editor
WILLIAM A. MARTIN, '39,	Circulation
ARNOLD K. CHILDS, '39,	Advertising

Published twice yearly at Hanover, New Hampshire
Copyright January, 1938, by Sidney Cox

New Myths in the Southland

WILLIAM REMINGTON

The Tennessee River runs riot through a land of strife and poverty. Saturated with rich, red mud from the farm land of seven southern states, it runs through a land of political feuds, and race feuds;—through textile cities where vigilante mobs are hired to beat, bully and kill.

Near the headwaters of the Tennessee during the depression, railroad men dared not show themselves on freight trains winding through the mountain passes. Money was even scarcer in those days than now, and most of the mountaineers distilled their corn crop into "Mountain Dew." It was their only cash crop, and they drank it themselves, and fed it to the kids because it was cheaper than milk. Watching stills is plenty boring, so when railroad men walked the trains, one Wild Willie of the Mountains would say to another: "I lay you a gallon I plug that guy before you do." So the long rifles would blaze away, and mountaineers can shoot mighty well for a gallon of corn.

Poverty and strife are the warp and woof of the bitter legends of the Southland. The people of the South want to see prosperity come and put an end to their traditional backwardness. It will cost money to wipe out illiteracy and soothe the desperation of the poverty-stricken. And so the South dreams of prosperity for the starved agricultural regions, and for the sweated textile workers. The South doesn't have to have the lowest average income rate in the United States forever. The people are tired of living on hawbells and grits. They don't want caviar, or even broccoli, but they do like roast pork. Most of them think the

Tennessee Valley Authority gives them the green light to progress. But to others it is the red light to profits, and that's where the trouble starts.

In America today we have been led to believe that the T. V. A. is the big bad wolf of Public Power growling at the door of American industry. Our vision of the broader significances of the T. V. A. has been obscured by propaganda about what may be a relatively minor issue. Before 1934 the valley was overwhelmed by frequent floods, the farm land was running to the sea, wages were low and living costs rising higher. Land erosion was too extensive for individuals to combat, and agriculture was becoming unprofitable. High transportation costs, largely due to low volume of shipments, helped keep industry out and wages at rock bottom. Labor was partially illiterate and its earning power was low. Yet before illiteracy could be lowered the people had to secure the money for an adequate educational system. In this maze of compound dilemmas that were too big for individual men or individual states to handle, the Federal Government offered the Tennessee Valley Authority.

The Authority was created by Congress in 1933 "To provide for the Unified Development of the Tennessee River Valley." The act named several objectives: flood control; improvement of navigation; salvage of agricultural and land resources; soil erosion control; promotion of nitrate production for national defense; and stimulation of industrial development.

All of these provisions cut to the heart of the dilemmas of the South. The first five objectives can best be secured by dams for water control. But water running over dams generates power. The nation was building the dams to fill a deep-felt need; and the nation owns the water according to the Constitution. So Congress decided also that water resources belonging to the people shall not be wasted. "The Authority shall be empowered to sell such electric power

generated at the dams as is not required by the Government in nitrate production for munitions and fertilizer."

Wilkie, chairman of the largest utilities in the South, claims that the T. V. A. is the first step toward Communism because it will ruthlessly destroy private control of American industry. His lawyers are trying to kill the entire T. V. A. act. They are trying to kill this unified development of the entire valley in order to kill the proviso authorizing Government selling of power.

Probably Wilkie has stood on the deep gullied hillsides of Tennessee, watching the river run thick with rich mud. If he has, he must see that the T. V. A. can help utilities at the same time that it helps the people. Tennesseans will never have money to pay high electricity bills if the soil no longer bears crops. A very large proportion of Tennessee land—formerly as good as any in America—is worthless now. Much more is threatened. And the T. V. A. is leading the fight for conservation. Cheap electricity makes cheap fertilizer, and that helps make valuable land. And the farmers must learn how to protect their land with cover crops, terracing, and crop rotation, before erosion can be checked. But the T. V. A. educational campaign toward scientific agriculture reaches across county and state lines, and already there are signs of agricultural stabilization in the Valley area.

Heavy industry could buy a lot of Wilkie's electricity if it were more profitable to develop big industries in Tennessee. Freight rate differentials help make it costly for business to grow in the South now. Navigation might mean doubling trade through the valley over a decade or so, according to many transport experts. Wilkie has heard this, too.

Terrible floods have scoured the valley clean in the past. Over one and one-half million dollars' worth of damage in Chattanooga alone was prevented by T. V. A. dams in the spring floods of 1936 and 1937, that were so fateful to Southern industry and agriculture.

Wendell Wilkie, and the other leaders of Commonwealth and Southern utilities, probably know these things. They know that lowered electricity rates, forced on them by T. V. A. competition, have almost doubled sales of power and appliances, and increased net profits since 1934.* But still Wilkie fights the T. V. A. with all the recklessness and intelligence of a gallant Southern gentleman. Perhaps he is an idealist who refuses to compromise. He refuses to rejoice in the integrated development of the Tennessee Valley and increased profits for himself, because he feels that the means—public ownership—is dangerous. Even though private enterprise failed to deliver the goods in answer to the Southern dilemmas, the utility magnates still pin their hearts on her sleeve because private enterprise is their idea of the American religion.

Wendell Wilkie has stated his case and his religion bravely. But the people of the South look for results, not ideals. They welcome the means that is bringing them an answer to many of their deepest needs. If the T. V. A. really works they prefer it to the rugged idealism of Mr. Wilkie. If the Authority is practical, and can bring prosperity to ease the problems of the Valley region, they want it and will fight to keep it. And they feel that the T. V. A. is making headway. That the start is auspicious.

The people are hard-boiled, and awake to their best interest. But many observers claim that the people, the common people, are developing an idealism as intense as Mr. Wilkie's. Maybe self-interest dictates the psychology on both sides. However that may be, these observers claim that when the people make social welfare a public cause, it is nearer true democracy than Wilkie's rugged individualism that is determined to have its own way and knife the will of Congress.

* Note—According to testimony introduced in current T. V. A. trial before a Special Federal Court at Chattanooga, Tenn.

MINUTES

Current Events Class, June 18, 1937.

Topic: Spain.

Present: About a dozen persons attended this first meeting of the class. Discussion leader, Howard Bridgman.

Moved and passed that the class consider itself a separate and independent study group taking up current topics of social, economic and political interest and appointing its own discussion leaders from meeting to meeting; to meet bi-weekly as a rule or weekly when desired.

As discussion of the topic progressed, it was moved and passed that the class should not only study the issues of Spain but take the initiative in seeing that a town committee for the aid of Spanish democracy is established.

The following people volunteered to investigate the possibilities and report to the class:

Omae Reese, Holston Hills, 2-1205.
Jeanne Pinaire, 201 Pembroke, 3-4533.
Howard Bridgman, 1905 Prospect, 2-3646.
Francis Martin, 3003 Wimpole St., 3-8797.

Also, the following people signified willingness to assist in establishing the town committee and help with its work:

Burton Zien, 1905 Prospect, 2-3646.
M. Todd, 1825 Highland Ave., 3-8473.
Abel Leibstein, 1037 N. Broadway, 2-4478.
Bill Benington (Todd address).
Henry Hart (Zien address).
Robert M. Howes, Ext. 414.
John Borden, 3-9453. (Dr. C.C. Cloud's 5-6 p.m.)
~~XXXXXXXXXXXX~~
Bernice Morgan, 808 Temple Ave., 2-1205.
Harry T. Miller, Ext. 638.

After the class session, the volunteer committee of four met and took the following action. Wrote to North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, 381 Fourth Ave., New York City, asking literature list and information on affiliation. Miss Pinaire acted as Secretary. Decided that an effective town committee should be composed of leading individuals and organizations in the community. Decided to hold luncheon in immediate future to discuss this proposal with first contacts. It was understood that the existence of the present volunteer committee is entirely separate from that of the Current Events Class which however is to be kept thoroughly informed of developments and involved in the work of setting up the town committee for the aid of Spanish democracy.

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Bill Remington (Todd address).
Henry Hart (Zien address).
Robert M. Howes, Ext. 414.
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE

ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. **121-319 ELC**

REPORT MADE AT SAVANNAH	DATE WHEN MADE 5/19/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/19/50	REPORT MADE BY ROYCE B. THOMPSON
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON Director of Export Program Staff Office of International Trade Department of Commerce Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Mr. and Mrs. ~~JAMES D.~~ **HOPE**, Savannah, Ga., advised they resided at 1412 Forrest Ave., Knoxville, Tenn., from approximately June, 1937 to March, 1939. Both state they do not know WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON nor do they recall KENROY MALCOLM, KENROY MALCOMBRE or KENNETH McCONNELL.

- RUC -

REFERENCE:

Savannah letter to Bureau dated 5/17/50.

Bureau teletype to Savannah dated 5/19/50

3 cc's to CSC
1 cc to LRB
1 cc to Dept.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>E. S. Mason</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES 121-6159-1634	INDEXED 83
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SV. 1

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

According to [REDACTED], KENNETH MALCOLM is supposed to be identical with the KENNETH McCONNELL who is described in an article in the May 15, 1950 issue of News Week as a New York engineer who had been a member of the Communist Party cell with REMINGTON, which cell in 1936 and 1937 operated in Knoxville, Tennessee, and who had testified before the House Un-American Activities Committee against REMINGTON, together with HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGEMAN, who is presently a Tufts College professor. [REDACTED] stated that this man, who used the name MALCOLM while in Knoxville, had testified that REMINGTON had attended Communist Party meetings in his apartment at 1412 Forrest Avenue in Knoxville during December, 1936 and the spring of 1937, and that BELASKY wanted to find out from the HOPES when they had lived in the apartment building, whether they knew MALCOLM, and if so, when MALCOLM moved in and moved out of the building, and also obtain any further information the HOPES might have in connection with this matter.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

CONFIDENTIAL

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
Director of Export Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Report of Special Agent
Royce B. Thompson, dated
May 19, 1950, at Savannah,
Georgia.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO. 121-273

REPORT MADE AT Louisville, Kentucky	DATE WHEN MADE 5/22/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/13,16,18,19/50	REPORT MADE BY HUGH M. BYRD
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka, Bill, Director of Export, Program Staff, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: **WALTER ~~L~~ MCKEEHAN**, Corbin, Ky., advises he was associated with REMINGTON in 1937, at which time he and REMINGTON were employed by TVA, Knoxville, Tenn. MCKEEHAN states REMINGTON was a "left winger" and he "suspected he was a member of the Communist Party", though he does not recall REMINGTON ever making any statement that he was a member. MCKEEHAN advises he "can not feel REMINGTON is a vicious man", but he is an "extreme extremist".

-RUC-

REFERENCE: Teletype from the Bureau dated 5/15/50.

3-cc's to CSC
1-cc to LRB
1-cc to Dept.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>Fred Hallford</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES 121-6159-635 INDEXED - 8 RECORDED - 3 MAY 18 1950 14
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 7-Bureau (AMSD) 1-New York (inf) 1-Louisville	

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WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka, Bill
Director of Export, Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Louisville, Kentucky
May 22, 1950

III. RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

WALTER L. MCKEEHAN, Cresthill Store, Barbourville Pike, Corbin, Kentucky, stated he was acquainted with WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, having worked with him at Knoxville, Tennessee, where both were employed in the mailing room by the Tennessee Valley Authority. He further said he was associated with REMINGTON for about one year or longer, he, MCKEEHAN, having left TVA in about August, 1937.

MCKEEHAN stated that he himself was "on the outer edge" of the "left wingers" employed by TVA at that time, and he regarded REMINGTON as being a "left winger" who was willing to go "further than he". MCKEEHAN stated by "left winger" he meant REMINGTON was "pro-union, pro-labor, and pro-labor organizer". In the same connection, MCKEEHAN stated he "suspected REMINGTON of being a member of the Communist Party", however, he did not recall any statement made by REMINGTON to the effect he was a member of this organization. MCKEEHAN added Mr. REMINGTON was a "very, very intelligent person" and was an "extreme extremist". He said by "extreme extremist", he meant REMINGTON was the type of person who would probe into any matter and who reasoned matters out in a logical manner. He further said REMINGTON was a person who felt the government should take a more active part in developing projects similar to TVA, model housing programs, etc. He described REMINGTON as being a "utopian".

Mr. MCKEEHAN said he visited for a few hours with Mr. REMINGTON in Washington in 1942. At that time he, REMINGTON, "seemed to have toned down on his viewpoints." He further said he could "not feel REMINGTON is a vicious man" in regard to our government.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

WALTER L. MCKEEHAN stated the following men were connected with TVA at Knoxville, Tennessee, at the same time as REMINGTON. He said he had noted in the paper where perhaps one or two had appeared before some committee in Washington. He further said these men would perhaps be in better position to state as to the loyalty of REMINGTON:

~~HENRY HART~~, formerly a messenger with TVA, Knoxville,
~~HOWARD BRIDGMAN~~, last known to be employed by the War Production Board, Washington, D. C.
~~JEROME "JERRY" ALLEN~~, formerly in charge of mailing room of TVA, Knoxville,
~~ROBERT FAULKNER~~, employed in mail room of TVA,
~~BILL SHAEFER~~, employed in mailing room, TVA, Knoxville, home address near Falmouth, Ky.

A copy of this report is being designated for the New York Office for information purposes.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

CONFIDENTIAL

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka, Bill
Director of Export, Program Staff
Office of International Trade
Department of Commerce
Washington, D. C.
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Report of: Special Agent Hugh M. Byrd
Made at: Louisville, Kentucky May 22,
1950.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUN 1 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI CHARLOTTE

6-1-50

34
6- RW PM

NKH

DIRECTOR FBI AND SACS KNOXVILLE, NEW YORK, AND WFO

.....U R G E N T.....

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. REBUTELS MAY THIRTY AND THIRTYONE LAST. KENNETH MCCONNELL, WEAVERVILLE, N. C. FURNISHED FOLLOWING INFORMATION TODAY. MCCONNELL-S FORMER WIFE WHO IS NOW MRS. MERWIN TODD ACCOMPANIED MCCONNELL TO KNOXVILLE, TENN. EARLY PART JUNE THIRTYSEVEN. SHE LIVED WITH MCCONNELL AS HUSBAND AND WIFE AT APARTMENT ON SECOND FLOOR OF CONVERTED DWELLING APPROXIMATELY FIVE WEEKS. ADDRESS OF APARTMENT NOT RECALLED BUT MAY HAVE BEEN ON FOREST STREET. MCCONNELL WAS LOCATED KNOXVILLE FROM EARLY JUNE THIRTYSEVEN TO ABOUT MIDDLE JULY THIRTYSEVEN. FORMER WIFE ARRIVED KNOXVILLE SAME DATE AS MCCONNELL AND OBTAINED EMPLOYMENT TVA FEW DAYS AFTER ARRIVAL. MCCONNELL INTRODUCED TO REMINGTON SEVERAL DAYS AFTER ARRIVAL KNOXVILLE BY MERWIN TODD AND DEFINITELY RECALLED MRS. TODD MET REMINGTON WHILE SHE AND MCCONNELL LIVED TOGETHER IN KNOXVILLE. RECALLED DISCUSSION HE AND MRS. TODD HAD WITH REMINGTON IN KNOXVILLE IN WHICH BOTH ENCOURAGED REMINGTON TO RETURN TO SCHOOL. PLACE THIS CONVERSATION OCCURED NOT RECALLED. MCCONNELL STATED FOLLOWING PERSON BELIEVED ABLE TO VERIFY PRESENCE OF REMINGTON AND MRS. TODD IN KNOXVILLE SAME TIME. MERWIN TODD WHO IS FAMILIAR WITH ACTIVITIES OF BOTH.

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END P ONE

TWO COPIES WFO

P T
DAVID ~~MARTIN~~ AND FRANCES ~~MARTIN~~ WHO WERE ACTIVE WITH COMMUNISTS IN
KNOXVILLE IN THIRTYSEVEN AND BELIEVED BY MCCONNELL STILL IN KNOXVILLE.
ABE ~~LEIBSTEIN~~, KNOXVILLE TAILOR WHO WAS CP MEMBER AT KNOXVILLE,
THIRTYSEVEN AND MAY HAVE KNOWN REMINGTON AND MRS. TODD. HENRY ~~HART~~
WHO ASSOCIATED WITH COMMUNISTS IN KNOXVILLE IN THIRTYSEVEN WAS NOT
KNOWN TO MCCONNELL AS MEMBER CP. MCCONNELL OF OPINION HART EMPLOYED
BY GOVERNMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C. AND BELIEVES HART MIGHT MAKE GOOD
WITNESS. MCCONNELL NOT POSITIVE ANY OF ABOVE CAN VERIFY PRESENCE OF
REMINGTON AND MRS. TODD IN KNOXVILLE EXCEPT MERWIN TODD. MCCONNELL
STATED DOES NOT KNOW WHEATHER MRS. TODD WAS HEAD OF CP BRANCH IN
KNOXVILLE BUT KNOWS SHE WAS ONE OF LEADING MEMBERS OF ONE OF CP BRANCHES
IN KNOXVILLE JUNE AND JULY THIRTYSEVEN. ALSO DESCRIBED HER AS ONE OF
LEADERS IN CP QUOTE FRACTION UNQUOTE IN TVA LOCAL IN KNOXVILLE SAME
PERIOD. MCCONNELL STATED DOES NOT KNOW WHEATHER MRS. TODD HELD CP
MEETINGS IN HOME BUT PROBABLY DID SINCE CUSTOMARY TO HOLD MEETINGS IN
HOME OF CP LEADER. MCCONNELL UNABLE TO RECALL ANY ADDRESS OF MRS.
TODD IN KNOXVILLE. SHE REMAINED KNOXVILLE WHEN MCCONNELL LEFT IN
JULY THIRTYSEVEN. SHE REPORTEDLY BEGAN LIVING WITH MERWIN TODD AT
APARTMENT SHE PREVIOUSLY OCCUPIED WITH MCCONNELL. DURATION OF MRS.
TODD-S ~~STAY~~ IN KNOXVILLE AFTER JULY THIRTYSEVEN UNKNOWN TO MCCONNELL.

2

P THREE

MCCONNELL STATED INVESTIGATOR APPEL PHONETIC WITH HCUA HAS ADDRESS WHERE MCCONNELL AND FORMER WIFE LIVED IN KNOXVILLE AND HAS DATE OF HIS ARRIVAL KNOXVILLE. MCCONNELL RECALLED SOON AFTER ARRIVAL KNOXVILLE IN JUNE THIRTYSEVEN A CP MEETING WAS CALLED AT HIS INVESTIGATION. MEETING HELD AT NIGHT IN A KNOXVILLE PARK, NAME NOT RECALLED AND ATTENDED BY MCCONNELL, REMINGTON, MERWIN TODD AND ABOUT TWELVE OTHERS WHOSE IDENTIFY NOT RECALLED. NOT SURE MRS. TODD PRESENT. DEFINITELY RECALLS REMINGTON PRESENT SINCE REMINGTON MADE PROPOSAL CONCERNING REGULAR PUBLICATION OF PROPOSED LEAFLET. MCCONNELL ALSO RECALLED REMINGTON TOOK HIM ON BACK OF REMINGTON-S MOTORCYCLE TO WORKERS ALLIANCE MEETING AT MINE, NAME NOT RECALLED, SEVERAL MILES EAST OF KNOXVILLE, IN JUNE THIRTYSEVEN. MEETING HELD UPSTAIRS IN UNION HALL. MCCONNELL-S PURPOSE AT MEETING WAS TO APPRAISE THOSE ATTENDING AS POTENTIAL CP MEMBERS. ACCORDING TO MCCONNELL, REMINGTON KNEW PURPOSE OF MCCONNELL-S VISIT TO MEETING AND WAS IN COMPLETE ACCORD. MCCONNELL STATED NEVER HAD CONTACT WITH REMINGTON EXCEPT IN QUOTE ORBIT OF COMMUNIST PARTY UNQUOTE. MCCONNELL UNABLE TO FURNISH ADDITIONAL INFO RE IDENTIFY OF QUOTE KENNETH UNQUOTE OR RE SUITCASE MENTIONED MY PREVIOUS TELS. KNOXVILLE ASCERTAIN IF DAVID MARTIN, FRANCES MARTIN AND ABE LEIBSTEIN, PRESENTLY KNOXVILLE AND REQUEST BUREAU AUTHORITY TO INTERVIEW IF ADVISABLE. BUREAU ADVISE WHO IF HENRY HART SHOULD BE LOCATED AND INTERVIEWED. ALSO WHETHER INVESTIGATOR APPEL PHONETIC HCUA, SHOULD BE CONTACTED RE DATE AND ADDRESS MENTIONED ABOVE.

BROWN

END A K

WA CORR PLE P THREE FOURTH LINE FROM BOTTOM NEXT OT LAST WORD IS " WFO "

ACK WA 755PM OK FBI WASH DC JIM

NYC OK FBI NYC REOT

Mr. Stanley

SAC, Washington Field Office

June 13, 1950

Director, FBI

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
Commerce
LGE

Bert Kemmerer, 3215 Adams Mills Road, telephone CO-7410; office 930 F Street, telephone EX-2895, represents Cedar Rapids Gazette and other midwestern newspapers. Has advised that indictment of Remington brought to mind incident of about three years ago while he was residing at 1717 Riggs Place, premises owned by William H. Calfee. Stated that at that time the Communists were having a rally at Turners Arena and a parade had been planned. As a newspaper man he knew that this was the only group parading at that time. One evening when he returned to his home Calfee was talking to an individual whom he had never seen before. They passed greetings of the day and Calfee then introduced this individual to Kemmerer. The individual was William Remington. Calfee and Remington were having a rather tense discussion. After greeting Remington, Kemmerer went ahead and got his mail and proceeded to go to his room; however, he overheard portions of the conversation which was resumed and which had to do as to whether or not Remington would or should participate in the parade. This is all that Kemmerer heard or recalls. He since learned that Remington had lived at the Calfee residence prior to this time and subsequently returned to the Calfee residence. He described Calfee as an artist and one who is quite talented.

Note Remington formerly resided at Calfee residence and that interview with Mrs. Calfee reported on page 24 of WFO report by SA Corbett dated May 28, 1948. Note also that Calfee is subject of WFO file 100-4724. Interview Kemmerer and William H. Calfee in effort to develop fully all information their conversation.
cc - New York

JDP:mbf

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FBI
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE



- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Nichols _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Harbo _____
- Mohr _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Nease _____
- Gandy _____

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Page 25

mail 3

JUN 13 1950

JCOMM - FBI

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

B I

5 21 AM '50

READING ROOM

Handwritten signatures and initials: "AUB", "H", "C.H.S.", "J.P.", "R.P."

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. H. BELMONT

FROM : C. H. STANLEY

SUBJECT : WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

DATE: June 14, 1950

Tolson _____
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Nichols _____
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Gandy _____

PURPOSE: To recommend interview with Bernice Morgan Pasche whose husband, Victor Adrien Pasche, has been known to the Bureau as a CP member for years. Bernice Morgan Pasche has also been reported as a CP member.

BACKGROUND: Howard A. Bridgman has identified Remington as a member of the Communist Party in Knoxville, Tennessee, during 1936-1937 at the time Bridgman himself was a member. Bridgman has advised that he recruited Bernice Morgan into the CP in Tennessee during 1937. In order that consideration might be given to interviewing Bernice Morgan concerning Remington's alleged CP membership, Bridgman was asked whether Remington and Morgan were acquainted. Bridgman stated it was his recollection that Remington and Morgan were not associated with each other in Tennessee. In view of this information, no interview with Bernice Morgan has been requested.

Recently, however, Bridgman made available the minutes of a Spanish Aid meeting held in Knoxville on June 18, 1937. These minutes showed that both Remington and Bernice Morgan were in attendance. Thus it would appear that Morgan and Remington are acquainted with each other.

Bureau files indicate that Bernice Morgan is now Bernice Morgan Pasche, wife of Victor Adrien Pasche who resides in the Albany territory and has been known to the Bureau for years as a CP member. A brief summary of Pasche's activities prepared on January 17, 1950, is attached for consideration as a part of this memorandum. 155-225123-327

RECOMMENDATION: Clearance through Internal Security Section and approval of attached teletype instructing Albany to interview Bernice Morgan Pasche.

Attachment
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121-6159

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121-6159-611

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8

53 JUL 24 1950

Wm. W. Remington

121-6159-(661-740)

Sect. II

(33 pgs.)

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT *ABg*

DATE: June 13, 1950

FROM : MR. L. L. LAUGHLIN *L*

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
PERJURY

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Nichols _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Harbo _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Nease _____
- Gandy _____

ASAC Whelan of New York called at 10:50 A.M. and advised that Remington was arraigned this morning before Judge Clancy in the SDNY. Remington, through his attorney, a Mr. Webster, pleaded not guilty. His bond was set at \$5000 at the Government's request.

Remington's attorney announced to the Court that bonding companies in the New York area adopt a policy of not bonding people arrested on subversive charges. In view of this the Court gave Remington two days in the custody of his attorney to raise the \$5000 bail. The Court also gave Remington's attorney until July 5 to file motions. On that date Judge Clancy said he will hear the motions and set the trial date.

Mr. Whelan stated that at the present time Remington is being fingerprinted and photographed by the New York Office.

LLL:mer

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121-6159-6666

JUN 13 1950

ABg

162



NEW YORK

June 2, 1950

KNOXVILLE

AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON

REGISTERED MAIL

CONFIDENTIAL - LGE

For the immediate assistance of SAAG THOMAS DONEGAN in his interrogation of BURTON J. ZIEN before the Federal Grand Jury in New York on June 4, next, there is enclosed herewith to New York a copy of Mr. ZIEN's statement concerning REMINGTON, dated June 2, 1950.

This statement will be incorporated into a LGE report by the Knoxville Office under above caption in the immediate future. New York is being furnished a copy at this time, however, for the sake of expediency and it should be made available, without delay, to Mr. DONEGAN.

Copies of this statement are also being enclosed to the Bureau, Philadelphia, and Boston Offices, for possible assistance in their investigation.

JAP:mg

121-63

Enclosure (1- Reg. Mail)

cc: Bureau (1 Encl. Reg. Mail)

Philadelphia (1 Encl. Reg. Mail)

Boston (1 Encl. Reg. Mail)

121-63

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NOT RECORDED
JUN 16 1950

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

JUN 2 4 08 PM '50

INVESTIGATIVE SECTION
RECEIVED

JUN 14 1950

JUN 14 1950

Knoxville, Tennessee
June 2, 1950

I, **WILSON JACK ELEN**, make the following free and voluntary statement to **CHARLTON C. McSWAIN** and **JOHN A. PARKER**, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice. I have been advised that I do not have to make this statement and I have the right to consult an attorney prior to furnishing this statement, and that any admissions against my interests made by me herein can be used against me in a Court of Law or other legal proceeding, notwithstanding, I have voluntarily appeared and freely furnished this statement. No threats, force, duress, promises, or inducements have been made to me to persuade me to give the following statement and I understand that this statement is being given in connection with a matter which is the subject of an official investigation by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

I am thirty-seven years of age, having been born November 2, 1912, at Milwaukee, Wisconsin. I am a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, am married and presently reside 2011 Price Avenue, Knoxville, Tennessee. Prior to May 20, 1950, when I submitted my resignation, which is now pending, I was employed as a Field Examiner by the National Labor Relations Board with offices at 201 Cherokee Building, Knoxville, Tennessee, and was in charge of that office.

I formerly was employed by the TVA at Knoxville, Tennessee, in the TVA Legal Division as a Messenger and Clerk from approximately November 1, 1935 until March 12, 1937, when I resigned. I was unemployed for four or five months subsequent to about March 12, 1937 and during this time I made a trip to Washington, D. C., in an effort to secure a job, and I also visited the home of my parents in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, thereafter returning to Knoxville, Tennessee. During August, 1937, I obtained employment as an organizer for the United Federal Workers of America, CIO, and engaged in organizational work for this union in the TVA area among TVA employees, only until sometime in the spring or summer of 1938, when I took a job in the field of "Workers Education".

During the latter part of 1936 and the early part of 1937, I was sharing a room with **MERWIN TODD**, also known as **PAT TODD**, in the basement apartment of Mr. and Mrs. **EARL E. NASON** in the building at the corner of Church Avenue and Henley Street in Knoxville, Tennessee, which building now houses the Arthur Murray Dance Studios. At the time **TODD** and I resided at this address the street number was 618 Henley Street. Henley Street was formerly known as Broadway. The main entrance of this building is numbered 625 West Church Avenue.

121-4159-472

TODD was also a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, although I had not known him there. At the time of our living together, he was also employed in the Coordination Division at the TVA.

During the month of February, 1937, I volunteered to go to Memphis with other TVA employees as a member of a flood relief crew and assisted the Red Cross in the Memphis flood disaster. Upon returning to Knoxville, on or about March 1, 1937, I found that TODD had moved out of the room in MASON's apartment without any advance notice to me.

Thereafter, I occupied a room on a temporary basis with HOWARD T. FRAZIER in the home of FRAZIER's aunt, Mrs. FRANCES WEBSTER, 1825 Highland Avenue, Knoxville, Tennessee, and later shared a room for a few weeks with HENRY G. HART at a large colonial type house located on Oak Avenue in Knoxville, Tennessee, the number of which I believe to be 1013 Oak Avenue.

During the summer of 1937, from approximately June through August, I lived in a house owned by Professor HENRY JENNISON, 1905 Prospect Place, Knoxville, Tennessee, which was sub-let for the summer by HOWARD T. FRAZIER, HENRY G. HART, HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN, HOWARD M. CLAZEK, and myself.

Sometime during the latter part of July or first part of August, 1937, at the JENNISON house, MERWIN TODD came to see me. He was accompanied by BERNARD "BUCK" BORAH. They asked me to step into the backyard and at that time TODD asked me to join the Communist Party and, after some discussion with him and with BORAH in which they pointed out possible advantages of membership to me, I agreed to join the Communist Party. I filled out the necessary membership form at that time and gave it to TODD. As I recall, I used the name "JACK HURT" in joining the Communist Party.

I do not recall when it first became known to me that MERWIN TODD was a member of the Communist Party but it was sometime subsequent to the dissolution of our relationship as roommates and was probably in about June of 1937. I do recall that I had been aware of TODD's position as an organizer for the Communist Party for several weeks prior to the time I actually joined the Party. I was told by TODD that he had become a Communist Party organizer and had endeavored to recruit me into the Communist Party on two or three occasions before I finally agreed to join as aforesaid.

I was aware that TODD's predecessor as Communist Party organizer in the Knoxville area was a man known to me as KENNETH MALCOLM. I have since been told that this individual's correct name is KENNETH MCCONNELL. When I first knew him he was married to ELIZABETH E. WINSTON, a stenographer employed by the TVA. They were subsequently divorced and she married MERWIN TODD. I know that ELIZABETH WINSTON MALCOLM TODD was also a member of the Communist Party.

to WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, I believe that I first met him in the capacity as a messenger employed by the TVA at Knoxville, or as a member of TVA Lodge #136, American Federation of Government Employees, which he were both members, sometime during the autumn of 1936. I remember him as a tall boy, about nineteen years of age with rather straight, stiff hair, having an auburn cast to it, clear cut facial features, a fast talker, and a person who walked at a rapid pace. I also remember that REMINGTON rode a motorcycle, although I do not know the make of this motorcycle. During the time that I shared a room with MERVIN TODD at 618 Henley Street, TODD also owned a motorcycle. Frequently during that period TODD and REMINGTON were seen by me in each other's company riding their motorcycles together. I cannot recall ever having accompanied them when they were together on their motorcycles, nor can I precisely remember that REMINGTON ever came into our room on Henley Street for a visit, but I can recall REMINGTON stopping by the house for TODD while on his motorcycle.

Sometime in the spring or summer of 1937, I acquired information, in a manner in which I do not now recall, to the effect that MERVIN TODD and BILL REMINGTON were sharing a room together in Knoxville. I do not remember ever having visited with TODD or REMINGTON at this room, nor did I know the location of the house where they were living. It is my impression, however, that this house was located somewhere in the vicinity of the Appalachian Textile Mill in the western section of the city of Knoxville.

I know of my own knowledge that both REMINGTON and TODD were interested in and active in behalf of CIO organizational campaigns among the employees of the Brookside Mill, textile manufacturing plant, at Knoxville, Tennessee in 1937. I recall specifically that TODD and REMINGTON helped organize the workers of this mill and that BERNARD BORAH spearheaded this organizational campaign. Both REMINGTON and TODD were also members of the AFGE and I saw them frequently in each other's company.

Although I am vague as to specific dates and happenings, due to the length of time which has elapsed since 1937, I have a strong general recollection that REMINGTON was closely associated with and moved in the same circle as HENRY C. HART, MURIEL SPENGLER, MABEL ABENEGONIE, HOWARD BRIDGMAN, and BERNARD BORAH. All of these individuals were known to me as members of the Communist Party at Knoxville as of late 1937, and all were employees or ex-employees of the TVA at that time. All were also members of the TVA Union of White Collar Workers, either the AFGE or the UFWA which succeeded it after August 4, 1937, at Knoxville in the 1936-1937 era.

It is also my vague recollection that REMINGTON was known to and associated with ELIZABETH WINSTON MALCOLM TODD and probably her first husband, KENNETH MALCOLM (or McCONNELL), but I cannot now recall specific

incidents of such association and acquaintanceship. After TODD left Knoxville, the Knox County Communist Party organizer who succeeded him was FRANCIS JAMES MARTIN who formerly had been employed by the City Health Department at Knoxville, under WPA, and who, in the latter part of 1938, was active in the Workers Alliance. I further recall that REMINGTON was known to and associated to some extent with DAVID STONE MARTIN, the brother of FRANCIS. DAVID was an artist employed by the TVA whom I knew to be a member of the Communist Party.

FRANCIS and DAVID MARTIN occupied the same house on Wimpole Street in the Park City Section of Knoxville, and I have attended meetings of the Communist Party presided over by FRANCIS at their home. As previously stated, my recollection that REMINGTON moved in the same circle, as to social life and extra-curricular activities, as did the aforementioned individuals, is strong and clear, albeit, the passage of time prevents me from recalling specific facts and happenings to substantiate my general recollection.

After I joined the Communist Party I don't believe I attended any Communist Party meetings for several months, due to the fact that I obtained a position as organizer for the WPA at or about the same time I joined the Communist Party and, therefore, felt it would be unwise for me to openly identify myself with the Communist Party at that time, and also because TODD and BORAH suggested that I not disclose my membership. I, therefore, do not recall seeing REMINGTON at any Communist Party meetings at Knoxville and have no firsthand knowledge that he was a member of the Communist Party.

On one occasion, in the latter part of 1936 or early 1937, I encountered BILL REMINGTON on the street in Knoxville and in the course of conversation the name of Miss KATHERINE BUCKLES was mentioned by REMINGTON. She was known to me as an employee of the TVA in 1936 and her nickname was "Kit". In referring to Miss BUCKLES, REMINGTON made a remark about her which I specifically remember. He said she was "a very continent woman". I was not sure as to his meaning and for that reason the remark made a lasting impression on me. I have a present clear knowledge that KATHERINE BUCKLES was a member of the Communist Party while employed by the TVA at Knoxville in about 1936, but I do not believe that I learned of her Communist Party membership until sometime after she left Knoxville. I cannot now recall when or how I learned that she was a Communist Party member.

On another occasion, which was sometime shortly after I resigned from the TVA, which was about March 12, 1937, I ran into WILLIAM REMINGTON on the street near the Union Bus Terminal in Knoxville. In conversation I told him that I was then unemployed and he asked me to enlist in the Abraham Lincoln Brigade and go to Spain to fight on the side of the Loyalists in the Spanish Civil War which was then in progress. I rejected REMINGTON's request but his statement made a deep impression on me and somewhat surprised me at the time.

I have been shown a photostat of a document entitled, "Minutes Current Events Class, June 18, 1937, Topic, Spain", which reflects that about a dozen persons attended a meeting of a current events class, at which time the discussion leader was HOWARD BRIDGMAN, and at which the subject of organizing a town committee for the Aid of Spanish Democracy was discussed. I note from above minutes that the following people are listed in these minutes as having volunteered to investigate the possibility of establishing such a committee and report to the class:

ONEA REFCE
JEANNE PINAIRE
HOWARD BRIDGMAN
FRANCIS MARTIN

I further note that the following people are listed in these minutes as having signified their willingness to assist in establishing the town committee and help with its work:

MURKIN BLEN
M. TODD
ANNE WEINSTEIN
BILL REMINGTON
HENRY HART
ROBERT M. HOWES
JOHN BORDEN
BERNICE MORGAN
HARRY T. MILLER

As to this meeting on June 18, 1937, it is my recollection that on or about that date a discussion group did meet at the JENNISON house, 1905 Prospect Place in Knoxville, where I was then residing with HOWARD BRIDGMAN, HENRY HART, HOWARD FRAZIER, and ED GLAZEK. I further recall that this discussion group was led by BRIDGMAN and that ED GLAZEK, who was present, engaged in an argument with BRIDGMAN over some phase of the discussion which may have been on this question. I am fairly sure that HENRY HART and JEANNE PINAIRE were also present. I have no definite recollection of BILL REMINGTON, MERWIN TODD, or the others named in the minutes being present on that occasion. I know that I took no part in the organization of this committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, although JEANNE PINAIRE, whom I later married but from whom I have since been divorced, did interest herself in the Spanish Aid Movement.

Of the persons named in the minutes of the June 18th meeting, above, JEANNE PINAIRE, HOWARD BRIDGMAN, FRANCIS MARTIN, MERWIN TODD, ANNE WEINSTEIN, HENRY HART, ~~HOWARD FRAZIER~~ were later known to me as members of the Communist Party.

I have also been shown a photostatic copy of a document entitled, "Minutes: Volunteer Committee to Report to Current Events Class, June 25, 1937", which reflects that certain individuals were designated to contact various persons and organizations that might be interested in Aiding Spanish Democracy and which contains my name as "B. ZIEN", followed by a list of individuals and organizations whom I supposedly was assigned to contact. I wish to state that I did not contact any of the persons or individuals set forth following my name in this document for the purpose of interesting them or enlisting their cooperation or assistance in the cause of Aiding the Spanish Democrats, nor did I take any active part, so far as I can recall, in the organization or management of this committee to Aid Spanish Democracy. The only incident which I can remember involving the Spanish Cause in which I participated was my attendance, (with my wife, JEANNE), at a lecture at the Farragut Hotel in Knoxville presented by ROBERT RIVIN, a blinded veteran of the Spanish Civil War. This lecture occurred, to the best of my recollection, in the latter part of 1938 or the early part of 1939. I have no present clear recollection of REMINGTON having participated in affairs of the so-called "Spanish Front" at Knoxville, notwithstanding the appearance of his name in the minutes of the meeting of June 18, 1937, referred to above.

I have also been shown a photostat of the minutes of AFGE Lodge #136, Knoxville, composed of TVA White Collar employees, for a meeting held on February 17, 1937, in which it is stated that HOWARD BRIDGMAN, CHARLES GLASS, BARRY CASPER, BURTON ZIEN, BILL REMINGTON, and MURIEL SPEARE were appointed to the Knoxville Education Committee of the AFGE. With respect to my alleged membership on that committee, I wish to state that I was in Memphis with the Flood Relief Crew during most of the month of February, 1937, and that I resigned from the TVA on March 15, 1937, which was approximately two weeks after my return to Knoxville from Memphis. For that reason, I never functioned officially as a member of the above "Knoxville" Education Committee of the AFGE and have no recollection independent of the above minutes to substantiate my reported membership on the committee. I, therefore, am unable to comment concerning the activities of REMINGTON as a member of such a committee. I have not seen WILLIAM REMINGTON since he left Knoxville sometime in the summer of 1937. I personally withdrew from the Communist Party by submitting my resignation to HENRY C. HART in approximately March, 1939, and have had no contact whatsoever with Communist groups or individuals since that date.

I have read the above statement consisting of this and five other typed pages, have initialled each page and each correction and have affixed my signature below.

Witnessed:

40

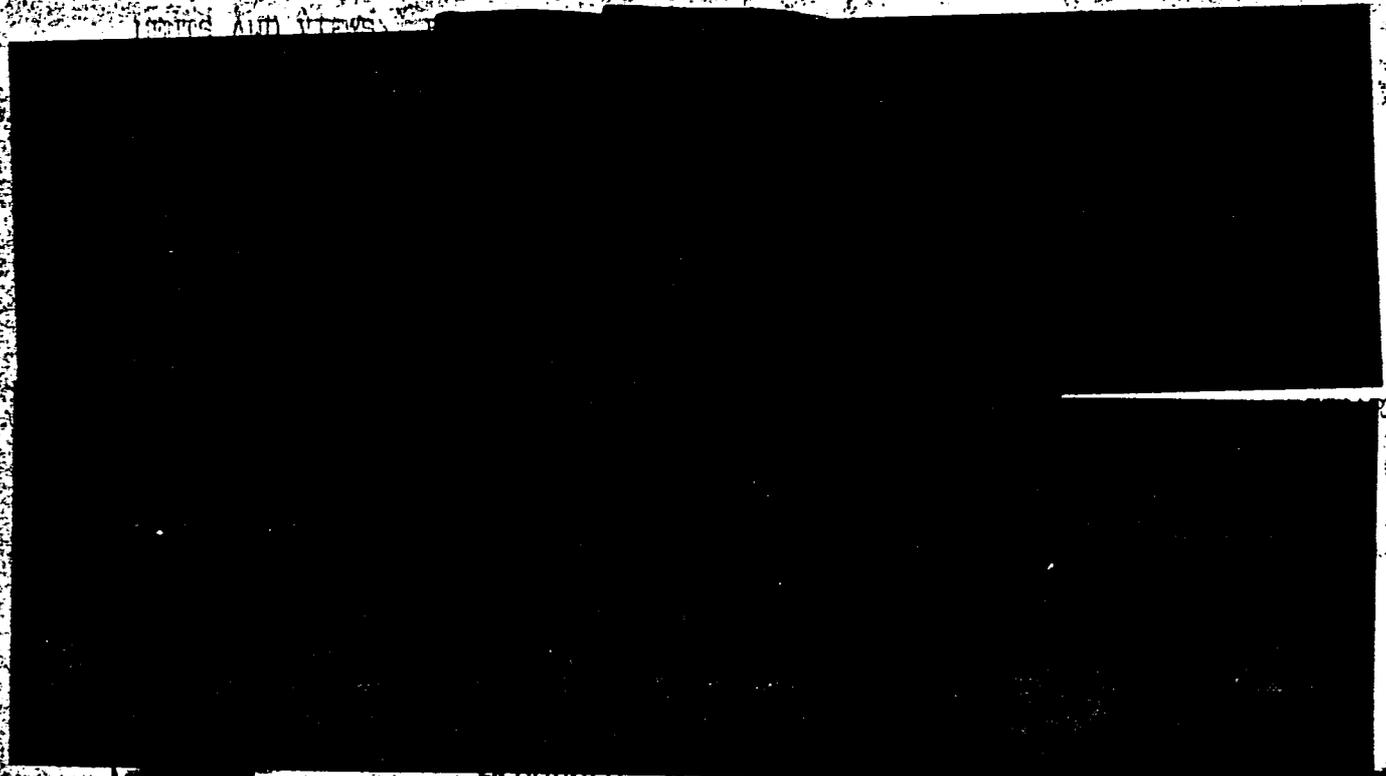
Handwritten notes and scribbles at top right.

Mr. Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Ladd	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Nichols	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Tracy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Harbo	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Winterrowd	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Holloman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

WASH, AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD 5-19-50

DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. MRS. ANN REMINGTON AGA INTERVIEWED TODAY. ADVISED SHE WAS NEVER INTERVIEWED BY ANYONE PRIOR TO DAY BEFORE YESTERDAY, AND HAD NO ADVANCE INFORMATION CONCERNING GRAND JURY SUBPOENA SERVED BY U. S. MARSHAL LAST MONDAY, MAY FIFTEEN. MRS. REMINGTON ADVISED THAT HER FIRST ATTORNEY PROCURED TO REPRESENT HER IN DIVORCE ACTION WAS CARL BERUETTY, FORMER OPA ATTORNEY, AND VERY LEFTIST IN SENTI-



DRT: JLM: dm
101-2372

RECORDED - 76

INDEXED - 76

101-6159-682

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

FBI RECEIVED

MAY 20 11 00 AM '50

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PAGE TWO

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] MRS. REMINGTON CONTINUED THAT
REMINGTON HAD WORKED IN ENGLAND DURING FALL FORTY FIVE UNDER THOMAS
BLAISDELL. UPON REMINGTON'S RETURN FROM ENGLAND, HE HAD SEVERAL CONFERENCES
WITH DR. NOBLE, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SHE STATED DR. NOBLE SUGGESTED THAT REMINGTON
NEEDED TREATMENT AND THAT HE SUGGESTED TO REMINGTON THAT HE OBTAIN ANOTHER
DOCTOR. AT HER INSISTENCE, HE LOCATED A DR. WEININGER. PARENTHESIS PHONETIC
PARENTHESIS, BELIEVED BENJAMIN I. WEININGER, ONE THREE FOUR SIX CONNECTICUT
AVENUE, AND HAD SEVERAL CONFERENCES WITH DR. WEININGER, WHOM HE DID NOT
LIKE. WEININGER EXPRESSED THE OPINION REMINGTON NOT SINCERE AND DID NOT
DESIRE HIM AS PATIENT. MRS. REMINGTON INSISTED THAT HE AGAIN SEE
PSYCHIATRIST AND AFTER SEVERAL MONTHS, HE DID MAKE APPOINTMENT WITH DR.
ZIGMUND LEBENSOHN, WHOM HE SAW SEVERAL TIMES. SUBSEQUENTLY REMINGTON
TOLD MRS. REMINGTON THAT DR. LEBENSOHN DID NOT FEEL HE NEEDED TREATMENT.
HOWEVER, MRS. REMINGTON RECALLS THAT HE SUBSEQUENTLY CONSULTED LEBENSOHN
FOR ADVICE [REDACTED] MRS. REMINGTON RECALLED

THAT DR. NOBLE AND WEININGER HAD CONFERRED WITH EACH OTHER CONCERNING
REMINGTONS. MRS. REMINGTON ADVISED SHE WAS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH BERNARD
AND REDMONT, AND KNEW BOTH TO BE COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS. SHE FIRST
MET BERNARD REDMONT THIRTY EIGHT OR THIRTY NINE AT HOME OF FRIEND, CAROLA
ZIGROSSER, NICKNAMED DUX ZIGROSSER, WHO WAS NOT A COMMUNIST. SHORTLY

PAGE THREE

REDMONT MARRIED JOAN ROTHENBERG AND THEY WENT TO MEXICO WHERE
REDMONT WAS STUDYING UNDER GUGGENHEIN FELLOWSHIP. SHORTLY AFTER REMINGTONS
CAME TO WASHINGTON REDMONT ALSO MOVED TO WASHINGTON WHERE REDMONT WAS
EMPLOYED CIA AND LATER BY COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM. SHE STATED
REDMONT DESIRED TO MAKE CONTACT WITH LOCAL PARTY BUT RESULT NOT SATIS-
FACTORY AND THE REMINGTONS SUGGESTED THEY MIGHT DESIRE TO BE INCLUDED
IN THEIR ARRANGEMENT WITH HELEN. SHE THINKS SHE MAY HAVE MADE THIS
SUGGESTION TO THE REDMONTS WHO DECIDED TO ACCEPT THIS ARRANGEMENT. THERE-
AFTER ARRANGEMENTS WERE MADE THROUGH REMINGTON AND REDMONT DID MEET HELEN
IN NEW YORK. MRS. REMINGTON OF COURSE WAS NOT PRESENT. SHE STATED SHE
UNDERSTOOD REDMONT DID NOT MEET GOLOS, ALIAS JOHN, AND IT WAS HER RECOLLECTION
THAT THE MATERIAL AVAILABLE TO REDMONT WAS OF LITTLE VALUE. MRS. REMINGTON
ADVISED THAT REDMONT WENT TO SOUTH AMERICA FORTY SEVEN AS CORRESPONDENT
AND THAT THEY RECEIVED CARD FROM HIM STATING HE WOULD RETURN IN JUNE
FORTY SEVEN. SHE ADVISED THAT AFTER BENTLEY CASE BROKE AND REMINGTON
WAS QUESTIONED, HE TYPED LETTER ADDRESSED TO REDMONT IN SOUTH AMERICA,
WORDING IT VERY CAREFULLY FOR PURPOSE OF INFORMING REDMONT ABOUT HIS STORY
THAT HELEN WAS PM REPORTER AND HOW HE MET HER AND FURNISHED HER INFORMATION.
MRS. REMINGTON THINKS HE ALSO WENT TO NEW YORK TO SEE REDMONT LATER WHEN
HE RETURNED. MRS. REMINGTON WAS QUESTIONED FOR NAMES OF INDIVIDUALS
CAPABLE OF INFORMING CONCERNING YCL OR PARTY AFFILIATION. SHE MENTIONED

*Indicates Remington
by Columbia Broadcasting*

PAGE FIVE

AND WROTE ABOUT THAT COUNTRY. SHE THOUGHT HE MIGHT BE IDENTICAL WITH WALTER BERNSTEIN. MRS. REMINGTON ALSO MENTIONED MAYNARD GERTLER AS COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBER AND STATED SHE AND REMINGTON ATTENDED ONE CLASS ON INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION WITH HIM AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY UNDER PROFESSOR BOB BRADY. IN FORTY DASH FORTYONE SHE STATED SHE KNEW GERTLER WAS COMMUNIST AS HE HAD SO INFORMED HER AND PRESUMABLY REMINGTON KNEW IT. MRS. REMINGTON ADVISED THAT LAST FRIDAY AND SATURDAY REMINGTON HAD VISITED HER HOME TO SEE CHILDREN, DISCUSSED RECENT HCUA HEARING AND INDICATED IT WOULD BE NO TROUBLE TO REFUTE BRIDGMAN'S TESTIMONY. HE APPEARED VERY CONFIDENT AND SCOFFED AT HEARING. TODAY REMINGTON CAME BY TO TAKE CHILDREN TO CIRCUS. HE INQUIRED AS TO WHAT OCCURRED IN NY AT THE GRAND JURY. MRS. REMINGTON INFORMED HIM THAT SHE HAD TRIED TO SUPPORT REMINGTON BUT FOUND IT TOO DIFFICULT TO RECONCILE STORY AND TOLD GRAND JURY TRUTH AS SHE SAW IT. REMINGTON SUGGESTED THIS WOULD RUIN HIM AND ALSO STRESSED FACT THAT IT WOULD ADVERSELY EFFECT PERSONS WHO HAD GIVEN HIS NAME AS REFERENCE FOR GOVERNMENT POSITIONS. HE MENTIONED IT WOULD ALSO AFFECT THOMAS BLAISDELL UNFAVORABLY. MRS. REMINGTON ADVISED THAT REMINGTON SUGGESTED THAT SHE GET HER DOCTOR TO FURNISH AN AFFIDAVIT TO THE EFFECT THAT SHE IS NOT A COMPETENT WITNESS. MRS. REMINGTON IS AWARE OF THE IMPLICATIONS OF SUCH SUGGESTION AND HOW IT WOULD AFFECT HER ADVERSELY THE REST OF HER LIFE AND HAS NO INTENTION OF COMPLYING WITH REMINGTON'S REQUEST.

PAGE SIX

IN FACT IT MAKES HER LESS FAVORABLY DISPOSED TOWARD HIM THAN BEFORE.

HOTTEL

DRT:JLM/dm

101-2372

cc: 100-17493

*c.c. Mr. Belmont
Mr. Stanley*

Keep after all angles

H

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Egan _____
 Mr. Gurnea _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Pennington _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

5-19-50

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

19

DIRECTOR AND SAC

URGENT

ATTENTION SAAG DONEGAN. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. REBULET MAY SEVENTEEN NINETEEN FIFTY. MRS. WILLIAM W. HINCKLEY INTERVIEWED THIS DATE SIMULTANEOUSLY AND SEPARATELY FROM HUSBAND. DENIED KNOWING EITHER WILLIAM OR ANN REMINGTON TO BE MEMBERS OF THE CP. STATES CANNOT RECALL EXACT TIME FIRST MET REMINGTONS BUT STATES WAS IN WASH., D. C. ABOUT NINETEEN FORTY SHORTLY AFTER HINCKLEYS CAME TO WASH. FROM NY. CANNOT RECALL MANNER OF MEETING REMINGTONS BUT BELIEVES IT IS POSSIBLE THAT HER HUSBAND MAY HAVE MET BILL REMINGTON FIRST AND THEY BECAME ACQUAINTED IN THAT WAY. MRS. HINCKLEY STATES REMINGTONS WERE SOCIAL ACQUAINTANCES ONLY. WHILE IN NY, MRS. HINCKLEY STATES, SHE ATTENDED TEACHERS COLLEGE AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY NINETEEN THIRTYFIVE DASH THIRTY SIX WHERE SHE KNEW ELIZABETH BENTLEY, ALSO KNEW GIL GREEN WHO WAS ACTIVE IN NATIONAL YOUTH CONGRESS AND ADMITTED KNOWING GREEN WAS MEMBER OF CP. DENIES SHE OR HUSBAND WERE MEMBERS OF HARLEM UNIT OF CP AS ALLEGED BY BENTLEY. DENIES REMINGTONS EVER GAVE ANY INDICATION THAT THEY WERE CP MEMBERS AND STATES THAT SHE DOES NOT KNOW TODAY THAT THEY WERE. RECALLS THAT WHEN THEY FIRST BECAME ACQUAINTED WITH THE REMINGTONS, ANN REMINGTON'S MOTHER WAS SUPPOSED TO BE A QUOTE RADICAL UNQUOTE BECAUSE THE REMINGTONS BOTH TALKED ABOUT IT. STATES HAS SEEN ANN REMINGTON SINCE REMINGTONS SEPARATED. STATES HAS NOT SEEN BILL REMINGTON SINCE SHORTLY AFTER THE REMINGTONS MOVED TO THEIR HOME AT TAUXEMONT IN NINETEEN FORTYTWO.

RECORDED - 104
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 101-272
 101-6157-693

HOTTEL JUL 18 1950

Mr. Belmont
 Mr. Tolson
 RECEIVED - TOLSON

Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Mohr _____

5-19-50

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

DIRECT AND SAC

URGENT

ATTENTION SAAG DONEGAN. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. RESULT IN 1950
 NINETEEN FIFTY. WILLIAM WILLARD HINCKLEY INTERVIEWED THIS DATE DENIED KNOWING EITHER
 WILLIAM OR ANN REMINGTON TO BE MEMBERS OF CP. HINCKLEY STATED THAT HE FIRST KNEW
 REMINGTONS ABOUT NINETEEN FORTYTWO IN WASH. COULD NOT RECALL WHO INTRODUCED THEM TO
 HIM BUT THOUGHT IT COULD HAVE BEEN JOE CODDEN. FURTHER ADVISED RELATIONSHIP CASUAL
 AND SOCIAL WITH INFREQUENT CONTACTS. RECALLS VISITING REMINGTONS ON ONE OCCASION FOR
 WEINER ROAST BUT COULD NOT REMEMBER OTHER INDIVIDUALS PRESENT. HE FURTHER ADVISED
 HE HAS NOT SEEN REMINGTONS FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS WITH EXCEPTION OF VISIT MADE BY ANN
 REMINGTON TO HIS FARM IN GERMANTOWN, MD. ABOUT EIGHT MONTHS AGO AT WHICH TIME HE LEARNED
 REMINGTONS HAD SEPARATED AND WERE CONTEMPLATING DIVORCE. HINCKLEY COULD NOT RECALL ANN
 REMINGTON WORKING FOR HIM IN NINETEEN THIRTYEIGHT WHEN HE WAS EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF
 AMERICAN YOUTH CONGRESS. HINCKLEY FURTHER STATED THAT IN HIS OPINION BILL REMINGTON
 A MUCH MALIGNED PLEASANT YOUNG MAN WHO HAD NEVER INDICATED IN ANY WAY THAT HE WAS A
 MEMBER OF CP. HINCKLEY FURTHER EMPHATICALLY DENIED HIS MEMBERSHIP IN YCL AND UNIT
 ONE HARLEM SECTION CP AS ALLEGED BY BENTLEY.

INDEXED 101
 HOTEL

RECORDED 101
 171-657-694
 JUN 18 1950

L.R.K.:MFM

101-2372

cc. Mr. Belmont
 Mr. S. C. ...

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
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RECEIVED
 JUN 20 1950

RECEIVED
 JUN 20 1950

JUL 20 1950

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 21 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

AB
3

Stanley

FBI ST. LOUIS 4- LTXX 4-15 0X PM 5-21-50

BURLAU AND SAC NEW YORK.....URGENT.....

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. REBUTEL MAY TWENTY INSTANT.

SHRYVER INTERVIEWED AT HOME, ONE TWO FOUR SIX, AMHERST PLACE,
 ST. LOUIS, TODAY. TED EGRI, FIANCE, PRESENT AT HER REQUEST. SHE GAVE
 COMPLETE NAME AS ANNA KATHERINE DUCKLES SCHRYVER BUT NOW SPELLS
 NAME SHRYVER. REFUSED TO ANSWER ANY QUESTIONS RE TVA AND
 REMINGTON OTHER THAN TO STATE EMPLOYMENT RECORD AT TVA PUBLIC AND SHE
 HAD HEARD NAME REMINGTON THROUGH QUOTE PUBLICITY UNQUOTE AND
 NINETEEN THIRY-SIX WAS QUOTE A LONG TIME AGO UNQUOTE TO REMEMBER.
 SHRYVER PLEASANT BUT UNCOOPERATIVE. REFUSED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION
 OTHER THAN ABOVE. WILL BE IN ST. LOUIS FOR ABOUT TEN DAYS BUT DOES
 NOT KNOW WHEREABOUTS THEREAFTER BUT CAN BE REACHED THROUGH ST. LOUIS
 ADDRESS. GAVE NO INDICATION SHE HAD RECEIVED SUBPOENA AND FGJ
 HEARING NOT MENTION ED TO HER..

ENR IN ORD PL

5-18 PM OK FBI WA NRJ

KNY

OF FBI NYC2 (WB)

RECORDED - 29
INDEXED - 29
MORRIS

1121-6159-702
JUN 18 1950

Stanley
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

cc Mr. Stanley

Stanley

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 5-22-50

FROM : SAC, BOSTON

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COLLUSION
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

GORDON GLIDDON, Business Office, Baker Memorial Library, Dartmouth College, furnished information to the effect that ALVIN STOKES, a member of the House Un-American Activities Committee, had taken, on interlibrary loan, the 1939 copy of "The Aegis," Dartmouth College yearbook, plus bound volumes of the "Dart." He also took numerous copies of the "Dartmouth Daily," specific copies unknown.

All of the above but the "Dart" have been reviewed and reported on.

The "Dart" is a literary magazine published twice yearly at the college. The "Dart" for the years of REMINGTON's attendance reveal no ads or reference to "The New Russian Group." Only one article appeared by REMINGTON, that being in the winter of 1938 edition and dealing with TVA.

Photostatic copies of "The Dart" have been made at the Boston Office and there is being forwarded to the Bureau, New York and Knoxville Offices one copy of this article by REMINGTON for the completion of their files on REMINGTON.

FMC:md
121-428
1 cc Knoxville (encl)
1 cc New York (encl)
Encl.

*Original made
at ex libris
Boston
5-25-50*

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

RECORDED - 12

INDEXED - 17

121-6159-107
JUL 21 1950

REC'D
RECEIVED

51 JUL 21 1950

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE REPORT

BUREAU

FILE NO. 121-63

REPORT MADE AT KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE	DATE WHEN MADE 5-12-50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5-4,9,10/50	REPORT MADE BY JOHN A. PARKER bk
TITLE WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, Aka "Bill" Director of Export, Program Staff, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

ADMINISTRATIVE

Subject unknown to JESS W. REEVE or JAMES W. PERSON, both Knoxville. Summary of information concerning J. S. REMINE, Aka Seph Remine, who testified before Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy in 1947 that REMINGTON was a Communist, set forth.

- R U C -

REFERENCE:

Report of Special Agent JOHN A. PARKER dated May 3, 1950, at Knoxville, Tennessee;
Telephone call from Inspector L. L. LAUGHLIN, of Bureau, on May 9, 1950;
Knoxville teletype to the Director dated May 10, 1950

*Del to Knoxville
5-15-50 JAP - m.B.F.*

*See remine
Knoxville report
5-22-50*

*6 copies destroyed
5-26-50
Knoxville letter
5-22-50 JAP*

[Handwritten initials]

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT - Bureau (AMSD) - Knoxville		RECEIVED MAY 18 1950	RECORDED INDEXED - 17
		112-159-708	

PROPERTY OF FBI—THIS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE OF AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

The following article concerning REMINE appeared in the Knoxville Journal on May 5, 1950, at the time considerable newspaper publicity was being given to the REMINGTON hearing:

"J. S. REMINE WAS FIRST TO ACCUSE REMINGTON

"The first person to point an accusing finger at William Remington as a Communist was J. S. Remine of 520 Maynard Avenue.

"Remine told the Joint Atomic Energy Committee when David E. Lilienthal was up for confirmation as chairman of the AEC in 1947 that Remington was a Red.

"The Commerce Department employe, now under fire the second time as a Communist, was one of the members of a Red cell in the TVA. Remine told the committee. The Knoxvilleian said he learned this when he was a deputy sheriff and was investigating a fight between pickets and workers at Brookside Mills.

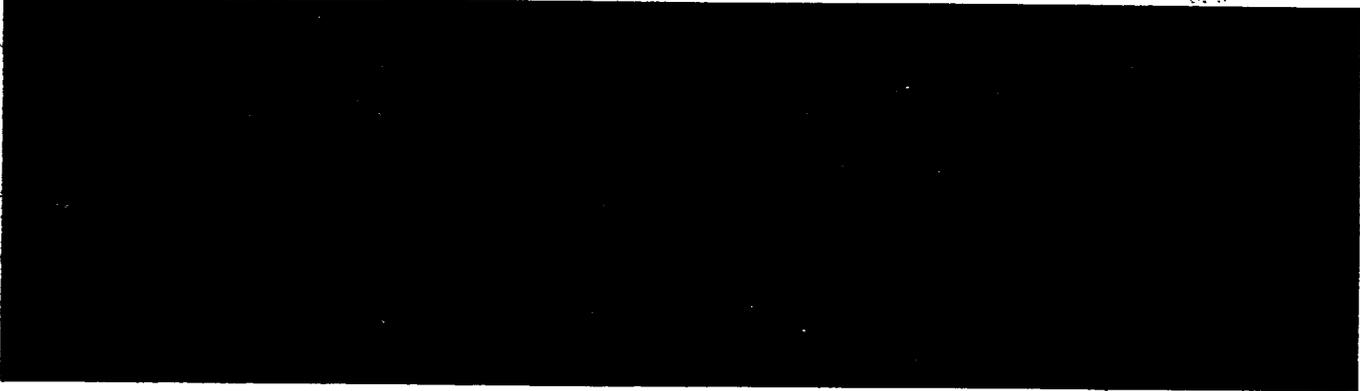
"While Remington's stay here was brief--he was employed as a messenger by TVA--he appeared to have gravitated into the Communist clique in the TVA which the House Committee on Un-American Activities uncovered in secret hearings early in 1940. An account of the testimony revealing these activities was first published in this area by The Knoxville Journal.

"Howard Bridgman, one of the two who yesterday in Washington accused Remington of having belonged to the Communist Party while in Knoxville, worked with Remington in the Central files. Remington lived on Temple Avenue.

"Bridgman's name did not appear in the early investigation of Reds in the TVA but that of Kenneth Malcom, apparently the same persons as the Kennethy McConnell mentioned in yesterday's dispatches, did. Malcom was not a TVA employe but moved in the same circles as the TVA Reds.

"Bridgman was associated with the CIO group in TVA and included among his friends such left-wingers and pinks as John Frantz, Henry Hart, the admitted Communist, Muriel Spears Borah Williams, a Communist, and Harry F. (Chick) Alber, who was recalled as an economist with the Far Eastern Command more than a year ago. The outcome of the charges against Alber has remained vague.

"When Hart testified before the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy in 1947, he said he held a Communist card signed by Kenneth Malcolm, a state official of the party."



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: May 23, 1950

FROM : SAC, Knoxville

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, aka
Department of Commerce
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Re Knoxville tel to Director and SACS Louisville and Washington Office dated 5-12-50, as follows:

Minutes AFGE Lodge #136, TVA, Knoxville, reflect REMINGTON appointed to Education Committee of Union, February 17, 1937. Other members of committee were HOWARD BRIDGMAN, CHARLES GLASS, BARRY CASPER, WALTER L. McKEEHAN and J. P. CHANDLER. CASPER last known employed as Personnel Officer, AEC, Washington. WFO see your AEAA file re Casper and interview him re REMINGTON. McKEEHAN left TVA giving permanent address care Mrs. W. B. McKEEHAN, Corbin, Ky. IS ascertain McKEEHAN's present whereabouts and sutel Bureau. Kx will interview GLASS and CHANDLER, care TVA, Knoxville and Chattanooga, respectively.

The above information was inaccurately set forth in the sense that the members of two separate committees, of which REMINGTON had been a member while employed by TVA, were inadvertently commingled.

The minutes of AFGE Lodge 136 as of February 17, 1937, reflected the following individuals were named to the "workers education committee" of the union:

HOWARD BRIDGMAN, CHARLES GLASS, BARRY CASPER, BURTON ZION, BILL REMINGTON and MURIEL SPEARE.

On the other hand, the following five other messengers employed by TVA constituted a committee signing a report dated January 1, 1937, captioned, "A Report to the Committee on the Authority's Program, January, 1937":

HARRY T. MILLER, WALTER L. McKEEHAN, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, J. P. CHANDLER and HENRY C. HART.

This report explained the objectives of the Messenger Unit of TVA as a training ground for and a reservoir of young men preparing for advancement within the Authority and proceeded to criticize the inadequacy of the unit's functions and the inequalities of the promotion system allegedly used by the Authority.

JAP:AW
121-3

CC: Louisville

Washington Field

INDEXED - 104
RECORDED - 104

121-6159-722
JUL 18 1950

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

CC-150

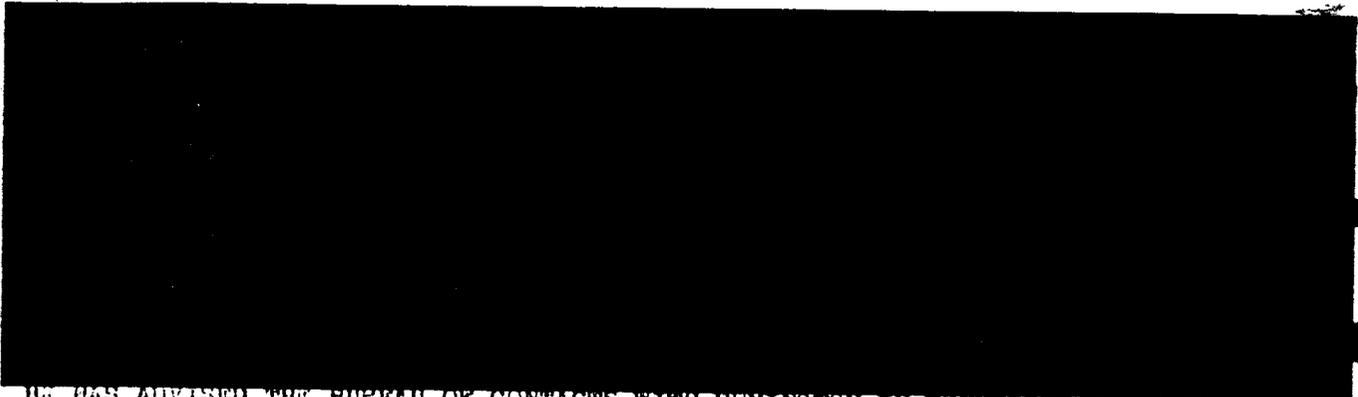
To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

MAY 25, 1950

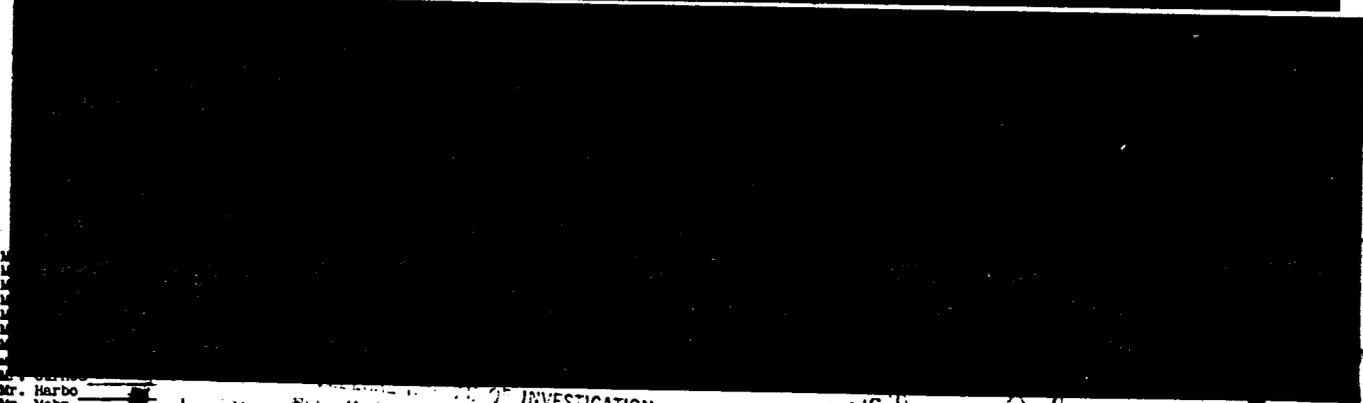
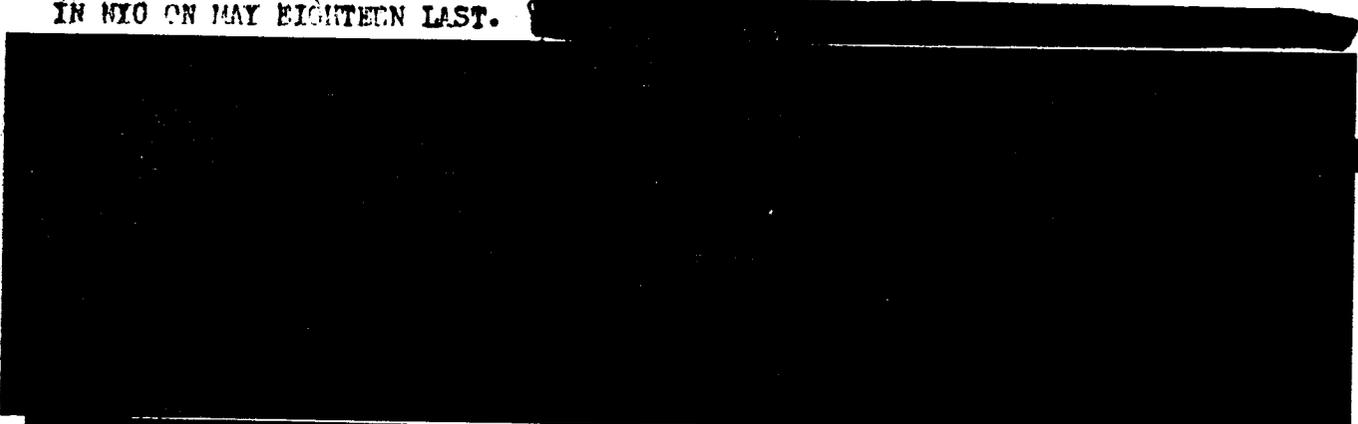
URGENT

Transmit the following message to:

SAC, CHARLOTTE



HE WAS ADVISED THE BUREAU OF CONTACTS WITH REMINGTON IN TENNESSEE DURING NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATING REMINGTON WAS CP MEMBER. MC CONNELL AT THAT TIME WAS TENNESSEE CP ORGANIZER. MC CONNELL TESTIFIED BEFORE HCUA APRIL TWENTY LAST HE KNEW REMINGTON AS CP MEMBER. MC CONNELL HAS TESTIFIED BEFORE FGJ IN NYO ON MAY EIGHTEEN LAST.



- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
FBI
RECEIVED READING ROOM

New York (AMSD)
Washington Field (Special Messenger)
Atlanta (Information) 4 AMSD

MAY 25 5 09 PM '50
MAY 25 11 38 AM

Per [Signature]

JDP:je
SENT VIA

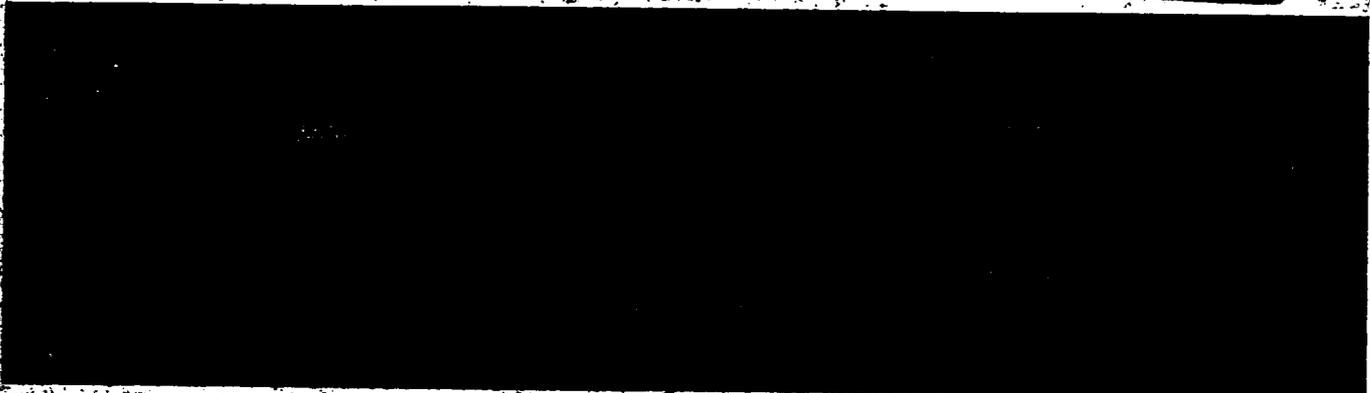
Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Mr. Harbo _____
 Mr. Belmont _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Mr. Nease _____
 Miss Gandy _____

5-19-50

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD 19

DIRECTOR AND SAC DEFERRED

WILLIAM W. REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. RAYMOND A. BAUER, RUSSIAN
 RESEARCH CENTER, HARVARD UNIV. WAS INTERVIEWED ON MAY NINETEEN
 AT THE RALEIGH HOTEL, WASH., D.C.



WITH EMPLOYEE WHILE IN THE NAVY. BAUER ADVISED THAT HE HAD FIRST MET
 WILLIAM REMINGTON ON APRIL THREE, FORTY FOUR WHEN BOTH WERE ASSIGNED
 TO A NAVAL LANGUAGE SCHOOL AT THE HENRY HUDSON HOTEL IN N.Y. BAUER
 STATED THAT HE HAD COME TO KNOW REMINGTON QUITE WELL FROM THAT TIME.
 BAUER STATED HE HAD LAST SEEN REMINGTON ABOUT A YEAR AGO IN WASHINGTON
 AND THAT REMINGTON WAS BUSY WITH ONE DWIGHT CHAPMAN. BAUER
 STATED THAT DURING HIS ACQUAINTANCE WITH REMINGTON THAT HE COULD RECALL
 NOTHING WHICH WOULD CAUSE HIM TO DOUBT THE LOYALTY OF REMINGTON AND TO THE
 CONTRARY HE HAD THE IMPRESSION THAT REMINGTON WAS ANTI-DASH SOVIET AND

101-2372

[Handwritten signature]

RECORDED 109

INDEXED 109

101-6759-72
 JUL 18 1950

[Handwritten initials]

PAGE TWO

PRO-DASH COMMUNIST. BAUER WAS QUESTIONED CONCERNING ANY KNOWLEDGE HE MIGHT HAVE OF ANN REMINGTON. BAUER STATED THAT HE HAD MET HER SOCIALLY ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS. BAUER EXPLAINED THAT HE IS A PSYCHIATRIST AND THAT IN HIS CONTACTS WITH ANN REMINGTON HE HAD OBSERVED HER TO BE A QUOTE DEVIATING TYPE END QUOTE. BAUER RECALLED THAT ANN REMINGTON WORE CASUAL ATTIRE TO THE POINT OF BEING UNCONVENTIONAL AT TIMES. BAUER STATED THAT HE HAD ALWAYS CONSIDERED THE REMINGTONS TO BE HAPPILY MARRIED AND WAS SURPRISED AT THE TIME TO LEARN OF THEIR DIVORCE. WITH REGARDS TO HIMSELF BAUER STATED THAT HE WAS NOT NOW AND NEVER WAS A MEMBER OF THE CP. HE STATED THAT THE ONLY ORGANIZATION TO WHICH HE BELONGED OF NOW QUESTIONABLE DESIGN WAS THE AMERICAN STUDENT UNION OF WHICH HE WAS A MEMBER AT NORTHWESTERN UNIV. BAUER EXPLAINED THAT THIS CHAPTER OF THE ASU HAD BEEN OPPOSED TO THE POLICIES OF THE NATIONAL ASU AND HAD ENDEAVORED TO ALTER THE NATIONAL POLICIES. BAUER DENIED HE HAD EVER MADE PRO DASH SOVIET STATEMENTS. BAUER WAS DEPARTING FROM WASHINGTON ON MAY NINETEEN, FIFTY TO RETURN TO HIS HOME AT ONE ONE TWO LEXINGTON AVE., CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

HOTTEL

RIN:bk
101-2372

CC: Mr. Stanley

MAY 20 1950

RECEIVED



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

ON REPLY REFER TO

Received from ONI through Liaison Channels

Date 5/19/50 *CSO*

Op 321E/ 8
Ser 08731-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Stanley
Belmont

MEMORANDUM for Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section.

Subj: William REMINGTON.

Encl: (1) Copy of Op-322-FLC Confidential Memorandum, dated 11 May 1950,
Subj: Report of Telephone Conversation Between Mr. William
REMNINGTON and Mr. [REDACTED] **b7c**

1. Enclosure (1) is forwarded for information.

S. W. DuBois
S. W. DUBOIS
Captain, USN

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Attn: Liaison Section
Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

RECORDED - 85

121-6159-729

10 7/8
25-50
103-8

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[Handwritten scribble]



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

IN REPLY REFER TO
Op-322-EXC

11 May 1950

MEMORANDUM

Subject: Report of Telephone Conversation Between Mr. William Remington
and Mr. [REDACTED]

b7C

1. As background, let me state that William Remington and I were classmates at the Navy Language School, Boulder, Colorado, being members of the first Russian language class there in the course beginning April, 1944. We were subsequently students at the Advanced Naval Intelligence School and were later assigned to the Navy Translating Section in Washington, D. C. Our association was not close.

2. When Mr. Remington's case was first examined publicly last year, he attempted to secure statements vouching for his good character from me and from Mr. [REDACTED] also a Boulder classmate and now employed by ONI. We refused to supply the desired statements on grounds that we did not possess information relevant to the issue. In an interview published later in the New Yorker, Remington intimated that our refusal was the result of pressure from our superiors. This was definitely not the case.

b7C
RAY
A. BOVE

3. On the evening of 10 May 1950, I received a telephone call from Mr. Remington. He opened with a request that the subject of the call be considered confidential but said that I might discuss it confidentially with Mr. [REDACTED] who would be interested. He stated that he had reason to believe that a member of our Boulder group was about to be summoned to Washington to testify before a Congressional committee. This person, he said, was suspected of having a leftist background. He said that he did not know whether the investigation of the individual had any connection with his case or not, but that it might. He indicated that he had a pretty good idea of the person's identity but would prefer not to mention his name inasmuch as the name might not reach the press, and if not, it would be better left unsaid. He then came to the point of his call to me, which was to get my assistance in recalling the names of all the former Naval Agents in our class at Boulder and also the names of members of the class which followed ours. I gave him a few names and discovered that his recollection was far more complete than my own.

b7C

4. In the course of the conversation, Remington stated that the investigation of the unnamed person might be used to blacken the reputation of the Navy. This obviously was to give me motivation for helping him to recall names. He also indicated that the person he suspected was employed by an institution. He stated that he had recently seen something written by this person, and that it was violently anti-Russian. Therefore, he said, if this meant anything, this individual should come through the investigation unscathed. I

121-6157-729

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

reminded that it did not necessarily mean anything, and he said, no, they
did not find that at the age of 11 he had snipped off a girl's curls or done
anything equally reprehensible.

It was apparent to me that Remington did not disclose the real object
of his call. If he knew the name of the person he suspected to be involved,
there would be no point in trying to recall the rest. He seemed to be
trying to account for every one of our group of Naval Agents. Possibly he
was trying to prepare himself for any testimony which any one of them might
make against him. Possibly he was attempting to determine whether I might
be the one. Possibly he was getting together a list of people who might
be summoned to court in the event that his case reaches court.

[REDACTED] b7C

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

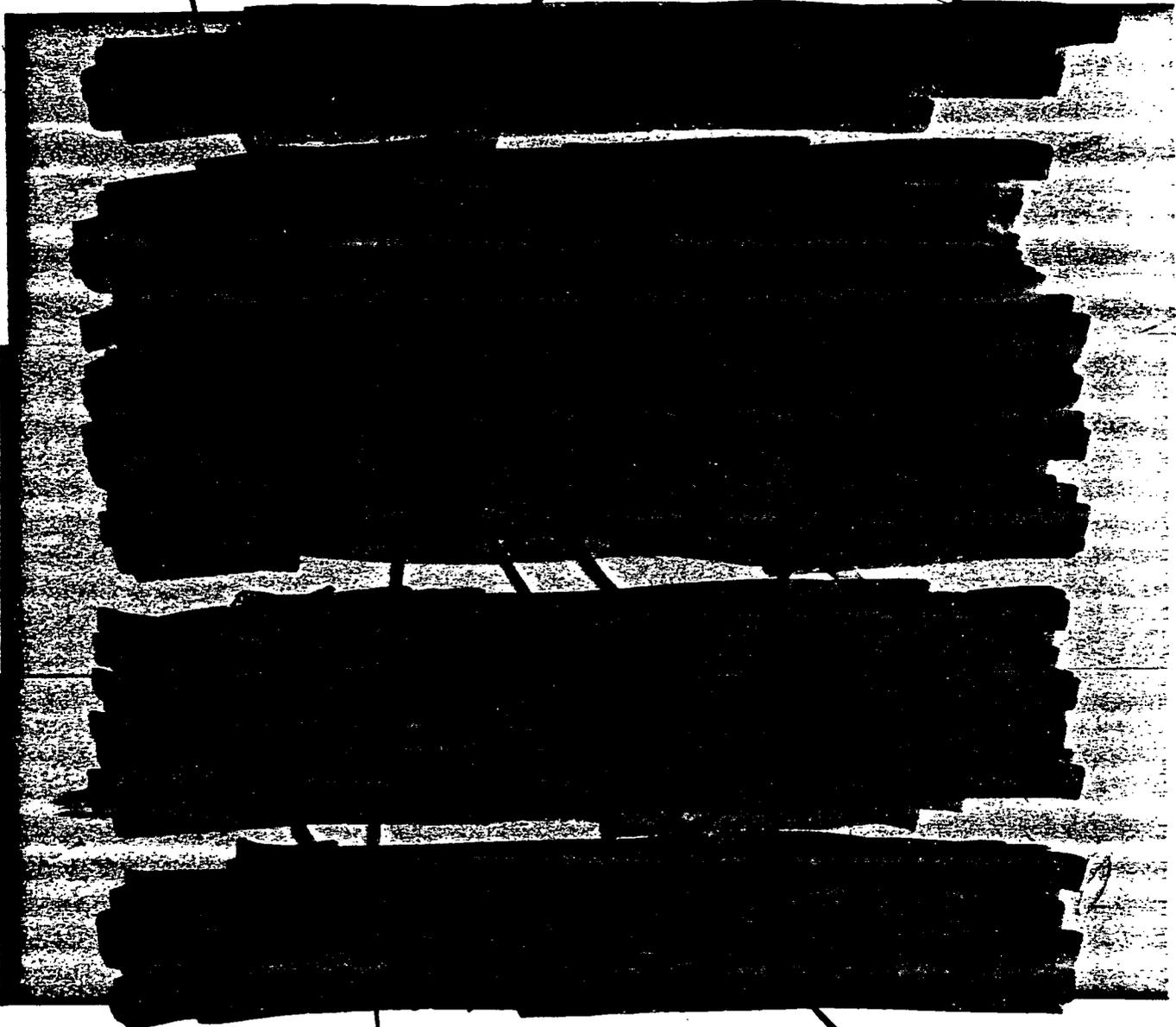
TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: May 22, 1950

FROM : SAC GUY HOTTEL, WASHINGTON FIELD

Handwritten notes:
W. Walter Remington
Commerce
Loyalty of Government Employees
B. A. S. B.

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES



JIM:
MAT:dm
101-2372
cc: New York /

RECORDED - 85
INDEXED - 85

131-611-75
Handwritten initials/signature

167

MEMO TO DIRECTOR
RE: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON

May 22, 1950

A short time later, REMINGTON did locate a doctor whom he said was very good, by the name WEININGER (ph), who is believed identical with Dr. BENJAMIN I. WEININGER, 1346 Connecticut Avenue. Mrs. REMINGTON advised that REMINGTON had several conferences with Dr. WEININGER, whom he did not like. WEININGER expressed the opinion that REMINGTON was not sincere in his desire for treatment and assistance, and he did not wish to have him as a patient, although it was felt by Dr. WEININGER that REMINGTON really needed treatment. In this connection Mrs. REMINGTON advised that she knew Dr. NOBLE and Dr. WEININGER had conferred with reference to the REMINGTONS.

MEMO TO DIRECTOR
RE: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON

May 22, 1950

Mrs. REMINGTON continued that thereafter she continued to insist that REMINGTON consult a psychiatrist, and after a couple of months, REMINGTON did obtain a physician, one Dr. ZIGMOND M. LEBENSOHN, 1712 Rhode Island Avenue, N.W., whom he visited a number of times, possibly as many as ten or fifteen occasions. Mrs. REMINGTON advised that subsequently REMINGTON informed her that Dr. LEBENSOHN did not feel that he needed treatment, and he had ceased to visit the Doctor as a patient. She recalled however, that at a subsequent time [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] he had again consulted Dr. LEBENSOHN for advice.

Bearing on the subject of mental condition, Mrs. REMINGTON related a little incident which had occurred with the date of the interview, May 19. She stated that REMINGTON had come by the house at noon to take the children to the Ringling Brothers Circus. He inquired of her as to her testimony before the Grand Jury in New York City, earlier in the week. Mrs. REMINGTON informed REMINGTON that she had tried to support him in her testimony but found it to be too difficult to reconcile the conflicting story in detail, and she had told the Grand Jury the truth as she saw it. She mentioned that she is not a good liar and stated she would testify truthfully if she has to do so.

Mrs. REMINGTON stated that REMINGTON told her that such testimony would ruin him, and would also adversely affect many innocent people, including those who had given his name as references in securing government employment. He mentioned THOMAS BLAISDELL in particular as one who would be affected unfavorably by her statements.

Mrs. REMINGTON suggested to REMINGTON at that time that it would be a good idea for him at long last to tell the truth himself. REMINGTON stated to her that for the above reason, namely that friends and people who relied on him would be affected, he could not do so, however, at the same time he stated that he had been telling the truth at all times in previous testimony by him, making particular reference to his testimony before the House Committee on Un-American Activities of recent date.

REMINGTON suggested to Mrs. REMINGTON that she procure from her physician an affidavit to the effect that she is not a competent witness, intimating that by such procedure she could [REDACTED]

MEMO TO DIRECTOR

May 22, 1950

RE: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON

gracefully eliminate herself from any future testimony. Mrs. REMINGTON advised Agents that she was aware of the implications of such a suggestion and knew it would be a recommendation which would affect her adversely for the rest of her life. She stated that she had no intention of complying with this request of REMINGTON. In fact, this request has made her less favorably disposed toward REMINGTON than before and more inclined to testify and tell the truth.

MAT:dm
101-2372
cc: New York

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 24 1950

TELETYPE

Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Mr. Harbo	.....
Mr. Belmont	.....
Mr. Mohr	.....
Tele. Room	.....
Mr. Nease	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

FBI KNOXVILLE 5-24-50

5-07PM HT

URGENT
Staley

DIRECTOR FBI, SACS KANSAS CITY AND PHILADELPHIA
 WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. REBUTEL MAY TWENTY THREE
 INSTANT. FOR INFORMATION KANSAS CITY AND PHILADELPHIA, INFORMANT
 HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN, EX TVA EMPLOYEE AND ADMITTED MEMBER COMMUNIST
 PARTY AT KNOXVILLE IN NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN, HAS IDENTIFIED EMPLOYEE
 AS COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBER AT KNOXVILLE IN NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN AND HAS
 FURNISHED BOSTON WITH CARBON COPY OF A MEMORANDUM ENTITLED -MINUTES,
 CURRENT EVENTS CLASS, JUNE EIGHTEEN NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN. TOPIC-
 SPAIN-, LISTING HOWARD BRIDGMAN AS CHAIRMAN, STATING ABOUT ONE DOZEN
 PERSONS PRESENT, AND REFLECTING THAT THE GROUP AGREED TO INITIATE A
 TOWN COMMITTEE FOR THE AID OF SPANISH DEMOCRACY. THE FOLLOWING PERSONS
 VOLUNTEERED TO INVESTIGATE THE POSSIBILITIES AND REPORT TO THE CLASS--
 OMEA REECE, JEANNE PINAIRE, HOWARD BRIDGMAN AND FRANCIS MARTIN. THE
 FOLLOWING PEOPLE SIGNIFIED WILLINGNESS TO ASSIST IN ESTABLISHING THE
 TOWN COMMITTEE AND HEPP WITH ITS WORK--BURTON ZIEN, M. TODD, ABE LEIB-
 STEIN, BILL REMINGTON, HENRY HART, ROBERT M. HOWES, JOHN BORDEN,
 BERNICE MORGAN, AND HARRY T. MILLER. THESE MINUTES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS
 TURNED OVER BY BRIDGMAN STRONGLY INDICATE ABOVE CURRENT EVENTS CLASS
 WAS FORE RUNNER OF KNOWN KNOXVILLE UNIT OF NORTH AMERICAN COMMITTEE
 TO AID SPANISH DEMOCRACY, CITED AS A COMMUNIST PARTY FRONT. YI,

RECORDED - 13

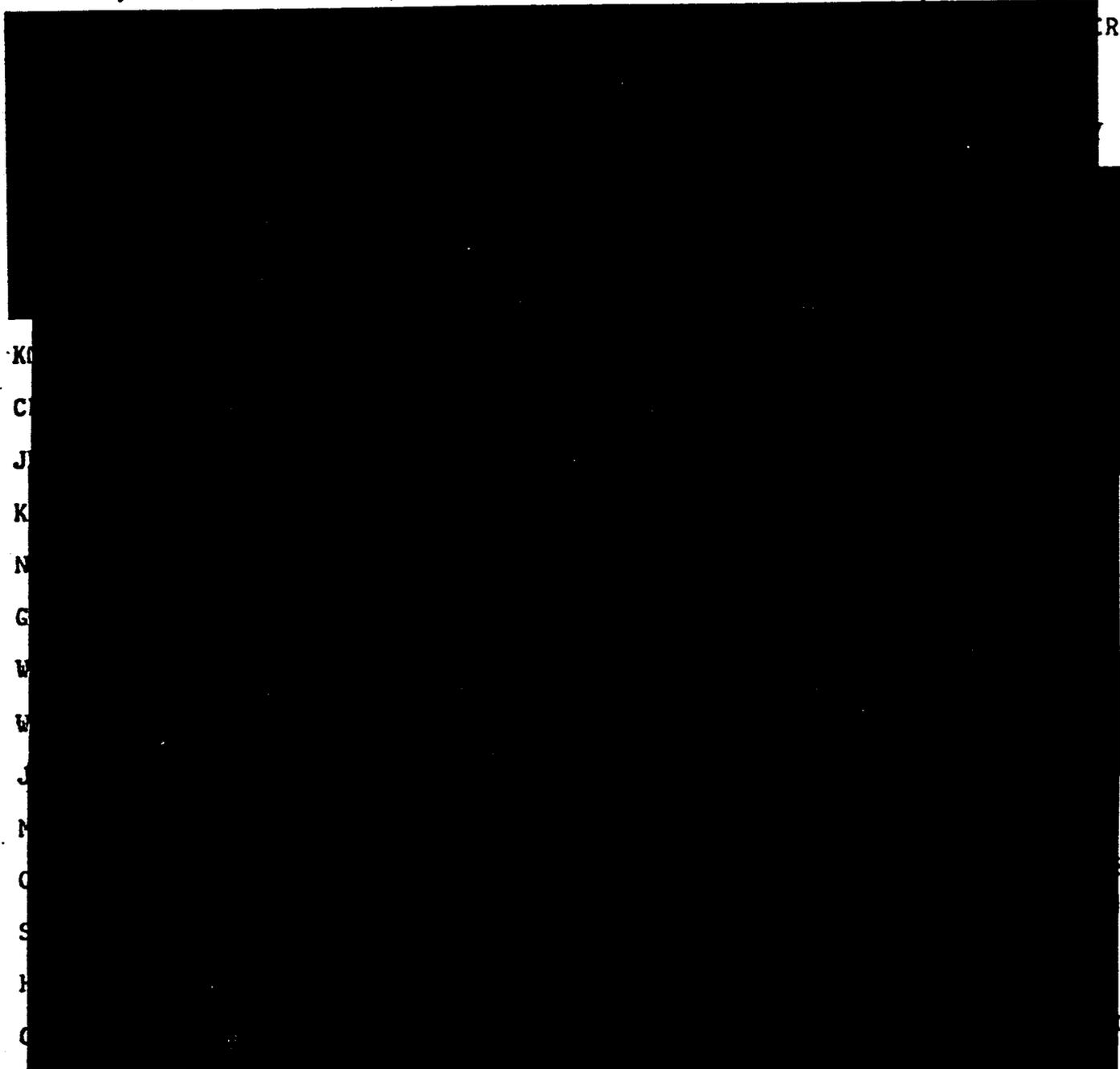
INDEXED - 13

71-61179-734

JUL 18 1950

JUL 20 1950

[REDACTED] HAS STATED TODD, REMINGTON, HART AND MORGAN KNOWN TO HIM AS COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS HERE. MERWIN TODD, AKA PAT, ELSEWHERE IDENTIFIED COMMUNIST PARTY ORGANIZER, KNOXVILLE, FRANCIS JAMES MARTIN AS COUNTY CHAIRMAN OF COMMUNIST PARTY, HART AND BORDEN AS COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS, ALL IN ABOUT NINETEEN THIRTYSEVEN AT KNOXVILLE. [REDACTED]



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Wm. W. Remington

121-6159-(741-795)

Sect. 12

(61 pgs.)

NOTICE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Ladd	_____
Mr. Clegg	_____
Mr. Glavin	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tracy	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

1950
TELETYPE

WASHINGTON FROM NEW YORK 4 25A 12-14AM
DIRECTOR DEFERRED

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. SAAG DONEGAN ADVISED THAT
REMINGTON APPEARED BEFORE FGJ TODAY AND AGAIN REFUSED TO ADMIT ALLEGA-
TIONS MADE CONCERNING HIS CP CONNECTIONS AND ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES.
FRANCIS MARTIN ADVISED THAT HE COULD NOT RECALL REMINGTON AT KNOXVILLE,
TENN. AND HAS NOT MET THE EMPLOYEE SINCE THAT TIME.

SCHEIDT

HOLD PLS

cc: Mr. Stanley

RECORDED - 65

1121-6159-743

50 JUL 20 1950

911-X3

[Handwritten signature]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

26 1950

Am
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Mr. Harbo	.....
Mr. Belmont	.....
Mr. Mohr	.....
Tele. Room	.....
Mr. Nease	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

CONF WASHINGTON AND WASH FIELD FROM NEW YORK 29
DIRECTOR AND SAC URGENT

26
Stanley

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. CATHERINE SHRYVER DID NOT
APPEAR BEFORE SESSION OF GRAND JURY HELD MAY TWENTY FIVE AND NO RETURN
ON HER SUBPOENA HAS BEEN RECEIVED. REMINGTON CONTINUED TO REFUTE
ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING HIS FORMER CP CONNECTIONS AND ESPIONAGE ACTIVI-
TIES. FEDERAL GJ NOT IN SESSION MAY TWENTY SIX OR MAY TWENTY NINE.
WILL RESUME SESSIONS MAY THIRTY ONE NEXT.

RECORDED - 109

INDEXED - 109

SCHEIDT

121-6159-763
MAY 28 1950
RECEIVED

44
5 HOLD PLS 20 1950

TWO COPIES WFO

cc: Mr. Stanley *Stanley*

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

5-31-50

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

319 6:45 PM

DIRECTOR AND SAC

URGENT

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, AKA; COMMERCE, IGEA REBUTEL MAY THIRTY LAST REQUESTING PHOTOSTATS OF APPLICATION OR OTHER DOCUMENT EXECUTED BY REMINGTON INDICATING EMPLOYMENT IN KNOXVILLE UNTIL AUGUST THIRTY SEVEN. TWO APPLICATION FORMS LOCATED IN NATIONAL RESOURCES PLANNING BOARD PERSONNEL FILE OF REMINGTON MAINTAINED AT NATIONAL ARCHIVES. BOTH FORMS SIGNED BY REMINGTON, AND ONE DEFINITELY LISTS EMPLOYMENT WITH WORKERS EDUCATION COMMITTEE IN KNOXVILLE FROM APRIL THIRTY SEVEN TO SEPTEMBER THIRTY SEVEN. THE OTHER FORM BY IMPLICATION PLACES HIM IN KNOXVILLE AT THAT TIME, LISTING EMPLOYMENT FOR SIX MONTHS WITH WORKERS EDUCATION COMMITTEE, KNOXVILLE, BUT NOT LISTING ACTUAL DATES. PHOTOSTAT COPIES BEING PREPARED BY ARCHIVES AND WILL BE SUBMITTED UPON RECEIPT. ADVISE IF FURTHER EFFORTS TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL SUCH EVIDENCE FROM CSC FILES NECESSARY AND WHETHER OTHER POSSIBLE SOURCES, SUCH AS OPA AND WFB FILES, SHOULD BE CHECKED FOR ADDITIONAL SUCH EVIDENCE.

CWL:MO'N
WFO 101-2372

RECORDED 65

121-6159-180

HOTTEL
JUN 1 1950

911-X

RECEIVED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 06-20-85 BY 1043 SP5/ML/STP

Handwritten signatures and initials, including a large 'S' in a circle.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI
 FROM : SAC, New York
 SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
 LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

DATE: MAY 19 1950

Retel to Boston from the Bureau dated May 3, 1950, a copy of which was furnished this office. Referenced teletype requested Boston to locate and interview WILLIAM WOLF GOODMAN.

For the information of the Bureau there is enclosed herewith correspondence furnished to Special Assistant to the Attorney General THOMAS J. DONEGAN on May 16, 1950, by WEBSTER, SHEFFIELD and HORAN, attorneys for REMINGTON. This correspondence includes an affidavit subscribed to by WILLIAM WOLF GOODMAN of Danbury, Connecticut, on May 12, 1950, also copies of correspondence between REMINGTON and Dartmouth College.

These are being submitted for any action that the Bureau deems advisable.

Encs. (8)

ENCLOSURE BEHIND

EX-3

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

RECORDED - 85

INDEXED - 85

7-3

121-6159-763

JUL 19 1950

14

121-1958

162

51 JUL 21 1950

Walter Sheffield & Horan

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

16 BROAD STREET

SAMUEL M. WESSLER
FREDERICK SHEFFIELD
FRANCIS H. HORAN
HENRY CASBATE SMITH
EDWARD L. REA
FREDERICK F. HAAS

New York 5

May 16, 1950

Thomas J. Donnegan, Esq.
Room 1801, United States Court House
Foley Square
New York 7, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Donnegan:

In connection with the Remington matter, I am sending you herewith an affidavit of William Wolf Goodman sworn to May 12, 1950 and copies of correspondence in March and April, 1937 from the Dartmouth College files. The brief in the matter before the Loyalty Review Board and the copy of Remington's recent statement before the House Committee were delivered by hand at your office a few days ago.

Sincerely yours,

Samuel M. Wessler

Enclosure

April
sixth
1937

Dear Remington:

On returning to my office this morning I find your letter of March twenty-third which I acknowledge by confirming our conversation in Atlanta on Saturday.

Since at the time of your withdrawal you were in good standing, you are free to return in September without formality beyond your registration at that time. If it is convenient for you to advise the Registrar of your proposed schedule at the present time I am sure he will be glad to have that information. It is not necessary for you to file your electives, however, until next September if such postponement is more convenient.

I was strongly tempted to reply to your little speech on Saturday night but felt that that occasion was not proper for the argument of our difference in opinion. Perhaps the whole question of supervision of publications is one on which the Administration and the publication boards cannot see eye to eye, but sometime after your return I should be very happy to discuss the matter with you and I think can convince you that we are not trying to suppress any wholesome interest of the student editors.

It was a pleasure to see you in Atlanta and we will look forward to your return in September.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ L. K. Neidlinger

Mr. William W. Remington
c/o Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tennessee

COPY

March
Twenty-sevent
1937

Mr. W. W. Remington
c/o Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tenn.

My dear Mr. Remington:

In response to your letter of March 23 I will say that in addition to the elective circular which was sent you by first class mail we also sent to you at the Y.M.C.A. on March 18 Announcement of Courses and the information concerning the topical majors by second class mail. If you have not received the second class mail I shall be very glad to send you another set.

The Committee which is to administer the topical majors has not yet definitely established all of the machinery in connection with the administering of this work and I do not believe it is possible for you to get all of the exact information which you desire concerning these majors without talking with either Professor W. A. Robinson or Assistant Professor R. A. McKennan.

It is my belief that it will not be possible to do honors work to any considerable extent in the topical majors at the present time because of the limited enrollment in these majors. If you are particularly interested in doing honors work I believe you will find it better to major in Sociology.

I am sending you under separate cover a copy of the latest bulletin of the Tuck School.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) Robert O. Conant

ROC
FSL

COPY

Tennessee Valley

Knoxville, Tennessee

March 23, 1937

Office of the Dean

Dartmouth College

Hanover, N. H.

Dear Sir:

On September 24, 1936 directly after the opening of the College I left Dartmouth for one year to work for the T.V.A. On October 10 I wrote to you, as you requested on the night of September 24 when I said goodby to you in front of the Ad Building, stating my reasons for accepting a position with TVA before entering my Junior year. At this time I wish to make application for admission in September with the class of 1939.

During my first two years at Dartmouth as a member of the class of 1938, I came to the realization that my life and study in Hanover would have more far reaching purpose and direction if I had a foundation of practical experience on which to base my major studies, centering around applied sociology and regional planning. During the six months that I have spent with the T.V.A. hard contact with the reality of American problems has brought about such fundamental changes in the attitudes that had grown up with me from fifteen years of continuous book learning, that I am completely convinced of the validity of the experience.

During the summer vacation last year I applied for a job with T.V.A. in order to test and evaluate what I had already learned, and to gain a foundation for future study of regional planning as an honor major in Sociology. In September I gave up the idea and returned to Hanover, only to be offered a job on September 24.

Following the advice of the professors whom I had already studied
with and the professors I plan to do my major work with; and
strongly prodded by financial difficulties, I accepted the offer
and came to Knoxville immediately even though classes had started.

I sincerely believe that my decision was a very wise one,
and that I will be able to put far more into my Dartmouth life,
and receive far more than would otherwise have been possible.

Please advise me what further steps I should take in order to
apply for readmission. I have already written to the Registrar
with regard to selecting courses for next year, and Mr. Neef has
suggested that I contact him during the last part of May to apply
again for scholastic aid.

Sincerely,

/s/ William Remington

COPY

C/O Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tenn.
March 23, 1937

Office of the Registrar
Emory College
Covington, N. H.

Dear Sir:

In response to my recent postcard asking for all information on Topical Majors pertinent to my selecting one for next year, your office supplied me with the schedule of classes and examinations.

Please send me some description of the Topical Majors, describing in detail the outline of the work, requirements that must be met, prerequisites, etc. Please describe the administrative set up of the faculty supervision, including such points as how much liberty the student is allowed in his selection of instructor, course of study, and also what mechanical relationship will exist between student and instructor, student and other students pursuing approximately the same course of study.

Please send me as much information as you have available which will enable me to choose between an honors major in Sociology, and one of the new Topical Majors. Also please include a description of the courses offered which will describe especially the courses that have been added to the curriculum since last year as well as the ones with which I am familiar. I will also appreciate a description of the courses at Tuck School.

Because my projected course of study has changed considerably during my year's absence I hope a prompt reply will give me plenty of time to choose courses and register for them before the deadline of April 19.

Yours
(Signed) William Remington 139

(formerly 138)

COPY

March
twenty-seventh
1937

Dear Mr. Remington:

This is just a note to let you know that I am holding your letter of March twenty-third for Dean Neidlinger's personal attention. Dean Neidlinger is out of town at the present time and I expect that he will be away for ten days or more.

I will bring your letter to his attention as soon as he returns and I am sure that he will be glad to write you in regard to your readmission to Dartmouth in September.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Edith C. Cillioli

Secretary to the Dean

Mr. William W. Remington
c/o Tennessee Valley Authority
Knoxville, Tennessee

DARTMOUTH COLLEGE
Hanover, N. H.
Offices of Administration

Lloyd K. Weidinger
Dean of the College

Charles F. Camp
Assistant Dean of the College

May
sixth
1950

To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that the attached copies
of original correspondence between the Registrar,
and the Dean of the College, and Mr. W. W. Remington
have been accurately reproduced.

/s/ C. F. Camp
Assistant Dean of the College

State of New Hampshire
County of Grafton

May 6 1950

Subscribed and sworn to before me

/s/ LeRoy C. Porter
Notary Public

LeRoy C. Porter, Notary Public
Grafton County, Hanover, New
My Commission Expires May 1, 1951

AFFIDAVIT

William Wolf Goodman being duly sworn deposes and says:

1. That I am a resident of Danbury, Connecticut, Vice-resident and Secretary of the Biobor-Goodman Corp. engaged in the manufacture of fur felt hat bodies.

2. That I was a member of the Dartmouth class of 1939 and that during the years 1937-38 and 1938-39, I was engaged in gathering material for a thesis entitled "Changing Attitudes of the Dartmouth Undergraduate 1889 to 1939". That this thesis was written under the guidance of Professor Andrew Truxal, Department of Sociology Dartmouth College.

3. That after graduation from Dartmouth, I was engaged in the manufacture of felt hats in Fall River, Mass., until February 1941, at which time I was inducted into the army as a private; that I served with the armed forces until I was placed on inactive duty with the rank of Captain in February 1946.

4. That from October 1945 until June 1947 I served as a member of the National Planning Committee of the American Veterans Committee and that, as a member of this group, I was active in fighting the attack against the infiltration of communist party line thinking insofar as the establishment of policy and control was concerned; that due to the pressure of business, I resigned from the National Planning Committee of the American Veterans Committee at the Milwaukee convention after the fight against the communists had been won.

5. That I know William Remington casually during my freshman year at college in 1935-36 and that during 1937 and 1938 after Mr. Remington had returned from working with the TVA project our friendship became much more intimate. Mr. Remington and I both worked under Professor

And the Faculty of the Sociology Department. Mr. Remington, Davis and I were very friendly during my last two years of college and I feel that during that period I was as well aware of Remington's political views, as he was aware of mine. Both of us engaged in many campus discussions along political lines. We were considered by some of the conservative members of the campus to belong to the radical group, and by the radical group on the campus to belong to the reactionary group. This was a position which Mr. Remington, Mr. Davis and I found to be quite satisfactory. I believe that our position was best described in that portion of my thesis in which I wrote: "If students swing to the left and seek reform, it may be because they believe through reform lies their only chance for finding a satisfactory place for themselves in a capitalistic society. The same critics who charge college students with radicalism because of the interests and activities of a segment of the total student population, also frequently confuse an interest in reform with radicalism. A desire to improve is not the same as a desire to destroy - an elemental point, but one not frequently grasped. We were the members of a group going to school in a depression era and were thinking of ways to preserve our society from another catastrophe of this nature, the result of which, we feared, might bring the loss of those democratic principles we held to be important.

6. During these college years, I was well aware of the presence of a small nucleus of undergraduates who seemed to be following Communist Party line. Never during my two years of intimate friendship with Remington can I recall his ever having accepted in any way the doctrine of this small group, in fact the basis of our friendship was predicated on the fact that we were as constantly in disagreement with this small segment of the Dartmouth campus as we were in disagreement with a large

whose views were more conservative than our own.

7. My only contact with Mr. Remington from graduation in 1939 until May of 1950 was a letter which I received from him around Xmas, 1939 at the time of the Russian-Finnish war. In this letter he expressed himself by saying "maybe now they realize what we meant in our criticisms of the Soviet Union. I still wouldn't touch a communist with a ten foot pole.", or words to that effect.

8. It is inconceivable to me that a person with the strong anti-communist points of view that Mr. Remington and I shared during our college years could have ever accepted the authoritarianism demanded by Communist ideology. I value his friendship highly and only the lack of geographical proximity has made us less intimate than we were in college.

William Wolf Goodman

William Wolf Goodman

State of Connecticut,
County of Fairfield, S.S.

Sworn and subscribed to before
me this 12th day of May 1950.

Julia Watter

Notary Public
My Commission expires 4/1/54

FBI, DETROIT

6/5/50

AM

SAC, MEMPHIS

URGENT

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, COMMERCE, LGE. REURTEL JUNE ONE

LAST. A. B. WINFREE ADVISES HE DOES NOT KNOW IF THE WILLIAM

REMINGTON WHO ATTEMPTED TO ORGANIZE THE WASHINGTON MFG. CO.,
 COOKEVILLE, IS IDENTICAL WITH EMPLOYEE. REMINGTON WAS ACCOMPANIED
 BY TWO UNKNOWN MALE CIO ORGANIZERS, ALL APPARENTLY WERE FROM CIO
 OFFICE, NASHVILLE. THEY WERE ASSISTED BY WINFREE AND MAGGIE
 RANDOLPH, CIO ORGANIZER STILL LIVING IN COOKEVILLE AREA. WINFREE
 SAYS THE THREE MALE ORGANIZERS SPENT NIGHT OF BEATING IN COOKEVILLE
 JAIL FOR PROTECTION. BELIEVES REMINGTON WAS ONE OF TWO BEATEN.
 THEY LEFT TOWN NEXT DAY AND RETURNED ABOUT A WEEK LATER TO
 DEMONSTRATE. FOR ANTI-UNION SIDE OF PICTURE, WINFREE SUGGESTS
 SAM RICE WHO IS STILL WITH WASHINGTON MFG. CO. AND WAS IN
 PARTY WHICH ADMINISTERED BEATING. WINFREE DOESN-T QUESTION
 REMINGTON-S LOYALTY. FOR INFO.

justice

B I

da

O-CONNOR 3 30 PM '50

END

PC:CGB

21-1459

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DATA SECTION RECEIVED

INDEXED 35

61-6159-785

NOT RECORDED

14 JUL 15 1950

53302

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: June 5, 1950

GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE, LCE
(Bufile 121-6159)

Regarding Bureau teletype dated May 30, 1950 to New York, Knoxville, Charlotte, Memphis and this office, and Washington Field Office teletype dated May 31, 1950 advising that documents placing REMINGTON in Knoxville until September, 1937, had been located in National Resources Planning Board Personnel File of REMINGTON maintained at National Archives.

Photostats of the applications and related documents are enclosed for the Bureau.

Further efforts to obtain additional such evidence will not be made pending Bureau advice as to the necessity for such action as requested in reference Washington Field Office teletype.

CWL:hk
101-2372
(Enclosure)
cc: New York (121-1958)

RECORDED - 65
6-13-50

121-6159-786
JUN 19 1950

Handwritten notes:
Pay Adv. to
121-6159-786
[Signature]

16
JUL 21 1950

No. 223

United States of America



THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

all to whom these presents shall come Greeting

I Warrant that I have directed you for each of the specified number of
copies of each document listed below to be removed from the
official custody of the Archives of the United States

RECORDS OF THE NATIONAL RESOURCES PLANNING BOARD

documents from the personnel file of William Walter Remington.

In testimony whereof I WAYNE C. GROVER, Archivist of the United States
have hereunto caused the Seal of the National
Archives to be affixed and by mine subscribed
by the Chief Archivist, National Resources Records
Branch of the National Archives
in the District of Columbia this 22

January 1952

Wayne C. Grover
Archivist of the United States

John W. ...

510 W. 223 Street
New York City
December 22, 1939

Mr. Harold Merrill, Executive Officer
National Resources Planning Board
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Merrill:

At the suggestion of Mr. V. W. Cutter you have given me an opportunity to apply for employment with the Board. I am very grateful to both you and Mr. Cutter.

Enclosed is a copy of NRPB Form 27, duly filled out. But I am reluctant to rest my application for employment here. I feel that academic qualifications are at best uncertain criteria by which to judge an applicant for a job. And an applicant, who like myself, has spent his active life thus far in academic pursuits, has had little opportunity to give empirical demonstration of any one of several qualities more important in an administrator than scholastic brilliance.

At the end of January I will be in Washington for a few days. I hope that you will be able to let me follow up on this application with a personal interview at that time.

Very sincerely yours,

William W. Pennington

William W. Pennington

P.S. - 26

35090

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
National Resources Planning Board
Washington, D. C.

Review for [unclear]

12/1/57

TO: *Mr. [unclear]*
Mr. [unclear]
Mr. [unclear]
Mr. [unclear]

This application was recently received and is being sent to you at this time for your informal review. The space below is reserved for your tentative comments concerning the applicant's qualifications for employment with the National Resources Planning Board. If you think we should investigate the applicant's qualifications or in any other manner obtain additional information concerning the applicant, please so indicate below.

Please route as indicated above and return to personnel records office.

This man's record is impressive. I suggest we find out more about him when we get for additional record and agree we ought to check his references.

12/1/57

27. EXPERIENCE: In the following spaces, give a complete record of all employment you have had, including Government employment and military service, and accounting for all periods of unemployment. Begin with your present or last position and work back.

DATE OF EMPLOYMENT (Month and Year)	NAME AND ADDRESS OF EMPLOYER (If unemployed, give your address at that time)	LOANS, EARNINGS, AND PAYMENT SALARY (Give figure in each column)	NAME OF POSITION, DESCRIPTION OF DUTIES, AND REASON FOR LEAVING (If employed by Government, state job category rating)
From: October 1935	NAME: Columbia University	\$900 stipend	Graduate study in Economics at Columbia on Henry Eli Parker Graduate Fellowship awarded by Dartmouth College
To: June, 1940	ADDRESS: New York City		
From: July 1939	NAME: Various newspapers, in United States and correspondents in Mexico City	\$25 weekly average	Free-lance correspondent
To: Sept. 1939	ADDRESS: in Mexico City		Mexico. Left to begin studies at Columbia
From: Sept. 1938	NAME: Dartmouth College	\$600 in scholarship	study at Dartmouth on a Senior Fellowship Graduate awarded in June, 1939
To: June, 1939	ADDRESS: Hanover, N.H.		
From: July 1938	NAME: none		economic and sociological research in connection with studies at Dartmouth.
To: Sept. 1938	ADDRESS: Hanover, N.H.		
From: Sept. 1937	NAME: Dartmouth College	\$350 in scholarship	student at Dartmouth College left in June, 1938 for vacation only.
To: June 1938	ADDRESS: Hanover, N.H.		
From: Sept. 1937	NAME: Student Cooperative Dining Club	\$15 week	Manager of restaurant - \$500 week - hundred average a thousand-dollar deficit previous year. Left when school year closed.
To: June, 1938	ADDRESS: Hanover, N.H.		
From: April 1937	NAME: Workers' Education Committee	\$20 week	Teacher, economics, primary workers education project. Left to resume studies at Dartmouth.
To: September 1937	ADDRESS: Knoxville, Tenn.		
From: Sept. 1936	NAME: Tennessee Valley Authority	\$1080	passenger, under J. G. Reel duties, carrying mail
To: March 1937	ADDRESS: Knoxville, Tenn.	classification	Rating satisfactory. Left for more interesting job
From: July 1936	NAME: Several resorts and farms in	\$2 a day	Laborer
To: Sept. 1936	ADDRESS: Minnesota and Wisconsin	average	
From: Sept. 1935	NAME: Dartmouth College	\$350 in scholarship	Student
To: June 1936	ADDRESS: Hanover, N.H.		
From: Sept. 1935	NAME: Several newspapers and syndicates	\$5 weekly average	Correspondent, sports and other news
To: June 1936	ADDRESS: Boston and New York		
From: Sept. 1935	NAME: Sanborn English Library	\$18 to	Library attendant
To: June 1936	ADDRESS: Hanover, N.H.	\$20 monthly	

(If more space is required, continue entries on a separate sheet arranged as above, and attach to application.)

28. May we write to your present employer? (Yes or No) Yes

1. A description of the experience which you have outlined under Question 2. If any experience which, in your opinion, qualifies you for the position or position is filed. Your description of experience in each separate position on a new line, numbering respond with the number of the section in which the position is listed under Question 2. The W. W. Wilcox Parker Fellowship was one of our graduate fellowships awarded for the current academic year by Dartmouth College. It is the only fellowship awarded in the social sciences. It is for the 2 or 10 students in the graduate program of 500 whose academic record is high enough to entitle them to serious consideration. Selection was made on a basis of qualifications of graduate study and sound judgment.

ing particular for which this description to

2. My only fellowship awarded for the current academic year by Dartmouth College. It is the only fellowship awarded in the social sciences. It is for the 2 or 10 students in the graduate program of 500 whose academic record is high enough to entitle them to serious consideration. Selection was made on a basis of qualifications of graduate study and sound judgment.

3. My also my only experience with newspaper writing is sufficient for me to have some confidence in my ability to work intelligently and quickly in the preparation of reports, correspondence, and etc. At College I was fortunate enough to win several prizes in writing contests. In the spring of 1935 I won honorable mention in the Story Magazine National Short Story Contest.

4. During the academic year 1935-36 there were eight Senior Fellows at Dartmouth, chosen from a class of 500. From the group of 20-30 top ranking scholars the Senior Fellows are selected on a basis of ability to pursue an independent course of study; qualities of leadership and intellectual maturity.

5. The successful management of a co-operative restaurant has given me some familiarity with administrative problems which few students are fortunate enough to acquire until their college days are over. Although the club made a large surplus in 1937-38, slipping into a \$1000 deficit it subsequently lost \$1200 in four months under another managerial and went into bankruptcy. Management responsibilities included: personnel management, purchasing, budgeting and financial control.

6. Teaching the rudiments of Economics and Government to Tennessee textile and steel workers made it possible for me to continue my studies at Dartmouth the next year with what I felt to be vastly more perspective than would have been possible if my training had not had the checks of practical experience.

7. During the academic year 1936-37 I left College to get a foundation of factual knowledge on which to base studies in Economics and Government during my last years at Dartmouth, and also because the capacity for intelligent judgement and qualities of "toughmindedness" that can be developed through the attempt to apply theories in concrete situations, seemed to be a necessary antidote for over-specialization in academic pursuits.

8. Carrying messages for the T.V.A. gave me considerable opportunity to learn something of the problems and techniques of public administration. While there I wrote a report on "Fellowship Training in Knoxville Offices of the T.V.A." which was in a large part adopted by the Personnel Division. Reference is made to Gordon N. Clapp, Director of Personnel, and George W. ... of the Training Division.

9. The T.V.A. gave me opportunity to carry out involving more active responsibilities than carrying messages. It was an opportunity to carry out more conceptual work outside of the classroom.

description of the experience which you have outlined under Question 37, paying particular attention to any experience, which, in your opinion, qualifies you for the position or positions for which this application is filed. Give a brief description of each position, giving the name of the organization, the dates, and the nature of the work. Give the number of the section in which the position is listed under Question 37.

The Henry Elijah Parker Fellowship was one of four graduate fellowships awarded for the current academic year by Dartmouth College. It was the only fellowship awarded in the social sciences. From the 100 or 10 students in the graduating class of 500 whose scholastic records were high enough to entitle them to serious consideration, selection was made on a basis of "qualities of leadership."

40. Attach supplemental statement covering further details if necessary. At the present time I am pursuing studies which will earn me a Masters Degree in Economics, if the Professors under whom I am studying have been correct in a preliminary evaluation of my work. My field of special concentration is public finance. My thesis topic is "Economic Consequences of Capital Investment by the Federal Government." My secondary concern is taxation of corporations.

41. Give names and addresses of five persons other than relatives or employers mentioned above who have knowledge of your character, experience, and ability:

Full Name	Full Address	Capacity
Dr. Lloyd K. Weidlinger	Dartmouth C. Hanover, N.H.	Dean of Dartmouth College
Professor R. R. Larmon	Dartmouth C. Hanover, N.H.	Professor of Economics
Professor J. M. McDaniel	Dartmouth C. Hanover, N.H.	Professor of Economics
Professor George Theriault	Dartmouth C. Hanover, N.H.	Professor of Economics
Professor R. V. Haig	Columbia University, N.Y.C.	Professor of Economics

In case of emergency, notify Ann M. Remington, Relationship: Wife, Post-office address: 510 E. 125 St. New York City

I CERTIFY that the foregoing answers are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. (Any false statement is sufficient cause for rejection of the application or dismissal after appointment.)

Standard Form No. 5
 by the President 1/25/50
 revised Dec. 4, 1950

PERSONAL HISTORY STATEMENT

(To be prepared by applicant in own handwriting)

Department or Establishment Executive Office of the President Date 11/15/50

- Name in full (Mr., Miss, or Mrs.) Remington William Weaver
(Surname) (Given name) (Middle name)
- Present address 510 W 123 St. New York New York
(Number) (Street) (City) (State)
- Legal (voting) residence New York New York New York
(State and Congressional District) (County) (City or town)
- Where born New York New York When born October 25, 1919
(State or foreign country) (City or town) (Month Day Year)
- If foreign-born, state whether naturalized or alien _____

6. Indicate sex, marital condition, and race by check, thus: If Mrs., state other names under which previously employed.

SEX		MARITAL CONDITION				RACE (If other, state which)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Male	<input type="checkbox"/> Female	<input type="checkbox"/> Single	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Married	<input type="checkbox"/> Divorced	<input type="checkbox"/> Widowed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> White	<input type="checkbox"/> Colored	

7. Number and ages of dependents domiciled with you wife, age 23

8. A complete record of your past service for the United States Government other than military or naval:

BRANCH OF SERVICE	PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT	POSITION	SALARY	DATE APPOINTED			DATE SEPARATED		
				Month	Day	Year	Month	Day	Year
T. U. A.	Knoxville Tenn.	Messenger	10.80	Sept.		36	Nov.		37

clearance record requested 6/17/40

9. Are any members of your family, who are domiciled with you, in the U. S. Government service? If so, state below:

NAME	POSITION AND DEPARTMENT OR OFFICE IN WHICH EMPLOYED	RELATIONSHIP
<u>None</u>	Position Department or office	
	Position Department or office	
	Position Department or office	

13. State any special qualifications not involved in your present position (for instance, lawyer, physician, civil engineer, knowledge of foreign languages, etc.)

14. Statement of principal employment other than with the United States Government:

NAME AND ADDRESS OF EMPLOYER	POSITION AND CHARACTER OF WORK	LENGTH OF SERVICE
Knowlton (Conn.) Workers Education Committee	Teacher	6 months
Corporate Retirement	Manager	1 year

15. Education. Indicate by circling the number of years:

Common school	High school	College	(Name of college, degree, and date conferred)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	Dartmouth A.B. 1929 Columbia M.A. 1930

16. In case of emergency, notify Acme Remington
 Relationship wife Post office address Croton-on-Hudson, N.Y.
 (write full address as indicated at the back)

I certify that the foregoing answers are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

William W. Remington
 (Name as usually written and which will be used as official signature)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23rd day of July, A. D. 1936
 at New York, New York

David H. Clift
 Notary Public, or other officer having seal, who is authorized to administer oaths

DAVID H. CLIFT
 Notary Public, New York County
 N. Y. Co. Clift's No. 130, Reg. No. 2C
 Commission expires March 30, 1937

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: June 20, 1950

FROM : SAC, KNOXVILLE

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON;
CONSPIRACY; LEE; PERJURY.

Reylet to New York City 6-5-50.

Enclosed to Bureau herewith are the following photostats and photographs, which were previously furnished to the New York Office via referenced letter:

Photostatic copies of pertinent serials (2 sets) from TVA personnel file of ELIZABETH WINSTON MALCOMBRE, aka Elizabeth Todd, Elizabeth Winston, and Betty Todd. These photostats consist of the original TVA application of this individual dated February 20, 1937; offer of employment extended to her through her employer, STANLEY H. WRIGHT, State Director, FWA, Chapel Hill, North Carolina, under date of May 24, 1937; Mr. WRIGHT's letter confirming ELIZABETH's acceptance dated May 27, 1937; and letter from ELIZABETH to GEORGE SLOVER, Chief, TVA Employment Section, dated June 10, 1937, bearing her return address as Box 665, Chapel Hill, N.C., wherein she verified her acceptance of position and stated she would report for work with TVA in Knoxville on the morning of June 16, 1937. These are the only serials from ELIZABETH's TVA personnel file which have a bearing upon the date of her arrival in Knoxville, Tenn. from Chapel Hill, N. C.

Fifteen photographs of houses described as follows:

a. 4 views of house at 1412 Forest Ave., Knoxville, Tennessee, reportedly occupied during 1937 by KENNETH MALCOMBRE and Mrs. ELIZABETH WINSTON MALCOMBRE.

2 views of house at 920 Temple Avenue, Knoxville Tennessee, where WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON reportedly resided in 1936-1937.

JAP:bk
121-63
Enclosures - 17
cc: New York (INFOR.)
cc: Boston (INFOR.)

RECEIVED - 74

RECORDED - 74
EX-3

JUL 19 1950
14

5 JUL 21 1950

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

17-74-3

121-6159-1789

- c. 2 views of house at 727 North Broadway, Knoxville, Tennessee, which building, prior to renumbering of residences, bore 933 North Broadway, where REMINGTON and TODD occupied an apartment from March to May, 1937.
- d. 3 views of residence at 1013 Oak Avenue, Knoxville, Tennessee, where REMINGTON, HENRY C. HART, TODD and BURTON J. ZIEN are believed to have resided briefly during 1937.
- e. 2 views of residence of Mrs. FRANCES WEBSTER, 1825 Highland Ave., Knoxville, the aunt of HOWARD THOMAS FRAZIER, where REMINGTON and TODD were reportedly residing as of June 18, 1937 (per minutes of current events class on "Spain" for 6-18-37, as made available by HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN).
- f. 2 views of the so-called "Professor HENRY JENNISON Home," at 1905 Prospect Place, Knoxville, Tennessee, where HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN, HENRY C. HART, BURTON JACK ZIEN, HOWARD THOMAS FRAZIER and EDWARD M. GLAZEK resided during the Summer of 1937. This is where ZIEN was living when MERWIN TODD and BERNARD BUCK BORAH recruited him into the Communist Party.

The photostatic copies of REMINGTON's TVA personnel file will be submitted as enclosures to the next IGE report submitted by this office.



920 Temple Ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Listed by Wm. W. Remington as his
residence in 1936-37. Mabel Abercrombie
and Henry C. Hart also lived here. House
operated in 1936-37 by Mrs. B. C. Ogle,
now at 122 Fountain Ave., Knoxville.
Photo made 6/3/50.

RCF

121 61-779



1412 Forest Ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Apt. #3 in this house reportedly occupied
for several months subsequent to about
June 1937 by Elizabeth Winston Malcomb
aka Malcolm, aka Todd, and possibly by
her two husbands, 1st, Kenroy Malcomb
(McConnell) and, later, Merwin "Pat" Todd.
This house owned in 1937 by Mrs. Anne Suggs
(now dead); it is now owned by Mr. Fred W.
Cooler, son of Mrs. Suggs.
Photos made 6/3/50.



1013 Oak Avenue, Knoxville, Tenn.

At one time or another during the 1936-37 era, Wm. W. Remington, Henry O. Hart, Merwin "Pat" Todd, and Burton J. Zien, among others, are reported to have resided here, altho not all at same time. Landlady then was Mrs. G. F. Watson, now at 210 East Caswell Street, Knoxville. Photo made 6/3/50.

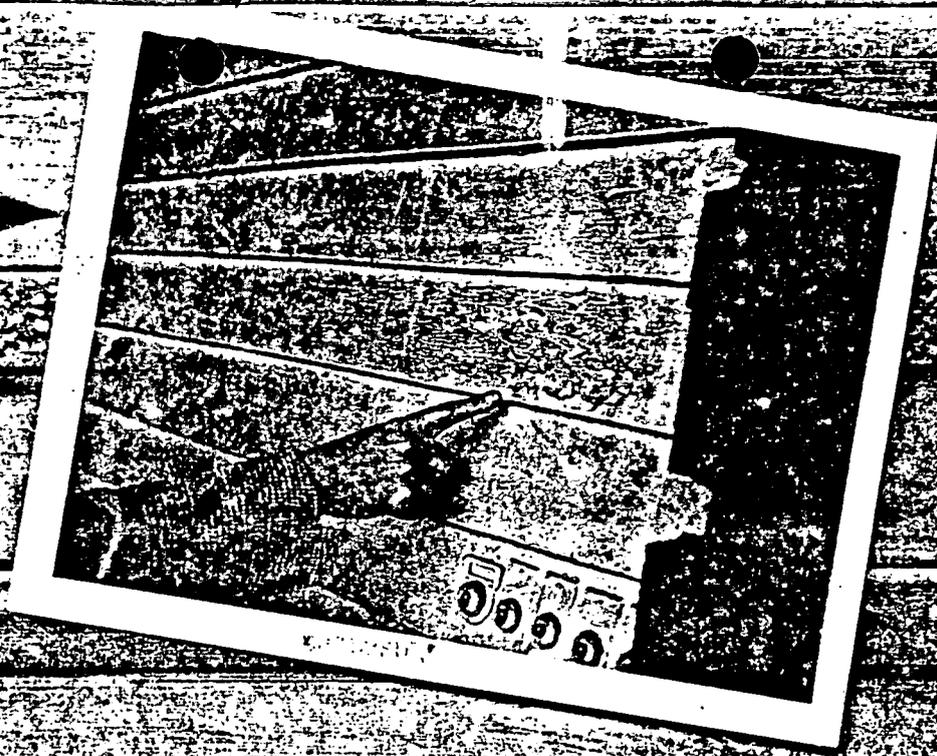
101-117-789



933 North Broadway (recently renumbered
727) Knoxville, Tenn.

Owned and operated then as now by Miss
Ruby Cox. Merwin Todd, Wm. W. P. ~~ington~~
and possibly Horace Bryan occupied lower
left front room from March 2 to May 13,
1937. Close-up shows old numbers. Photo
made 6/5/50.

101-617-711





1417 Forest Ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Apt. 93 in this house reportedly occupied
for several months subsequent to about
June 1937 by Elizabeth Winton Malcombre
aka Malcolm, aka Todd, and possibly by
her two husbands, 1st, Kenroy Malcombre
(McConnell) and, later, Harvin "Pat" Todd.
This house owned in 1937 by Mrs. Anne Surge
(now dead); it is now owned by Mr. Fred W.
Cooler, son of Mrs. Surge.
Photos made 6/3/50.

121-6157-717



798
1013 Oak Avenue, Knoxville, Tenn.
At one time or another during the 1936-37
era, Wm. W. Remington, Henry O. Hart,
Merwin "Pat" Todd, and Burton J. Zien,
among others, are reported to have resided
here, altho not all at same time. Land-
lady then was Mrs. G. F. Watson, now at
210 East Caswell Street, Knoxville.
Photo made 6/3/50.

151-617-781



1013 Oak Avenue, Knoxville, Tenn.

At one time or another during the 1936-37 era, Wm. W. Remington, Henry C. Hart, Merwin "Pat" Todd, and Burton J. Zien, among others, are reported to have resided here, altho not all at same time. Landlady then was Mrs. G. F. Watson, now at 210 East Caswell Street, Knoxville. Photo made 6/3/50.

262

1-11-1959



933 North Broadway (recently renumbered
727) Knoxville, Tenn.

Owned and operated then as now by Miss
Ruby Cox. Herwin Todd, ex. N. Benington
and possibly Horace Bryan occupied lower
left front room from March 2 to May 13,
1937. Close-up shows old numbers. Photo
made 6/3/50.

062

121-615-1-111



1905 Prospect Place, Knoxville, Tenn.

House then owned by Prof. Henry

Jennison of UT, sublet June thru

August 1937 by Howard Allen Bridgman,

Burton Jack Ziem, Howard Thomas

Frazier, Henry Cowles Hart, Jr., and

Edward M. Glazek.

Photo made 6/3/50.

852



1412 Forest Ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Apt. 9 in this house reportedly occupied
for several months subsequent to about
June 1937 by Elizabeth Winston Malcomb
aka Malcolm, aka Todd, and possibly by
her two husbands, 1st, Kenroy Malcomb
(McConnell) and, later, Nerven "Pat" Todd.
This house owned in 1937 by Mrs. Anne Suggs
(now dead); it is now owned by Mr. Fred W.
Cooler, son of Mrs. Suggs. 062
Photos made 6/3/50.

121-6157-101



1825 Highland Ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Owned and occupied, then and now, by
Mrs. Frances Webster, Aunt of Howard
Thomas Frazier, who lived there; and
where Burton J. Zien, Merwin Todd and
Wm. W. Remington (among others) stayed
briefly during Spring of 1937, altho
not all at same time.
Photo made 6/3/50.

121-6159-787



1825 Highland Ave., Knoxville, Tenn.
Owned and occupied, then and now, by
Mrs. Frances Webster, Aunt of Howard
Thomas Frasier, who lived there; and
where Durten J. Zien, Merwin Todd and
Mr. W. Remington (among others) stayed
briefly during Spring of 1937, altho
not all at same time.
Photo made 6/3/50.

721-6159-787



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

JAP
al
1/7

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: June 16, 1950

FROM : SAC, Knoxville

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
Commerce
LGE; PERJURY

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

AMSD

JAP:jaw

121-63

CC: Charlotte (121-530)(74-38)

RECORDED - 74 121-6159-111
INDEXED - 74
19 1950

117
76

[REDACTED]

For the assistance of the Charlotte Office in conducting above interview, you are advised that investigation at Knoxville reflects REMINGTON, MERWIN TODD, HORACE BRYAN and an unidentified individual named WILLIAM MARLOW resided together in the Spring of 1937 at 933 North Broadway and were engaged in CIO organizational activities in the Knoxville area, principally among employees of the Knoxville textile mills under the banner of the Textile Workers Organizing Committee - CIO. This activity was generally termed "workers education" and members of the AFGE Lodge 136, composed of TVA white collar workers were urged and encouraged to participate in these organizational campaigns among textile workers. REMINGTON left his job with TVA in April, 1937, in order to devote full time to "workers education" and is thought to have participated in this type activity until approximately August, 1937, when he left the Knoxville area to return to Dartmouth College.

MERWIN "PAT" TODD became the Communist Party organizer at Knoxville in approximately June, 1937. BRYAN is alleged to have been a Communist Party member. BERNARD "BUCK" BORAH (deceased), also alleged to have been a Communist Party member, was likewise a CIO organizer and an associate of REMINGTON. Thus far, the identity and whereabouts of WILLIAM MARLOW have not been established, and this is one point concerning which Mr. and Mrs. HORTON should be questioned. In the event the HORTONS are cooperate and to refresh their recollection, this office has been advised by BURTON J. ZIEN (ex-TVA employee, ex-UFWA-CIO organizer, and an admitted member of TVA cell of the Communist Party at Knoxville from June, 1937, to March, 1939) that REMINGTON is believed to have visited the Highlander Folk School at Monteagle during the Spring or Summer of 1937 in company with one or more of the above individuals. Further, that MYLES AND ZILPHIA, with other persons from the Highlander Folk School, attended a party at the Professor Henry Jennison house, 1905 Prospect, Knoxville, during the Summer of 1937 bring- in with them some wine from Monteagle. A square dance was held on a Saturday night, probably in August, 1937. The Jennison house had been sub-let for the summer by HOWARD BRIDGMAN, BURTON J. ZIEN, HOWARD P. FRAZIER, HENRY C. HART and EDWARD M. STAZICK.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

SUBJECT: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
 DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
 LGE

DATE: June 14, 1951

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

There are being transmitted herewith two original letters written by REMINGTON, made available by [REDACTED]. One letter dated July 21, 1948, is addressed to ELSHELL GEORGE. The second letter dated August 13, 1948, is addressed to REX ANDREWS.

The instant letters which contain specimens of REMINGTON's handwriting are to be compared with a letter published in the May 7, 1940 edition of "New Masses," page 20. It is believed that a copy of instant page from "New Masses" is presently in the possession of the Laboratory. This Office has been requested to return the enclosed original letters to the Department of Commerce when they have served their purpose.

Washington Field Office has previously been requested to obtain specimens of ANN REMINGTON's handwriting for comparison with the writing in questioned document. The letter published in "New Masses" has been exhibited to ANN REMINGTON. She identified the text of the letter as identical with that contained in the letter written by REMINGTON to JOE NORTH. She stated that the handwriting was definitely not hers. She could not identify it as REMINGTON's handwriting, but indicated that his writing was small and in some respects similar; however, she explained that it has been her impression that the letter written by REMINGTON to NORTH was signed "BILL and ANN" or "ANN and BILL". The letter when published appeared with "TOM and HELEN" as signatories. ANN REMINGTON is of the opinion that the letter was edited and rewritten by a third person in order that the REMINGTON's identity not be divulged.

A sample of the handwriting of ANN REMINGTON has been obtained and is also being transmitted herewith for comparison with the writing in questioned document.

COPIED SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB FOR LAB. ACTION AND REPORT 6/15/51

JLM:vmn
 101-2372
 Encl
 cc: New York

RECORDED - 85

INDEXED - 85

EX-3

101-4159-77
 JUL 19 1951
 14

JUL 2 1951

SEARCHED

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ad 9-1
5
9-7

Origin: NEW YORK CITY

File No. 121-428 ma

Report made at
BOSTON, MASS.

Date
6/7/50

Period
6/4,6/50

Report made by
FREDERICK M. CONNORS

Title
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON

PERJURY - LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT
EMPLOYEES

Synopsis:

HOWARD L. BRIDGMAN, Professor of Economics, Tufts College, Medford, Massachusetts, on 4/19/50, identified WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON as a member of the Communist Party at Knoxville, Tennessee in 1936-37. BRIDGMAN furnished signed statement in connection with loyalty program on 4/22/50 reflecting REMINGTON in Communist Party as set forth above. BRIDGMAN, on 5/11/50, furnished another signed statement in connection with loyalty program identifying individuals known or suspected by BRIDGMAN to be members of the Communist Party at Knoxville in 1936-37. BRIDGMAN, on 5/11/50, also made available two typewritten memos concerning a Current Event class dated 6/18/37, which indicated that REMINGTON resided at address of PAT TODD, a Communist Party organizer in Knoxville. DANIEL BOONE SCHIRMER of Communist Party, USA, District 1, appears identical with the BOONE SCHIRMER mentioned by ANN MOOS REMINGTON as individual she and Subject met at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. in 1938.

74-1379

one

- P -

DELETED

DETAILS:

4 cc returned to Boston

HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN, a professor of Economics at Tufts College, Medford, Mass., was interviewed by Special Agent BRENTON S. GORDON and the reporting Agent on 4/19/50 at Tufts College in connection with an investigation of WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON under the loyalty program.



Approved: [Signature] SAC

Do not write in these spaces

121-4259-794

Copies:

- 4 - Bureau
- 1 - New York (ENCS.)
- 1 - Chicago (info)
- 2 - Knoxville
- 2 - Philadelphia (info)
- 2 - Washington Field (info)
- 3 - Boston

(1-Thomas J. Donegan, Spec. Asst. Atty. General, New York City)

JUL 19 1950

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INDEXED - 85

5 JUL 21 1950

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[REDACTED]

BRIDGMAN, on 4/19/50, volunteered the information that he had been a member of the Communist Party from December, 1936 and had remained a Communist until 1939, at which time he attended Harvard University. According to BRIDGMAN, association with REMINGTON took place in the fall of 1936 at which time both he and REMINGTON were employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority at Knoxville, Tenn. According to his recollection, at that time REMINGTON was a student at Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, and was to return to Dartmouth.

BRIDGMAN's further recollection Of REMINGTON was furnished in a signed statement in connection with the loyalty program dated May 22, 1950, a copy of which is set forth below:

"6 Lawler Road
Medford 55, Mass.
April 22, 1950.

"I, Howard Allen Bridgman, make the following voluntary statement to Frederick M. Connors who has identified himself to be a special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice.

"I am willing to testify regarding the following statement before a loyalty hearing board:

"I first met William Walter Remington at Knoxville, Tennessee in the Fall of 1936 at which time he was employed by the Tennessee Valley Authority. I was employed by the same organization in January, 1936 and remained in its employ until October, 1937 at which

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"time I resigned. From the Fall of 1936 until about 1937 I had close contact with Mr. Remington, with due regard for the fact that both he and I were out of the city of Knoxville for part of this period.

"In December, 1936 I joined a Communist Party unit made up of employees of the Tennessee Valley Authority. Mr. Remington was a member of the Communist Party and attended a number of meetings at which I was present and at these meetings I observed that he took an active part and was subject to Party discipline.

"At this unit, which was a Branch, members read the Daily Worker and were expected to do so, as well as other Party literature of an organizational type. I considered him a faithful, active and leading member of this Communist Party unit.

"About the time I left Knoxville in the Fall of 1937 he was still an active Communist Party member.

"In 1942 or 1943 to the best of my recollection, I met Mr. Remington at Washington, D.C. During the course of a casual conversation I gained the impression that he had left the Communist Party. I am unable to support this with any memory of the words that he used.

"I have no present knowledge as to whether Mr. Remington today is or is not affiliated with the Communist Party.

"In the event Mr. Remington has the same convictions, attitude and character today that he had when I knew him in 1936 and 1937 I would not recommend him for government work of any nature.

"I have typed the above, consisting of two pages, and it is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ HOWARD ALLEN BRIDGMAN

Frederick M. Connors
Special Agent, F.B.I.
Boston, Mass. 4/22/1950."

In addition to the foregoing, it is noted that Professor BRIDGMAN, on 4/19/50 stated that while he was employed by TVA a "certain crowd ran together." All were "socially minded," which he defined as primarily being interested in the field of labor and labor union activities. This group, according to BRIDGMAN, was used to

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"swing matters of policy," and was particularly active in swinging the workers in TVA into the CIO organization which was rapidly developing in the Knoxville area. On this occasion, BRIDGMAN identified REMINGTON as being active in this work of the Communist Party.

BRIDGMAN recalled no statement reflecting the Communist Party advocated overthrowing the Government and indicated that its prime interest appeared to be the building of labor unions and particularly developing the CIO.

At the request of reporting Agent and after consultation with his attorney, MR. CHARLES B. RUGG, of Boston, Professor BRIDGMAN furnished the following prepared signed statement in connection with the loyalty investigation of REMINGTON which was in addition to the signed statement set forth above previously furnished by BRIDGMAN under date of 4/22/50.

"6 Lawler Road
Medford 55, Mass.
May 11, 1950.

"I, Howard Allen Bridgman, should like to make the following voluntary statement to Frederick M. Connors, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This will amplify my previous statement in respect to William Walter Remington, and is true to the best of my knowledge and belief:

"1. While working at the Tennessee Valley Authority, Mr. Remington was associated with most of the following persons, who were known to me to be members of the Communist Party:

Merwin ("Pat") Todd, organizer of the Branch
Muriel Speare (now Muriel Speare Williams)
Christine Eversole Benson
Mable Abercrombie
Henry Hart
Betty Malcom (Elizabeth Winston Todd)
Horace Bryan

"2. While working at the Tennessee Valley Authority, Mr. Remington was further associated with most of the following persons, whom I believe to have been members of the Communist Party, although I have no specific recollection in respect to their membership:

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"Burton J. Zien
Francis Martin
David Stone Martin
Harry ("Chick") Alber

"Mr. Remington's association with these persons was due both to his own membership in the Communist Party, and to his participation in other activities in Knoxville. The period specifically under consideration is from December, 1936, when I joined the Communist Party, through the Spring of 1937.

"I am willing to testify to the above before a Loyalty Hearing Board.

/s/ Howard Allen Bridgman

Frederick M. Connors
Special Agent, FBI
Boston, Mass., 5/11/50."

On May 11, 1950 BRIDGEMAN also turned over to Special Agent CONNORS a carbon copy of a memorandum entitled "Minutes, Current Events Class, June 18, 1937. Topic - Spain." BRIDGEMAN advised he had located instant memorandum among his personal effects. A photostatic copy of this memorandum is being made exhibit A to instant report in that it reflects that one BILL REMINGTON was residing at the TODD address.

This same memorandum reflects M. TODD resided at 1825 Highland Avenue, who, according to BRIDGEMAN, appears to be identical with MERWIN "PAT" TODD, organizer of the TVA Communist Party Branch at Knoxville, Tennessee, as set forth in Professor BRIDGEMAN's statement of May 11, 1950.

BRIDGEMAN advised that due to the passage of time he was unable to identify either the origin, aims or purposes of the Current Events class set forth above. He was unable to furnish information as to whether or not REMINGTON had been a member of this class. He had no recollection as to whether or not the Current Events class was identified with the Communist Party, a Communist front group or otherwise.

BRIDGEMAN, on May 11, 1950, advised he had no recollection of a post office box 1692, Knoxville, being used by the Communist Party in that city during 1936-1937. BRIDGEMAN stated that if such a post office box had been used he has no recollection of being in any way identified with it.

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Under date of May 9, 1950, Professor BRIDGMAN visited the Boston Office, at which time he was interviewed by Special Agents ROBERT G. LAWRENCE and reporting Agent. He identified the following individuals from photographs which were made available to him:

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
HENRY C. HART
CHRISTINE EVERSOLE
MABLE C. ABERCROMBIE
MURIEL SPEARE

The foregoing individuals, it is noted, are identified by BRIDGMAN in his signed statement of May 11, 1950 as being members of the Communist Party in Knoxville in 1936-37.

In addition, BRIDGMAN also identified from photographs DAVID STONE MARTIN, BURTON J. ZIEN AND FRANCIS MARTIN. These latter individuals are identified in the same signed statement of Professor BRIDGMAN as being persons whom he believes to have been members of the Communist Party, although he has no specific recollection in respect to their membership.

Professor BRIDGMAN was interviewed on June 6, 1950 by Special Agent RICHARD W. DOW and reporting Agent. On this occasion BRIDGMAN advised that he was sure his recruitment into the Communist Party took place in either December, 1936 or in January, 1937. He was sure that PAT TODD was the individual who recruited him into the Communist Party at Knoxville, Tennessee. According to BRIDGMAN's recollection, when he first joined, the Communist Party unit consisted of PAT TODD, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, a girl whom he cannot describe or identify with any degree of certainty at this time, but whom he thinks could have been BETTY MALCOLM, CHRISTINE EVERSOLE or possibly KIM RUGGLES. BRIDGMAN stated he would not make any definite statement as to who this girl was. According to BRIDGMAN's best recollection, some of the earlier meetings were conducted at the home of this girl. The fourth member of this Communist Party unit was Professor BRIDGMAN.

BRIDGMAN stated he could recall a meeting which took place at the home of PAT TODD on Broadway, Knoxville, probably prior to May, 1937, at which time only HORACE BRYAN, PAT TODD and himself were present. BRIDGMAN recalls that at this meeting at PAT TODD's it was warm, the windows were open and the landlady was apparently on the porch listening. He recalls Daily Workers being on the table.

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BRIDGMAN further states that at least one of the Communist Party meetings took place at 1905 Prospect Place, Knoxville, Tennessee, which must have been in either July or August, 1937. His recollection of this meeting is of the group in a circle and that both girls and men were present.

BRIDGMAN produced a letter on the letterhead of the Highlander Folk School of Monteagle, Tennessee, dated March 27, 1937, reflecting that one JAMES DOMBROWSKI was forwarding a check in the amount of \$25 to HORACE BRYAN at the request of BRIDGMAN, representing BRYAN's first month's salary. BRIDGMAN states this was in connection with a class sponsored by the American Federation of Government Employees, Education Committee, of which he, BRIDGMAN, was chairman. He recalls that prior to BRYAN's appearance, arrangements to have him teach had been maneuvered by the Communist Party at Knoxville, Tennessee. A possibility exists, although BRIDGMAN has no recollection of such, that REMINGTON may have had some knowledge of this incident.

BRIDGMAN also had in his effects a personal check drawn on the Park National Bank of Knoxville, Tennessee in the amount of \$20 dated January 6, 1937 payable to WILLIAM REMINGTON and endorsed by WILLIAM REMINGTON. In addition to the cancelled check, BRIDGMAN has retained the check book. A notation in BRIDGMAN's check book reflects the words, "New Years Trip," in connection with instant check.

BRIDGMAN advised he recalled TED WELLMAN, whom he identified as a Communist Party organizer, reprimand REMINGTON on one occasion for being too intellectual. BRIDGMAN, however, was unable to furnish details as to the time or place of this specific incident.

BRIDGMAN states he has a recollection of REMINGTON at a Communist Party meeting. His specific recollection of this incident is only of REMINGTON being present and talking very earnestly concerning some matter which BRIDGMAN is however, unable to further identify due to the passage of time.

With reference to meetings held at the home of BETTY MCCONNELL, it is BRIDGMAN's impression that Communist Party meetings were held there. BRIDGMAN is, however, somewhat vague concerning BETTY MCCONNELL and states that his initial identification of this individual occurred at the time a photo was exhibited to him by an investigator of the House Committee on Un-American Activities prior to

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his appearance at Washington, D. C., on May 4, 1950. In this connection BRIDGMAN advised that he "guessed" McCONNELL was the individual at whose home some of the Communist Party meetings were held.

Boston, by teletype dated June 6, 1950, requested the Chicago Office to locate and interview KATHERINE BUCKLES SCHRYDER, alias Kit Schryder. According to information furnished by ANN MOOS REINGTON to the Washington Field Office, May 17-19, 1950, KIT BUCKLES SCHRYDER was the individual who recruited REINGTON into the Communist Party at Knoxville, Tennessee. It is noted that BRIDGMAN recalls that KIT BUCKLES was a member of the Communist Party when he met her in New York City, probably in October, 1937. BRIDGMAN states he has no mental picture of this individual whom he refers to as KIT BUCKLES as being a member of the TVA Communist Party unit at Knoxville. BRIDGMAN suggested that one JAMES MOOREHEAD or MOORHEAD, whose last known address was either 214 Center Street, Jefferson Street or 905 Garfield Avenue, Belvidere, Illinois, knew both BRIDGMAN and KIT BUCKLES well while they were employed by TVA. BRIDGMAN stated that MOOREHEAD had returned to Illinois in 1936 or 1937. He said that MOOREHEAD could possibly furnish information regarding KIT BUCKLES which might be of assistance in instant investigation.

By teletype dated June 6, 1950, the Chicago Office advised that JAMES E. MOORHEAD, R.D. 1, Popular Grove, Illinois, had been interviewed. MOORHEAD indicated that although he had been associated socially with BUCKLES and BRIDGMAN while the latter were employed in TVA at Knoxville, he could not furnish any factual information concerning Communist Party activity in the Knoxville area in 1936-1937.

ANN MOOS REINGTON furnished information to agents of the Washington Field Office on May 17 and 19, 1950 to the effect that she and REINGTON had taken a trip to Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1938 for the purpose of attending a Student Union convention held at Harvard. At Harvard she met two of REINGTON's friends who were Communists. One of these individuals she identified as BOONE SCHIRMER and another as DAVID BRADLEY. The Harvard Alumni Directory fails to reflect a DAVE or DAVID BRADLEY attending Harvard in 1938.

Mr. [unclear]

REPORT
of the

FBI
LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON - D. C.

June 16, 1950

To: SAC, Washington

There follows the report of the FBI Laboratory on the examination of evidence received from your office on June 15, 1950.

Re: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE
LGE

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

YOUR FILE NO. 101-2372
FBI FILE NO. 121-6159
LAB. NO. D-118005 ET

Examination requested by: Washington

Reference: Letter dated 6/14/50

Examination requested: Document

Letter dated July 21, 1948, and a two-page letter bearing stamped date August 13, 1948, bearing the known handwriting of WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON. Sheet of white paper bearing known handwriting of ANN REMINGTON, dated June 13, 1950.

Result of Examination:

It has been concluded that the handwritten letter reproduced on page 10 of the May 7, 1949, issue of "New Masses" was not written by WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, whose additional known handwriting is listed above as K3, or by ANN REMINGTON, whose known handwriting is listed above as K4.

Specimens K3 and K4 have been photographed and are returned herewith.

New York - SPECIAL DELIVERY

RECORDED
JUN 18 1950

JUL 19 1950
JUL 19 1950

MAILED 17
JUN 16 1950

RECEIVED
JUN 16 1950

Sub
[Signature]

RECORDED
6-15-50
11

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
COMMERCE
LGE

File # 121-6159-795
Lab. # D-118005 ET

NO LAB. FILE

Examination requested by: Washington Field (101-2372)

Date of reference communication: Let. 6-14-50

Date Received: 6-15-50

Examination requested: Doc.

Result of Examination:

Examination by: *Hebb*
6/16/50

No ident Q 2 with K1-3 and with K4

Specimens submitted for examination

- K3 Letter dated July 21, 1948, and a two-page letter bearing stamped date August 13, 1948, bearing the known hw. of WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON.
- K4 Sheet of white paper bearing known handwriting of ANN REMINGTON, dated June 13, 1950.

RETURN K3.

cc. New York

*Lab. Ref.
New York
6/16/50*

12

April 27

Dear Joe When we got married
 were given this to put bank money
 day think for not always agree
 New Good Tom and Helen your
 P.S. About day civil

K 3 - Dear Joe & you, to meet period
 of my the day bank hours
 George August
 June civil getting

14. Dear Tom when we got married
 were given this put bank raising
 day think not always appear
 New hases God Tom & Helen
 P.S. About - civil day

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: *William Walter Remington*
Commer
K.G.E.

File # *121-6159-295*
Lab. # *D118005 ET*

Examination requested by: *WFO (101-2372)*

Date of reference communication: *Let. 6-14-50*

Date Received: *6-15-50*

Examination requested: *Doc*

Result of Examination:

Examination by: *Bradley*

no ident Q2 with K1 → K3 + K4

6-16-50
WWTB

Specimens submitted for examination

- K2*
- K3*
- K4*

Compare Q2 with K1 → K4

April 27, 1940

92 Dear Joe -

When we got married we were given this to put in a bank for good luck to you of is

15-100 Dear June

July 21, 1948

When we got married we were given this to put in a bank for good luck to you of is

no ident

14

Dear Joe

April 27 1940

When we got married we were given this to put in a bank for good luck to you of is

no ident