FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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Total Deleted Page(s) = 1
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REPRODUCTION OF MATERIAL FORM

CONGRESSIONAL INQUIRY UNIT

DATE _____

The following material has been reproduced for excising and review at FBIHQ and/or delivery to the House Select Committee on Assassinations:
(See Bufile 62-117290; re HSCA request dated 1-26-78

FILE NO. 100-438754

SECTION Entire File

SERIALS _____ through _____

(except following serials not in file on this date:)

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Number of copies made 1 By: STA

RETAIN THIS FORM AS TOP SERIAL

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES ...MENT

Memorandum

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: August 1, 1966

FROM : F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Simpson

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference which is headed by Martin Luther King, Jr., has scheduled an annual conference to be held in Jackson, Mississippi, from August 8 through August 11, 1966.

Information has been received through the United States Secret Service that Vice President Hubert H. Humphrey is tentatively scheduled to speak at the above convention on August 8, 1966.

A United Press International Release dated July 27, 1966, indicated that the office of Senator Edward M. Kennedy (Democrat - Massachusetts) had confirmed that Senator Kennedy had also agreed to speak at the above convention on August 8, 1966. This Release indicated that Senator James O. Eastland (Democrat - Mississippi) sharply criticized Senator Kennedy for agreeing to speak at this convention.

In view of the possibility that there may be a demonstration in connection with the appearance of Vice President Humphrey and Senator Kennedy at this convention and the possibility of resultant violence, it is felt desirable to alert Jackson Office to these possibilities and instruct that office to immediately advise the Bureau and appropriate local representatives of Government agencies, including Secret Service, of all pertinent developments.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 JRM/LL

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the attached airtel to the Jackson Office containing the above instructions be approved.

Enclosure

100-438794

RDS:ykb
(5)

EX-103

REC-61

100-438794-1534

51 AUG 15 1966

3 AUG 9 1966

Tolson
DeLoach
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Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO XX TELETYPE

10:23 PM CDST URGENT 8-5-66 GEH

TO DIRECTOR, ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON - ENCODED

FROM CHICAGO (105-16238) 060200

COMINFIL, SCLC IS-C.

RE CHICAGO TEL AUGUST 2 LAST, NEW YORK TEL AUGUST 3 LAST.

PRETEXT O'HARE AIRPORT INN THIS DATE REFLECTS STANLEY LEVISON NO LONGER REGISTERED HERE. LEVISON WAS GUEST AT O'HARE INN, HOWEVER, AS LATE AS EVENING AUGUST 3 LAST. PER PRETEXT CALL ASKING FOR LEVISON WITH OPERATOR RINGING ROOM. NO INDICATION HARRY WACHTEL REGISTERED AT O'HARE INN IN PERSON AUGUST 3-4 LAST.

EFFORTS TO CHECK AMERICAN AIRLINE (AA) RECORDS RE FLIGHTS NEW YORK CITY UNPRODUCTIVE. SOURCE [redacted] ADVISES T DUE TO AIRLINE STRIKE AA RECORDS IN SUCH CHAOTIC CONDITION IMPOSSIBLE FOR EVIDENCE OF DEPARTURE CHICAGO, WITH SUCH CHECK QUESTIONABLE EVEN IF FLIGHT NUMBER AND TIME AVAILABLE. LHM FOLLOWS.

b7D

EX 110

RECEIVED: 11:35 PM JER

REC- 63

3 AUG 9 1966

11/29/79

UNCLASSIFIED

...gence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably ... in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

SECRET (U)

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC) DATE: 10-8-85 1678 RFP/CF 3-14-90 6972 CEP/Sh CN 90,513 Appeal 82-0611

SECRET (U) FBI

7-10-84 Classified by 8972 TDK/CF Declassify on: OADR

DATE: 8/2/66 [redacted] King

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC IS - C (OO: Atlanta)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) BY Amendment 1678 RFP DATE 10/23/85

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Class DATE 11-1-80

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION

ReNYteletype, 8/1/66, captioned as above.

There are enclosed for the Bureau 10 copies of an LHM containing information furnished by NY 3810-S* on 8/1/66, relating to plans of STANLEY LEVISON and HARRY WACHTEL to go to Chicago on 8/1/66. One copy is being sent to Chicago for its information.

The second source mentioned is NY 5182-S*.

The sources used to characterize individuals mentioned in this LHM are:

Source	Person Characterized
[redacted]	CLARENCE JONES

REC-

1536

16 AUG 3 1966

4 - Bureau (100-438794)(Encs.10)(RM)
(1-100-106670)(M.L.KING)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718)(Encs.2)(RM)
(1-100-5586)(M.L.KING)
1 - Chicago (100-)(Info)(RM)
1 - New York(100-73250) [redacted] (42)
1 - New York(100-111180)(STANLEY LEVISON)(42)
1 - New York(100-148289)(HARRY WACHTEL)(42)
1 - New York(100-136585)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)(42)
1 - New York
JFO:bmp
(12)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

SECRET

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC, SER, DEPT: ISD, CRD, RAO
FORW: 8/8/66
RDS/CF

FREE COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN

b6 b7C b7D

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
August 2, 1966

Bufile 100-438794
NYfile 100-149194

11-21-91 E.O. 12958 9803RDO
83-1719 7-10-82
CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 10-8-85 1678 RF/MC
3-14-90 6972 EEP/SC
CN 80,513 Appeal 82-0411
(4-16-90)

7-10-84
Classified by 8972 TAK/CH
Declassify on: OADR
King 82-0612

SECRET

10-24-80 CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JMM/LM REASON FOR EXTENSION 2 FCIM, II, 2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-2-86 5468K 80,514 73-14

RELEASED UNDER FOIA REQUEST 83-1719 DATE 6/19 REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-2-86 5468K 80,514 73-14

Communist Infiltration of
the Southern Christian
Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

b6
b7C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, learned on August 1, 1966, that Clarence Jones told the wife of Stanley Levison on that date that he had obtained tickets on an American Airlines flight leaving New York City for Chicago at 10:10 p.m., August 1, 1966, and would leave these tickets at Levison's office. Jones also stated that Harry Wachtel would take the same flight. [redacted] U

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, had previously advised, on July 24, 1966, that, according to Stanley Levison, a meeting of Martin Luther King, Jr. and his SCLC advisors, scheduled for July 28, 29, 1966, had been rescheduled for August 1, 2, 1966, at the O'Hare Airport Inn, Chicago, Illinois. U

10-24-80 CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JMM/LM REASON FOR EXTENSION 2 FCIM, II, 2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-2-86 5468K 80,514 73-14

SECRET Classified by 367 [redacted] OADR Declassify on: 2-5-83
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Classified by 6408
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of classification indefinite
LEA [redacted] 6)a)(1) 1-1-77

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 7/21/78

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

COPIES DESTROYED
286 OCT 16 1970

ENCLOSURE 1536

[redacted] DATE 11-2-90 [redacted]

Communist Infiltration of the Southern
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~ (U)

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is ~~the General Counsel~~ to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, USA, in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the Civil Rights struggle. Levison was described by certian CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in Civil Rights. Levison's differences with the CP however are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information in December, 1949, that Harry H. Wachtel, 41 Broad Street, New York, New York, was on a list of individuals carried as active members of the National Lawyers Guild.

SECRET

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

On March 5, 1944, another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which revealed that the name Harry Wachtel was on a list of names, significance not known, which was maintained at the Headquarters of the Kings County Communist Party (CP) at 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York. (4)

Regarding Harry Wachtel's wife, Leonora, it is noted that the same confidential source furnished information on March 5, 1944, which revealed that her name and address were on a list of names of newly elected officers of the Bath Beach Club of the Kings County CP.

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be noted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the President, and serves to raise funds for the SCLC.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

FBI

Date: 7/29/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 REPICH ON OCT 17 1985 (Priority)

[redacted] SCLC/King 82-0611 Duplicate

b6
b7C

10-24-80

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-)

SUBJECT: STOKELY CARMICHAEL RM

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY S P4JRMlk
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 7-29-86

54688 80519 73518

Re: Chicago teletype, 7/29/66, captioned as above; Chicago airtel to Director, CC Atlanta and New York, dated 7/11/66, captioned "NOI, IS-NOI"; "CALL FOR SUMMIT MEETING, MAJOR CIVIL RIGHTS LEADERS, by ELIJAH MUHAMMED CHICAGO UNSPECIFIED DATE-RM" with LHM titled "NOI, IS-NOI." New York airtel with LHM to Bureau, cc to Chicago, titled same as Chicago airtel and LHM above, both dated 7/25/66.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 15 copies of an LHM pertaining to captioned individual. Copies of this LHM are being furnished the Atlanta and New York Divisions.

One copy of the LHM is being furnished to the USA, Chicago.

Sources utilized in LHM are as follows: XU

Source #1 [redacted] 100-438794-

~~100~~ 43874

8 - Bureau (Enc. 15) (RM)
(1 - 25-330971) (NOI)
(1 - 157- (Call for Summit Meeting)
(1 - 100-106670) (MLK)
(1 - ~~100-43874~~ (SCLC) 100-438794
6 - New York (Enc. 6) (RM)
(1 - 105-7809) (NOI)
(1 - (NAACP)
(1 - (CORE)
(1 - (SNCC)
(1 - (XSA)

NOT RECORDED 100 AUG 12 1966

Classified by 3127 VRH/BD Declassify on: OADR 2/10/83

ENCLOSURE

AUG 30 1966

CARBON

CONFIDENTIAL

(Copies continued on page ii)

53 AUG 23 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Nicholas 1678 REP DATE 10/23/85

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Nicholas 1678 REP DATE 10/23/85

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-

b7D

C.T. 100-446080-3X

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 157-

5 - Atlanta (Enc. 5) (RM)
1 - 100-5586 (MLK)
1 - 100-5718 (SCLC)
1 - 100-4593 (NOI)
1 - (SNCC)
20 - Chicago
1 - 157-413
1 - 100-35635 (NOI)
1 [redacted]
1
1
1 - 100-6989 (ELIJAH MUHAMMED)
1 - 100-40342 (SNCC)
1 - 157-303 (ACT)
1 - 100-34347 (Lawrence Landry)
1 - 157- (Call for Summit Meeting)
1 [redacted] b7D
1 - 157-572 (DDJ)
1 - 157-347 (DICK GREGORY)
1 - 100-35356 (Dr. MARTIN L. KING, JR.)
1 - 105-16238 (SCLC)
1 - 100-11329 (CORE)
1 - 100-8261 (NAACP)
1 - 100-41635 (MONROE SHARP)
1 - 100-36519 (YSA-C)

JMC/pjn
(39)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Source #2
Source #3

Source #4
Source #5
Source #6
Source #7

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

LHM is being classified ~~confidential~~ since information furnished by the above sources could reasonably result in their identification and compromise their future value and effectiveness.

Chicago will furnish any additional information re CARMICHAEL's visit to Chicago on 7/28/66 in form suitable for dissemination.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
JULY 29, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STOKELY CARMICHAEL
RACIAL MATTER

On July 28, 1966, a first confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of the Student Non-violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) was presently in Chicago, and would in all probability follow the below itinerary for July 28, 1966:

10:00 a.m.	Press conference at the office of the Oakland Committee for Community Improvement, 3939 South Drexel, Chicago
11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.	Taping of television show for presentation on "Kup's Show", Chicago
2:00 to 3:00 p.m.	Speech at Orrington Hotel, Evanston, Illinois
7:30 p.m.	Speech, United Packinghouse Workers Hall, 4859 South Wabash, Chicago

This source pointed out Monroe Sharp, Chicago chairman of SNCC, is reportedly handling arrangements. Carmichael, while in Chicago, will be accompanied by members of the Deacons for Defense and Justice (DDJ).

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Group 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~ENCLOSURE~~ ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

On July 28, 1966, a second confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised 3 X 4 while in Chicago Carmichael is to be escorted by members of the DDJ. Carmichael is to hold a meeting at the United Packinghouse Workers Hall this evening, where members of the DDJ are to be present. The source could furnish no additional information.

On July 28, 1966, a third confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised 3 X 4 Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of SNCC, is in Chicago this date, and plans to meet in the very near future with Elijah Muhammad, Chicago basedleader of the Nation of Islam (NOI), for purposes of discussing ways their respective organizations might work together. Carmichael revealed his intentions to meet Muhammad during a video-taping session for "Kup's Show" which is presented on channel 7, ABC-TV, Chicago. The source stated Carmichael is presently on a speaking tour defining the term "black power", and how it relates to the future of the Negro. Carmichael emphasized at this session that SNCC has not called for "separatism", but that he did not want SNCC to join the mainstream of American society "to join the mainstream is to become white".

A characterization of the NOI will be found in later pages. Sources utilized therein are all reliable.

On July 28, 1966, a fourth confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised 3 X 4 as follows concerning a SNCC sponsored meeting at the United Packinghouse Workers Hall, 4859 South Wabash, Chicago, on this date:

The meeting began at approximately 8:45 p.m. with a packed house, who paid $2.00 for admission. The audience was mostly Negro and included adults and youths.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

The source recognized the following:

Chester Robinson, head of the West Side Organization, Chicago;

Dick Gregory, entertainer;

Lawrence Landry, national and Chicago chairman of the organization ACT;

Lou House, local radio announcer and disc jockey who acted as the master of ceremonies for the meeting

Also present were four members of the DDJ, two stood on the platform and two acted as floor guards. They were not identified by name.

Carmichael, the main speaker, proclaimed his pride in being black, and called for Chicago youths to end fighting among themselves. He praised 'Black Muslims" and stated SNCC and the Muslims should become better acquainted. Concerning Elijah Muhammad, Carmichael lauded him as a leader of a black race of people, and his followers are true Muslims not 'Black Muslims' as labeled by the white man. He stressed that he and SNCC would become better acquainted with the Muslims.

In summary, Carmichael's speech and other speeches centered around an explanation of the term "black power", and why Negroes needed black power. Carmichael pointed out the need for black power is generated by injustices and oppressions brought to bear on the black man by society.

Lawrence Landry, another speaker, spoke briefly on the Negroes' plight in Chicago. He expressed accord with Stokely's idea of the Negroes need for black power.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

Another speaker, Dick Gregory, during his speech read a writing which indicated injustices befalling Negroes today would be reversed and befall the white man one day soon.

Gregory also mentioned recent Chicago rioting directly affected the stock market. In explanation, he stated that grocers in the riot area instead of ordering 40 cans of beans, now they order two for he (the grocer) knows not when the Negro may strike again.

The source pointed out during all speeches there was no mention of national or Chicago SNCC's future plans.

To the best of sources recollection, the words civil rights were not used during the entire meeting, however, appeal was continuously made for a "black power" movement on a nation wide basis.

It was also noted by the source that seven or eight unidentified teenage Negro youths, typical of Chicago's youth gang members, continually applauded and spoke out in agreement with all speakers.

On July 29, 1966, a fifth confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised Elijah Muhammad, as of July 29, 1966, has not had contact with Stokely Carmichael. Carmichael has not responded to Muhammad's call in early July, 1966, for a summit meeting of Negro leaders. Carmichael's public announcement in Chicago late yesterday to meet with Muhammad was news to Muhammad. (X)(4)

Regarding the above-mentioned Muhammad call for a summit meeting, Roy Wilkins, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), national head, responded to same by letter and in effect said Muhammad's idea was good, but a meeting was not feasible at this time. It is believed Floyd B. Mc Kissick, director, Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) replied to Muhammad's letter also in effect the same as Wilkins did, according to the fifth source. (X)(4)

The source pointed out Muhammad in view of Carmichael's statement will extend an invitation to Carmichael to attend an affair the NOI contemplates holding August 28, 1966, at the International Amphitheatre, Chicago, Illinois, at which Elijah Muhammad will be the featured speaker. (U)

A sixth confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on July 29, 1966, that on July 28, 1966, Stokely Carmichael had a conversation with a Young Socialist Alliance - Chicago (YSA - C) member in which Carmichael said he was very angry with the YSA and the way they were handling the Black Panther Party. Carmichael said he does not want the YSA pushing for the development of the Black Panther Parties and does not want the YSA supporting his political development. Carmichael feels the YSA is making money selling Black Power buttons and that SNCC is not getting any of this money. Carmichael said he is going to New York City in the near future and he will then bring up the matter with the YSA National Office. (U)

A characterization of the YSA and YSA - C are to be found in latter pages. Sources utilized therein are all reliable.

On July 29, 1966, a seventh confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised arriving at the United Packing House Workers Hall at approximately 10:00 p. m., July 28, 1966, a meeting was turning out, which had featured Stokely Carmichael as the main speaker. The source learned a private party was given later at the residence of Lawrence Landry in Carmichael's honor. (U)

Among other guests, the following were related to have been present: Juan Stokely Carmichael, accompanied by two Negro males and one Negro female, who came to Chicago with him. Fats LNU Negro male, approximately 41 years of age and admitted member of the DDJ. Brenda McIntire and her sister, McIntire's affiliated with Westside ACT, Jimmy Nylon, also associated with Westside ACT, William "Willie" Hayman, also known as Billy, associated with Westside ACT. The source understands the party was mostly social in nature. Landry attempted to explain to Carmichael what happened on Chicago's Westside during the recent riots in Chicago. However, Carmichael, as a result of consuming alcoholic beverages, became slightly inebriated and not too attentative.

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The source learned that Carmichael was still present in Landry's home at 1:00 a.m., June 29, 1966.

The Chicago "Sun Times" newspaper, Friday, July 29, 1966, issue carried an article on Page 4, entitled "SNCC Head Plans Muslim Contact" with subtitle "Carmichael, Dr. King Meet". This article is set forth ver batum:

"Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of the Student Non-violent Co-ordinating Committee, moved Thursday to get a wide range of Negro leadership to attend a Labor Day civil rights conference in Washington.

"Carmichael met here for half an hour with Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. and other representatives of the latter's Southern Christian Leadership Conference. Carmichael said he also was seeking a meeting 'in the very near future' with Elijah Muhammad, leader of the Black Muslims.

"Dr. King Undecided

"After the meeting with Dr. King, Carmichael said the Nobel Peace Prize winner had agreed to attend the Washington conference, but Dr. King later said he had not yet accepted.

"'I will have to take it up with my board,' Dr. King said. 'If the meeting came about, it would have to be a united effort.'

"Carmichael's meeting with Dr. King took place at the offices of the Co-ordinating Council of Community Organizations. When he was asked what had gone on, Carmichael told a reporter: 'That meeting was not public.'

"Although the Black Muslims have been characterized as an anti-white 'hate' group seeking an independent, all-Negro nation, Carmichael said he would try to discuss ways in which his grup and the Muslims could work together.

'The Fact Is...'

"'The press tells us 'they're violent; they're black nationalist,' Carmichael said referring to the Muslims, 'but the fact is that the Honorable Elijah Muhammad is the leader of a major organization of black people and I want us to talk to him directly.'

"Carmichael revealed his plans to approach Muhammad during a taping session for Kup's Show on Channel 7, ABC-TV.

"Carmichael and U.S. Rep. Adam Clayton Powell (D-N.Y.) announced the prospective Labor Day weekend meeting Wednesday at a press conference in Washington.

"Carmichael said 300 to 500 persons would be invited to the meeting, including such 'conservative' Negroes as the Rev. J. H. Jackson, president of the National Baptist Convention, and U.S. Rep. William L. Dawson (Ill.), Democratic organization leader on Chicago's South Side.

"Speaks Here Twice

"Carmichael spoke at two meetings in the Chicago area Thursday. He is on a nation-wide lecture tour.

"One of the meetings, in the Orrington Hotel in Evanston, drew about 100 persons, most of them white, while an evening meeting at the United Packinghouse Workers union hall, 4859 S. Wabash, drew a mostly Negro audience of more than 1,000.

"Carmichael was cheered repeatedly at the evening meeting. He called upon Negroes to 'understand the lies this country has spread about black people. We have to set the record straight.'

"A Hand Way"

"Negroes are told, he said, that 'if you work hard and sweat, you'll be a success. But you know that if we got what we deserve for working and sweating, we'd run the country.'

"'We work hard--the white man has us pick his cotton for $3 a day, wash his dishes, dig his ditches, be porters in his banks and run his elevators for him--and all we get is a hard way to go,' Carmichael said.

"'They oppress us because we're black and we're going to use our color to get out of the trick bag they put us in. You've got to be proud of being black.'

"During his speech, some members of Carmichael's audience shouted, 'Black power, black power.'

"Slogan Out Of the South

"Carmichael first used that slogan in Mississippi, and it has become widely--and controversially--associated with Carmichael and the organization he heads.

"Carmichael called on Negroes 'to build a movement based on the color of our skins to free us from our oppressors.'

"He said, 'We've got to build internal strength so that if they touch one black man, taking his pregnant wife to a hospital in Watts, touch one black man in Mississippi, or arrest one black man who rebels in the ghetto and charge him with treason, we're going to move to disrupt this country.

"'What's going on in the cities of the urban North is not rioting, it's rebellion. They keep talking about extremists... the extremists are the white people who are forcing us to live the way we live.

"'We don't have to obey any law we didn't have a part in making, especially if it keeps us down. We have every right to break it.'

"'Black Mercenaries'

"He accused Negroes who serve in the United States armed forces of being 'black mercenaries--people who fight for a country and do not enjoy the rights of that country.

"'Black people are off fighting for the right to vote for people in Viet Nam, but when they come back they haven't got the right to vote in Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas Georgia, Alabama and Washington, D.C.

"'A black mercenary goes to Viet Nam and gets shot and when they bring him home they won't bury him in his own home town.'

"'We've got to get the strength so when they ask us to fight their war, we can say, 'Hell, no.'"

"On the subject of non-violence, which has been extensively debated since the 'black power' slogan was uttered, Carmichael said:

"We've got to get nonviolent among ourselves first. We've got to move so we don't cut each other up on Friday nights. We've got to say to our young people, 'You're shooting and cutting up the wrong people.'"

The Chicago "Tribune" newspaper, July 29, 1966, issue carried an article on Page 9, Section 1, entitled "Defends Black Power Slogan", which is set forth ver batum as it appeared:

"Parley to Define It, Civil Rights Leader Says

"The slogan 'black power' is a concern only of the Negro and only he has a right to define it, Stokely Carmichael, national chairman of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating committee, said here yesterday in announcing a national conference to define the term and form a coalition of civil rights leaders.

"Speaking at a press conference in the offices of the Oakland Committee for Community Improvement, 3939 Drexel blvd., Carmichael attacked what he called 'the white press' distortions in attempting to define "black power"', and said he has called a meeting of all civil rights

leaders to be held in Washington, D.C., over the Labor day week-end, Sept. 3 thru 5.

"'The white press should not attempt to define the term,' said Carmichael. 'It is a term for the black people alone.' He then took a swipe at Sen. Robert Kennedy (D., N. Y.) by calling him 'presumptuous' for commenting on the slogan.

"Assails City Officials

"Later in the day, in a speech sponsored by the Chicago chapter of S.N.C.C. in the Orrington hotel, Evanston, Carmichael assailed Mayor Daley, Schools Supt. Benjamin Willis, and James Redmond, Willis' successor.

"Willis didn't meet our needs, and the good Mr. Daley said he would wait until he was good and ready before replacing Willis,' Carmichael told the 125 Negroes and whites in the audience. 'Then he names somebody from New Orleans' (Redmond).

"Black Muslims Invited

"Carmichael said the conference in Washington was worked out at a meeting between Rep. Adam Clayton Powell (D., N. Y.) and himself. He said some 300 to 400 civil rights leaders will be invited including the Rev. Martin Luther King; Floyd McKissick, chairman of the Congress of Racial Equality; Elijah Muhammad, leader of the Black Muslims; and the Rev. Joseph H. Jackson, leader of the National Baptist convention.

"He defined 'black power' as 'black people getting together and forming political and social forces to express their needs.'

"Recent riots in Chicago, Cleveland, New York, and elsewhere were actually rebellions by exploited Negroes, he said."

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: STOKELY CARMICHAEL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Late July 28, 1966, [redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the above mentioned meeting was peaceful and that no incidents or arrests occurred. b6 b7C

The above information has been furnished to the following individuals on July 29, 1966:

[redacted]
United States Secret Service
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois

[redacted]
Office of the United States Attorney
Chicago, Illinois

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

1

NATION OF ISLAM, Formerly Referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, Aka. Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 7, 1965, a second source advised Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised Muhammad had, upon advise of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 3, 1965, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

APPENDIX ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

1

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE

The May, 1960, issue of the "Young Socialist" (YS), page 1, column 3, disclosed that during April 15-17, 1960, a national organization entitled "The Young Socialist Alliance" was established at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. This issue stated that this organization was formed by the nationwide supporter clubs of the publication YS.

The above issue, page 6, set forth the Founding Declaration of the YSA. This declaration stated that the YSA recognizes the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) as the only existing political leadership on class struggle principles, and that the supporters of the YS have come into basic political solidarity with the SWP on the principles of revolutionary socialism.

A source advised on May 7, 1965, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City by youth of various left socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the SWP. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The source further advised on May 7, 1965, that the YSA is dominated and controlled on a national basis by the SWP through having SWP members comprise exclusively the National Executive Committee (NEC) and through an official SWP representative at all YSA NEC meetings. The YSA, in reality, is the youth and training section of the SWP and the main source of new SWP members.

The headquarters of the YSA are located in Room 535, 41 Union Square West, New York City.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

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CONFIDENTIAL

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APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 8/4/66

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Simpson

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

My memorandum to you dated August 1, 1966, advised that Vice President Hubert H. Humphrey was tentatively scheduled to speak at the annual convention of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference on August 8, 1966, in Jackson, Mississippi. You were also advised that Senator Edward M. Kennedy (Democrat-Massachusetts) had also agreed to speak at this convention.

The Jackson office, by airtel dated August 1, 1966, has furnished information received from Reverend Allen L. Johnson, co-chairman of the Planning Committee for the convention. Reverend Johnson advised he had been told by Martin Luther King that Vice President Humphrey would not appear in Jackson as a speaker at the convention on August 8, 1966, but that he, King, had selected Senator Kennedy to be the principal speaker.

ACTION:

REC-15 100-438794-1537

None. This is submitted for your information.

RDS:rth
(5)

15 AUG 9 1966

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4J Rmlh
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XEROX
AUG 10 1966

56 AUG 1 0 1966

1. APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

"1. Cited as a Communist front. (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)

"2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)

"3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.' (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-19-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
August 2, 1966

Bufile 100-438794
NYfile 100-149194

~~SECRET~~

7-10-84
Classified by 897 TDK/cff
Declassify on: OADR

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE~~

Communist Infiltration of
the Southern Christian
Leadership Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC) DATE: 10-8-85 1678 RFP/cf

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, learned on August 1, 1966, that Clarence Jones told the wife of Stanley Levison on that date that he had obtained tickets on an American Airlines flight leaving New York City for Chicago at 10:10 p.m., August 1, 1966, and would leave these tickets at Levison's office. Jones also stated that Harry Wachtel would take the same flight. [D]

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, had previously advised, on July 24, 1966, that, according to Stanley Levison, a meeting of Martin Luther King, Jr. and his SCLC advisors, scheduled for July 28, 29, 1966, had been rescheduled for August 1, 2, 1966, at the O'Hare Airport Inn, Chicago, Illinois. [D]

10-24-80
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JRM/LL
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2-4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-2-86
54688 80514 73518

~~SECRET~~

~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
LED/bja 11-7-77

Classified by 367 UR+LDR
Declassify on: OADR
2/8/83

SLIP(S) Class
DATE 11-1-80 RER

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 8 1966

TELETYPE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 [illegible]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI JKN MISS

7-01 PM CST DEFERRED 8-8-66 CWB

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794) AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56)

COMINFIL OF SCLC, IS-C

RE JN TEL AUGUST FIVE LAST.

DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, PRES., SCLC, ARRIVED JN TWELVE ZERO FIVE P.M. VIA DELTA AIRLINES THIS DATE. KING ACCOMPANIED BY REV. RALPH D. ABERNATHY, V-PRES. & TREAS., AND REV. ANDREW J. YOUNG, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, SCLC, HELD PRESS CONFERENCE AT AIRPORT. KING READ BRIEF STATEMENT CONCERNING TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION AND STATED THEME OF CONVENTION IS "HUMAN RIGHTS, THE CONTINUING STRUGGLE." KING ADVISED NEWS MEDIA HE WILL REMAIN IN JN FROM AUGUST EIGHT THROUGH AUG. ELEVEN NEXT, BUT DID NOT DISCLOSE HIS ITINERARY UPON CONCLUSION OF CONVENTION.

[redacted] JN PD IN CHARGE OF SECURITY FOR SCLC CONVENTION, ADVISED KING AND SCLC OFFICERS ESCORTED TO KING EDWARD HOTEL, SCLC CONV. HEADQUARTERS, WITHOUT INCIDENT.

b6
b7C

END PAGE ONE

REC-60 100-438794-1538

14 AUG 10 1966

70 AUG 16 1966

[redacted] ADVISED FOLLOWING b6 b7C

INDIVIDUALS ARRIVED WITH KING THIS DATE:

MRS. KING, MR. & MRS. RALPH D. ABERNATHY, REV. ANDREW J.YOUNG, BERNARD S. LEE, SPECIAL AIDE TO DR. KING; MRS. RACHAEL D. DU BOISE, SCLC STAFF NY CITY; MRS. LILLIE HUNTER, SEC. TO V-P & TREAS.; A. D. KING, EXEC. BOARD MEMBER, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY; M. L. KING, SR., EXEC. BOARD MEMBER, ATLANTA.

JN HAS OBTAINED UP TO DATE LIST OF OFFICERS, THE EXECUTIVE BOARD, EXEC. STAFF, AND FIELD REPRESENTATIVES NAT'L AND REGIONAL OF SCLC WHICH WILL BE SUBMITTED TO BU AND ATLANTA.

KLAN AND CR SOURCES CONTACTED AND COULD FURNISH NO INFORMATION OF ANY DEMONSTRATIONS AT JN THIS DATE.

THIS MATTER BEING CLOSELY FOLLOWED THROUGH ESTABLISHED SOURCES AND ALL PERTINENT INFO WILL BE FURNISHED BU.

END

WA... NHH

FBI WASH DC

AT...THW

FBI ATLANTA

TU ALL P

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/1/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56) (P)

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C
OO: AT

54688 80514,73518

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 JRM/LL

Re Jackson airtel to Director, 7/8/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM with three copies to Atlanta and copies each for Boston and WFO.

One copy each is being furnished to the USA, Jackson, USA, Oxford, INTC, Jackson, and Secret Service, Jackson.

For the information of Boston, the SCLC Convention is scheduled to be held in Jackson from August 8, through August 11, 1966, and it has been announced that U. S. Senator EDWARD KENNEDY, Democrat from Mass., will be the featured speaker on the evening of 8/8/66 at Jackson. This information is being furnished to Boston in the event any inquiries are received by the Boston Division.

ENCLOSURE

REC 20

3-Bureau (Enc. 11) (RM)
3-Atlanta (100-5718) (Enc. 3) (RM)
(1-MARTIN LUTHER KING - 100-5586)
1-Boston (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-WFO (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
4-Jackson (2-100-56)
(1-157-5908 [redacted]
(1-157-94,
JOI/skm
(12)

-1539

EX-117 15 AUG 4 1966

INT SEC.

AGENCY: ~~USI, ONI, OSI~~ SEC. SER.
DEPT: ISD, CRD, ~~RAO~~
DATE FORW: 8/4/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: RDS/LL

b6
b7C

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

77 AUG 23 1966

WFO by airtel dated 7/29/66 advised that [redacted] Intelligence Division, U. S. Secret Service, Washington, D. C., had advised on 7/28/66 that the Vice-President is tentatively scheduled to speak at the above convention on 8/8/66. [redacted] indicated that his office would not necessarily be advised of any changes in plans and that such information could more readily be obtained through the office of the Vice-President. b6 b7C

This LHM sets forth information that the Vice-President would not appear in Jackson as a speaker.

[redacted] and [redacted], U.S. Secret Service, Jackson, have advised they have no information that the Vice-President would travel to Jackson.

LEADS:

JACKSON:

At Jackson, Mississippi

Will maintain contact with established reliable sources to obtain any pertinent information concerning possible Communist influence which may be brought to bear upon the convention.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Jackson, Mississippi
August 1, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reverend Allen L. Johnson, Pastor, Pratt Memorial Church, 1057 West Pascagoula Street, Jackson, Mississippi, Board Member, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), and Executive Board Member of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), contacted a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) on July 29, 1966, and furnished the following information:

He said he is co-chairman of the Planning Committee for the SCLC Convention scheduled to be held in Jackson from August 8, through August 11, 1966, and the Pratt Memorial Church will be the convention headquarters. He said he is disturbed over the fact that approximately two days ago U. S. Senator James O. Eastland from Mississippi, and U. S. Representative Thomas G. Abernethy from Mississippi, had publicly attacked the plans of scheduling a convention of the SCLC in Jackson. He said Eastland had charged that Dr. Martin Luther King and his followers had recently scheduled the convention in Mississippi to divert attention from riot-torn Northern cities. Johnson stated that Jackson was selected as the site of the SCLC Convention approximately one year ago, long before the difficulties in Chicago, New York, or Cleveland arose.

Johnson advised that he intended to contact the editors of the two Jackson daily newspapers and attempt to correct the statements made by Senator Eastland and Congressman Abernethy.

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286 OCT 16 1970

ENCLOSURE 100-436794-1539

Johnson stated he had conferred with Dr. Martin Luther King telephonically and had been advised that Vice-President Hubert H. Humphrey would not be the principal speaker on the evening of August 8, 1966 at the Heidelberg Hotel, but Dr. King had selected U. S. Senator Edward Kennedy from the State of Massachusetts to be the principal speaker on the evening of August 8, 1966. The schedule will continue as follows:

August 8, 1966 Miss., D.C.

Banquet - 8 p.m. at Heidelberg Hotel, 131 East Capitol, Speaker--U. S. Senator Edward Kennedy presented by Dr. Martin Luther King

August 9, 1966

Rally, 8 p.m. at Pearl A. M. E. Church, 925 West Pearl.

August 10, 1966

Rally at A. M. E. Zion Church, Davis Street.

August 11, 1966

Rally at 8 p.m. at the Masonic Temple, 1072 Lynch Street, with principal speaker Dr. Martin Luther King.

Johnson stated there will be conferences on a daily basis from August 8, 1966, at the King Edward Hotel and the Pratt Memorial Church through August 11, 1966,

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[redacted] Jackson, Mississippi, Police Department, advised on August 1, 1966, he had not been contacted by representatives of the SCLC concerning the convention, however, he is aware of the fact that U. S. Senator Kennedy from Massachusetts is scheduled to be the principal speaker. [redacted] stated that the city officials have cooperated in scheduling the convention for Jackson and his department will provide ample security for the delegates of the convention.

b6
b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 5 1966
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

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DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 JRM/LL

FBI JKN MISS 54688 80514 73518

7:15 PM CST DEFERRED 8-5-66 KCH

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794) AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56) (P)

COMINFIL OF ~~SCLC~~. ~~IS-C~~ SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
COMMUNIST INFILTRATION INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

REFERENCE
~~RE~~ BUREAU PHONE CALL THIS DATE.

[redacted] JACKSON, ~~MISS. PD~~ MISSISSIPPI POLICE DEPARTMENT b6 b7C

ADVISED THIS DATE HE RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL FROM ALLEN NOVAK, ADMINSTRATIVE ASSISTANT TO U.S. SENATOR EDWARD KENNEDY AT FOUR FOURTEEN P.M. THIS DATE. NOVAK ADVISED KENNEDY WOULD ARRIVE JACKSON EIGHT FORTY-EIGHT P.M. AUGUST EIGHT NEXT VIA DELTA AIRLINES FROM MEMPHIS. HE WILL ADDRESS SCLC BANQUET, JACKSON, EVENING AUGUST EIGHT AND WILL DEPART JACKSON TWELVE ZERO EIGHT A.M. AUGUST NINE NEXT VIA DELTA AIRLINES TO RETURN TO WASHINGTON D.C.

END PAGE ONE

EX-104 REC 12 100-438794-1540

AUG 11 1966

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61 AUG 17 1966

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

KENNEDY WILL BE ACCOMPANIED BY WILLIAM VAN DENHEUVAL. NOVAK DID NOT REQUEST POLICE ESCORT. [redacted] ADVISED SENATOR'S PARTY WILL BE MET AT JACKSON AIRPORT AND SECURITY WILL BE PROVIDED SENATOR'S PARTY DURING VISIT TO JACKSON. STATED ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS WILL BE TAKEN FOR SENATOR'S SAFETY. SOURCES, JACKSON , DO NOT KNOW EXPECTED ARRIVAL TIME OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING. CHARLES EVERS, FIELD SECRETARY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE ~~NAACP~~, ADVISED THIS DATE KING PRESENTLY IN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BUT KING WILL BE AT CONVENTION FROM AUGUST EIGHT THROUGH AUGUST ELEVEN NEXT.

KING'S HEADQUARTERS WILL BE KING EDWARD HOTEL, JACKSON, AND ENTIRE EXECUTIVE STAFF OF ~~SCLC~~ SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED ROOMS ON ELEVENTH FLOOR OF HOTEL.

[redacted] ADVISED FOLLOWING SECURITY PRECAUTIONS WILL BE TAKEN:

END PAGE TWO

b6
b7C

POLICE OFFICERS ASSIGENED TWENTY-FOUR HOUR DUTY ON ELEVENTH FLOOR OF HOTEL AND PERSONS NOT WITH ~~SCLC~~ SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE WILL NOT BE ALLOWED ON FLOOR. OFFICERS ASSIGNED THROUGHOUT HOTEL. POLICE ESCORT FOR KING WHILE IN JACKSON. OFFICERS STATIONED IN AREA SURROUNDING HOTEL.

[redacted] TO CHARLES EVERS, FURNISHED JACKSON OFFICE THIS DATE ITINERARY OF SENATOR KENNEDY. STATED "ENTIRE AFFAIR TO DATE HAS BEEN MISMANAGED AND EXACT PLANS OF CONVENTION WILL NOT BE KNOWN UNTIL ARRIVAL OF DR. KING."

b6
b7C

BUREAU , ATLANTA, AND INTERESTED OFFICES PREVIOUSLY FURNINHED TENTATINE SCHEDULE OF CONVENTION AND SPEAKERS. COURCES STATE NO CONVENTION PROGRAM PRINTED TO DATE.

SOURCES FAMILIAR WITH KLAN ACTIVITIES AND CIVIL RIGHTS ACTIVITIES CONTACTED AND HAVE FURNISHED NO INFORMATION REGARDING DEMONSTRATIONS DURING CONVENTION.

END PAGE THREE

POLICE DEPARTMENT, MISSISSIPPI HIGHWAY SAFETY PATROL

JACKSON ~~PD~~, ~~MHSP~~, AND APPROPRIATE MILITARY AGENCIES ADVISED OF PERTINENT INFORMATION.

THIS MATTER BEING CLOSELY FOLLOWED AND BUREAU WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FURNISHED ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS. END.

WA...RCH

FBI WASH DC

AT...JDW

FBI ATLANTA

TUP

CC- MR. SULLIVAN

5-113a ((9-29-65)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 8/6/66

Senator Edward Kennedy (Democrat-Massachusetts) scheduled to speak at the Southern Christian Leadership Conference Convention, Jackson, Mississippi, 8/8/66. John Doar, Civil Rights Division, requested we alert local authorities fact Senator Kennedy plans to be in Jackson.

Attached contains information local authorities Jackson have been advised of Senator Kennedy's plans and making necessary security precautions to provide for Senator's safety.

Sources familiar with Klan activities and civil rights activities have furnished no information regarding demonstrations during convention.

DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4JRM/LL
54688
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73518

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 10 1966

TELETYPE

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DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4JRM/lt
54688 80514 73518

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Ca[illegible]
Mr. Ca[illegible]
Mr. C[illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBIONKN MISS

11-55 PM CST URGDNT 8-9-66 CWB

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794) AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56)

COMINFIL OF SCLC. IS - C.

RE JACKSON TEL EIGHT NINE INSTANT.

SCLC CONVENTION OFFICIALLY OPENED IN JACKSON EIGHT NINE INSTANT BY RALPH ABERNATHY, VICE-PRESIDENT AND TREASURER, IN ABSENCE OF DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. K ING CONFINED TO KING EDWARD HOTEL ROOM DUE TO HIGH FEVER, ACCORDING TO ANNOUNCEMENT OF JUNIUS GRIFFIN, DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC RELATIONS, SCLC.

[redacted], JACKSON PD AND IN-CHARGE OF SCLC CONVENTION SECURITY ADVISED NO INCIDENTS OCCURRED AUGUST NINE. STATED KING DID NOT LEAVE HOTEL.

[redacted] M.L. KING SR. ANNOUNCED BOARD VOTED TO OPEN EXECUTIVE BOARD TO TEN NEW MEMBERS FROM NORTHERN CITIES AND FIVE OF TEN MEMBERS WOULD BE OF WHITE RACE.

REC-41 100-438794-1541

[redacted] ADVISED BAYARD RUSTIN AND JAMES BEVEL SCHEDULED ON PROGRAM AUGUST NINE, HOWEVER, RUSTIN IS IN CANADA AND BEVEL IN CHICAGO. EXPECTS NEITHER ONE TO ATTEND CONVENTION.

9 AUG 31 1966

END PAGE ONE

85 AUG 17 1966

b6
b7C

RALLY HELD PEARL A.M.E. CHURCH, BEGINNING EIGHT PM AND ENDING ELEVEN ZERO SEVEN PM. [redacted] ESTIMATED FIVE HUNDRED IN ATTENDANCE AND RALLY EXTREMELY QUIET DUE TO ABSENCE OF DR. KING. NO INCIDENTS. SECURITY AFFORDED RALLY BY JACKSON POLICE.

b6
b7C

JACKSON SOURCES CONFIRMED ABOVE INFORMATION.

INTC, JACKSON ADVISED.

BUREAU WILL BE IMMEDIATELY ADVISED OF PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

LHM FOLLOWS.

END

WA...YFL

FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 11 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI JKN MISS

225AM CST URGENT 8-11-66 JLL

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794) AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56)

COMINFIL OF SCLC, IS - C

RE JN TEL AUGUST NINE LAST.

[redacted], JACKSON PD, IN CHARGE OF SCLC CONVENTION SECURITY ADVISED AUGUST TEN LAST DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. CONFINED TO KING EDWARD HOTEL ROOM DUE TO HIGH FEVER. KING DID NOT ATTEND CONVENTION FUNCTIONS AUGUST TEN.

[redacted] STATED APPROXIMATELY TWO HUNDRED PERSONS ATTENDED CONVENTION FUNCTIONS AT MASONIC TEMPLE THROUGHOUT DAY, CONSISTING OF PANEL DISCUSSIONS.

A DRAMATIC PRODUCTION WAS PRESENTED AT CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS FROM EIGHT P.M. TO TEN FORTYONE P.M., ESTIMATED ATTENDANCE TWO HUNDRED PERSONS.

[redacted] STATED CONVENTION CONDUCTED IN ORDERLY MANNER AND NO INCIDENTS OBSERVED OR REPORTED. STATED THERE HAVE BEEN NO WHITE SPECTATORS OR HECKLERS IN VICINITY OF CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS.

[redacted] AND OTHER SOURCES ATTENDED CONVENTION AND FURNISHING REPORT.

INTC, JACKSON ADVISED.

BUREAU WILL BE IMMEDIATELY ADVISED OF PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

LHM FOLLOWS.

END.

WA--HFL

FBI WASH DC

AT--LWG

FBI ATLANTA

REC-41

9 AUG 11 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 Jamie 5468 W574

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

CONFIDENTIAL

FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 [illegible]
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-4-86

10 24 80

Date: 8/4/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

54688
80514
73518

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Declass 1678 [illegible]
DATE 10/23/85

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted] (U)

Sources utilized to characterize BLACKWELL are [redacted] (U)

Dissemination of information furnished by [redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 [illegible] ON OCT 17 1985

ENCLOSURE

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
3 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted] (U)
(1 - 157-698) (R. P. BLACKWELL)

AGS:cmp
(6)

REC-1 100-438794-1543

10 AUG 5 1966

Classified by 367 ORT/LDP
Declassify on: OADR 2/8/82

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC, SERA, DEPT, ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 8/9/66
HOW FORW: [illegible]
BY: [illegible]

AUG 12 1966

55 AUG 19 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

Approved: JKP csw Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

100-37937

ENREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

RANDOLPH T. BLACKWELL

On February 26, 1953, a confidential source advised RANDOLPH BLACKWELL had been a member of the Communist Party in the District of Columbia.

A confidential source advised that RANDOLPH BLACKWELL attended a Labor Youth League convention on August 13, 1950, at the Algonquin Club, 1400 Fayetteville Street, Durham, North Carolina.

The Labor Youth League has been designated by the U. S. Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

2 1

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
August 4, 1966

FD 323

CONFIDENTIAL

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/3/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

55, CD

AUG 9 1966

Date Forw.

How Forw. R-5

By [illegible]

RACIAL UNIT

4 [illegible]

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Re Chicago airtel and LHM dated 8/2/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies, for Atlanta two copies, of a LHM concerning captioned matter.

Chicago is following and the Bureau will be advised of developments.

A copy of the LHM is being provided to the USA, Chicago.

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED

The source utilized in the LHM is [redacted] (request).

ENCLOSURE

4-Bureau (Encl. 12) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL, SCLC)
2-Atlanta (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL, SCLC)
4-Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)

JCS/jms
(10)

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4JRM/[illegible]

54686, 73518
60514

F4

SUBV. CONTROL

20 AUG 17 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

157-6-9-2989

b7D

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 3, 1966

157-1261

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4J Rmlr 54688 80514 735-18

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 2, 1966, under the above caption.

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on August 2, 1966, that the Police Department has been advised by representatives of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) that approximately two hundred demonstrators will proceed to the offices of the Parker - Finney Real Estate Company, 5043 West Fullerton, Chicago, between the hours of 2:30 and 3 p.m., on this date. These demonstrators are to leave for this address from Action Center Number Two, the Stone Temple Baptist Church, 3622 West Douglas Boulevard, the purpose of this demonstration being to spotlight alleged housing discrimination in the Belmont - Cragin neighborhood of Chicago's northwest side on the part of various realtors in this area.

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[redacted] Chicago Police Department in the Belmont - Cragin area, advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office during the evening of August 2, 1966, that at

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

~~ENCLOSURE~~

100-432794-

approximately 4:15, a number of demonstrators left the Stone Temple Baptist Church, traveling by automobile to the vicinity of the Parker - Finney Real Estate Office,, 5043 West Fullerton Avenue, Chicago.

[redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised subsequently on August 2, 1966, that the group which had left the Stone Temple Baptist Church by automobile had proceeded to Hansen Park, in the vicinity of Central Avenue (5600 West) and Fullerton Avenue, arriving there at approximately 5:30 p.m. At approximately 5:45 p.m., this group of some 300, departed Hansen Park, marching to the Parker - Finney Real Estate Office. At this time some 75 local residents of the area were in Hansen Park with another 35, all white, in front of this real estate office.

b6
b7C

The marchers proceeded east on Fullerton Avenue until they reached the address of the Parker - Finney Real Estate concern, paused briefly for a prayer vigil, the real estate office being closed at this time, subsequent to which they marched back west on Fullerton Avenue to Hansen Park, where their automobiles were located. Shortly after this, they dispersed and by 8:15 p.m., all demonstrators had left the area and police reserves, which had been called to the area, released from duty. The area was calm.

[redacted] advised that at this time information concerning arrests made during the course of this demonstration was not available to him although he was aware that during the course of the demonstration in this area several prisoner vans had been called to the vicinity, presumably for the purpose of transporting individuals who might have been placed under arrest.

A confidential source of the Chicago Office who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

on the evening of August 2, 1966, that there were no serious incidents during the course of the demonstration by the CFM - SCLC Group in the Belmont - Cragin area, although the marchers had been continuously jeered and heckled by a group of white neighborhood residents numbering at various times from several hundred to approximately one thousand persons. The source advised that when the marchers reached the real estate office in question, which had been closed for some period of time, the demonstrators knelt there briefly in prayer prior to returning to Hansen Park where they dispersed in good order. The automobiles left here by the demonstrators had been closely guarded by Police Department forces in this area. The march had been lead by James Bevel and Jesse Jackson, both prominent in the direction of SCLC activities in Chicago. Jackson had stated during the demonstration that it was running considerably behind schedule due to the heavy volume of traffic in this area plus the general lateness of the demonstrators in assembling. In the course of their return to Hansen Park from the location of the real estate office, the marchers had again been confronted with a large number of white area residents lining the sidewalks on both sides of Fullerton Avenue. An individual subsequently identified as Chester Ozga, white male, age 48, scuffled briefly with police when he ignored a police order to move from the path of the marchers. He was forcably removed, however, he complained that he had as much right to be on the sidewalk as did the marchers. The source advised that it was his understanding that there had been no arrests made during the course of this demonstration although several young white area residents had been briefly detained by the police department without any formal charges being lodged against them.

B. APPROX
11 8

The marchers had returned to the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, SCLC headquarters in Chicago, 3101 West Warren Avenue, where Bevel had stated the demonstrators will again assemble in the early afternoon of August 3, 1966, to return to several real estate concerns in the Belmont - Cragin area. During the day of August 2, 1966,

the SCLC had issued a statement to the effect that some 14 Caucasians had visited various real estate concerns in the Belmont - Cragin area, among them Parker - Finney, and had been given lists of available housing in the area. This statement had reflected, however, that when Negroes subsequently visited these same realtors, the real estate listings had not been made available to them.

Pertinent portions of the above information were made available on August 2, 1966, to the following individuals:

[redacted] Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago; b6 b7C

[redacted] 113th INTC Group, Region I, Evanston, Illinois;

[redacted] and [redacted] Secret Service, Chicago.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 9 1966

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

11:28PM CST URGENT 8-8-66 AWW TELETYPE

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794) AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56)
COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
~~COMINFIL OF SCLC~~
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST
~~IS-C~~
REFERENCE JACKSON TELETYPE
~~RE JN TEL~~ AUGUST EIGHTH INSTANT

[redacted] MISSISSIPPI, POLICE DEPARTMENT JACKSON, ~~MISS., PD~~ WHO IS [redacted] * FOR SCLC CONVENTION ADVISED THIS DATE, SENATOR EDWARD M. KENNEDY FROM ~~MASS.,~~ MASSACHUSETTS, ARRIVED JACKSON, VIA DELTA AIRLINES EIGHT FORTY EIGHT PM THIS DATE. KENNEDY WAS MET AT AIRPORT BY DR. AND MRS. MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. AND CHARLES EVERS, FIELD SECRETARY, NAACP ** FOR MISSISSIPPI.

KENNEDY LEFT AIRPORT IN COMPANY OF DR. AND MRS. KING, CHARLES EVERS, AND UNKNOWN WHITE MALE WHO ARRIVED WITH KENNEDY. AS THEY DEPARTED AIRPORT AT NINE O ONE PM APPROXIMATELY TWO BLOCKS FROM AIRPORT ON CITY PROPERTY THEY DROVE THREW CUGH APPROXIMATELY THREE HUNDRED POUNDS OF ROOFING NAILS WHICH HAD BEEN SCATTERED ON THE RIGHT SIDE OF HIGHWAY. NAILS APPEARED TO BE ONE AND THREE QUARTER INCH ROOFING NAILS. TWO JACKSON ~~PD~~ POLICE DEPARTMENT DETECTIVE CARS SUSTAINED FLAT TIRES. CAR OCCUPIED BY KENNEDY, KING, AND PARTY DID NOT SUSTAIN FLAT TIRES IN ROUTE.

[redacted] ADVISED HIS CAR HAS ROOFING NAILS IN ALL FOUR TIRES BUT END PAGE ONE.

ST-100 REC-48 100-438794-1544

* SCLC - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE.

AUG 11 1966

** NAACP - NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 JPM/ML

546 88 80514

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

AUG 23 1966

PAGE TWO.

POLICE DEPARTMENT

TIRES ARE NOT FLAT. NO SUSPECTS DEVELOPED RE INCIDENT AND JACKSON [redacted]

MISSISSIPPI HIGHWAY SAFETY PATROL

CONDUCTING INVESTIGATION. [redacted] INVESTIGATORS JACK SMITH AND DEWEY WEEMS, ADVISED THIS DATE THEY WERE WITH POLICE ESCORT TO INSURE SAFETY OF KENNEDY AND PARTY. SMITH FURNISHED SUBSTANTIALLY SAME

MISSISSIPPI HIGHWAY SAFETY PATROL

INFORMATION AS [redacted] [redacted] CAR HAS NAILS IN ALL FOUR TIRES. b6 b7C

DETAILS REGARDING CONVENTION AND KENNEDY'S DEPARTURE FROM JACKSON WILL FOLLOW.

BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

END...

WA...JMS

FBI WASH DC

AT....LWG

FBI ATLANTA

TU CL....

Included in memo [illegible] 8/9/66 "Selected Racial Development"

CC- ~~MR SULLIVAN~~

8/9/66

AIRTEL AIR MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-68687)(P)

SUBJECT: MARCH ON WASHINGTON
AUGUST 28, 1966
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY - C)

ReBuairtel to Albany, et al dated 7/29/66, and Los Angeles teletype to Bureau and WFO dated 8/4/66.

Transmitted herewith to the Bureau are the original and 13 copies, and to WFO one copy of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned demonstration. Copies of attached memorandum are also being disseminated to Secret Service, Los Angeles, and to Region II, 115th INTC, Pasadena.

Source utilized in attached memorandum is [redacted]. The attached memorandum is being classified "~~Confidential~~" inasmuch as data set forth from source utilized could result in the identification of a source of continuing value and compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

The Bureau and WFO will be promptly advised of any further pertinent information received.

(8) - Bureau (Encls. 14)(RM)
(1 - 100-441164)(DCA)
(1 - 100-439048)(SDS)
(1 - 100-)(SNCC)
(1 - 100-)(SCLC)
(1 - 100-)(SSOC)
1 - WFO (Encls. 1)(RM)
1 - Los Angeles
RHB/cdh
(10)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-13-80 BY SP2 TAP/alp

100-439048

NOT RECORDED
203 AUG 16 1966

1 ENCLOSURE

53 AUG 23 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-111084-1

b7D

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Los Angeles, California
August 9, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MARCH ON WASHINGTON
AUGUST 28, 1966
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised on August 4, 1966 that information had been received from the National Headquarters of the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America (DCA) (See Appendix) in Chicago, Illinois, that the demonstration to be held by the DCA in Washington, D. C., on August 27, 28, 1966 for "peace, freedom and jobs" will be on a smaller scale than originally planned.

Source stated that the demonstration is now planned to be in the form of a "Poor Peoples' Conference" with emphasis placed on the Negro and other minority groups. According to information received from Chicago, the DCA desires that delegates to the conference be selected mainly from Negroes and other minority race individuals contacted by the Communist Party or DCA during their summer projects.

Source stated that white students are not being urged to attend the conference and as a result none of the Los Angeles DCA members are planning to attend the conference. There is a possibility that a Los Angeles Negro civil rights group known as the Temporary Alliance of Local Organizations (TALO) will be urged to send a representative to the conference however.

The source further adivsed that the Communist Party, USA, is holding a National CP School on the East Coast during the first two weeks of September, 1966, and that those Party members selected to attend the school will undoubtedly participate in the March on Washington which will take place just prior to the school. Approximately eight members of the Youth Group of the Southern California District Communist Party will attend this National School and it is expected these individuals will attend the Washington demonstration.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 2-21-80

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2 ON 2-13-80 TAP/ALP

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080 ON 11-8-77 LED/bja

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Declassification DATE 11/30/77

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE 100-

MARCH ON WASHINGTON
AUGUST 28, 1966
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

According to the source information was also received from the DCA National Office that photographers from "Life" magazine had been in touch with the DCA concerning the march and have suggested to the DCA that a torch light parade be held during the evening around the Washington Monument, the Lincoln Memorial and the Reflecting Pool as "Life" desires to photograph this torch light parade and use the photograph for a magazine cover.

Source advised that according to the DCA National Office, the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) will be a co- sponsor of the march but the DCA is actually doing all the work and organizing. It was stated that the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) would not participate in the march as the SDS is holding a national conference in Iowa at the same time as the march. Source stated that it was possible that Dr. Martin Luther King's Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and the Southern Student Organizing Committee (SSOC) might participate in the march.

Source advised that the tentative agenda for the demonstration calls for a conference on Saturday, August 27, 1966, and a protest march on Sunday, August 28, 1966. Those attending the conference will apparently establish some sort of an encampment the night of August 27.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: 8/8/66

FROM : C. L. McGowan

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Fehl
1 - Mr. Sullivan

SUBJECT: SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE CONVENTION AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI
RACIAL MATTER

SENATOR EDWARD KENNEDY
(D. - MASSACHUSETTS)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4JDM/eh
7354 54688 80514

This is to record that on the late afternoon of 8/5/66 SAC Roy K. Moore of the Jackson Office was telephonically contacted in this matter.

Mr. Moore was advised Senator Edward Kennedy planned to be in Jackson, Mississippi, on 8/8/66 to speak at the Southern Christian Leadership Conference convention. Moore was advised of the details of Kennedy's plans and instructed to alert the local authorities.

In addition, it was pointed out that any information coming to their attention concerning klan activities or other matters which might effect the Senator's trip should be brought to the attention of local authorities as well as the Bureau.

ACTION:

SAC Moore advised that the local authorities as well as the Jackson Office were aware of the convention and that Senator Kennedy planned to be there. He will advise the local authorties of the details regarding the Senator's plans and will be alert for any instances concerning klan activities or other matters which might relate to the Senator's trip and will bring these to the attention of the Bureau as well as local authorities.

100-438794
NOT RECORDED
191 AUG 1 1966
5 AUG 12 1966

CLM:jds
(6)

77 AUG 22 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 24-33752-32

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI

Date: 8/4/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Re Chicago airtel and LHM dated 8/3/76 and Chicago teletypes 8/3/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies, for Atlanta two, of a LHM regarding captioned matter.

Chicago is following and the Bureau will be advised of developments. A copy of this LHM is being provided the Office of the USA, Chicago.

The source referred to in the enclosed LHM is Mr. CHRISTOPHER MOULD, Community Relations Service, Department of Justice, (requested).

ENCLOSURE

REC-59

100-438794-1545

5-Bureau (Encl. 13) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL, SCLC)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2-Atlanta (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL, SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
4-Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)

AUG 11 1966

SS, IS, CD

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. AUG 10 1966

How Forw. R-S

By Pfe-Med

RACIAL UNIT

JCS/jms
(11)

AUG 15 1966

11/29/79

UNCLASSIFIED

56 AUG 17 1966

-9803 RDP/DP

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 4, 1966

157-1261

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 3, 1966, under the above caption.

[redacted] b6 b7C
Unit, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on August 3, 1966, that his unit has learned that at 1 p.m. on this date, it is planned that 50 demonstrators, primarily under the sponsorship of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), will leave from the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago to proceed to the vicinity of the Parker - Finney Real Estate Company, 5043 West Fullerton Avenue, Chicago. [redacted] advised that it is anticipated that some 250 additional demonstrators will visit other real estate offices in the same area, however, there is no specific information available concerning those offices to be visited. In previous demonstrations here, the purpose of these protests was that of opposition to alleged housing discrimination in the area against Negroes, primarily on the part of real estate concerns operating in the northwest section of Chicago commonly referred to as the Belmont - Cragin area.

Subsequently [redacted] 15th District, Chicago Police Department, Precinct covering the Belmont - Cragin area, advised the Chicago Federal

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11/29/79
UNCLASSIFIED
9803 RDD/DD

ENCLOSURE

100-438794-1545

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Bureau of Investigation Office as follows:

At approximately 3:15 p.m., on August 3, 1966, a group of some 40 demonstrators departed the Warren Avenue Congregational Church and proceeded to two locations generally in the Belmont - Cragin area of Chicago's north side. These addresses were that of the Heinemann Realty Company, 5457 West Diversey Avenue, and the Mc Carthy Realty Company, 2835 North Laramie Avenue. The demonstrators split into two groups of approximately 20 each and began demonstrating at these locations at approximately 4 p.m.

The demonstration at these two addresses terminated at approximately 5 p.m. with these two groups proceeding to Central and Fullerton Avenues, where they joined another larger group of demonstrators. From there the demonstrators, numbering approximately 250 persons, approximately 50 per cent Negro, proceeded to the Parker - Finney Real Estate Offices arriving there shortly after 6 p.m. The offices of this firm were closed, the demonstrators remained there without incident until approximately 7:15 p.m., although some 500 to 1000 white neighborhood onlookers viewed the demonstration. The demonstrators then proceeded to march to Hansen Park, where automobiles were located and during the course of this portion of the demonstration, at various points along the route to Hansen Park, were the victim of rocks and assorted other missiles thrown by groups of young white teenagers, some numbering as many as 150 to 300 persons. Police department personnel on hand at this point began making arrests of those guilty of these and related acts of violence, a total of some 17 white adults and three white juveniles taken into custody. These individuals were charged with disorderly conduct, resisting arrest, and obstructing traffic, and are to appear in local Municipal Court on August 4, 1966. At this point, identities of those individuals placed under arrest were not available to [redacted]

b6
b7C

Shortly prior to 8 p.m., the demonstrators succeeded in clearing the area, departed Hansen Park

and returned to their original meeting place, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago. A rally was held here with those present being advised that a meeting was to be held the following day, 8 p.m., at the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street, Chicago, Illinois. Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. would discuss plans relating to another march into the Gage Park area of Chicago on either August 5 or August 6, 1966.

The "Chicago Sun Times", a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of August 4, 1966, contained an article concerning the demonstration and brief disturbance of the previous evening in the Belmont - Cragin area stating that police and tauting whites had engaged in a shoving match during the course of the demonstration through the Belmont - Cragin area by some 250 civil rights marchers. The marchers were protected by some 200 police officers who cleared the way for them during the course of the march often through crowds of onlooking neighborhood whites. One of the policemen involved, was subsequently treated at St. Anne's Hospital, nearby, for minor injuries after he was struck on the back and arm by rocks thrown by some of these onlookers.

Captain John Mulchrune, Commander of the Police Department Task Force group, detailed to the area, in comparing the recent west side Chicago riots with the two days of activity in Belmont - Cragin stated "On the west side those people were intent on property, here there're intent on getting people. . . if we don't put them down now, it will be out of our hands before we know it."

The article continued that after the marchers returned to the Warren Avenue Church, the Reverend Jesse Jackson, who together with Reverend James Bevel had lead the march, announced that Doctor King would lead a march to the Chicago Lawn area during the coming weekend (note the Chicago Lawn area is located south of and immediately adjacent to the Gage Park area on Chicago's southwest side).

Bevel stated at the church that it was not certain at this point when the demonstrators would return to the Belmont - Cragin area, noting that there are some 20 or more

other communities in Chicago just like it which need attention. He advised that they were to be no demonstrations on the part of the CFM - SCLC groups on the following day, August 4, 1966.

Captain Mark Thanasorias, Commander, 15th District, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office on the morning of August 4, 1966, that during the CFM - SCLC demonstration in Belmont - Cragin the previous evening, a four-page flier had been distributed to white residents by representatives of the American Nazi Party (ANP). The flier was headlined, in part, "WHITE MEN ORGANIZE WHITE GUARD", "WHITES MUST FIGHT", and the like. This literature also advised about courses in "Anti-Insurrection Warfare" and contained a mailing coupon for persons desiring to "fight the blackmen." b6 b7C

In connection with ANP activities in this matter, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on August 4, 1966, that information has been developed by the Chicago Police Department that the head of the local Chicago ANP group, on orders of Commander George Lincoln Rockwell, ANP, will organize a counter-picket in the Gage Park area if SCLC marchers appear there over the coming weekend. Rockwell was in the Chicago area over the weekend of July 29 - 30, 1966. A characterization of the ANP is attached to this memorandum.

On the evening of August 3, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation Office that he is a personal acquaintance of Morgan Kneisel, the owner of the Parker - Finney Real Estate Company, which has been picketed the last several days by civil rights demonstrators. [redacted] has been advised by Kneisel that during the evening of August 3, 1966, he received three anomymous telephone threats, one stating "don't count on tomorrow" and another stating in effect "you're going to get killed." One of these calls was made prior b6 b7C

to the August 3, 1966, demonstration at company offices and the other two were made subsequent to the demonstration. [redacted] advised that Kneisel was unable to furnish any information which would assist police in leading to the identification of these callers. b6 b7C

On August 3, 1966, a confidential source, a representative of another government agency, advised as follows:

He has occasional contact with SCLC personnel in Chicago. He learned on August 3, 1966, that on either August 1, or August 2, 1966, the SCLC in Chicago had been contacted by an individual identifying himself as [redacted] a white male, [redacted] Chicago, [redacted] had claimed to [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] advised SCLC personnel that the NSRP has been active in the Gage Park area of Chicago since the first of the year, attempting to establish a NSRP unit there. Since violence occurred over the past weekend during a civil rights march there, residents of the Gage Park area have been flocking to join NSRP. [redacted] alleged that NSRP representatives have been trying to get Gage Park citizens to arm themselves [redacted]

[redacted] also had stated that information is circulating in the Gage Park area that SCLC demonstrators will return to Gage Park over the coming weekend with Doctor Martin Luther King leading the marchers. Reportedly

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NSRP plans call for a violent reception for these marchers and the NSRP would consider it significant if "they got King."

[redacted] b6 b7C

The NSRP will be characterized in the attached appendix pages. The sources therein are reliable.

Pertinent portions of the above information has been provided to representatives of the following:

Secret Service, Chicago
Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago
Region 1, 113 th INTC Group, Evanston, Ill.

This confirms information furnished orally to [redacted] of the Criminal Division on 8/2/66. b6 b7C

APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1962, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

1 APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party(NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

August 6, 1966

John Doar
Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

This will confirm Mr. Doar's conversation with Mr. Rosen Friday afternoon, August 5, 1966, regarding Senator Edward Kennedy's trip to Jackson, Mississippi to speak at the SCLC convention on the night of August 8, 1966

Senator Kennedy will arrive in Jackson from Memphis on Delta flight 575 at 8:48 p.m., August 8, 1966. He will speak at the Heidelberg Hotel in Jackson. He will depart on Delta flight 52 at 12:08 a.m., August 9, 1966.

Please advise state and local authorities of Senator Kennedy's itinerary. Please advise us immediately if any of your intelligence sources indicate any plans to interfere with Senator Kennedy's speech to the SCLC convention, or with the proceedings of the SCLC conference itself.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-24-82 BY SP4JRM/dr
54668 805.4
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NOT RECORDED
191 AUG 1 - 1966

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8/11/66

Airtel

1 = Mr. Simpson

To: SAC, Jackson

From: Director, FBI (100-438794)

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
IS - C

10-24-80 BY SP4J

54658 80514 7354

An article captioned, "Admitted Communist Promotes SCLC Convention In Jackson" which appeared in the "Jackson Daily News," Jackson, Mississippi, August 4, 1966, was recently submitted to the Bureau by your office.

The above article relates that Senator James O. Eastland had disclosed that Phil Lapsansky had been selected by Martin Luther King to promote publicity for the SCLC Convention held in Jackson, Mississippi. The article further relates that Lapsansky, in a letter published in the newspaper, had admitted to the Senator's earlier charges that he was a "communist." Bufiles indicate Lapsansky is subject of a security investigation of your office, your file 100-359. The Bureau, however, is in receipt of no information indicating that Lapsansky had been selected by King to promote publicity for the above Convention, and the Bufile on Lapsansky does not contain a newspaper article indicating Lapsansky has admitted being a "communist."

You should immediately verify whether King did select Lapsansky to promote publicity for the above Convention, and verify the appearance of the above newspaper article, wherein, Lapsansky admitted he was a "communist."

All pertinent information relative to this matter should be promptly submitted to the Bureau in a form suitable for dissemination.

RDS:rth (5)

ENCLOSURE

1 - 100-435975 (Lapsansky)

REC-1 100-438794-1547

AUG 12 1966

56 AUG 17 1966

Tolson
DeLoach
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FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

EASTLAND CHARGES

Admitted Communist Promotes SCLC Convention In Jackson

By CHRIS HAGEDORN
Daily News Staff Writer

PHILADELPHIA, Miss. —Sen. James O. Eastland, disclosed that Phil Lapsansky who has admitted working for the overthrow of capitalism was selected by Rev. Martin Luther King to promote publicity for the Southern Christian Leadership Conference to be held in Jackson this weekend.

Eastland said that Lapsansky in a letter published in the Jackson Daily News admitted to the Senator's earlier charges that he was a "Communist."

In his address Wednesday at the famed Neshoba County Fair, Eastland quoted J. Edgar Hoover as saying that "civil rights organizations are nothing but hatcheries for Communists."

"This is one state," Eastland exclaimed, "which Martin Luther King is not going to take over."

He asked his audience to "stand their ground to perserve those principles that have made the southern states the best part of America."

The veteran senator, said Dr. King's convention in Jackson next week had to be held in the South because "He has not gone over in the North and they decided to ship him back south."

Eastland said the Meredith March was a dismal failure for liberals and a breakthrough for conservatives.

He said the FBI knew there were "67 Commie organizers" in the state during the march.

"I flew over the scene at 3,500 feet and marchers smelled up that high," he told a laughing crowd.

The Senator who is running for reelection this November reported that efforts are being made in the Congress to amend the electoral college.

Eastland contended that the electoral college gives five large Northern states control over the political philosophy of government.

A coalition of Southern states and Midwestern states, he said, are sponsoring efforts to destroy this political influence which caters to special interest groups, particularly urban Negroes.

Former Gov. Ross Barnett, also speaking at the Fair, suggested that the Supreme Court be elected by the people of different sectors of the United States.

In his address, Barnett said "the left wing, hypocritical, slick haired, lousy, left wing philosophy is undermining our government."

He said, "men in high office — like Hubert Humphrey who encouraged the so - called revolution in the streets will be responsible for some of the darkest days in the history of the nation."

Leaving his prepared remarks, the former governor said, "you will recall in 1961, the freedom riders came to Mississippi and I asked the people to be courteous and kind to them as long as they behaved themselves, but I said when they started violating our laws and city ordinances to simply put them in jail."

"When they started violating our laws the authorities in Jackson began to put them in jail and after the jails of Hinds County were filled and (Mayor) Allen Thompson's chicken coop at the Fair Grounds were filled, it was my happy privilege to send the overflow to Parchman and put them in maximum security.

"The reason I put them in maximum security was to protect them from other inmates of Parchman in the state penitentiary who didn't want to associate with them.

"You haven't heard any more from freedom riders in Mississippi, have you?" he bellowed.

William Winter, State Treasurer, declared, "A rule of reason is being replaced by a rule of the rabble."

"It is high time to hold the trouble makers in this country apart," he said. Political leadership in this country today, he noted, "is inviting trouble by waving the red flag."

Joe T. Patterson, State Attorney General, scorned the supreme Court for its continual leniency towards lawbreakers at the expense of peaceable citizens.

Referring to the recent Meredith march, he said that the Justice Department has never hesitated to send men to Mississippi to protect civil rights, while there is a noticeable absence of justice men in riot - torn areas like Chicago, Cleveland, and New York.

Patterson censured the Flu Klux Klan saying "persons who take the law into their own hands are mobsters. I don't care if it is a mob led by the Flu Klux Klan or by Martin Luther King — they should be dealt with accordingly."

Patterson got applause from his audience although the area is regarded as a Klan stronghold.

Republican candidate for Congress, L. L. McAllister, asked voters in November to pass a judgment on President Lyndon Johnson.

"Let's say 'No' to Johnson's welfare paradise, let's say 'No' to wasteful spending, let's say 'No' to the mismanagement to the war on poverty program."

W. H. (Hamp) King, State Auditor of Public Accounts, stressed the change that is in the air. "In the midst of change," he said, "let's preserve something of the past—the pendulum of change is coming back our way, away from the colored madness."

Other speakers included Vicksburg Mayor, John Holland, who praised the economic growth and development of Mississippi.

The final speaker of the afternoon was singer-candidate, Uncle Jimmy Swan who is the first announced seeker of the governorship in 1967.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE TEN A

JACKSON DAILY NEWS

JACKSON, MISS.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 MLL 54 6 P8 80514 73-18

Date: 8-4-66
Edition: HOME
Author: CHRIS HAGEDORN
Editor: JAMES M. WARD
Title: PHIL LAPSANSKY

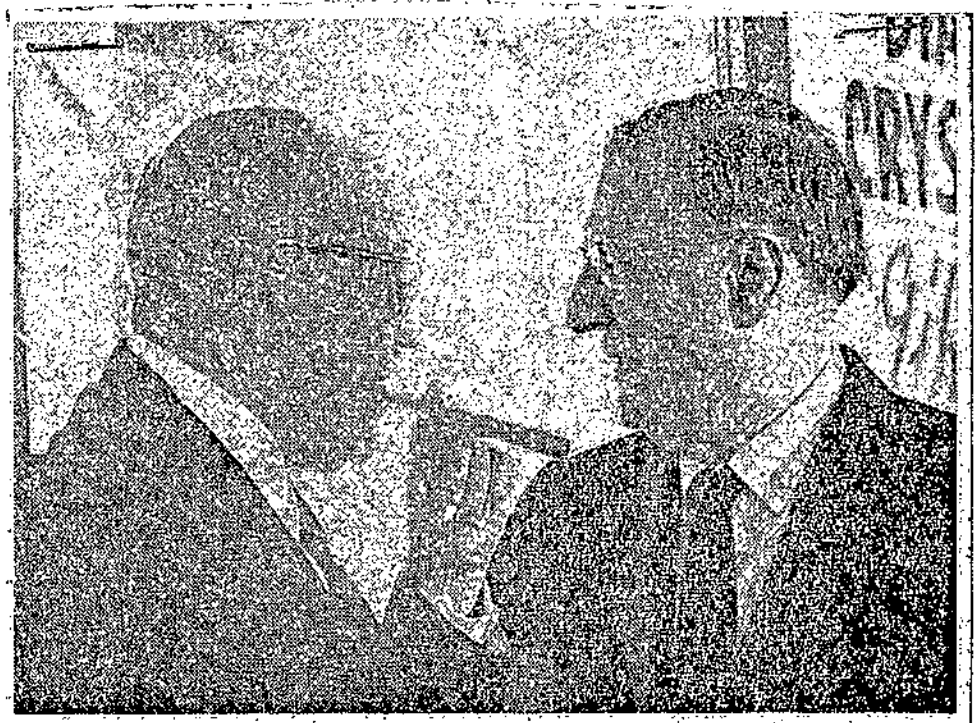
Character:
or
Classification: 100-359
Submitting Office: JACKSON

☐ Being Investigated

AUG 15 1966

100-43[illegible]-1547

ENCLOSURE



SEASONED POLITICOS

James O. Eastland, left, lights a cigar as he chats with former Gov. Ross Barnett. Eastland and Barnett were two of the many politicians who spoke at the Neshoba County Fair Wednesday.—Daily News Staff Photo by Lincoln Warren, Jr.

"I'm not a politician — I've never been on this platform as a politician — but I know the communists, and I've been telling the people of Hattiesburg about them for years," Swan said.

Following a chorus of "Segregation, Integration, Agitation," the Hattiesburg radio station owner told the crowd that he has been working against the communist conspiracy for years.

With "Christian, conservative concern," Swan said, "I'd rather be an extremist against communism than one of the appeasers like Lyndon Johnson."

Morning speaker stomped the rostrum, featuring addresses by Si Corley, State Commissioner of Agriculture, Jack Tubb, State Superintendent of Education, and Ed Pittman, Senator from Forrest County.

RE: BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL.
(U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)
CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 1546 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794) DATE: 8/12/66

FROM : SAC, LOUISVILLE (157-90) (RUC)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL OF SCLC Southern Christian Leadership Conference
IS - C

OO:ATLANTA

Re Jackson airtel dated 7/8/66 with respect to attendance at the captioned organization's convention scheduled for Jackson, Mississippi, 8/8-11/66.

No information was received by the Louisville Division indicating any individuals in Kentucky planned to attend the convention of the captioned organization.

1-922 Oct.
(2) - Bureau (RM)
1 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Info) (RM)
1 - Jackson (100-56) (Info) (RM)
1 - Louisville

WLW/mfm
(5)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 JRM/ek
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REC 53 100-438794-1548

EX 111

AUG 15 1966

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5 AUG 23 1966

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-106

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 1 ? 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI JKN MISS

12:28 PM CST URGENT 8-12-66 RJH

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794 AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 J Rn/JL

COMINFIL OF SCLC IS - C

RE JAN TEL AUGUST ELEVEN LAST. 54688 53518 80514

[redacted] JN PD, [redacted] b6 b7C

ADVISED THIS DATE DR. AND MRS. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., REV. AND MRS. RALPH ABERNATHY, VICE-PRES. & TREAS., SCLC, DEPARTED JN EN ROUTE TO ATLANTA VIA DELTA AIRLINES FLIGHT SEVEN TWENTY AT EIGHT FIFTYNINE A.M. THIS DATE. NO INCIDENTS REPORTED OR OBSERVED ACCORDING TO [redacted]

SINCE CONVENTION ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN CONCLUDED, JN WILL NOT SUTEL FURTHER BUT WILL FURNISH ACTIVITIES OF CONVENTION REPORTED BY SOURCES BY LHM.

INTC ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.

100-438794-1549

REC- 62

AUG 16 1966

END

WA....RCH

FBI WASH DC

AT....JFE

FBI ATLANTA 7162

77 AUG 23 1966

TU CLR

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/10/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JRM/LL REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW 8-10-86 DECLASSIFICATION 54688 80 5-14 23518

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56) (P)

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C
(OO: Atlanta)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
DATE 11-1-80

Re Jackson teletype 8/9/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 copies of an LHM, with 3 copies to Atlanta. Copies of the LHM are being furnished to USA, Jackson; USA, Oxford; Secret Service, Jackson; and INTC, Jackson.

Pertinent information contained in the LHM was furnished orally to INTC and Jackson PD on 8/9/66.

The source mentioned in the LHM is [redacted] furnished information to SA JAMES O. INGRAM.

b6
b7C
b7D

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, ~~SEC. SER.~~
DEPT: ISD, CRD, ~~RAO~~
DATE FORW: 8/12/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: PTB/RF

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF Declass DATE 3-21-83

LEAD:

JACKSON

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Will maintain contact with established sources concerning SCLC Convention.

EX 110 REC 20 15511

ENCLOSURE

3 - Bureau (Encl. 8) (RM)
3 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 3) (RM)
(1 - MARTIN LUTHER KING, 100-5586)
3 - Jackson (100-56)
(1 - 157-5909, [redacted]
(1 - [redacted]

AUG 12 1966

JOE/cmb
(9)

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DP INT. SEC.
ON 2-18-83

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

58 AUG 24 1966

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Jackson, Mississippi

August 10, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4J DMM/ll 10-24-80
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-10-86

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

54688
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73518

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) INTERNAL SECURITY - C

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF declass DATE 3-21-83

[redacted] advised on August 9, 1966, that the SCLC Convention was officially opened at the Masonic Temple, 1072 Lynch Street, Jackson, Mississippi, on August 9, 1966, by Ralph Abernathy, Vice-President and Treasurer. Abernathy opened the convention in the absence of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., as King was confined to his King Edward Hotel room in Jackson, due to a high fever. He said an announcement had been made to inquiring news media of Dr. King's health by Junius Griffin, Director of Public Relations, SCLC. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that board meetings were held on August 9, 1966, at the Masonic Temple and Martin Luther King, Sr. had announced that the executive board had voted to open the executive board to ten new members from northern states and five of the ten members would be of the white race.

[redacted] advised Bayard Rustin and James Bevel, who were scheduled to be on a panel program on August 9, 1966, would not be in attendance. He expects neither to attend the convention as Rustin is reportedly in Montreal, Canada, and Bevel is in Chicago, Illinois.

[redacted] Jackson Police Department, and in charge of SCLC Convention security, advised on August 9, 1966, that Dr. King would not leave the King Edward Hotel on August 9, 1966. He said there had been no incidents surrounding the convention on August 9, 1966. b6 b7C

COPIES DESTROYED
286 OCT 16 1970
DECLASSIFIED BY 367 URH DP
ON 2/8/83

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROPRIATE AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF class DATE 11-1-80 JGN

100-438794-15511

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted] advised that a city-wide mass rally was held at the Pearl Ame Church, Pearl Street, Jackson, beginning at 8:00 p.m., August 9, 1966, and the rally ended at 11:07 p.m. He estimated 500 persons in attendance and stated the rally was extremely quiet due to the absence of Dr. King. He said the Jackson Police Department afforded security at the rally. b6 b7C

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past and who is familiar with Civil Rights activities in the State of Mississippi, advised on August 9, 1966, that he attended the official opening of the SCLC Convention on August 9, 1966 and Vice-President and Treasurer Ralph Abernathy opened the convention; however, he spoke briefly in the absence of Dr. King, who was reportedly ill. The source attended a panel session entitled "The Non-Violent Perspective", wherein Bayard Rustin was to preside; however, he was reportedly out of the state and not at the convention.. Mrs. Rachael DuBois was the Panel Moderator in his absence.

He attended the keynote address at 12:00 p.m., wherein Reverend Walter Fauntroy, Pastor of a church in Washington, D.C., and a Director of the Washington D. C. SCLC Office, was the keynote speaker. He stressed that the black man and the white man would have to work together. He indicated that the movement would have to use all its resources in an effort to change the condition of the masses of Negroes that live in tenements and slums throughout the country. He stressed the SCLC needed money and stated nothing less than a one hundred billion budget could change the conditions of the Negro. The source stated that during the entire day there were approximately 175 to 200 people at the Masonic Temple.

The source stated that Bayard Rustin was to deliver a summary address at 4:30 p.m.; however, it was again announced Rustin would not be in Jackson.

The source attended a city-wide rally at the Pearl Ame Church and the presiding official was Reverend Allen Johnson of Jackson. He estimated there were approximately

CONFIDENTIAL

350 people in attendance and the principal speaker was Cleveland Robinson, President of the American Negro Labor Council, who stressed again that the white and black man must work together in a non-violent effort. He said the crowd was extremely quiet in view of the fact Dr. King did not appear at the rally.

Concerning Bayard Rustin, in the "Saturday Evening Post", issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, Bayard Rustin is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights". In it, Rustin is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party". Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York, Rustin gave most of his earnings to the "Party". He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", February 11, 1957, page 1, column 2, reported that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America, (CPUSA), held in New York City, on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

RE: BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL.
(U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)
CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 1550 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 1 2 1966

TELETYPE

54688 80514 73518

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-24-80 BY SP4 JPM/lel

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI JKN MISS

11:23 PM CST URGENT 8-11-66 KCH

TO: DIRECTOR (100-438794) AND ATLANTA (100-5718)

FROM: JACKSON (100-56)

COMINFIL OF SCLC, IS - C

RE JNTEL THIS DATE.

[redacted] JACKSON PD ADVISED THIS DATE HE WAS ADVISED BY SCLC OFFICIALS DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., NOT RECOVERED FROM ILLNESS AND CONFINED TO HOTEL ROOM. [redacted] ADVISED KING AND OFFICERS REELECTED THIS DATE AND NEW BOARD MEMBERS SELECTED.

b6
b7C

REC- 51 EX-103
100-438794-1552

ATLANTA SELECTED AS NINETEEN SIXTY-SEVEN CONVENTION SITE AND NEW ORLEANS FOR NINETEEN SIXTY-EIGHT. STATES MAJORITY OF DELEGATES DEPARTING JACKSON AT CONCLUSION OF CONVENTION THIS DATE.

AUG 16 1966

REV. RALPH ABERNATHY, VICE-PRES. AND TREASURER ADDRESSED RALLY AT JACKSON BEGINING EIGHT TEN PM AND ENDING TEN THIRTY-SEVEN IN ABSENCE OF KING. [redacted] JACKSON PD IN CHARGE OF SECURITY ESTIMATED TWELVE HUNDRED PERSONS IN ATTENDANCE. NO INCIDENTS REPORTED OR OBSERVED ACCORDING TO [redacted]

END PAGE ONE

73

51 AUG 19 1966

SOURCES ATTENDED TODAYS CONVENTION AND FURNISHING REPORTS.

[redacted] ADVISED DR. AND MRS. KING, ABERNATHY AND WIFE, b6 b7C AS WELL AS REV. ANDREW J. JOUNG SCHEDUALED TO DEPART JACKSON VIA DELTA AIRLINES EIGHT FIFTY-NINE AM , AUGUST TWELVE NEXT. [redacted] WILL PROVIDE POLICE ESCORT.

INTC, JACKSON ADVISED.

BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

LHM FOLLOWS.

END.

WA...HFL

FBI WASH DC

AT...ARK

FBI ATLANTA

TUE"H@@

PD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CONFIDENTIAL

FBI

Date: 8/11/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF declass. DATE 3-21-83

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM
(CG 157-1261)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RM-ORGANIZATION
(BUFILE 105-70374)
(CG 157-3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF declass DATE 11-15-80

10-27-80

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 [illegible]
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-11-86

546 80514 73578

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/RP 2/8/83 Garrow/King 82-0611

Re Chicago teletypes to Director, dated 8/10 and 8/11/66, captioned "DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; and Chicago airtel and LHM to Director, dated 8/9/66, captioned, "DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS," "NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY, RM ORGANIZATION, Bufile 105-6623, CG 105-4630," and "AMERICAN NAZI PARTY, RM-ORGANIZATION, Bufile 105-70374, CG 157-3."

Enclosed for the Bureau are fourteen (14) copies of an LHM relating to demonstrations by the SCLC in the Gage Park area and activity of the ANP relating to such demonstrations.

ENCLOSURE

6 - Bureau (Encls. 14)(RM)
(1 - 100-438794) SCLC
(1 - 100-106670) (COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 105-~~7374~~) (ANP)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)(RM)
(1 - 100-5718)(COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)

NOT RECORDED
78 AUG 19 1966

8 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)
(1 - 157-722)
(1 - 157-3)

61 AUG 24 1966

TEB:TI
(16)

CONFIDENTIAL

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

157-

One copy of this LHM is being furnished the U. S. Secret Service, and the Office of the USA, both Chicago, Illinois, and Region I, 113th INTC Group, U. S. Army, Evanston, Illinois.

The sources utilized in the enclosed LHM are as follows:

CG T-1 is [redacted] b7D
CG T-2 is [redacted]
CG T-3 is [redacted]
CG T-4 is [redacted] (protect requested)

The information from [redacted] was provided to SA LELAND G. RICHIE on 8/10/66. The information from [redacted] was provided to SA [redacted] on 8/9/66. The enclosed information attributed to [redacted], was provided to SA [redacted] on 8/11/66. The information contained in the enclosed LHM attributed to the Chicago Police Department was furnished to the Chicago Office by SAs [redacted] and [redacted] who were assigned to the various sections of the Chicago Police Department as liaison agents during the enclosed described demonstration. b6 b7C b7D

Chicago has alerted its sources for information relative to any future plans for civil rights marches into the Bogan area of Chicago, and the Cicero, Illinois area. The Bureau and Atlanta will be promptly advised of all pertinent developments by appropriate communications.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 157-

Chicago, Illinois
August 11, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/LL
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR 8-11-86
DECLASSIFICATION 54688 80514 73518

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RACIAL MATTER - ORGANIZATION

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DECLASS DATE 3-21-83

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum, dated August 9, 1966, captioned, "Demonstrations By Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), Gage Park Area, Chicago, Illinois," "National States Rights Party, Racial Matter - Organization," and "American Nazi Party, Racial Matter - Organization."

On August 10, 1966, Chief James M. Rochford, Bureau of Field Services, Chicago Police Department, advised that his department had received conflicting reports from its sources relative to a possible march on such date by the SCLC. Chief Rochford stated that a rally would be held at 2:00 p.m. at the West Side Action Center (Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren, Chicago, Illinois), in order to discuss the possibility of a march by SCLC to the Belmont-Cragin area of Chicago or possibly to the Chicago Real Estate Board, 105 West Madison, Chicago, Illinois. He further stated that SCLC officials were not cooperating with the Chicago Police Department relative to their current march plans in that such officials were giving insufficient notice of their intentions.

[On August 10, 1966, CG T-4 advised that] a mass meeting had been held at the Fellowship Baptist Church, 4543 South Princeton, Chicago, Illinois, during the evening of August 9, 1966, attended

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DECLASSIFIED BY 367 UR+LDP
ON 2/8/83

King 82-0611

ENCLOSURE

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by approximately 350 persons. The principal speaker, the Reverend Albert Sampson, SCLC staff worker, spoke at the meeting and urged young people to become involved in the non-violent movement. He also requested that those in attendance at such meeting report to 3101 West Warren at 12:00 noon, August 10, 1966, and that each individual present should bring five others for a possible march to the Bogan area.

On August 10, 1966, [redacted] declared that he had no information indicating that the planned march to the Bogan area had been cancelled or that the march would occur as originally scheduled. b6 b7C

At 3:30 p.m., August 10, 1966, the Communications Section, Chicago Police Department, advised that subsequent to the meeting at 3101 West Warren, the demonstrators would depart from the church at 4:00 p.m. and stage a protest demonstration in the Bogan area of Chicago. At such time, the Communications Section advised that approximately 100 persons were expected to participate with Reverend James Bevel, Reverend Jesse Jackson, and Reverend Albert Sampson, SCLC Officials, leading the march. The demonstration would consist of a march through the Bogan neighborhood and terminate with a prayer vigil at the T. E. Laduke Realty Company, 2621 West 79th Street, Chicago. The Chicago Police Department declared that there were approximately 400 to 500 officers on standby duty available to maintain order and police such demonstrations.

At 5:00 p.m. on such date, Albert Raby, Coordinator, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCO), advised the Chicago Police Department that the demonstrators originally scheduled to depart for the Bogan area would travel instead to the Chicago Civic Center by automobile, from which point the demonstrators would march to the Chicago Real Estate Board, 105 West Madison, and stage a demonstration.

The group left the Warren Avenue Congregational Church at 5:15 on such date and proceeded to the Chicago Civic Center via Monroe Street, traveling in a caravan of twenty-five automobiles. The demonstrators numbering approximately 150,

assembled at the Civic Center at 5:45 p.m. and proceeded to march through the Chicago Loop area with a police escort, arriving at the Chicago Real Estate Board at 6:00 p.m. on such date. The demonstrators increased to approximately 300 persons at the Chicago Real Estate Board and remained at such location until 7:00 p.m. when the group marched back to the Civic Center, listened to Reverend Jesse Jackson, who delivered a short address protesting the opposition by the Chicago Real Estate Board to open occupancy. The demonstration was peaceful and that there were no incidents or arrests.

The "Chicago Defender", a south side Negro newspaper, carried an article in its August 8, 1966, edition on page 3, column 1, captioned "Marching as to War..." "Nazi Organizing 'Defense' Group in White Gage Park" "Group Seeks to 'Protect' Neighborhood." It related that the American Nazi Party (ANP) is trying to organize a white self defense organization in the same neighborhood where the SCLC organization conducted a march on August 5, 1966. The article quoted Ericka Himmler, described as a Party official, as saying "This organization (the White Guard) is intended for self defense. We are not out to attack anyone, but to defend ourselves, our families and our neighborhoods." She stated that armed Party members would circulate throughout the Gage Park area August 14, 1966, distributing literature about the White Guard. "In areas like this", Miss Himmler said, "we find that there are people who are generally sympathetic to our beliefs and will receive this literature favorably."

She said new recruits would carry arms but only for use in self defense.

On the back of coupons to be handed out in the neighborhood would read the following:

"Yes, I'll fight! If the blacks attack our area and overwhelm our police, I'll fight."

On August 10, 1966, CG T-1 advised that [redacted] b6 b7C

On August 9 and 10, 1966, CG T-2 and CG T-3 who are familiar with activities of the ANP in the Chicago, Illinois, area advised that they had learned that ANP members and sympathizers have distributed ANP literature at recent civil rights demonstrations in Chicago. They further stated that there has been no indication the ANP has had any success in organizing a "White Guard" or any other armed or similar group as referred to above. These sources added that the

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ANP in Chicago has received numerous telephone and mail inquiries concerning the purpose of the ANP during the past week. One ANP member stated they have not had any success in securing financial support from individuals making such inquiries concerning the ANP.

A characterization of the ANP is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

On August 11, 1966, Roger W. Nathan, Illinois Commission on Human Relations, advised that he has no information at this time relative to previously announced SCLC plans to march in the Bogan area of Chicago and the Cicero, Illinois area. Nathan noted that Chicago newspapers announced current plans for marches to such areas had been canceled and that this probably represented the decision of SCLC officials at this time. He stated that the "Chicago Tribune" August 11, 1966, morning edition, accurately reported the situation when it revealed that Sheriff Richard B. Ogilvie, Cook County, William H. Morris, State Police Superintendent, and Albert Raby, Coordinator, CCCO, had met at his office August 10, 1966, and reached an agreement by which Raby will give Ogilvie seven days notice before marching into Cicero.

CG T-4 advised August 11, 1966, that Reverend James Bevel, SCLC official, announced there would be a mass meeting on such date at 8:00 PM at 60th Place and Princeton at which time the plans for the weekend would be announced.

On August 10 and 11, 1966, the above information was furnished to the following individuals:

U. S. Army, Region I, 113th INTC Group

[redacted]

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U. S. Secret Service

Special Agent [redacted]
Special Agent
Special Agent

b6
b7C

United States Attorney

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted]

A copy of this memorandum has been designated for the United States Attorney, U. S. Secret Service, both Chicago, and the U. S. Army, Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

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APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1962, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

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APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time the World", copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader", a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual", an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 11, 1966

Title DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Character RACIAL MATTER

Reference Memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CARBON COPY

FBI

Date: 8/5/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF declass.
DATE 3-21-83

Re Chicago airtel and LHM, dated 8/4/66, and Chicago teletypes dated 8/4 and 8/5/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are thirteen (13) copies of a self-explanatory letterhead memorandum (LHM), two copies for Atlanta, concerning captioned matter.

A copy of this LHM is being provided the Office of the United States Attorney in Chicago.

~~X~~ 4 The confidential source referred to in the enclosed LHM is [redacted] b7D
The second source utilized in the LHM is [redacted] (requested).

Chicago is continuing to follow this matter and the Bureau and Atlanta will be promptly advised by appropriate communication.

5 - Bureau (Encls. 13)(RM)
(1 - 100-438794)
(1 - 100-106670)(COMINFIL SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)
(1 - 100-5718)(COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586 MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DP
ON 2/2/83
[redacted] King 82-0611 b6 b7C

ORIGINAL FILED IN 15-6-7

NOT RECORDED
174 AUG 18 1966

JCS:rr
(11)

CLASS. & EXT. BY 1803 RDP/DP
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 11/27/79

ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____ Sent 8/5/66 M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

57 AUG 22 1966

Routing slips handled

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

The Special Agents who interviewed individuals referred to in the enclosed LHM are as follows:

[redacted] - SAs LELAND G. RICHIE and JOHN P. O'BRIEN. b6 b7C

[redacted] - SAs [redacted] and JOHN P. O'BRIEN.

The Special Agents in contact with the Blue Island, Illinois gun shop were SAs WILLIAM M. PARKER and JOSEPH L. SYLVESTER.

[redacted] to whom the information of [redacted] was initially provided, was also contacted, by SA's [redacted] AND ROBERT A. VILLEMURE. Information regarding this interview was not set forth as it was identical in detail with that initially provided this office by CHRISTOPHER MOULD, who advised that he had received it in turn from [redacted] Information regarding the contact with [redacted] has been furnished the Bureau in detail in teletype form. b6 b7C b7D

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
August 5, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 4, 1966, under this caption.

A confidential source of the Chicago Office who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 4, 1966, that he had learned from SCLC personnel in Chicago that no civil rights march or demonstration was planned for this date. A rally is to be held, however, during the evening hours of August 4, 1966, at the South Side Action Center Number One, the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street, Chicago, with Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. as the featured speaker. Other speakers at the meeting are to include Reverend Jesse Jackson and Reverend James Bevel, both affiliated with the SCLC in Chicago and active in the leadership of marches into the Gage Park and Belmont-Cragin area. XU

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on August 5, 1966, that the rally at the New Friendship Baptist Church had been held as scheduled the previous evening, ending at approximately 11:00 p.m. Approximately 2,500 persons had been present at this meeting, some 30 to 40 per cent were Caucasion. No incidents occurred in connection with this meeting and no arrests resulted. b6 b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11/27/79 9803 RDD/DP
1-2.4.2
8/5/88
Unmarked Para 5U

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DP
2/8/83
[redacted] King 82-0611

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CONFIDENTIAL

King was the featured speaker, calling in his remarks for adherence to the principle of non-violence within the civil rights movement and referring in critical fashion to the position of some segments of the civil rights movement which today are calling for a more militant approach to the solution of civil rights problems. He advised that the SCLC would continue to advocate non-violence in all its activities, but believed that the SCLC would "open up" Chicago in the area of housing for Negroes. King was critical of Chicago's Mayor Richard J. Daley in the housing area stating that there has been an open occupancy ordinance on the books in Chicago for years but that no action has been taken to implement it.

King stated that there would be a civil rights march in the Gage Park - Chicago Lawn area on the following day, August 5, 1966, and that he was hopeful that as many as 1000 persons would assemble at this church to participate in the march to various realty firms in the area of 63rd Street, Chicago. These firms allegedly are guilty of housing discrimination against Negroes.

[redacted] advised that it was his understanding that Reverend Troy Freeman, Pastor of the New Friendship Baptist Church, had planned to serve notice on King's group that they would not be able to use the facilities here as headquarters for future activities in this area, however, [redacted] advised that there was no evidence at the time of this meeting that any such notice had been given, noting plans to use the church as headquarters for the march on August 5, 1966. b6 b7C

A second confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised the Chicago Office as follows, during the evening hours of August 4, 1966, concerning the planned march of August 5, 1966, by the CFM-SCLC:

CONFIDENTIAL

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CONFIDENTIAL

The demonstrators will gather during the early afternoon of August 5, 1966, at the New Friendship Baptist Church, from where they will proceed by motorcade to Marquette Park in the vicinity of 71st Street and Kedzie Avenue (3200 West). After assembling in Marquette Park, three groups of some 25 to 50 demonstrators each will be dispatched to three different real estate offices in the Chicago Lawn area where they will demonstrate and engage in a prayer vigil from forty-five minutes to an hour. These three real estate firms are as follows: The Rio Realty Company, 2733 West 63rd Street; the Geissler Realty Company, 2749 West 63rd Street; and the Mack Realty Company, 3018 West 63rd Street.

Note that the Chicago Lawn area referred to previously is immediately adjacent to the Southern boundary of the Gage Park neighborhood, encompassing a general area of 55th Street South to the area of Marquette Park in the vicinity of 71st Street. Chicago Lawn has the same general East-West boundaries as does Gage Park.

The second source continued that at approximately 5:30 p.m., those individuals remaining in the assembly area at Marquette Park will march to the area of 63rd and California Avenues where they will meet those individuals who are engaged in demonstrating at the three different real estate concerns. From here the entire group, to be lead by King, will proceed to the Halverson Realty Company, 3145 West 63rd Street, where another vigil and prayer session will beheld. From here the group will return South on Kedzie Avenue to Marquette Park, will proceed from Marquette Park to the New Friendship Baptist Church, where it is assumed that they will disperse.

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Regarding activities of Martin Luther King, Jr. on August 4, 1966, [redacted] Office of Deputy Superintendent, Chicago Police Department, advised that King, with Andrew Young, of the SCLC and Al Raby, Convenor, Coordinating Council on Community Organization (CCCO), had met on August 4, 1966, with Chicago's six Negro aldermen. [redacted] was aware only that King had stated

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during this meeting that there was to be a SCLC demonstration in the Gage Park area of Chicago on August 5, 1966. Concerning King's meeting with those individuals referred to above, the "Chicago Sun Times," a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of August 5, 1966, advised that King had met with these political leaders of the Negro community for some three hours. Generally discussed had been King's "open-city demands" made previously and after this meeting, King and these political leaders stated that they plann to hold future such sessions to discuss Chicago's problems, the second meeting scheduled for August 25, 1966.

The article continued that in a joint press conference after the meeting, the civil rights and political figures declined to discuss the substance of their talk but stated that substantial agreement was reached on the need for such matters as open-occupancy legislation, availability of bank loans to Negroes and greater control over building standards. The political leaders were said to have agreed that public housing in the future should be dispersed throughout the city and not concentrate in ghetto neighborhoods. It was also reportedly stated that unions, businesses, and governmental agencies should publish racial head counts of their employees.

Reference is made at this point to information in Chicago memorandum of August 4, 1966, to the effect that information was furnished to [redacted] in Chicago by [redacted] which information was subsequently provided to Chicago Office by a confidential source, a representative of another government agency. In substance this information alleged that the National States Right Party (NSRP) has been recently active in the Gage Park area of Chicago, attempted to incite the white residents here, with an allegation that NSRP representatives have been trying to get Gage Park citizens to arm themselves, are soliciting orders for handguns, which orders are then placed by the NSRP with the [redacted]

b6
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b7D

CONFIDENTIAL

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CONFIDENTIAL

In connection with the above on August 3, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C b7D Illinois, advised to Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation as follows:

His gun shop has made no excessive sales of handguns, hunting weapons, or ammunition to any one individual or organization during the past few weeks or months. Guns of various caliber have been purchased on a one or two gun basis but have not gone to any particular area of Chicago or to any particular Cook County, Illinois community.

[redacted] advised that during the racial disturbances which took place in Chicago in mid-July, 1966, gun sales did increase for a few days, but then subsequently returned to normal. Sales were made to both Negroes and caucasions with most of the sales to police officers and to persons bearing responsible identification.

[redacted] continued that gun orders are not filled by mail and that if a person or his identification is questionable, no sale is made or he is required to obtain a police permit and then the gun is sold and shipped by United Parcel to that individual at the address given. Records are kept on all gun sales. [redacted] advised that any undue increase in the sales of handguns, or any suspicious request for firearms made to his company will be promptly reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and appropriate local authorities.

On August 4, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C b7D was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. [redacted] advised that the NSRP in Chicago is not attempting to have citizens arm themselves although several NSRP members have personal weapons of their own for personal use and protection. He denied that the NSRP has purchased any guns from any gun shop [redacted] and stated that the NSRP plans no organized activities in the Gage Park area, although it is possible that individuals and NSRP members or sympathizers may distribute NSRP literature whenever civil rights groups have demonstrations. He added that literature

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is sent to many persons in Chicago by the NSRP, which literature may subsequently be distributed at such demonstrations. He advised that the NSRP has no plans to "get Martin Luther King" because it is obvious that if King was eliminated from leadership of the civil rights movement, he would only be replaced by someone else. [redacted] added that the NSRP feels that riots and disturbances which have taken place in Chicago and elsewhere are being caused by Negroes. Such incidents must be stopped by having white people unite to have the whites protected and to have Negro aggitators prosecuted. b6 b7C b7D

On August 4, 1966, [redacted] who claimed [redacted] Chicago, was contacted by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. [redacted] advised that he had attended one NSRP meeting at the NSRP Office, 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, and at this meeting he had learned that the NSRP has a source in "King's group" in Chicago to keep track of their activities. This NSRP contact provides the NSRP with foreknowledge of the plans of Kings group for demonstrations, the NSRP then precedes the SCLC into the area where they proceed to distribute their literature prior to and during marches. He stated during this interview that he had learned through his contact with the NSRP that NSRP members were believed to be purchasing weapons at the [redacted] Illinois for personal protection. [redacted] denied knowledge of mention made at any NSRP meeting of use of force by the NSRP against King or any other SCLC members of civil rights leaders.

[redacted] stated he has participated in SCLC marches but none in Gage Park. It was his understanding the NSRP was active in distributing leaflets in Gage Park and in soliciting new members there, capitalizing on extreme tension in the area. He denied knowledge of NSRP attempts to incite Gage Park residents to resist future marches with arms or violence. He continued that he attended NSRP meeting to determine their activities as

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he considers the NSRP a threat to the SDS, to civil rights groups, and other unnamed organizations. He stated he intended to furnish the above information in substance to the SCLC in Chicago, but stated that he had not made any contact with the SCLC to date. He stated he had attended no other NSRP meetings as he feared detection as a SDS member.

The NSRP is characterized on the attached appendix page. Sources used are reliable.

Pertinent portions of the above information have been provided, on August 4 and August 5, 1966 to representativs of Secret Service, Chicago, Office of the United States Attorney, and Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

1 APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party(NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

1

APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party(UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

D-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/9/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRMK
REASON FOR EXTE FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIE
DECLASSIFICATION 8-9-86

54688 80514 73518

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56)

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Re Jackson teletype, 8/8/66.

There is enclosed for the Bureau and Atlanta a copy of the SCLC Tenth Annual Convention pamphlet being held in Jackson, Mississippi, 8/8-11/66, made available by [redacted] The pamphlet sets forth the calendar of activities of the convention and contains a listing of all officers of the SCLC, both national and regional. b7D

Also enclosed for Bureau and Atlanta is a program of The Annual Freedom Banquet indicating the featured speaker as Senator EDWARD M. KENNEDY on 8/8/66.

DECLASSIFIED BY 3670 ... ON 2/8/83

[redacted] has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished the above material to SA's JAMES O. INGRAM and [redacted] on 8/8/66. b7D b6 b7C

The above is being submitted to Atlanta, office of origin, to be incorporated in the next quarterly report.

1 - C 94D Rm 922

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2) (RM) REC 31
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (100-5718) (RM)
2 - Jackson
EMC/bgj
(7)

1553

AUG 11 1966

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

108 copies made 12/6/77 JTA/PAB for Bevel; Cover page + Pg. 12 of green pamphlet + airtel for review at FBIHQ by HSCA re 11/3/77 request. (See Entrile #62-117290)

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Per _____

53 AUG 29 1966

SCLC

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE

Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., *President*

August 8~11, 1966
Jackson, Miss.

Tenth Annual Convention

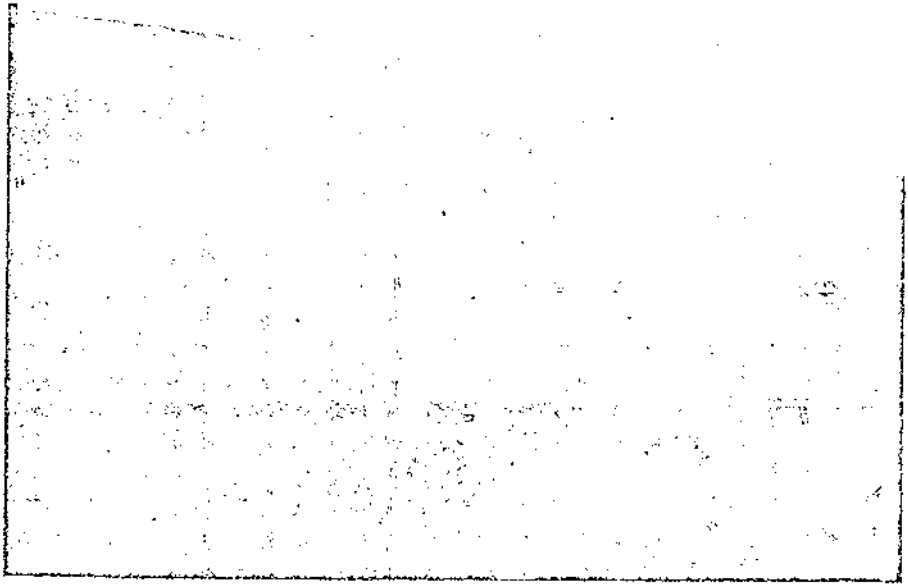
THEME: *Human Rights, the Continuing Struggle*

HOST: *The SCLC Jackson Affliate*
Rev. Allen Johnson, *President*

Foreword...

THE Southern Christian Leadership Conference is a loosely structured federation of nation–wide affiliates which adhere to the moral imperatives of a nonviolent philosophy rooted in the thinking of Jesus, Thoreau, and Mahatma Gandhi. Its basic commitment is to the belief that the miraculous thrust of nonviolence can break down the ignoble walls of ignorance and hatred which exist between individuals and ethnic groups. Its ultimate aim is to redeem the soul of America by eliminating the crippling effects of poverty, and by seeking to secure and preserve the rights of individuals to govern themselves and to determine their own destinies.

CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS



Masonic Temple, Jackson, Mississippi

Message from the President

THERE are few certainties in the life of man. Twentieth century has burdened us with the responsibility of constant change. But unlike our predecessors of the previous era, we can no longer assume that change will automatically mean progress, or that things will "get better by and by." The watch word of our time must be "struggle." Certainly in the area of human rights we must wage a continuing struggle. We must not be deluded by the progress made at a national legislative level. True, things are not like they used to be; but one quick look around you at the poverty and deprivation of our people from the Delta of Mississippi to the West Side of Chicago will convince you that things are not yet what they ought to be. We of SCLC pledge ourselves to continue this struggle, for we see it as an eternal struggle for the rights of man. As long as there are children of God deprived of dignity, opportunity, and freedom we will labor with them to secure these rights.

M. L. King Jr.

Greetings...

"I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills, from whence cometh my strength and my salvation." *To the hills of this nation are the eyes and hearts of the down-trodden lifted in their effort to discover a ray of light in this dark struggle toward their own self-realization in a land where fulfillment is an integral part of its foundation. Men are born free; it is only by the acts of other men that they are restricted from remaining so. This free will extends the right of self-realization and fulfillment. But the conditions under which this freedom of will can operate are often distorted and restricted by a few who have seized the power to effect this. It is up to us, and to all men everywhere, to work toward creating the political, economic, social and cultural conditions within which the group, and the individual can more readily fulfill himself and construct a better world according to the dictates of human rights and prerogatives. In this we must join forces and fight on all fronts the long battle against oppression and toward freedom.*

Rev. Ralph David Abernathy
Vice-President at Large & Treasurer

THE *main question which we will be called upon to answer this week and in the months to come is: Who runs the movement? Is the Negro's quest for full citizenship to be entrusted to President Johnson and the Congress of the United States, to be doled out in minute portions as it is politically expedient; or are we prepared to give ourselves totally to the unrelenting struggle which will be required to wrest power, opportunity and full citizenship from the political and economic Overlords of the South and the Nation? We have seen great strides in two years, but they all amount to the first few yards to narrow the gap of 300 years of exploitation and deprivation. Won't you "Come and go with us to that Land, where I'm bound."*

Rev. Andrew J. Young
Executive Director

Welcome...

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference Tenth Annual Convention, held this week in the city of Jackson, Mississippi, completes a decade of work toward the realization of the American Dream for our people, and for any people who have been denied those inallienable rights accruing to ALL Americans by reason of the principles set forth in the Constitution and to be implemented in the democratic way of life. These ten years have been a time of trial, a period of struggle, of work toward the goals of civil liberty, equal justice, the right to take one's place in the Good Life, and the right to utilize our human potentialities toward the making of a better society. But the Southern Christian Leadership Conference's "time of tribulation" has extended for only ten years, and is only a part of a far greater struggle and of longer duration in which our people have been engaged since their first forced entry into the New World more than three hundred years ago. Today marks not the end of the battle, but only a way-stop on the long continuum of struggle, tribulation, and trial, stretching from out of the distant past into the future. Our fight is not over. Although we have made some gains along the way, and will make more, we must pool our resources, combine our efforts, and work together as a solid phalanx in a mighty endeavor to win for ourselves and for all people those rights to which they have been born. In the "land of the free," all men must have courage, else all are cowards. Today in this tenth year of our existence as an organization designed to effect this freedom for all men, we join with all of you present to go forth on a mighty crusade that will end in an America to which all men can point with pride, and one which will have lived up fully to those words which the symbol of liberty, the statue in New York Harbour, has proclaimed as the raison d'etre *of the American Nation:*

> "Give me your tired, your poor,
> Your huddle masses yearning to breathe free,
> The wretched refuse of your teeming shore,
> Send these, the homeless, tempest–tost, to me,
> I lift my lamp beside the golden door."

With these thoughts in mind, We Welcome You.

Rev. Allen Johnson
President, SCLC Jackson Affiliate

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE

334 Auburn Avenue, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30303

OFFICERS

Dr Martin Luther King Jr.....President
Rev. C. K. Steele.....First Vice President
Rev. Joseph E. Lowery.....Second Vice President
Rev. Samuel W. Williams.....Third Vice President
Rev. Curtis Harris.....Fourth Vice President
Rev. Fred L. Shuttlesworth.....Secretary
Rev. Ralph D. Abernathy.....Treasurer
Mrs. Erna Dungee.....Assistant Secretary
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I. M. Augustine.....General Counsel
Dr. Major Jones.....Chaplain

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Mr. Jessis Hill, Jr.....Atlanta, Georgia
Rev. B. E. Hooks.....Memphis, Tennessee
Mr. Esau Jenkins.....Charleston, South Carolina
Rev. Allen L. Johnson.....Jackson, Mississippi
Rev. B. J. Johnson, Sr.....Atlanta, Georgia
Rev. A. D. King.....Louisville, Kentucky
Rev. D. E. King.....New York, N. Y.
Rev. M. L. King, Sr.....Atlanta, Georgia
Mr. John Lewis.....Atlanta, Georgia
Mrs. Marion Bruce Logan.....New York, N. Y.
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Rev. S. S. Seay.....Montgomery, Alabama
Dr. C. O. Simkins.....Hollis Long Island, New York
Rev. Kelly M. Smith.....Nashville, Tennessee
Rev. Nelson Smith.....Birmingham, Alabama
Rev. Roland Smith.....Atlanta, Georgia
Rev. Daniel B. Speed.....Tallahassee, Florida
Mr. Andrew White.....Nashville, Tennessee
Rev. R. G. Williams.....Washington, D.C.
Rev. Virgil Wood.....Roxbury 19, Massachusetts

TENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION

DATE: August 8–11, 1966

PLACE: Jackson, Mississippi

HEADQUARTERS: Masonic Temple

HOST: *The SCLC Jackson Affiliate*

THEME: "Human Rights, the Continuing Struggle..."

PROGRAM
Monday, August 8, 1966

9:00 A.M. REGISTRATION: Masonic Temple

2:00 P.M. BOARD MEETING: The King Edward Hotel

5:00 P.M. ADJOURNMENT

8:00 P.M. **FREEDOM BANQUET:** The Heidelburg Hotel
Olympic Room

Toastmaster: *Rev. C.T. Vivian*
Invocation: *Rev. R.M. Richmond*
Music:
Greetings: *Dr. George Owens*, President,
Tougaloo College
Introduction of the Speaker: *Dr. M.L. King Jr.*
Address: *The Honorable Edward M. Kennedy*
Benediction: *Rev. Allen Johnson*

Tuesday, August 9, 1966

9:00 A. M. REGISTRATION: Masonic Temple

10:30 A. M. **OFFICIAL OPENING**

Devotions: *Dr. Major Jones*

11:00 A. M. **PANEL: "The Nonviolent Perspective"**
Mr. Bayard Rustin, Presiding
Participants: *Mr. James Bevel*
Dr. Rachael DuBois
The Reverend C. T. Vivian
The Reverend Andrew Young

12:00 P. M. **KEYNOTE ADDRESS:**
The Reverend Walter Fauntroy, Pastor
New Bethel Baptist Church
Washington, D. C.

1:00 P. M. LUNCH

2:30 P. M. WORKSHOPS: "The Nonviolent Perspective"

4:30 P. M. SUMMARY ADDRESS: *Mr. Bayard Rustin*

8:00 P. M. **CITY WIDE MASS RALLY**—Pearl St. A.M.E. Church

Presiding: *The Reverend Allen Johnson*
Invocation: *Dr. S. Leon Whitney*
Special Music: *The Freedom Singers*
Recognition of Special Guests
Greetings: *Mrs. Pearl Drane*
Mr. Charles Evers
Mr. Henry Briggs
Offering: *The* Reverend Fred Shuttlesworth
Music: *The Community Choir*
Mr. Ross Clay, Director
Award: Affiliate of the Year Award
Citation
Honoree
Introduction of Speaker: *The Reverend Virgil Wood*
Address: *Mr. Cleveland Robinson*, President
American Negro Labor Council
Music: "We Shall Overcome"—Audience
Benediction: *The Reverend T. Y. Rogers*

Wednesday, August 10, 1966

9:00 A. M. REGISTRATION: Masonic Temple

9:30 A. M. **OPENING OF SESSIONS**
Presiding: *The Reverend Samuel Williams*

9:45 A. M. DEVOTIONS: *The Reverend Jesse Douglas*

10:00 A. M. PROGRAM EVALUATION: Mr. Randolph Blackwell

PANEL: "The People Speak"
The Reverend Andrew Young, Presiding
Participants: *The Rev. S. T. Cunningham*, Miss.
Mrs. Annie Divine, Mississippi
Mrs. Pearlie Moore, Alabama
Mrs. Tacora Wallace, Chicago
Mr. Hope Williams, South Carolina

12:00 P. M. **PRESIDENTS' ANNUAL REPORT**
Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

1:00 P. M. LUNCH

2:00 P. M. **PANEL:** "The Emerging Society"
Dr. James H. Laue, Presiding
Participants: Education, *Dr. Robert L. Green*
Administration of Justice,
Attorney Charles Morgan
Housing, *Mr. Jack E. Wood*
Jobs, *Dr. Frank Riessman*

3:30 P. M. WORKSHOPS: "The Emerging Society"

5:00 P. M. ADJOURNMENT

8:00 P. M. DRAMATIC PRODUCTION: Presented by the playreading group from the Unitarian Universalist Community Church, Chicago Heights, Illinois

10:00 P. M. DELEGATES RECEPTION: On the roof of The Heidelburg Hotel

Thursday, August 11, 1966

9:00 A.M. OPENING OF SESSIONS
Presiding: *The Reverend C. K. Steele*

9:30 A.M. DEVOTIONS

10:00 A.M. BUSINESS SESSION

11:00 A.M. **PANEL: "Social Scientists Speak to the Movement"**
Presiding: *Dr. S.M. Miller*
New York University

Participants: *Dr. Regina Goff*
U.S. Office of Education
Dr. Arthur Pearl
University of Oregon
Dr. Frank Riessman
New York University
Dr. John Blue
U.S. Office of Education

12:30 P.M. **CONFERENCE SERMON:** *Rev. D.E. King*

1:30 P.M. LUNCH

8:00 P.M. **MASS RALLY—Masonic Temple**

Presiding: *Judge Benjamin Hooks*
Recognition of Special Guests
Greetings: *Mr. James Gilliam, Grand Master*
Dr. Aaron Henry
Music:
Offering: *The Reverend Ralph Abernathy*

The Presentation of Rosa Parks Award

Music:
Introduction of Speaker: *Dr. Major Jones*
Address: *Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.*
Benediction: *The Reverend Curtis Harris*

SCLC NATIONAL CONVENTION
1966
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

National Planning Committee
Dorothy Cotton, *Coordinator*
Randolph Blackwell
Dr. Robert Green

Xernona Clayton
Hostess & Banquet

Rev. B.J. Johnson
Transportation

Jean Jackson
Housing

Rev. Ralph D. Abernathy
Finance

Frances Sims
Registration

Herbert V. Coulton
Delegates

Junius Griffin
Publicity

Van Hall
Printing

Bob Fitch
Exhibit

Local Planning Committee
Rev. Allen Johnson, *Coordinator*

Charles Evers
Facilities

Rev. J. ~~C. Lowe~~
Facilities

Rev. R.M. Richmond
Banquet

Mrs. Thelma Sanders
Banquet

Rev. G. James
Transportation

Mrs. Dickerson
Housing

Mrs. B.P. Boyd
Housing

Mrs. L. Sanders
Hostess & Banquet

Rev. F. Stalworth
Finance

Mrs Gene Mosely
Exhibit

Rev. G. A. Sewell
Registration

Dr. Ross Clay
Music

Johnson & Mosley, P.R. Firm
Publicity

THE EXECUTIVE STAFF

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President

Rev. Ralph D. Abernathy
Vice President & Treasurer

Rev. Andrew Young
Executive Director

Mr. Hosea Williams
Director of Voter Registration

Mr. Herbert Coulton
Director of Affiliates

Mr. Junius Griffin
Director of Public Relations

Dr. Robert L. Green
Director of Citizenship Education

Mr. James Lawson
Director, Nonviolent Education

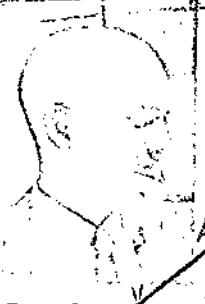
MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

OF SCLC

Rev. Fred C. Bennette Jr.
Director, Operation Breadbasket

Dr. Rachel D. Dubois
Mrs. Mew-Soong Li
Department of Dialogue



Rev. James Bevel
Director, Direct Action

Mrs. Septima Clark
Teacher Training

Mrs. Dorothy F. Cotton
Educational Consultant

Rev. Walter Fauntroy
Director, Washington Office

Miss Carol Hoover
Director, Special Events

Mr. Bernard Lee
Special Aide to the President

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Rev. Charles Butler
Rev. F.H. LaGarde
Rev. George Lawrence
Rev. Otis Moss
Rev. Milton Reid
Rev. Charles Kenzie Steele
Rev. Edgar G. Thomas Jr.

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B. T. Bonner, *Texas*
Golden Frinks, *North Carolina*
Mrs. Victoria Gray, *Mississippi*
Daniel Harrell, *Alabama*
Major Johns, *Louisiana*
Benjamin Mack, *South Carolina*
Albert Sampson, *Chicago*
Albert Turner, *Alabama*
Samuel B. Wells, *Georgia*

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Henry Brownlee
Benjamin Clark
Ann Gillie
Lester Hankerson
Eric Kindberg
James Orange

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Glaycella M. Allen, *Secretary to Virginia Field Secretary*
Henrietta Childs, *Secretary, Washington Office*
Mary Lou Finley, *Secretary, Chicago Office*
Adele Kanter, *New York Office*
William Stein, *New York Office*

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Mrs. Sandra Bass, *Finance Office*
Miss Irma Burton, *Citizenship Education*
Mrs. Xernona Clayton, *Hostess*

Tam Duffith, *Public Relations*
Mrs. Lynn Fitch, *Staff Secretary*
Robert Fitch, *Staff Photographer*
Miss Gloria Fraction, *Secretary to Executive Director*

Miss Debra Frankle, *Secretary to Director of Public Relations*
Van Hall, *Public Relations*
James Harrison, *Finance Office*
Clarence Hicks, *Printing*

Mrs. Lillie Hunter, *Secretary to Vice President – Treasurer*
Miss Jean Jackson, *Secretary to Director of Affiliates*
Rev. B.J. Johnson Jr., *Production*
Harcourt Klinefelter, *Public Relations*

Mrs. Claudette Mathews, *Receptionist*
Miss Dora E. McDonald, *Secretary to the President*
Miss Annell Ponder, *Citizenship Education*
Miss Terry Randolph, *Voter Registration*

Miss Frances Sims, *Secretary to the Program Director*
Dana Swan, *Voter Registration*
Rozelle White, *Printing*
William Whitsett, *Printing*

Miss. Marian Willingham, *Finance Office*
Mrs. Sandra Willkey, *Finance Office*

"THIS, MR. CHAIRMAN, is perhaps the Negro's temporary farewell to the American Congress; but let me say, Phoenix–like, one day the Negro will rise up and come again. These parting words are in behalf of an outraged, heart–broken, bruised and bleeding, but God–fearing people, faithful, industrious, loyal people – rising people, full of potential force."

– From a speech delivered by the Honorable George Henry White, the last Negro Congressman of the Reconstuction period, spoken on the floor of the U.S. House of Representatives during the last months of his term of office, 1901.

Until we meet again...

Our Guest Speaker

The Honorable

Edward M. Kennedy

U.S Senator, Massachusetts, D.

— Program —

TOASTMASTER *Rev. C.T. Vivian*

INVOCATION *Rev. R.M. Richardson*

MUSIC

GREETINGS *Dr. George Owens,* President, Tougaloo College

MUSIC *Dr. Ross Clay,* Jackson State College

INTRODUCTION OF THE SPEAKER *Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.*

ADDRESS *The Honorable Edward M. Kennedy*

BENEDICTION *Rev. Allen Johnson*

The Tenth Annual Convention
of
THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE

PRESENTS

The Annual Freedom Banquet

FEATURED SPEAKER:

Senator Edward M. Kennedy

HEIDELBURG HOTEL
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

AUGUST 8, 1966 **8:00 P.M.**

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference
~~Atlanta, Georgia~~
Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., *President*

100-438771-1553

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Date: 8/12/66

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Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56)

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Re Jackson teletypes 8/11 and 12/66.

Enclosed for Atlanta are the following items:

1. One copy of a SCLC Organization Chart listing Executive Staff members, Board of Directors, and setting forth history of SCLC;

2. One pamphlet containing aims and purposes of SCLC achievements and philosophy of SCLC;

3. One pamphlet containing SCLC's convention highlights;

4. One 64-page booklet entitled, "The SCLC".

This information is being made available to Atlanta for review and possible inclusion in a quarterly report.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 5) (RM)
2 - Jackson (100-56)
(1 [redacted])
JOI/cmb
(7)

REC 20 100-93877-1554

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

JN 100-56

This information was made available by [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past. Source made available the pamphlets to SA JAMES O. INGRAM. Source [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Also enclosed are three xerox pages containing the SCLC convention reservation list, which was furnished [redacted]

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REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION ...

FD-36 (Rev. 12-1-47)

Classified by ...
Declassify on: OADR

FBI

Date: 8/9/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in ... (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) ... DATE ...

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (105-16238)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL - SCLC
IS - C

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) ... DATE ...

Re Chicago teletypes, dated 8/2 and 8/5/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten (10), for Atlanta two (2), and for New York four (4) copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned matter.

The source providing information concerning travel plans to Chicago of STANLEY LEVISON and HARRY WACHTEL is NY 5182-S*. The LHM is classified secret due to the use of information from this highly sensitive source engaged in furnishing information concerning racial matters in the United States and and communist influence therein.

Classified by ...
Exempt from GDS, Category ...
Date of Declassification Indefinite

2 - Bureau (Encls. 10)(RM)
(1 - 100-106670)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)(RM)
(1 - 100-5718)(COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
4 - New York (Encls. 4)(RM)
(1 - 100-149194)(COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 100-136585)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
(1 - 100-111180)(STANLEY LEVISON)
(1 - 100-148289)(HARRY WACHTEL)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 100-35356)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
(1 - 100-41324)(CIRM)

EX-102

REC-49

AUG 12 1966

JCS:rr
(13)

AGENCY: AOSI, ONI, OSI, ~~SEC. SERV.~~
DEPT: ISD, CRD, ~~FAO~~
DATE FORW: 8/12/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: PTB/lcp

INV. SEC.

77 AUG 26 1966

Approved: ... Sent ... M Per ...

Special Agent in Charge

SECRET

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE
DATE: 10-1-85 ...
DECLASSIFIED ON: ...
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

SECRET

SECRET

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 105-16238

Additionally, the LHM is being classified Secret as it contains a concentration of information from NY 694-S* in the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON.

The sources utilized in the characterizations in the attached LHM are as follows:

STANLEY LEVISON - NY 694-S*

HARRY WACHTEL - NY 1190-S*

Anonymous source in WFO report of SA [redacted] 7/19/50, at WFO, regarding NLG, IS - C.

b6
b7C

The Special Agents who observed the arrival of LEVISON at O'Hare Airport were [redacted] HARVEY N. JOHNSON and ROBERT F. PEVAHOUSE. The Special Agents observing the arrival of KING were HARVEY N. JOHNSON and [redacted]

The pretexts utilized to determine the presence of LEVISON at O'Hare Airport Inn were anonymous requests to speak with him, by SA [redacted] and [redacted]

SECRET

SECRET

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-21-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 105-16238

Chicago, Illinois
August 9, 1966

SECRET

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY ... REASON FOR EXTENSION ... DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION ...
Classified by ... Declassify on: OADR
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES ... SLIP(S) OF ... DATE 11-1-80

b6
b7C

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERRNCE (SCLC)
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

A confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on July 24, 1966, that according to Stanley Levison, a meeting of Martin Luther King, Jr. and his SCLC advisors was to have been held on July 28 - 29, 1966, however, this meeting had been re-scheduled for the period August 1 - 2, 1966, at O'Hare Airport Inn, Chicago.

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC) DATE: 10-8-85

This source advised on August 1, 1966, that tickets for Levison had been obtained for travel from New York City to Chicago, on American Air Lines to enable him to be present at this meeting. Harry Wachtel, of New York, was due to accompany Levison, taking the same flight to Chicago.

On August 1, 1966, a Special Agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation observed Stanley Levison arrive at O'Hare Airport, Chicago, where he was subsequently met by an individual identified as Junius Griffin. Levison and Griffin were observed to proceed to the O'Hare Airport Inn, where they registered as guests, utilizing reservations made there under the name of Martin Luther King, Jr. Harry Wachtel was not observed arriving at O'Hare Airport at this time.

Classified by ... Declassify on: OADR
CLASS. & EXT. BY ... REASON-FCIM II 1-2.4.2 ... DATE OF REVIEW ... COPIES DESTROYED ... 16 1970
Classified by ... Exempt from GDS, Category ... Date of Declassification Indefinite
SECRET
~~Group 1 Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

ENCLOSURE

1555

Re: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

On August 2, 1966, a Special Agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, observed Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. arrive at Chicago's O'Hare Airport at 12:50 p.m. on this date. King, accompanied by a group of six other individuals, all Negro, proceeded to the O'Hare Airport Inn. Reverend James Bevel, Director, Director Action, SCLC, was observed to have arrived at the O'Hare Airport Inn at approximately 12:30 p.m. on this date.

The source referred to above, on August 2, 1966, advised that on that date Harry Wachtel was in New York City, New York, however, the source believed Wachtel might still come to Chicago if flight arrangements from New York City can be made.

As of the evening of August 3, 1966, it was ascertained under suitable pretext that Stanley Levison was registered as a guest at the O'Hare Airport Inn at Chicago. As of August 5, 1966, Levison was no longer registered at the O'Hare Airport Inn.

Set forth below are characterizations of Stanley Levison and Harry Wachtel, referred to above.

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, USA, in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in civil rights. Levison's differences with the CP however are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

~~SECRET~~

RE: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

~~SECRET~~

Harry Wachtel

Harry Wachtel is the Executive Vice-President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, New York, New York.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information in December, 1949, that Harry H. Wachtel, 41 Broad Street, New York, New York, was on a list of individuals carried as active members of the National Lawyers Guild. ~~&~~ U

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

On March 5, 1944, another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which revealed that the name Harry Wachtel was on a list of names, significance not known, which was maintained at the Headquarters of the Kings County Communist Party (CP) at 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York. ~~&~~ (U)

With respect to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, it is to be noted that this organization is an adjunct of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), of which Martin Luther King, Jr., is the President, and serves to raise funds for the SCLC.

~~SECRET~~

SECRET

1 APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" revised and published December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., states as follows on page 121 concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"1. Cited as a Communist front.

(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)

"2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremont legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations,and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)

"3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confined of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

APPENDIX

SECRET

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/10/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD Crim Div

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

Date Forw. 8-16-66

How Forw. [illegible]

By CAP/bb

1cc Racial Unit
4 enc. destroyed

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-632)

FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-2797) (C)

SUBJECT: PROPOSED DEMONSTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE, PITT COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA, JUNE 26, 1966 RACIAL MATTERS

Re Charlotte airtel to Bureau 7/20/66.

Enclosed herewith are 11 copies of LHM concerning captioned matter.

Copies of LHM disseminated locally to military intelligence and Secret Service. USA, Raleigh, N. C., is being furnished a copy of LHM.

Information from Chief HENRY LAWSON, Greenville, NC PD, was received by SA [redacted] b6 b7C

In view of the fact that there have been no demonstrations by captioned organization and no information has been received that this organization is planning any activities in the near future, no further investigation is being conducted and this matter is being closed. If however, any information is received to the effect that this organization is planning any activities, same will be followed and the results will be furnished to the Bureau.

54688 80514 73516 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-27-98 BY SP4 JAM/LL

3 - Bureau (Encls. 11)
5 - Charlotte (2 - 157-2797)
(1 - 157-230)
(1 - 157-260)
(1 - 157-177)

ENCLOSURE

REC 33 100-438794-1555X

EX 110

3 AUG 12 1966

JGA:jmh
(8)

Approved: [illegible] Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

JUL 2 1969

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina
August 10, 1966

PROPOSED DEMONSTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE, PITT COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA, JUNE 26, 1966
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to Charlotte memorandum dated July 20, 1966, captioned as above and submitted at Charlotte, North Carolina.

Chief HENRY LAWSON, Greenville Police Department, Greenville, North Carolina, advised on August 2, 1966, that the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), has not demonstrated in Pitt County since the early part of July, 1966, and he has received no information that they are contemplating any marches or demonstrations in the near future. He advised that in the event he obtains any information concerning this organization's plans to demonstrate, he will notify the FBI.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-27-80 BY SP4 AMLU
54688
805.4
73518

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100-438794-1555X

ENCLOSURE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794) DATE: 8/18/66

FROM : SAC, LITTLE ROCK (100-3537) (RUC)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

OO: Atlanta

Re Jackson airtel to Bureau dated 7/8/66.

Referenced airtel enclosed letterhead memorandum reporting SCLC convention to be held in Jackson, Mississippi, August 8-11, 1966, and requested receiving offices to furnish any information to Jackson and Atlanta furnished by their established reliable sources, noting that receiving offices had members on the Board of Directors of SCLC.

The only individual in Arkansas known to be in an executive position with SCLC is ROLAND SMITH, who has been reported to be a member of the Executive Board of SCLC. Atlanta has previously been advised that Little Rock indices do not contain any pertinent information concerning ROLAND SMITH. It is not known by the Little Rock Office whether ROLAND SMITH attended this convention at Jackson, Mississippi.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (RM)
1 - Jackson (100-56) (RM)
1 - Little Rock
EFM/ekc
(6)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-27-80 BY SP4 Ryan III
54686 80514
73518

REC- 62 100-438794-1556

1 AUG 19 1966

INTSEC

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-108-01

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8-10-66 WC/att

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM

Re Chicago airtel and letterhead memorandum dated 8/8/66 captioned as above and additional captions "NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP), RM (ORGANIZATION);"and "AMERICAN NAZI PARTY (ANP), RM (ORGANIZATION);" and Chicago teletypes dated 8/9/66 captioned as above.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies of a self-explanatory letterhead memorandum and two copies for Atlanta concerning above. Chicago following and will keep Bureau advised.

A copy of the letterhead memorandum is being furnished to the office of the USA and U.S. Secret Service, Chicago, and to the 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

ENCLOSURE

5 - Bureau (Encl 13)(RM)
(1 - 100-438794)
(1 - 100-106670)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718)(Encl 2)(RM)
(1 - 100-5586)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35635)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD SS, CD
Date Forw. AUG 16 1966
How Forw. R-S
By Pfe - mcd

100-438794-
NOT RECORDED
183 AUG 18 1966

RACIAL UNIT
5 dlz

56 AUG 13 1966

JDR:mhm
(11)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-27-80 BY SP4JRM/LL
54688 805.4
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ENCLOSURE 3/9

SUBV CONTROL

77 AUG 26 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-9-3/17

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

157-1261

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-27-80 BY SP4JRM/LL 54688 80514 73518

Chicago, Illinois
August 10, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 8, 1966.

[redacted] b6 b7C advised on August 8, 1966, that a rally would be held that date under the sponsorship of the captioned group at 3101 West Warren Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois. Announcement has been made of plans to hold a rally at 7:30 PM, August 9, 1966, at the New Fellowship Baptist Church (844 West 71st Street) at 2:00 PM, August 10, 1966. A march was to follow that rally to an unidentified area to protest real estate discrimination. There was also an announcement of a mass rally at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, at 6034 South Princeton, Chicago, at 8:00 PM, August 11, 1966, where plans for a march and vigil on August 12, 1966, are to be announced. Officials of Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), who planned the marches, are James Bevel, Bernard Lafayette, Al Sampson and Jesse Jackson.

In connection with a possible march by civil rights demonstrators into Cicero, Illinois, the weekend of August 13-14, 1966, Superintendent of Police Joseph Barloga, Cicero, Illinois, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on August 9, 1966, that his Department includes personnel numbering 100 and some

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100-438794-

ENCLOSURE

~~ENCLOSURE~~

auxiliaries who are not riot-trained. In the event of a march he plans to establish 12-hour shifts with 60 regular and some auxiliary policemen for street duty. His equipment includes 11 squad cars and one squadrol which are normally operated as one-man cars. In the event of disturbance, they would be operated as three-man cars.

Chief Barloga was to meet at 3:00 PM on August 9, 1966, with Sheriff Richard Ogilvie and Captain Clyde J. Vasconcellos, Illinois State Police. The latter have offered up to 500 men on 24-hour notice. The number of men and equipment to be offered by Sheriff Ogilvie was to be determined during the afternoon. Superintendent Barloga is to meet Superintendent Orlando W. Wilson, Chicago Police Department, at 10:00 AM, August 12, 1966, to discuss possible help. The appointment will take place earlier should a march or incident occur prior to that time. Motorola Radio Corporation volunteered all portable radio equipment needed if extra police are brought into the area as the result of a demonstration or disturbance.

Superintendent Barloga said his department has not been contacted by officials of the SCLC relative to any proposed demonstration.

His opinion as to the reaction if marchers appear in Cicero would be that residents would be orderly if he is able to show substantial police force and he believes order could be maintained. However, if he has only 60 policemen available for controlling the situation, he believed it could be chaotic.

He said he was not aware of any rumors indicating violent reaction on the part of residents of Cicero if a demonstration occurs. He stated that citizens who have called regarding the march have been advised to remain in their homes and to ignore marchers if a march occurs.

Superintendent Barloga stated that as the result of a partial city board meeting held August 9, 1966, it was decided to waive the requirement for a permit and to allow peaceful assembly at any time. b6 b7C

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, furnished information on August 9, 1966, that he had received information from Mrs. [redacted] unknown address, Cicero, Illinois, relative to rumors that unidentified dissident white people in the area would throw dynamite at the marchers if they demonstrated in Cicero.

The "Chicago Daily News" of August 9, 1966, contained an article indicating that civil rights leaders in Chicago had planned protest marches for the current week into white suburban Cicero, Illinois, and the "Bogan" area on the Southwest Side of Chicago. The Bogan area, located south of the Chicago Lawn area, where a march was held August 5, 1966, is considered the area bounded by Western Avenue (2400 West) on the east, Cicero Avenue (4800 West) on the west, 75th Street on the north, and 87th Street on the south.

Reverend James Bevel, Aid to Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr., in the SCLC, was quoted as stating that marchers would go into Cicero and the Bogan area during the week and he called the Cicero march "a challenge." He was quoted as stating the group would go into Cicero even if residents buy guns.

The article indicated the action for this week included a march on Wednesday, August 10, 1966, at 2:00 PM from Warren Avenue Congregational Church located at 3101 West Warren Boulevard to an unannounced destination, and a rally for Thursday, August 11, 1966, at 8:00 PM at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, 6034 South Princeton, Chicago.

[redacted] b6 b7C on August 9, 1966, advised a march was scheduled into the Bogan area on August 10, 1966, from the New South Side Action Center, 6034 South Princeton.

[redacted] Cicero, advised on August 9, 1966, [redacted] would be making a press release at 4:00 PM on the same date wherein a request would be included for placing the National Guard on a "standby alert" in Cicero in anticipation of a civil rights march which he believed could provoke violence. His opinion was that violence would erupt in the event of a march. He knew of no planned opposition, stating that it would be spontaneous on the part of a large majority of Cicero residents. He said he had attended a meeting of the Rotary International on August 9, 1966, and some unidentified local businessmen who were present were heard to talk of carrying personal firearms and they felt the time had come to use them.

Chief of Police Frank Koller, Berwyn, Illinois, adjacent community to Cicero, advised on August 9, 1966, he was aware of the publicized intentions of civil rights demonstrators to march in Cicero. He had been in touch with Superintendent of Police Barloga, Cicero, Illinois, and said he would assist the Cicero Police in the event of a march. He said he had cancelled all days off for his department and it would go to 12-hour shifts if demonstrations or disturbances occur. He has 52 patrolmen plus 100 police reserves. He estimated he could actually have 60 men on a given 12-hour shift. He said his equipment included eight radio-equipped cars and three radio-equipped three-wheelers.

Chief Koller favored calling the National Guard if it were needed to maintain order rather than placing reliance upon personnel of the Sheriff of Cook County or the Illinois State Police since these personnel would be detached for any other situation which might arise. He believed adequate personnel for the march would result in an orderly march in Berwyn should one occur within that community, but he would consider the situation would be tense.

The article in the "Chicago Daily News," mentioned previously, quoted Superintendent of Police Barloga as stating that civil rights marchers would be arrested unless they obtained a permit for a demonstration and he cited as authority a town ordinance which required anybody to apply for a permit 30 days before any march or public procession.

Chief Barloga has advised that a decision as to the necessity for a permit will be reserved until information has been received a march has been scheduled and includes the number of marchers involved. He stated he believed the necessity for a permit would be waived should a march occur. This was subsequent to his earlier statement and after the above article appeared.

The "Chicago's American," August 9, 1966, carried a headline indicating Cook County Sheriff Richard Ogilvie was moving to stop a rights march in Cicero and he was quoted as stating he would do anything in his power to stop it. The article indicated if any effort including that by Ogilvie to stop a march was not successful, Ogilvie would appeal to the Governor of Illinois, Otto Kerner, to activate the National Guard.

On August 9, 1966, Clyde Vasconcellos, Captain, Illinois State Police, advised that a meeting was held at 3:00 PM on the same date attended by Sheriff Richard Ogilvie, Superintendent of Police, Barloga and Christy S. Berkos of Cicero, Illinois, the latter being the City Attorney and Vasconcellos, together with other representatives of the Illinois State Police. The meeting included a discussion which resulted in a decision to hold a meeting August 10, 1966, between officials of the SCLC and Sheriff Ogilvie to discuss pending SCLC plans. Vasconcellos said that he believed if a march were planned for Cicero, Sheriff Ogilvie would seek an injunction to prevent a march in the county. If the injunction were denied, he believed the town of Cicero would enforce their ordinance requiring a permit to parade.

[redacted] b6 b7C advised on August 9, 1966, that a rally for Youth of the Civil Rights Movement was scheduled for the evening of August 9, 1966, but no announcements were expected.

Sources at the Chicago Police Department advised on August 9, 1966, that the above rally was held at the Fellowship Baptist Church, 4543 South Princeton, Chicago. No disturbances were reported in the vicinity of the meeting and the area remained calm.

Pertinent portions of the above information have been furnished representatives of the following: Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois; Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois; Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-21-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/9/66

Transmit the following in ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)(P)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD
Date Forw. AUG 16 1966
How Forw. R - S
By
RACIAL UNIT

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 URT/DD ON 2/8/83

Re Chicago teletype, dated 8/9/66. [redacted] King 82-0611

b6
b7C

Enclosed for Bureau are thirteen (13) copies, for Atlanta two (2) copies, and one (1) information copy for Jackson of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned matter.

One copy of LHM is being furnished USA, Chicago.

The first source utilized in the enclosed LHM is [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

The second source utilized in the enclosed LHM is [redacted]

100-438794

C C & WCH

5 - Bureau (Encls. 13) ENCLOSURE
(1 - 100-438794)(COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 100-106670)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)
(1 - 100-5718)(COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
1 - Jackson (Encl. 1) (Info)
6 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)
(1 - 157-949)
(1 - [redacted]

NOT RECORDED
170 AUG 17 1966

Routing slip handled

AUG 12 1966

11/27/79 9803 RDD/DP
CLASS. & EXT. BY
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2 4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW 8/9/88

MMH:rr
(14)

SUBJ CONTROL

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: Sent M Per
Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

Chicago is continuing to follow this situation closely and will advise the Bureau of all pertinent developments. U

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-21-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 9, 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

On August 8, 1966, [redacted] Chicago, Illinois, advised the representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Chicago that the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), sponsored a rally which was held at the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago, on August 8, 1966.

b6
b7C

[redacted] advised that at the rally, plans were announced to hold rallies at 7:30 p.m. on August 9, 1966 at the Fellowship Baptist Church, 242 West 46th Street, Chicago, and at 2:00 p.m., August 10, 1966, at the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, Chicago. [redacted] stated that a march is to follow the rally on August 10, 1966, to an unknown area in Chicago to protest real estate discrimination. [redacted] also advised that a mass rally is to be held at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, 6034 South Princeton, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m. on August 11, 1966, where plans for a march and prayer vigil to be held on August 12, 1966, will be announced. [redacted] stated that the SCLC officials who plan the march consist of Reverend James Bevel, Reverend Bernard Lafayette, Reverend Al Sampson, and Reverend Jessie Jackson.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT JD
ON 2/8/83

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[redacted] King
82-0611

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE 100-433796

Re: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA; CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CONFIDENTIAL

On August 8, 1966, a confidential source of the Chicago Office, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which confirmed the foregoing and further indicated that the weekend march tentatively scheduled would probably be held in the Cicero, Illinois area. The source also advised that two new action centers were announced at the SCLC rally held on August 8, 1966. One at 309 West 60th Street, Chicago and one at 6401 South Sangamon, Chicago. In addition, the source advised that following the rally on August 8, 1966, five or six carloads of SCLC staff workers left for a convention in Jackson, Mississippi.

On August 9, 1966, a second confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that a mass meeting was held at the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, on August 8, 1966, at 8:00 p.m. The source advised that the main speakers were Reverend Jesse Jackson and Reverend James Bevel, both associated with the SCLC. The source advised that they spoke to an audience which was approximately fifty per cent Negro and fifty per cent white. The source further advised that Reverend Jackson announced at the rally that future marches would be held in Cicero, Illinois. The source advised that the marches in Cicero could take place anytime from August 9, 1966 until the first of the following week. The source advised that no specific time or date for the marches was announced at the rally on August 8, 1966.

A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

The above information was furnished to the following individuals on August 9, 1966:

[redacted] United States Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois. b6 b7C

[redacted] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted] Chicago, Illinois.

[redacted] Cicero Police Department, Cicero, Illinois.

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-21-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FBI

Date: 8/12/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

CONFIDENTIAL

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY SLIP(S) OF DATE

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY SLIP(S) OF DATE 11-1-80

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56) (P)

REC-7

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C
(OO: Atlanta)

CLASS. & EXT. BY 9 PYJ RMIL
REASON - FCIM 11, 1-2, 4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW 8-12-86
73518 54688 80514

Re Jackson teletypes 8/11 and 12/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 copies of an LHM, with 3 copies to Atlanta. Copies of the LHM are being furnished to USA, Jackson; USA, Oxford; Secret Service, Jackson; and INTC, Jackson.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 UKT/LP
ON 2/8/83

Pertinent information contained in the LHM was furnished orally to INTC and Jackson PD.

SP8BTJ/CL 7-14-88 #281,201

The source mentioned in the LHM is [redacted] who furnished information to SA JAMES O. INGRAM. ~~C~~ U

b7D

This LHM is classified "~~confidential~~" because it contains information from a source, the unauthorized disclosure of which could jeopardize the security of the source; thereby, causing damage to the defense interest of the United States.

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR ADD. DISSEMINATION.

3 - Bureau (Encl. 8) (RM)
3 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 3) (RM)
(1 - MARTIN LUTHER KING, 100-5586)
3 - Jackson (100-56)
(1 - 157-5909, [redacted]
(1 - [redacted]
JOI/cmb
(9)

ENCLOSURE

REC-7
EX-108

9 AUG 16 1966

b6
b7C
b7D

CY: ACSI, ONI, OSI; ~~SEC. SER.~~
~~DEPT~~: ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 8/17/66
HOW FORW: R/S
BY: PTB/KK

INT/SEC

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

JN 100-56

CONFIDENTIAL

LEADS:

JACKSON

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Will maintain contact with established sources who attended the SCLC convention and attempt to obtain background information concerning possible communist influence within the convention.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-21-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Jackson, Mississippi
August 12, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[redacted] Jackson, Mississippi, Police Department, advised on August 11, 1966, that he had been contacted by Mrs. Xernona Clayton in charge of public relations, SCLC Convention, and he was advised that Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr., President of SCLC, had not recovered from his illness and he was being confined to his hotel room at the King Edward Hotel, Jackson. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised on August 11, 1966, that Doctor King was re-elected President of SCLC and all the Executive Officers were re-elected, with the exception of one individual. He said one Marion D. Logan was elected to succeed Mrs. Erna Dungee as Assistant Secretary. He said it will later be announced that Atlanta, Georgia had been selected as the site for the 1967 SCLC Convention and New Orleans was selected for 1968. [redacted] stated that the majority of the delegates will depart Jackson at the conclusion of the convention on the evening of August 11, 1966, and return to their respective homes. He said that it has been difficult in some respects to maintain the interest of all the delegates due to the absence of Doctor King. He said it is regrettable that King was ill during the entire convention and, therefore, it dampened the spirits of all the delegates. b6 b7C

7-14-88 SP8BTJ/COL #281,201

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10 27 80 BY SP4JRM
54668 80514
7358

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

~~DECLASSIFIED BY 6080 ON 11-8-77~~

COPIES DESTROYED
286 OCT 16 1970

100 437774 1557

ENCLOSURE

[redacted] stated that Reverend Ralph Abernathy, Vice-President and Treasurer, would address the convention at the mass rally on the evening of August 11, 1966, at 8:00 p.m., in the absence of Dr. King.

[redacted] advised that Reverend Ralph Abernathy addressed a mass rally at the Masonic Temple, 1072 Lynch Street, Jackson, Mississippi, beginning at 8:10 p.m. on August 11, 1966, and the rally ended at 10:37 p.m. He said Doctor King did not attend the rally. [redacted] estimated approximately 1200 persons were in attendance and there were no incidents reported or observed.

b6
b7C

[redacted] advised that Doctor and Mrs. King, Reverend Abernathy and his wife, departed Jackson via Delta Airlines at 8:59 a.m. on August 12, 1966, on Flight 720 to Atlanta, Georgia.

The "Jackson Daily News", a Jackson, Mississippi daily newspaper, in an article dated August 11, 1966, set forth that Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. was re-elected President of the SCLC and that other officers were re-elected. The article set forth that the delegates voted unanimously in favor of the committee suggestion that the next convention be held in Atlanta for 1967 and New Orleans for 1968. The article also set forth that the financial report was given by Reverend Ralph D. Abernathy, Vice-President and Treasurer, and he revealed an 8,668.06 deficit for the twelve-month period that ended on June 30. The report indicated that a year ago there was a 101,686 balance. The article continued setting forth that the conference elected a number of additions to the board.

Mike Miller, Chuck Morgan, Mrs. Annie Divine, M. L. Wilson, Thomas Kilgore, John Thurston, Robert Hayling, Slayter King, Al Pitcher, A. A. Peters, Ella Mae Praylox, Jeff Rogers, Al Schacter, C. L. Franklin, O. M. Hoover, Gardner Taylor, and Clay Evans.

The delegates also heard a conference sermon from Reverend D. E. King and a panel discussion entitled "Social Scientists Speak to the Movement" from Dr. S. M. Miller, New York University, the moderator; Dr. Regina Goff, U. S. Office of Education; Dr. Frank Riessman, New York University; and Dr. John Blue, U. S. Office of Education.

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past and who is familiar with Civil Rights activities in the State of Mississippi, advised on August 11, 1966, that he attended the day's activities of the convention on August 11, 1966. He said there was a panel discussion entitled "Social Scientists Speak to the Movement", and the presiding panelist was Dr. S. M. Miller from New York University. The participants were Dr. Regina Goff, U. S. Office of Education; Dr. Arthur Pearl, University of Oregon; Dr. Frank Riessman, New York University; and John Blue, U. S. Office of Education.

The source stated there was very little activity during the day as the majority of the delegates had the afternoon off to shop and sight-see in Jackson. He said the majority of the delegates had been upset due to the fact Dr. King had not been able to participate actively in the convention.

The source stated that there were approximately 150 people at the Masonic Temple for the panel discussion

and at the conclusion of the panel discussion around 1:00 p.m., all delegates were dismissed until 8:00 p.m. for the mass rally at the Masonic Temple, 1072 Lynch Street.

The source stated that the individual selected to receive the Rosa Parks Freedom Award on August 11, 1966 would be Albert Raby, Chicago, Illinois. He said Raby was arriving in Jackson on August 11, 1966 to receive the award.

The source stated that there were several buses scheduled to depart Jackson on the evening of August 11, 1966, at the conclusion of the convention.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

(v. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/12/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
DATE 11-1-80

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56) (P)

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C
(OO: Atlanta)

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP 4 JRMIR
REASON - FCIM 11, 1-2. 4, 2, 2
DATE OF REVIEW 8-12-86

Re Jackson teletype 8/11/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of an LHM, with three copies to Atlanta. Copies of the LHM are being furnished to USA, Jackson; USA, Oxford; Secret Service, Jackson; and INTC, Jackson.

Pertinent information contained in the LHM was furnished orally to INTC and Jackson PD.

The source mentioned in the LHM is [redacted] who furnished information to SA JAMES O. INGRAM. b7D

This LHM is classified "~~confidential~~" because it contains information from a source, the unauthorized disclosure of which could jeopardize the security of the source; thereby, causing damage to the defense interest of the United States.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRF/DD
ON 2/8/83

EX 101

3 - Bureau (Encl. 8) (RM)
3 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 3) (RM)
(1 - MARTIN LUTHER KING, 100-5586)
2 - Jackson (100-56)
(1 [redacted]
JOI/cmb
(8)

REC- 41 100-438794-1558

9 AUG 16 1966

ACSI, ONI, OSI; ~~SEC. SER.~~;
~~DEPT~~: ISD, CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 8/17/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: PTB/RP

ENCLOSURE

INT. SEC.

Approved: 5 AUG 1966 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

JN 100-56

LEAD:

JACKSON

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Will maintain contact with established sources and will furnish all pertinent information regarding the SCLC Convention.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Jackson, Mississippi
August 12, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

54688
80514 7354

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-27-80 BY SP

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[redacted] Jackson, Mississippi Police Department, in charge of SCLC Convention security, advised on August 10, 1966, that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., President of SCLC, had been confined to his King Edward Hotel room, Jackson, due to illness. He said three physicians reportedly examined Dr. King and he was suffering from a throat infection with a high fever. He said King did not leave his hotel room to attend convention functions on August 10, 1966.

b6
b7C

[redacted] stated that approximately 200 persons attended convention functions throughout the day at the Masonic Temple, consisting of panel discussions. He said the convention has been conducted in an orderly manner and there had been no incidents observed or reported. There had been no white spectators or hecklers in the vicinity of the convention headquarters.

A source who has furnished reliable information in the past and who is familiar with some phases of Civil Rights activities within the State of Mississippi, advised on August 10, 1966, that he attended the panel discussions at the convention during the morning and afternoon of August 10, 1966. He said there were no pertinent developments during the day's activities, with the exception that Reverend Andrew J. Young, Executive Director of SCLC, delivered the President's annual report in the absence of Dr. King. He said there were approximately 150 to 200 persons in attendance.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080
ON 11-8-77
LCD/bjw

COPIES DESTROYED
286 OCT 16 1970

ENCLOSURE

100-438774-1558

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 14 1966
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI CHICAGO

11:07 PM CDST URGENT 8-13-66 HRF

TO DIRECOTR AND RICHMOND

FROM CHICAGO (157-1261)

DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, RM.

54688 80514 73518

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERE [illegible] CLASSIFIED [illegible] 10-27-80 BY SP4 [illegible]

REMYTELS TODAY.

FOR INFO OF RICHMOND CAPTIONED GROUP HAS BEEN HOLDING MARCHES IN CHICAGO AND FOUR MARCHES SHCEDULED BY THIS GROUP IN ALL WHITE AREAS OF CHICAGO ON EIGHT FOURTEEN NEXT.

CHICAGO SOURCE ADVISED THAT DURING EVENING OF TODAY [redacted] b6 b7C WHO IDENTIFIED HERSELF AS MEMBER OF AMERICAN NAZI PARTY (ANP), CHICAGO, TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED THAT ANP WILL HOLD COUNTER DEMONSTRATIONS AT CHICAGO ON EIGHT FOURTEEN NEXT IN AREAS WHERE CAPTIONED GROUP PLAN MARCHES [redacted] STATED CAPT. JOHN PATLER, FROM ANP IN ARLINGTON PLANS TO COME TO CHICAGO TO HELP PLAN ANP STRATEGY AND THAT GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL MAY ALSO COME TO CHICAGO.

100-438794-1558X

EX 101 REC-42

3 AUG 17 1966

[redacted] IS AN ANP MEMBER AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO SOURCES ASSIGNED TO DEVELOP INFORMATION CONCERNING ABOVE.

PAGE ONE

53 AUG 25 1966

324 PM

JUL 2 1969

Inc in letter to W.H. + AG 8-15-66

cc [illegible]

CHICAGO PD, USA, MILITARY AND SECRET SERVICE ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.

RICHMOND ASCERTAIN WHETHER PATLER, ROCKWELL OR ANY OTHER ANP MEMBERS PLAN TO COME TO CHICAGO AND ADVISE CHICAGO.

END

WA....HFL

FBI WASH DC

RH...WEG

FBI RICHMOND

TU CLR

MT. HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH. PD ANTICIPATES APPROXIMATELY THREE HUNDRED PERSONS TO PARTICIPATE IN EACH MARCH, POSSIBILITY OF SOME FIFTY AUTOMOBILES TO BE USED IN EACH DEMONSTRATION, FIVE TO SIX PERSONS IN EACH AUTOMOBILE. PD WILL HAVE MINIMUM TWO HUNDRED FIFTY-THREE HUNDRED FIFTY AVAILABLE FOR EACH MARCH WITH ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL IN RESERVE TO BE UTILIZED IF EVENTS DICTATE.

CHICAGO ANP SOURCE ADVISED TODAY THAT CHICAGO ANP MEMBER STATED JOHN PATLER HAS ARRIVED IN CHICAGO AND WILL ASSIST TO ORGANIZE ANP ACTIVITIES CONCERNING MARCHES. SOURCE ADVISED THAT ONLY ANTICIPATED ANP ACTIVITY TODAY CONCERNING MARCHES WILL BE LITERATURE DISTRIBUTION AND HAS NO KNOWLEDGE CONCERNING COUNTER-DEMONSTRATIONS. ADVISES ANP MEMBERS AT ANP HEADQUARTERS ARE CONTACTING VARIOUS PRESS MEDIA WITH STATEMENTS CONCERNING ANP VIEWPOINT ON MARCHES AND ATTEMPTING TO CAPITALIZE ON SITUATION AND OBTAIN MIXIMUM PUBLICITY.

CHICAGO FOLLOWING CLOSELY. BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED OF DEVELOPMENTS. LHM FOLLOWS. SECRET SERVICE, USA, MILITARY ADVISED.

ON PULASKI. MARCHERS WILL RETURN TO FORD CITY PARKING LOT VIA PULASKI AND SEVENTY NINTH STREET, WILL THEN MOTORCADE WEST TO CICERO AVENUE, FORTY EIGHT HUNDRED WEST, NORTH ON CICERO TO FITY NINTH STREET, THEN EAST ON FIFTY NINTH TO MT. HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH.

PD NOT AS YET IN POSSESSION DETAILS OF ROUTE FOR JEFFERSON PARK MARCH, BUT UNDERSTAND DEMONSTRATORS WILL LEAVE FROM MT. HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, VIA MOTORCADE, INTO AREA.

DEMONSTRATORS FOR GAGE PARK MARCH WILL LEAVE MT. HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH AT FOUR PM, PROCEED VIA MOTORCADE TO GAGE PARK HIGH SCHOOL PARKING LOT, FIFTY SIXTH AND ROCKWELL, WILL RE-ASSEMBLE TO MARCH ON FOOT NORTH TO FIFTY FIFTH, WEST ON FIFTY FIFTH TO TWENTY EIGHT HUNDRED BLOCK WHERE WILL HOLD PRAYER VIGIL BEFORE PECK AND SUSKI REALTORS, WILL PROCEED NORTH ON KEDZIE TO FIFTY FOUR HUNDRED BLOCK WHERE SOLTIS REALTY IS LOCATED AND WILL HOLD ANOTHER FIFTEEN MINUTE PRAYER VIGIL. MARCHERS WILL PROCEED BACK TO GAGE PARK HIGH SCHOOL PARKING LOT, USING SAME OR SIMILAR ROUTE, THEN WILL MOTORCADE BACK TO

PAGE FOUR

ADDENDUM

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE ADVISED ONE FORTY PM THAT MARCH PLANS FOR JEFFERSON PARK AREA NOT YET FINALIZED BY CFM. ADVISES NO TIME SET FOR DEMONSTRATORS TO DEPART MT. HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, MARCHERS ARE TO PROCEED TO REAL ESTATE CONCERNS IN AREA, ONE EACH IN FIFTY THREE AND FIFTY FOUR HUNDRED BLOCK OF MILWAUKEE AVENUE, IDENTITIES NO KNOWN. DEMONSTRATORS HAVE MADE NO ARRANGEMENTS FOR PARKING IN AREA TO KNOWLEDGE PD.

IN CONNECTION ANP ACTIVITIES, PD ADVISES [redacted] b6 b7C [redacted] CHICAGO, HAS ADVISED THAT ANP WILL HOLD ONE HOUR RALLY IN MARQUETTE PARK THIS EVENING WITH CAPTAIN JOHN PATLER AND LOCAL ANP LEADER AS SPEAKERS.

END

WA..LRA

FBI WASH DC

CC- MR SULLIVAN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 14 1966

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

243 PM CDST URGENT 8/14/66 DHM

TO DIRECTOR

FROM CHICAGO (157-1261)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-25-80 BY SP4 AM/LW 54666 80514 73 CRB

DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO ILLINOIS, RM.

REMYTEL AUGUST THIRTEEN LAST AND RICHMOND TELS, AUGUST FOURTEEN INSTANT.

CONCERNING MARCHES TODAY, PD SOURCES ADVISED AS FOLLOWS:

DEMONSTRATIONS TO TAKE PLACE IN THREE NEIGHBORHOOD AREAS, GAGE PARK, BOGAN AND JEFFERSON PARK, LATTER ON CHICAGO'S NORTH-WEST SIDE, NORTH AND WEST OF BELMONT-CRAGAN AREA, SITE OF PREVIOUS DEMONSTRATIONS.

100-438794-1558X1

REC-42

3 AUG 17 1966

EX-101

BOGAN MARCHERS TO DEPART MT. HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, SIX ZERO FOUR THREE S. PRINCETON AVENUE, AT THREE-THREE THIRTY PM, WILL MOTORCADE NORTH TO FIFTY NINTH STREET, WEST TO PULASKI, THEN SOUTH ON PULASKI TO FORD CITY PARKING LOT, SEVENTY SEVENTH AND PULASKI. MARCHERS WILL ASSEMBLE HERE FOR FOOT MARCH SOUTH ON PULASKI TO EIGHTY FIFTH STREET, WILL HOLD BRIEF PRAYER VIGILS AT OFFICES OF THREE REALTORS, EGAN, REYNOLDS AND KATSCHKE, ALL LOCATED BETWEEN EIGHTY THIRD AND EIGHTY FIFTH

32 JUL 2 1969

55 AUG 25 1966

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

Dept. Attorney Leigh Taylor advised

The delegates' reception that had been planned as a social gathering for the evening of August 10, 1966 at the Heidelberg Hotel was canceled due to the illness of Dr. King. The source stated that many people have not traveled to Jackson to attend the convention from the surrounding communities due to the fact that they are aware of the illness of Dr. King and the fact that he is not attending the functions.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1192705-0

Total Deleted Page(s) = 5
Page 12 ~ b7D;
Page 13 ~ b7D;
Page 20 ~ b7D;
Page 21 ~ b7D;
Page 22 ~ b7D;

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X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X For this Page X
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DATE _____

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(See Bufile 62-117290; re HSCA request dated 1-26-78

FILE NO. 100-438754

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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 3-14-90 6472EEP Sk CN80,513 Appeal 82-0611 119-16-90

FBI

Date: 8/16/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

SECRET 3/12/91 8123 MCH Houston 8/9/91 87-4657 CN87,648

7-10-84 Classified by 8978 TDK

Declassify on: OADR (Priority)

SCLC KING 82-0611 LEVISON 82-1452

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 J Smith
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8 YRS 7-1-90 8-16-66 8-16-74 8-16-82 80 SJH

b6
b7C

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) reporting information from NY 3810-S*, a source close to STANLEY LEVISON. Two copies are enclosed for benefit of Atlanta Office. U (S)

NY 694-S* was the source used to characterize STANLEY LEVISON. U

This LHM is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 3810-S*, a source which furnishes information of a highly sensitive nature about racial matters and the Communist influence thereof. U

It is also classified "~~Secret~~" because the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON contains a concentration of information from NY 694-S*. U (S)

Classified by 3675 RT/DP
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/83

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

ENCLOSURE

4 - Bureau (100-438794) (Encls. 10) (RM)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (42)
1 - New York (100-149194) (42) EX-102

REC 46 100-438794-1559

JMK:gmd (10)

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, ~~SEC. SERV.~~
~~DEPT~~: ISD, CRD, ~~RAO~~
DATE FORW: 9/17/66
HOW FORW: CS
BY: PTB/EK

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Amended 8-22-85 DATE 8-22-85 1988

APPROPRIATE RECIPIENTS AND ADDRESSEES ADV 1988 SLIP Classification DATE 11/4/91

UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN

100 HLHM 92 94 D

SECRET

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

Classified by _____
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

LED 6-11-85

INT. SEC.

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York
August 16, 1966

Bureau 100-438794

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 7-16-80 SP-4 JRM/ch
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-16-86

7-10-84
Classified by 8975 TbKch
Declassify on: OADR
Garrow/SCLC/King 82-0611/54,686 73518 80514
LEVISON 182-1652

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 1678 RFP/CH
3-14-90 6972 EEP/SL
CN 80,513 Appeal 82-0611 (4-16-90)
3/13/91 8123 MCH/DMS 8/9/91
CN 87,063 82-1652

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Internal Security - C

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on August 12, 1966, that Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King, President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), were in contact on that date. U

Levison, in commenting on why he contacted King, said he was concerned about King's health, therefore, figured he should contact him. King said he was felled by a cold but hoped to be back on the go by August 13, 1966. He said he got sick during the SCLC Convention, which was held in Jackson, Mississippi, last week. He said the cold prevented him from attending the Convention, except for the opening session. U

Levison said he was unable to attend the Convention due to pressing personal business. However, Levison did inquire if the SCLC heard the two resolutions that he drafted for the occasion. King said he took one of the resolutions and used it in his speech. In fact, according to King, he just gave the resolution to the press in advance and told them it represented what he would say when he spoke. U

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY amended 1678 RS
DATE 8-29-85

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Classified by 362 VRT/JP
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/93

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 11/10/77

SECRET
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

Classified by 6P807
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
LED/bjh 11-8-77

COPIES DESTROYED
286 OCT 16 1970

ENCLOSURE

10-432777 1559

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

Levison said in regard to the other resolution he prepared, that "The New York Times" had reported portions of it dealing with Vietnam. Both men agreed that the Convention was given very good coverage by the press. U

In reference to the resolution prepared by Levison which King used as his speech, Levison said since it dealt with non-violence he was of the opinion that a book dealing with the subject should be written. Levison said "We're" at a real turn in the movement; a lot of people, he said, are asking questions, and are drawing conclusions and switching positions. King concurred with Levison and agreed that a book should be gotten out as quickly as possible. U

Levison said he was going on vacation to New Hampshire on August 13, 1966, and would take the opportunity to consider the book. Following his return next week, according to Levison, he will contact King and discuss the book in greater detail. U

Another matter discussed by King and Levison was the bill owed to an advertising agency which recently ran a full page statement in "The New York Times". The bill in the amount of $4,400 was for the statement on the SCLC's efforts in Chicago and Mississippi and Black Power. Levison said the agency had not charged their usual 15 per cent commission. U

In considering the advertisement in question, Levison said he knew of one donation in the amount of $5,000, which resulted from the appeal. He said he did not know the name of the contributor but did say the contributor lives in Pompton Lakes, New Jersey. U

King said there would probably be a meeting on Monday to consider bills owed by the SCLC. In that regard, King said the SCLC had been "kind of out financially and the Convention knocked us out even more". King said he was quite worried over the SCLC's financial difficulties. U

In an effort to console King, Levison said as a result of a mailing to contributors there should be funds in a few days. Levison said he forecast about 400,000 mailings during 1966, adding, however, that funds derived from SCLC mailings did not provide sufficient funds to operate the SCLC. He then expressed the opinion that fund raising affairs would have to be held in New York, New York, in order to have sufficient operating funds. U

Re: Communist Infiltration of the SCLC
Internal Security - C

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the Communist Party (CP) for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in civil rights. Levison's differences with the CP however are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism. (S)

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

~~SECRET~~

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 1678 EFP 164
3-14-90 6972 EB CN 80,513

FBI

~~SECRET~~

Date: 8/17/66

Appeal 82-0611
11-29-91 E, 12-11-91 6, 4/10/92)
9803 ROD/OMS/VCC
83-1719
7-10-92
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

7-10-84
Classified by 8973 TDK/64
Declassify on: OADR Garrow/SCLC/King 82-0611
Drift use / LEVISON 83-1719
7-16-80
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY
REASON FOR EXTENSION
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-12-86
S 4686, 73518

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5586)

RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 8 copies, for Jackson 1 copy and New York 3 copies of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted] b7D

(S) Source utilized to characterize LEVISON is NY 694-S*. Sources utilized to characterize WACHTEL are NY 1190-S* and Anonymous Source of WFO set out in report of SA [redacted] 7/19/50 at WFO re "NLG; IS-C." b6 b7C

[redacted]

4 - Bureau (3 - 100-106670) (Enc. 9) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
1 - Jackson (Enc. 1) (RM)
3 - New York (Enc. 3) (RM)
(1 - 100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON)
(1 - 100-148289) (HARRY WACHTEL)
4 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5586)
(1 - [redacted]) b7D
(1 - 100-57187) (SCLC)
(1 - 157-257) (RALPH ABERNATHY)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE 11/1/90

AGS:cmp
(12)

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
165 AUG 24 1966

Classified by 6086
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

55 AUG 25 1966

~~SECRET~~

Approved: _____ Sent ~~SECRET~~ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

SECRET

AT 100-5586

SECRET SECRET CONFIDENTIAL

Dissemination of information furnished by

b7D

The enclosed LHM has been classified Secret because it contains information furnished by NY 694-S* (S) and NY 1190-S*. It is felt this classification is necessary in order not to jeopardize the valuable position of these informants in furnishing information of this nature. (U)

SECRET

SECRET

CONFIDENTIAL

SECRET

STANLEY LEVISON

A confidential source advised in April, 1964, that STANLEY LEVISON was a secret member of the Communist Party (CP), USA, in July, 1963. In late 1963, and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. LEVISON was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in civil rights. LEVISON's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

(S)

SECRET

~~SECRET~~

HARRY WACHTEL

HARRY WACHTEL is the Executive Vice President of the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. He resides at 29 Split Rock Drive, King Point, Long Island, New York.

A confidential source furnished information in December, 1949, that HARRY H. WACHTEL, 41 Broad Street, New York, New York, was on the list of individuals carried as active members of the National Lawyers Guild. X(4)

A characterization of the National Lawyers Guild is attached hereto.

On March 5, 1944, a confidential source furnished information which revealed that the name HARRY WACHTEL was on the list of names, significance not known, which was maintained at the Headquarters of the Kings County Communist Party at 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York. X(4)

Regarding HARRY WACHTEL's wife, LEONORA, it is noted that the same confidential source furnished information on March 5, 1944, which revealed her name and address were on a list of names of newly-elected officers of the Bath Beach Club of the Kings County Communist Party. X(4)

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

GANDHI SOCIETY FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

The Gandhi Society for Human Rights was formed for the purpose of developing a philosophy and technique of non-violent civil rights protests. It is a non-action organization and makes no attempt to influence legislation nor participate in demonstrations. The Society furnishes legal assistance in certain civil rights cases. The organization was incorporated June 14, 1962.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

THE NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of January 2, 1957, to supersede Guide published on May 14, 1951, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., contains the following information concerning "The National Lawyers Guild:"

1. Cited as a Communist front.

   (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311, on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)

2. Cited as a Communist front which "is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations and controlled unions" and which "since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents." (Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally released September 17, 1950.)

3. "To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the *** National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection."

   (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)

~~SECRET~~

6 4

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
August 17, 1966

~~SECRET~~

FD 323

Title	MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
Character	SECURITY MATTER - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

CLASSIFIED AND
EXTENDED BY
REASON FOR EXTENSION
FCIM, II, 1-4-67

FBI

Date: 8/17/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC,
IS - C

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RFP/CH
ON AUG 13 1985

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted]

[redacted]

Dissemination of information furnished by

[redacted]

EXTENDED BY 7-16-82
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-4-67
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-17-86
54688/73578 & 0

b7D

APPROPRIATE OFFICES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) BY Nicolas 1678 RFP
DATE 8-29-85

Classified by
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/82

1-922 Dst. 1-922 Dst.
3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
4 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
(1 - 100-5586) (M. L. KING, JR.)
(1 - 157-257) (RALPH ABERNATHY)

REC 46

100-438794-1561

AGS:cmp
(7)

ENCLOSURE

AGENCY: [redacted]
DEPT: ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 8/19/66
HOW FORW: r/p
BY: pte/pac

AUG 18 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

INDEXED

53 AUG 25 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
August 17, 1966

FD 323

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

4 ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial 1560 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

CONFIDENTIAL

FBI

Date: 8/18/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY
DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RSP/MJ
ON AUG 13 1985

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

REC-15

Re Atlanta airtel to Bureau, 8/4/66 captioned as above.

[redacted]

Classified by
Declassify on: OADR

1-922 D St.
3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Chicago (RM)
2 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
AGS:cmp
(7)

REC-15 EX. - 117

18 AUG 19 1966

57 AUG 22 1966

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

b7D
b7C

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE v. 5-22-64)
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

DECLASSIFIED BY 8970 TDK/KAH
ON AUG 13 1985

FBI

Date: 8/18/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Re Atlanta airtel and LHM dated 8/4/66, captioned as above.

[redacted]

Dissemination of information furnished by [redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP / DATE 8-22-85

REC-15

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Chicago (RM)
2 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 - [redacted])

AGS:cmp
(7)

18 AUG 19 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY S.C. J.R.M.
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-18-86

Approved: _____ Sent 5:46 PM Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL

b6
b7C
b7D

b7D

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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

SEE PERMANENT TOP SERIAL FOR BRIF

FBI

Date: 8/18/66

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP 4 JRM/ll 7-17-80
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-18-86

Transmit the following in CONFIDENTIAL
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

73 515, 54688
80514

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718) #

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Brif form used 1678 RFP/CH
DECLASSIFIED BY
ON AUG 13 1985
SD FMGC, 4/ 2/25/86

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies, for New York 2 copies and for Chicago 1 copy of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted]

Sources utilized to characterize RUSTIN are NY 2359-S* and NY 4212-S*. Source utilized to characterize DAVIS is [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE 1-924 DSP REC 30

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
2 - New York (Enc. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
1 - Chicago (Enc. 1) (RM)
2 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 - [redacted]

(8)
AGS:cmp

100-438794-1564

10 AUG 19 1966

RAD-ISD&CRD 6-6
DATE 8/22/1966
BY

F165

CONFIDENTIAL

Classified by 347 VRT/PD
Declassify on: 2/19/83

Approved: Special Agent in Charge Sent M Per

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP 1678 RSP
DATE 8-29-85

CONFIDENTIAL

AT 100-5718

The enclosed LHM has been classified SECRET because it contains information furnished by NY 2359-S* and NY 4212-S*. It is felt this classification is necessary in order not to jeopardize the valuable position of the informant in furnishing information of this nature.

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Atlanta, Georgia
August 18, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

SECRET

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

[redacted] b7D

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9-22-87 SP4 Elw Gen #253760

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RFP/ETT
ON AUG 13 1985
D. [redacted] /SCLC

b6
b7C

SP Fnac, Cot 2/25/86
#253760

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 11/10/77
AMENDED R/S SENT 6/1/79

Classified by 6080
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
LED/eja 11-8-77

SECRET
GROUP 1
Excluded from Automatic Downgrading and Declassification

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP 3
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-18-86

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

additional classification 7-16-80

5-30-79
TK/lmb

100-438794-1564

COPIES DESTROYED

286 OCT 16 1970

Classified by 367 VRT/SD
Declassify on: OADR
2/9/83

ENCLOSURE

SECRET

BAYARD RUSTIN

In "The Saturday Evening Post," issue of July 11-18, 1964, page 76, BAYARD RUSTIN is the subject of a feature article captioned: "The Lone Wolf of Civil Rights." In it, RUSTIN is said to have come to New York in 1938, as an organizer for the Young Communist League (YCL), and as such, he had the job of recruiting students for the "Party." Furthermore, the article reports that during his first years in New York RUSTIN gave most of his earnings to the "Party." He reportedly left the "Party" in 1941, the article states.

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker," February 11, 1957, page 1, column 2, reported that BAYARD RUSTIN, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was an observer at the 16th National Convention of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA) held in New York City on February 9-12, 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist publication until it ceased publication on January 13, 1958.

A confidential source advised on September 25, 1963, that during a meeting of the National Board, CP, USA, on that date, BENJAMIN J. DAVIS remarked that, "RUSTIN calls me constantly--openly." (U)

A confidential source advised on February 19, 20, 1964, that BAYARD RUSTIN contacted BENJAMIN J. DAVIS on those dates and sought his advice as to how he could escape from a speaking engagement to which he was committed. On the latter contact, DAVIS told RUSTIN that he was working on his request and had contacted friends who had contacts with the group to which RUSTIN was to speak. (U)

SECRET

SECRET

BENJAMIN J. DAVIS

A confidential source advised on January 21, 1964, that as of that date, BENJAMIN J. DAVIS was National Secretary of the CP, USA.

DECEASED

"The New York Times," August 24, 1964, page 27, column 4, reports that BENJAMIN J. DAVIS, National Secretary, CP, USA, died in New York City on the night of August 22, 1964.

SECRET

3*

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
August 18, 1966

FD 323

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FBI

Date: 8/15/66

Transmit the following in CONFIDENTIAL (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority)

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RPPICH
ON AUG 13 1985

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (100-56) (P)

COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE
Classified by 3654 UCS/SAW
Declassify OADR
2/9/83

Re Bureau airtel 8/11/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of an LHM with three copies to Atlanta. Copies of the LHM are being furnished to USA, Jackson; USA, Oxford; Secret Service, Jackson; and INTC, Jackson.

The Bureau's attention is directed to Jackson airtel dated 8/1/66 entitled "PHILLIP SANDERS LAPSANSKY, aka. SM - SWP", office of origin Jackson, Bufile 100-435975. This airtel set forth the original letter submitted by subject LAPSANSKY to the "Jackson Daily News", Jackson , Miss., wherein LAPSANSKY set forth his views concerning communism. Information contained in the aritel verified LAPSANSKY wrote the letter and the Laboratory has since advised that the signature on the letter was the same as known handwriting submitted by the Jackson Office of LAPSANSKY.

Concerning the article which appeared in the "Jackson Daily News", Jackson, Miss., 8/4/66, entitled "Admitted

2 - Bureau (Encl. 8) (RM)
(1 - 100-435975, PHILLIP SANDERS LAPSANSKY)
3 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 3) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586, MARTIN LUTHER KING)
7 - Jackson (100-56)
(1 - 100-359, PHILLIP SANDERS LAPSANSKY)
[redacted] - 157-5909, ALLEN L. JOHNSON)
(3) AGENCY, ACSI, ONI, OSI, [redacted]

REC-16 1565

10 AUG 20 1966

ENCLOSURE

Approved: [redacted] Sent ____ M
Special Agent in Charge

AUG 24 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY ____ DATE 2-28-83

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

b7D

CONFIDENTIAL

Communist Promotes SCLC Convention in Jackson", datelined Philadelphia, Mississippi, it was felt by SA JAMES O. INGRAM who is assigned the SCLC, as well as the LAPSANSKY matters, that U. S. Senator EASTLAND's information probably came from only one source in Jackson.

[redacted], contacted SA INGRAM concerning another matter, at which time the article was brought to [redacted] attention that appeared in the "Jackson Daily News", 8/4/66. [redacted] stated he was telephonically contacted by U. S. Senator EASTLAND and EASTLAND requested that he be furnished some information regarding LAPSANSKY to be used in a speech at Philadelphia, Miss. [redacted] reported that he advised EASTLAND that "it was thought LAPSANSKY was on the payroll of the SCLC Convention". [redacted] stated he could not verify this information.

b6
b7C
b7D

As a result of this discussion, sources were contacted and they could furnish no information to substantiate this, and this LHM sets forth the results of the investigation.

The sources in the LHM were contacted by SA JAMES O. INGRAM, with the exception of the first source: 3 & 4

First Source [redacted]

Second Source [redacted]

b7D

Third Source [redacted]

Fourth Source [redacted]

(Protect Identity)

Fifth Source [redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

It is noted that SAs [redacted] and JAMES O. INGRAM did not observe LAPSANSKY in Jackson from 8/8-11/66 at the time of the SCLC Convention and these Agents are acquainted with LAPSANSKY.

b6
b7C

This LHM is classified "confidential" because it contains information from sources, the unauthorized disclosure of which could jeopardize the security of these sources, thereby causing damage to the internal security of the United States.

LEAD:

JACKSON

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Will maintain contact with established sources and furnish any pertinent information concerning possible communist influence to the Bureau, Atlanta, and interested offices.

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Jackson, Mississippi

August 15, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RFPICM
ON AUG 13 1985

CONFIDENTIAL

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) INTERNAL SECURITY - C

An article appeared in the July 21, 1966 issue of the "Jackson Daily News", Jackson, Mississippi, evening newspaper, datelined Washington, D.C., which was captioned "Eastland Names Reds in March", "Senator says 11 communists in walk to State Capitol". The article set forth the names of 11 communists identified by U. S. Senator James O. Eastland from Mississippi, as being active in the James H. Meredith march to Mississippi. Among those listed was one "Phillip Lapsansky, member of the Socialists Workers Party".

The Socialists Workers Party (SWP) has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[redacted]

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A characterization of the SWP, Seattle Branch, appears in the appendix section.

The following letter was written to the editor of the "Jackson Daily News" dated July 25, 1966, which appears to be an answer to U. S. Senator James O. Eastland's article which appeared in the "Jackson Daily News" under date of July 21, 1966:

Classified by 367/VRT/JD
Declassify on: OADR 2-19-83

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080
ON 11-8-77

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 11/8/77

CONFIDENTIAL
GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

ENCLOSURE 100-435794-1565

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"Phil Lapsansky
Box 95,
Tougaloo, Mississippi
July 25, 1966

"To the editor,

"In the July 21 edition of the Jackson Daily News I am mentioned by Senator James Eastland as one of '11 known Communists' who 'participated and influenced' the recent Meredith-Mississippi March ('Eastland Names Reds in March').

"It is not my intention in this letter to deny Eastland's 'exposure'. I am indeed a 'known Communist' -- a Marxist, a revolutionary socialist, an open advocate of the revolutionary overthrow of capitalism and its replacement with a world Socialist order. Eastland's intrepid snoopers could have saved the taxpayers' money, for in my two years of civil rights activity in this state I have never attempted to hide my political convictions or my affiliations. Far from denying the charge, I am greatly honored to have been denounced on the Senate floor as an implacable foe of this most qualified representative of degenerate racism.

"Eastland's latest blast is a heartening sign to the Negro people and the poor people of the state, for it shows that the old plantation master from Sunflower County is trembling at the spectre of thousands of Mississippians rising up to smash his beloved system of racist oppression.

"Eastland, who constantly talks of Mississippi's 'excellent' race relations, has the tricky job of

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explaining the mass support of the Meredith-Mississippi March among the state's Negro population, culminating in an enthusiastic rally of some 20,000 at the Capitol in Jackson. The best he can come up with is a handful of alleged communists who happened to be among the tremendous crowd.

"Sorry Senator, but the thousands and thousands of Mississippi people moved to action be recent events in the state know they are not 'infiltrated.' This was the Mississippi peoples' work, 'agitated' by you and your kind and the decadent system you so ably represent.

"The Senator screams 'Communists are staging a revolution in this country.' Speaking from the Senator's home state, I say yes indeed Mr. Eastland, there is a revolution being staged here, and although 'Communists' can hardly be credited with staging it, it is a revolution that deserves the partisan support of all those who work for a society free of racism, violence and exploitation of man by man.

"There is a revolution afoot here to destroy the naked rule of the rich, which has made Mississippi the poorest state in the nation; to destroy the vile racism nurtured by Eastland and his ilk that blinds men to their common interests in struggle and has denied the most basic of human rights to vast numbers in this state; to destroy the attitude of subservience to a 'law and order' designed to perpetuate a reactionary racist order, and to instill the revolutionary will to organize and fight among the opressed masses of this state.

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There is a revolution afoot here, which will consign all the Eastland's and everything they represent to their long deserved place on the garbage heap of history.

"Eastland sees the handwriting on the wall, and fights back with any weapon he can get his hands on; for he knows that a society free of racist oppression means the social, political and economic death of all the James Eastlands of the world.

"As a 'known Communist' I am proud to be a participant in this revolution that will someday forever silence the James Eastlands.

"/s/ Phil Lapsansky

"Phil Lapsansky"

A second source who has furnished reliable information in the past and who is acquainted with Civil Rights activities within the State of Mississippi, advised on July 28, 1966, that he observed Lapsansky on July 26, 1966, at the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party (MFDP) Headquarters, 507½ North Farish Street, Jackson. He said Lapsansky is a staff worker for the MFDP and lives in the first house north of the Dorsey Motel, on U. S. Highway 51, Tougaloo, Mississippi. Lapsansky formerly was a staff worker for the Delta Ministry, National Council of Churches (NCC), Mount Beulah, Edwards, Mississippi. EU

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[redacted] advised on [redacted] he met Lapsansky [redacted] on the [redacted] the letter reportedly forwarded to the "Jackson Daily News" at the time he conversed with Lapsansky, but Lapsansky told [redacted] that he had "forwarded a letter to the 'Jackson Daily News' setting the records straight concerning Eastland and his charges."

[redacted] stated Lapsansky had participated in the James H. Meredith March to Jackson during June 1966.

An article appeared in the "Jackson Daily News", Jackson, Mississippi evening newspaper, datelined Philadelphia, Mississippi, August 4, 1966. The article set forth that Senator James O. Eastland made an address at the Neshoba County Fair, Philadelphia, and among his remarks were the following:

> "Senator James O. Eastland disclosed that Phil Lapsansky who has admitted working for the overthrow of capitalism, was selected by Reverend Martin Luther King to promote publicity for the Southern Christian Leadership Conference to be held in Jackson this weekend.
>
> "Eastland said that Lapsansky in a letter published in the 'Jackson Daily News' admitted to the Senator earlier charges that he was a 'communist'".

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[redacted] that he had been contacted around July 27, 1966 by U. S. Senator James O. Eastland and questioned concerning one Phil Lapsansky. [redacted] stated that he furnished Senator Eastland all information

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in his possession and told Senator Eastland "it is thought Lapsansky is on the payroll of the SCLC Convention but it was not certain." The source stated he has no definite information that Lapsansky would be handling publicitiy for the SCLC.

[redacted] contacted a representative of the FBI on August 8, 1966, and advised that he had previously read an article in the "Jackson Daily News" wherein U. S. Senator James O. Eastland had indicated a (first name unknown) Lapsansky had been selected to promote publicity for the SCLC Conference. He said Lapsansky was not associated with the SCLC.

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A fourth source who has furnished reliable information in the past and who is familiar with activities of Civil Rights workers within the State of Mississippi, advised on August 12, 1966, that she is well acquainted with Lapsansky and Lapsansky has not been in Jackson for the past week. The source does not know his whereabouts, but he did not participate in the SCLC Convention.

A fifth source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised on August 8, 1966, that he had read the article appearing in the "Jackson Daily News" dated August 4, 1966, concerning Lapsansky and the SCLC. He said he contacted officials of the SCLC on August 8, 1966 and was advised that Lapsansky was not employed or working in any way for SCLC. He was told by an official of the SCLC that it was felt that if each stood "mute", it would be better than attempting to have the newspaper print a retraction. It was felt according to the source, that if they brought it up in the press, it would be more damaging to the SCLC than to anyone else.

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[redacted] Jackson, Mississippi Police Department, [redacted] advised on August 11, 1966, that he was acquainted with Lapsansky and observed him in several demonstrations in Jackson, and he stated he did not observe Lapsansky at any time from August 8 through 11, 1966 at the time of the convention. He said he was on the scene at convention headquarters "night and day". He said he was in daily contact with the publicity directors for the SCLC, and it was definitely not Lapsansky.

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APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY - SEATTLE BRANCH

In May, 1941, a source advised that during the month of May, 1941, the Seattle Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was reorganized and received official recognition as a branch of the Party from the national office of the SWP in New York, New York.

On May 6, 1964, another source advised that the Seattle Branch, SWP, with headquarters at 3815-5th Avenue Northeast, Seattle, Washington, is a present affiliate of the National SWP, following the aims and principles of the National SWP. According to source, membership in the Seattle Branch includes Richarf Fraser, who is a member of the SWP National Committee, and his wife, Clara Fraser, who is an alternate member of the SWP National Committee.

The Socialist Workers Party has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10451.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

1 - Mr. Knickrehm
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - F. B. Griffith

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 8-21-66

FROM : W. R. Wannall

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC),
GAGE PARK AREA; 8-21-66
RACIAL MATTER

At 4:47 p.m., Special Agent in Charge Johnson of the Chicago Office telephonically advised as follows:

The 2:00 p.m. meeting at Marquette Park in Chicago sponsored by the American Nazi Party (ANP) was held as scheduled. George Lincoln Rockwell made his speech and there were no problems with him. At the conclusion of his speech, four hooded individuals were observed in the crowd and one of these grabbed the microphone and asked the crowd, predominantly white youths, "Do you believe in white supremacy?" At this point this individual was arrested by Chicago police. Chicago Office is endeavoring to get full information concerning this incident.

Special Agent in Charge Johnson said there is a large crowd milling around in Marquette Park and their attitude is one of surliness.

The scheduled march in Gage Park of the Deacons for Defense and Equality had not taken place as of 3:00 p.m.

As of the time of this telephone call, Martin Luther King had not shown up at the Liberty Baptist Church for the scheduled Southern Christian Leadership Conference rally. There were approximately 1,000 people at the church and plans called for 500 of these to march with Dr. King to South Deering and the remainder would split into two groups and march to the suburbs of Chicago Heights and Evergreen Park.

The above information was made available to Departmental Attorney Maxfield at 5:05 p.m.

ACTION:

For information.

EX-102

REC 12 100-438744-1566

55 AUG 23 1966

FBG:fco
(4)

3 AUG 23 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-16-80 BY SP4 JAM/ml
54 6 FF 73 5 16, 805 14

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/8/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

CONFIDENTIAL

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)
RM (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF Declass 3-21-83 DATE

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT LDP ON 2-28-83 (S) [redacted] King 82-0611 b6 b7C

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-2-3127

Re Chicago airtel and Letterhead Memorandum 8/4/66, and Chicago teletypes and telephone calls 8/5/66, captioned "Demonstrations by Chicago Freedom Movement - Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Gage Park Area, Chicago, Illinois." U

Enclosed for the Bureau are 15 copies of a self-explanatory Letterhead Memorandum, and two (2) copies for Atlanta concerning above. A copy is being designated for the Jackson Office due to the plan for Doctor MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr., to attend SCLC conference that city. U

11/29/79 CLASS. & EXT. BY 8803 RDD/DP
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW 8/5/88

Routing slips handled

100-438711

NOT RECORDED
180 AUG 22 1966

CARBON

7 - Bureau (Encl. 15) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794)
(1 - 100-106670)
(1 - 105-70374)
(1 - 105-66233)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586)
1 - Jackson (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
6 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413) (1 - 100-35356)
(1 - 105-16238) (1 - 105-4630)
(1 - 157-3)
JDR/sfm
(16)

ENCLOSURE

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Approved: 54 AUG 30 1966 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

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CG 157-1261

Chicago is following this matter and the Bureau and Atlanta will be advised of developments. U

A copy of this Letterhead Memorandum is being provided the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois, United States Secret Service, Chicago, and 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Ill.

Chicago Indices contain no identifiable references to [redacted] Murray Park Improvement Association; Chicago Lawn Civic Association; Marquette Park Lithuanian Home Owners Association; West Elston Civic Association; [redacted] Chicago, Illinois. U

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The first Chicago source in the Letterhead Memorandum is [redacted] The second is [redacted] The third is [redacted] (requested). The fourth is [redacted] (requested). The fifth is [redacted] (requested). U

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RAYMOND SHULTZ of the National States Right Party was interviewed by SAs LELAND G. RICHIE and [redacted] on August 5, 1966. U

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Chicago, Illinois
August 8, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 5, 1966, under the first caption.

Referenced memorandum included information from [redacted] 7th District, Chicago Police Department that Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr., on August 4, 1966, while speaking at the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street, Chicago, announced a march for August 5, 1966, from Marquette Park, Chicago, to four realty firms located on west 63rd Street, Chicago, in the area known as Chicago Lawn. Chicago Lawn is located immediately south of the Gage Park area. b6 b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRH/DP
ON 2-28-83
(SCL [redacted] King 82-0611

11/29/79
9803 RDP/DP
8/8/88
Unmarked Paras

ENCLOSURE

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100-437777

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

In connection with this proposed march, Chicago Police Department sources on August 5, 1966, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that plans were made for the designation of sufficient manpower to maintain order during the proposed march and this would include both uniformed and plainclothes personnel.

[redacted] acting for [redacted] Chicago Police Department, furnished the information on August 5, 1966, that approximately 600 officers were mobilized for duty in the march area and reserves would allow an increase to 1,000.

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According to Chicago Police Department sources, rumors were reported to be circulating in the Gage Park area of Chicago that unidentified youths were making molotov cocktails, storing bricks and ball bats in the Marquette Park area. Efforts were being made to determine if there was any truth to the rumor.

A Chicago source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 5, 1966, that Ray Shultz, Organizer, Chicago National State's Rights Party, on August 4, 1966, asserted he had received numerous telephone calls and letters inquiring about this organization. He was alleged to have stated if Doctor King were to lead a march into the Gage Park area, he expected NSRP sympathizers to be present to register disapproval. Several members of the organization were expected to be in the area to distribute NSRP literature. The National and the Chicago NSRP are characterized in the attached appendix pages.

Raymond Shultz was interviewed on August 5, 1966, by Special Agents of the FBI and advised as follows:

Several members of the NSRP planned to distribute literature in the Gage Park area on August 5, 1966, but he did not divulge their names. He added NSRP planned no activity other than this.

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He said the Chicago NSRP was not attempting to have citizens arm themselves, although several NSRP members had personal weapons for their own protection and use. He stated NSRP had not purchased any guns. He also said that since the earlier disturbance in the Gage Park area, (referring to the incidents of the night of July 31, 1966), inquiries concerning NSRP had been made and there were increased mailings of literature to persons expressing interest. He said NSRP had no plan to "get Martin Luther King" and stated this was an unfounded rumor. He said NSRP believes in segregation and, therefore, they are attempting to unite white people to stop any integration movement.

Executive Director Peter Martinez, Organization for Southwest Community, an organization seeking to improve relations between various ethnic groups in the southwest area of Chicago, and located at 737 West 79th Street, Chicago, advised on August 5, 1966, that continued marches by civil rights demonstrators into the surrounding white residents' area would result in new violence and resistance by those residents. His opinion was that police would have difficulty preventing acts of violence because of the number of persons opposed to the persons or demonstrators in the area. He claimed to know of no organized group or individual seeking to cause violence. He understood demonstrations were to be extended into the Bogan area of Chicago, (area boardered on the east by Western Avenue, 2400 west; on the west by Cicero Avenue, 4800 west; 75th Street on the north and 87th Street on the south). Martinez stated he attended a meeting of community groups representing the Bogan area on August 4, 1966, where the demonstrations being held were discussed and attempts made to prepare the community for them. It was his observation that area residents are hostile to the idea of civil rights marchers in that area.

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RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

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[redacted] advised at 2:25 p.m., on August 5, 1966, approximately 300 individuals had assembled at the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street. Three groups of 30 pickets each departed that location at 2:20 p.m., en route to demonstrate at three real estate offices in the Chicago Lawn area. These were Rio Realty, 2733 West 63rd Street; Mark Realty, 3018 West 63rd Street; and Geissler Realty, 2749 West 63rd Street.

The remaining demonstrators were to leave the site later and join those who had already departed; then the entire group was to proceed to Halvorsen Realty, 3145 West 63rd Street. The group at the last location would stage a demonstration protesting the failure to rent or to sell homes to prospective Negro buyers or renters.

[redacted] Chicago Police Department advised at approximately 3:30 p.m. there were reports that police cars were being stoned in the vicinity of 71st and South Paulina in the area of the proposed route of travel by the demonstrators, and at 3:50 p.m., autos carrying Negroes were also being stoned as they moved on 71st Street in the area where the main body of demonstrators would pass in cars. Also a group of approximately 500 hecklers had assembled in the area of South California and West Marquette Road on the route of the pending march. Members of this group carried anti-Negro signs and displayed confederate flags.

At approximately 4:00 p.m., the main body of demonstrators departed the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street, in approximately 100 automobiles en route to Marquette Park. The motorcade was reportedly stoned by white youths as it moved on 71st Street.

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RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

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According to [redacted] Chicago Police Department, Martin Luther King,Jr., arrived at 844 West 71st Street at approximately 3:15 p.m. and joined the meeting then in progress. He was reported to have departed in a white Chrysler automobile from that address at approximately 4:10 p.m., possibly destined for Marquette Park. According to Chicago Police Department sources, at 4:35 p.m., approximately 500 demonstrators arrived at Marquette Park where they encountered approximately 1,500 youths waiting at the park. Fights immediately broke out between these groups and additional police were brought into the area. The police succeeded in separating the marchers from the youths.

The body of marchers at approximately 5:46 p.m., marched on foot from Marquette Park to Halvorsen Realty without violent incident. At 6:30 p.m., they had departed the realty company and were returning to Marquette Park which they reached at about 6:50 p.m..

[redacted] advised that the body of marchers began to depart Marquette Park at approximately 7:25 p.m. aboard two Chicago Transit Authority buses and in private automobiles. As they departed a crowd estimated at about 2,500 had gathered in Marquette Park and heckled the departing demonstrators while cherry bombs were exploded in the area. By 8:05 p.m., all demonstrators had departed to return to 844 West 71st Street.

According to [redacted] two policemen on the march detail were reported injured by an exploding bottle and were taken to Holy Cross Hospital for treatment..

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

At Marquette Road and South Mozart, postal inspectors were to open a postal box because an unidentified individual allegedly deposited fire arms into the box as he was approached by a police officer.

[redacted] reported that King, while he had been present among the marchers on August 5, 1966, was struck by a rock thrown by an unknown person. He reportedly was not injured.

[redacted] mentioned previously, furnished information at 9:40 p.m., that King, Al Raby, Convener, Co-ordinating Committee of Community Organizations and the majority of the demonstrators had departed 844 West 71st Street. He said two cars of civil rights marchers had been towed to the church from Marquette Park, one of which had broken windows. He said he understood several cars of marchers sustained broken windows. b6 b7C

[redacted] said he had talked to King when he was at 844 West 71st Street and the latter stated he was hit by a rock or stone on the back of the neck or head and on his leg, but he was not hurt. It was also determined that Raby had been hit in the back by a stone during the march.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

On August 5, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted] Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, advised that during the period from 3:30 p.m. to 8:15 p.m. on August 5, 1966, ten individuals were arrested in and charged in the 8th District in connection with the disturbance on that date. They were:

1. [redacted]
White male, age 19
Date of birth August 12, 1946
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

2. [redacted]
White male, age 19
Date of birth June 4, 1947
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

3. [redacted]
White male, age 20
Date of birth September 25, 1945
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

4. [redacted]
White male, age 28
Date of birth September 10, 1937
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

5. [redacted] b7C
White male, age 22
Date of birth December 4, 1944
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

6. [redacted]
White male, age 21
Date of birth December 11, 1944
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Unlawful use of weapon

7. [redacted]
White male, age 19
Date of birth March 2, 1947
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois.
Disorderly conduct

8. [redacted]
White male, age 24
Date of birth April 20, 1942
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

9. David (no middle initial) Purol
White male, age 30
Date of birth February 7, 1936
3629 West 63rd Street
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

10. [redacted]
White male, age 18
Date of birth November 23, 1947
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois
Disorderly conduct

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Chicago Police Department source advised that 40 individuals arrested in connection with the march were processed at Central Detention, 1121 South State Street; They were:

[redacted] b6 b7C
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

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b7C

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
White male
Disorderly conduct

[redacted]
Negro male
[redacted]
Possession of weapon

[redacted]
White female
Date of birth 1927
[redacted]

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CCFM - FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

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[redacted]
White female
Date of birth 1933
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

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b7C

Also the following were furnished by name only:

[redacted]

The Chicago "Sun-Times", August 6, 1966, reported the following had been fined:

Koshin, 20, 8100 South Mason, Oak Lawn

Rolland, 17, 3639 South Parnell, Chicago, Illinois

Adaski, 21, 6552 South Troy

Hand, 29, 5002 South Carpenter

Walters, 20, 8100 South Austin, Oak Park

O'Donnell, 18, 8855 South May, Chicago

Jefferson, 29, 3458 West 64th Place, Chicago

Zieger, 18, 6424 South Seeley, Chicago

Purol, 30, 3629 West 63rd, Chicago

Lenone, 17, 8436 South Elizabeth

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY : CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEAD... ...P CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATE'S RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

All individuals arrested in connection with the disturbances at the march were charged with disorderly conduct and three were charged with unlawful use of a weapon. Approximately 15 persons were treated and released at Holy Cross Hospital in connection with the injuries incurred during the march. One Negro male struck with an unidentified object suffered sckull and face lacerations and was not immediately released.

According to [redacted], Chicago Police Department, three policemen were treated and released at the same hospital. These were [redacted] injured thigh; [redacted], eye and nose injuries, and [redacted] arm injury. All were from the Tast Force group assigned to cover the marchers. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised that the Property Owners Co-Ordinating Committee (POCC) branch office at 1610 West 69th Street, Chicago, Planned a meeting for August 5, 1966, at West 59th Street and South Pulaski, Chicago, for the purpose of promoting issues to stop marches by the SCLC and the CCCO in the Gage Park Area. b6 b7C b7D

It was reported that representatives of the following organizations would be present:

John Birch Society, "We the People", American Nazi Party, Marquette Park Lithuanian Home Owners Association, 6601 South Artesian. This meeting was to be chaired by Simon T. Sutton, Chairman of the POCC.

A second Chicago source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised on August 5, 1966, [redacted] members of the American Nazi Party [redacted] he was sure no members of the Chicago unit attended the above meeting. b7D

The American Nazi Party and the Chicago Branch individually are characterized in the attached appendix pages.

The Chicago "Daily News", June 9, 1966, in an article described Sutton as Chairman Pro Tem of POCC representing 225 city and suburban civic groups. The article indicated Sutton and his group opposed demands by Martin Luther King for an "open city" presented to Mayor Richard J. Daley, Chicago.

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The same newspaper on August 6, 1966, contained an article titled "Whites Threaten Their Own March". Walter Douglas, 34, 7431 South Walcott, described as spokesman for the Murray Park Improvement Association, was reported to have told a meeting on August 5, 1966, at 5917 South Pulaski, that whites will march "in the other direction" unless Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr. ceased his marches. He was described as speaking to 500 cheering whites at a special meeting where it was said methods would have to be found to curtail the financing to Dr. King's activities here. Douglas was said to have urged whites to stay home and ignore the Negro and white civil rights demonstrators. It was stated that he was backed in his plea by State Representative Walter Mc Avoy, State Senator John Lanigan and State Representative Carl Klein, all Republicans who live in or near the "strife-torn Chicago Lawn neighborhood". The article said that many members of the Chicago Lawn Civic Association also attended the meeting.

The Chicago "Sun-Times, August 7, 1966, reported that in an article that ten persons were fined on charges growing out of violence that erupted Friday in the Chicago Lawn - Gage Park area. Doctor Martin Luther King was said to have departed for Atlanta, Georgia, Saturday, August 6, 1966, and was not to return to Chicago until Thursday, August 11, 1966, after the convention of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in Jackson, Mississippi.

At the court appearances on Saturday, August 6, 1966, 41 of 43 arrested during the disorders Friday were told by Magistrate Ben Edelstein "We cannot tolerate people interfering with lawful assembly whether it be white, black or whatever nationality". The Magistrate fined ten persons $50.00 each on disorderly conduct charges, issued warrants for two persons who failed to show up and continued the cases against them, discharged one defendant and granted continuance to the rest. Three persons

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were charged with the unlawful use of weapons. Two of the group both held on the weapons charges were among the demonstrators. The others were members of the white mob that taunted the civil rights protestors as they marched through the community.

The article continued that community leaders were said to be appealing to the people to keep the area peaceful. These included Alderman David W. Healy, (13th Ward) and Edmund Kucharski, 13th Ward Republican Committeeman. Al Raby, CCCO convener was said to have praised the police work in the southwest side community on August 5, 1966. Superintendent of Police O. W. Wilson appealed for the maintenance of order and warned that illegal actions would be met with swift arrest. Edward Marciniak,Head of the Commission of Human Relations, was named as one calling for peace in the area. He asked for cooperation with the police in case of new demonstrations. b6 b7C

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised at 1:00 p.m., August 6, 1966, there was no information concerning any testing of realty firms on t part of the CFM or SCLC on August 6, 1966. [redacted] said the area of the demonstrations on August 5, 1966, remained calm.

[redacted] advised on August 7, 1966, demonstrators of CFM were planning to assemble at 2:00 p.m. at 3103 West Warren Boulevard, Chicago, for a march to the Belmont - Cregin area to be led by Al Raby. The marchers were to proceed by automobile to a parking lot at Hanson Park, West Belden and North Central, Chicago, and to march on foot from that area to the following locations:

Grace English Evangelical Church, 2725 North Laramie; to St. Genevieve Catholic Church, North Lamon and West Altgeld Streets and to Park - Finney Realty, 5043 West Fullerton all Chicago.

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As was stated earlier, the Chicago "Sun-Times" of Sunday, August 7, 1966, contained appeals by various people for preservation of peace.

A third Chicago source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 8, 1966, that Raymond Shultz, organizer for the Chicago Branch of the National State's Rights Party (NSRP) and Michael Murray, member of the Chicago Branch, were observed distributing NSRP literature on August 7, 1966, in the Belmont-Cregin area of Chicago during the time of the demonstration on that date.

At 2:40 p.m., according to Chicago Police Department sources, approximately 350 people had gathered at 3101 West Warren Boulevard.

Chicago Police Department Task Force [redacted] b6 b7C advised that at 2:56 p.m., approximately 200 "counterdemonstrators" had gathered in small groups in the vicinity of West Grand and North Long and a small group had gathered at West Fullerton and North Long, both in the vicinity of Hanson Park. The latter was on the scheduled line of march.

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At 3:14 PM, August 7, 1966, [redacted] advised that about 200 counterdemonstrators were in the Hanson Park parking lot and many were playing baseball. b6 b7C

Sources at the Chicago Police Department advised at 3:26 PM a motorcade of 90 to 100 automobiles had departed 3101 West Warren Boulevard bound for Hanson Park.

at 4:30 PM approximately 550 marchers had walked from Hanson Park with no incident reported. Approximately 600 white spectators were in the Hanson Park area but there was no disturbance being caused.

According to [redacted] Chicago Police Department, by police count 640 persons participated in the march.

A third Chicago source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, reported that two white males at Hanson Park had been observed with hand guns and were heard to have said they were going to secure shotguns and ammunition to take care of the colored.

[redacted] reported that the marchers pursued their plan to march to three designated points in the area and they returned to Hanson Park at approximately 6:30 PM. He reported that [redacted] was injured slightly on the side of the face by a flying brick, was taken to St. Anne's Hospital, treated and released.

He reported at 7:00 PM all marchers and their automobiles had departed Hanson Park and at 7:37 PM they were reported to have

returned to 3101 West Warren Boulevard.

Chicago Police Department sources advised that the individuals at 3101 West Warren Boulevard dispersed at 7:45 PM after listening to the announcement of a mass meeting to be held at the same location Monday, August 8, 1966, at 8:00 PM. At the meeting there was to be discussion of future areas for marches. It was said that Stokely Carmichael, Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, and Dick Gregory, Entertainer-Comedian, were supposed to attend the mass meeting.

During the course of the march 16 adults and four juveniles were arrested. They were: Ralph Cortellassi, 4828 West Haddon Avenue, born September 6, 1946; [redacted] born May 14, 1947; [redacted], born June 22, 1938; Thomas D. McMahon, 3311 North Cicero, born April 30, 1940; Ernest Walters, 4532 North Narragansett, born July 23, 1907; [redacted] born June 22, 1946; [redacted] born May 25, 1948; [redacted] born February 14, 1950; [redacted] born April 10, 1946; [redacted] born September 23, 1943; [redacted] born April 4, 1948; [redacted] born November 17, 1941; [redacted] born March 14, 1939; [redacted] age 19, [redacted] born September 14, 1947; [redacted] age 16, [redacted] born January 9, 1950; [redacted] age 14, [redacted] born June 1, 1952; [redacted] age 16, [redacted] born February 8, 1950; [redacted] born April 4, 1944; [redacted] born October 9, 1949; and [redacted] born January 14, 1944.

b6
b7C

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Raymond Sowa is identical with the Vice Chairman of the Chicago Chapter, NSRP, according to the first Chicago source.

A fourth Chicago source on August 7, 1966, advised that a colored policeman had fired five shots into the air in the vicinity of Fullerton and North Linder on the course of the march and also a night stick was reportedly used as necessary force to effect the arrest of [redacted] b6 b7C

According to Meredith Gilbert, Lawndale Union to End Slums, 1337 South Menard, Chicago, he was told on August 7, 1966, by Joe Davis of the "Center", presumably the New Friendship Baptist Church, 844 West 71st Street, that Davis had received an anonymous telephone call saying that on the occasion of the next march unidentified persons would blow up the church and "they are going to get Raby tonight."

The "Chicago Sun-Times" final edition, August 8, 1966, in headlines on page one proclaimed "1,100 in Cragin March; Disperse Hecklers." It stated jeering whites assaulted 1,100 civil rights marchers with rocks, bottles and cherry-bomb firecrackers Sunday. "A total of 500 policemen kept an estimated 5,000 whites on the opposite side of the street from the marchers." The paper mentioned that one white person, unnamed, was put into a squad car, blood flowing from a head wound inflicted by a police night stick. It said this incident brought cries of "police brutality" from the crowd. Policemen were described as surging frequently into the "mob" and using their night sticks to disperse the counterdemonstrators. The police were said to have been aided by rain which fell at the height of the tension. Al Raby was quoted as having praised the police action as "professionalism at its best."

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It was stated that the police adopted a new plan for heading off trouble by diverting columns of whites to side streets.

It was stated the NSRP distributed leaflets and a sign carried by a white person read "National State's Rights Party Defends White Womanhood."

Reverend Jesse Jackson was said to have announced there would be no march on Monday, August 8, 1966, but there would be a mass meeting at 8:00 PM at 3101 West Warren Boulevard when further march plans would be discussed.

The "Chicago Sun-Times" of August 8, 1966, contained an article reflecting a plea by pastors of churches in the Chicago Lawn-Gage Park area for peace during civil rights demonstrations.

Outside St. Nicholas of Tolentine and other Roman Catholic churches in the area pamphlets were passed out criticizing those "friendly to communists and criminal causes that are bringing chaos to our community resulting in riot, property damage and personal injury."

The article stated that the pamphlet was published by the Christians Against Atheistic Communists, 1610 West 69th."

It is noted that the Property Owners Coordinating Committee branch office, mentioned previously, occupies the same address.

A fifth Chicago source who has furnished reliable information in the past, on August 8, 1966, stated that the

meeting called by the Property Owners Coordinating Committee on August 5, 1966, was held at 5917 South Pulaski, Chicago. In addition to the remarks of Walter Douglas, set out previously, John Lanigan, Republican State Congressman, spoke and requested persons to write letters to their Congressmen and to the Governor, protesting open occupancy. He also asked why Mayor Daley permits these marchers to march without a permit. Also, Carl Klein, Republican State Representative, said he concurred with Mr. Lanigan and stated that meetings should be set upt with Mayor Daley along with Alderman Healy (13th Ward) relative to the marchers in the area. Thomas Sutton, an attorney from Princeton, Illinois, possibly identical with the Sutton previously described as the proposed chairman of this meeting, said he had assisted in bonding out residents who had been arrested earlier in the evening and he would continue to aid this group in any way he could. Walter (Babe) McAvoy told the group that he had been a resident of this community for 40 years and did not intend to be pushed out. It was reported he was also instrumental in bonding out arrestees of the community from the arrests earlier in the evening.

The actual chairman of the meeting was said to be David Sheehan, described as connected with the Chicago Lawn Home Owners. He urged the residents of the community to ignore the marchers and keep their children in their homes. He asked support of the local police department. He then criticized the churches and the clergy for their participation and sympathy with the demonstrators. He then told the group to think before they drop anything into the church collection box. James W. Hoffman, described as President of the West Elston Civic Association, who resides at 5226 West Homan, was emotional and actually in tears when he spoke and said he did not intend to be

pushed from his neighborhood and asked the group to unite in a common effort to preserve their community.

A suggestion was made to have a future meeting at 69th and Western Avenue in two weeks to form a committee for action.

According to the "Chicago Daily News" December 7, 1964, David Sheehan of 4344 West 78th Street, was an admitted member of the John Birch Society.

Fifth Chicago source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, on September 21, 1965, furnished the information that representatives of the Christians Against Atheistic Communists, 4344 West 78th Street, had in the previous two weeks distributed a newsletter type leaflet titled "When Will Our Clergy March Against Atheistic Communists" and another leaflet titled "Martin Luther King at the Communist Training School" at two Southwest Side Catholic churches. It was determined that Mr. and Mrs. David Sheehan reside at this address and it was learned that David Sheehan started the organization known as Christians Against Atheistic Communists early in 1965 and was the sole head of it. It was learned that Mr. and Mrs. Sheehan were members of the John Birch Society at the time.

The "Chicago Daily News" on August 8, 1966, contained an article stating six white persons arrested in a disturbance in the Cragin-Hanson Park area were fined from $25.00 to $100.00 by jury court magistrate James Sullivan. Daniel Crooker was found guilty of disorderly conduct and was fined $100.00. Raymond Sowa was fined $100.00 and police said he had been passing out

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anti-Negro leaflets for the NSRP. Salvatore Rossiolle was fined $25.00 for resisting an arrest and for disorderly conduct. Michael Constanza was fined $25.00 after pleading guilty to a charge of disorderly conduct. Robert Sparzynski was fined $25.00 after pleading guilty to a disorderly conduct charge as was Ernest Walters whose fine amounted to $50.00. Several cases were continued to September 8, 1966, because the arresting officers were unable to appear in court.

Pertinent portions of the above information have been provided representatives of the following: United States Secret Service; Office of the United States Attorney; and Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

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APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party(UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party(NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

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APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1962, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/12/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. AUG 18 1966

How Forw. R - 5

By alh - mail

RACIAL MATTERS / RACIAL UNIT

Re Chicago teletypes, dated 8/11 and 8/12/66, and Chicago airtel and LHM, dated 8/11/66, dual captioned as above with the American Nazi Party (ANP).

Enclosed for the Bureau are thirteen (13) copies, for Atlanta two (2), of an LHM concerning captioned matter.

Copies of the LHM are being provided to Office of USA, Chicago; U. S. Secret Service, Chicago; and Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

Chicago is following this matter closely and the Bureau and Atlanta will be appropriately advised.

100-438794-

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
203 AUG 19 1966

(5) - Bureau (Encls. 13) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)
JCS:rr
(11)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-16-80 BY

14 AUG 17 1966

1 - ENCLOSURE

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73518
80514

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

ORIGINAL FILED IN

157-6-9-5760

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.
157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
August 12, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of August 11, 1966, captioned as above, and the American Nazi Party (ANP), Racial Matter - Organization.

Chicago's press media, on August 11, 1966, contained a number of articles reflecting that on August 12, 1966, representatives of the CFM - SCLC would demonstrate and march in the all-white Bogan High School area of Chicago, that is generally in the vicinity of 79th Street and Pulaski Avenue (4000 West). An announcement to this effect was made at a press conference held by representatives of these civil rights groups, prior to a rally on the evening of August 11, 1966, at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, 6043 South Princeton Avenue, Chicago. At this press conference, it was announced that this church would serve as the gathering place from which the demonstrators would depart for the Bogan area for approximately 3:00 to 3:30 p.m. the following day. This area is sometimes referred to by residents as the Ashburn neighborhood.

The number of demonstrators to participate in this march, together with the route to be followed and other details were not as yet finalized by the march leaders, Reverend Jesse Jackson and Reverend James Bevel. It was additionally announced that Doctor Martin Luther King, Jr., President, SCLC, had sent a

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-16-80 BY SP 4 JRM/ol

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~~ENCLOSURE~~ ENCLOSURE

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number of telegrams to Chicago's Negro aldermen, Ward Committee Men and State Representatives, urging them to participate in the August 12, 1966 march. King was then in Jackson, Mississippi attending the tenth annual conference of the SCLC.

Concerning the rally on the evening of August 11, 1966, at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, [redacted] advised as follows: b6 b7C

The rally was held between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 10:30 p.m. and was attended by approximately 500 to 700 persons. The principal speakers were the Reverend James Bevel and Reverend Jesse Jackson. March plans into the Bogan area were announced at the rally, these plans in substance identical with those made at the earlier press conference. During his remarks at the rally, Bevel was critical of Chicago's Mayor Richard J. Daley, Chicago's press, Chicago's union officials, and Archbishop Cody of the Chicago Catholic Archdiocese, all of whom in recent days made statements relative to the advisability of terminating or of temporarily halting civil rights demonstrations. Reverend Jackson additionally was critical of union officials who have made efforts to get representatives of the Chicago real estate industry and the civil rights leadership together at the conference table to discuss their differences. [redacted] advised that it is his understanding that such a meeting is tentatively scheduled for August 17, 1966, when King is expected to return to Chicago. The rally itself was orderly and there were no incidents.

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CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
(SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Concerning the criticism leveled by Reverend Bevel at various Chicago officials, at the August 11, 1966, rally, the "Chicago Sun Times" contained an article which quoted Reverend Bevel as stating as follows in this regard: "One must say to the mayor, to his labor leaders, to his bishop 'if you have to get off the boat, get off now, but this ship is headed for the promised land.'" Reverend Bevel stated that the stand of Archbishop Cody particularly described him as in effect telling civil rights leaders that although they are moral in their position, they should "stop being moral, because when you are moral you cause other people to be immoral." He charged that the Archbishop was in effect telling Negroes to "go back in your cubby holes and live in the slums, and by and by when you die, maybe pie in the sky..."

Concerning the march to take place on August 12, 1966, [redacted] furnished the following information during the morning of this date: The civil rights demonstrators who are to participate in the Bogan area demonstration will leave the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church at 3:30 p.m. on August 12, 1966, by automobile, and will proceed South to 79th Street on the Dan Ryan Expressway. Here they will exit the Dan Ryan, proceed West on 79th Street or 79th Place to Springfield Avenue (3900 West), where their automobiles will be parked in the Bogan High School lot.

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b7C

The demonstrators, by foot, will proceed South on Pulaski Avenue (4000 West) to 85th Place, where they will proceed in groups to the following realty companies where they will demonstrate and hold prayer vigils:

1. Katschke Realty, 8359 South Pulaski
2. Reynolds Realty, 8461 South Pulaski
3. Egan Realty, 8514 South Pulaski

The demonstrators will return by Pulaski Avenue to their automobiles at the Bogan High School subsequent to the termination of the demonstration, will return South on Pulaski to the 87th Street entry to the Dan Ryan Expressway and will then return to the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church.

[redacted] advised that the number of demonstrators who will participate in this affair is not known at the present time.

On August 12, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C
Division, Chicago Police Department, advised that the Chicago Police Department has at this point detailed a total of some 500 police officers to monitor the route of march of the civil rights demonstrators in the Bogan area on this date. He advised that an additional 500 to 700 men can be made available if necessary to provide additional protection here in the event the situation calls for same. He advised that no information has been made available to the Chicago Police Department concerning the anticipated number of marchers who will participate.

[redacted]
Chicago Police Department, advised that during the morning hours of August 12, 1966, the Central Communications Section of the Chicago Police Department had received an anonymous telephone call to the effect that residents of the Bogan area of Chicago were armed in anticipation of civil rights marches into this area and that these people were not afraid to use these arms if they had to. No further information had been provided during this phone call.

Pertinent portions of the above information have been provided United States Secret Service, Chicago; the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago; and to Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois. Copies of this memorandum are being provided each of these agencies.

AUG 16 1966

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

205 PM CDST URGENT 8-16-66 CRA

TO DIRECTOR ~~(100-439048)~~ ~~(61-7852)~~

FROM CHICAGO (100-40903) (100-28823) (157-1261)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

COMINFIL, STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) IS-C. HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (HUAC). DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE, GAGE PARK, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, RM.

RELIABLE SOURCES ADVISED TODAY THAT AT MEETING OF OPEN HOUSING DEMONSTRATORS HELD LAST NIGHT WARREN AVENUE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, CHICAGO, RICHARD CRILEY, SECRETARY CHICAGO COMMITTEE TO DEFEND BILL OF RIGHTS, ASKED AUDIENCE OF THREE TO FOUR HUNDRED PEOPLE TO JOIN IN PROTEST DEMONSTRATION TWELVE THIRTY PM AUGUST TWENTY NEXT AGAINST HUAC. DEMONSTRATION TO BE AT FEDERAL BUILDING, TWO ONE NINE SOUTH DEARBORN, CHICAGO, SPONSORED BY SDS. OPEN HOUSING MARCHES WILL NOT BE SCHEDULED THAT DATE SO THAT CIVIL RIGHTS WORKERS MAY ATTEND PROTEST.

SECRET SERVICE, USA, USM, GSA, MILITARY AND LOCAL POLICE NOTIFIED. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

WA. RAM

FBI WASH DC

TU CLR

100-438794

NOT RECORDED
199 AUG 24 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-16-80 BY SP-USRMIN

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

AUG 24 1966

CC MR. SULLIVAN

54688
73518
80514

ORIGINAL FILED IN

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

CONFIDENTIAL

Date: 8-17-66

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF Declass DATE 3-21-83

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, RM
Chicago file 157-1261

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)
Bufile 105-66233
Chicago file 105-4630

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)
Bufile 105-70374
Chicago file 157-3

7-16-86
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-4 JRM/cl
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-17-86
54688
73518
80514

100-438794

NOT RECORDED
150 AUG 25 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Re Chicago teletypes to Director, 8/16/66, captioned, "DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS."

9 - Bureau (Encls. 17) (RM)
(2 - 105-66233) (NSRP)
(2 - 105-70374) (ANP)
(2 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
2 - Richmond (Encls. 2)
(1 - 157-93) (ANP)
(1 - 157-) [redacted]
7 - Chicago
(1 - 157-1261)
(1 - 105-4630)
(1 - 157-3)
(1 - 157-) [redacted]
(1 - 105-16238) (SCLC)

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/JDP ON 2-28-83

2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718) (Cominfil SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)

b6
b7C
b7D

SEP 1

TEB:mew
(20)

Approved: _____

CONFIDENTIAL

Sent _____ M Per _____

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 157-1261
105-4630
157-3

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 17 copies of an LHM relating to demonstrations conducted by the CFM in Chicago, 8/16/66, and related activities by the NSRP and ANP at Chicago, during such demonstrations.

The confidential sources utilized within are as follows: EU

CG T-1 is [redacted] (protect requested). b6 b7C b7D

CG T-2 is [redacted]

CG T-3 is [redacted]

The information contained in the enclosed memorandum attributed to [redacted] Chicago PD, was furnished to SA [redacted] on 8/16/66. The information credited to [redacted] Chicago PD, was furnished to SA [redacted] on the same date. The information attributed to [redacted] was furnished to SA [redacted] also on the same date.

Chicago indices contain no reference pertaining to 7 of the 8 individuals arrested during the captioned demonstrations of 8/16/66. The eighth individual, [redacted] b6 b7C

[redacted] Subject fabricated [redacted] U. S. Attorney JAMES B. BRENNAN, Milwaukee, declined prosecution on all counts.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 157-1261
105-4630
157-3

One copy of the enclosed LHM is being designated for the USA, Chicago, Secret Service and U.S. Army. Chicago is following this situation closely and the Bureau will be advised of all pertinent developments by subsequent communication.

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

Chicago, Illinois
August 17, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CG 157-1261
105-4630
157-3

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) AS DATE 3-21-83

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP 4 JRM
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-17-86
54 688 / 73 518
80514

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 15, 1966, captioned as above.

On August 16, 1966, at 2:05 p.m., [redacted] Chicago Police Department, Communications Section, advised that approximately 50 to 75 persons had gathered at the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren, Chicago, Illinois, in anticipation of participating in the Chicago Freedom Movement's scheduled picket demonstrations on such date at selected Chicago Loop area locations. b6 b7C

At 3:20 p.m., [redacted] stated that the demonstrators departed the Warren Avenue Congregational Church at 2:45 p.m., and commenced picket demonstrations at the following locations shortly after 3:00 p.m.:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT LAD
ON 3-28-83

CONFIDENTIAL

100-438774

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

CONFIDENTIAL

Cook County Public Aid Headquarters,
318 West Adams

Chicago City Hall,
LaSalle Street Entrance

Chicago Real Estate Board,
105 West Adams

First Federal Savings and Loan Association,
Dearborn and Madison

Chicago Housing Authority Offices
55 West Cermak

According to [redacted] demonstrators, b6 b7C
numbering between five and thirty-five, continued picketing at each location until 5:30 p.m., when they departed the Loop area and returned to the Warren Avenue Congregational Church. The demonstrators were peaceful and there were no incidents or arrests.

On August 16, 1966, CG T-1 advised that tentative plans anticipated approximately 50 demonstrators to depart the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, at 7:00 p.m., on such date for Jefferson Park area of Chicago, to picket selected real estate offices on North Milwaukee Avenue.

At 7:45 p.m. [redacted] advised that approximately 60 demonstrators departed from the Warren Avenue Congregational Church in twelve automobiles en route to six Jefferson Park realty offices. The demonstrators were scheduled to designate ten pickets to each realty office, situated between 5233 and 6017 North Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The pickets were to be relieved after two hours by a like number of

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new demonstrators, [redacted] further stated that this second group of demonstrators was scheduled to terminate the protest at the Jefferson Park realty offices at 12 midnight, August 16, 1966.

b7C

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised at 8:20 p.m. there were presently 15 pickets at the Lincoln Park realty office, 5350 North Milwaukee. [redacted] declared that there were also approximately 2,000 white teenage counter demonstrators milling in the area between 5300 and 5900 North Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago.

At 8:25 p.m. [redacted] further advised that approximately 500 counter demonstrators, directly across Milwaukee Avenue from the pickets at the Lincoln realty office began throwing rocks at such demonstrators and setting off firecrackers. He stated that approximately 100 Chicago Police Department officers dispersed the counter demonstrators without further incident. At 9:00 p.m. [redacted] stated that there were presently 18 to 20 demonstrators at each of the following Jefferson Park realty office locations: 5350, 5479, 5629, 5717, and 5817 North Milwaukee.

He also declared that the 2,000 counter demonstrators in the area were being dispersed by the Police Department before any major problem developed, and that he was not anticipating any real difficulty. The counter demonstrators generally engaged in heckling, jeering and sporadically throwing rocks and cherry bombs at the demonstrators. He declared that the situation was under control and that a number of counter demonstrators had been arrested by the police at that time.

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RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

CG T-2 advised at 10:45 p.m. that there had been 6 to 8 American Nazi Party members in the general area of the demonstrators during the early evening hours. The group, including JOHN PATLER, ANP leader from Richmond, Virginia, confined its activities to distributing ANP literature. This same source stated that he observed a number of white power signs and swastikas exhibited by some of the white counter demonstrators.

A characterization of the American Nazi Party is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

CG T-3 advised at 10:30 p.m. three National States Rights Party members were at the scene of the demonstrations and were mingling with the counter demonstrators, but were not otherwise active.

A characterization of the National States Rights Party is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

[redacted] b7C advised at 10:35 p.m. that relief demonstrators had arrived in the Jefferson Park area shortly before 10:30 p.m. and commenced picketing at Brandt Realty, 5353 North Milwaukee. He stated the counter demonstrators were dwindling in number and that the immediate area was quiet.

[redacted] advised that at 11:15 p.m., demonstrations at 5629, 5717 and 5870 North Milwaukee had been discontinued and such demonstrators had joined picketing still in progress at the other locations on Milwaukee Avenue. [redacted] subsequently advised at 12:30 a.m. that as of 11:45 p.m. demonstrations were in progress at only two locations, 5353 and 5350 North Milwaukee. Each demonstration consisted of approximately 75 persons and continued until 12:30 p.m. when demonstrators concluded their protest and departed from the area.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CFM-SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS;
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY;
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

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[redacted] revealed that policeman [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted] of the Maxwell Street Task Force was injured during the disturbances when he was tripped while chasing a group of counter-demonstrators away from the pickets. He was treated at Rescurrection Hospital for cuts. [redacted] further revealed that eight individuals were arrested and complaints filed in the 16th District in connection with the demonstrations on Milwaukee Avenue August 16, 1966. Four of the arrested counter-demonstrators were adults and four were juveniles. He also advised that one other adult was arrested and several juveniles but that no complaints were filed and the individuals were released.

[redacted] made available the following list of individuals who were arrested:

ADULTS

(1.) [redacted] b6 b7C
white male, age 22
Date of Birth August 9, 1943
[redacted]
Disorderly Conduct

(2.) [redacted]
white male, age 22
Date of Birth February 29, 1944
[redacted]
Disorderly Conduct and Interferring with Police

(3.) [redacted]
white male, age 20
Date of Birth October 2, 1945
[redacted]
Loud Muffler and Improper Signs (Several German Swastikas on Car)

CONFIDENTIAL

b6
b7C

(4.) [redacted]
white male, age 22
Date of Birth March 7, 1944
[redacted]
Disorderly Conduct

JUVENILES

(5.) [redacted]
white male, age 13
Date of Birth January 27, 1953
[redacted]
Disorderly Conduct

(6.) [redacted]
white male, age 15
Date of Birth January 18, 1951
[redacted]

(7.) [redacted]
white male, age 14
Date of Birth November 18, 1952
[redacted]
Disorderly Conduct

(8.) [redacted]
white male, age 14
Date of Birth September 7, 1949
[redacted]
Disorderly Conduct

The August 17, 1966 Three Star Final edition of the "Chicago Tribune", a daily newspaper published at Chicago, Illinois, revealed that the Reverand James Bevel, SCLC Staff Worker, held a press conference prior to the above described demonstrations and gave the following reasons for the picketings:

CONFID

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CFM-SCLC, GAGE PARK
AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS;
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY;
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

CONFIDENTIAL

Reverand Bevel told reporters the Chicago Housing Authorities Offices were picketed because the agency had failed to build housing projects outside of predominantly Negro areas.

The County Welfare Offices were picketed because relief recipients had not been housed outside of Negro areas.

The City Hall was picketed because, Bevel said, Mayor Daley had failed to enforce the open housing ordinance.

The Chicago Real Estate Board was picketed because it had failed to enforce open housing.

The First Federal Savings and Loan Association was picketed because Bevel said, it failed to lend money to Negroes for homes outside of the Negro areas.

On August 16 and 17, 1966, pertinent portions of the above information was provided to the following individuals:

[redacted]
Region 1
113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois

b6
b7C

Special Agent [redacted]
United States Secret Service

Assistant United States Attorney
[redacted]

A copy of this Letterhead Memorandum has been designated for the above agencies.

CONFIDENTIAL

1

APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party(NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

1 APPENDIX

CONFIDENTIAL

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

CONFIDENTIAL

1

APPENDIX

[redacted]

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party(ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

1

APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 17, 1966

Title DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Character RACIAL MATTER

Reference Memorandum of Special Agent [redacted] dated and captioned as above. b6 b7C

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

RE: BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL.
(U.S.D.C, D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)
CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Unrecorded serial dated 8-18-66 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

Date: 8/19/66

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DECLASS DATE 3-21-83

CONFIDENTIAL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DD ON 2-28-83

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM Chicago file 157-1261

[redacted] King 82-0611

b6
b7C

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY RM (ORGANIZATION) Bufile 105-66233 Chicago file 105-4630

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY RM (ORGANIZATION) Bufile 105-70374 Chicago file 157-3

100-438794

NOT RECORDED
183 AUG 25 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-9-3164

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 RMW 2 REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-19-86 54 686, 73 518 80514

7-17-86

Re Chicago teletypes to Director 8/18/66 and Chicago airtel and Letterhead Memorandum, all captioned as above.

Enclosed herewith are 17 copies of a Letterhead Memorandum relating to current plans and activities by each of the captioned groups in the Chicago, Illinois area.

The confidential sources utilized within are as follows: CU

9 - Bureau (Encls. 17) (RM)
(2 - 105-66233) (NSRP)
(2 - 105-70374) (ANP)
(2 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
2 - Richmond (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 157-93) (ANP)

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

CARBON COPY

copies continued on ii page

CG 157-1261

CONFIDENTIAL

(1 - 157-) (GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
8 - Chicago
(1 - 157-1261)
(1 - 105-4630)
(1 - 157-3)
(1 [redacted] b7D
(1
(1
(1 - 105-16238) (SCLC)
(1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

TEB:MJD
(21)

CONFIDENTIAL

CG T-1 is [redacted] b7D

CG T-2 is [redacted]

CG T-3 is [redacted]

CG T-4 is [redacted]

(PROTECT REQUEST)

The information contained in the enclosed memorandum attributed to CG T-1 was furnished to SA LELAND G. RICHIE on 8/18/66. The information credited to CG T-3 was furnished to SA [redacted] on the same date. b6 b7C b7D The information attributed to [redacted] and from CG T-4 was furnished to SA [redacted] on 8/18/66.

A copy of the enclosed Letterhead Memorandum is being designated for the USA, Chicago, Secret Service and U. S. Army.

Chicago is following the situation closely and the Bureau will be advised of all pertinent information by subsequent communication.

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-4 JRM/ll 7-17-80
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-1.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-19-86
54688
73518
80514

Chicago, Illinois
August 19, 1966

CG 157-1261
105-4630
157-3

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRTLED ON 2-28-83 [redacted] KMG 82-0611

b6
b7C

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 17, 1966, captioned as above.

On August 18, 1966, [redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. was scheduled to address a civil rights mass meeting to be held at CFM-SCLC Action Center Number 1, 6043 South Princeton, Chicago, Illinois, at 8:00 p.m. on such date. He related that Dr. King will discuss current civil rights marches in Chicago regarding open housing and discuss the results of the "Summit" meeting held on August 17, 1966, between civil rights and community leaders.

On August 17, 1966, CG T-1 advised that George Lincoln Rockwell, National Commander, American Nazi Party (ANP) is scheduled to arrive in Chicago on August 20, 1966 to help organize ANP activities in protesting the recent marches in Chicago by CFM and SCLC. The ANP in Chicago, according to this source, was continuing its efforts to interest people in the ideas

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100-438794-

CONFIDENTIAL

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

of such organization. He declared that the ANP continues to receive numerous telephone inquiries from Chicago residents regarding the ANP.

On August 18, 1966, this same source advised that several ANP members plan to picket the above-mentioned rally at Action Center Number 1 during the early evening hours of August 18, 1966.

A characterization of the ANP is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

CG T-2 advised on August 18, 1966, that the Chicago chapter of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) plans to hold a rally in Marquette Park, Chicago, beginning at 3:00 p.m., on August 21, 1966. The stated purpose of such rally is to arouse the interest of white Chicago residents in the purposes and activities of the NSRP and to attempt to organize white persons in opposition to integration in their respective communities.

A characterization of the NSRP is contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

On August 18, 1966, CG T-3 advised that the Chicago Branch of the ANP will participate in the above-described rally at Marquette Park, August 21, 1966.

The [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on August 18, 1966, that six members of the ANP, led by Christopher Vidnjevich, Head of the Chicago ANP, picketed the Mt. Hope Baptist Church, CFM - SCLC Action Center Number 1, 6043 South Princeton, from 7:15 p.m. to 8:20 p.m., on such date. The pickets displayed signs calling for white power, and declaring that America was for whites and

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CONFIDENTIAL

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
CFM - SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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Africa for blacks. The Chicago Police Department reported that there were no incidents or arrests and that the picketing was peaceful. Approximately 1,000 persons were in attendance at the Mt. Hope Baptist Church.

On August 18, 1966, CG T-4 advised that a so-called Action Committee of CFM met earlier that afternoon in order to plan strategy for the immediate future. Such meeting canceled plans for previously scheduled demonstrations on August 19, 1966, and planned instead to conduct a massive realtor testing program with some 200 CFM representatives to visit various real estate offices in the following sections of the city:

On the Northwest side:

Jefferson Park
Portage Park
Belmont-Cragin
Hermosa and Logan Square

On the Southwest side:

Ashburn
Chicago Lawn
Gage Park
Back of the Yards
Bridgeport

These representatives will attempt to ascertain if the change of attitude on the part of the Chicago Board of Realtors toward support of the principle of open occupancy is reflected in the reaction of its member realtors in their dealings with CFM representatives. If no change in attitude is noted by such representatives on the part of the realtors, then demonstrations in the white communities of Chicago will be renewed.

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[redacted] confirmed the above information. He feels that CFM is certain that the reception by the realtors on August 19, 1966, will be the same as it has been in the past, giving them justification for renewing and intensifying the demonstrations. He further stated that CCHR does not anticipate any problems or disorders in the various neighborhoods as a result of visits to realtors since such activity is to be conducted by small groups and on a scattered basis.

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[redacted] subsequently advised at 10:45 p.m., August 18, 1966, that the mass meeting at Action Center Number 1 concluded at 10:30 p.m. without incident or arrest. Al Raby, Coordinator, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCO), announced plans to test realty companies on August 19, 1966, as described above and cancel the march previously scheduled for August 19, 1966. Raby further stated that barring a complete change of attitude on the part of such realty companies, demonstrations would be held Sunday, August 21, 1966, in the areas that were to be tested on August 19, 1966. Raby announced that there would be a subsequent mass meeting August 19, 1966, at the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, to evaluate the results of the testing.

Reverend James Bevel and Reverend Jessie Jackson also spoke at such mass meeting and were critical of Chicago Mayor Richard Daley and branded the CCHR as a tool of the city administration. Dr. King concluded the meeting, making brief remarks which, in essence, advised that demonstrations would terminate when Chicago was an open city.

The "Chicago American" Green Streak edition, August 18, 1966, carried an article which stated in effect that the previously held "Summit" meeting between civil rights and community leaders held August 17, 1966,

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in Chicago, was a "farce." The article states that the civil rights leaders never had any intention of calling off the marchers. The source credited for such article was an unidentified individual who attended the meeting. Such unidentified source stated that "Every time we'd make a concession, they'd push for something more. Suddenly, it dawned on us this whole meeting was a farce." The American's informant said King made it clear they were not prepared to give up "the only weapon they had."

[redacted] was aware of the above article [redacted] considered it as emanating most probably from a member of the Board of Realtors and is somewhat distorted. CCHR considers that the meeting was fruitful with more progress achieved than anticipated, principally in the change of position by the Board of Realtors regarding their endorsement supporting the principle of open occupancy, a very significant concession on their part. On August 18, 1966 and August 19, 1966, the above information was provided to the following individuals:

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United States Army,
[redacted]

United States Secret Service
[redacted]

United States Attorney's Office
Assistant United States Attorney
[redacted]

A copy of this memorandum has been designated for each of the above agencies.

1 APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

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In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

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AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party(ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

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APPENDIX

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NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

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1 APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race miximg and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CG 157-1261
105-4630
157-3

Chicago, Illinois
August 19, 1966

Title DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Character RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to memorandum captioned and and dated as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
AUG 20 1966
TELETYPE

FBI CHICAGO

620 PM CDST URGENT 8/20/66 JLV

TO DIRECTOR (100-439048) (61-7862)

FROM CHICAGO (100-40903) (100-28823) (157-1261)

COMINFIL, STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS). IS - C; HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (HUAC); DEMONSTRATIONS BY THE CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE, GAGE PARK, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. RM.

PROTEST DEMONSTRATION AGAINST HUAC HELD TODAY AS SCHEDULED AT U.S. COURT HOUSE, CHICAGO, UNDER SDS SPONSORSHIP. DEMONSTRATION WHICH BEGAN AT APPROXIMATELY ONE TEN PM AND ENDED AT TWO FORTY PM WAS ATTENDED BY ONLY SEVENTY PERSONS WITH AUDIENCE RANGING FROM THIRTY TO FORTY PERSONS. DEMONSTRATION FEATURED SPEAKERS FROM CHICAGO COMMITTEE TO DEFEND BILL OF RIGHTS, DU BOIS CLUB, CHICAGO COMMITTEE AGAINST WAR IN VIETNAM, SDS, AMERICAN FRIENDS SERVICE COMMITTEE, ETS, SPEAKERS AND LITERATURE PASSED OUT AT MEETING CONDEMNED HUAC HEARING WAR IN VIETNAM AND RECENT USE OF INJUNCTION BY CHICAGO'S MAYOR DAL SPEAKERS STATED DALEY'S ACTION WAS UNCONSTITUTIONAL BLOW AGAINST T RIGHT TO DESCENT AND CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT.

END PAGE ONE

AUG 26 1966

cc Knuckelson

100-438794

NOT RECORDED
191 AUG 29 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-17-80 BY SP4J Rmlr
54688 73518 C86514

57 SEP 8 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-438794

THERE WERE TWO MINOR INCIDENTS, ONE INVOLVING A NAZI HECKLER COMING FORTH FROM CROWD AND DENOUNCING SPEAKERS AS COMMUNISTS. HECKLER REMOVED BY POLICE AND NO ARREST MADE.

USA, USM, SECRET SERVICE AND MILITARY ADVISED. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

WA...DLH

FBI WASH DC

TKS CLR

FBI

Date: 8-22-66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ... SLIP (S) OF ... DATE ...

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
RM (KLAN)

DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC. (DDJ)
RM

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY ... REA... FOR EXTENSION ... DATE OF ... FOR ... DECLASSIFICATION 8-22-86

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. AUG 29 1966

How Forw. R-5

By ... RACIAL UNIT

9 - Bureau (Enc. 17) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
(1 - 105-66233) (NSRP)
(1 - 105-70374) (ANP)
(1 - 157-168) (KKK)
(1 - 157-2466) (DDJ)
(1 - 157-3909) (SOCCA)
3 - Atlanta (Enc. 3) (RM)
(1 - 157-60) (National Knights of KKK)
(1 - 100-5718) (Cominfil SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1 - Charlotte (Enc. 1) (RM)
(1 [redacted]

Copies continued on 11 page

PRE:csm
(50)

100-438794
1cc 922

NOT RECORDED
167 SEP 2 1966

17 AUG 26 1966

ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

C C- Wick

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRH/AP ON 2-28-83

INT. SEC.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

CG 157-1261

2 - Cleveland (Enc. 2) (RM)
(1 -) (KKK)
(1 -) (EVAN LEWIS)
2 - Cincinnati (157-245) (Enc. 2) (RM)
1 - Los Angeles (157-759) (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - New Orleans (Enc. 1) (RM)
(1 -) (DDJ)
4 - Richmond (Enc. 4) (RM)
(1 - 157-93) (ANP)
(1 - 157-89) (GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL)
(1 - 157-) [redacted] b6 b7C
(1 - 157-) (ROBERT FELTON BRUCE)
1 - Savannah (Enc. 1) (RM)
(1 -) (NSRP)
2 - St. Louis (Enc. 2) (RM)
(1 -) (KKK)
(1 -) [redacted] b7D
2 - Springfield (Enc. 2) (RM)
22 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238) (SCLC)
(1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
(1 - 157-979) (OCCI)
(1 - 105-4630) (NSRP)
(1 - 157-3) (ANP)
(1 - 157-895) (KKK)
(1 - 157-572) (DDJ)
(1 - 157-771)
(1 - 157-) (Garfield Park Union to End Slums)
(1 - 157-976) (EDWARD CRAWFORD)
(1 - 157-) [redacted] b6 b7C
(1 - 157-1246)
(1 - 157-288)
(1 - 157-)
(1 - 157-)
(1 - 157-)
(1 [redacted] b6 b7C b7D
(1
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CG 157-1261

Re Chicago teletypes to Bureau dated 8/19, 20, 21/66. Cincinnati teletype to Bureau dated 8/19/66 captioned "NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, RM - KLAN, OO: ATLANTA."

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 17 copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning activities and actions by each of the captioned groups in the Chicago, Illinois, area.

One copy of this letterhead memorandum is being furnished to office of United States Attorney, Chicago, Illino

The sources utilized in this memorandum are as follo

First Source [redacted] (protec requested)

b7D

Second Source [redacted]

Third Source [redacted]

Fourth Source

Fifth Source

Sixth Source

Seventh Source

Eighth Source

Ninth Source

Additional copies of this airtel and attached letterhead memorandum are being furnished to the Bureau for cases indicated.

For the information of the Cincinnati Division, on 8/21/66 during the course of the National States Rights (NSR) - Ku Klux Klan (KKK) activity in Marquette Park, Chicago, as is set forth in attached letterhead memorandum, Agents of the Chicago Office of the FBI observed and reported the following Ohio automobiles at the scene. These cars displayed KKK signs thereon and bore 1966 Ohio license numbers:

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[redacted]

Cincinnati is requested to obtain the subscribers to the above and furnish results and characterizations of subscribers to same in a letterhead memorandum with the Chicago march caption and the National Knights of Ku Klux Klan caption suitable for dissemination with copy for United States Attorney, Chicago.

Copies of this communication are also being furnished to Springfield as lead set out for that Division in Chicago teletype dated 8/20/66 requesting liaison for possible call up of troops in Cicero march, anticipated 8/28/66.

Copies submitted to other offices for information are as indicated.

Chicago is following these matters closely and the Bureau will be kept advised.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 05-22-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 22, 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RACIAL MATTER (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
RACIAL MATTER (KLAN)

DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INCORPORATED
RACIAL MATTER

9803 RDD/DP 7-18-80
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-22-86
73516
54688
80514
DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT LED
ON 2/28/83

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE 3-21-83

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 19, 1966, captioned as above.

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, on August 19, 1966, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that a court injunction had been obtained on August 19, 1966, restricting demonstrations by the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) - Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) in Chicago. The injunction which was issued by Judge Harrington, Circuit Court, was brought in the name of Police Superintendent O. W. Wilson and named Martin Luther King and his top aids as defendants. The relief it granted restricts demonstrators to 500 in number, prohibits night marches, and provides 24 hours notice by the above groups to police authorities regarding their demonstration intentions.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusion of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CONFIDENTIAL ENCLOSURE 100-438774-

ENCLOSURE

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[redacted] stated that King was scheduled to obtain a copy of the injunction August 19, 1966. The "Chicago American" issue of August 19, 1966, reveals that Chicago's Mayor Daley would appear on television the evening of August 19, 1966, to explain the reason for the injunction to the people of Chicago. This article also stated that a meeting held August 19, 1966, by the civil rights and community leaders involved a discussion of implementation of open housing in Chicago. Al Raby, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCO) Convenor and CFM official, was quoted as saying, "We got nothing out of it concerning real problems."

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A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 19, 1966, that the temporary restraining order issued August 19, 1966, by Circuit Judge Cornelius Harrington, restricts marches as follows:

> Twenty-four hour notice of march must be given.
>
> No march in more than one area.
>
> No more than 500 marchers.
>
> Marches must be held during daylight hours and not during peak traffic periods.

Source advised that the order is enforceable [illegible] hearing on a permanent injunction calling for the same [illegible] Source stated that James Bevel of the SCLC had announced a meeting for August 19, 1966, to study the court order and determine what the consequences would be if the court order is broken. Bevel reportedly made the statement that he has no

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CONFIDENTIAL

of breaking the court order and would gladly go to jail to open up the housing situation. This source stated that Doctor Martin Luther King classified the order as a tragedy on the their efforts. He reportedly stated he was going to study the order but did not feel it would stand a Federal Court test. He also stated "we have violated injunctions before in the south" but would not say his group would violate this order pending a study of it.

Chicago's Mayor Richard Daley in a television address at 10:00 p.m. August 19, 1966, stated essentially as follows:

The right of petition by demonstrations has never been questioned and is not being questioned in this instance. The injunction is not an effort to interfere with this right but only an effort to have reasonable demonstrations and to end the type of demonstration which has adversely affected the rights of all other citizens of Chicago and that demonstrations have made it impossible for police to protect the lives and property of all citizens. Civil rights leaders have consistently failed to properly inform the Chicago Police Department of their plans, routes, numbers, and destinations. The marches have also been held at night and at rush hours and in such a manner as to tax the resources of the Chicago Police Department. Disorders in the neighborhoods during demonstrations have resulted primarily from the influx of outside extremists of all persuasions rather than primarily from residents of march areas. Marches are arousing hatred and civil rights issues are being reduced to the level of street riots. It was stressed that the injunction was not an effort to interfere in such fashion as to interfere with Constitutional right of protest only to regulate marches in such fashion as to protest the Constitutional rights, safety and property of all the citizens of Chicago.

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DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

CONFIDENTIAL

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[redacted] advised August 19, 1966, that he had no information regarding a meeting of the CFM - SCLC that evening and feels that the injunction has interrupted previous CFM schedules. [redacted] advised that testing of various realtors in all parts of the city took place as scheduled on August 19, 1966, with no incidents. Martin Luther King personally participated in testing at several realtors and their reception was reported to be generally similar to previous CFM receptions at realtors.

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RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

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Concerning the injunction by Judge Harrington, wording reflects it prohibits eight individuals their associates and three organizations from staging more than one march or demonstration a day within the City, and limits participants to 500. Defendants include Martin Luther King, SCLC, and three of his top aids, Reverend James Bevel, Reverend Jesse Jackson, and Reverend Andrew Young. Also named were Al Raby, convenor of CCCO, and officials of the Oakland Committee for Community Improvement; Frank Ditto, Albert Ransom, and Reverend William Albin Pitcher, the latter being associate professor of Divinity at the University of Chicago.

[redacted] b6 b7C
Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI on August 20, 1966, that the testing by civil rights workers of Chicago realty firms on August 19, 1966, was peaceful without incident or arrest. He noted that the "summit" meetings between civil rights and community leaders would continue despite the recent injunction in an attempt to peacefully resolve the issue of open occupancy.

[redacted]
Chicago Police Department, advised on August 20, 1966, that the Garfield Park Union to End Slums has scheduled a "visit" at 4:00 p.m., August 20, 1966, at the home of Paul Shane, 4800 North Sawyer, to protest alleged slum conditions of buildings owned by Shane at 3100 West Fulton, Chicago. An estimated 30 to 40 demonstrators are expected. [redacted] also advised that at 2:30 p.m., August 20, 1966, Martin Luther King announced at a press conference that the SCLC plans to conduct a demonstration at 3:00 p.m., August 21, 1966, in the South Deering section of Chicago. He said the demonstration will be limited to 500, and will conduct vigils at realty offices in the Deering area, assembling at the Liberty Baptist Church, 4900 South Lake Park Avenue.

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He announced that if sufficient demonstrators were available, picketing would also be conducted at various unnamed suburban realty offices.

[redacted] Police Department, advised on August 20, 1966, that he was contacted by Albert Pitcher, and advised that SCLC demonstrators would conduct two marches in the Chicago suburbs on August 21, 1966. One march was to be in Chicago Heights, Illinois, and one in Evergreen Park, Illinois. The marches would take place between 4:00 and 5:00 p.m., and both would consist of approximately 500 demonstrators. No line of march was available at this time. Pitcher advised that the marches are considered educational marches to educate Chicago suburbs. The Evergreen march would be led by Pitcher, and the Chicago Heights march would be led by Jerry Davis, both associated with SCLC. Pitcher further stated that Martin Luther King would conduct a march in Cicero, Illinois, August 28, 1966.

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[redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised on August 20, 1966, that 22 demonstrators marched approximately five miles at 4831 North Sawyer, Chicago, before dispersing at 4:40 p.m. on this date. The demonstrators were orderly, and there were no incidents or arrests. The Chicago Police Department advised that Paul Shane does not live at the above address, and reportedly never has.

A second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 20, 1966, that the SCLC plans a rally and speech by Martin Luther King at 2:00 p.m., August 21, 1966, at the Liberty Baptist Church, Chicago, and then march to the Deering area of Chicago, leaving the church at approximately 3:00 p.m. that same day. This source also confirmed an announcement by King that the SCLC will conduct a march in Cicero, Illinois, August 28, 1966.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

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[redacted] Police Department, advised on August 20, 1966, that information had been received by his department that the SCLC was to march and hold short prayer vigils at the Arquilla Real Estate Company, Olympia Plaza Shopping Center, Chicago Heights, Illinois, at 3:00 or 3:30 p.m., August 21, 1966. The group above was to march from the Chicago Heights City Hall to the real estate company and return.

[redacted] Deputy Superintendent's Office, Chicago Police Department, advised August 20, 1966, that the SCLC is scheduled to march to three real estate offices on August 21, 1966 at Evergreen Park, Illinois:

The Triezenberg and Company Realty
2917 West 95th;

The A.G. Briggs and Sons Realty
3228 West 95th;

E.J. Nie burt Realty
3408 West 95th, all Evergreen Park

Local Chicago news media reported the following information on August 20, 1966:

Martin Luther King was reported as stating that the civil rights movement would abide by the injunction provisions this week, awaiting outcome of a second "summit" meeting between civil rights leaders and religious civic and political officials scheduled for Friday, August 26, 1966. King reportedly advised if the meeting fails to produce an agreement and if the injunction is not previously reversed, "we will have no choice but to break it". King is also reported as stating "our lawyers have still not decided whether to take the case to the federal courts or to fight it in the circuit court".

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Cook County Sheriff Richard B. Ogilvie was quoted as saying August 20, 1966, that a call-up of the Illinois National Guard will be required to protect against violence if the civil rights movement marches to Cicero. News media reported that a spokesman for Governor Kerner in Springfield said the situation was being followed closely, but that Kerner had no immediate comment on the possibility of calling up the National Guard. News media reported that the Commander of the Illinois National Guard indicated August 20, 1966, that no plans had been drawn for use of the National Guard in Cicero, Illinois.

The following information pertains to the following captioned activities on the dates indicated:

South Deering, Chicago March

The "Chicago Tribune", issue of August 21, 1966, reflects the following route proposed for the King march into South Deering on August 21, 1966. The marchers will drive from the Liberty Baptist Church, Chicago, Illinois, to the Eggers Grove Forest Preserve, 112th Street and Avenue B, where the cars will be parked. From this lot, they will march on foot South to 112th Street, walk West on 112th Street, to Ewing Avenue, where they will then walk North on 112th to Eggers Park, and then return to their automobiles. The group would pause at three real estate offices on the way.

[redacted] Chicago Police Department Task Force Unit, advised at 1:00 p.m., August 21, 1966, the CFM - SCLC march was to leave the Liberty Baptist Church, 49th and South Park Avenue, at 3:00p.m. via motorcade on the Dan Ryan Expressway to 95th Street. They will park their automobiles in Eggers Park and continue on the above mentioned route. b6 b7C

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At 1:45 p.m., August 21, 1966, the Intelligence Unit, Chicago Police Department, reported that approximately 300 to 400 people had gathered at the Liberty Baptist Church awaiting the arrival of Dr. King.

At 2:58 p.m., the Chicago Police Department Task Force reported that approximately 700 people had gathered inside the above church, and approximately 200 to 300 people were standing by outside. Also, approximately 10 automobiles with drivers were standing by outside the church while the march was being organized. Six people per car were being designated. At this time, the Task Force also reported that large crowds were gathering in the area of the South Deering section, Chicago, along the proposed route of Dr. King's march.

The Chicago Police Department Communications Unit advised at 3:30 p.m. that approximately 50 to 60 counter demonstrators were congregating at 108th Street and Ewing Avenue in the South Deering area, awaiting the marchers. Some were carrying placards reading "Rockwell for President" and "Down with Cody and his Communist Party" (the latter apparently refering to Archbishop Cody of the Catholic Diocese of Chicago).

At 3:42 p.m., the Chicago Police Department, Communication Unit, reported that Dr. King arrived at the church, and at 3:55 p.m. he was reported to have left the church leading a group of approximately 400 persons.

At 4:20 p.m., August 21, 1966, above reported a caravan of 65 cars, with King in the lead car, had left the church, and was heading for the South Deering District. As of 4:20 p.m., King's motorcade was heading East bound on 95th Street, and that 425 persons were estimated in the motorcade.

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The above unit reported at 4:56 p.m. that the procession of cars had arrived at 112th and Avenue E. Large crowds of spectators were also reported as gathering at 104th, 106th and 108th and Ewing. Five or six bus loads of Police Department officers were dispatched to the scene. The Communications Unit advised at 5:23 p.m. the marchers had left the area of the parking lot, and were moving West to Ewing Avenue. A heavy rainstorm had driven most of the people off the street in the Deering area. The Police Department Task Force and Communications Unit reported at 6:05 p.m. that the marchers were at 109th and Ewing, going in a northerly direction. White residents, mostly youths, were being dispersed before they could cause trouble. According to [redacted] Chicago Police Department, 700 Chicago policemen were committed to patrol the demonstration on August 21, 1966, in the South Deering and Marquette Park areas. At 6:39 p.m., the Chicago Police Department, Communications Unit, reported that the marchers had stopped to pray at the Schultz Realty, 104th and Ewing. After they had reached the end of the march route at 7:03 p.m., they had turned around and were returning to the stadium area.

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As of 7:10 p.m., the Fourth District, Chicago Police Department, had reported a total of 17 persons arrested in the vicinity of 106th Street and Ewing and Avenue O since the beginning of the march, including three for riding in a car displaying swastikas and 14 others as of that time for disorderly conduct in failing to respond to police orders.

As of 7:40 p.m., the marchers had left the staging area and the Police Department Task Force reported that police personnel had been released as of 7:49 p.m. The Fourth District reported that although large crowds of hecklers had gathered along the route of the march, there were no serious incidents, however, some rock throwing between 105th and 106th on Ewing was reported. This rock throwing was not observed by Police Department units. There was no damage to property Those arrested in the South Deering march include the following

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[redacted] age 19,
Charge: underage drinking;

[redacted] age 20,
Charge: disorderly conduct;

[redacted] age 18,
Charge: disorderly conduct;

[redacted] age 19,
Charge: underage drinking;

[redacted] age 17,
Charge: underage drinking;

[redacted] age 53,
Charge: disorderly conduct;

[redacted] age 16;

[redacted] age 21;

[redacted], age 19;

[redacted] age 20;

[redacted] age 20;

[redacted] age 27;

[redacted] age 26;

[redacted] age 19;

[redacted], age 41;

[redacted] age 27

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Evergreen Park, Chicago March

Concerning the SCLC march in Evergreen Park, the following is noted:

The Evergreen Park Police Department on August 20, 1966, advised that it is working with the Illinois State Police in this area. The Evergreen Park Police Department will have 40 men available, and the Illinois State Police 160 men. Headquarters for police officers would be located in a mobile unit at 99th and Kedzie. The route of the march was as follows:

The marchers reportedly would leave their automobiles at 95th and Millard. They would walk East on the North side of the street to the 2900 block of 95th. They would cross to the South side of the street, and return West to their automobiles at 95th and Millard. The group would then return in their automobiles to Chicago.

The Chicago Police Department, Communications Unit, reported at 3:42 p.m., August 21, 1966, that a group of undetermined number of demonstrators had left the Liberty Baptist Church for the Evergreen Park area and their anticipated march. At 4:02 p.m., information was received from the Illinois State Police at 95th and Kedzie, Evergreen Park, reflecting that the marchers were to assemble in the parking area of the National Tea Store, 95th and Lawndale, and from there would march on foot along 95th Street to Francisco Avenue (2900 West), stopping during their march for prayer vigils at three real estate firms. The Illinois State Police advised that approximately 160 officers had been dispatched to cover the route of the march.

At 4:38 p.m., the Illinois State Police at Evergreen Park, where Illinois State Police [redacted] was at the scene, reported that a group of SCLC demonstrators had left 47th and South Park en route to Evergreen Park. 65 cars carrying 300 to 500 demonstrations were reportedly in this group. b6 b7C

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The Evergreen Park Police Department reported at 5:38 p.m. that about 150 young teenagers in the vicinity of 95th and Kedzie were throwing rocks at Negro occupied cars in the area. The Illinois State Police were called to disperse this group.

At 5:38 p.m., 25 cars of marchers had arrived at the National Tea parking lot assembly area, 2000 West 95th Street, and the Evergreen Park Police Department reported that another group of marchers in automobiles had called from the Evergreen Plaza at 95th and Western requesting a police escort to take them to the assembly area. As of 5:55 p.m., the assemblage of marchers at 2000 West 95th Street had grown to approximately 300, according to the Sheriff's Office, Homewood, Illinois. The Evergreen Park march began shortly after 5:45 p.m. There were numerous hecklers lined up along the route of the march.

At 6:00 p.m., the Evergreen Park Police Department reported that the group of marchers moved East on West 95th Street from the parking lot at 95th and Lawndale. The group stopped briefly at Neiburt Realty, 3408 West 95th Street, and Briggs and Son Realty, 3225 West 95th Street. The marchers then went to Triezenbergs, 2917 West 95th Street. As of this time, one white teenager was being detained at the Evergreen Park Police Department. The youth reportedly was a known troublemaker. At 6:25 p.m., the marchers had reached their turn around point, and all went back to their automobiles. Large groups of teens were located at Western and 95th Street and at other points along the way, heckling and otherwise attempting to disrupt the march. Also from the above source one State Police officer was reportedly struck by a rock thrown by a white teenager. The injury was not serious, and the youth was in custody.

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At 6:55 p.m., the marchers reportedly had returned to their automobiles and hecklers were being retained by police.

At 7:05 p.m. all marchers were in their cars and reportedly had left the parking area. Some rocks were thrown at automobiles, however, no marchers were hurt or struck. The Chief of Police A.L. Breitzmann reported that three officers had been hit by rocks, but were not incapacitated. The leaders of the Evergreen march were Jesse Jackson and Al Raby. There were approximately 600 marchers who participated and 500 to 600 people followed the march, mostly teenagers. There was no property damaged. The following persons were arrested, however, no charges had been filed as yet:

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[redacted] age 21;
[redacted] age 17;
[redacted] age 19;
[redacted] age 26;
[redacted] age 17;
[redacted] age 17;
[redacted] age 18;
[redacted] age 15;
[redacted] age 16

The area was then calm.

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Chicago Heights March

Concerning the Chicago Heights march, the Chicago Heights Police Department advised on August 21, 1966, that they would 35 to 40 men available. The Sheriff's Police working with them would have 80 men available, and would have headquarters in Homewood, Illinois. The Sheriff's Police would be working both the Evergreen Park march and the Chicago Heights march, and their men will be directed as needed. The marchers were reported planning to leave their automobiles at the City Hall in Chicago Heights, and the route of march by the SCLC was not then available. The march, however, was expected to get under way at approximately 5:00 p.m.

The Chicago Heights Police Department reported at 4:20 p.m. that cars were pulling within the City Hall area, and the Chicago Heights Police Department was awaiting the arrival of the Chicago march group which at 4:26 p.m. was reported as on its way via bus.

At 4:50 p.m. 10 or 15 men wearing hard hats and wearing arm bands with SOCCA (Steering Organization for Coordinated Community Action) printed on them, joined in the above group of about 95 individuals at the Chicago Heights City Hall.

At 5:43 p.m., the Chicago Heights Police Department reportedthat115 local persons had been joined by about 165 marchers from the SCLC in Chicago and had left the assembly point at City Hall on the march route. A sparse crowd of onlookers was reported, and no arrests or incidents were reported at this time.

At 6:20 p.m., it was reported by the above, that approximately 300 marchers were participating and that Jerry Davis was identified as the leader of the march.

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At 6:42 p.m. the marchers had completed their short march, and had returned to the City Hall area. The march was described as being very orderly. There were few spectators and no arrests. There were no incidents and the march was completed at 7:30 p.m., and the marchers were out of the area and police dismissed at approximately 7:50 p.m. During the route of the march, the demonstrators had stopped briefly at the George Arquilla Realty Company, Chicago Heights.

Deacons of Defense and Justice, Inc. (DDJ)

[redacted] b6 b7C
Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI on August 20, 1966, that [redacted] contacted the Chicago Police Department on August 20, 1966, and advised that the local chapter of the DDJ plan a march at 3:00 p.m., August 21, 1966, in the Gage Park area of Chicago. The group planned to assemble at the DDJ headquarters, 1230 South Pulaski, and then drive to the Gage Park area for their march. [redacted] would not furnish the Police Department with information as to where the group intended to park their vehicles or the line of march. [redacted] did state the group plans to march North from 59th and Western to 55th Street, but he would furnish no additional details and was very vague.

On August 21, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department Task Force, and Human Relations Unit, Chicago Police Department, both advised that the scheduled DDJ march into the Gage Park area had been cancelled, and that the group had pulled out of their anticipated march.

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Activities of American Nazi Party (ANP),
National States Rights Party (NSRP) and
National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan (NKKK)

A third source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 20, 1966, that several members of the Ku Klux Klan were in the Chicago area and that Klansmen intended to distribute literature in the downtown Chicago area on August 20, 1966, and were also scheduled to participate in a joint NSRP-ANP Marquette Park rally August 21, 1966.

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On August 20, 1966, [redacted] advised that on the afternoon of August 20, 1966, he saw two males wearing Ku Klux Klan hoods driving south on Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, in a green Cadillac, bearing 1966 Ohio License Plate [redacted]

Ohio License [redacted]

[redacted], Chicago Police Department, Task Force, advised at 1:00 PM, August 21, 1966, that the ANP led by Commander George Lincoln Rockwell, is expected in the Marquette Park area of Chicago at approximately 2:00 PM. He said that the police will attempt to stop Rockwell peacefully from speaking and will utilize "no permit rule" to stop his talk. The Chicago Police Department, Human Relations Unit, advised at 1:20 PM, August 21, 1966, that the ANP, led by George Lincoln Rockwell, was expected to hold a rally in Marquette Park at about 2:00 PM, followed by a rally by the NSRP at 3:00 PM

Concerning the NSRP a fourth source who has furnished [redacted]

A fifth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 21, 1966, that a group led by George Lincoln Rockwell, would leave the Chicago ANP Headquarters at 12:[illegible]

for Marquette Park. Rockwell reportedly would have a small group with him and attempt to pick up others from the neighborhood. This source also reported that on the evening of August 20, 1966, a group of ANP people had passed out pamphlets in the vicinity of Marquette Park. This source reported that [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

A sixth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised at 3:00 P.M., August 21, 1966, that Rockwell and a small group of members of the ANP had arrived in the vicinity of Marquette Park at approximately 1:00 PM. He arrived in his camper truck which displayed anti-Negro signs and at about 2:00 P.M. held a short rally exspousing his usual anti-Negro and anti-Semetic statements and called for a "white guard". Source reported that approximately 2,000 to 2,500 were in the park at this time, however, the rally was cut short by a rain storm. Rockwell indicated that there would be a meeting of the ANP at 7:30 P.M. at the Chicago ANP Headquarters.

At 3:10 P.M., Chicago Police Department, Communications Section, advised that Rockwell had made his speech before the arrival of the Chicago Police Department and before the Chicago Police Department could warn him regarding the necessity of a speech permit.

The Chicago Police Department, Task Force, reported at 3:15 P.M., August 21, 1966, that some representatives of the Ku Klux Klan and NSRP had arrived at the park following Rockwell's speeches, however, police on the scene informed them that they would not be permitted to speak without a permit. A crowd was reportedly regathering in the park area.

The sixth source advised that as of approximately 3:35 P.M., individuals in Klan robes were at Marquette Park area roaming through the park in klan attire.

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One such individual stepped up to a microphone and asked the question, "Do you believe in white power?", to which there was an affirmative response by a large gathering of white individuals in the park. The Chicago Police Department took this individual into custody and removed him from the park. The crowd in the park was reported highly agitated and emotional, yelling such remarks as "kill the Niggers" and "white power". The Chicago Police Department had a large force in the Marquette Park area.

The Chicago Police Department, 8th District, advised at 3:45 P.M., that a person arrested in Klan robes in Marquette Park was [redacted] white male, born August 16, 1932, residing [redacted] b6 b7C

A seventh source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 21, 1966, that Reverend Charles (Connie) Lynch from Bakersfield, California, a speaker for the NSRP, spoke at the rally sponsored by the NSRP at Marquette Park on August 21, 1966. Lynch began speaking at about 3:15 P.M. at which time there were about 50 persons present but the crowd had increased substantially after Lynch began to speak.

This speech criticized Martin Luther King for marching into the all white areas of Chicago and attempting to integrate these areas. He stated the Jews and Communists are primarily responsible for causing the recent racial problems in this country. King is responsible for causing the violence in these white areas and Lynch called upon the whites to organize in order to stop these marches. The white people in these areas should fight back against all of the persons who are participating in these marches. He added that the Supreme Court in this country is also Communist infiltrated and, therefore, many of their recent decisions have been responsible for increased integration. Lynch said he had recently been in Baltimore, Maryland, to speak against integration and to call for all white people to organize against persons calling for integration. Lynch said King should be barred from having more marches and if the authorities did not stop these marches,

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the white people in the area should take it upon themselves to stop the marches. He criticized the Chicago Police Department for assaulting, injuring, and arresting white persons whenever Negroes march into white areas and said the Police Department should discontinue doing that because it is only protecting the Negro marchers and the white people have the right to defend their homes and families. Lynch said the white people should fight the Police Department if necessary to stop integration and the destruction of their neighborhoods.

This source stated that after speaking about one-half hour, Lynch was arrested by the Chicago Police Department and taken from the area. At the end of Lynch's speech, there were approximately 1,000 persons in the area. Three unknown men wearing robes of the Ku Klux Klan were also at the above NSRP rally.

The above source advised that the following persons associated with the Chicago Branch of the NSRP were also in attendance at the above NSRP rally:

Mary King
Michael Landis
Michael Murray
Raymond Sowa
Roy Wake.

On July 21, 1966, Raymond Sowa advised that he is the chairman of the Chicago Branch of the NSRP.

The above source advised after Lynch was arrested, a crowd of 700 persons started to march to the Chicago Lawn Police Department district where Lynch was taken and this group was protesting Lynch's arrest. During this march, Mary King, mentioned above, incited the crowd by saying a white man had been shot. During this march this group of persons threw stones and pop bottles

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at approximately 10 automobiles which contained Negro occupants thereby breaking the windows in these automobiles.

On August 22, 1966, an eighth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Reverend Charles (Connie) Lynch spoke at the above NSRP rally on August 21, 1966.

This source stated that Lynch said the Communists are responsible for causing integration and all of the racial problems in this country. The "Niggers" should not be shipped back to Africa but they should be buried here. He added that he advocates violence against situations where Negroes are attempting to gain entry into all white areas because they are inferior. In fact, everyone should realize at this time that you do not have to advocate violence because violence is presently here. He added that the Jews in combination with the Communists are the real instigators for integration and world Jewry has long been responsible for providing the financial means for integration. Lynch stated he wants to hang President Johnson because he feels he is the individual who is actually responsible for integration. Whenever the Police Departments do not stop the Negro marches into white areas the people in these areas should organize and fight the police if necessary so that the "Niggers" do not take over. He added that in his opinion, many times the Police Departments are guilty of allowing the Negroes to break laws and cause violence in different areas. He added that President Johnson, Vice President Humphrey, and the Supreme Court of the United States are all influenced by Communists and people must organize to put a stop to the Communists taking over. Lynch called for the people present to join the NSRP in order to fight any integration attempts.

The Chicago Police Department, 8th District, advised 4:34 P.M. that on authorization of Chicago Corporate Council they arrested Connie Lynch, spokesman of the NSRP at 67th and Kedzie. As a result of the arrest of Lynch, some of his followers and part of the group assembled in the park and began a march

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on the 8th District who called for reinforcements pending the arrivial of the white marchers. As of 4:32 P.M., the 8th District reported that a group of about 300 to 400, described mostly as "young punks" were stopped by the Police Department and dispersed one block from the 8th District station. Also it was reported that there was some stoning of passing Negro cars in the area of Marquette Park and several youths were arrested.

At 4:36 P.M., a Police Department unit at Marquette Park reported that a large group of people were still in the park and attempted to drag Negro occupants out of a passing car but were stopped by the police.

At 4:55 P.M., the 8th District, Chicago Police Department, reported that the above-mentioned Lynch and Lewis were charged with "addressing a group without permit", and that the Police were successful in dispersing the group which was marching on the Police Station.

Chicago Police Department, Task Force, reported at 5:04 P.M. that the group of NSRP which had been dispersed were regrouping at 63rd and Kedzie and at 5:34 P.M., groups were reported blocking streets and sidewalks at 67th and Albany. Squads were dispatched to disperse the crowds which was done also with the help of heavy rains. As of 5:27 P.M., the 8th District reported that Lynch and Lewis were both scheduled to appear at Municipal Court, Branch 46, at 1:00 P.M., Monday, August 22, 1966. In addition to the above arrests of Lynch and Lewis, it was reported that the 8th District had arrested five additional adults and three juveniles. The juveniles were charged with rock throwing and released. The other five for disorderly conduct and speech making without a permit. The individuals arrested were:

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[redacted] Chicago, age 19; b6 b7C
[redacted] Chicago, age 30;
[redacted] Chicago, age 42;
[redacted] Chicago, age 28;
[redacted] Chicago, age 20.

On August 21, 1966, Agents of the Chicago Office of the FBI, observed in the vicinity of Marquette Park, Chicago, Illinois, four automobiles which displayed Ku Klux Klan signs and bearing the following 1966 Ohio licenses: [redacted]

At 9:30 P.M., August 21, 1966, Chicago Police Department, Intelligence Unit, reported that 70 to 100 people had attended an open meeting of the ANP the evening of August 21, 1966, at Chicago. George Lincoln Rockwell spoke and it was announced that the ANP would hold a rally in Gage Park at 1:00 P.M., September 10, 1966, after which the ANP would sponsor a march into a Negro community. Source advised that a small disturbance errupted in the meeting caused by an unidentified male who departed the meeting prior to the arrival of the Chicago Police Department answering a complaint. No injuries were reported. The meeting was over at 8:35 P.M.

A ninth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 21, 1966, that George Lincoln Rockwell held a meeting at the Chicago Branch of the ANP on the evening of August 21, 1966. There were approximately 100 persons in attendance at this meeting.

This source stated that Rockwell spoke concerning his speech in Marquette Park, Chicago on August 21, 1966. Rockwell was pleased with the reception he had received in Marquette Park and said they should continue to organize white persons in the area to oppose the marches into white areas by Martin Luther King. He said they should cooperate with the Chicago Police Department because the Police Department is also "fed up" with these marches and wanted to stop the marches. He asked those present to raise their hands to signify whether they were at Marquette Park on August 21, 1966, and the majority of those present raised their hands. Rockwell criticized the Chicago newspapers for reporting

that there were only 500 persons present at his speech because he said there were at least 2,000 persons there. He added that the ANP should organize a "white guard" to oppose integration and he said that this "white guard" should work with the Chicago Police Department.

Rockwell said the ANP plans to have a rally at Gage Park, Chicago, at 1:00 P.M., on September 10, 1966. After this rally, they will have a march into all Negro areas in Chicago to show their opposition to integration. He said that those who participated in this march should not carry any weapons because if anything should happen, they should let the Police Department handle this situation. He also hopes to get some Ministers to participate in the march. The ANP will furnish Nazi arm bands and posters to the marchers and he also plans to have 50 men on motorcycles participate in the march. They will also obtain Nazi Party uniforms for the marchers. The above source added that John Patler, an official of the ANP from Arlington, Virginia, was also present at this meeting.

The above source added that approximately 10 of the persons present at this meeting were recognized as persons who attended Chicago ANP meetings regularly and the majority of those present appeared to be persons who attended this meeting as a result of Rockwell's appearance and speech in Marquette Park.

The following individuals and agencies were advised regarding the above on the dates indicated:

Assistant United States Attorney
[redacted] August 20, 1966;

[redacted] United States Secret Service, August 20, 1966;

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[redacted], Region 1,
113th INTC Group, Chicago, August 20, 1966;

[redacted] Region 1,
113th INTC Group, Chicago August 21, 1966;

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted]
August 21, 1966;

Agent [redacted] United States Secret Service,
August 21, 1966.

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The characterizations of the following organizations appear in the appendix section of this memorandum:

National States Rights Party
American Nazi Party
National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan
Deacons of Defense and Justice, Inc.

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APPENDIX

1

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957 issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

2

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt", is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt".

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

APPENDIX

1

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempt to have integration between whites and Negroes.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

1

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World", copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader", a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State ofVirginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuantto an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP-WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and presonality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

2

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converte to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

APPENDIX

1

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party (ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of the meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

1

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC. (NKKK)

A source advised that on May 22, 1960, the National Grand Council of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan met at Atlanta, Georgia, to discuss consolidation of the Klan's unity of effort and activities to establish a National Fund, and a National Secretary, and to design a new flag. The meeting was attended by representatives of the Federation of the Ku Klux Klan, Alabama; Association of Arkansas Klans, Arkansas; Florida Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Association of Georgia Klans, Georgia; Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, North Carolina; Association of South Carolina Klans, South Carolina; Dixie Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Tennessee; and Kyksos Klan, Texas.

This source advised that at a consolidation meeting at Atlanta, Georgia, September 2-5, 1960, at which the North Carolina and Texas Klans were not represented, it was resolved and passed that their name be changed to National Ku Klux Klan.

A second source advised in March, 1964, that several meetings of Klan groups were held during the period 1960 to 1963 in an effort to unite the Klan groups under a single leadership.

The organization was granted a charter in De Kalb County, Georgia, November 1, 1963, under the name National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., as a "patriotic, secret, social and benevolent order".

A third source advised in December, 1963, that the organization had issued a statement of its program which indicated the organization to be anti-Negro, anti-Jewish, anti-Catholic, and anti-Foreign born.

The third source advised in August, 1964, that the organization has a headquarters in Tucker, Georgia, and the day-to-day operations are under the direction of James R. Venable, Chairman.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

1

APPENDIX

DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE,
INCORPORATED, aka
Deacons For Defense and Justice,
Incorporated

The Articles of Incorporation of the Deacons of Defense and Justice (DDJ) as on file with the Secretary of State, for the State of Louisiana, reflects that the Deacons of Defense and Justice, Incorporated is a Louisiana corporation domiciled at Jonesboro, Louisiana. The location and business office address of its registered office shall be Amos Service Station (rear), Beach Spring Road, Drawer B. Jonesboro, Louisiana.

"This corporation is organized for the following purposes and to carry on the following purposes:

To instruct, train, "teach and educate Citizens of the United States and especially minority groups in the fundamental principals of the republican form of government and our democratic way of life; to instruct, teach, train and educate said persons in the provisions of the constitution and laws of the United States and the State of Louisiana, as well as the constitution and laws of any other state wherein this corporation may operate; to instruct, teach, train and educate said persons in the use, value, and purpose of the ballot and the right to vote; to instruct, teach, train and educate said persons as to the duties and responsiblities of good citizenship relative to the obligation and duties of the community to the citizen: to further instruct, teach, train and educate said persons in the value of economic security and in the effective use of their spending power; to inspire in said persons a sense of responsiblity and to develop leadership.

RE: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT - SOUTHERN
CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INC.

2

This corporation has for its further purpose, and is dedicated to, the defense of the civil rights, property rights and personal rights of said people and will defend said rights by any and all honorable and legal means to the end that justice may be obtained. This corporation may establish chapters and conduct its business at any place in this State and elsewhere as permitted by law."

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/23/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, RICHMOND (157-93) - P -

SUBJECT: AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)

OO: RH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-17-80 BY SP4JRM/ld
54688, 73518, 80514

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
GAGE PARK AREA
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Re Richmond tel to Director, 8/19/66, and Chicago tel to Director, 8/22/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 15 copies of LHM concerning captioned matter. Copies of the LHM are being furnished Chicago in view of their investigative interest in this matter.

100-438794-

7 - Bureau (Enc. 15)(RM)
(3 - 105-70374)(ANP)
(2 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
(2 - DEMONSTRATIONS BY CFM, SCLC, GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILL.)
4 - Chicago (Enc. 4) (RM)
(2 - 157-3)(ANP)
(2 - 157-1261)
2 - Richmond
(1 - 157-93)(ANP)
(1 - 157-1711)

NOT RECORDED
100 SEP 2 1966

CARBON COPY

JAM/jeh
(13)

ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-70374

RH 157-93

The source utilized in attached LHM is [redacted] b7D

Copies of above-mentioned LHM are being furnished to the following:

U. S. Secret Service, 1800 "G" St., N.W., WDC;
U. S. Naval Investigative Service, Washington Navy Yard Building 200, WDC;
OSI, Department of Air Force, Bolling AFB, WDC;
MDW, U. S. Army, Room 2802, Tempo B, WDC.

Above referenced Chicago tel, 8/22/66, indicated ROCKWELL had left Chicago en route Arlington, Va., on that date, and he planned to return to Chicago for a rally and march on 9/10/66. The Richmond Division will advise Chicago of ROCKWELL's plans and itinerary.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Richmond, Virginia
August 23, 1966

Re: AMERICAN NAZI PARTY (ANP)

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

On August 19, 1966, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised George Lincoln Rockwell, self-styled national commander of the ANP, planned to leave Arlington, Virginia, at 11:00 A.M. on August 20, 1966. The source stated that Rockwell would leave from Washington National Airport via American Airlines Flight 281. The source added that Rockwell would hold a press conference upon his arrival at Chicago, Illinois, on August 20, 1966. He would then conduct a meeting of the ANP at ANP Chicago Headquarters during the evening of August 20, 1966, and would conduct a demonstration at Marquette Park, Chicago, Illinois, on the afternoon of August 21, 1966.

The above-mentioned source also advised that the ANP camper, described as a small pick-up truck with camping facilities attached to the rear, would leave Arlington, Virginia, en route to Chicago during the evening of August 19, 1966, with three members of the ANP. The camper had a large sign on the side with the words "White Power" located thereon and would be used in the demonstration at Marquette Park.

Concerning the ANP, see appendix.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-17-80 BY SP 4JRM/LL

ENCLOSURE

100-438794-

APPENDIX

1

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
OF THE WORLD UNION OF
FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL
SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE
GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World", copyrighted in 1961, George Lincoln Rockwell identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond New Leader", a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that George Lincoln Rockwell had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this requested was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that Rockwell's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by George Lincoln Rockwell at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by Adolf Hitler. He added that Rockwell is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jew and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual", an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and forth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses".

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that George Lincoln Rockwell believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses". The source stated Rockwell believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

This document contains neither recommendation nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

8/22/66

AIRTEL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-35336)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C
Southern Christian Leadership Conference

Reytel 8/21/66 captioned as above but also including "THREAT TO KILL."

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a letterhead memorandum and an information copy is being forwarded to Atlanta. A copy of the letterhead memorandum is also being furnished to the office of the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

Chicago is conducting no further investigation in connection with this particular information.

4 - Bureau (Enc. 12)
(1 - 100-438794)
1 - Atlanta (100-5536)(Info)(Enc. 1)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-10288)

JDK:mxc
(8)

100-438794

NOT RECORDED
201 AUG 30 1966

ENCLOSURE

55 SEP 2 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-27-77 BY 9603 KDD/dr

ORIGINAL FILED IN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

100-35356

Chicago, Illinois
August 22, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

At 12:17 AM on August 21, 1966, an individual who refused to furnish his name telephonically contacted the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), Chicago, Illinois, and stated he had been in a bar on Milwaukee Avenue near Fullerton Avenue and had overheard three or four men state that Martin Luther King was going to get killed and that a rifle grenade would be used. This individual would not furnish the location of the bar, refused to furnish any other information and terminated the conversation stating the FBI was talking to him in order to trace the call. He then hung up the telephone.

This information was furnished on August 21, 1966, to [redacted] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois; [redacted] U. S. Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois; and [redacted] Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago. It was also furnished to [redacted] of the Office of Deputy Superintendent [redacted] Chicago Police Department. b6 b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-27-79 BY 9803 RDD/DP

54688 80514
73518

ENCLOSURE

100-453791-

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/23/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, COLUMBIA (100-28)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Re Bureau airtel dated 3/14/66.

Contact with reliable sources of Columbia Office failed to produce any information concerning captioned matter.

Columbia Office will maintain contact with all reliable sources to determine any information in this matter.

The Bureau and Atlanta will be kept advised.

3-Bureau
2-Atlanta(100-5718)
1-Columbia

NLP:lmb
(6)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-17-80 BY SP4JRM/d
54688, 73518, 80514

REC-35 100-438794-1562

EX 10

AUG 24 1966

INT. SEC.

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1192705-0

Total Deleted Page(s) = 6
Page 120 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 132 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 150 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 151 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 152 ~ b7D;
Page 161 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
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X For this Page X
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CONGRESSIONAL INQUIRY UNIT

DATE _____

The following material has been reproduced for excising and review at FBIHQ and/or delivery to the House Select Committee on Assassinations:
(See Bufile 62-117290; re HSCA request dated 1-26-78

FILE NO. 100-438754

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106-03

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794) DATE: 9/2/66

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-4 J.RM/d
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-2-86
5-15-86
54688, 73518
80514

Re Buffalo letter to Bureau dated 6/9/66 captioned same date [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

PROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

The last item set forth on page 1 of referenced letter refers to the street address and telephone number of the headquarters of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC).

MOSSBURG NAT INT.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Buffalo (105-) [redacted]
2 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 - 157-698) (R. T. BLACKWELL)
AGS:cmp
(5)

100-438794-1569

by 367 VRT (5)

Declassify on: 2/9/83

EX-113

REC 70

RECORDED
SEP 6 1966

1cc 90 - 9+D

CONFIDENTIAL

77 SEP 26 1966

INT (SEC.)

AT 100-5718

The name R. T. BLACKWELL, appearing on page 2 of referenced letter, obviously refers to RANDOLPH T. BLACKWELL, who served as Program Director, SCLC, until 8/15/66 when he commenced a year's leave of absence from SCLC.

A characterization of BLACKWELL is attached hereto.

The sources used in the attached characterization are [redacted] and [redacted] respectively, both of whom have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

RANDOLPH T. BLACKWELL

On February 26, 1953, a confidential source advised RANDOLPH BLACKWELL had been a member of the Communist Party in the District of Columbia.

A confidential source advised that RANDOLPH BLACKWELL attended a Labor Youth League convention on August 13, 1950, at the Algonquin Club, 1400 Fayetteville Street, Durham, North Carolina.

The Labor Youth League has been designated by the U. S. Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/9/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1053)

RACIAL MATTERS

SUBJECT: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT
ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN
GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK
STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. SEP 14 1966

How Forw. R - 5

By [illegible]

RACIAL UNIT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SAY JRM/LL

Re Chicago teletype to Bureau 9/8/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) re concerning captioned matter.

A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

In view of the information set forth in enclosed LHM it is believed that this matter is now finally resolved and that no further difficulties of a serious nature should arise. Chicago will, however, continue to follow this matter and keep the Bureau advised in the event of any pertinent developments.

4 - Bureau (Encls. 12) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL SCLC)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 157-1261)

ENCLOSURE

100-438794

5 SEP 12 1966

NOT RECORDED

150 SEP 15 1966

GMD:pag
(7)

ENCLOSURE

SUBV. CONTROL

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-3435

Approved: C. C. Wilson 54 SEP 21 1966 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

101

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Chicago 157-1053

Chicago, Illinois
September 9, 1966

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT
ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN
GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK
STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRM/ld
54684, 23518
80514

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 7, 1966, captioned as above.

On September 8, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that the area around the Old Town Garden Apartments, 1446 Sedgwick Street, Chicago, Illinois, remained quiet during September 8, 1966, and that no demonstrations or incidents had occurred in connection with the dispute which has been going on between the management and some of the tenants of the Old Town Garden Apartments. He further stated that information had just been received to the effect that an agreement was reached on September 8, 1966, for the sale of the Old Town Garden Apartments and that the new owners were ending the dispute with the rent-striking tenants of the apartments.

b6
b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE
100 438794-
ENCLOSURE

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT
ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN
GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK
STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

The September 8, 1966, issue of the "Chicago Daily News" contained an article reflecting that the Old Town Garden Apartments were sold on September 8, 1966, to the Community Renewal Foundation (CRF). The article further related that as part of the sale agreement, the Tenant Action Council (TAC) agreed to drop its rent strike and picketing against the management and former owner of the Old Town Garden Apartments and that they in turn agreed to drop their eviction suits and other legal actions against the TAC and the striking tenants.

The September 9, 1966, issue of the "Chicago Sun-Times" contained an article captioned "Sale of Old Town Garden Agreed On; Dispute Ended." This article reflected in part that an agreement for the sale of the Old Town Garden Apartments, announced on September 8, 1966, had brought an end to the battle between the tenants and management over rehabilitation of this large integrated apartment complex. Under the plan the present owner, Hanover Equities Corporation of New York, agreed to sell the property to the CRF, a church sponsored, non-profit organization in Chicago. Hanover Equities Corporation agreed to drop all civil and criminal actions against rent-striking tenants in exchange for a suspension of the strike called by the tenants' organization, the TAC. The article reflected that within the next seven days the CRF would take over as manager of the property and it quoted the leader of the TAC as stating that "We have called an end to our rent strike and the evicted tenants will move back into their apartments immediately." This article indicated that the agreement was a major victory for Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and his Chicago Freedom Movement who had recently thrown their support behind the tenants' group.

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT
ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN
GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK
STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Pertinent details concerning the above were furnished on September 8, 1966, to the following individuals:

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted]
Chicago, Illinois.

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b7C

[redacted] United States Secret Service,
Chicago, Illinois.

[redacted], Region I, 113th INTC Group,
Evanston, Illinois.

This confirms information furnished orally to Mr. Thomas McTiernan of the Criminal Division.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

F.B.I.

Date: 9/7/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1053)

SUBJECT: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC)
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTERS

DEMONSTRATIONS BY
CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
(SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD
Date Forw. SEP 14 1966
How Forw. R - 5
By ah - md
/ RACIAL UNIT
5 dis

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-14-80 BY SP4 URMIA
54686 80514
73178

157-6-9-34

Re Chicago teletype to Bureau dated 9/6/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a LHM concerning captioned matter.

A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the United States Attorney, Chicago.

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau advised of all pertinent developments.

ENCLOSURE

4- Bureau (Encls. 12) (RM)
(1- 100-438794) (COMINFIL SCLC)
3- Chicago
(1- 157-413)
(1- 157-1261)
GMD:cae
(7)

100-438794
NOT RECORDED
SEP 2 1966
15

SEP 9 1966

F165

SUBV

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

157-1053

Chicago, Illinois
September 7, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4 JRM/ld

54688, 73518
80514

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC)
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER;

DEMONSTRATIONS BY
CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
(SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 6, 1966, captioned as above.

On September 6, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that the area around the Old Town Garden Apartments, 1446 Sedgwick Street, Chicago, Illinois, remained quiet on September 6, 1966, with no demonstrations or incidents reported. He advised that final eviction papers had recently been served on four of the tenants of the Old Town Garden Apartments and that accordingly steps to evict these tenants could take place at anytime. He stated, however, that he did not foresee any eviction taking place on September 6, 1966, inasmuch as the chief bailiff of the Cook County Sheriff's Office had assured the Chicago Police Department that advance notice would be given by him of any eviction plans and no notice had been

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE
100-438794

~~ENCLOSURE~~

given as yet of any evictions to be made on September 6, 1966. [redacted] further stated that it had been rumored that the TAC, representing the rent-striking tenants, might hold a meeting on the evening of September 6, 1966. b6 b7C

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI at 9:30 p.m. on September 6, 1966, that the meeting planned by the TAC for the evening of September 6, 1966, had been cancelled and that the area around the Old Town Garden Apartments remained quiet. He stated that no evictions had taken place on September 6, 1966, that no incident had occurred and no arrests had been made.

The September 6, 1966, issue of the "Chicago American" newspaper contained an article captioned "Old Town Rent Strike - Tenants Go To Court in Eviction Battle". This article reflected in part that members of the TAC had gone to court on September 6, 1966, in their battle against eviction of tenants from the Old Town Garden Apartments. Their attorney filed a memo in behalf of 137 tenants at the Municipal Division of Circuit Court giving reasons why the tenants should not be evicted for non-payment of rent. The article reflected that a spokesman for the TAC stated that no demonstrations were planned for September 6, 1966. He was quoted as saying, "We are waiting to see what the court's decision is. We would rather settle in court than on the street." He indicated, however, that if any attempt was made to evict four tenants who had been served eviction notices, the TAC members would stand ready to return their possessions to their apartments.

Pertinent details concerning the above were furnished on September 6, 1966, to the following individuals: Assistant United States Attorney [redacted], Chicago, Illinois; [redacted] United States Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois; [redacted] Region One, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: SEP 6 1966

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1053)

SUBJECT: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
COMINFIL SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD
Date Forw. SEP 14 1966
How Forw. R-5
By abh - med
RACIAL UNIT
4 dlk

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2-14-80 BY SP-4 JRM/d
54688, 73 SIG
FO 514

157-6-9-3440

Re Chicago teletype to Bureau dated 9/2/66; Chicago teletypes (4) dated 9/3/66; Chicago teletypes (2) dated 9/4/66, and Chicago teletypes (2) dated 9/5/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of an LHM concerning captioned matter.

A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois.

A search of the indices of the Chicago Office failed to disclose any identifiable subversive type information regarding the ten arrested individuals referred to in enclosed LHM.

100-438794

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau advised of all pertinent developments.

SEP 9 1966

4 - Bureau (Encls. 12)(RM)
(1 - 100-438794)(Cominfil, SCLC)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 157-1261)
GMD:dlk

ENCLOSURE

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

F165

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
Sept. 6, 1966

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4JRMIN
54684 80514
73518

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 2, 1966, captioned as above.

On September 2, 1966, [redacted] Chicago, Illinois, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that during the afternoon of September 2, 1966, approximately 25 demonstrators from TAC and SCLC staged a sit-down in the management office of the Old Town Garden Apartments, 1446 Sedgwick Street, Chicago, Illinois, in an apparent effort to have the management sign a complaint to have them arrested. A complaint was signed shortly thereafter, however, no arrests actually took place. [redacted] stated that three or four of the rent-striking tenants of the Old Town Garden Apartments were served with final eviction notices on September 2, 1966, with indications that these individuals would be evicted the following day.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-438794

~~ENCLOSURE~~

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[redacted] further advised that the Old Town Garden Apartments area was relatively quiet and calm by late afternoon on September 2, 1966, but that a rally would be held that same evening at Olivet Community Church, 1441 North Cleveland, Chicago, for the purpose of enlisting support for the TAC in connection with its rent strike dispute with the management of Old Town Garden Apartments. According to [redacted] Al Raby, of the Co-Ordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCO), Reverend Martin Luther King, Reverend Jesse Jackson, and Reverend James Bevel, all of SCLC, were expected to be present. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised at 10:10 PM on September 2, 1966, that the rally was held at Olivet Community Church that evening and that it ended at approximately 10:00 PM. Al Raby and Reverend Martin Luther King were present at this rally of approximately 500 people and Reverend King made a speech in which he re-affirmed his support of the TAC in its dispute with the management of Old Town Garden Apartments. [redacted] stated that no further demonstrations were planned for that night but that demonstrations were expected to be resumed on September 3, 1966. He stated that four tents had been set up in the Old Town Garden Apartments area for the use of some of the previously evicted tenants. b6 b7C

At 4:05 AM on September 3, 1966, [redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI that there were no demonstrators in the Old Town Garden Apartments area; that there had been no incidents or arrests, and that no trouble was then anticipated.

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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On September 3, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI that six pickets appeared at the Old Town Garden Apartments at noon on September 3, 1966, and began picketing the offices of the apartment management. He stated there were no incidents and no arrests had been made.

At 5:20 PM on September 3, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI that ten persons (seven men and three women) had been arrested by the Chicago Police that afternoon at the Old Town Garden Apartments. These individuals who were arrested for sitting down by the garage door of the apartments and blocking traffic were charged with criminal trespass. According to [redacted], approximately 25 pickets were continuing to march in the area with a small crowd observing.

[redacted] subsequently advised the Chicago Office of the FBI at 9:15 PM on September 3, 1966, that all was then quiet in the Old Town Garden Apartments area and that the pickets who had marched during the afternoon of September 3, 1966, had departed at about 6:30 PM that day. [redacted] advised at 10:55 PM on September 3, 1966, that the area continued to be quiet with no incidents reported and no additional arrests having been made. [redacted] identified the ten persons arrested during the afternoon of September 3, 1966, as follows, stating that no additional identifying data was then available:

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[redacted] male, age 27 b6
[redacted] male, age 27 b7C
[redacted] male, age 22
[redacted] male, age 29
[redacted] male, age 44
[redacted] male, age 21
[redacted] male, age 17
[redacted] female, age 20
[redacted] female, age 30
[redacted] female, age 17

[redacted] Office of Deputy Superintendent b6
James Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago b7C
Office of the FBI on September 4, 1966, that the Old Town Garden Apartments area remained calm and that there had been no incidents or arrests that day. He stated that two pickets had appeared in the area for a short time around noon on September 4, 1966, but that no incidents resulted.

On September 5, 1966, [redacted] Office of Deputy Superintendent James Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI that it was reported that approximately 50 members of TAC were planning to march at 3:00 PM on September 5, 1966, from the Old Town Garden Apartments to Carl Sandburg Village, an apartment complex at 1355 North Sandburg, Chicago, where the office of Arthur Rubloff Realty Company is located. He stated that the TAC is claiming that Rubloff is in a position to alleviate the run down conditions at the Old Town Garden Apartments and that they were marching to protect Rubloff's failure to take any action in this matter. Al Raby of the CCCO was said to be planning to participate in this march.

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[redacted] subsequently advised on September 5, 1966, that at 4:50 PM on September 5, 1966, approximately 100 demonstrators departed from the Old Town Garden Apartments en route to Carl Sandburg Village. Upon arrival there they were informed by representatives of the Chicago Police Department on the scene that this was private property and that they were trespassing. They were offered the choice of either returning to the Old Town Garden Apartments or being arrested. The demonstrators thereupon returned to the Old Town Garden Apartments area where they dispersed at approximately 6:15 PM on September 5, 1966. No further incidents occurred and no arrests were made. According to [redacted] Al Raby was not observed to have participated in this march. b6 b7C

Pertinent details concerning the above were furnished as they developed on September 2, through 5, 1966, to the following individuals:

Assistant United States Attorneys
[redacted] and [redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted] and [redacted]
United States Secret Service,
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted] and [redacted]
Region I, 113th INTC Group,
Evanston, Illinois.

FD-36 (R. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/2/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIR _____
(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-14-80 BY SP4JRM/LL
J4688, 73518, 80519

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1053)

SUBJECT: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM;

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CID
Date Forw. SEP 12 1966
How Forw. 73-5
By [illegible]
RACIAL UNIT
4

Re Chicago teletype to Bureau dated 9/1/66 and Chicago teletypes (2) to Bureau dated 9/2/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a LHM concerning captioned matter.

A copy of this LHM is being furnished to the United States Attorney (USA), Chicago, Illinois.

4 - Bureau (Encs. 12) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL SCLC)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 157-1261)
(1 - 105-16238)

100-438794
NOT RECORDED
107 SEP 13 1966

GMD:bab
(8)

3 SEP 7 1966

SUBJECT CONTROL

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-9-3115

61 SEP 16 1966

Approved _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

A search of the indices of the Chicago Office failed to reflect any pertinent, derogatory information identifiable with the individuals arrested in connection with instant disturbance.

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau advised of all pertinent developments.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 157-1053

Chicago, Illinois
September 2, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4 JRM/ll

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER;

54688
73518
80514

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 31, 1966, captioned as above.

On September 1, 1966, [redacted] advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that the management of the Old Town Garden Apartments, 1446 Sedgwick Street, Chicago, Illinois, had representatives of the Cook County, Illinois Sheriff's Department evict three tenants on September 1, 1966, from their apartments in the Old Town Garden Apartments. Approximately 80 officers of the Chicago Police Department were at the scene as court bailiffs removed the furniture of the evicted tenants and carried it across the street to a school yard. [redacted] stated that the above action was a result of the rent strike presently being conducted by a large number of the Old Town Garden Apartments tenants against the apartment management. He advised that a group of approximately 150 persons quickly gathered in the area and

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-435794-

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

Re: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

demonstrated around the apartment building.

[redacted] advised that Al Raby, Convenor of the Coordinating Council of Community Organizations (CCCO) arrived on the scene and assisted individuals who were attempting to carry the furniture of the evicted tenants back into their apartments. According to [redacted] Al Raby announced that a meeting would be held at the Olivet Center, 1443 North Cleveland, Chicago, at 4:00 p.m. on September 1, 1966, to map future plans which would include an all night vigil in the area culminating in a demonstration on September 2, 1966. [redacted] further advised that it had been reported that at approximately 6:00 p.m. private guards at the apartment building had struck several people who were attempting to return the furniture to the apartments; however, no one was seriously injured. b6 b7C b7D

On September 1, 1966, [redacted] 13th District, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI that six individuals had been arrested by the Chicago Police Department in the Old Town Garden Apartment area in connection with the above disturbance and were charged with criminal trespass. He identified those arrested as follows: b6 b7C

[redacted]
White, male
born August 13, 1944

Re: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

[redacted] b6 b7C

white, male
born November 19, 1940

[redacted]

white, male
born September 6, 1925

[redacted]

white, male
born June 24, 1935

[redacted]

white, male
born April 9, 1938

[redacted]

Negro, female
born July 28, 1947

[redacted] subsequently advised the b6
Chicago Office of the FBI on September 1, 1966, that as of 11:00 pm. ,b7C

Re: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1448 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

On September 1, 1966, approximately 200 persons were continuing to demonstrate peacefully in the Old Town Garden Apartment area, but there had been no incidents and no additional arrests.

[redacted] advised the Chicago Office of the FBI at 2:00 a.m., on September 2, 1966, that 90 people were maintaining an all night peaceful vigil in the Old Town Garden Apartment area. He further stated that the demonstration would be resumed later in the day on September 2, 1966, to be led by Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr. of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and Al Raby of the CCCO, according to a claim made by pickets. b6 b7C b7D

[redacted] Office of Deputy Superintendent James Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the FBI, at 4:00 a.m. on September 2, 1966, that as of that time the Old Town Garden Apartment area was quiet and that there had been no further incidents or arrests. b6 b7C

The September 2, 1966, issue of the "Chicago Sun-Times" newspaper contained an article captioned "Arrest 6 In N. Side Eviction Battle." This article reflected in part that the furniture and belongings of two families had stood on the sidewalk outside the Old Town Garden Apartments on Thursday night, September 1, 1966, in the lull following the arrest of six persons. The article reflected that some of the tenants of the Old Town Garden Apartments had been conducting a rent strike resulting in court action of the owners of the apartment complex. The battle was indicated to be between the rent striking Tenant Action Council (TAC) and the management of the 628 unit, integrated apartment complex. The management had achieved approximately 130

Re: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

eviction orders for non-payment of rent and a circuit court bailiff aided by professional moving men and backed by policemen directed the evictions aimed at occupants of three apartments. The article indicated that the tenants evicted were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smith, Linda Johnson, a social worker and TAC leader and Virgil Crandell.

Pertinent details concerning the above were furnished as they developed on September 1, 1966 and September 2, 1966, to the following individuals:

[redacted] and [redacted] b6 b7C
Office of the United States Attorney
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
United States Secret Service
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
Region 1, 113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois

D-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9-1-66

ansmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

a AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

10

9

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-35356)(157-1261)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM-C

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 5180 RCH
DATE ~~7-14-79~~ 11-14-79 BY ~~SP-4 JRM~~ LBM
54688, 73518
80514

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 13 copies and Atlanta four copies of a self-explanatory Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) concerning captioned matters.

Copies of this memorandum are not being disseminated locally inasmuch as the memorandum's contents is public knowledge and has been thoroughly reported in the Chicago Press Media.

This information is being furnished to the Bureau and Atlanta for information purposes in connection with KING's current activities in Chicago.

5 - Bureau (Encls.13)
(1 - COMINFIL SCLC)(- COMINFIL SNCC)
2 - Atlanta (Encls.4)
(1 - 100-5718)(1 - 100-5586)
6 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)(1 - 105-16238)(COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - 100-40342)(COMINFIL SNCC)
(1 - 100-41635)(MONROE SHARP)

105-438794

NOT RECORDED
180 SEP 7 1966

JHC:pag
(13)

ENCLOSURE

61 SEP 22 1966 101

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. Chicago 100-35356
157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
September / ,1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE _____ BY _____

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SECURITY MATTER-C

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

On September 1, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised a representative of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that Dr. Martin Luther King, head of the SCLC, spoke at the Liberty Baptist Church, 4849 South Parkway, Chicago, during the evening of August 31, 1966, to an audience of approximately 2,000. Dr. King called the economic problem presently facing the Negro, the fundamental problem facing him. King said that the Negro's past significant victories in housing must be complemented with economic victories.

[redacted] stated Dr. King's speech was interrupted by hecklers, who shouted "Black Power." King invited the spokesman for these hecklers to take the microphone and address the audience. Monroe Sharp, Director of the Chicago Center of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee came forward to the podium,

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CLASSIFIED AND
EXTENDED BY
REASON FOR EXTENSION
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR
DECLASSIFICATION

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE ~~2-14-80~~ 11-14-99 BYS ~~2-4-80~~ 5180 RCB/EB
54688
73518
80514

1-3-43-8794

took the microphone and chided those in the audience not to deal with Mayor Daley of Chicago because dealing with Mayor Daley means you are giving in to the economic power structure. According to Sharp Negroes should ultimately turn Daley out of office. Sharp further called upon Negroes to deal with the problems in their own areas before they go marching into other communities. Inasmuch as we (Negroes) want the right to stand on our own corner and call it ours.

[redacted] pointed out that no incidents arose around Sharp's speech and that Sharp received only scattered applause. Rally leaders did not challenge Sharp's remarks. Upon regaining the microphone Dr. King told Sharp his views were misguided. b6 b7C

[redacted] related the meetings major message was that now the Chicago Freedom Movement was going after economic goals. The rally ended without any disorders, incidents or arrests, according to [redacted]

The "Chicago Tribune" newspaper, September 1, 1966, issue, carried an article entitled "King To Shift Emphasis To Job Protests." This article reflected in part:

The Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr., head of the Southern Christian Leadership conference, indicated last night that his Chicago Freedom movement will shift its major emphasis from housing to better jobs for Negroes.

Speaking before more than 2,000 persons at a rally in the Liberty Baptist church, 4849 South Parkway, Dr. King called the economic problem of the Negro "the fundamental problem facing him," and said, "Our past significant victories (in housing) must be complemented with economic victories."

He said he will support the organization of unions in commercial and industrial firms which "employ Negroes in underpaid jobs."

URGES STRONG UNION

"Where Negroes are confined to the lowest paying jobs, they must get together to organize a union in order to have the kind of power that could enter into collective bargaining with their employers," he said.

Dr. King indicated he was willing to stage mass demonstrations should firms fail to recognize such unions.

"It may be necessary for 1,000 or 2,000 of us to go into a store and say we are going to try on clothes all day long," he warned.

The "Chicago Tribune" newspaper, September 1, 1966, issued, carried an article entitled "Heckler Tries, Fails to 'Overcome' King." This article reflected in part:

King and other leaders of the Chicago freedom movement gave a preview of things to come now that a fair housing pact has been reached.

They announced this lineup of direct action activities planned in Chicago:

1. The organization of employes in all major stores on State Street and Michigan Avenue.

2. Aiding Negro property owners who are being relocated by urban renewal projects to obtain fair market values for their homes.

3. Stepping up rent strikes against landlords who do not improve their property.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8/31/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. SEP 6 1966

How Forw. B - S

By [illegible]

RACIAL UNIT

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1053)

SUBJECT: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM;

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4 JKM/el 54 6 88 L 73518 80 514

Re Chicago teletypes (3) to Bureau dated 8/30/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a Letterhead Memorandum concerning captioned matter. One copy is being furnished to Atlanta for information.

A copy of this Letterhead Memorandum is being furnished to the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

12 ENCLOSURE Chicago is following this matter and will advise the Bureau of pertinent developments.

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED

136 SEP 7 1966

18 SEP 2 1966

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

4 - Bureau (Encls. 12) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (~~COM-INF-IL-SCLC~~)
1 - Atlanta (Encl. 1) (Info) (100-5718) (RM)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-1261)
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
GMD:gh (9)

ENCLOSURE

SEP 14 1966

Approved: [illegible] Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-9-3326

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 31, 1966

Chicago file
157-1053

PICKETING DEMONSTRATION,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY
TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC),
OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS,
1446 SEDGWICK STREET
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER;

DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4 URM/LR
54688, 73518, 80514

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On August 29, 1966, [redacted] Chicago, Illinois, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that a rally was held on the evening of August 29, 1966, at 1443 North Cleveland, Chicago, Illinois, by the Tenant Action Council (TAC), Old Town Garden Apartments, 1446 Sedgwick Street, Chicago, Illinois, and the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM)-Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC). This rally, which was uneventful, was held for the purpose of urging people to attend court hearings at the Chicago Civic Center on August 30, 1966, in connection with the TAC's rent strike activities. [redacted] stated that many Old Town Garden Apartment tenants had refused to pay their rent and that seven of the tenants were to appear in court on August 30, 1966, as "test cases" in connection with their failure to pay their rent. He stated that matters were at a stalemate inasmuch as the Old Town Garden Apartment management had refused to accept the demands of the tenants that all charges against tenants for failure to pay rent be dropped as a prerequisite to discussions.

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100-438794-

ENCLOSURE

~~ENCLOSURE~~

RE: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS BY TAC, OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; DEMONSTRATION BY CFM-SCLC, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

On August 30, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that approximately 150 demonstrators had gathered at the Civic Center in Chicago in support of the TAC rent strikes. Of this number, 134 of the demonstrators are Old Town Garden Apartment tenants who are involved in a rent strike which began on August 1, 1966. He advised that the demonstration was peaceful and that no incidents or arrests had been reported as of 4 P.M. on August 30, 1966.

An article in the August 30, 1966 issue of the "Chicago Sun-Times" newspaper captioned "Freedom Movement Backs Old Town Garden Tenants", reported that a Circuit Court hearing was scheduled for August 30, 1966, for 134 persons involved in a rent strike that began on August 1, 1966. It reported that seven individuals had already been ordered evicted from their apartments but planned to remain until actually evicted. The article also indicated that Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr. and his Chicago Freedom Movement had thrown their support behind the TAC in its fight with the management of the Old Town Garden Apartments.

[redacted] b6 b7C
Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on August 30, 1966, that the demonstration at the Chicago Civic Center had ended at 5:10 P.M. on August 30, 1966, and that there had been no incidents or arrests in connection with it. [redacted] stated that Judge Edith Sampson, Cook County Circuit Court, Civic Center, Chicago, had ruled on all 134 cases that the tenants must pay their rent within seven days or be evicted. Furthermore, they would be subject to eviction within five days unless their attorneys submitted legal arguments defending their position. [redacted] further advised that as the demonstration ended it was announced that a meeting to map further plans would be held for all who could attend at 9 P.M. August 30, 1966, at the Olivet Center, 1441 West Cleveland, Chicago.

RE: PICKETING DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TAC, OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; DEMONSTRATION BY CFM-SCLC, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Pertinent details concerning the above were furnished on August 30, 1966 to the following individuals:

Assistant United States Attorney
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

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[redacted]
United States Secret Service
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
Region 1, 113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8-29-66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM
CHICAGO FILE 157-1261

WEST SIDE ORGANIZATION TO END SLUMS (WSO)
PROPOSED MARCH 8/28/66, TO CICERO, ILLINOIS
RM
CHICAGO FILE 157-1390

DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE (DDJ)
RM
CHICAGO FILE 157-572

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)
CHICAGO FILE 105-4630

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
RM (KLAN)
CHICAGO FILE 157-895

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC., KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
RM (KLAN)
CHICAGO FILE 157-400

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY ... REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 5-29-86

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT LDD ON 2/9/83

(For Copies See ii Page)

NOT RECORDED
135 SEP 9 1966

MMH:MLB
(57)

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

CARBON COPY

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-69

62 SEP 13 1966

Approved: Sent _____ M Per _____

9 - Bureau (Encls. 17) (RM)
(100-438794) (SCLC)
(105-66233) (NSRP)
(105-70374 (ANP)
(157-168) (NKKK)
(157-2466) (DDJ)
(157-370) (UKA)
4 - Atlanta (157-60) (NKKK) (Encls. 4) (RM)
(100-5718) (COMINFIL SCLC)
(100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
(100- (BERNARD LEE)
5 - Cleveland (Encls. 5) (RM)
(1 - NKKK)
(1 - [redacted]
(1 - [redacted]
(1 - [redacted]
(1 - [redacted]
1 - Cincinnati (157-245) (NKKK) (Encl. 1) (RM)
1 - New Orleans (157-(DDJ) (Encl. 1) (RM)
3 - Richmond (Encls. 3) (RM)
(1 - 157-93) (ANP)
(1 - 157-89) (GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL)
(1 - 157- [redacted]
1 - Savannah (157-(NSRP) (Encl. 1) (RM)
1 - St. Louis (157-1506) (NKKK) (Encl. 1) (RM)
1 - Springfield (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)
1 - WFO (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)
2 - Milwaukee (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 157 - [redacted]
(1 - 174-35)
28 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238) (SCLC)
(1 - 35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
(1 - 157-979) (OCCI)
(1 - 157-964) [redacted]
(1 - 105-4630) (NSRP)
(1 - 157-3) (ANP)
(1 - 157-895) (NKKK)
(1 - 157-572) (DDJ)
(1 - 157-976) [redacted]
(1 - 157-1261)

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CONFIDENTIAL

CG 157-1261

(1 - 157-1390)(WSO MARCH TO CICERO)
(1 - 157 - (RAY WAKE)
(1 - 157-914) [redacted]
(1 - 100-41317)(WSO)
(1 - 100-41638) [redacted]
(1 - 157-757) [redacted]
(1 - 100-11329) (CORE)
(1 - 157-548) [redacted]
(1 - 100-40342)(SNCC)
(1 - 157-1053)
(1 - 157-400) (UKA)
(1 - [redacted]
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CONFIDENTIAL

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CG 157-1261

Re Chicago teletypes dated 8/26, 8/27, and 8/28/66, captioned, "DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, RM, ET AL." Chicago teletypes to Bureau dated 8/27/66, captioned "UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC., KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, PROPOSED 'WALK' INTERSECTION WILSON AND BROADWAY, CHICAGO, 8/27/66, RM". Chicago teletypes dated 8/27 and 28/66, captioned "WEST SIDE ORGANIZATION TO END SLUMS (WSO), PROPOSED MARCH 8/28/66, TO CICERO, ILLINOIS, RM, ET AL." Chicago teletype dated 7/30/66 and Chicago airtel dated 8/1/66, captioned "PICKETING DEMONSTRATION 4/2/66, BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL, OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, INFORMATION CONCERNING." Chicago telephone call to Division 5 at the Bureau dated 8/28/66. Cleveland teletype to Bureau and Chicago dated 8/27/66. Milwaukee teletype to Bureau and Chicago dated 8/27/66. Cincinnati teletype to Bureau and Chicago dated 8/27/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 17 copies of a LHM concerning activities of the captioned groups in the Chicago, Illinois area. One copy of the LHM is being furnished to the Office of the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

The sources utilized in the enclosed LHM are as follows:

Sources	Identity
CG T-1	[redacted]
CG T-2	[redacted]
CG T-3	[redacted]
CG T-4	[redacted]

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Protect requested

- 2 -

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 157-1261

Sources	Identity
CG T-5 and T-6	[redacted]
CG T-7	
CG T-8	
CG T-9	
CG T-10	
CG T-11	

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The pretext telephone call to ANP Headquarters, Chicago, on 8/26/66, was made by SA LELAND G. RICHIE and was [redacted]

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The pretext telephone call to the residence of EDWARD "RICK" MAC DONALD in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, was made by the Milwaukee Division and is referred to in referenced Milwaukee teletype to the Director and Chicago dated 8/27/66.

Additional copies of this airtel and attached LHM are being furnished to the Bureau for the cases indicated. Copies submitted to other offices for information are as indicated.

The Chicago Division is following these matters closely and will keep the Bureau advised of all pertinent developments.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
AUG. 29, 1966

157-1261

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTERS

WEST SIDE ORGANIZATION TO END SLUMS (WSO)
PROPOSED MARCH AUGUST 28, 1966, TO
CICERO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTERS

DEACONS FOR DEFENSE AND JUSTICE, INCORPORATED
RACIAL MATTERS

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RACIAL MATTERS (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
RACIAL MATTERS (KLAN)

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INCORPORATED
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
RACIAL MATTERS (KLAN)

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 26, 1966, captioned as above. Reference is also made to Chicago memorandum dated August 1, 1966, captioned "PICKETING DEMONSTRATION APRIL 2, 1966, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL, OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; INFORMATION CONCERNING."

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DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DP
ON 219183

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 9803 RDD/DP
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 8-29-86 80514
S 4688, 83781

ENCLOSURE 100-43[illegible]794

On August 26, 1966, CG T-1 [redacted] advised that an individual with the last name of Bruce accompanied George Lincoln Rockwell, National Commander, American Nazi Party (ANP), to Chicago, Illinois, and returned to Arlington, Virginia, with George Lincoln Rockwell on August 21 or 22, 1966. The source further advised that George Lincoln Rockwell gave a speech at an ANP rally in Chicago on August 21, 1966.

On August 26, 1966, it was ascertained, utilizing a suitable pretext to an unknown male at the ANP headquarters, Chicago, that Lieutenant Robert Bruce, of the ANP, had been in Chicago, Illinois, over the weekend of August 20-21, 1966, and had returned to Arlington, Virginia, on August 22, 1966, and can be reached through telephone number 703-Jefferson 4-3476.

On August 26, 1966, a representative of the Bureau of Records and Communications, Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that no arrest record could be found for a Robert Bruce at the Chicago Police Department.

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C
[redacted] Chicago, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that Chicago Mayor Richard J. Daley and Martin Luther King had reached an agreement on August 26, 1966, whereby the Chicago city administration will seek to further implement open housing and the SCLC has agreed to call off all protest marches. [redacted] stated that press releases quote Martin Luther King as emphasizing that the marches would be deferred rather than cancelled. [redacted] stated that the following are the major proposals agreed upon by Mayor Daley and Martin Luther King:

1) Increased enforcement of fair housing by the Chicago City's Commission on Human Relations.

2) The Chicago Real Estate Board is to withdraw all opposition to the philosophy of open occupancy legislation.

3) The Chicago Housing Authority will seek scattered sites for future public housing and will limit the height of such housing to eight stories.

4) The Cook County Department of Public Aid will place welfare recipients in the best housing available regardless of location.

5) The Department of Urban Renewal will search out the best housing available regardless of location.

6) The Cook County Council of Insured Savings Associations and Chicago Mortgage Bankers Association will provide equal service and lend mortgage money to all qualified families.

7) Assistant Attorney General Roger Wilkins, head of the Community Relations Service of the United States Department of Justice, had advised that the service will inquire into questions raised regarding complaints of financial institutions practicing racial discrimination.

8) All religious representatives are to educate their membership on the moral necessity of an open just community.

9) The Chicago Association of Commerce and Industry, the Chicago Mortgage Bankers Association, the Metropolitan Housing and Planning Council, and the Chicago Federation of Labor and the Industrial Union Council will educate their members on the importance of fair housing throughout the metropolitan area of Chicago.

10) The Chicago Conference on Religion and Race will organize a watchdog group to insure open housing will become a continuing policy in Chicago and the suburbs.

[redacted] stated that the above points were agreed upon at a meeting and were previously recommended to a summit conference in a report of the Subcommittee to the Conference on Fair Housing convened by the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race. b6 b7C

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he feels efforts put forth by the participants in the conference between Mayor Richard Daley and Martin Luther King were in good faith. [redacted] stated that the agreement calls for a strong continuing program to implement the points agreed upon and the program is to be broadly based with the city represented by various agency heads and the CFM to be represented by their 18 top leaders. [redacted] stated he believes the program is workable on a rank and file level and acceptable on that basis.

On August 26, 1966, a representative of Deputy Superintendent James B. Conlisk's Office, Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that a representative of the West Side Organization for Full Employment for Negroes (WSO), 1537 West Roosevelt Road, Chicago, had contacted local law enforcement agencies and the press and news media in the Chicago area shortly before 7:00 p.m. on August 26, 1966, advising that Chester Robinson of the WSO is to announce on the evening of August 26, 1966, that the WSO and other unidentified organizations are to conduct a march to Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966.

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On August 26, 1966, [redacted], Chicago Police Department, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that as of 8:30 p.m. on August 26, 1966, the WSO meeting scheduled for August 26, 1966, is still in progress. [redacted] stated that if a march to Cicero results from this meeting he and other members of the Chicago Police Department anticipate the participants would be few.

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] Cicero Police Department, Cicero, Illinois, advised that the parade permit previously issued for the CFM for their August 28, 1966, march to Cicero, Illinois, was considered cancelled in view of the CFM's announcement on August 26, 1966. [redacted] stated that any demonstrators attempting to enter Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966, would be arrested in view of the cancellation.

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] was recontacted and advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that he expressed concern over the "Ad Hoc" venture of the WSO in planning a march into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966. [redacted] stated that this announcement by the WSO points out the type of pressure to be expected by Martin Luther King and the CFM from various Ad Hoc operations outside the CFM.

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On August 26, 1966, [redacted] advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that he would agree with the sentiments expressed by [redacted] and also expressed concern over the announced plans of the WSO to march into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966.

On August 26, 1966, the Office of Deputy Superintendent James B. Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that Chester Robinson of the WSO, 1537 Roosevelt Road, Chicago, at offices of the WSO throughout the evening of August 26, 1966, had been making phone calls and answering press inquiries relative to a proposed march by the WSO into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966. The Office of Deputy Superintendent Conlisk advised that Chester Robinson has not identified the organizations which will reportedly participate in the announced march to Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966. The Office of Deputy Superintendent Conlisk advised that officials of the Chicago Police Department speculate the reason Robinson has not identified the organizations is because he has not as yet received commitments.

On August 26, 1966, local Chicago news media in regard to the CFM meeting held at 3622 West Douglas on the evening of August 26, 1966, indicate James Bevel of SCLC denounced the announced plans of the WSO to lead the Cicero march. The news media also reported Al Raby of SCLC as saying "I don't know why, but Robinson has reasons of his own. I will not march." The news media also reported Martin Luther King as saying that the marchers would go with his blessing, pointing out that the agreement between Chicago Mayor Daley and the CFM does not include Cicero.

Also on August 26, 1966, local Chicago radio station WNUS carried an interview of Chester Robinson in which he stated the agreement between the city of Chicago and the CFM sold out poor people and was not representative of the Negro ghetto. Consequently, Robinson is to lead the August 28th Cicero march "come hell or high water."

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C Chicago Police Department advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the west side meeting held on August 26, 1966, involved three to four persons, identities unknown, and concluded at 11:30 p.m. on August 26, 1966. [redacted] indicated that no additional information was developed; however, Chester Robinson indicated to local news media that announcements regarding the plans of the WSO would be made at approximately 12:00 Noon on August 27, 1966.

On August 27, 1966, CG T-2 advised that the United Klans of America, Incorporated, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, are trying to organize four or five Klan members to walk in the vicinity of the intersection of Wilson and Broadway Streets, Chicago, on August 27, 1966, wearing robes, for the purpose of showing that the United Klans of America, Incorporated, is still around.

The above information was furnished to the following individuals on August 27, 1966:

[redacted]
Chicago Police Department

[redacted]
Deputy Superintendent's Office
Chicago Police Department

On August 27, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, advised that Chicago Police Department units had been assigned near the intersection of Wilson and Broadway Streets, Chicago, throughout the day of August 27, 1966. [redacted] stated that no Ku Klux Klan members conducted a "walk" at that intersection as proposed.

On August 27, 1966, [redacted] Deputy Superintendent's Office, Chicago Police Department, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that the WSO meeting scheduled for 12:00 Noon was still in progress as of 2:00 p.m. on August 27, 1966, and that definite information in regard to the proposed march to Cicero on August 28, 1966, by the WSO would not be available until approximately 4:00 p.m., August 27, 1966. [redacted] further advised that this information had been confirmed with the [redacted] of the Chicago Police Department.

On August 27, 1966, the Office of Illinois Governor Otto C. Kerner advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Springfield that two telegrams had been received at Governor Kerner's office on the afternoon of August 27, 1966, requesting a call-up of the Illinois National Guard on August 28, 1966. The Office of Illinois Governor Kerner indicated that one telegram was from Cook County, Illinois, Sheriff Richard B. Ogilvie and that the other one was from Christy Berkos, City Attorney, Cicero, Illinois. b6 b7C

On August 27, 1966, Chief of Police Arthur Bilek, Cook County Sheriff's Police, Cook County, Illinois, advised that at approximately 2:30 p.m. on August 26, 1966, Ralph Henry, a male Negro representing the WSO, and Edward L. Crawford, a male Negro representing the Deacons for Defense and Justice, appeared at the Cicero, Illinois, Police Department and requested from [redacted] Cicero, Illinois, Police Department, a permit to march on Sunday, August 28, 1966, in Cicero. Chief of Police Bilek stated that [redacted] advised these individuals that the permit would be denied because a Cicero, Illinois, city ordinance requires 30 days notice prior to the date of a march and a written itinerary of the proposed route of march. Chief of Police Bilek stated that Edward Crawford and Ralph Henry argued with [redacted] that a permit was issued for the SCLC under special conditions and that they should have the same privilege. Chief of Police Bilek stated that [redacted] advised these individuals that the permit issued for the SCLC march was issued as a result of a conference with Illinois Governor Kerner, and he further advised them that the application for a proposed march to Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966, by WSO was denied. Chief of Police Bilek stated that Ralph Henry and Edward Crawford advised [redacted]

[redacted] that they would march in Cicero, Illinois, on Sunday, August 28, 1966, with or without the permit. Chief of Police Bilek observed that Ralph Henry had not attended the WSO meeting currently in progress probably to determine the attitude of the Cicero authorities to issuing a march permit and that Henry would probably report the information he had received from [redacted] to the WSO prior to the end of the meeting presently taking place. Chief of Police Bilek stated that he supposed a denial of a march permit would inflame WSO supporters.

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b7C

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C b7D
Berwyn Police Department, Berwyn, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that an automobile bearing a sign captioned "Ku Klux Klan Rally Chicago Soon" was surveilled to the rear of the home of Roy Wake, 2508 South Euclid, Berwyr, Illinois, on August 21, 1966. [redacted] stated that several individuals were observed unloading signs and other Ku Klux Klan paraphernalia from cars into the garage at the above address. [redacted] stated an individual who identified himself as [redacted] (First Name Unknown) stated he was arrested in Marquette Park, Chicago, on August 21, 1966 for speaking without a permit and [redacted] stated that Roy Wake told Illinois police officers that the material being stored was for a Chicago Ku Klux Klan rally. [redacted] stated that several of the cars at the residence of Roy Wake bore 1966 Ohio licenses. [redacted] stated that the Berwyn Police Department is maintaining a surveillance of Roy Wake's garage and Roy Wake in the event the material is used in a counter-demonstration at Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966.

On August 27, 1966, CG T-11 advised that Roy Wake is currently a member of the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party.

On August 27, 1966, [redacted] Unit, Chicago Police Department, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that three members of the Ku Klux Klan are presently staying at the Southwest Inn, 4501 South Cicero in Chicago. [redacted] stated the individuals are [redacted] advised that he understands these individuals are in Chicago to recruit Ku Klux Klan members in connection with the proposed civil rights march into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966.

On August 27, 1966, [redacted] advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that at approximately 3:55 p.m. on August 27, 1966 he received a telephone call from a [redacted] source at the West Side Organization meeting which took place

on August 27, 1966. [redacted] stated that [redacted] advised him that Chester Robinson of the west side organization and Robert Lucas, local CORE leader, would refrain from any marches in Cicero, Illinois, until September 4, 1966. [redacted] also advised that he had received information that an organization familiar to him called the West Side Ministerial Union had also indicated they would not march into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966. b6 b7C b7D

On August 27, 1966, Superintendent of Police Joseph Barloga, Cicero Police Department, Cicero, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that all participating law enforcement agencies alerted for the proposed march into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966 are continuing on a standby alert until definite plans of the various organizations are known.

On August 27, 1966, [redacted], Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that the West Side Organization meeting held on August 27, 1966 broke up at approximately 4:00 p.m. on that date. [redacted] stated that after the meeting he spoke with Chester Robinson of the West Side Organization, Robert Lucas of CORE and Edward L. Crawford of the Deacons of Defense and Justice, Incorporated. [redacted] stated that all of these individuals advised him that they would refrain from any demonstrations and/or march into Cicero, Illinois, until September 4, 1966. b6 b7C

On August 27, 1966, CG T-3 advised that Chester Robinson of the West Side Organization and Robert Lucas of CORE who had proposed to march into Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966 had cancelled the proposed march because of the dangerous situation and lack of organization of groups involved. The source advised that the groups as of August 27, 1966 could not obtain a sufficient number of volunteers. Source advised that the West Side Organization has tentative plans for a march into Cicero, Illinois, on September 4, 1966.

On August 27, 1966, CG T-4 advised that a group of approximately 14 Negro youths were observed on the evening of August 25 and August 26, 1966 in the vicinity of 15th and South St. Louis Streets, Chicago, and they were displaying guns and shooting in alleys. The source advised that they were apparently not aiming at persons and that when one of the youths was questioned the youth stated they were preparing for what might happen. The source concluded the youth was referring to the then pending march into Cicero. The source had no information as to the identities of the youths nor their exact meanings.

The above information was furnished to the following individual on August 27, 1966:

[redacted]
Deputy Superintendent's Office
Chicago Police Department
Chicago, Illinois

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b7C

On August 27, 1966, [redacted], Cicero Police Department, Cicero, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that three individuals attired in Ku Klux Klan regalia were arrested on Cicero Street, Cicero, Illinois, in the vicinity of 5000 West Cermak Road where they were causing a disturbance and a crowd gathered. [redacted] stated the following individuals were arrested:

Name	Arthur Mc Donald
Residence	6676 Grove Road Clinton, Ohio
Date of Birth	March 15, 1915
Occupation	Layout man

Name	John A. Crite
Residence	666 Bridge Road Akron, Ohio
Date of Birth	March 9, 1922
Occupation	Mechanic

Name	Howard C. Lewis
Residence	233 Arch Street Akron, Ohio
Date of Birth	October 24, 1911
Occupation	Assembler

[redacted] advised that all of the above individuals furnished their Chicago address as the Southwest Inn, 4501 South Cicero, Chicago, Illinois. [redacted] advised that all of the above individuals were charged with disorderly conduct, made $25.00 bonds each and are to appear at the Cicero Municipal Court, September 26, 1966, for a hearing.

On August 27, 1966, CG T-5 advised that Howard C. Lewis, a United Klans of America, Incorporated organizer in Akron, Ohio, and a Mr. Crites (First Name Unknown), a member of the United Klans of America, Incorporated, departed Akron, Ohio, for Chicago by automobile late on the evening of August 26, 1966, exact purpose unknown. The source advised that Crites is described as a White Male, 35 years of age, 5'8" tall, weighing 160 pounds, with light brown hair, a stocky build and he resides at 666 Bridge Road, Akron, Ohio.

On August 27, 1966, CG T-6 advised that Evan Lewis, Imperial Ambassador, National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, left Akron, Ohio, on the evening of August 26, 1966 for Chicago, and that other members of the National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan may possibly have accompanied Evan.

On August 27, 1966, CG T-7 advised that no members of National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan Klavern number six in Cleveland made any plans to go to Chicago for a demonstration or for any other reason.

On August 27, 1966, it was ascertained by the use of a suitable pretext at the residence of [redacted] Milwaukee, Wisconsin, that [redacted] was not at home but would return at 10:00 p.m. on August 27, 1966. It was further ascertained that [redacted] car, a black Volkswagon bearing Wisconsin [redacted], was not in its usual parking lot.

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b7C

On August 27, 1966, CG T-3 advised that a meeting is scheduled for Monday night, August 29, 1966, at the Olivet Institute, 1443 Cleveland Avenue, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m. with Martin Luther King, his aides and followers appearing. The source advised that the subject of the meeting is not known.

On August 27, 1966, [redacted] Office of Deputy Superintendent Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, advised that the meeting to be held at the Olivet Institute on August 29, 1966 is to be under the sponsorship of the Tenants Action Council, which is located in the Old Town area of Chicago.

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b7C

On August 27, 1966, an article appeared in the "Chicago American", a daily Chicago newspaper, which noted the end of the open housing marches in Chicago and the article contained information that the indications from civil rights leaders are that they will turn attention to rent strikes and school integration. The article stated that an aide of Martin Luther King had said that rent strikes would be stepped up in the Old Town Garden Apartment area between Sedgwick and Hudson Streets in the Old Town section of Chicago. The article further stated that the Tenants Action Council, an Old Town group backing the rent strikes in the Old Town Garden Apartments would hold a rally on Monday night at the Olivet Institute, 1443 Cleveland Avenue, Chicago.

On August 28, 1966, [redacted] Cicero Police Department, Cicero, Illinois, advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Chicago that as of 1:30 p.m. on August 28, 1966 no incidents or demonstrations had taken place on that date in Cicero, Illinois. [redacted] stated that the City of Cicero is presently being patrolled by 80 regular police officers plus 65 reserve Cicero, Illinois Police Department police officers and 25 police officers on loan from the Berwyn, Illinois Police Department. [redacted] further advised that as of 5:00 p.m. on August 28, 1966, the Cicero, Illinois area was exceptionally quiet and that no arrests or incidents had taken place on August 28, 1966 in connection with the proposed plans of various organizations to conduct demonstrations or marches into Cicero, Illinois on that date. [redacted] stated that no demonstrations or counter-demonstrations had been staged in Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966 and none were expected.

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b7C

On August 28, 1966, the following sources were contacted and all advised that they had no information relative to any planned demonstration in the Cicero, Illinois area by Chicago area residents on August 28, 1966:

CG T-4
CG T-5
CG T-6

Portions of the above information as it was received was furnished to the following individuals on the dates indicated:

[redacted] I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois, August 26, 1966 b6 b7C

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted] Chicago, Illinois, August 26, 1966

[redacted] United States Secret Service, Chicago, August 26, 1966

[redacted] and [redacted], Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois, on August 27, 1966

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted] Chicago, Illinois, August 27, 1966

[redacted] United States Secret Service, Chicago, August 27, 1966

[redacted] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois, August 28, 1966

[redacted] United States Secret Service, August 28, 1966

Assistant United States Attorney [redacted] Chicago, Illinois, August 28, 1966

One copy of this memorandum is being furnished to the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago.

The characterizations of the following organizations appear in the appendix section of this memorandum:

National States Rights Party

American Nazi Party

National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan

United Klans of America, Incorporated

Deacons of Defense and Justice, Incorporated

APPENDIX

1

DEACONS OF DEFENSE AND JUSTICE,
INCORPORATED, aka.
Deacons For Defense and Justice,
Incorporated

The Articles of Incorporation of the Deacons of Defense and Justice (DDJ) as on file with the Secretary of State, for the State of Louisiana, reflects that the Deacons of Defense and Justice, Incorporated is a Louisiana corporation domiciled at Jonesboro, Louisiana. The location and business office address of its registered office shall be Amos Service Station (rear), Beach Spring Road, Drawer B. Jonesboro, Louisiana.

"This corporation is organized for the following purposes and to carry on the following purposes:

To instruct, train, "teach and educate Citizens of the United States and especially minority groups in the fundamental principals of the republican form of government and our democratic way of life; to instruct, teach, train and educate said persons in the provisions of the constitution and laws of the United States and the State of Louisiana, as well as the constitution and laws of any other state wherein this corporation may operate; to instruct, teach, train and educate said persons in the use, value, and purpose of the ballot and the right to vote; to instruct, teach, train and educate said persons as to the duties and responsibilities of good citizenship relative to the obligation and duties of the community to the citizen: to further instruct, teach, train and educate said persons in the value of economic security and in the effective use of their spending power; to inspire in said persons a sense of responsibility and to develop leadership. This corporation has for its further purpose, and is dedicated to, the defense of the civil rights, property rights and personal rights of said people and will defend said rights by any and all honorable and legal means to the end that justice may be obtained. This corporation may establish chapters and conduct its business at any place in this State and elsewhere as permitted by law."

1 APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

1

APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party(ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

1 APPENDIX

UNITED KLANS OF AMERICA, INC., KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (UNITED KLANS)

Records of Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, show that this Klan organization was granted a corporate charter on February 21, 1961, at Atlanta, Georgia, under the name United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc.

A source advised on February 27, 1961, that United Klans was formed as a result of a split in the U. S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc. According to the source, the split resulted from a leadership dispute and United Klans has the same aims and objectives as the parent group. These are the promotion of Americanism, white supremacy and segregation of the races.

The first source and a second source advised in July, 1961, that United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., merged with Alabama Knights, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The merged organization established headquarters in Suite 401, the Alston Building, Tuscaloosa, Alabama. The organization is directed by Robert Shelton, Imperial Wizard, and is the dominant Klan group in the South with units in several Southern cities.

On August 14, 1961, the second source advised that the organization formerly known as United Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of America, Inc., would be known in the future as United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan. The second source said the name was changed by a resolution adopted at the National Klonvocation held July 8, 1961, at Indian Springs, Georgia.

The second source advised that at a meeting at Prattville, Alabama, on October 22, 1961, a majority of the Klaverns of the U.S. Klans, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan merged with the United Klans of America, Inc., Knights of the Ku Klux Klan.

1

APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

1 APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and,therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race mixing and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

1

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC. (NKKK)

A source advised that on May 22, 1960, the National Grand Council of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan met at Atlanta, Georgia, to discuss consolidation of the Klan's unity of effort and activities to establish a National Fund, and a National Secretary, and to design a new flag. The meeting was attended by representatives of the Federation of the Ku Klux Klan, Alabama; Association of Arkansas Klans, Arkansas; Florida Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Association of Georgia Klans, Georgia; Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, North Carolina; Association of South Carolina Klans, South Carolina; Dixie Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Tennessee; and Kyksos Klan, Texas.

This source advised that at a consolidation meeting at Atlanta, Georgia, September 2-5, 1960, at which the North Carolina and Texas Klans were not represented, it was resolved and passed that their name be changed to National Ku Klux Klan.

A second source advised in March, 1964, that several meetings of Klan groups were held during the period of 1960 to 1963 in an effort to unite the Klan groups under a single leadership.

The organization was granted a charter in De Kalb County, Georgia, November 1, 1963, under the name National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., as a "patriotic, secret, social and benevolent order".

A third source advised in December, 1963, that the organization had issued a statement of its program which indicated the organization to be anti-Negro, anti-Jewish, anti-Catholic, and anti-Foreign born.

The third source advised in August, 1964, that the organization has a headquarters in Tucker, Georgia, and the day-to-day operations are under the direction of James R. Venable, Chairman.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8-26-66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)
RM
(ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY (ANP)
RM
(ORGANIZATION)

Shackleford
Barker

SS, CD, IS

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD
Date Forw. AUG 30 1966
How Forw. TT - 5
By [illegible]

RACIAL UNIT

Remytels 8/25/66

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED
167 SEP 2 1966
AUG 29 1966

7 - Bureau (Encls. 15) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 105-70374) (ANP)
(1 - 105-66253) (NSRP)
(1 - 100-106670) (KING)
1 - Atlanta (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718)
1 - Los Angeles (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)
(1 - 157-) (Rev. CHARLES (CONNIE) LYNCH)
1 - Savannah (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM)
(1 - 105-) (NSRP)
9 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238) (COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 157-3) (ANP)

DECLASSIFIED BY 3-2-83 ON VRT/BP (367) SCLC/King 82-0611

CONFIDENTIAL

5 - ABK

Copies continued on ii page
SDR:pma
(19)

SEP 14 1966

Approved: Sent M Per

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-7

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE

1cc 922
9+D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CG 157-1261

1 - 105-4630 (NSRP)
1 - 100-3536 (KING)
1 - 157-964 (DITTO)
1 - 157-979 (OCCI)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

CG 157-1261

Enclosed for the Bureau are 15 copies of a letterhead memorandum regarding captioned matter. One copy is being furnished Atlanta, Los Angeles and Savannah.

Chicago agents receiving information set out in the letterhead memorandum were:

Field Supervisor [redacted] b6 b7C b7D
Information from

IC [redacted]
Information from anonymous female caller regarding disposition of surplus guns by Cicero Police Department.

SA [redacted]
Regarding sales of archery equipment.

SA FRANCIS M. HENWOOD
Information from police superintendent
JOSEPH BARLOGA
Cicero, Illinois.

FRANK ANGLIN, Jr., Attorney for FRANK DITTO, is identical with the subject of Bureau file 100-435000.

Chicago source one is [redacted] b6 b7C b7D

Chicago source two is [redacted] ~~&~~ U.

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau apprised of pertinent development.

One copy each of instant letterhead memo is being furni[illegible] the U.S. Attorney, Chicago, and to Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston.

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
AUG. 26, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)
RACIAL MATTER
(ORGANIZATION)

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY (ANP)
RACIAL MATTER
(ORGANIZATION)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ... DATE 3-23-83

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 25, 1966, captioned as above.

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 25, 1966, that a meeting of the Chicago Branch NSRP was held on the evening of August 24, 1966, at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Approximately 35 persons attended this meeting and Rev. Charles (Connie) Lynch, Organizer for the NSRP from California, was the main speaker. U

The above source stated that Lynch advised those present that he had to appear in court on the following Tuesday regarding his arrest in Marquette Park for speaking without a permit on Sunday, August 21, 1966. Lynch requested those present who were in the park and who could testify that they heard George Lincoln Rockwell of the ANP speak in the park at the same time appear in court on Tuesday to testify to this information. Lynch pointed out that Rockwell, utilizing loud-speakers was not arrested while he, Lynch, was. U

11-15-79 5180RCB/EBm 8-26-86

100-438794-

ENCLOSURE

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DP ON 3-2-83
SCLC/King 82-0611

Lynch made several references to Bible quotations in support of the white race as opposed to the Negroes. He referred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) as "Nigger babysitters" and "agents of hell" and in general condemned police activities in the civil rights movement as being in favor of the Negro and resorting to "beating the hell out of the whites." He further indicated that every law since World War II which had been legislated has been against the white race. Lynch spoke at length concerning state's rights in regard to segregation matters and pointed out how the federal government has unconstitutionally intervened against the states. Lynch informed those present that after the meeting he would be going to Dayton and would be returning to Chicago in time for his court appearance on Tuesday next. ✓ U

A second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Lynch had talked at the above NSRP meeting on August 24, 1966. ✓ U

This source said Lynch stated he had spoke at a NSRP rally in Marquette Park on August 21, 1966, and had been arrested by the Chicago Police Department for speaking at the rally without a permit. He was arrested because he was providing leadership for the white people who are opposed to integration. The Gestapo-like action of the Chicago Police Department in arresting him proves that the white people in Chicago are not being allowed to oppose integration and protect their homes and families from the Negroes who are trying to move into all white areas. Lynch quoted excerpts from the Bible and said the Bible teaches and calls for separation of the races, and therefore, he is against integration. Integration is one of the most evil things exist-

ing in their country today and white people must resist the attempts of those who are calling for increased integration or there will be a mongrelization of the races which will eventually destroy the white race. Lynch called for repatriation of the Negroes in this country and said they should "get the black varmits out of this country and send them back to Africa." To accomplish this, they will have to throw the gangsters out of office in Washington because federal officials are also responsible for allowing integration to continue. Lynch said he would challenge anyone to charge him with treason if all he said was not true. EU

Lynch said the NSRP must work to organize the white people if they expect to stop integration and said that when all of the white people are organized, they will be able to do something to stop the tide of integration. EU

[redacted] of the Office of the Deputy Superintendent, Chicago Police Department, advised on August 25, 1966, that the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) demonstration for that date would be held in the area of Hanson Park in the Belmont-Cragin area of Chicago. Demonstrators were to assemble at 2:30 p.m. at 3101 West Warren Boulevard, where a meeting would be held and the group would proceed to Hanson Park. They were to wait at the Park until 6:30 p.m., and conduct a march until sunset. The line of march was to be:

b6
b7C

North on Central to Fullerton, East on Fullerton to Laramie, South on Laramie to Palmer, West on Palmer to Lemon, North on Lemon to Fullerton, West on Fullerton to Central, thence to the Park.

It may be noted that Hanson Park has been utilized previously by the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) as a point of assembly prior to marches into the Belmont-Cragin area, and large groups of white persons, principally teenagers, have gathered and heckled, throwing rocks and firecrackers at demonstrators.

[redacted] Illinois Commission on Human Relations, advised on August 25, 1966, a meeting had been held with representatives of the Commission on Human Relations (CHR), Cook County Sheriff Richard B. Ogilvie, Cicero, Illinois City Attorney Christy S. Berkos, and Mr. Alvin Pitcher of the CFM. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss a march scheduled by the CFM in Cicero, Illinois, Sunday, August 29, 1966. It was expected the marchers would approximate 1,500. The line of march, which at the time was confidential, was to be:

Assembly at 2:30 p.m. at 3101 West Warren Boulevard, Chicago, with a probable departure time approximately 3:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Marchers would assemble on the South side of Cermak Road at South Kostner, then proceed on foot West on Cermak to Cicero Avenue (4800 West and located in Cicero, Illinois). The marchers would proceed South on the West side of Cicero to 24th Street, West on the North side of 24th Street to Central Avenue, North on the east side of Central to Cermak, and East on the South side of Cermak to Kostner where the group would disband. Prayer vigils were to take place at the James C. Soper Realty Office, 5003 Cermak Road, and Higgins Realty, 5001 Cermak Road, both Cicero, Illinois.

The possibility existed the marchers would be permitted to use the streets instead of parading on the sidewalks. This would be of assistance to protect the forces since the marchers would be enabled to march about twelve abreast. Pitcher presented a letter to Berkos requesting a parade permit and the indication was it would be issued.

[redacted] b6 b7C

Chicago Police Department, advised on August 25, 1966, that at 5:15 p.m., fifteen cars transporting approximately 90 persons moved from 3101 West Warren Boulevard, to Hanson Park, in the vicinity of Grand (2000 North) and Central (5600 West), and arrived at the Park at 5:36 p.m. without incident. Demonstrators assembled in the Park to begin their march at approximately 6:30 p.m. They were to conduct prayer vigils at the following realty offices:

Whitney and Ciancio
2551 North Laramie;

Parker - Finney
5043 West Fullerton;

Zygmont
5200 West Fullerton

Martin Luther King was scheduled to speak at the Liberty Baptist Church, 4849 South South Park, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m. on August 25, 1966.

[redacted] b6 b7C b7D

advised that meetings between city and CFM representatives have continued on a daily basis, and a summit meeting between them is scheduled for August 26, 1966, and would include King and Mayor Richard J. Daley, Chicago.

A subcommittee of the Chicago Committee on Race and Religion has listed eight points of agreement as follows;

CCHR will initiate an expanded program enforcing fair housing laws.

The Conference on Religion and Race would institute permanent organizations representing city, business, industry, finance, real estate, labor, and civic groups to police and promote open housing.

Equal mortgage lending service.

Federal agencies will be asked to withhold mortgage support from firms practicing discrimination.

Chicago Real Estate Board to notify members of obligations in regard to housing laws.

Chicago Housing Authority will limit the height of its housing structures to eight stories.

Relocation activities on non-discriminatory by Urban Renewal Authorities.

The Cook County Department of Public Aid will obtain housing for welfare recipients despite city racial boundaries.

The press in Chicago has speculated that acceptance of the above points at the summit meeting may lead to cancellation of the August 28, 1966, march in Cicero.

Following are the proposals for reform which were submitted by the CFM on August 17, 1966:

This confirms information furnished orally to Mr. DeWitt White of the Criminal Division on 8-26-66.

TO ACHIEVE JUSTICE AND MAKE CHICAGO AN OPEN CITY

Reforms Proposed by the Chicago Freedom Movement -- August 17, 1966

1. The Mayor should immediately launch a new program to enforce the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance effectively and vigorously everywhere in the city.

   Specifically, we ask as 1st steps of such a good faith program:

   a) That the city policy of equal housing opportunity and a digest of the ordinance be required to be posted on the windows of all real estate offices in the city.

   b) That the City of Chicago test real estate offices for compliance with the law all over the city and on a year-round basis.

   c) That the City of Chicago launch a program of initiating complaints against violators of the ordinance all over the city and on a year-round basis.

   d) That the city hire additional people to enforce the law and act on complaints within 48 hours as is done by other city agencies where inspection reveals violations of liquor and food laws.

   e) That the licenses of real estate brokers found in clear violation of the law be immediately suspended.

   f) That the city seek the authority for a more powerful fair housing ordinance, one which would apply to property owners as well as to real estate brokers.

2. The Chicago Real Estate Board should:

   a) Immediately withdraw its support of the suit contesting the legality of the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance.

   b) Withdraw its opposition to the Governor's fair housing executive order and to the fair housing provision of the 1966 federal civil rights bill and persuade other realtor groups to cease their warfare against the order and the proposed federal legislation.

   c) pledge to support an effective state fair housing law, one which applies to property owners as well as brokers, in the coming session of the state legislature.

3. The Chicago Housing Authority should adopt a policy of no more high rise public housing projects in the Negro ghetto and in high density areas. All groups present should support the CHA in such a policy.

4. The Cook County Department of Public Aid should end the containment policy of seeking housing for and placing Negro families solely in ghetto communities.

5. The Urban Renewal program should adopt a policy of using its relocation services to break down segregation barriers and to promote an open city.

6. Savings and Loan Associations and other financial institutions should adopt an effective policy of equal service and lend mortgage money to qualified Negro families for purchase of housing anywhere in the metropolitan area.

7. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation should suspend from membership any bank or savings and loan association which is found guilty of practicing racial discrimination in the provision of financial services to the public.

8. The Association of Commerce and Industry and the Chicago Federation of Labor-Industrial Union Council should pledge support of the these reforms, and initiate vigorous education programs among their members on the morality of an open city. Business and labor leaders should also use their financial resources to build integrated low and middle income housing in areas outside the ghetto.

9. Religion leaders should pledge support of these reforms and initiate vigorous programs in closed communities on the morality of an open city. Religious institutions should also pledge financial support for the construction of integrated low and middle income housing in areas outside the ghetto.

Also found below are the proposals of Ely M. Aaron, Chairman, CCHR, on August 17, 1966:

Proposals
of
Fly M. Aaron, Chairman
Chicago Commission on Human Relations
August 17, 1966

I want to thank the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race for [illegible] initiative in convening this conference. I believe I express the appreciation of the entire community in thanking the civic, business, labor, religious, and civil rights leaders who are present today around the conference table to resolve grave issues that confront us.

To assist in the constructive resolution of these issues, I personally wish to recommend that we conscientiously consider and seek to agree on the following matters. I wish to emphasize that these are proposals aimed at uniting us in a common purpose. We seek to open up opportunities throughout the entire metropolis, city and suburb, opportunities for freedom of residence and for all the other rights which are every man's inheritance under our law.

These are the proposals:

1. Inasmuch as the Circuit Court of Cook County has upheld Chicago's Fair Housing Ordinance the Chicago Real Estate Board recommend to all brokers that they comply, in letter and spirit, with the ordinance and with Governor Kerner's recent Executive Order. It is clear that many brokers are already faithfully observing the law.

2. The Chicago Real Estate Board establish a special subcommittee to work with similar subcommittees of the Commission on Human Relations and the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race to help work out guidelines for real estate brokers to implement the provisions of the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance.

3. The Chicago Mortgage Bankers Association and the Cook County Council of Insured Savings Associations call upon their members to make mortgage loans in the city and suburbs without regard to religion, nationality, color or race.

4. The Commission on Human Relations give top priority to the investigation and the prompt resolution of complaints filed under the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance.

5. The Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and other civil rights groups call an immediate moratorium on marches into the neighborhoods to avoid turning these communities into battlegrounds for extremist and racist elements who are now flocking to these neighborhoods to foment more trouble. To prevent injuries to innocent citizens and to stop aggravating further the wounds of racial division, thus making it even harder to achieve reconciliation and freedom of residence in these neighborhoods.

6. With the help of the Illinois Commission on Human Relations, suburban communities hold "summit conferences" patterned after the one being held today.

7. The various suburbs follow the positive example of fair housing leadership set by Skokie, Park Forest and other suburbs and adopt fair housing ordinances similar to the one recently adopted by Maywood.

8. The North Suburban Real Estate Board, the Evanston-North Shore Board of Realtors, the Kane County Association of Real Estate Boards, the LaGrange Real Estate Board, the Waukegan-Lake County Board of Realtors, the Southwest Suburban Board of Realtors, the Oak Park Board of Realtors, the DuPage Board of Realtors, the Northwest Suburban Board of Realtors, the West Towns Board of Realtors, the Aurora Board of Realtors immediately recommend their broker members that they comply in letter and spirit, with any local ordinance and with Governor Kerner's recent Executive Order.

9. In the city and suburb, public, parochial and other private schools review their curriculums in order to improve teaching of young people to obey and comply with law and to recognize the rights of others regardless of color, race or nationality.

10. In the entire metropolitan area churches and synagogues establish educational projects to influence adults, especially parents, to respect the rights of all others.

11. With the help of representatives of the real estate and housing industry from the suburbs and neighborhoods of the city, the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race set up a fair housing center which would have the following objectives: a) provide information to anyone requesting it, on fair housing and help in finding suitable housing; b) interpret and support fair housing laws and ordinances; and c) motivate people to take advantage of equal opportunities in housing.

There is included an additional statement of the Chicago Real Estate Board before the meeting called by the Conference on Race and Religion on August 7, 1966, and the statement of the Chicago Real Estate Board before the meeting on that date.

The Chicago Real Estate Board is an organization whose members are not subject to its control, beyond forfeiture of membership. As a voluntary association, it cannot dictate policy in social matters to its members, and certainly not to the customers of its members. Each individual broker conducts his business in the framework of his role as agent under contract and his local situation. We, of course, urge our members to obey the law, but we leave the interpretation of the Chicago Ordinance to the individual broker in consultation with his attorney.

As specific recommendations, we suggest the following.

(1) A market reseach organization should be employed to make an objective survey, to determine the actual attitude of the people. This survey should be undertaken on a sampling basis, limited to buildings not managed by Realtor firms.

(2) Since the problem of integration varies from community to community—we recommend that conferences be organized at the community level with local civic leaders to seek concrete action attuned to the community's needs.

ROSS J. BEATTY
PRESIDENT

ADDITIONAL STATEMENT OF THE CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BOARD BEFORE THE MEETING CALLED BY THE CONFERENCE ON RACE AND RELIGION

Wednesday, August 17, 1966

Responsive to the suggestions made during the August 17 group meeting—the Board of Directors of the Chicago Real Estate Board has authorized this statement.

1. As a leadership organization in Chicago, we state the fundamental principle that freedom of choice in housing is the right of every citizen. We believe all citizens should accept and honor that principle.

2. We reiterate our belief that progress in race relations can be produced only under a favorable climate—and that the technique of street demonstrations will harden bigotry and slow down the progress. If demonstrations do not terminate promptly we may lose control of our membership and be unable to fulfill the commitments we have here undertaken.

3. We have reflected carefully and have decided we will—as a Chicago organization—withdraw all opposition to the philosophy of open occupancy legislation at the state level—provided it is applicable to owners as well as to brokers—and we reserve the right to criticize detail as distinguished from philosophy—and we will request the state association of Real Estate Boards to do likewise but we cannot dictate to them.

4. We respond to the Human Relations Commission by stating we will effectively remind our members it is their duty to obey the Chicago Fair Housing Ordinance as their lawyers interpret its meaning. We do not accept the Governor's order as proper and will not ask compliance so long as it is under injunction. We accept the Commission's invitation to appoint a committee to help clarify the detailed application and meaning of the ordinance.

We object to the proposal by the Freedom Movement that the City or Citizens engage in testing real estate offices—this is unwarranted harassment.

5. We cannot sacrifice the principles we have espoused in our objection to the constitutionality of the Chicago ordinance—as resquested by the Chicago Freedom Movement.

ROSS J. BEATTY
PRESIDENT

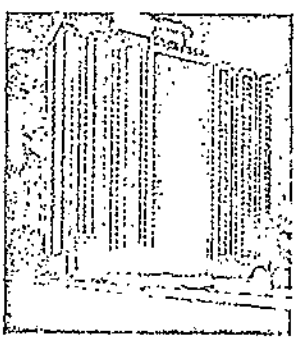
ON THE COVER

Private patio garden is one of the many features provided by the new Westgate Terrace development. Each town house and apartment duplex has its own enclosed rear patio garden for outdoor entertaining. Westgate Terrace is accessible to the University of Illinois Circle Campus and the West Side Medical Center as well as the downtown area.

You get far more than Mortgage Money at Greenebaum

A staff of experts will welcome the challenge of complicated mortgage problems; plus 111 years of know-how, in addition to the sincere appreciation of your business, are yours when you come to us for a mortgage.

Why not join the hundreds of others who say, "It is always a pleasure to do business with Greenebaum." May we suggest you call or write us today?



Greenebaum provided a $20,000,000 mortgage to finance the Outer Drive East, world's largest apartment building, Randolph Street and the lake in downtown Chicago.

Greenebaum
Mortgage Company
120 South LaSalle Street
Chicago, Illinois 60603
Financial 6-5454
America's Oldest Name in Mortgages

STATEMENT OF THE CHICAGO REAL ESTATE BOARD BEFORE THE

MEETING CALLED BY THE CONFERENCE ON RELIGION AND RACE

Wednesday, August 17, 1966

The representatives of the Chicago Real Estate Board welcome the opportunity to discuss the racial problem in Chicago, of which we are very much aware. We advised Dr. King several weeks ago that we were ready to meet with him and Mr. Raby under the proper circumstances. We consider this occasion meets this criterion as we are gathered with civic leaders to discuss a mutual problem. We are not here to negotiate as we do not feel that the problem is one that can be solved by the real estate industry on one side and the seekers of civil rights on the other side. Rather, we feel that this is a city-wide problem which should best be discussed by leaders of the city, of which we are one. We do not apologize for the course we have followed on this subject, in fact, we are proud of the fact that a number of Realtor members are Negroes. We feel that our members have taken their position in their community and done their best with this difficult problem.

We reiterate the fact that not all real estate brokers are Realtors. Only those affiliated with an association recognized by the National Association of Real Estate Boards are designated as Realtors. Our association has no direct relationship with those persons in real estate who are not members and therefore do not necessarily adhere to the code of ethics.

To get this problem in focus, and to eliminate misunderstanding so that an effective approach can be developed, it is essential that the position of the Realtor be clearly understood. The Realtor accepting a listing from a property owner acts in the position of agent. The Realtor does not own or control the product he offers. The relationship is the same as if the property owner had employed the Realtor to do a specific job of selling or renting his property. As a result of this agency relationship, the Realtor is bound by the conditions imposed by the property owner, written or implied. Under this the property owner has an individual right to sell or rent his home to whomever he chooses.

After many years of living on the firing line, Realtors have concluded that they cannot persuade the property owner, by whom they are employed, to take a particular position. Rather, they have concluded that this motivation must come from the people in the local community. When this event occurs, the Realtor will accommodate himself to this procedure and cooperate in aiding the property owner to bring about a successful conclusion.

We feel that, in this difficult and frustrating situation, it is only human nature to select someone to blame. Many people, with the very best of intentions, have erroneously attacked the real estate industry as being the cause of this problem. The more the Realtor is attacked, the more difficult becomes his job. The problem rests directly on the shoulders of the people. The Realtor, as an agent, is representing people and therefore either does what the client requests or he goes out of business.

We would like to suggest to the civil rights group that their policy in this particular respect may be in error. This particular problem is a delicate and difficult one. We feel that progress has been made by quiet persuasion. The problem will not be solved until whites voluntarily accept non-whites as neighbors, instead of fleeing as soon as a non-white moves in. It is our considered and honest opinion that the present marches are setting back the cause tremendously by developing bitterness in areas where some light has beginning to appear.

We have been asked why the real estate field has resisted the open occupancy laws. Our answer is again to emphasize the fact that the Realtor is an agent, and as such he represents the attitude and opinion of his clients; thus, he feels that it incumbent upon him as an agent to resist laws that will force individuals he serves to act contrary to their desires. We also feel that the sale of an individual home is something that should not be controlled by law, and we do not feel that an open occupancy law would solve the problem. There is abundant evidence that even with state open occupancy laws, the flight from the city by whites does not cease.

The present Chicago ordinance states that it is against the law for a real estate broker to discriminate because of race, creed or color. Does this mean that he may not accept a discriminatory listing? If it does, and if 95% of the people refuse to enter into a non-discriminatory listing, what then should the broker do? The

[illegible]edict apply to the broker alone and not to the property owner.

The Chicago Real Estate Board is an organization whose members are [illegible] control, beyond forfeiture of membership. As a voluntary association it [illegible] policy in social matters to its members, and certainly not to the [illegible] ers. Each individual broker conducts his business in the framework of his role a[illegible]nt under contract and his local situation. We, of course, urge our members to obey [illegible], but we leave the interpretation of the Chicago Ordinance to the individual broker in [illegible]ultation with his attorney.

As specific recommendations, we suggest the following.

(1) A market research organization should be employed to make an objective survey as indicated below, to determine the actual attitude of the people. This sur should be undertaken on a sampling basis, limited to buildings not managed by Realtor firms.

(2) Since the problem of integration varies from community to community - we recommend that conferences be organized at the community level with local civic leaders to seek concrete action attuned to the community's needs.

ROSS J. BEATTY
PRESIDENT

****

SUGGESTED SURVEY LETTER

Citizen:

We have been engaged by some of the leaders in industry and in the religious [illegible]izations of our community to conduct an opinion survey.

Many people believe that an integrated society is desirable and that all people [illegible]d have the opportunity to live wherever their capacity to pay will allow. We want [illegible]ow whether you would approve carrying out that idea in the building where you live. [illegible]k you to carefully consider the questions on the enclosed postal card - to answer - and mail it to us.

It is not necessary that you sign your name or identify yourself but the card [illegible]en coded to identify the building where you live. We would be most appreciative if [illegible]uld give us a truthful answer.

Sincerely,
A Market Research Agency

SUGGESTED SURVEY REPLY CARD

1. If a qualified Negro were to move into an apartment next to mine, I would:

   ☐ Stay here indefinitely.

   ☐ Move at next lease expiration.

2. If I had assurance that no more than 25% of the units in the building would be occupied by Negroes, I would:

   ☐ Feel more like staying on.

   ☐ Nevertheless plan to leave.

Superintendent of Police Joseph Barloga, Cicero, Illinois, on August 25, 1966, advised as follows:

The Cicero officials waived the required 30 days notice for a parade permit, and issued it allowing the CFM to utilize the entire street during their demonstration.

He indicated that General Francis P. Kane, National Guard Commander, would probably utilize 2500 National Guardsmen; the Illinois State Police would utilize 350 men; the Cook County Sheriff's Police would number 50 men; and the Cicero Police Department would provide 90 men.

The Cicero Police Department is to make all arrests after any detention by the National Guard, State or County Police, and in this connection one Cicero policeman would be in each squadrol of the Sheriff's Police.

Barloga said the National Guard would have its headquarters at the parking lot of the Western Electric Company, 4600 West Cermak Road. Communications would be coordinated at that headquarters with State, County, and Cicero Police radio bands, and there would be a coordinating unit also in the headquarters of the Cicero Police to serve as a central dispatching unit.

He also advised that for the past twelve days, all Cicero City officials, the Cicero Police Department, and clergy in the Cicero-Berwyn area have been urging citizens to remain at home during the march, and to give no undue attention to the marchers.

He noted that rumors persist concerning the accumulation of weapons such as guns and archery sets for possible use against demonstrators. Cicero Police Department investigations have not substantiated such rumors.

Reverend Kenneth Mc Call, Cicero-Stickney-Berwyn Human Relations Committee, on August 25, 1966, advised an Agent of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) there is a fantastic number of rumors relative to guns being possessed by residents of the area.

[redacted] Cicero, according to [redacted] stated at a meeting of the Rotary Club on August 24, 1966, that rumors of people being armed are false. b6 b7C

The Chicago Office of the FBI on August 24, 1966, received a telephone call from an anonymous female who advised that she had received from what she termed a reliable source, a close friend, who advised that a committeeman from Cicero, Illinois, stated the Cicero Police Department is unofficially and secretly furnishing various confiscated and surplus guns to anyone desiring them. This woman refused to reveal her identity, the identity of her friend, or the committeeman making this statement.

Chief Deputy Elmer Rosin, DuPage County Sheriff's Office, Wheaton, Illinois, advised on August 25, 1966, that an official of the Illinois State Police had informed him that all archery equipment had been sold within the past week in sporting goods stores in Cicero and surrounding areas. Deputy Rosin advised that this official said the Illinois State Police expect this equipment to be used against SCLC demonstrators, however, no organized group had been identified. He said it was learned that the archery equipment might be used since the weapon can be fired without sound, and it could be used in a crowd without detecting the person firing it.

Superintendent Barloga also advised that Cicero City officials sent a telegram to the American Nazi Party (ANP) in Chicago notifying the ANP it would not be allowed to hold a rally in Cicero, Illinois, on August 27, 1966, as ANP had requested.

With regard to the demonstration on August 25, 1966, in the Belmont-Cragin area, [redacted] advised that approximately 110 demonstrators departed Manson Park at 6:20 p.m. on August 25, 1966, and there were approximately 50 on-lookers and no difficulty was encountered. b6 b7C

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on April 25, 1966, that the march in the Belmont-Cragin area was conducted as scheduled with no incidents or arrests. The marchers departed the area at 8:25 p.m. by auto to attend a rally in the Liberty Park Baptist Church. Approximately 300 officers of the Chicago Police Department were utilized for the demonstration. It was estimated that the total number of on-lookers during the march was 400 and the people were unusually quiet and there was no heckling nor counter demonstration signs.

b6
b7C

[redacted] on August 25, 1966, advised that the rally by the CFM group at the Liberty Baptist Church began at 8:00 p.m. and concluded at 9:45 p.m. The attendance was approximately 2,000 persons. There were no incidents or arrests. The main speaker, Martin Luther King, urged all to continue the struggle for equal rights. Announcements were made of a rally to be held at the Stone Temple Baptist Church, Chicago, at 8:00 p.m., on August 26, 1966. The subject of the rally would be the reason for marching to Cicero and King was to be a speaker. At the August 25, 1966 rally the announcement was made that the march to Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966, was to be conducted and the route of march was described. This line of march has previously been explained. It was announced that an additional realty firm would be a point for a prayer vigil and this was to be the Central Realty at 2212 South Central, Cicero, Illinois. It was also announced that the Cicero march would be led by King, Al Raby, Ralph Abernathy and Jessie Jackson.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

[redacted] advised no information available about a CFM march on August 26, 1966, but the possibility exists that the CFM may violate the current injunction by staging an unscheduled march in the evening of August 26, 1966, in the event the results on meeting between CFM and city leaders on that date are unsatisfactory to CFM. b6 b7C

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on August 25, 1966, that Frank Ditto, Oakland Committee for Community Improvement, (OCCI), was to have appeared at 11:00 a.m., on that date before Judge Cornelius Harrington in connection with an infringement by Ditto upon the temporary injunction restraining him and his organization to a degree in demonstrations and Ditto did not appear. An appearance was made for him by his attorneys Frank Anglin, Jr. and Jean Williams, at 11:00 a.m., and they requested a three-week continuance. The request was denied and Judge Harrington ordered Ditto to appear at 2:00 p.m. on August 25, 1966, before him. At 2:00 p.m., Ditto appeared, at which time Judge Harrington continued the matter until 11:00 a.m., August 26, 1966, at which time he may take contempt action against Ditto.

[redacted] of the Office of Deputy Superintendent Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, advised early on August 26, 1966, that he had received a telephone call from Reverend Alvin Pitcher, who stated he represented CFM and who advised that the march scheduled by CFM and SCLC on August 26, 1966, had been canceled.

Below is a reproduction of a news release of a Chicago Police Department, appealing to Chicago on the part of Superintendent O. W. Wilson, to conduct themselves in certain ways in connection with demonstrations and marching.

POLICE DEPARTMENT /CITY OF CHICAGO

Office of the Superintendent
Public Information Division
1121 South State Street
Chicago 5, Illinois
WAbash 2-4747, Extension 531

O.W. WILSON
Superintendent

NEWS RELEASE

AN APPEAL TO CHICAGO CITIZENS BY SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE O. W. WILSON

TO HELP YOUR CHICAGO POLICE AND YOURSELF:

1. DON'T AID OR ABET TROUBLEMAKERS BY JEERING, HECKLING, HOOTING OR HARASSING DEMONSTRATORS OR POLICE. DON'T LET YOURSELF BE "BAITED."

2. STAY AWAY FROM ANY LOCATIONS WHERE DEMONSTRATIONS OR MARCHES ARE TAKING PLACE AND IF CAUGHT IN SUCH SITUATIONS, QUICKLY LEAVE THE AREA.

3. KEEP YOUR CHILDREN AWAY FROM ANY DEMONSTRATIONS OR MARCHES--KEEP THEM IN THE HOUSE AND OFF THE STREETS.

4. WHEN OFFICERS TELL YOU TO MOVE AWAY FROM THE SCENE OF ANY DEMONSTRATION, DISPERSE OR LEAVE THE AREA--OBEY THEIR REQUESTS.

5. DON'T RISK ACQUIRING A POLICE RECORD BY FAILURE TO FOLLOW POLICE INSTRUCTIONS.

THE CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT IS COMMITTED TO THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

1. CIVIL RIGHTS DEMONSTRATORS HAVE A LEGAL RIGHT TO MARCH AND DEMONSTRATE SO LONG AS THEY DO NOT VIOLATE THE LAW.

2. CHICAGO POLICE WILL NOT "TAKE SIDES" WITH EITHER CIVIL RIGHTS DEMONSTRATORS OR AREA RESIDENTS WHO PROTEST THE MARCHERS.

3. THE POLICE ARE SWORN TO MAINTAIN LAW AND ORDER, TO KEEP THE PEACE, AND TO PROTECT THE LIFE AND PROPERTY OF ALL CITIZENS REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THEY ARE PARTICIPANTS IN A PEACEFUL MARCH OR RESIDENTS IN AREAS WHERE MARCHES OCCUR.

RE: DEMONSTRATION BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY

Pertinent portions of this information have been furnished to [redacted] and [redacted] United States Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois, [redacted] Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago, Illinois, and [redacted] Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois. b6 b7C

FD-365 (Rev. 9-27-65)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

FBI

AUG 29 1966

Date: 8/26/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL RACIAL UNIT (Priority)

To: Director, FBI

ATTENTION:
☐ CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION
☐ GENERAL INVEST. DIV.
☒ DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIV.

From: SAC, LOUISVILLE (157-40)(P)

Subject: POSSIBLE OPEN-HOUSING DEMONSTRATIONS
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

O-C.L.C.

☐ CR ☐ EL ☐ VRA-65 ☐ CRA-64
☐ PA ☐ PE ☐ PF
☐ BM ☐ BM-Threats ☒ Racial Matters
☐ Klan ☐ Organization

Re Louisville airtel and LHM dated 8/25/66.

Summary of Complaint: See enclosed LHM.

Copies of enclosed LHM have been furnished Military Intelligence, Secret Service and U.S. Attorney, Louisville; OSI, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, and Naval Investigative Service, 5th Naval District, Norfolk, Virginia.

100-438794

Two extra copies of LHM being furnished Bureau for Bureau file on Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
AUG 31 1966

b6
b7C
b7D

Developments regarding the threatened open-housing demonstrations will be followed closely and the Bureau and interested agencies advised.

ACTION: UACB:

☐ No further action being taken and
☒ LHM enclosed ☒ Copy furnished to USA Louisville
☐ LHM being submitted
☐ Report being submitted
☐ Preliminary investigation instituted
☐ Limited investigation instituted

Bureau (Enc.10)
(157-)
(100-438794)
Atlanta (Enc.2)
(100-5718)
Louisville
(157-89)

AUG 30 1966

61 SEP 7 1966

Approved: _____ Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4 JRM/ch

80514 54688 73518

ORIGINAL FILED IN

157-6-27

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Louisville, Kentucky
August 26, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

POSSIBLE OPEN-HOUSING DEMONSTRATIONS, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY; RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to a memorandum dated August 25, 1966, reporting the appearance in Louisville of Reverend Ralph Abernathy, Vice-President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) on August 24, 1966, at which time he stated thathe came to Louisville "to determine whether there should be a program here similar to the program in Chicago," referring to open-housing demonstrations.

The Courier-Journal, Louisville, Kentucky, a newspaper of general circulation on August 26, 1966, reported as follows:

Reverend Abernathy; Reverend W. J. Hodge, President, Kentucky Branch, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP); Neville Tucker, President, Louisville Chapter NAACP; Hulbert James, Executive Director, West End Community Council (WECC); and Reverend A. D. Williams King, Chairman of the Louisville Christian Leadership Conference (KCLC) met with Mayor Kenneth A. Schmied of Louisville, on August 25, 1966.

Reverend Abernathy announced that they had asked the support of the mayor for passage of an open-occupancy ordinance with full enforcement powers. Although the discussion was friendly, Abernathy was disappointed because Schmied was non-committal on what steps would be taken.

Reverend Abernathy said that local Negro leaders will prepare a more specific open-housing proposal within a few days and seek another meeting with Schmied. Until then he will make no recommendation to the SCLC concerning demonstrations in Louisville. He

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-14-80 BY SP4 JRM/ll

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ENCLOSURE

100-43774.

indicated that if his reply from local leaders was not favorable "'we will have to come in and bring pressure'". Bishop C. Ewbank Tucker who did not attend the meeting with the mayor issued a statement opposing demonstrations at this time and indicating that he resents "' the intrusion of outsiders in local affairs.'" Tucker issued the statement as Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE).

Attorney Alfred M. Carroll characterized as having long been involved in civil rights activities told the Courier-Journal that he had polled 12 other Negro leaders who were "'unanimously against a march.'"

Mayor Schmied in a statement cited advances in racial relations in Louisville and indicated that he favored retaining a present declaration of principles, a fair-housing law without enforcement provisions, until it has been proved inadequate. The story noted that the Louisville Human Relations Commission had proposed a housing law with enforcement provisions which was opposed by real estate agents. Mayor Schmied reportedly intends to discuss the housing situation with representatives of real estate and home loan businesses.

On August 26, 1966, [redacted] advised a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that no immediate demonstrations are planned. He stated that it will take some time to arouse community pressure for the passage of an open-housing ordinance and that if such an ordinance cannot be obtained, time will be required to indoctrinate demonstrators in the principles of non-violence, both in action and speech. He noted that in connection with demonstrations in Louisville in the early 1960's, demonstrations in connection

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with public accommodations had been successful and that prior to the demonstration, demonstrators had been thoroughly indoctrinated in the principles of non-violence. He noted that the indoctrination had also been successful and that the demonstrations had been non-violent.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Louisville, Kentucky
August 26, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

TITLE POSSIBLE OPEN-HOUSING DEMONSTRATIONS, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

CHARACTER RACIAL MATTERS

REFERENCE Memorandum dated August 26, 1966, at Louisville, Kentucky

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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(Rev. 9-27-65)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-80 BY SP-4 JRM/el

FBI

Date: 8/25/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority)

To: Director, FBI

ATTENTION:
☐ CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION
☐ GENERAL INVEST. DIV.
☒ DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIV.

From: SAC, LOUISVILLE (157-40)-P

Subject: POSSIBLE OPEN-HOUSING DEMONSTRATIONS, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD

Date Forw. AUG 30 1966

How Forw. 13-5

By. [illegible]

☐ CR ☐ EL ☐ VRA-65 ☐ CRA-64
☐ PA ☐ PE ☐ PF
☐ BM ☐ BM-Threats ☒ Racial Matters
☐ Klan ☐ Organization

Summary of Complaint: See enclosed LHM.

RACIAL UNIT

Copies of enclosed LHM have been furnished Military Intelligence, Secret Service and United States Attorney, Louisville; OSI, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, and Naval Investigative Service, 5th Naval District, Norfolk, Va.

Two extra copies of LHM being furnished Bureau for Bureau file on Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

Sources contacted regarding possible open-housing demonstrations in Louisville were [redacted]

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Developments regarding the threatened open-housing demonstrations will be followed closely and the Bureau and intersted agencies advised.

ACTION: UACB:

☐ No further action being taken and
☒ LHM enclosed ☒ Copy furnished to USA Louisville
☐ LHM being submitted
☐ Report being submitted
☐ Preliminary investigation instituted
☐ Limited investigation instituted

2-Bureau (enc.10)
(1-157-)
(1-100-438794)
2-Atlanta (enc2)
(100-5718)
2-Louisville
(1-157-90)
GWH/rar (6)

100-438794-

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
178 AUG 31 1966

Approved: 57 SEP 6 1966 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-21

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Louisville, Kentucky
August 25, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

POSSIBLE OPEN-HOUSING
DEMONSTRATIONS,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY;
RACIAL MATTERS

The Louisville Defender, Louisville, Kentucky, a weekly newspaper printing news about, and of interest to, Negroes in Kentucky, in its August 11, 1966, edition reported that the Reverend Ralph Abernathy, Vice President of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), was scheduled to be a principal speaker at the annual convention of the Jefferson County Sunday School Association, August 23 - 25, 1966, in Louisville, Kentucky. Reverend Abernathy was scheduled to speak on August 24, 1966.

The Courier Journal, Louisville, Kentucky, a newspaper of general circulation, on August 25, 1966, reported that Reverend Abernathy, speaking at the 43rd Annual Convention of the Jefferson County Sunday School Association meeting at the Zion Baptist Church, 220 West Walnut, Louisville, Kentucky, stated that he came to Louisville " ' to determine whether there should be a program here similar to the program in Chicago,'" referring to open-housing demonstrations. The story noted that an Open-Housing Ordinance, containing enforcement provisions, had been proposed during the previous week by a committee of the Louisville Human Relations Commission, but that the ordinance had been opposed by the Louisville Real Estate Board.

Reverend Abernathy took issue with Louisville Mayor Kenneth A. Schmied, who had earlier said that Louisville does not have a ghetto.

Reverend Abernathy said, "'Louisville is deserving of some commendation, but it has not moved fast enough.'" He reportedly said that there is not a single city in America that has moved fast enough and that "'we are 300 years behind.'"

The story also noted that Louisville has an ordinance against housing bias, but that the ordinance carries no penalty provisions.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE
100-435794-

On August 24, 1966, sources familiar with racial situation in Louisville, Kentucky, advised that no plans had been made for open-housing demonstrations, but that such plans would be discussed by civil rights leaders on August 26, 1966, following Reverend Abernathy's appearance.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Louisville, Kentucky
August 25, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title POSSIBLE OPEN-HOUSING DEMONSTRATIONS, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Character RACIAL MATTERS

Reference Memorandum dated August 25, 1966 at Louisville, Kentucky

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-6

FBI

Date: 8-25-66

Transmit the following in (cc [illegible])

Via AIRTEL

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM SAC, SPRINGFIELD (100-10392)

RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of letterhead memorandum which is self-explanatory.

Enclosed for Atlanta and Chicago are four and three copies respectively of this same LHM.

Atlanta and Chicago are requested to contact sources to verify KING's visit to Springfield and furnish same to Bureau and Springfield.

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED
176 SEP 2 1966

ENCLOSURE

4 - Bureau (3 - 100-106670 (Encs. 11)
1 - 100-438794)(RM, AIRMAIL)
4 - Atlanta (2 - 100-5586 (Encs. 4)
(1 - 100-15718 (SCLC)
(1 - 157-621 (ANDREW YOUNG)(RM, AM)
3 - Chicago (2 - 100-35356 (Encs. 3)
(1 - 105-16238 (SCLC) (RM)
3 - Springfield (2 - 100-10392)
1 - 100-10323)

FBB:VLS
(14)

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DATE 11-27-79 BY 9803 DPP/DFP

CARBON COPY

57 SEP 8 1966

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ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-106670-2675

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Springfield, Illinois
August 25, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The "Illinois State Register", a daily newspaper published at Springfield, Illinois, in the issue printed August 24, 1966, had the following front-page article:

"King Expected Here Sept. 24

"Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., chairman of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, is expected to be in Springfield Sept. 24, for an address at the Illinois Associated Press luncheon at the Statehouse Inn.

"Dr. King, leader of the recent demonstrations for open housing in Chicago, said if he is called away by another appointment, his substitute will be the Rev. Andrew J. Young, King's chief aide. Young is executive director of the SCLC and also active in the Chicago marches.

"There will be a question and answer period following the speech."

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1-27-79 BY 9803 NOP/DP

100-438794

ENCLOSURE

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

...NED
...LASSIFIED
...CEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE.

FBI

Date: 8-24-66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE.

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Remytel 8/23/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are thirteen (13) copies of a letterhead memorandum re captioned matter. One (1) copy of the letterhead memorandum is being furnished the office of the United States Attorney, Chicago.

Field Supervisor [redacted] was the Agent receiving information re 1966 Illinois License [redacted] from Field Supervisor [redacted] Springfield Division, who caused Bureau of Motor Vehicle records to be checked.

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Chicago indices reflect no identifiable references to [redacted] and [redacted] mentioned in the letterhead memorandum.

Chicago is following this matter and the Bureau will be kept apprised of developments.

6 - Bureau (Encl. 13) (RM)
1 - 100-438794
1 - 100-106670
1 - 105-70374
6 - Chicago
1 - 157-413
1 - 100-35356
1 - 105-16238
1 - 157-3
JDR:mac
(12)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2-14-80 BY SP 4 JRM/LL
54 6881 73518
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CARBON COPY

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: 57 SEP 12 1966 Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
August 24, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 22, 1966, captioned as above. b6 b7C

[redacted] advised on August 22, 1966, that a mass meeting had been held in the evening of that date at the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) West Side Action Center, 3101 West Warren Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, and the estimated number in attendance was three hundred fifty persons. Reverend Jesse Jackson, SCLC, announced plans for a march on August 23, 1966. The participants were to depart the Action Center at 2:30 PM en route to the South Deering area of Chicago, apparently to repeat the march of August 21, 1966. (The South Deering area is in the southeast portion of Chicago with its boundaries as follows: East 95th Street on the north; East 126th Street on the south; the Calumet River on the east; South Stony Island (1600 East) on the west).

[redacted] indicated Martin Luther King, Jr. was expected to return to Chicago on August 23, 1966, but no plans were known which included King's participation in march of that date.

[redacted] advised that the Sheriff of Cook County, Illinois, Richard Ogilvie, in connection with the next scheduled Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) activity, a march in Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966, sent a telegram to King requesting cancellation of the Cicero march "in the interest of public safety". King replied he had no intention of cancelling the march.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-80 BY SP4 J Ruyter 54688 73518 80514

A subcommittee of the conference called last week by the Chicago Conference on Religion and Race met on August 22, 1966, in continued negotiations re open occupancy, and according to the "Chicago Sun-Times" August 23, 1966, the group was studying proposals made to the conference the previous week and is to report to the reconvened conference on Friday, August 26, 1966.

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On August 23, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised that the route to be followed in the march of that date was to follow that of August 21, 1966, in the South Deering Area. (On August 21, 1966, the marchers started at Avenue B and South 112th, and they walked to Ewing where they held vigils in the 10400 block and 10500 block of South Ewing.

On August 16, 1966 [redacted] advised that during a demonstration conducted by the captioned group in the Jefferson Park area of Chicago, Illinois, on that date, two vehicles were observed driving through the area bearing Nazi signs. One was a 1957 Chevrolet with 1966 Illinois License [redacted] and the other was a yellow Triumph bearing 1966 Illinois License [redacted]

The current registration book of the Illinois Secretary of State reflects [redacted] was issued to [redacted] 1966 Illinois License [redacted] according to the records of the Bureau of Motor Vehicles, Secretary of State, Springfield, Illinois, was issued to [redacted]

Pertinent information was furnished to: [redacted] of the Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago; [redacted] U. S. Secret Service, Chicago, and [redacted], Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 8-24-66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF declass. DATE 3-23-83

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RM (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN INC., aka Association of Klans in America
RM - KLAN

Routing slips handled

Remytels, 8/23/66 and 8/24/66.

8 - Bureau (Encls. 16) (RM)
(1 - 105-70374)
(1 - 100-438794)
(1 - 100-106670)
(1 - 105-66233)
(1 - 157-168)
1 - Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Charlotte [redacted] Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Cleveland (157-[redacted] (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)
8 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 157-3)
(1 - 100-35356)
(1 - 105-4630)
(1 - 157-895)

JDR:mew
(19)

11/29/79
CLASS. & EXT. BY 9803 RDP/DP
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 8/24/88
Unmarked Para 2

100-438794

NOT RECORDED
165 SEP 7 1966

CARBON COPY
SP4 JRM/

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DP
ON 367 VRT/FP
1-17-81 6076

157-8-9-55

ORIGINAL FILED IN

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59 SEP 1 1966 ENCLOSURE

[redacted] King SC-061P

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Enclosed for the Bureau are 16 copies of an LHM regarding captioned matter. One copy of LHM being furnished to Atlanta for information and one copy each to Charlotte and Cleveland for information.

One copy is being furnished to the USA, Chicago, Illinois.

Chicago indices contain no information identifiable with [redacted] nor with the arrestees in the demonstration of 8/23/66. [redacted] is apparently identical with the individual bearing the same name who was the subject of [redacted] b6 b7C

Chicago source 1 in the LHM is [redacted] Chicago source 2 is [redacted] Chicago source 3 is [redacted] b7D

Chicago is following this matter and will keep the Bureau apprised of developments.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
August 24, 1966

CG 157-1261

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), GAGE PARK AREA, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY
RACIAL MATTERS (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
RACIAL MATTERS (ORGANIZATION)

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN INCORPORATED, Also Known As, Association of Klans in America
RACIAL MATTERS - KLAN

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF declass. DATE 3-23-83

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated August 22, 1966.

U A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 22, 1966, that George Lincoln Rockwell, National Commander, American Nazi Party, (ANP), had departed from Chicago on August 22, 1966, en route to Arlington, Virginia. Rockwell indicated he plans to return to Chicago for a rally and march to be held by the ANP on September 10, 1966.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367VRT/LSD
ON 2/9/83
[redacted] King 82-0611 b6 b7C

11/29/79
CLASS. & EXT. BY 9893/RDR/DP
REASON FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 8/24/88
Unmarked Para U

ENCLOSURE
100-438794-

A second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 22, 1966, that George Lincoln Rockwell spoke at an ANP rally in Marquette Park, Chicago, on August 21, 1966. Source stated he only had the opportunity to hear Rockwell speak for a short time. During this time Rockwell stated, "We are going to ship the damn Niggers back to Africa," and he also stated "Martin Luther King is a damn communist." Rockwell also referred to King as Martin Luther "Coon." Rockwell called for those present, especially the young people, to come to Chicago ANP Headquarters on the evening of August 21, 1966, to hear him speak further.

A third source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 23, 1966, that he had learned that Robert Spate, Post Office Box 134, Wickcliffe, Ohio, a member of the National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Incorporated, (NKKKK), had attended the National States Rights Party, (NSRP), rally, held in Marquette Park, Chicago, on August 21, 1966.

The above source advised on August 24, 1966 that Reverend Charles (Connie) Lynch, Organizer, for the NSRP will speak on the evening of August 24, 1966, at the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

Characterizations of the ANP, NSRP, and the NKKKK are contained in the appendix section of this memorandum.

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on August 23, 1966, at 2:30 p.m., that 100 demonstrators had gathered at the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM)-Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Action Center, 3101 West Warren Boulevard, Chicago. It was anticipated they would not depart until 4 or 4:30 p.m., August 23, 1966.

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[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on August 22, 1966, that [redacted] Chicago, brought his brother [redacted] to the Chicago Police Department and told officers that [redacted] had been contacted by an unknown individual who told him if civil rights marchers go into Cicero, Illinois, [redacted] was to meet with some other men in a pre-arranged alley and bring pop bottles. Others would bring wicks and gasoline. [redacted] had a Nazi swastika on his jacket but he stated he is not a member of the ANP. [redacted] refused to answer any questions concerning civil rights marchers in Cicero. [redacted] is a white male, 17 years of age, who resides [redacted] is a high school drop-out and his parents are deceased.

Sources at the Chicago Police Department on August 23, 1966, advised that a group of 120 demonstrators departed 3101 West Warren Boulevard, at that hour, by automobile escorted by the Chicago Police Department. The group arrived at Eggers Woods in the area of South Deering, Chicago, at 5:20 p.m. There were no incidents enroute but police dispersed small groups of from 15 to 20 white youths as they gathered in the vicinity of Eggers Woods. The demonstrators remained in the Woods during the rush hour and at 6:30 p.m. planned to begin a march through the adjacent community led by Reverend Jesse Jackson and Reverend James Bevel.

Chief of Police Joseph Barloga, Cicero, Illinois, advised he received a telegram August 23, 1966, from Chris Vidnejevich, ANP leader, Chicago, requesting permission to hold a white rally in the vicinity of the Cicero, Illinois town hall at twelve noon on August 27, 1966, to organize white people to defend homes and neighborhood against "Martin Luther King's Black Invasion". He stated the purpose was not to start violence, but only to advocate self-defense. The request was to be presented to the Cicero City Council.

Chief Barloga also advised a telegram was sent to King advising of the possibility of violence if a march into Cicero were conducted, and a telegram was sent to Governor of Illinois, Otto Kerner, requesting the calling of the National Guard prior to any march in Cicero.

Cicero City officials and Cook County Sheriff Richard Ogilvie planned to hold a conference with Governor Kerner in Springfield, Illinois at 10 a.m. on August 24, 1966.

An anonymous telephone call was received in the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation during the afternoon of August 23, 1966, wherein it was stated that one [redacted] Chicago, had stated he lived in Cicero and that when Negro groups march in Cicero he will be ready and will kill as many as he can. [redacted] Illinois, white male, 5'7", 140 pounds, was determined to be in [redacted]

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Information regarding [redacted] was furnished to [redacted] of the Office of the Deputy Superintendent Conlisk, Chicago Police Department, and to Chief Joseph Barloga, Cicero, Illinois Police Department.

[redacted] advised on August 23, 1966, that the ANP scheduled a demonstration for the City Hall, Chicago, at twelve noon August 24, 1966, to protest the failure of Chicago to effect the arrest of King. He also advised King was scheduled to address a student rally at 6401 South Sangamon, Chicago, to enlist student support in Chicago CFM activities.

Chicago Police Department sources advised on August 23, 1966, that a group of approximately 178 individuals departed Egger Woods at 6:35 p.m. on that date to march through the Deering neighborhood. Nineteen counter-demonstrators consisting of 16 adults including one female and 3 juveniles were arrested on the route of march and charged with disorderly conduct. One was also charged with possession of fireworks. Their names are set out below. Police Department Officer [redacted] was hit by a rock thrown by an unknown assailant sustained minor injuries, was treated and released.

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CONFIDENTIAL

At 8 p.m., police re-enforcements were sent to South 112th Street and Avenue B where counter-demonstrators tossed flares and firecrackers in the vicinity of the parked automobiles of the demonstrators.

At 8:20 p.m., the demonstrators returned to the cars and were escorted from the area by the Chicago Police Department. Counter-demonstrators tossed rocks at the departing vehicles but no demonstrators were injured.

CONFIDENTIAL

Plans filed by the CFM with the Chicago Police Department on August 23, 1966, for a demonstration on August 24, 1966, included plans to assemble at Pasteur Park, West 58th Street and South Kostner, for a march in the area bounded by 5500 and 5900 South, between Kostner and South Pulaski. Prayer vigils were scheduled for Security Realtors, 5616 South Pulaski, and the Komenski Realtors, on West 55th Street, but no time was listed. The Chicago Police Department speculated that probably the marchers would begin to move at 6:30 p.m.

At a press conference, on August 23, 1966, Police Superintendent O. W. Wilson reported crimes in Chicago are up over 30% from a year ago and cited as the cause the large number of police assigned to demonstrations. He predicted a high crime rate will continue as police are so assigned.

Commander Harold Miles, 7th District, Chicago Police Department, advised that Martin Luther King addressed a student rally at 6401 South Sangamon in Chicago and he urged student support of CFM activities, stating he definitely plans to conduct a demonstration in Cicero, Illinois, on August 28, 1966. There were no incidents or arrests in connection with the appearance of King.

The following arrestees from the August 23, 1966 demonstration are scheduled to appear in Branch 46 of the Criminal Court at 1 p.m. August 24, 1966:

1. [redacted]
male, white, 26, August 12, 1940
[redacted]

2. [redacted]
white male, age 20, April 5, 1946
[redacted]

3. Klenovich, Joseph
white male, 38, June 9, 1928
10643 Avenue J

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CONFIDENTIAL

4. [redacted]
white male, 35, August 17, 1931
[redacted]

5. [redacted]
white male, 19, August 5, 1947
[redacted]

6. [redacted]
white male, 19, October 16, 1946
[redacted]

7. [redacted]
white male, 17, November 19, 1948
[redacted]

8. [redacted]
white male, 17, August 12, 1949
[redacted]

9. [redacted]
white male, 32, October 23, 1933
[redacted]

10. [redacted]
white male, 22, April 27, 1944
[redacted]

11. [redacted]
white male, 27, December 19, 1938
[redacted]

12. [redacted]
white male, 23, May 21, 1943
[redacted]

13. [redacted]
white male, 19, June 26, 1947
[redacted]

14. Klenovich, Frank
white male, 42, November 20, 1923
10643 Avenue J

15. Rhodes, Larry E.
white male, 24, October 15, 1941
11225 Avenue G.

b6
b7C

16. [redacted]
white female, 43, October 29, 1922
[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL b6 b7C

In addition, three juveniles who were arrested were:

1. [redacted]

2. [redacted]

3. [redacted] all Chicago

Pertinent information was furnished on August 23, 1966, to the following:

Assistant United States Attorney
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
United States Secret Service
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
Region 1, 113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois.

CONFIDENTIAL

1 APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY OF THE WORLD UNION OF FREE ENTERPRISE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS, ALSO KNOWN AS THE GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL PARTY

In his book "This Time The World," copyrighted in 1961, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL identified himself as Commander, American Nazi Party of the World Union of Free Enterprise National Socialists (ANP - WUFENS), Arlington, Virginia.

The April 4, 1963, issue of "The Richmond News Leader," a Richmond, Virginia, daily newspaper, reported that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL had, on the previous day, again applied for the American Nazi Party to be chartered in the State of Virginia, but this request was turned down by the Virginia State Corporation Commission. This action was taken pursuant to an act of the 1962 Virginia Assembly which prohibits use of "Nazi" or "National Socialism" in a Virginia charter. This article further pointed out that ROCKWELL's Party is presently chartered in the State of Virginia as the George Lincoln Rockwell Party.

On August 14, 1964, a source advised that the ANP - WUFENS was organized by GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL at his residence in Arlington, Virginia, on February 26, 1959, as an international "National Socialist" movement based on the German Nazi Party headed by ADOLF HITLER. He added that ROCKWELL is the dominant force and personality in this party; that he is espousing a "line" of hatred against the Jews and Negroes; and that he is seeking, through speeches, distribution of literature and picketing, to establish a cohesive and dominant political party in the United States and in foreign countries.

According to the "Stormtrooper's Manual," an official publication of the ANP, the phases of ANP struggle for power are fourfold, namely, first "to make ourselves known to the masses"; second, "the dissemination of our program and truth about the Party"; third, "organizing the people who have been converted to our propaganda"; and fourth, "the attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses."

On September 16, 1965, the source advised that GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL believes he has completed the first three phases in his struggle for power and is now into the fourth stage, to wit, the "attainment of power through the votes of the newly-won masses." The source stated ROCKWELL believes this because of his success in gaining a place on the ticket in the November, 1965, gubernatorial election in the State of Virginia.

CONFIDENTIAL

1

APPENDIX

AMERICAN NAZI PARTY,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on November 14, 1960, that on that date a meeting was held in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of organizing a Chicago unit of the American Nazi Party(ANP) which maintains headquarters in Arlington, Virginia. GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL, National Commander, ANP, took charge of this meeting.

On May 22, 1966, MATTHIAS KOEHL, self-identified as lieutenant, ANP, Chicago, advised that the ANP in Chicago is to a degree autonomous although it remains subject to the final authority of GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL and ANP National Headquarters.

A second source advised on January 6, 1966, that the Chicago branch of the ANP is currently located at 1314 West Ohio Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A characterization of the national organization follows.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

1

APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A source advised on February 8, 1966, that the Chicago Branch of the National States Rights Party (NSRP) is located at the NSRP National Bookshop at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. The Chicago Branch of the NSRP was officially opened on December 29, 1965, when Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS, National Director of the NSRP, spoke at a rally held at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

RAYMOND LEO SCHULTZ, an organizer for the Chicago Branch of the NSRP, resides at 2237 North Western Avenue, Chicago.

This source also advised that the National Office of the NSRP is located at Augusta, Georgia, and the Chicago Branch of the NSRP subscribes to the policies of the National Office of the NSRP. The NSRP believes that there should not be race mixing between whites and Negroes and that Negroes in the United States by conducting demonstrations and causing riots are causing a breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP also believes that the Jewish people are financing many of the Negro demonstrations, and, therefore, the Jewish people are responsible for race miximg and the breakdown of law and order in the United States. The NSRP believes that the Jews and the Negroes should be exposed in their attempts to have integration between whites and Negroes.

CONFIDENTIAL

1 APPENDIX

NATIONAL STATES RIGHTS PARTY (NSRP)

On November 26, 1957, a source advised that the United White Party (UWP) was organized at a convention held in Knoxville, Tennessee, on November 10, 1957. An article in the November 26, 1957, issue of the "Greenville Piedmont," a newspaper of Greenville, North Carolina, reported "the recent formation of a new political party, to be known as the United White Party." According to the article, the party was formed at a recently held meeting in Knoxville, Tennessee, at which many Klansmen were represented. The UWP was reported as being opposed to all "race mixing organizations and individuals."

The July, 1958, issue of "The Thunderbolt," self-described as the "official Racial Nationalist Organ of the National States Rights Party" (NSRP), reported that rank and file "States Righters" had merged with the UWP under "the banner of the National States Rights Party," with national offices at Post Office Box 261, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

In November, 1958, a source advised that the NSRP is composed of past members of Klan-type organizations and notorious anti-Semites.

Issue No. 19, dated June, 1960, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the headquarters of the NSRP had been changed from Jeffersonville, Indiana, to Post Office Box 783, Birmingham, Alabama.

Issue No. 69, dated July, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" announced the address of the new headquarters of the NSRP as Post Office Box 184, Augusta, Georgia.

On August 4, 1965, a source advised that EDWARD R. FIELDS, the Information Director of the NSRP and Editor of "The Thunderbolt," is the individual who actually controls the NSRP.

Issue No. 72, dated November, 1965, of "The Thunderbolt" reflects Dr. EDWARD R. FIELDS to be National Director of the NSRP as well as Editor of "The Thunderbolt."

"The Thunderbolt" continues to publish articles attacking Negroes and persons of the Jewish faith.

APPENDIX

1

NATIONAL KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN, INC.
(NKKKK)

A source advised that on May 22, 1960, the National Grand Council of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan met at Atlanta, Georgia, to discuss consolidation of the Klan's unity of effort and activities to establish a National Fund, and a National Secretary, and to design a new flag. The meeting was attended by representatives of the Federation of Ku Klux Klan, Alabama; Association of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Association of Georgia Klans, Georgia; Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, North Carolina; Association of South Carolina Klans, South Carolina; Dixie Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Tennessee; and Kyksos Klan, Texas.

This source advised that at a consolidation meeting at Atlanta, Georgia, September 2-5, 1960, at which the North Carolina and Texas Klans were not represented, it was resolved and passed that their name be changed to National Ku Klux Klan.

A second source advised in March, 1964, that several meetings of Klan groups were held during the period 1960 to 1963 in an effort to unite the Klan groups under a single leadership.

The organization was granted a charter in DeKalb County, Georgia, November 1, 1963, under the name National Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., as a "patriotic, secret, social, and benevolent order."

A third source advised in December, 1963, that the organization had issued a statement of its program which indicated the organization to be anti-Negro, anti-Jewish, anti-Catholic, and anti-Foreign born.

The third source advised in August, 1964, that the organization has a headquarters in Tucker, Georgia, and the day-to-day operations are under the direction of JAMES R. VENABLE, Chairman.

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial/568 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/ll
A ON FOR EXTENSION
FORM II, 1982
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9/15/86

FBI

CONFIDENTIAL

Date: 9/15/66

Transmit the following in 54688 73518 80514

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678RFP/cff ON AUG 13 1985

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
SLIP
DATE 9/16/80

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies and for Chicago 2 copies of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is

[redacted]

Checked by 367 VRT
Checked by ... 2/7/83

b7D

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) BY Nuclear 1678RFP
DATE 8-21-85

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
2 - Chicago (Enc. 2) (RM)
9 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
(1 -
(1 -
(1 -
(1 -
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(1 -
(1 -

AGS:cmp
(14)

AGENCY: ~~ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.~~
~~DEPT~~: ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 9/21/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: PTB / [illegible]

REC- 71

100-438794-1570

ST-111

9 SEP 16 1966

b6
b7C
b7D

ENCLOSURE

S. C. Wick

1cc 922 9 [illegible]

CONFIDENTIAL

INT. (SEC.)

SEP 29 1966

Approved: [signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SCLC

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
September 15, 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-323

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

SECRET

FBI

Date: 9/14/66

7-10-84
Classified by 8972 TDK/kmb
Declassify on: OADR
[redacted] /SCLC King
SECRET 82-0611

b6
b7C

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 167REPORT
3/4/90 (97326161) (4/16/90)
CN80,513 Appeal 82-0611

Transmit the following in [redacted] (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/16/71

Classified by 8972
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/83
367 KT SP

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) BY Amend 5-16-80 DATE 8-21-85

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C
(OO: Atlanta)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY MASON, FCIM, II
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-12-86
54 GFF, 73518 80CW

7-15-80 SP4 JKMIN 2

Re NY teletype of 9/10/66, reporting results of contact between MARTIN LUTHER KING and STANLEY LEVISON. This communication was captioned, "CIRM" [redacted] U

Enclosed are ten copies of a LHM incorporating the information in teletype. The source of the information was NY 3810-S*. Two copies are enclosed for the assistance of the Atlanta Office, since that office is origin in the Cominfil SCLC and KING cases. [redacted] U

[redacted] NY 694-S* was the source used in the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON. U
/cc 922 9ft

Classified by 6080
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
LED/bjw 12-5-84

4-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM)
(1-100-106670)
2-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
[redacted] NY (100-73250) (42)
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1-NY (100-149194) (42)
JMK:rmv
(11)

REC 37

3 SEP 15 1966

b6
b7C

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI; SEC. SER.
DEPT: ISD, CBD, [redacted]
DATE FORW: 9/20/66
HOW FORW:
BY:

1) ENCLOSURE

Approved: Special Agent in Charge Sent M Per

54 SEP 26 1966

SECRET

UNREC COPY AND COPY ENTD FILED IN

[redacted] CLARENCE JONES. [redacted] b7D

The LHM is classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 3810-S* and NY 694-S*. The first source furnishes information of a highly sensitive nature about racial matters in the U.S. and Communist infiltration thereof. The last source in furnishing characterization of STANLEY LEVISON, furnished concentration of information [redacted]

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
SECRET
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bu 100-438794

New York, New York
September 14, 1966

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-88 1678RFP/cff (4-16-90)
3-14-90 6972EEP/Sh CN 80,513 Appeal 82-0611

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-4 JRM/ml
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-14-86
54688 73518
80 514

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, SCLC
Internal Security - C

7-10-84
Classified by 8972TDK/cff
Declassify on: OADR
SCLC/King 82-0611

b6
b7C

On September 9, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Martin Luther King, President of the SCLC, was in contact with Stanley Levison on that date. The contact, according to the source, concerned the following matters:

Levison said George Wiley (former Associate Director of the Congress of Racial Equality), was interested in working for the SCLC, and, therefore, wanted to set a time when he could see King. King said he would have to see him in Chicago, Illinois, since he would not have time to see him while in New York City on Sunday (September 11, 1960). In the event Wiley and the SCLC can agree to terms, Wiley could work in Atlanta, King told Levison. King said such an arrangement would be quite

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Reviewed for classification 4/26/77 by 7306 TJS/RDB upheld 11-8-77 LED/bjn

Classified by 367 VRH/DP
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/82

SECRET
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY SLIP (S) OF DATE
Class Ct

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146 OCT 15 1970

100-438794-1511

ENCLOSURE

satisfactory since they reorganized the administrative set-up in Atlanta.

In elaborating on the break-down of the SCLC, King said they have four divisions: Hosea Williams is the Southern Projects Director; Everol (Phonetic) is the Northern Projects Director; there is an Organizational Programs Division, which includes citizenship education, the affiliates, the departments, "Operation Birdbath", Operation Dialog, Economic Affairs, all of which are headed by Dorothy Cotton; and finally, Junius (Junius Briggs) is Director of the Fourth Division dealing with Administration, Public Relations, Office Staff, and the general flow of fund raising.

King said the SCLC also has a steering committee composed of seven people and the four division heads. This body, according to him, meets every Monday at 10:00 am to handle administrative matters. No expenditures, King said, can be made without the approval of the committee.

Levison told King he would like to get together with him for the purpose of considering a new book. Levison said he thought the time was right for one and would travel out to Chicago to discuss it with King. King said he would notify Levison as to when he should come out for that purpose.

Another matter considered was the resignation of Julian Bond from the Student NonViolent Coordinating Committee, SNCC. In that regard, King said Julian desired to work for the

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference, SCLC
Internal Security - C

SCLC, but would have to wait for things to cool down. Bond, King remarked, preferred to wait rather than give the impression that he was deserting SNCC. Levison commented that King and the SCLC should be able to get the better civil rights people who are leaving other civil rights organizations.

In reference to the recent disturbance in Atlanta, King said SNCC was rejected by the Negroes. SNCC was told by Negroes that they did not like the slums, but prefered them over guns and violence.

In reply to a question from Levison as to whether King felt "Black Power" was waning in terms of a viable force, King answered affirmatively, commenting, however, that the press was keeping it alive and representing it to be more than it is.

Levison told U.S. about a recent conversation Clarence Jones had with Stokely Carmichael and as a result, Jones concluded that Carmichael was a very dangerous man. In fact, Jones, Levison added, described him as a black nationalist. King was of the opinion that Carmichael would serve a prison sentence as a consequence of the riot. He added that he did not agree with the charge of having incited a riot and in line with American jurisprudence he would say he is innocent until he is proven guilty. And in planning what he would say during a press conference that night, King said he should say just that if asked about Carmichael. King said he thought he could get away with such an answer for the time being but that Carmichael would eventually seek his support. Levison said if Carmichael should be convicted of inciting a riot, "they" would have to blame those forces which compelled the riot.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference, SCLC
Internal Security - C

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York. U

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League. U

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. U

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the Civil Rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position on Civil Rights. Levison's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism. S

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 DRM/LU 7-15-80
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-15-86

FBI

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 1678 RFP/CH
3/13/91 8/23 MCH/DWJ 9/9/91 Appeal #82-1652 CN 87,063

Date: 9/15/66

SECRET

Transmit the following in: (Type in plain text or code)

54 688

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL

73 518

80 514

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

7-10-84 Classified by 8972 TDK/CH
Declassify on: OADR
SCLC/LEVISON 82-1652

[redacted] b6 b7C

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Classified by 367 VRF/KD
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/83

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies and for New York 1 copy of LHM.

Source referred to in the enclosed LHM is [redacted]

Source utilized to characterize HOOVER is [redacted]. Source utilized to characterize LEVISON is NY 694-S* (S)

[redacted]

The enclosed LHM has been classified Secret because it contains information furnished by NY 694-S* (S). It is felt this classification is necessary in order not to jeopardize the valuable position of the informant in furnishing information of this nature.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
1 - New York (Enc. 1) (RM)
4 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
(1
(1

AGS:cmp
(8)

REC-51

160-438794-157

3 SEP 16 1966

INT. SEC.

ENCLOSURE

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR CLASSIFICATION ACTION

56 SEP 29 1966

100 922 944

SECRET

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/1/97 SENT 6/1/99

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC, SER, DEPT: ISD, CRD, RAO
DATE FORW: 3/21/66
HOW FORW:
BY:

REC COPY AND COPY OF FILED IN

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

~~SECRET~~

CAROL HOOVER

A news item in "The Atlanta Daily World" (an Atlanta, Georgia daily Negro newspaper), dated May 21, 1965, titled "Albany 'Justice' Assailed" datelined Hapeville, Georgia, sets forth information regarding a semi-annual board meeting of the Southern Conference Educational Fund (SCEF) held in Hapeville during the previous weekend. The article reports that Miss CAROL HOOVER, Atlanta, Georgia, an administrative assistant at the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) was one of four new members added to the board of SCEF at this meeting.

A characterization of the SCEF is attached hereto.

On August 22, 1964, CAROL HOOVER of SCLC, Atlanta, Georgia, told STANLEY LEVISON she was glad to have seen him at a party the previous Wednesday, according to a confidential source. [X](U)

She also asked LEVISON for a financial contribution to the campaign fund of DONALD L. HOLLOWELL who was running for Judge of the Superior Court, Atlanta, Georgia. [X](U)

LEVISON advised HOOVER that in response to her request he had contributed $50. [X](U)

~~SECRET~~

9

SECRET

STANLEY LEVISON

A confidential source advised in April, 1964, that STANLEY LEVISON was a secret member of the Communist Party (CP), USA, in July, 1963. In late 1963, and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. LEVISON was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in civil rights. LEVISON's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

[S]

SECRET

SECRET

1

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC.

"The Southern Patriot," a monthly publication, shows that it is published by the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF).

"The Southern Patriot" was cited as an "Organ" of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW) by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, on the SCHW, June 12, 1947.

The SCHW was cited as a communist front by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, June 16, 1947.

An amendment to the charter of the SCHW changed the name of that organization to the SCEF, and listed its purpose as being to improve the educational and cultural standards of the Southern people in accordance with the highest American democratic institutions, traditions, and ideals. The amendment was dated April 26, 1946.

A source advised on March 2, 1961, that CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, a Communist Party functionary, stated at a meeting of the Communist Party in Baltimore, Maryland, on February 25, 1961, that the Communist Party is not connected with any progressive movement but indirectly they do have some influence in the SCEF.

A second source, who is familiar with some phases of Communist Party activity in the New Orleans area, advised on June 2, 1965, that during the time the SCHW was in existence, Communist Party (CP) members have not been encouraged to work in the SCEF. The source stated the SCEF is a progressive, liberal organization, which he considers a CP front organization because it has gone along with the Communist Party on certain issues, particularly on the racial question.

On June 2, 1964, the second source advised that in the past he has considered JAMES DOMBROWSKI, the Executive Director of the SCEF, to be a Communist, if not an actual Communist Party member, because he followed Communist principles.

The second source advised on May 27, 1963, that many people who are officials and members of the SCEF, while liberal in their views, are by no means Communists.

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
September 15, 1966

FD 323

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-3 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: Sept. 13, 1966

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM

Re Chicago airtel and Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) dated 9/12/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies, for Atlanta two copies, of a LHM concerning captioned matter.

Copies of this matter being provided Secret Service, Chicago, Office of USA, Chicago, Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

Chicago following this matter and pertinent developments will be furnished the Bureau and Atlanta.

5 - Bureau (Encls. 12)
(1 - 100-438794)(COMINFIL, SCLC)
(1 - 100-106670)(MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718)(SCLC)(Encls. 2)
(1 - 100-5586)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)
5 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 157-1053)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)(MARTIN LUTHER KING)

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
198 SEP 19 1966

PRE:pag
(12)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP-4 JRM/lh
54688, 73518, 80514

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved: 17 SEP 23 1966 Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. Chicago 157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
September 13, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference Chicago memorandum dated September 12, 1966, concerning captioned matter.

On September 12, 1966, [redacted] North Riverside, Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that on September 11, 1966, a group of pickets appeared at the residence of Gilbert Balin, 8527 West Cermack Road, North Riverside, and demonstrated from 3:10 PM to 4:00 PM. The pickets, 24 of whom were Negro, were led by Reverend William Biggs, white, carried homemade signs which read: "Balin Slum Landlord" and "Balin Won't Negotiate." [redacted] said the pickets were ignored by the residents of the area and they were orderly and left the area peacefully at about 4:00 PM. There were no arrests.

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b7C

The September 12, 1966, issue of the "Chicago Daily News" in an article captioned "Tenants Union Pickets Home Of Realty Man" reflects in part:

"A tenants' union organized by the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King's Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) picketed the suburban home of a West Side real estate agent in an effort to gain bargaining rights.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP-4 JRM/ch
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ENCLOSURE

"The East Garfield Park Union to End Slums sought to force Gilbert Balin, owner of a real estate firm at 21 N. Pulaski Rd., to sign a contract giving the union the right to represent his tenants.

"Twenty-five pickets, most of them Negroes, marched for an hour in front of Balin's North Riverside home, but Balin was not there. Residents in the area ignored the demonstrators.

"The pickets were led by the Rev. William Biggs, pastor of the Warren Av. Congregational Church, 3101 W. Warren, West Side headquarters for the Chicago Freedom Movement.

"The Tenants union recently signed a contract with the Condor & Costalis real estate firm, 2959 W. Jackson Blvd. The pact provides a grievence procedure for tenants and requires the firm to maintain and repair its West Side buildings.

"A similar contract with Balin is sought.

"Advocates of tenants unions contend that they provide rentors in poor neighborhoods a means of forçing landlords to keep up buildings and prevent slums.

"Opponents contend that such unions interfere with the legal rights of property owners. CFM decided to press for such unions after calling off open housing marches in the wake of an open occupancy agreement with civic leaders last month."

Copies of this communication have been furnished to the following:

United States Secret Service, Office of the Unıted States Attorney and Region I, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

FBI

Date: 9/12/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP-4 J Emile

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTERS

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Re Chicago teletype dated 9/9/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies, for Atlanta two copies, of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned matter.

Chicago is following this matter and pertinent developments will be provided the Bureau and Atlanta.

The source concealed in the enclosed letterhead memorandum is [redacted] (requested)..

5 - Bureau (Enc. 12)
1 - 100-438794 (COMINFIL, SCLC)
1 - 100-106670 (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (SCLC) (Enc. 2)
1 - 100-5586 (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
5 - Chicago (157-1261)
1 - 157-413
1 - 157-1053
1 - 105-16238
1 - 100-35356 (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

JCS:MJD
(12)

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD
SEP 15 1966
Date Forw.....
How Forw. T-5
By.....
RACIAL UNIT

1 SEP 14 1966

1 ENCLOSURE

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED
183 SEP 16 1966

SUBVERSIVE CONTROL

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

CRIMINAL FILED IN b6 b7C b7D

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 157-[illegible]

Chicago, Illinois
September 12, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM
MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of September 9, 1966, under the above caption, and that of "PICKETING DEMONSTRATION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, BY TENANT ACTION COUNCIL (TAC), OLD TOWN GARDEN APARTMENTS, 1446 SEDGWICK STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS; RACIAL MATTERS."

On September 8, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the CFM - SCLC was to hold a rally that evening at the Greater Mt. Hope Baptist Church, 6034 South Princeton Avenue, Chicago.

Martin Luther King, Jr., President, SCLC, was to be present at this meeting and was to explain to the others in attendance the details of the agreement made between the CFM and Chicago civic authorities, the agreement concerning open housing which had in turn caused the CFM to agree to terminate its civil rights marches into all-white neighborhoods. b6 b7C

[redacted]

Chicago Police Department, which district covers the area of 6034 South Princeton Avenue, advised the Chicago Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Office during the late evening hours of September 8, 1966, that the civil rights rally held at Mt. Hope Baptist Church had commenced at approximately 8:20 p.m., and had

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRM/ld
54688, 73518
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100-438794-

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

ended at about 10:45 p.m. Martin Luther King, Jr. did not attend this rally and [redacted] advised he had no information that King at that time was in the Chicago area. [redacted] advised that Al Raby, Convener, Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, was one of the main speakers at the meeting, discussing the recent rent strike at the Old Town Garden Apartments and the sale on September 8, 1966, of these apartments, which had resulted in an end to this rent strike. [redacted] advised that there were no incidents or arrests during the course of this rally. b6 b7C

The "Chicago Daily News," edition of September 9, 1966, contained an article relating to the September 8, 1966, rally at the Mt. Hope Baptist Church. This article reflected that one of the speakers at this meeting had been Reverend Andrew Young, Executive Director, SCLC, who had stated that the CFM would direct its energies toward three major fronts in the coming weeks. These so-called battle areas included that of de facto school segregation, unionization of low paid workers, and continued eradication of slum housing. Young stated that "direct action" methods would be used in all these areas.

Young had indicated that possibly demonstrations would be held at locations of stores and firms that refused to recognize unions formed by their respective employees. He singled Saks Fifth Avenue, 669 North Michigan Avenue, as one of these stores. Young noted that more than 100 of the firm's employees here had formed a union, but that Saks had refused to recognize or deal with this collective. Young stated that if Saks did not recognize this union by September 15 the employees would strike; however, he was not specific in the support which the CFM might supply. In the area of slum removal Young emphasized the importance of the use of rent strikes, stating that such activities would enjoy the full support of the CFM, this including the moving back of evicted people into their apartments.

Copies of this memorandum are being provided the following: Secret Service, Chicago; Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago; Region 1, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

FBI

Date: 9-9-66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (157-1329)

SUBJECT: CHICAGO LABOR PROJECT, aka
Chicago Labor-Rights Alliance
RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP-4 JRM/LL

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Reference is made to Atlanta airtel and Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) 8/4/66, captioned COMINFIL-SCLC, IS-C.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies, for Atlanta two copies of a self-explanatory LHM concerning the above.

The information set forth in the enclosed LHM undoubtedly refers to captioned Project as described in referenced LHM. The newspaper article utilized contains the names of individuals involved with this Project, these individuals identical with certain of those set forth in referenced Atlanta airtel, including [redacted] and others.

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b7C

The enclosed LHM is being provided for information and Chicago is conducting no additional inquiry concerning this matter. Any further pertinent information forthcoming will be appropriately provided the Bureau and Atlanta.

(4) - Bureau (Encls.12)(RM)
(1 - 100-438794)(COMINFIL-SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (Encls. 2)(RM)
(1 - 100-5718)(COMINFIL-SCLC)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 157-254)

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED
174 SEP 21 1966

JCS:pag
(10)

CARBON COPY

ENCLOSURE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-

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Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

70 SEP 27 1966

Individual cases have been opened in Chicago concerning those individuals identified as involved with this Project, pursuant to instructions set forth in Bureau airtel of 5/4/66, to Chicago, under the COMINFIL-SCLC caption. Based on available information, Chicago indices reflect no identifiable reference to [redacted] b6 b7C

No local dissemination is being made since material does not at present indicate any violence potential or relate to proposed demonstrations.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. Chicago 157-1329

Chicago, Illinois
September 9 ,1966

CHICAGO LABOR PROJECT, ALSO KNOWN AS
CHICAGO LABOR-RIGHTS ALLIANCE
RACIAL MATTER

The "Chicago Defender", a South side Chicago Negro newspaper, edition of August 4, 1966, contained an article pertaining to the captioned matter. The article stated generally as follows:

A new alliance, experimental in nature, between the civil rights movement and labor unions has taken place recently in Chicago. Tangible evidence of this is the opening of the first Community Union Center in the Lawndale area of Chicago where labor representatives and civil rights workers are busily organizing the Committee.

A store front office at 4002 West Roosevelt Road, Chicago, bears the names of two civil rights organizations, together with that of the United Automobile Workers and the Industrial Union Department of the American Federation of Labor - Congress of Industrial Organizations. The purpose of this alliance is to organize the unorganized workers, find jobs for the unemployed and concentrate on the broad spectrum of problems faced by those living in the ghetto. These problems included those of housing, education, jobs, health and political representation.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9-15-80 BY SP-4 JRmlr
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ENCLOSURE

The alliance is also to involve itself in the organization of tenant councils seeking recognition as collective bargaining agents with real estate agencies.

The two civil rights organizations involved in this program are the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and the Coordinating Council of Community Organization, whose leaders have been meeting for several months with labor leaders such as Walter Reuther, head of the United Automobile Workers, as well as others.

As the civil rights movement has shifted its emphasis to the North, its direction is increasingly taking the form of such alliances as represented in this first Community Union Center. The program as it has been organized envisions five such centers, two on Chicago's West side, two on the South side and one on the near North side.

The importance of community organization is central to the aims of the program. The United Automobile Workers, for example, took two community surveys in April, 1966, conducted in the Woodlawn area on Chicago's South side and in the 24th Ward area on Chicago's West side. The surveys determined such things as housing conditions, employment status, income and whether or not residents were registered to vote. The First Community Union Center located in the Lawndale area is staffed by a core of 10 civil rights workers, including several indigenous people. This number is matched or exceeded by union representatives. The alliance is hopeful, however, that within a short time more and more community people will take over leadership positions, now filled by these civil rights and labor representatives, even to the point of organizing their own unions and negotiating their own collective bargaining contracts.

FD-205 (Rev. 1-10-63)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (100-438794) DATE: 9/23/66

FROM : SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL OF S.C.L.C.
IS-C

SOG ACTION:
(Records Branch)

☐ Post and destroy
☑ File

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP-4 JRM/lm

This case will be delinquent. 9/25/66 [REPORT]

Date of Bureau deadline: 9/25/66

Reason for the delinquency: OTHER EXPEDITE MATTERS

Date the report or necessary communication will reach the Bureau: ON OR BEFORE 10/17/66

AEC zone designation; e.g., OR, CH, etc.:
(This applies only to 116 cases.)

☑ No administrative action necessary.

INV. SEC.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-35 (Rev. 12-13-56)

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RFP
ON AUG 13 1985

FBI

Date: 9/23/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Declass 1678 RFP DATE 8-21-85

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies and for New York and Chicago 1 copy each of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted]

[redacted]

b7D

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE

ENCLOSURE

100-438794-1

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
1 - New York (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Chicago (Enc. 1) (RM)
3 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
(1 - 100-5586) (M. L. KING, JR.)

Classified by 367 VRT/DD
Declassify on: OADR 219183

4 SEP 24 1966

AGS:cmp
(8)

1CC LHM IRS by Courier 9/29/66 DMW/ci

AGENCY: ~~ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC. SER.~~; ~~[illegible]~~; [illegible], CRD, RAO

DATE FORW: 9/27/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: DMW/ci

INT. SEC.

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP 4 JRM/LL
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II-1-2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-23-86
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C. C. Wick

CONFIDENTIAL

54 30 1CC AT+LHM 9249+D

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Atlanta, Georgia
September 23, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

FD 323

CONFIDENTIAL

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FBI

Date: 9-19-66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE 3-23-83

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF DATE 3-23-83

Re Chicago airtel and letterhead memorandum dated 9/16/66, and Chicago teletypes dated 9/16 and 18/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies, for Atlanta 2, of a letterhead memorandum concerning captioned matter.

The source concealed in the enclosed is [redacted] 4

Chicago is continuing to follow this matter and the Bureau will be appropriately advised of developments.

DECLASSIFIED BY 367 VRT/DD ON 2/9/83

5 - Bureau (Encl. 13)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.) [redacted] King 82-0611
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL - SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (Encl. 2)
(1 - 100-5718) (COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 100-35356) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
(1 - 105-16238) (COMINFIL - SCLC)

100-438794

NOT RECORDED 180 SEP 28 1966

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b7C

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157-6-9-3542

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Nicholas DATE 3-23-83

JCS/jmk
(11)

ENCLOSURE

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4/JRM/LL 7-15-80
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-19-86

CARBON COPY

Approved: _____ Special Agent in Charge

Sent 73515 M 80514 Per _____

590CT4 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
September [illegible], 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS BY CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC)
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 16, 1966, under the above caption.

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[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on September 16, 1966, that no representatives of the Chicago Freedom Movement (CFM) had picketed on this date at Saks Fifth Avenue, 669 North Michigan Avenue, although such picketing had been anticipated in an effort to assist the employees here in the organization of low income groups, representatives of these employees not being recognized by store officials. The CFM plans a picket demonstration before Saks Fifth Avenue to commence at 12 noon on September 17, 1966. Representatives of the CFM - SCLC will be in this store during the picketing trying on clothes without attempting to make any purchases.

[redacted] continued that information available to him indicated that Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., President, SCLC, would appear at 7:30 p.m. on the evening of September 16, 1966, at Marillac House, 2822 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, to speak in general of the aims and purposes of the CFM before various

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRM/ed
54688, 73518
80514

ENCLOSURE

163-433774

leaders of this community. The Chicago Police Department anticipates no problems in connection with this appearance on the part of King. b6 b7C

Representatives of the [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised on September 17, 1966, that they had no information concerning the scheduled appearance the preceeding evening of Dr. King at Marillac House. [redacted] advised, however, that Dr. King was in Chicago at the present time and during the day of September 16, 1966, had appeared in court in Chicago where he had testified as a character witness for Al Ravy, Convenor Coordinating Council of Community Organizations, who was being tried on state charges of disorderly conduct and interfering with police officers during a civil rights rally held at Chicago in June, 1965.

In connection with CFM activities on September 16, 1966, [redacted] North Riverside, Illinois, Police Department, a Chicago suburb, advised that approximately 15 to 28 pickets conducted a demonstration before the residence of Gilbert Balin, 8527 West Cermak Road in North Riverside from approximately 6:35 p.m. to 7:30 p.m. on this date. The pickets were led by the Reverend William Briggs, associated with the CFM, and approximately five to ten neighborhood spectators observed this demonstration. [redacted] advised that this demonstration took place in an orderly manner with no incidents or arrests. This picketing was protesting the alleged ownership by Balin of so-called slum tenement dwellings on Chicago's west side.

On September 17, 1966, a confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised at 1 p.m. that a demonstration began in front of Saks Fifth Avenue, 669 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, at approximately 11 a.m. on this date. Some thirty to forty demonstrators were picketing outside the store here and were distributing leaflets critical of the store's management to deal with representatives of its employees in connection with labor-management relations. The leaflets additionally called for the support of all store employees in their fight to win union recognition and collective bargaining rights. The store customers were being asked by demonstrators not to patronize Saks Fifth Avenue.

The above source advised at 4:30 p.m. that the group of demonstrators before Saks Fifth Avenue terminated their activities at 4 p.m. with no incidents or arrests throughout the affair. There was little or no spectator interest to this demonstration. No disturbances occurred and it concluded in an orderly fashion. Reverend Jesse Jackson, affiliated with the SCLC, was observed participating in this demonstration.

On September 17, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C Police Department, advised that he had learned that Reverend William Briggs would again lead a picketing demonstration before the residence of Gilbert Balin in North Riverside. The demonstration would take place between the hours of 12:30 p.m. - 4:30 p.m. The demonstration again protesting against Balin allegedly being a slum landlord.

[redacted] subsequently advised on September 17, 1966, that the picket demonstration at Balin's had taken place between 2p.m. - 3 p.m. on September 17, 1966, with approximately twenty individuals participating in the picketing. [redacted] advised that there were no incidents during this picketing and no arrests occurred.

In connection with the activities of Dr. King in Chicago, the "Chicago Tribune", a daily Chicago newspaper, edition of September 16, 1966, reflected that King appeared at a rally at 6034 South Princeton Avenue, the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church, the evening of September 15, 1966. This article reflected that King revealed plans at the rally to make Chicago's Loop stores the target of future civil rights demonstrations in an effort to find more and better jobs for Negroes. The rising unemployment rate among Negroes prompts the CFM to begin its economic phase in Chicago. Another goal of the CFM will be to organize Negro employees of large stores into unions as a way of improving wages. "No buying" compaigns may also be utilized to help accomplish these objectives. "I'm going to march straight up Michigan Avenue and straight up State Street and organize every store in the city," Dr. King stated.

The Reverend James Bevel, aide to King, announced plans for a similar campaign in the Englewood area on Chicago's south side but advised that meetings with store owners would be held before any such campaign began in Englewood.

The September 19, 1966, edition of the "Chicago's American," a daily Chicago newspaper, contained an article concerning an appearance made by Dr. King before a rally held at the Greater Mount Hope Baptist Church on the evening of September 18, 1966. King directed his comments on this occasion to the question of urban renewal in the Englewood section of Chicago, announcing that he will meet soon with the Urban Renewal Commissioner to urge a halt in condemnation proceedings for the central Englewood project. The city plans to condemn some 600 housing units here, mostly single family homes owned by Negroes, to provide space for parking lots and a mall for the 63rd and Halsted Streets shopping district. King stated that he would ask the Commissioner to stop condemnation action until a Federal court suit challenging the project is settled. If no agreement could be reached to halt condemnation, King stated "We have no choice but to start a 'no buy' campaign throughout the Englewood shopping area."

Pertinent portions of the above information were furnished to the following individuals:

[redacted]
United States Secret Service
Chicago, Illinois

b6
b7C

[redacted] and [redacted]
Region 1
113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois

[redacted] and [redacted]
Assistant United States Attorneys
Office of the United States Attorney
Chicago, Illinois

One copy of this memorandum is being provided the office of the United States Attorney in Chicago.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56) 7-15-80

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-4 JRM/ch
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-23-86

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC) DATE: 6-11-85 1628 RFP/ch

FBI

Date: 9/23/66

SECRET

Transmit the following in 54688 73518 (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL 80514 AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

7-10-84 Classified by 8972 TDK/ch
Declassify on: OADR

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) BY Amended 1678 RSP DATE 8-21-85

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) DATE 9/18/85

Re Atlanta airtel and LHM dated 9/15/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies and for New York 1 copy of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted] b7D

Source utilized to characterize CAROL HOOVER is [redacted]. Source utilized to characterize STANLEY LEVISON is NY 694-S* (S)

DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION FURNISHED BY

[redacted]

367 by VKT LBD
Declassify on: OADR 2/9/83

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification DATE 11/10/77

The enclosed LHM has been classified Secret because it contains information furnished by NY 694-S* (S) It is felt this classification is necessary in order not to jeopardize the valuable position of the informant in furnishing information of this nature.

ENCLOSURE

100-438794-1575

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
1 - New York (Enc. 1) (RM)
4 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
(1 [redacted]
(1 [redacted]

REC-100

4 SEP 24 1966

b6
b7C
b7D

AGS:cmp
(8)

AGENCY: ~~AGSI, ONI, OSI, SEC, SER,~~ ; D, CRD, RAO

INT. SEC.

DATE FORM: 9/26/66
NEW FORM: RS

50 SEP 29 1966

Approved: Special Agent in Charge Sent M Per

SECRET

ICC AT + LHM 9249 TD

Classified by 6080
Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite
11-8-77

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

~~SECRET~~

CAROL HOOVER

A news item in "The Atlanta Daily World" (an Atlanta, Georgia daily newspaper), dated May 21, 1965, titled "Albany 'Justice' Assailed" datelined Hapeville, Georgia, sets forth information regarding a semi-annual board meeting of the Southern Conference Educational Fund (SCEF) held in Hapeville during the previous weekend. The article reports that Miss CAROL HOOVER, Atlanta, Georgia, an administrative assistant at the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) was one of four new members added to the board of SCLC at this meeting.

A characterization of the SCEF is attached hereto.

On August 22, 1964, CAROL HOOVER of SCLC, Atlanta, Georgia, told STANLEY LEVISON she was glad to have seen him at a party the previous Wednesday, according to a confidential source. [S] (u)

She also asked LEVISON for a financial contribution to the campaign fund of DONALD L. HOLLOWELL who was running for Judge of the Superior Court, Atlanta, Georgia. [S] (u)

LEVISON advised HOOVER that in response to her request he had contributed $50. [S] (u)

~~SECRET~~

SECRET

STANLEY LEVISON

A confidential source advised in April, 1964, that STANLEY LEVISON was a secret member of the Communist Party (CP), USA, in July, 1963. In late 1963, and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. LEVISON was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in civil rights. LEVISON's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

SECRET

SECRET

1

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC.

"The Southern Patriot," a monthly publication, shows that it is published by the SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC. (SCEF).

"The Southern Patriot" was cited as an "Organ" of the SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE (SCHW) by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, on the SCHW, June 12, 1947.

The SCHW was cited as a communist front by the Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, June 16, 1947.

An amendment to the charter of the SCHW changed the name of that organization to the SCEF, and listed its purpose as being to improve the educational and cultural standards of the Southern people in accordance with the highest American democratic institutions, traditions, and ideals. The amendment was dated April 26, 1946.

A source advised on March 2, 1961, that CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, a Communist Party functionary, stated at a meeting of the Communist Party in Baltimore, Maryland, on February 25, 1961, that the Communist Party is not connected with any progressive movement but indirectly they do have some influence in the SCEF.

A second source, who is familiar with some phases of Communist Party activity in the New Orleans area, advised on June 2, 1965, that during the time the SCHW was in existence, Communist Party (CP) members have not been encouraged to work in the SCEF. The source stated the SCEF is a progressive, liberal organization, which he considers a CP front organization because it has gone along with the Communist Party on certain issues, particularly on the racial question.

On June 2, 1964, the second source advised that in the past he has considered JAMES DOMBROWSKI, the Executive Director of the SCEF, to be a Communist, if not an actual Communist Party member, because he followed Communist principles.

The second source advised on May 27, 1963, that many people who are officials and members of the SCEF, while liberal in their views, are by no means Communists.

SECRET

4 #

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Atlanta, Georgia
September 23, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

FD 323

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

[illegible]/[illegible]

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO [redacted]

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Re Chicago airtel and LHM 9/10/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 14 copies, for Atlanta 1 copy of a LHM concerning captioned matter.

Based on information available, no identifiable subversive references were located in Chicago indices to those individuals referred to in the enclosed LHM who were arrested during the course of the demonstration on 9/20/66.

Chicago is following and the Bureau and Atlanta will be appropriately advised.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRM/LL

[redacted] 54 688
73 518
80 514

4 - Bureau (Encl. 12)
(1 - 100-[illegible]) (COMINFIL SCLC)
1 - Atlanta (Encl. 1) (100-[illegible]) (COMINFIL SCLC)
2 - Chicago
(1 - 100-[illegible]) (COMINFIL SCLC)
(1 - [redacted]

JCS/lmj
(8)

NOT RECORDED
172 SEP 27 1966

77 OCT 7 1966 ENCLOSURE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

b7D

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

157-1261

Chicago, Illinois
September 21, 1966

DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) - SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC), CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum of September 19, 1966, under the above caption.

On September 21, 1966, [redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), that a picketing demonstration had taken place on September 20, 1966, at the offices of the Atlas Real Estate Company, 1125 South Independence Boulevard, the demonstration under the auspices of the Lawndale Union to End Slums (LUES). b6 b7C

The demonstration was in protest of the alleged failure of the Atlas firm to make repairs and eliminate vermin in apartments which it manages on Chicago's west side. During the demonstration, which lasted from approximately 2:00 to 4:00 P.M., some ten to twelve of the pickets entered the Atlas Offices to protest personally to the Atlas management concerning the matters of concern to them. When they were ordered to leave the premises, three of the pickets refused to do so, subsequently were arrested by the Chicago Police Department on charges of criminal trespass. These individuals offered no resistance and no subsequent disturbances disorders or arrests occurred during the course of the demonstration.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRMP

100-438794

94688
73 518
805 14

ENCLOSURE

The three who were arrested were as follows:

[redacted]
Age 23
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

b6
b7C

[redacted]
Age 23
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted]
Age 22
[redacted]
Chicago, Illinois

[redacted] advised that the LUES was originally organized and instituted as a part of the Anti-Slum Housing Campaign of the CFM-SCLC complex on Chicago's west side. He advised that the LUES is not known to be formally directed or led on a day-to-day basis by CFM personnel, but is considered to operate under general CFM guide lines and to be an arm of the CFM on the west side.

Copies of this memorandum are being provided to the following:

Secret Service, Chicago

Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago

Region I, 113th INTC Group
Evanston, Illinois.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

SECRET

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

FBI

Date: 9/21/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY ... REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-24.2 DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION ...

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C
(OO: Atlanta)

Classified by ... Declassify on: OADR

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating information from NY 3810-S*, a source close to STANLEY LEVISON. Two copies are enclosed for the Atlanta Office, since that office is origin in captioned case and the MARTIN LUTHER KING case; one copy is enclosed for information of the Chicago office.

With reference to the contact between LEVISON and KING, the source was of the opinion that KING was in Memphis, Tennessee, and LEVISON was in New York City.

NY 694-S* was the source used to characterize STANLEY LEVISON.

This LHM is classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 3810-S*, a source which furnishes information of a highly sensitive nature about racial matters in the U.S. and the Communist infiltration thereof. It is also classified "~~Secret~~" because the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON contains a concentration of information from NY 694-S*.

ENCLOSURE

4-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM)
(1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
2-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1-Chicago (100-) (Encl. 1) (RM)
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1-NY (100-149194) (41)
JMK:mhv
6(11)

AGENCY: ... DATE: ...

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNREC COPY AND COPY NOT FILED IN

SECRET

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Bu 100-438794

New York, New York
September 21, 1966

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 1678 LFP/CAM
3-14-90 6972 LFP/SS CW 80, 513 (4-10-90)
Appeal 82-0611

7-10-84
Classified by 8972 DK/KAH
Declassify on: OADR
SCLC/King 82-0611

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

b6
b7C

On September 20, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Stanley Levison was in contact with Rachel (Rachel DuBois, representative of Project Dialogue, SCLC) on that date. (U)

They discussed a foundation which is being set up or was recently formed by the SCLC and in that regard, Levison said he was going to Chicago on Monday, September 26, 1966, to handle legal papers concerning the foundation. He said he would be there from Monday through Wednesday. (U)

Levison and Rachel also discussed two articles which were reported in "The New York Times" on September 19-20, 1966, dealing with the civil rights movement. (U)

Levison said the articles were a disgrace because they quoted certain people as saying the liberal support for the civil rights movement was decreasing due to their disenchantment with the recent riots. One of the people with whom Levison disagreed was one Rabbi Sigmond (Phonetic). (U)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY
REASON FOR EXTENSION
DATE OF REVIEW
DECLASSIFICATION

SECRET
Group 1
Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

Classified by 3671 MRT/AHP
Declassify on: OADR
9-19-83

Classified by 1080
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
DECD/bjd 11-8-77

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF declassification
DATE 9/19/83

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) OF
DATE 9/19/83

COPIES DESTROYED
146 OCT 20 1970

ENCLOSURE 100-438794-15

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference, SCLC
Internal Security - C

In doing so, Levison said the Rabbi had absolutely no knowledge concerning the civil rights movement. Levison said he felt "they" were witnessing a propaganda drive to drive away white liberals from the civil rights movement.

The same source also furnished information on September 21, 1966, which indicated a contact between Stanley Levison and Martin Luther King, President of the SCLC, on that date. Their conversation, according to the source, concerned financial matters relating to the SCLC. In that regard, they considered ways to increase their efforts in fund raising activities such as benefits and freedom rallies.

Levison maintained that CORE (The Congress of Racial Equality) had formerly attracted many performers to benefits, but were now unable to attract them, and recommended that the SCLC move into this area to pick up the "sure-fire money" that is available. King said the SCLC should seek the services of one person to concentrate in the fund-raising area, outside of mailings, and give him the authority to coordinate benefits, freedom rallies as well as to find a way to get to the Negro community to raise money. King said he still "feels the money is there and it's just that "we" have not mobilized to get it." Levison agreed and pointed out that he had been told by a fund-raiser for the Legal Defense Fund, which has a highly paid professional staff, that they have been able to build up over the years in Chicago, contributions from Negroes of $70,000, including 17 pledges of $1,000 per year.

Levison said in order to put some "flesh-and blood" into the foundation, he was going to Chicago on Tuesday, September 27, 1966, to see Chauncey (Chauncey Eskridge, Chicago attorney). Levison said Chauncey has a fund-raiser named Feldstein (Phonetic) who wants to discuss doing the job for the

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference, SCLC
Internal Security - C

foundation. Levison told King nothing could be lost by discussing with Feldstein a professional arrangement whereby he could approach foundations with his remuneration to be based on a reasonable contingent basis. Levison told King that he thought they (SCLC) should get "that foundation" formalized (the Chicago one). 1&U

King inquired if Levison had heard anything about yesterday's meeting concerning Congressman Adam Clayton Powell (a meeting of Negro leaders in New York City, who oppose Powell's removal as Chairman of the House Committee on Education and Labor). Levison said he read in last night's paper that Powell was going to compromise with those who want to strip him of his position. King said he had not yet issued a statement on the Powell matter. Levison advised him to sit it out if at all possible. 1&U

Their conference ended on a note that King would not be in Chicago until Thursday of next week, thereby preventing him from seeing Levison. 1&U

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position on civil rights. Levison's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism. 1(S)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794) DATE: SEP 29 1966

FROM : SAC, MIAMI (157-489) (P)

SUBJECT: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

OO: ATLANTA

Enclosed for the Bureau are 7 copies, and for Atlanta, 2 copies of letterhead memorandum on the current status and program of the Miami SCLC.

The first source, [redacted] b7D

The characterization of MIKE BAUM was taken from the Phoenix report of SA [redacted] b6 b7C dated July 30, 1956, captioned, "MEYER BAUM, was. Mike Baum, Michael Baum, Monk Meyer, SM - C."

Miami will continue to follow activities of Miami chapter, SCLC, for subversive ramifications.

8/24/89 SP-4ELW/TCy #295332
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4-JRM/d
54688, 73518
80514

ENCLOSURE

2 - Bureau (Enc. 7) (RM)
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (100-5718) (RM)
2 - Miami
(1 - 157-1087) (RACIAL MATTERS)
RLO/neb
(6)

100-438794 1577

REC- 48

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI; SEC. SER.;
[illegible]: [illegible], CRD, RAO; OEO by courier
DATE FORW: 10/5/66
HOW FORW: RIS
BY: BMW/cc

EX-104

4 SEP 30 1966

INT. SEC.

1 /cc [illegible] LHM 9249 to

69 OCT 10 1966

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

MM 157-489

Miami, Florida

SEP 29 1966

Re: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION
OF THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN
LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

On September 21, 1966, a confidential source advised that the Miami chapter of the SCLC has been meeting periodically in a room at the Sir John Hotel, 534 N. W. 2nd Avenue, Miami, Florida. However, future meetings will be held in a room at the Mary Elizabeth Hotel, 642 N. W. 2nd Avenue, Miami. The meetings have been attended by approximately twenty individuals, predominantly Negro.

MIKE BAUM and JAMES CHATMAN have been in charge of the meetings.

At a meeting held on August 24, 1966, MIKE BAUM stated the main program of the Miami chapter is the concentration on inadequate housing facilities, and working closely with the Economic Opportunity Program, Inc., in this regard.

BAUM stated the housing program would force the United States Government to spend more money in the United States, rather than in Viet Nam. BAUM indicated he disagreed with United States policy in regard to Viet Nam.

BAUM also stated there would be no formal demonstrations for about a year, when it is hoped a much larger following and membership will have been established.

8/24/89 SP-4 ECW/TCG #295332

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRM/ed

54688
73518
80514

100-438[illegible]-1577

ENCLOSURE

Re: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)

On February 12 and February 21, 1953, [redacted] advised MIKE BAUM was a member of the Professional Group of the Communist Party (CP) in Phoenix, Arizona, in 1947 and 1948.

b6
b7C
b7D

On May 13, 1954, [redacted] advised that MEYER BAUM, Also Known As Mike Baum, was a member of the CP in Phoenix, Arizona, during the period 1947 - 1949.

PROPERTY OF FBI - This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Miami, Florida

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

MM 157-489

SEP 29 1966

Title COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Memorandum dated and captioned as above, at Miami, Florida.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9-23-66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)

FROM: SAC, SPRINGFIELD (100-10392)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM - C

ReSIrad, 9-23-66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of LHM which are self-explanatory. Enclosed for Atlanta and Chicago are four and three copies, respectively, of above-mentioned LHM.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-99 BY SP-4 JR MLL
5180
54688 80514 RCB EBM
73518

4 - Bureau (3: 100-106670)(Enc.-11)
(1: 100-438794)(RM)
4 - Atlanta (2: 100-5586)(Enc.-4)(RM)
(1: 100-15718; SCLC)
(1: 157-621; ANDREW YOUNG)
3 - Chicago (2: 100-35356)(Enc.-3)(RM)
(1: 105-16238; SCLC)
3 - Springfield (2: 100-10392)
(1: 100-10323)
FBB:blw
(14)

100-438794-

NOT RECORDED
162 SEP 30 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ENCLOSURE

CARBON COPY

Approved: OCT 7 1966
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Springfield, Illinois

September 23, 1966

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

The "Illinois State Register," a daily newspaper published a Springfield, Illinois, in the issue printed on September 22, 1966, had the following article on Page five:

"Aide To Replace King At Meet

"The Rev. Andrew J. Young will replace Dr. Martin Luther King as a speaker at the opening session of the Illinois AP Editors' Association Annual meeting Saturday.

"Dr. King will be unable to appear because of racial problems in Grenada, Miss.

"Young, 34, is the executive director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and King's No. 1 aide Young has been with the SCLC for six years and has been involved in the civil rights demonstrations in Chicago this summer. A Baptist minister, Young is married and has two children.

"Other matters on the agenda for the two-day conference include:

" - An Address by Stanley Swinton, AP assistant General manager from New York.

" - Presentation of the annual Illinois AP newspaper awards

" - A panel discussion by AP staffers of racial coverage in Chicago this summer.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-14-29 BY 5180 RCB/6bw

ENCLOSURE 100-438794-

" - A discussion of the problems of pre-trial publicity.

" - An explanation of News Election Service by Ted Elbert of NBC, Chicago.

" - A discussion of employe recruitment."

On September 21 and 23, 1966, [redacted] b6 b7C Springfield Police Department, Springfield, Illinois, advised that he has never received any official communication requesting any assistance in any form from his Department concerning the appearance of Martin Luther King in Springfield. He stated the only thing that he knows about the appearance of Dr. King and/or Rev. Andrew J. Young is what he has read in the newspaper. He stated his Department is taking absolutely no interest in this matter.

On September 23, 1966, [redacted] Sheriff's Office, Sangamon County, Springfield, Illinois, advised his office has never received any official communication requesting any assistance in any form from his office concerning the appearance of Martin Luther King in Springfield. He stated the only thing that he knows about the appearance of Dr. King and/or Rev. Andrew J. Young is what he has read in the newspaper. He stated his office is taking absolutely no interest in this matter.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

FBI

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678RFP/cH
ON AUG 13 1985

Date: 9/26/66

CONFIDENTIAL

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

Classified 9/18/80

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA

SUBJECT: MARCHES AND DEMONSTRATIONS
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI
RM
Atlanta File 157-1964

COMINFIL SCLC
IS - C
Atlanta File 100-5718
Bufile 100-438794

7-15-80

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/ll
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-1.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 9-26-86

54 688
73 518, 80514

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and eight copies and for Detroit and Jackson one copy of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted] b7D

DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION FURNISHED [redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Declass 1678RFP DATE 8-21-85

4 - Bureau (3 - MARCHES & DEMONSTRATIONS, GRENADA, MISS.)
(1 - 100-438794) (Enc. 9) (RM)
1 - Detroit (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Jackson (Enc. 1) (RM)
5 - Atlanta (1 - 157-1964)
(1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
(1 - 157-1343) [redacted] b6
AGS:cjh b7C
(11)

NOT RECORDED
162 SEP 30 1966

Classified by 367
Declassify on OADR
2/9/83

CARBON COPY

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

31 OCT 6 1966

Approved: JKP/ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 08-04-2016 BY: F13M65K12

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

DECLASSIFIED BY 167 LEPIC/M
ON AUG 13 1985

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
September 26, 1966

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 5 REM/et
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 926 86
7-15-80
546 SF
7351 LF
80 5'4

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Declassification
DATE 11/10/80

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MARCHES AND DEMONSTRATIONS
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI
RACIAL MATTERS

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE
SOUTHERN CHRISITIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

b6
b7C
b7D

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED BY 6080
ON 4-8-77
L60 Hiw

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 9/18/85 LF
ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE.

ENCLOSURE

Classified by 3652 URT/LDP
Declassify on: OADR
2/9/83

100-4-1714

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
September 26, 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

Title MARCHES AND DEMONSTRATIONS
GRENADA, MISSISSIPPI
RACIAL MATTERS

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference Letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above, prepared at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

3

CONFIDENTIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/26/66

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1261)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP-4 JLM/ld

54684
73518
80514

Re Chicago teletype dated 9/23/66 to Bureau.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 13 copies, for Atlanta two, of an LHM concerning the captioned matter. A copy of this LHM is being provided the USA, Chicago.

Chicago is following and the Bureau and Atlanta will be appropriately advised of developments.

5 - Bureau (Enc. 13) (RM)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
(1 - 100-438794) (Cominfil - SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
(1 - 100-5718) (Cominfil - SCLC)
4 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
(1 - 100-35356)

NOT RECORDED
202 SEP 29 1966

JCS:sp
(11)

CARBON COPY

ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
September 26, 1966

157-1261

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-15-80 BY SP4 JRM/LL

DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM) -
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

54688
73514
80514

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated September 21, 1966.

[redacted] b6 b7C

Chicago Police Department, advised the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in the evening of September 23, 1966, that during the afternoon of this date, 12 pickets from the East Garfield Park Union to End Slums had picketed at the offices of Balin Realty, 21 North Pulaski Avenue, Chicago, protesting alleged slum and vermin infested conditions in buildings operated and managed by Balin on Chicago's West Side. The pickets had been led by Reverend William Briggs, Pastor of the Warren Avenue Congregational Church, 3101 West Warren Avenue, headquarters in Chicago of the SCLC.

The East Garfield Park Union to End Slums is operated semi-independently as an arm of the CFM but was originally set up and organized under the sponsorship of the SCLC in early 1966 as part of its general anti-slum campaign here. [redacted] advised that the demonstration lasted from approximately 3:30 to 4:15 PM. Representatives of the pickets had entered the offices of Balin during the demonstration, and at 4:15 PM Mr. Balin requested police department officers on the scene to remove these individuals. When requested to leave the premises by the officers, the demonstrators complied and left with no disorder or disturbances. There were no arrests during the course of the demonstration.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

DEMONSTRATIONS, CHICAGO
FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM)-
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP
CONFERENCE (SCLC),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

b6
b7C

[redacted] Chicago Police Department, advised during the evening of September 23, 1966, that during the afternoon of this date, Martin Luther King, Jr., together with six others named in the August 19, 1966, injunction limiting civil rights marches in Chicago, had filed a petition with Circuit Court Judge Cornelius Harrington. The petition had requested that a forthcoming request to dissolve this injunction should be heard by a judge other than Harrington, Harrington being charged with prejudice in this petition. The eighth party originally named in the injunction is presently incarcerated in the House of Correction, Chicago, for violation of the provisions of the injunction and did not sign the petition. Harrington agreed that the hearing on the forthcoming request to dissolve the injunction, expected to be formally filed during the coming week, would be assigned to another Circuit Court judge.

Pertinent portions of the above information were subsequently provided the following:

[redacted] Office of the United States Attorney, Chicago

[redacted], Secret Service, Chicago

[redacted] Region 1, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Ill.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1192705-0

Total Deleted Page(s) = 24
Page 6 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 7 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 9 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 15 ~ b7D;
Page 29 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 30 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 31 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 32 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 34 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 37 ~ b7D;
Page 39 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
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Page 91 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 114 ~ b7D;
Page 115 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;

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REPRODUCTION OF MATERIAL FORM

CONGRESSIONAL INQUIRY UNIT

DATE _____

The following material has been reproduced for excising and review at FBIHQ and/or delivery to the House Select Committee on Assassinations:
(See Bufile 62-117290; re HSCA request dated 1-26-78

FILE NO. 100-438254

SECTION Entire File

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(except following serials not in file on this date:)

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RETAIN THIS FORM AS TCP SERIAL

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/29/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-16-80 BY SP4JRM/JL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794) 54688

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (105-16238) 80514

SUBJECT: COMINFIL - SCLC 73518
IS-C

OO: Atlanta)

Re New York airtel with LHM dated 9/21/66, concerning possible visit to Chicago of STANLEY LEVISON.

No information has been developed by Chicago reflecting LEVISON's presence here in period 9/26-28/66. Fisurs were conducted on 9/27 and 9/28/66, at the offices of CHAUNCEY ESKRIDGE, 123 West Madison Street, Chicago; however, LEVISON was not observed. Pretext inquiries were conducted over the period 9/26-9/28/66, at O'Hare Airport Inn, O'Hare-Sahara Motel, and at O'Hare Congress Inn, all adjacent to O'Hare Airport, Chicago; however, LEVISON was not reflected as a guest at any of these establishments during that period.

Due to the number of airlines and the multiplicity of flights involved between Chicago and New York, together with lack of specific information concerning travel plans of LEVISON, Chicago not attempting to check airline manifests for this period.

New York advise Chicago of any subsequent information from New York sources reflecting LEVISON did travel to Chicago. No LHM being submitted by Chicago in view of the above.

SC-50

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718) (RM) 100-[illegible]-1578
2 - New York
(1 - 100-14914) (COMINFIL - SCLC)
(1 - 100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON)
2 - Chicago

20 OCT 1 1966

JCS:mab
(9)

INT. SEC.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 9/29/66

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1109) (C)

SUBJECT: SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) CHICAGO SUMMER STUDENT PROJECT
RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10 16 80 BY SP4 JRM/LL
54655 80514 73518

Re Chicago airtel and LHM 7/22/66.

Subsequent to re airtel, no pertinent information has been forthcoming from any source re the captioned matter and it would appear that it never existed as a separate entity in the Chicago Freedom Movement during the summer months.

As referenced LHM indicated, of an anticipated thousand participants in the captioned project, only some 30-35 students actually appeared, a number of whom were reportedly Chicagoans, and these individuals apparently were simply absorbed in the large number of subsistence and volunteer workers already being utilized in the various programs of the CFM.

Where information was obtained, however, concerning several persons affiliated with Project, individual cases have been opened. The Project was scheduled to have concluded in the latter part of August, 1966; consequently, captioned matter is being placed in a closed status in Chicago. No LHM is being submitted, as no pertinent information is available to be incorporated therein.

(3) - Bureau
1 - 100-438794 (SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (100-5718)
2 - Chicago
1 - 105-16238 (SCLC)
JCS/mam
(7)

100-438794-1578X

REC 30

OCT 2 1966

11 OCT 3 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

OCT 12 1966

JUL 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-05-2016 BY: F13M65K12

FD-36 (Rev. 12-13-56)

CONFIDENTIAL

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
CLASS
11-12-80
TCB

FBI

Date: 9/30/66

10-16-80
CLASSIFIED AND
EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/lb
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR
DECLASSIFICATION 9-30-86

54688
80514
73518

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RFP 10th
ON AUG 13 1986

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

Declassify on: 2-10-83

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies and for Chicago 2 copies of LHM.

Source referred to in enclosed LHM is [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
LIP (S) BY 1678 RFP
DATE 8-21-85

AGENCY: ~~ACSI, ONI, OSI, SEC, SER~~
~~DEPT~~: IRD, CRD, RAO; IRS by courier
DATE FORW: 10/4/66
HOW FORW: RLS
BY: DMW/ci

ENCLOSURE 113 100-438794-1581

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
2 - Chicago (Enc. 2) (RM)
(1 - 157-953) [redacted]
4 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 - [redacted]
(1 - 157-621) [redacted]
(1 - 157-2006)

b6
b7C
b7D

AGS:cmp
(9)

ICC AT+LHM 024 970

INT. SEC.

Approved: JKP CSW Sent CONFIDENTIAL M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Atlanta, Georgia
September 30, 1966

FD 323

Title	COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - C
Reference	Letterhead Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

RE: BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLY, ET AL. (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC) V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

Serial /580 pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

5-113 (1-K

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-16-80 BY SP4JRM

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 9/30/66

We have received no previous information indicating that

[redacted] b7D

This information will be furnished to the White House and the Attorney General.

PTB:JFB:sjs

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-05-2016 BY: F13M65K12

CONFIDENTIAL

Date: 10/6/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

DECLASSIFIED BY 1678 RFP/CFL
ON AUG 13 1985

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (100-5718)

RE: COMINFIL OF SCLC
IS - C

[redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Declass 1678 RFP DATE 8-21-85

367 VET/AG
10 83

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4JRM/LL
REASON FOR EXTENSION 2
FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-6-86

3 - Bureau (RM)
1- Columbia (RM)
1 - Chicago (RM)
2 - Atlanta (1 - 100-5718)
(1 [redacted]
AGS:cmp
(7)

REC 13 100-438794-1582

OCT 8 1966

CONFIDENTIAL

Approved: JKP csm Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

62 OCT 12 1966

D-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/30/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (157-1122)

SUBJECT: INVOLVEMENT OF NEGRO YOUTH GANGS IN CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM), CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RM

Agency G-2, ONI, OSI, CRD
Date Forw. 5 1966
How Forw. TP-S
By
RACIAL UNIT

Re Chicago airtel and LHM dated 7/25/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau are twelve copies, for Atlanta two, of an LHM concerning captioned matter.

The first source utilized in the enclosed is [redacted] and the second source is [redacted] requested their identity be protected in this instance.

Noting the information set forth in the enclosed, Chicago is placing this matter in a closed status. Sources have been alerted concerning our interest in this matter, however, and any pertinent information which may be forthcoming will be appropriately provided the Bureau.

~~ENCLOSURE~~

4 - Bureau (Enc. 12) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (SCLC)
2 - Atlanta (Enc. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5718) (SCLC)
3 - Chicago
(1 - 157-413)
(1 - 105-16238)
JCS:sp
(9)

100-438794-
NOT RECORDED
185 OCT 6 1966

157-469
15 OCT 3 1966

ENCLOSURE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-16-80 BY SP4JRM/KS

b7D

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Approved 56 OCT 10 1966
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Chicago, Illinois
September 30, 1966

157-1122

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-16-80 BY SP4 [illegible]

54688
80514
73518

INVOLVEMENT OF NEGRO YOUTH GANGS IN CHICAGO FREEDOM MOVEMENT (CFM), CHICAGO, ILLINOIS
RACIAL MATTER

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated July 25, 1966, under the above caption.

A first and second confidential source of the Chicago Office were contacted concerning the above matter on September 29, 1966. Both have furnished reliable information in the past and are knowledgeable concerning youth gang activities in the Chicago area. They furnished the following composite information:

During the latter part of July, 1966, and early August, 1966, prior to the termination of civil rights marches in Chicago, the CFM and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) continued in their efforts to enlist the support and participation of various youth gangs into the CFM. Of primary interest to the CFM were the Blackstone Rangers operating on Chicago's South Side and various of the Vicelord gangs operating on Chicago's West Side. Only limited success was achieved by the CFM since the gangs as organized groups never participated in the various open housing marches of the CFM into the white neighborhoods of Chicago. It is known, however, that some youths with gang affiliations did participate in some of these marches. In no instances, however, were any of these youths known to have caused any problems and their principal function was understood to have been to provide protection for female marchers involved.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-438794-
ENCLOSURE

~~ENCLOSURE~~

INVOLVEMENT O FNEGRO YOUTH
GANGS IN CHICAGO FREEDOM
MOVEMENT (CFM),
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Subsequent to the injunction of August, 1966, obtained by the city limiting civil rights marches, and the agreement which shortly followed between the CFM and city officials, the latter of which resulted in the complete termination of open housing marches, the CFM has appeared to lose interest to a large extent in enlisting the support of these Negro youth gangs. This is believed to be partly because "bodies" for marches are no longer needed and because the gangs and their members were found to be almost completely unreliable, uncontrollable, and basically not interested in the philosophy of non-violence.

These sources feel the CFM has not abandoned its contacts with these gangs or its interest in them, but the aggressive and overt efforts made in the past by the CFM to enlist their support on a mass basis has virtually terminated.

Copies of this memorandum are being provided to the Office of the United States Attorney and Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois, and to Region 1, 113th INTC Group, Evanston, Illinois.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-05-2016 BY: F13M65K12

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP4 JRM/LW
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10/4/86
SW 1 85 80514 7314 SECRET

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ SECRET

7-10-84 Classified by 8172 TDK/KH
Declassify on: OADR
SCLC/King

Date: OCT 4 1966

82-0611

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

11-21-91 12-11-91 9803 Rpd/Dnld Cost 83-1719 7-9-92
~~CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED~~
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-11-85 1678RFP/KH (4-1690)
3-14-90 6972 LEP/SC CN&S 13 Request 82-0611

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-438794)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-149194)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP3 JRM/LW
REASON FOR EXTENSION FCIM, II, 2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-4-86
5/30/79

SUBJECT: COMINFIL SCLC
IS-C
(00: Atlanta)

2-10-87 86 MLT/RC Classified by: Declassify on: OADR

Re NY teletypes, 9/30 and 10/1/66, captioned, "CIRM". TK/Rmb

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum reporting the information contained in captioned communications. NY 3810-S*, a source close to STANLEY LEVISON and NY 5182-S*, a source close to CLARENCE JONES, furnished the information contained in the communications. Two copies are furnished Atlanta since that office is origin in COMINFIL SCLC and KING cases. Chicago is furnished a copy for its assistance. (U)

Sources used to characterize individuals mentioned in the letterhead memorandum were:

ENCLOSURE
NY 694-S* (S) STANLEY LEVISON (U)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY Amanda 8-2-85 DATE 8-2-85

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY _____ DATE _____ UNREC COPY OF ENCLOSURE

4-Bureau (100-438794) (Encl. 10) (RM)
(1-100-6670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
2-Atlanta (100-5718) (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
1-Chicago (100-) (COMINFIL SCLC) (RM)
1-NY (100-73250) [redacted] (42)
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1-NY (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)
1-NY (100-149194) (41)
JMK:rmv
(13)

Classified by 6080
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of declassification indefinite
LEP/KH 11-8-91

b6
b7C

EX-113

REC-15 SECRET 18 OCT 5 1966

AGENCY: [illegible]

10/6/66 RS REC/C

(OVER)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ INV. SEC.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP (S) BY _____ DATE 3/31/79

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

NY 100-149194

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CLARENCE JONES

b7D

[redacted]

This letterhead memorandum is classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 3810-S*, NY 5182-S* and NY 694-S* (S). The first two sources furnish information of a highly sensitive nature about racial matters in the U.S. and the Communist infiltration thereof and in order to protect them the classification is utilized. NY 694-S* (S) in furnishing a characterization of STANLEY LEVISON, furnished a concentration of information.

~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 06-05-2016 BY: F13M65K12

SECRET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

10-16-80
CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY
REASON FOR EXTENSION
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 10-4-86

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Bu 100-438794 New York, New York

October 4, 1966

7-10-84
Classified by 8972-FDK/lcH
Declassify on: OADR
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
82-0611

Re: Communist Infiltration of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Internal Security - C

On September 29, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Martin Luther King (President of the SCLC) and Stanley Levison were in contact on that date. According to the source, their contact concerned the following:

Levison said Dr. Kenneth Clark (a Professor at City College of New York City) wanted to talk to King in the near future about a meeting he had recently with Stokely Carmichael (Chairman of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, SNCC). King said he would get in touch with Clark.

King mentioned that he got "sick" when Lester Maddox was chosen as the Democratic nominee for Governor of Georgia, and he added that he could see that sickness developing in the entire nation. He said he could see a tragic development taking place and that black power was at its most powerless point right now.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED (DRC)
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE
DATE: 5-14-86 (DRC)
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF
DATE

SECRET
~~Classified by~~
~~Exempt from automatic downgrading and declassification~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 12/14/77 SCD/MS
Classified by 6080
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
LED/bjd 11-2-77

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

COPIES DESTROYED
146 OCT 15 1970

100-438794-1583

ENCLOSURE

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

King said in view of the black power issue, he wanted to have a two or three day meeting to decide what to do about it. He said he had observed that the SCLC staff was in a state of confusion over recent events.

King also mentioned that Whitney Young (Executive Director of the Urban League) had called him to relate that he was upset about the nation as a whole and with the "white America which sends them to war against poverty and does not give them the instruments." According to King, Young believes something must be done to shock "white America" and that he (Young) was so depressed he was thinking about resigning (from the Directorship of the Urban League). King said he was also thinking about doing the same. Levison commented that resigning would not be shocking enough to "white America."

In regard to the controversial Police Review Board in New York City, Levison opined that the odds were against the enactment of the necessary legislation for such a Board. He said the key vote would be the Jewish vote and in this regard, suggested that King talk with Rabbis about the Board and the "backlash."

King mentioned that he would be in New York City on Wednesday (October 5, 1966), but would only change planes to go on to Rhode Island. He said he would have to be back in Atlanta on Thursday (October 6, 1966).

The contact between the two men ended with Levison saying "they" were going to get Senator Javits and/or Senator Robert Kennedy to talk with the Rabbis about strengthening their stand on the Police Review Board.

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

On October 1, 1966, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Clarence Jones and Stanley Levison were in contact on that date. Their conversation concerned the following:

Jones remarked that he was going to Chicago, Illinois, later during the day (October 1, 1966). He said he also learned that the benefit show which had been scheduled for the SCLC had been postponed due to the illness of Sammy Davis. Levison remarked he was glad it had been postponed since very little effort had been expended to make the show a success.

Levison mentioned that Martin Luther King was in Atlanta and was very upset and depressed over events in the country. Levison remarked that King had been talking and making speeches and did not know what he was saying, and as a result of King's depression, Levison said he suggested to King that he hold a three day conference with the Research Committee in New York or Chicago during the week of the tenth of this month. King had agreed. This meeting, Levison said, would be followed by SCLC staff meetings.

Jones remarked that talks were needed very much; that he personally had some arguments with some close friends of his; that while he felt very strongly that white racism was fundamentally the problem in terms of coalition with white forces in America, there was no person in the civil rights movement who ideologically was taking issue with Stokely Carmichael. He said he thought Carmichael was reaping political havoc, that he must be isolated as though he were a "black Trotskyite". Carmichael, Jones said, is insane and that nobody was going after him with a hammer and tong and there was too much toleration of him. According to Jones, there comes a time in a political movement when you have to call a spade a spade,

Re: Communist Infiltration of the
Southern Christian Leadership
Conference (SCLC)
Internal Security - C

and you have to fight for the supremacy of your theory; that if your theory is being attacked, you have to isolate those people who are trying to destroy it. Levison and Jones concurred that what happened in Georgia (the nomination of Lester Maddox to be the Democratic candidate for Governor) was incredible and did not have to happen if "that idiot Stokely" did not start a riot in Atlanta. They agreed that Carmichael must be politically isolated. If he is not, Jones said, he (Jones) could forsee no way of bringing about a successful alliance. Levison opined that Carmichael, by leading a small group into battle at the wrong time, did more damage to the civil rights movement than one who was a paid agent could do.

Levison disclosed to Jones that he went to Chicago, Illinois, earlier in the week and observed the SCLC active in trying to organize hospital workers and other service industries. In this regard, Levison said, the IUD (Phonetic) furnished them with ten full time organizers to organize these services.

Jones inquired of Levison who is running the SCLC at this time. Levison said Hosea (Hosea Williams) is in charge of "Southern direct action"; James Bevel, is director of "Northern direct action"; Dorothy Cotton is in charge of citizenship training, and Fred Bennett is in charge of public relations.

According to Levison, while he was in Chicago, he met Gould Maynard (Phonetic). Maynard, Levison said, is working for Radio Free Europe and when he (Levison) remarked "I always had the feeling that Radio Free Europe is a Fake", Maynard replied, 'off the record, I agree with you' and then illustrated how they don't tell the truth on Radio Free Europe.

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Andrew Young (Executive Director of the SCLC) Levison said, is now running the SCLC and in his own style while Hosea (Hosea Williams) and James Bevel are doing pretty much what they want to do.

Levison said King had told him that a desperate need exists for a director in Chicago and that George Wiley is a possibility (Wiley was formerly with the Congress of Racial Equality) for the task. Furthermore, King cited financial problems as another burden of the SCLC, and suggested "we" get busy with benefits and freedom rallies.

Jones told of Kenneth Clark's desire to see King when he returns to New York. Levison said he (Clark) had been working on two grants: one for the establishment of a place, under the guise of a fellowship, where civil rights leaders can go for rest, reflection and meetings. According to the source, Levison did not describe the other grant. Jones mentioned that Clark is getting funds from the Ford Foundation. He also mentioned that Doug Pruitt (phonetic) went to the Ford Foundation and is scheduled to become the special assistant to McGeorge Bundy (Director of the Ford Foundation). Pruitt, Jones added, wants to get in touch with most civil rights leaders to get their ideas on how the Ford Foundation can be most effective. Levison said Pruitt had mentioned to him that the Foundation has an interest in dealing with poverty in the ghetto. And as a consequence Levison remarked, the SCLC should develop some outlines and try for a response from the Foundation.

Clarence Jones

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

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A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, USA, in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the Civil Rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in Civil Rights. Levison's differences with the CP however are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.