

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

Subject: William W. Remington

File Number: 70-22845

Section: PART 1 OF 2



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NOTICE

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DEATH OF

WILLIAM W. REMINGTON

838 Pages

PART ONE OF TWO

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : A. H. BELMONT

DATE: November 24, 1954

FROM : G. C. ROBB

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY;
ROBERT CARL PARKER;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - ASSAULT
PRESS INQUIRY CONCERNING

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Quinn Tamm _____
Nease _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

Mr. Anthony Lewis of the Washington "Daily News" (phone District 7-7777) called at 7:25 a.m., 11-24-54. He asked if the Bureau could elaborate on the statement made by the Warden of Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, Penitentiary yesterday to the effect that the FBI had fairly well established the identity of Remington's assailants.

ACTION:

I told Mr. Lewis I would check and return his call. Pursuant to instructions of Mr. Wick, I advised Mr. Lewis at 7:30 a.m., 11-24-54, that the Bureau has no current other than we are investigating because it involves an alleged crime on a Government reservation.

Best copies
AWA.

GCR:dmd

(7)

Mr. Belmont

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Wick

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Richardt (Rm. 5722)

Mr. Robb

SE-30

RECORDED - 43

INDEXED - 43

SAUS

70-22845-1

21 DEC 2 1954

EVIDENCE RECEIPT FORM

To be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory

Submitting agency SAC, Philadelphia

Delivered by SA [redacted] **b7c**

Suspect Robert Carl Parker and George Junior McCoy

Date 11/25/54

Victim Wm. W. Remington

Accepted by [redacted] **b7c**

Offense CGR - MURDER

Lab # PC-40223 B0

Place and date Lewisburg Penitentiary 11/22/54
BRIEF FACTS COVERING CASE

Any previous examinations this case? Evidence now located in room # 7125

Report to be directed to

70-22845

Returned to if any expeditious handling is necessary

EVIDENCE

SE 21

70-22845-2

70-22845-2

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *Rem*

DATE: November 22, 1954

FROM : F. L. Price *flp*

Call: 3:04 p.m.

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM;
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION. (ASSAULT)

Handwritten routing slip with initials and checkmarks.

SAC Norman McCabe called from Philadelphia with further reference to the assault which was committed this morning on William Walter Remington, a Federal prisoner at the Lewistown, Pennsylvania, Penitentiary. Agents have determined that there were five lacerations on Remington's head. He has been talking incoherently, is in a semi-unconscious condition at the present time, and cannot be interviewed. There was bleeding as a result of this attack.

Remington was found on a stairway in Building I (Eye) between the first and second floors. Remington is incarcerated in Cell 32 on the third floor of Building I. He performed his required work on the night shift in the prison hospital and was released at eight o'clock this morning. He then customarily went to his cell and was allowed to sleep. Blood has been located in his cell but no weapon has been found. The presence of blood in the cell tends to indicate that he neither fell nor was pushed down the stairs but was attacked in his cell and carried to the steps.

No immediate suspects were developed. Few leads have been obtained from the prison authorities. One medical technician suggested that [redacted] who has lived in the same dormitory with Remington, be interviewed. This is being done. *b7c*

McCabe was instructed to submit a teletype summary of the results of the investigation to the Bureau this evening. He was also instructed to have Agents available in event Remington is in position subsequently to make any statements.

[redacted] was also instructed by Mr. Wick in Mr. Nichols that if press inquiries are received he should answer by stating that the FBI was conducting an investigation of this assault on a Government reservation.

RECORDED

70-22845-3

NOV 24 1954

Handwritten notes and signatures at bottom left.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI Attn: FBI Laboratory

DATE: 11/29/54

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia (70-523)

SUBJECT: ^DGEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
OGR - MURDER

Re: SA [REDACTED] Phila., 11/25/54.

There is being forwarded under separate cover, via registered mail, one black, Eversharp ballpoint pen, with a gold plated cap, which was found in Dormitory I, Room 39 (subjects' room), U.S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., on 11/22/54.

It is believed that this pen is identical to the pen owned by victim and referred to in signed statement of inmate [REDACTED] dated 11/25/54 and set out in rerep. It is noted that this pen is flat on one side which was probably caused by sanding. b7C

It is requested that this pen be examined to determine if there is any indication that REMINGTON's name has been sanded out.

After completion of this examination this pen should be returned to the Philadelphia Office.

WGH:ERG

cc: Package - REGISTERED MAIL
(3-Bu;1-PH)

RECORDED-45

103

COPIES DESTROYED

70-22845-4

DEC 9 1954

RECEIVED 3, 1954
SAC, PHILADELPHIA (70-523)

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COT, WED, STAL; WILLIAM WALTER HENNINGTON - VICTIM;
COR-UNION. NUMBER 11-29-54. NO SOLICITED MARKINGS RESTORED IN
ABRADED AREA OF PLASTIC BODY OF EVERSHARP BALL-POINT PEN. COULD
NOT BE DETERMINED IF HENNINGTON'S NAME HAD BEEN ON PEN ORIGINALLY.
PEN BEING FORWARDED YOUR OFFICE UNDER SEPARATE COVER BY REGISTERED
MAIL. RUC.

HOOVER

70-22845
LML:lo

RECORDED 19

(6 copies)

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70-22845-

70-22845-14

RECEIVED
COMM - FBI
DEC 3 1954
MAILED 31

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 12-3-54 rlo Laboratory Work Sheet

EXPEDITE....

Re: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CCR - MURDER

File # 70-22845 - *f*
Lab. # PC-40307 CW

Examination requested by: SAC, Philadelphia (70-523)

Date of reference communication: Let 11-29-54

Date received: 12-1-54
PM

Examination requested: Number Restoration

Result of Examination:

Examination by: [REDACTED]

See - attached sheet

b7c

Specimens submitted for examination

Q32 One ~~EMERY~~ Eversharp ball point pen containing an abraded area

70-22845-

*12-1-54
12-1-54
12-1-54*

4

PC-4030

Remainder of notes written with my pen the cartridge
mark of the pen has printed on it
R. J. SHARP - KIMBERLY

CAD NOT SKETCHED

AGREED BY
PARTIAL FLATTENED

Microscopic examination of the bullet revealed
to have been scratched. I did not reveal the location
of any inscription. The location of the
inscribed area with the characteristic
mark of my and I did not reveal any mark

of the bullet. I did not reveal any mark
of the bullet. I did not reveal any mark

for identification purposes. I did not reveal any mark
of the bullet. I did not reveal any mark

75-
932
#0-22845-

TO : MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

DATE: 11/24/54

FROM : A. ROSEN

SUBJECT: ASSAULT OF WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
CRIME ON A GOVERNMENT RESERVATION -
ASSAULT, MURDER

SAC McCabe, Philadelphia, called to advise me that Remington died at 7:30 a.m. this morning. He never regained consciousness consequently the Agents never had a chance to talk with him.

With reference to current developments, the key to the solution of the assault case before the death of Remington would have hinged upon the information which Remington would be able to give. The only other information bearing upon the action taken by the persons who assaulted Remington comes from Louis Cagle who was also in the area where the two suspects and Remington were confined.

Cagle has given a signed statement which in substance implicates the two suspects, George Junior McCoy and Robert Carl Parker. It is recalled that Cagle indicated that he is to be released on December 6 and was greatly concerned about his personal welfare. He indicated if the information he furnished got out he would probably be physically harmed. The two suspects were supposed to have put a brick in a sock and gone over to the area where Remington was resting and there had beaten him. Cagle actually didn't see it but it was in a room across the hall, saw the fellows leave, and then heard the commotion later. The entire area where Remington, the two suspects and Cagle are confined is somewhat of a dormitory style with rooms. McCabe stated that each room is not barred but the area is enclosed. It is recalled the two suspects, Cagle and Remington all were on the night shift working from 12 midnight to 8:00 a.m. and were resting at the time the attack took place which was estimated to be about 10:30 a.m. in the morning. There were four Agents working on the case.

ACTION TAKEN

SAC McCabe is going up to Lewisburg this morning to check into the matter immediately and take personal charge.

McCabe was instructed to communicate immediately with the Senior Resident Agent and talk to him about the possibility of filing a complaint. This might have a proper psychological reaction as far as the public is concerned inasmuch as there will be considerable

70-22845-5

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

inquiry concerning this matter. I discussed this phase with McCabe and the statement given by the informant, Cagle, is damaging. I instructed that the evidence which they obtained, that is a sock and a brick, which were both located, be brought in personally by Special Agents. This is being handled this morning. The Agents will personally drive in to the Bureau and wait for the results of the examination.

After McCabe has a chance to discuss the information obtained from the informant with the Senior Resident Agent, I asked that he call me back in order that we could determine whether there is sufficient information to discuss this matter with the U. S. Attorney and get out an authorized complaint for murder against the two suspects. I informed Mr. McCabe that I did not want to give him the impression that we were desirous of prematurely presenting the matter to the U. S. Attorney but that it was felt it would be important to make this decision as early as possible inasmuch as there are few persons who would be in a position to add much to the information already obtained. This information, briefly, comes from the informant and from an individual who was in the room adjoining the area where Remington was assaulted. This person in the adjoining room has only been able to state that he heard some commotion in the adjoining room. That is all he is able to furnish so far. This individual is one [REDACTED] b7C

Mr. McCabe indicates that so far a definite motive for the assault could not be pinned down except that some time ago an inmate named [REDACTED] had indicated that he heard the two suspects state that they hated Commies and they were going to get one for themselves. McCabe was not certain that this information can be clearly attributed to the suspects. b7C

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

The decision concerning the question of filing the complaint will be pressed for early action this morning.

McCabe will personally go into this matter at Lewisburg in order to check any statements and to insure that all persons are exhaustively interviewed.

This matter will be closely followed.

ADDENDUM - 10:13 AM - 11:15

McCabe, after talking to the Resident Agent. It appears that the statement obtained from the informant is sufficient to warrant presentation of this case to the U. S. Attorney. The substantive information to the effect that the informant saw the two suspects in the room which was occupied by the informant and the two suspects. S

Memorandum for Mr. Boardman

They left with a sock and half of a red brick in the sock which was described as a white sock. A short time later, approximately five minutes, they returned. Although the suspects were not seen to enter Remington's room, the informant heard considerable commotion and upon their return the suspect McCoy had the white sock in his hand. The toe of the sock appeared bloody. McCoy took the red brick out of the sock, handed it to Parker, the other suspect. Parker left the room with the brick and returned after disposing of it. McCoy flushed the sock down the commode. The sock and the brick have both been recovered and are en route to the Bureau for Laboratory examination.

I recommend that McCabe discuss this immediately with the U. S. Attorney and if authorization is granted that McCabe be authorized to make a statement to the press that an authorized complaint is being filed today with reference to this matter. Informant's name need not be mentioned.

Amel H. H. H.
11-24/54

yes & done.
K

70-22840-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 23 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Gandy	

WASH 1 FROM PHILA

1-30 AM

FBI

DIRECTOR

URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ROBERT CARL PARKER, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
CRIME IN ENVIRONMENT RESERVATION
DASH VICTIM, CCR DASH ASSAULT. RE MY TELEPHONE CALL TO MR. PRICE
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO LAST. INVESTIGATION DISCLOSES REMINGTON ASSAULTED
WITH BLUNT INSTRUMENT IN I THREE QUARTERS, ROOM THREE TWO USE
APPROXIMATELY NINE THIRTY AM NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO. DR. LEON C. WITKIN,
CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER STATES REMINGTON HAS FIVE OR MORE
STILLING AND RAGGED LACERATIONS LEFT SIDE OF HEAD. REMINGTON BLEEDING
AT MOUTH AT FIRST AND POSSIBLY FROM LEFT EAR. CONDITION SERIOUS.
POSSIBLE FRACTURE OF CARIETAL BONE AND BASE OF SKULL. REMINGTON
UNCONCIOUS BUT RESTING WELL. INMATES ADVISED THAT REMINGTON AND HIS
ASSOCIATES HAVE BEEN BURGLARIZED ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS WITHIN PAST FEW
MONTHS FOR SPITE AS REMINGTON IS DISLIKED AND IS CALLED A "COMMUNIST"
"WAGGON". ONE SMALL BOTTLE CONTAINING MATCH HEADS USED TO
MAKE SMALL BOMB LOCATED IN SUBJECTS ROOM AND TWO KITCHEN KNIVES WITH
TAPE AROUND HANDLE FOUND IN CONNODIE IN SUBJECTS ROOM. INMATE LEWIS
CAGLE JR. ROOM MATE OF SUBJECTS ADVISED MC COY AND PARKER ASSAULTED
REMAINING IN REMINGTONS QUARTERS WITH PART OF RED BRICK IN A WHITE
SOCK WHILE HE WAS IN BED. CAGLE SAW MC COY WITH THE SOCK ENTER
ROOM AND STATED PARKER ENTERED SAME APPARENTLY AS LOOKOUT
REMAINING REMINGTON BEING BATTERED WITH THIS WEAPON AND LATER

RECORDED-67

EX-130

NOV 24 1954

cc Rosen

PAGE TWO

SAW MC COY AND PARKER RETURN TO THEIR QUARTERS WITH BLOODY SOCK.
MC COY THEN FLUSHED SOCK DOWN COMMODE AND WASHED BLOOD OFF RED BRICK.
BRICK GIVEN TO PARKER WHO TOOK IT TO NORTHERN PART OF I WING. CAGLE
SCHEDULED FOR RELEASE DECEMBER SIX, FIFTYFOUR AND IS FURNISHING SIGNED
STATEMENT AND IS WILLING TO TESTIFY AGAINST SUBJECTS. REMINGTON'S
QUARTERS LOCKED UP AND WILL BE EXAMINED TODAY. HE WILL BE INTERVIEWED
WHEN PHYSICALLY ABLE. INVESTIGATION CONTINUING.

MC CABE

END AND ACK

PH R 1 WA JCD

DSC

70-22845-

6

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *213*

DATE: November 22, 1954

FROM : F. L. Price *418*

Call: 2:06 p.m.

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECT;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM;
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION (ASSAULT) *✓*

Tolson	
Boardman	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Parsons	
Rosen	
Tamm	
Nease	
Glavin	
Ladd	
Nichols	
Tracy	
Harbo	
Gandy	

SAC McCabe called from Philadelphia to report that shortly before noon today William Walter Remington was assaulted by an unknown person at the Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, Penitentiary where Remington is confined as an inmate. It will be recalled that Remington in the past has been the subject of an extensive loyalty and perjury investigation conducted by the FBI. He was formerly employed as the Director of the Export Program Staff, Office of International Trade, in the Department of Commerce until he resigned in June of 1950.

Remington was tried twice for perjury. He was convicted in his first trial in 1951 in the Southern District of New York on a charge of having perjured himself in denying before the Federal Grand Jury that he had ever been a member of the Communist Party. The Circuit Court of Appeals reversed this conviction on the ground that the court's charge to the jury had been improper.

Remington was tried and convicted of perjury a second time, January 27, 1953. At this second trial it was established that he committed perjury when he denied that he had ever given confidential information to Elizabeth Bentley, who was engaged in Soviet espionage, and furthermore that he perjured himself when he denied that he knew of the existence of the Young Communist League at Dartmouth College in 1930. He was sentenced on February 4, 1953, to three years' imprisonment.

SAC McCabe stated that Remington is reported as suffering from a concussion and may possibly have a skull fracture. He is conscious, however. The name of the assailant and the weapon used were unknown to McCabe at the time of his call.

McCabe wanted to report this matter to the Bureau in view of the considerable publicity which has been given to Remington in the past and to advise that Agents are now at the Lewisburg Penitentiary conducting a Crime on Government Reservation (Assault) investigation. McCabe stated that he would submit additional details to the Bureau as they become known.

RECORDED-49

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 Nichols *213*
 11/22/54
 (5)

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES

GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson

DATE: 11/24/54

From : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: WILLIAM A. REMINGTON-VICTIM
MURDER ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Briggs _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

At 12:45 p.m., 11/24/54, SAC Norman McCabe, Philadelphia, telephonically advised Mr. McGuire of my office that the United States Attorney at Philadelphia had authorized the filing of a complaint against George Junior McCoy [redacted] and Robert Carl Parker, [redacted] charging them with assaulting Remington on 11/22/54 resulting in Remington's death. The specific first degree murder charge on a government reservation will be filed before United States Commissioner Andrew A. [redacted] at Lewisburg by Bureau Agents at approximately 2:00 p.m. this afternoon. The complaint will be under Title 18, Section 1111, the maximum penalty being death.

McCabe had a brief release which he read and which we approved. He was advised to no comment any questions received from the press as to what evidence was had against McCoy and Parker as to whether they had made any admissions or confessions as well as to no comment any inquiries regarding their motive in assaulting Remington. McCabe stated that he would have the Resident Agents at Lewisburg locate the Commissioner and call him back when they were at his office and then he would at that time make the press release to the wire services in Philadelphia and to the local papers. He was advised to make sure the local paper covering Lewisburg was also informed.

McCabe stated he had practically no information in the Philadelphia Office as to the background of McCoy and Parker but that the Investigative Division was checking and would let him know what the backgrounds were inasmuch as both subjects were incarcerated as a result of Interstate Transportation of Stolen Motor Vehicle charges. McCabe, accordingly, was transferred directly to Mr. Rosen's Office which advised that they had the 26 files on the two subjects and were reviewing the same to get the pertinent background information.

70-22845-8
SAC McCabe advised Rosen that he has data from [redacted] to fill in the background [redacted]
21 NOV 29 1954

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

10

Mr. Tolson

DATE: November 26.

FROM **2**

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

LEWIS CAGNE, JR.
ROBERT CARL PARKER
GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY
WILLIAM REMINGTON - VICTIM
MURDER ON A GOVERNMENT RESERVATION

With reference to the above-captioned matter, SAC McCabe of Philadelphia in making his press release this morning regarding the filing of a complaint against subject Cagle specifically was authorized to state in his press release, "Cagle admitted that he, McCoy and Parker planned to ransack Remington's private cell in the dormitory of the Northern Federal Penitentiary on the morning of November 22nd. The fatal beating of Remington took place while they were in his room."

The placing of this phraseology in the press release was discussed by McGuire with Mr. Boardman prior to instructing McCabe to use that verbiage, the purpose being to put a stop to the wild speculative stories being written and comments being made on the radio involving Alger Hiss and the references to Remington as a Communist. Prior to McCabe making his release this morning Mr. McGuire cleared this statement with Ed Ethell of Mr. Mullen's Office in the Department, who concurred that it should be stated in our release as it would stop all the speculation regarding the motive for the murder. After the release went out Mr. McGuire at lunch time this afternoon was advised by Mullen that Jim Bennett of the Prison Bureau indicated he was peeved because of the statement made by the Bureau regarding the motive for the murder. Mullen stated that he tied right in to Bennett and blasted him first for holding up a public announcement of the assault until noon of the day after the assault took place and that number two, if he just read the editorial "Murder at Lewisburg" in this morning's Washington Post he would realize the FBI had performed a good service for the Prison Bureau. Thirdly, he told him that if nothing had been said about the motive, Bennett would be in the position of having to answer for speculative charges not only made about retaliation against Communists in his own Prison Bureau, but also speculation which had been rampant about the prisons being run by various gangs which accusations could well lead to a Congressional inquiry into his handling of the Bureau's Prisons. Mullen stated that he had been told by Bennett that he was

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RECORDED-41

DEC 1 1964

70-22845-9

CC

CC-

THE

1000

He is a general of energy & his job
as he does it with energy after
ambition & his own way.

Murder at Lewisburg

Apart from the other unfortunate aspects of the murder of William W. Remington at Lewisburg Penitentiary, it will serve as a black mark against the United States in the eyes of its critics abroad. Remington was convicted of a serious crime against the United States; and for that he was being punished. But he deserved a kind of protection which the Government did not give him. His death at the hands of two other inmates will be grist for Communist propaganda, and it will be a club for those who wish to believe that this country has sinned the Communists in its treatment of men such persons regard as political prisoners.

The reticence of the Department of Justice and the Federal Bureau of Prisons to give the whole story did not help the case—though the FBI, fortunately, has charged two men with being the assailants. It remained for Remington's lawyer and his widow, however, to disclose what actually happened. Remington, it seems, was beaten to death not because of any ideological animosities, as might first have been suspected, but simply because he had become associated as a dormitory mate with a small group of prisoners who had for some reason incurred the hostility of another group.

That such a thing could have happened certainly implies an administrative neglect. Lewisburg is usually regarded as a model prison of the "minimal security" class. It is a prison for short-term convicts who are expected to give no great trouble during their confinement and therefore can be allowed a more wholesome environment and a less rigid regimen than is practicable or safe in such prisons as, say, Leavenworth or Alcatraz. Remington, as is now disclosed, belonged to the category of "honor prisoners," who are not locked up in their dormitories during sleeping hours and who even are permitted to have private lockers for their personal belongings.

But if the statements of Remington's lawyer and

widow are correct, there are other convicts at Lewisburg who should never have been permitted to remain in a "minimal security" prison. In his letters, it is said, Remington told of bitterness and trouble between rival cliques of prisoners and even of acts of violence. On one occasion the dormitory was invaded and a mattress set afire. On another, lockers were smashed and robbed. Remington said he had learned by the prison grapevine that his dormitory mates had incurred the jealousy or displeasure of the "ruling clique" at the prison and were marked for vengeance. He even mentioned the desire of the well-behaved prisoners for more guards to protect them.

The tragedy of William Remington thus is complete. He was one of a number of gifted young men of his generation for whom the greatest fallacy of the modern world—communism—possessed a disastrous fascination; and it led him eventually into a morass of treachery and deceit. The judge who sentenced him observed that he already had been heavily punished for his folly in the ruin of a promising career. The sad manner in which his life ended cannot help but arouse compassion. His murder leaves two gnawing questions: What is to be done about the evidence of a serious defect in the Federal system of screening and assigning prisoners? And why is it that the Government, which had sent Remington to prison, was unable to provide him, even in prison, with reasonable protection for his life?

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Washington Post and Times Herald
November 26, 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 23 1954

TELETYPE

WASHINGTON 6 FROM PHILADELPHIA

DIRECTOR.....U R G E N T

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY SEMICOLON ROBERT CARL PARKER SEMICOLON

WALTER REMINGTON DASH VICTIM SEMICOLON CGR DASH ASSAULT.

INSTANT. REMINGTON STILL ON CRITICAL LIST AND UNABLE TO BE INTERVIEWED.

MC COY HAS FBI NUMBER [REDACTED] PARKER HAS

FBI NUMBER [REDACTED] BOTH INCARCERATED ON

ITSMV CHARGES. PARKER INTERVIEWED TODAY AND DENIES CRIME. A BRICK

HAS BEEN RECOVERED WHICH MAY BE WEAPON USED; HOWEVER, NO SIGN

OF BLOOD ON IT. INVESTIGATION CONTINUING AND BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED

OF DEVELOPMENTS.

RECORDED-91

END

MC CABE

END AND ACK PLS

NO HOLD AFTER ACK

EX-104

70-22845-10

NOV 29 1954

10

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

November 24, 1954

1:42

Mr. Rosen advises that the United States Attorney has authorized SAC McCabe to file process against the two subjects in the Remington--Lewisburg matter. Complaint will be filed this afternoon and the matter of a press statement has been discussed with Mr. McGuire in Mr. Nichols' office.

eff

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Boardman ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Belmont ✓
Mr. Harbo ✓
Mr. Mohr ✓
Mr. Parsons ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Tamm ✓
Mr. Jones ✓
Mr. Sizoo ✓
Mr. Winterrowd ✓
Tele. Room ✓
Mr. Holloman ✓
Miss Holmes ✓
Miss Gandy ✓

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11

70-22845-11

SE 4.5

70-22845-

68 DEC 6 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 26 1954

TELETYPE

11-26-54

WASH 4 FROM PHILADELPHIA

DIRECTOR

URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM, CSE
MURDER. REMYTEL NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST. FACTS CONCERNING INMATE
LOUIS CAGLE, JR., PRESENTED USA J. JULIUS LEVY, SCRANTON, PA., AND
AUTHORIZED COMPLAINT CHARGING CAGLE WITH VIOLATION SECTION ONE ONE ONE
ONE, TITLE EIGHTEEN, USC, FILED BEFORE USC ANDREW A. LEIBER, JR., LEWIS-
BURG, PA., NINE A.M., THIS DATE. MC COY REINTERVIEWED THIS DATE AND
NO ADMISSION OBTAINED. PERSONAL EFFECTS OF MC COY, PARKER, CAGLE, AND
VICTIM REMINGTON, TOGETHER WITH CLOTHING WORN BY REMINGTON AND SUBJECT

WAS TAKEN BY ASSAULT ON NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST BY SA [REDACTED] FOR

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Sizoo	_____
Mr. Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

RECORDED 45

70-22845-67d

70-22845-71

EX-124

21 NOV

Invoice of Contents from
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Date Nov. 27, 1954.

Case References ROBERT CARL PARKER, et al
WILLIAM W. REMINGTON, Victim
COB - MURDER

Consigned to: SAC, Philadelphia

Personal visit by SA [redacted] on 11/26/54

and also on 11/24/54

List of Contents

61-542065

Q1 through Q80
K1 through K3

2 phgs.
Q37 thru Q49 in
one phg. Rest in
other.

Ret. 11/29/54 PPD

11/27/54

Mr. Tamm, 7625
Mr. Parsons, 7121
Mr. Bowles, 7601
Mr. Conrad, 7142
Mr. Downing, 6228
Mr. Beach, 7121
Mr. Deiss, 6306

PC 40223, 30
PC-40226 30

RAILWAY EXPRESS

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Mail Room, place date of shipment and register number; Shipping
Room, show date of shipment, bill of lading number and initial this invoice, then
initial it by person whose name is checked in column at right. After this checked,
if not initialed, invoice should be placed in administrative file.

21-22845

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 11/29/54 ml

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: ROBERT CARL PARKER, GEORGE JUNIOR
MCCOY and LEWIS CAGLE, JR., Suspects
WILLIAM W. HENNINGTON, Victim
CCR - MURDER

File #
Lab. # FO-40226 30

Examination requested by: SAC, Philadelphia (70-523)

Date of reference communication: Pers visit 11/26

Date received 11/26 pers del by
SA [REDACTED]

Examination requested: Chemical - Microscopic - Fingerprint

Result of Examination: 1 - 27-54

Examination by: [REDACTED] b7C

Specimens submitted for examination

Items Belonging to Victim

- Q32 Pair of white shorts
- Q33 Blue work shirt
- Q34 Pocket watch, "New Haven" brand
- Q35 Tobacco can, "Sir Walter Raleigh" brand, containing ten cigarettes
- Q36 Pillowcase used as container for victim's effects.

Clothing worn by LEWIS CAGLE, JR. On November 22, 1954

- Q37 Pair of black shoes
- Q38 Pair of white shorts
- Q39 Pair of blue prison trousers
- Q40 Blue shirt
- Q41 White web belt bearing the name "CARL O. BELLE"
- Q42 Pair of white socks

Other Items Belonging to LEWIS CAGLE, JR.

- Q43 Pair of white socks
- Q44 White shirt
- Q45 White work shirt
- Q46 Pair of white socks

Continued next page

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Q1 Pair of white shorts
Q2 Pair of white shorts
Q3 Pair of white shorts

Items belonging to ROBERT CARL PARKER

Q4 Pair of white shorts
Q5 Green plastic bag with containing soap
Q6 Aluminum cup containing soap
Q7 Portion of white rope

Items belonging to GEORGE JAMES BROWN

Q8 Pair of white shorts
Q9 White undershirt
Q10 Pair of canvas gloves
Q11 White bedsheet
Q12 White bedsheet, with each corner tied in knot
Q13 White personal equipment bag
Q14 Bath robe

70-228

NOVEMBER 29, 1954

SAC, PHILADELPHIA

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ET AL; CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION,
MURDER, 1971. HENRY SA [REDACTED] AT PHILADELPHIA 67C

NOVEMBER TWENTYEIGHT, LAST. 1971 HAS BEEN ADDED TO CHARACTER
OF REFERENCED REPORT. YOUR COPY SHOULD BE CORRECTED. INMATE

[REDACTED], ROOMMATE OF SUBJECTS, SHOULD BE REINTERVIEWED
CONCERNING INMATE [REDACTED] STATEMENT ON PAGE TEN, REFERENCED

REPORT THAT HE NOTICED A SOCK UNDER [REDACTED] BED WITH SOMETHING

IN IT RESEMBLING HALF A BRICK. HIS ACTIVITIES DURING THE PERTINENT
PERIOD SHOULD ALSO BE ASCERTAINED AND ANY STATEMENT HE OVERHEARD

SUBJECTS MAKE SHOULD BE OBTAINED. LEADS SET FORTH SHOULD BE
EXPEDITED AND MC COY SHOULD BE REINTERVIEWED. 67C

RECOVER

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COPIES DESTROYED

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 29 1954

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: 11/30/54

TO : MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

FROM : A. ROSEN

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - ASSAULT, MURDER

SAC McCabe called from Scranton to advise that a signed statement had been obtained from McCoy in which he admitted hitting Remington and participating in the assault.

The Federal Grand Jury at Scranton is to hear the information developed so far in this case. U. S. Attorney Levy is to present the information to the Grand Jury tomorrow at Scranton.

In substance, SAC McCabe states that McCoy indicated that he hated Remington; that he hates Communists; that if it was up to him he would line them up and shoot them all down with a machine gun as you would mow a wheat field. McCoy stated that Remington had been staring at McCoy and this also caused him to hate Remington. He stated that shortly before midnight on November 21, as they were waiting to go to work Remington again stared at McCoy and McCoy moved on to another position. After they finished work the following day, McCoy and Cagle got together in Cagle's room. They sat on Cagle's bed and they then decided that they would go into Remington's room. Cagle had a sock with a brick in it. Cagle hit Remington twice. Cagle was first to enter Remington's room. Cagle was followed by Parker and then McCoy. McCoy states that he hit Remington once. He stated he did not intend to kill Remington but he merely wanted to "mess up his head." Parker, according to McCoy, did not participate in the beating; however, he did not attempt to stop McCoy or Cagle.

MCCOY-22845-13
McCabe stated that he went to Scranton in order to confer with U. S. Attorney Levy and to insure that the statements would be presented properly tomorrow to the Grand Jury. Those who took the statements, of course, will be available in Scranton and they will immediately transcribe and transmit to the Bureau the recent information obtained from McCoy.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

RECORDED-99 170-22845-13

We will follow the action of the Grand Jury tomorrow. McCabe is to let us know of any further developments.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: November 29, 1954

FROM : Mr. Price

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS.;
ROBERT CARD PARKER, WAS.;
LEWIS CAGLE, JR., WAS;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

This is to advise that Philadelphia investigative report of November 28, 1954, concerning the captioned case was received at the Bureau today.

This is the case concerning the assault on victim Remington on November 22, 1954, at the U. S. Penitentiary (USP) Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, by the captioned subjects. Remington is the former Department of Commerce employee who was convicted of perjury in the Southern District of New York and sentenced on February 4, 1953, to serve three years imprisonment. Remington died on November 24, 1954. The three captioned subjects have been charged with violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code (Murder on a Government Reservation). They are presently incarcerated in the USP, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania.

Since there has been some question relative to a motive for this crime, it is felt the following observation will be of interest to you. You will recall, after filing murder charges against subject Cagle on November 26, 1954, SAC McCabe, after clearing with the Bureau, issued a press release to the effect that the subjects planned to ransack Remington's room and the fatal beating took place while they were in his room. The press states this indicated for the first time that robbery was the motive for the slaying. It is recalled further that Cagle has admitted committing this crime with McCoy and Parker while Parker admitted being in Remington's room with McCoy and Cagle during the commission of this crime. McCoy has denied any knowledge of this crime.

In a signed statement of November 25, 1954, Cagle states that during the early hours of November 22, 1954, prior to the assault, McCoy, in conversation with him, stated he hated Remington as he was a Communist and if Cagle would hit Remington a couple of times with the brick in the room in their room, McCoy would hit him too. Parker, in his signed statement of November 24, 1954, stated prior to the return of Remington, McCoy and Cagle, while on their night duties, he stole several bathrobes and commissary items from Remington's room. In their statements both Cagle and Parker state they, with McCoy, decided to return to Remington's room for additional commissary items and if Remington awoke he would be hit in the head. Cagle states he and McCoy, unknown to Parker, agreed that each of

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Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

them would hit Remington regardless of whether he awoke or not.

One inmate in a signed statement of November 25, 1954, states that Parker, Cagle and McCoy had, in the past, made statements that someone ought to knock the Communists heads in and Parker and Cagle made numerous comments that Remington was a Communist.

It would, therefore, appear that perhaps a dual motive is present for this crime; one of robbery of Remington's room for commissary items and one of hatred for Communists which the subjects called Remington.

RECOMMENDATIONS

(1) On November 29, 1954, U. S. Attorney Levy, who authorized prosecution in this case, was attributed to making a statement that "so far he doesn't have the facts concerning the case." SAC McCabe was instructed on November 27, 1954, to furnish Levy a report on the morning of November 29, 1954, and so advise Levy. It is recommended since Levy has apparently received his copy of this report of November 28, 1954, and since in searching Parker's room there was found a contraband knife which is possibly a violation of the Irregularities in Federal Penal Institutions Statute, which type reports are always furnished to the Department, that a copy of this report be furnished to the Criminal Division. A memorandum attaching a copy of this report is attached hereto for this purpose.

(2) It is recommended since this is a murder in a Federal prison and involves a possible violation of the Irregularities in Federal Penal Institutions Statute which type reports are always furnished to the Bureau of Prisons, that a copy of this report of November 28, 1954, be furnished to the Director of the Bureau of Prisons. A copy of the memorandum to the Criminal Division has been designated for the Director of Bureau of Prisons for this purpose. A copy of this report of November 28, 1954, is likewise attached to this copy of the memorandum designated for the Director, Bureau of Prisons.

20-22
7/5/54
12

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *R*

DATE: 11-27-54 *V*

FROM : Mr. Price *JP*

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

The Washington News Service reflected under dateline Scranton, Pennsylvania, 11-27, 2:01 p.m., the following:

"SCRANTON, PA.--U.S. ATTORNEY J. JULIUS LEVY SAID THE GOVERNMENT WOULD ASK THE DEATH PENALTY FOR THREE SUSPECTS ACCUSED OF SLAYING WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON IN HIS PRISON CELL "IF THE FACTS SHOW THE KILLING WAS PREMEDIATED." LEVY, WHO WILL PROSECUTE, SAID THE CASE WOULD GO BEFORE A FEDERAL GRAND JURY RECONVENING HERE WEDNESDAY. HE POINTED OUT THAT SO FAR HE DOESN'T HAVE THE FACTS CONCERNING THE CASE. 11/27--PA201P"

ACTION:

On 11-27-54, at about 3:10 p.m. the above information was telephonically furnished to SA [redacted] on duty in the Philadelphia Office. [redacted] was instructed to insure that a detailed report concerning this investigation be furnished to U. S. Attorney J. Julius Levy no later than Monday morning and further that the Philadelphia Office should telephonically advise Levy that a report would be forthcoming at this time. [redacted] was further instructed that the violation set out in their airtel of 11-25-54, where subject Robert Carl Parker admitted possession of a contraband knife be furnished to the U. S. Attorney so that he will be aware of this violation in the event he desires to also present it along with the other violation to the Federal Grand Jury. It was pointed out to [redacted] that this was a possible violation of irregularities in penal institutions, Sections 1791 and 1792 of Title 18. [redacted] was also instructed to submit 5 copies of the report to reach Bureau by Monday morning, 11-29-54. *b7c*

SA [redacted] advised telephonically at about 4:30 p.m. that he had furnished above information to SAC McCabe and McCabe had ordered agents and Agents to report to the Philadelphia Office to start preparation of the report tonight and the deadline of Monday morning. [redacted] requested the Bureau to forward the criminal records of 3 subjects and also the lab report of the additional [redacted] requested today so that they would have these records for [redacted]

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██████ of the Identification Division and SA ██████ of the Laboratory advised that the above request would be complied with and the records were being mailed tonight, special delivery. b7C

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

ADDENDUM: 11-28-54

SA ██████ telephonically contacted SAC McCabe of the Philadelphia Office at about 3:20 p.m. and McCabe advised the report would be in the mail to the Bureau about 6:00 p.m. this date and that a copy would be forwarded at this same time to U. S. Attorney Levy, special delivery. He said that the report should reach the Bureau early Monday morning as he was sending it special delivery. b7C

Wm
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15

Office Memo.mm • UNITED S

GOVERNMENT

Mr. Rosen

DATE: Nov. 26, 1954

FROM : Mr. Price

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY; ROBERT CARL PARKER;
LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE; WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____

This memorandum is to record action taken based upon recent developments in instant case as reflected in teletype from Philadelphia to Bureau dated 6:00 p.m., 11/25/54.

Referenced teletype reflects that subject Cagle was reinterviewed on 11/25/54 and in signed statement admitted that he, together with subjects Parker and McCoy, entered Remington's room on the morning of 11/22/54 and that he personally struck Remington four blows on left side of head or temple area with brick encased in a sock. Cagle admitted handing the brick to McCoy who also struck Remington one blow on the head. Cagle admitted preconceived plan with McCoy to hit Remington on the head; however, he stated it was Parker's understanding that the three were going into Remington's room to steal items and that Remington would be watched and if he awakened would be beaten on the head.

Parker in signed statement admitted in substance the conspiracy to raid Remington's room and further admitted hearing the two subjects orally agree that victim would be struck on head if awakened. However, Parker claimed he gave statement no credence since Cagle and McCoy were accustomed to making threats of a general nature. Parker confirmed Cagle's admission that Remington was struck by Cagle and McCoy but was unable to state specifically the number of blows. McCoy was reinterviewed but continued to deny any participation or knowledge of killing of Remington. The Bureau was requested to authorize me to discuss with U. S. Attorney J. Julius Levy the statement made by Cagle with view of complaint being filed on morning of November 26, 1954, before U. S. Commissioner, Lewisburg."

At 6:30 p.m., 11/25/54, extra-duty Supervisor, William A. Lamb, telephonically advised Mr. Winterrowd of the aforementioned developments. Mr. Winterrowd suggested advising Mr. Boardman of the recent developments and to obtain from him authority for Mr. McCabe to present the facts pertaining to Cagle to the U. S. Attorney; that sufficient data be obtained to positively identify Cagle and that this information be furnished to Mr. McCabe to form the basis for a press release to be prepared and that the press release be cleared with the Bureau.

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DEC 7 1954

Memo to Mr. Rosen

Mr. Winterrowd suggested contacting Mr. McGuire and me to advise of the recent developments prior to contacting Mr. Boardman. Mr. McGuire and I concurred with the recommendations of Mr. Winterrowd. Mr. McGuire made the suggestion to Mr. Lamb that Mr. McCabe not confer with U. S. Attorney Levy until immediately prior to filing the complaint with the U. S. Commissioner because of the possibility of a leak through the U. S. Attorney.

At 7:15 p.m., 11/25/54, Mr. Lamb contacted Mr. Boardman and furnished the above developments. Mr. Boardman advised that he would immediately telephonically contact Mr. McCabe and furnish him with the necessary instructions.

At 8:00 p.m., 11/25/54, Mr. Boardman contacted Mr. Lamb and advised that Mr. McCabe would not present the recently developed facts pertaining to Cagle to the U. S. Attorney until the morning of 11/26/54.

Mr. Boardman instructed that a positive identification of Cagle be made and that Mr. McCabe be furnished with his Identification Record and information reflected in the Bureau files pertaining to Cagle. Mr. Boardman further directed that Mr. McCabe be advised to prepare a press release and to clear this release with Mr. McGuire so that it would be ready for distribution prior to the filing of a complaint against Cagle.

A review of the indices of the Bureau by Mr. Lamb reflected two investigations involving Cagle under the name of Lewis Junior Cagle, with alias Lewis J. Cagle. The first of these (26-150064) was conducted by the Atlanta and Knoxville Offices and reflected that Cagle was sentenced in U. S. District Court in Chattanooga, Tennessee, to a term of three years on 9/21/51 for violation of the Juvenile Delinquency Act, which violation arose as a result of his participation in the interstate transportation of a stolen motor vehicle. He was released from custody on parole on 7/10/52 which was to expire on 9/20/54. The most recent investigation was conducted by the Knoxville Office (26-166517) reflecting that on 12/4/52 Cagle was taken into Federal custody and charged with violation of Section 2312, Title 18, U. S. Code, in that on or about 11/15/52 he transported from Chattanooga, Tennessee, to Tuscaloosa, Alabama, a stolen automobile. On 12/12/52, he appeared in U. S. District Court, Chattanooga, and entered a plea of guilty to a one count information charging him with violating the Juvenile Delinquency Act. On the same date he received the sentence of fifteen months. 845

Identification Record of Cagle based on data obtained from the Bureau files reflected his FBI Number to be [redacted] and also indicated that he was admitted to U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, on 6/26/54. Six copies of his Identification Record and twelve photographs of Cagle were obtained from the Identification Division. b7C

Memo to Mr. Rosen

Mr. McCabe was contacted by Mr. Lamb at 9:15 p.m., 11/25/54, and McCabe advised that Cagle's FBI Number as obtained from the Lewisburg Penitentiary was [REDACTED] and a positive identification was effected. Mr. McCabe was furnished with the details reflected in the Identification Record of Cagle and background data as obtained from afore-mentioned Bureau files. b7C

Mr. McCabe stated that he would prepare a press release to be ready for distribution prior to the filing of a complaint and that he would clear this release with Mr. McGuire tonight, 11/25/54.

At 10:00 p.m. on the evening of 11/25/54, SA [REDACTED] b7C
FBI Laboratory, advised Mr. Lamb that no pertinent data was developed as the result of an examination of evidence received from the Philadelphia Office at 11:30 p.m., 11/24/54.

100-22040

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 25 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

FBI PHILADELPHIA

11-25-54

3-12 AM

DIRECTOR

U R G E N T

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ROBERT CARL PARKER, LEWIS CAGLE, JR., WILLIAM

WALTER REMINGTON, VICTIM, ^{CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION} CCR - MURDER. REMYTEL CAPTION GEORGE JUNIOR

MC COY, ETAL, ELEVEN, TWENTYTHREE, FIFTYFOUR, AND MY TELEPHONE CONVER-

SATION WITH A. ROSEN YESTERDAY. REMINGTON DIED SEVEN THIRTY EIGHT AM,

ELEVEN, TWENTYFOUR, AUTOPSY PERFORMED AND BODY REMOVED TO TOWNSHIP

FUNERAL HOME, LEWISBURG. WHITE SOCK, POSSIBLY IDENTICAL WITH SOCK USED

IN ASSAULT LOCATED ELEVEN, TWENTYTHREE, BY CORRECTIONAL OFFICER, DIS-

POSAL PLANT, AT UOP. WATCH BEING MAINTAINED FOR OTHER SOCKS. EVIDENTS

MC COY-S AND PARKER-S CLOTHES, TOGETHER WITH PART OF BRICK, SOCK, VIC-

TIM-S BEDDING, LATRACE, T-SHIRT, BLOOD AND HAIR SAMPLES ENROUTE LABORA-

TORY BY SA [REDACTED] FOR LAB EXAMINATION. REMINGTON-S SHIRT

AND SHORTS BEING FORWARDED LATER DATE AS WELL AS CLOTHING WORN BY

CAGLE WHO IS NOW SUBJECT OF THIS CASE. CAGLE GAVE ADDITIONAL WITNES

STATEMENT ELEVEN, TWENTYFOUR, AND SA [REDACTED] NOTED WHITE SOCK CONTAINING

OBJECT HALF SIZE OF BRICK IN BATH ROOM FLOOR [REDACTED] NINE CHARACTERS ON

SUNDAY BEFORE ASSAULT. IDENTIFIED BRICK FROM SHAPE, SIZE, AND LETTERS

APPEARING ON SIDE OF BRICK AS WELL AS INDENTATION OF HALF-MOON NEAR END

OF BRICK, SPECIFICALLY RECALLED HEARING MC COY AND PARKER SAYING THEY

[REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] [REDACTED] IS A COMMUNIST. FURTHER NEAR

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] PARKER AND MC COY

RECORDED 3

EX-125

DEC 1 1954

70-22845-17

PAGE TWO

REPORTED TO BE IN CONVERSATION IN BATHROOM OF QUARTERS FIFTEEN MINUTES
PRIOR TO LEAVING ROOM MORNING OF ASSAULT, HOWEVER, THE CONTENTS NOT
HEARD BY CAGLE. PARKER INTERVIEWED ELEVEN, TWENTYTHREE, DENIED ASSAULT
ON VICTIM, HOWEVER, ADMITTED ENTERING ROOM OF VICTIM MORNING OF ASSAULT
AND STEALING BATHROBES CONTAINING COMMISSARY ITEMS. FURTHER ADMITTED
POSSESSION OF CONTRABAND KNIFE LOCATED IN HIS ROOM ELEVEN, TWENTYTWO,
AND IDENTIFIED SAME. IN SIGNED STATEMENT ELEVEN, TWENTYFOUR, PARKER
DENIED ASSAULT OF VICTIM, ADMITS PRESENCE IN VICTIM'S ROOM TIME OF
ASSAULT, AND ALLEGES HE SAW BOTH CAGLE AND NO BOY STRIKE VICTIM SEVERAL
TIMES WITH SOCK CONTAINING PART OF RED BRICK ON HEAD. CLAIMS HE STOPPED
CAGLE FROM BEATING REMINGTON AND NO BOY THEN GRABBED SOCK AND BEGAN
STRIKING VICTIM. STATES REMINGTON DURING ASSAULT RAISED LEFT ARM TO
WARD OFF BLOWS, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO LIE PROFLUSLY FROM SIDE OF HEAD.
CLAIMS REMINGTON DID NOT MAKE UP OR utter ANY SOUND DURING ASSAULT,
BUT LATER HEARD SOMEONE BELIEVED TO BE REMINGTON CALL FOR OFFICER.
PLACES TIME OF ASSAULT BETWEEN NINE AM TO NINE THIRTY PM, ELEVEN,
TWENTYTWO. ADMITS ATTEMPTING TO CUT SOCK FOR NO BOY TO FALL PART OF
BRICK FROM SOCK AND LATER THREW PART OF SOCK OUT OF CORRIDOR WINDOW ON
TO GROUND. BELIEVES HE CAN IDENTIFY BRICK, WILLING TO IDENTIFY AND
CLAIMS NO PRIOR KNOWLEDGE ASSAULT WAS TO OCCUR. NO BOY INTERVIEWED
SUBJECTS, NEGATIVE, AND BOTH
HAVE NO KNOWLEDGE OF ASSAULT.

70-22845

12 b7C

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

DATE: 11/24/54

FROM : A. ROSEN

SUBJECT: ASSAULT OF WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION,
ASSAULT, MURDER

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Quinn Tamm _____
Nease _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

I called SAC McCabe, Philadelphia, to ascertain the developments this afternoon in the above-entitled matter. He advised me that since his calls this morning and since the press release, which was issued this afternoon, there have been numerous inquiries from various press representatives and there has been considerable press interest in the matter. He indicated that if no unforeseen developments occur he hoped to complete the interviews which have to be conducted tonight. McCabe stated that both subjects have been vigorously interviewed and no admissions have been obtained from them.

McCabe will prepare a detailed teletype to be transmitted tonight submitting the information which they have developed so far during the investigation. McCabe will be at Lewisburg to look this situation over very carefully to be sure that all angles are covered.

The physical evidence being transmitted to the Bureau is en route and just as soon as it arrives at the Bureau it will be examined. It is expected to be received some time this evening. The Laboratory has been alerted. McCabe will call later to advise us of the exact expected arrival time of this evidence. It is recalled the evidence includes the sock and the brick, both of which were utilized in the beating of Remington.

McCabe will keep the Bureau advised of any further developments in the matter.

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NOV 25 1934
TELETYPE

WASHINGTON 1 FROM PHILADELPHIA

DIRECTOR.....U R G E N T

11-25-34

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ROBERT CARL PARKER, LEWIS CAGLE, JR. SUBJECTS

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON DASH VICTIM. CGR DASH MURDER. REMINGTON

MC COY REINTERVIEWED THIS DATE AND CONTINUES TO DENIE ANY PARTICIPATION OR KNOWLEDGE OF KILLING OF VICTIM. CAGLE REINTERVIEWED AND IN SIGNED

STATEMENT NOW ADMITS THAT HE, TOGETHER WITH PARKER AND MC COY, ENTERED REMINGTONS ROOM ON MORNING OF NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO INSTANT AND ADMITS

THAT HE PERSONALLY STRUCK REMINGTON FOUR BLOWS ON LEFT SIDE OF HEAD OF TEMPLE AREA WITH BRICK ENCASED IN SOCK SEMICOLON FURTHER ADMITS HANDING SAID BRICK IN SOCK TO MC COY, WHO STRUCK VICTIM ONE BLOW ON HEAD. ALSO

ADMITS PRECONCEIVED PLAN WITH MC COY TO HIT VICTIM BLOWS ON HEAD HOWEVER STATES IT WAS PARKERS UNDERSTANDING THAT THE THREE WERE GOING INTO THE

VICTIMS ROOM TO STEAL ADDITIONAL COMMISSIONARY ITEMS AND THAT VICTIM WOULD BE WATCHED AND IF HE AWOKE HE WOULD BE BEATEN ON HEAD. PARKER IN

SIGNED STATEMENT THIS DATE ADMITS IN SUBSTANCE CONSPIRING TO RAID VICTIMS ROOM AND FURTHER ADMITS HEARING OTHER TWO SUBJECTS ORALLY AGREE THAT

VICTIM WOULD BE STRUCK ON HEAD IF HE AWOKE. HOWEVER, PARKER CLAIMED GAVE STATEMENT NO CREDENCE SINCE THESE TWO SUBJECTS WERE ACCUSTOMED TO

MAKING THREATS OF A GENERAL NATURE. PARKER ALSO CONFIRMS CAGLES ADMISSION THAT VICTIM WAS STRUCK BY OTHER TWO SUBJECTS BUT UNWILLY TO

STATE SPECIFICALLY THE MANNER OF ATTACK. BUFFALO REQUESTED TO RE-INTERVIEW THE SUBJECTS TO VERIFY THE STATEMENT MADE

ON MORNING OF NOVEMBER

70-22843

70-22845-19

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *RW*

DATE: *11/28* Nov. 26, 1954

FROM : Mr. Price *HP 7B*

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY;
ROBERT CARL PARKER;
LEWIS CAGLE, JR.;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - ASSAULT, MURDER

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Winters _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

This memorandum is prepared to set forth in a brief succinct manner the facts, developments and status of this case.

Remington, an inmate at the United States Penitentiary (USP), Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, was assaulted about the head in his room at approximately 9:30 a.m., 11/22/54. Although he was found on the stairway of the building in which his room is located, the presence of blood in his room indicated the assault took place at that location. Remington had been working on the night shift in the prison hospital and was released at 8:00 a.m. when he customarily returned to his room to sleep. After remaining in a delirious and unconscious state from the time of the assault, and, therefore, precluding any possible interview, Remington died at 7:38 a.m., 11/24/54.

Remington had been the subject of Bureau loyalty and perjury investigations and was the former Director of the Export Program Staff, Office of International Trade, Department of Commerce, from which position he resigned in June, 1950. In 1951, he was convicted of perjury in the Southern District of New York, although the Circuit Court of Appeals reversed this conviction, for denying before a Federal Grand Jury that he had ever been a member of the Communist Party. In January, 1953, he was again convicted of perjury for lying during his trial in 1951. He was sentenced on 2/4/53 to three years imprisonment.

The three captioned subjects are roommates at the USP, Lewisburg, Pa., which room is across the room from Remington's room. The subjects' and victim's rooms are located in a dormitory-style area and although each room is not barred, the area is enclosed. The subjects work the same hours as Remington. Subject Cagle was returned to Federal prison as a parole violator and received at the USP, Lewisburg, 6/26/54. He had been sentenced to a fifteen-month term on 12/12/52 in U. S. District Court at Chattanooga, Tennessee, for a violation of the Interstate Transportation of Motor Vehicle (ITSMV) Statute. Cagle is scheduled for release from the USP, Lewisburg, on 12/6/54. On 11/23/54, Cagle gave a signed

cc: Mr. Nichols
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Belmont

RECORDED - 3

EX-125 • DEC 1 1954

70-22845-20

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

statement advising, although he did not actually see the assault he did see Parker and McCoy enter Remington's room with a white prison sock containing a brick, heard Remington being beaten, saw McCoy and Parker return to their room with a bloody sock at which time McCoy flushed the sock down the commode and washed the blood off the brick which he gave to Parker to be disposed of. In a subsequent signed statement on 11/24/54, Cagle specifically recalled hearing McCoy and Parker state they hated Communists, Remington is a Communist, and further heard McCoy state "I am going to get me one."

Subject Parker was sentenced on 6/2/53 in the U. S. District Court, Greensboro, North Carolina, to serve three years for a violation of the ITSMV Statute. Parker denied any knowledge of this crime when interviewed on 11/23/54. On 11/24/54, however, Parker admitted in a signed statement being in Remington's room when both Cagle and McCoy struck Remington on the head several times with a sock containing a brick. He claims to have stopped Cagle at which time McCoy continued the beating. He further admits throwing part of the brick out of the prison corridor window. On 11/25/54, Parker admits in a signed statement conspiring with McCoy and Cagle to enter Remington's room in order to steal some commissary items and further admits hearing McCoy and Cagle agree that the victim would be struck on the head if he awakened. He claims to give no credence to this statement since they were accustomed to making threats of a general nature.

Cagle was reinterviewed on 11/25/54 in view of Parker's statement and in a signed statement, Cagle admitted entering Remington's room with McCoy and Parker and personally striking him on the head four times with the sock containing the brick after which McCoy struck Remington one blow. He further admits this was a preconcerted assault between himself and McCoy; however, it was Parker's understanding that they were going to Remington's room to steal commissary items and the victim would be watched since if he awoke he would be beaten on the head.

Subject McCoy was sentenced on 10/2/53 in U. S. District Court, Pikeville, Kentucky, to serve three years for a violation of the ITSMV Statute. He has been interviewed each day since this crime took place and continues to deny any participation or knowledge of this matter.

An authorized complaint was filed 11/24/54 before the U. S. Commissioner, Lewisburg, Pa., charging McCoy and Parker with a violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code, (murder on a Government reservation). Warrants were issued and filed at the USP, Lewisburg, as detainers. A white sock and brick, possibly identical with the murder weapon have been recovered. This evidence together with the subjects' clothing and Remington's clothing, bedding, blood and hair samples were received in the Laboratory at 11:30 p.m., 11/24/54. The Laboratory reports that nothing pertinent was developed as a result of an examination of this material.

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

Numerous inmates have been interviewed with negative results. However, it has been alleged by several inmates that Remington's room had been pilfered on several occasions within the recent past for spite since he was disliked and called a "Communist." One inmate advised Parker, Cagle and a third inmate have called Remington a Communist who should get hit in the head.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN:

By teletype of 11/25/54, 6:00 p.m., SAC McCabe, Philadelphia, requested Bureau permission to discuss with the U. S. Attorney the admissions of Cagle with the view of filing a complaint on the morning of 11/26/54 before the U. S. Commissioner, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania. Mr. Boardman contacted Mr. McCabe on the evening of 11/25/54 and the recently developed facts pertaining to Cagle are not to be discussed with the U. S. Attorney until the morning of 11/26/54 in view of the possibility of a premature disclosure of this information.

SAC McCabe will be followed regarding this action.

The above is submitted for your current information.
This matter is being closely followed.

It is to be noted that SAC McCabe is preparing a press release to be made prior to the filing of a complaint, this being cleared with Mr. Nichols' Office.

10
200 11/25/54

10 PM 11/25/54

WJm

11-233

Office Memo, 44-1117 • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *FR*

DATE: Nov. 25, 1954

FROM : Mr. Price *JP*

Time of Call: 10:30 a.m.

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY; ROBERT CARL PARKER;
LEWIS CAGLE, JR.; WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER

This memorandum is to record results of the telephone call at 10:30 a.m., November 25, 1954, to SAC McCabe, Philadelphia, at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, from Extra Duty Supervisor *b7c*

Philadelphia teletype 11/25/54, received Investigative Division 3:34 a.m. reflects summary of information developed to date. Lewis Cagle, Jr., who previously furnished signed statement implicating McCoy and Parker, has been added to title based upon a signed statement obtained from Parker in which he denies assaulting victim but alleges he saw Cagle and McCoy strike victim. No other evidence is reflected in this teletype implicating Cagle.

Contents of this teletype were discussed with Messrs. Winterrowd, Price and Gebhardt.

SAC McCabe was telephonically contacted concerning the following:

- (1) Is there any other evidence in addition to Parker's statement implicating Cagle which may be sufficient to warrant obtaining process for Cagle?
- (2) SAC McCabe was instructed to furnish by 11:00 a.m. today a teletype summary of investigation conducted to date.
- (3) It was suggested to SAC McCabe he keep in mind the possibility of subjects committing suicide or assault; however, it is the responsibility of the penitentiary officials to insure the safety of the inmates.

SAC McCabe advised Agents were presently talking to Cagle but that no additional evidence other than Parker's word implicating Cagle. He explained that Cagle's name was added to the title to flag him as a suspect and he did not believe process could be obtained at this time.

SAC McCabe believes all interviews will be completed today and advised a summary teletype bringing the investigation up to date will be submitted to the Bureau at 4:30 p.m. today.

cc: Mr. Nichols

RECORDED-62

70-22845-21

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

EVIDENCE RECEIPT FORM

(To be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)

Submitting agency SAC, Phila.Delivered by SA [REDACTED]

b7C

Suspects Robt. Carl Parker & George Junior

Date

12 25 AM

Victim MCCOY W M W. RemingtonAccepted by [REDACTED]Offense CGR - Murderb7C
Lab # 1-23Place and date Lewisburg, Penitentiary 11/22/54

BRIEF FACTS COVERING CASE

Any previous examinations this case? Evidence now located in Room # 7125Report to be directed to Copies to Evidence to be returned to Date of hearing, grand jury, trial or reason why expeditious handling is necessary

EVIDENCE

THIS SPACE FOR BOOKING

RECORDED 7A
EX 120

70-22845-22

PGD

(over)

Items belonging to subject Robert
Carl Parker

- Q1 Pair blue prison trousers
Q2 Blue denim shirt
Q3 Pair of white shorts
Q4 white undershirt
Q5 Pair of white socks
Q6 white undershirt
Q7 Brown canvas shoes
Q8 Pair of brown shoes
Q9 Red nylon jacket
Q10 Pair of white socks
Q11 Two white socks
Q12 Partial package of Lucky Strike
Cigarettes
Q13 Two pieces of wood
Q14 safety match box
Q15 Black comb

Items belonging to subject
George Junior McCoy-

- | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Q15 | Pair of blue prison trousers | - | - |
| Q16 | Blue denim shirt | - | - |
| Q17 | Pair of white shorts | - | - |
| Q18 | White undershirt | - | - |
| Q19 | Pair of white socks | - | - |
| Q20 | White handkerchief, King trademark | - | - |
| Q21 | White handkerchief, Union trademark | - | - |
| Q22 | Gloves any type | - | - |
| Q23 | Pair of shoes | - | - |

20-15-

clothing taken from victim

- Q24 Blue and white striped bath robe
Q25 Pair of brown shoe strings found
 under upper part of
 bath robe.
Q26 white undershirt
Q27 white pillow case
Q28-Q29 Two white sheets
Q30 Portions of sock found lying outside
 room - laundry
Q31 One white sock found + victim's
 laundry - same part
K Two samples of hair found
 from victim
K Head hair from victim
K Blood sample from victim

**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON D. C.**

840. Philadelphia

November 26, 1954

This report confirms and supplements the telephonic report made to your office on November 25, 1954.

70-22845-22

24-109

**ROBERT CARL PARKER AND GEORGE
JUNIOR MCCOY, Suspects
Wm. W. REMINGTON, Victim
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION
MURDER**

John Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director

YOUR FILE NO
FBI FILE NO
LAB NO

70-40223 20

Examination requested by:

Philadelphia

Reference

Personal visit 11/24/54 by SA

Examination requested:

Chemical - Microscopic

Specimens

b7c

ITEMS BELONGING TO SUBJECT ROBERT CARL PARKER

- 02 Pair blue prison trousers
 03 Blue denim shirt
 04 Pair of white shorts
 05 White undershirt
 06 Pair of white socks
 07 White handkerchief
 08 Brown canvas belt
 09 Pair of brown shoes
 10 Red Scripto pencil
 11 Red Zetorbrook pen
 12 Two match folders
 13 Partial package of Lucky Strike cigarettes
 14 Four pieces of wood from safety matchbox
 15 Black comb
- 20-22
 COMM = FBI
 NOV 26 1964
 MAILED 30
 843

COMM = FBI
NOV 26 1954
MAILED 30

845.

22

79-22845-22

LETTER RELATES TO SUBJECT GEORGE JAMES MOODY

01. [illegible] blue prison trousers
02. [illegible] white shirt
03. [illegible] white shorts
04. [illegible] undershirt
-

~~SECRET~~ *13* *10/15* *10/15*

SECRET

HOW

- Q19 Pair of white socks
- Q20 White handkerchief, "King" trademark
- Q21 White handkerchief without trademark
- Q22 Brown Army-type canvas belt
- Q23 Pair of brown shoes

CLOTHING TAKEN FROM VICTIM'S BED

- Q24 Blue and white-striped bathrobe
- Q25 Pair of brown shoestrings found tied around upper part of bathrobe
- Q26 White undershirt
- Q27 White pillowcase
- Q28-Q29 Two white sheets
- Q30 Portion of brick found lying outside prison dormitory
- Q31 One white sock found at Prison Grading and Disposal Plant
- K1 Two samples of pubic hair from victim
- K2 Head hair from victim
- K3 Blood sample from victim

RESULTS OF EXAMINATION:

As a result of grouping tests made on specimen K3 it was determined that the victim belonged to International Blood Group "O." Grouping tests made on a number of representative samples of human blood which was present on specimens Q24, Q27, Q28 and Q29 disclosed only the presence of Group "O" blood thereon. Human blood found on Q26 was contaminated with considerable fecal matter and was unsatisfactory for conclusive grouping tests. Human blood which was insufficient in amount for grouping purposes was found on the shoelaces, Q25.

A microscopic examination of the brick, Q30, disclosed no evidence of blood, tissue particles or hair thereon. However, a preliminary chemical test for blood made on a saline extract of Q30 resulted in a weak positive test indicative of the presence of a very small amount of blood in the pores of the brick. However, the extract, when evaporated, contained no material on which confirmatory tests for the presence of blood could be made. Preliminary chemical tests also indicated a slight amount of blood on the handkerchief, Q21 but an

insufficient amount of material in the stain precluded confirmatory testing. Since the reddish stain was excluded in nasal discharge, it undoubtedly is of no significance.

There were no bloodstains found on Q1 through Q20, on Q22, Q23 and Q31. There were no hairs found on the clothing of the suspects or on the items from the victim's bed for comparison with specimens K1 and K2. Due to similarities in textile composition, a fiber comparison of the suspects' garments and the items from the victim's bed would have no significance.

It was noted on examination of Q30 that indented markings of the manufacturer appear on one side of the specimen. These markings consist of the letters "ARK" which is probably the latter portion of the word "MARK" followed by the word "TRADE," which in turn is followed by a small indented design somewhat similar in appearance to a crescent. Photographs of Q30, including the markings, are attached.

The examination of the bathrobe, Q24, disclosed no evidence to indicate that it had been struck with a heavy object such as specimen Q30.

The submitted evidence is being returned to your office under separate cover by railway express.

70-22845-

22

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 11/26/54
vnr

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: ROBERT CARL PARKER AND GEORGE
JUNIOR McCOY, Suspects
* Wm. W. REMINGTON, Victim
CGR - MURDER
~~Laboratory Work Sheet~~

File # 7-22245-55
Lab. # PC-40223 BO GR

Copy for Mr. Rosen

Examination requested by: SAC, Philadelphia

Date of reference communication: visit 11/25²⁴

Date received: 11/27/54²⁴
per del by SA [redacted]

Examination requested: Chem. - Micro.

Result of Examination:

Examination by: [redacted] b7C

Specimens submitted for examination

ITEMS BELONGS TO SUBJECT ROBERT CARL PARKER

- Q1 Pair blue prison trousers
- Q2 Blue denim shirt
- Q3 Pair of white shorts
- Q4 White undershirt
- Q5 Pair of white socks
- Q6 White handkerchief
- Q7 Brown canvas belt
- Q8 Pair of brown shoes
- Q9 Red Scripto pencil
- Q10 Red Esterbrook pen
- Q11 Two match folders
- Q12 Partial package of Lucky Strike cigarettes
- Q13 Four pieces of wood from safety matchbox
- Q14 Black comb

ITEMS BELONGING TO SUBJECT GEORGE JUNIOR McCOY

- Q15 Pair of blue prison trousers
- Q16 Blue denim shirt
- Q17 Pair of white shorts
- Q18 White undershirt
- Q19 Pair of white socks
- Q20 White handkerchief, "King" trademark
- Q21 White handkerchief without trademark

- Q22 Brown Army-type canvas belt
Q23 Pair of brown shoes

CLOTHING TAKEN FROM VICTIMS BED

- Q24 Blue and white striped bath robe
Q25 Pair of brown shoe strings found tied around upper part
of bath robe
Q26 White ~~undershirt~~ *undershirt*
Q27 White pillow case
Q28-Q29 Two white sheets
Q30 Portion of brick found lying outside prison dormitory
Q31 One white sock found at Prison Grading and Disposal plant
Q32
K1 Two samples of pubic hair from victim
K2 Head hair from victim
K3 Blood sample from victim

Blood

Pl. 40223

Benz. H. Antib. Group

Q1 Neg.
 Q2 Neg.
 Q3 Neg.
 Q4 Neg.
 Q5 Neg.
 Q6 Neg.
 Q7 Neg.
 Q8 Neg.
 Q9 Neg.
 Q10 Neg.
 Q11 Neg.
 Q12 Neg.
 Q13 Neg.
 Q14 Neg.
 Q15 Neg.
 Q16 Neg.
 Q17 Neg.
 Q18 Neg.
 Q19 Neg.
 Q20 Neg.

Q21 Light smear in nasal discharge. +
 Q22 No significance

Q23 Neg.
 Q24 Neg.

Q24 Heavy stain extensive near bottom of tube -
 Q25 Smear on string. + + +
 Q26 Heavy stain - some free + + +

CASE #

PC-40223

BLOOD GROUPING

DATE

11/26/54

SPECIMEN	SERUM	CELLS	STAIN	CONTROL	GROUP	REMARKS
SERUM CONTROL	B	A		+		
	A	B		+		
KNOWN O	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
KNOWN A	B	A	-			
	A	B	+			
KNOWN B	B	A	+			
	A	B	-			
KNOWN AB	B	A	-			
	A	B	-			
1200-42	B	A	-			
	A	B	+			
524	B	A	-			
	A	B	-			
1200-42	B	A	-			
	A	B	-			
1200-42	B	A	-			
	A	B	+			
1200-42	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
527	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
1200-42	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
1200-42	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
528	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
528	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			

Inconclusive - 1200-42
with final result

"O"

22

CASE #

PC-40223

BLOOD GROUPING

DATE

11/26/54

SPECIMEN	SERUM	CELLS	STAIN	CONTROL	GROUP	REMARKS
SERUM	B	A				
CONTROL	A	B				
KNOWN	B	A				
O	A	B				
KNOWN	B	A				
A	A	B				
KNOWN	B	A				
B	A	B				
KNOWN	B	A				
AB	A	B				
229	B	A	—			
229	A	B	—			
229	B	A	—			
229	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				
	B	A				
	A	B				

22

[Signature]

1-8

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 11/26/54
WAR

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re:

ROBERT CARL PARKER AND GEORGE
JUNIOR MCCOY, Suspects
E. Wm. W. REMINGTON, Victim
CGR - MURDER
Lewisburg Penitentiary

Examination requested by: SAC, Philadelphia

Date of reference communication: visit 11/24

Examination requested: Chem. - Micro.

Result of Examination:

File # 70-65445-22
Lab. # PC-40223 BO GR

Date received: 11/24/54

per del by SA [redacted]

Examination by: [redacted] b7C

Specimens submitted for examination

ITEMS BELONGING TO SUBJECT ROBERT CARL PARKER

- Q1 Pair blue prison trousers
- Q2 Blue denim shirt
- Q3 Pair of white shorts
- Q4 white undershirt
- Q5 Pair of white socks
- Q6 white handkerchief
- Q7 Brown canvas belt
- Q8 pair of brown shoes
- Q9 Red script pencil
- Q10 Red Esterbrook pen
- Q11 Two match folders
- Q12 Partial package of Lucky Strike cigarettes
- Q13 Four pieces of wood from safety matchbox
- Q14 Black comb

ITEMS BELONGING TO SUBJECT GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY

- Q15 Pair of blue prison trousers
- Q16 Blue denim shirt
- Q17 Pair of white shorts
- Q18 White undershirt
- Q19 Pair of white socks
- Q20 white handkerchief, "King" trademark
- Q21 white handkerchief without trademark

Continued next page

- Q22 Brown Army-type canvas belt
Q23 Pair of brown shoes

CLOTHING TAKEN FROM VICTIMS EED

- Q24 Blue and white striped bath robe
Q25 Pair of brown shoe strings found tied around upper part
of bath robe
Q26 White ~~undershirt~~ *undershirt*
Q27 White pillow case
Q28-Q29 Two white sheets
Q30 Portion of brick found lying outside prison dormitory
Q31 One white sock found at Prison Gracing and disposal plant
Q32
K1 Two samples of pubic hair from victim
K2 Head hair from victim
K3 Blood sample from victim

EVIDENCE RECEIPT FORM

(To be used in lieu of correspondence covering evidence submissions to the Laboratory)

Submitting agency SAC, Philadelphia

Delivered by SA [redacted] **b7c**

Suspect Robert Carl Parker, George Union McCoy, Lewis [redacted] Date 11/26/54

Victim Wm. W. Remington Accepted by [redacted]

Offense CCB - Murder Lab # 100-2-55-10

Place and date BRIEF FACTS COVERING CASE

Any previous examinations this case? Evidence now located in Room #

Report to be directed to

Copies to

Evidence to be returned to **28**

Date of hearing, grand jury, trial or reason why expeditious handling is necessary

EVIDENCE

(See worksheets)

RECORDED - 17

THIS SPACE FOR BLOCKING

27 DEC 2 1954

70-22845-23

FBI

(over)

Specimens delivered to Lab
on 11/26/54

11/26/54

George W. McCoy et al
William Walter Remington - Victim
CGR - MURDER

one blue shirt
one white web belt
pair of white socks

subject on
11/27/54

one white shirt
one white handkerchief

Lewis Cagle, Jr - Subject (Cont)

- ✓ 1. one pair brown work shoes 46-47
- ✓ 2. one pair of trousers 48
- ✓ 3. one blue denim shirt 49

Robert Carl Brown - Subject

- ✓ 1. one white button down shirt 50
- ✓ 2. one blue denim shirt 51
- ✓ 3. one blue denim shirt 52
- ✓ 4. one blue denim shirt 53

- ✓ 1. one pair brown work shoes 54
- ✓ 2. one pair of trousers 55
- ✓ 3. one pair canvas gloves 56
- ✓ 4. one pair of shoes 57
- ✓ 5. one pair of shoes 58
- ✓ 6. one pair of shoes 59
- ✓ 7. one pair of shoes 60

70-22845.

REPORT
of the
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON D. C.

SPECIAL DELIVERY

November 27, 1954

TO: SAC, Philadelphia

This report confirms and supplements the telephonic report made to your office on November 27, 1954.

ROBERT CARL PARKER, GEORGE JUNIOR
MCCOY, and LEVIS CAGLE, JR., -
Suspects; FR. V. REMINGTON, -
VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION
MURDER

YOUR FILE NO.
FBI FILE NO.
LAB. NO.

70-22845-23
70-22845-23
70-22845-23

RECORDED - 17

Examination requested by: Philadelphia

Reference:

Personal visit 11/26/54 by SA [redacted]

Examination requested:

Chemical - Microscopic - Fingerprints

67C

Specimens:

Items Relinquished to Victim

- Q32 Pair of white shorts
- Q33 Blue work shirt
- Q34 Pocket watch, "New Haven" brand.
- Q35 Tobacco can, "Sir Walter Raleigh" brand, containing ten cigarettes.

Q36 Pillowcase used as container for victim's effects.

Clothing Worn by LEVIS CAGLE, JR. on November 22, 1954.

- Q37 Pair of black shoes
- Q38 Pair of white shorts
- Q39 Pair of blue denim trousers
- Q40 Blue shirt
- Q41 White and blue striped undershirt and long "CARL O. MALLER"
- Q42 Pair of white socks

Items Relinquished to LEVIS CAGLE, JR.

- Q43 Pair of white socks
- Q44 Pair of white socks
- Q45 Pair of white socks

70-22845-23

23

- Q47 Pair of brown shoes
- Q48 Pair of trousers
- Q49 Blue shirt

Items Belonging to ROBERT CARL PARKER

- Q50 Green plastic hair brush
- Q51 Green plastic soap dish containing soap
- Q52 Aluminum cup containing soap
- Q53 Portion of bath robe

Items Belonging to GEORGE JUNIOR MACOY

- Q54 Pair of white shorts
- Q55 White undershirt
- Q56 Pair of canvas gloves
- Q57 White bedsheet
- Q58 White bedsheet, with each corner tied in knot
- Q59 White personal equipment bag.
- Q60 Bath robe

Results of Examination:

Grouping tests made on representative samples of the human blood present on specimens Q32 and Q33 disclosed only the presence of group "O" blood thereon. Human blood which was insufficient in amount for grouping tests was found on the face of the watch, Q34. A small human bloodstain was found on the front, just below the neckband of specimen Q44. Several small human bloodstains were present on the right shoulder area of this garment. The blood on Q44 was too limited in amount for grouping purposes. No blood was found on specimens Q35 through Q43, and Q45 through Q60.

There were no hairs found on the submitted specimens for comparison with the previously submitted hairs from the victim, K1 and K2.

Due to similarities in textile composition, a fiber comparison of the victim's garments and the clothing of the suspects would have no significance.

There were no latent fingerprints found on Q34 or on the toilet brush, Q35, or the mirror, Q36.

The submitted evidence is being returned to your office by separate mail by registered express.

RECEIVED
JUL 15 1961
04A

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Recorded 11/29/54 md

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re: ROBERT CARL PARKER, GEORGE JUNIOR
MCCOY and LEWIS CAGLE, JR., Suspects
WILLIAM W. REMINGTON, Victim
CCR - MURDER

File # 70-2245-2
Lab. # PC-40226 B0

Examination requested by: SAC, Philadelphia (70-523)

Date of reference communication: Pers visit 11/26

Date received 11/26 pers del by

Examination requested: Chemical - Microscopic - Fingerprint

Result of Examination:

b7c
Examination by:

*Telephone summary to Phila
on 11/27 at 1:40 PM
Work notes - attached sheets*

Specimens submitted for examination

Items belonging to Victim

- Q32 Pair of white shorts
- Q33 Blue work shirt
- Q34 Pocket watch, "New Haven" brand
- Q35 Tobacco can, "Star" brand, containing ten cigarettes
- Q36 Pillowcase used as container for victim's effects.

Clothing worn by LEWIS CAGLE, JR. on November 20, 1954

- Q37 Pair of black shoes
- Q38 Pair of white shorts
- Q39 Pair of blue prison trousers
- Q40 Blue shirt
- Q41 White web belt bearing the name "CARL O. REMINGTON"
- Q42 Pair of white socks

Other items belonging to LEWIS CAGLE, JR.

- Q43 White robe
- Q44 White undershirt
- Q45 White handkerchief
- Q46 Pair of white socks

*No latents on Q34 & on
Q35 inside, outside & tin foil -
per all found 11/29/54*

Continued next page

28

[Signature]

Q47 Pair of brown shoes
Q48 Pair of trousers
Q49 Blue shirt

Items Belonging to ROBERT CARL PARKER

Q50 Green plastic hair brush
Q51 Green plastic soap dish containing soap
Q52 Aluminum cup containing soap
Q53 Portion of bath robe

Items Belonging to GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY

Q54 Pair of white shorts
Q55 White undershirt
Q56 Pair of canvas gloves
Q57 White bedsheet
Q58 White bedsheet, with each corner tied in knot
Q59 White personal equipment bag
Q60 Bath robe

70-20-145

CASE # PC-40226

BLOOD GROUPING

DATE 11/27/54

SPECIMEN	SERUM	CELLS	STAIN	CONTROL	GROUP	REMARKS
SERUM CONTROL	B	A		+		
	A	B		+		
KNOWN O	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
KNOWN A	B	A	—			
	A	B	+			
KNOWN B	B	A	+			
	A	B	—			
KNOWN AB	B	A	—			
	A	B	—			
Q12	B	A	—			
	A	B	+			
Q12	B	A	+			
	A	B	—			
Q12	B	A	—			
	A	B	—			
Q32	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
Q33	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
Q33	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
Q33	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			
Q33	B	A	+			
	A	B	+			

23

100

Thurs file # 70-523

7C-40226
QR

		Penny		Sup
Pillow case containing victim's effects:		85		
Q 32	Pair white shorts	+	+	01
Q 33	Blue work shirt	-	+	01
Q 34	Pocket watch "New Haven" 12/31/51	-	-	13
Q 35	Tobacco can containing ten cigarettes			
Q 36	Property of Lewis Cagle, Jr worn on 11/24/54			
Q 35-2	Pair black shoes, size 9 1/2	-		
Q 36	Pair white shorts	-		
Q 37	Pair trousers	-		
Q 38	Blue shirt	-		
Q 39	White web belt with name "L. C. Cagle"	-		
Q 40	Pair white socks	-		
Other personal effects of Lewis Cagle, Jr				
Q 41	Birth coin	-		
Q 42	One white undershirt	-	+	
Q 43	One white pocket handkerchief	-		
Q 44	Pair white socks	-		
Q 45-47	Pair brown, high-top shoes	-		
Q 48	Pair trousers	-		
Q 49	White shirt	-		
Property of Robert Earl Parker				
Q 50	One hair brush, green plastic, "Four Star"	-		
Q 51	One soap dish, green plastic, containing soap	-		
Q 52	One aluminum cup containing soap	-		

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George

- 3 One piece of bathrobe ✓
- Personal property of George H. McCoy -
- 4 Pair white shorts ✓ -
- 5 One white undershirt ✓ -
- 6 One pair canvas, short-sleeved ✓ -
- 7 One bed sheet -
- 8 " " (found tied in each corner) -
- 9 " white cotton personal equipment -
- 10 One bath robe ✓ -

542

70-22845-

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Boardman *DB*

DATE: Nov. 29, 1954

FROM : Mr. Rosen *R*SUBJECT: LEWIS CAGLE, JR., ET AL
WILLIAM PEMINGTON - VICTIM
MURDER ON A GOVERNMENT RESERVATION

Tolson	
Boardman	
Nichols	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Parsons	
Rosen	
Tamm	
Sizoo	
Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Holloman	
Gandy	

I called ASAC Brown at Philadelphia in the absence of McCabe in the above-entitled matter.

With reference to the reports submitted in this matter, a specific question was raised with the Philadelphia Office as to whether there were collateral matters which were reported to the Philadelphia office during the course of the investigation. I was particularly interested in any collateral matters which might have been obtained during the course of interviews at the penitentiary concerning prison conditions. These conditions might relate to mal-feasance, non-feasance, mis-feasance or other situations at the penitentiary which have no bearing on the instant investigation. Brown, after checking with the two Agents conducting the investigation at Lewisburg Penitentiary stated that there were no collateral matters reported.

Brown was instructed to double check this matter bearing in mind that some of the inmates might claim at a later date they did report such matters and I wanted to make sure that the Philadelphia office was certain that there were no unreported matters in this investigation.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN

Brown will advise the Bureau if there are such matters of a collateral nature which had not been reported. He states at this point that there are no such matters.

This will be followed.

(5)

61 DEC 8

70-22845-24

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

10157

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

PHILADELPHIA

REPORT MADE AT

PHILADELPHIA

DATE WHEN MADE

11/28/54

REPORT MADE BY

67C
(WSM)

TITLE

"CHARGED" GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was.,
George McCoy, Jr., George McCoy;
ROBERT CARL PARKER, was., Robert C.
Parker, Robert Carol Parker;
LEWIS CAGLE, JR., was., Lewis Junior
Cagle, Jr., Lewis J. Cagle,
is Cagle;
100 WALL ST REMINGTON - Victim

CHARACTER OF CASE

CRIME ON GOVERNMENT
RESERVATION-MURDER
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL
PENAL INSTITUTIONS

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

On 11/22/54, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, inmate, USP, Lewisburg, Pa., assaulted in his room and died on 11/24/54 as a result of injuries received on left side of head near temple area. Sub- ject CAGLE, inmate quartered in room across from REMINGTON's quarters, advised in signed statement on 11/22/54 that subjects MC COY and PARKER, his roommates, entered REMINGTON's room with a white sock containing something and later returned with brick enclosed in sock with blood on top of sock. On 11/25/54, CAGLE in signed statement admitted participation in murder of victim along with MC COY and PARKER. Claimed he struck victim four blows with brick contained in sock in left temple area and that MC COY hit him once. Stated he and MC COY had oral agree- ment that if CAGLE struck REMINGTON a few blows, MC COY would strike REMINGTON because he was a Communist. PARKER in signed statement admits seeing MC COY and CAGLE strike REMINGTON blows on head. PARKER denied hitting REMINGTON but admitted he had knowledge that REMINGTON would be struck while awakened while his room was searched for commissary items. 11/28/54 interviewed

APPROVED AND
FORWARDED

DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

25 SE 7

RECORDED-68

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PM 10-523

**SYNOPSIS
OF FACTS
(cont'd):**

on several occasions and denied participation in assault or murder of REMINGTON. Authorized complaints filed before U. S. Commissioner, Lewisburg, Pa., charging MC COY and PARKER on 11/24/54, and charging CAGLE on 11/26/54 with violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code. Warrant issued and directed to U. S. Marshal to be lodged as detainers against subject at USP. Segment of brick used as murder weapon located and identified by CAGLE. All items of possible evidentiary nature submitted for Laboratory examination with negative results. Background, descriptions of subjects and victim set forth.

- P -

70-22845-25

- 2 -

DETAILS: At Lewisburg, Pa.

The title of this report is being changed to include the aliases of the subjects, as obtained from a review of the records of the U. S. Penitentiary, as follows:

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was., GEORGE MC COY, JR.

GEORGE MC COY,
ROBERT CARL PARKER, was., ROBERT C. PARKER,

ROBERT CAROL PARKER;
LEWIS CAGLE, JR., was., LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE,
LEWIS J. CAGLE, LEWIS CAGLE.

This is the joint report of SA [redacted] and the reporting Agent conducted under the direction of SAC H. H. MC CAGLE. In addition, the services of SAs [redacted] and [redacted] were utilized during this investigation. 7 67C

This investigation is predicated upon information received from Warden FRED T. WILKINSON, U. S. Penitentiary. At 1:20 p.m., November 22, 1954, he advised that WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON had been assaulted approximately at 11:00 a.m. on that date by unknown assailants. He stated that REMINGTON was first reported to have had an accident, but later he had determined REMINGTON received several lacerations about the head and that the victim possibly suffered a fracture. He continued that REMINGTON was then in the hospital and that emergency treatment was being afforded the victim.

FEDERAL JURISDICTION

On April 21, 1952, G. W. HUMPHREY, former Warden, U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., advised that the territory occupied by the U. S. Penitentiary at Lewisburg and its environs is a government reservation and became a government reservation under the following Pennsylvania Statutes:

- Title 51, Section 353, effective March 26, 1931, Consolidated Acquisition;
- Title 51, Section 354, effective March 26, 1931, Consolidated Acquisition of Additional Land;
- Title 51, Section 355, effective March 26, 1931, Jurisdiction Ceded to U. S. Government With Exception Of Civil and Criminal Process For Acts Committed Off The Reservation.

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A review of Purdon's Pennsylvania Statutes reflects the following statutes from Purdon's Pennsylvania Statutes Annotated:

Title 61, Sections 353, 354, and 355:

Title 61, Section 353: Consent To Acquisition Of Land For Federal Penitentiary

The consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby granted to the acquisition by the Government of the United States of America of certain pieces of parcels of land, including roads and streams, aggregating one thousand and eight and fifty-five hundredths acres in Kelly Township, Union County, Pennsylvania, as a site lately selected and acquired for the purpose of erecting thereon a United States Penitentiary, together with all other necessary buildings and establishment of farms, industries, and such other uses as may be determined desirable for the confinement and care of persons imprisoned under the laws of the United States, and for any and all other purposes for which the United States of America may see fit to use this land: provided, that the Attorney General of the United States, or other head of an executive department of the government of the United States who has been heretofore, or may hereafter be authorized by Congress to make such purchases, shall cause to be filed and recorded with the Secretary of Internal Affairs of this state certified copies of the record of transfer to the United States, with an accurate description and plan of such lands so acquired or to be acquired. (1931, March 26, P.L. 7, No. 4, Sec. 1).

Section 354: Acquisition Of Additional Land

If at anytime hereafter any further or additional quantity of land not exceeding five hundred acres, contiguous to the acreage described in Section One shall be acquired by the United States for the use of said United States Penitentiary, this act shall be construed to vest in the United States jurisdiction over the same to the same extent as is now vested in the United States over the area now selected. (1931, March 26, P.L. 7, No. 4, Sec. 2).

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Section 355: Jurisdiction Ceded to United States; Service Of Civil and Criminal Process

Exclusive jurisdiction over the land so purchased, and to be purchased, is hereby ceded to the United States by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and said lands shall be exempt from the payment of all taxes, state and local: provided, that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall retain concurrent jurisdiction with the United States over the lands so acquired by the United States as far as necessary, for the purpose of serving all civil and criminal processes which may be issued under the authority of the Commonwealth in causes arising without the area so acquired. (1931, March 26, P.L. 7, No. 4, Sec. 3).

Inasmuch as Title 61, Section 353, stipulated that an appropriate government official was caused to be filed and recorded with the Secretary of Internal Affairs of the State of Pennsylvania, certified copies of the record of transfer to the United States with an accurate description and plan of such lands so acquired or to be acquired by the United States, it is mandatory that these records be verified at the Office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, in order to establish jurisdiction of this land by the United States Government.

On November 22, 1954, Associate Warden JOHN C. TAYLOR was immediately contacted by SA [REDACTED] for any information that he might have learned through his investigation which would reveal the identity of REMINGTON's assailants. Warden TAYLOR stated that he had interviewed all of the inmates who were in I Wing at the time of the assault and that he had been unable to establish the identity of the assailants. He continued that Lieutenant [REDACTED] was in charge of the detail in I Wing which was then searching the quarters of I 3 for bloody clothing, contraband or any other items which might lead to the identity of the assailants. He continued that the victim's room had been sealed off in order that the crime scene might not be disturbed. He stated that REMINGTON was found on the landing from the stairway leading from I 3 Dormitory to I 2 Dormitory and stated that hospital officials had been unable to obtain the names of the assailants from REMINGTON.

On November 22, 1954, Dr. LEON C. WITKIN, Chief Medical Officer, U. S. Penitentiary, was interviewed by SA [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] for the purpose of trying to identify what type weapon might have been used on Victim REMINGTON. He stated that REMINGTON was apparently hit by some blunt or heavy instrument which caused about five stellate lacerations which were found in the vicinity of the left temple and parental regions. He said that REMINGTON was in no condition to be interviewed and that he was unable to respond to questioning.

Dr. WITHIN stated that in the event the subject began to talk and named the individuals, he would immediately get in touch with the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

On November 22, 1954, L. T. JACOBS, Medical Technical Assistant, U. S. Penitentiary, advised SA [REDACTED] that REMINGTON had mentioned the name, [REDACTED] when questioned regarding the identity of the individual who assaulted him. Mr. JACOBS stated, however, that he did not know whether the victim was lucid at the time that he mentioned the name of [REDACTED] and said he would attempt to gain further information in the event REMINGTON's condition improved. b7C

The records of the Associate Warden's Office disclosed that one [REDACTED] is currently assigned to the Education Department and resides in P 2 Dormitory at instant prison.

[REDACTED] was interviewed by the reporting Agent in the presence of Associate Warden JOHN C. TAYLOR and stated that he had been in the Education Department to which he is assigned on the morning of the assault.

[REDACTED] Educational Supervisor, U. S. Penitentiary, advised that [REDACTED] had been in the Education Department the entire morning and had not received any pass to go anywhere else in the prison.

It was noted from the records at the Associate Warden's Office that one inmate, [REDACTED] quartered in the [REDACTED] cell, is assigned to the daytime shift at the [REDACTED] detail. He was interviewed by SA [REDACTED] in the presence of Associate Warden JOHN C. TAYLOR and stated that he was formerly a roommate of REMINGTON. [REDACTED] had been in the power plant the entire morning.

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the assault and was unable to provide any information re-
the identity of the assailants.

was [redacted] was contacted and verified that
the assault. [redacted] at the power plant during the morning of

Inmate [redacted] assigned to the
Bake Shop and quartered in I 34 Quarters, U. S. Penitentiary.
was interviewed on November 24, 1954, and stated that around
8:20 a.m., he obtained a pass from an officer and went im-
mediately to the Clothing Issue Department. He said that he
waited in line about 45 minutes and returned to the I Wing
and gave the officer his pass around 9:20 a.m. the day of
the assault. From there, [redacted] stated that he went to I 34,
picked up his blue shirt, and returned to the Clothing Issue
Department. He estimated that he returned to the I Wing
around 9:50 a.m. and asked Officer [redacted] permission to visit
an inmate on the first floor of I Wing by the name of [redacted].
He added that he stayed in I 1 Quarters until after the as-
sault and when he returned to his quarters located on the
third floor, Room I 34, he saw the rest of the night workers
on the third floor. According to [redacted] MC COY, PARKER,
and [redacted] were fully dressed and were then in I 39 Quarters.
He said that Inmate [redacted] was then awake in the bed. b7C

The information furnished by [redacted] concerning
his whereabouts on the morning of the assault was corroborated
by Officer [redacted] the Officer on duty in I Wing the
day of the assault.

On November 22, 1954, Inmate [redacted] as-
signed to the power plant and quartered in I 39 Quarters, ad-
vised that he had worked two shifts on the Power Plant Detail
prior to returning to his quarters around 8:00 a.m. on No-
vember 22, 1954. He said that he was tired and sleepy and
immediately went to bed and denied that he had any knowledge
concerning the assault of Victim REMINGTON. He stated the
only persons to his knowledge who were on the floor of I 39
at the time that he came back to his quarters were his room-
mates, [redacted] COY, CAGLE, PARKER, and Inmate [redacted] who came
on the first floor to talk to him a few minutes just
before going to bed.

Other inmates quartered in the same room with
[redacted] advised that he had no knowledge of the assault, as

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he was asleep and this was corroborated by Lieutenant [REDACTED] who stated that [REDACTED] was in bed sound asleep when he went to his quarters after the assault.

On November 22, 1954, [REDACTED] a roommate of Victim REMINGTON who is assigned to the day shift as a Hospital Attendant, U. S. Penitentiary, advised that REMINGTON was the only inmate in his quarters who worked the night shift. He stated that he was on duty at the prison hospital at the time of the assault and was unable to furnish any information regarding the identity of the assailants. He said that during the past few weeks, he together with REMINGTON and his other roommates had been losing cigarettes, candy, and commissary items and believed that the individuals quartered in I 39 Quarters were responsible for the losses of these articles. He said that he had received reliable information that his personal safety was in danger, but thought that REMINGTON was generally well liked by the prison inmates, with the exception of the individuals quartered in I 39. He stated that he believed the larcenies committed in his room were for spite, perhaps against REMINGTON and himself, but was unable to provide any information which would disclose the identity of the assailants.

On November 22, 1954, Inmate [REDACTED] who resides in I 2 Quarters and who formerly occupied the same room as MC COY, [REDACTED] PARKER, CAGLE, and [REDACTED] stated that the inmates in I 32 Quarters had had trouble and were constantly being called names in obscene terms. He recalled that about a week ago, Inmate [REDACTED] had a bed rod in his hand and stated he was going to kill himself "someone." He further related that Inmate [REDACTED] mattress was burned recently and stated that [REDACTED] is a roommate of REMINGTON. He added that REMINGTON was called a Communist by PARKER, CAGLE, and [REDACTED] and recalled that MC COY, PARKER, CAGLE, and [REDACTED] had made remarks that REMINGTON is a Communist and that all Communists should get hit in the head. He continued that the inmates quartered in I 39, with the exception of [REDACTED] are [REDACTED]. He was of the opinion that REMINGTON was killed because he was an alleged Communist and [REDACTED] fact that he was convenient.

On November 25, 1954, Inmate [REDACTED] was interviewed by SAC NORMAN H. MC CAHE and SAs [REDACTED] and gave the following signed statement:

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"Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
November 25, 1954

"I, [REDACTED] make the following voluntary statement to NORMAN H. MC CABE and [REDACTED] who are known to be Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats, promises or force have been used in order that I make this statement.

"I am 28 years of age having been born [REDACTED] at San Francisco, California.

"I am now an inmate at the Federal Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania where I work as a hospital attendant in c ward.

"I moved into I-39, a night workers room, on or about November 8, 1954 and shared the room with MC COY, [REDACTED] PARKER, CAGLE, and [REDACTED] I had known MC COY for approximately three months prior to moving in I-39 and I also had known PARKER for about two months while he was under psychiatric observation at that time. I also knew CAGLE for about three weeks prior to November 8, 1954 at which time he was treated for a scalp laceration in the hospital. CAGLE reported he had received the head injury from a fall but the general opinion of the persons who know MC COY was that CAGLE's head injury was caused by MC COY striking CAGLE on the back of his head.

"During MC COY's stay in dormitory G-3 he was known to carry a knife and he has the reputation of being a 'killer' among the inmates.

"The first night I moved into I-39, REMINGTON and [REDACTED] in the room across from I-39, told me that their room had been robbed and REMINGTON had lost two fountain pens and other personal articles. I later saw PARKER with a pen that appeared to be the property of REMINGTON according to REMINGTON's identification, and later when PARKER was out of the

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"room I showed the pen to REMINGTON who stated he believed it was his although the name had been scratched out.

"CAGEL, PARKER, [REDACTED] and MC COY always used the expression 'these dirty commie bastards, some-body ought to knock their head in.' PARKER, [REDACTED] and CAGEL made numerous comments that REMINGTON was a communist and [REDACTED] was a communist also because he associated with REMINGTON.

"On one evening PARKER called my attention to the sunset which could be seen through REMINGTON's open door across the hall. I walked into REMINGTON's room and saw one of the inmates of the room pouring water on a burning mattress. After I returned to my room PARKER made comments that caused me to believe that he had started the fire.

"After being in room I-39 for a week I noticed a sock under [REDACTED] bed with something in it resembling half a brick. When ever [REDACTED] was by his bed the sock with the object in it was under the bed and it was there when I moved out of I-39 at seven pm November 19, 1954.

"During the afternoon of November 22, 1954 I visited [REDACTED] in his room which is the room next to I-32 and while I was at the door I heard a voice from I-39, which I believe sounded like PARKER say, 'Its too bad, they ought to get the rest of them. They ought to get GREENGLASS.'

"Prior to the assault on REMINGTON, he and I tried to figure some way to prevent [REDACTED] and the others of I-39 from raiding REMINGTON's room. During our conversations REMINGTON expressed concern for his personal safety [REDACTED] and PARKER were always making threats against [REDACTED] and REMINGTON when I was in I-39 with them.

"I have read the above statement consisting of this page and two others. [REDACTED] corrections and knew it to be true and correct as written

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"Witnesses:

[REDACTED] Special Agent, Federal Bureau of
Investigation, Philadelphia Division
NORMAN H. MC CABE, SAC, FBI Phila, Pa."

On November 22, 1954, Inmate [REDACTED] who
was off duty on the day of the assault and who is quartered
in I 1, was interviewed and stated that he was unable to fur-
nish any information regarding the assault of REMINGTON.

On November 22, 1954, Inmate [REDACTED] b7C
was interviewed and stated that he was on duty in Industries
the day of the assault. It should be noted that [REDACTED] was
a roommate of Victim REMINGTON and that he has lived with
REMINGTON for the past four months. [REDACTED] was of the
opinion that REMINGTON was assaulted by one of the inmates
from I-39 Quarters, but stated that he had no direct knowl-
edge that REMINGTON was assaulted by the occupants of I-39.

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INFORMATION CONCERNING ASSAULT AND DEATH OF
VICTIM - WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON

On November 22, 1954, inmate [redacted] advised SA [redacted] that he first noted REMINGTON standing on the stairway leading from I-3 to I-2 dormitory. He said that REMINGTON was hanging on to the railing and that his face, head and shirt were covered with blood. [redacted] estimated this time as around 10:00 o'clock AM and said that he was so excited and horrified that he immediately ran down the stairs to Officer [redacted] and advised [redacted] of REMINGTON's location and condition. [redacted] stated that he did not notice anyone in the hallway or on the stairway near REMINGTON when he first saw him. According to [redacted] REMINGTON was saying to himself, "I can't figure it out." He said that the officer and an inmate whose identity he was not aware of went up the stairs from I-1 to assist REMINGTON back to his quarters. This inmate was determined to be inmate [redacted]

[redacted] Correctional Officer, United States Penitentiary, advised that he was on duty in "I" wing the day of the assault. He stated that he made normal routine checks of the dormitory around 7:00 o'clock AM and said that somewhere around 10:00 AM an inmate came down to the first floor of "I" wing and told [redacted] that an inmate was hurt on the landing of I-2. [redacted] recalled that he had been upstairs about ten minutes prior to seeing inmate [redacted] to tell inmate CAGLE, quartered in I-39, that CAGLE had a pass. He continued that at that time, he looked through the glass of the door and saw a figure lying on a bed, but stated he was not aware of the identity of this individual and did not note any blood or anything unusual. He said this individual appeared to have either a pillow or a blanket over his head.

Upon being informed that someone was hurt on the landing, [redacted] stated he sent an inmate to assist REMINGTON and that he, [redacted], called the control center. He stated that he later went to REMINGTON's room and that the Medical Technical Assistant and other officials were in the room with REMINGTON.

[redacted] advised on November 22, 1954 that he helped to take REMINGTON from the landing of I-2 back to his quarters. He said that REMINGTON's head, shoulders and face

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were bloody and that he was then dripping in blood. He added that he noted the bedding was bloody, the floor was covered with blood, and the walls around the bed appeared to have splashes of blood. [REDACTED] stated he was unable to learn from REMINGTON the person or persons who had assaulted him. He added, however, that REMINGTON had had trouble with the inmates quartered in I-39. b7C

On November 22, 1954, L. T. JACOBS, Medical Technical Assistant, United States Penitentiary, advised that he received an urgent call to go to REMINGTON's quarters. He said that he noted REMINGTON had a head injury and ordered that REMINGTON not be moved until Dr. LEON A. WITKIN, Chief Medical Officer, arrived at REMINGTON's quarters. He stated that REMINGTON's head, face, shirt, bedding, and the floor were covered with blood, and noted that he had begun to vomit. He added that when he was first called, they brought a cart, but the hospital was subsequently notified to bring a stretcher, and that he and Doctor WITKIN placed REMINGTON on to the stretcher and immediately transported him to the prison hospital.

On November 22, 1954, Dr. LEON A. WITKIN, Chief Medical Officer, United States Penitentiary, advised that WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON was seen by him approximately 10:00 o'clock AM, Monday, November 22, 1954. He stated REMINGTON was lying on the bunk in his room with his hair matted and the left side of his face covered with clotted blood. Doctor WITKIN estimated that he had been injured at least one hour previously. He stated that REMINGTON was transported to the operating room and prepared for emergency minor surgery. He said about five stellate lacerations were found in the vicinity of the left temple and parietal regions. According to WITKIN, these were cleaned and sutured. He stated that when he received his first report regarding the condition of REMINGTON, he stated by one of the technical assistants that REMINGTON was bleeding from the mouth and ear, but that at the time he arrived REMINGTON was not bleeding from the mouth or ear. REMINGTON, according to WITKIN, was quite restless and was given some sedation. He was not in severe shock. Later he became more conscious when it became apparent that he suffered from an apnea and was unable to communicate his thoughts, although he could reply yes or no to questions. REMINGTON's blood pressure and pulse rate remained normal throughout the day and at about 5:00 PM he was seen in consultation with Doctor TOMLINSON, who examined the patient and advised that he was in good condition.

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The temperature rose to 102 degrees at about 10:00 PM. During the night, the patient was somewhat restless and his coma appeared to deepen. He began to urinate involuntarily. In the morning of November 23, 1954 the patient was in a moderately deep coma. His pulse and respiration did not change. However, the left pupil was observed to be dilated and fixed to light. The eye grounds were normal. The abdominal reflexia were absent and there appeared to be a paralysis of the right arm and leg with increased deep-tendon reflexia on that side. It was Doctor WILKINSON's impression that the patient was then in critical condition.

Mr. FRED T. WILKINSON, Warden, United States Penitentiary, advised the writer that an operation was performed on REMINGTON by Dr. CHARLES TOMLINSON, Consulting Physician, assisted by Doctor LEON A. WITKIN. The Warden stated this operation, which was witnessed by him, was performed in order to relieve the pressure within REMINGTON's head. He stated that REMINGTON appeared to be resting easier after the operation, but was still in a critical condition.

Warden WILKINSON advised the writer that REMINGTON died at 7:30 AM on November 24, 1954, evidently as a result of the injuries received on November 22, 1954. He later advised that Mr. HARRY T. BECK, Coroner, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, ordered an autopsy to be performed on REMINGTON. He stated this autopsy was performed by Doctor WITKIN and Dr. JAMES BRESLAW, United States Public Health Service physician stationed at the United States Penitentiary. He advised that after the autopsy was performed, REMINGTON's body was removed to the Dornseife Funeral Home, Lewisburg, Pa., to be prepared for removal to REMINGTON's home for burial.

Warden WILKINSON advised that he had ordered his record clerk to take photographs of REMINGTON after his death. He stated these photographs, as well as a subsequent report, could be obtained in the near future.

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INTERVIEW WITH LEWIS CAGLE, JR.

On November 22, 1954, LEWIS CAGLE, JR., was interviewed by Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] in the presence of Associate Warden JOHN C. TAYLOR at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., and in a signed statement furnished the following information: b7C

"Lewisburg, Pa.
Nov. 22, 1954

"I, LEWIS CAGLE, JR., make the following statement of my own free will to [redacted] and [redacted] who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I know I do not have to make this statement and no threats or promises were made to me to induce me to make this statement. I am willing to testify to the following facts after my release from the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa. b7C

"I was born on December 12, 1936 at Chattanooga, Tenn. I am presently incarcerated at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa. and will probably be released on December 6, 1954.

"On November 22, 1954 I was quartered with inmates NO. COY. PARKER, [redacted] and [redacted] in Dormitory B, Room 19. I returned to my room around 8:30 PM on this date from the morning shift in the Power Plant with NO. COY. PARKER who already in the room. [redacted] came to my room about three or four minutes later. About one half hour later I saw PARKER leave my room. I heard the door across the corridor open and shut. PARKER came back into the room with about four bathrobes. PARKER said he found out where these guys were hiding their commissary items. I know that an inmate by the name of RICHMOND is quartered in the room across the corridor. Three other inmates reside with him but I do not know their names. PARKER 5

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"put some of the items in his locker and some in a box underneath a table. About fifty minutes later PARKER and MC COY left the room. MC COY was carrying a white sock with something in it. Prior to this time I heard someone enter the room across the corridor. I assumed it was REMINGTON as his roommates work in the daytime. Shortly after PARKER and MC COY left the room, I saw by the shadows and light reflections from a door opening and closing leading into REMINGTON's room that they entered his room. I then heard several thuds. MC COY & PARKER returned to their room about six or seven minutes later. MC COY was still carrying this sock with blood on the toe end. MC COY took a half red brick from the sock, washed the blood off of the brick and handed it to PARKER. MC COY flushed the sock down the commode. PARKER took the half brick out of the room. When he came back he did not have it. [REDACTED] came into the room about ten minutes later. b7C

"I have read this statement consisting of this page and two others and say the contents are true to the best of my knowledge.

/s/ LEWIS CAGLE JR.

"Witnesses:

[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Bldg, Philadelphia, Pa. b7C

[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Bldg, Philadelphia, Pa. 20 2 500 Widener Bldg, Philadelphia, Pa. 845.

It should be noted that on November 22, 1954, two [REDACTED] with tape wrapped around the handles were located by [REDACTED] officer [REDACTED] in the commode of the bathroom, the quarters of inmates CAGLE, MC COY, [REDACTED] and PARKER. CAGLE stated that the knives were the property of inmates PARKER and MC COY, but did not know which knife belonged to PARKER and which knife belonged to MC COY. b7C

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Instant knives were obtained, tagged, and are being retained as evidence in this case in the Philadelphia office.

On November 24, 1954, LEWIS CAGLE, JR., was reinterviewed by Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] b7C
at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., and in a signed statement, furnished the following additional information:

"Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
November 24, 1954

"I, LEWIS CAGLE JR., make the following free and voluntary statement to [redacted] and [redacted] b7C
[redacted] who identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I know I do not have to make this statement and I am willing to testify to the following facts.

"I am seventeen years old and I am presently incarcerated at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania,

"On Sunday night I noted that a sock in the bath room of I-39, my quarters lying on the floor. The sock appeared to contain an object about the size of a half brick. On 11/22/54 the day REMINGTON was assaulted in his quarters, just across the hall from my quarters I saw a sock in the hands of MO COY my roommate which looked like the sock I had seen in the bath room the night before. The white sock with the object in it was taken out of the room by MO COY around 9:30/A and PARKER followed MO COY out of my room. PARKER is also a roommate of mine. Immediately after MO COY and PARKER left the room, I saw the [redacted] of two men entering the room across from mine. REMINGTON sleeps in this room. I immediately heard the sound of dull thuds in REMINGTON's room. In a few minutes I saw shadows from the door of REMINGTON's room and MO COY and PARKER stepped into my quarters. I saw MO COY with a sock which contained an object and I noted blood on this sock from the toe 25'

"of the sock to about three inches above the toe of the sock. Both PARKER and MC COY went immediately into the bath room and flushed the commode. I then saw PARKER come out of the bath room carrying a wet half red brick which had letters on the side and a half moon shape scar near the end of the brick. PARKER walked out to the corridor of I3 dormitory and proceeded in a northerly direction. He later came back into the room without the brick. A part of a red brick was exhibited to me this date by SA's [redacted] and [redacted] and it appears to be the same brick that I saw PARKER in possession of the morning of the assault on REMINGTON. I have made this identification from the general shape, size and the letters appearing on the side as well as the indentation of the half-moon near the end of the brick. I have signed the card and placed the date also on this, which is attached to the brick. b7c

"I would also like to state that I have heard PARKER and MC COY state that REMINGTON was a Communist. I have also heard MC COY and PARKER state in conversation in my quarters that they hated Communists, on several occasions during the past week. I likewise heard MC COY state specifically that he hated Communists and 'I am going to get me one.' Last Sunday Nov. 21, 1954 MC COY mentioned REMINGTON's name in connection with Communism as he and PARKER were sitting on the bed in my quarters. Just about fifteen minutes prior to their leaving the room PARKER and MC COY had conversation in the bath room, in low tones, but I was unable to hear the contents of the conversation. 345

"I have read this statement consisting of this page and three others and I have initialed each page and correction. I acknowledge the statement is true and correct. 25

/s/ LEWIS CAGLE JR.

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Witnessed:

[redacted] Special Agent,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Philadelphia Division 11/24/54

[redacted] Special Agent,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Philadelphia Division 11/24/54.

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b7c
J

It should be noted that the brick as previously mentioned in the above signed statement was located by Correctional Officer [redacted] between "I" and "G" Dormitories at the northern end of "I" Wing on November 24, 1954. This brick is being maintained in the Philadelphia office as evidence in this case. b7c

During this interview, CAGLE denied any participation in the assault on victim REMINGTON and agreed to cooperate fully with Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Subsequently, CAGLE was reinterviewed by Special Agents [redacted] and [redacted] and admitted his participation in the murder of victim WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON after being confronted with evidence obtained from inmate PARKER in this case. He furnished the following signed statement which contains the details of his participation in this murder as follows: b7c

70-3
Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
November 25, 1954

"I, CAGLE JR., do hereby make this free and voluntary statement to [redacted] and [redacted] who identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises were made to me and I have been advised that I do not have to make any statement, and that this statement can be used in a court of law against me. I have also been advised that I have a

b7c 25

pg 70-523

right to have an attorney.

I was born December 12, 1936, in Chattanooga, Tenn., and I am currently incarcerated in the United States Penitentiary in Lewisburg, Pa. I have been quartered in I39 for the past three weeks and have been assigned to the Power house as a fireman for the past two and one-half months. Around 12:01 AM, 11/22/54 I began my duties this day as a motor reader having changed duties with inmate [redacted] at his request. During my tour of duty inmate MC COY, a roommate of mine stated he wanted to talk to me just to pass away the time. About one hour later I found time to talk with MC COY on a bench outside the office located in the power house. We began to talk about the free world and MC COY brought up the subject of inmate REMINGTON. MC COY said REMINGTON was a Communist and indicated his dislike for Communists. MC COY actually stated he hated REMINGTON because he was a Communist. At first I thought he was just joking, but conversing with him later during the day I found out he was serious. I talked with MC COY on several occasions during the working period. During my last conversation with MC COY, MC COY stated that he hated REMINGTON as a Communist and that if I would hit him, referring to REMINGTON, one or two times then he would hit him one or two times, with the brick in the sock located in my room. I said 'O.K.', and he said 'I believe that you will do it.' When we got off duty I went back to I39, my quarters, with inmate MC COY. PARKER was up, sitting at the table in my room, fully dressed.

b7c

2284
I estimate the time of arrival at my room as 11:30 AM to 6:30 AM. Inmate [redacted] subsequently came into the room and went to bed. About five minutes after our return to quarters PARKER went outside into the room across the hall and brought about four bath robes to our quarters. He said I want to show you guys where the guys have been hiding their commissary items. He took cigarettes, peanuts, candy and chocolate from the sleeves of the bath robes.

b7c

"We placed the chocolate and peanuts under a towel in the bath room under the sink. PARKER and I then hung the bath robes on racks in the room. MC COY and I told PARKER that we should return the bath robes. PARKER said 'Wait a while.' I asked PARKER again, shouldn't we take the bath robes back across the hall to REMINGTON's room and PARKER said 'Just let them hang where they are.' I went into the bath room and picked up the two bags of peanuts and gave one bag to MC COY and the other bag to PARKER. MC COY gave me half of his peanuts. PARKER then went into the bath room and put in a box with a three boxes of chocolate and the table. We waited until false bottom underneath the table. We waited until the janitor got through sweeping and mopping the corridor and discussed going back ever to REMINGTON's room to look for more commissary items, and it was agreed that I should hit REMINGTON in the head with the brick encased in the sock in the event that REMINGTON awakened during our presence in his room. MC COY and I agreed that each one of us would hit REMINGTON regardless of whether he woke up or not, but PARKER was not aware of this agreement. However, PARKER did know that if REMINGTON woke up, MC COY and I would hit him. PARKER was to search the room for other items, while MC COY and I stood watch over REMINGTON. PARKER opened the door to REMINGTON's room, stopped back and I entered the room with the sock that contained the brick followed by MC COY or PARKER and REMINGTON's door was closed. I walked over to REMINGTON's bed and uncovered his head and struck him four times on left side of REMINGTON's head around his temple. Blood spurted from REMINGTON head and eventually covered the side of his face. Either PARKER or MC COY said 'that is enough and I gave MC COY the sock which contained the brick, and went into REMINGTON's bath room. I turned and saw MC COY hit REMINGTON one time with the brick encased in the sock. This was a good blow. MC COY later told me he hit REMINGTON one time. I then washed my hands and we went back to our room. As I was going out of the room I saw REMINGTON raise up on his right elbow and heard him, either breathe in or out of his nose. MC COY took the sock back into

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our room and PARKER, MC COY and I went to the bath room. MC COY took a knife, cut the brick out of the sock, and flushed the sock down the commode. MC COY then washed the blood off of the brick and handed PARKER the brick. PARKER left the room and went to the northern end of I3 Quarters and subsequently came back without the brick. PARKER then told MC COY and I to lie down and go to sleep and if anything was said he would say we were in bed asleep. He further stated "play it cool". MC COY and I then pulled off our pants and socks and went to bed. PARKER was sitting at the table fully dressed when I fell asleep. [redacted] came up later and said he saw REMINGTON downstairs, all messed up. When REMINGTON was brought upstairs by inmates and placed in bed I later went over to the door in REMINGTON's bed and saw him lying on the bed. REMINGTON at this time as well as his bedding was covered with blood.

b7c

"I have read this statement consisting of this page and five others and say the contents are true to the best of my knowledge.

/s/ LEWIS CAGLE JR.

"Witnesses -

[redacted] - Special Agent, FBI, 500
Widener Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa. 2845-

[redacted] Special Agent, FBI,
500 Widener Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa."

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The above signed statements of inmate LEWIS CAGLE, JR.,
maintained in exhibits in the Philadelphia Office.

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elsewhere in this report. REMINGTON usually returned to his quarters from night duty approximately 8:15 AM.

PARKER, in signed statement on November 23, 1954, gave the following additional information:

"Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
November 23, 1954

"I, ROBERT CARL PARKER, [REDACTED] do hereby furnish this free and voluntary statement to [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] who identified themselves to me as a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises were made to me and I have been advised that I do not have to make the statement, as it can be used in a court of law against me. I have also been informed that I have a right to have an attorney. b7C

"I am twenty-one years of age and I am currently confined in the United States Penitentiary in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania.

"Last Sunday, I stole from the chow hall one kitchen knife and took this knife to my quarters, I-39, where I sharpened and placed black tape around the handle of same. This knife was found in the commode in I-39, my quarters, on the twenty-second of November 1954 by prison officers. I have identified this knife in the presence of Special Agents [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and I have placed my initials and the date 11/23/54 as evidence of this identification. I know the knife is contraband and is a violation of the law and prison regulations. b7C

"I have read this statement consisting of approximately two pages and acknowledge that the contents are correct. 845

127C /s/ ROBERT CARL PARKER
Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Building,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Building,
Philadelphia, Pa.

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It should be noted that PARKER's knife was located in the cotch of his quarters by Correction Officer [REDACTED] on November 22, 1954, and PARKER identified this knife and admitted ownership of same. Instant knife is being maintained in the Philadelphia Office as evidence. b7C

PARKER furnished the following signed statement to SAs [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] on November 23, 1954 admitting the larceny of bathrobes and other commissary items from the quarters of I-32, which is the quarters of victim REMINGTON: b7C

"Lewisburg, Pa.
November 23, 1954

"I, ROBERT CARL PARKER, [REDACTED], make the following statement of my own free will to [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I know I do not have to make this statement and that it may be used in a court of law against me. I know I am entitled to counsel. No threats or promises have been made to me to induce me to make this statement. b7C

"I am 21 years of age, and I am presently incarcerated at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

"On 11/22/54, I went into REMINGTON's quarters, known as I-32, and stole 3 or 4 bars of candy, 3 packs of cigarettes, and three or four prison bathrobes. I took the robes, candy, and cigarettes to my quarters, known as I-39.

"I have read this statement consisting of this page and the other side and the contents are true to the best of my knowledge. 845

/s/ ROBERT CARL PARKER

[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Building,
Philadelphia, Pa.

[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Bldg.,
Philadelphia, Pa. b7C

On November 24, 1954, ROBERT CARL PARKER was reinterviewed by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] in the presence of SA [redacted] and gave the following detailed signed statement concerning his participation and knowledge in the murder of victim WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON: b7C

"Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
November 24, 1954

"I, ROBERT CARL PARKER, do hereby give this free and voluntary statement to [redacted] and [redacted] who identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made to me, and I have been advised that I do not have to make any statement and that any statement made by me can be used in a court of law against me. I have also been advised that I have a right to be represented by an attorney. b7C

"I am twenty-one years of age and currently confined as an inmate at the United States Penitentiary in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, under prison number 20857.

"I awoke in room I-39 around 8:00 AM Monday morning, 11/22/54. I then went into REMINGTON's room, which is across the hall from me. I took four bathrobes from the bathroom in REMINGTON's room and took them back to my quarters. I took 2 bars of candy, four packs of Lucky Strike cigarettes, one pack of Pall Mall's and two boxes of chocolate and put the above on the table. By this time inmates MC COY and CAGLE returned from work to I-39 quarters. When they came in MC COY asked 'Where did you get the stuff' and I said, 'I just got it.' MC COY just smiled and asked where the bathrobes came from. I then said I got them from across the hall. I then made some chocolate and gave MC COY and CAGLE a cup. I drank the rest of the chocolate. MC COY asked why I didn't take the bathrobes back, and I told him to forget about the bathrobes, as there won't be anything said about them. He kept asking me why wouldn't I take the bathrobes back to REMINGTON's room. I told him, no, just forget about them, I will leave them over here. He then went down in the bed dressed in his shorts and T-shirt. 25

and I began to read Colliers magazine. Then MC COY just lay there and after a while he asked me again let's just take the bathrobes back and then we won't have to worry about it. He, MC COY, kept after me to take the bathrobes back to REMINGTON's room and I said, wait I will go downstairs to see if I or anyone on the night force has got a pass. I went down to the officers post and had to wait there for three or four minutes as the officer wasn't there at the time. I saw the officer, who is an old man, and he said the only one who had a pass was CAGLE. I went back upstairs and I told CAGLE, the boss man said he had a pass to report to the Education Department at one o'clock that day. MC COY asked me if I was going to take the bathrobes back across the hall. I said, 'Well, wait and I will see if anybody's over there.' MC COY then said, 'Well I don't give a damn if he is over there (referring to REMINGTON) as he is nothing but a damn Communist, and he tried to sell us all out.' I paid the statement made by MC COY no attention and told MC COY and CAGLE to wait and I would see who is over there.

"I walked over to REMINGTON's room and left REMINGTON's door open. I went toward REMINGTON's bathroom and looked inside. All of a sudden I heard a noise, something like a thump on a hollow drum, thuds. I turned around toward REMINGTON's bed and saw CAGLE swinging a sock which I know now contained part of red brick. I saw blood on the side of REMINGTON's head and face and saw REMINGTON put up his left arm to ward off the blow. CAGLE was hitting him fast and I grabbed his right arm with my right arm after the second attempt. The bathrobe was off of his head as I saw REMINGTON's face. I threw CAGLE by his arm against another bed directly opposite REMINGTON's bed, and he caught himself against the wall with his hands. I asked CAGLE, 'What in the hell are you doing?' He didn't say anything but turned away. The next thing I knew, I saw MC COY hitting REMINGTON's head with a sock that contained the brick. He hit REMINGTON three or four times in the head, and REMINGTON was bloody on the side of his head and face. I grabbed MC COY by the shoulder and pulled him back a few feet and he just stood and looked at me. CAGLE was also staring at me and I said, 'Get the hell out of here.' CAGLE turned

and left the room first and I followed and closed REMINGTON's door. We went back across the corridor back to our quarters. When I re-entered my quarters, CAGLE and MC COY were standing by CAGLE's bed laughing. Neither MC COY or CAGLE said anything for a few minutes. After a short time elapsed, they began to talk. I estimate the time of the assault on REMINGTON as either 9:00 AM or 9:30 AM. CAGLE then said, 'I think I did him in pretty good,' and MC COY said 'I think I killed him,' referring to REMINGTON. MC COY then went into the bathroom with the sock and brick. MC COY called me in and said here cut this, referring to the sock, as he was holding the sock taunt by both ends over the commode. I started to cut the sock with a kitchen knife with the handle wrapped in black tape, which I secured hidden in the toilet bowl and started to cut the sock around the ankle. I then dropped the knife and said, 'to hell with it,' and went back and laid on my bed. I stayed in bed two or three minutes, and either MC COY or CAGLE came out of the bathroom and told me to get the brick from under the sink and take it and throw it out the end window. I took this brick out and threw it out the end widow of the corridor facing north. I then came back and began reading a magazine. When I was reading MC COY and CAGLE began talking about REMINGTON, saying that he was no good and a Communist, and I told them to knock it off, that I did not want to hear it. MC COY asked me, 'What are you so sore about, he was no good anyway,' and I told them I did not know anything about him, referring to REMINGTON. The conversation was discontinued until inmate [redacted] came up, but nothing was said regarding the assault of REMINGTON before inmate [redacted]. A few minutes later I heard someone, possibly REMINGTON, hollering for a guard, but I didn't pay any attention to him.

I have read this statement consisting of 28 pages and others. I have initialed each page and correction. The statement is true and correct. I am willing to testify in court as to the contents of this statement.

/s/ ROBERT CARL PARKER

Witnesses:

[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Building,
Philadelphia, Pa. 7
[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Bldg.,
Philadelphia, Pa. b7C
[REDACTED] Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Philadelphia Division]

It is noted that the above statement is self serving and that PARKER claimed he had no knowledge that REMINGTON was to be assaulted. PARKER was reinterviewed on November 25, 1954 by SAs [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] to clear up discrepancies between the statement furnished by inmate CAGLE and the above statement furnished by PARKER. PARKER then admitted in the following signed statement that he did hear conversation between inmates CAGLE and MC COY to the effect that "if he wakes up, we'll hit him." b7C

"Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
November 25, 1954

"I, ROBERT CARL PARKER, do hereby furnish this free and voluntary statement to [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises were made to me and I realize I do not have to make this statement and that the statement can be used against me in a court of law. I have been advised that I have a right to have an attorney. b7C

"I wish to furnish the following facts to clarify my previous statement made 11/24/54. While in my quarters just prior to the assault on inmate REMINGTON, I heard conversation between inmates CAGLE and MC COY to the effect that they would watch REMINGTON while I searched for additional commissary items in REMINGTON's room. I told CAGLE and MC COY that I would go to REMINGTON's room to see if any one is there. CAGLE then said, 'What if he is in the room?' MC COY said, 'Well, I don't give a damn if he is in the room, he is nothing but a Communist who tried to sell us out.' Either CAGLE or MC COY then said, 'If he wakes up, we'll hit him.' Although I heard one of them say

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that we would hit him if he awoke, referring to REMINGTON. I did not actually believe either CAGLE or MC COY would hit him in the head as I have heard both of the inmates make such remarks numerous times in the past. Nothing further was said regarding this matter and I was to search for other articles, while CAGLE and MC COY kept watch over REMINGTON.

"I don't recall stopping either CAGLE or MC COY from beating REMINGTON as I have previously stated, as I was very excited at the time. At the present time my thoughts concerning my activities in REMINGTON's room at the time of the assault are not too clear.

"After the assault and we returned to our room, I recall telling CAGLE and MC COY to get to bed and shut up and if anyone came up or said anything I would say they were in bed asleep at the time of the assault. I said that to keep CAGLE and MC COY from continuing to joke and laugh about the assault.

"I have read this statement consisting of this page and two others and say the contents are true to the best of my knowledge.

/s/ ROBERT CARL PARKER

Witnesses:

[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Bldg.,
Philadelphia, Pa. b7C
[REDACTED] Special Agent, FBI, 500 Widener Bldg.,
Philadelphia, Pa."

PARKER was of the opinion that inmate MC COY had intimidated CAGLE to participate in the murder of REMINGTON. He said that he re-
membered several weeks ago, inmate MC COY obtained a rod from his bed and hit CAGLE in the back of the head with this rod. He also stated that CAGLE was then instructed by MC COY to go to the hospital and tell the hospital physician he received his head injury from a fall.

The above signed statements of inmate ROBERT CARL PARKER are being maintained as exhibits in the Philadelphia Office.

INTERVIEW WITH GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY

On November 22, 1954, Inmate GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, Number [redacted] currently assigned Power Plant Detail and quartered in 139 Quarters, United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., was interviewed by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] in the presence of Associate Warden JOHN G. TAYLOR. He stated that he came in from his night duties to his quarters between 8:05 to 8:10 a.m. on the morning of the assault with Inmates CAGLE and [redacted]. He said that PARKER was off duty the night before; that when he came to his quarters, PARKER was sitting at the table fully dressed. MC COY claimed that he did not see or hear REMINGTON enter his quarters and denied any participation in or knowledge of the assault on REMINGTON. He recalled that Inmate [redacted] came up to talk with Inmate [redacted] a few minutes prior to [redacted] retiring to bed and going to sleep. He stated that [redacted] then left the room and that he did not see [redacted] since a little after 8:00 o'clock on November 22, 1954. It should be noted that Inmate MC COY is quartered in 139 Quarters, which is directly opposite the quarters of Victim WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON. He recalled that a few moments after he returned to his room, Inmate PARKER went out to get a paper and stated that he then shaved and went to bed. Inmate [redacted], according to MC COY, came up sometime later and stated he was glad to get out of the punitive segregation. According to MC COY, [redacted] stayed for approximately 5 to 15 minutes. MC COY said he picked up a pair of pants from the power plant, as he thought these pants belonged to Inmate [redacted] and that he gave [redacted] the pants when [redacted] came to his room. He said that [redacted] stated that the pants were not his and that he was going to return them to the control center.

Two pieces of firebrick were located in the trash can which is located in the corridor near MC COY's and REMINGTON's quarters. MC COY admitted that the firebricks were in his room lying on the shelf on the morning of November 22, 1954, and stated that these firebricks had been in his quarters for two or three months. He admitted that he had a knife in the past, but denied ownership of the knife which were located in the commode in the bathroom of [redacted] quarters, MC COY's quarters, by Correctional Officer [redacted] on November 22, 1954, the morning of the assault on Victim REMINGTON. He said that he believed one of the

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knives belonged to PARKER, as he has seen PARKER with a kitchen knife with tape wrapped around the handle three or four times in the past.

MC COY continued that the first knowledge that he had that REMINGTON had been assaulted was when Inmate [redacted] left the room with the pants to return them to the control center and came running back upstairs saying that he saw Inmate REMINGTON on the second floor landing of I 2 Dormitory "all messed up."

The only other person who came up to his room, according to MC COY, was an elderly officer who came up to tell Inmate CAGLE that CAGLE had a pass.

On November 23, 1954, MC COY was re-interviewed by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] and denied any knowledge or of participation in the assault on WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON. b7c

On November 25, 1954, MC COY was re-interviewed by SAC NORMAN H. MC CABE and SA [redacted] and continued to deny any participation in or knowledge of the assault.

On November 26, 1954, MC COY was re-interviewed by SAC NORMAN H. MC CABE and SAs [redacted] and [redacted] at which time he was advised that he had been formally charged with murder and he was confronted with the information furnished previously by Inmates CAGLE and PARKER regarding his participation in the murder of WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, but MC COY continued to deny any knowledge of or participation in the assault, but did admit that a few weeks ago, he had taken a red out of his bed and hit Inmate CAGLE over the head which blow caused CAGLE to be hospitalized in the prison hospital.

It should be noted that Inmates PARKER and CAGLE have previously furnished detailed information in signed statements regarding MC COY's participation in the murder of WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON.

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EVIDENCE

During the course of this investigation, the personal effects of victim, subjects CAGLE, PARKER, MC COY, as well as the victim's room were examined for items of evidentiary nature and for information which might lead to the identity of the victim's assailants.

On November 23, 1954, photographs of the scene where the assault occurred and the surrounding area were taken and will be maintained as exhibits in the Philadelphia Office.

The following listed items were taken to the FBI Laboratory by Special Agent [REDACTED] on November 24, 1954, for chemical and microscopic examination. b7C

Items Belonging to Subject ROBERT CARL PARKER

Pair blue prison trousers
Blue denim shirt
Pair of white shirts
White undershirt
Pair of white socks
White handkerchief
Brown canvas belt
Pair of brown shoes
Red Scripto pencil
Red Esterbrook pen
Two match folders
Partial package of Lucky Strike cigarettes
Four pieces of wood from safety matchbox
Black comb

Items Belonging to Subject GEORGE JAMES MC COY

Pair of blue prison trousers
Blue denim shirt
Pair of white shirts
White undershirt
Pair of white socks
White handkerchief, "King" trademark
White handkerchief without trademark
Brown army-type canvas belt
Pair of brown shoes

845-
25

ME 10-523

Clothing Taken from Victim's Bed

Blue and white striped bathrobe
Pair of brown shoestrings found tied
around upper part of trousers
White undershirt
White pillowcase
Two white sheets

Portion of brick found lying outside prison dormitory
One white sock found at Prison Grading and Disposal Plant

Two samples of pubic hair from victim
Head hair from victim
Blood sample from victim

By letter dated November 26, 1954, the FBI Laboratory advised that victim has International Blood Group "O" and that grouping tests made on a number of representative samples of human blood which was present on a blue and white striped bathrobe taken from victim's bed, and white pillowcase also taken from victim's bed, two white sheets taken from victim's bed, disclosed only the presence of Group "O" thereon. Human blood which was insufficient in amount for grouping purposes was found on the shoelaces which were found on victim's bathrobe.

An examination of the brick, which was found lying outside of the prison dormitory and which has been identified by subject CAGLE as the brick used in murdering victim, reflected no evidence of blood, tissue particles or hair thereon. However, tests reflect a very small amount of blood in the pores of this brick.

This letter further pointed out that an extraction of blood from the pores of the brick, when evaporated, yielded no materials on which confirmatory tests for the presence of blood could be made.

The white handkerchief belonging to subject MC CRY also contained a slight amount of blood, but of an insufficient amount to be tested.

PH 10-523

Further examination of the portion of the brick found lying outside the prison dormitory indicated that indented markings of the manufacture appear on one side of it. These markings consist of the letters "ARK," which is probably the latter portion of the word "MARK," followed by the word "THANK," which in turn is followed by a small indented design somewhat similar in appearance to a crescent.

An examination of the other items contained nothing of an evidentiary nature.

The following listed items were taken to the FBI Laboratory by Special Agent [REDACTED] on November 26, 1954, for a chemical, microscopic, and fingerprint examination. b7C

Items Belonging to Victim

Pair of white shorts
Blue work shirt
Pocket watch, "New Haven" brand
Tobacco can, "Sir Walter Raleigh" brand,
containing ten cigarettes.

Pillowcase used as container for victim's effects.

Clothing Worn by LEWIS CASLE, JR., on November 22, 1954

Pair of black shoes
Pair of white shorts
Pair of blue prison trousers
Blue shirt
White web belt bearing the name "CARL O. KELLER"
Pair of white socks

Items Belonging to LEWIS CASLE, JR.

Dark robe
White undershirt
White handkerchief
Pair of white socks
Pair of brown shoes
Pair of trousers
Blue shirt

10-22845

PH 70-523

Items Belonging to ROBERT CARL PARKER

Green plastic hair brush
Green plastic soap dish containing soap
Aluminum cup containing soap
Portion of bathrobe

Items Belonging to GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY

Pair of white shorts
White undershirt
Pair of canvas gloves
White bedsheet
White bedsheet, with each corner tied in knot
White personal equipment bag
Bathrobe

By letter dated November 27, 1954, the FBI Laboratory advised that tests made of representative samples of human blood present on a pair of white shorts and blue work shirt belonging to the victim disclosed the presence of Group "O" blood only thereon. Human blood which was insufficient in amount for tests was found on the face of victim's watch. Blood stains were found on the white undershirt belonging to subject CAGLE but were too limited in amount for further tests.

The other items submitted were examined with negative results.

All the above-mentioned items are being retained in the Philadelphia Office.

In addition to the above-mentioned items, an Eversharp fountain pen was located in the room of subjects. This is the pen mentioned in the signed statement of inmate [REDACTED] dated November 25, 1954, and previously set out.

Two knives, one of which has been identified by subject [REDACTED] as being his own, were found in subject's room on November 25, 1954. As previously mentioned, subject PARKER stated that the other knife belonged to subject MC COY, however, MC COY denied that this knife belonged to him. It is noted that subject CAGLE stated that these two knives belonged to MC COY and PARKER; however, he was unable to say which knife belonged to PARKER and which one belonged to MC COY.

The above items are being retained as exhibits in the Philadelphia Office.

PROSECUTIVE ACTION

On November 24, 1954, SAC NORMAN H. McCABE discussed subjects PARKER's and McCOY's participation in REMINGTON's murder with Mr. J. JULIUS LEVY, U. S. Attorney, Middle District of Pennsylvania, Scranton, Pa., and he authorized the filing of a complaint against McCOY and PARKER charging them with violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code. b7C

On the same date SA [redacted] filed a complaint before Mr. ANDREW A. LEISER, Jr., U. S. Commissioner, Lewisburg, Pa., charging subjects McCOY and PARKER with violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code, in that on or about November 22, 1954, at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., in the middle district of Pennsylvania, and on lands under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, GEORGE JUNIOR McCOY and ROBERT CARL PARKER, both inmates currently confined at the institution, did, with premeditation and by means of striking him on the head with a deadly weapon, to wit, a partial red brick encased in a white sock, murder WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, a human being incarcerated at the said U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa. Warrants were issued against both McCOY and PARKER and subsequently directed to the office of the U. S. Marshal, Scranton, Pa., to be lodged as detainers against them at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

On November 26, 1954, SAC McCABE discussed CAGLE's participation in the murder of REMINGTON with Mr. J. JULIUS LEVY, U. S. Attorney, Middle District of Pennsylvania, Scranton, Pa., and he authorized the filing of a complaint against CAGLE charging him with violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code. b7C

On the same date SA [redacted] filed a complaint before Mr. ANDREW A. LEISER, Jr., U. S. Commissioner, Lewisburg, Pa., charging CAGLE with violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code, in that on or about November 22, 1954, at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., in the middle district of Pennsylvania, and on lands under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, CAGLE, an inmate currently confined at the institution, did, with premeditation and by means of striking him on the head with a deadly weapon, to wit, a partial red brick encased in a white sock, murder WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, a human being incarcerated at the said U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

74-10-221
Lewisburg, Pa. A warrant was issued against CAGLE and subsequently directed to the office of the U. S. Marshal, Scranton, Pa., to be lodged as a detainer against CAGLE at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

**BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT
GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY**

The following information was obtained from personal observation, interview and a review of records of the U. S. Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pa.

On September 21, 1953, GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY escaped from the Ohio State Penitentiary, Roseville, Ohio, division, and stole a 1950 Chevrolet and transported it to Moughcaig, Ky. He was sentenced on October 12, 1953, in the eastern district of Kentucky, to a term of three years for the interstate transportation of a stolen motor vehicle. He would have been eligible for parole on October 11, 1954, but this was denied. He would have been eligible for release, with good time, on February 2, 1956, and his full term sentence would have expired on October 11, 1956. At the present time there is a warrant lodged as a detainer against MCCOY by the Ohio State Penitentiary for escape.

He was assigned to work in the power plant on February 25, 1954, and has been quartered in Dormitory I, Room 39, since June 2, 1954.

Since being incarcerated at Lewisburg, Pa., he has received one disciplinary report, which reflects that he was in a restricted area without permission. He was reprimanded and warned for this offense.

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b7C

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT
ROBERT CARL PARKER

The following information was obtained from personal observation, interview and a review of records of the U. S. Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pa.

On April 28, 1953, convict ROBERT CARL PARKER, [REDACTED] escaped from Virginia [REDACTED] and stole a 1951 Chevrolet [REDACTED] owned by one [REDACTED] and transported it to [REDACTED] PARKER was apprehended on April 29, 1953, [REDACTED] U. S. Police Department and admitted [REDACTED] the same date to federal custody.

845 b7C

LA 70-523

Convict PARKER was indicted on June 1, 1953, by the U. S. Grand Jury at Greensboro, N. C., for violation of Title 18, Section 2312, in that he did unlawfully steal a 1951 Chevrolet tudor sedan, motor number JM-47985, on or about April 28, 1953, at Mecklenburg County, Va., and transported it to Greensboro, N. C., in the middle district of North Carolina, knowing it to have been stolen. On June 2, 1953, convict PARKER entered a plea of guilty in the U. S. District Court, Greensboro, N. C., before Judge JOHNSON J. HAYES and was sentenced to three years in the U. S. Penitentiary, Atlanta, Ga.

PARKER was committed to the U. S. Penitentiary, Atlanta, Ga., on June 13, 1953, and was transferred to the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., on August 19, 1954. He was denied parole on July 27, 1954. His sentence was to have expired, with good time, on February 2, 1956, and his full term sentence would have expired on November 19, 1956.

There is a detainer, filed on June 29, 1953, lodged against subject PARKER at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., by the state police, Richmond, Va., charging PARKER with escape from the Virginia State Penitentiary.

PARKER was assigned to work at the power plant on March 19, 1954, and has been quartered in Dormitory I, Room 39, since July 14, 1953.

Since incarceration at Lewisburg, Pa., PARKER has received one disciplinary report, which reflects that on February 10, 1954, he was restricted two weeks, and seven days of good time was withheld, since he was tampering and stealing in clothing.

[REDACTED] 581

[REDACTED]

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FD-302

On September 21, 1951, CAGLE was sentenced in the U. S. District Court, Chattanooga, Tenn., to a term of three years for violation of the Juvenile Delinquency Act, which violation arose as a result of his participation in the interstate transportation of a stolen motor vehicle. He was released from custody on parole on July 10, 1952. The expiration date of this parole was noted as September 20, 1954.

On December 4, 1953, CAGLE was taken into federal custody and charged with violation of Section 2312, Title 18, U. S. Code, since he on or about November 15, 1952, transported a stolen automobile from Chattanooga, Tenn., to Tuscaloosa, Ala.

On December 12, 1952, subject CAGLE entered a plea of guilty to a one-count information charging him with violation of the Juvenile Delinquency Act in the U. S. District Court at Chattanooga, Tenn. He was sentenced on the same date to a term of 15 months.

A probation violator's warrant was executed on January 13, 1953, which indicated that he served 15 months sentence received at Chattanooga, Tenn., received on December 12, 1952. It was also noted that on January 13, 1953, 802 days remained to be served on the sentence which he received on September 21, 1951.

CAGLE would have been eligible for release, with good time, on December 6, 1954, and his 15 term sentence would have expired on March 25, 1955.

CAGLE was born on December 12, 1938, in Hamilton County, Tenn. He had lived with his parents continually until 1945, when they separated. He was then placed in the Benny Oak School, where he remained until his parents remarried in 1946.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7C

CAGLE, along with close inmate associates, on April 17, 1954, was suspected of intimidating other men in his dormitory where they were quartered as well as other dormitories. It was noted that prompt action on the part of correctional officers in the dormitory averted serious trouble when a large group of inmates from another dormitory tried to find CAGLE and his inmate associates. Additional investigation by the correctional officers indicated that CAGLE was the ringleader in the attempt to intimidate other inmates for commissary items. Other investigation reflected that CAGLE and his inmate associates had attempted to convince another inmate to leave his commissary item for them on a walk in the institution. CAGLE also made an attempt to force an inmate to open his locker and give his commissary items to CAGLE.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7C

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FD-10-100

**BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTION OF VICTIM,
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON**

The following information was obtained from a review of the records at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON was sentenced on February 4, 1953, in the U. S. District Court, Southern District of New York, to serve a term of three years for perjury. He was committed to the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., on April 30, 1953, and would have been eligible to be released, with good time, on August 6, 1955. His full term sentence would have expired on April 14, 1956.

He was assigned at the time of his death as an attendant in the hospital and was quartered in Dormitory I, Room 32, since August 18, 1954.

The description of REMINGTON is set out as follows:

Name	WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
Born	October 25, 1917 New York City, N. Y.
Race	White
Height	6'2 1/2"
Weight	186
Hair	Light - reddish brown
Eyes	Gray
Complexion	Fair
FBI number	452073A
Relatives	Divorced wife, ANNE MOOS REMINGTON, address unknown Present wife, ANNE REMINGTON Ridgewood, N. Y. Parents, Mr. and Mrs. FREDERICK W. REMINGTON, Ridgewood, N. Y.

PH 70-523

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

LEADS

THE PHILADELPHIA DIVISION,
AT SCRANTON, PENNSYLVANIA

Will, after U. S. Attorney J. JULIUS LEVY has had sufficient time to read instant report, discuss the following with him:

1. The possibility of further charges against subjects PARKER and MC COY for possession of contraband knives on a government reservation.
2. The possibility of further charges against subject PARKER for thefts of commissary items from victim's room.
3. The possibility of further charges against subject MC COY for hitting subject CAGLE with bed rail sending him to hospital in the last two or three months and whether or not he desires further investigation to be conducted in this matter.

AT LEWISBURG, PA.

Will verify the filing of detainers against subjects at USP.

Will contact Mr. FRED WILKINSON, Warden, USP, and obtain photos of victim after death which were taken by T. Y. LAWRENCE, Records Clerk.

Will contact Mr. WINKLE, USP, and obtain subsequent medical and autopsy reports.

Will consider the advisability of reinterviewing MC COY.

Will follow and report prosecution.

PH 70-523

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE
(Continued)

REFERENCES:

Philadelphia phone call to Bureau, 11/23/54.

Philadelphia teletypes (2) to Bureau dated 11/23/54.

Philadelphia teletype to Bureau, dated 11/25/54.

Philadelphia teletype to Bureau, dated 11/26/54.

70-22845-

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102541

perimeter 30, 1954

70-22845-25

RECORDED-68

GEORGE JUNIOR MC CON, with aliases;
 ROBERT CARL PARKER, with aliases;
 LEWIS CAGLE, JR., with aliases;
 WILLIAM WALTER RAYMOND - VICTIM
 CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - KIDNER
 IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

Transmitted herewith is a copy of the report of Special Agent [REDACTED] at Philadelphia dated November 28, 1954, which deals with the death of William Walter Rorington.

Abstract

cc: 2 - Mr. James V. Bennett (at present)
Director, Bureau of Prisons

WEG:fc
13

COMM - FBI
NOV 30 1954
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DEC 9 - 1950

70-22845-25

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1 1954

TELETYPE

FROM PH

5.00 PM

DIRECTOR, FBI

URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ET AL, CGR - MURDER, IFPI, FCJ, SCRANTON
PA., TODAY RETURNED TRUE BILL BEFORE FEDERAL JUDGE ALBERT L.
WATSON CHARGING ALL THREE SUBJECTS SEC. ELEVEN ELEVEN, TITLE
EIGHTEEN, USC, CHARGING THAT THEY WITH PREMEDITATION AND MALICE OF
FORETHOUGHT MURDERED WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON BY STRIKING HIM ON
HEAD WITH A DEADLY WEAPON WHICH CRUSHED HIS SKULL AND INJURED HIS
BRAIN FROM THE EFFECTS OF WHICH HE REMAINED UNCONSCIOUS FOR A
TIME AND DIED. JUDGE WATSON ORDERED WILLIAM J. GARVEY AS ATTORNEY
FOR CAGLE INASMUCH AS HE WAS JUVENILE. USA LEVY WITHHOLDING
OPINION RE CHARGES AGAINST SUBJECTS PARKER AND MC COY FOR POSSESSING
FO CONTRABAND KNIVES ON A GOVT. RESERVATION AND ALSO ADVISES HE
DESIRES NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION CONCERNING MC COY FOR HITTING
SUBJECT CAGLE WITH BED RAIL AS HE FELT THIS WAS POSSIBLY SELF
DEFENSE.

MC CAGLE

CORE NEXT TO 1ST LINE

RECORDED

DEC 9 1954

EX-118

DEC 9 1954

Invoice of Contents from
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Date December 3, 1954

Case References

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was, ETAL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
COR-MURDER

Consigned to: SAC, Philadelphia 70-523

Urlet 11-29-54; WCH:ERG

COMM - FBI

DEC 6 1954

MAILED 19 : 70-22845

List of Contents

Q32 Eversharp ball-point pen

REGISTERED MAIL

Returned 12-6-54

L. I.

12-3-54

PC-40307 CN

Mr. Tamm, 7625
Mr. Parsons, 7121
Mr. Bowles, 7601
Mr. Conrad, 7142
Mr. Downing, 6228 TB
Mr. Beach, 7121
Mr. DeLoe, 6306 IS

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Mail Room, place date of shipment and registry number in shipping room, show date of shipment, bill of lading number and initial this invoice; when return it to person whose name is checked in column at right. After this checked name has been initialed, invoice should be placed in administrative file.

70-22845

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *fr*

DATE: December 2, 1954

FROM : Mr. Price *JP*

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS.;
 ROBERT CARL PARKER;
 LEWIS CAGLE, JR., WAS.;
 WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
 CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER;
 IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Nichols _____
 Belmont _____
 Harbo _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

This is to advise that on 12/1/54 the three captioned subjects were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury charging them with the murder of victim Remington.

This is the case wherein Remington, the former Department of Commerce employee who was sentenced to serve three years imprisonment on 2/4/53 after being convicted of perjury, was assaulted on 11/22/54 at the US Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, by the captioned subjects. Remington died on 11/22/54. The three subjects are presently incarcerated in the US penitentiary in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, for having violated the Interstate Transportation of Stolen Motor Vehicle Statute.

On 12/1/54 the Federal Grand Jury, Scranton, Pennsylvania, returned a true bill of indictment before Federal Judge Albert L. Watson charging all three subjects with a violation of Section 1111, Title 18, United States Code, in that they with premeditation and malice of forethought murdered William Walter Remington by striking him on the head with a deadly weapon which crushed his skull and injured his brain from the effects of which he remained unconscious for a time and died. Judge Watson ordered William J. Garvey as an attorney for subject Cagle inasmuch as Cagle is a juvenile.

US Attorney J. Julius Levy, Scranton, Pennsylvania, advised he is withholding his opinion regarding the charges against subjects Parker and McCoy for the possession of contraband knives on a Government reservation and desires no further investigation concerning McCoy for assaulting subject Cagle with a bed rail since Levy felt this was possibly self defense. On 11/22/54 two kitchen knives with tape wrapped around the handles were located by a prison officer in the commode of the bathroom in the room of the captioned subjects. Cagle states the knives belonged to subjects Parker and McCoy. Parker in his signed statement of 11/23/54

cc: Mr. Nichols
 Mr. Belmont

RECORDED-31

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88 DEC 9 1954

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admits stealing one of these knives from the prison cchow hall and secreting it in his room. McCoy denies owning the other knife but admits he believed one of them belongs to Parker. This is a possible violation of the Irregularities in Federal Penal Institutions Statute..

In regard to McCoy's assaulting Cagle, one inmate stated that in approximately the middle of October, 1954, Cagle received treatment for a scalp laceration and although he indicated he received the head injury from a fall, it was the general opinion of the persons who knew McCoy, that McCoy had struck Cagle on the back of his head. Parker confirmed this in that he advised that several weeks ago prior to 11/25/54, McCoy had taken a bed rod and hit Cagle in the head with the rod. Cagle was instructed by McCoy to go to the prison hospital and advise the doctor he received this head injury from a fall. McCoy, when interviewed, confirmed Parker's statement and indicated the blow caused Cagle to be hospitalized.

The above is for your current information.

12

70-11111

27

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: 12-3-54

FROM : Mr. Price

SUBJECT: GEORGE JR. MCCOY, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER;
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Quinn Tamm _____
Nease _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

The three subjects of this case were indicted on 12-1-54 for murdering victim Remington, the former Department of Commerce employee who was serving three years imprisonment at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, after being convicted of perjury. The U. S. District Judge, Scranton, Pennsylvania, before whom the indictment had been returned, had appointed William J. Garvey as the attorney for Cagle since Cagle is a juvenile.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the attached airtel be forwarded to the SAC, Philadelphia.

RECORDED-91

70-22845-28

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1954

12-9-54 (32)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson *W. J. [unclear]*

DATE: 12/2/54

FROM :

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY; ROBERT CARL PARKER,
LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE; WILLIAM WALTER
REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER
PRESS RELEASE

For record purposes, at 2:20 p.m., today, SAC McCabe of the Philadelphia Office called Wick in my office. He said he had just received a telephone call from a reporter on a Harrisburg, Pennsylvania newspaper. This reporter asked whether the FBI could make additional comments concerning the motive for the Remington killing and whether the FBI could make an official announcement as to the exact identity of the murder weapon; that is, was it a sock encasing a half brick. He said he had noticed in the press that the weapon had been so described but he had never seen the statement attributed to any official source.

McCabe was told he should inform the reporter we could not enlarge upon the two releases previously made in this case since it is a pending matter.

cc - Mr. Boardman
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Jones

REW:fc
(6)

RECORDED - 40

EX-103

70-22845-29

10 DEC 6 1954

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET2

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(7)(C) with no segregable material available for release to you.

☒ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to ~~you or~~ the subject of your request.

☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.

☐ Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☐ For your information: _____

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

70-22845-30;31

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 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
 X FOR THIS PAGE X
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen *R*

DATE: 12/6/54

FROM : Mr. Winterrowd *(W)*

Time of Call: 10:30 a.m.

SUBJECT: GEORGE JR. MCCOY, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER;
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Nichols	_____
Belmont	_____
Harbo	_____
Moore	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Sizoo	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

SAC Norman McCabe called from Philadelphia with respect to leads that are being set out in this case to determine who can testify as to why the subject Lewis Cagle, Jr., was recommended for transfer from both the prison at Chillicothe and the National Training School for Boys in Washington, D. C.

McCabe stated that the United States Attorney Levy at Scranton has asked these persons be interviewed as to what testimony they can give in view of the fact that Cagle's file at Lewisburg shows that persons at both institutions (Chillicothe and the National Training School for Boys) recommended that he be transferred from those institutions. McCabe stated that Cagle's file reflects "strong arm" techniques used by Cagle at these other two institutions.

McCabe stated that this information and testimony would be used in connection with an expected defense on the part of Cagle who is a juvenile.

McCabe stated that a report setting forth leads is being expedited today and will be mailed to the Bureau and the interested offices by airmail special delivery with instructions that the leads be handled immediately and report thereafter immediately submitted.

ACTION:

McCabe was advised that these leads were proper and that he should make certain that they are handled expeditiously and that each office be advised that the Bureau so instructs.

EHW:wjt
(4)

EX-103

70-22845-32

58 DEC 10 1954

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION, DECEMBER 7, 1954

TELETYPE

Transmit the following message to SAC, PHILADELPHIA

URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL; OOR - MURDER, ET AL.

RE REF SA [REDACTED] AT PM DECEMBER SIX, FIFTYFOUR.

SIGNED STATEMENT OF SUBJECT MC COY, PAGE FIVE, REFERENCED

REPORT, REFLECTS HE IS QUARTERED IN "P THIRTYNINE QUARTERS"

PRIOR CORRESPONDENCE INDICATES SUBJECTS LOCATED IN I

THIRTYNINE QUARTERS. IF P THIRTYNINE IS CORRECT CLARIFY.

IF P THIRTYNINE IS INCORRECT REVIEW ORIGINAL SIGNED STATEMENT

AND IN EVENT REFERENCED REPORT IS MISQUOTED, ADVISE. IF

ORIGINAL SIGNED STATEMENT IN ERROR, SUGGEST IT BE CORRECTED

IN MC COY'S PRESENCE, ^{AND} INITIALED. SUTEL IMMEDIATELY.

HOOVER

REGISTER
(3)

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216 AUG 5 1966

U.S. J.

FBI PHILADELPHIA

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 7 1954

TELETYPE

DEC 10 1954

EX-112

70-22845-

70-22845-33

RECEIVED MAIL ROOM
FBI
DEC 10 1954

7 35 PM '54

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12

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: 11-29-54

TO : Mr. Rosen *R*FROM : Mr. Winterrowd *W*

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY;
 ROBERT CARL PARKER;
 LEWIS CAGLE, JR.
 WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
 CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER

The following suggestion is being made in light of the newspaper report that Congressman Broyhill is asking for a Congressional investigation of the Lewisburg Prison in Pennsylvania.

The suggestion is that Agents who have investigated the Remington case set forth in detail in memorandum form all information which has been volunteered or given to them relative to conditions at Lewisburg. In this regard, while of course all evidence and pertinent information relating to the murder of Remington will be incorporated in an investigative report, the fact remains that undoubtedly there will be collateral type information relating to conditions in the prison which would not necessarily have a place in the investigative report. Consequently, it is believed that this information should be made a matter of record in detail with the thought in mind that there is a remote possibility that representatives of the FBI might be called upon to testify before a Congressional committee as a result of their investigation of the Remington case.

This suggestion is not meant, under any circumstances, to recommend or suggest that inquiries, directly or indirectly, be made by the Bureau relating to conditions at the prison. However, it is conceivable that persons, either prisoners or penitentiary employees, may have volunteered pertinent information, not necessarily relating to the Remington case, which should be made a matter of record for protection purposes. It is conceivable that at some Congressional hearing some person may state that he advised an FBI representative of certain information of a collateral nature which it is believed should now be made a matter of record.

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 Boardman _____
 Nichols _____
 Belmont _____
 Harbo _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Sizoo _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____

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 6-2-55
 6-1-55

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 (6)

13 1954

70-22845-34

RECOMMENDATION:

If approved, the Philadelphia Division should be telephonically instructed to have Investigating Agents in this case submit a detailed memorandum relating to any collateral information while that data is fresh in their minds. At the same time, the Philadelphia Division will be clearly advised that under no circumstances should any inquiry, directly or indirectly, be made with respect to conditions at the prison.

The report if properly prepared should not contain collateral matters. These should remain the matter of separate reporting and be so instructed Philadelphia

11/29/54

80

84

TO :

Mr. Tolson

DATE: November 30, 1954

FROM :

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

✓
Morris Ernst told me today in a telephone conversation that he had a terrific argument with some people last Wednesday night, November 24th, growing out of press comments on the Remington case; that he was challenged on statements he had previously made that the FBI does not express conclusions or make evaluations and that news comments appeared to the effect the FBI had concluded the motive for killing Remington grew out of a plot to commit robbery. Ernst merely wanted to fortify his position.

I told him that we had expressed no conclusions; that for his personal information, speculation on the cause of Remington's assault began to mount and we felt that sooner or later this would have to be met and the best way to meet it was with a factual statement of what happened; that accordingly, we had stated that the individuals had admitted killing Remington and later we had stated that one of the subjects admitted that he, along with two others, had planned to secure certain properties from Remington's room. In other words, I told Ernst we merely had released to the press what the subjects themselves had said. Ernst stated under these circumstances, he certainly felt there was full justification for this. I told him it seemed to me here was a case wherein the cause laid directly at the door of careless reporting on the part of the press and if any protest was made, it should be made to the press. He stated he thoroughly agreed.

We have compiled the exact statements which were made, which are set forth in the attached memorandum, and the statements made are absolutely proper. Also, the Washington City News Service ticker correctly attributed the motive to the subjects rather than to the Bureau. Under these circumstances, I am attaching a personal note to Ernst.

cc - Mr. Boardman
cc - Mr. Rosen

LBN:ptm
(4)

Attachments

RECORDED
INDEXED

70-22845-35

DEC 10 1954

CHUMPER

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson ✓

DATE: 11/30/54

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Laughlin _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

FROM :

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

GEORGE JUNIOR McCOY; ROBERT CARL PARKER;
LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE; WILLIAM WALTER
REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER
PRESS RELEASE

For record purposes, there are attached a copy of the written press release issued by the Philadelphia Office of the FBI on the afternoon of Wednesday, 11/24/54, to the wire services and the press and a copy of the press release made by the Philadelphia Office to wire services and the press on the morning of 11/26/54, both in the above captioned matter. William Walter Remington was assaulted on Monday, 11/22/54, and the Washington City News ticker (United Press) first announced the assaulting on the ticker at 12:29 p. m., 11/23/54. At 8:55 a. m., 11/24/54, the ticker released information Remington had died from his injuries.

There are also attached copies of Washington City News Service tickers dated 11/23/54 through 11/26/54, all of which relate to the Remington killing and specifically to the two press releases made by the Philadelphia Office on Wednesday p. m., 11/24/54, and Friday a. m., 11/26/54. It will be observed that the ticker stories carefully adhere to the wording of the attached releases; first on the charging of McCoy and Parker on 11/24/54 and secondly, with respect to the charging of Cagle on 11/26/54 and his admissions.

PRESS RELEASE AND TICKER STORIES, 11/24/54 :

SAC McCabe made the press release with respect to Parker and McCoy the afternoon of Wednesday, 11/24/54. This story moved on the Washington City News ticker at 2:46 p. m., 11/24/54, with additions at 3:31, 4:42, 4:55, etc.

All inquiries received by the Philadelphia Office and by persons here at the Seat of Government were answered within the framework of and strictly to the wording of the attached release made by SAC McCabe, 11/24/54.

ENCLOSURE

RECORDED

70-22845-35

DEC 10 1954

EX-125

Memo to Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols

11/30/54

Nothing in this release and nothing which appeared in the United Press ticker on 11/24/54, by any stretch of the imagination, draws a conclusion attributable to the FBI. In fact, there is a complete absence of speculation in the release. It is all fact. Furthermore, the 2:49 pm., 11/24/54, ticker stated "the motive for the slaying was not announced."

Speculation was rampant, however, as to the motive for the killing. The 4:31 p.m., 11/24/54, ticker quotes New York attorney, Richard G. Green, as stating he believed the attack had nothing to do with Communism but to prison cliques. He intimated internal feuding and gangs were the cause of the attack. At 12:26 p.m., 11/24/54, Mrs. Remington, when asked why her husband was attacked said "a couple of people down there got whipped up on the accusation that my husband was a Communist and this was what caused them to attack him."

Between the afternoon of Wednesday, 11/24/54, when the first release was made, and the morning of Friday, 11/26/54, when the second release was made, the press and wire services, so far as is known, did not attribute to the FBI any motive for the slaying. To the contrary, the FBI was quoted as having no comment to inquiries along this line. It will be observed that even as of 9:32 a.m., Friday, 11/26/54 (see ticker) the Washington City News ticker stated "authorities have offered no official motive for the slaying although Warden Fred T. Wilkinson (of the Lewisburg penitentiary) said he did not believe it was the result of anti-Communist feeling." Four minutes after this item appeared on the ticker (at 9:36 a.m., Friday, 11/26/54), the Washington City News ticker carried the announcement SAC McCabe made relative to the charging of Cagle with the Remington murder. The ticker at 9:38 a.m., 11/26/54, stated "McCabe said Cagle admitted that he, McCoy and Parker planned to ransack Remington's private cell in the dormitory of the Northeastern Federal penitentiary on the morning of 11/22/54. The fatal beating of the former Commerce Department economist took place while they were in his room, McCabe said."


Press interest in this case was intense. No recent case has elicited so many inquiries from various elements of the press. All inquiries received here at the Federal Government and Philadelphia were confined strictly to the fact that the releases except that we, here, furnished additional background information on the subjects. It should be noted that in stating that Cagle admitted a ransacking of Remington's room, we were simply setting forth in the release the result of an interview with Cagle which, of course, is based on fact.

It cannot be said by anyone in possession of the facts that the FBI,

Memo to Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols

11/30/54

either here at Headquarters or in the Field Office or elsewhere, "drew a conclusion" relating to the motive for the killing or any other aspect of this case. Realizing the imperative need for accuracy and caution in the handling of this press release, SAC McCabe and the men in my office were meticulous in answering all inquiries and leaned over backwards in adhering strictly to fact.



70 - 6

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RELEASE ISSUED AT 2:27 PM, NOVEMBER 24, 1954
TO WIRE SERVICES AND PRESS IN PHILADELPHIA
BY THE PHILADELPHIA OFFICE

Norman H. McCabe, SAC of the Philadelphia Office of the FBI, announced today that a complaint authorized by United States Attorney J. Julius Levy is being filed before United States Commissioner Andrew A. Keiser, Jr. at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania by FBI Agents charging that George Junior McCoy and Robert Carl Parker assaulted William Walter Remington, an inmate at the U. S. Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania on 11/22/54. As a result of this assault, Remington died on the morning of 11/24/54. Specifically, McCoy and Parker are charged with first degree murder on a government reservation in violation of Title 18, Section 1111. The maximum penalty, if convicted, is death. According to McCabe, both Parker and McCoy are inmates in the penitentiary at Lewisburg after having been convicted of violating the Interstate Transportation of Stolen Motor Vehicle Statute. Inasmuch as both men are already confined in the penitentiary, they will not be taken into actual custody by FBI Agents and the warrants issued by the United States Commissioner will be filed as a detainer at the penitentiary.

(Here follows background on McCoy and Parker.)

70-22845-35

ENCLOSURE

70-22845-35

Release issued morning of
November 26, 1954, to wire
services and press in
Philadelphia by Philadelphia Office

Norman H. McCabe, Special Agent in Charge of the Philadelphia Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, announced today the filing of a complaint, authorized by United States Attorney J. Julius Levy of Scranton, Pennsylvania, by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation before U. S. Commissioner Andrew A. Leiser, Jr., at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, charging Lewis Cagle, Jr., age 17, with the murder of William Walter Remington. Remington was assaulted on November 22, 1954, at the U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, and died on November 24, 1954, as a result of the injuries he received. Cagle is specifically charged with Murder on a Government Reservation. He is the third person charged in this case, complaints having been previously filed on November 24, 1954, charging George Junior McCoy and Robert Carl Parker with this offense. Cagle admits that he, together with McCoy and Parker, planned to ransack Remington's room on the morning of November 22, 1954, and the assault took place while they were in his room.

(Cagle's background here followed.)

(5)

ENCLOSURE

70-22850-33

35

(REMININGTON)

LEWISBURG, PA.--FORMER COMMERCE DEPARTMENT CLERK WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, CONVICTED OF PERJURY IN COMMUNIST INVESTIGATION TESTIMONY, WAS FOUND BEATEN SEVERELY IN HIS DORMITORY SQUAD ROOM AT THE FEDERAL PENITENTIARY HERE TODAY.

11/23--EG1220P

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG

WARDEN FRED T. WILKINSON SAID REMINGTON APPARENTLY WAS ASSAULTED WITH A PIECE OF A BRICK ENCASED IN A PRISON ISSUE SOCK. REMINGTON, SERVING A THREE YEAR SENTENCE, WAS TAKEN TO THE PRISON HOSPITAL IN SERIOUS CONDITION. DOCTORS SAID HE LOST CONSIDERABLE BLOOD, HAD MULTIPLE LACERATIONS OF THE FACE AND HEAD AND A PROBABLE SKULL FRACTURE.

11/23--EG1230P

70-22035

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ENCLOSURE

70-22845-35

ADD REMINGTON, LEVISTOWN
REMYINGTON'S BODY WAS RELEASED TO THE DORNSIFE FUNERAL HOME IN
LEVISTOWN.
HARRY BECK, UNION COUNTY CORONER, SAID HE WOULD CONDUCT AN INQUEST
INTO REMINGTON'S DEATH AT THE PENITENTIARY. HE DID NOT SET A DEFINITE
TIME FOR THE INQUEST.

11/24--EC1214P

(MRS. REMINGTON)
LEVISTOWN, N.Y.--MRS. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON SAID HER HUSBAND, WHO
DIED OF A BEATING IN LEVISTOWN, N.Y., FEDERAL PRISON, NEVER WAS A
COMMUNIST.

MRS. REMINGTON, OF (277 RED MAPLE DRIVE) LEVISTOWN, LONG ISLAND, SAID
THE REASON FOR THE ACCUSATION AGAINST REMINGTON WAS BECAUSE OF HIS
ASSOCIATION WHEN HE WAS 17-YEARS-OLD WITH PEOPLE WHO HAD LEANINGS
TOWARD COMMUNISM. REMINGTON WENT TO PRISON ON A PERJURY CONVICTION,
GROWING OUT OF SOVIET SPY CHARGES.

"I KNOW MY HUSBAND WAS NEVER A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY,"
REMYINGTON SAID.

"THIS IS NOT A TRAGEDY OF MINE ALONE--BUT ALSO OF THE COUNTRY.
ANYONE CAN BE ACCUSED OF BEING A COMMUNIST--WHICH IS A DREADFUL THING--TO
BE ACCUSED WRONGLY. IT IS TERRIBLE THAT SOMETHING LIKE THIS CAN HAPPEN."

MRS. REMINGTON SAID SHE VISITED HER HUSBAND IN PRISON
"WE DISCUSSED MANY THINGS," SHE SAID. "ONE OF THEM WAS WHEN HE WOULD
BE RELEASED AND SHOW HE WAS A GOOD AMERICAN AND NOT A COMMUNIST.
THERE WERE OTHER PERSONAL THINGS HE DISCUSSED WHICH I CANNOT TALK
ABOUT."

MRS. REMINGTON CRIED THROUGHOUT THE INTERVIEW. IN THE RANCH-TYPE HOUSE
WHERE SHE HAS LIVED FOR THE LAST THREE YEARS. SHE SAID SHE WAS
"HEARTBROKEN" AND "SHOCKED" AND DOES NOT KNOW WHAT HER FUTURE PLANS
WILL BE.

ASKED WHY SHE THOUGHT HER HUSBAND WAS ATTACKED, MRS. REMINGTON SAID
"A COUPLE OF PEOPLE DOWN THERE GOT WHIPPED UP OVER THE ACCUSATION THAT
MY HUSBAND WAS A COMMUNIST AND THIS IS WHAT CAUSED THEM TO ATTACK HIM."
MRS. REMINGTON SAID THERE HAD BEEN TRAGEDY AFTER TRAGEDY IN THEIR
LIVES. SHE REFUSED TO ELABORATE AND SAID, "PLEASE LEAVE NOW--I CAN'T
TALK ANY LONGER."

11/24--EC1220P

ENCLOSURE

70-22845-35-25

(REMININGTON)
LEWISBURG, PA.--WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, FORMER COMMERCE DEPARTMENT
EMPLOYEE SENTENCED TO FEDERAL PRISON FOR PERJURY IN A SOVIET SPY CASE,
DIED TODAY FROM INJURIES SUFFERED WHEN HE WAS BEATEN IN A PRISON
DORMITORY MONDAY.

11/24--GE855A

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG, PA.
ACTING WARDEN FRED WILKINSON SAID THAT REMINGTON DIED AT 7:30 A.M.
WILKINSON REVEALED THAT REMINGTON UNDERWENT AN OPERATION BY AN
OUTSIDE SURGICAL CONSULTANT YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, 30 HOURS AFTER HE WAS
FOUND IN HIS PRISON DORMITORY BEATEN ON THE HEAD AND FACE. IT
THE OPERATION LASTED TWO HOURS AND WAS TO REMOVE BONE FRAGMENTS. IT
WAS REPORTED R.
SURGEONS SAID THE "ONLY THING IN HIS FAVOR WAS HIS AGE" AFTER THE
OPERATION WAS COMPLETED. REMINGTON, WHO HAD LOST CONSIDERABLE BLOOD,
UNDERWENT A SERIES OF TRANSFUSIONS. IT WAS REPORTED FROM THE
EASTERN FEDERAL PENITENTIARY HOSPITAL.

11/24--GE855A

(REMININGTON)
RIDGEWOOD, N.J.--MRS. WILLIAM REMINGTON, AN AUNT OF FORMER GOVERNMENT
EMPLOYEE WILLIAM REMINGTON, SAID ARRANGEMENTS WERE BEING MADE WITH A
FUNERAL UNDERTAKER TO RECEIVE REMINGTON'S BODY FROM THE FEDERAL
PRISON IN LEWISBURG, PA., WHERE HE DIED TODAY FROM A BEATING.
REMININGTON AT THE HOME OF REMINGTON'S FATHER DECLINED COMMENT.
REMININGTON'S SECOND WIFE, JANE, HAS BEEN LIVING WITH HER IN-LAWS
AND THREE CHILDREN HERE SINCE HIS IMPRISONMENT.

11/24--EG1130A

70-278-15-35

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG
PRISON AUTHORITIES AND THE FBI REFUSED AT THIS TIME TO IDENTIFY
PERSON OR PERSONS WHO KILLED REMINGTON, BUT THERE WERE PERSISTENT
REPORTS HE WAS ATTACKED BY TWO PRISONERS.
THE FBI AND THE PENITENTIARY WARDEN, FRED WILKINS, CONSISTENTLY
REFUSED TO IDENTIFY THE PERSON OR PERSONS WHO ATTACKED REMINGTON.
THEY SAID ONLY THAT "ALL INFORMATION WILL BE PRESENTED TO THE U.S.
ATTORNEY."

IT WAS THEORIZED IN SOME QUARTERS HERE THAT THE ATTACK ON REMINGTON
STEMMED FROM RESENTMENT AMONG PRISONERS INCENSED OVER THE PUBLICITY
ACCOMPANYING THE SCHEDULED RELEASE OF ALGER HISS THIS COMING SATURDAY.
HISS IS GETTING 15 MONTHS OFF HIS FIVE-YEAR TERM IMPOSED FOR LYING IN
THE FAMED "PUMPKIN PAPERS" SPY CASE.

MRS. REMINGTON SAID THE PRISON CHAPLAIN, WHO INFORMED HER OF HER
HUSBAND'S DEATH AT 7:40 A.M., EST. TOLD HER REMINGTON WAS "WELL LIKED"
BY THE OTHER PRISONERS. SHE SAID THE CHAPLAIN ADDED THAT THE WARDEN
ALSO CONFIRMED THIS--"THAT HE WAS VERY WELL LIKED."

11/24--TS112P

(REMINGTON)

PHILADELPHIA.--THE FBI IDENTIFIED THE TWO PRISONERS WHO FATALLY
BEAT WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON IN THE FEDERAL PENITENTIARY AT LEWISBURG,
PA.

NORMAN H. MCCABE, SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE OF THE PHILADELPHIA FBI
OFFICE, IDENTIFIED REMINGTON'S ASSAILANTS AS GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY,
34, GRUNDY, VA., AND ROBERT CARL PARKER, 21, WASHINGTON, D.C.
MCCABE SAID A COMPLAINT CHARGING THE TWO PRISONERS WITH FIRST DEGREE
MURDER IN THE BRICK-IN-A-STOCKING SLUGGING OF REMINGTON IN HIS SLEEP
LAST MONDAY WAS FILED TODAY BEFORE U.S. COMMISSIONER ANDRE. A. LEISER,
JR., HERE.

MCCOY AND PARKER WERE CHARGED SPECIFICALLY WITH MURDER ON A
GOVERNMENT RESERVATION. THE MAXIMUM PENALTY UPON CONVICTION IS DEATH.
11/24--PA246P

11-2284-

ADD REMINGTON, PHILADELPHIA
MCCABE SAID BOTH MCCOY AND PARKER HAD BEEN CONVICTED OF VIOLATING
THE INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLE STATUTE.
HE SAID THAT BECAUSE BOTH MEN ALREADY ARE CONFINED TO THE
PENITENTIARY, THEY WILL NOT BE TAKEN INTO ACTUAL CUSTODY BY FBI AGENTS
AND THE MURDER WARRANT ISSUED BY LEISER WILL BE FILED AS A DETAINER
AT THE PRISON.
FOR THE SLAYING WAS NOT ANNOUNCED.

11/24--PA246P

70-67845-35
ENCLOSURE

ADD REMINGTON, PHILADELPHIA
DECADE SAID MCCOY, A NATIVE OF GRUNDY, WAS SENTENCED TO A THREE
YEAR TERM IN THE PRISON IN FEDERAL COURT AT PIKEVILLE, KY., ON NOV. 12,
1953. HE SAID PARKER, A NATIVE OF WASHINGTON, WAS SENTENCED TO A THREE
YEAR TERM IN THE FEDERAL COURT AT GREENSBORO, N.C., ON JUNE 2, 1953.
11/24--PA239P

ADD REMINGTON, PHILADELPHIA
THE COMPLAINT AGAINST MCCOY AND PARKER, HANDED TO LEISER BY AN FBI
AGENT, TERMED THE FATAL BEATING OF REMINGTON "PRE-MEDITATION WITH A
DEADLY WEAPON...A PARTIAL RED BRICK IN A WHITE SOCK." LEISER SAID A
HEARING WILL BE HELD AT A LATER DATE.
IT WAS DISCLOSED THAT A CORONER'S REPORT GAVE THE CAUSE OF
REMINGTON'S DEATH AS A "FRACTURED SKULL, MULTIPLE LACERATIONS OF THE
FACE AND DAMAGE TO THE BRAIN."
11/24--PA331P

35

ADD MRS. REMINGTON, LEVITTOWN (12250)
RICHARD G. GREEN, REMINGTON'S NEW YORK ATTORNEY, SAID HE
BELIEVED THE ATTACK ON REMINGTON HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH COMMUNISM BUT
HAPPENED BECAUSE OF TROUBLE WITH "UNDERGROUND" PRISON CLIMES.
GREEN SAID HE DID NOT KNOW ANYTHING "FIRST HAND" ABOUT WHAT LED
UP TO REMINGTON'S FATAL BEATING, BUT HE SAID HE BELIEVED IT TO BE
ILLOGICAL TO SAY HE WAS BEAT UP BY AN ANTI-COMMUNIST FANATIC. HE
SAID REMINGTON'S DEATH WAS DUE MORE PROBABLY THE "USUAL PATTERN OF
GANGS RUNNING A PRISON."
INVOLVEDAS THE USUAL KIND OF THING, GREEN SAID. "NO POLITICS WERE
GREEN SAID THE LOCKERS OF REMINGTON AND HIS FOUR "HONOR CELL-
MATES" WERE ROBBED FOUR TIMES IN TWO MONTHS AND A WITNESS WAS BURNED.
APPARENTLY BECAUSE OF INTERNAL FEUDING.
GREEN POINTED OUT THAT LEVISTOWN PRISON ALSO HOLDS ALGER HISS AND
OTHER VIOLATORS OF THE SMITH ACT WHO HAVE NOT BEEN HARVED
BECAUSE OF PAST POLITICAL LEANINGS OR OPINIONS.
11/24--PA31P

ENCLOSURE
70-22845-35-

(WASHINGTON)

FBI RECORDS SHOW THAT THE TWO CONVICTS ACCUSED OF THE FATAL SHOOTING OF WILLIAM W. REMINGTON IN THE LEWISBURG (PA.) FEDERAL PENITENTIARY HAD EXTENSIVE POLICE RECORDS.

NAMED AS REMINGTON'S KILLERS WERE GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY, 34, OF GRUNDY, VA., AND ROBERT CARL PARKER, 21, WASHINGTON, D.C. MCCOY, WHO WEIGHS 180 POUNDS AND IS FIVE FEET, SIX INCHES TALL, WAS FIRST ARRESTED IN JANUARY, 1947, IN GRUNDY AND CHARGED WITH INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF A STOLEN AUTOMOBILE.

HE WAS SENTENCED TO 22 MONTHS WHICH HE SERVED AT THE CHILLICOTHE (MO.) FEDERAL PRISON AND THE ASHLAND (KY.) FEDERAL PRISON. HE WAS RELEASED SEPT. 9, 1948.

FBI RECORDS SHOW THAT MCCOY WAS CONVICTED IN JANUARY, 1949, AT ASHLAND, KY., OF A POST OFFICE ROBBERY AND SENTENCED TO A YEAR AND A DAY.

IN NOVEMBER, 1950, HE WAS ARRESTED IN COLUMBUS, O., FOR THE MT. VERNON, O., POLICE, WAS CONVICTED OF CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPONS AND SENTENCED TO ONE TO THREE YEARS IN THE OHIO PENITENTIARY.

MCCOY ESCAPED FROM THE OHIO PENITENTIARY IN SEPTEMBER, 1953, BUT WAS REARRESTED BY THE FBI AND STATE POLICE IN OCTOBER 1953 AT PIKEVILLE. HE ADMITTED STEALING AN AUTOMOBILE AT PHILLO, O., AND DRIVING IT INTO KENTUCKY. HE PLEADED GUILTY ON OCT. 12 IN FEDERAL COURT IN PIKEVILLE TO THE INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF A STOLEN AUTOMOBILE. HE WAS GIVEN A THREE-YEAR SENTENCE AND ENTERED LEWISBURG THE SAME MONTH.

11/24--442P

35

ADD 1 REMINGTON (442P)

PARKER, WHO IS SIX FEET, ONE INCH TALL AND WEIGHS 145 POUNDS, SERVED IN THE ARMY FROM APRIL, 1950, UNTIL OCTOBER, 1951.

HE WAS FIRST ARRESTED BY DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA POLICE IN JULY, 1951, AND CHARGED WITH THE UNAUTHORIZED USE OF AN AUTOMOBILE.

THIS CHARGE WAS NOT SETTLED IMMEDIATELY, BUT RICHMOND, VA., POLICE LATER ARRESTED HIM IN OCTOBER, 1951, FOR GRAND LARCENY OF AN AUTOMOBILE. HE WAS SENTENCED TO SERVE THREE YEARS IN THE VIRGINIA PENITENTIARY AT RICHMOND.

PARKER ESCAPED FROM THE CONVICT CAMP NEAR FALIFAX, VA., IN APRIL, 1953, WAS PICKED UP AT GREENSBORO, N.C., THE DAY AFTER HIS ESCAPE AND CHARGED WITH INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF A STOLEN AUTOMOBILE.

HE PLEADED GUILTY IN THE FEDERAL COURT THERE AND WAS SENTENCED TO THREE YEARS IN PRISON.

HE BEGAN SERVING HIS TERM AT THE ATLANTA (GA.) FEDERAL PENITENTIARY JUNE 13, 1953, BUT WAS TRANSFERRED TWO MONTHS LATER TO LEWISBURG.

STILL LATER, HE WAS TRANSFERRED TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA JAIL TEMPORARILY WHILE THE 1951 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CHARGE AGAINST HIM WAS SETTLED. HE WAS SENTENCED TO SERVE FROM ONE TO THREE YEARS ON THAT CHARGE AND WAS SENT BACK TO LEWISBURG LAST JANUARY.

ENCLOSURE

70-22845-35-

(LEWISBURG)
 LEWISBURG, PA.--MRS. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON AND THE REV. GEORGE
 DOMINICK, CHAPLAIN AT THE LEWISBURG FEDERAL PRISON, TODAY COMPLETED
 ARRANGEMENTS FOR SHIPPING THE BODY OF HER HUSBAND TO NEW JERSEY FOR
 BURIAL.
 REMINGTON, FORMER \$10,000-A-YEAR GOVERNMENT ECONOMIST IMPRISONED
 FOR LYING ABOUT HIS COMMUNIST ASSOCIATIONS, DIED YESTERDAY, TWO DAYS
 AFTER HE WAS FOUND DAZED AND BLEEDING ON A STAIR LANDING ONE FLOOR
 BELOW THE CELL HE OCCUPIED AS AN HONOR PRISONER.
 IT WAS UNDERSTOOD THAT REMINGTON'S BODY WOULD BE SENT TO MIDLAND
 PARK, N.J., BUT FINAL DETAILS AS TO HOW AND WHEN IT WOULD LEAVE THE
 PENITENTIARY HAVE NOT BEEN DECIDED.
 WARDEN FRED T. WILKINSON, MEANWHILE, SAID "WE ARE NOT TAKING ANY
 SPECIFIC PRECAUTIONS" TO PROTECT ALGER HISS, SCHEDULED TO BE RELEASED
 ON PAROLE ON SATURDAY.
 WILKINSON SAID HE DID NOT BELIEVE THE ATTACK ON REMINGTON WAS
 AN ANTI-COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION.
 "WE FEEL THAT THE INMATES HERE IN LARGE MAJORITY ARE SORRY ABOUT
 THE INCIDENT," WILKINSON SAID. "THEY ARE QUITE ANGRY ABOUT WHAT
 OCCURRED. WE HAVE TAKEN NO CONCERTED ACTION (REGARDING HISS), ALTHOUGH
 WE ARE NOT UNMINDFUL AT OUR INSTITUTION OF SECURITY FOR EVERYONE."
 WILKINSON SAID THE FBI WAS CONTINUING ITS INVESTIGATION INTO THE
 FATAL ATTACK, ADDING THAT THE FBI'S FINAL REPORT WOULD BE TURNED OVER
 TO THE U.S. ATTORNEY FOR ACTION.

11/25--4333P

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG (333P)
 REMINGTON'S BODY WAS TAKEN FROM THE PENITENTIARY AND DISPATCHED IN A
 HEARSE-LIKE PRISON CARRIER FOR MIDLAND PARK, N.J., FOR BURIAL.
 THE CARRIER LEFT THE PENITENTIARY AT NOON. IN AN EFFORT TO PREVENT
 CROWDS GATHERING, PRISON OFFICIALS WERE LATE IN THEIR ANNOUNCEMENT
 THAT THE BODY HAD DEPARTED AND AT ONE POINT EVEN ANNOUNCED IT WOULD
 BE TAKEN BY TRAIN.

11/25--N609P

70-22845

35

LEWISBURG
 REMINGTON ARRIVED IN MIDLAND TONIGHT AND IT WAS ANNOUNCED THAT
 BURIAL SERVICES WOULD BE HELD AT 10 A.M. SATURDAY AT ST. ELIZABETH
 CATHOLIC CHURCH AT RIDGEWOOD, N.J.

11/25--N924P

70-22845-20

REMINGTON)
MIDLAND PARK, N.J.--THE BODY OF WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON ARRIVED
HERE BY TRAIN LAST NIGHT FROM THE NORTHEASTERN FEDERAL PENITENTIARY
AT LEWISBURG, PA. WHERE HE WAS SLAIN BY TWO FELLOW INMATES.
FUNERAL SERVICES FOR THE FORMER GOVERNMENT ECONOMIST, WHO WENT TO
PRISON BECAUSE HE LIED ABOUT HIS COMMUNIST ASSOCIATIONS, WILL BE HELD
AT 10 A.M. TOMORROW AT ST. ELIZABETH EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN NEARBY
RIDGEWOOD. THE BODY LATER WILL BE CREMATED.
REMINGTON WAS BEATEN FATALLY IN HIS SLEEP LAST TUESDAY BY TWO
FELLOW PRISONERS, ROBERT CARL PARKER, 21, OF WASHINGTON, D.C. AND
GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY, 34, OF GRUNDY, VA. HE DIED WEDNESDAY. PARKER
MCCOY HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH FIRST DEGREE MURDER.
AUTHORITIES HAVE OFFERED NO OFFICIAL MOTIVE FOR THE SLAYING,
ALTHOUGH WARDEN FRED T. WILKINSON SAID HE DID NOT BELIEVE IT WAS THE
RESULT OF ANTI-COMMUNIST FEELING.
11/26--GE9324M

35

(MISS)
LEWISBURG, PA.--ALGER MISS SPENDS HIS LAST DAY AS A PRISONER IN THE
NORTHEASTERN FEDERAL PENITENTIARY TODAY.
THE GATES WILL OPEN SOME TIME BETWEEN 8 A.M. AND 9 A.M. (EST)
TOMORROW FOR THE FORCED STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL WHO WAS IMPRISONED
IN 1951 ON CHARGES OF LYING WHEN HE DENIED GIVING GOVERNMENT SECRETS
TO A COMMUNIST SPYING. HE IS GETTING 15 MONTHS OFF HIS FIVE-YEAR
TERM BECAUSE OF BEHAVIOR.
THE MAN WHO FELT SYMPATHY IN PASSING FROM THE ORDEAL OF PRISON TO THE ORDEAL
OF DAILY LIVING. HE MAY WELL HAVE MORE TRYING. WHITTAKER CHAMBERS.
THE FORMER COURIER OF THE COMMUNIST GOV. RING, SAID.
THE FREE LIFE HE A HARD ONE FOR MISS. UNLESS HE SHOULD RECEIVE
A PRESIDENTIAL PARDON, HE HAS LOST THE RIGHT TO VOTE, GET A PASSPORT,
HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE, OR SERVE IN THE ARMY FOR A CIVIL SERVICE JOB. HE CAN'T
PRACTICE HIS CHOSEN PROFESSION, LAW. HE HAS BEEN DISBARRED.
UNTIL MARCH 21, WHEN HIS FIVE-YEAR TERM WOULD HAVE ENDED.
MISS MUST REPORT PERIODICALLY TO A PROBATION OFFICER.
CHAMBERS SAID THE MOST DIFFICULT MOMENT IN HIS LIFE.

76-22845-35-

11/26--GE936A

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG
NORMAN H. MCCABE, SPECIAL FBI AGENT IN CHARGE AT PHILADELPHIA
ANNOUNCED THAT FBI AGENTS FILED THE MURDER COMPLAINT AGAINST LEWIS
CAGLE, JR., OF CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY, 34, OF GRUNDY, VA., AND ROBERT CARL PARKER, 21,
OF WASHINGTON, D.C., PREVIOUSLY HAD BEEN CHARGED WITH THE BRICK-IN-A-
ROCK SLAYING OF REMINGTON IN HIS DORMITORY AT THE PRISON WERE.
THE COMPLAINT AGAINST CAGLE INDICATED FOR THE FIRST TIME THAT ROBERT
CAGLE WAS THE MOTIVE FOR SLAYING.
MCCABE SAID CAGLE ADMITTED THAT HE, MCCOY AND PARKER PLANNED TO
ENTER REMINGTON'S PRIVATE CELL IN THE DORMITORY OF THE NORTHEASTERN
FEDERAL PENITENTIARY ON THE MORNING OF NOV. 22, 1954. THE FATAL
BEATING OF THE FORMER COMMERCE DEPARTMENT ECONOMIST TOOK PLACE WHILE
THEY WERE IN HIS ROOM.
11/26--GE935A

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG
THE BODY OF REMINGTON, WHO ENTERED GOVERNMENT SERVICE IMMEDIATELY
AFTER COLLEGE AND ROSE QUICKLY TO A \$10,000 YEARLY JOB AS AN ECONOMIST,
WAS TAKEN TO MIDLAND PARK, N.J., LAST NIGHT. FUNERAL SERVICES WILL BE
HELD TOMORROW.
CAGLE WAS SERVING A SENTENCE AT THE PENITENTIARY FOR VIOLATION OF
THE JUVENILE DELINQUENCY STATUTE. HE FIRST WAS SENTENCED ON SEPT. 21,
1951 IN THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT AT CHATTANOOGA TO A THREE YEAR TERM
FOR VIOLATION OF THE JUVENILE DELINQUENCY ACT ARISING FROM THE INTER-
STATE TRANSPORTATION OF A STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLE. HE WAS PAROLED ON
JULY 10, 1952 BUT THE PAROLE WAS REVOKED FOLLOWING ANOTHER CONVICTION
IN DECEMBER OF THE SAME YEAR. A 15-MONTH SENTENCE FOR THE SECOND
CONVICTION WAS ADDED TO THE TIME REMAINING ON HIS ORIGINAL THREE
YEAR SENTENCE.
CAGLE WAS BORN SEPT. 11, 1930 IN HAMILTON COUNTY, TENN., AND
LIVED IN CHATTANOOGA BEFORE HIS PRISON SENTENCE.
MCCOY AND PARKER WERE SERVING TERMS AT THE PRISON FOR
INTER-STATE TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN AUTOMOBILES.

11/26--GEAEC1003A

70-22845-35-
ENCLOSURE

ADD REMINGTON, LEWISBURG
THE COMPLAINT AGAINST CAGLE, LIKE THOSE AGAINST MCCOY AND PARKER,
WAS FILED BY FBI AGENTS BEFORE U.S. COMMISSIONER ANDREW A. LEISER,
HERE. THE COMPLAINTS WERE AUTHORIZED BY U.S. ATTORNEY J. JULIUS
LEVY.
NORMAN W. MCCABE, SPECIAL FBI AGENT IN CHARGE AT PHILADELPHIA SAID
CAGLE ADMITTED THAT HE, MCCOY AND PARKER PLANNED TO RANSACK REMINGTON'S
CELL IN THE DORMITORY OF THE NORTHEASTERN FEDERAL PENITENTIARY LAST
MONDAY MORNING. THE FATAL BEATING TOOK PLACE WHILE THEY WERE IN
REMINGTON'S ROOM, MCCABE SAID.

11/26--EG1113A

70
20-22845-35-

December 2, 1954

61 R

67 70-22845-35-
Mr. Morris L. Ernst
Greenbaum, Wolff and Ernst
285 Madison Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Morris:

cc
Following our conversation on Tuesday morning regarding the allegations which had been made to you to the effect the FBI had expressed conclusions and evaluations as to the motives for the brutal assault on William Remington, I wanted you to know that I immediately checked on exactly what was said by the FBI and the facts were as I gave them to you on the phone.

RECEIVED
NOV 24 1954
We issued two statements. The first statement was issued at 2:27 p.m. on Wednesday, November 24th. A copy of the pertinent portions of this release is attached. In connection with the publicity, I checked back on the Washington City News Service ticker (UP Service) on November 24th. A dispatch which moved at 1:12 p.m. November 24th, after stating that the FBI and the Penitentiary Warden consistently refused to identify the person or persons that attacked Remington, then stated, "It was theorized in some quarters here (Lewisburg, Pennsylvania) that the attack on Remington stemmed from resentment among prisoners incensed over the publicity accompanying the scheduled release of Alger Hiss this coming Saturday." The Washington City News Service ticker after carrying the announcement which was made in Philadelphia on November 24th in a bulletin which moved at 2:49 p.m. on that date stated, "The motive for the slaying was not announced." There, of course, were considerable speculations, none of which came from the FBI, and no responsibility for such speculations can properly be attributed to the FBI.

The Washington City News Service ticker on November 25th in a dispatch which moved at 3:33 p.m. stated, "Wilkinson (Warden at Lewisburg) said he did not believe the attack on Remington was an

83 DEC 15 1954

70-22845-35

Mr. Morris L. Ernst

December 2, 1954

anti-Communist demonstration." At 9:32 a. m. on the morning of November 26th the Washington City News Service moved a story which concluded, "Authorities have offered no official motive for the slaying, although Warden Fred T. Wilkinson said he did not believe it was a result of anti-Communist feeling." When the third subject, Louis Cagle, Jr., was identified and authorization had been secured to file a complaint against him, our Philadelphia Office issued a statement on the morning of November 26, a copy of the pertinent portions of which I am enclosing. You will note that the SAC states, "Cagle admits that he, together with McCoy and Parker, planned to ransack Remington's room on the morning of November 22, 1954, and the assault took place while they were in his room."

You will note specifically, as I told you, that the statement bearing on the motivation was attributed to the subject. Along these lines, the Washington City News Service carried a story at 9:38 a. m. on November 26th which stated, "McCabe (Special Agent in Charge of our Philadelphia Office) said Cagle admitted that he, McCoy and Parker planned to ransack Remington's private cell in the dormitory of the Northern Federal Penitentiary here on the morning of November 22, 1954." Thus, you will see from the foregoing that your position in denying that the FBI expressed a conclusion or made an evaluation is entirely supported by the facts.

It seems to me that if your friends have any complaint it should be directed at the speculative comments which were carried both by the press and the radio.

We do appreciate your alertness on this and do not ever hesitate to call day or night when you get into a controversy involving us and you need the ammunition.

With every good wish,

Sincerely,

L. B. Nichols

L. B. Nichols

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

70-46

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Sizoo	_____
Mr. Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following Teletype message to: **BUREAU (70-22845)**
WASHINGTON FIELD
CINCINNATI

FBI PHILA. 12/6/54

DIRECTOR AND SACS

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS, ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM,
COB - MURDER, IFTI. REKRP SA [REDACTED] PHILA., 12/6/54. b7c

BUREAU, WFO AND CINCINNATI ARE REQUESTED TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN REKRP
AS FOLLOWS: PAGE 1, LINE 10, SHOULD READ "RED ROD" INSTEAD OF "ROCK"
ORIGINAL SIGNED STATEMENT GIVEN BY MC COY REFLECTS FOLLOWING CORRECTIONS
SHOULD BE MADE: PAGE 5, PARAGRAPH 4, LINE 4, SHOULD READ "IN I 39
QUARTERS" INSTEAD OF "7 39 QUARTERS" AND ON PAGE 7, LINE 14, SHOULD
READ "AND I STATE" INSTEAD OF "AND STATED." PHILA. COPIES AND USA
COPY HAVE BEEN CORRECTED.

MC CASE

END

JFF:ERO

70-523

(2-24;2-WFO;2-CIN;1-PH)

RECORDED

Mr. Rosen

71 DEC 21 1954

Approved: WMM

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

Per _____

70-22845-36

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (70-22845)

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia (67-367)

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY, was;
ROBERT CARL PARKER, was;
LEWIS CAGLE, JR., was;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - Victim
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTION

DATE: 12/1/54

PERSONNEL MATTER

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

RECORDED
INDEXED
67-367
11-11-54

On 11/22/54 WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON was assaulted in his room at the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., where he was incarcerated for perjury for denying he passed classified information on to unauthorized agents. As a result of this assault, REMINGTON died 11/24/54.

SAs [redacted] and [redacted] Resident Agents at Lewisburg, conducted an immediate investigation on receiving information of this assault. SAs [redacted] participated in the investigation of this case, which included a crime scene search, collection and identification of evidence and interview of numerous inmates at the Penitentiary. b6

On 11/22/54 LEWIS CAGLE, JR. was interviewed by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] and gave information that subjects PARKER and MCCOY committed the assault. Several detailed signed statements were obtained from CAGLE and on 11/25/54 CAGLE admitted his participation in the murder. On 11/24/54 subject PARKER admitted in a signed statement to SAs [redacted] and [redacted] his participation in the murder and on 11/30/54 these same Agents obtained a signed statement from subject MCCOY admitting his part in the murder. b6

As a result of the information obtained by the above-mentioned Agents, the Federal Grand Jury at Scranton returned a true bill charging all three subjects with murder on a government reservation. -1-

It is felt that this case was brought to a logical conclusion in a very short period of time because of the well planned and searching interviews conducted by these Agents. It is believed that the perseverance and thoroughness of their performance in this case are worthy of special recognition.

I recommend that SAs [redacted] and [redacted] receive letters of commendation in this case. b6

SAs [redacted] and [redacted] received letters of commendation on 6/18/55 for outstanding work during the investigation of [redacted] and [redacted] Escaped Federal prisoners from Lewisburg Penitentiary. b7C

70-22845-37

EX-130

70-22845-37

Director, FBI

██████████ on 9/17/54 were commended for their excellent performance
in connection with the apprehension of Escaped Federal Prisoners ██████████
██████████ and ██████████ SA ██████████ was reallocated to GS 11
on 1/10/54 and ██████████ was reallocated to GS 13 on 1/29/54. I recommend
that SA ██████████ receive a meritorious increase in salary for his outstanding
work in this case and I recommend that SA ██████████ receive a meritorious
increase in salary by reallocating him from GS 11 to GS 12. b7C b6

70-22845

RECORDED
70-22845-37
DECEMBER 13, 1954

AIRTEL
PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

SAC, PHILADELPHIA (67-367) MAIL

EX-130 GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL, COB - MURDER, IPPI.

REURLET 12/8/54 RECOMMENDING MERITORIOUS AWARDS FOR AGENTS

██████████ AND ██████████ AND LETTERS OF COMMENDATION FOR AGENTS

████████████████████ AND ██████████ YOU SHOULD SUBMIT

ADDITIONAL DETAILS INDICATING ANY EXCEPTIONAL OR UNUSUAL
INVESTIGATIVE EFFORTS OR TECHNIQUES JUSTIFYING YOUR
RECOMMENDATIONS IN ORDER THAT THE BUREAU CAN FULLY
CONSIDER THIS MATTER.

67C
ENCLOSURE

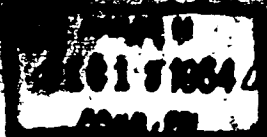
70-22845

cc: Mr. Ingram, Room 7119

KFG:mdh
(5)

70-22845

70-22845-37



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1954

TELETYPE

CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION

IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

WASH 10 NEW YORK 2 NEWARK 1 FROM PHILADELPHIA

DIRECTOR AND SACS.....U R G E N T.....
GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM,
CCR DASH MURDER, IFPI. USA J. JULIUS LEVY, SCRANTON, PA., HAS REQUESTED
THAT MRS. JANE REMINGTON, TWO SEVEN SEVEN RUBY LANE, LEVITTOWN,
LONG ISLAND, BE REINTERVIEWED AND REQUESTED TO MAKE AVAILABLE THE COM-
PLETE CONTENTS OF THE LETTERS WRITTEN TO HER BY HER LATE HUSBAND. MR.
LEVY DESIRES THAT IT BE EXPLAINED TO MRS. REMINGTON THAT THERE IS THE
POSSIBILITY THAT THE DEFENSE MIGHT SUBPOENA THESE LETTERS AND STATED
THAT HE DOES NOT WISH TO BE SUPPLIED BY ANY STATEMENTS MADE IN THE
LETTERS WHICH WOULD BE PERTINENT TO INSTANT MURDER CASE. THE NY OFFICE
IS REQUESTED TO REINTERVIEW MRS. REMINGTON AND ENDEAVOR TO SECURE
COPIES OF THE LETTERS MENTIONED IN NY TEL DECEMBER NINTH INSTANT. MR.
LEVY STATED THAT HE WANTS THE OTHER CORRESPONDENTS OF REMINGTON REINTER-
VIEWED TO DETERMINE WHETHER THEY RECEIVED LETTERS FROM REMINGTON WHICH
CONTAINED INFORMATION PERTINENT TO THE PROSECUTION OF INSTANT MURDER
CASE. THE RECORDS AT THE LEWISBURG PENITENTIARY REFLECT THAT RICHARD
J. REMINGTON, ATTORNEY IN NYC, WAS ONE OF HIS CORRESPONDENTS,
AND BE REINTERVIEWED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE USA'S INSTRUCTIONS.
IT IS REQUESTED TO INTERVIEW THE PARENTS OF REMINGTON AT
NY DEC 10 1954

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	

EX-130

70-22845-38

DEC 16 1954

PAGE TWO.....

THEIR HOME AT RIDGEWAY, N. J., AND INTERVIEW THEM ALONG THE SAME LINES. REMINGTON'S CHILDREN BY HIS FORMER WIFE ARE REPORTED TO HAVE RECEIVED LETTERS FROM REMINGTON, IN CARE OF MRS. ANN REMINGTON, ELEVEN TAUEMONT ROAD, ALEXANDRIA, VA., AND THE RM OFFICE IS REQUESTED TO HAVE MRS. ANN REMINGTON INTERVIEWED TO DETERMINE WHETHER HER CHILDREN HAVE SAVER ANY LETTERS RECEIVED FROM THEIR FATHER AND IF SO OBTAIN COPIES TO BE FURNISHED TO USA LEVY, IF THEY CONTAIN INFORMATION PERTINENT TO THE MURDER TRIAL. ALL OFFICES ARE REQUESTED TO EXPEDITE THIS INVESTIGATION AND SUTEL RU AND PH OF THE RESULTS OF THESE INQUIRIES. FOR THE INFORMATION OF OFFICES WHICH HAVE NOT RECEIVED PREVIOUS CORRESPONDENCE IN THIS CASE, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, 4th INMATE OF THE USP, LEWISBURG, PA., WAS ASSAULTED ON NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND LAST AND DIED ON NOVEMBER TWENTY FOURTH LAST, AS A RESULT OF INJURIES RECEIVED. REMINGTON WAS BEAT OVER THE HEAD WITH A BRICK ENCASED IN A SOCK AND SUBJECTS MC CRY, ROBERT CARL PARKER, JR., AND LEWIS CAGLE, JR., WAS., HAVE BEEN INDICTED

BE ADVISED

ACK IN ORDER PLS

IN PH R 20 10 20

IN PH R 20 10 20

RECEIVED

NOV 24 1954

RECEIVED

2845

38

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: Mr. Rosen

DATE: December 7, 1954

FROM: Mr. Price

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY;
ROBERT CARL PARKER;
LEWIS C. GLE;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM;
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER

Drey Pearson's Washington Merry-Go-Round article, December 1954, was telephonically called to the attention of SAC D. K. Brown at Baltimore and SAC Norman McCabe at Philadelphia. Pearson's article is captioned "Ex-Inmate Lures Prison Vice" and the entire article is based on statements made by John Staples of Washington to Drey Pearson concerning alleged rampant homosexuality at Lewisburg Penitentiary. It is mentioned that Staples himself was a former inmate at Lewisburg when he was serving time on an income tax violation. Staples is quoted as saying "You think Remington was killed by Communist hatters? No, he was killed because of a sex deal. He probably made some remark about some affair, and that's why he got hit."

Staples further says "And this idea that someone wanted to steal money from Remington is pure poppycock. Everyone knows the most dangerous thing you can have is money. When they come around to inspect your locker and find money in it, you're in trouble." Staples later, with reference to prison homosexuality, states "I told this to an agent from the FBI, and asked him if he wasn't ashamed to have such things going on without doing a thing about it. He haven't got any proof," he says."

SAC McCabe stated that during the course of the Remington murder investigation he and the agents were alert to homosexuality as a possible motive. SAC McCabe stated that there was no indication that homosexuality was involved in this case. He stated also that the information set forth in the article concerning homosexuality entered into this case was any indication that it was anything other than a personal matter, but as reported in the article, there was no indication that they were pilfering personal articles from the victim's locker as toilet articles and tobacco.

John Staples, who is Pearson's source, is an individual identical with John Grville Staples who has been furnishing information to Fulton Lewis and has been involved in law suits in Washington and nearby Maryland because of his dealings with a slot machine operators on Maryland's eastern shore.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 70-22845-39

ACTION TAKEN:

SAC Brown at Baltimore and SAC McCabe at Philadelphia were instructed to immediately check their files and make other appropriate checks among Agents who might have had dealings with Staples to determine whether the claim of Staples that he had told the FBI about homosexuality in Lewisburg can be substantiated.

b7C

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that this memorandum be forwarded to the Records and Communications Division for their information in view of the fact that Pearson's article has been published in the newspapers.

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December 4, 1957

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The Washington Merry-Go-Round

Ex-Inmate Bares Prison Vice

By Drew Pearson

The murder of William Remington occurred in a penitentiary where one of the worst vices of our prisons is rampant—homosexuality.

A gruesome account of this vice was given by an ex-convict who served with Remington in Lewisburg, John Staples, of Washington, who also expressed the opinion that Remington probably had defied the prison code by criticizing the homosexuality of other prisoners.

Staples' story highlights a system which breeds more crime instead of curing it, which makes hardened criminals out of first-terms and which spews increasing amounts of social poison into the blood stream of American life.

Lewisburg happens to be among the best of the Federal penitentiaries. Among convicts it is called the "country club." It is better run, and its inmates have a better chance of rehabilitation.

And if two convicts were able to steal into Remington's cell at Lewisburg to bludgeon him to death, much worse is able to take place, and has taken place, in the cesspools of overcrowded humanity which are called our penitentiaries.

"You can't believe it unless you see it," said Staples, who recently served time in Lewisburg for a robbery conviction.

"They just about beat him to death, and even if he had seen them he wouldn't have dared tell anyone about it, else he would have been killed for sure. I put my head under the covers and tried to pretend I was asleep, or I would have gotten it too."

"They don't bother anyone in Lewisburg because he's a Communist." Everybody up there hates the Government. The more you hate the Government, the more you're respected.

"And this idea that someone wanted to steal money from Remington is pure poppycock," said Staples. "Everyone knows the most dangerous thing you can have is money. When they come around to inspect your locker and find money in it, you're in trouble. You can't use money in jail—except for bribery and that's why it isn't allowed."

"Your money is taken away when you come in and any money your relatives send is kept on account. You have a charge account at the commissary, but you can't use money."

"So when the prison authorities talk about stealing something out of Remington's locker, it's just an alibi to cover up the worst thing that happens in a pen."

"That's just what he told us," Staples said. "Now isn't that a helluva thing?"

I could tell you plenty more like this, but why bother. I'll just say this, that if one of my boys was sent to the penitentiary, I'd commit suicide, or find some way to blow that place up, because I know what happens to kids when they go in there. They'll never be the same again."

Copyright 1957 by Drew Pearson. Read Drew Pearson's column every day, including Sunday, in The Washington Post and Times Herald.

Disease in Jail

"A kid who comes to the pen doesn't have a chance," continued Staples. "Some boy 18 or 19 looks like a movie star to these guys who have been in there five or ten years, and probably will be in there five or ten years. He's wind up penniless, or in a padded cell, or both."

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kissing each other, and combing each other's hair. The guards would have to be blind not to see it, for when we left, the assistant warden gave us a little speech, kind of a send-off. And he actually told us: 'If any of you men have engaged in homosexual activities while you've been here, don't let it bother you. You can all go back to a normal life.'

"That's just what he told us," Staples said. "Now isn't that a helluva thing?"

I could tell you plenty more like this, but why bother. I'll just say this, that if one of my boys was sent to the penitentiary, I'd commit suicide, or find some way to blow that place up, because I know what happens to kids when they go in there. They'll never be the same again."

Copyright 1957 by Drew Pearson. Read Drew Pearson's column every day, including Sunday, in The Washington Post and Times Herald.

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SAC

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Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Boardman _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Parsons _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tamm _____
Mr. Sizoo _____
Mr. Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____

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Self

Wash. Post and Times Herald

Wash. News

Wash. Star

N. Y. Herald Tribune

N. Y. Mirror

Date: 12-4-

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
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Mr. Mumford	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
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Mr. Winterrowd	
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Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

WASH 30 AND PHILA 4 FROM NEW YORK 9 11-44 P

DIRECTOR AND SAC, URGENT

IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL
PENAL INSTITUTION

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS, ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM,
CARRIE IN GOVERNMENT RESERVATION
CGR DASH MURDER, IFPI. MRS. JANE REMINGTON, TWO SEVEN

SEVEN RUBY LANE, LEVITTOWN, LONG ISLAND, ADVISED THAT WITHIN THE LAST
SEVERAL DAYS, SHE REVIEWED ALL LETTERS FORWARDED TO HER BY HER LATE
HUSBAND DURING THE PAST COUPLE OF MONTHS. AS A RESULT SHE STATED
SHE FOUND THAT APPROXIMATELY SIX LETTERS CONTAINED INFORMATION
RELATIVE TO CONDITIONS AT THE LEWISBURG PA. FEDERAL PENITENTIARY.
SHE STATED THAT SHE TURNED THESE SIX LETTERS OVER TO HER ATTORNEY
RICHARD G. GREEN, NINE ROCKERFELLER PLAZE, NYC, TELEPHONE CIRCLE
SIX DASH EIGHT SIX EIGHT NINE, WHO EITHER TURNED OVER PHOTOSTATS OF
THE LETTERS IN THEIR ENTIRETY OR THE ORIGINAL COMMUNICATIONS TO MR.
HECHSLER OF THE NY POST AND THE ORIGINALS PHOTOSTATED AND
TURNED OVER TO MR. GREEN. SHE STATED THAT THESE WERE TURNED OVER TO
THE NEW YORK POST WITH THE PROMISE THAT HE WOULD NOT PUBLISH ANY PORTION
EXCEPT THOSE PORTIONS OF THE COMMUNICATIONS HAVING TO DO WITH
CONDITIONS IN THE PENITENTIARY. MRS. REMINGTON STATED THAT ON THE
EVENING OF DEC. EIGHT LAST SHE READ THE ARTICLE AS APPEARED IN THE
NEW YORK POST IN ITS ENTIRETY AND SHE STATED THAT SHE FELT CERTAIN

END PAGE ONE

DEC 10 1954

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PAGE TWO

IN HER OWN MIND THAT ALL QUOTES APPEARING IN THIS ARTICLE WERE TRUE AND CORRECT AND THAT NO PORTIONS THEREOF APPROVED BY HER HAVING TO DO WITH CONDITIONS IN THE PENITENTIARY WERE OMITTED OR ADDED TO. MRS. REMINGTON STATED THAT IF THESE COMMUNICATIONS WOULD SERVE SOME USEFUL PURPOSE AND WERE NEEDED FOR INSTANCE IN THE TRIAL OF M. CCY WAS, ET AL, OR WERE NECESSARY IN CORRECTING CONDITION IN LEWISBURG OR OTHER FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS, SHE, HERSELF, WOULD HAVE NO OBJECTIONS TO TURNING THESE COMMUNICATIONS OVER TO FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVES, PROVIDING HER ATTORNEY ACQUIESCED. SHE STATED, HOWEVER, THAT THE NY POST DEC. EIGHT, NINETEEN FIFTY FOUR ARTICLE AS FAR AS SHE WAS CONCERNED, CONTAINED VERBATIM QUOTES OF ALL PERTINENT PORTIONS OF THE LETTERS IN QUESTION AND THE PORTIONS OF THE LETTERS NOT QUOTED WERE OF A PERSONAL NATURE WHICH SHE DID NOT FEEL SHOULD BE DISCLOSED OR MADE PUBLIC FOLLOWING HER AND HER LATE HUSBAND'S POLICY OF AVOIDING PUBLICITY WHERE EVER POSSIBLE. SHE REITERATED THAT IF THE LETTERS SERVED A USEFUL PURPOSE AND WOULD TURN OUT TO BE NECESSARY, THE ATTORNEY BEING WILLING, THE LETTERS WOULD BE TURNED OVER TO FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVES, REGARDLESS OF THE PERSONAL NATURE OR IMPORTANCE OF THE CONTENTS OF EACH LETTER. MRS. REMINGTON ALSO STATED THAT HER LATE HUSBAND ALSO WROTE AT LEAST ONE LETTER TO HIS CHILDREN IN CARE OF MRS. ANN REMINGTON, ONE ONE TAUXEMONT ROAD,

END PAGE TWO

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XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 11 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Winterrowd
Mr. Nease
Mr. Gandy

FBI, NEWARK

11

5-30

JIE

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC-S NEW YORK AND PHILA

URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, VICTIM.

CRIME OF GOVERNMENT PRESERVATION - INSECURITIES - FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTION
CGR DASH MURDER. IFPI. REPHTEL DEC. TEN, FIFTYFOUR. MR. AND MRS.

F.C. REMINGTON, FIVE SIX ZERO UPPER BOULEVARD, RIDGEWOOD, NJ,

ADVISED THAT THEY HAD SOME LETTERS RECEIVED FROM THEIR SON WHILE
AT THE INSTITUTION BUT THAT LETTERS WERE ALL OF STRICTLY PERSONAL
NATURE AND CONTAINED NO DEROGATORY INFORMATION CONCERNING THE OPERATIONS
OF THE INSTITUTION. STATED THAT THEY WOULD NOT MAKE LETTERS AVAILABLE
FOR INSPECTION BY AGENT OR FOR COPY UNLESS PERMISSION WAS GRANTED THEM
BY REMINGTON-S WIFE, JANE AND HER ATTORNEY. BOTH STATED THAT IN ALL
OF THEIR CONVERSATIONS WITH THEIR SON HE HAD NEVER DISCUSSED ANY INFOR-
MATION OF A DEROGATORY NATURE CONCERNING THE INSTITUTION AND NEVER
EXPRESSED ANYTHING WHICH WOULD INDICATE THAT THERE WAS ANY DANGER OF
HIS LIFE. BOTH STATED THAT THEY HAD NEVER MADE ANY REMARKS TO ANYONE
INCLUDING THE PRESS, RELATIVE TO INFORMATION IN LETTERS RECEIVED BY
THEM FROM THEIR SON. FOR INFO OF NY. EDC.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 12 1954

TELETYPE

FBI NYC 12-12-54 12-57 A PM

DIRECTOR AND SAC PHILADELPHIA

URGENT

Crime on Government Reservation
Investigation in Federal Police Institute
GEORGE JR. MC COY, WAS, ET AL. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON -

VICTIM. CGR - MURDER. IPPI. RE PHILADELPHIA TELETYPE

DECEMBER TEN, NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR. MRS. JANE REMINGTON,

LEVITTOWN, LI, NY, ADVISED THAT INSOFAR AS HER RELEASE OF

THE LETTERS SENT TO HER BY VICTIM, EXCERPTS OF WHICH APPEARED

IN THE ~~NEW YORK POST AND OBSERVER~~ NEW YORK POST AND OBSERVER, DECEMBER EIGHT LAST, SHE WOULD

BE GOVERNED BY THE ADVICE OF HER COUNSEL, RICHARD G. GREEN. SHE

STATED THAT SHE DID NOT DESIRE TO PART WITH THE ORIGINALS

OF THESE LETTERS, BUT THAT SHE PERSONALLY FEELS THAT PHOTOSTATS

OF THE SAME COULD BE MADE AVAILABLE IF HER ATTORNEY GREEN

ACQUIESCED. SHE STATED THAT INSOFAR AS THE REST OF THE

CORRESPONDENCE SHE HAS HAD WITH ~~HER~~ ^{HER} HUSBAND WHILE HE WAS

INCARCERATED AT LEWISBURG, UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES WOULD SHE

AGREE TO MAKE THESE AVAILABLE, AND THAT SHE WOULD NOT ONLY

FIGHT EVERY EFFORT AT SUBPOENING SAME, BUT BLUNTLY DECLARED

THAT THEY WOULD NOT BE AVAILABLE IN THE EVENT OF SUBPOENA

INASMUCH AS ALL OF THESE LETTERS WERE OF A PERSONAL NATURE

AND HAD TO DO WITH THE SUBJECT MATTER

THESE ARE THE LAST VESTIGES OF

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

RECORDED-107

70-22845-42

REC'D BELMONT
FBI - JUSTICE

RICHARD G. GREEN, FIFTY WEST FIRST, FREEPORT, LONG ISLAND, NY, OFFICES NINE ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, NYC, STATED THAT HE PROBABLY HAD TWO OR THREE, AND AT THE MOST SIX LETTERS SENT TO HIM FROM REMINGTON, AND THAT NONE OF THEM CONTAINED ANY REFERENCE WHATSOEVER TO PRISON CONDITIONS, BUT CONCERNED THEMSELVES SOLELY WITH THE RELATIONSHIP OF ATTORNEY-CLIENT, AND THAT HE DID NOT FEEL FREE TO TURN THE SAME OVER VOLUNTARILY TO FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVES, AND FURTHER THAT HE WOULD FIGHT THE RELEASE OF SAME ON THE BASIS OF THE CONFIDENTIAL RELATIONSHIP OF ATTORNEY-CLIENT. IN RELATION TO THE FOUR OR FIVE LETTERS THAT MRS. REMINGTON TURNED OVER TO HIM, EXCERPTS FROM WHICH WERE PUBLISHED IN THE QUOTE NEW YORK POST END QUOTE, HE STATED THAT HE WOULD NOT AUTHORIZE THE RELEASE OF THE ORIGINALS OF THESE LETTERS, BUT STATED THAT PHOTOSTATS OF THE WHOLE OF THESE LETTERS COULD BE OBTAINED BY CONTACTING HIM MONDAY, DECEMBER THIRTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR. ²⁰ ²¹ ²² ²³ ²⁴ ²⁵ ²⁶ ²⁷ ²⁸ ²⁹ ³⁰ ³¹ ³² ³³ ³⁴ ³⁵ ³⁶ ³⁷ ³⁸ ³⁹ ⁴⁰ ⁴¹ ⁴² ⁴³ ⁴⁴ ⁴⁵ ⁴⁶ ⁴⁷ ⁴⁸ ⁴⁹ ⁵⁰ ⁵¹ ⁵² ⁵³ ⁵⁴ ⁵⁵ ⁵⁶ ⁵⁷ ⁵⁸ ⁵⁹ ⁶⁰ ⁶¹ ⁶² ⁶³ ⁶⁴ ⁶⁵ ⁶⁶ ⁶⁷ ⁶⁸ ⁶⁹ ⁷⁰ ⁷¹ ⁷² ⁷³ ⁷⁴ ⁷⁵ ⁷⁶ ⁷⁷ ⁷⁸ ⁷⁹ ⁸⁰ ⁸¹ ⁸² ⁸³ ⁸⁴ ⁸⁵ ⁸⁶ ⁸⁷ ⁸⁸ ⁸⁹ ⁹⁰ ⁹¹ ⁹² ⁹³ ⁹⁴ ⁹⁵ ⁹⁶ ⁹⁷ ⁹⁸ ⁹⁹ ¹⁰⁰ ¹⁰¹ ¹⁰² ¹⁰³ ¹⁰⁴ ¹⁰⁵ ¹⁰⁶ ¹⁰⁷ ¹⁰⁸ ¹⁰⁹ ¹¹⁰ ¹¹¹ ¹¹² ¹¹³ ¹¹⁴ ¹¹⁵ ¹¹⁶ ¹¹⁷ ¹¹⁸ ¹¹⁹ ¹²⁰ ¹²¹ ¹²² ¹²³ ¹²⁴ ¹²⁵ ¹²⁶ ¹²⁷ ¹²⁸ ¹²⁹ ¹³⁰ ¹³¹ ¹³² ¹³³ ¹³⁴ ¹³⁵ ¹³⁶ ¹³⁷ ¹³⁸ ¹³⁹ ¹⁴⁰ ¹⁴¹ ¹⁴² ¹⁴³ ¹⁴⁴ ¹⁴⁵ ¹⁴⁶ ¹⁴⁷ ¹⁴⁸ ¹⁴⁹ ¹⁵⁰ ¹⁵¹ ¹⁵² ¹⁵³ ¹⁵⁴ ¹⁵⁵ ¹⁵⁶ ¹⁵⁷ ¹⁵⁸ ¹⁵⁹ ¹⁶⁰ ¹⁶¹ ¹⁶² ¹⁶³ ¹⁶⁴ ¹⁶⁵ ¹⁶⁶ ¹⁶⁷ ¹⁶⁸ ¹⁶⁹ ¹⁷⁰ ¹⁷¹ ¹⁷² ¹⁷³ ¹⁷⁴ ¹⁷⁵ ¹⁷⁶ ¹⁷⁷ ¹⁷⁸ ¹⁷⁹ ¹⁸⁰ ¹⁸¹ ¹⁸² ¹⁸³ ¹⁸⁴ ¹⁸⁵ ¹⁸⁶ ¹⁸⁷ ¹⁸⁸ ¹⁸⁹ ¹⁹⁰ ¹⁹¹ ¹⁹² ¹⁹³ ¹⁹⁴ ¹⁹⁵ ¹⁹⁶ ¹⁹⁷ ¹⁹⁸ ¹⁹⁹ ²⁰⁰ ²⁰¹ ²⁰² ²⁰³ ²⁰⁴ ²⁰⁵ ²⁰⁶ ²⁰⁷ 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NONE OF THEM HAS ANYS REFERENCE TO PRISON CONDITIONS OR
DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY WITH THE RES GESTAE OF THIS CASE. MR.
GREEN ADVISED THAT THERE IS A POSSIBLE CIVIL ACTION AGAINST
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IN RELATION TO THE MURDER OF
REMINGTON. HE FURTHER INDICATED THAT PROBABLY BOB SPIVACK,
WASHINGTON REPRESENTATIVE OF THE QUOTE NEW YORK POST END QUOTE HAS
BEEN TRYING FOR THE LAST TWO DAYS TO GET IN TOUCH WITH MR.
BENNET OF THE BUREAU OF PRISONS, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
WITHOUT RESULT, TO OFFER HIM PHOTOSTATS OF THE FOUR OR
FIVE LETTERS, EXTRACTS OF WHICH WERE PUBLISHED BY
SPIVACK-S NEWSPAPER. IN THE ABSENCE OF INSTRUCTIONS,
TO THE CONTRARY, THIS OFFICE WILL SECURE PHOTOSTATS
OF THE FOUR OR FIVE COMMUNICATIONS, PORTIONS OF WHICH WERE
QUOTED IN THE QUOTE NEW YORK POST END QUOTE, DECEMBER EIGHT LAST,
THROUGH CONTACT WITH GREEN, DECEMBER THIRTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTYFOUR.

KELLY

ACK IN ORDER

WA 1-15 AM OK FBI WA US

PH 1-15 OK FBI PH FLS

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 11 1954

TELETYPE

2-55 PM

FBI, RICHMOND

12-11-54

URGENT

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, PHILADELPHIA

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ETAL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON DASH
VICTIM. CGR DASH MURDER. IFPI. RE PHILADELPHIA TELETYPE
TODAY. MRS. ANNE M. REMINGTON, FAIRFAX COUNTY, VA. ADVISED

THAT ALL LETTERS RECEIVED BY HER CHILDREN FROM VICTIM HAVE
BEEN DESTROYED. IN LAST FEW LETTERS VICTIM MENTIONED THAT ITEMS
HAD BEEN STOLEN FROM THE PRISONERS IN THE AREA OF HIS QUARTERS.
THIEVERIES WERE SAID TO HAVE STARTED IN FALL THIS YEAR. VICTIM
WROTE IN LETTERS SOME TIME THIS FALL THAT HIS FOUNTAIN PEN WAS
STOLEN AND THAT HE WAS GOING TO HELP STOP THE THIEVERIES. HE
DID NOT GIVE ANY DETAILS OF HIS EFFORTS TO DO SO. MRS. REMINGTON
THEORIZED THAT SUBJECTS WERE SURPRISED BY VICTIM IN ACT OF
ROBBERY AS THEY PROBABLY WERE NOT AWARE THAT HE HAD BEEN PLACED
ON NIGHT DUTY AT THE HOSPITAL. IN NONE OF THE LETTERS DID
VICTIM INDICATE ANY HOSTILITY TOWARDS HIM BY OTHER INMATES. RUC.

END

POTTER

RECORDED - 111

TENTH LINE SHOULD READ DID NOT GIVE ETC.

DEC 17 1954

70-22845-43

ACK PLVA

Mr. Rosen

3-00 PM OK FBI VA CAP

OK FBI PH CH

CC - Van Kester
CC - Substantive and Sup

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **PHILADELPHIA**

REPORT MADE AT PHILADELPHIA	DATE WHEN MADE 12/6/54	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 11/30; 12/1-3/54	REPORT MADE BY [REDACTED] b7c (FO)
TITLE GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was.; Etal; WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM			CHARACTER OF CASE CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVA- TION - MURDER; IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Dr. LEON A. WITKIN, CMD, USP, Lewisburg, Pa., of opinion autopsy findings show death of REMINGTON due to direct result of injuries received on 11/22/54. HARRY T. BECK, Union County Coroner, Lewisburg, Pa., advised cause of REMINGTON death as fractured skull, multiple lacerations, and hemorrhages of brain. Type of death listed as homicide "murder." MC COY in signed statement dated 11/30/54, related in detail his participation in assault on REMINGTON. Admits hitting REMINGTON one blow on head after CAGLE struck him twice with brick encased in sock. Advised PARKER present in room at time of assault, but did not strike REMINGTON. Further admits hitting CAGLE with bed foot several weeks ago, but claimed CAGLE was the aggressor. Investigation reflects that inmate [REDACTED] on 12/1/54, indicted MC COY, PARKER, and CAGLE for violation of Section 1111, Title 18, U. S. Code. Bench warrants issued and filed as detainers against subjects at U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa. U. S. Attorney, Scranton, Pa. declined prosecution of MC COY for assault on CAGLE, withheld his prosecutive opinion re contraband and larceny violations, and requested that CAGLE's conduct and behavior at other institutions be ascertained.

DETAILS:

On November 30, 1954, Dr. LEON A. WITKIN, Chief Medical Officer, U. S. Penitentiary, advised SA [REDACTED] that somewhere around 10:00 a.m., November 22, 1954, he was called to see inmate WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON in his cell quarters. He was reported at that time to have been bleeding from the left ear and mouth and

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<p>70-22845-44</p> <p>SEARCHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INDEXED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>SERIALIZED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FILED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>DEC 10 1954</p> <p>67</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">b7c</p> <p style="text-align: right;">70-22845-44</p> <p style="text-align: right;">SE 4</p> <p style="text-align: right;">RECORDED</p> <p style="text-align: right;">EX-1</p>
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case, as well as from the wounds on his scalp. He was found lying in his back with his hair matted with blood and his face covered with clotted blood. Dr. WITKIN estimated that he had been injured about one-half to one hour previously. He was transported to the operating room where his head was prepared and the minor lacerations closed with sutures. Penicillin was started and later anti-tetanus and gas gangrene antitoxin administered.

After taking X rays, which showed a linear fracture of the left parietal bone with a suspicion of several additional fractures elsewhere, he was returned to bed. He was conscious and could respond to commands, but his pronunciation amounted to gibberish. The left ear canal was filled with blood clots, but he could not determine whether or not the blood had been introduced from without. The pupils were equal and reacted to light. No gross motor weakness was apparent. The patient was somewhat restless and received two doses of sodium phenobarbital grains, two each, intramuscularly during the first 24 hours after the injury. Several hours after admission, the left orbit became ecchymotic. The following day, ecchymosis was noted at the left mastoid and about the right eye.

During the day, his pulse rate remained at about 66 per minute and blood pressure at about 122/70. The X rays were rather unsatisfactory because Dr. WITKIN did not want to subject the patient to prolonged manipulation. At about 8:00 p.m., the films were shown to Dr. GASS of Sunbury, who reported a fracture of the middle of the skull, together with a fracture of the left malar bone and evidence of hemorrhage into the sinuses. Surgeon consultant, Dr. CHARLES TOMLINSON, of Milton, Pa., saw the patient at about 5:00 p.m. on the day of the injury. He believed that there was no evidence of seriously increased cranial pressure and no indication for any, but conservative treatment.

During the night, the blood pressure rose about 20 millimeters systolic and the pulse rate rose to about 110 per minute. The patient became incontinent and lapsed into a progressively deeper coma. The rectal temperature was 102 degrees.

In the morning, it was noted that both pupils became fixed to light and the left was widely dilated. Motor paralysis of the right arm and leg was apparent. Dr. TOMLINSON was advised of this condition and after examination recommended immediate surgery.

At the operation, a linear fracture of the left parietal region was found extending in the lateral area. Free hemorrhage was found, both

IN 70-22

internally and externally. Condition at the termination of the operation was fair. Two units of whole blood were administered following operation for replacement. The patient did not recover from his coma and became progressively worse, finally expiring at 7:35 a.m., November 24, 1954.

The County Coroner, BARRY T. BECK, insisted on a post-mortem examination of the skull and contents. This was begun at 10:30 a.m., November 24, 1954, by Dr. MUNN, Dr. LEONARD BRESLAN, and the coroner and Dr. CHARLES HOMERSON assisting. Mr. TONY JACOBS took notes. Multiple fractures of the left side of the skull were found involving the frontal, temporal, and parietal areas. The temporal fractures were severely comminuted with some depression. The fracture lines extended to the base of the skull, particularly the anterior fossa on the left, which resembled a cracked eggshell. Fractures also extended into the petrous bone. Hemorrhage was noted in the ethmoid sinuses on both sides, the sphenoid sinus, the middle ear and the inner ear on the left. The entire left brain was quite edematous and contused. A hemorrhage into the temporal lobe of the brain was found approximately occupying a space of one and one-half inches in diameter.

In the opinion of Dr. MUNN, the autopsy findings show that death was the direct result of the injuries received.

A post-mortem examination of the head was made at the direction of the County Coroner, Mr. BARRY T. BECK, and with the permission of the Coroner, at 10:30 a.m., November 24, 1954, by Dr. LEON A. MUNN, Dr. LEONARD BRESLAN assisting. Mr. TONY JACOBS took notes and Coroner BECK and Dr. CHARLES HOMERSON attended.

They found that this is a well-nourished adult male with no marks of violence except the head. He measures about 6'2" tall and weighs approximately 180 pounds.

A marked ecchymosis is noted about the left orbit, with a subconjunctival hemorrhage in the outer portion of the left eye. Small ecchymoses are seen in the region of the left mastoid process and the region of the right orbit. The pupils are equal and about 4 mm. in diameter. An operative wound is seen in the left temporal region, 2-shaped and about 7 x 3 inches in size. There are several other small wounds in the same neighborhood.

10-123
Particularly REMINGTON, and I recall CAGLE stated that he disliked REMINGTON, as he thought he was a Communist. Shortly before midnight November 21, 1954, I was sitting in the entrance to my quarters near the pre-release door, waiting to be called to work. I was sitting on my haunches when REMINGTON came up, leaned on the wall within a yard or two of me and just stood and stared at me. I got up and walked over and sat down on the dormitory stairs to get away from him. From there I proceeded to the Power Plant, where I fired the furnace that night. CAGLE came over and talked to me during the night, but REMINGTON was not then discussed. CAGLE, [redacted] and I returned to my quarters around 8:05 A.M. on November 22, 1954. I then took my razor and shaved. Later I went over and sat over on CAGLE's bed and told CAGLE that REMINGTON stared like he wanted to kill me the previous night. Later REMINGTON came to my door, looked through the glass and stared at me. He then went away, and I did not see him anymore until I later checked his room to see if he was asleep.

I sat on the bed with CAGLE for a few minutes. CAGLE then stated that he hated Communist's and I went over to REMINGTON's door, looked through the glass and saw REMINGTON in bed with something over his head. He appeared to be asleep. I then walked back over to my quarters and said to CAGLE, 'Let's go and get REMINGTON.' CAGLE said 'O.K.' and reached under his pillow and picked up the sock which contained the brick. CAGLE entered REMINGTON's room first and PARKER followed. I entered REMINGTON's quarters last with an iron rod which is a part of my bed. CAGLE hit REMINGTON on the left side of the head twice, and gave me the sock. I then walked over and hit REMINGTON one hard blow with the brick encased in the sock. After I hit him I noticed he was bleeding from the left side of the head. I also noted that REMINGTON's head was jerking while CAGLE was hitting him, but when I hit him, I saw him kick like a hog and I didn't think that he would ever get off the bed. I actually didn't mean to kill REMINGTON, but wanted to mess up his head and straighten him out; that is I didn't want REMINGTON to go around staring at me. I admit I hated REMINGTON bad enough to kill him, because he had said in the past that he was going to take my life.

I don't know the reason that PARKER entered the room as he did not participate in the assault, but he did not attempt to stop the assault on REMINGTON. After the assault on REMINGTON I said 'Let's get out,' and I left the room first, followed by either PARKER or CAGLE. I then went to the bath room and PARKER gave me his knife, which I used to cut the sock open and take out the brick. I cleaned the sock and the brick and washed the brick. I gave the sock to PARKER and PARKER took the sock and threw it out of the corridor.

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Window at the end of the hall. I took my clothes off and then went to bed. A short time later, about forty five minutes, [redacted] came up & awakened me. I asked [redacted] if the pants is my room, which I brought up from the Power Plant last night, and he stated No, I have my pants on. Then I said they must be [redacted] pants. [redacted] is an inmate who works at the Power Plant. The assault was not discussed in [redacted] presence and [redacted] had no knowledge that the assault had occurred. [redacted] went down stairs to take the pants back to control center and came back upstairs and said he saw REMINGTON on the stairs all messed up. I recall shortly after we three came back from REMINGTON's room that PARKER told us to go to bed and play it cool. He said if anyone asks about you, I will tell them that you were in bed.

This statement has been read to me by Special Agent [redacted] in the presence of Warden FRED T. WILKINSON and Special Agent [redacted] and stated that it is true and correct. I have initialed each page and correction of this statement which consists of this page and five others.

/s/ "GEORGE JR MC COY"

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ME 70-23

Witnesses: [REDACTED] Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, 500 Widener Bldg. Phila. Pa. 11/30/54 b7C

Fred T. Wilkinson, Warden
U. S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

[REDACTED] Special Agent - FBI
500 Widener Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa. b7C

The above statement was read to subject MCCOY inasmuch as he is unable to read or write except to sign his name.

MCCOY's signed statement is being retained as an exhibit in the Philadelphia Office.

In addition to the above information, MCCOY admitted that a few weeks ago, he took a bed rod from his bed and struck inmate LEWIS CAGLE, Jr., over the head with this rod and stated that CAGLE was subsequently hospitalized as a result of this altercation. He said that CAGLE actually started the fight by striking him with a steel chair on the back, at which time, CAGLE called MCCOY an obscene name.

It should be noted that MCCOY laughed and joked about the assault on HEMINGTON during the interview and related that he has had numerous fights throughout his life. He said that his father had taught him to "fight to win," and stated that a few years ago, he caught his wife with another man sitting on the couch at his home, and shot this individual with a 32/20 pistol just above the heart, but did not kill him. He said that when he walked through the door and saw this individual with his wife, that he could just feel the blood flowing over his tongue and lips and stated that he actually tasted the man's blood.

He related that a few years ago he became involved in another fight, at which time, he was struck on the leg by an arm by an inmate in another institution. MCCOY said that he took the arm away from the inmate and stated that it took seven people to pull him off of the individual who hit him with the arm.

It should be noted that the medical records of the U. S. Penitentiary as reviewed by the writer, indicate that LEWIS CAGLE, Jr., was

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admitted to the hospital on October 31, 1954. The records as prepared by [redacted] Medical Technical Assistant, stated that CAGLE, while walking down the stairs, slipped and fell down twenty steps, landing on the left occipital area. CAGLE was dazed but not unconscious and when admitted as a patient, was suffering from bruises of his right elbow and forearm as well as from a 1 1/2" laceration on the back of his head. CAGLE also had a swelled laceration on his left ear lobe. The head laceration was cleaned with peroxide and closed with five scalp clamps; best dressing was applied to the bruises and about 600,000 units of penicillin was given to CAGLE. A notation in the records indicates that [redacted] believed that these injuries resulted from an altercation with another inmate. CAGLE was released from the hospital on November 9, 1954. b7c

Dunette [redacted], U. S. Penitentiary, advised SA [redacted] on November 30, 1954, that he has been assigned to Dormitory 1, Room 31, for the past five months, and is currently assigned to duties in the hospital. He stated that on November 22, 1954, the day of the assault on victim REMINGTON, that he returned to his room at about 8:10 A. M. He said he saw no one in the corridors and that he does not recall anyone entering his room prior to the time he went to sleep, which was around 9:30 A. M. He advised that his room is located next to the victim's room and that his bed and the victim's bed are separated by a concrete partition. He stated that sound travels through this wall, and although he cannot hear conversations, he can hear other noises, such as objects falling. He said that some time after he went to sleep, he vaguely recalls hearing three thumps or slaps in the room adjoining his, which aroused him slightly, but he did not get up and investigate these thumps. He stated that he went back into a deep sleep and recalled that he heard the 10:30 A. M. mess call, but said that he is unable to remember whether or not he heard these thumps or slaps shortly before or after 10:30 A. M. He stated that shortly after 10:30, an officer awakes him and at this time, he learned that victim had been injured.

He advised that he is acquainted with the subjects but that he has never heard them make any statement of a derogatory nature regarding the victim or the subject of Communism. He said that about two weeks ago, the bed of [redacted] who was a room mate of victim at the time of the assault, was set on fire by unknown parties. He said victim appeared to be worried about this incident and asked him if he had heard anything that would indicate that this incident was directed toward him, or to spite him. b7c

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██████████ stated victim said nothing further after he advised him that he had not heard anything that would indicate that this burning of the mattress was done to spite REMINGTON.

Lieutenant ██████████ custodial supervisor, W 8 Penitentiary, advised that when he went into ██████████ room, which is adjacent to the room of the victim, on the morning of the assault, that inmate ██████████ was in a deep sleep and that he had to be shaken several times before awakening.

On November 30, 1954, inmate ██████████ a room mate of the subjects, was interviewed by SA ██████████ to ascertain his whereabouts and activities on the morning of November 22, 1954, the day of the assault. ██████████ stated that he was in punitive segregation until 10:00 A.M. on November 22, 1954. He stated that he was then released, picked up his clothing, and then proceeded to I 39 quarters. As soon as he arrived at his quarters, he awakened inmates CAGLE and MCCOY and noted that inmate PARKER was sitting at the table in the room, fully dressed. He said that he began talking to PARKER and that PARKER gave him a cigarette. He continued that MCCOY, PARKER and CAGLE stated that they were glad that ██████████ was out of segregation and he conversed with the inmates abovementioned for about five minutes. MCCOY then mentioned that it was inmate ██████████ fault that ██████████ had been sent to punitive segregation. According to ██████████ inmate ██████████ is assigned to the power plant detail. ██████████ related that some time later, an elderly officer came into his quarters and informed CAGLE that he had a pass for one o'clock. This officer stood and talked to ██████████ and the other inmates for about three or four minutes and went back downstairs. ██████████ related that he then got some coffee out of his coat pocket, and a light cord, with a spoon, and took this back into the shower where he obtained a can and made coffee. ██████████ estimated that it took him anywhere from five to ten minutes to make the coffee. As soon as the coffee was made, ██████████ stated he went back into the room and gave PARKER and CAGLE a cup of coffee. He stated that he and PARKER and CAGLE then smoked a cigarette. He estimated that this took him three or four minutes, and he then got a pair of pants that was lying on the table which MCCOY had previously brought into the room, thinking that the pants belonged to ██████████ and started to take these pants back to the control center as he stated the pants actually belonged to inmate ██████████.

██████████ related that he started downstairs from I 3 quarters to I 2 quarters and noted MCCOY hanging on the rail, stating

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"I can't figure it out." He stated that he was so horrified and excited that he immediately ran to the officer downstairs and informed him of REMINGTON's condition. [redacted] said that during the time he was in his quarters, that he did not observe anyone in the quarters other than the officer mentioned supra. He said that he saw no one in the corridor or stairway and stated that none of the inmates in his room mentioned anything about REMINGTON or the assault. He denied that he had ever seen a brick and sock used in the assault at any time in the past, but stated that he heard from a source which he could not recall, that MCCOY, about three weeks ago struck inmate CAGLE over the head with a bed rod and knew that CAGLE went to the hospital as a result of the altercation. He further admitted that he had heard statements made by inmates in his quarters to the effect that they hated Communism but did not recall who made the statement.

Officer [redacted] advised that he released [redacted] from punitive segregation about 10:00 A. M., on November 22, 1954.

Associate Warden JOHN C. TAYLOR advised SA [redacted] on November 30, 1954, that it usually takes about ten minutes for an inmate to go to his quarters from punitive segregation under normal conditions. It should be noted that the time of the assault has been ascertained through interviews with inmates and officers of the U. S. Penitentiary to have occurred around 9:30 A. M., on November 22, 1954. b7c

It is further noted that the subjects of this case have stated that [redacted] did not participate in the assault on REMINGTON and had no knowledge that REMINGTON had been assaulted.

Warden FRED T. WILKINSON, advised SA [redacted] that he would classify the two knives found in subject's room on November 22, 1954, as well as the segment of brick which is believed to have been used in the assault, as contraband.

On December 1, 1954, the facts of this case regarding the possibility of further charges against subjects, PARKER and MCCOY, for possession of contraband knives on a Government reservation; the possibility of further charges against subject PARKER for theft of commissary items from victim's room, as well as the possibility of further charges against subject MCCOY for hitting subject CAGLE with a bed rail, sending CAGLE to the

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hospital in the last two or three months, were discussed with United States Attorney J. JULIUS LEVY, Middle District of Pennsylvania, Scranton, and he stated that he would withhold his opinion regarding prosecution under the contraband statute and larceny on a Government reservation. With regard to the assault on CAGLE by MOODY, LEVY stated that he did not desire any further investigation in this matter as it was apparent that the assault has a self-defense angle inasmuch as victim CAGLE was apparently the aggressor in this altercation.

On December 1, 1954, photographs of the subject after death, taken by [REDACTED] Record Clerk, as well as subsequent medical and autopsy reports, were obtained from the Warden, FRED T. WILKINSCH, and are being maintained in instant file in the Philadelphia Office. b7c

On December 1, 1954, the facts of this case were presented to Grand Jurors sitting at Scranton, Pa., and a true bill was returned before Judge ALBERT L. WATSON, and bench warrant was issued on the same date, charging GEORGE JR. MOODY, ROBERT CARL PARKER, and LEWIS CAGLE, JR., with violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1111. The indictment specifically charged that on or about the 22nd day of November 1954, in/at, and on the premises of the United States Northeastern Penitentiary, located in and adjacent to the Township of Kelly, in the County of Union, in the Middle District of Pennsylvania, and on lands acquired for the use of the United States, and under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, GEORGE JR. MOODY, ROBERT CARL PARKER, and LEWIS CAGLE JR., with premeditation and malice aforethought, murdered WILLIAM W. REMINGTON by striking him on the head with a deadly weapon which crushed his skull and injured his brain from the effects of which he remained unconscious for a time and died.

A check of the records of the U. S. Penitentiary by SA [REDACTED] b7c

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On December 2, 1954, disclosed that the above named warrant and copy of indictment were lodged by Deputy U.S. Marshal [redacted] with the Record Clerk at the United States Penitentiary, and assigned for subjects E. ROY, PARKER and CAME.

On December 4, 1954, J. JAMES LEWY, U.S. Attorney, Middle District of Pennsylvania, requested investigation to determine the names of penitentiary officials at the National Training School for Boys, Washington, D. C., and the Federal Reformatory, Chillicothe, Ohio, who can testify personally as to the reputation and character of subject CAME as they saw him prior to the requested investigation to determine the commission of victim [redacted] prior to his assault on November 22, 1954.

Records of the U.S. Penitentiary were reviewed on December 2, 1954, and disclosed that LARRY CAME, JR., was designated for the National Training School for Boys, Washington, D. C., on December 17, 1952, and arrived at this institution on December 22, 1952. On April 29, 1953, a report from [redacted] Parole Officer, National Training School for Boys, Washington, D. C., stated that CAME asserted that he had inside [redacted] because he used CAME's right of privileges and wouldn't pay. On May 25, 1953, Correctional Officer E. [redacted] National Training School for Boys, reported that CAME and inside [redacted] had an exchange of blows which resulted in CAME's eye being cut and a slight nick on [redacted]'s nose. CAME was reported by [redacted] to have been a member of a strong and gang who intimidated the weaker inmates on the playground and cottage. b7C

The records indicate that CAME was recommended for transfer from the National Training School for Boys, Washington, D. C., because of a report indicating CAME's part in the recent riot prevailing in [redacted] Jail. This report was made by [redacted] Superintendent of the National Training School for Boys. On August 12, 1953, CAME's transfer from National Training School for Boys to the Federal Reformatory, Chillicothe, Ohio, was approved by [redacted] Acting Assistant Director, Bureau of Prisons. The purpose of this transfer, as disclosed by the records, was for adjustment purposes and closer custody.

On April 17, 1954, Correctional Officer [redacted] was the [redacted] investigated an attempt by CAME and one other inmate, [redacted] in an attempt in which the above inmates attempted to [redacted] [redacted] in the [redacted] Federal Reformatory, Chillicothe, Ohio.

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On. According to this report, CAGLE admitted to officers that he did try to strong arm [redacted] into giving him commissary items but said "It was All a Joke." Special Progress Report recommending transfer of CAGLE on June 10, 1954, indicated that CAGLE had been associating with the least trustworthy inmates. On April 17, 1954, CAGLE along with his close associates for sometime, [redacted] and [redacted] were suspected of intimidating men in both B Dormitory where they were quartered, and in C Dormitory, at Chillicothe. The report states CAGLE was considered the ring leader in the attempt to intimidate other inmates for commissary supplies. The report continued that because of the nature of CAGLE's difficulties, it was necessary to keep him in closely supervised and restricted programs. It was stated that his demonstrated difficulties in adjusting to the program at Chillicothe and because of the feeling against CAGLE, consideration should be given to his transfer to a suitable institution to enable him to make a fresh start in other institutional settings. CAGLE was transferred to the United States Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., on June 26, 1954, and a report by [redacted] steward in the kitchen, U. S. Penitentiary, reported that CAGLE was a "trouble maker." Correctional Officer [redacted] in a report dated 9/2/54, advised that inmates CAGLE and [redacted] had a fight on the porch located back of the kitchen on the reservation. He stated that the inmates were separated and placed in punitive segregation. By report dated July 14, 1954, [redacted] noted that CAGLE and inmate [redacted] attempted to steal milk from the refrigerator in the prison kitchen. CAGLE on the same date also refused to work. b7C

[redacted] Correctional Officer, United States Penitentiary, advised that on November 22, 1954, he was assigned to the day watch in the hospital. He recalled that between 7:50 a.m., and 8:00 a.m. on this date he unlocked the hospital gate in order to permit REMINGTON to return to his quarters. He stated REMINGTON acted very normal at this time and apparently did not have any injury at this time. He stated two or three days later, he unlocked the hospital door to allow a stretcher bearing REMINGTON to enter and at this time he appeared to have injuries about the face and head.

[redacted] Correctional Officer, United States Penitentiary, advised that on November 22, 1954, at about 8:00 a.m., he was assigned by [redacted] Correctional Supervisor, to make a routine search for contraband in B-3 Dormitory. He stated REMINGTON followed him up the stairs to the B-3 Dormitory. He stated he decided to check room B-3, 3 dormitory, and found [redacted] in the room through the door in the door and saw three [redacted]

NY 73-523

moving around. He stated at this time he noticed that HENNINGSEN went into his room and closed the door. He stated HENNINGSEN bore no marks or bruises, and appeared to be in good physical condition.

[redacted] advised that he did not shake down Room 39 since it was occupied, but did shake down Rooms 37 and 38. He advised that while he was in Room 37, [redacted] Correctional Officer, advised him to report to the Control Center for other duty. He stated he left I-3 Dormitory at about 6:15 a.m. or 6:20 a.m., at which time everything was quiet. He stated during this time he spent in I Wing, he saw no one other than HENNINGSEN and the three inmates inside Room 39.

It is noted that all subjects are quartered in Room 39, and it is further noted that subject MCCOY claimed that he saw HENNINGSEN staring at him through the window glass in his door in the morning of the same date.

[redacted], Correctional Supervisor, United States Penitentiary, advised that on November 27, 1954, he was in the corridor between G and H Dormitories when [redacted] Correctional Officer, came out of I Dormitory, and advised him that a man was hurt on the third floor of I Dormitory. He advised that he and Officer [redacted] proceeded to the third floor where he found HENNINGSEN in his room lying on the bed with his face covered with blood. He stated inmate [redacted] was with HENNINGSEN at this time. He was advised by inmate [redacted] that the hospital had been notified.

[redacted] advised that he sent Officer [redacted] down to the Control Center to notify Associate Warden [redacted] and [redacted]. [redacted] stated that he frisked I Dormitory and had his officers to examine all the other inmates and search their quarters for contraband. He stated he examined the landing where HENNINGSEN was found and noticed a few drops of blood but found nothing which indicated to him that HENNINGSEN's injuries were caused by a fall down the stairs.

On December 3, 1954, the writer exhibited the brick and the white sock, believed to have been used as the assault weapon, to subjects HENNINGSEN and MCCOY in the presence of [redacted] Associate Warden, United States Penitentiary. MCCOY and HENNINGSEN stated the brick was of the same color and resembled the assault brick, but neither could make a positive identification. HENNINGSEN stated the sock was made out of the same material and was the same color as the one used to contain the brick, but stated he did not pay enough attention to it to make a positive identification. MCCOY advised that this sock is definitely not identical to the sock which contained the brick used for the assault. [redacted] did not contain a slit large

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

WASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION
AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

Will at the National Training School for Boys interview the following individuals listed below as well as anyone they may suggest, and ascertain who can personally testify relative to the conduct and behavior of LOUIS CASTLE, JR., [redacted] while incarcerated there. He has [redacted] at this prison:

- [redacted] Parole Officer, N.T.S.B.
- [redacted] Correctional Officer
- [redacted] Superintendent

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b7C

THE BUREAU HAS INSTRUCTED THAT THIS LEAD BE HANDLED IMMEDIATELY
AND A REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU PROMPTLY.

CINCINNATI DIVISION
AT CHILLICOTHE, OHIO

Will conduct same investigation as set forth above at Washington, D. C. at Federal Reformatory, Chillicothe. He has [redacted] of this prison.

- [redacted] Correctional Officer
- [redacted] Correctional Officer

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b7C

THE BUREAU HAS INSTRUCTED THAT THIS LEAD BE HANDLED IMMEDIATELY
AND A REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU PROMPTLY.

PHILADELPHIA DIVISION
AT HARRISBURG, PA.

Will obtain description of [redacted] and acceptance of jurisdiction [redacted] U. S. Government [redacted] U. S. Government. Expedite

0-228

PH 70-523

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Reference

Report of [REDACTED] dated 11/28/54, at Philadelphia.
Bureau teletype to Philadelphia, dated 11/29/54.

67E

70-22845

44

Assistant Attorney General
Warren Olney III
Director, FBI

December 9, 1954

GEORGE JUNIOR MC GOY, with aliases;
ROBERT CARL PARKER, with aliases;
LEWIS EAGLE, Jr., with aliases;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTIONS

8-1
2-1

RECORDED-35

EX-109

Reference is made to my memorandum of November 30, 1954, to which was attached a copy of the report of Special Agent [redacted] at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated November 20, 1954, which deals with the death of William Walter Remington. b7C

For your further information, there is transmitted herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent [redacted] at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated December 6, 1954. b7C

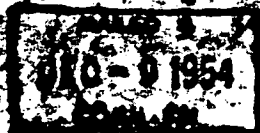
Attachment

2 cc - Mr. James V. Bennett (Attachment)
Director
Bureau of Prisons

REG/lh
(6)

70-22845

70-22845-44



Handwritten signature/initials

Handwritten initials "Ruk" and "10"

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: 12/8/54

Time of Call: 6 p.m.

FROM : Mr. Price

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MCCOY;
ROBERT CARL PARKER;
LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATIONS - MURDER
PRESS RELEASE

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

SAC Norman McCabe at Philadelphia advised that he had received a call from Julius Levy, United States Attorney at Scranton, Pennsylvania, who is handling the prosecution of subjects in the Remington murder case.

Levy said he had read in the Scranton, Pennsylvania, newspapers a news story attributed to the "New York Post" to the effect that Mrs. Remington, wife of the deceased, had received letters from her husband prior to his death indicating that he was threatened while an inmate at Lewisburg.

Mr. Levy stated that inasmuch as Mrs. Remington may have information of possible value to the Government case, he requested that Agents interview the wife. McCabe stated that he thought the wife was presently living at Ridgewood, New Jersey, and that he would telephonically instruct the Newark office to have two experienced Agents interview Mrs. Remington at once.

ACTION TAKEN:

MCCabe was authorized to proceed with the interview. He was told to advise the Bureau of the results and he was referred to Mr. Wick in Mr. Nichols' office inasmuch as the original story concerning Mrs. Remington's letters appeared in the newspapers.

See attached type 70-22845-45

RECORDED

EX-130

DEC 20 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

h.k.

WA 4 NY 3 PH 2 FROM NEWARK

3

(M) 8-16

JIB

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC-S NEW YORK AND PHILA

URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ETAL. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON, VICTIM,
CGR-MURDER IFPI. RE PHILA TELEPHONE CALL TO NEWARK THIS DATE
REQUESTING INTERVIEW OF JANE REMINGTON, WIDOW OF VICTIM, IN ACCORDANCE
WITH DESIRE OF USA, SCRANTON, PA. FILES OF NEWARK OFFICE AND RECENT
PRESS REPORTS REFLECT JANE REMINGTON RESIDES TWO SEVEN SEVEN RUSH
LANE, LEVITOWN, LONG ISLAND. NEW YORK TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED AND
REQUESTED PROMPTLY INTERVIEW HER CONCERNING INFORMATION SHE MIGHT BE
ABLE TO FURNISH WHICH WOULD BE OF POSSIBLE VALUE IN PROSECUTION THIS
CASE AS INDICATED BY REPORTED DISCLOSURES OF CORRESPONDENCE BY
SCRANTON NEWSPAPERS ATTRIBUTED TO NEW YORK POST.

END

FOSTER

UKACK PLS

Mr. Foster

WA NK R 4 WA NRB

NY- NK R 3 NYC JFH

PH NK R 2 PH WH

TV DISC

RECORDED

EX-130

EX-130

70-22845-45

70-22845

45

cc Risch

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 10 1954

TELETYPE

FROM PH 10 5.23 PM

URGENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS, ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM,
CGR - MURDER, IFPI. ALL THREE SUBJECTS WILL BE APPRAIGNED BEFORE USIC,
LEWISBURG, ELEVEN AM, DEC. THIRTEEN, FIFTYFOUR.

MC CABE

HOLD PLS

WVV

Mr. Rosen

NYGA

RECORDED - 170 7-1
AND SUPERVISOR
INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

55 DEC 17 1954

70-22845-46

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: December 17, 1954

Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

7-1-2 L.R.S.
Bureau
to Philadelphia

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia (70-523)

SUBJECT: GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, ET AL
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM
COR - MURDER - IPPI

CRIME ON GOVERNMENT ASSOCIATION

INMATES in Federal Penal Institution

With reference to the telephone call from Mr. FRANK PRICE of the Bureau on Saturday, December 4, 1954, relative to DREW PEARSON'S Column, I thought the Bureau would be interested in the following information which was obtained by Special Agent [REDACTED] from the records of the Lewisburg Penitentiary.

b7c

[REDACTED]

b7c

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Agent [REDACTED] advises me that since he has been Resident Agent at Lewisburg, Pa., he has noticed that every interview with an inmate has been recorded in the records of the visiting room at the Penitentiary and in view of this, he is of the opinion that it is very doubtful whether STAPLES was interviewed by an FBI Agent while he was incarcerated at Lewisburg.

b7c

EX-130

70-22845-47

DEC 17 1954

EX-130

DECEMBER 14, 1954

AIRTEL

SAC, PHILADELPHIA (HAGL)

GEORGE JR. MC COY, WAS., ET AL; WILLIAM WALTER BENINGTON - VICTIMS;
COR - MURDER; IPPI. YOU SHOULD INSTRUCT ALL AUXILIARY OFFICES
THAT LEADS OUTSTANDING IN INSTANT MATTER MUST BE EXPEDITED.
PROSECUTIVE SUMMARY REPORT SHOULD BE PREPARED IN THIS CASE
AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE TIME.

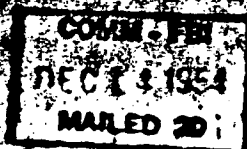
HCCVER

FEG:fc

4

70-22845-48
RECORDED - 19

EX - 27



DEC 17 1954

70-22845-48

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **PHILADELPHIA**

REPORT MADE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.	DATE WHEN MADE 12/15/54	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 12/10/54	REPORT MADE BY [REDACTED] b7c
TITLE GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was.; Et al; WILLIAM WALTER PEMINGTON - VICTIM			CHARACTER OF CASE CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER; IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE committed to National Training School September 21, 1951, for auto theft. Paroled July 10, 1952. Recommitted on December 22, 1952, for same offense, parole revoked. Transferred to [REDACTED] on August 19, 1953. Information contained in NTS records set forth. During period of second confinement, CAGLE engaged in strong arm activities, leading other boys to leave cottage where confined. Was admitted leader in [REDACTED] mass escape July 21, 1953. [REDACTED] Probation Officer, [REDACTED] states subject under his supervision only during first confinement. [REDACTED] Superintendent, NTS, advises he had very little personal contact with CAGLE. [REDACTED] Assistant Superintendent, and Chairman of [REDACTED] Committee, NTS, describes CAGLE as organizer and strong arm boy with [REDACTED] temper and not exceptionally clever. States CAGLE frankly admitted [REDACTED] other inmates around. No indication used weapons in any incidents [REDACTED] fists. FREDERICK MC CANNY, former employee NTS, now deceased.

END

DETAILS: AT WAS IN TEN, D. C.:

A review of National Training School records reflected [REDACTED] CAGLE was originally committed to the National Training School on September 21, 1951, in connection with the theft of a Dodge automobile at [REDACTED] [REDACTED] which was transferred to [REDACTED] Georgia, where it was [REDACTED]

- COPIES DESTROYED**
- 3 - Bureau (70-22845)
 - 2 - Philadelphia (70-523)
 - 1 - USA, MPA
 - 1 - Cincinnati (Date)
 - 1 - Philadelphia (70-980)

10 DEC 1954

70-22845-49

COPIES IN FILE

and the other individuals were subsequently apprehended by the Georgia Highway Patrol.

CAGLE entered a guilty plea in connection with the theft and was sentenced to NTS for a period of three years. He subsequently was paroled on July 10, 1952.

On December 22, 1952, CAGLE was again arrested for stealing an automobile and transporting the same from Tennessee to Alabama. As a result of this arrest, his parole was revoked and he received a new sentence of fifteen months to be served concurrently with the remainder of his first unserved term. On August 19, 1953, he was transferred to Chillicothe, Ohio Penitentiary following his involvement in a mass escape plan at the National Training School.

Probation Officer, NTS, advised CAGLE was under his supervision only during the period of his first confinement from September, 1951, to July, 1952.

advised during his first interview, CAGLE made a very poor impression and that he persisted in lying about the offense for which he had been committed and was very evasive in his answers. added during the period of this confinement he had no personal knowledge of any misconduct on the part of CAGLE. He stated CAGLE was quiet, minded his own business, and adjusted himself satisfactorily to the School regulations. He said CAGLE was of average intelligence and he personally had not considered him as a good prospect. He added, however, in view of CAGLE'S good record, he was recommended for an early parole which he received on July 10, 1952. b7c

In conclusion, advised he had little or no contact with CAGLE during the period of his second confinement, however, he was aware of CAGLE'S throwing his weight around and of misconduct. He advised he observed CAGLE was under the supervision of Assistant Superintendent. He advised he had dictated a Special Progress Report relevant to CAGLE'S conduct.

review of CAGLE'S record indicated that during his first stay at the National Training School, CAGLE was very noisy but after his second stay, he became more quiet and adjusted himself to the School regulations. He was also involved in a mass escape plan during his association with other inmates.

845
The report indicated CAGLE was better than average in connection with his conduct at the School which denoted that he was dependable, serious-minded, and cooperated with his instructors.

40
It was in the realm of group living that maladjustment had occurred. CAGLE was natural appearing and acting; displayed leadership ability; and quickly rose to the top of the Jefferson Hall Cottage group of other boys where he was confined.

WFO 30-980

The report went on to say that CAGLE "is very intolerant of other boys' habits with which he does not agree and lumps on the head have resulted."

It appeared CAGLE felt more mature and worldly wise for the other boys and he himself suggested transfer to a correctional institution. CAGLE stated he would decline parole and remain institutionalized for the remainder of his sentence in order to avoid supervision.

According to [redacted] report, despite efforts to point out CAGLE'S good points, "continued reports of his strong arm and 'sucker punching' activities have persisted during the past three months and have caused a number of both strong and weak boys being forced from the cottage." When in punishment status, CAGLE gave the excuse, "I can't stand little guys who mess around." CAGLE was also named in a group sexual aggression on the playground.

He appeared dissatisfied with the NTS and desired to escape. On July 16, 1953, a tip was received by School authorities CAGLE planned to "run" with another boy. During an investigation of a planned mass escape on July 21, 1953, CAGLE was named by many of the other boys as one of the "ring-leaders" who arranged for cutting a lock and had a large number of boys lined up to escape through a dormitory window. He admitted this role and asked for a transfer. The investigation further revealed CAGLE'S "hot-headedness" and the fact he intimidated other boys into doing his bidding. b7C

[redacted] Superintendent of the National Training School, advised he had little or no personal contact with LEWIS CAGLE during the periods of his confinement at the National Training School. He added, however, that he had received information through reports from employees, that CAGLE was involved in unrest at the Jefferson Cottage, one of three white cottages for larger boys, and had also heard of misconducts through the Adjustment Committee headed by [redacted]

[redacted] advised he had received reports of these activities, in addition to his own. He also recommended CAGLE be placed in a more restrictive institution. He suggested [redacted] probably had contact with CAGLE and knew of the other activities and could furnish information relevant to CAGLE'S activities.

[redacted] Assistant Superintendent, advised he is Chairman of the Adjustment Committee which handles the discipline of the inmates at the National Training School. 49

He stated during CAGLE'S first confinement, he did not draw much attention and had been granted an early parole which indicated no progress was being made. He advised after CAGLE'S return in early January, 1953, he was

WFO 70-980

to have changed in that he stood out in the group at Jefferson Hall as being a dominant figure. He added CAGLE did not have many misconduct charges as such and was intelligent enough to stay in the background when disturbances occurred.

According to [REDACTED] CAGLE engaged in strong arm acts at Jefferson Hall; had fights; and roughed-up the weaker boys. He described CAGLE as being an organizer and strong arm boy, having a "nasty" temper and not exceptionally clever. He added CAGLE dominated the other kids who did as he wished.

[REDACTED] said School authorities felt that CAGLE was responsible for other kids' running off, further he was responsible for other boys' seeking protection so that they would be placed in confinement to avoid being beaten up or punched by CAGLE or his cronies. [REDACTED] said reports were received from other boys indicating CAGLE was engaged in "sucker punching" activities which involved striking a boy without any provocation or warning—for example, CAGLE would stand at the top of the stairs and as the other boy walked up, CAGLE would suddenly strike him without warning.

According to [REDACTED] when confronted with allegations, CAGLE was frank and outspoken and would openly admit to pushing the other boys around. [REDACTED] did not recall any incidents involving CAGLE in which he threatened other boys with weapons, adding CAGLE relied entirely on his fists.

Concerning the sexual aggression on the playground, mentioned in his report previously discussed, [REDACTED] did not recall any sexual incidents involving CAGLE, adding he considered himself too tough and too mature. He explained the actual incident of sexual aggression mentioned probably involved the slapping of other boys on the rear or pinching them during an athletic contest.

[REDACTED] advised the actual incident which precipitated CAGLE'S transfer was the aforementioned escape plot which CAGLE readily admitted.

[REDACTED] identified Correctional Officer F. MC CARTHY mentioned in the records of the United States Penitentiary as FREDERICK MC CARTHY, a former Vocational Instructor at the National Training School who died approximately three months ago.

[REDACTED] alleged in his report that Officer MC CARTHY concerning an incident involving [REDACTED] at the National Training School, [REDACTED] and another boy were engaged in a fight, and [REDACTED] standing nearby, stepped between them.

[REDACTED] stated he would be available to testify in [REDACTED]

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGELEADCINCINNATI DIVISION:AT CINCINNATI, OHIO:

One copy of this report is being furnished to the Cincinnati Division inasmuch as that Office is conducting investigation regarding this matter.

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent [REDACTED]
dated December 6, 1954, at Philadelphia.

70-22845

Assistant Attorney General
Warren Olney III

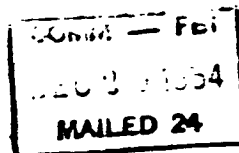
December 20, 1954

Director, FBI

70-22845-44
GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was.; ROBERT CARL PAPER, was.;
LEWIS CADE, JR., was.; WILLIAM WALTER REXINGTON - VICTIM;
CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVATION - MURDER;
IRREGULARITIES IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTION

Reference is made to my memorandum of December 9,
1954, to which was attached a copy of the report of Special
Agent [redacted] at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated
December 6, 1954, concerning the captioned matter. b7C

For your information, there is transmitted
herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent [redacted]
[redacted] at Washington, D. C., dated December 15, 1954. b7C



Attachment

cc: 2 - Mr. James V. Bennett
Director, Bureau of Prisons

REG/dwm
(6) *per*

55 DEC 30 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
12/9/54. NY, NY

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following ^{AIR-TEL} Teletype message to: BUREAU
GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS, NY AL; WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
VICTIM, GUN & MURDER, IPTI. RE NY TEL 12/9/54. ENCLOSED
HEREWITH ARE FOUR COPIES OF THE NY POST EDITION OF 12/8/54
TWO COPIES OF WHICH ARE FOR THE BUREAU AND TWO FOR
PHILADELPHIA, CONTAINING ARTICLE REFERRING TO REMINGTON
LETTERS.

KELLY

- 1-BUREAU (REGISTERED MAIL) (ENCS. 2)
- 1-PHILADELPHIA (REGISTERED MAIL) (ENCS. 2)

Mr. Tolson

RECORDED (95)
70-NEW

CC MR. ROSEN
AND MR. TOLSON
INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

70-22845-50

RECORDED

70-22845-50

30 DEC 10 1964

2 ENCL
5

EX-125

10

Remington Letters Bare Jail 'War'; Officials Saw Them But Did Nothing

By OLIVER PHILAT

Musical Romance

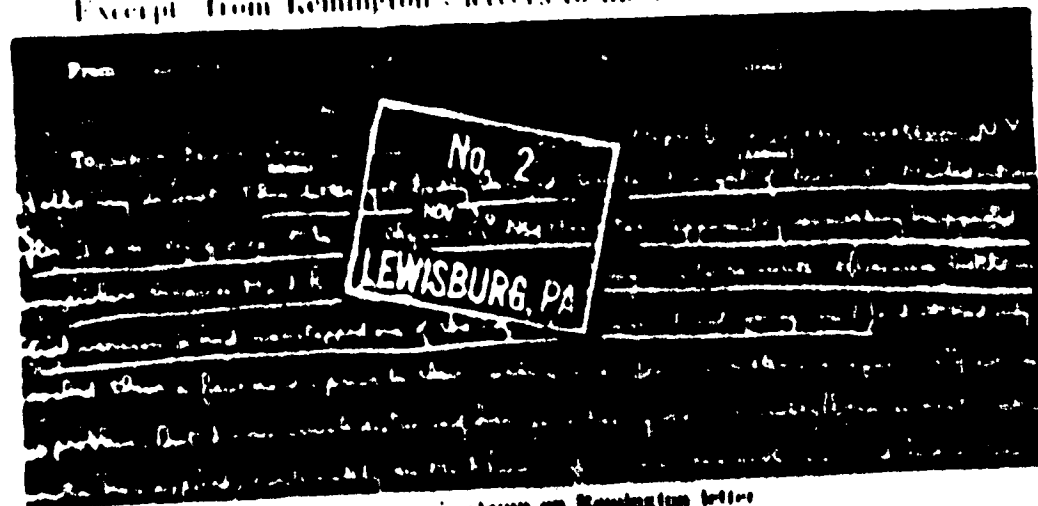


Archie Francis and plaintiff Casey Adams are in town.

Koslow Reaction To Victim's Rod

There was almost open warfare between rival gangs of inmates at the Federal Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pa., for months before the Nov. 23 fatal beating of William W. Remington - and the prison authorities must have known about it.

Excerpt from Remington's letters to his wife Jane in Levittown, L. I.,



Prison censors' stamp on Remington letter

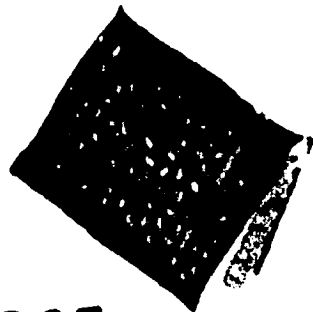
My chat with room mate tonight was about the chiving I mentioned. He got a message (I overheard it being delivered) that some guys are "after him" & will keep on stealing his stuff plus that of another room mate and will do him physical damage if they get a chance.

Though I'm also ^{from} all of the things I'm apparently not in trouble with any

... The Post today showed that the unlocked cell the

NEW YORK POST, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1934

zipper bags



8.95 complete

- Washes, dries quickly
- Never needs ironing
- Packs compactly

Full cut for freedom of movement... Tailored with the perfect pockets and a matching waist. Many in various sizes or extra large sizes.

Come in, write phone (You can check out)
Saks! Seventeen cents added on local C.O.D.'s

SAKS 34TH - direct Floor

SAKS 34TH • THE STORE FOR MEN
14TH AT BROADWAY • LAKAWANNA 4-7000
Phone FR1E - in N.Y. (in 7th calling area) ask operator for WE 6/67 and in
Hoboken, Woodchester (in 7th calling area) ask operator for ENTERPRISE 6/67

'26 DISCOUNT Sale '46
BIRETTES & BOOKS
Big Savings of 20% to 60%

★ FREE ★
Shoe given with every purchase of 2 pairs, 3 pairs or more.

HERE'S GIFT IDEAS

120 Birette Shirts	\$1.99
167 Birette Shirts	\$1.99
100 Birette Shirts	\$1.99
100 Birette Shirts	\$1.99
100 Birette Shirts	\$1.99

Breakfast BOOKS
Now \$1.99

Gifts for BIRETTES
\$1.99

Gifts for BIRETTES
\$1.99

Don't forget to see Peter Shapiro • Get 1% for FREE BOOK ESTIMATED in your home.

SPORT FURNITURE CO.
137 E. 14th St.
Open Mon. & Tues. 10 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Daily to 6 p.m. Sat. to 2 p.m. (Closed Sun.)

OPEN SUNDAY 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Open Mon. & Tues. 10 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Daily to 6 p.m. Sat. to 2 p.m. (Closed Sun.)

THIS MAN IS MAKING MONEY!

Whether asleep or awake NINTH FEDERAL savers are richer because of the 2 1/2% per year savings dividends they earn.

A Mutual Savings Institution

Latest savings dividend—2 1/2% per year Up to 1% Extra on Monthly Savings Club.

Save at either NINTH FEDERAL office! Our new BRONX branch will soon open at Burnside and Walton Avenues. Save By Mail service is postage-free. PLUS VALUE services are described in Bulletin P-5.

NINTH 9 FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
AT TIMES SQ. 630 PLAZA
1457 B'WAY AT 60TH ST.



Holiday Social Success

Jersey Topped Taffeta
styled by Pearl Dress

Seen and heard at holiday parties... this jersey topped beauty with rustling, swirling skirt of acetate taffeta. High, wide and handsome—the tulle that melt into the molded midriff. Navy or black, sizes 14 to 20.

Also at Garden City.

17.95

Minor Budget Dresses, Second Floor Arcade. Mail or phone—call Jean Taylor, Triangle 5-3100, in Garden City, Placer 7-4500.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9

(including Saturdays)

SAKS-34TH

THE STORE FOR MEN

MEN'S
NYLON
FOULARD
ROBES

... with their
own matching,
plastic-lined
slipper bags



Sam Injured Self, State Implies

... which ... the Shep-
... home was available.
... the ...
... of all
"What difference does it
make?" he asked. "They say the
door was always open anyhow."
Richard's appearance concluded
yesterday's court session.
Earlier, at the day Mrs. Anna
Frank, a nurse at the Sheppard
hospital, told the crowded court
that when Sheppard was brought
to the hospital the morning of
the murder, "his feet were icy
cold."
"They looked like they were
water soaked," the nurse said,
"like they'd been in water a long
time."

Christmas Store Hours

Brooklyn Store Open Daily 9:30 to 9
Saturday 9:30 to 6
Garden City Open Daily 9:30 to 9:30

Martin's
BROOKLYN GARDEN CITY



... the first was taken with the
man on his back at a 10-inch dis-
tance.
"It didn't show anything, but
it didn't prove that it [the tract
used] was not on the first one," he
said.
Under questioning by Patrick
Frank, assistant, he did not know
who had brought him the two
plates of the first X-ray on the
morning of July 1.
Meanwhile, the defense dis-
closed plans for a parade of ad-
ditional witnesses, three of whom
would offer "surprising" testi-
mony.
The same lawyers said
they had subpoenaed about every-
one who had business or social
connection with Sheppard and
his murdered wife.
The witnesses would prove, the
defense said, that Sam and Mar-
tin were happy together and
that strangers were seen near
their home the night of the mur-
der.
The state accuses him of first-
degree murder, and says his rela-
tions with other women provided
the motive.
At the trial, found on today,
Ray V. Allen, Police Chief of New
York, was to be called for the
second appearance on the stand.
A defense attorney said that Allen
had a previous conviction for the
same crime.

ing and not have the...
 the last...
 a shift... and to...
 daytime sleeping... with him...
 situation...
 I apply for...
 situation...
 two of...
 already have...
 an old note in the...
 wife. With...
 specifically naming anybody...
 "My chat with roommate... that person had...
 Remington discussed...
 prisoners who were...
 "He got a message... mentally. One he had...
 another para...
 "I'm now...
 "He fantasizes himself as a big...
 "From this, without a paragraph...
 "Remington swung into...
 "Tension of few days ago in the...
 "I was only on periph...
 "Now I seem left out...
 "Nothing has happened...
 "I have put in for transfer to other...
 "Things will...
 "That he did not think things...
 "The subsequent paragraph with...
 "His Nov. 18th letter had to be...
 "In the initial...
 "Remington balanced this fright...
 "Apparently for...
 "Things have quieted down...
 "The following...
 "They're like the 'Bandarlog' in Kipling's Jungle Books...
 "Up the fence I'm worried rather...
 "The 'Bandarlog' are the...
 "Kipling, 'the people without...
 "They have no speech of...
 "They have no fetter...
 "They are very many...
 "That was his last letter before...
 "Three inmates are now await...
 "Cagle Jr., 17, of Chattanooga...
 "Robert C. Parker, 21, of...
 "Washington, D. C., and George...
 "McOwen, 21, of..."

Record, Shuns Fight

more.

While the President refused to return McCarthy's declaration of war, the Republicans refused to let his substance. McCarthy, with the White House, was in the support of nearly all his own are allies, except for one. Walter (R Mich.)

Senator (R Mich.) LeRoy Watson (Cal.), who voted against the resolution condemning McCarthy and Hall took the President's side, as did many longtime McCarthy supporters.

This left Vice President Nixon as the only major figure on the Republican national scene who had not been heard from.

May Lose Senate Seats

The attack may cost McCarthy despite unbelly, his seat on any committee in the 84th Congress assigned to hunt subversives.

Considerable sentiment exists to strip him of all key committee assignments and moves in this direction may be under taken next month by Watkins or Flinders.

They will have a precedent in the treatment given Sen. Morse (Ind. Rep.) by his fellow Republicans when the present Congress was organized. Morse bolted the party in 1952 to support Adlai Stevenson.

McCarthy said he now feels "that I should apologize for making General Eisenhower's election."

McCarthy's comment that the President's policy has been a "shrinking away of weakness" toward foreign and domestic communism cut him off from the main stream of Republican politics as no other single act in his hectic career as a Senator.

His statement that he does not "presently" contemplate leading a third party movement worried the White House much less than it did some of his old friends in the Republican National Committee. An aide to Sen. Potter (R Mich.) put it

"It's sure to win friends for the President, especially if McCarthy runs a one-man party just like his one-man committee."

Knowland, vacationing in the Bahamas, issued a statement through his office here repudiating McCarthy's "silliness toward communism" charge.

"Based on my observation during the past two years, this Administration has not been and will not be in the future soft on the issue of communism," Knowland said.

Hall said McCarthy had made a major

"While attempting to evade the issue of anti-communism, I regret to find him in what would be a strange company to him, making a personal attack on the President of the U. S.," Hall said.

Watkins said McCarthy seemed to be "the same irresponsible McCarthy that the Senate by an overwhelming vote condemned Thursday."

Among the Senators who had supported McCarthy in the vote on Thursday

supported the work of the Executive branch.

Sen. (R Mass.) and I am sorry to see two more who are trying to do the same thing, each in his own way, get into presidential."

A cabinet member, James S. Sullivan, said McCarthy's attack on the President's defense.

"All my sympathies, neither my blood nor that this effort was made on the President," he said. "The record indicates McCarthy's allegations are unfounded."

Outside comment from non-government sources came from U. S. President Walter Reuther, who said it was significant that McCarthy picked Pearl Harbor Day for his public apology for having supported President Eisenhower.

James H. Carey, CIO secretary-treasurer, said the CIO had become so divided it is "incapable of effective leadership in this period of world crises."

If the Administration wants to drive McCarthy out of public life there are many weapons at hand. Where'd he get it?

Instead of "Who promoted McCarthy?" there have been suggestions that it start a campaign to find out "Where did he get that \$172,000?"

The Internal Revenue Service has not yet concluded its investigation of McCarthy's intricate personal finances which includes the matter of banking \$172,000 during a period when his salary and expense allowance totalled \$40,000.

The White House found many portions of McCarthy's attack disrespectful as well as irritating.

McCarthy in effect impugned the President's dedication to the cause of anti-communism.

The McCarthy remark that seemed most unusual to White House observers was

"I speak from road to road promising the American people that if they would elect the Eisenhower administration, they could be assured of a vigorous, far-reaching fight against Communism to government."

By this comment McCarthy apparently sought to give the impression that it was his campaigning that elected the President.

Actually in 1952 McCarthy ran far behind the GOP ticket in Wisconsin and there are many who feel that only the President's intervention by taking him aboard his campaign team saved McCarthy from a worse fate.

Reaction Is Sought

McCarthy's friends, including staff members, were taken almost as much by surprise as the White House at what he called his "ten-word" statement.

There is much speculation about why he did it.

One report is that the White House had determined that McCarthy was in a position to exploit the fact that the first

...to be a man for the President, especially if he is the man who runs a one-man party just like the one-man administration.

Arthur Lee, a member of the House, accused the administration through his office for regarding McCarthy's behavior as a constitutional charge.

"Based on my observation during the past two years, this administration has not been and will not be in the future, and on the basis of common sense," he said.

Hall said McCarthy's behavior is a major charge.

"William attempting to evade his right against communism, I regret to find him in what would be strange company to him, making a personal attack on the President of the U. S.," Hall said. Watkins said McCarthy seemed to be "the same irresponsible McCarthy" that the Senate has on several occasions voted to condemn Thursday.

Among the Senators who had supported McCarthy on the vote to condemn Sen. Mitchell (R-Calif.) said:

"I regret the attack on the President."

Another, Sen. Martin (R-Pa.) commented:

"When anybody accuses the administration of not fighting communism, they don't know the man."

Sen. Goldwater (R-Ariz.) who had backed McCarthy on the vote to condemn, said:

"I disagree with Sen. McCarthy that the Eisenhower Administration has not fought communism at home and abroad. I agree with the Administration that extreme measures must not be taken in the present situation unless it is absolutely necessary."

But Sen. Bridges (R-N.H.), who had voted against rebuking McCarthy, sat on the fence.

"I believe there is a field in this country for real service from Congressional investigations of security risks as well as the work of the executive branch," he said.

Sen. Bridges said that the administration has not been fair to McCarthy.

I speak from heart to heart to you, the American people, that if they want the Eisenhower administration, that they should be accused of a vigorous fight against communism and government.

In the Senate, McCarthy appeared to be in a position to give the administration a severe rebuke.

At the time McCarthy ran for reelection in 1952, he was accused of being a communist who had been in the White House in 1947. He was accused of being a communist who had been in the White House in 1947.

McCarthy is sought.

McCarthy's friends, including staff members, were taken almost as much by surprise as the White House at what he called his "temporary" disappearance.

There was much speculation after he disappeared.

Undoubtedly the major reason was McCarthy's feeling that the White House had "masterminded" the anti-Republican inspired attack on him during the last 10 months.

McCarthy has long sought a pretext for openly attacking the President of whom he has often spoken slightly in private.

His opportunity came when the President invited Watkins to the White House after the centenary debate to congratulate him "for a very splendid job" and for "handling a difficult and tough assignment with a great deal of dignity."

Joe Will Accuse Anyone: Mrs. FDR

Los Angeles, Dec. 8 (UP)—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, here to address the national (D) convention today, indicated she was not surprised at Sen. McCarthy's denunciation of President Eisenhower.

"If you can accuse Gen. George Marshall, you can accuse anyone," the widow of the late President said, referring to the Wisconsin Senator's earlier criticism of the General. "I will have just that much to say."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 16 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Sizoo	_____
Mr. Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

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FBI PHILADELPHIA

12-16-54

3-05 AM

JLS

DIRECTOR.....U R G E N T.....

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ETAL. WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - CGR -
MURDER - IFPI. RETEL FROM KX TO BUREAU AND PHILA. AND TELEPHONE CALL
FROM SUPERVISOR [REDACTED] OF BUREAU TO PHILA., TWELVE, FIFTEEN,
FIFTYFOUR. PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION INSTANT CASE REFLECTED THAT INMATES
[REDACTED] MC COY, PARKER, AND [REDACTED] QUARTERED WITH SUBJECT CAGLE AT
TIME OF ASSAULT ON REMINGTON. NO RECORD OF [REDACTED] OR [REDACTED] b7c
LOCATED AT USP. ONE [REDACTED] PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED AT LEWISBURG
AND TRANSFERRED TO SPRINGFIELD, MO., IN NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN. ONE [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] WHO IS PRESENTLY INCARCERATED LEWISBURG, WILL BE INTERVIEWED
LATER THIS DAY TO ASCERTAIN IF HE HAS BROTHERS BY THE NAME OF [REDACTED]
AND [REDACTED] OR INFO RE ASSAULT ON REMINGTON. IDENTITIES OF
INMATES RELEASED ON TWELVE, THIRTEEN, FIFTYFOUR WILL ALSO BE ASCERTAINED
BU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED.

70-22845-

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MC CABE

END AND ACK

WA JCD

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70-22845-51

INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

21

DEC 21 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 15 1954

TELETYPE

FBI KNOXVILLE

12-15-54

10-13 PM EST

AJG

DIRECTOR, FBI, AND SAC, PHILADELPHIA

U R G E N T

LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE, GEORGE MC COY, ROBERT CECIL PARKER.
REMINGTON - VICTIM, CGR - MURDER. LEWIS HERSCHEL CAGLE, TWO ELEVEN EAST
FOURTH ST., CHATTANOOGA, TENN., FATHER OF LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE, TODAY AD-

vised that on PM of DEC. THIRTEEN LAST HE DEPARTED FROM LEWISBURG, PA.,
BY BUS ENROUTE CHATTANOOGA, TENN. [REDACTED] WHO WAS SEATED BESIDE

CAGLE ON BUS INFORMED HIM THAT HE HAD BEEN A CELL MATE OF LEWIS CAGLE
IN LEWISBURG AT TIME OF MURDER. STATED LEWIS CAGLE DID NOT COMMIT MURDER
BUT HE, [REDACTED], STATED HE KNEW IDENTITY OF MURDERER. FURTHER STATED
THAT REMINGTON WAS NOT MURDERED WITH A BRICK. CAGLE STATED ABOVE CON-

VERSATION TOOK PLACE PRIOR TO TIME HE IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS THE FATHER
OF LEWIS JUNIOR CAGLE. [REDACTED] ALSO ADVISED CAGLE THAT HIS BROTHER [REDACTED]
WHO IS PRESENTLY CONFINED AT LEWISBURG, KNOWS THAT LEWIS JUNIOR

CAGLE DID NOT COMMIT MURDER AND THAT BOTH [REDACTED] WILL SWEAR THAT LEWIS
JUNIOR CAGLE IS INNOCENT. CAGLE STATES [REDACTED] MAY BE CONTACTED IN
CARE OF [REDACTED], MARION, VA. ADVISES ABOVE CONVERSATION BETWEEN HIM-

SELF AND [REDACTED] OVERHEARD BY [REDACTED] RFD SIX, KINGSFORD, TENN.,
AND STAFF SGT. [REDACTED] RESIDENCE RFD THREE, TUPELO, MISS. THIS IS BEING FURNISHED FOR ANY

ATTENTION DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY PHILADELPHIA AND NO INVESTIGATION BEING
CONDUCTED BY SAC. CC RM BY AIR MAIL.

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Parsons
- Mr. Quinn
- Mr. Nease
- Mr. Sizoo
- Mr. Winterrowd
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Holloman
- Miss Gandy

RECORDED

70-22845-52

21 DEC 17 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 13 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

WA 4 FROM PH 13 2.20 PM
DIRECTOR, FBI URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON
VICTIM, CCR - MURDER, IFPI. ALL THREE SUBJECTS BROUGHT BEFORE
HON. FREDERICK V. FOLLMER, JUDGE, USDC, LEWISBURG, AND EACH OF
THE ATTORNEYS REPRESENTING SUBJECTS MADE MOTION FOR COURT
FOR CONTINUANCE OF ARRAIGNMENT TO GIVE THEM TIME TO MAKE PRELIMINARY
INQUIRY AND FILE OTHER MOTION. JUDGE GRANTED CONTINUANCE FOR
ARRIGNMENT UNTIL JAN. FOURTEEN, FIFTYFIVE SO ATTORNEYS COULD
FILE ANY MOTIONS NECESSARY AND IF MOTION FILED, ARGUMENTS WILL
BE HEARD ON JAN. TWENTYFOUR, FIFTYFIVE AT ELEVEN AM.

MC CABE

~~CORR 1ST LINE WD 2 SHD BE HEARD~~

DND ACK

PH R 4 WA BJH

ESC

Mr. Rosen

RECORDED

EX - 109

INVESTIGATION & DIVISION

70-22845-53

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 16 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Jones	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

WA 2 FROM PH 16 4.15 PM

DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, KNOXVILLE URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL, WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON -

VICTIM, CGR - MURDER, IFPI. RE KNOXVILLE TEL AND SUPHONE CALL

DEC. FIFTEEN, FIFTYFOUR. INMATES [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], USP, LEWISBURG, INTERVIEWED NEGATIVE RESULTS. RECORDS REFLECT INMATE [REDACTED] ONLY RELEASED DEC. THIRTEEN,

FIFTYFOUR AND HE WAS RELEASED INTO CUSTODY USM, LEWISBURG, FOR REMOVAL SOUTHERN DIST. NY. NO RELEASE MADE FROM UNION COUNTY JAIL, LEWISBURG, DEC. THIRTEEN, FIFTYFOUR. FOR INFO KNOXVILLE, PREVIOUS

INVESTIGATION REFLECTED THAT INMATE [REDACTED] MC COY, PARKER AND [REDACTED] QUARTERED WITH SUBJECT CAGLE AT TIME OF ASSAULT OF SUBJECT REMINGTON. NO RECORD OF [REDACTED] OR [REDACTED] LOCATED AT USP.

ONE [REDACTED] PREVIOUSLY INCARCERATED AT LEWISBURG AND TRANSFERRED TO SPRINGFIELD, MO., NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN. NO LEAD BEING SET OUT TO INTERVIEW [REDACTED] AT THIS TIME.

END CASE

Mr. Rosen

RECORDED

70-22845-

70-22845-54

71 DEC 22 1954

70-22845-53

DECEMBER 18, 1954

REC-17

EX-109

SAC, PHILADELPHIA

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL, CCR DASH MURDER, IPPI. REURTEL
DECEMBER THIRTEEN, LAST, IN WHICH YOU ADVISED ARRAIGNMENT OF SUBJECTS
CONTINUED UNTIL JANUARY FOURTEEN, NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE SO ATTORNEYS
COULD FILE ANY MOTIONS NECESSARY AND IF MOTION FILED, ARGUMENTS
WILL BE HEARD JANUARY TWENTYFOUR, NINETEEN FIFTYFIVE. INS RELEASE
OF DECEMBER FOURTEEN, LAST, QUOTES USA LEVY AS STATING INSTANT
TRIAL WILL NOT BE TRIED QUOTE BEFORE NEXT JUNE AND POSSIBLY NEXT
OCTOBER UNQUOTE. ADVISE APPROXIMATE DATE OF TRIAL AND BASIS FOR
SAME.

HOOVER

REG:fmh
(3)

RECEIVED ALPHAB. ROOM
FBI
DEC 16 2 11 PM '54

70-22845-

ALL INFO IN THIS
MESSAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-10-83 BY 1043

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FBI

[Handwritten signature]

70-22845-54

[Handwritten initials]

DECEMBER 16, 1954

URGENT
TELETYPE

SAC'S PHILADELPHIA
RICHMOND

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ST AL; OGR - MURDER, IPPI. RE KNOXVILLE
TEL DECEMBER FIFTEEN, LAST, AND PHILADELPHIA TEL THIS DATE. FOR
INFO RICHMOND, PHILADELPHIA ADVISED [REDACTED] FORMERLY INCARCERATED
USP, LEWISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA, NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN, WHEN TRANSFERRED
SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI. NO RECORD USP [REDACTED] OR [REDACTED] RECORDS
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION REFLECT [REDACTED] MAY BE IDENTICAL WITH
[REDACTED] FBI NUMBER [REDACTED] WHO HAS
RECORD SINCE NINETEEN THIRTYNINE. LAST INCARCERATION AUGUST SIX, 1953,
FIFTYTHREE, ASHLAND, KENTUCKY, FOR TWO VIOLATION. DISCHARGED
DECEMBER THIRTY, FIFTYTHREE. [REDACTED] MAY BE IDENTICAL [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] FBI NUMBER [REDACTED] WHO
HAS RECORD SINCE NINETEEN FORTYONE AND POSSIBLY BROTHER OF [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] RECEIVED WEST VIRGINIA PENITENTIARY, MOUNDSVILLE
WEST VIRGINIA, MAY TWO, FIFTYONE, ON SENTENCE ONE TO FIVE YEARS
FOR ATTEMPT TO RAPE. ESCAPED APRIL TWENTYTHREE, FIFTYFOUR.
RECEIVED JULY EIGHT, FIFTYFOUR. IDENTIFICATION RECORD FAILS TO
INDICATE [REDACTED] EVER INCARCERATED USP, LEWISBURG. RICHMOND

LOCATE AND INTERVIEW [REDACTED] RE STATEMENTS TO FATHER OF SUBJECT
CAUSE AND BASIS FOR STATEMENTS. OBTAIN SIGNED STATEMENT FOR [REDACTED]

BEARING IN MIND IF STATEMENT FALSE VIOLATION SECTION ONE MIGHT NAUGHT
[REDACTED] MAY BE PRESENT. KEEP BUREAU ADVISED.

HOOVER

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 17 1954

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Harbo	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Sizoo	_____
Mr. Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI, RICHMOND 12-17-54 509PM EST

DIRECTOR AND SACS, PHILADELPHIA AND PITTSBURGH URGENT

GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, WAS., ET AL, CGR - MURDER, IFPI. REBU TEL
DECEMBER SIXTEEN LAST INSTRUCTING RICHMOND TO INTERVIEW [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] CARE OF [REDACTED] MARION, VA. [REDACTED] ROUTE THREE,
MARION, ADVISED INDIVIDUAL USING NAME [REDACTED] AND HIS SISTER,

[REDACTED] WHOM HE, [REDACTED], HAD CORRESPONDED WITH IN
WELCH, WEST VIRGINIA, CAME TO HIS HOME VIA TAXI ON NIGHT OF
DECEMBER FOURTEEN LAST AND STAYED ABOUT THREE HOURS. THEY CLAIMED

THEY WERE HEADED TO THEIR HOME IN WELCH, W. VA., EXACT ADDRESS
UNKNOWN. [REDACTED] SAID THEY WENT FROM HIS HOME TO THAT OF [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] IN MARION, VA. [REDACTED] CLAIMED INDIVIDUAL USING NAMES
[REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] BUT WHO WAS REFERRED TO AS [REDACTED] BY
HIS SISTER, WHO USED NAMES [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] SPENT NIGHT
OF DECEMBER FOURTEEN LAST IN HER HOME. DESTINATION AND PRESENT
LOCATION OF [REDACTED] AND SISTER UNKNOWN TO [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED]

STATEMENT THAT HIS HOME WAS IN HARLAN, KY. NOT BELIEVED BY [REDACTED]
FOR INFORMATION OF PITTSBURGH LEADS R. 20-22845-56 CHATTANOOGA, TENN.,

FATHER OF SUBJECT CAGLE, ADVISED KNOXVILLE OFFICE THAT ON PM
DECEMBER THIRTEEN LAST HE DEPARTED LEWISBURG, PA, BY BUS TO
CHATTANOOGA, TENN. [REDACTED] WHO WAS SEATED BESIDE CAGLE ON

8 DEC 28 1954 [REDACTED] 20-22845-56
RECORDED 22-22845-56
20 DEC 21 1954

PAGE TWO

BUS, STATED HE, [REDACTED], HAD BEEN CELLMATE OF SUBJECT CAGLE AT LEWISBURG AT TIME OF MURDER. STATED LEWIS CAGLE DID NOT COMMIT MURDER AND THAT HE, [REDACTED] KNEW IDENTITY OF MURDERER. FURTHER STATED THAT REMINGTON WAS NOT MURDERED WITH A ERICK. ABOVE CONVERSATION ALLEGEDLY TOOK PLACE PRIOR TO TIME CAGLE IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS SUBJECT CAGLE-S FATHER. [REDACTED] ALSO ADVISED CAGLE THAT HIS BROTHER, [REDACTED], PRESENTLY CONFINED LEWISBURG, KNOWS SUBJECT CAGLE DID NOT COMMIT MURDER AND BOTH [REDACTED] WILL SWEAR SUBJECT CAGLE INNOCENT. ABOVE CONVERSATION ALLEGEDLY OVERHEARD TWO OTHER INDIVIDUALS. BUREAU ADVISED BY TEL DECEMBER SIXTEEN THAT [REDACTED] FORMERLY INCARCERATED USP, LEWISBURG NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN WHEN TRANSFERRED SPRINGFIELD, MO. NO RECORD USP [REDACTED] OR [REDACTED] RECORDS IDENT DIVISION REFLECT [REDACTED] MAY BE IDENTICAL WITH [REDACTED] FBI NO. [REDACTED] [REDACTED] LAST INCARCERATED AUGUST SIX, FIFTYTHREE, ASHLAND, KY. FOR IWU, DISCHARGED DECEMBER THIRTY, FIFTYTHREE. [REDACTED] MAY BE IDENT [REDACTED] FBI NO. [REDACTED] [REDACTED] AND POSSIBLY BROTHER OF [REDACTED] [REDACTED] RECEIVED U. VA. PEN, MOUNDSVILLE, MAY TWO, [REDACTED] ONE, SENTENCE ONE TO FIVE YEARS FOR ATTEMPT TO RAPE, ESCAPED

20 702 2845 -

b7c

APRIL TWENTYTHREE, FIFTYFOUR, APPREHENDED JULY EIGHT, FIFTYFOUR.
IDENT RECORD FAILS TO INDICATE [REDACTED] EVER INCARCERATED
USP, LEWISBURG. BUREAU INSTRUCTS THAT [REDACTED] BE LOCATED
AND INTERVIEWED RE STATEMENTS TO FATHER OF SUBJECT CAGLE AND
BASIS FOR STATEMENTS. OBTAIN SIGNED STATEMENT FROM [REDACTED] BEARING
IN MIND IF STATEMENT FALSE, VIOLATION SECTION ONE NAUGHT NAUGHT
ONE, TITLE EIGHTEEN, USC MAY BE PRESENT. KEEP BUREAU ADVISED. b7c
PITTSBURGH LOCATE [REDACTED] AT WELCH, W. VA. AND PHILADELPHIA
REVIEW RECORDS OF [REDACTED] AT USP, LEWISBURG, PA. FOR LEADS
AS TO [REDACTED] PRESENT WHEREABOUTS. RUC.

POTTER

PAGE THREE

END ACK

U2

OK FBI PH 8-

OK FBI PH 8-

5-20 PM OK FBI VA BJH

CO. MR. ROY
AND SUPERVISOR
INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

845-

56

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

PHILADELPHIA

DATE WHEN
MADE

PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE

11/29; 12/8, 10, 13,

REPORT MADE BY

LEAD

REPORT MADE AT

PHILADELPHIA

12/21/54

16/54

CHARACTER OF CASE

**CRIME ON GOVERNMENT RESERVA-
TION - MURDER; IRREGULARITIES
IN FEDERAL PENAL INSTITUTION**

THE

as
GEORGE JUNIOR MC COY, was.; Et al;
WILLIAM WALTER REMINGTON - VICTIM

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

OPINION OF FACTS:

Certified copies of documents relating to the ceding of jurisdiction of land occupied by U.S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., to U.S. Government by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania obtained. FBI Laboratory unable to restore obliterated markings on black Eversharp ball-point pen found in subjects' room on 11/22/54 and reportedly the property of victim. Subjects brought before Honorable FREDERICK V. POLIMER, Judge, MDEI, Lewisburg, Pa., 12/13/54 for arraignment. Arraignment continued until 1/14/55 upon oral motions of the court-appointed attorneys representing subjects for a continuance of the arraignment in order to allow them time to make preliminary inquiry and file additional motions if necessary. Arguments on any additional motions will be heard on 1/24/55. Photostatic copies of letters written by victim to wife and from which excerpts published in "New York Post" 12/8/54 obtained and set out. Investigation continuing to locate [redacted] who advised LEWIS HIRSCHEL CAGLE, father of subject, that he was cellmate of CAGLE at U.S. Penitentiary at time of murder; that he knew subject CAGLE did not commit murder and that he, [redacted] knew identity of murderer.

13/55

- P -

DETAILS:

DETAILS: The following certified copies of documents relating to the
recording of the jurisdiction of the land occupied by the U.S. Penitentiary
COPIES DESTROYED

216 AUG 5 1966

70-22845-57

RECEIVED

70-22845-57 EX. 111

DEC 23 1954

170-2385 FILE

115 (INFO)

Sturgis (115)
Lyle (119)

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

REPORT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI AND ARE

PH 70-523

at Lewisburg, Pa., to the U.S. Government by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, were obtained by SA [REDACTED]

1. On November 15, 1952, [REDACTED] Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa., furnished a certified true and correct copy of Act of the General Assembly No. 4, approved March 26, 1931, entitled "AN ACT To cede jurisdiction to the United States over the tracts of lands and buildings occupied, or hereafter to be occupied, by the United States Northeastern Penitentiary, located in and adjacent to the Township of Kelly, County of Union."

It is noted this Act is listed in Purden's Pennsylvania Statutes as Sections 353, 354 and 355 of Title 61.

2. On December 13, 1954, Mr. [REDACTED] Lands Records Office, Department of Interior, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa., furnished a certified photostatic copy of a letter dated November 23, 1931, from Honorable WILLIAM D. MITCHELL, Attorney General of the United States, Washington, D.C., to the Honorable PHILIP H. DENEY, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Department of Internal Affairs, Harrisburg, Pa., enclosing (1) a plan of the entire tract of the land occupied by the U.S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., indicating interior lines of division for the several individual tracts and (2) certified copies of all deeds conveying title to the said land from the several grantors to the U.S. Government, including survey maps of each tract.

On December 13, 1954, Mr. [REDACTED] furnished a certified photostatic copy of a letter dated November 28, 1931, from Mr. PHILIP H. DENEY, Secretary of Internal Affairs, to Honorable WILLIAM D. MITCHELL, Attorney General of the United States, Washington, D.C., wherein he acknowledged the receipt of Mr. MITCHELL's letter dated November 23, 1931.

The above items are being retained as exhibits in the Philadelphia Office.

By letter dated November 23, 1954, a Black Eversharp Ball-point pen with a gold-plated cap, which was found in Dormitory 1, Room 10 (subject's room), U.S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa., on November 27, 1954, was forwarded to the FBI Laboratory in New York City. It was believed that REMINGTON's name had been stamped on the pen.

ME 70-523

that this pen is identical to the pen owned by victim and referred to in the signed statement of inmate [REDACTED] dated November 25, 1954, as reflected in the report of the writer dated November 28, 1954. b7C

By airtel dated December 3, 1954, the FBI Laboratory advised that no obliterated markings could be restored in the abraded area of the plastic body of this Eversharp Ball-point pen and that it could not be determined if REMINGTON's name had been on the pen originally. It is noted that this pen was found by [REDACTED] Correctional Officer, on November 22, 1954. b7C

Subjects were brought before Honorable FREDERICK V. POLLNER, Judge, Middle District of Pennsylvania, Lewisburg, Pa., on December 13, 1954, for arraignment; however, Judge POLLNER continued the arraignment of subjects until January 14, 1955, upon the oral motions of the court-appointed attorneys representing subjects requesting a continuance of the arraignment to allow them time to make a preliminary inquiry and file additional motions if necessary. Judge POLLNER advised that arguments on any additional motions would be heard on January 24, 1955.

On December 8, 1954, Mr. J. JAMES LEVI, United States Attorney, Scranton, Pa., called SAC NORMAN E. MC CAER and advised that he had noticed an article in the Scranton evening paper which quoted an article in the "New York Post" concerning the REMINGTON case. This article, according to Mr. LEVI, purports to quote letters received by REMINGTON's wife while REMINGTON was in the U.S. Penitentiary and one of them is quoted as saying that REMINGTON had agreed to stand guard for a fellow inmate in order to protect him. Mr. LEVI stated that he would like to have Mrs. REMINGTON interviewed and possibly obtain any information that she has in the form of letters or otherwise which might be pertinent to instant case.

By teletype dated December 9, 1954, the New York Office advised that Mrs. JANE REMINGTON, 271 Bay Lane, Levittown, Long Island, stated that within the last several days, she reviewed all the letters forwarded to her by her late husband during the past couple of months. As a result, she found that approximately six letters contained information concerning conditions at the U.S. Penitentiary, Lewisburg, Pa.

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She stated that she turned these six letters over to her Attorney, RICHARD S. GREEN, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City, who either turned over photostats of the letters in their entirety or the original communications to Mr. WICKS of the "New York Post," who may have had the originals photostated and returned to Mr. GREEN. She stated that these were turned over to Mr. WICKS on the promise that he would not publish any portions thereof except those portions of the communications having to do with conditions in the penitentiary.

Mrs. REMINGTON stated that on the evening of December 8, 1954, she read the article as it appeared in the "New York Post" in its entirety and she stated she felt certain, in her own mind, that all quotes appearing in this article were true and correct and that no portions thereof approved by her having to do with conditions in the penitentiary were omitted or added to.

She further stated that if these communications would serve some useful purpose and were needed for instance in the trial of instant case or were necessary in correcting conditions in Lewisburg or other Federal penal institutions, she, herself, would have no objections to turning these communications over to Federal representatives providing her attorney acquiesced. She stated, however, that the "New York Post" article, as far as she was concerned, contained verbatim quotes of all pertinent portions of the letters in question and the portions of the letters not quoted were of a personal nature which she did not feel should be disclosed or made public, following her and her late husband's policy of avoiding publicity wherever possible. She reiterated that if these letters served a useful purpose she would turn, her attorney being willing, the same over to Federal representatives regardless of the personal nature of the majority of the contents of each letter.

Mrs. REMINGTON also added that her husband also wrote at least one letter to his children in care of Mrs. ANN REMINGTON, 11 Tenthmont Road, Alexandria, Va., in which he apparently told of theft of articles from his room in the penitentiary.

On December 10, 1954, United States Attorney J. JULIUS ENY contacted Mr. REMINGTON and requested that Mrs. JANE REMINGTON be reinterviewed and her statements be made available. Contents of the letters written

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to her by her late husband. He further requested that the other correspondents of REMINGTON be interviewed to determine whether they received letters from REMINGTON which contained information pertinent to the prosecution of instant murder case.

A review of REMINGTON's file at the U.S. Penitentiary, Levensworth, Va., by the writer on December 10, 1954, reflected the following correspondence for REMINGTON; in addition to his attorney, Mr. RICHARD G. GREEN, supra:

Parents - Mr. and Mrs. F. C. REMINGTON
560 Upper Boulevard
Ridgewood, N.J.

Wife - Mrs. JANE REMINGTON
277 Red Maple Drive
Levittown, N.Y.

Son - BRUCE REMINGTON, age 11
11 Tauxemont Road
Alexandria, Va.

Daughter - GALEEN REMINGTON, age 9
11 Tauxemont Road
Alexandria, Va.

By teletype dated December 11, 1954, the Richmond Office advised that Mrs. ANNE M. REMINGTON, Fairfax County, Va., stated that all letters received by her children from the victim have been destroyed. She stated that victim, in his last few letters, mentioned that items had been stolen from the prisoners in the area of his quarters and stated that the thievery had started in the fall of this year. She further stated that victim had advised in letters sometime this fall that his fountain pen was stolen and that he was going to help stop the thievery but he did not give any details of his efforts in this regard.

Mrs. REMINGTON theorized that subjects were surprised by victim in the act of robbery as they probably were not aware that he had been released on flight only 10 days prior to the incident.

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It was said that in none of the letters did victim indicate any knowledge of his whereabouts by other inmates within the institution.

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By teletype dated December 11, 1954, the Newark Office advised that Mr. and Mrs. F. T. REMINGTON, 960 Upper Boulevard, Ridgewood, N.J., advised that they have retained some letters received from their son while at the institution but that these letters were all of a strict personal nature and contained no derogatory information concerning the operations of the institution. They stated that they would not make the letters available for inspection or for copy unless permission was granted to them by REMINGTON's wife JANE and her attorney.

Both stated that in all of their conversations with the victim, he had never discussed any information of a derogatory nature concerning the institution and never had expressed anything which would indicate that there was any danger of his life. They further stated that they have never made any remarks to anyone, including the press, relative to information in letters received by them from the victim.

By teletype dated December 12, 1954, the New York Office advised that victim's wife, Mrs. JANE REMINGTON, stated that insofar as her release of the letters sent to her by victim, excerpts of which appeared in the "New York Post" on December 8, 1954, she would be governed by the advice of her counsel, Mr. RICHARD J. TRENK, New York City. She stated that she did not desire to part with the original of these letters but that she personally feels that photostats of the same could be made available if Attorney TRENK acquiesced.

She stated that insofar as the rest of the correspondence she has had with her husband while he was incarcerated at Lewisburg, under no circumstances would she agree to make these available and that she would not only fight every effort at subpoenaing same, but bluntly declared that they would not be available in the event of subpoena, inasmuch as all these letters were of a personal nature and have nothing whatsoever to do with the subject matter at hand. She repeated that these are the last vestiges of her matrimonial life and she would fight releasing them through legal action as voluntarily to the bitter end and see to it that if legal action and the production of the same were secured, she would fight the same to the bitter end.

Attorney RICHARD J. TRENK, 50 West Street, New York, Long Island City, N.Y., stated that he probably had two or three, and at the most six letters from the institution and that none of them contained any references to the institution but concerned themselves solely with the

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relationship of attorney-client, and that he did not feel free to turn the same over voluntarily to Federal representatives and further that he would fight the release of same on the basis of the confidential relationship of attorney-client.

Mr. GREEN advised that in relation to the four or five letters that Mrs. REMINGTON turned over to him, excerpts from which were published in the "New York Post," he stated that he would not authorize the release of the originals of these letters but stated that photostats of the whole of these letters could be obtained by contacting him Monday, December 13, 1954.

He advised that relative to the balance of letters still in Mrs. REMINGTON's possession, he stated that he would be governed by the desires of his client and would not request Mrs. REMINGTON to make these available to the United States Attorney, Scranton, Pa., since none of them have any reference to prison conditions or directly or indirectly with the res gestae of this case.

Mr. J. JULIUS LEVY, United States Attorney, Scranton, Pa., advised the writer on December 13, 1954, that the obtaining of the photostatic copies of the letters from which excerpts were published in the "New York Post" on December 8, 1954, would be sufficient at this time and he desired no further action in this regard.

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By airtel dated December 15, 1944, the New York Office furnished two photostatic copies of each of five letters written by victim to his wife. These copies were secured on December 15, 1944, from Mr. RICHARD G. GREEN, 9 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City, Attorney for Mrs. JANE BIRMINGHAM, wife of victim.

The contents of these letters, excerpts of which were published in the New York Post dated December 8, 1941, are set out as follows:

in the New York Post dated December 8, 1944.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

12 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) (b) (6) with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
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[REDACTED] b6
[REDACTED]
The above photostatic copies, as well as a copy of the New York Post dated December 8, 1954, are being retained as exhibits in the Philadelphia Office.

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By teletype dated December 15, 1954, the Danville Office advised that Mr. LEMUS HERSCHEL CAGHE, [redacted] Chattanooga, Tenn., the father of subject CAGHE, advised on December 15, 1954, that on the afternoon of December 13, 1954, he departed from Louisville, Pa., [redacted] en route to Chattanooga, Tenn. [redacted] who was seated beside Mr. CAGHE on the bus, informed him that he had been a cellmate of subject CAGHE at Louisville at the time of the murder. He stated LEMUS CAGHE did not commit the murder but he, [redacted] stated he knew the identity of the murderer and further stated that REMBERT was not murdered with a brick. Mr. CAGHE advised that the above conversation took place prior to the time he identified himself as the father of subject CAGHE.

According to Mr. CAGHE, [redacted] further advised that his brother, [redacted] who is presently confined at Louisville, knows that subject CAGHE did not commit murder and that both [redacted] will swear that subject CAGHE is innocent.

Mr. CAGHE further stated that [redacted] may be contacted in care of [redacted] Marion, Va.

Mr. CAGHE further advised that the above conversation between himself and [redacted] was overheard by Mr. [redacted] Route #3, Tapelo, Miss. b7C

On December 16, 1954, the writer reviewed the records at the U.S. Penitentiary, Louisville, Pa., and failed to locate a record of either [redacted] or [redacted]. It was noted that one [redacted] who was previously incarcerated at Louisville, had been transferred to Springfield, Miss., in 1947. A record was also located for one [redacted] who is presently incarcerated at the U.S. Penitentiary, Louisville, Pa.

Prisoners [redacted] and [redacted] were interviewed concerning their knowledge of [redacted] or [redacted] and both stated that they had never heard of either. They also stated that they had no pertinent knowledge regarding instant case.

Record Clerk, U.S. Penitentiary, [redacted] only inmate who was released from Penitentiary on December 15, 1954, and he was released to the [redacted] 845- 32

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custody of the United States Marshal, Lewisburg, Pa., for removal to the Southern District of New York.

Mr. CHARLES MIDDLEBORTH, Sheriff of Union County, Lewisburg, Pa., advised that he had not released any individuals from the Union County jail on December 13, 1954.

It is noted that previous investigation in instant case has reflected that inmates [REDACTED] MC COY, PARKER and [REDACTED] were quartered with subject CAGLE at the time of the assault on REXINGTON on November 22, 1954.

The Bureau advised by teletype dated December 16, 1954, that the records of the Identification Division of the FBI reflected that [REDACTED] may be identical with [REDACTED] FBI [REDACTED] who has had a record since 1919. He was last confined on August 6, 1953 at Ashland, Ky., for an Illegal Wearing of Uniform violation and was discharged on December 30, 1953.

This teletype further advised that [REDACTED] may be identical with [REDACTED] FBI [REDACTED] who has had a record since 1941 and may possibly be the brother of [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] was received at the West Virginia Penitentiary, Moundsville, W. Va., on May 2, 1951, to serve a one to five year sentence for an attempt to rape. He escaped on April 23, 1954 and was apprehended on July 8, 1954. b7C

By teletype dated December 17, 1954, the Richmond Office advised that Mr. [REDACTED] Route #3, Marion, Va., advised that an individual using the name of [REDACTED] and his sister, [REDACTED] whom he, [REDACTED] had corresponded with in Welch, West Va., came to his home via a taxi on the night of December 4, 1954 and stayed about three hours. Mr. [REDACTED] stated that they claimed they were headed to their home in Welch, West Virginia, exact address unknown, and further stated that they went from his home to that of [REDACTED] in Marion, Va.

Mr. [REDACTED] Marion, Va., stated that an individual using the name of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] but who was referred to as [REDACTED] was his sister. She used the name of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] on the night of December 4, 1954 in her home. [REDACTED] stated she was not sure of the destination and the present whereabouts of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and that she did not believe [REDACTED] statement that [REDACTED] was in Marion, Va.