# FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

**SUBJECT: WATERGATE** 

Bufile: 139-4089

**Section 46 Serials 2730 to 2756** 



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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### WATERGATE

# BURGLARY OF THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS 6/17/72

Bufile 134-4089

Section 46

Serials 2730 to 2756

PAGES RELEASED - 264
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1 - Mr. Nuzum

April 4, 1974

REC 101 139 - 4089 - 2730 VIA COURTER SERVICE

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.

AND OTHERS
BURGLARY, DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL
COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS
WASHINGTON, D. C.
JUNE 17, 1972
ITERCEPTION OF COMHUNICATIONS
OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE
PERJURY

Enclosed is one Xerox copy each of material received by the PBI from Mr. James W. McCord, Jr. This is submitted for the information of the Special Prosecution Force and no further action is contemplated by the FBI concerning these items.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the PBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures (8)

CAN/1rk NOTE

Original and one with enclosures forwarded by 0-14 to the Special Prosecution Force, attention Mr. Richard F. BenVeniste.



MH. ELEC MAYROX CONYAD XI

### F B I

Date:

4/2/74

Transmit the following in \_ (Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL (Priority)

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

FROM:

SAC, WFO (139-166) (P)

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., aka

ET AL;

BURGLARY, DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WDC

E/17/72

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00:WF0

Enclosed for the Bureau are (2) copies of material addressed to SA MARIO LANO, FBI, WDC. Material received from MC CORD by WFO on April 2, 1974.

The enclosed information is being furnished to the Bureau for information purposes.

(b) Oriosu (Edminate)

ALE: INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1/15/80 BYSP4 KMION

# ring of McCord Items Recounted

Watergate.

We have now learned that there were two incinerations in the McCord fireplace. The first fire, indeed, caused smoke damage after the damper closed and the smoke billowed through the house.

CIA consultant Lee Pennington attended the second burnling. He swears that Ruth Mc-Cord burned only old magazine articles, letters and clippings but not any Watergate-related documents. Two folders with CIA material in them, one merely retirement papers, were intact when he saw them, he told us.

now learned, she destroyed a that field the CIA to the Water-taugle of oid typewriter ribbons sate breakin, as they had origi-in the fireplace. These had been naily suspected. But they won-removed by McCord, an ex-CIA der what evidence, if any, was agent, from Provident Nixon's destroyed on the typewriter rib- Carlier, Williams twice corcampaign headquarters.

By Jack Anderson | When he was arrested during MYSTERY CONGRESSMAN. News accounts of this week the Watergate break-in, his attorney General William B. report that a CIA operative loyal wife was worried over Saxbe titillated reporters restood by while Mrs. James Mc- what to do with the bag stuffed cently by telling them about a Cord, wife of the Waterburger, with typewriter ribbons. She demystery congressman who came burned uppers following the ar- orded to incinerate them in the to him seeking clearance for rest of her husband inside the lireplace, rather than leave Jimmy Hoffa to engage in Teamthem in the trash for the FBI to sterunion politics.

> learn until later about the burn-trand boy as Rep. Larry Williams lunaware that the congressman ing of the typewriter ribbons, (it-Pa.). Our sources say Wil- was bringing Cohen along. the saw the smoke damage but lliams not only approached HOT MESSAGE: As evidence assumed it had been caused by Saxbe but buttonholed Presi-that the snooper mentality is the second fire, he said.

Like a good agent, he re-Christmas party. ported the burning to the CIA. The His secret report, which he in-whose prison sentence for jury months until it was turned up by sovernment claims his presistrations.

a CIA employee a few weeks cential pardon bars him from "Some" ago. The CIA theu turned it over involvement in Teamsters polito Watergate investigators.

They seem satisfied no papers 10, 1973. But two days earlier, we have were burned in the second fire bons.

campaign committee's famous torney, Bernard Fensierwald, lime, the President told Wil- gathered should be reported to shredders, McCord had taken confirmed that our account of liams with some irritation: Mr. Bill Reitew, Ext. 3093, home them home in paper bags to de-line incident was "basically cor-

We have now been able to Pennington told us he didn't identify Hoffa's mysterious er- General told us that Saxbe was

irrepressible Holta, sists was badly garbled by the tampering was commuted by the time the CIA got it into memo President, is eager to regain his tics, but Holfa insists that it became unconditional after March

> To press Hoffa's case, Wilthered President Nixon and "Larry, I got your message."

Williams denied to us that he

Hoffa but confirmed he sttended the party. Williams also confirmed that "a representatative of the Teamsters union, Al Cohen, asked me to set up a meeting" with the Attorney General.

A spokesman for the Attorney

dent Nixon at a White House still strong inside the government, the Veterans Administration on March 22 relayed a secret message over its hot line to regional directors to report to Washington "any intelligence" form, lay in CIA files for 18 old post as Teamsters chief. The about possible veterans' demon-

> "Some information has been received," states the message, "to the effect that the Victorm Veterans Against the War. Sinter Volunteers Organization

"Confrontations may occur in An expert could determine Footnote: The CIA refused from the ribbons what had been comment. Pennington spoke written on the typewriters. Be-candidly with us of his visit to cause the ribbons fouled the McCord home. McCord's at-

"1974, United Feature Syndicate

Memorandum to the Senate Judiciary Committee

Subject: Jack Anderson column of Murch 29, 1974

Enclosed is a copy of reference column of today.

The key part of the story was omitted by Anderson's source, and was a fact well-known to the source. That was that Robert Odle, former administrative chief of the Committee to Re-elect the President and I had in the Spring of 1972 discussed whether any information could be recovered from the used IBM typewriter tapes at CRP. Odle called the Iccal IBM representative who checked with his company and advised Odle that it was not possible to do so. My weekly disposition of the used ribbons was well known within CRP, there was no secret to it. It was also well known that the ribbons caused a messy situation when put through the shredders, because of the carbon from the ribbons. Routinely I would take them to the local incinerator. The ribbons in question were a small number and came from the third floor at CRP, and not from Liddy's area in the Finance Committee.

The weekend of June 17th and for several days thereafter we had news media representatives around the house most of the day. Because she had read that Jack Anderson ploughed through the trash cans of J. Edgar Hoover's home, my wife threw personal letters, newspapers and the ribbons into the fireplace during the week in question, for both this reason and by reason of the bomb threat of the evening of June 19th.

The above story would not have made Jack Anderson's column of today as interesting or as conspiratorial so I understand why the source did not disclose it. The above is easily verifiable by simply talking with Rolert Odle and the IBM company. The above is all a matter of record with the Baker staff and the Special Prosecutors office.

The above information is being submitted for your records.

Very truly yours,

James W. McCord, Jr.

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# ker: No Colson Cooperation

By Lawrence Meyer Washington Post Staff Writer

Sen. Howard H. Baker Jr.

staff has interviewed Colson, Baker's top committee aide, Lucien Nedzi (D-Mich.) chairtion. He didn't think there was he invoked the Fifth Amend-Fred Thompson, in the desperman of the House Armed anything significant in it, it ment last September when ate attempt to shift more of Services Intelligence Subcom- was with a lot of junk." duestioned under oath, report the Watergate blame to the mittee, said yesterday that he Pennington, Nedzi said, told edly explaining that he had CIA." Been-informed he was a target of a federal grand jury investi- Whitten, said yesterday, "We longing to Watergate conspira- folder contained McCord's gation. Colson was subse-stick with that statement 100 tor James W. McCord shortly personnel papers from the quently indicted by two U.S. per cent. Despite what Sen. after the Watergate break-in CIA and not sensitive mate-

Ellsberg break in.

(R-Tenn.), the ranking Republi- said that he was writing Baker ing with Colson." can on the Senate select Water- "on the off chance that there Colson said yesterday, "I told Nedzi that it had just dis-

Figure 1. In a response to a letter from Sen. Daniel K. Inouy (D-Hawaii), another member of the select committee. Baker in minimal formation relevant to the configuration with the select committee. Baker said that "Colson is not cooping that "Colson is not cooping the integrating with me or the configuration."

The formation relevant to the committee of the select committee. Baker in his investigation. The formation relevant to the committee of the select committee. Baker said that "Colson is not cooping that the full committee in the investigation."

Baker said that he had talked the full committee was said that he had talked the formation executive formation executive formation in the investigation.

Baker said that he had talked the full committee was said the Subcommittee was said the said th

juries in connection with the Baker says, Thompson has, on June 17, 1972.

Watergate cover-up and the just as we suggested in our column, quietly and on numer-learned of the incident last ... Ipouye, in a March 21 letter, ous occasions, been collaborat- Feb. 22 from the office of CIA

gate committee, denied yester is some validity" to columnist have cooperated with all incovered a memo about the deday that former White House Jack Anderson's claim that vestigations — Mr. Jaworski's struction.

Special counsel Charles W. Col. Colson was cooperating with staff (special Watergate pros- A subsequent investigation son has been cooperating with Daker in his investigation. ecutor Leon Jaworski), with disclosed that a friend of Mc-

mittee in the investigatiod." tee hear Mr. Colson in execu-report on his inquiry into the said the Subcommittee was to Colson for the said the Subcommittee was to Colson for the said the Subcommittee was to Colson for the said the Subcommittee was the colson for the said the said the Subcommittee was the colson for the said t to Colson "one time at my lettre session."

to Colson "one time at my lettre session."

The Anderson column in copies of the report to Sen. According to Nedzi, Penquest to ask him to confirm or question appeared in The John L. McClellan (D-Ark.), nington said he picked up a chairman of the Appropriation of the Appropriatio deny certain materials con- Washington Post on March 13. chairman of the Appropriatifile marked "CIA" and threw

IA." had investigated the destructure the committee that he later Anderson's associate, Leslie tion of certain CIA papers be learned from McCord that the

According to Nedzi, he first Director William Colby, which

A subsequent investigation

tained in other documents in It said Baker had been tions Committee, and Sen. It into the fire. "Why it was the possession of the committee" dealing behind the scenes." John C. Stennis, Armed Servburned," Nedzi said, "that with Colson and that Colson ices Committee chairman. Although the committee has "collaborated quietly with In a related incident, Rep. There was no clear explana-

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wife and a former informent friend of 6 D. In Card burned s of his news clippings once personal papers the Watergate breakcording to Rep. Lucidzi, chairman of the s intelligence subcom-

Nodzi said his investia of the incident has ced no evidence that IA was involved or dcCord's wife and his were destroying ovi-

sport on the incident iscovered in CIA files arned over to the substree recently, Nedzi He said he has no evi-: that there was any racy to suppress it.

The Michigan Democrat said his subcommittee received testimony that the friend went to the McCords' bome and found Mrs. McCord burning news clippings, newspapers, magazines, typewriter tupes and personal papers.

The friend said Mes. McCord told him she had received a bomb threat and was trying to desiroy the stacks of paper to eliminate that fire hezard if the house was bombed, Nedzi said.

The friend helped her burn the paper and recalled noticing an envelope mar-ked "CIA," Nedzi said. But be quoted the friend as saying he was told later by McCord that it contained only McCord's old CIA per-Sonnel and passion papers.

As represented to the subcommittee, Nedzi said, the material burned did not inchide files.

Nedzi commented on the subcommittee investigation after the Chicago Tribune published a story saying a CIA agent burned papers in McCord's home after the Watergate break-in to dostroy anything linking McCord to the CIA.

"That implication isn't correct," Nedzi said.

McCord, a former CIA agent, was convicted of conspiring to break into the Democrats' Watergate national headquarters June 17, 1972. At the time, he was security chief for the Reelection of the President.

THE SUN, Tuesday, March 26, 1974

# CIA hid burning of evidence linking McCord to agency

pressed for more than a year gation was involved. a secret report disclosing that Although investigators began mittee vice chairman, who has an agent was dispatched to the seeking evidence from the CIA been conducting an investigathe CIA.

gating the agency's part in the liam Colby. . CIA oversight committee.

destroyed at Mr. McCord's the Senate Watergate commit-home, but Representative Litee that all Watergate-related burned the materials in the cien N. Nedzi (D., Mich.), documents already had been McCord fireplace. chairmen of the special House surrendered.

tral Intelligence Agency sup tance to the Watergate Investi request from Senator Howard

James W. McCord, Jr., imme-diately after the break-in to June 17, 1572, break-in, the burn anything linking him with existence of the suppressed report was not known until last over to his superiors, the At least one former CIA offi- month, when it was disclosed sources said, a copy of a recial has detailed the affair to a to several members of Con-port prepared in 1972 stating Watergate grand jury investi- gress by the CIA director, Wil-that agent Lee R. Pennington

coverup. Another took early Mr. Colby learned of the re-ing and destroying anything retirement after his role in port when an employee of the that might link McCord to the suppressing the incident was agency's security division, agency. made known to a congressional where McCord spent most of

Washington (KNI)-The Cens determined nothing of impor-intended as a response to a H. Baker, Jr., Waterg te com-

had been sent to McCord's bome of a Watergate burglar, Sources close to the CIA said home for the purpose of find-

The sources said Mr. Penhis CIA career, balked at the nington, who is retired but It is not known what was issuance of a letter notifying worked until 1972 on a monthly

In doing so, the sources said, panel, said his committee had The letter was said to be they forgot to open the flue, smoking up three rooms of the McCord home so badly they had to be repainted. Some CIA employees later kicked in a special fund to pay for the repainting, the sources said.

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Memorandum to Each Member of the Senate Judiciary Committee

Subject: Senator Howard Baker's Misrepresentations to the Media

- 1. On March 26, 1974 the Knight news service and The Chicago Tribune carried an untrue and malicious story iminating from Senator Baker. A copy of the article is attached.
- On March 27, 1974, The Mashington Post carried another version of the story, but omitting a key part of the story as carried by the Associated Press on March 26, 1974, reported in The Washington Star-News of that date. I would like to believe that the Post's omission was not deliberate but I have no way of knowing one way or another. The key part omitted by the Post, and not mentioned at all by Senator Baker's version given to the Knight papers was that on June 19, 1972 there had been a bomb threat call to my wife advising her that within 24 hours a bomb would go off in our home destroying it and our family. She was terrified, and called the Montgomery County Police who came out to check the house and also advised her that she should evacuate the house for a couple of days which she did. We had had a near disastrous fire at night two years before while the family was asleep. Had it not been discovered by accident by one of the children, the family and the house could well have been destroyed in another 15-20 minutes. When I heard of the June 19, 1972 bomb call. I advised my wife to dispose of newspapers and other fire hazards in the house which a firebomb could easily ignite. She did so at my instruction three days after the bomb call which was the date a friend of mine came to visit my family simply to see how they were doing with the trauma of the events of the preceeding four days. My CIA retirement folder was there with annuity papers in it. The folder had no classified papers in it nor sensitive documents. I in fact still retain such a folder. The fact of my CIA employment for the preceeding 19 years was no secret. All the neighbors knew of it, and I recorded it with the Metropolitan Police Department on June 17, 1972, in my own handwriting. I have at no time tried to conceal this fact. It would have been impossible to do so even if I had tried, which I did not.
- 3. Now Senator Baker knew all of the above facts in February 1974 when I testified before his committee staff under oath. So did my friend who the Senator chose to malian. CIA also testified before Senator Baker's staff under oath. All of the testimony was directly contrary to the statements Senator Baker made to the Knight newspapers, which were:
  - 1. That CIA had sent my friend to my home. CIA testified that he was not sent. The friend testified that he was not sent. I testified that he was not sent. The original information Baker had did not allede that he was sent. Thus Baker had no information that this statement was true, yet he chose to slander.

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2. In addition to American Deher's local factor block on the story that the sent an agent to my home, Senator Baker said that " some CTA employees later kicked in a special fund to pay for the repainting."

This story is also categorically untrue, as Senator Baker well knows.

CIA did not allege that it was so. The original source of Baker's information did not allege that it was so. I had bought the paint a year before the incident, have the receipts for it, and know it was not so. This is pure falsification by Senator Baker, done for the malicious purpose of maligning CIA.

3. Senator Baker said in the Knight newspaper article " they forgot to open the flue." The " they " is supposed to include my friend.

The flue was opened two days before my friend arrived. The Montgomery County Police officer, and presumably his report, can verify that this condition existed at the time the police officer checked for a bomb.

Senator Baker knew these facts in February 1974. He once again chose to malign, maliciously so.

- 4. Senator Baker, more importantly, said that CIA concealed the information for more than a year that a CIA agent was sent by CIA to destroy files and that CIA employees kicked in a special fund to repaint. In the first place the allegation is false, and in the second place I don't know that CIA concealed any true information. The only thing true is that my friend visited my family under the circumstances I have described.
- 5. I have nothing to conceal on this matter, just the contrary, I have testified under oath to both the Senate Matergate Committee, and to the prosecutors in an interview. My wife has nothing to conceal, she in fact notified the Montgomery County Police and invited them to come in and search the house which they did. My friend has nothing to conceal, because there was nothing to conceal. Burning garbage is not yet a Federal offense.
- 6. In fairness to my friend whose name Senator Baker chose to slander and malign in the press, a few things should be said in his behalf. He is one of the finest men I have ever known. He was a hero of Morld War I, winning the Silver Star as the head of a machine gun company in some of the fiercest battles which raged in that war in France, serving in almost all of the major campaigns. He was later a respected FBI official, serving over a quarter of a century in its headquarters as an Inspector. Following retirement in the 1950's he served as an official in the National American Legion Headquarters in Washington. His distinguished career was spotless until Senator Baker chose to malign him. Nearly 80 years old, he went through three hours of prosecutive interview on a Saturday, then Senator Baker demanded that he appear that night before Senator Baker and his staff which he did, undergoing more grilling. His wife, also 80 has a heart condition, and he, himself is in poor health. Movertheless he willingly appeared before a grand jury in order to get all of this on the record, he has nothing to hide. I advised Senator Baker's staff of my great concern for this fine man's heart and health. Now Senator Baker has chosen to do this to this man, knowing all of the above.

6. Senator Baker's purposes are very clear to me. He is seeking to create a diversion for the President.

From the beginning of the hearings, Senator Baker tried to drag CIA in, for the purpose of creating a diversion. CIA was the victim of the President's efforts to cover up CTA, not the culprit. The sworn testimony regarding the months of June 1972-April 1973 are testimonial to this fact. I have said it time after time that Senator Baker's purposes are to create a diversion, and it is true.

7. It appears that the Senate has in Senator Baker a Joe McCarthy of the 1970's, facts mean nothing to this man, just as Senator McCarthy chose to distort and to destroy individuals.

I wrote in my letter to Judge Sirica on March 19, 1973, the letter which broke the Watergate case open, that

"...I do believe that retaliatory measures will be taken against me (by President Nixon and his friends), against my family, and my friends should I disclose such facts. Such retaliation could destroy careers, income, and reputations of persons who are innocent of any guilt whatever. "

Senator Baker has made this prophetic statement a reality, although not the only retaliation which has occurred or will occur since March 19, 1973 by President Nixon and his friends. Human life means nothing to these people, and if my friend or his wife dies as a result of Senator Baker's malicious actions, the Watergate Committee may add murder to its list of crimes committed by this Administration and its friends.

Very truly yours,

James W. McCord. Jr.

V Ninder Court Rockville Maryland 20850

Federal Bareau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed is a letter received from a James A. Miller, Jr. of Route One, Pine Knoll Shores, Morehead City, North Carolina dated March 13, 1974. While purchasing a newspaper in Washington, J D.C. on March 9, 1974 he had come up and struck up a conversation relating to some problems he was having in connection with an alleged desertion from a merchant ship.

In light of his statement that he had traveled to Moscow as he says "went over with the Italian Communist Party", a copy of his letter is being forwarded to you as a matter of information.

I have returned the copy he enclosed purporting to be a polygraph examination, and plan no further action on his correspondence.

Very truly yours,

James W. McCord, Jr.

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Rt. One, Pine Knoll Shores Morehead City, N.C. 28557

March 13, 1974

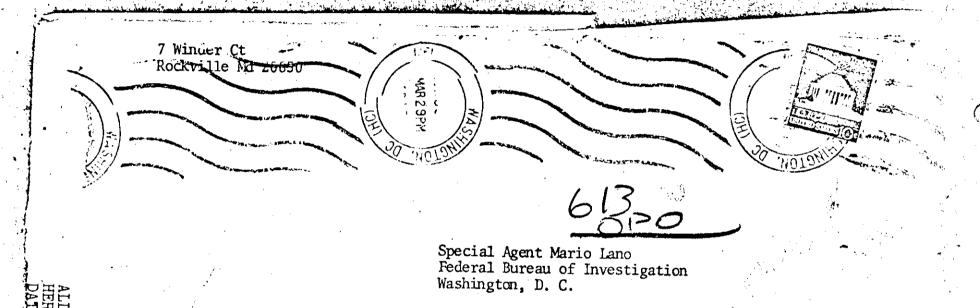
Mr. James W. McCord, Jr. Washington Media Services P.O. Box 1466
Rockville, Md. 20850

Dear Mr. McCord:

Another funny thing about people in the news (note: I am not saying it was Him), when I was in Moscow (went over with the Italian Communist Party at about the time they censured the Soviet party over Solzenitzen) at the biggest book store is Mockba I found, it was in one of the 'open book' buildings on Kalinin Prospect; I med a man taller than I with whom I talked but he not with me, he was wearing a cloth long coat (like a WVII U.S. Army officers unlike the camel hairish types of the VIP's there) and, in retrospect (I'd never seen a picture of him untill later), it seemed as if it was Solzenitzen. Among several other things I told him I was disipointed I had not gotten close enough to a Soviet citzen to eveh shake his hand and befor I left could I shake his, I stack out my hand an embarrisingly long time and after is dramatically stareing me in the face and eyeing my hand somewhat actorish he grabed my hand and arm (who ever he was) and shook it. Later I was to read of the time Solzenitzen's commanding officer through his carreer (and risked even his life) away by shaking Solzenitzen's hand in the presence of the KBG (or NKVD or whatever, if you ever want to read something funny read a transcript in which Wild Bill Donavan gets all befuddeled, along with all presence, it getting all those many initial changes straight in the correct time frames). I wander if my jesture of good will had some connection with whoever the man befor me was; if by remote chance it was Solzenitzen perhaps this then was the symbolic connection—fortunately unlike under Stalin then, shakening then hand of an officially discreted Soviet citizen does not, in America, but one under suspecian and survalience etc.

Enclosed is the lie detector test of which I spoke. I anticipate the possibility in going into U.S. district court in admiralty and am evaluating doing so as a class action—all civilian ## sailor-citizens so situated, that is on government ships. It will take a lot of time to do so (so I may not) but I would like to shown how what MSC is done to me is but part of a pattern of the burocracies (primarily executive) overreaching thier authorization from Congress, for example, the forestry service altering a word or two, unarthorized, in a congressional law to wrongfully facilitate the lumber industry or the CIA under Dullus effectively dropping out/altering it's mandate (I'm not anti-CIA).

 James A. Killer, Jr. O/S MSC



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Tran	smit the f	ollowing in _	(Type in plaintext or code)	
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1		TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089) (ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION)	
		FROM:	SAC, MIAMI (139-328) (P)	
7		SUBJECT:	JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.; ET AL;	,
1			BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 17, 1972	·
			IOC; PERJURY; OOJ	
			(00: WASHINGTON FIELD)	P
		Washingto dated Mar	Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies and for Field one copy of an article in the Miami He ch 30, 1974, a daily morning newspaper written	r rald
	FILE	the bylin	e of ROBXELDER which is self-explanatory in d which may be of interest to Mr. LEON JAWORSK	<u> </u>
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# atergate All Began

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#### By ROB ELDER Herold Staff Writer

Plans for the Watergate burglary viere at proved two years ago today at a quiet meeting in a borrowed house on Key Biscayne, according to sworn testimony by one of the participants.

And although that break-in was the crims without which all the rest of the Watergate scandal might never have: happened, none of the three men who were there has been prosecuted for i arsing it.

. It now appears virtually certain that none ever will be.

John N. Mitchell has been indicted ir connection with the ensuing Watergate coverup. The other two, Jeb Stuart

eruder and Fred LaRue, pleaded to charges involving the coverap. 4 Mitchell is on trial for obstructing parate investigation of financier

BUT V. ATERGATE special prosecu-Luon Jaworski has no plans to arge the three - or any other high Czon Administration officials - in connection with the burglary that broke coen the scandal.

in Miami, State Attorney Richard , casein, who thinks he has grounds for tare conspirery case, says he propano ie prose ate because Jaworski easked him not to interfere. The Morida statute of limitations may have ng ou leiday, March 30, although Ger-

ein now cays he thinks he could prosp- $+_{\rm A}$  , time before June 17.

James skills position is that it doesn't or stratum ne par secutes the origiprophery or the coverup so long as pality are published. And there is no for to indict payone for the conspiracy as just to the barglary, a spokesman research told The licrlint week.

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would merely create problems, Jaworski's spokesman maintained. He pointed out that state conspiracy charges in the related Elisherg case have been propped in California at Jaworski's urging.

For months, Gerstein has kept one foot in the Watergate door, saying that if federal authorities didn't prosecute the Key Biscayne conspiracy case, he would.

Now, however, the Florida prosecutor appears stymied by Jaworski's request that state officials stay out of the matter.

"I'd like to prosecute the case," Gerstein said last week. "I think we have a good case under state law. But for us to prosecute in the face of Jaworski's request that we not do it would be irresponsible.

"REALISTICALLY SPEAKING, there probably isn't going to be any Florida prosecution unless, of courst, there are acquittals in the federal case.

Gersteln cited a lefter Jaworski sent him in January. "Any indictment and prosecution in Florida . . . might interfere with potential federal prosecutions," the letter warned. "There would be risk of difficulty and confusion in the handling of evidence and interrogation of witnesses. Also, there might be problems of double jeopardy."

Gerstein said he disagrees that a state case would constitute double jeopardy. But he has not filed charges "because you can't take the chance somebody will say you fouled up the federal case."

In a last-second switch on a related point, however, Gerstein argued that he still has time to prosecute in the event the situation changes. Earlier, the state attorney had said Florida's two-year suture of himitations would provent any trace presecution after Seturday, the second emplyons and the May Riscayne 1A\_

MIAMI HERALD

MIAMI, FLORIDA

Date: 3-30-74

Edition: Author:

Editor:

Title: WATERGATE

Character:

Classification: 139\_328\* Submitting Office: MIAMI, FLA.

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# Prosecution Deadline Extended to June 17?

Reversing his earlier position on the March 30 deadline, Gerstein said the now has received legal advice that his time won't run out until June 17, two years after the actual break-in.

One source of that advice was Murray Sams, the Miami negligence lawyer whom Gerstein had named earlier as his own "special Watergate prosecutor."

"I don't want to say this is the end of it," said Sams, who thus far has had no one to prosecute. "I think the statute runs et least until June 17. We're still studying this thing."

Only a court could decide for certain whether the statute ran out March 30 or extends until June 17. If the date was March 30, the prosecution already is dead.

One reason Gerstein is loathe to bow out of Watergate altogether is that his chief investigator, Martin Dardis, has outlined what both Gerstein and Dardis believe to be a strong state case. For months, Dardis has pushed for a state prosecution.

In an interview recently, Dardis noted that only five hired burglars and two relatively low-ranking White House aides, Howard Hunt and Gordon Liddy, have been charged with the burglary.

"But who sent them in? Who paid them?" Dardis demands. Tracing a trail of testimony he thinks leads to former Attorney General Mitchell and former

Toramerce Secretary Maurice Stans, I. dispoints out that while both men are on trial in the Vesco case, neither has been indicted in the original Water-gate conspiracy.

"Firey should be charged with every crime they committed," Dardis insists.

On connection with the Watergate coverant, Mitchell has been charged with one count of obstructing justice, three count of false sweating and one perjuty count. He is charged with conspiracy, obstructing justice and perjury in the Vasco case.

(LaRue and Magruder each have presided grafty to one count of conspiracy to obstruct justice in the Watergate coverup. Sentencing has been deferred because they are cooperating with the government.)

DARDIS' ARGUMENT RESTS primarily on Magruder's testimony before the Senate Watergate committee. Last three Magruder so alled out for the comda for a vacation, and since Mitchell planned to do some work on the came baign, he also brought Fred LaRue, a blississippi businessman who was he assistant on the Committee for the Recelection of the President.

The Mitchelis and LaRue stayed at 340 Harbor Dr. on Key Biscayne. That's the address of a \$216,000 house that has a Florida room, a screened pool and a backyard view of Biscayne Bay. This house is near the Nixon compound. It was then owned by the Key Biscayne Eank, whose president is Nixon's friend, Cf. G. (Ecoe) Rebozo. Rebozo's sister,

Anita Reynolds, sometimes lived in the Jarbor Drive house, but also had an apartment elsewhere.

## Liddy Plan Brought Up Again at Key Biscayne

Magruder was a White House aide who had gone to work for the reelection committee. He flew to Florida with a stack of papers for Mitchell's approval. On March 30, a Thursday, he brought the pile of documents to the house on Harbor Drive. The paper on the bottom was the plan for Watergate.

A pair of more ambitious proposals, drawn up by Gordon Liddy, had been reviewed earlier in Mitchell's office at the Justice Department in Washington. On Jan. 27, 1972, Mitchell had rejected a plan by Liddy to spend \$1 million on political espionage. On Feb. 4 Liddy had come back with a \$500,000 version, but again Mitchell said no.

By the time of the March 30 Key Biscavne meeting, the plan had been whittled down to a \$250,000 prospectus for three activities, all apparently illegal.

ACCORDING TO MAGRUDER, the three proposals were the Watergate break-in and two other schemes that apparently were never executed: a break-in at George McGovern's Washington campaign office and a plan to bug the Fontainebleau Hotel on Miami Beach, the Democratic National Committee's convention headquarters.

Mitchell has sworn that when he saw the third Liddy plan at Key Eiscayne, he said, "This again? We don't need this. I am tired of hearing it. Cut! Let's not discuss it any further."

LaRue has sworn that Mitchell just remarked that the plan was "not something that will have to be decided at this meeting."

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construction

## State Case Naming Others Called Possible

In other testimony, Magruder as appeared to implicate former White House sides Charles Colson and Gordon Strachan. Dardis therefore contends that if Magruder were granted immunity and questioned in Miami, it would be possible to build a state case that would include coconspirators, and possibly codefendants, persons who did not attend the Key Biscayne meeting.

The possibility of a state prosecution is all the more tempting to Gerstein and Dardis because both men have been involved in the Watergate story since it began unfolding publicly in the summer of 1972.

The state attorney has been criticized for getting into the case at all; according to critics, Gerstein's Watergate investigation has been mere grandstanding for publicity.

GERSTEIN CLAIMS HIS office was instrumental in prying the lid off the

coverup.

hy Whatever the merits of either position, a comparison of Gerstein's files with disclosures that now have come qut of the federal case yields one Clear conclusion:

When Watergate was still being poon-pooned by the White House as a third-rate burglary, Gerstein and Dardis were not far behind the FBI — and at times perhaps even ahead of federal investigators — in gathering evidence that the crime was far more serious than most people supposed.

And with federal agents close-mouthed about what was being dug up, Gerstein and Dardis were the undisputed champions when it came to publicizing the case.

## State Attorney's Office Broke the News First,

On at least three key points, the first news came not from Washington, but from the state attorney's office in Miami:

A Shortly after the June 17 arrest of the burglars, Dardis subpensed records of Bernard Barker's long-distance telephone calls. By July 19, he had traced some of the calls to the Nixon campaign committee — and others to Howard Hunt, a White House advicer.

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The FBI probably knew about the phone calls first. But Gerstein publicized them first.

A second connection involved a \$25,000 cashier's check that had been purchased from a Boca Raton bank by a man named Kenneth Dahlberg.

Dahlberg, a Minneapolis financier with a winter home in Boca Raton, was the chief midwestern fund-raiser for the Committee To Reelect the President at the time. He received the \$25,000 from Dwavne Andreas, a Minneapolis banker known as a Hubert Humphrey supporter. Andreas owned the Sea View Hotel in Bal Harbour.

Learning soon after the June 17 arrests that Earker had accounts at the Republic National Bank of Miami, Dardis subpensed the burglar's bank rec-

On July 6, the bank gave him a photocopy of the Dahlberg check, which had been among Barker's deposits.

On July 7, the FBI picked up the original check, which had found its way back to the Boca Raton bank.

Dardis told newsmen what he had found. The FBI didn't. Dardis' tip led newsmen to Dahlberg, who confirmed that he had given that \$25,000 check to Stans, Nixon's campaign finance chair,

Thus it was through Gerstein's office that the public learned that a Nixon campaign contribution had ended up in a burglar's bank account

The third revelation came in August, when Dardis learned that a Miami photo shop had processed film of Democravic National Committee correspon-



Dardis Gerstein ... 'strong case' ... holding off dence for Barker on June 10, 1972 -

seven days before the arrests.

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The New York Times broke the \* story of the phone calls. The Washington Post had an exclusive on the Dahlberg check. The Miami Herald was first on the photo story. But in all three instances, the public found out because ! Gerstein and Dardis were willing to talk to reporters when federal officials would not.

# Case of Notary Seal Showed Campaign Link

Meanwhile, Dardis discovered that Barker, a notary public, had falsely notarized Dahlberg's signature on the cashier's check. Dahlberg actually had endorsed the check; the problem was that Barker had not seen him do it.

Based on the tenuous claim that # state law had been violated, Gerstein became the first public official to take a Waterpate-related case to court. He put Barker on trial in Miami on Nov. 1, 1972 for illegal use of a notary seal.

The charge was an obscure one, the sentence a mere 60 days, suspended. But on this legal technicality, Gerstein produced court testimony, six days before the 1972 election, that Nixon campaign funds had financed the Watergate burglary.

This obviously did little to alter the outcome of the election. But at least it produced an angry accusation that Gerstein and Dardis recall fondly as a compliment.

Barker's attorney then was Henry Rothblatt, a lawyer noted for his dramitic language.

In an unsuccessful bid to block the prosecution, Rothblatt sued Gerstein in federal court. There he pointed out that Gerstein himself was running for reelection that fall. He accused the state attorney of persecuting Barker in order to stir up publicity for himself.

### 'Give Gerstein Credit For Pulitzer Prizes'

Rothblatt alluded to all the news that had been pouring out of Gerstein's office. It was, he said, a virtual torrent of publicity.

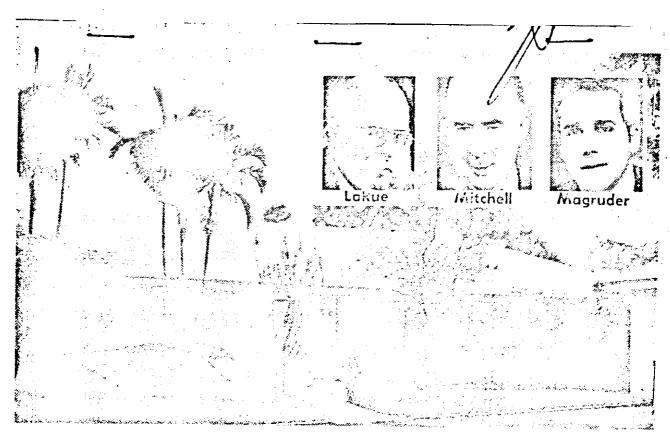
And it had been unceasing "from the date Mr. Gerstein and Mr. Dardis, his investigator, indicated (on) their entrance into this case that they were going to show the FEI, that they were ging to show the Department of Jultrong that this we all group to be surect  $g_{t}(\tau_{t}) = \tau_{t}(\tau_{t}) \tau_{t}^{-1}(\tau_{t})^{T}$ 

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And while there is little proof for or against the contention that they affect ec the case itself, it is indisputable that they had a strong influence on how it was covered by the media.

Verne Williams, a Miami News reporter, wrote in a very early Watergate! article, "If anyone wins a Pulitzer Prize for this story, he may owe it to Richard Gerstein."

- With Jaworski blocking any further prosecution by Gerstein, that comment may remain the most definitive statement yet on the office that reporters around the country now refer to as Watergate South.



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Break-in Was Approved at This Key Biscayne House, According to Magruder's Testimony ... none of the three are likely to be prosecuted in connection with burglass itself.

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This \$25,000 Campaign Check Considered Link to Watergate Burglars ... was found unoung Bernard Burker deposite at Miana bank

FBI

Date:

4/3/74

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

FROM:

SAC, WFO (139-196) (P)

DWIGHT L. CHAPIN,
IOC; FALSE STATEMENTS; PERJURY
(00:WFO)

For information of the Bureau, trial of CHAPIN began in U.S. District Court, Washington, D.C. (WDC), 4/1/74. DONALD HENRY SEGREETI, HERBERT KALMABCH, JOHN WESLEY DEAN, 111 and WFO case agent testified for the Government.

As the Government's last witness against CHAPIN, WFO agent testified to the taking of three different statements of CHAPIN in WDC, and in Illinois. On all occasions, the interviews reflected that CHAPIN denied seeing, having in his possession or even having knowledge of false scheduling material being printed and circulated by SEGRETTI prior to the 1972 Election.

On cross examination, JAKE STEIN, Attorney for CHAPIN did not ask questions relevant to the taking of any statements, but more so concerned himself with attempting to determine whether the "leaks of information came from the FBI". There were at least 15 questions about leaks of interviews, but only one question centered around CHAPIN.

That question pertained to a conversation between WFO Agent and CHAPIN in the EOB on 2/2/73 when CHAPIN stated he felt the FBI's professionalism was being tarnished over the fact that confidential interviews conducted in the Watergate case, were being published in the press. Further,

2- Bureau 2- WFO (1-139-166)

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SAC, WFO 139-196

that people may have second thoughts about telling the FBI anything in the future. The Agent recalled the conversation and also recalled that he assured CHAPIN that everything was being done that was possible to maintain the confidentiality of the interviews.

STEIN also asked whether or not the Agent ever showed anyone a Bureau report, and the Agent replied that he did. That he had in fact shown CHAPIN, a copy of his, CHAPIN's own FD 302 of August 1972. This was done because CHAPIN claimed he never saw an FBI report or 302 of SEGRETTI. Further testimony on this point by the Agent brought out on cross examination the fact that CHAPIN told the Agent that he did not meet with SEGRETTI in Miami, in August 1972. (SEGRETTI has already testified that he, CHAPIN and STRACHAN met there during the convention.)

R. E. Gebhardt 1 - Mr. W. R. Wannall

April 9, 1974

Special Prosecution Force U. S. Department of Justice

BY COURIER SERVICE

Director, FBI

139.4049-

- Mr. W. W. Hamilton

These enclosures are self-explanatory and are forwarded for your information and any action you may deem appropriate.

Enclosures (2)

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BY COURIER SIC.

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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

<u> I</u>	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	Deleted under exemption(s) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
3	Page(6) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);  as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
Œ	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  139-4089-Not Recorded Serial After Serial 2732.

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April 12, 1974

139-4089-2733

BY COURIER SERVICE

UNITED STATES VS MITCHELL STATEMENTS OF THE DEFENDANTS TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reference is made to the memorandum of Henry S. Ruth, Jr., dated April 8, 1974, captioned as above.

In response to the request set forth in referenced memorandum that a search be made of PBI files relating to interviews with the seven named defendants in this case and that the Special Prosecution Force be furnished copies of interviews not listed in the memorandum, the following is being provided.

Listed below are the dates of interviews of John H. Mitchell; H. R. Haldeman; John D. Ehrlichman; Charles W. Colson; Robert C. Hardian; Kenneth W. Parkinson; and Cordon Strachan, which interviews were not listed in the Special Prosecution Force memorandum of April 8, 1974. Also set forth are the identities of the investigative reports containing the results of these interviews and the dates the reports were disseminated to the Department of Wattear

John H. Hitchell

Interviewed April 18, 1973

New York, New York, FBI Office report Nay 18, 1973

Captioned \*James Walter McCond Captioned "James Walter McCord, Jr," page 24 Disseminated to Special Prosecution Force June 26, 1973

Interviewed June 15, 1973

Account New York, New York, FEI Office report June 20, 1973, page 3 me Abria Captioned "William Leonard Yaub"

Dep AD love - Disseminated to the Special Prosecution Force June 22, 1973 Aist. Dir.

Admin. Comp. Syste H. R. R. Haldoman

BY COURIER SVC.

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There is a sageles, California, PAI Office report June 8, 1973, page 165 In a com

nisconinated to Special Prosecution Force June 19, 1973

SEE HOTE PAGE THREE ...

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#### UNITED STATES VS MITCHELL

John D. Bhrlichman

Interviewed Ray 11, 1973
Washington, D. C., PBI Office report June 7, 1973, page 9
Captioned "Hearings of the Senate Judiciary Committee"
Disseminated to Office of Records Operations Hausgement
June 13, 1973

Charles W. Colson

Interviewed May 3, 1973; May 16, 1973; and May 8, 1973
Los Angeles, California, PBI Office report June 8, 1973
pages 168; 173; and 169 respectively
Captioned "Daniel Ellsberg"
Disseminated to Special Prosecution Force June 19, 1973

Interviewed May 16, 1973
Washington, D. C., PBI Office report July 13, 1973, page 2
Captioned "James Walter HcCord, Jr."
Disseminated to Special Prosecution Force July 18, 1973

Interviewed Hay 17, 1973

Washington, D. C., FBI Office report June 7, 1973, page 4
Catpioned "Bearings of Senate Judiciary Committee"

Disseminated to Office of Records Operations Management
June 13, 1973

Interviewed February 21, 1974

Washington, D. C., FBI Office report Harch 7, 1974, page 123
Captioned "Unknown Subjects; Rissing and Altered White House
Tapes and Documents"
Figsesinated to Special Prosecution Force Harch 13, 1974

Rebert C. Mardian
Interviewed April 30, 1973
Los Angeles, California, PBI Office report June 8, 1973, page 198
Captioned 'Daniel Ellsberg'
Disseminated to Special Prosecution Force June 19, 1973

Estacth W. Poskinson
Interviewed (twice) July 24, 1972
Fashington, B. C., PRI Office report July 27, 1972, pages 89 and 96
Captioned "James Walter McCord, Jr."
Disseminated to Assistant Attorney General Paterson August 1, 1972

The above interviews report only that Parkinson, persuant to a subpoens duces tecum, turned over to the Faltha following decusents which were subsequently turned over to the Federal grand jury:

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UNITED STATES VS HITCHELL

Gordon Strecham

Interviewed April 5, 1973
Washington, D. C., FBI Office report June 5, 1973, page 103
Captioned "James Walter McCord, Jr."
Disseminated to the Special Prosecution Force July 6, 1973

As noted above, reports containing the results of all interviews have been provided to either the Special Prosecution Force, Assistant Attorney Caneral or Office of Records Operations Management. In view of the fact that the only report not in the possession of the Special Prosecution Force which contains results of pertinent interviews (Washington, D. C., report dated June 7, 1973) has been provided to the Office of Records Operations Management, additional copies are not being provided herewith.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the PBI. It is the property of the PBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NOTE: Original and one forwarded to SPF by 0-14 this date; one cc each to NY, LA and WFO by airtel this date.

DATE: April 8, 149.74

# Memorandum

:Clarence Kelley ŢΟ

Director

Federal Bureau of Investigation

:Henry S. Ruth, Jr.

Deputy Special Prosecutor

Watergate Special Prosecution Force

SUBJECT: United States v. Mitchell;

Statements of the Defendants to the

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Inspection Intell. Laboret ry Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. . Training ..... Legal Coun. \_\_\_

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Ext

Dep.-A.D -Adm. Dep A -inv.\_ Asst. Pir.:

Telephone Rm. Direct : Sec'y

As part of our preparations for the trial in United States v. Mitchell, this office is assembling all statements made by the seven defendants that are contained in the files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The memoranda of interviews of these defendants conducted by agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that are contained in our files are listed below:

> John N. Mitchell - July 5, 1972; October 5, 1972; May 24, 1973

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Harry R. Haldeman - May 11, 1973

John D. Ehrlichman - July 21, 1972; April 27, 1973; May 1, 1973

Charles W. Colson - June 22, 1972; June 26, 1972; August 29, 1972; May 3, 1973; May 16, 1973; May 16, 1973

Robert C. Mardian - July 17, 1972

Kenneth W. Parkinson - July 21, 1972

Gordon Strachan - August 28, 1972

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18 APR 23 1974

Our records indicate that the Bureau also interviewed Mr. Mardian on April 30, 1973, but we have been unable to locate a copy of the 302 for that interview and would appreciate it if you would send us one. We request that you search your files and send us a copy of every written document not listed above that the Bureau possesses that pertains to any written or oral statement made by Messrs. Mitchell, Haldeman, Ehrlichman, Colson, Mardian, Parkinson, and Strachan. Because we will need this material for pretrial discovery proceedings, we further request that you make this search and deliver to us all pertinent documents at your earliest convenience.

Thank you for your continued assistance and cooperatio

1- ior 1- Mr. Nusum

4/17/74

70 t SAC, Las Vegas (139-36)

1139-40691-2734

JARGS WALTER HC CORD, JR., HT AL. BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTER HEADQUARTERS, 6/17/72 INTERCEPTION OF CORMUNICATIONS

ReLVairtel 4/10/74 and LHM enclosed therewith dated 4/10/74.

Enclosed for Las Vegas is one copy and for Phoenix and MPO two copies each of page 2 of reLHM which was revised at FBIHQ.

In view of the discrepancy between the information furnished by Charles Modell and George Caramanna and the impression conveyed by Caramanna at the time of his interview, Phoenix should aggressively reinterview Caramanna to exact the precise story and his basis for furnishing information not corroborated by Modell. Specific reference is made to the information that John Dean was the person leaving the package of \$5,000 found by Hodell. If Caramanna persists that this story was furnished to him by Modell, he should be requested to allow the Bureau to disclose his identity in the subsequent interview of Modell.

It is imperative that this matter be fully resolved at an early date.

Enclosure

2- Phoenix (encs 2)(139-118)

1- WFO (encs 2)(139-166)

MAILED 7 APR 171974 -FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

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Date: 4/10/74

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		TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)	
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	H.		Committee Headquarters, Washington, D.C. June 17, 1972 IOC; PERJURY; OOJ OO: WFO	
			Re Phoenix airtel to Bureau, 4/3/74.	
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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

1

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada
April 10, 1974

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR; ET AL BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS Washington, D.C. June 17, 1972

On April 9, 1974, Charles Modell, 1136 Sierra Vista, Apartment 2, telephone number 734-2497, Las Vegas, Nevada, was contacted at his residence and advised he has been employed by the Ace Cab Company for approximately the past two years. Las Vigas, Niv

Model1 stated sometime in November, 1973, exact date not recalled, he reported for work at approximately 3:20 or 3:30 PM, and was assigned a cab. He stated as he entered the driver's side he looked into the back seat and noted something on the floor. He stated he did not know at first what it was and out of curiosity picked it up and discovered it was a packet of money.

Modell stated the only thing around the money was a bank strap, however, he was unable to recall the name of the bank on the strap. He stated he counted the money out and determined it contained fifty one hundred dollar bills. Modell stated he then examined the back seat of the cab further but did not find any additional money or in fact any other items. He stated definitely there were no photographs of the President in the cab and

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### JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.

he had no idea who the previous passengers might have been who were in the cab, or when it had been used last. John Dean, III, former Counsel to the President, is known to Modell only from news media publicity. Dean has never been a passenger in Modell's cab to the best of Modell's knowledge and definitely was not known by Modell to have been the previous passenger in the cab in which Modell found the money.

Modell stated he took the money home and flushed the bank wrapper down the toilet and then held onto the money for a couple of days. He advised he was going to turn the money into the cab company and waited for someone to report the loss; however, he advised to his knowledge, no one ever made any inquiry of the cab company about losing the money and he finally decided to keep the money and pay his bills. Modell stated he did not make an official report to anyone about finding the money; however, he did tell some of the other drivers about finding it, but could not recall exactly how many he told or who they were.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1- Mr. Buren 1- Mr. Hamilton 1- Mr. Frazier

April 15, 1974

BY COURSER SERVICE

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

yours walter nelect ,

Reference is made to the memorandum of Henry S. Ruth, Jr., Deputy Special Prosecutor, dated August 13, 1973, entitled / Indexes of Persons Interviewed by the FBI." Paragraph two of that memorandum requests up-dated Indexes in those matters which are the responsibility of the Special Prosecutor. In compliance with that request, attached are two copies each of two printouts as of April 9, 1974 (one alphabetical by name of person contacted and the other by case number). Each printout includes the specific information for all the case numbers indicated, the titles of which are enumerated on the first page of each printout.

These indexes include all of the information contained in the indexes previously furnished the Special Prosecution Force and the additional information developed since the last printout. In view of this fact, the Special Prosecution Force may wish to destroy those indexes which are now superseded.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

### Attachments (4)

**REC** 107

18 APR 23 1974

Original and one forwarded to SPF by 0-14 with "" attachments this date.

ep. AD Inv. \_\_\_ st. Dir. CAN/amm st. Affaire

soc. Dir. \_

ep. AD Adm.

KIND DELIVERS BARBARA STAGNARO.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

April 17, 1974

BY COURIER SERVICE

JAMES WALTER HC CORD, JR., ET AL. BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, JUNE 17, 1972 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Reference is made to the memorandum dated April 3, 1974, prepared by the Phoenix, Arizona, PBI Office, captioned as above. That memorandum advised information received from one George Caramanna of Phoenix to the effect one Chuck Hodell, a Las Vegas, Nevada, taxi cab driver, in Movember, 1973, had found in his taxi cab \$5,000 and a picture of the President, wrapped in brown paper. Caramanna had related that Hodell had indicated his previous passenger was John Dean and Caramanna sent a telegram on December 24, 1973, to the White House.

Enclosed for the information of the Special Prosecution Force are two copies of a memorandum dated April 10, 1974, received from the Las Vegas, Hevada, FBI Office, which sets forth the interview of Modell. In view of the apparent conflict in the information furnished by Caramanna and Modell, Caramanna is being reinterviewed.

JA

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the PBI. It is the property of the PBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures (2)

p. AD Adm p. AD Inv	NOTE:	Original	and one	forward	ed to SPI	F with e	ncs by O	-14 this	
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Special Prosecution Force U. S. Department of Justice April 10, 1974

#### BY COURIER SERVICE

Director, FBI

139-4081-2737

ONFIRMATION HEARINGS OF L. PATRICK GRAY, III

1- Mr. Gebhardt

1- Mr. Long

1- Mr. Nuzum

1- Mr. Mintz

Reference is made to the Harch 19, 1974, meliorandum of Henry S. Ruth, Jr., Deputy Special Prosecutor, captioned as above which requested copies of memoranda prepared during 1973 dealing with possible violations of law by L. Patrick Gray, III.

Enclosed is one copy each of memoranda described below believed to be responsive to your request. I have also included a copy of a memorandum prepared July 20, 1972, which predates the scope of your inquiry but which appears to be pertinent to the spirit of your request.

62-48771-507 July 20, 1972

139-4089-

February 6, 1973 Hemorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt

Note DDK to Mr. Gray

1928 1927

February 6, 1973

February 12, 1973

Memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt

Hemorandum D. J. Dalbey to Mr. Felt

February 17, 1973

Letter Howard Hunt to Mr. Gray

February 23, 1973

Memorandum R. E. Gebhardt to Mr. Felt

February 28, 1973

Hemorandum R. J. Gallagher to Mr. Gray

March 5, 1973

Memorandum Legal Counsel to Mr. Baker Attached is memorandum for Mr. Kinley

March 5, 1973 with enclosurs

Memorandum Legal Counsel to the Acting Director with enclosure

Memorandum Legal Counsel to Mr. Baker with enclosure

March 7, 1973

Hemorandum C. A. Huzum

SEE HOW PAGE THOUS..

Dy. AC Adm 62-115529-10x4 Paralle Harch 5, 1973

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2362	089 Pa <b>y 1, 1973</b>	Memorandum C. A. Numum to Mr. Long
301.5	hely 2, 1973	Beadrandum C. A. Buzum to Mr. Long
2387	June 22, 1973	Memorandum C. A. Nuzum to Mr. Long
2079	Eqy 2, 1973	Memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt
2119	нау 3, 1973	Memorandum William D. Ruckelshaus to Mr. Felt
2118	May 4, 1973	Memorandum Acting Director to Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division Attached is memorandum Legal Counsel to Acting Director dated May 1, 1973
2150	May 11, 1973	Memorandum W. Mark Felt to Mr. Gebhardt
2152	мау 16, 1973	Airtel Acting Director, FBI, to SAC, WFO Attached is memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt dated May 14, 1973; and memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt dated May 9, 1973
2199	Мау 23, 1973	Letter William D. Ruckelshaus to Honorable Harold H. Titus, Jr.
2202	Hay 24, 1973	Memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt
2261X	May 23, 1973	Memorandum L. M. Walters to Mr. Felt
2261X	June 6, 1973	Memorandum L. M. Walters to Mr. Felt
2261X	June 7, 1973	Memorandum captioned "Watergate - Events at Initial Stage of Case"
2297	May 31, 1973	Memorandum Carl Bardley to Mr. Archibald Cox Attached is memorandum Acting Director, FBI to Mr. Archibald Cox dated June 11, 1973
2252	June 1, 1973	Hemorandum L. M. Walters to Mr. Felt
2311	June 7, 1973	Memorandum R. E. Long to Hr. Gebhardt
2309	June 11, 1973	Letter William D. Ruckelshaus to

Uparist providention force U. S. Department of Justice

139-4 2199X	089- Emy 22, 1973	Memorandum W. M. Felt to Mr. Walters
2460	Sync 79, 1973	Memorandum William D. Ruchelehans to Mr. Archibald Cox
2443	June 26, 1973	Memorandum Inspector James deseph O'Conner to Mr. O. T. Jacobson
2476	July 9, 1973	Memorandum Mr. William D. Ruckelshaus to Mr. Archibald Cox Attached is memorandum Mr. William D. Ruckelshaus to Mr. Clarence M. Kelley dated July 9, 1973; memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt dated July 13, 1973; and memorandum Archibald Cox to Mr. William D. Ruckelshaus dated July 2, 1973
2491	July 18, 1973	Memorandum Director, FBI, to the Attorney General

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures

Attached is memorandum R. E. Long to Mr. Gebhardt dated July 17, 1973

NOTE: By memorandum dated 3/19/74, Deputy Special Prosecutor Henry S. Ruth, Jr., requested copies of any memoranda prepared during the calendar year 1973, dealing with possible violations of any law by L. Patrick Gray, III. The file containing the results of the Watergate investigation and that relating to the confirmation of former Acting Director Gray were reviewed as those are the only files in which memoranda responsive to the Special Prosecution Force request are believed to be contained. Pertinent serials as they appear in those files have been reproduced and are being forwarded to the Special Prosecution Force with this memorandum.

# Memorandum

: Clarence M. Kelley

DATE: March 19

Director

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Januar unitie mcCord

Henry S. Ruth

Deputy Special Prosecutor

Confirmation Hearings of L. Patrick Gray, III

In connection with this Office's investigation of possible violations of law committed in the course of the hearings before the Senate Judiciary Committee on the nomination of L. Patrick Gray, III, to be Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, would the Bureau please provide this Office with copies of any memoranda prepared during the calendar year 1973 dealing with possible violations of any law by L. Patrick Gray, III.



Intell

139-4089-273

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON FIELD	VASHINGTON FIELD	APR 2 3 1974	1/21/74 - 4/19/74	
TITLE OF CASE (D)		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED B
JAMES WALTER MC CO	RD, JR., AKA;	SA ANGELO J	aj1	
HERBERT L PORTER Burglary, Democrat		CHARACTER OF CA	AS E	
Committee Readquar	ters, 6/17/72,	IOC; OOJ;	PERJURY; CONSPIRACT	Υ;
Washington, D.Ö.			ARATIONS; REFUSANT ORE HOUSE COMMITTE	

REPORT of SA ANGELO J. LANO at Washington, D.C. 11/26/73; WFO airtels to the Bureau, 1/28/74; 2/25/74; 3/1/74 and 4/11/74.

### ADMINISTRATIVE DATA:

Information copies are being furnished to Los Angeles and Miami because of the vast amount of investigation conducted in this

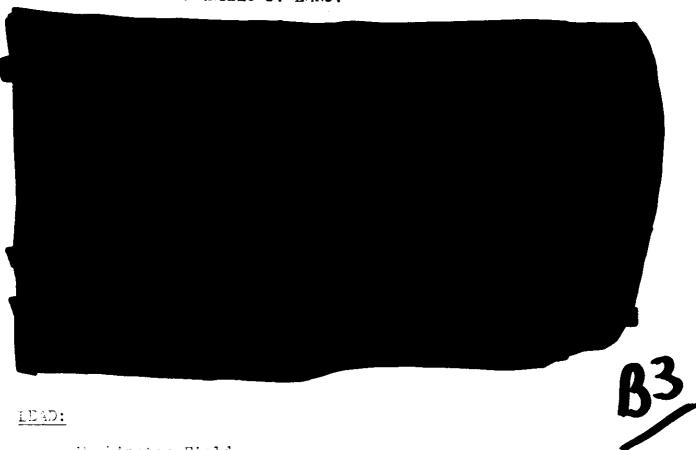
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VFO 139-166

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On February 14, 1974, Assistant Vatergate Special Prosecutor GERRY GOLDMAN telephonically furnished the following information to SA ANGELO J. LANO:



## Tr idington Field

Will continue to assist MSPO in thi investigation and follow prosecution of subjects.

COVER PAGE -<u>B</u>\*-



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA ANGELO J. LANO

Date:

APR 2 3 1974"

Field Office File #: 139- 166

Office: Washington, D.C.

Bureau File #: 139-4089

Title: JAMESMALTER MC CORD, JR; HERBERT L. PORTER, ETAL

Character: INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS; OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE;
PERJURY; CONSPIRACY; FALSE DECLARATIONS: REFUSAL TO TESTIFY
BEFORE HOUSE COMMITTEE

Synopsis:

Examination showed first memo prepared by IEM Executive typawriter with style of type in use since May 10, 1966. Second memo prepared by Royal typewriter with Standard elite type with style having been in use since June, 1950. Date of manufacture of these two typewriters was not determined. Dates these two memos were prepared was not determined. Natching perforations in upper left corners of specimens showed, that at one time, there were stapled one to the other or to a common group of documents. 2/23/74 subpoens served on PAUL F. GAYNOR,

2/25/74, HERBERT W. KAINBACH entered guilty
pleas to 500 informations filed this date charging him with
Violationgdf T. 18 Section 600, U.S. Code and (2) counts of
Section of Title W. U.S. Code and (2) counts of
(b). KAIMBACK released on his own recognizance. 3/1/74,

JOHN M. NITCHELL, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN,
CHARLES W. COLSON, ROBERT C. MARDIAN, KENNETH W. PARKINSON,
and GARDON STRACHAN, were indicted by FGJ charging them with
violation of T. 18 Sections, 371, 1001, 1503, 1621, and 1623
of the U.S. Code. 3/9/74, above individuals arraigned before
Chief Judge JOHN J. SIRICA and entered not guilty pleas.
COLSON and EHRLICHMAN were indicted on 3/7/74 for
violation of T. 18 Sections 241, 1001 and 1623, of the U.S. Cole,
and entered not guilty pleas to these charges at the same time.

11 released on their own recognizance. Tiel set for 9/1/14, 8

the enter the first the presently of the BBI and it desired to give an energy it and the contents.

10, 11, 12, 13 to 13 to 13 to 13 to 13 to 15 to 15



WFO 139-166

3/7/74 GEORGE GORDON LIDDY indicted by FGJ for Violation of T. 2, Section 192 of the United States Code in that he refused to testify or produce paper before either House or any committee of either House of Congress. 3/14/74, LIDDY pled not guilty before Judge JOHN H. PRATT, U.S.D.C. 4/19/74, Judge PRATT denied LIDDY's motion to dismiss indictment and set trial date for 5/10/74. 1/21/74, HERBERT L. PORTER entered guilty plea to Information charging him with Violation of Title 18 Section 1001, U.S. Code. 4/11/74, Judge WILLIAM B. BRYANT sentenced PORTER to term of not less than five months nor more than fifteen months. All but thirty days of the sentence was suspended. PORTER ordered to surrended to U.S. Marshall, at Los Angeles, Calif. on 4/27/74. BRIAN LAMB, acquaintance of VICKI CHERN interviewed and could not recall her ever having talked about any code names she may have seen on memorandum while at CREP.

-P-

### DETAILS:

AT WASHINGTON, D.C.:



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7.	BRIAN LAMB	22





# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

	1	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
		Deleted under exemption(s) with no segregable material available for release to you.
		Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
_ [		Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
		Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies)
	<u>′</u> _	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);  as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
	<del></del>	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
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[	<b>y</b>	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  137-4087 - 2738 69 4

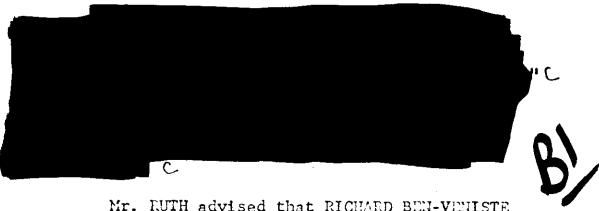
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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/25/74

<u>1</u>

On February 19, 1974, Assistant Special Watergate Prosecutor HENRY RUTH turned over the following documents to SA ANGELO J. LANO:



Mr. RUTH advised that RICHARD BEN-VENISTE of this office desired the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Laboratory conduct an examination of these documents, but he, RUTH, was not in a position to relay the specific type of examination to be conducted.

Mr. RUTH requested SA LANO place the documents in a secure safe until instructions are received from BLN-VENTSTE.

The documents were returned to the Field Office and secured in the agent's vault.

In the norning the documents were then transferred to a safe under the direct control of the Special Agent in Charge of the Washington Field Office.

60 Mark Jan 2/19 and 20/74 Washington, D. C. File # WFO 139-156

SA AMBRILO J. LAMD:nsw

2/22/74





WFO 139-166

On February 25, 1974, Assistant Watergate Special Prosecutor, RICHARD BEN VENISTE advised SA ANGELO J. LANO that he requested the FBI Laboratory conduct an examination of Specifically, BEN VENISTE desired the answers to the following requests:



- a. Identify type of typewriter used in preparation of each document.
- b. Age of the typewriter and date of its manufacture.
- c. Identify the typewriting face and, if possible, the date this type was first used.
- d. Age of the paper that each document is prepared on.
- e. Is it possible to say when the memos were prepared?



#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

3/1/74

1

On February 25, 1974, the documents previously furnished by HENRY RUTH were handcarried to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Laboratory and turned over to Examiner WILLIAM OBERG.

On February 28, 1974, OEERG returned the documents to SA LAMO.

On the same date SA, LANO returned the documents to Assistant Watergate Special Prosecutor RICHARD BEN-VENISTE.

2/25-23/74 o Washington, D. C.









# FEDERAL BUREAU OF KIVESTIGATION Washington, D. C. 20535

SAC, Washington Field Office (139-166)

FBI File No.

February 28, 1974 139-4089

Lab. No.

D-740225110 IK

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.; et al.

> Burglary, Democratic National Committee Headquarters, Washington, D. C., 6/17/72; IOC; PERJURY; OOJ

Specimens received 2/25/74

0104 Q105 Result of examination:

The typewriting on specimen Q104 was determined to have been prepared on an IBN Executive typewriter equipped with proportionally spaced Modern style of type. This style of type has been in use since May 10, 1966.

The typewriting on specimen Q105 was determined to have been prepared on a Royal typewriter equipped with Standard elite type, spaced twelve letters to the inch. This style of type has been use since June, 1950. Since this style of type has been available for use on all models of Royal typewriters, the model of typewriter employed in the preparation of specimen Q105 was not determined.

The dates of manufacture of the typewriters employed in the preparation of specimens Q104 and Q105 ware not determined.

The paper of specimen Q104 bears a government waterwark showing that it was, manufactured in 1971. The paper of specimen Q105 contains the watermark "STRATAMORE PARCHMENT 100% COTTON MADE IN USA," showing that it was manufactured by the Strathmore Paper Company, West Springfield, Massachusetts. However, the date of manufacture of this paper was not determined from its physical features.

The dates of preparation of the memos Q104 and Q105 verenot ascertained from the typewriting or from the physical features of the paper.

1 3 7



Matching perforations in the upper left cormers of specimens Q104 and Q105 show that they, at one time, were stapled one to the other or to a common group of documents.

Specimens Q104 and Q105 are returned herewith. Photographs have been retained.



#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/25/74

1

On February 23, 1974, Assistant Watergate Special Prosecutor CATA FARMON, requested SA ALGALO J. LAMO to locate PAUL F. CAYMOR,

to serve his with a subposma. The subposma would require CAYMOR to appear before the Federal Grand Jury on Henday, February 25, 1974.

In LAND than traveled to 4629 - 35th Street, North, Arlington, Virolnia, and after identifying lanself to a LANDA, CARADA was handed the subjected and given directions to the U.S. Listrict Court. He was also told to contact Mr. FLATRAMA or RIGHTED BON-VANISTE if he had any problems responsing to the Grand Jury.

/7/



### HERBERT W. KALMBACH

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WFO 139-166 AJL:nsw <u>1</u>

On February 25, 1974, the Watergate Special Prosecutor's Office filed two Informations before Chief Judge JOHN J. SIRICA charging HERBERT W. KALMBACH with violation of Title 18, Section 600 of the United States Code and two counts of violation of Title 2, United States Code, Sections 242(a) and 252(b). KALMBACH, who was present at the time of the filings, pled guilty to both Informations. He was released on his own recognizance.



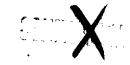
# WATERGATE COVER-UP INDICTMENT



WFO 139-166 1

公司の日本の日本のである。

On March 1, 1974, the original Federal Grand Jury which returned the first Indictment in the Burglary of the Democratic National Committee Headquarters of June 17 1972, returned a true bill Indictment which states as follows:



# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

一年 经工作工作

JOHN N. MITCHELL, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, CHARLES W. COLSON, ROBERT C. MARDIAN, KENNETH W. PARKINSON, and GORDON STRACHAN,

Defendants.

Criminal No.

Violation of 18 U.S.C. 85 371, 1001, 1503, 162. and 1623 (conspiracy, false statements to a government agency, obstruction of justice, perjury and false declarations.)

#### INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges:

#### Introduction

- 1. On or about June 17, 1972, Bernard L. Barker, Virgilio R. Gonzalez, Eugenio R. Martinez, James W. McCord, Jr. and Frank L. Sturgis were arrested in the offices of the Democratic National Committee, located in the Watergate office building, Washington, D. C., while attempting to photograph documents and repair a surreptitious electronic listening device which had previously been placed in those offices unlawfully.
- 2. At all times material herein, the United
  States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia and
  the Federal Bureau of Investigation were parts of the Department of Justice, a department and agency of the United
  States, and the Central Intelligence Agency was an agency
  of the United States.
- 3. Beginning on or about June 17, 1972, and continuing up to and including the date of the filing of this





indictment, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia were conducting an investigation, in conjunction with a Grand Jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia which had been duly empanelled and sworn on or about June 5, 1972, to determine whether violations of 18 U.S.C. 371, 2511 and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States and of the District of Columbia, had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations.

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- 4. On or about September 15, 1972, in connection with the said investigation, the Grand Jury returned an indictment in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia charging Bernard L. Barker, Virgilio R. Gonzalez, E. Howard Hunt, Jr., G. Gordon Liddy, Eugenio R. Martinez, James W. McCord, Jr., and Frank L. Sturgis with conspiracy, burglary and unlawful endeavor to intercept wire communications.
- 5. From in or about January 1969, to on or about March 1, 1972, JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, was Attorney General of the United States. From on or about April 9, 1972, to on or about June 30, 1972, he was Campaign Director of the Committee to Re-Elect the President.
- 6. At all times material herein up to on or about April 30, 1973, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, was Assistant to the President of the United States.





- 7. At all times material herein up to on or about April 30, 1973, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, was Assistant for Domestic Affairs to the President of the United States.
- 8. At all times material herein up to on or about March 10, 1973, CHARLES W. COLSON, the DEFENDANT, was Special Counsel to the President of the United States.
- 9. At all times material herein, ROBERT C. MARDIAN, the DEFENDANT, was an official of the Committee to Re-Elect the President.
- 10. From on or about June 21, 1972, and at all times material herein, KENNETH W. PARKINSON, the DEFENDANT, was an attorney representing the Committee to Re-Elect the President

11. At all times material herein up to in or about November 1972, GORDON STRACHAN, the DEFENDANT, was a Staff Assistant to HARRY R. HALDEMAN at the White House. Thereafter he became General Counsel to the United States Information Agency.

#### COUNT ONE

17

- 12. From on or about June 17, 1972, up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, JOHN N. MITCHELL, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, JOHN D. EHPLICHMAN, CHARLES W. COLSON, ROBERT C. MARDIAN, KENNETH W. PARKINSON and GORDON STRACHAN, the DEFENDANTS, and other persons to the Grand Jury known and unknown, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly did combine, conspire, confederate and agree together and with each other, to







commit offenses against the United States, to wit, to obstruct justice in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1503, to make false statements to a government agency in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001, to make false declarations in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623, and to defraud the United States and Agencies and Departments thereof, to wit, the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and the Department of Justice, of the Government's right to have the officials of these Departments and Agencies transact their official business honestly and impartially, free from corruption, fraud, improper and undue influence, dishonesty, unlawful impairment and obstruction, all in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.

conspirators would corruptly influence, obstruct and impede, and corruptly endeavor to influence, obstruct and impede, the due administration of justice in connection with the investigation referred to in paragraph three (3) above and in connection with the trial of Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for the purpose of concealing and causing to be concealed the identities of the persons who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of (a) the activities which were the subject of the investigation and trial, and (b) other illegal and improper activities.





- 14. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the conspirators would knowingly make and cause to be made false statements to the FBI and false material statements and declarations under oath in proceedings before and ancillary to the Grand Jury and a Court of the United States, for the purposes stated in paragraph thirteen (13) above.
- 15. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the conspirators would, by deceit, craft, trickery and dishonest means, defraud the United States by interfering with and obstructing the lawful governmental functions of the CIA, in that the conspirators would induce the CIA to provide financial assistance to persons who were subjects of the investigation referred to in paragraph three (3) above, for the purposes stated in paragraph thirteen (13) above.

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- 16. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the conspirators would, by deceit, craft, trickery and dishonest means, defraud the United States by interfering with and obstructing the lawful governmental functions of the FBI and the Department of Justice, in that the conspirators would obtain and attempt to obtain from the FBI and the Department of Justice information concerning the investigation referred to in paragraph three (3) above, for the purposes stated in paragraph thirteen (13) above.
- 17. Among the means by which the conspirators would carry out the aforesaid conspiracy were the following:



- (a) The conspirators would direct

  G. Gordon Liddy to seek the assistance
  of Richard G. Kleindienst, then Attorney

  General of the United States, in obtaining the release from the District of Columbia
  jail of one or more of the persons who had
  been arrested on June 17, 1972, in the
  offices of the Democratic National Committee
  in the Watergate office building in Washington,
  D. C., and G. Gordon Liddy would seek such
  assistance from Richard G. Kleindienst.
- (b) The conspirators would at various times remove, conceal, alter and destroy, attempt to remove, conceal, alter and destroy, and cause to be removed, concealed, altered and destroyed, documents, papers, records and objects.
- (c) The conspirators would plan, solicit, assist and facilitate the giving of false, deceptive, evasive and misleading statements and testimony.
- (d) The conspirators would give false, misleading, evasive and deceptive statements and testimony.
- (e) The conspirators would covertly raise, acquire, transmit, distribute and pay cash funds to and for the benefit of the defendants in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District



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of Columbia, both prior to and subsequent to the return of the indictment on September 15, 1972.

- (f) The conspirators would make and cause to be made offers of leniency, executive clemency and other benefits to

  E. Howard Hunt, Jr., G. Gordon Liddy,

  James W. McCord, Jr., and Jeb S. Magruder.
- (g) The conspirators would attempt to obtain CIA financial assistance for persons who were subjects of the investigation referred to in paragraph three (3) above.
- (h) The conspirators would obtain information from the FBI and the Department of Justice concerning the progress of the investigation referred to in paragraph three (3) above.
- 18. In furtherance of the conspiracy, and to effect the objects thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere:

#### OVERT ACTS

1. On or about June 17, 1972, JOHN N. MITCHELL met with ROBERT C. MARDIAN in or about Beverly Hills, California, and requested MARDIAN to tell G. Gordon Liddy to seek the assistance of Richard G. Kleindienst, then Attorney General of the United States, in obtaining the release of one or more of the persons arrested in connection with the Watergate break-in.



- 2. On or about June 18, 1972, in the District of Columbia, GORDON STRACHAN destroyed documents on the instructions of HARRY R. HALDEMAN.
- 3. On or about June 19, 1972, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN met with John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time EHRLICHMAN directed Dean to tell G. Gordon Liddy that E. Howard Hunt, Jr., should leave the United States.
- 4. On or about June 19, 1972, CHARLES W. COLSON and JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN met with John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time EHRLICHMAN directed Dean to take possession of the contents of E. Howard Hunt, Jr.'s safe in the Executive.

  Office Building.
- 5. On or about June 19, 1972, ROBERT C. MARDIAN and JOHN N. MITCHELL met with Jeb S. Magruder at MITCHELL's apartment in the District of Columbia, at which time MITCHELL suggested that Magruder destroy documents from Magruder's files.
- 6. On or about June 20, 1972, G. Gordon Liddy met with Fred C. LaRue and ROBERT C. MARDIAN at LaRue's apartment in the District of Columbia, at which time Liddy told LaRue and MARDIAN that certain "commitments" had been made to and for the benefit of Liddy and other persons involved in the Watergate break-in.
- 7. On or about June 24, 1972, JOHN N. MITCHELL and ROBERT C. MARDIAN met with John W. Dean, III, at 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue in the District of Columbia, at which time MITCHELL and MARDIAN suggested to Dean that the CIA be requested to provide covert funds for the assistance of the persons involved in the Watergate break-in.

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- 8. On or about June 26, 1972, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN met with John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time EHRLICHMAN approved a suggestion that Dean ask General Vernon A. Walters, Deputy Director of the CIA, whether the CIA could use covert funds to pay the bail and salaries of the persons involved in the Watergate break-in.
- 9. On or about June 28, 1972, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN had a conversation with John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, during which EHRLICHMAN approved the use of Herbert W. Kalmbach to raise cash funds with which to make covert payments to and for the benefit of the persons involved in the Watergate break-in.

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- 10. On or about July 6, 1972, KENNETH W. PARKINSON had a conversation with William O. Bittman in or about the District of Columbia, during which PARKINSON told Bittman that "Rivers is OK to talk to."
- 11. On or about July 7, 1972, Anthony Ulasewicz delivered approximately \$25,000 in cash to William O. Bittman at 815 Connecticut Avenue, N. W., in the District of Columbia.
- 12. In or about mid-July, 1972, JOHN N. MITCHELL and KENNETH W. PARKINSON met with John W. Dean, III, at 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. in the District of Columbia, at which time MITCHELL advised Dean to obtain FBI reports of the investigation into the Watergate break-in for PARKINSON and others.
- 13. On or about July 17, 1972, Anthony Ulasewicz delivered approximately \$40,000 in cash to Dorothy Hunt at Washington National Airport.

- 14. On or about July 17, 1972, Anthony Ulasewicz delivered approximately \$8,000 in cash to G. Gordon Liddy at Washington National Airport.
- 15. On or about July 21, 1972, ROBERT C. MARDIAN met with John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time MARDIAN examined FBI reports of the investigation concerning the Watergate break-in.
- 16. On or about July 26, 1972, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN met with Herbert W. Kalmbach at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time EHRLICHMAN told Kalmbach that Kalmbach had to raise funds with which to make payments to and for the benefit of the persons involved in the Watergate break-in, and that it was necessary to keep such fund raising and payments secret.
- 17. In or about late July or early August, 1972, Anthony Ulasewicz made a delivery of approximately \$43,000 in cash at Washington National Airport.
- 18. In or about late July or early August, 1972, Anthony Ulasewicz made a delivery of approximately \$18,000 in cash at Washington National Airport.
- 19. On or about August 29, 1972, CHARLES W. COLSON had a conversation with John W. Dean, III, during which Dean advised COLSON not to send a memorandum to the authorities investigating the Watergate break-in.
- 20. On or about September 19, 1972, Anthony Ulasewicz delivered approximately \$53,500 in cash to Dorothy Eunt at Washington National Airport.
- 21. On or about October 13, 1972, in the District of Columbia, Fred C. LaRue arranged for the delivery of approximately \$20,000 in cash to William O. Bittman.





- 22. On or about November 13, 1972, in the District of Columbia, E. Howard Hunt, Jr., had a telephone conversation with CHARLES W. COLSON, during which Hunt discussed with COLSON the need to make additional payments to and for the benefit of the defendants in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- 23. In or about mid-November, 1972, CHARLES W. COLSON met with John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time COLSON gave Dean a tape recording of a telephone conversation between COLSON and E. Howard Hunt, Jr.
- 24. On or about November 15, 1972, John W. Dean, III, met with JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN and HARRY R. HALDEMAN at Camp David, Maryland, at which time Dean played for EHRLICHMAN and HALDEMAN a tape recording of a telephone conversation between CHARLES W. COLSON and E. Howard Hunt, Jr.
- 25. On or about November 15, 1972, John W. Dean, III, met with JOHN N. MITCHELL in New York City, at which time Dean played for MITCHELL a tape recording of a telephone conversation between CHARLES W. COLSON and E. Howard Hunt, Jr.
- 26. On or about December 1, 1972, KENNETH W.

  PARKINSON met with John W. Dean, III, at the White House
  in the District of Columbia, at which time PARKINSON gave
  Dean a list of anticipated expenses of the defendants during the trial of Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United
  States District Court for the District of Columbia.

- 27. In or about early December, 1972, HARRY R. HALDEMAN had a telephone conversation with John W. Dean, III, during which HALDEMAN approved the use of a portion of a cash fund of approximately \$350,000, then being held under HALDEMAN's control, to make additional payments to and for the benefit of the defendants in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- 28. In or about early December, 1972, GORDON STRACHAN met with Fred C. LaRue at LaRue's apartment in the District of Columbia, at which time STRACHAN delivered approximately \$50,000 in cash to LaRue.
- 29. In or about early December, 1972, in the District of Columbia, Fred C. LaRue arranged for the delivery of approximately \$40,000 in cash to William O. Bittman.
- 30. On or about January 3, 1973, CHARLES W. COLSON met with JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN and John W. Dean, III, at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time COLSON, EHRLICHMAN and Dean discussed the need to make assurances to E. Howard Hunt, Jr. concerning the length of time E. Howard Hunt, Jr. would have to spend in jail if he were convicted in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- 31. In or about early January, 1973, HARRY R. HALDEMAN had a conversation with John W. Dean, III, during which HALDEMAN approved the use of the balance of the cash fund referred to in Overt Act No. 27 to make additional payments to and for the benefit of the defendants in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.



- 32. In or about early January, 1973, GORDON STRACHAN met with Fred C. LaRue at LaRue's apartment in the District of Columbia, at which time STRACHAN delivered approximately \$300,000 in cash to LaRue.
- 33. In or about early January, 1973, JOHN N.
  MITCHELL had a telephone conversation with John W. Dean,
  III, during which MITCHELL asked Dean to have John C.
  Caulfield give an assurance of executive clemency to
  James W. McCord, Jr.

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- 34. In or about mid-January, 1973, in the District of Columbia, Fred C. LaRue arranged for the delivery of approximately \$20,000 in cash to a representative of G. Gordon Liddy.
- 35. On or about February 11, 1973, in Rancho La Costa, California, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN and HARRY R. HALDEMAN met with John W. Dean, III, and discussed the need to raise money with which to make additional payments to and for the benefit of the defendants in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.
- 36. In or about late February, 1973, in the District of Columbia, Fred C. LaRue arranged for the delivery of approximately \$25,000 in cash to William O. Bittman.
- 37. In or about late February, 1973, in the District of Columbia, Fred C. LaRue arranged for the delivery of approximately \$35,000 in cash to William O. Bittman.
- 38. On or about March 16, 1973, E. Howard Hunt, Jr., met with Paul O'Brien at 815 Connecticut Avenue, N. W. in the District of Columbia, at which time Hunt told O'Brien that Hunt wanted approximately \$120,000.



- 39. On or about March 19, 1973, JOHN D.

  EHRLICHMAN had a conversation with John W. Dean, III,
  at the White House in the District of Columbia, during
  which EHRLICHMAN told Dean to inform JOHN N. MITCHELL
  about the fact that E. Howard Hunt, Jr. had asked
  for approximately \$120,000.
- 40. On or about March 21, 1973, from approximately 11:15 a.m. to approximately noon, HARRY R. HALDEMAN and John W. Dean, III, attended a meeting at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time there was a discussion about the fact that E. Howard Hunt, Jr. had asked for approximately \$120,000.
- 41. On or about March 21, 1973, at approximately 12:30 p.m., HARRY R. HALDEMAN had a telephone conversation with JOHN N. MITCHELL.
- 42. On or about the early afternoon of March 21, 1973, JOHN N. MITCHELL had a telephone conversation with Fred C. LaRue during which MITCHELL authorized LaRue to make a payment of approximately \$75,000 to and for the benefit of E. Howard Hunt, Jr.
- 43. On or about the evening of March 21, 1973, in the District of Columbia, Fred C. LaRue arranged for the delivery of approximately \$75,000 in cash to William O. Bittman.
- 44. On or about March 22, 1973, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, and John W. Dean, III, met with JOHN N. MITCHELL at the White House in the District of Columbia, at which time MITCHELL assured EHRLICHMAN that E. Howard Hunt, Jr. was not a "problem" any longer.





45. On or about March 22, 1973, JOHN D.

EHRLICHMAN had a conversation with Egil Krogh at
the White House in the District of Columbia, at
which time EHRLICHMAN assured Krogh that EHRLICHMAN
did not believe that E. Howard Hunt, Jr. would reveal
certain matters.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.)



#### COUNT TWO

The Grand Jury further charges:

1. From on or about June 17, 1972, up to and including the date of the filing of this indictment, in the District of Columbia, and elsewhere, JOHN N. MITCHELL, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, CHARLES W. COLSON, KENNETH W. PARKINSON and GORDON STRACHAN, the DEFENDANTS, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly did corruptly influence, obstruct and impede, and did corruptly endeavor to influence, obstruct and impede the due administration of justice in connection with an investigation being conducted by: the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia, in conjunction with a Grand Jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, and in connection with the trial of Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, by making cash payments and offers of other benefits to and for the benefit of the defendants in Criminal Case No. 1827-72 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, and to others, both prior to and subsequent to the return of the indictment on September 15, 1972, for the purpose of concealing and causing to be concealed the identities of the persons who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of the activities which were the subject of the investigation and trial, and by other means.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1503 and 2.)

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## COUNT THREE

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about July 5, 1972, in the District of Columbia, JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, did knowingly and willfully make false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations to agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, which Department was then conducting an investigation into a matter within its jurisdiction, namely, whether violations of 18 U.S.C. 371, 2511, and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States and the District of Columbia, had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in connection with the break-in at the Democratic National Committee Headquarters at the Watergate office building on June 17, 1972, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations, in that he stated that he had no knowledge of the break-in at the Democratic National Committee Headquarters other than what he had read in newspaper accounts of that incident.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.)





## COUNT FOUR

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about September 14, 1972, in the District of Columbia, JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath that he would testify truthfully, and while testifying in a proceeding before the June, 1972 Grand Jury, a Grand Jury of the United States, duly empanelled and sworn in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, did knowingly make false material declarations as hereinafter set forth.
- Grand Jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia was conducting an investigation in conjunction with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to determine whether violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371, 2511, and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States and of the District of Columbia had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations.
- 3. It was material to the said investigation that the said Grand Jury ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C., and related activities.



- 4. At the time and place alleged, JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath at a proceeding before the said Grand Jury, did knowingly declare with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:
  - Q. Was there any program, to your knowledge, at the Committee, or any effort made to organize a covert or clandestine operation, basically, you know, illegal in nature, to get information or to gather intelligence about the activities of any of the Democratic candidates for public office or any activities of the Democratic Party?
  - A. Certainly not, because, if there had been, I would have shut it off as being entirely non-productive at that particular time of the campaign.
  - Q. Did you have any knowledge, direct or indirect, of Mr. Liddy's activities with respect to any intelligence gathering effort with respect to the activities of the Democratic candidates or its Party?

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- A. None whatsoever, because I didn't know there was anything going on or that nature, if there was. So I wouldn't anticitate having heard anything about his activities in connection with it.
- 5. The underscored portions of the declarations quoted in paragraph 4, made by JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT were material to the said investigation and, as he then and there well knew, were false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623.)





#### COUNT FIVE

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about April 20, 1973, in the District of Columbia, JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath that he would testify truthfully, and while testifying in a proceeding before the June, 1972 Grand Jury, a Grand Jury of the United States, duly empanelled and sworn in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, did knowingly make false material declarations as hereinafter set forth.
- Grand Jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia was conducting an investigation in conjunction with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to determine whether violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371, 2511, and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States and of the District of Columbia had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations.
- 3. It was material to the said investigation that the said Grand Jury ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed information relating to unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C., and related activities.



4. At the time and place alleged, JOHN N.
MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under
oath at a proceeding before the said Grand Jury, did
knowingly declare with respect to the material matters
alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:

Q. Did Mr. LaRue tell you that Mr. Liddy had confessed to him?

- A. No, I don't recall that, no.
- Q. Did Mr. Mardian tell you that he'd confessed to him?
  - A. No.

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- Q. Do you deny that?
- A. Pardon me?
- Q. Do you deny that?
- A. I have no recollection of that.

Q. So Mr. Mardian did not report to you that Mr. Liddy had confessed to him?

- A. Not to my recollection, Mr. Glanzer.
- Q. That would be something that you would remember, if it happened, wouldn't you?
  - A. Yes, I would.

Q. I didn't ask you that. I asked you were you told by either Mr. Mardian or Mr. LaRue or anybody else, at the Committee, prior to June 28th, 1972, that Mr. Liddy had told them that he was involved in the Watergate breaktin?

- A. I have no such recollection.
- 5. The underscored portions of the declarations quoted in paragraph 4, made by JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDS were material to the said investigation and, as he then and there well knew, were false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623.)

## COUNT SIX

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about July 10 and July 11, 1973, in the District of Columbia, JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath before a competent tribunal, to wit, the Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities, a duly created and authorized Committee of the United States Senate conducting official hearings and inquiring into a matter in which a law of the United States authorizes an oath to be administered, that he would testify truly, did willfully, knowingly and contrary to such oath state material matters hereinafter set forth which he did not believe to be true.
- 2. At the time and place alleged, the said Committee was conducting an investigation and study, pursuant to the provisions of Senate Resolution 60 adopted by the United States Senate on February 7, 1973, of the extent, if any, to which illegal, improper or unethical activities were engaged in by any persons, acting either individually or in combination with others, in the presidential election of 1972, or in any related campaign or canvass conducted by or in behalf of any person seeking nomination or election as the candidate of any political party for the office of President of the United States in such election, for the purpose of determining whether in its judgment any occurrences which might be revealed by the investigation and study indicated the necessity or desirability of the enactment of new legislation to safeguard the electoral process by which the President of the United States is chosen.



- and study that the said Committee ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed information relating to (a) unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C., and (b) related activities, through such means as the destruction of documents and other evidence of said facts.
- 4. At the times and place alleged, JOHN N.
  MITCHELL, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath
  before the said Committee, did willfully and knowingly
  state with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:

## July 10, 1973:

Mr. Dash. Was there a meeting in your apartment on the evening that you arrived in Washington on June 19, attended by Mr. LaRue, Mr. Magruder --

Mr. Mitchell. Magruder and myself, that is correct.

Mr. Dash. Do you recall the purpose of that meeting, the discussion that took place there?

Mr. Mitchell. I recall that we had been traveling all day and, of course, we had very little information about what the current status was of the entry of the Democratic National Committee, and we met at the apartment to discuss it. They were, of course, clamoring for a response from the Committee because of Mr. McCord's involvement, etc., etc., and we had quite a general discussion of the subject matter.

Mr. Dash. Do you recall any discussion of the so-called either Gemstone files or wiretapping files that you had in your possession?





Mr. Mitchell. No, I had not heard of the Gemstone files as of that reeting and, as of that date, I had not heard that anybody there at that particular meeting knew of the wiretapping aspects of that or had any connection with it.

## July 11, 1973:

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Senator Weicker. Now, on June 19, Mr. Magruder has testified and Mr. LaRue has stated that Mr. Mitchell, that you instructed Magruder to destroy the Gemstone files, to in fact, have a bonfire with them.

Senator Weicker. Did you suggest that any documents be destroyed, not necessarily Gem-stone.

Mr. Mitchell. To the best of my recollection.

Senator Weicker. At the June 19 meeting at your apartment?

Did you suggest that any documents be destroyed, not necessarily Gemstone or not necessarily documents that relate to electronic surveillance?

Mr. Mitchell. To the best of my recollection when I was there there was no such discussion of the destruction of any documents. That was not the type of a meeting we were naving.

5. The underscored portions of the declarations quoted in paragraph 4, made by JOHN N. MITCHELL, the DE-FENDANT, were material to the said investigation and study and, as he then and there well knew, were false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1621.)

## COUNT SEVEN

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about July 30, 1973, in the District of Columbia, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath before a competent tribunal, to wit, the Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities. a duly created and authorized Committee of the United States Senate conducting official hearings and inquiring into a matter in which a law of the United States authorizes an oath to be administered, that he would testify truly, did willfully, knowingly and contrary to such oath state material matters hereinafter set forth which he did not believe to be true.
- 2. At the time and place alleged, the said Committee was conducting an investigation and study, pursuant to the provisions of Senate Resolution 60 adopted by the United States Senate on February 7, 1973, of the extent, if any, to which illegal, improper or unethical activities were engaged in by any persons, acting either individually or in combination with others, in the presidential election of 1972, or in any related campaign or canvass conducted by or in behalf of any person seeking nomination or election as the candidate of any political party for the office of President of the United States in such election, for the purpose of determining whether in its judgment any occurrences which might be revealed by the investigation and study indicated the necessity or desirability of the enactment of new legislation to safeguard the electoral process by which the President of the United States is chosen.



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- and study that the said Committee ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed, information relating to (a) unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C. and (b) related activities, through such means as the payment and promise of payment of money and other things of value to participants in these activities and to their families.
- 4. At the time and place alleged, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath before the said Committee, did willfully and knowingly state with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:

I was told several times, starting in the summer of 1972, by John Dean and possibly also by John Mitchell that there was a need by the committee for funds to help take care of the legal fees and family support of the Watergate defendants. The committee apparently felt obliged to do this.

Since all information regarding the defense funds was given to me by John Dean, the counsel to the President, and possibly by John Mitchell, and since the arrangements for Kalmbach's collecting funds and for transferring the \$350,000 cash fund were made by John Dean, and since John Dean never stated at the time that the funds would be used for any other than legal legal [sic] and proper purposes, I had no reason to question the propriety or legality of the process of delivering the \$350,000 to the committee via LaRue or of having Kalmbach raise funds.



I have no personal knowledge of what was done with the funds raised by Kalmbach or with the \$350,000 that was delivered by Strachan to LaRue.

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It would appear that, at the White House at least, John Dean was the only one who knew that the funds were for "hush money", if, in fact, that is what they were for. The rest of us relied on Dean and all thought that what was being done was legal and proper. No one, to my knowledge, was aware that these funds involved either blackmail or "hush money" until this suggestion was raised in March of 1973.

5. The underscored portion of the statements quoted in paragraph 4, made by HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, was material to the said investigation and study and, as he then and there well knew, was false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1621.)





## COUNT EIGHT

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about July 30 and July 31, 1973, in the District of Columbia, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath before a competent tribunal, to wit, the Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities, a duly created and authorized Committee of the United States Senate conducting official hearings and inquiring into a matter in which a law of the United States authorizes an oath to be administered, that he would testify truly, did willfully, knowingly and contrary to such oath state material matters hereinafter set forth which he did not believe to be true.
- 2. At the times and place alleged, the said Committee was conducting an investigation and study, pursuant to the provisions of Senate Resolution 60 adopted by the United States Senate on February 7, 1973, of the extent, if any, to which illegal, improper or unethical activities were engaged in by any persons, acting either individually or in combination with others, in the presidential election of 1972, or in any related campaign or canvass conducted by or in behalf of any person seeking nomination or election as the candidate of any political party for the office of President of the United States in such election, for the purpose of determining whether in its judgment any occurrences which might be revealed by the investigation and study indicated the necessity or desirability of the enactment of new legislation to safeguard the electoral process by which the President of the United States is chosen.

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- 3. It was material to the said investigation and study that the said Committee ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed, information relating to (a) unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C., and (b) related activities, through such means as the payment and promise of payment of money and other things of value to participants in these activities and to their families.
- 4. At the times and place alleged, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath before the said Committee, did willfully and knowingly state with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:

## July 30, 1973:

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I was present for the final 40 minutes of the President's meeting with John Dean on the morning of March 21. Whilte [sic] I was not present for the first hour of the meeting, I did listen to the tape of the entire meeting.

Following is the substance of that meeting to the best of my recollection.

He[Dean] also reported on a current Hunt blackmail threat. He said Hunt was demanding \$120,000 or else he would tell about the seamy things he had done for Ehrlichman. The President pursued this in considerable detail, obviously trying to smoke out what was really going on. He led Dean on regarding the process and what he would recommend doing. He asked such things as -- "Well, this is the thing you would recommend? we ought to do this? is that





right?" and he asked where the money would come from? how it would be delivered? and so on. He asked how much money would be involved over the years and Dean said "probably a million dollars -- but the problem is that it is hard to raise." The President said "there is no problem in raising a million dollars, we can do that, but it would be wrong."

## July 31, 1973:

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Senator Baker. . . . What I want to point out to you is that one statement in your addendum seems to me to be of extraordinary importance and I want to test the accuracy of your recollection and the quality of your note-taking from those tapes, and I am referring to the last, next to the last, no, the third from the last sentence on page 2, "The President said there is no problem in raising a million dollars. We can do that but it would be wrong."

Now, if the period were to follow after "We can do that", it would be a most damning statement. If, in fact, the tapes clearly show he said "but it would be wrong," it is an entirely different context. Now, how sure are you, Mr. Haldeman, that those tapes, in fact say that?

Mr. Haldeman. I am absolutely positive that the tapes --

Senator Baker. Did you hear it with your own voice?

Mr. Haldeman. With my own ears, yes.

Senator Baker. I mean with your own ears. Was there any distortion in the quality of the tape in that respect?

Mr. Haldeman. No, I do not believe so.

Senator Ervin. Then the tape said that the President said that there was no problem raising a million dollars.

Mr. Haldeman. Well, I should put that the way it really came, Mr. Chairman, which was that Dean said when the President said how much money are you talking about here and Dean said over a period of years probably a million dollars, but it would be very hard -- it is very hard to raise that money. And the President said





it is not hard to raise it. We can raise a million dollars. And then got into the guestion of, in the one case perore I came into the meeting making a statement that it would be wrong and in other exploration of this getting into the -- trying to find out what Dean was talking about in terms of a million dollars.

Senator Ervin. Can you point -- are you familiar with the testimony Dean gave about his conversations on the 13th and the 21st of March with the President?

Mr. Haldeman. I am generally familiar with it, yes, sir.

Senator Ervin. Well, this tape corroborates virtually everything he said except that he said that the President could be -that the President said there would be no difficulty about raising the money and you say the only difference in the tape is that the President also added that but that would be wrong.

Mr. Haldeman. And there was considerable other discussion about what you do, what Dean would recommend, what should be done, how -- what this process is and this sort of thing. It was a very -- there was considerable exploration in the area.

5. The underscored portions of the statements quoted in paragraph 4, made by HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, were material to the said investigation and study and, as he then and there well knew, were false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1621.)





## COUNT NINE

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about August 1, 1973, in the District of Columbia, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath before a competent tribunal, to wit, the Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities, a duly created and authorized Committee of the United States Senate conducting official hearings and inquiring into a matter in which a law of the United States authorizes an oath to be administered, that he would testify truly, did willfully, knowingly and contrary to such oath state material matters hereinafter set forth which he did not believe to be true.
- 2. At the time and place alleged, the said Committee was conducting an investigation and study, pursuant to the provisions of Senate Resolution 60 adopted by the United States Senate on February 7, 1973, of the extent, if any, to which illegal, improper or unethical activities were engaged in by any persons, acting either individually or in combination with others, in the presidential election of 1972, or in any related campaign or canvass conducted by or in behalf of any person seeking nomination or election as the candidate of any political party for the office of President of the United States in such election, for the purpose of determining whether in its judgment any occurrences which might be revealed by the investigation and study indicated the necessity or desirability of the enactment of new legislation to safeguard the electoral process by which the President of the United States is chosen.





3. It was material to the said investigation and study that the said Committee ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed, information relating to (a) unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C., and (b) related activities, through such means as the commission of perjury and subornation of perjury.

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4. At the time and place alleged, HARRY R.

HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under
oath before the said Committee, did willfully and knowingly state with respect to the material matters alleged
in paragraph 3 as follows:

Senator Gurney. Let's turn to the March 21 meeting.

Senator Gurney. Do you recall any discussion by Dean about Magruder's false testimony before the Grand Jury?

Mr. Haldeman. There was a reference to his feeling that Magruder had known about the Watergate planning and break-in ahead of it, in other words, that he was aware of what had gone on at Watergate. I don't believe there was any reference to Magruder committing perjury.

5. The underscored portion of the statements quoted in paragraph 4, made by HARRY R. HALDEMAN, the DEFENDANT, was material to the said investigation and study and, as he then and there well knew, was false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1621.)





#### COUNT TEN

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about July 21, 1973, in the District of Columbia, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, did knowingly and willfully make false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations to agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, which Department was then conducting an investigation into a . matter within its jurisdiction, namely, whether violations of 18 U.S.C. 371, 2511, and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States and the District of Columbia, had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in connection with the break-in at the Democratic National Committee Headquarters at the Watergate office building on June 17, 1972, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations, in that he stated that he had neither received nor was he in possession of any information relative to the break-in at the Democratic National Committee Headquarters on June 17, 1972, other than what he had read in the way of newspaper accounts of that incident.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.)



#### COUNT ELEVEN

The Grand Jury further charges:

- l. On or about May 3, and May 9, 1973, in the District of Columbia, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath that he would testify truthfully, and while testifying in a proceeding before the June, 1972 Grand Jury, a Grand Jury of the United States, duly empanelled and sworn in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, did knowingly make false material declarations as hereinafter set forth.
- 2. At the times and place alleged, the June,
  1972 Grand Jury of the United States District Court for
  the District of Columbia was conducting an investigation
  in conjunction with the United States Attorney's Office
  for the District of Columbia and the Federal Bureau of
  Investigation to determine whether violations of Title
  18, United States Code, Sections 371, 2511, and 22 D.C.
  Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States
  and of the District of Columbia had been committed in
  the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and to identify
  the individual or individuals who had committed, caused
  the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations.
- 3. It was material to the said investigation that the said Grand Jury ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed, information relating to unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D.C., and related activities.





4. At the times and place alleged, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath at a proceeding before the said Grand Jury, did knowingly declare with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:

## May 3, 1973:

- Q. Mr. Ehrlichman, going back to that first week following the Watergate arrest, did you have any conversations besides those on Monday with Mr. Dean?
  - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Will you relate those to the ladies and gentlemen of the Grand Jury?
- A. Well, I don't recall the content specifically of most of them. I know that I saw Mr. Dean because my log shows that he was in my office. I think it was four times that week, once in a large meeting -- excuse me, more than four times.

He was in alone twice on Monday, and in the large meeting that I have described. He was in twice alone on other occasions, and then he was in a meeting that I had with Pat Gray -- well, that was the following week. It was a span of seven days, within the span of seven days.

- Q. All right. Now at any of those meetings with Mr. Dean, was the subject matter brought up of a person by the name of Gordon Liddy?
- A. I can't say specifically one way or the other.
- Q. So you can neither confirm nor deny that anything with respect to Mr. Liddy was brought up at any of those meetings, is that correct, sir?
- A. I don't recall whether Mr. Liddy was being mentioned in the press and would have been the subject of an inquiry by scmebody from the outside. If he would have, then it is entirely probable that his name came up.





- Q. All right. Let's assume for a moment that Mr. Liddy's name did not in that first week arise in the press. Can you think of any other context in which his name came up, excluding any possible press problem with respect to the name of Liddy?
- A. I have no present recollection of that having happened.
- Q. So you can neither confirm nor deny whether or not the name of Gordon Liddy came up in the course of any conversation you had with Mr. Dean during that week, or for that matter with anyone else?
- A. That's right, unless I had some specific event to focus on. Just to take those meetings in the abstract, I can't say that I have any recollection of that having happened in any of those.

- Q. All right. Let's take the example of did anyone advise you, directly or indirectly, that Mr. Liddy was implicated or involved in the Watergate affair?
- A. Well, they did at some time, and  $\underline{\underline{I}}$  don't know whether it was during that week or not.
- Q. To the best of your recollection, when was that done, sir?
  - A. I'm sorry but I just don't remember.
- Q. Well, who was it that advised you of that?
- A. I think it was Mr. Dean, but I don't remember when he did it.
- Q. Would it have been within a month of the investigation? Within three months of the investigation?
  - A. I'm sorry but I just don't know.
- Q. You can't even say then whether it was within a week, a month, or three months? Is that correct, sir?
- A. Well, I think it was fairly early on, but to say it was within a week or two weeks or something, I just don't know.





- Q. Now Mr. Dean advised you that Mr. Liddy was implicated. Did you advise the United States Attorney or the Attorney General, or any other law enforcement agency immediately or at any time after?
- A. No. I don't think it was private information at the time I heard it.
- Q. Well, did you inquire to find out whether or not it was private information?
- A. To the best of my recollection, when I first heard it it was not in the nature of exclusively known to Dean, or anything of that kind.
- Q. Well, was it in the newspapers that he was involved?
- A. I'm sorry. I just don't remember. It probably was, but I just don't recall.
- Q. You mean the first time you found out from Mr. Dean that Liddy was involved, Mr. Ehrlichman, it was in the same newspaper or the newspapers that you yourself could have read?
- A. No, no. I am telling you that I cannot remember the relationship of time, but my impression is that he was not giving me special information that was not available to other people.
- A lot of Mr. Dean's information came out of the Justice Department apparently, and so I think the impression I had was whatever he was giving us by way of information was known to a number of other people. That's what I meant by special information.

## May 9, 1973:

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- Q. When did you first become aware that Mr. Liddy was involved?
  - A. I don't know.
  - Q. You don't know?
  - A. No, sir.
  - Q. Did you ever become aware of it?
- A. Well, obviously I did, but I don't know when that was.



- Q. Was it in June?
- A. I say I don't know.
- Q. Who told you?
- A. I don't know.
- Q. How did you learn it?
- A. I don't recall.
- 5. The underscored portions of the declarations quoted in paragraph 4, made by JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, were material to the said investigation and, as he then and there well knew, were false.—

  (Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623.)



## COUNT TWELVE

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about May 3 and May 9, 1973, in the District of Columbia, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath that he would testify truthfully, and while testifying in a proceeding before the June, 1972.

  Grand Jury, a Grand Jury of the United States, duly empanelled and sworn in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, did knowingly make false material declarations as hereinafter set forth.
- 2. At the time and place alleged, the June, 1972 Grand Jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia was conducting an investigation in conjunction with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to determine whether violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371, 2511, and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and other statutes of the United States and of the District of Columbia had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations.
- 3. It was material to the said investigation that the said Grand Jury ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed, information relating to unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of



the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D. C., and related activities.

4. At the times and place alleged, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath at a proceeding before the said Grand Jury, did knowingly declare with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:

#### May 3, 1973:

- Q. Now with respect to that, what further information did you receive that really related to this fundraising for the defendants and the defense counsel and their families?
- A. I had a call from Mr. Kalmbach within four or five days to verify whether or not I had in fact talked to John Dean. I said that I had.
  - Q. This was a telephone call, sir?
- A. I think it was. It may have been during a visit. I'm not sure. I used to see Mr. Kalmbach periodically about all kinds of things.

It may have been during a visit, but I think it was just a phone call.

He said substantially that John Dean had called me and said that I had no objection, and I said, "Herb, if you don't have any objection to doing it, I don't have any objection to your doing it, Covicusly."

He said, "No, I don't mind," and he went ahead.

- Q. So far as you recall the only conversation that you recall is Mr. Kalmbach saying to you, "John Dean has asked me to do this," and you stated that you had no objection. He said that he was checking with you to determine whether you had any objection or not?
  - A. He was checking on Dean.
  - Q. On Dean?
  - A. Yes.





- Q. And you said to him, "If you don't have any objection then I don't have any objection"?
  - A. Right.
- Q. Was there any discussion between the two of you as to the purpose for which this money was to be raised?
  - A. I don't think so.
- Q. Did you in any way approve the purpose for which this money was being given?
  - A. No, I don't think so. I don't recall doing so.
- Q. Based on your testimony for the background of this, there would have been no basis for your approval or for you to affirm that?
- A. That's right. That's why I say that I don't believe that I did.
- Q. And your best recollection is that you did not?
  - A. That's right.
- Q. Do you have any recollection of Mr. Kalmbach inquiring of you whether or not this was appropriate, sir?
  - A. Questioning me with respect to that?
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. No, I don't.
  - Q. He did not, to the best of your recollection?
  - A. I don't have any recollection of his doing so.

## May 9, 1973:

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- Q. You had never expressed, say back six or seven months ago, to Mr. Kalmbach that the raising of the money should be kept as a secret matter, and it would be either political dynamite, or comparable words, if it ever got out, when Mr. Kalmbach came to see you?
  - A. No, I don't recall ever saying that.
- 5. The underscored portions of the declarations quoted in paragraph 4, made by JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, the





DEFENDENT, were material to the said investigation and, as he then and there well knew, were false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623.)

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#### COUNT THIRTEEN

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 1. On or about April 11, 1973, in the District of Columbia, GORDON STRACHAN, the DEFENDANT, having duly taken an oath that he would testify truthfully, and while testifying in a proceeding before the June, 1972 Grand Jury, a Grand Jury of the United States, duly empanelled and sworn in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, did knowingly make false material declarations as hereinafter set forth.
- 2. At the time and place alleged, the June, 1972 Grand Jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia was conducting an investigation in conjunction with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to determine whether violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371, 2511, and 22 D.C. Code 1801(b), and of other statutes of the United States and of the District of Columbia had been committed in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and to identify the individual or individuals who had committed, caused the commission of, and conspired to commit such violations.
- 3. It was material to the said investigation that the said Grand Jury ascertain the identity and motives of the individual or individuals who were responsible for, participated in, and had knowledge of efforts to conceal, and to cause to be concealed, information relating to unlawful entries into, and electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic National Committee located in the Watergate office building in Washington, D.C., and related activities.





- 4. At the time and place alleged, GORDON STRACHAN, the DEFENDANT, appearing as a witness under oath at a proceeding before the said Grand Jury, did knowingly declare with respect to the material matters alleged in paragraph 3 as follows:
  - Q. Did you, yourself, ever receive any money from the Committee for the Re-election of the President, or from the finance committee to re-elect the President?
    - A. Yes, sir, I did.

- Q. Can you tell the ladies and gentlemen of the Grand Jury about that?
- A. Yes, sir. On April 6, 1972, I received \$350,000 in cash.
  - Q. From whom?
  - A. From Hugh Sloan.
- Q. What was done with the money after you received it from Mr. Sloan on April 6th?
  - A. I put it in the safe.
  - Q. Was the money ever used?
  - A. Pardon?
  - Q. Was the money ever used?
  - A. No, the money was not used.
- Q. To your knowledge, was it ever taken out of the safe?
  - A. No.
  - Q. To your knowledge, is it still there?
  - A. No, it is not.
  - Q. Where is it?
- A. I returned it to the committee, at Mr. Haldeman's direction, at the end of November.



- Q. November of '72?
- A. Yes, '72, or early December.
- Q. To whom did you return it?
- A. To Fred LaRue.
- Q. Where did that transfer take place?
- A. I gave it to Mr. LaRue in his apartment.
- Q. That was either late November or early December?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Well, let me ask you this: Why would it have been given to Mr. LaRue at his apartment as opposed to being given to the Committee?
- A. Well, Mr. LaRue is a member of the Committee and he just asked me to bring it by on my way home from work.
- Q. After Mr. Haldeman told you to return the money, what did you do? Did you contact someone to arrange for the delivery?
  - A. Yes, I contacted Mr. LaRue.
- $\ensuremath{\mathtt{Q}}.$  That was at Mr. Haldeman's suggestion or direction?
  - . . A. No.
- Q. Why is it that you would have called Mr. LaRue?
- A. I don't think Stans was in the country at that time. He was not available.
- . Q. What position did Mr. LaRue occupy that would have made you call him?
  - A. He was the senior campaign official.
  - Q. That's the only reason you called him?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. No one suggested you call him?
  - A. No.





Q. Was anyone present in Mr. LaRue's apartment at the hotel when you delivered the money to him?

#### A. No.

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- Q. Did you ever tell anyone to whom you had given the money? Did you report back to either Mr. Haldeman or anyone else that you had delivered the money and to whom you had delivered the money?
- A. I don't think so. I could have mentioned that I had done it. When I received an order, I did it.
  - Q. Did you get a receipt for the money?
  - A. No, I did not.
  - Q. Did you ask for it?
  - A. No, I did not.
  - A JUROR: Why?

THE WITNESS: I did not give a receipt when I received the money, so I didn't ask for one when I gave it back.

A JUROR: Did someone count the money when it came in and when it went out, so they knew there were no deductions made from that \$350,000?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I counted the money when I received it, and I counted it when I gave it back.

A JUROR: You solely counted it; no one else was with you?

THE WITNESS: I counted it when I received it alone, and I counted it in front of Mr. LaRue when I gave it back.

A JUROR: You had that money in the White House for seven months and did nothing with it?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

- Q. So who told you to give it to Mr. LaRue?
- A. I decided to give it to Mr. LaRue.
- Q. On your own initiative?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Who do you report to?
- A. Mr. Haldeman.





- Q. Did you report back to Mr. Haldeman that you gave it to Mr. LaRue?
  - A. No, I did not.
  - Q. You just kept this all to yourself?
- A. He was a senior official at the campaign. I gave it back to him. He said he would account for it, and that was it.
- Q. Who told you to go to Mr. LaRue and give him the money?
  - A. I decided that myself.
- Q. Do you have a memo in your file relating to this incident?
  - A. No, I do not.

- Q. Did you discuss this incident with anybody afterwards?
- A. Yes, I told Mr. Haldeman afterwards that I had given the money to Mr. LaRue.
  - Q. What did he say to you?
  - A. Fine. He was a senior campaign official.
- Q. What time of day was it that you gave it to Mr. LaRue?
  - A. In the evening, after work.
- Q. Does the finance committee or the Committee to Re-elect the President conduct its business in Mr. LaRue's apartment?
- A. No. It was a matter of courtesy. He's a senior official. He asked me to drop it by after work.

THE FOREMAN: Do you have any idea why Mr. LaRue asked you to return this money to his apartment, where actually you could just walk across 17th Street?

THE WITNESS: No, I do not.

THE FOREMAN: And you could have had the protection of the Secret Service guards with all that money, if you were afraid someone might snatch it from you.





THE WITNESS: I wouldn't ask for the Secret Service guards protection.

A JUROR: Why not?

THE WITNESS: They protect only the President and his family.

THE FOREMAN: Or the White House guards, whoever. I mean, I find it somewhat dangerous for a person to be carrying this amount of money in Washington, in the evening, and you accompanied by your brother, when it would have been much easier and handier just to walk across 17th Street.

THE WITNESS: I agree, and I was nervous doing it, but I did it.

THE FOREMAN: I'm still puzzled. You get the money from the treasurer or whatever Mr. Sloan's position was in the Committee -- shall we say on an official basis, between the disburser and you as the receiver, and the money sits in the safe for seven months; then Mr. Haldeman decides it has to go back to the Committee. You call Mr. LaRue -- you don't call Mr. Sloan and say "Hugh, seven months ago you gave me this \$350,000 and we haven't used any of it; I'd like to give it back to you since I got it from you", but you call Mr. LaRue.

THE WITNESS: Mr. Sloan was no longer with the Committee at that time.

THE FOREMAN: Well, whoever took Mr. Sloan's place.

THE WITNESS: Mr. Barrett took Mr. Sloan's place.

THE FOREMAN: Why didn't you call him?

THE WITNESS: I honestly don't know.

Q. When you got to Mr. LaRue's apartment was he expecting you?

- A. Yes. I said I would be by.
- Q. And no one was present when you were there?
- A. No, sir.



- Q. Was the money counted?
- A. Yos, sir, I counted it.

A JUROR: It must have taken a long time to count that money.

THE WITNESS: It did. It took about 45 minutes. It takes a long time to count it.

- \_\_\_ Q. How did you carry this money? --
  - A. . In a briefcase.
- Q. Did you take the briefcase back, or did you leave it?
  - A. No, I left the briefcase.
  - Q. Whose briefcase was it?
- A. Gee, I think it was mine. I'm honestly not sure.
  - Q. Did you ever get the briefcase back?
  - A. I don't think so.
- Q. Have you spoken to Mr. LaRue since that day?
- A. No -- well, I ran into him at a party two weeks ago.
  - Q. Did you have a discussion?
  - A. No, just talked to him.
- 5. The underscored portions of the declarations quoted in paragraph 4, made by GORDON STRACHAN, the DEFENDANT; were material to the said investigation and, as he then and there well knew, were false.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1623.)

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LECT JAWONSKI
Special Prosecutor
Watergate Special Prosecution
Porce



# ARRAIGNMENT AND PROCESSING

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WFO 139-166 AJL:dah 1

On March 9, 1974, before Chief Judge JCHN J. SIRICA, JOHN N. MITCHELL, HARRY R. HALDEMAN, JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN, ROBERT C. MARDIAN, CHARLES W. COLSON, KENNETH WELLS PARKINSON, and GORDON C. STRACHAN entered not guilty pleas to the March 1, 1974, indictment.

COLSON and EMPLICHMAN then entered not guilty pleas to the indictment of March 7, 1974. EMPLICHMAN, who has been charged with violation of Title 18, Sections 241, 1001, and 1623 of the United States Code, pled not guilty.

COLSON, who is charged with violation of Title 18, Section 241 of United States Code, also pled not guilty.

Judge SIRICA released all persons on personal bond and ordered them to turn in their passports. Judge SIRICA reminded the defendants that a trial date of September 9, 1974, has been set in the "Watergate case."

With respect to the "ELLSBERG" matter, Judge SIRICA advised he was accepting the not guilty pleas of COLSON and EHRLICHMAN in behalf of Judge GERHARD GESELL since GESELL has been assigned that matter.

On Merch 8, 1974, ROBERT C. MARDIAN of Phoenix, Arizona, appeared at the Washington Field Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to be fingerprinted and photographed. MANDIAN was accompanied by his attorney, THOMAS GREEN.

On March 9, 1974, MITCHELL, EMRLICHMAN, HALDEMAN, COLSON, STRACHAN, and PARKINSON appeared at the Mashington Field Office of the Federal Eureau of Investigation in the prosence of their attorneys and were photographed and finger-printed.



# GEORGE GORDON LIDDY



WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE 1425 K Street N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

MARCH 7, 1974

THE FOLLOWING INDICTMENT WAS HANDED DOWN BY A FEDERAL GRAND JURY IN WASHINGTON TODAY:

NAME:

George Gordon Liddy, 43, Oxon Hill, Md.

CHARGE: TWO COUNTS. Violation of Title 2, USC, Section 192.Refusal of witness to testify or produce papers before either House or any committee of either House of Congress.

PENALTY: Violation of Section 192 carries a fine of not more than \$1,000 or less than \$100 and imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than twelve months.

A COPY OF THE INDICTMENT AND TITLE 2, USC, SECTION 192, ARE ATTACHED. INDICTMENT HANDED DOWN BY GRAND JURY EMPANELLED AUGUST 13, 1973.

\*\*\*\*





#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA )

V.

Violation of 2 U.S.C. § 192

GEORGE GORDON LIDDY, (Contempt of Congress)

Defendant.

#### INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges:

#### COUNT ONE

- 1. Pursuant to Section 121 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, Public Law 601 (60 Stat. 822), as amended, House Resolution 6, 93rd Congress, dated January 3, 1973, including clause 3 of Rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives adopted therein, and House Resolution 185, 93rd Congress, dated February 21, 1973, the House of Representatives was empowered to and did create the Committee on Armed Services, having duties and powers as set forth in said Rules and Resolutions.
- 2. Pursuant to House Resolution 185, 93rd Congress, dated February 21, 1973, and Rule 6(c) of the Rules Governing Procedure of the Committee on Armed Services, the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services, at a meeting of the Committee held on February 27, 1973, established the Special Subcommittee on Intelligence, and delegated to that Subcommittee the Committee's authority "to make periodic inquiries into all phases of intelligence activities





within the Department of Defense and within the agencies established under the National Security Act, and to make legislative recommendations when appropriate."

- 3. The Central Intelligence Agency is an agency established under Section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947, Public Law 253 (61 Stat. 497).
- 4. Pursuant to House Resolution 185, 93rd Congress, dated February 21, 1973, and a delegation of authority from the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services to the Special Subcommittee on Intelligence, by letter dated May 21, 1973, the Subcommittee, through its Chairman, was empowered to compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses, by subpoena or otherwise, and to administer oaths to witnesses.
- 5. On or about May 11, 1973, pursuant to
  Rule 6(d) of the Rules Governing Procedure of the
  Committee on Armed Services and the directive of the
  Chairman of the Committee, the Special Subcommittee on
  Intelligence commenced hearings within its jurisdiction,
  to wit, hearings into the alleged involvement of the
  Central Intelligence Agency in (a) break-ins at, and
  electronic surveillance of, the offices of the Democratic
  National Committee located in the Watergate office building
  in Washington, D. C., (b) any subsequent cover-up of
  the identities of the persons who were responsible for,
  participated in, and had knowledge of such activities,
  and (c) the burglary of the office of Dr. Lewis J. Fielding,
  the psychiatrist of Dr. Daniel Ellsberg, in Beverly Hills,
  California on September 3, 1971.



6. On or about July 20, 1973, GEORGE GORDON LIDDY, the DEFENDANT, having lawfully been summoned as a witness by the authority of the House of Representatives, as exercised by the Special Subcommittee on Intelligence of the Committee on Armed Services, to give testimony upon a matter under inquiry by the Subcommittee, appeared before the Subcommittee at an executive session being held within the District of Columbia and was directed by the Chairman of the Subcommittee to be sworn to testify, but did then and there refuse to be sworn to testify, and thereby did willfully make default.

(Title 2, United States Code, Section 192.)

#### COUNT TWO

- 7. The Grand Jury realleges all of the allegations of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of Count One of this Indictment.
- 8. On or about July 20, 1973, GEORGE GORDON LIDDY, the DEFENDANT, appeared as a witness before the Special Subcommittee on Intelligence of the Committee on Armed Services at an executive session within the District of Columbia to be asked certain questions which were pertinent to the question under inquiry by the Subcommittee, but did then and there refuse to answer any question before the Subcommittee.

(Title 2, United States Code, Section 192.)

A True Bill.

Foreman

LEON JAWORSKI
Special Prosecutor
Watergate Special Prosecution
Force

6 - 4 1 1 1 9 2

§ 192. Refusal of witness to testify or produce papers.

Every person who having been summoned as a witness by the authority of either House of Congress to give testimony or to produce papers upon any matter under inquiry before either House, or any matter under inquiry before either House, or any committee established by a joint or concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress, or any committee of either House of Congress, willfully makes mittee of either House of Congress, willfully makes default, or who, having appeared, refuses to answer any question pertinent to the question under inquiry, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable and imprisonment in a common fail for not less than \$100 and imprisonment in a common fail for not less than ene month for more than twelve months. (R. S. 102; June 22, 1533, ch. 594, 52 Stat. 942.)

WFO 139-166 AJL:so 1

On March 7, 1974, a Federal Grand Jury returned a true bill Indictment charging GEORGE GORDON LIDDY with two counts of Violation of Title 2, United States Code, Section 192, in that he refused to testify or produce paper before either House or any committee of either Houses of Congress.

On March 14, 1974, GEORGE GORDON LIDDY entered a plea of not guilty to Violation of Title 2 U.S. Code Section 192, before U.S. District Court Judge JOHN H. PRATT. No trial date was set in this matter.

On April 19, 1974, a motion to dismiss the two count indictment against LIDDY was rejected by Judge PRATT, and a trial date of May 10, 1974 was set.



# HERBERT L. PORTER

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WFO 139-166 AJL:bas 1

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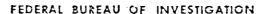
On January 21, 1974, HERBERT L. PORTER entered a plea to an Information charging him with one count of Violation of Title 18, Section 1001 of the United States Code. PORTER was charged with Knowingly and willfully making false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations to Agents of the Federal Euros of Investigation. PORTER was released on his own recognizance.

On April 11, 1974 HERBERT L. PORTER appeared before U.S. District Court Judge WILLIAM B. BRYANT, where he was sentenced to a term of not less than five months nor more than fifteen months for Violation of Title 18 Section 1001, of the United States Code. Judge BRYANT suspended all but thirty days of the sentence and ordered FORTER to surrender to the custody of the United States Marshall at Los Angeles, California on April 27, 1974 to begin serving his thirty day sentence. Judge BRYANT also placed PORTER on one year unsupervised probation.





# BRIAN LAMB





Date of transcription 2/28/74

1

了一个时间,我们就是一个时间,我们就是一个时间,他们就是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们也是一个时间,他们们们们们的时间,他们们们们们们的时间,他们们们们们们的

BRIAN LANB, Assistant to the Director, Office of Telecommunications, Executive Office of the President, Room 775-A, 1800 G Street, M.W., Washington, D.C. (WDC), was interviewed at his office. At the outset of the interview, he was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent, the nature of the inquiry and the fact that this investigation was being done at the request of the Special Prosecutor's Office. He provided the following information:

He was dating VICKI CHERN in early 1972 and they still date on occasion. He could not recall her ever talking about any code names she observed on memoranda related to the upsetting of a Democratic sponsored rally in Visconsin in early 1972. Horeover, he does not recall her ever mentioning such a rally.

He has read in the newspaper that code names such as "Sedan Chair" "Croovy" and "Gematone" were used but does not recall VICKI ever mentioning them. He did recall she often said that the Committee to Reelect the President was going to "srew-up" the election but this was in the context of the ineptness of the people who were in charge of the Committee to Reelect the President.

VICKI did not talk about her work at the Committee to Reelect the President that he can recall and believes she did not know very much about what was going on. At any rate, she is not the type to snoop or interfere and she just would not be too concerned with what was going on.

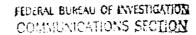
He was unable to provide any additional information.

File # WNO 139-165\_

" W-ROBERT E. LILL: cam---

ote dictated \_\_\_\_\_2/22/7





APR 23 1974

NROOZ WF PLAIN

TELETYPE

12:58 PM URGENT 4-23-74 KEP

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089) AND

SAC, SEATTLE (139-122)

FROM: SAC, WFO (139-166) (P) (3P)

Liph

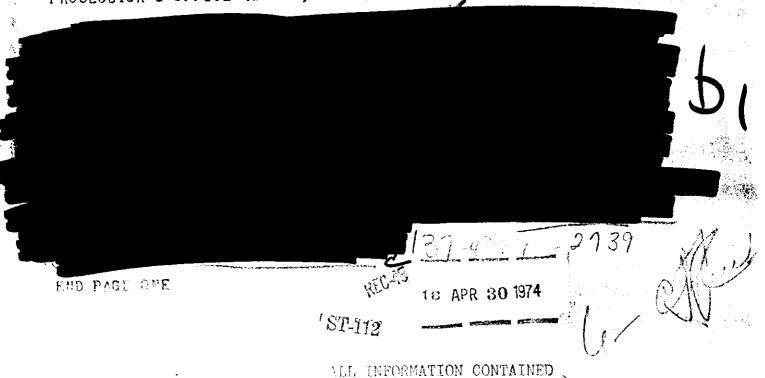
Dep.-A.D.-Adm..... Dep. A.D.-Inv.\_\_ Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. . Ent. Affairs Files Com Gent Iny Ident. Inspection . Intell. Laboratory . Plan & Eval \_ Spec. Inv. Training ... Legal Coun. \_ Telephone Rm. \_ Director Sec'y

Assec. Dir. ......

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., AKA; ET AL; BURGLARY, DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C. (WDC), JUNE 17, 1972; IOC; OOJ; PERJURY; CONSPIRACY PIRECES RECES

RE SEATTLE INVESTIGATION AND LHMS OF "ANONYMOUS CALLER TO SEATTLE OFFICE, JUNE, 1973."

CARL FELDBAUM, ASSISTANT TO LEON JAVORSKI, WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE (WSPO), FURNISHED FOLLOWING INFORMATION TODAY:



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PAGE TWO

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WSPO REQUESTS SEATTLE OFFICE TO FURNISH WHATEVER BACKGROUND
INFORMATION SEATTLE HAS REGARDING
HOWEVER, CREDIT, CRIMINAL, AND

INDICES CHECKS WOULD SUFFICE AT THIS TIME.

2

END PAGE TWO

#### PAGE THREE

SEATTLE IS REQUESTED TO FURNISH TELETYPE SUMMARY OF INFORMATION AND FOLLOW WITH LHM. WFO WILL CONFIRM TELEPHONE CALL FROM FELDBAUM TO THIS OFFICE.

END

-CORRECTION-ON-NRØØI-SECOND-LINE-FROM-BOTTOM-SHOULD-READ -FIVE-FEET, SIX-AND-A-HALF-INCHES-

ACK TWO -

JTG FBIHQ CLR

FEDERAL DURING OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 241974

NROO9 SE CODE

1037 PM NITEL APRIL 23, 1974 FEE

TO DIRECTOR (139-4089)

WFO (139-166)

FROM SEATTLE (139-122) (P) 3P

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm.\_\_\_ Dep.-A.D.-Inv.... Asst. Dir.: Admin. .... Comp. Syst . Ext. Affairs Files & Cat Gen. Inv. E Ident. Inspection .... Intell. Laboratory ... Plan. & Eval \_\_ Spec. Inv. \_ Training ... Legal Coun. \_ Telephone Rm. \_ Director Sec'y .

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., AKA; ET AL; BURGLARY, DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C. Committee HEADQUA (WDC), JUNE 17, 1972; IOC; OOJ; PERJURY, CONSPIRACY.

RETEL WFO TO BUREAU AND SEATTLE APRIL 23 INSTANT. REC-30 END PAGE ONE

18 APR 30 1974

I,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS 1170LASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOUN OTHERWISE.

EXT. BY SPA JRM LOWS AUVIFA

34.24 XXX





# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2		Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	<b>Z</b>	Deleted under exemption(s) with no segregable material available for release to you.
		Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
-		Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
		Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
<b>-</b>	<del></del>	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies);
		Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
		For your information:
		The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  139-4089-2740 pas. 283

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX

FBI

4/25/74 Date:

ransmit the following in (Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL

> DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089) 新加州的国际公司人员。

PHOENIX (65-1117) (RUC)

JAMES WALTER MC CORD. JR.; BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

RelAzirtel, 4/18/74, enclosing copy of Bu airtel, 4/12/74 with enclosures.

Phoenix Office file reflects that ROBERT C. MARDIAN was interviewed briefly at Phoenix on 4/30/73. The original of the FD-302 in this matter is in the Phoenix file. Six copies of this FD-302 were sent to the Bureau and six copies were sent to the Los Angeles Office under the date of 5/1/73, by Phoenix airtel; see Bureau file 65-74060 and Los Angeles file 105-27952.

Bureau

Los Angeles

- Phoenix

CLC: 1me (5)

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 7175 80 BYSP418

Special Agent in Charge

U.S.Government Printing Office: 1972

F B I

Date: 4/18/74

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MATL (REGISTERED)

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

LOS ANGELES(139-306) (P)

PE:

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, 6/17/72 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

airtel with enclosures, dated 4/12/74 which had no copies to Phoenix.

Enclosed for Phoenix are the following:

- (1) One conv of Bureau sirtel, dated 4/12/74:
- One copy of Department of Justice memorandum, dated 4/8/74:
- (3) One copy of Letterhead Memorandum from the Bureau to the Department of Justice, dated 4/12/74.

A review of Los Angeles report, dated 6/8/73, has determined that a copy of the FD-302 regarding an interview with H. R. HALDEMAN, on 5/1/73, a copy of the FD-302s regarding interviews of CHARLES W. COLSON, on 5/3/73, 5/8/73 and 5/16/73, and a copy of the FD-302 interview with ROBERT C. MARDIAN, on 5/30/73, is available in that Los Angeles report.

It is noted, however, that these FD-302s are only copies since the FD-302s which relate to the interviews of CHARLES W. COLSON and H. R. HALDEMAN were conducted in

- New York (139-301) (Info) (AIR MAIL-REGISTERED)

(AIR MAIL-REGISTERED)

- Phoenix (65-1117) (Mnc. 3) - Washington Field (139-166) (Info) (AIR MAIL-RE

- Los Angeles GSB/jaj

ALL\_INFORMATION\_CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Special Agent in Charge

LA 139-306

Washington, D.C. and those originals will have been retained by that office. Furthermore, the interview of ROBERT C. MARDIAN was conducted by the Phoenix Office and that original will be found in that office.

A review of the records of the Los Angeles Office reveals the Bureau has been provided with results of all investigation conducted by Los Angeles in this matter.

Phoenix is requested to cover the lead requested by the Bureau and advise the Bureau of the results.

CONFIDENTIAL

0

FEDERAL BURGAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NRØØ5 WF PLAIN

2:30 PM URGENT 4-24-74 KEP

APR 241974

/ TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-40895 AND SAC-

SEATTLE (139-122)

FROM:

SAC, WFO (139-166) (P) (1P)

Jaly

Assoc. Dir. .. Dep.-A.D.-Adm... Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir. : Jak Admin. .... Comp. Syst. Ext. Affri Files & Q Gen. In Ident. Inspection Intell. Laboratory Plan & Eval Spec. Inv. Training Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., AKA ET AL. BURGLARY DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C., JUNE 17, 1972; IOC; OOJ; PERJURY, CONSPIRACY.

RE SEATTLE TELETYPE. APRIL 23. 1974.



SEATTLE IS REQUESTED TO FORWARD THE PHOTOGRAPH BY COVER

AIRTEL.

END.

HOLD

JTG FBIHQ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED FXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

18 MAY 1 1974

IO MAI I SI

54 MAY 2 1974

C SS. & EXT. BY SPAJRMI OMS R ASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 2 DATE OF REVIEW 4124194



Date: April 24, 1974

DATE:

Transmit the following in (Type in plaintext or code) Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority) CLASS. REASON-FOIM II. DATE OF REVIEW DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)FROM: SAC, SEATTLE (139-122) (RUC) SUBJECT: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., aka; ET AL; BURGLARY, DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, APPROPRIATE AGENCIES WASHINGTON, D.C. (WDC), JUNE 17, AND FIELD OFFICES 1972; IOC; OOJ; PERJURY; ADVISED BY ROUTING CONSPIRACY SLIP(S).OF( ()apo 00: WFO

Re WFO teletype to Bureau, 4/23/74, and Seattle teletype to Bureau, 4/23/74.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are six copies each and to Washington Field Office one copy each of the following communications, Number 1 through Number 6. One copy of Item Number 7 is enclosed for WFO.

- 1. Letterhead memorandum (LHM) re JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL, dated June 8, 1973, concerning telephone call from unknown individual.
- 2. LHM re JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.; ET AL, dated June 27, 1973, referencing Item Number 1 above and indicating that no additional calls had been received from the unknown individual.

  REC- 45 / 3 9 40 89 6

July 18, 1973, concerning interview of

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

W WITH SHURR ULISCHAR

S.Government Printing Office: 1972 -- 455-57

SE 139-122

CELL CHILL

5. LHM dated March 8, 1974, regarding one DAVID

RUSSELL SILBERMAN. ///9-1767h NORTHERST, BELLEVUE, WASH,

PHOTOGRAPH

7. Photograph of President RICHARD M. NIXON, ET AL, made available on February 28, 1974, to SA R. BERT CARTER.

Copies of Items Number 1, Number 4, Number 6, and Number 7 were never furnished to WFO; however, all of the enclosed have been previously furnished to the Bureau under caption of instant matter, with exception that Item Number 5 was furnished under caption of "DAVID RUSSELL SILBERMAN; INFORMATION CONCERNING" and Item Number 6 is a new submission.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Seattle is submitting and resubmitting above enclosed items in date order so that WFO will have benefit of same as well as the Bureau.

3

April 30, 1974

BY COURTER SERVICE

CONNITTEE HEADQUARTERS, JUNE 17 INTERCEPTION OF CONMUNICATIONS

4089-

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP418my On

REASON FCIM II, 1-2.4.2

DATE OF REVIEW

Enclosed for the information of the Special 🕾 Prosecution Force are two copies of each of the following: U

- Hemorandum dated June 8, 1973, concerning telephone call from unknown individual. I
- Hemorandum dated June 27, 1973, indicating no additional calls had been received from unknown individual (above).
- Kemorandum dated July 18, 1973, concerning inter view of (

Hemorandum dated Harch 8, 1974, regarding David Russell Silberman.

Hemorandum dated Ansil 24 1974. regarding background on

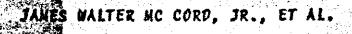
Reproduction of photograph of Richard H. Wixon and others made avallable to Bureau Agents on February 18

bes. AD Adm. - Some of these memoranda were previously farmished to the Special Prosecution Force.

JJC/amm. 5

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO ...

TELETYPE UNIT [ \_\_]



No additional investigation of these individuals is being conducted by this Bureau in the absence of a specific request from the Special Prosecution Force.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures [14]

NOTE: Original and one forwarded with encs to SPF by 0-14 this date; one cc to SE and WFO for information by 0-1 this date.



### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Seattle, Washington

June 8, 1973

RE: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, ET AL BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC PARTY NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS JUNE 17, 1972

On June 7, 1973, an unknown person telephonically (long distance) contacted the Seattle Office of the FBI and advised that he was involved in an illegal business which involved the purchasing of gold bullion outside the United States for persons in the United States. The unknown caller advised that approximately 75% of his clients are doctors.

The caller then advised that he recently observed a person who was testifying at the Senate Committee on the Watergate Hearings who had given him \$1,100,000. in cash to be deposited in foreign banks. The caller advised he charged a fee of \$11,000. for making the transactions and deposited approximately one third of the money in a Swiss Bank Corporation; one third in a Swiss Credit Bank; one third in the Bank of Nova Scotia and purchased \$100,000 worth of gold bullion which is placed in corporate custody in another country. The caller advised that he exchanged the money for travellers checks and has possession of the slips which were attached to the travellers checks. The caller then advised that he has delivered the receipts and certificates of ownership to one of the persons who testified at the Watergate Hearings.

The caller would not divulge his name nor the name of the person who had given him the \$1,100,000. until he had

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RE: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, ET AL

some form of guarantee of immunity from prosecution. The caller was articulate and sounded to be a white male with no specific accent. He also sounded to be knowledgeable regarding foreign and domestic banking and general business procedures.

The caller advised he was presently in the Seattle, Washington area and would remain in the Seattle area until Sunday, June 10, 1973. The caller then advised he would make a return call to the FBI, Seattle office on Monday, June 11, 1973 in an effort to determine if immunity could be provided in return for information leading to the person who had given him \$1,100,000. to be deposited in foreign banks.







In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Seattle, Washington June 27, 1973

RE: JAMES WALTER McCORD, JR.;
ET AL
BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL
COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS,
JUNE 17, 1972

Reference is made to memorandum dated June 8, 1973, captioned as above.

Since June 7, 1973, no contact has been received by the Seattle Office from the anonymous caller who contacted this office on June 7, 1973.

On June 26, 1973, contact with the General Security Office of the Pacific Northwest Bell Telephone Company at Seattle determined that there is no way this company can determine the source of the telephone call received by the Seattle Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on June 7, 1973.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Seattle, Washington July 18, 1973

RE: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.; ET AL BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS JUNE 17, 1972

Reference is made to correspondence dated June 27, 1973, relating to captioned matter.

Seattle, Washington, was recontacted on July 17, 1973, in an attempt to determine the origin of a call placed to the Seattle Office of the FBI on June 7, 1973. Information available indicated that the anonymous caller refused to give his location or identity; that the call was pre-paid; that the call-placing operator was overheard to interrupt on one occasion, stating that three minutes were up and to deposit additional money for additional time, indicating that the call was made from a pay phone; and that the caller stated he was in the Seattle area and would be until July 10, 1973.

again stated that records of telephone calls are made at the point of origin for pre-paid calls and at the destination for collect calls. Unless the general exchange area from which the call is made can be determined, it is impossible to identify the origin of any particular prepaid telephone call. She stated that in this case, it is impossible to retrieve records from the originating area inasmuch as that area is unknown. She stated further that the destination, in this case the Seattle Office of the FBI, telephone MA2-0460, will not reflect any indication if a prepaid call is received at that telephone.

explained that it is true that it is possible to "trace" calls on occasion but this can be done from the point of destination while the call is being made. Once a disconnect occurs, it is impossible to retrieve the origin of the call unless certain electronic equipment available in very selective, critical instances, is utilized,

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

(7)

RE: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.;
ET AL
BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC
NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS
JUNE 17, 1972

which equipment must be activated prior to the receipt of such a call. This, of course, would have no relationship to any attempt to identify the origin of such a call after the fact, as is the case in point.

The toll records for the Seattle Office telephone service for the date July 7, 1973, have been reviewed. All collect calls received at this office have been accounted for as being made during the course of business not related to this incident.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.



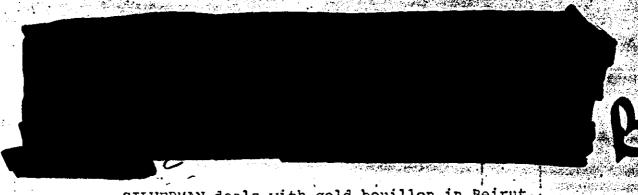
CONFIDENCE

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Seattle, Washington September 24, 1973

RE: JAMES WALTER MCCORD, JR.
BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC PARTY
NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS
JUNE 17, 1972



SILVERMAN deals with gold bouillon in Beirut. SILVERMAN subsequently was given a large amount of cash by President NIXON's lawyer, HERBERT KALMBACH, for conversion into gold certificates which was accomplished in Canada.

SILVERMAN allegedly is an acquaintance of a Seattle coin dealer (FNU) HENRY who deals with ALBERT KOTZKER, also known as MORTIMER LOTZ, in Vancouver, British Columbia. The latter two recently negotiated the availability of 1,000 surplus gas masks for sale in Seattle.

PILSTSO

C. S. & EXT. BY SPAJENT OND

RE. OK-FCIN II. 1-2.4.2

DA': OF REVIEW Thats

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS NOR CON-CLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY: IT AND ITS CONTENTS ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

SE 139-122 CRSJ:jgm ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

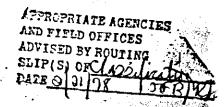




# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Seattle, Washington March 8, 1974



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

## RE: DAVID RUSSELL SILBERMAN

On February 28, 1974, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past reported various items of data had been received from unrecorded and unrecalled sources which are set out hereafter relating to DAVID RUSSELL SILBERMAN, 3174 Mont Pelier, Pleasanton, California, telephone (415) 846-3871.

SILBERMAN has tried and failed in attempting to set up one or more chemical manufacturing and distributing companies in the United States. He obtained a loan in the amount of about \$20,000.00 from a Canadian Bank, possibly the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Vancouver, British Columbia, for the purpose of establishing a rare coin business. The address of the business is not known.

SILBERMAN bought a house from ALBERT LOTZKAR, also known as MORTIMER LOTZ, at Vancouver, B. C. and was residing there for a time, dates unknown, but is now residing at Pleasanton, California. LOTZKAR reputedly is a dealer in counterfeit coins.



Some of SILBERMAN's contacts are:

1) GENE L. HENRY, President of Rare Coin Galleries of Seattle, 1416 Third, telephone 624-4440, Seattle, Washington, who resides at 14030 - 12th Avenue NE, Apartment 1-D, according to the 1973 Seattle City Directory. HENRY is believed to be SILBERMAN's contact

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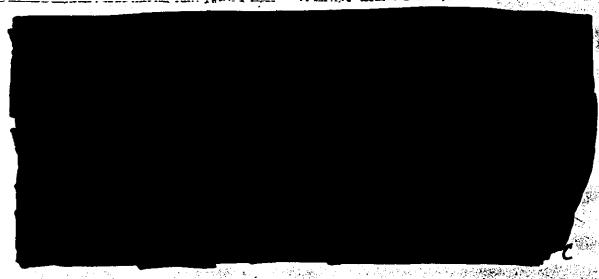
This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned by your agency; it and its contains are not to be distributed outside your agency

INFORMATION COMININGUER IN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPTERES SHOWN OTHERWISE.

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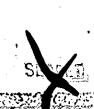
- 2) S. BERSHAR and an associate NELLIE MOURACCO or MOURACIO (phonetic) at Beirut, Lebanon, counterfeit gold coin dealers.
- 3) R. J. KURTZ, Toronto, Canada, who smuggles gold into the United States.
- 4) RICHARD ROBERTSON, Prince George, British Columbia, a smuggler of gold.
- 5) HERBERT W. KALMEACH, former personal lawyer for President NIXON. The association of KALMBACH and SILBERMAN is known also by the Attorney CARMEN BELLINO, who is working with one of the Congressional investigative committees.

The source made available a copy of a photograph which originally came from a Life magazine published during 1970. It contains a picture of SILBERMAN in the background with President RICHARD NIXON in the left foreground and BEBE ROBOZO in the right foreground. A reproduction is attached. This concludes the information furnished by the first source.



On January 5, 1974, the following descriptive and background information on SILBERMAN was furnished by

Sex Race Age Male White About 32 (1971)





Height Weight Hair & Eyes Residence Telephone Business

275 pounds
Dark
846-3871
Sales Search, Inc.
1255 Post Street, Suite 837,
San Francisco, Calif. 94019
(415) 771-5700
Allegedly has interest in
refineries and chemical
plants for research work
in Canada as well as scrap
retail business

Carries small revolver

Other Interests

Weapon

With regard to two of the associates mentioned earlier by the first source, the following information is set forth:

613"

#### GENE LAWRENCE HENRY

On September 25, 1968, an untested source reported GENE LAWRENCE HENRY, President of Rare Coin Galleries of Seattle, Inc., a white male born May 21, 1942, has been engaged in acquiring silver coins in Canada, bringing them to the United States, and melting them down for sale as silver bouillon at a considerable profit. In addition he was taking coins, type not specified, into Canada through Montana and selling them at a profit in Canada. On one occasion, Canadian authorities seized a large quantity of silver coins HENRY was taking to the United States.

#### ALBERT LOTZKAR

In 1971, ALBERT LOTZKAR was reported by a third source who has furnished reliable information in the past as being a co-owner of Adanac Salvage, Ltd., Alexander Street, Vancouver, British Columbia. His business telephone at that time was 681-7834 and his residence telephone 277-5762. In about January, 1971, LOTZKAR had for sale some 20,000 charcoal acti vated gas masks, some of which he sold to surplus dealers in California, Oregon, and Washington. The masks were 20 or more years old. One of his customers at that time was DAVID SILVERMAN (Phonetic), of Aleco Sales, 692 West Second Avenue, San Francisco, Cali-In addition to his surplus business, LOTZKAR allegedly imported from California, sources not specified, considerable quantity of pornographic material consisting mostly of motion pictures for sale in Canada.









# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2		Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	E	Deleted under exemption(s)  ———————————————————————————————————
		Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
-		Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
		Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	<del></del>	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
		Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
		For your information:
	凼	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  139-4089-LAST 2 pgs. of enclosure Serial 2744

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# REC 107 /39-1689-2745 By COURTER SERVICE

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL. BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, JUNE 17, 1972 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Reference is made to the memorandum of this Bureau dated April 12, 1974, which forwarded two copies of a memorandum dated April 8, 1974, received from the Alexandria, Virginia, FBI Office.

For the information of the Special Prosecution Force, our Alexandria Office has further advised that on April 29, 1974, Dr. Joseph Casolaro, who furnished information contained in the memorandum dated April 8, 1974, mentioned above, telephonically contacted the Alexandria Office to obtain a status report on the FBI's investigation of the possibility of prior knowledge of the Democrats in connection with this case. He further desired to give lead possibilities on deductions he has arrived at such as the Cubans involved being double agents; the policeman who discovered the break-in being part of the plot; and the possibility that bankers, one of whom he identified as Ben Winter, First National City Bank of New York, might flave divulged financial information concerning the Rossilttee to Reelect the President. Casalaro arrived pt these deductions through conversations with his son, I. Daniel Casolaro, who is pursuing these areas as an linvestigative reporter.

Casolaro was advised that appropriate action, as necessary, was taken on information he furnished on April 8, 1974. Casolaro commented that his son has sold his prior knowledge story to the "Hational Star," a New York City tabloid and expects the story to appear in a forthcoming issue.

In view of the fact that information furnished to date is based on speculation by Casolaro, no further action is contemplated by this Burcau in the absence of a specific request from the Special Prosecution Force.

This document contains neither recommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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Date: 4/30/74

Transmit the following in	(Type in plaintext or code)	
ViaAIRTEL	(Priority)	<del></del>

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

FROM:

SAC, ALEXANDRIA (139-18) (RUC)

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.; ET AL BURGLARY, DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C.,

6/17/72 IOC OO:WFO REG TOTAL

Re Alexandria airtel with LHM, 4/8/74.

On April 29, 1974, Dr. JOSEPH CASOLARO furnished information contained in referenced LHM, telephonically contacted the Alexandria Office to obtain a status report on the FBI's investigation on the possibility of prior knowledge of the Democrats in connection with captioned burglary. He further desired to give lead possibilities on deductions he has arrived at such as the Cubans being involved being double agents, the policeman who discovered the break-in being part of a plot and the possibility that bankers, one of which he identified as BEN WINTER, First National City Bank of New York, might have divulged financial information on the Committee to Re-Elect the President. He arrived at these deductions through conversations with his son, J. DANIEL/CASOLARO, who is persuing these areas as an investigative reporter.

2)- Bureau

- New York (Info)

1 - WFO (139-166) (Info)

1 - Alexandria
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Dr. CASOLARO also commented that his son's prior knowledge story has been sold to the <u>National Star</u> (tabloid), New York City, New York, and that it should appear in a forthcoming issue.

Dr. CASOLARO was advised that appropriate action, if any, was taken on information he furnished on 4/8/74.

Information to date has been based on speculation by Dr. CASOLARO with no facts furnished to back up his deductions. It is further noted that he does not desire that his son be contacted since it would retard his work as an investigative reporter. It would appear that Dr. CASOLARO is attempting to "drum up" FBI investigation in the prior knowledge aspect to give credence to his son's story, and therefore, no further action is deemed appropriate until such time as factual information is brought to FBI attention.

UNITED STATES

## $\it Aemorandum$

TO : Mr. Franck

SUBJECT: MIKE WALLACE CBS NEWS

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Director Sec'y Shortly after 6 p.m. on Saturday, April 27, 1974, Mike Wallace, CBS News, called the Bureau and was referred to SA F. C. Stukenbroeker, External Affairs Division. Wallace said he had just interviewed Donald Segretti, one of the Watergate figures, for Wallace's "60 Minutes" TV show to be aired the next day, Sunday, April 28th. According to Wallace, Segretti stated that a reporter for the "New York Times" (Segretti would not give the name) had shown him some "raw" FBI reports, 302's, not only about himself but also about Dwight Chapin. These reports allegedly were "leaked" from the FBI to the "New York Times." Segretti also stated that apparently the FBI "leaked" these reports to keep up the image of the FBI, to show that it had been doing a good job in the Watergate Wallace asked if the FBI wanted to make a comment about Segretti's comments about having seen raw FBI files. He asked to be called back on Sunday morning.

SA Stukenbroeker, after checking with Inspector George Quinn, called Wallace back on Sunday morning, April 28th, and told him that the FBI did not have a comment. At that time, Wallace indicated that the leak had been from a "high official" in the FBI, and conjectured that it might have been former Acting Associate Director Mark Felt. SA Stukenbroeker made no comment on this statement.

On Sunday evening, April 28th, the Segretti interview appeared on the "60 Minutes" show, basically as described by Wallace (along with additional details about Segretti's activities in Watergate). In the questioning, Wallace identified the "New York Times" reporter as John Crewdson. At the conclusion of the program, Wallace stated that neither the FBI nor the "New York Times" would comment on Segretti's statement that he (Segretti) had seen raw reports from FBI files. There was no mention of any FBI official's name on the program.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

Goldbardt (AVIN: Mr. Rivingd B. Long)

Telephone Rm

FBi

Date: 4/22/74

Transmit the following in .

(Type in plaintent or code)

ATRTEL

(Priority)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

FROM:

SAC, PHOENIX (139-118) (P)

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., aka; ET AL
Burglary of Democratic National
Committee Headquarters,
Washington, D. C.
6/17/72
TOC: PERJURY: OOJ

OO: WFO

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DATE 7115180 BY SP4 JRM LOWS

RefXairtel to Director, 4/6/74; Director airtel to Las Vegas, 4/17/74.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four copies of an LHM; and for receiving offices, two copies each of LHM.

Las Vegas note that CARAMANNA advised MODELL is a big talker and he would very likely have told other taxi drivers and friends of instant incident. It is noted CARAMANNA attempted to lead the investigation by noting if "you can show DEAN was in Las Vegas at the time MODELL found the money, then you've got DEAN..." and other such statements. CARAMANNA again repeated that he hated to do this to his friend; however, he felt it was his duty to help the President if he could.

CARAMANNA advised it would be acceptable with him to furnish his identity to MODELL as a last resort. He was assured MODELL would not be told that he furnished such information on his own instigation. ST 109 Miles 150 July

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2 - Las Vegas (139-36)

2 - WEO (139-166) (Enc:

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APP-25 1974

Special Agencia

PX 139-118 RPD:mkm

**LEADS** 

LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VECAS, NEVADA

Will re-interview MODELL in accordance with instructions included in referenced airtel from Director.



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

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Phoenix, Arizona April 22, 1974

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.; ET AL; Burglary of Democratic National Committee Headquarters, Washington, D. C. June 17, 1972

On April 22, 1974, George Caramanna was re-contacted at 3201 West Thomas, Phoenix, Arizona. When advised that there were discrepancies between his and Charles Modell's version of an incident involving Modell's finding \$5,000 in his taxi in Las Vegas, Nevada, Caramanna reaffirmed the veracity of his statement furnished on April 3, 1974. Caramanna further advised that Modell told him that after driving John Dean, III, to the airport, Modell returned to his home to take some medicine; and upon re-entering his taxi, he found the money. Modell had had no passengers in his taxi between the time John Dean left the taxi and Modell found the money.

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REC-33 139 - 4067 - 2 By COURTER SERVICE

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL. BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, JUNE 17, 1972 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Reference is made to the memorandum of this Bureau dated April 17, 1974, captioned as above which forwarded to you two copies of a memorandum dated April 10, 1974, received from the Las Vegas, Nevada, FBI Office, which memorandum set forth the interview of Chuck Modell, a Las Vegas taxi cab driver.

Enclosed for the information of the Special Prosecution Force are two copies each of a memorandum dated April 22, 1974, received from the Phoenix, Arizona, FBI Office; and a memorandum dated April 29, 1974, received from the Las Vegas FBI Office. The enclosed memoranda set forth the results of reinterview with Hodell and George Caramanna, whose previous statements to the FBI were contradictory.

No further action is being taken by this Firecu concerning this matter in the absence of a specific request from the Special Prosecution Force.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures (4)

Catherine, Land

NOTE: Original and one forwarded with encs to SPF by 0-14 this date;

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FBI

Date: 4/29/74

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Via	AIRTEL	
		(Priority)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

FROM:

SAC, LAS VEGAS (139-36) (RUC)

SUBJECT:

JAMES WALTER NC CORD, JR., aka;

Burglary of Democratic National

Committee Headquarters,

Washington, D. C. 6/17/72

10C; PERJURY; OOJ

00: WFO

ReBuairtel to Las Vegas, 4/17/74; Phoenix airtel to Bureau, 4/22/74.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and four copies of an LHM and for receiving offices, two copies each of LEM.

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#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Las Vegas, Nevada April 29, 1974

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.;
ET AL;
BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL
CONSISTEE HEADQUARTERS,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
JUNE 17, 1972

Charles Modell, 1136 Sierra Vista, Apartment 2, Las Vegas, Nevada, was recontacted on April 26, 1974.
Modell again denied that he is now or ever has been an acquaintance of, or has ever been introduced to John Dean, III, former Counsel to the President. Modell further stated to the best of his knowledge, he has never had John Dean, III as a passenger in any vehicle he has driven. Modell stated the only knowledge he has of Dean is from what he has acquired through watching television or reading the newspapers.

Modell advised he is acquainted with George Caramanna, as Caramanna was a tenant in an apartment building complex at 11170 Agua Vista, Hollywood, California which his wife managed. He stated they had befriended Caramanna on occasion when he had not been able to pay his rent for the apartment and his wife had talked to the owner of the property to give Caramanna additional time to pay the rent due.

Modell stated he last saw Caramanna during Christmas of 1973, when Caramanna visited with him at his apartment in Las Vegas. Modell advised he had told Caramanna about finding the money in the taxicab, but vehemently denied that he had told Caramanna that he had found the money after driving John Dean to the airport.

Modell stated he was at a loss to understand why Caramanna would make such a statement after the way they had helped him out in California and added "he must be some kind of a nut."

ALL ENFORMATION CONTAINED HE PROLASSIFIED

\_ 10 \_

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

 $\it Iemorandum$ 

DATE:

**FROM** 

1- Mr. Gebhardt

1- Mr. Long

Mr. Nuzum

SUBJECT:

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

The following updates statistical data as to manpower expended by the field in investigating Watergate and related cases. The figures for the period 2/1/73\*were estimated as no permanent record for those months was maintained. These figures include the field and FBIHO time.

		107	*
	77,154 3/4	23,278 3/4	100,433 1/2
3/1-3/31/74	3,998 3/4	1,170 1/4	5,169
11/1/73-2/28/74	17,790	4,240 1/2	22,030 1/2
2/1/73-10/31/73 (estimated)	32,963	12,376	45,339
6/17/72-1/31/73	22,403	5,492	27,895 C
PERIOD	AGENT	CLERICAL	TOTAL
*60 10/31//3	Hours Spent	on Watergate and	Related Matter

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This is for information.

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Laboratory

Training Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

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NOTE: BY DEMORALS FOR

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NRØØ7 AL PLAIN

10:21 PM NITEL APRIL 1. 1974 BG

TO DIRECTOR

FROM ALBANY (62-2275) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL 11, 1974.

NUMBER OF AGENT MAN HOURS: 1.

NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN HOURS: 1 REGULAR.

END

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Legal Coun.

Telephone Rm.

Director Secly

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APRO11374 TELETYPE

NRESS AS PLAIN

4: 89PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 GWR

TO: DIRECTOR

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT.

FROM: ALBUQUERQUE (139-45) P 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUNITEL, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

NO SPECIAL AGENT OR CLERICAL MAN HOURS, EITHER REGULAR OR OVERTIME, WERE DEVOTED TO INVESTIGATION OF WATERGATE MATTERS BY THE ALBUQUERQUE OFFICE DURING MARCH, 1974.

END .

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Training
Local Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

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525PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 VMJTE OF CVEE

10 DIRLO OK (139-4389)

(ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION, WATERGATE UNIT))

FROM ALEXANDRIA (139-18) (RUC) IP

WATER GATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974:

1. NUMBER OF SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS SPENT ON ALL
INVESTIGATIONS REQUESTED BY THE SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE DEALING
WITH WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS:

REGULAR HOURS

TWENTY-FOUR

OVERT IME

ZERO

TOTAL

TWENTY-FOUR

2. NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN-HOURS SPENT ON THESE CASES:

REGULAR HOURS

EIGHT

OVERTIME

ZERO

TOTAL

EIGHT

END .

178#1-171

FBIHQ FLC CLR.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/15/80 BYSP4 Jon/Oms APR 01 13747 1400

TELETYPE

NR002

AN PLAIN

504 PM

NITEL 4-1-74 PJW

TO:

DIRECTOR

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM:

ANCHORAGE

(62-650) (P)

(P) 1 P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUNITEL TO ALL SACS NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

THE ANCHORAGE OFFICE DID NOT EXPEND ANY SA OR CLERICAL MANNOURS DURING MARCH, 1974, ON CAPTIONED MATTER.

END

6. Com

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/5/80 BYSP4/RMIONS

APR 0 1 1974

NROG3 AT PLAIN

TELESTRE

9:35 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 JXW

TO DIRECTOR

FROM ATLANTA 139-154

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY RE ABOVE IS AS FOLLOWS:

1) NUMBER OF SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS

REGULAR - 32

OVERTIME - 6

TOTAL - 38

2) NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN-HOURS

REGULAR - 8

OVERTIME - Ø

TOTAL - 8

TOTAL ALL MAN-HOURS - 46

END

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 7/15/80 BYSP4JRMIOMS

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NR Ø12 BA PLAIN

TELETYPE

1058 PM NITEL APRIL 1. 1974 MJB

TO DIRECTOR (139-4086)

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION-WATERGATE UNIT

FROM BALTIMORE (139-148) P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

Lat lice Jacob Jac

RE BUREAU TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 2, 1973, REQUESTING MONTHLY STATISTICAL

INFORMATION ON CAPTIONED SUBJECT.

FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH 1974, BALTIMORE DIVISION EXPENDED THE FOLLOWING MAN-HOURS ON WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS:

92 TOTAL SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS WERE SPENT ON INVESTIGATIONS.

THIS INCLUDED SIX HOURS OF OVERTIME AND 86 HOURS REGULAR TIME.

22 CLERK MAN-HOURS WERE SPENT AND THIS DID NOT INCLUDE ANY OVERTIME.

N END

9

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TELETYPE

APR 0.1 1974

627 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 GDM

TO DIRECTOR (139-4089) ATTN: ACCOUNTING & FRAUD SECTION, WATERGATE UNIT

FROM BIRMINGHAM (139-107) IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

DURING MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, BIRMINGHAM DIVISION SPENT NO SPECIAL AGENT OR CLERICAL MANHOURS CONCERNING CAPTIONED MATTER. END

FBIHQ KLJ HOLD

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/15/80 BY SP4JRm/ DMS

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SEAS IN NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 REC

TO DIRECTOR

(ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -

WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM BOSTON

(139-164)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

DURING MARCH 1974, 17 SA MAN HOURS AND 2 AND ONE HALF

CLERICAL HOURS SPENT WATERGATE RELATED INVESTIGATION, ALL REGULAR HOURS.

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NROG4 BU PLAIN

11:03PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 DMB

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

(ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM BUFFALO (139-81) (P) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

REBUILTEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

NO SPECIAL AGENT OR CLERICAL MAN-HOURS SPENT ON INVESTIGATIONS REQUESTED BY SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE DEALING WITH WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS DURING MARCH, 1974.

END

HOLD

College of the Station

APR 0 11974

N: GGT BT PLAIN

TULETYPE

8-18 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 FLC

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION
WATERGATE UNIT.

FROM SAC, BUTTE 66-2482

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

1. 40 SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS SPENT IN BUTTE DIVISION, MARCH, 1974.

2. SEVEN CLERICAL MAN-HOURS SPENT.
END

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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DATE 7/15/80 BYSP4 Jan 10m5

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APROLIGIA TELETYPE

NR 009 CE CODE

5:58 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 KCL

TO DIRECTOR (139-4089)

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM CHARLOTTE (139-155) (P) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

STATISTICAL DATA FOR THE CHARLOTTE DIVISION FOR MARCH,

1974, IS AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) SA MAN-HOURS EXPENDED: REGULAR, NONE; OVERTIME, NONE.
- (2) CLERICAL MAN-HOURS EXPENDED: REGULAR, NONE,

OVERTIME, NONE.

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SEGPN BITEL 4-1-74 RVR

TO DIRECTOR CATTN; ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION-WATERGATE

(TI WU

FROM CHICAGO (56-483)

1 P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUTEL TO ALL SAC'S DATED NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR MONTH OF MARCH AS
FOLLOWS:

1. SPECIAL AGENT HOURS:

REGULAR HOURS 85

OVERTIME HOURS 10

TOTAL 95

2. CLERICAL HOURS .16

OVERTIME HOURS 0

TOTAL 16

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APR 0 11974

NR 002 CI PLAIN

5:56 PM

NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 WSN

TO DIRECTOR (139-4089)

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT

FROM CINCINNATI (139-78) (P) (1P)

Dinnis Dinnis

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SAC'S, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

- 1. 8 SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS, NO OVERTIME HOURS, TOTAL HOURS
  - 2. 2 CLERICAL MAN-HOURS, NO OVERTIME HOURS, TOTAL HOURS 2.

END

8

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED APR 02 1974

J. Wife

MR 004 CV CODE

1:30 AM NITEL APRIL 2, 1974 JSM/JDB

NO DIRECTOR

( ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION,

WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM CLEVELAND (56-88) IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUNITEL . NOVEMBER 2. 1973.

CLEVELAND DIVISION HAD FOLLOWING STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR MONTH OF MARCH, 1974:

RE SA MAN HOURS - REGULAR HOURS - EIGHT (8); OVERTIME HOURS - ZERO (0); TOTAL HOURS - EIGHT (8).

RE CLERICAL MAN HOURS - REGULAR HOURS - ONE (1); OVERTIME HOURS - ZERO (0); TOTAL HOURS - ONE (1).

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MAR 29 773

GROZE CO PLAIN

9:26PM NITZL MARCH 29, 1974 WCA

TO DIRECTOR

ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT FROM COLUMBIA (56-35) (P) 1PAGE

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU TEL ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2. 1973.

FOLLOWING ARE COLUMBIA DIVISION STATISTICS FOR MAN-HOURS SPENT ON CAPTIONED MATTER FOR MONTH OF MARCH, 1974:

SPECIAL AGENT: REGULAR HOURS, THREE; OVERTIME HOURS: NONE, TOTAL THREE.

CLERICAL: REGULAR HOURS, ONE; OVERTIME HOURS, NONE; TOTAL ONE.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 7/15/90 BY594/RMIDMS

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BROOS DL PLAIN

5-25 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 SLH

TO DIRECTOR

ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION-

WATER GATE UNIT

FROM DALLAS (139-245)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUTEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH 1974, THE DALLAS OFFICE EXPENDED FIFTY REGULAR AND TEN OVERTIME AGENT MAN-HOURS AND THIRTY CLERICAL REGULAR MAN-HOURS ON CAPTIONED INVESTIGATIONS.

END.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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#### TELETYPE

NR003 DN PLAIN

6:00 PA NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 JOG

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM: DENVER (46-3381) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUTEL NOV. 2, 1973.

FOR MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, THE FOLLOWING MANHOURS SPENT:

- 1. 36 SPECIAL AGENT MANHOURS, NO OVERTIME HOURS, TOTAL 36 MANHOURS.
- 2. 6 CLERICAL REGULAR MANHOURS, NO OVERTIME HOURS, TOTAL 6 CLERICAL MANHOURS.

ABOVE MNAHOURS SPENT IN CASES "UNSUBS; NATIONAL CABLE TELEVISION ASSOCIATION, INC. CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS, ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT), 00: WFO" AND "HISPANIC FINANCE COMMITTEE CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS, ELECTION LAWS; BRIBERY (ACCOUNTING & FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT), 00: WFO." END TELE

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APROLIGIA TELETYPE

NRØØ3 DE CODED

7:15 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 DLR

TO DIRECTOR

(ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION, WATERGATE UNIT)
FROM DETROIT (66-4712) P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 2/73.

- 1. THE NUMBER OF SPECIAL AGENT MAN HOURS SPENT ON WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS FOR FEBRUARY, 1974, IS Ø REGULAR HOURS, Ø OVERTIME HOURS, AND Ø TOTAL HOURS.
- 2. THE NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN HOURS SPENT ON THESE MATTERS IS Ø REGULAR HOURS, Ø OVERTIME HOURS, AND Ø TOTAL HOURS.

END

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PACSISTA

RIENCTOR, FBI

ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION,

FROM:

SAC, EL PASO (139-25)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

(2) NONE.

END.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

APROLIGIA W75) TUUTUVPE July 1

TP 263 HH PLAIN

4:51 PM HST NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 GBM

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION.

WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM: HONOLULU (56-22) IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL, FEBRUARY 11, 1974.

PARAGRAPH ONE - NONE.

PARAGRAPH TWO - NONE.

END

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\*8:46PM NITEL 4/1/74 PXA

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TO DIRECTOR

FROM HOUSTON (66-1657) 1PG

ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT.

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

THE FOLLOWING STATISTICAL INFORMATION IS FURNISHED FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, RE CAPTIONED MATTER:

i:	REGULAR HOURS	O.T. HOURS	TOTAL
SPECIAL AGENTS	165.00	17.00	182/00
CLERI CAL .	12.00	6.50	18.50
TOTAL	177.00	23.50	200.50

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WARTS IP PLAIN

5:46 PM P.M. NITEL APRILI, 1974 SKV

TO DIRECTOR (ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM INDIANAPOLIS (66-3265)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUNITEL NOV. 2, 1973.

- (1) NONE
- (2) NONE

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APROP TELL JULIE

NR 662 JN PLAIN

5:27PM NITEL APRIL 2, 1974 MJR

TO:

DIRECTOR (139-4089)

ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM:

JACKSON (139-54) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE JACKSON TELETYPE DATED FEBRUARY 28, 1974.

THE JACKSON DIVISION CONDUCTED NO INVESTIGATION REGARDING THIS MATTER DURING MARCH, 1974.

END.

DCW FBIHQ CLR

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/15/80 BYSP4JRALCMS

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MMX231974

PM NITEL MARCH 28, 1974 GLB TELETYPE 8:52

DIRECTOR CATIN: ACCOUNTING AND TO

FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT)

FR OM JACKSONVILLE (139-67)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REJKNITEL FEBRUARY 28, 1974.

- NUMBER OF SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS SPENT ON ALL INVESTIGATIONS REQUESTED BY THE SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE DEALING WITH THE WATERGATE AND ALL RELATED MATTERS, BROKEN DOWN AS TO REGULAR HOURS, OVERTIME HOURS AND TOTAL HOURS-NO NE.
- 2. NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN-HOURS SPENT ON THESE CASES BROKEN DOWN AS TO REGULAR HOURS, OVERTIME HOURS, AND TOTAL HOURS - NONE.

END

FBIHQ REC'D SEVEN KLJ HOL D

RE 653 RC PLAIN

640 00 1976

6:24 PM APRIL 2, 1974 NITEL LEB VOCAS
TO DIRECTOR, FBI

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT FROM KANSAS CITY (139-124) P 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

SA REG. HOURS 57, OT 13 HRS. TOTAL 70

CLERICAL HRS. 5 1/2, OT 0 HRS. TOTAL 5 1/2

END.

FBIHQ FLC FR FOUR TELS, TKS, AND CLR.

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MR002 KX PLAIN

6:36PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 PXS

TO DIRECTOR

(ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM KNOXVILLE (62-1072) IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUNITEL NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR MONTH OF MARCH, 1974.

IS AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) (A) FIFTEEN MINUTES
  - (B) NONE
  - (C) FIFTEEN MINUTES
- (2) (A) FIFTEEN MINUTES
  - (B) NONE
  - (C) FIFTEEN MINUTES

END

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NR 002 LR PLAIN

7:46PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 GM

DIRECTOR. FBI

WATERGATE UNIT ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING & PRAUD SECTION

FROM:

LITTLE ROCK (139-64) P

1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE TO ALL SACS NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH , 1974, LITTLE ROCK DIVISION SPENT NO SPECIAL AGENT OR CLERICAL MAN HOURS ON CAPTIONED MATTER. END

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10:45 AM URGENT APRIL 2, 1974 LRS

TO DIRECTOR (139-4089)

FROM LOS ANGELES (139-306) (P) IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO BUREAU, MARCH 1, 1974.

DURING MARCH, 1974, THE LOS ANGELES DIVISION SPENT

THE FOLLOWING HOURS DEALING WITH WATERGATE AND RELATED

MATTERS: SPECIAL AGENT REGULAR HOURS - 16; SPECIAL AGENT

OVERTIME HOURS - 6; TOTAL SPECIAL AGENT HOURS - 22;

REGULAR CLERICAL MAN HOURS - 8.

END

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PERSONAL VALUE OF INVESTIGATION CONTRURGATIONS SECTION

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#AR 2 9 1979 542 MARCH 29.1974 NITEL

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

LOUISVILLE (66-2469) 1P

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WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

STATISTICAL INFO FOR MONTH OF MARCH, 1974:

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5:49 P.M. NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 KJW.

to director

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION,

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM MEMPHIS (66-2101) (C)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUTEL, 11/2/73.

DURING MARCH THE FOLLOWING MAN-HOURS WERE SPENT ON INVESTIGATIONS REQUESTED BY SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE:

SPECIAL AGENT REGULAR MAN-HOURS: 0

SPECIAL AGENT OVERTIME HOURS: Ø

TOTAL SPECIAL AGENT HOURS:

REGULAR CLERICAL MAN-HOURS: Ø

CLERICAL OVERTIME HOURS: Ø

TOTAL CLERICAL HOURS: Ø

END .

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NRO15 MM PLAIN

5:15 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 FXF

TO DIRECTOR 139-4089

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT.

FROM MIAMI

139-328

1 PAGE

JAMES WALTER MC./CORD, JR.; ET AL; BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C., JUNE 17, 1972. IOC; PERJURY; OOJ. OD: WFO.

REBUNITEL NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

THE FOLLOWING STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, IS SUBMITTED IN CONNECTION WITH WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS:

AGENT MANHOURS: REGULAR: 2; OVERTIME: 0; TOTAL: 2
CLERICAL HOURS: REGULAR: 8; OVERTIME: 0; TOTAL: 8

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NRØØ5 MI PLAIN

8:12PM NITEL APRIL 3, 1974 PMM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

0

WATERGATE SECTION

FROM MILWAUKEE (66-1906) 1P

WATER GATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

MILWAUKEE DIVISION HAD NO AGENT OR CLERICAL HOURS SPENT
ON SUBJECT MATTER DURING MARCH, 1974.

A: D

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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TELETYPE

600PM NITEL APRIL 3, 1974 AGL

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION .

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM MINNEAPOLIS 56-92 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, THE MINNEAPOLIS DIVISION
EXPENDED 8 REGULAR AGENT HOURS AND NO OVER-TIME AGENT HOURS,
FOR A TOTAL OF 8 AGENT HOURS; AND 2 REGULAR CLERICAL HOURS AND NO
OVER-TIME, FOR A TOTAL OF 2 CLERICAL HOURS ON THESE MATTERS.
END.

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725PM NITEL 3/29/74 PER

TO

DIRECTOR

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM MOBILE (62-1668)

ONE PAGE

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

REBUNITEL NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

WOBILE CONDUCTED NO INVESTIGATION RE CAPTIONED MATTERS;

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10:08. PM NITEL 4-1-74 JWC

TO DIRECTOR

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION-

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM NEWARK (56-00) IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974.

1. SPECIAL AGENT MAN HOURS - REGULAR 44; OVERTIME Ø;
TOTAL 44. 2. CLERICAL/STENO MAN HOURS; REGULAR 8;

OVERTIME Ø; TOTAL 8.

END

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9:21PM NITEL MARCH 29, 1974 SEB

TO:

DIRECTOR

FR OM:

NEW HAVEN (62-2660) (P) 1P

JATEDOATE AND DELATED MATTERS

RE NEW HAVEN TEL TO BUREAU, FEBRUARY 28, 1974.

STATISTICAL INFO, NEW HAVEN DIVISION, FOR MARCH, 1974, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. NUMBER OF SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS SPENT ON ALL
  INVESTIGATIONS, CAPTIONED MATTER: REGULAR HOURS- ONE, OVERTIME
  HOURS- NONE; TOTAL: ONE.
- 2. NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN-HOURS SPENT ON THESE CASES:
  REGULAR HOURS- NONE, OVERTIME HOURS- NONE; TOTAL: NONE.
  END

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7:38PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 JMF

TO DIRECTOR, ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION
WATERGATE UNIT.

FROM NEW ORLEANS (46-2773)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUNITEL, NOVEMBER 2,1973.

DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, ONE HALF HOUR AGENT
MAN-HOURS AND ONE HALF HOUR CLERICAL MAR-HOURS SPENT ON WATERGATE
OR RELATED MATTERS IN THE NEW ORLEANS DIVISION.

END MESSAGE.

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NR 029 NY PLAIN

638PM NITEL 4-1-74 CJR

TO DIRECTOR

ATT ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM NEW YORK 139-301

1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

FOLLOWING NEW YORK DIVISION STATISTICS ARE ESTIMATED
FOR MARCH, 1974:

ONE. 590 SPECIAL AGENT MAN-HOURS CONSISTING OF 510 REGULAR HOURS AND 80 OVERTIME HOURS.

TWO. 120 CLERICAL MAN-HOURS CONSISTING SOLELY OF REGULAR HOURS.

END

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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TELETYPE

NR 02 NF PLAIN

825PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 RLS

TO DIRECTOR (ATT: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION, WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM NORFOLK (66-956) (P)

WWATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

NORFOLK SPENT TWO SPECIAL AGEENT MAN HOURS AND ONE CLERICAL
MAN HOUR DURING MARCH IN CAPTIONED MATTER. ALL WORK PERFORMED DURING REGULAR HOURS.

END

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NR 005 OC PLAIN

6:05 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 JAB

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

ATTENTION : ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM OKLAHOMA CITY

(139-103) P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU TELETYPE, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR PERIOD MARCH 1, 1974,

THROUGH MARCH 31, 1974:

- I. SPECIAL AGENT MANHOURS REGULAR THREE HOURS
  OVERTIME NONE
  TOTAL THREE HOURS
- 2. CLERICAL MANHOURS REGULAR TWO HOURS
  OVERTIME NONE
  TOTAL TWO HOURS

END.

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505PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 BJP

TO ±

DIRECTOR (ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WAGERGATE UNIT)

FROM: OMAHA (139-58) (P) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

ZERO SPECIAL AGENT AND CLERICAL MAN HOURS SPENT ON CAPTIONED MATTER DURING MONTH OF MARCH, 1974.

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Director Sec'y

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630 PM APRIL 1,1974 NITEL MCA

TO DIRECTOR ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SEC.

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM PHILADELPHIA (62-5545) (P)

WATERGA

TE END RELATED MATTERS

REBUTEL NOVEMBER 2,1973.

PHILADELPHIA DIVISION - MARCH 1974.

- 1. REGULAR AGENT MANHOURS 252
- 2. OVERTIME AGENT MANHOURS 0
- 3. TOTAL AGENT MANHOURS 252
- 4. REGULAR CLERICAL MANHOURS 43
- 5. TOTAL CLERICAL MANHOURS 43

END

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NR 004 PX PLAIN
546 PM APRIL 1, 1974 NITEL JRI
TO DIRECTOR

FROM PHOENIX (139-118) (P) (1P)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE PX NITEL TO BUREAU, MARCH 1, 1974.

- 1. EIGHT DAYS AND ONE HOUR REGULAR SPECIAL AGENT TIME SPENT ON THIS MATTER DURING MARCH , 1974.
- 2. FIVE HOURS REGULAR CLERICAL TIME SPENT ON THIS MATTER DURING MARCH , 1974.

END

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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7:25 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 DMN

TO: DIRECTOR

(ATT'N: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION, WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM: PITTSBURGH (56-256)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

FOLLOWING IS AN ESTIMATE OF STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD MARCH 1, 1974, THROUGH MARCH 31, 1974:

1. SA MANHOURS SPENT ON INVESTIGATION:

REGULAR HOURS

18

OVERTIME HOURS

ø.

TOTAL

18 HOURS

2. CLERICAL MANHOURS SPENT :

REGULAR HOURS

2 HOURS

OVERTIME HOURS

Ø

TOTAL

2 HOURS

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9:23PM NITEL/APRIL 1, 1974 JHB

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DIRECTOR

(ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION,

WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM:

PORTLAND (66-2000) (P) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

REBUTEL, NOVEMBER 1, 1974.

PORTLAND DIVISION HAS RECEIVED NO WATERGATE OR RELATED MATTERS FOR INVESTIGATION DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974.

END

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NRØØI RH PLAIN

6:38 PM NITEL 4-2-74 EJM

TO DIRECTOR (139-4089)

FROM RICHMOND (139-65) P 1F

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL, NOV. 2, 1973.

NO SPECIAL AGENT OR CLERICAL MAN-HOURS SPENT ON THIS CASE DURING MONTH ON MARCH, 1974.

END

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6:35 PM NITEL 4/2/74 RRH

TO DIRECTOR ---ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION, WATERGAT

UNIT, STATISTICAL INFORMATION FOR THE MONTH

MARCH, 1974 ---

FROM SACRAMENTO (62-384)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUTEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

THE FOLLOWING MANHOURS SPENT ON WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS DURING MARCH, 1974:

- 1. REGULAR AGENT MANHOURS 310, 60 OVERTIME, TOTAL 370 MANHOURS.
  - 2. REGULAR CLERICAL HOURS 50, OVERTIME 10, TOTAL 60 HOURS.

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PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NRØ6 SL PLAIN

NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 KCM

DIRECTOR (139-4089)TO

ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD

ST. LOUIS (139-93)

Telephone Rim Director, Sec

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION MONTH OF MARCH: HOURS: ONE REGULAR HOUR, ZERO OVERTIME, TOTAL ONE HOUR.

CLERICAL MAN HOURS: ONE-HALF REGULAR HOUR, ZERO OVERTIME, TOTAL ONE-HALF HOUR.

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3:27AM NITEL, APRIL 2-1974, RXL

/to:

DIRECTOR

FROM:

SALT LAKE CITY 66-1836 IP

ATIN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE SALT LAKE CITY TELETYPE, MARCH 1, 1974.

FOR MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, NO INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED

AT REQUEST OF THE SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE DEALING WITH WATERGATE.

END.

APR 0 4 1974

TELETYPE

NRØØ6 SA PLAIN

803PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974

L.P.P

TO

DIRECTOR

ATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

FROM SAN ANTONIO (56-170)

IP.

WATERGATE AND RELATED MAITERS.

DURING THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974, SAN ANTONIO DEVOTED 32
REGULAR HOURS SPECIAL AGENT TIME ON CAPTIONED MATTER 8 HOURS
AGENT ON OVERTIME AND 17 HOURS REGULAR CLERICAL TIME.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

MAR 29 1974 ...

NR Ø6SD CODE

TO:

DYRECTOR (139-4089)

ACCOUNTING & FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE

FROM:

SAN DIEGO (139-63) (P) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE NOVEMBER 2, 1973, TO ALL SACS. The STATISTICAL INFORMATION XOV MARCH. 1974:

- (1) NUMBER OF SPECIAL AGENT MAN HOURS SPENT NONE.
- (2) NUMBER OF CLERICAL MAN HOURS SPENT NONE.

END

PLS HOLD

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NR 021 SF PLAIN

IC:37PM NITEL 3/29/29 TJE

DIRECTOR

CATIN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE

CTINU

FROM

SAN FRANCISCO

(139 - 142)

1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL TO SAN FRANCISCO, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

EXPENDED IN THIS MATTER. NO OVERTIME HOURS FOR EITHER AGENT OR CLERICAL PERSONNEL.

END

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9:02PM WITEL APRIL 3, 1974 ARV

TO DIRECTOR

ATTENTION: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION, WATERGATE UNIT Prestor Sec'y

FROM SAN JUAN (58-64) 1 PAGE

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU TELETYPES, NOVEMBER 2, 1973, AND FEBRUARY 11,

FOLLOWING IS INFORMATION REQUESTED IN REFERENCED
TELETYPE'S FOR SAN JUAN OFFICE FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH, 1974:

- (1) FOUR AND ONE-HALF REGULAR SA MANHOURS.
- (2) TWO AND THREE-FOURTHS REGULAR CLERICAL MANHOURS.

END

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Assoc. Dir.
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513 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 PNR

TO DIRECTOR, ATTH ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM SAVANNAH 56-153 IP

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

REBUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOV 2, 1973.

NO INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED IN CAPTIONED MATTER BY SAVANNAH AT THE SPECIFIC REQUEST OF THE SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE, THEREFORE, NO SPECIAL AGENT OR CLERICAL MANHOURS ARE BEING REPORTED FOR MARCH, 1974.

END

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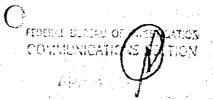
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917PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 RJS

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

ATJENTION: ACCOUNTING & FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM SEATTLE (139-122) 1P

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL OFFICES DATED FEBRUARY 11, 1974 AND SEATTLE NITEL TO BUREAU, MARCH 1, 1974.

DURING THE PERIOD MARCH 1, 1974 THROUGH MARCH 31, 1974, SEATTLE OFFICE HAS EXPENDED A TOTAL OF 17 AGENT MAN HOURS AND 5 CLERICAL HOURS ON WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS, ALL OF WHICH WAS PERFORMED DURING REVLAR WORKING HOURS.

END

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6:23PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 LRF

TO ±

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-4089)

CATTN: ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -

WATERGATE UNIT)

FROM:

SPRINGFIELD (139-66) (1P)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS.

RE BUREAU NITEL, NOVEMBER 2, 1973.

THERE WERE NO MAN HOURS, AGENT OR CLERICAL, SPENT ON THIS CASE IN MARCH, 1974.

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5:12 PM NITEL APRIL 1, 1974 JFD

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (AITN. ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT

FROM TAMPA (66-618) (P)

WATERGATE AND RELATED MATTERS

RE BUREAU NITEL TO ALL SACS, NOVEMBER 2, 1974.

TAMPA DIVISIO CEXPENDED NO AGENT OR CLERICAL MAN-HOURS
DURING MONTH OF MARCH IN CONNECTION WITH SUBJECT MATTER.
END

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To: DIRECTOR, FBI	(139-4089)		
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WATERGATE RELATED MATTERS			,
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Special Agent in Charge U.S.Government Printing Office: 1972 -- 455-574

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1942 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO Mr. Gelbhert

DATE: 5/1/74

FROM R. E. Long

1 - Mr. Nuzum

BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, 6/17/72 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS.

Attached is a copy of "Submission of Recorded Presidential Conversations to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives" by Richard Nixon, received 5/1/74 from SA Angelo J. Lano of WFO. This enclosure is being retained in the Watergate Special Matters Unit for analysis and reference purposes.

ACTION: This is for the record.

Attachment

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COURIER SERVICE

JAMES WALTER NC CORD, JR., ET AL. BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, JUNE 17, 1974 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Enclosed for the information of the Special Prosecution force are two copies each of a letter when signed in the name of James Walter McCord, Jr., dated April 14, 1974, and the envelope in which it was contained addressed to Special Agent Mario (Angelo) Lano, F8I, Washington, D. C.

While the substance of the enclosed does not appear to relate to any phase of the vatergate or related cases, it is being forwarded to the Special Prosecution Force as the letter is signed in the name of McCord who is apparently its author.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; It and Its contents are not to be distriubted outside your agency.

Enclosures [4]

Original and one forwarded with encs to SPF by 0-14 this date; one cc to WFO for information by 0-1 this date.

P.M.

BY COURIER EVC.

Dep. AU Adm. . Dep. AD Inv. \_ Asst. Dir.:

139-4089

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<u> </u>	Et Al; BURGLARY, DEMO	C CORD, JR., aka, CRATIC NATIONAL COM WASHINGTON, D. C.	MITTEE	nulity
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THE PARTY OF THE P

7 Minder Court Rockville, Maryland 20850 April 24, 1974

Dear Sirs:

I was asked to appear on an NBC-TV Show Take It From Here today to discuss the subject of intelligence, with no discussion of classified matters. In taping the show today, and in learning for the first time that there was to be a panelist by the name of Pruskay Fopcy who was us promoting a book of his, The Waster Spy, it became clear that Popov was for doing a hatchet job on the FBI. The pitch he was making was that in effect the FBI ignored what he claimed was a warning he had passed.as a former British agent, warning of Pearl Harbor.

I took direct contradiction to his claims and requested to be shown whr. . in his book there was any evidence of same and he referred to a page which appeared to be s imply a intelligence collection requirement on Hawaii. This I pointed out could and would have applied to any place in the Far East at the time and was no warning of any attack on Fearl Harbor. You may want to watch the TV program on this which is to play on Friday April 25, 1974 and on Monday April 28, 1974, at 9:30 a.m. I believe the part dealing with the alleged message to the FBI about Pearl Harbon is to be on Monday. If NBC does not cut the defense of the FBI it will refute Popov's claim. Popov and his agent from Grosset and Dunlap are to be touring a number of American cities promoting his book so you will no doubt hear of his false claim many times. The bird is a phony and a fraud and had I known his angle or gimmick I would have refused to appear with him. was told simply that he was a French intelligence agent and was to discuss behind the lines wartime intelligence operations of his experience.

The above is a matter of information for your files.

Very truly yours,

James W. McCord. Jr.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 7115/80

May 14, 1974

TAMES WALTER MCCORD

MEMORANDUM FOR

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. MILLER

MR. GEBHARDT

MR MINTZ

MR. ADAMS

FBI WATERGATE INVESTIGATION

During our briefing conference on May 13, 1974, we discussed the attention being focused on the Bureau's investigation of the Watergate incident and concluded that an excellent, all-our effort had been made and that we could defend our investigation.

As a result of recent revelations we have been newly introduced to certain circumstances which may have a bearing on any subsequent efforts to support our position and for this reason I want Mr. Adams with Mr. Gebhardt's cooperation to prepare a complete analysis of this situation without undue delay in order that we can discuss the full ramifications of this situation

Very truly yours,

Clarence M. Kelley **Director** 

CMKIGT, (7)

MAY 15 1974

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED UNCLASSIFIED 5/80 BY SPG lew long

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Nuzum Mr. Long Mr. Gebhardt

EXT. BY SP4 JRM DMS FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 <u> Sliz 124</u>

4089-2756

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL? BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE BEADQUARTERS, JUNE 17, INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

Enclosed are two copies of an article in the May 7, 1974, issue of "The Washington Post," captioned "CIA Switched Agents' Files on FBI," which was That article incorrectly written by columnist Jack Anderson. states "The agents had discovered from the grand jury testimony that Mrs. James McCord, wife of the Waterbugger, had burned some of her husband's papers after he was arrested inside the Watergate on June 17, 1972. According to the testimony, someone named Pennington, who had served with McCord in the CIA, had been present at the burning.

Dec. AD Inv.

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MAY 20 1971 JRC

TELETYPE UNIT

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL.





Lee R. Pennington has been acquainted with McCord since the mid-1950's and since the Watergate incident on June 17, 1972, Pennington has met with McCord about six times. One or two days after McCord's arrest, Pennington brought dinner to the McCord family at their residence, Pennington told us McCord had furnished him no information concerning the Watergate matter. He stated he had absolutely no information about any electronic equipment at McCord's home and had not seen any. He made no mention of having seen Mrs. McCord burn any papers or that he participated in such burning.



It is interesting to note that about May 1, 1974, the FBI learned from U. S. Attorney Barl J. Silbert that Lee R. Pennington

tigation concerning Pennington or the alleged burning incident has been requested by the Special Prosecution Force and therefore, none has been conducted.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency, it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures (2)



Original and one forwarded to SPF by 0-14 this date we encs; one cc to WFO for information by 0-7 this date with enc.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  $\it Aemorandum$ Aset. Dir.: 5/7/74 Mr. Gebhardton DATE: TO Mr. Gebhardt R. E. Long 1 Mr. Long **FROM** Mr. Nuzum JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET A SUBJECT: BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS 6/17/72 SON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS DATE OF REVIEW The lack Anderson column appearing in the 5/7/74 issue of "The Washington Post" (copy attached), is captioned X CIA Switched Agents' Files on FBI." That WHERE SHOWN OTHERWIS ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN article incorrectly states "The agents had discovered from the grand jury testimony that Mrs. James McCord, wife of the waterbugger, had burned some of her husband's papers after he was arrested inside the Watergate on June 17, 1972. According to the testimony, someone named Pennington, who had served with McCord in the CIA, had been present at the burning." 139-4089-17 1974 ENCLOSUR 444-1050F(25000) CC WED LANC) CO FTC/ONM 5/13/14 Attachment \$0 1974 JIC/amia (4)

CONFIDENTIA

Long to Gebhardt RE: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL.



Lee R. Pennington has been acquainted with McCord since the mid-1950's and since the Watergate incident on 6/17/72, Pennington met with McCord about six times. One or two days after McCord's arrest, Pennington brought dinner to the McCord family at their residence. Pennington told us McCord had furnished him no information concerning the Watergate matter. He stated he had absolutely no information about any electronic equipment at McCord's home and had not seen any. He made no mention of having seen Mrs. McCord burn any papers or that he participated in such burning.

It is interesting to note that about 5/1/74 case Agent Angelo J. Lano, WFO, learned from USA Earl J. Silbert there is a second Cecil Pennington,

who was involved with McCord and about whom we had no information. No investigation concerning Pennington or the alleged burning incident has been requested by the Special Prosecution Force.

ACTION. This is for information.

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WASHINGTON POST 7, 1974

# CIA Switched Agents' Files on Fl

The Central Intelligence Agency switched files on the FBI, we have how learned, in a deliberate attempt to mislead the G-men who were investigating the Watergate break-in.

The agents had discovered from the grand jury testimony that Mrs. James McCord, wife of the Waterbugger, had burned some of her husband's papers after he was arrested inside the sources, the CIA dodged.
Watergate on June 17, 1972. Investigation Squelched. Dis-

According to the testimony, someone named Pennington. who had served with McCord in

the CIA, had been present at the burning.

This led to a routine FBI re-quest for a CIA file on Pennington, which threw CIA officials into a panic. For Lee Penning-Stennis to intervene. ton, a CIA consultant, not only had been present but had parported the incident to his superiors.

family, not as a CIA informantafter the Watergate arrest. Penalthough he insisted that nothflames.

was to be linked to the Water-

Jack Anderson Sociated with McCord in the

Our sources say it was no accident section and turned it he locate that the CIA furnished the Stennis.

FBI with the wrong file. They, Stennis office acknowledged claim it was deliberate obstruct that the old man had asked Magtion of justice.

nothing whatsoever to do with said he could neither confirm Watergate. Still suspicious, the nor deny that the senator had agents asked once more for clarification. But again, say our quest, "He talks with Clements

tinguished old Sen. John C. Stennis (D-Miss.), the Pentagon's foremost Senate champion, intervened to kill an investigation of Deputy Defense Secretary William P. Clements. Sources privy to the incident say Clements privately asked

Clements had come under fire from the Senate Commerce ticipated in the burning. A Committee for a possible confaithful CIA man, he had re-flict of interest. Although he owns stock valued at \$100 million in Sedco, a Dallas drilling Pennington later testified firm, he has presided at the Penthat he had driven to the Mc-tagon over policymaking deci-documents reveal that the Pres-ling a legal point. Cord home-as a friend of the sions with regard to the Alaskan Naval Petroleum Reserve.

His company is a bidder on nington found Mrs. McCord the pipeline that would be the tional Wildlife Refuge "to comburning papers and joined in, likely outlet for oil should the rich Alaskan reserve be opened. ing sensitive had been fed to the Clements has urged that it be flames. thrown open to commercial de-

Stennis asked Senate Comgate incident. So the CIA sent merce Chairman Warren G. the last fruly wild frontiers the FBI a file on Cecil Penning-ton instead of Lee Pennington. Magnuson (D-Wash.) to halt the The energy group's recom-ton instead of Lee Pennington of Clements, mendation, presented in a By a coincidence, Cecil Pen-ciaiming jurisdiction for his memo meant for the eyes only of nington once had also been as-lown Senate Armed Services Treasury Secretary William E.

nuson to give up the Clements For the FBI quickly recog-case. After speaking with nized that Cecil Pennington had Stennis, however, a spokesman intervened at Clements reall the time," said the spokes-man.

After our inquiries, Stennis hastily put out a statement claiming that he had investi-gated the alleged Clements conflict and had found Clements innocent, Stennis noted that Cle-ents had removed himself from any decision-making regarding the oil reserves:

In an earlier column, how ever, we printed memos that those who burglarized the of showed Clements still involved fices of Daniel Elisberg Di in oil decisions after he supposedly had removed himself.

Footnote: Meanwhile, confidential Treasury Department ident's Cabinet-level Emer-gency Energy Action Group wants to open the Arctic Namercial oil development.

This refuge, which happens to be located next to the oil-rich Alaskan Naval Petroleum Re-serve, shelters some of the world's rarest animals on one of

A battle is now rag gress over the istue, Adlai E. Stevenson III II and Rep. John Moss (DC leading the fight to protect the public interest on Alaska 140 crative North Slope.

Washington Whire The inquitial of former Attorney as eral John N. Mitchell and Co merce Secretary Maurice : Stans caused rumblings lead the special prosecutor's office Although this wasn't their case staffers there are contestand about the psychological effects will have on future Waterfale cases. They are particularly nervous eyer the case against those who burglarized the of chiatrist, which is being tried a a civil-rights case rather than burglary. Some of the Watergate lawyers fear that this is streto

The American Electric Power System, which once urged take overs of consumer-owned com panies through subversion of city councils, is on the brink of gobbling up Fort Wayne's Ath-nicipal utility. There, the glass firm has promised glistening downtown buildings as a carry to city voters. Actually, the lease deal probably will mean hike in the Indiana city's low rates particularly for low-income erly people and blacks.

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FROM:	SAC, LOS ANGELES (	139-306) (P)		
SUBJECT:	JAMES WALTER MC CO	RD, JR., aka;		
	BURGLARY OF DEMOCR COMMITTEE HEADQUAR	ATIC NATIONAL		1.
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	Enclosed herewith	are five conies	of a Lette	rhead
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advertis	ement that appeared	in the "Los Ang	eles Times"	
newspa <b>pe</b>	r on 5/6/74. Two cop	ies also enclos	ed for Wash	ington
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LA 139-306

Post Office Box 2594 at the Hollywood-Wilcox Station, United States Postal Service, was determined to be GEORGE ELMER EDWARDS.

For the information of the Bureau, Los Angeles indices were negative concerning EDWARDS.

A check with the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS) failed to locate any information for EDWARDS through the California Department of Motor Vehicles.

Inasmuch as Los Angeles has quoted the entire advertisement in the enclosed LHM, a copy of it is being placed in the Los Angeles file, but is not being forwarded to the Bureau.

Information contained herein is being submitted at this time for information only and EDWARDS will not be interviewed unless advised to the contrary by the Bureau, or by Washington Field.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
May 9, 1974

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.;
ET AL
BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL
COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS
June 17, 1974
Washington, D.C.

In the final edition of the "Los Angeles Times" newspaper on May 6, 1974, an advertisement appeared in the classified pages which read as follows:

"Watergate & related defendants: If you want to make serious counter charges, we have the evidence. Write P.O. Box 2594, Hollywood-Wilcox Sta., Cal. 90028"

A confidential source, who has provided reliable information in the past, advised Post Office Box 2594 at the Hollywood-Wilcox Station of the United States Postal Service, Zip Code 90028, is subscribed to in the name of George Elmer Edwards. Edwards' address is shown as Apartment 6, 913 North Fairfax Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90046. His telephone number is 654-5570, he was born July 1, 1912, he is five feet eleven inches tall, weighs 185 pounds, and has black hair and hazel eyes. No other information was available concerning Edwards.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/15/80 BYSP4 JRM OMS

NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED BY THE FBI

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its conents are not to be distibuted outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE 139 (1087-275

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

### Memorandum

TO

Mr. White

DATE: April 17, 1974

FROM

R. A. Miller January

SUBJECT:

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.

ET AL

BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL

COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS (DNCH) 6/17/72

Intell.
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By memorandum Franck to Jenkins 3/21/74 the Laboratory was furnished three documents obtained from the Senate Judiciary Committee concerning the nomination of Earl J. Silbert to be U. S. Attorney for the District of Columbia. These items consisted of a brief by the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU), a document prepared by James W. McCord, Jr. and a response to the ACLU report by Mr. Silbert.

The thrust of the ACLU report is mainly concerned with the handling of the Watergate investigation prior to the time a special Watergate prosecutor was appointed.

The item furnished by Mr. McCord is concerned with what he thinks are improper actions on the part of the President in regard to the Watergate affair.

The Laboratory has completed a thorough review of these items and the following salient points are set forth with comments.

1. The ACLU brief makes allegations of an incomplete security sweep of DNCH by Bureau personnel contending that several employees at DNCH could not recall any concerted effort by the FBI to debug telephones.

Bureau personnel conducted this security sweep during the late afternoon and evening hours on 6/29-30/72 in order to obtain complete access to all areas. It is to be noted this was subsequent to the regular workday of most of the employees at DNCH.

1 - Mr. Gebhardt

1 - Mr. Nuzum

1 - Mr. Bowers

1 - Mr. White

1 - Mr. R. A. Miller

Mr, Stevens

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15 MAY 7 1974

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Memorandum to Mr. White

RE: JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR.

ET AL

BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS (DNCH) 6/17/72

2. The ACLU brief alleges failure of prosecutors to cause removal of a "live tap" from telephone of R. Spencer Oliver despite having learned from Baldwin the existence of same nearly three months prior to discovery.

It is noted that Silbert does not address himself directly to this allegation. However, in all fairness to Silbert, as you know, Laboratory personnel as well as C & P Telephone Company personnel physically checked all telephone instruments in June, 1972, at the DNCH and no listening or wiretapping devices were found at that time.

3. The ACLU brief alleges that the device discovered 9/13/72 was operating until its removal on that date.

At the time Bureau personnel removed this device it was inoperative, and subsequent examination of this device did not reveal how long it could have been in this condition. In addition, at the time of the survey at the DNCH in June, 1972, by Laboratory personnel, an R. F. sweep was conducted which revealed no active device such as that discovered on Oliver's telephone instrument.

It is felt Silbert's response to the ACLU report is adequate, and it would appear that any comment by the FBI at this time would serve no useful purpose.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

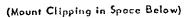
It is recommended that the Exernal Affairs Division continue to follow the hearings concerning Silbert's nomination for U. S. Attorney for the District of Columbia, to ensure that the Bureau's interests are protected.

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To. K Director		Date	-5/16/74	1 -
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## Verification of tapes a job for The experts

UA physicist calls for tests, outlines [Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and sto

methods

By COLLINS HEMINGWAY Special to the Democrat

FAYETTEVILLE - A University of Arkansas physicist whose recommendations helped initiate a technical investigation of a gap in a Watergate tape, says that a panel of experts should examine tapes of transcripts released last week by the White House.

"If (President) Nixon wishes to have all cyidence looked at 'fully and objectively,' technical analysis must be included," said Dr. Alan V. Larson, associate professor of physics at the UA, "If the public wishes to know all the truth, and wishes to believe their President, it must demand that all evidence be delivered intact. . . . No cut-up pieces can be acceptable."

Nixon said the 1,200 pages of edited transcripts told the "full story" of his actions following the break-in at Democratic Party national headquarters and absolved him of any wrongdoing in an alleged cover-up of the burglary.

However, numerous sections in the transcripts are missing and labeled "in-audible," "unintelligible" or "expletive deleted." Other parls have been taken out because of "national security" considerations.

#### ANALYSIS VETOED

Nixon said that Kep. Peter Rodino, D.N.J., chairman of; the House Judiciary Committee, which is investigating impeachment charges, and Mep. Udered Hutchinson, R. Mich., a ching Republican on

, the committee, could listen to! the tapes for verification. But, he said, the tapes them-. selves could not be examined. for possible tampering.

Said Larson: "The human ear is totally inadequate for the detection of tampering . . . Even amateurs can erase and record again, changing words or sentences without leaving telltale sounds detec-

Larsen's major area of study was in electricity and magnetism, so he says he has a "full background of related theoretical ideas" on recordings, which are magnetic jimprints on tape.

table by ear."

His practical experience came at General Dynamics, where he was involved with the recovery of tape-recorded information sent back from deep-space probes. Often, such data is filled with noise and distortion and must be "computer enhanced" to be of value. At the UA, he teaches applied physics, with emphasis on how to properly handle equipment and information in related fields.

#### COMPUTER FILTER

Computers can be programmed to distinguish between spectral patterns created by noise and patterns greated by a specific signal or human voice, then to edit

Page IA

ARKANSAS DEMOCRAT Little Rock, Ark.

Date:5-12-74 Edition: PM

Editor: ROBERT S. MCCORI Title:

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Submitting Office:

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out the background noise. Such techniques have produced high-quality photographic transmissions of Jupiter, Venus, Mars and Mercury across millions of miles of space.

Such instrument analysis is conclusive. Larson said, and can be done without technicians even hearing what is said, thus safeguarding "national security matters or matters of personal embarrassment to Nixon."

Larson suggested an "obvious compromise" between Nixon and the Judiciary Committee over 42 tapes now being contested. He says a small group from the committee and the White House should listen to the tapes to determine relevant portions and then a technical panel could authenticate the tapes and clarify any garble.

Larson first became involved in the Watergate matter last October when Nixon offereda "compromise" whereby Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., could hear the tapes to verify transcripts. When special Watergate prosecutor Archibald Cox insisted on getting the tapes themselves, he was fired in the "Saturday Night Massacre."

The next Monday, Larson called the office of Federal Judge John J. Sirica, who was handling the case, regarding the need for technical analysis.

When he learned he was the first scientist to call - more did later - he also called the special prosecutor's office and the Senate Watergate Committee.

He was asked to write a paper spelling out, in layman's Banas, what could be exis cled of technical analysis had why it should be done. the did so in conjunction with \_ nords, Larson said.

two members of the UA electrical Engineering Department, Dr. Neil Schmitt and Dr. Charles Caldwell.

"Our goal was to educate the decision-makers so they could decide whether to have the tests done," Larson said. Their paper recommended formation of a panel to study the tapes. Strcia formed the panel, which tearned of the 181/2-minute gap in a conversation between Nixon and John Ehrlichman on June 20. 1972, three days after the Watergate break-in.

Larson said the panel, "like good scientists," refused to comment until its report was finished. Because the UA paper was "laying on everybody's desk in Washington,' the news media used it as background on technical matters. Time Magazine's Dec. 10, 1973, cover story on the missing segment was based on the report, Larson said.

In January, when the preliminary technical report was released saying the gap was caused by five to nine separate erasures, apparently deliberate, Larson reviewed the report for the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

"It was not a full technical report, but a summary," Larson said, and was lacking in detail. The final report, submitted to Sirica May 4, has not been made public.

The 1814-minute gap, Larson said, was made difficult to recover because it was not only erased repeatedly, but there was also a buzz over it.

If, as the present transcripts indicate, words are merely inaudible, or garbled because two people are speaking at the same time, it! would be technically possible. to recover the important

This is already being done with tapes the Judiciary Committee already has, simply because they've got better audio equipment than the secretaries who typed up the transcripts," Larson commented.

If the tapes were erased, he said, it was probably done by nonprofessionals, and trained experts could uncover tampering. Discovery of the cause of the 1812-minute gap would have been only an "afternoon's work" for experts, Larson said, since the crase mechanism left magnetic imprints.

Another way exports can detect tampering is by a slight hissing sound, discernible only to a spectrum analyzer, which breaks sound patterns into component parts. The hissing is caused a by the recording head becoming slightly magnetized during recording. This hiss becomes gradually stronger, Larson said, creating, in effect, a "calendar." Any interruption in hiss intensity would indicate a splice of some sort.

Because of the 18 1-4-minrte gap in the Watergate tupes and other discrepancies

in evidence the White House has presented various investigating bodies, Larson feels it is imperative that experts examine the tapes of the Nixon transcripts.

Larson said:

"Had the White House delivered pieces of tapes or transcripts thereof. copies of documents rather than originals, the public surely would not have learned of deliberate tape erasures e videnced by unequivocal marks on the tapes; deliberate back-dating! of property deeds evidenced; by specific defects in type-, writer keys, or deliberate scissoring of documents as evidenced by comparison to earlier copies. It would appear that the White House has not been fair to the public in its handling of evidence."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Hr. Gebhar

DATE:

5/14/74

1- Mr. Gebhardt

l- Mr. Long 強

1- Mr. Nuzum

l- Mr. Franck 🖟

SUBJECT:

JAMES WALTER MC CORD, JR., ET AL. BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE HEADQUARTERS, 6/17/72 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS propection
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Legal Coun.

The first installment of an article entitled "All the President's Men" written by "The Washington Post" reporters Carl Bernstein and Bob Woodward appeared in the May, 1974, issue of Playboy Magazine. This article has been reviewed and concerns itself in part with telephone and personal contacts by the authors with an unidentified FBI Agent (presumably the case Agent, Angelo J. Lano, WFO). The article states that SA Lano leaked some information to Bernstein during October, 1972, resulting in the publication of a controversial article in "The Washington Post."

Shortly after the event occurred, SA Lano furnished a sworn affidavit denying the charges. The complete facts of the situation were incorporated into a memorandum dated 10/26/72 directed to the Attorney General.

ACTION: None. The facts of the situation have already been determined and furnished to the Attorney General. This memorandum is supplied for information only.

JJC/amm (5)

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Bates

The Attorney General

-4099-1414

October 26, 1972

1- Mr. Gallagher

1- Mr. Bolz 1- Mr. Nuzum

James Walter HC Cord, Jr., and Others BURGLARY OF DEMOCRATIC MATIONAL COUNTIE READQUARTERS JUNE 17, 1972 INTERCEPTION OF COMMUNICATIONS

ORIGINAL DELIVERED TO A.G. AT HOME EVENNG COPIES OF 10,24.72 0.0.6. 4 CHINELINI ASST A.G.

This Bureau's Washington Field Office advised that "The Washington Post" news reporters Carl Bernstein and Bob Woodward, who wrote the article October 25, 1972, identifying H. R. Haldeman, White House Chief of Staff, as one of the individuals authorized to approve payments from a secret campaign fund, were summoned to the office of Assistant U. S. Attorney (AUSA) Earl Silbert, October 25, 1972. At that time the news reporters stated they were under pressure because their story, based on "sources," may have been wrong. Further, "The Washington Post" was also under pressure to identify the source of this story and Bernstein and Noodward stated they were going to identify Special Agent (SA) Angelo J. Lano, case Agent, as the source of this information.

This is an outrageous lie and SA Lano insists on preparing a sworn signed affidavit categorically denying this allegation and a copy of this affidavit will be furnished Bernstein and Woodward have obviously gotten to AUSA Silbert. themselves into an extreme bind because of their false story and they are seeking to make SA Lano their scapegoat based ... on bits and pieces of conversations had with SA Lano as shown hereinafter.

SA Leno was authorized on October 3, 1972, to meet with reporter Carl Bernstein for the purpose of having Bernstein identify his source of information for numerous stories he had written on captioned matter. This meeting was terminated when Bernstein would only identify his source as 🖫 is very high nource, and he insisted on traing to query SA Land about the case to which SA Land replied, "no comment."

CB/CAN/amm (10)

SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR

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Cleveland . ("onradi

The Attorney General

SA Lano, during the late evening of October 23, 1972, returned a call to Bernstein, who had called the Washington Field Office saying it was urgent he speak to SA Lano. SA Lano, because of his acute concern over "The Washington Post's" apparent access to FBI information, returned this call hoping to learn from Bernstein his source of information.

Bernstein, at this time, stated he was in a bind because he had a big story to finish and needed to know if his information was correct. SA Lano advised Bernstein there could and would be no comment on his part and suggested Bernstein call FBI Headquarters. Bernstein went on to relate that his story centered around Haldeman of the White House and stated Hugh Bloan (former Treasurer, Finance Committee to Reelect the President) in a debriofing passion with AUSA Silbert and in testiopay before the Foderal grand bry, identified five people, including Haldeman, as having access to certain secret funds.

Bernatein inquired as to why the FDI did not interview Sloan and Haldeman and why AUSA Silbert did not give the FBI the results of Sloan's interview. SA Lano advised Bernstein he was not going to reveal whom the FBI interviewed or did not interview and attempted to hand up when Bernstein refused to identify his source of this information. Bernstein, however, insisted on telling his story and SA Lano, still hoping to identify Bernstein's source, permitted him to continue at which time Bernstein reiterated the above story about Sloan identifying Haldeman. At this point SA Lano inquired "Was this John Haldeman?" to which Bernstein stated he was not talking about Ehrlichman (John D. Ehrlichman, Assistant to the President for Domestic Affairs). Bernstein, seemingly flustered by not getting any answers from SA Lano, thereafter terminated this call.

SA Lano immediately called AUSA Donald E. Campbell who is AUSA Silbert's chief assistant, and told him of Bernstein's call. AUSA Campbell commented Bernstein is on another "fishing expedition" and suggested AUSA Silbert be contacted in the morning.

Shortly thereafter, Bernstein again contacted the Washington Field Office indicating it was urgent SA Lano call him immediately. SA Lano, again hoping to learn Bernstein's source of information, recontacted Bernstein. At this time

The Attorney Ceneral

Bernstein stated a Columbia Brondcasting Eystem naws wire was reporting that Acting Director Gray had advised the President to reopen the White House investigation of the Watergate affair. SA Lano advised Bernstein that the FBI investigation of the Watergate affair was continuing and even the Acting Director had so stated. Thereafter, Dohn, Darnstein stated "That name you wantioned earlier, John, I wasn't talking about Ehrlichman, I was talking about Haldeman." SA Lano then commented, "Yes, Laldeman, Richard, Robert or John, like I said I do not know first names," and with that terminated the conversion when it was obvious Bernstein was shopping for information.

During the afternoon of October 25, 1972, Bernstein and Woodward approached SA Lano in U. S. Bistrict Court, Washington, D. C., and said they were in a bind over a story they had written in that day's newspaper based on SA Lano's, statement. SA Lano informed Bernstein and Woodward that he had made no statement whereupon they produced a typewritten paper containing parts of the foregoing telephone conver- Will sations between SA Lano and Berastein, particularly the p**art** This was made to wherein SA Lano sail "Yes, Haldeman." appear that SA Lano yas confirming balderan sa a mane furnished by Sloan whereas SA bano was in fact confirming that he knew who Dernstein was relain; about. SA Lano categorically denied to Bernstein and Woodward that he had ever made a statement confirming Haldeman as a name furnished by Sloan whereupon Woodward stated he was on the other phone and heard the entire conversation with bernstein.

The foregoing typewritten paper prepared by Bernstein and Woodward is an obvious vicious fabrication by them wherein they have taken SA Lano's comment completely out of context to suit their unfounded news story concerning H. R. Haldeman.

AUSA Cameboll was irmediately advised of Bernstein's and Woodward's typewritten paper and they were thereafter summoned to AUSA Silbert's office. At this time Bernstein and Woodward stated they were under pressure because of the story they printed October 25, 1972, based on the "source's information," which information may have been wrong. AUSA Silbert asked Bernstein who his source was and Dermstein stated he did not wish to release that information at this time. Bernstein stated, however, "The Washington Post" was under pressure to identify this source and they will have to report that the source is FA Angelo W. have or the Washington Field Office.

The Attorney General

AUSAs Silbert and Campbell both denounced the tactics of the two reporters whereupon Bernstein indicated that they would not print SA Lano's have provided he was informed whether or not the story was true. AUSAs Silbert and Campbell informed bernstein that they did not believe that SA Lano is the source of the information and that they, Silbert and Campbell, are bound by Judge Sirica's order not to make any comments concerning this case. AUSA Silbert pointed out to Bernstein that this order also applies to SA Lano and they know he is abiding by it.

It is noted that at no time during our investigation of the Watergate incident was H. R. Haldeman's name brought to our attention; nor did we receive any information that Hugh Sloan had mentioned Waldeman's name either in a debriefing session with AUSA Silbert or in testimony before the Federal grand jury.

- 1- The Deputy Attorney General
- 1- Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

NOTE: Above being directed to the Attorney General in view of his call, 9:50 a.m., 10/26/72, to Acting Associate Director W. Mark Felt, wherein he advised that he had received information that SA Angelo J. Lano was furnishing information to "The Washington Post."

I, Angelo J. Lano, being duly sworn, hereby make the following statement concerning a telephone conversation between Carl Bernstein and myself on October 23, 1972:

I have been a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for six years and I am currently assigned to C-2 Squad, Washington Field Office, which is suprevised by Special Agent John A. Ruhl. Part of my duties is the investigation known as "James Walter Mc Cord, Jr., Et Al; Burglary, Democratic National Committee Headquarters, Washington, D.C., June 17, 1972".

At approximately 10:30 p.m., October 23, 1972, I received a telephone call from the Washington Field Office Night Supervisor, who informed me that a man named "Carl" desired to urgently speak to me. He left a number 223-7220. Since I had a previously been authorized to contact Bernstein for the purposes of ascertaining his source of information, I decided to return his call. I dialed the number and Carl Bernstein answered the phone. I recognized his voice and asked him what he wanted? He replied he was in a bind over a story he was trying to finish concerning Hugh Sloan and a name Sloan furnished to Earl Silbert (Assistant U.S. Attorney (AUSA) prosecuting this case for the

I told Frantein I was not going to comment one way or

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another about his story.

He replied that he has always maintained that the FBI has done a fantastic job in the investigation. I told him he was right, that much I would confirm.

He continued by stating that his story about Sloan centered around an interview Sloan had with Silbert at which neither I nor other Agents were present and that the interview had to do with a list of five names of persons who had access to the fund. Bernstein said that Sloan told Silbert that one of the five men in addition to Mitchell, Kalmbach, Liddy and Magrude was Haldeman of the White House.

I asked Bernstein how he knew what Sloan said or didn't

He replied that all he wanted to know was why didn't Sloan tell the FBI? Why didn't the FBI interview Sloan?

I replied that I was not going to tell him who the FBI interviewed. I also told him I greatly resented his attempts to obtain information to which he was not entitled from official sources. I told Bernstein that he ought to go out and conduct his own investigation. I referred to the fact that a man named Simons of the "Washington Post" had been interviewed on National T.V. last week, and claimed that his Paper was doing a great job in reporting facts and that after the trial the stories would

and telling him a few things about improperly obtaining FBI or Justice Department material. Bernstein tried to interrupt me, but I continued by telling him that once the case was over, we were going to find out who was leaking that information to him, one way or another.

Returning to his prior reference to Sloan; he said all he wanted to know was, had I interviewed Sloan and, if so, why didn't he mention Haldeman to me?

I replied that I would not comment on that statement.

He then said, all you have to do is listen and your silence will tell me that I am right. I told him no, I have a wife and four children to think of, and I am not permitted to disclose any information. He replied "Yeah, and some people have cats and dogs".

I again reminded him of Judge John J. Sirica's order.

about persons connected with case making or issuing any statement

I told him that my no comment to him meant what I said and that

he should draw no conclusions from my refusal to comment.

Again he said that all I had to do is listen, just remain silent and he'd know his story was accurate. I told him to go ahead (since I wanted to know what he was proposing to write) but I again told him to clearly understand that my refusa

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to comment could not be considered as confirmation?

He said his story was that Sloan got called into the Grand Jury by Silbert; that the FBI was not present.

I asked him how he knew what Sloan did or said before the Grand Jury since not even the FBI is allowed to learn what occurred in there?

He said what he meant was that Sloan went into Silbert Office, where Sloan talked about his job, and Sloan told Silbert about the list and names on it. According to Bernstein, Sloan not only furnished the other names, but added the name "Haldeman Bernstein repeated the FBI wasn't present. Bernstein stated that Silbert later went into the Grand Jury and the FBI wasn't told the nature of his testimony; that Silbert didn't even tell me (Here Bernstein was asking me to confirm a series of events that he stated I was not aware of).

At this point I asked Bernstein if Haldeman was John Haldeman and he said he wasn't talking about "Elrlichman" (My purpose in asking this question was that Haldeman was not familia to me but John Ehrlichman was since we had interviewed him in this case).

I then asked Bernstein how he could know what Silbert told me? For that matter, how did he know what Sloan is supposed to have said before the Grand Jury about Haldeman?

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I told Bernstein that if he wanted more information or anything else he should call (Acting Director) Mr. L. Patrick Gray's Office in the morning; or he could call Mr. Thomas Bishop's Office because I wasn't about to make any comment on his story.

He replied by stating, "Well don't you think I've already tried".

I then ended the call by telling Bernstein that as long as "you guys" steal information, you better make sure you get it right, because as I said previously, we're going to find out who your source is.

After the call, I immediately called AUSA Earl Silbert Chief Assistant.

I told Mr. Campbell the substance of the call and that my impression of Bernstein's telephone call was that he may have been reading from a memo possibly prepared by Earl Silbert. Mr. Campbell said he didn't think Silbert dictated any memo on the debriefing of Sloan and that the Haldeman name never came up in the office or before the Grand Jury. Mr. Campbell suggested that I inform Mr. Silbert in the morning of the call.

After hanging up the telephone, it rang again. This was at about 11:00 p.m. The Washington Field Office Night

Supervisor advised that "Carl" called again, and said something urgent just came up and needed only thirty seconds of my time.

I again returned his call.

Bernstein answered and said he just received a CBS news wire which stated that Mr. Gray, FBI Acting Director, had suggested to the President that their investigation at the White House be reopened since people connected with White House were linked to the Watergate Case.

I told Bernstein I didn't know what he (Bernstein) was saying but as Mr. Gray has previously stated the FBI investigation is continuing and has not stopped and there will be no comment made

Bernstein then said he understood that. Then he said,
"That name you mentioned before, I was talking about Haldeman"."

I said, "Yea! Haldeman, and I added that I didn't mention any
name, and that he had raised the name Haldeman. He stated hear

didn't mean John Ehrlichman, "I meant Robert Haldeman". I again

told him I didn't say anything about a Robert or Richard Haldeman,
like I said, I don't know first names.

At this point I told him his thirty seconds was up and hung up the telephone.

On Wednesday afternoon while I was preparing to discuss the case with AUSA Earl Silbert in U.S. District Court, I was stopped by "Washington Post" reporters Bernstein and Robert Woodwa. They told me they were in trouble over the story they wrote.

I asked them what story they were talking about. The

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statement". I said "your're both crazy, that I never gave them a statement. As a matter of fact, all I gave you was a no comment.

of typewritten paper containing what appeared to be part of his conversation with me of October 23, 1972. I recall one paragraph dealt with Bernstein's remarks about Sloan mentioning Haldeman's name in Silbert's office, followed by my comment of "Yeah, Haldem

I wish to stress that those two conversations with Bernstein were the only contacts I had with him on October 23, 19 and I have had none since except for my brief hallway contact with him in the courthouse on October 25, 1972.

I desire to stress that I engaged in conversational exchange with Bernstein only in the hope of developing some hint as to who his source of information was.

I have furnished no information concerning this or any other investigation to unauthorized persons and I am willing to subject myself to a polygraph examination to confirm this fact.

Angelo J. Lano
Special Agent
Washington Field Office

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 26th day of October, 1972.

Witnesses:

### article By CARL BERNSTEIN and BOB WOODWARD

JUNE 17, 1972. Nine o'clock Saturday morning. Early for the telephone. Bob Woodward fumbled for the receiver and snapped awake. The city editor of The Washington Post was on the line. Five men had been

arrested earlier that morning in a burglary at Democratic headquarters, carrying photographic equipment and electronic gear. Could be come in?

Woodward, who had worked for the Post for only nine months, was always looking for a good Saturday assignment, but this didn't sound like one. A burglary at the local Democracic headquarters was too much like most of what he had been doing-investigative pieces on unsanitary restaurants and smalltime police corruption. Woodward had hoped be had broken our of that; he had just finished a series of stories on the attempted assassination of Alabama governor George Wallace. Now, it seemed,

he was back in the same old slot. Woodward left his apartment in downtown Washington and walked the six blocks to the Post. The newspaper's mammoth newsroom-over 150 feet square with rows of brightly colored desks set on a half acre of soundabsorbing carpet- is usually quiet on Saturday morning. It is a day for long lunches, catching up on work, reading the Sunday supplements. Woodward checked in with the city editor and learned with surprise that the burglars had not broken into the small local Democratic Party office but the headquarters of the Democratic Sational Committee in the Watergate othersquar/menthotel complex.

2t was an odd place to find the Democrats. The opulent Watergate, on the banks of the Cotomic F., towart was Washington, was as Reps. Two and the Each of League Club, Two and a first feel for a floring

as a research protocoscho had of Later The Low Sur State Hod Section 1 ato the contact Administration of the l

Nixon Administration. They had run in a solid wall of riot-equipped Washingt policemen who had pushed them back on the campus of George Washington Univsity with tear gas and billy clubs, Fre

their balconies, anxious tenants of the Watergate h watched the confrontation and some had cheered as toasted when the protesters were driven back and the northwest winds off the Potomac chased the tear gas aw from the fortress. Among those who had been knocked the ground was Washington Post reporter Carl Bernstei The policeman who sent him sprawling had probabnot seen the press cards hanging from his neck, at perhaps paid more attention to his longish bair.

As Woodward began making phone calls, he notice that Bernstein, one of the paper's two Virginia politic reporters, was working on the burglary story, too.

Oh, God, not Bernstein, Woodward thought, recalli: several office rumors about Bernstein's ability to push I way-and his by-line-onto a good story.

Bernstein was a college dropout. He had started as copyboy at the Washington Evening Star when he was I became a full-time reporter at 19 and had worked at it Post since 1966. He occasionally did an investigative seriand had covered both the courts and city hell. But he pr ferred doing long discursive articles about the capital people and neighborhoods.

Woodward knew that Bernstein sometimes wro about rock music for the Post, but when he learned the

Beinstein also wrote occasional reviews classical music, be choked that down wisome difficulty. Bernstein looked, to Woo ward, like one of these counterestima

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