FILE DESCRIPTION NEWARK FILE

SUBJECT.	THOMAS	BLACK
FILE NO.	65-40	74
VOLUME	NO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SERIALS.	1	
······································	+hru	
	last se	RIAL

NOTICE

THE BEST COPIES OBTAINABLE ARE INCLUDED IN THE REPRODUCTION OF THE FILE. PAGES INCLUDED THAT ARE BLURRED, LIGHT OR OTHERWISE DIFFICULT TO READ ARE THE RESULT OF THE CONDITION AND OR COLOR OF THE ORIGINALS PROVIDED. THESE ARE THE BEST COPIES AVAILABLE.

Inventory Worksheet VOL. 3 FD-503 (2-18-77)

NEWARK FILES

Rio: Thomas Black No. of Pages Exemptions wood or, to whom referred Description Serial (Type of communication, to, from) Actual Date Released (Identify statute if (b)(8) cited) 243 8/23/50 NK REPORT TO 40 244 9/7/50 BA REPORT 10/3/50 serial transfer 9/14/50 HO LETTER TO BA 9/13/50 BS LETTER TO HO 248 10/30/50 senal transfer sheet 249 9/19/50 PH LETTER TO HO 250 8/24/50 NY REPORT TO HO DEOLESS ADMIN, DATA, 251 10/5/50 NK LETTER TO HO 252 U/19/50 PERSONNEL SECURITY QUESTERNIE 2 ANOTHER GOUT AGENCY 253 8/4/50 LETTER 254 11/15/50 HQ LETTER TO NK FOI/DOJ

REVIEWED BY _______

File No: 65-4074 Re: Thomas Black No. of Pages Exemptions used or, to whom referred Description (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited) Released Serial Date (Type of communication, to, from) Actual 255 11/22/50 NKLETTER TO NAUY Bung housed - Cover pares only in 291/9.22.78 256 12/5/50 NK REPORT TO HO
RE: J. ROSENBERG 257 12/13/SI SA MEMO TO SAC 258 6/16/53 COMPLAINT FORM See Bufile 65-59181 259 6/18/53 NK TELETYPE TO PH. SE 260 6/29/53 NK LETTER TO HQ 261 6/24/53 NK TELETYPE TO HO 262 6/25/53 NK TELETYPE TO HO, PH, SE 2 See Bufile 65-5 9121 3 263 1/16/- 3 SE LETTER TO HO Ö 264 10/22/53 SE LETTER TO HO 3 265 4/28/55 PH LETTER TO HO 0 266 6/30/55 PH LETTER TO HO F81/D0

ħ	ventery Werkel D-603 (2-18-77)	eet VOL.	3 NEWARK FILE	s		REVIEWED BY NU
P	ile No: <u>65</u>	-4074	Ri: Thomas Black	<u>e</u>		Debet 3/18
_	Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of	Released	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(8) cited)
	267	5/12/55	HQ LETTER TO PH	1	0	See Bufile 65-59181
_	268	8/30/55	serial charge-out slip	1.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ر		'	NK LETTER TO HO	1.	0	See Bufile 65-59181
_		l' '	PH LETTER TO HO	1.	0	55 55
_		1	SA MEMO TO SAC	1		
_	272	9/30/55	SA MEMO TO SAC	1		
-	273	9/30/55	PH LETTER TO HO	3	0	See Bufile 65-59/81
0	274	11/23/55	SA MEMO TO SAC REI BRD PARTY	1.	1	
_			PH LETTER TO HO	1.	1	
	276	12/5/55	PH LETTER TO HO	1	0	See Bufile 65-59181
	277	1/16/55	PH LETTER TO HO	1	0	5 5
_	278	1. 1	NK LETTER TO HO	ľ	0)
		1				PBI/DOJ

inventory Workshoot FD-603 (2-16-77)	vor. <u>3</u>
---	---------------

REVIEWED BY MY

ile No: <u>65</u>	-4074	Rb: Thomas Blace	L_	,	Detet 3/26 (mostly/year)
Serial '3	Dete	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	Pages Relessed	Examptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(8) cited)
279	2/13/56	PH LETTER TO HO	2	0	See Bufile 65-59181
279	2/13/56	PHLETTER TO HO	2	0	5 5
280	'	NK LETTER TO HO	2	0	
. 281		PH LETTER TO HO	5	0	
] '	HO LETTER TO NK		0	5
	' '	NK LETTER TO HQ	2	0	
		PH LETTER TO HO	3	0	<u> </u>
	, ,	HO TELETYPE TO NK. PH	<u> </u>	0	
	, ,	NK AIRTEL TO HO	2	0	<i>\</i>
287	1 .	Gersey Journal News Clip	1	1.	•
288		SAMEMO TO SAC	a	2	and the same of th
289		PH LETTER TO HO	थ	0	5ee Bufile 65-59181
					Pairo

inventory Worksheet V FD-503 (2-18-77)	OL.	<u>. </u>	<u>3</u>	
---	-----	--	----------	--

REVIEWED BY MI

File	No: 65	-4074	1 Ros Thomas Bla	ch		Date: 3/78 (Month year)
	Social *	Dete	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of	Pages Released	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
	290	5/20/56	Newark Sunday News Clip	1		
•	291	5/22/56	nowark Standadger caip	ىھ	2	
_	292	5/22/56	SA MEMO TO SAC	1	1	
<u>.</u>	293	5/24/56	HO LETTER TO NK	2	0	See Bufile 65-59181
	294	5/17/56	newark Evening news	ښو	2	<u> </u>
_	295	5/10/56	Newark Star Ledger	2	2	
_	296	5/11/56	NK AIRTEL TO HO	2	0	See Bufile 65-59/8/-394
<u>)</u>	297	5/16/56	NK AIRTEL TO HO	2	0	Lee Begile 65. 59181- 397
	298	5/16/56	SA MEMO TO SAC	1.	1	
	299	5/18/56	nework Startedger	3	3	· ·
	300	5/21/56	Heward Evening news	1.	-1	
	301		neurch Star Ledger	2	2	

REVIEWED BY MI

65-4074 No. of Pages Exemptions used or, to whom referred Description (Identify statute if (b)(8) cited) Serial Released Date (Type of communication, to, from) Actual 302 5/21/56 NK TELETYPE TO HO, PH J SAMEMO TO SAC 3 4/27/56 3 MEMO 305 5/9/56 HO LETTER TO NK 306 5/17/56 SENATE HEARING PROCEEDINGS 39:39 5/31/56 PH LETTER TO RE: 3RD PARTY 12 MEMO hle 65-59/8/ 5/31/56 HO LETTER TO NK MOTATED 6/4/56 SAC MEMO TO FILE NK AIRTEL TO

REVIEWED BY MI

THARMLOWING BI ____

65-4074 Thomas Bla No. of Pages Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited) Description Serial Date (Type of communication, to, from) Actual Released 5/31/56 neward Evening news Clup NK TELETYPE TOHO 6/14/56 SA MEMO TO SAC sec Bufile 65-59181 HO LETTER TO NY 6/14/56 NK LETTER TO HQ 3RD PARTY LETTER 6/11/56 TO NK / W/ ENVELOPE 6/14/56 H O TELETYPE TO NK 322 6/15/56 NK LETTER TO 3RD PARTY RE: 3RD PARTY SA MEMO TO SAC 7/2/56 NY REPORT TO HO 325 1/6/56 PH REPORT TO HQ \mathcal{O} 7/B/56 NK REPORT TO HO FBI/DOJ

nventery Werksheet	VOL.	. 3
--------------------	------	-----

REVIEWED BY M

Fil	No: _65	-4074	- Ros Thomas Bla	<u>ek</u>		Dete: 3/2 R (month/year)
_	Serial .	Date	Description (Typs of communication, to, from)		Page a Released	Exemptions used or, to when referred (identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
_	327	6/10/56	ny. Sunday mirror Oip	3	3	
~			Daily mirron News Clip	3	3	
ر 	329	6/14/56	Darly Mirror news Clip	2	2	
	_	6/5/56	58 58	7	2	
	331	10/22/56	ANOTHER GOVT. AGENCY LETTER TO NK	عـ	2	
	332	11/1/56	PH LETTER TO HO	a	0	See Bufile 65-59/8/
_	333	11/26/56	RE: 3RD PARTY NK LETTER TO HQ		1	
2	334	12/4/56	PH LETTER TO HO	2	0	See Bufile 65-59/81
	335	12/13/56	NK LETTER tO HO	1	0	\(\)
			NE LETTER TO HO	1	0	,
	337	1/8/57	PH LETTER TO NK	1	1	
	338		NK LETTER TO NY	1	0	see NY file 65-15338

REVIEWED BY

THACHTOKIED DI

PRIVADA

R. Thomas Black File No: 65-4074 No. of Pages Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited) Description Serial Date (Type of communication, to, from) Actual Released Re: MOCASE 339 157 NK LETTER TO HO PHOTOSTATIC COPIES OF NESUSPAPER CUTPTINGS 2/6/57 NY LETTER to NK 0 342 2/13/57 NK LETTER TO HO See 74-file 65-15338 10/1/57 NY LETTER TO NK VOLISIST SAMEMO TO SAC 345 VOLIGIST SA MEMO TO SAC 3 10/22/57 346 SEARCH SLIPS 347 10/15/57 NK LETTER TO 3RD PARTY 348 VOLIDIST BRD PARTY LETTER TO NIVULEN 10/6/59 SA MEMO TO SAC 350 NK LETTER HEAD MEMO

REVIEWED BY MM

File No: 65-4074 Ro: Thomas Black

Date: 3/78 (month/year)

~			Description	No. of	Pages	Exemptions used or, to whom referred
_	Serial	Date	(Type of communication, to, from)	Actual	Released	(Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
_	351	4/19/62	NK LETTER TO HOR	2	2	
	352			2	2	
O	353	l	RE: BED PARTY 291/9.22.	3	1	See Ny file 65 15338
	354	11/2/70	NK AIRTEL TO HO RE! BRD PARTY	3	0	see Bufile 65-59181
_	355	11/15/74	NK ATRTEL TO HO	3	0	5 5
	356	12/2014	NK LETTER TO HO RE: 3RD PARTY	1	0	(presure present release) 291/9-20-78 5-ea) 7) 24-Jule 65-15338-268
	357	2/6/75		2	0	Jee Suxile) 65-5918/ person stud release) 291/9-20-18
0	358	5/19/75			0	see 174 xiei 65-15338-272
_	359		NY ATRIEL TO HQ	2	0	12 Buxico 65-59181
		` ',	NE BAD PORTY NK AIRTEL TO HO	3	0	4.0 Bux 10 65-59181 H. DREY 291/9-18-28
_	NR	5/17/77	HO Aintel TO AL	1	-	See 6. 100-28385 - un recorded
_			341 /4-18-78			(stast document in)
_						F81/00.



FEDERAL BUREAU

of.

INVESTIGATION

Bureau File Number 65-59/8/

PAGES OF REPORTS DESTROYED PER MRR. 2/27 GAP

PIC

12184 74

COS. JAN

Director, FRI

October 5, 1950

SAC, Hevark

THOMAS L. BLACK, was. ESPIONAGE - R (Dunie 65-591"1)

Reference is made to the report of SA LOUIS C. TURKER dated 7-20-50 captioned as above.

It was set forth on page 32 of rerep that during a search conducted on premises of the Spruce Chemical Sempany, 177 East Railway Avenue, Fatersom, New Jersey on June 16, 1950, there were removed two reals of 35 mm photo record film. Subsequent examination reflected this film to be published technical film strips entitled "The Role of the Vool Alcohols in Emulsion Cintment Eases" by MICHAELS.

Since the above-mentioned material appears to have no evidentiary value in this case, it is suggested that the file be returned to the Spruce Chemical. Unless advised to the contrary by the Burcou or Philadelphia within thirty days, the film will be returned to JACOB I. FASS of the Spruce Chemical Company.

co: Philadolphia (65-4332)

LOT: SEE SAL 65-4074

Mevark, New Jersey

In Reply Please Refer to Our File 65-14074

Movember 29, 1950

Captain D. C. Hamberger, USH District Intelligence Officer Third Naval District Building #152 New York Naval Base Brooklyn 1, New York

> Re: Ernest G. Segessemann Your Case No. 3ND 045219d)

Dear Captain Memberger:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 4, 1950, concerning the above named individual.

A review of the files of this office reflect that an investigation is presently being conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on Segessemann. It is suggested that you contact this Bureau's Readquarters in Washington, D. C., for information concerning Segessemann.

The above is being furnished for your confidential information and is not to be distributed outside of your agency.

Very truly yours,

act.

S. K. McKee Special Agent in Charge

FEDERAL OF INVESTOR

Form No. 1 This case originated at NEW YORK

NK FILE NO. 65-4123

REPOR	T MADE AT		DATE WHEN	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY
	NEWARK	12/	5/50	11/17,18,20-22,24/ 50	LOUIS G. TURNER
TITLE					CHARACTER OF CASE
	JACOB ISKAEI	L FASS,	Was.		ESPIONAGE - R INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

During interview 11/18/50 FASS reiterated ignorance of espionage or CP activities of THOMAS L. FLACK subsequent to 1933. FASS denied any CP or espionage activity on part of himself. Admitted meeting HARRY GOLD but denied ever meeting ABRAHAM EROTHMAN. As a result of publicity in EROTHMAN's trial, ELACK no longer associated with Spruce Chemical Company.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

De rest for

JACOB ISRAEL FASS voluntarily appeared at the Newark Office of the FFI on November 18, 1950, at which time he was interviewed by SA JOHN R. LYONS and the writer. FASS stated he had read newspaper accounts of the testimony of HARRY GOLD at the trial of ABRAHAM EROTHMAN currently being conducted in New York City. FASS pointed out that the name of THOMAS L. BLACK, an associate of FASS in the Spruce Chemical Company, Paterson, New Jersey, had figured prominently in GOLD's testimony as being the individual responsible for GOLD's introduction into Soviet espionage in 1935.

In view of the above, FASS explained that he desired to reiterate his ignorance of any behavior on the part of BLACK since 1933, which might be considered as subversive and further to explain his own involvement and association with ELACK, GOID and others.

It is to be noted that on July 17, 1950 FaSS provided a signed statement in which he admitted learning from BLACK ()

APPROVED AND FORWARDID:	BH CHURGE	DO NOT WI	RITE IN THESE SPACES	
		65 4074	256	
5 Bureau (65-5 3 New York 3 Fhiladelphia 3 Newark		1074 011	<i>-</i>	

PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

FILE #	65-4074
SUBJECT	Thomas Black
SERIAL	353 DATE 10/31/74
CONSISTI	
under (b	ot from disclosure, in its entirety, (1) as it has been classified pursuant (itive Order 11652 as it contains
informat	ion which would disclose an intelligence This serial bears the Classification
	number

STANDARD FORM NO. \$4

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO , S. K. MC KEE, SAC

DATE: DEC 13 1951

FROM , SA JOHN R. LYONS

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL ESPIONAGE - R

Rebulet 10/30/51 which is contained in 65-4085-139.

The Bureau advises that a stop notice has been placed by the dept. with the INS on the individuals mentioned below:

WELDON BRUCE DAYTON
MAX ELITCHER & WIFE, HELENE
WILLIAM PERL
WILLIAM DANZIGER
MICHAEL SIDOROVICH AND WIFE ANN
VIVIAN GLASSMAN
THOMAS L. BLACK
ISIDORE G. NEEDLEMAN
BENJAMIN SHILG
HENRIETTA SAVIDGE
JAMES M. MC INERNEY

The Asst. Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division has indicated that the Dept. only desired notification of the intended departure from this country of any of the aforementioned persons, and mentioned that INS should take no steps to detain any of these individuals, with the exception of WILLIAM PERL, who is presently under indictment on the charge of perjury in the Southern District, New York.

In the event that any office receives notification from INS of the actual or intended departure of any of the above mentioned persons from the U.S., the Bureau should be immediately advised, so that the Criminal Division can be requested to furnish an opinion on the action desired.

CE: WELDON BRUCE DAYTON (65-4292)

MAX & HELENE ELITCHER (65-3998)

WILLIAM PERL (65-4100)

WILLIAM DANZIGER (65-4119

MICHAEL SIDOROVICH (65-4107)

VIVIAN GLASSMAN (100-23342)

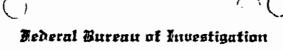
THOMAS L. BLACK (65-4074)

ISIDORE G. NEEDLEMAN (100-32171)

BENJAMIN SMILG (65-4167)

JRL:mp | 44 65-4085 SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED A 3 1952





United States Department of Justice



FD-71 (7-80-45)



IN REPLY.	PLEASE REFER TO	
,,		
FILE NO		
1:1		
.) . j \	م) بهد	
X	للتمند	

COMPLAINT FORM

DOIN ADOMNING				
bject's	Name	and	Alias	168

JOHN DOWNING

Address of Subject

Character of Case

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

UN.NO::N

WALTER A. DI SALVO

Name of Complainant 237 Prospect Ave.

Address of Complainant N. Arlington, NJ

Telephone Number of Complainant KE 3-0597

Date and Time Complaint Received

6/16/53 - 12:45 PM

DI SALVO telephonically advised that he had received a letter FACTS OF COMPLAINT:

from JOHN DOWNING, a former fellow employee, regarding the furnishing of an .

affidavit by DI SALVO concerning DOWNING'S association with one TOW BLACK. DI SALVO

Advised that he understood that DOWNING had been questioned by FBI agents, place

not stated, concerning his, DOWNING's association with BLACK. BLACK stated that

he had the affidavit sent by DOWNING and wanted an agent to come to his house

to pick it up. He stated that he cannot come to the Nk office. He also advised

that he would be home on Tuesday, 6/16/53 after 8 PM and that he would be home

on Wednesday6/17/53 after 6PM.

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

Assign agent to pick up affidavit and anything of a background nature that

complainant can furnish concerning DOWNING or BLACK.

REFERENCE ON JOHN DOWNING - 65-4074-234-186 Reference on WALTER A. Di Salvo - 678-0-8655, A

JUN 1 6 1°53 FBI - N. WARK

116-29713

EXAMPLE DEPOSIT

director, thi

Aun Joseph Downer - El-D515, Alaa, Es befare air tel fine 18, 1953,

CAPTIONED THOMAS L. BIACK, WAS., ESPIONAGE - R. MISPRISION OF ESPIONAGE. Porther review of Medark Viles reviects our Jose Joseph Dokaini, Captioned AS ABOVE, IS SUBJECT OF ARAA NATICE, SEE BUILDS TO SAN FRANCISCO 7-17-52, TO NETARE ADDRET 5, 1952 AND PARTARE 21, 1953 AND PERSTARE 25, 1953. Reported to the property of the control of the cont aiso reports of fred v. crowlet at bepare dated 10-13-52 and 3-16-53. Copies The state of the control of the cont OF PORTICONINO NEWARK LETTER COVERING INTERVIEW OF WALTER DI SALVO AS SER والمرابع والمحارب والمراجع والمحارب والمحارب والمحارب والمراجع والمحارب والماران والمحارب والمحارب والمحاربين

out retel have been designated for divisited is file. Dack hexark will bot

Control of the transfer of the control of the contr Subali Supplemental report on dontains.

ESTATION

(116-31693) 2 - CC PHILADELPHIA Commence of the second

2 - CC STATTIB

1 - cc xx 65-4074

EL 116-29713

6/25/53

RUZHT

director, and (116-349212), and sac, philadelphia (116-31693), and sac, beatiful JOHN JOSEPH DOMEING - M. - 20515, ARAA. BORAND LAPP, 221 Mt. PROSPECT ATE., MERARI, M., CREMIST FOR BOPCO CHEMICAL CO., MERISON, M., INCA VILLED AT HIS ENCORST. 6/24/53. KAPP FURNISHED FOR PHOTOSTATING LETTER POSTMARKED 6/12/5), BICHLAND, WASH, AMRESSED TO HIM AT RESIDENCE PHON ALL COMPROCE dr., richland, tash. Letter biched john. Lapp alvised be believes john to 的现在分词是一种的是一种的,但是是一种的,但是是一种的,也是是一种的,是一种的,是是一种的。 bs john dorbing. For his fellog employee at hopco. Letter typerittes on · 通信的 100 · stationery bearing letterhead "united states atomic bus; of commission," 为这些特别的人们的一个,但不是有意思的一个是对于一种的性态的对象的对象的 HANFOLD OPERATIONS OFFICE, P.O. BOX 550, RICHLAND, WASHINGTON BEARS AS POLLOWS: DEAR ROLAND: I SUPPOSE YOU ARE AMARE THAT I AM WITH THE ARC BOLDING THE POOLTION OF ASSISTANT CHIEF OF SOURCE-PISSIONABLE MATERIALS 三世紀後以前中華日本 医性 四時 医髓膜胸膜膜炎 accountability. A question has arisen concerning the extest of my associa (4)是2017年1月1日的中华的国际企业,第二年的国际重新 tios with 10% black whose intimate involvement bite the harri cold-blaus puchs espiosace ring has brought unbelgons replected notoriety to all him 多是的意思的。我们是是我们的一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个 ther him. (Pasagraph) I would creatly appreciate it it you found yourself 医肠丛神经 化成性合义 人名德兰人姓氏伊尔 计可编码的 经国际的 villing and able to give he a statemet (Parferably notor ized) of hi 思想到多种意思性的现在分词 医抗性性性炎 医二种性性性炎 POLITICAL ATTITUDES AS TOU OBSERVED THEM TURING MY PERIOD OF EXPLOYMENT vith tou, touching on such points as the pact that fee espionage accers: 经国际支持的 的复数阿尔克斯 医克里克斯氏征 医阿尔克氏病 医阿尔克氏病 医多克氏病 医多克氏病 wear the oeder of the end basher during working hours and that black bid rot ripaiss hivselp as either a convunist or a ricruiter of spies. If tou OC: (65-6083) ROLLAND LARE

ár in

THOMAS L. BLACK

I65-4074)...

END PAGE ONE

Serialized // Indexed // Filed

PLOE THO

FREL THAT HI COPTACTS WITH TOW WERE CASUAL AND NOT NOTABLE. PLEASE SO STATE. ·哈·表征证 二十二學 (4) (1875)(6) (3) The state of the s i realize that if you bhould rub for president this statement hat be used AGRIEST TOU BUT THE CHIEF CHAFACTER ISTIC OF THIS POST TAR BEA OF GOOD WILL is that we hade shall bear vitness for fach griefs. Soon no one uninvestidation Consider the later than the first of the contract of the second of the contract of the contrac CATED WILL BE VEEL OF SUSPECION - IT MUST BE A POOR LOYALTY THICH HAS MEVER been loughed. (paragraph) pleach give hi best regarls to mary and in personal news is of interest helen and I are well, happy, and the parents of الإفايات العائم والمعافر أن المرابي الأراب المراجعة الإنجاز المراب المرابي المرابي أيا المرابي المراجعة المراب 2.13 CHILDREN, LEVIN, MOSCHART, AND AN ADDED STARTER. AS TET ANCHTAGUS. John, 411 cottonwood drive, richland, bashington. Kapp Stated he Valueli 一歩 さいがい はい 10 - 12 F 16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 RECALLS HAVIED MEONE DOWNIED NEED DOWNIEG VAS EMPLOYED AT HOPCO ABOUT YOUR to for the same with the contract of The state of the s TEARS ACO. KAP? ALSO ADVISED HE KNET BLACK AS A PILLOR DIPLOYES. 编集文字 美国自然的 the entry the reformation of the control of the contro uvable to fullish infolication he relationship between love ind and black. With the water the time to be the time to be the Control of the contro Kapp advised he knows of no derogatory info he downleds loyalty. * Xapp ? 學素等的論言的,是基本的語言。 ·尼萨尔斯斯学为赛下部 during moticog dide of deficience is qualified to hold position pertaining TO HANGLING PISSIONABLE MATERIALS. ABOVE FOR INFO OF BUREAU AND SEATTLE. The state of the s priladelphia advichd hicause of interest in case entitled "thomas L. black. Programme and the second secon rs-e", phila/ filip 65-4332. Befark files replict joke doubles has 医乳壳 经数值的 化多定性 法经济的 经销售 PELLOY, EXPLOYER OF BLACK AT ROPCO AND AT ONE TIME DOTHING AND HIS NOTHER. arran for the configuration is a contract to the form of the promotion as the state of the contract of the con coupied blacks nevara aparthent. No info re relationship bringen roughing md black on other than professional level.

		· incidental and a second		
	CHA E-OUT SLIP	FD-5 (3-23-54)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FILEClass	S Number Last Serial	8/30/55 Date		
Serials <u>≃</u>	168	· 		and a substitute of the second second
Serials 🧀	105-2463*	Date	7 A Y	
S erials ∠	105-2463*	Date		
Employee: .				
	RECHARGE			
7.75		Date		
То:	From:			
		; ;		
	EMPLOYEE			
	LOCATION			
	LOCATION	,		And the second s
			A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
	the state of the s		• •	A Company
A STATE OF THE STA	· 1000000000000000000000000000000000000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
and the second second second	The second secon	ا میکند از این میکند به این		The state of the s
Para tra			The second secon	
	The state of the s			

Office Memorandum . United States Government

TO: SAC, H. G. FOSTER (65-4074)

DATE: August 9, 1955

FROM : SA JAMES A. MARLEY, Jr.

SUBJECT: THOMAS

THOMAS L. BLACK

On 8/1/55, THOMAS BLACK was contacted by SA JAMES A. MARLEY, Jr. He advised that he would not want to have further contacts made in the Englishtown area. He stated that he would rather come to the Newark Office whenever there was need for him to give any information. He stated that /this would be very convenient because he works on a daily basis in the Newark area. BLACK stated that he is presently employed at the Atlas Refinming Co., in Newark, telephone number Market 2-7143, ext. 15. BLACK stated that he would like to have an appointment set with the Newark Office as soon as possible and that the agent contacting him should identify himself as a friend of Mr. MARLEY, the original contacting agent and that an appointment with BLACK can be arranged this way. BLACK advised the agent that he will meet him at a particular time in the Newark Office.

The asignment card for this file has been returned with serial 268 so that it can be re-assigned to a Newark agent and contacts made with BLACK as soon as possible. It is noted that BLACK was very cooperative and apparently wishes to continue on as friendly basis as possible and realizes that the FBI has further need of his services.

JAM: PJH

SCHICHED INDEXED SERIALIZED AUG 9 1955
FBI - NEWARK

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO SAC DATE: 9/30/55

FROM F.C.Zinck

SUBJECT :

THOMAS L. BLACK

Source of Information

Origin in this case was transferred to Newark from Philadelphia since the source moved to New Jersey. He is not being considered a source of information but will be contacted by the writer whenever requests are received from other offices to exhibit pictures to him etc.

The Philadelphia Office is at present reviewing exhibits in this case to determine what material can be returned to Black, hyle having requested the return of certain material taken from him.

When Philadelphia forwards this material it will be returned to Black and then this case will be closed; however, until then the case will be maintained in a pending status.

FCZ:fcz

form The

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC H.G.FOSTER (65-4074)

DATE: 11-23-55

FROM SA F.C.ZINCK

SUBJECT: THOMAS L. BLACK

Source of Information

The Philadelphia Office is still reviewing exhibits in this case to determine what material can be returned to Black. When the material has been received and returned to Black, this case will be closed.

On 11-23-55 Black was interviewed by the writer at the Newark Office at which time he was shown pictures of individuals in connection with leads in two espionage cases, namely 65-4800 and 65-4799.

FCZ/fcz

SERIALIZED INDEXED NOV 2 3 1955

FBI NEWARK

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-59134)

SIC, PHILADELIHIA (65-0)

EVANUEL DAVID LOCKE, VAS. ESPIONACE - R ISA 1950

with lead for Philadelphia to display photograph to THOWAS LESSING

BLACK now resides within the Newark Division. Newark cover lead. Both copies rerep and two photographs enclosed.

Mileno

(2 Bu 1 SF 2 Rk 1 Ph)
Encle. to Hewark (4)

oc: SF (65-4184)(Ru) Rk (RV)

REGISTERED MAIL

5-4500

by by

61-4074-275

(()



Did Hudson Man Spy For Reds?

Senate Probers Debate Naming Mystery Witness

Security probers for the United States Senate today debated whether to disclose the identity of an American chemist who had confessed 17 years of industrial spying for Russia.

Their declaration that they had called him on the strength of testimony by Harry Gold, convicted atomic spy, immediately recalled that Gold had charged industrial spying to a chemist named Thomas L. Black, formerly of Jersey City.

The witness, whom the Senate committee would neither confirm nor deny as being Black, said he slipped Soviet agents the chemical secrets of American concerns for which he worked from 1933 to 1950. COMPANY SOLD OUT

Black, according to Gold, worked for the Holbrook Manufacturing Co., Coles Street and 18th, Jersey City. The company, which manufactured castile soap, sold out about 10 years ago. The Advance Solvant Co. was its successor.

Chief Counsel Robert Morris of the committee said the witness not only testified on industrial esplonage but he told of a plot of a Russian police agent, allowed to run free as a Soviet Red Cross representative, to do violence to an exiled Russian leader.

The witness reneged at violence, Morris said.

The chemist said he worked under the direction of Gaik Badalovich Ovakmian, chief of the Soviet secret police in this country, from 1932 to 1941. Ovakmian was arrested by the FBI in 1941, claimed immunity as a Soviet official, and was diplomatically deported.

GOT GOLD A JOB

Gold, convicted with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who were electrocuted as atomic spies, testified on April 26 that Black gave him a good job during the depression in 1933 when he worked for the Holbrook company in Jersey City.

Black was a Communist who persuaded him to steal the industrial secrets of his empoyer, the Pennsylvania Sugar Co., Gold told the committee. The stolen information was turned over to Soviet spies, Gold testified.

After hearing the testimony on Black, the committee summoned the accret witness. JERSEY JOURNAL Jersey City, N.J.

Date 5-10-16. Page 1.
Edition City June 1

SUBLITITUE FY THE NEWARK FIELD LIVISION

□ SAC Ø \$ #1	_
☐ ASAC ☐ S #2	_
□ PA □ S #3	
C #1 TRAIN	
□ C #2 □ NA	
C #3 C.CLERK_	
APPL S. STENO	
7 2 574	•
-65-9074	_

Office Memorandum O Parish Suff Atl, rik. (65-4074) PROM : Blearing SUBJECT: THOMAS L. BLACK ESPION AGE arthur Frederick Schroeker, Executed and Raymond. Peter Seaman, Tras. + Suy, attas Fefinery Inc., 142 Lockword St., Himask,) J Tel. # Das. 2-7143 canvaite the office on 5/16/56. They disclosed that they have a written contract with O. H. HELIE Go., Hollen St., Worcester Miss. to manufacture title softening chamicale for Helie; that in comment mouth this process they have an employee of Helis Co. working in their plant, who is the artifely they added that today they learned that Black hed been mifed up with Hany Bold and others in given information to the willing the property of granding another builting. Resocians of the office in an attempt to determine whether Black is a seconty sinks Held when they see is a word from an of their complayers that Robert Morris of the bapitalely in Washington Al. halallengtelle sech Sebreller; that missio is suffered to be consided mith the So ale Smeet geting bosson, and periodel to speak with Schneder about Black. 65-4074-288 Schracher Scames a Cetist that the serialized to super with the Cir borp and thelismy to signification libresont

Office Memorandum and that they are efferimenting for the air Jose in jelfuel oile- they went that they district want to jeopardize their contrate or business in hory minute, and did not want to have Black in then plant if there was any question of his loyally To the U.S. Achrocher and Black cans into the office about of Jum, & indicated that they were rushed for Tind, that they had an appointment to keep at 5 mg. and well as contail Dir. morris in Washington, it his request. They desired to discuse this miller in to de-dose further details about Black and requisited that an agent control them at their place of fresion or they could dirrange, if describle, to return to this office and after and wheek and is families with the care -

Plant Bars Helpful E2-Red

Soviet Spies

ex-Communist chemist who won about sight years."

Bit about sight years. Security Subcommittee for testi-

criticism from Robert Morris, not known all the details.

to protect Black.

ood St.
The action against Black was mony.

Arthur "Breach of Confidence" confirmed yesterday by Arthur

Percy H. Hellie, president of trust we had in him as far as our. The Atlas firm, refiners of main Worcester, last night, that he is coming to Newark tomorrow to confer with Atlas officials.

hope Tom calls me before I leave here tomorrow morning. I hope be doesn't think I am unfriendly A Hewark plant has barred an to him because I'm not. He's a operations are concerned,"

subcommittee counsel.

Hellie also revealed that Mormanagement about the developments and a "great Soviet vicularity" He said it would seal the Hellie said he could not say wast like to continue our association he would take until after the said as a subcomment.

in this country. Morris said the pany's action was decided upon it clear to Hellie that we can an subcommittee will undoubtedly Friday a day after Black testified longer allow Black to be associtate further action in an effort in Washington that he had been ated with our operations."

In protect Black.

Soviet spy from 1931 to 1946.

No Use For Reds. Confirmed by Firm Head

The company involved is the enlisted Harry Gold, convicted for Communists, whether they're atomic spy, into the Soviet spy reformed or not." He said he benetwork.

The subcommittee that schroeder said "Atlas has no use he enlisted Harry Gold, convicted for Communists, whether they're atomic spy, into the Soviet spy reformed or not." He said he benetwork.

The subcommittee that subcommittee they're atomic spy, into the Soviet spy reformed or not." He said he benetwork.

The subcommittee that schroeder said "Atlas has no use he subcommittee that should be subcom

Told Senators of get a raw deal," Hellie said. "I Ouster Attacked as 'Outrage'

Black, Schroeder said, worked Hellie said he knew about control and also was active in lying about Soviet spy activities.

The action, taken against in the past, but added he had irt working on new products, he refilies m from Robert Morris, Meltie also revealed that Mor.

tory." He said it would sear the action he would take until after with Hellie and are well equipped lips of many ex-Communists who action he would take until after with Hellie and are well equipped to do so with our own chemists. might otherwise be willing to rethe conference tomorrow.

to do so with our own chemists,

weal details of Sovie; penetration Schroeder said that the comSchroeder said. But we will make

Schroeder said be also talked with Morris and asked whether-F. Schroeder Jr., president and the Atlas company, Schroeder the government would hire Black, treasurer of Atlas. Black is employed by the P. H. Hellie Co. Black's past activities represent the symmittee would, but that aigned to the Newark plant under "We feel we no longer can Morris was not definite about the acontract with Atlas "We feel we no longer can Morris was not definite about the acontract with Atlas of the symmittee would. Service.

in 1880 by Schroeder's grandfather. Schroeder became pro-dent in 1947.

> Newark Sunday News Neverk. New Jerse

Date 5. 74. Edition -

SUBJUITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

in s	SAC
	S C. C. C. C.
	SERIALIZED O TICLO MAY 21 1956
	FBI - NEW JAK

Firm cancels Black firing

By BILL MADDEN

A Newark firm promised yesterday to readmit an ex-Communist whom it had ordered out of the nlant Friday after his testimony as a government witness before the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee.

In an about-face, Arthur F. Schroeder Jr., president and treasurer of Atlas Refinery Inc., 142 Lockwood St., said Thomas L. Black can return to his job as a consulting chemist once he passes government security checks.

e ob

4 d

re Co at h

would

e Ma

keep blin

ardiess of

the Boy.

m clear

VD&QMO

מפתו-פת

which

r em B!ack

Tod.

Black, who is 48 and lives at 708 High St., testified before the Senate committee Thursday, revealing that he helped recruit imprisoned atomic spy Harry Gold into the Red espionage network. WAY BARRED

When he reported back to work Friday, he found the way barred by Schroeder who said he and other officials of the (Continued on Juge 11)

> NEWARK STAR LEDGLR Newark, New Jersey

Date 5 2 2 16 Page Edition -- 4

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

D.SAC _ DA	. 291
E ASAC TW S #2 COLD	65-4074
CI C #1 IRAIN TRAIN	SEARCHED INDEXED
D C.CLERK	MAN 32 1956



8

plant had "no use for Communists—where they're reformed or not."

Schroeder's announcement drew an immediate blast from the chairman of the Senate committee, Sen. James O. Eastland (D.Miss.) who called it an "ignoble decision."

Eastland also dispatched Nelson Frank, a committee staff member, to call on Schroeder at his plant yesterday. Johning the huddle was P. H. Helie, head of the Worcester, Mass., company which employs Black and has assigned him to work in Atlas for the past year.

ISSUES STATEMENT

As a result of the conference, Schroeder issued the following statement:

"Atlas Refinery Inc. has no intention of penalizing Thomas L. Black for his cooperation with the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee.

"Our concern was and is for the security of our plant and our country. We wish to cooperate fully and have asked the subcommittee to help obtain for us written security clearance for Thomas L. Black from the Army, Navy and Air Force for whom this company furnishes materials.

BETAINED ON PAYROLL

"If these clearances are obtained and if our study of the transcript of Thomas L. Black's testimony before the sub-committee proves satisfactory, we will consider readmitting him to our plant,

"Meanwhile, we are advised by the P. H. Helie Company, that Thomas L. Black will be retained on the payroll."

While the statement was being issued, Black, who claims he has lived in fear of his life since descring the Communist cause in 1946, was at his High St. apartment. He would make no comment.

Helie, reiterating his faith in Black, said "I will keep him on my payroll regardless of how long it takes for the government to give him clearance."

Helie described his company of being practically a one-man sales organization of which: Black was the only other employe. He said he sent Black to Atlas to help make the product which Helie sells.

"He is one of the finest DG-R workers in his line," Helie said DG-R of Black, describing him as a rsey \$100-a-week consulting chemist, Regarding Black's statement that he made \$78 a week, Be Helie said "that is his take-home pay."

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE THE COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF THE Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ARG, NR. (65-4074) OM Dearing THOMAS L. BLACK ESPIONAGE Remymens 5/16/56 On stoops, mr. Schroeler adviselitel. he learned the following from Mr. Decker, an employee of atter Refinery Inc , with whom Black lived in Englishborn I . Since the presentere of Dack a testimony before the senate Investigating bomm. , Lecker realled that about 6 months ago, while Black was at the dimer table, Black ful his beed into his hands and remarked that he was at a law as to what to do about the future; that his job with Thelieles didnot appear secure because Helis's product aver not welling and it may be necessary for Helie to drop Black from the fragrad at the Black was Cornellaring whether to accept a job with a firm who wanted him to go to Russia as a chemist mist Schrolder didnot from whether Black mentioned to Recker the name of the firm that was considering sending Black to Puris In Schrieder did not know any more of the details concerned this convenition between Decker + Black -45-4074-292 I sime I SEARCHED MODEED - A SERIALIZED LIFTLED in comment of be a sent MAY 2 4 1956 PARENTE

Spy Stories

Monmouth Data in Moscow; Newarker Tells Aid to Reds

WASHINGTON (96)—A refugee Russian scientist has told Senate investigators that the Soviet secret police relayed "thousands" of U.S. Army Signal Corps secrets to him in Moscow in 1944.

His testimony was made public today after Thomas L. Black, a chemist of Newark, N.J., told the Senate internal security witness, who, he said, could not appear publicly for "security" reasons.

Data From FL Monmouth

Andriyve's testimony stated that "many" of the Signal Corps documents came from Ft. Monmonth, N.J., while many other electronic documents "bors the trademark of RCA."

FL Monmouth was the scene of a lengthy search by Sen. Mc-Carthy (R-Wis) in 1953 and 1954 for Soviet espionage, and incidents bearing on that in-(Continued Page 2, Column 3)



THOMAS L. BLACK Spied for Russians

subcommittee of his own spying for the Soviets out of "fear" that Red agents would kill him if he broke away. Black's address was given as 708 High St.

The testimony on radar and other American electronic data flowing to Russia during World War II came from a witness who testified secretly Wednesday under the name of "E. Andriyve."

Subcommittee chief counsel, Robert Morris, who read the testimony into the record.

quiry touched off the Army-McCarthy controversy.

Newsmen asked Morris after the hearing whether the secrets that Andriyve referred to were stolen or come through normal lend-lease channels during World War II. Morris said he could only point to the witness' assertion that he got them from the Soviet secret police.

Related to Radar

Andriyve said the papers ace to him while he was a researcher at the Russian Army's signal corps Military Research Institute in Moscow. He said his job was to examine foreign language documents of which "90 per cent" came from the United States.

The Russian, who came to the United States in 1951, said:

"I received them from the secret police section . . . a part of the documents had to do with high power, super high frequency and ultra high frequency tubes that are used for radar. I would classify them to be sent to the factories and institutions which dealt with tubes.

"The other patr would deal with telephone communica. tions and field conditions . . still other documents would deal with purely scientific matters which had, at least to our viewpoint at that time, no immediate technical application . . . "

Feared Being Harmed

Disclosure of his estimony i followed the public questioning of Black, on Communist espionage activities in the 1930s' and 1940s.

Black, named by Harry Gold as the man who started him on the road to atomic espionage, said he became "disaffected" from communism in 1936, but kept up contacts with Soviet agents for another 10 years because he was "fearful" he would "get better protection" through having "come out in the open" than if he had kept his "anonymity."

Black, who admitted having introduced Gold to a Soviet agent in the early 1930s, said he himself was a member of the Communist party only from

1931 to 1933.

Stole Secrets as Spy

He said he quit the party because he wanted to travel to the Soviet Union and was told by a Russian spokesman in the U.S. that he could not do so as a Communist. He did not explain the point.

The witness said that Red agents at Amtorg, the Russians trading office in New York, told him he would have to show his "usefulness" to Russia by co-operating in other ways. And that, he said, was how he became a spy in 1934.
Subsequently, he said, he

stole "technical sercets" for a series of agents with whom he was in contact and underwent four years of "training" is espionage techniques.

Black said he made his final contact with a Soviet agent in 1946 by giving a "non-commitul" answer on whether he would take a further assign-

> NEWARK EVENING NEWS Newark, New Jersey

Date	 Page	
Edition	 	

SUBMITTED BY THE NETARK FIELD DIVISION

Stole U. S. industrial secrets for Red spies, chemist admits

Testimony bared by senators

WASHINGTON, May 9 0.00
—An American chemist has confessed to the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee he atole U.S. industrial secrets for a Russian spy ring from 1933 until 1940, it was disclosed today.

Subcommittee sources declined to identify the scientist for the time being. But they predicted he would be asked to testify patricty cometime in the near future - Warran Hed

Mir

NEWARK STAR LEDGLR Newark, New Jersey

Date 5-10-17 Page 1.
Edition Firel.

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

П	SAC		D'S	#1
$\overline{}$	ACAI		110	# 4
	DA		. 1] 2	, , ,
	C #	1		LINI IN
	C #	3	. [] (A
H	APP	L	: ס	S.STENO

65-4074-295



; .



They said the chemist told the subcommittee in recent closed-door testimony that after his break with the Soviet apparatus in 1940, he was contacted two or three times by Russian authorities, the last time in 1950.

These sources emphasized that the scientist never was employed by the government. They said the data he slipped to the Russians was not government-classified information but industrial techniques and secrets then unknown to the Russians.

One source said the scientist told the subcommittee he was once given an assignment that "involved violence." But this source said the scientist refused to carry out his instructions.

Subcommittee sources said the chemist was not part of an American spy ring such as those described by Elizabeth Bentley, confessed courier for a wartime apparatus. They said hoperated as a "lone wolf" on behalf of the Russians.

The industrial data was slipped to the Soviet authorities, they said, through the Amtorg Tradign Company, the former Soviet purchasing agency in this country, the Russian Red Cross and an unidentified Russian official.

NEWARK STAR LEDGER Newark, New Jersey

Date Page

Edition

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO

SAC, H. G. FOSTER (65-4074)

DATE: 5/16/56

PROM :

SA JOSEPH P. CARRIG

SUBJECT:

HOLBROOK MANUFACTURING CO. Jersey City, N.J.; THOMAS L. BLACK

INFORMATION CONCERNING

Mr. TOM O'CONNOR, a reporter for the "Jerse" Journal" of Jersey City, N.J., on 5/10/56, said that he had been attempting to determine whether the above firm ever existed in Jersey City; and that he was attempting to learn whether BLACK, an industrial chemist, was working for this firm.

Mr. O'CONNOR was advised that a check of the aveilable directories of Hudson County was made and that these directories failed to indicate any information on either the HOLBROOK MANUFACTURING CO. or THOMAS L. BLACK.

JPC/ell (1)

65-4074 398

STATUTE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE

Refugee testifies Moscow got Monmouth secrets

By TOM BUCHANAN

WASHINGTON, May 17 - The Senate internal security subcommittee today disclosed testimony given by a former So viet research technician in Moscow who examined "thousands" of secret documents on radar and other electronic devices tolen

from Fort Monmouth and the Radio Corporation of America's laboratories by Red spies in 1944 and 1945.

The witness, whose true identy and whereabouts are a closely guarded ,secret, testified under the alias of E Andriyve. As a technician with the Soviet signal Corps military research institute he said he examined secrets stolen from the United States, France and England and channeled by them among various Soviet institutions for reproduction.

The testimony, given during an executive session of the supcommittee on Wednesday, was read into today's public hearing in order to protect "the life of the witness" from Soviet vengeance. He has been U.S. since 1951, and is on his a permanent resident of the way to U.S. citizenship.



Thomas L. Black (AP WIREPHOTO)

BLACK TESTIFIES

This testimony followed the appearance of Thomas L. Black of 708 High St., Newark, a chemist who recruited atomic spy Harry Gold into Soviet espionage while working for the Holbrook Manufacturing Co. of Jersey City in 1933. Gold is persently serving 15 years in federal prison at Lewisburg, Pa., for his part in the Rosenberg spy ring.

Andrifve, holder of a doc-

NEWARK STAR LEDGLR Newark, New Jersey

Date 5-18-56 Page Edition to Land

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

☐ SAC [S #1 ☐ AEAC [S #2	65-4074-29
□ PA □ S #3 □ □ C #1 □ □ S #3 □ □	SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED
□ C #2 □ MA □ C #3 □ C.CLERK_	MAY 1 & 1956
APPL D S.SIENO	FBI · NEWARK

Soviets got Monmouth secrets

(Continued from Page One) them from the secret police section."

He said that a "batch of ing 1944 and 1945 for perusal, other Soviet agencies.

FRESH DOCUMENT

When questioned by subcom-tion in Soviet journals. mittee counsel Robert Morris sometime very fresh."

equipment such as radar, tele-in 1936. phone, telegraph, radio appara-"secret," "top secret" 'confidential."

such documents turned over to his section at the Moscow, institute in 1944 coming from Fort he went to the FBI. Monmouth and RCA was some. where in the "thousands," but that he did not know how many

"I will tell you how I know about the many other sections," Andrivve said. "First of all, the flow of documents which usu- him at their bidding. ally came to me was pre-classified by somebody, or pre-chan-how the inner workings of the got out of it by telling Dr. neled by somebody, because I Russian spy apparatus oper- Schwartz that it would look never got documents on mat ated in the U.S. and the chill-suspicious if I suddenly left the tronics and to the radar line. Communists who had broken I never had any 'irrelevant with Moscow. documents. All documents were In this category,

body pre-sorted that before assassination he was ordered worked in."

HELPED C. OF C.

control approach landing sys with the party. tem - artillery devices and DECRIED TRESCA DEATH many other things for publica-

on whether the documents he mony given by Black, the New murder, pointing out that "it handled seemed to be freshly ark chemist detailed the "life gave the Communist move-acquired, Andriyve answered, of fear" that kept him from ment a very bad name and I leaving the Communist party didn't approve of that kind of as a spy after he had become thing." disillusioned with the Soviets

tus and other ultra high fre-quency communications meth-ods also were sent to Moscow, that was normally ever scarcely bearing classification marks of above a whisper, told how he All told, however, Black, a above a whisper, told how he the Russian court. joined the Communist Party in 1931 in New York, was later He said the grand total of transferred to units in Jersey City and Newark and did not

GOT RED THREATS

Communist movement but im- hold who would tell him what plied threats on his life by Soviet agents in the U.S. kept

ters irrelevant to the elec-ing fate that was the lot of

Black in that the of work, so some placed Leon Trotsky, whose Greche as the Communist

the west," he said. "I received sending it to the institute I to arrange but refused; Carlo Tresca, an anti-Communist radical murdered by Soviet Andriyve added that he had agents in January 1943 while him practically every day dur. also "done a few pieces of leaving a New York City of work" for the Moscow Cham-fice building, and Walter examination and determination ber of Commerce by translat Kravitsky, a former Red apy of their technical nature be ing American pieces of appa in Germany also murdered by fore he forwarded them to ratus in aviation—the ground Soviet agents after breaking

Black said he spoke to a Soon in Soviet journals.

Meanwhile, in public testi"Jack" Katz about the Tresca

He said many photographs of over the Moscow purge trials Tresca had been tried in Moscolv in absentia as an "enemy

The Newarker also disclosed that a Soviet agent here in: the U.S. as a member of the? LEDGLR Russian Red Cross, whom hey leave the party until 1950 when knew as "Dr. Schwartz" but later identified as Dr. Gregor Rabinowitz, had ordered him to The last five years of that go to the Mexico City suburb more were being translated and time, Black said, he was no of Cuoyacan to join other So-analyzed by other sections. to do.

"When I found out that I was to arrange for the assassi. PIVISION nation of Trotsky, 1 refused Black's testimony detailed the assignment," Black said. "I country and did not appear before a workmen's compensation board on an accident case 1 was involved in."

Black also identified Rebecca

Jersey

Page

tor's degree in electronics from a Moscow university, testified that 90 per cent of the stolen documents he handled were "four general shapes," printed matter, typewritten books or pages, photocopies or photostats and enlargements which were blown up from microfilm. He said that the majority bore the trademark of Fort Monmouth and RCA. FROM MONMOUTH

"I remember in general very many documents dealing with radar at that time, so whether these were signal corps or any other branch, I really cannot tell," he said.

He added that while some of the documents came from other parts of the U.S., most of them which he examined came rom Fort Monmouth and the RCA institutions and laboratories.

"Such documents are usually keft in the secret police section, attached to this or that Soviet institution, and every major Soviet institution has a secret police section which is called in Russian "Spetsotdel," which is a very well-known word in Russian and also in

(Continued on page 16)

Party organizer in Newark, York. Instead, Black said he and Soviet agents Sam Semi-went to the FBI with his story. nov ("George") believed to Black moved into a \$60 a have been an official of Am-month three-room apartment, torg Trading Corp., G. Ovaki-at 708 High St., Newark, about mian, chief resident agent of the Soviet secret police in the in Englishtown in Monmouth U.S. during 1933 and 1934 who County. masqueraded as an official of Amiorg and an agent he knew ment described him as being only as "Paul Peterson." STOLE DOCUMENTS

Soviets, Black said he stole visitors. industrial secrets for producing In the morning, Black would textiles and tanning processes be picked up by a lame youth, which Ovakimian told him were about 17, who apparently of "no value."

sire to Rebecca Greche to Downneck section. work in the Soviet Union in "worker's paradise."

After an angry discussion Ironbound.) with "Peterson" in 1938 in MADE \$78 WEEKLY which Black said he expressed dissatisfaction with munist and his intention of He added that Black had told joining up with the Trotsky-him he had once lived at the ites, he was told to infiltrate YMCA in Newark. the Socialist Party of America Last weekend, Black was not and keep "Peterson" informed in his apartment. He said he on the activities of the leaders had gone to Philadelphia on a of the Trotsky faction.

Implied threats that weren't anything about it at the time. hard to understand."

WENT TO FBI

Soviet spy apparatus came in spy, testified after subcommitceived a phone call telling him sured him his public appear ing with Katz in front of the tion than he would have by Trans-Lux theater in New remaining hidden-

Other residents in the apartabout 5 feet nine inches, 180 pounds with dark brown hair. To test his usefulness to the He lived alone and never had

would drive him to work in a He said this assignment chemical plant which Black decame after he expressed a de-scribed as being located in the

(In the 1930's Black was em-1933 and was told that he ployed by a chemical company could work anywhere in the located an Coles St., which was world, but not ever in the then known as the Downneck section, now known as the

One neighbor recalled that com. Black said he made \$78 a week.

visit.

Another resident in the "I acepted the assignment apartment house at 708 High because of fear for my life," St., said that last week, some-black said. "I wanted to one had been in the apartment break away from communism making inquiries about Black, but Peterson and others made but the resident hadn't thought

Black, identified by imprisoned Harry Gold as the His last contact with the man who made him a Russian 1950, Black said, when he re-tee counsel Robert Morris asto contact "Miss Watkins," the ance would afford him more code phrase indicating a meet-protection against assassina-

Muster Aid For Ex-Red

Senate Group and Boss of Black Concerned on Job Trouble

nal Security Subcommittee is in reformed or not." from his job here after he testi-chemicals and on quality control. mittee commended the ex-Com- confer with Atlas officials in an munist chemist for his courage in effort to have them retain Black testifying testifying.

Robert Morris, chief counsel of the aubcommittee, said in Washington that the subcommittee was Black's activities as a Commu-"very concerned" about the dis- nist in the past. He said he missal of Black and would con thought Black did an honorable sider what action to take at a thing in testifying and commeeting today. He said the com- mented, "I don't want Tom Black mittee's aide. Nelson Frank, was to get a raw deal." in Newark and would report back by phone to the committee.

Friday at the Atlas Refining Co. his courageous testimony against Black for by the Newark company's president, Arthur F. Schroeder. Black the Soviet conspiracy can only aid the Arthur F. Schroeder. Black the Communist cause and dishad been assigned to the plant by courage other witnesses from comthe PaH. Hellie Co. of Worcester, ing forward."

Mass., his employer. The Hellie firm has a contract with Alas. which relines marine and animal oile.

Surprised by Action Morris said he was surprised by Schroeder's action because, he said, Schroeder had "assured me Friday in a telephone conversation that no decision would be made until today."

Schroeder said: "I have no use; A staff aide of the Senate Inter- for Communists, whether they're The Atlas Newark today checking the bar president said Black worked in ring of Thos. L. Black of Newark the plant on developments of new

fied last week about former spy Company, Percy H. Hellie, also activities for Russia. The subcom- was coming to Newark today to

Lauded by Employer

Hellie said he knew about

O. Eastland (D-Miss) said yester-Black was barred from his job day: "Reprisals against Black for NEWARK EVENING NEWS Newark, New Jersey

Subcommittee chairman James Date 5-21-56 Page 16

SUBMITTED BY THE NEVARK FIELD DIVISION

) A)	0 0 0 0	3 #2 5 #3 TRAI PA 	N	- - -
	<u> </u>	-4	071	V	30
SEA	RCHED		OLXEL.		- •

Ex-Red's firing to be probed

Ry RALPH MAHONEY

Robert Morris, chief counsel to the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, told The Star-Ledger yesterday a committee representative will come to. Newark to investigate the "ignoble decision" of a Newark firm to discharge a repentant ex-Communist who recently testified for the government.

Morris, speaking in Washington in behalf of the committee chairman, Sen. Eastland (D-Miss.), said the company's ban on Thomas L. Black, 48, of 408 High St., "can only aid the Communist cause and discourage other witnesses from coming forward."

. FEARED FOR LIFE

Black, who has lived in fear of his life since deserting the Communist party, testified before the committee recently that he recruited imprisoned atomic spy Harry Gold into the Red espionage network. He almost became a part of the plot to assassinate Leon Trotsky in Mexico, he said.

He is employed by the P.H. Hellie Co. of Worcester, Mass., as a chemist and, until late last week, was assigned to work in the plant of the Atlas Refining Co., 143 Lockwood Ave., with which Hellie has a contract.

REVEALED SECRETS

Black revealed his secrets to the Schale committee Thursday. When he reported for work at Atlas Friday, he was ordered out of the plant by Arthur F. Schroeder Jr., president and treasurer, who said:

"I have no use for Communists whether they're reformed or not."

Schroeder said Atlas officials had taken a vote and decided "Black had to go whether the company lost its account with Hellie Co. or not." He said the company felt there had been a breach of contract because At-

NEWARK STAR LEDGLR Newark, New Jersey

Edition Fig. 1.

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

\Box	SAC	D	SIL
Ō	ASAC		S #2
	PA		
	C #1		
	C #2		
	C #3		
	APPL		S.STENO

65-4074-3	o
SEARCHED INDEXED	
SERIALIZED FILED.	
MAY 13 1956	
FBI- NEWARK	





(Continued from Pare One) tive coming to liewark to inof Black's Communist back vestigate the case. ground.

the Hellie firm, said, however, liam F. Tompkins of Maplethat he wanted to get all the wood, assistant U.S. Attorney facts, adding:

"If Tom Black was honorable enough to go down to Washington and testify for the good of the country, I wouldn't do him any harm."

Hellie is due in Newark towith Atlas officials.

'EASTLAND CONCERNED'

saying:

"Tile Internal Security Subcommittee of the U.S. Senate views with great concern the statement of Arthur Schroeder that he plans to ban Thomas L. Black from employment in the Atlas Relining Co. of Newark.

"At the same time it commends the tolerant and charitable viewpoint of Percy Hellie. "Black was a witness before the Intenal Security Subcommittee and reprisals against him or his courageous testimony against conspiracy can only sid the Communist cause and discourage other witnesses from coming forward.

TO INVESTIGATE HERE

"We are sending a staff member to Newark to investigate fully all the circumstances surrounding this ignoble decision."

Black, who lived in Englishtown before coming to Newark April 1, joined the Hellie Co. in 1954 and has worked at the Atlas factory since then.

Hellie said he knew Black revealed his former involvement in the Communist Party to the FBI but was not aware how deeply Black was implicated.

WON'T COMMENT

Reached at his home in Summit last night, Schroeder refused to comment on the Eastland statement.

Asked if he thought his views on Black represented "ignoble decision," he said:

"I'm not sure I know what the term means; do you?" He again said "no comment". when asked his reaction to an

In the past, high government Percy H. Hellie, president of officials, including FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover and Wil-General, have criticized firms that have discharged ex-Communists who have testified for the government

> Tompkins has said that any Communist who has honestly renounced communism and de-

day to discuss the Black case sires to sahabilitate himself and cooperate with his government as a good American citi-In his statement yesterday, zen should not be penalized for, Morris quoted Eastland as giving help to the government.

> NEWARK STAR LEDGLR Newark, New Jersey

Date	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Fage	_
Edition	-		

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SAC, H. G. FOSTER (65-4074)

DATE:

5/28/56

SA, JAMES E. HARVEY

SUBJECT:

THOMAS LESSING BLACK ESPIONAGE - R

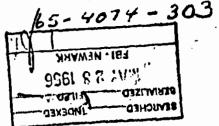
THOMASIESSING BLACK personally appeared at this office at approximately 10:00 p.m. on 5/20/56 to advise that arrangements had been made for him to meet a representative of the New York "Daily News" or New York "Mirror" on 5/21/56 concerning an article or series of articles on his life. BLACK stated that ROBERT MORRIS, Chief Counsel to the United States Senate Sub-Committee on Internal security had made the arrangements with the newspaper and insisted that BLACK carry them through. BLACK stated that this was something beyond his control and that he was calling at the FBI Office to determine if this agency had any objection to his meeting the press or whether the FBI desired to approve of any articles he might write before they were turned over to the press. BLACK recalled that agents in the past expressed the desire that he advise the FBI if he had any editorial aspirations.

BLACK also advised that several times since 1936 he had advised HARRY GOLD to get out of espionege for the sake of his family. BLACK stated that he asked agents to confirm these statements with GOLD after GOLD was incarcerated. BLACK stated that he never obtained an answer from the agents regarding GOLD's answer and he never pursued the issue. BLACK stated, that he desired to know the results of this inquiry with GOLD so that in his forthcoming articles he could portray himself in a better light by stating that GOLD corroborated his remarks, if such were the case.

BLACK was requested to call the writer on 5/21/56.

A telephone call was made to the Philadelphia Office and by return call, Supervisor NORRIS HARZENSTEIN advised that Philadelphia files contained no information reflecting that BIACK was in possession of any information which could not be revealed, with the possible exception

JEH: jdm (1/1



NK 65-4074 Memo to SAC, H. G. FOSTER

5/28/56

RE: THOMAS LESSING BLACK ESPIONAGE - R

of information concerning JOSEPH KATZ, an espionage subject who fled to France.

Information in the possession of Newark reflects that the Bureau recently advised that BLACK did not have to withhold any information from the Sub-Committee before which he recently appeared. This included information concerning KATZ.

It was further noted that newspaper articles concerning BLACK's public testimony before the Sub-Committee reflected he did identify KATZ as "JACK", a former espionage agent in the service of the USSR in this country.

BLACK was advised on 5/21/56 by the writer that the Bureau had no desire to censor his forthcoming articles but he was requested to adhere to the facts concerning his relations with the FBI. He was further advised that this office was not permitted to reveal to him any information obtained as a result of previous interviews with HARRY GOLD.

BLACK was very cordial in both contacts with the writer.

Name Aliases

BLACK, THOMAS LESSING Dr. Thomas L. Black, Tasso Lessing Black, Tom Black, Lessie Black, Tom Wright, Tom Janes, Harold L. Jones, George Williams, Bob, "Doc"

National ity Description American (Photo available)

Male

Sex Race Age

White 48 (1956)

Born Height Weight

7-5-07, Bloomsburg, Pa. 5'83"

Build

200 lbs. Heavy

Eves Hair

Blue; wears glasses Light brown, wavy

Complexion

Light, ruddy Burn scars on entire left arm and shoulder,

Scars and marks

front of neck and left ear.

Peculiarities

High, square forehead; flat feet; incessant smoker; uses long, black

cigarette holder

Marital Status

Single

Occupation

Chemist

Employment

American Cyanamid Co., Linden, N.J. (1929-30)

Holbrook Manufacturing Co., Jersey City, N.J. (1930-33)

National Oil Products Co., Harrison, N.J. (1933-44)

Consultant, Fine Organics, Inc., New York City (1944-45)

Consultant. Spruce Chemical Co., Paterson, N.J. (1946)

Consultant, Chas. W. Berg Laboratories, Philadelphia, (1945-55)

Atlas Refinery, Inc., Newark, N.J. (1955-

. CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

- Organizations

Wember, CP, USA under name of Harold L. Jones (1932-33)
Wember, Socialist Party (1937)

Member, Socialist Workers Party under name of Tom Jones (1938-41)

Residence

265 East St., Bloomsburg, Pa. (1907-29)

577 Madison Ave., Elizabeth, N.J. (1928-

112 Weatfield Ave., Elizabeth, N. J.

116 Anna St. Elizabeth N.J.

654 Bergen Ave., Jersey City, N.J.

57 Sip Ave., Jersey City, N.J.

Wayflower Apts., 65 Tonnell Ave., Jersey City, N.J. (-1933)

55 Oxford St., Newark, N.J. (1933-37)

17 Oxford St., Newark, N.J. (1937-49)

Majestic Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa. (part time)

1749 N. Wascher St., Philadelphia, Pa. (1945-46)

43 W. Gravers Lane, Philadelphia, Pa. (1946)

2124 Spruce St., Philadelphia, Pa. (1947-48)

1908 Dallas St., Philadelphia, Pa. (1948-50)

1929 N. 6th St., Philadelphia, Pa. (1950-1954)

530 West Berks St., Philadelphia, Pa. (1954-1955)

R.D. 1, Englishtown, N.J., c/o Victor Decker, Jr. (1955-1956)

708 High St., Newark, N.J. (1956-



Education

Pennsylvania State College (1925-29-not graduated).

Espionage Activity

In 1934, Black contacted Gaik B. Ovakimian (Soviet espionage agent) at Amtorg Trading Corp., New York City to obtain employment in USSR at which time he was recruited into Soviet intelligence. Altho claiming to have been an unwilling and uncooperative agent, Black has admitted furnishing unclassified industrial information (including data concerning penicillin and sorbitol) to Ovakimian and to subsequent Soviet superiors, Paul Petersen, "Carl,"
"George" (Semen Markovich Semenov), Dr. Robert Swartz (Gregori L. Rabinovitch), "John" (Nikolai N. Erchov) and "Jack" (Joseph Katz) during 1934-47. In 1935, he was instrumental in recruiting Harry Gold into Soviet intelligence, introducing him to his then Soviet superior, Paul Petersen.

According to Black, he joined the Socialist Workers Party (Trotskyite) at Petersen's suggestion to serve in an intelligence capacity. He also stated that in 1938 Gregori Rabinovitch urged him to go to Mexico to work his way into the home of Leon Trotsky (assassinated in 1940), which assignment he had refused.

In 1943-44, Black served as courier between Joseph Katz and William W. Stapler (deceased), delivering message and funds to latter, an employee of Hercules Powder Co., Wilmington, Delaware, who had allegedly sold technical information to the Soviets.

Black has admitted having received funds, gifts and laboratory equipment from his various Soviet superiors.

'BAC, Nevark

Enclosure 1

cc-2-Chicago (100-18106) (Enclosure 1) cc-2-Los Angeles (100-23657) (Enclosure 1)

cc-2-New York (100-80005) (Enclosure 1)
cc-2-New York (100-6000) (Enclosure 1)
cc-2-San Francisco (100-25335) (Enclosure 1)
cc-2-Seattle (100-18224) (Enclosure 1)
co-2-Washington Field (100-17841) Enclosure 1)

ec-1-Newark file (65-4074) (Thomas Lessing Black) (Enclosure 1)

O vol Qo

The United States Senate

Report of Proceedings

Hearing held before

Subcommittee to investigate the Administration of the

our cy lave to the committee on the our clary:

Veslangion (

CW

Thomas L. Black;
708 High Street,
Newark; New Jersey

PAGE

Thursday, May 17, 1956

United States Senate,

Subcommittee to Investigate the Administration

of the internal Security Ace and Other internal Security Laws; of the

Committee on the Judiclary.

washington, D. C.

A The subcommittee met bursuant to call y st 10:35 o clock

m. . in the Caucus Roomy, Senare Office Building Senator

All the selection of th

Meory was entry tropial Word at conference of the lam.

Rusher Maministrative Counsels Benjamin kandel Anesearch

Directors and Robert McVands Research Analyst 13363

enaroz nemera wuneshearing will come co forder in a

A A Translation of the Information of the Control o

Senator Jenner Valli vou be sworn to testify?

"Do you solemnly swear that the testimony given in this

hearing will be the truth the whole truth tend nothing sout

the truth, so the p you god?

Mr. Black. Flace.

Senator Jenner. You will proceed, Mr. Morris, with the questioning of the witness.

Mr. Norris Senator, this hearing is being held in connection with the series being conducted by the Internal, Security Subcommittee in connection with the nature and scope of Soviet activity in the United States

The specific subject this morning will be Soviet espions.

TMr. Black, will you give your name and address to the re

TESTIMONY OF THOMAS L BLACK

ellersey

Mr. Black: Eloomabling permay variety.

Mr. Worris Win what year

W. Morris Award as composed in the second profession

or Black; we am a chemistry

Mr. Morris. For how long have you been a chemist?
Mr. Black. All my working life, approximately 26 years.
Mr. Morris. Now, Mr. Black have you ever been a member

r. Black. Yes, str

Mr.F.Black Willy 5 (2907.



Mr. Morris: When did you join the Communist Party?

Mr. Black Approximately 1931

Mr. Morris. Will you tell us what unit; branch and section of the Communist Party you joined?

Mr. Black. I joined the Communist Party in New York Ci Section Two, Unit Two-B, located on the lower East Side. Mr. Morris . How long did you remain a member of the Communist Party

Mr. Ælack : Approximately two years.

career in the Communist Party

dr. Bleck: F. don't pelleve'l quite understand your question is a large of the stand of the stan

AND Novie 19010 you set and meetings of the Commin

Mr. Black. Yes Sir Mr. Morris. Abid you bay any Communist Party dues?

Mr. Black, Feb. Bir.

Mr Black (Guite & Tumber of them

Mr. Black Al Was transferred to a unit in Jersey City

Mr. Morris. You left the Communist Party two years

and later to a unit in Newark.

vou foined it?

Mr. Black Ves, air.

Wr. Morris. Will you tell us why you left the Communist

Mr. Black: I wanted to go to the Soviet Union to work, about 1933, and I discussed this with the Communist organizer in Newark, Rebeach Grecht

Mr. Morris, Will you spell that for the Committee,

way Mr. Black summat is G-T-e-ch-t

www.worris yawhat did she feli you and what did you as

She told me that I could go to work any place in the world not until Soviet Union that she would make any arrangements that might be necessary but that as a party member I could not work in the Soviet Union sys

Mr. Morris, MAs a result of that decision made by your. Communist superiors (you decided to leave the Party

Mr. Black : That is right.

Nr. Morris: Did your interest in the Soviet Union con-

Mr. Black, After I had been out of the Party some month

quired about employment in the Soviet Union.

Mr. Morris Now, Whom did you meet at Amtorg Trading

Vir. Black ; Gaik Ovakimian.

Mr. Morris Wiyou know that he has been identified by the Rostyorov as a person who was a chief resident agent of the Soviet Secret Folice in the United States?

CDId Walk Ovakimian introduce himself by that name?
We walk over the hild
We work to what was not not the surfors.

He had with Amiorg out I delieve he was connected in some way with meet column producted follows and so on the way with more secundary of the column producted follows and so on the way with the column producted follows and so on the way with the column producted follows and so on the column producted follows are column producted for the column producted follows and so on the column producted follows are column producted follows and so on the column producted follows are column producted follows and so on the column producted follows are column producted follows.

Wrighted the told mether in he were correcommend me workern lower than the Soviet Union I would have so broduce evidence of insertings to the wise he could not be sonally made a mecommendation.

what?did'he ask you to do? 'f

Mr. Morris Litee

Mr. Black : He asked me to give him some information a technical mature; which would tend to indicate my



usefulness to the Soviet technology.

Mr. Worris. Did you, conforming with his request, beg

Mr. Black 1 dld

Mr. Morris: Will you tell us for the record what mater

Mr. Black wi gave him information concerning the processes for producing textile auxiliaries and tanning material Other products of that mature with which I was familiar. I wrote the processes up for producing these things and include Unformation on their uses and applications.

t His Worth (Now) on how many to 111 you speak up to the His Control of the His Control o

Now You many occasions did you meet our towak mian and give nim the Antormation you have just described:

Mr. Black in New York City - we met an restaurants
It Novris (can Work tell dis Withposet Cularity what
Testaurants in Which you met him

Mr. Black & Lord tarecall what restaurants we met in but they were rather good restaurants. In the Times Square

Mr. Black .: I had a great deal of it in my head, but what I didn't know I supplemented with information that was ivailable to me on the job.

Mr. Morris: Was Ovakimian's interest in the information itself, or was his interest in the fact that he was testing you to see whether or not you were going to supply that and other information; and render other services for the Soviet

Wr. Black. He told me after he had gone over this inrmation that at was of ho carticular interest to him bein Frause they had other sources or such thro mation, and that en Euwas not particularly valuable.

Have Than specied violity of estachists of the

ie indicated that the information I had Toachteilaichealte bhecathe at thas ha

rris Thowever - Two Ladded something more, didn

Mr. Black: Indon Copelleve that ivenite understand Mr. Morris : "I-didn't know whether I had his full answ

Mr. F. Blacks of d. you break off your relationship with ?

Mr. Black: No. i didn't break it. He introduced me to Bomeone else

to Bomeone Else.

Wr. Morris Tin/other words, he gave you a different

nment:
Mr. Black That is correct.
Mr. Morris That Year was this: Mr. Black Pyou folned the Communist Party in 1931, stayed in Ont 1/1933, Now met Kair Oval Intah in 1933? Fig. No palack desther late 1033 or jean v 1931 of the

oe sure of the eact date of the promas Overimian s. tran egring groupe another soft everent the second of the secon GPU op nevnebsread Webbing Co.

Wr. Worris. Will Fou tell us the clicums ances where were transferred by Ovacimian to another agent? and that he wanted me to meet a briendror his who would be meeb vith me occasionally in

the sald that are had too many other tasks to take care of than other whis fellow would see me and he assured me to the person I was to be introduced to was a Triend of his ; could speak freely with him.

Mr. Morris. Was that his true hame? Mr. Black. I am sure that it was not; although I have no way of knowing;

wr. Morris - How long did you deal with the man known to you as Paul Peterson?

Mr. Black. I vould Say up until about 1938.

Mr. Morris. Now what was the nature of your relation with Peterson? Was he asking you to supply information, or as he training you for still some other assignment?

Mr (Black: The was training me for some other assign-

Amp (Morris) Do vou know a man hamed Harry Gold? THE CAST CONTENT

Mr. (Norm is thill divou kintroduce Harry, Gold to a Soviet agent at any time in the

gentiat any time.

Mr. Black Ayes Sir file Mr. Morris Strae Harry Gold who testified before this ommittee ttwo for Inree weeks ago, was the same Harry Gold.

as Mr. Black in That his correct

Mr. Morris. A wonder is voi would teli us wour rela

Just tell us what happened.

You said that you pelieved he w assignment. Give us the specifics about that particular



re purely social. We met in New York City and we had and the conversation revolved around small talk. Nothing particular was said about anything. In other words, in those early meetings he was getting acquainted with me, and seeing what kind of a person I was sizing me up

Mr. Black. The first several meetings with Peterson

Mr: Morris: Did he give you assignments? Wing Black Alorseur not chen Wrightown sale what all the do?

r Androk i Well - Repartial Dythe Halk Asta hed to meyo c now i could be use use o she soviet union vana i v Dybnat Carwas each nathach a migranath thu mata realitized that was wintending to trainine for respionage faithough th was cercainly inever mentioned et charactime of

Amrablack The training consisted of discussing war aspects related to esplonage wand this was done during long iks which we jused to take together on the Bidevalks of ew York, mostly : Never in restaurants or any place like

Mr. Black. How do detect surveillance by FBI agents; and how to avoid it; what to do in case the surveillance was detected; how to collect information and write reports; how to microfilm them; how to condense information into the fewest possible words and yet make it complete enough to be

That general sort/of thing fil don't know --Mr. Morris, LDid, he go, into the importance of appoint-

Mr. Morris Will you tell us something about that? ad all all modern the silver many contents and many

er ANO-ris AD one erlait to you for appointments
canade perween Soviet arens Talacl Ayes he did Michiganie Maria Propare II new prolety rometring about

Month lack the fronter specific to the first of the first ntacting wand the lesser agen; hever had any way or knowg how.or when.or where helicould contact his superior - - -... (Mr: Morris & is there anything (else) on that point you

Mr. Wilack Well, some arrangements for the next meet

- by a telephone call. The place and the time were pre-arranged, but the date was generally made by telephone a

 - few days before
 - Mr. Morris From what period did you work with Peterso
 - Mr. Black. Funt11 about 1938 1937 or 1936.
 - Mr. Morris. | Prom 1934 to 1938
 - During that period the time was consumed principally
 - training your or espionage work?
 - Mr. Black Mat La correct
 - Morris, (No specific assignments were given to you

 - m Black Yes which hev mere not

 - the control of the feathers are
 - What was at he mature of those assignments?
 - Hard Black and 1986, at the time of the frinst hoseon
 - In most covery that for a special structure of the struct
 - at the Mornist whow aid he weach to that his closure by
 - r: Black . He became violently and ry rand we parted

Wrighornis A Nov. ald he even drop you as a contact?



Mr. Morris. What happened?

Mr. Black: A period of time elapsed -- I don't recall just how long. Possibly a few months. Then I got a phone call from him; and in the telephone conversation he seemed Trather friendly. He esked me to meet him: I kept that

Mr. Morris Did you meet him in New York? Mr. Black, A Yes, Sir.

(| Words and he give you another assignment? Mr. Black Ages herdid one told me that he had been ethinking over what I had told him about becoming a since Wirotsky te fand newthought that was a wery good a dear so

III Morries Vistret die Social de Refer Protein ist action? a What was the name of that barty? We will add the bear to the first party of the first will be a first the fir lore the socialist workers are moving

The Michael Books with the lation and brain and the lime was the vous of ned tine unoraky is the tarty to hit he winstruct for on the Soviet agent?

Mor Wornis and Wou as the same time (keep your cor

Mr. Morris: Will you tell us, Mr. Black, precisely

and to ingratiate myself with the leadership of the party.

Mr. Morris. That is the Trotskylst Party?

Mr. Black. That is right

Mr. Forris. Meanwhile you completely disaspeciated

Wr. Forris: Meanthile you completely disastociated yourself for many years how, with the communist Party?

Mr. Morris Awere you reading things 14ke the Daily

Deen instructed not to

If Morris Were wor Beels vour blo Communistic Inlends

UNL Black: No lair in had been instructed to break all

Contacts With them as 8

Low Black Whe only definite assignment lined was to become triendly with the leading Trotsky ists.

Mr. Black. Tust to keep contact with him. Not to report anything specific to him. As a matter of fact, he was not interested in what was going on in the Trotskylst moveMr. Morris. Was Peterson the agent now for whom you

were working at that time?

one that assigned me the task:

Mr. Morris. Now, at what point aid Peterson break off

of 1937; or the early part of 1938.

Mr. Black Linet is right.

All Worris Remarkates of Amtorg Trading Corocratio

Mr. Black I don't grow I don't really flow what h

wir moor tark what as Smon Sem

connection was

"""" And Morris: "Nov. the Enceeded Pererson as your cont

#Wr Black is believe so throw a very short period

#Wr Worls anow, when you worked inder him were you

Still in the Trotsky or an zation

Mr. Morris. Awnat you were doing, then; was developing



Mr. Black. That is right.

Mr. Morris . Who succeeded Semenov as your senior

Mr. Black. I believe it was a person that I knew as Jack, although I can't be quite certain of that, either.

on second though, I think the person that succeeded thi Semenov was a Tellow that I knew as Dr Schwartz His cor ct name was Gregor Rabinowitz

Mr : Morris : Under what cover did Gregor Rabinowitz

in the Black. The was an employee of the Soviet Red Cross a la ind he was here Model address miles the booted in the

With Morrella Latton allore would be inned to him? hereif going is the circumstances deading up to your transfer to Rabinow Wr. ABlack Av The Alirst trime Threcal Liseeing Rabinovitz e indine noso da la la harmacipeen comuned an the moso da la

omely reeks is otten to an lace density specifie

Musimorris Was he a medical doctor Wir Helack Wife was

Mr. Morrist And actually you have since learned that

Mr. Black, That is correct

Soviet Red Cross?

Wr. Black. That is right.

Mr. Morris. And did you tell him what your assignment

had been under previous agenta?

Mr. Black. No, sir; he knew more about that than I d

guess.

[A.Mr. Morris: Did he give you an assignment?

Mr. Black Wes, Bir, When I was released from the

hospital fulle told me that he wanted me to quit my job and

make avrangements to go to covoacan.

Min words whould you spell that for us, please?

Morabled Chamber of Company and Line

The variety where is one to be calculated as

Which the wanted work to goldown there

Hack Mier Is a length

Wr. tworn said and the state for what purpose?

A Bloody. Wolfeberry company to the real of the prant

o go folymand sioln Trotaky la household of

Moories in other words, he wanted you to so

mil Electromie briencopied by the

Wr. Worris: And keep contact with h

Mr. Black (IThat is right

cwi8

Mr. Black. No, hot at that time. I asked some ques-

tions, and he told me that the questions the nature of winder. I was asking did not need to concern me then. I would

get instructions later.

First I was to go to Coyoacan, and there would be other Soviet agents in Trotsky's household, and I asked him

who, they would be:

The said I would find out that when the time came.

I asked him that I was supposed to do and he said I would be void when the time came with refused to answer an diestions about what the nature of the work was

A Mina More Lette Did voll subsequent iviting one what the nature to that BBB Lemment was

Mr. Morris: What mas the marure of that assignment the waste of the assignment of the session of

Black More The

Mr. Worle with void you no take that assignment

Mr. Black a Because as a fallated previously in 1936

I had lost complete sympathy with the Communist movement

and the Soviet Union, and I was trying to preak away from

these Soviet agents incorrectly but I was still raying

appear here today and tell us that you were disassociated

ideologically with the Communists, and yet you kept accepting these assignments?

Mr. Black: I did it because of fear.

Mr. Morris. Will you tell us briefly about that, Mr.

Black?

In Black: Well, when Peterson and other agents, many times; made threats to me -- never direct threats; but always by timelication or innuence; = implied threats.

Why Morris Cold you have a fear for your fite.

Mr. alack What is correct.
Wr. Morris & Fear for bodily harm

Alorrie Willow What Region and you give Rabinovit

not going to Coyoacan?

Wr. Black J. Intold Aim that it would look very muspic I Lwere to suddenly deave the country without appearing!

One when workmens a Compense flon Court availanvas to settle

niviaceldent carefus liesateen en that

ANY MOVE TO SEE A

11 (Nov. Minat, was jour next assignment) after that?

Mr. Black: After that after the assassination of Trotsky, I didn!t see any, more of Rabinovitz, FBit i was

contacted by another agent, the jone it believed inknew as



cw20

Mr. (Morris. ; Do you know what his name was?

Mr. Black Yes, fir. His last name was Katz

Mr Morris Ts that K-a-t-z?

Mr. Black, Ves. 7

Mr. Morris. What assignment did he give you?

Mr. Black. Well a period of some months had elapsed.
Then he finally contacted me by a method which had been pre-

Mr. Morels = Would you tell us about char.

Mr. Black = Well | I got a telephone calls | I film | i k

Mno was calling | but the fature of the conversation and cal

me that I was authosed to be at a certain place at a certain time and supposed to be at a certain place at a certain time and supposed to be derived a some form of a deni-

Mr. Black Troot a relevance call will included to that I was supposed to be as a certain class accordinate class as a certain class as a certain class as a certain class accordinate cl

It believe some our entries of a magazine. That is met sack whe adentified in mediato me arter whicking med Mr. Norris - What Year is this:

Mr. Black - I believe that this must have been about

1940. The reason I believe that is that in checking some

Trotsky had been assassinated in 1940. This was after the assassination of Trotsky I am almost certain.

Mr. Morris. Now, what was the nature of the assignment received from Ketzi

Mr. Black: Well, in the first several meetings, I didn
receive any assignment: It was just keeping contact. Then
he asked me to get him some technical information.

I've Morris: From where did he ask, you to get the techn
tal information or did he leave that up to you to get it?

Mr. Black the left it up to me because he had reason
to believe that I had been trained enough by Peterson that I

Liker Morris (Lise e a Did vol det the technical information for for him

orts.

wow words will it your restimont what at this time would be described to work the Communist Movement

Mr. Black of That is correct.

om Katz because of the fear you have described?

Mr. Black. That is correct

Wr. Worris. In your dealing with Katz, you mentioned xecutive sension that you had beconversation with him abo

Carlo Tresca

Mr. Black. That is right.

Mr Morris Will you tell us what that conversation was about? Who was Carlo Tresca?

Mr. Black. Carlo Tresca was an anti-Communist radical

who had been active for a great many years. I don't know.

what his political philosophy was. I believe he was an Anarchist but I am not sure.

Www.Mr: Morris: What did Katzisay about Carlo Tresca?

A. W. Mr. Black. Carlo Tresca, vas murdered in New York as

he was leaving amountee building.

ive Black As ining sol.

Fig. 1. The Thomas and the south of the community and the smurder

In the press, of course. So insked Matz what the story

was there is the local many that it was my sopinion that that so or thing gave Communism servery than hame and E. Sidn t

ioniove of it

in Moscow.

Mr. n. moncis Kiwhat Wild the tell wou sabout Tresca?

e.Mr. ABlack. The told me that Aresca was an lenemy of the

forking tilass vand that as such he had received a fair tria.

r Morris: He had been tried in Moscow?

m. Black. He had been tried in Moscow in absent is

na an areniving

w23

Mr. Morris. He said that he had been tried and found

to be an enemy of the working class its that it?

Mr. Black That is correct.

Poyntz ever come up?

Mr. Black. I don't believe so.

Mr. Morris. You knew, of course; that he disappeared

Mr. Blacky vest bin

Wr Worris But you know nothing about that disappear

with macion working

North (Dick Dick Dar) make an Impression on wolf.

rolling Assay 25 and

Mr. Morris Mow thou long tid you take assignments

wm Black Mell Withere was a prief period in the early

9/0 F sand then I mid in the hear in on him ega maint i about the second of the second

In a He sconvected me by atelephone vand Iskept an appointment

Hersald that since it had been a long time since he had

Mr. Morris - Pas this in 1046?

1 the him to design the

seen me, he wanted to know if I would still cooperate with him. The said that times change and people change, and he wanted to know where I stood

Mr. Black. I belleve so: 1 It possibly was 195.

Mr. Morris. When he said he wanted you to cooperate, what did you say to him?

Mr. Heck. I gave him a non-committal answer and told him that I hadn't changed. I was a raid to tell him anythin different: So he said he would contact me again.

Mr. Morris, hwere you still fearful of the consequence for your encounters with these people?

AND Black Plore no fran ever (1997)

wine meantime (such as the assassing ton of Trotaly and the

All North Allowever (did Nou receive another assignment of the Communication of the Communication (did Not the Communication of the Com

evio ; iilaok ya No ya 170

Har Morella in Did von have any fortier contract thin a ther Covacy agents

Mr.: Morris. Abldn t you tell is about an assignment in

Mr.; Black: II was contacted by telephone in 1950, but I did not keep that:



Miss Watkins . That was the code word that indicated that I was to meet a Soviet agent =-

Mr. Morris. When was this worked out?

Mr. Black: / In 1946.

Mr. Morris. In 1946 you worked it out with whom?

Mr. Black. With Katz. meeting whereby a phone call would tome in to you and a party would announce herself as Miss watkins.

Mr. Black: Winat is right:

rea Mr . Morris : "And you didn't receive that phone cal

model ecicle where the section

in Woorls of Rolling lears a arent and Michaelschaft That as Fight

F. Mr. Worrisin what were the Other pre-arrangements about

r Malack, Malhen I got la phone call from Miss Watkins; was supposed to go on the liesday following the phone call Osthe Wrans-Lub (Theater and walt winder the marques for the ree minutes; from seven-fifteen until seeven-eighteen, i believe kand identify myself by the color of necktie and

the current issue of some magazine. I have forgotten which.

Mr. Morris: AThis had all been worked out four years

Mr. Black. That is right.

Mr. Morris And you remembered the directions?

Mr. Black. Pretty well yes

Mr. Morris. That had to be quite precise, to wait three iminutes from seven-fifteen to seven-eighteen under a theater marquee.

Mr. Black. That 1s right.

Mr. Black: What is right to a task

A vor v Morris Judhen this call came

Ty, with the cally

MO BIROKA NO PITOKA

re Morris rasy rating to rake the call won broken

our relations with the Soviet agents v.

Michaelack Compatible Floridation

Morris Linaye you received any Contact from that

Mr. Black Mowers.

Mos Morris 5. When we asked you to be sair y bubild o did yours wress some itear of doing that is

Mr. Black. Yes, si

Mr. Morris. Were you given assurances by this subcommittee that if you came forward and told your story the

committee would commend you for that stand by doing so you

remaining in an anonymous state?

Mr. Black. Yes, Bir.

Mr. Morris. And you have made full disclosure of all

your activities in Soviet espionage?

Mr. Black. Yes, Bir, insofar as I can remember.

period of some twenty years has elapsed since my original

contact. Of course, it is impossible to recall all decails

over that period of time

Mr. Morris . How long have you been cooperating with the

FBI?

Mr (Black Since 1950.

Mr. Morris : Ayou have made lyto the best of your knowle

full disclosure to them?

Black Withat as correct

Mr. Morris . Win view of the witness wery responsive

attitude to the questions that have been asked him land be

cause of his voluntarily testifying about other things he

was not asked about, I would like the record to show that t

committee should commend him for his testimony before the

committee

Senator Jenner : The committee does commend you. Mr.

Black, and furthermore; let me state that it is unusual for

this committee to get a man who has had past affiliations

with the Communist Party such as you have had to come out

openly and help this committee in their search to grow this



Comminist conspiracy.

This particular phase of bur study is to look into Communist tactics; how they operate in our country. We know they are operating today. We know the method of operation continues to change:

It is our duty as a subcommittee of the Judiciary Committee, a Subcommittee on Internal Security, to try to keep abreast of their machinations.

I want to commend you, and I want to thank you for you we cooperation here and I do believe that the fact that you have come forward will give you more protection from the seas you have expressed in the past

Thank wou very much:

Mr & Black of Thank you.

Alsenator Jenner You may be texcured.

Do you have any other witheses...

testimony yesterday from a Witness who for security reasons contended that he cannot make a public appearance here this morning

I would like to read excerpts from this particular test mony. Mr. Chairman, into the record, because it bears on the particular testimony we heard today:

cw29

Mr. Morris. I will read the questions, and Mr. Mandel

ill read the answers of Mr. Andriyve.

(The excerpt from the testimony of E. Andriyve, May 16, 1956, was read into the record, the questions being read by Mr. Morris, the answers being read by Mr. Mandel, and was as

follows:)

Mr. Morris. 7 Did you receive your Doctoris degree in the University of Moscow?

Mr. Andriyve. That was not in the University of Most

ut that was in Moscov.

Mr. Morris Coin Moscow?

Mr. Andriyye ay Yes

Mr. Worris . A Were you employed in the Soviet Union

during the war?

Mr. Andriyve veles, sir.

Mr. Morris: What position did you have? Describe th

osition you held at that time

Mr. Anno yve Well o that desends on this 's Since la

19/3/1 was in the Rec Army mootileed along with millions or

ther people and during 1944 and probably Jamuary 1945; ido not remember exactly, T was employed with the Signal

orps Military Research Institute in Moscow, in the capaci

ftresearcher (That is all so far.

Mr. Morris. Now, what were the functions of that



Mr. Andrive. Well, my particular job consisted of editing and seeing that the technical magazine of the Institute was properly published, so that is editorial and publishing functions within the Institute.

"In addition to it; I had the function of, I would say, Examining a series of documents; very many of them, all of them in forcigh languages. I would say 90 per cent of them, of American origin, and 10 per cent of British end French origin.

Mr Worls where did these documents come from?

UMF Andrive at received them from the Secret Polic

Section which is with every Soviet agency including our

ou by individuals who came from the Section of the Secret

In the Secret Police Section afterned to this or that soviet institution and Every major Soviet institution has a Secret Police Section which is called in Russian

Aspetsotdel; which is a very well-known word in Russian and also in the West.

practically every day for perusal, examination, and deter-

So, the batch of the documents would be given to me

w31

the task to determine how should they be channeled among the Soviet institutions dealing with this particular type of science or engineering.

That means a part of the documents had to do with high power, super-high frequency and ultra-high frequency tubes that are used for radar. I would classify them to be sent to the factories and institutions which dealt with tubes.

The other part would deal with telephone communication and fleld conditions. In would diassify them to be sent alor to the Signal Corps Institute who dealt with telegraphy.

Still other documents would deal with purely scientifications will be subjected to our view oint at that time and dimmediate technical sapplication of a would classify them separately and to be sent to some pure science organization and so on

That was the type of work I had been doing there for

We Morris & Nov was there anything to indicate the coint of porigin of these documents . You say 90 per cent to came from the United States?

Wr. Andriyve. Wes: 90 per cent came from the United

U. S. town mark or organization mark; or just the letterhe



Now the shape of the documents were -- pardon me.

The documents were of; I would say, four general shapes. Number 1, printed matter; Number 2, typewritten books or

pages; Number 2; it would be the photocopies or photostats that evidently came in originally from the United States;

and; Number 4; the enlargements; blowups from microfilms:

And of them, very many were printed on the Soviet photopaper. 15 So we could safely assume that the microfilms got

nto Russia from America and were developed and enlarged a some local soviet aevel

And Line: was the sort of documents Traball nelrappearance

We will always the spine of any and any of the odd ments that tind cated the particular place of origin of the

documents?

Tanon syle and monifold analysination many too time the ably, most collection what whe wind capton of the particular

place where they originated it

Wr Whore si Novinwhat were some of the places whe

r Andriyve Millonescly, Lt. 18 already twelve years after the levent wand I forgot a lot lexcept for maybe two

oth of them because I saw them quite often on the documen

e was Fort Monmouth and the other is FCA. I could not

because I just do not remember 16

Mr. Morris. But you do remember that some documents

"Mr. Andriyve. I do remember that many documents bore the trade-mark of RCA.

"Mr. Morris. Did many of them bear the trade-mark

Mr. Andriyve. I would say many.

"Mr .. Morris / Many?

Mr. Andriyve: I Would say so:

"Mr (Morris (You do not mov whether it was the Sign Corps, whether they were Signal Corps documents or just generally Fort Mormouth

Then to dealing with radar at that time so whether these were stand some some stands of the sound that the sound that the sound the sound that were stands of the sound that the sound that so the sound that so the sound that so the sound that so the sound the sound that so the sound that so the sound that so the sound the sound that so the sound that so the sound that so the sound the sound that so the sou

Mr. Andriyve . I am afraid not .

Mr / Morris (ils there anything more you can tell us about the Fort Monmouth documents? A Did appear in quantity
"Mr : Andriyve : (Pardon?

Mr. Morris: Did documents from both places appear in

quantity?

"Mr Morris . And What year was this now?

"Mr. Andriyve. That was 1944. After 1944 I was transferred to the other business, doing other business within the radar part. But I saw a friend of mine who was doing the same type of work - I saw him repeatedly in 1945 -- and we talked on the general state of affairs of his work and my work, so he said that the flow of document continued.

Mr: Morris : And were they contemporaneous documents I mean, did therdates that appeared thereon indicate they were freshly acquired

Wr. Andriyve. Yes sir ine documents I dealt with were fresh and sometimes very fresh

Mr. Molis No. Were there any photographs involve Mr. Andrive "You mean phetphotographs --pictures of some humans?

Mr. Morris rror kequipment.

Mr. Windrivve. Wrouldment; ich; yes ivery much.

Mr. Morris Junere was

"Mr: Andriyve. Wvery much:

Wr. Morris, There were pictures of the equipment.

And in Eddition to radar equipment, What else was described 'Mr (Andrive. Cuite a lot of equipment: As I said, some description of Signal Corps; like telephone; telegraph

radio apparatus; some purely theorevical papers.

then you haven't dealt with the subject in a long time. Tremember, for example, one theoretical paper which

We were not particularly interested in, but which proved quite useful later here in the West and also in Russia, and that was the similtaneous use of two carrier waves of the

same frequency shifted by phase. That is a highly technical thing, and at that time it looked like a curiosity to us,

now it is quite commonly used here and there

Mr. Morris. Did any of these documents bear a class: ication mark secret; top secret; "confidential"

Mr. Andriyve: Very many of them had classification F would say the wast majority had some classifica on, either paecret for abon secret for a confidential Worrlar And how they came into your possession

ou do not know, texcept for the fact they were given to you the Becretapplice

only thing is could tell you give just in a facetious yein. ie, would tell ito the becret police officer where aid you steal them, rand he would say / Shut up; it is none of your husiness . Your business is to try to find out how to use them, and it is our business how to get them

r! (Morris : And you say that these documents appeare 1n great numbers?

"Mr. Morris.; These classified documents?

"Mr. Andriyve. Yes, sir.

"Mr. Morris. From the United States."

it is a hard thing, but I wonder if you could estimate
approximately how many were turned over to your Section by
the Secret Police?

"Mr. Andriyve. The grand total for 1944 -

you give us an approximation?

Mr Andriyve Thousands W 👭 📜

Mr Morrie (Thousands?

A Mr. Wandri vive v Lves v Bin i

#Mr. Andriyve; jayes for could say that undoubtedly

Mr. Morris Did you know any of them?

Wr (Andriyve I will tell you, indirectly, yes, and I will tell you how. trirst of all the flow of documents which usually come to me was preclassified by somebody or prechanneled by somebody, because I never got any document

on matters irrelevent to the electronics and to the rader

cw37

were in that line of work; so somebody presorted that before sending it to the Institute I worked in

"On the other hand, I done a few pieces of work for the Chamber of Commerce in Moscow. This was editorial work, editing certain translations made for the Chamber of Commerce There was a lot of descriptions of American pieces of apparatus in aviation, in aeronautics, in what they call this thing - wait a moment - when they bring down the airplane to the earth -:

"Mr. Andriyye. & Ground Control Epproach

muny wother things is so although I have never dealt with those things if positively know that they existed in

ad Journed)" = 3.5.

Senator Jemer Are there surther witnesses?

Mr. Morris Allo

Whereupon, at 2:55 6 clock b.m. the subcommittee

while the next testimony will be at 10:30 a.m. comorrow worning. Senator, when we will again analyze facts about the Soviet redefection campaign.

Senator Jenner. The committee Will stand recessed until that time

(Whereupon, at 11:35 of clock a.m., the committee re-

January 30, 1946

GARLO TRESCA

It will be recalled that Carlo Tresca who for years was a notorious figure in New York's Italian colony was killed at 9:45 P.k. on January 11, 1963. as he was leaving the offices of his newspaper, "Il Martello," at 96 Fifth Avenue, Now York City, in the company of a friend, Ouleeppe Callabi. Because of the prominent part he played in the American labor movement in the first. quarter of the century and his colorful role in Italian-American politics. intense interest was aroused by his death. Since for decades he hid the equal faculty of making friends and ensmiss in all strate of society, possible suspects were legion. Tresos, never neutral but always violently and wholeheartedly championing one cause or enother, has been said to "take a pot shot at envoye he feels like." Tresca's vigorous journalistic battles conducted principally against Communist and Fascist sympathisors opened broad avenues of speculation in which were sought the reasons as well as the individual who directly or indirectly caused his death. To better understand the scope of Trescals activities, his early activities and biographical date are hereinafter set forth. A.

Background Information

Carlo Tresca was born in the town of Sulmona, Province of Abruski, Italy, in 1879. It has been reported that prior to his departure from that country, he was editor of "Il Goune," a revolutionary, Socialist paper which was published in his native village, Sulmona, Italy. Tresca reportedly served in this capacity from 1900 to 1904, during which period he was imprisoned many times.

In 1903 subject was elected secretary of the Syndicate of Firemen and Kallroad Engineers, the largest labor organization then existing in Italy.

Prior to coming to the United States, Treach was sentenced to a prison term of two years for creating political agitation in Italy. Rather than complete his prison service, he escaped from Italy and proceeded to Smitzerland.

Rarly Yoars in the United States (1904-1925)

Tresda is reported to have arrived in this country in August, 1904, on the SS Tourrains. From the outset the subject was considered an enarchist.

In the textile strikes in lawrence, Massachusetts, in 1912, he was active as an INE organizer and played a prominent part in the disorder that cocurred in that city. 65-4074

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED 1956

FBI, NEWARK

In January, 1913 Treson, with Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, was an active leader in the Now York City Motel Workers' strike. This strike was accompanied by a considerable amount of rioting and disorder. Following the termination of the strike the subject assisted in erganizing the Earbern of New York City in a similar strike.

In 1913 be was one of the leaders of a strike which occurred in the milk wills at Paterson, New Jersey. Tresca was allegedly responsible for the disorder that resulted therefrom, inamuch as the strike was attributed in the main to his speeches and personal activity. One of the strikers in Paterson was killed and at the grave Tresca was called upon to speak. Several of the New York newspapers of April 23, 1913, have quoted him as saying at this time, "Fellow workers, do not forget the principle of the toilers who came from Italy. For blood, you must take blood." The subject was indicted in New Jersey for his participation in the Paterson strike. He was charged with making seditious utterances and with sausing a riot. He was acquitted of the first charge on July 1, 1914, but was found guilty of the latter offense and was subsequently sentenced in the Lower Court to sixty days imprisonment. However, upon appeal, the sonviction was dismissed.

In 1914 Tresca was sotive in New York City where he was associated with Alexander Berkmon and other radicals. Takin; sivantage of the unemployment situation, demonstrations were staged throughout New York City by the subject and his companions. These demonstrations usually were culminated with the formation of processions and on one occasion in April, 1914 after a demonstration had been made in Union Square, Tresca declared to newspaper reporters that the New York City police were afraid to interfere with his actions.

Tresca was also an associate of Garon, Eanson, and Berg, three snarchists who were blown to pieces while making a bomb in a house on Lexington Avenue, New York City. Following the desire of these three sen, Tresca was one of the speakers at a meeting held in their honor. He was interviewed on that occasion by a newspaper reporter who quoted the subject as saying, "I have no fault to find with him (Caron). I believe in violence. I believe he was justified in what he intended to do. Nothing can make me believe any other say than Caron did." On this occasion Tresca led the reporter to believe that the bomb which the three men were making was intended for Mr. John D. Nockefeller.

In 1914, Tresca filed soit for divorce, alloging that his wife was not a proper person to retain the custody of their child. Mrs. Tresca filed countersuit for divorce, naming as correspondent Elizabeth Jurley Flynn, but Mrs. Tresca was refused a divorce. It has been reported many times that Elizabeth Jurley Flynn, a high national and New York Etate functionary of the Communist Party, was Tresca's mistress.

In 1915, Tresca was active in the defense of Carbone and Arbano, who were convicted of placing a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathodral, Bow York City. When interviewed by a reporter of the New York "world" as to the probable guilt of the defendants, Tresca is alleged to have said, "If these defendants are guilty, I want to see them convicted. I believe in violence, but only in violence when it advances the cours of labor." The aforementioned quotation appears in the ipril 3, 1915, is us of the New York "world." During the trial of Carbone and Arbano, an inspector of the New York Police Dayart ment tertified that when Carbone was questioned subsequent to his apprehension, he advised the inspector that "he got the idea of planting bombs while attending anarchist meetings and hearing fellows like Tresca speak."

Tresca was closely associated with and a friend of Luigi Calleani, the leader of the them well-known Galleani group of anarchists in the New Angland district.

In 1916, while fresce was active in the iron ore since strike in Minnesota, one of the strikers was shot and killed. At his burial fresce is alleged to have administered the following oath to the persons presents "Pellow workers, I want you to take the following coth, "I solownly swear that if any Oliver gumen shoot or wound any miners, we will take a tooth for a tooth, an eye for an eye, or a life for a life."

In a spaceh made by Trucca on November 30, 1913, during an iron ore strike in Minnesota, he is reported to have told the strikers that they had just begun their fight and that they could only call themselves victors when they had planted the red flag on the mining properties. He is alleged to have said "not the rag with the stars and stripes, but the red flag of our redesption." He is stated to have closed his speech by saying that when they have won this strike and returned to work, the miners should save their money and instruct their children to save their noney in order to buy cartridges with which to take the mining properties away from the "ruffians and dirty bosses" and give the property back to humanity to when it belonged.

In July, 1916 Tresca was indicted in Linnesota in connection with the death of Deputy Sheriff J. C. Hyron, who was killed in the iron ore strike of 1913. In December, 1916 he was acquitted of all charges.

For many years Tresca has been the editor of various radical Italian publications. Prior to 1924 and up to the time of his assassination on January 11, 1943, he was the editor and publisher of "Il lartallo" (The Hammar) in New York City.

In addition to the publication of "Il Eartello," Tresca has also engaged in the distribution of a considerable number of books and parphiets which have dealt with the subject "Anarchy."

The subject is alleged to have been extremely active as a worker and speaker on tehalf of the Sacco-Vansetti Delense Concittee.

In the issue of "Il Kartello" dated April 20, 1919, there appears an editorial referring to the deportation of a number of Aussians. From that editorial the following is quoted: "We curse your bourgeoisis Republic. Iou may imprison us, you can blind us but ideas cannot be deported. The ideas we have some with a full hand will germinate — will bear fruit. It will be those ideas which will enlighten the slaves on whose exple, curved shoulders they pretorians are today resting. Ideas are not imprisoned; are not deported; they remain. To curse you, oh lying Republic. We denumne you before the world."

In the May 1, 1921, issue of the same nowspaper, the following expected: "To sid it (Commiss) according to us, it is necessary and sufficient that all be free and that all possess the means of production; that no one impose his own will on another and that no one shall oblige enother to work for him. And it is to realize there conditions that we believe in the manually of the violent revolution. Once the material obstacle (the Government) is everthrown, all violence will be useless, harmful, and criminal."

In "Il Martello" of September 17, 1921, there appeared an article captioned "holf in Sheop's Clothing" which, in its own words and b, way of quotation from the Italian marchist paper "thenita Nuova," was said to be an inciteseut to assessination of the Italian Passist deputy Nottal, who was then in the United States,

On May 14, 1922, the subject is reported to have addressed a gathering of radical Italians at Swaters, Pennsylvania, and in the course of his address he allegedly stated that all governments were corrupt and that the people as a whole would be better off without any government at all. At this point in his speech one of the persons present raked freeza if he more a Socialist, and in reply Trusca stated that he was not a Socialist but an anarchist.

In the summer of 1923 Tresca was taken into custody and charged with sailing and delivering unnaliable matter through the United States sail. At his arraigment the then Congruesman Fibralio Latuardia appeared as his counsel. The obscene matter which formed the basis for his arrest was said to be of an extremely imprepar and vile nature which appeared in the key 5, 1923, issue of "Il Martello." On Docember 8, 1923, he was sentenced to one year and one day and the Circuit Court of Appeals evidently affirmed the decision of the District Court, for Tresca was incarcerated in the Atlanta Positiuntiary on January 7, 1925. However, he was released from the institution by commutation of sentence on May 6, 1935. During the trial Tresca additted or said that his wife was allieabeth Curley Flynn and he admitted that he had been living with her for a period of twelve years, inving been separated from his first wife.

More Recent Activities of the Subject (1925-1943)

From 1925 until the time of his death the subject reportedly continued his activities as agitator, enarchist, author, and editor. All during this period he edited "Il Martello," an anarchist newspaper with offices located at 2 west 15th Street, New York.

During the course of his lifetime, Trespa is reported to have been arrested en 36 occasions on such charges as conspiracy, inciting to riot, unlawful assemblage, biasphemy, slandor, libel, disturbing the peace, surder, and criminal obscenity.

From the information available it does not appear that the subject ever filed a declaration of intention to become a sitissm of the United States. In 1926 the Italian Covernment was reported to have started proceedings in Rose, in order to deprive Treace of his Italian citissments. This alleged action on the part of the Italian Covernment was attributed to the anti-Bussolini and anti-Fascist activities of the subject in the United States.

Information has been received to the effect that on May 13, 1927, Treeca "raided" the offices of the Alliance Fascisti II Duce in the Bronx and he demanded, at the point of a gun, that 150 applications for membership on file in the safe be handed over to him. Thereafter he was arrested on a charge of felocious assault. This charge was discussed by the Grand Jury on March 15, 1928. In the same year, 1927, according to the November 3, 1927, issue of the "New York Times" he was the head of the Anti-Fascisti Alliance of Borth America.

authorities barred several issues of his paper from the mails. The basis for this faction on the part of the Post Office Department has not been established. On June 28, 1933, the New York "World-Telegram" reported that Treaca was arrested on that date in Philadelphia following a meeting wherein a clash resulted between the Fescists and the Communists in Eastern Pennsylvania. Treaca was discharged by the local police on the same day.

The subject was reported to be a member of the American Committee to Defend ison Trotsky in 1937 and 1938.

Tresca is reported as being definitely anti-Fascist, living as be said "for the day Eusselini is run out of Italy and I can return to die in peace."

In recent years Trosca is reported to have coased soulve participation in labor troubles, devoting the majority of his time to a crussde against the Pascisa.

the Office of Mar Information to form an Italian-American Victory Countities, which allegedly would have embraced all anti-Pascists and anti-Mari groups, including Communists. Tresce had in the post been a leader in the movement that barred Communists from membership in the Marrini Society and in keeping with his beliefs was reportedly opposed to the inclusion of Communists in the Italian-American Victory Committee. Tresca outwardly indicated his opposition to the acceptance of passons whom he considered as pro-Pascist in the Committee, making specifically Concrose Pope, editor of the "Il Progresse Itale-Americane," show he branded as a former apologist of Fascism and dictatorship.

Murder of Carlo Tresea

Tresca's douth ruceived a tremendous amount of publicity in the various New York publications. Speculations and accusations appeared in many publications, Tresca's friends charging that the Communists were responsible for his curder, whereas the Communists countered with the allegation that an agent of the ONA (Italian Secret Police) had committed the crime.

Communist responsibility was implied by Inigi Antonini, vice-president of the international ladies Carment Workers Union, a close essociate of the dead man and by Antonini's followers. Their account stressed Tresco's part in frustrating Communist attempts to gain addission to the Massini Society and to the Call spensored victory councils. Communists, on the other hand, placed the blace for the murder upon femour Fascist sympathizors chief among whome was easift to be Generose Pupe, editor of the New York daily "Progresso Itale-Americane." This explanation was elaborated upon in a speech delivered by Raio Tabli at a Tresca commonoration sally on Pebruary 14, 1943, and was later distributed in pamphlet form.

counter-acquestions and goosip which briefly suggested appears as follows:

In December of 1942 an unknown person presented Tresca with a case of imported Chianti and thereupon behaved so suspiciously that Tresca is said to have confided bave become quite upset. About that period of time he is said to have confided to his friends and intimates that he had been threatened with death. On December 30, 1942, in a meeting of the New York section of the Marxini Society Tresca bitterly attacked Fascism and demanded that Fascist elements be eliminated from society. On January 8, 1943, Tresca sont four letters to marbers of the new committee of the Marxini Society. It was further said that on January 11, 1943, Tresca invited some important people to be present at the meeting. These individuals are unknown. (The above referred to letters will again to discussed hereinsfter.)

Stelinists changed his story and then accused individuals in the underworld connected with the Fascists and with Generous Pope. Further, trouble had arisen between the two great garment unions during which Treeca allegedly showed his willingness to cooperate for peace. In Taddi's pamphlet "The Treeca Case" he described the connections between the leaders Buchanno, Garafalo, and Carmine Calante and Pope and he pointed out among other things that the girl friend of Garafalo was Miss Dolores Faconti, Ascistant Attorney General (sic). Taddi described the banquet at the Manhattan Glub of September 8, 1942, and said that smong those present were Cormi, Pope, Garafalo, Dolores Faconti, "politicians, the underworld, Fascists......

that Tresca had exposed the formation of an Italian matienal committee "Council of Victory which had been joined by Stalinists and Farcists," including the Fascist-Democrate. The "Post" charged "This Council of Victory was to be launched on January 14, 1943, three days after the crime. The fact remains that Carlo was epicosed to the entrance of Stalinists and the Fascists and especially the 'dear' friend of Antonini, Pope." "Il Martello" as well as various other New York publications featured as suspects Garofalo, Carmine Galante, Frank Energy Jeous Sorrmante Vidali, also known as Carlos Contraras, as well as Gaisseppe Hudi. In addition to these individuals some speculation also concerned one

Careino Galanto

Carrine Golente, with alias Carmine Calonte, alias Brune Euseo, alias Charles Musse, alias Charles Bruno, was born in 1908. At the time he was taken into enstody of the Rew York Police Department for questioning, he was employed as a helper on a truck operated by the Enlokertocker Trucking Company, 520 Broadway, New York City. Available information reflects that apparently Calanto, an ex-convict and the subject of frequent arrosts, appeared at the office of the Parcle Invision, 80 Centre Street, Ees York City, an hour and a half before Trescate murder to make his weekly report, inamuch as he was under parale supervision until 1945, he recently having completed the service of a twolve-and-one-half-year sentance for armed robbery. Two investigators from the parole board are reported by the New York "Daily Mirror" of January 14, 1943, to have placed Galante under survaillance immediately efter he left their office. Galante is said to have deshed to an automobile which was paried mearby with the notor running with another man behind the wheel. Parole officers are said to have taken the license number which license number was said to be the same carried by the autocobile in which the assausin and his accomplice made their escape. Despite intensive questioning by the Bet York Police Department, Galante denied any implication of the crime.

desie Sormonte Vidali

Tollowing allases: Enes Sormenti, Carlos Sorrento, Carlo Contreres and Jesus Sormente Vidal.

From available data, it appears that Controvas in 1923, a year after Musselini saised control of Italy, fled his own land and came to the United States where he aligned himself with Communist elements. At a later date he is said to have proceeded to Mexico from which country he was deported. There-after he turned up in Spain where he fought as commandant of the Mith Regiment in the Spanish Loyalist Army in the Spanish Civil Mar. Tresca at one time made an acquiention that while Controval was in Spain he murdered a man in Europeans.

The New York "Journal-Laerican" for January 15, 1943, reported that "when Franco defeated the Loyalists, Contrerss succoded in getting back to Newlco and soon thereafter Tresca charged him with a murder in that country." Tresca further accused Contrerss of killing a young woman who had succeeded in learning a great deal about Contrerss' activities.

It has been reported that Controrse, an Italian, has pused as a Spanish refugee in Mexico where he is said to be at the present time. It has also been alleged that he was a leading figure in bringing about the purpe of labords and Campa from the Communist Party in Mexico. It has been said that he is closely connected with V-nexts Louberdo Toledano, Mexican labor leader, and he has been referred to as a Comintern functionary and one of the principal influential contact man between "Free Germany" and the Mexican Communist movement. On several occasions he has been alleged to be an OFFU operative in Mexico City.

Incordiately after Trasca's Aurdor a runor was heard in New York to the effect that Contraras had been in New York during that time and many were of the opinion that Contraras had either killed or caused Trasca's death. Information subsequently developed showed that on the might Tranca was killed Contraras was attending a dinner in Maxico City. In addition, it might be easid that no record of his entrance into the United States was found at the border erossing points on the American-Mexican border.

Quinesue Buci

Immediately after Tresca's escapsination, an individual later identified as Guiseppe Hudi directed a communication to Contrers in Hexico in which he indicated that he, Rudi, alght possibly have been connected with the crime in some menner.

Manfredi, an Italian enti-Fascist radio commentator and a close friend of Carle Tresca. Although Mudi was rabidly enti-Tresca and may have had a motive for committing the crime, information on hand indicates that on the night Tresca was killed Mudi was in fact confined in the New York State Rospital, Central Islip, Long Island, New York. On September 21, 1943, he was committed to the Matteswan State Hospital for the Criminal Insume at Beacon, New York. It is to be noted that Mudi is apparently familiar with the activities of the Italian criminal clement in and around Mulberry Street in New York City.

Frank Citrano, sline Chick Wilson

On February 11, 1942, an anonymous letter alleged that Citrano who resided at 250 Mott Street, New York City, and who operated a place of business at 44 Prince Street, New York City, belonged to an underworld mob. This letter stated that The is a bootlegger and crime incorporated. The anonymous correspondent further pointed out that he and his mob held meetings at 250 Mott Street; maintained a supply of guns in the cellar of his residence; was connected with the United Citizens Club, Inc.; and had a powerful political pull with New York leaders and judges.

At one time it was said that Citrano made collections for Carmine Colonto.

Frank Carofalo

Information is at hand indicating that Frank Carofalo is the head of a large syndicate known as the Castallamarase gang of which Frank Buccio is a member. Carofalo is reported to be a big-time reconter in New York City who allegedly is in control of the Italian section of the New York underworld. Nuccio, who has been arrested on many occasions, chiefly in the operation of stills and in the sale of illegal alcohol, is said to be a close friend of Carofalo.

Information on hand also indicates that Garofale is a one-time associate of Charles (Lucky) Luciano. Although he is reportedly not dangerous from a political sense, he is thought to be criminally dangerous. It is known that at a dinner held in the Manhattan Club Hall in New York City on September 10, 1942, by the War Savings Bond Conmittee of Americans of Italian Extraction, Tresca upon seeing Garofalo present is eaid to have stated, "Liven that gunnan is here." Tresca immediately arose and left the room.

Garofalo allegedly threatened Tresca's life in 1931. Carofale is said to have had several motives for killing Tresca, the chief one being the fact that Tresca had criticised Garofale's girl friend, Miss Dolores Faconti, Assistant United States Attorney in the Southern Metrict of New York, for associating with "that gunsan,"

Passini Society Mosting

An informent has advised that on the Inureday prior to Trescals enrier be visited the office of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union and spoks to August Bellanca and to Glovanni Sala. It is to be noted that August Bellance is the head of the Italian section of the Aralgameted Clothing Union and his wife, Dorothy Bellanca, is the sister of Sydney Hillman of the Political Action Constitue. Tracks is said to have told Bellance and Sale that he was going to hold a meeting at his office on January 11 for the purpose of giving greater impetus to the activity of the Mazzini Society towards supporting the war effort. At the size time Tresca expressed himself as being unalterably opposed to the inclusion of Generoes Peas in the activities of the Mazzini Society as bud been desired by Isiai Antonini. An invitation to the Essaini Society seeting was sent to Sels which he claims did not reach his wall will January 12, 1943. Cther individuals to whom these invitations were sent were Guisoppe Callabi, who was with Tresca when he died, Vanni Montans, an assistant to Luiri Antonini, and enother individual the was employed by the "Daily Rewar in New York City. When speaking to Bellanca and Sala, Tresca is sold to have related that he had a curious dream that someone had died and that he folt quite depressed. . .

Another source indicated that shortly before the bonicide Tresca had had a conversation with someone at the Amelgamated Clothing Forkers Union and when he left he was quite pale and upon returning to his own office he remarked that he was "through." At the time of the receipt of the above information it was further stated that beliance, Antonini and Pope used the services of members of the same gang for strong arm purposes. However, this informant did not believe that any of these individuals would have been interested in causing Tresca's death. It was said that Tresca used to boast that he was friendly with a number of the "strong arm" sen and for that reason he had nothing to fear. Just prior to Trusca's death there was said to be a rumor to the effect that Tresca had been approached by ong Giovanni Eanclaviati, a Brooklyn gangster friendly to Tresca, who warned him that things were not going so well and that he had better take care of himself. Manclaviati is said to be a friend of Bruno Bellia, an organisor of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union who sesides in Asbury Park, New Jorsey.

Treson's Alleged Bastard Son

" Shortly after Tresca's death information was received that in the 1920's when Trasca was living with Blissheth Curloy Plynn another sember of the household was Elisabeth's younger sister, Vina Flynn. During this period, Vina Flynn is said to have not a young man who had been in Leavenworth Prison during We last war, having served there for quite a long period. This man's first name was telieved to be Broco, Rous or Rocal. His last name was believed to be Volga, Bolga or Volba.. Vina and Romo were later married and it was some time after this that Vina was known to be living "up in the country" at the Flynn place. It seemed that in the seantime Wina had spent some years in Italy and when she was located at the Flynn place she tad a six-year old child. The child was said to be that of her sister's husband, to wit, Carlo Trusca, and the story was that she had gone through bell in Italy during the period of prograncy. Rozo was allogodly quite devoted to Vina and on her return to this country, they had several more children. Rome during this time was reported to have been doing certain illegal work and was making large sums of money. His activities were concerned with spuggling Italians fr∞ Canada into the United States outside of the quota. It is believed that Vins died in or around the year of 1942 and Rome was reported to be on the west coest, possibly San Francisco. Vina's son by Carlo Tresca, said to be twenty years old in 1943, was reportedly living in New York City at the time of his father's death. This informent concluded her story by stating that she felt that come of these parties would have a good reason for killing Tresca.

Kiecollaneous

read as follows:

"Gentlemen: Kindly check immediately for unusual activities: Edward Faina: Insurance Rusiness. Office 230 Atlantic St. Stanford, Connecticut. Has some means of communications with foreign agents abroad. Has some connections with group or party involved in the "Carlo Tresca" matter in New York City. Bolieves more to follow. Is advocating nonreading of 'Pope' papers. Still makes it a point to listen to foreign broadcasts nightly by short wave. Is very interested in Stanford Harbor. Has maps of same and plants, also docks. Is a graduate of some foreign navigation school on Italy. Is connected with some group of subversive workers in Port Chester, New York and Stanford. Both his home and office should be thoroughly checked."

Carle Tresca accused Louis R. Harkayy and Shachno Epstein, alias Joseph Berson, of having been implicated in the disappearance of Juliet Stuart Paynts, prominent Communist, on June 5, 1937. Both Harkayy and Epstein were reputedly OCPU agents. Harkayy is a former pharmacist who is generally referred to as "Doctor." He was the husband of Linna h. Harkayy, sculptress and reported Gommunist. He was born April 10, 1822, at Mirr, Russia, and resided at the Hotal Ansonia, 2109 Broadway, Men York City, in June, 1944. He was naturalised in the United States District Court, Eastern District of New York at Brooklyn, New York, on July 26, 1905. He is possibly identical with one Louis Markayy who was once connected with "Yorning Freihait." He was registered with Local Board No. 24, 200 West 71 Street, New York City, in 1942. His description was:

Age 60

Height 5' 22'

Weight 121 pounds

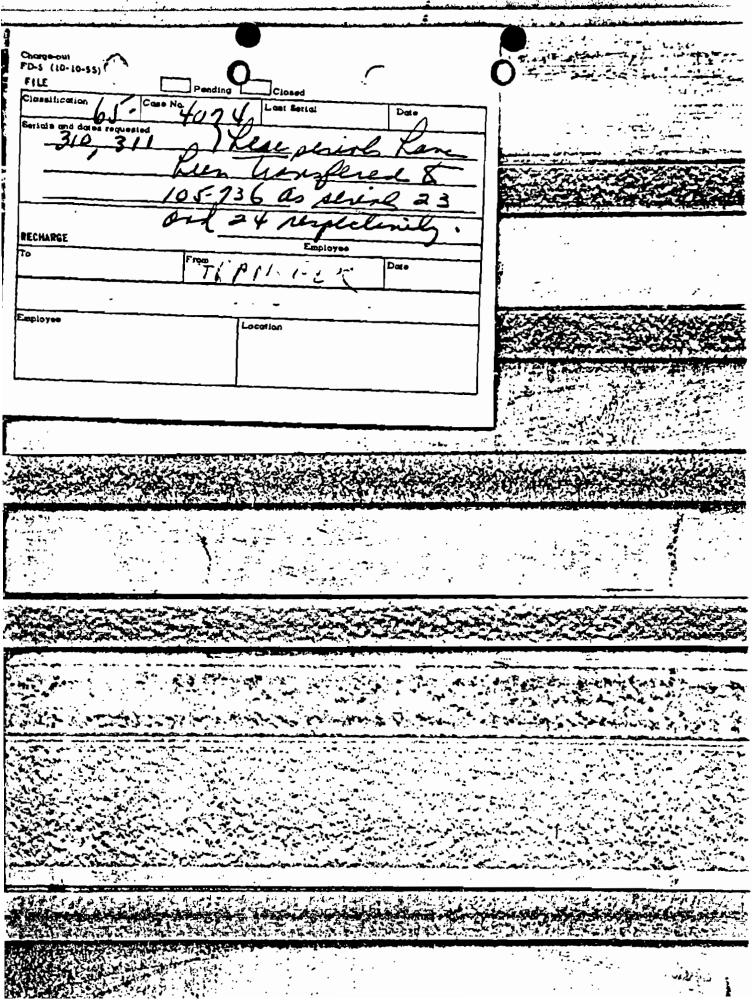
Ages hazel

Eair gray

Complexion light

Occupation retired

Epstein, reportedly an intimate of Juliet Stuart Poyntz, was reported to have returned to Russia after 1937 where he was involved in some difficulty. During the investigation into the disappearance of Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Kew York newspapers reported that Carlo Tresca furnished the United States Attorney with the name of a suspect. It is believed that the name furnished may have been either that of Barkavy or Epstein.



Ousted Ex-Rec Gets Job Back

NEWARK (UP) - Chemis Thomas L. Black, former Jer sey City chemist who wa: barred from the Atlas refin igents. ery here after he testified The about his former activity in a Soviet spy ring, is slated to return to work in the refinery tomorrow.

Atlas President Arthur F.lin the 1930s.

'chroeder said the firm ided to readmit the 48-yearild chemist after studying his estimony before the Senate nternal Security Subcommitee and having a "very satis-'actory" coneirence with FBI

The suspension was slapped on Black May 18, after he tol the Senate group in Washing ton he had been a Soviet ap

> JERSEY JOURNAL JERSEY CITY, N.J.

Date 5-31-56 Page 2

Edition City Final

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION

/ / /	
SAC S \$1	
DASAC D S #2	
D PA D S #3	
C #1 C TRAIN	
□ C #2 □ NA	
O C #3 O C.CLERK_	
APPL S.STENO	

65-4074-312 SEARCHED. SERIALIZED ...

MAY 31 1956 FBI - NEWARK

Office Memorandum · United States Government

to : Pile

DATE: 6/4/56

PROM :

SAC.H.G.F.

SUBJECT:

THOMAS L. BLACK ESPIONAGE - R

On 5/10/56, Mr. Al Clark of the New York Times called to inquire if we could furnish any information concerning BLACK, identifying him as a chemist of the Holbrook Chemical Company, Jersey City. Mr. Clark was advised that we could furnish him no information.

HGF:ets

SEARCHED TIDENTS
SERIALIZED TURED

JUN 4 - 1956

FBI - NEGURX

ZINCIO F.Z.

Ex-Red Gets ing with Mr. Black under the circumstances. He said Morris is expected to attend a meeting His Job Back on May 17, Black testified be-

Atlas After Parley With FBI

Thomas L. Black of Newark. chemist who was barred May 18 from working in a Newark plant after testifying before a Senate committee about former activities as a Communist agent, will be permitted to return to his job there tomorrow.

Arthur F. Schroeder Jr., president of Atlas Relinery, Inc., said in a statement yesterday that his concern decided to readmit Black after a study of a transcript of his testimony and after a "very satisfactory conference held with the FBI." Black, who lives at 708 High St., had been assigned to work at Atlas by his employer, P. H. Helie Co., of Worcester, Mass.,

under a special service contract.
Atlas' original decision to bar Black brought protests from the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee and its counsel, Robert Morris. A committee aide and Black's employer, Percy Helie, came to Newark to intercede for Black. Schroeder then said he would reconsider if he got salisfactory security clearance on Black.

In announcing that Black would be readmitted, Schroeder said the company had accepted an offer of Morris to speak to the jemployes, "since many of the emplayes of the commany have expressed real concern about work-

at the Atlas plant tomorrow.
On May 17, Black testified be-

been a Communist agent and had Black Reinstated by Harry Gold. He said he with-

> NEWARK EVENING NEWS Newark, New Jersey

Date 5 31-12 Page 1/. Edition W/ORS

SUBMITTED BY THE NEWARK FIELD DIVISION □ \$ #3_ □ C #1 TRAIN_ □ C #2___ _ [] NA C COLFIE

> SEARCHED.... A INDEXED. SERIALIZED ... MAY 3 1 1956 FBI - NEWARK

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

sac, H. G. Foster (65-4074)

DATE: 6/14/56

PROM 1

SA. FREDERICK C. ZINCK

SUBJECT:

THOMAS L. BLACK, was.

ESPIONAGE - R OO: NEWARK

On 6/8/56, THOMAS BLACK advised that at approximately 5:00 p.m., on 6/7/56, the mother of ALEXANDER BIELAWSKI, 127 West 19th Street, Bayonne, N.J., received a telephone call from an unknown man who told her to tell her son to keep away from TOM BLACK, because he was going "to get his."

BLACK advised that BIELAWSKI works at the Atlas Refinery, Incorporated, 142 Lockwood Avenue, Newark, where BLACK is employed, and in the mornings BIELAWSKI drives by BLACK's apartment at 708 High Street, Newark, has breakfast with him, and then drives him to work. He described BIELAWSKI as:

Age
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Characteristics

26 (appears to be about 18)
6'
180 lbs.
Blonde
Blue
Has a pituitary gland
deficiency, causing him to
limp and also has a baby face,
making him look much younger
than he is.

BLACK was advised to report this matter to the Newark Police Department, since it involves him and he lives and works in Newark. It was also suggested that BIELAWSKI report the matter to the Bayonne, N.J. Police Department.

On the same date, the writer furnished the facts in this matter to Identification Officer MC CABE, Secretary to Chief of Police LACEY, Newark Police Department, and to Detective GEORGE SEELY, in charge of the Detective Bureau of the Bayonne Police Department.

The Bureau was advised of this matter by Teletype on 6/8/56.

(1)(2:fa

CAREY, SCHENK & JARDINE
RAYMOND COMMERCE BUILDING
NEWARK 2, N.J.





Mr. H. C. Foster, Chief Agent Federal Bureau of Investigation 1180 Raymond Boulevard Newark, New Jersey

Ι',

SENIALIZED WENDER SENIALIZED SENI





CAREY, SCHENK & JARDINE

RAYMOND COMMERCE SUILDING

ROBERT CAREY, JR.
HENRY P. BCHENK
THOMAS V. JARDINE

NEWARK 2, N. J.

MITCHELL 2-4582

PLEMINSTON OFFICE

1 MAIN STREET

PLEMINSTON SES

June 11, 1956

Mr. H. G. Foster, Chief Agent Federal Bureau of Investigation 1180 Raymond Boulevard Newark, New Jersey

Dear Sir:

Re: Thomas L. Liuck - Atlas Refinery, Inc.

I am writing to you on behalf of Atlas Refinery, Inc., 142 Lockwood Street, Newark. As you may know, a little over a week ago the Company readmitted Thomas L. Black, formally Soviet spy, to its plant premises here in Newark. Mr. Black's return to the job has been without incident except for the matter which came to our attention last weekend. Here are the facts as they are given to the writer:

- l. The Company has been advised that on Thursday, June 7th, some unknown person called the home of a young laboratory assistant employed by Atlas. This boy, Alexander Bielawski, is friendly with Mr. Black and, in fact, drives Mr. Black back and forth from his home to work. Alexander's mother answered the 'phone and was told by this unknown person that Alexander should stay away from Thomas Black because Thomas Black was "going to get his."
- 2. Of course Black was advised of this by Alexander, and we are informed went directly to your office. We are told further that local police in Newark and in Bayonne where Alexander lives were alerted.
- 3. Thomas Black called Mr. Schroeder, president of the Atlas Refinery, Inc., last Saturday, June 9th, and advised him of all of the foregoing. As counsel for Atlas Refinery I have advised the Company to suggest to Mr. Black that he secure from your office and from the Senate Subcommittee all possible assistance for his personal protection. I am told Mr. Black believes he should be given a run permit. This matter, too, I have advised should properly be taken up with your office and with the Senate Subcommittee. As far as the Company is concerned, it is most willing to cooperate in any proper measures that may be felt necessary in that connection for Mr. Black's safety.

If there are any steps which you feel the Atlas Refinery should take in this matter, please let me know right away.

Very truly yours,

CAREY, SCHEMK & JARDINE

Thomas V. Jardine

TVJ/je



June 15, 1956

Mr. Thomas V. Jardine Carey, Schenk and Jardine Raymond-Commerce Building Hewark 2, New Jersey

Doar Sir:

Your letter of June 11, 1956, has been received.

Please be advised that Thomas Black appeared at our office on June 8, 1956, and furnished in detail all the information set forth in your letter.

The providing of bodyguards or other protection for individuals receiving threats, such as in this case, is a matter for local police authorities, who should be informed of all details and any subsequent developments.

I am not in a position to advise as to what steps, if any, your client should take in connection with Mr. Black's safety, as this, too, is a matter for your client and local police authorities.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation has no jurisdiction in connection with the issuance of gun permits, which is also within the province of local authorities.

Any information or advice you may desire from the Benate Internal Security Subcommittee should be obtained by you directly from that Committee.

Very truly yours,

H. G. Foster Special Agent in Charge

cc: 1-Bureau (65-59181) (info)

NK 65-4074 FCZ: AM (3)

Pat

Office Memorandum • United States Government

to . SAC, H. G. FOSTER (121-653)

DATE: 6/18/56

FROM :

SA WILLIAM T. HAZELWOOD

SUBJECT:

JAMES KUTCHER, Aka. Clerk, Veterans Administration, Newark, New Jersey SGE

Re: Philadelphia airtel to Wewark 6/12/56

This is to advise that on 6/14/56, THOMAS L. BLACK appeared at the Newark Office and furnished signed statements to SA PREDERICK C. ZINCK and the writer concerning his knowledge of JAMES KUTCHER and information substantiating that "The Militant" is the official organ of the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY.

These statements are filed as serials 121-653-1A-3 and 1A-4.

1- 121-653 (JAMES KUTCHER) 0-65-4074 (THOMAS L. BLACK) 1- 100-33270 (JAMES KUTCHER)

WTH:emt

1 KES A RED SPY!

First Step Taken on Road Leading To Lifetime of Agonized Remorse

For a flower years -until the thessed day in 1950 wher What good turn an ordinary I made a clean breviat of it to the FEI-I was tangled in the American youth with a typical eb of Soviet spring in the United States. ... A great a social

I took orders merkly from a succession of mysterious bedgeousding to a law et foreign agents whom I knew only under code names like Paul or Jack. Though they were familiar with the most intimust detail of my life, I was never allowed to know anything par apparatus about them. What is more, I could only guess of the real that sought to purpose of the assignments and the intensive training they percent our ad-

At first I served then willingly, even with a sense of second? For pride in being part of something big, countratent and noble. Then, as my doubts about the Soviet paradise gradually furned into divillusion and hatred of communion, I felt myself, I inch trapped, held fast by slaver spinral fear, said a said and

NOT ONCE In these years did the shilder word "enfonage" or on the We talked maked shout "working for the touse" and "neturn the Soviet Union." Such phrases had a his produce effect on the true Communist believer. After I coased to believe, however, on the true Communist believer. After I cased to believe, non-over they became belief action or my tongue. I suffered the humiliation of a helpiese support and the agents of remove of the my the support of my life.

My only convolution today in that, through circumstances which I shall recount, I gave Bitle M my taugiste help to the apparates who anaipulated me. Thus I did hitle if any tangible furna to my own

any tangata haria sa my own country.

The unity Important contribution I made to Sovied expansion. I supplied, was that I pulled listry food and not the neq — the same atomic my case involving Julius and Ethel Roseniesg, But and the atom is a see, minor Gold, after all was a seria minor oug in a wast martime.

Misdirected Idealism

Ald THE NAME I demoke it my duty to sell the whole story. As secondary as I can after the tura, le mi States on he same

passage of so may he trud. In my lettice Americans. My hope in that I may note their compare. That I may note that I may note and memore of the Tred tomogramy in our outsits. Here does a native American like my off, with a middle-class harfaground and a good churation, become feeted up in feet and account from the contraction.

tim become feuted up in Real aps operations.
The prower is not every. It in valves we many elements that transcreadly be made convicting to people by the name for making the people who have not been through it. The main ingredient, certainly in my own cose, was misticated idealism. But it was mixed up. I must admit in refrequent, with an iteh to bolister my ope by playing a flager role in the world.

MUATEVER MY MOTIVES WHATEVER MY MOTIVES, good rus not one of them. On the conting, and of my modest carning as a chemial 2 continued modes, but the course, Personally 2 knew of only one in starce where an American worked in Smite espionage just for jusy and his squariest did not trust him. As one of them explained to me, a mercenary will explained to me a mercenny will erack tan easily or sell out to "the enemy" for a higher pose.

Normal Childhood

If he principally by their heartstrings that confused AmeriHow Could It Happen?

small . to-

sent him to the FEL bightmare reality that beld him to



decided to take you in the

later. My clifficend and young minimod wire rational almost upon a minimod with a facility. I attended the local high schoolstry at college. If I differed from most small town love if was in my fore of serious grading in economic secology, philosophy. At an early age I was smaller with the writing of bare familiar with the writing of bare familiar with the writing of the familiar with the writing of the familiar with the familiar w

Ike Reary George. It becan to earn my own flying in 1929, when I was 22. My fast in was 22. My fast in was a plant near Linden, N. J. Alaut a year later I

A series of artirles in a party-fac magazine climbed the de-clision that had been shaping up to any mind. The tables out and futether who should acide from the

crulted myert.

איז ארד או**י** ырғ 1 і Lon

2 2011 It the a tugrated Restr. & licine. Chi! hos . My as

Alie indi writeo y past Tiers \$ ing me auarte. actual) rade, w I was East Sir

she exp best ca proleta Zanizet, pired a

Course first a Suried m ribed this MIEBC The service of the manufacturers at a few line inter the treater the acceptance paint of something the chine, menof communist Tiel ryself

briste Nobilites, water \$ 1. 1 m . 4. 40 Laurett, am badenne uch herries trulity Mai 1140 S. ation of thinks who

My wate connectation today in that, through strong-lands which I shall received I gave lette if any tangible belo to the applicators who branque-lated me. Plus I did hitle if any tanging harm Is my own

he les to Im u. D. Lie.

· ditu. *** 1: 1

E ME

יווי זיי

F Just

Three ! in: 6mu

ar'unii

T36c, 0 let" sp

1 = 21

ENTION BY

the exp

ganiet.

n band Free turn f "Counts Brissing Fire 1

wribed fbs. MilibC

... 77 630

The mile Important contribubutter. I made to Societ expansion. Ein'is faier their the De: 150 Batter Bratis and case introduced Julius and 20 led Rescribery, Best field, after all, time a very rainor

Misdirected Idealism

Alii, Titi SAM), I everside, h

Alli This walls I wertich. It my thirty to tell four whole miners he armitted in Term after the makene of an antert that I may bely floor, compare of that I may bely floor, compare of his floor heavy in artist American floor in military with stricture of his floor in military with stricture for any will with a middle has background and a great education through the floor of the form of the four that the miner of the miner of the transition of the miner convicient to according to my description. The most interest and the form of the miner of the mineral military in my own case, was minimised up. I must be military as the mineral man and military on the mineral my one in a military one of the mineral my one of a playing a baguer my one by playing a baguer

until the remainiful ten from 1 format. I Johns, the Friends of the Sound Urion, he New York, he was fork, by childhood and Johns and then filtered out the Sound Urion, he New York and I was fire the subject of the subject to the subject of the s

better many in the cather. Perpension I know in the cather per
pension I know in the community periper
pension I know in the mile interest periper
pension I know in the community periper
pension I know in the community periper
pension I know in the community periper
pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the mile in the community pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the interior periper
pension I know in the interior periper
pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the mile in the community pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the mile in the secondary. The pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the pension in the pension I know in the periper
pension I know in the pension in the pension I know in th

ster my ego by playing a bigget unit in the world.

WHATEVER MY MOTTERS, was a few or the second of the second of





not ment and indicated that an heps I would hear from them. Long Investigation

I BIR SEVERAL months later.
In the meanure, as I later realized I was being carefully investigated. Or a Saturday effection on a gin of a most enty own and insuduced leavest as a Communist. As a sample of Red. The manifest was lar from the later of a saturation of the community, she has far from the later of a saturation of the community and attractive than the later of the later

My callet dail's apprecy of me pilier. After a leng discretion ale inferned me that I sacked understanding of the movement and was erawing with "portcurgeou projudions." But again, haybe I would hear fives them, posteard this time.

A roughe of months passed.
Then the card arrived instructing me to appear at leading arrives. This time the normal sciumits smiled. Well, Company we've decided to take your last automated.

in the announced.

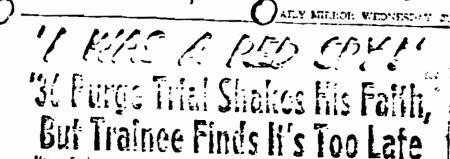
I was assigned to District E.
Section 2. Unit 2-E. on the lower of a
East Saite of Rashattan. There,
she explained I would have the
best chance of being properly
professionized. The unit on
gamer, Common Branch, was exporting me and would take me
in hand.

From the currents of a amount.

From the currents of a small town American there energy Councide Junes under the furnishing with the top the ford meeting with the top the sorted in the top the service in the top the service in the top the service in the service in Manday's minutes.

N. Y. Sundey Mirror

Total S



the trade-is detailed here in the fount of a series of prices by Thomas L. Black, who served the Reds for a dozen years. Was at their plan to make him a cat's pow in the murder of Trotsky? He tells how he fell into this minister assignment.

By THOMAS L BLACK with EXGENE LYONS

For about two years -until May, 1996 when the first of the blood-purge trials in Mos cow cave my life a new twist-I was the outect of a nort of slow-motion training course in the tricks of the espionage trade as perfected by the Soviets.

Never before, I are sure hade their been such a fantasti, trans, school. One professor, one pure with the supersists of New York as classroom and lessons conducted with the subject of presentants.

as chauroom and leasons conducted units walking Penestraans and two ordinary men attelling along engages in earnest conversation. But the conversation was of merofitming stolen secrets, the science of morning new contacts.

To sum up the course would require a fai textbook liers I can only give a few random samplings. Once I remarked about the dangers of being caught! Paul sampped "Our methods have been tried all over the world." They he footproft "They he hadded ed pointedly. "Only those who violate instructions are cought. ed pointedly, "Only those who violate instructions are cought Remember that"

Lha

THE RENDEZVOUS OF SCORE THE RENDEZVOUS of secret! I meeting was inf course, basit in the course. The process day time and place are set in advance— but no' the week. It might be 'Thursday, as' 6:47 in front of the Public Limany.' This did not mean next Trumday, but the Thursday but the Thursday but the public liman pert. by the superior egent.

The call might not come flirough for a month or a year, but when M did, the preserbut when H did, the premi-ranced time and place still held good. The callet, naturally, lafted of trivial things Ille your beauty. He might even mit you to get logether on Saturday—, but it affill meant next Thurs-

day.
When the agents ordered to get When the agents ordered to get to gether are strangers to one an other. The procedurer are more complicated. They must go about their roles like ordinary geople doing ordinary things. A tie of a certain color, a current magazine under the right arm, might be the initial identification.

Learns FBI Methods

THE SECOND STEP might be innocent question—like "What THE SPOONS STEP TOUR What innocest question—like What fime is it, please?—and an equalis innormal answer. The "Sorry, is don't have a watch," The technique amounted to a series of simple inconspicuous acts in a pre-crited sequence to rule out the remotest chance of coincidence.

fence. Normally, where two agents much a third unknown to both of them was "arcidentally" of them was "arcidentally" at the same of some simple artist, such as drapping a homosome late, a tenti-page



"Normally, when two agents earl, a third unknown to both of was "accidentally" around. By means of some simple action, such as dropping a newspaper into a track can be warned

the pairs of my hand in 10 sec. instructions you any future to 1

and the state of this day that I feel certain to this day that I was being prepared for a stud explanage post. Fard, a structure of the many mind seplanage post. Fard, a structure of the great Ovatinuan would hardly have larged distinct. The state of the great Ovatinuan would hardly have larged distinct. The Statistics—what is some 50 nuclings without a good reason.

First Negging Doubts

Normally, where two agents and a finish man a fail and an appearance. By means of some simple ariling ariling and an appearance and an appearance are an appearance and an appearance are an appearance and an appearance are an appearance and appearance are appearance are appearance and appearance are appear

gued reason.

The other half of my training to which Paul brought no less real was political Patiently he expounded the party line of the moment analyzing events in Most row and elsewhere. The peture he drew was of ruthless Fasicist Nazis and capitalus plotting to destroy; the Soviet land The momat was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the Formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it, our work for the formula was that we must be no less ruthlings it.

FOR THE FIRST TIME, I then stord up to Fau. The bixare stord up to Fau. The bixare charges against the Founding Fathers 7 sald were undermissing the revolution. We had a long of the property of the pro

to get together on Saturday but it still meant next Thurs-

When the agents ordered to get together are strangers to one another, the procedures are more complicated. They must go about their roles like ordinary people doing ordinary things. A tie of a certain color, a current magazine under the right arm, might be the initial identification.

Learns FBI Methods

THE SECOND STEP might be an innocent question—like "What time is it, please?"—and an equality innocent answer, like "Sorry, I don't have a watch." The technique amounted to a series of simple, inconspicuous acts in a prescribed sequence to rule out the remotest chance of coincidence.

Normally, when two agents met, a third unknown to both of them was "accidentally" around. By means of some simple action, such as dropping a newspaper into a trash can see honking his born a certain way if he were in a car, he warned of danger.

I was taught to detect surveil-

I was taught to detect surveillance and shadows, and how to elude them: That Paul had an intimate knowledge of FBI methods was evident in the countermeasures he explained to me. The typical FBI observer, I recall his saying, was a well-dressed young man reading a newspaper in a parked car.

in photography gave us common ground for interesting sessions on microfilming and, even more important, the swift spoiling of danger. It practiced the duplication of keys, with the help of soft wax, until I could get a perfect impression in my pocket or in

dropping a newspaper into a trasti can, he warned of danger.

the palm of my hand in 10 seconds.

I feel certain to this day that I was being prepared for a vital espionage post. Paul, a subordinate of the great Ovakimian, would hardly have invested some 50 meetings without a good reason.

The other half of my training, to which Paul brought no less seal, was political. Patiently he expounded the party line of the moment, analyzing events in Moscow and elsewhere. The picture he drew was of ruthless Fascists, Nazis and capitalists plotting to destroy the Soviet land. The moral was that we must be no less ruthless in our work for the cause.

First Nagging Doubts

THE TRUTH IS the temperature of my communism was falling, so slowly that I was scarcely conscious of it. In defiance of orders I had read a few "anti-Soviet" books, and I could not avoid some awareness of alave labor and other horrors in the "workers' paradise."

I suspect now that Paul detected tremors of doubt in me even before I was myself aware of them. Certainly, as time went on, the overtones of threats in his attitude became louder, less subtle. They were never expressed—yet always there, in hints and looks, it might be a casual reference to the fate "deserters" deserved, or a chuckling allusion to what happened to someone who "sold out to the enemy."

Once I allowed myself a joking remark that "this business hasn't much of a future." In the same kidding vein Paul eracked; "If you don't follow tastructions you wen't have any future to worry about." The hint stack to my mind the a here.

Mile a burr.

My faith in Stallnism—what was happening in Russia, as distinct from communism in theory—was ebbing. With everymonth it was harder to batten down the inner turmoil of doubts and objections. This soul-searching came to a head with the shocking news of the first big purge trial in May, 1936. I simply couldn't swallow the story that so many of my Soviet heroes had been accountries.

stood up to Paul. The bizarre charges against the Founding Fathers, I said, were undermining the revolution. We had a lone and heated session, at the cost of a lot of shoe-leather. For once I did not pretend to be convinced. "If such things continue," I said, "they might make me a Trotzkyist!"

Paul blew his top. I had committed the great sin of invoking the name of the official devil. We parted on such bad terms that I thought this was the end of the line.

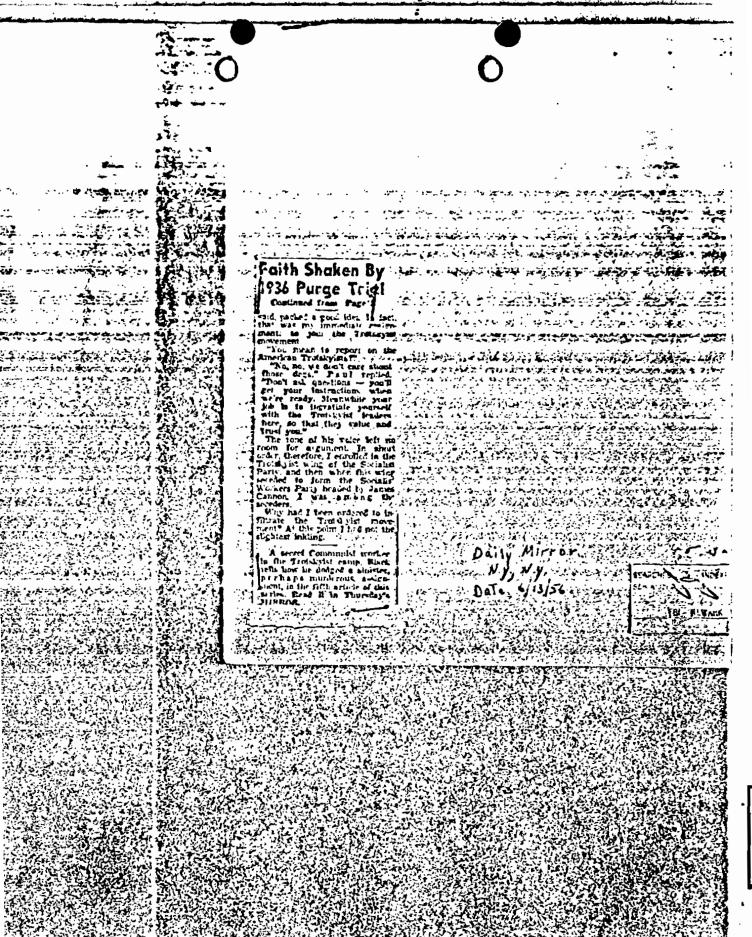
When the familiar call for a rendezvous did not come through, for a month, then a second and a third. I was filled with a glow of joy. A great weight seemed to lift from my spirits.

THEN THE CALL CAME, and once more I was pounding the pavements at Paul's side. Considering our last parting, he was strangely friendly. He got down to business quickly. That remark about becoming a Trotzkyist, he

Confinsed on Page 22







I like & RED SE Tom Barely Escapes involvement In the Trotsky Death Plot

The Reds pull strings—and the murdereus web tightens around a sick old man, the Communists' arch-loe. Trotsky, in Mexico. Was a guilible American chemist stated to awing the latel an? How he struggled out of the assignment is disclosed here by Thomas L. Block, 12-year member of the Soviet spy net, in the fifth of a series of articles.

By THOMAS L. BLACK with PAGENE LYONS

I was in the Trotsky ist camp as a "aleeper," to be yanked into action by my Soviet support-masters when they wished. The strings were not pulled for more than two years. Meanwhile my original orders stood to ingentiate myself with Trotsky's most important American friends.

Except for a sinking sense of Except for a straing sense of guilt over my double rule. In me signmer, was really to my tarte? I had in fact come close to the Trough viewpown in my think. Inc. Now, mixing with his disciples and reading their literature. I easily identified smyself with their movement.

When it came to lambasting Statir and his crimes, in true Trotstryist style, I could put my hole heart into it. The continuing black-bath of the big purges, turo-

ling the Somiet dream into an obscene nightlinare, made that gusy
and heart warming.

MY MEETINGS with Paul tapared off Evidently he was seving
me just often enough to make
sure the strings were still firmly
attached Somewhere along the
line, without a fund far-well, he
wanished and I was never to see
him arain. The assent who took vanished and I was never to get him again. The agent who took his place was "George"—whom I now know to have been another Amiorg employe named Semion Seminov. "Harry Gold also worked under Semiora than the worked under Scrainor about the

I was able to report worth fully—to Paul and then to his auconsort—that I was making friends to the anti-Staffin party. One obvious way to ingratiate myself was by donating generously to Trotocytes papers and causes. My spy-chiefs considered this a legiturate revenue and gradly gave me amail sures, to which I added more out of my chief it is a legiturate revenue and gradly gave me amail sures, to which I added more out of my chief I added more out of my count pocket. I took a certain bronic pleasure in using Soutet gold to beir funance Trotskyiam.



One day a mysterious 'Dr. Schwarts' come to my hospital room. From the way he read the bod chart and examined my burne & was clear that be was reely a physician ... yet, I knew at acces that he

I was able to report twite surjection. The Schwarft come to sy hospital foom. I was making friends in the anti-Staff party. One obvious way to ingratiate myself was by domaining generously to Trotskylin papers and rauses, My spy chiefs considered this a legitimate expense and grady gave me amail sures, to which I added more out of myour pocket. I took a certain fronce pleasure in using "Soviet good" to bey finance Trotskylin movement for the papers and the finance of the Interest papers and th

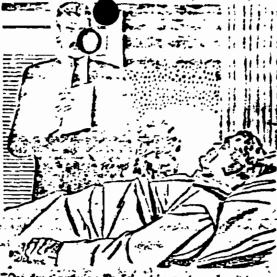
ann rei San if ear bie. The first of the first area for the F . any the Sourt dream it a at che and bearing ming

his hielfilled with Paul tapered off Extently he was seeing me just offer enough to make sure the strings were still farmly attacked Sounts hie airing the lane, without a fund fairwell he wanished and I war never to see him again. The agent who took his place was "George"—whom I hope know to have been another ace know to have been another Amtorg employe samed Semisa Semisov. (Harry Cold size Semillov, (Harry Gold suso sourked under seminor about the same time.

I was able to report leath-

fully—it. Paul and then to his successor—that I was making Irendo in the auti-Salia parts.

One obvious way to ingranate figure is as by demanding general was by demanding general pauls to Treathing papers and caused. My spy the Is considered this a legistrate expense and gladly give me small sums, to which added more out of my hose orders I must obey—as swin pocket. I took a certain front pleasure in using "Soviet and for a leve exploratory gold" to help function Trutskyasm.



One day a mysterious Dr. Schwarts' come to my h From the way he read the bed chart and examined my home. It was clear that he was really a physician ... yet, I know at once that he was a Sprint agent, come to hook me ever!"

service—that I was nashing force—that is an onaking force—that is an onaking force—what is an one of the constant of the constant of the property of the p

MINE TO S. OFFICE MARKET

I KIRS E PAID SIN The Rightmare Years Finally Enc. Tom Reveals Self to

sor of sudden death keep: a deeply entangled American in the service of the Rad spy network here. Thomas L. B'ach, a Soviet proper for 12 years, tells of his distillusionment with the "workers" paradice" and how he was freed at last—in the final article of a perior.

My spy supprior of the final period, Jack, was not as demanding as Paul had been. But he did give me more assignments than I had received in the past. They were existent chores, but presumably essential.

chores, but precumbly essential.

On one organor, for instance, I delivered a letter to someone in Philadelphia, which recessitated the use of those elaborate techniques for recognizing strangers. Another time I served as geolectiven in paying off an agent in another few Jersey factory.

Jack aim, reminded me of the few paying off an agent in another few Jersey factory.

Jack aim, reminded me of the few far from densing the allegation that few persons and the few at long last a supply him with technical information in my field—an any supply him with technical information in my feeld—an any smooth feel supply few feels and the feel of the feel of

In my to menters

Tience was an enemy of the muching clam, he said in substance. He was a socious obstacle in the Hallat Communals movement. This was not a murder—it was an execution? Treeca received a law fund—in Moscow?

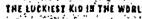
Did he make this up to frighten much in success that I for much:

MY METHOD WAS to select the Moscowit. Did be make this up to Erighton Fill is asserting for the first that the fill that the fil

"You've read about the arrest of Fuchs," he sold, "and that the

at Maria.

The Thomps in the Contract of the C





11...

On one orchests or melance I approved The restricted that the CI thus pic sound less may be recognizing strangers sounded time.

I see a pull the see for the see of the s by severy to the to be and Die celej. It fire tered mein at 5 belb .

a much ment of the arms of the

be 1945. Then, for along flives by the mole, Merely a check-up stier; pears I was a free-dom sheet through with hours of paint. Bughily or arough; I felt had change. The know how a in " know to be many Krewitin or you've changed." I reactained agents and the more of the fluor, on this score.

This was after the war, when the more har late. he sedimen to the Trotage mar-der there had been the phateri-ous death, in a stabily Castalog-ter hate from of the Errotage sign a high Boust melligence official who had deferred. In

وفينو

٠.٠.٠

45 3

ing sufficient all and the street

ter to someone in Philipsetchia, which

Times that mare pursue of the

the fieldt, foretiett Las & Million Ber

Soviet ally had set by Congress Solitations and the Congress Solitation and the Congress was beginning to ask questions about first spring. No doubt dark was cherking on me as a larger renderation are.

Fluid I serviced an exches printed to a Sealer tower, but ten. mas sa a duftaunte er

principle of the first specific and the second of the seco Gold's arrest. Since I had se-cruled him I scalind my secret would soon be known to the au-

would know as a street field's are the street explanage commerced one again—for the last time. The rule word and fining press the fore was a "fixthlus." When a first was a "fixthlus." When a Min Watting gioned I berall of the areacresion; a reader

der there lost her the Pasters

was Bratt, in a stadbh Backlogthe lost in the Pasters

was Bratt, in a stadbh Backlogthe lost in the Pasters

was bratt, in a stadbh Backlogthe lost from of the Pasters

was bratt, in a stadbh Backlogthe lost from of the Pasters

was been from of the Pasters

about intelligence

about intelligence

part of a larger rendemalisance.

la deferman in larger rendemalisance

la deferman stater agent in the formalisance

la deferman stater and I puster

paster last in the II. See the lost of four

paster last in the II. See the lost of four

paster last in the II. See the lost of four

paster last in the II. See the lost of four

paster last in the II. See the lost of four

paster last formalisance

alter the religion from the paster

was never far from my mind

but my dread of sudden death

alter stary on me. The urge to,

was the paster in the II. See the

last of the authorities and leid an

master than the lost of the lost of the lost of the lost of the last of the

last of the lost of the lost of the lost of the lost of the last of the

last of the lost of the last of the lost of the last of the lost of the last of the lost of the last of the last

rarings:

arings: "I want to consist of you and

to frank you for your coopera-lem. To American Strongs Coopera-lem to American Strongs Coopera-tion of American Strongs Coopera-tion of the Cooperation of the Co



lives an exciting odvirphoto stary of a 13 year old actaology who furned big tyme hunter on an eight mouth, salari through darkest Africa 10 capture and animals on film.

JONE TIME LOCKETTE

D STATES DEFARTMENT OF JUST. Inmitration and Maturalization Service 1004 Broad Street Newark 2, New Jersey

File No. 11 130 079(13:07

Federal Bureau of Investigation U. S. Department of Justice 1836 Raymond Commerce Building Howark 2, New Jersey

Doar Sir:

Will you please inform me whether an investigation by this Service of the person numed below will interfere with any action you contemplate or are already taking?

Nacot

PLACE, Thomas L.

(MCT LIBERTIES ID'NATE, IN)

Onto or 22, 1956 🚋

Addruss: FLACK, formerly of the Thiledelphia area, known Former Addresses: Beader in the Socialist Workers Party reported by Philadelphia FFI office to be residing in N.J.

SA Going of the Philidel Place and Date of Birth: office rofe rud this

Service on 10/8/56 to the New th office

Date of Arrival in the United States:

for present address

Occupation:

end clearance to intrview

him as to his knowledge Name and Address of Last Employer:

of one harte ... Egythes

(ur 10.)-34657)

Will you also inform me as to what your records show concerning the subject's loyalty to the United States and subversive activities or tendencies, if any, and supply any other available data which may affect his immigration or nationality status?

In the event your report is negative, it will suffice if you will so indicate at the bottom of this letter.

Very truly yours.

Federal Dureau of Investigation

SERIALIZED ... LA. FILED OCT 23 1955

FBI - NEWARK

(NJ-75) Rev. 1/22/54 RECORD OF INFORMATION FURNISHED OTHER ACTENCIES

CRAILY	V	BY TELEPHONE		_
	_	Date:	11/5/5	56

Information Requested Concerning:

Thomas L. Black

Information Furnished from File, Scrial and Page Number:

65-4074-315

Information Furnished to:

Alex M: Openy Ins

Remarks:

Dried de subjeda abliera as shown.

Special Agent

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-378225)

11/26/56

SAC, MEYARK (100-34657)

GEORGE ALBERT SCYTHES, WAS. SM - SVP (OO: Milwaukee)

Re: Philadelphia letter to Bureau, 11/1/56

On 11/14/56, THOMAS L. BLACK was contacted by SA PREDERICK Z. ZINCK. BLACK is still employed at the Atlas Refinery Company, Newark, N. J. and resides at 708 High Street, Newark.

BLACK advised that he is available to testify concerning his knowledge of the subject. He advised that he knew SCYTHES as GEORGE HOLLEY in the Newark Branch of the SWP and that SCYTHES paid his SWP dues to him (BLACK) when he was treasurer of the branch. He recalls that SCYTHES told him that he was recruited into the Troyskyite movement while he was at the University of Toronto by MAURICE SPECTOR and also under SPECTOR's direction he joined the CP in Canada. He recalls that SPECTOR drove him (BLACK) and other SWP members to Trenton and Leonia, M. J., probably in 1937.

On 10/15/56, Mr. ALEX MC GARRY of Immigration and Naturalization Service, Newark, N. J., advised that INS, Milwaukee had requested the Newark Office of INS to interview BLACK and if he is willing to testify, obtain a sworn affidavit from him. Mr. MC GARRY advised that he would contact BLACK in the near future.

rcz 1da

Series Sories

^{2 -} Bureau (REG. MAIL)

^{1 -} Milwaukee (100-11113) (RM)

^{1 -} Philadelphia (info) (100-38224) (RM)

^{2 -} Hewark

^{(1 - 65-4074 -} THOMAS BLACK)

Office Memorandum · United States Government

10

SAC, NEWARK (65-4074)

DATE: 1/8/57

CE H PROM .

SAC, PHILADELPHIA (65-4332)

SUBJECT:

THO'AS L. BLACK, was. ESP - R

ReNKlet, 12/27/56.

Referenced letter set forth that BLACK advised he doubts that he will ever be recontacted by the Soviets in view of the publicity given his testimony plus the publication of articles by him.

Newark is requested to advise whether BLACK has published any articles as yet. If BLACK has published or written any articles, Newark is requested to obtain copies for information of Bureau and Philadelphia.

2 - NEWARK (65-4074)

1 - PHILADELPHIA (65-4332)

CS:HPS

SERIALIZED DO FILED

JAN 1957

EBI - NEWARK

A MARCH

A M

0

1/31/57

E Take

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL



T0:

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-352385)

PROM

8AC, WEWARK (65-3887)

MOCASE ESPIONAGE - R 00 New York

Re New York airtel to Bureau 1/25/57;
Bureau airtel dated 1/29/57.

On 1/31/57 THOMAS L. BLACK was interviewed by BA FREDERICK C. ZINCK. BLACK was shown all the photographs forwarded with New York airtel dated 1/21/57. In pertinent cases, he was furnished with background information from the descriptive summaries forwarded. The only one of these persons whom BLACK identified is JOSEPH KATZ. BLACK advised that he is unable to supply any information concerning KATZ in addition to that previously furnished by him when he identified a photograph of JOSEPH KATZ as one of his Soviet superiors, known to him only as "JACK." He stated that he never heard of nor saw any of the other individuals whose photographs were exhibited.

BROWN

3 - Bureau (REGISTERED MAIL)
1 - New York (65-14702 Sub D) REGISTERED MAIL
2 - Newerk

1 65-4074 (THOMAS BLACK)

16)

Searched	
Sarie izat	
Indexed	
filed V	
7	

h

First Step Taken on Road Leading To Lifetime of Agonized Remorse

mate details of my life, I was never anowal about them. What is more, I could only gui purposes of the assignments and the intensive gave me.

At first I served them willingly, even y pride in being part of something big ofmupo. Then, as my doubts about the Soviet part turned into distilusion and hatred of communistrapped, held fast by sheer animal fear.

NOT ONCE in those years did the sinister oss our lips. We talked instead about "work helping the Soviet Union." Such phrases han the true Communist believer. After I ceased



of a helpless' puppet, and agonies of remorse which will my lot for the rest of my light only consolation today at their I shall recount I gat little if any tangible help

the frany tangible held the apymasters who man lated me. Thus I did little any tangible harm to my country.

The only important control button I made to Soviet es age. I suppose, was that I performed by the peter of the peter

greed was not one of them. On the contrary, out of my modest earning as a chemist I contributed money "to the cause." Personally I knew of only one me stance. Where an American worked in Soviet esplonage fust for pay—and his superiors did not trust him. As one of them explained to me, a mercenary will crack too easily or sell out to "the enemy" for a higher price.

Normal Childhood

Normal Childhood

It is primarily by their heart strings that confused Americans are pulled into the quagmires of Red treason.

But let me reconstruct my unhappy career from the beginning.

I WAS BORN in Bloomsburg, Pa, on July 5, 1907; of British stock with a dash of Pemsylvania Dutch through a grand mother My father was a teacher, a fine scholarly man proud of his all American background. Because my mother died when I was threel he raised me with the aid of a string of housekeepers.

I began to earn my own live ing in 1929, when I was 22 My first job was at a plant near Linden, N. J. About a year later I moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job with the lost of the grand moved to a better job was at a plant near Linden, in job was at a plant near Lind





Jow Could It Hoppen?



Comrade Jones, inan Attempt To Get to Russia, Meets Boss Spy

Misguided to begin with then carefully, nurfured by Red masters and ordinary misguided to begin with then carefully, nurfured by Red masters and ordinary American emerges as Comrade Jones, ready to help the Communists in all their fine American emerges as Comrade Jones, his list tatal step over the line from party hackwork and trained to ask no questions; His list tatal step over the line from party hackwork and trained to ask no questions; His list he second of a serie to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the secret net of the Soviet spymaster is detailed here by Thomas L. Black who series to the secret net of the secret net of

of brifeles on his experience

BY THOMAS LABLACK, WITH EUGENE LYONS

My first meeting of a party "neighborhood that was rather an anticlimax. It didn't match my romantic notions of the revolution in action. The 15 or 20 men and women in the shabby room were working people, with whom I did not reel entirely at ease, and the evening's business concerned petry matters like finances and subscriptions to the Dally Worker matters like finances and subscriptions to the Dally Worker But I emerged from the session as "Comrade Jones," the first of several allases inscribed in my dues book. I selected

Comrade Brandt, a former metchant sallor, evidently was well briefed about me. He was sympathetic with regard to my "poliical backwardness", and Rave, lot of time to curing it. Part of his method was to test my devotion by loading me down with routine and often disagreeable chores, like distributing "party literature", and ringing doorbells

ONCE, FOR INSTANCE, he assigned another comrade and me to visit a list of Italian residents in the area, under the pretext of soliciting signatures on a Communist nominating petition. Out task was to engage the Italian in political argument and show them, the error of their ways we made no converts and to letted plenty of abuse, including thirds of a beating if we did to the converted and the letted plenty of abuse, including the converted and the letted plenty of abuse, including the converted and the letted plenty of abuse, including the converted and the letter was a letter was a

CELTER SECTION TO



At a "fraction, meeting" (aucus) of the Friends of the Floviet Union I now discovered who pulled the strings, and low. I was now one of their dedicated company. Perhaps a dozen of us managed to steer the activities of some 250 members, without their quite knowing it. The pattern held true in the other Red fronts to which I was attached.

Suddenly I was neck deep in activities: meetings, assignments, indoctrination sessions, with Brandt, money raising, parties, lectures. The very memory of a private life, of a free evening or weekend, began to fade out. There was, at first at least a kind of infoxication in this furious round of activity in the company of joiner dedicated souls.

Gets Teaching Post | A WITHIN A YEAR I was apparently considered "profetarian ized" enough to leave Brandt's supervision. One of the party bigwigs, a member of the national Central Committee, herself mistructed me to transfer to a party unit in Jersey City.

"It's unit of intellectuals," she told me a "You can help educate them just as Comrade Brandt helped you." It seemed to me a promotion. I was no longer a newsboy or signature collector. My unit comrades included an unemployed pharmacist several dentists, a woman concert planist, several writers. Few of them seemed to know, what it was all about, but all were enthusiastic, keyed up to save the world.

MEANWHILE, at the Holbrook plant, my fellow workers did not know that I was a Communist. I had gotten the knack of talking communism without ever using the word. In the Spring of 1933, in the depth of the depression, I was offered a better-paying job in Harrison, N. J. Someone suggested that I recommend a young chimist—unemployed and in despondent of take my place.

That was how Harry Goli

: Actually



this three however was become in more and more bored with the party treadmill. If all seemed so tame and futile compared with what was happening over there. In the workers fatherland "As a chemist it occurred to me is should be in Russia doing my bit for the Five Year Plan with Year Via Base of going to the Year Plan with It too workers my Harry Gold among others. It alked about it to Harry Gold among others. Plan would help me.

Longs to Visit Soviet would be in the party was used to sudden exits would help me.

Longs to Visit Soviet would be in the party was used to sudden exits would help me.

Longs to Visit Soviet would be assigned (6 fighting in the proposal as a filt was been depressed but not convinced was the first of the party of getting it Raissia would be better if I cut loose from the party. So I simply stopped at strangely, came to inquire about the party was used to sudden exits would help me.

Longs to Visit Soviet would be assigned (6 fighting in the purple of was here, at home. I let nor depressed but not convinced was the first of getting it Raissia would be better if I cut loose from the party. So I simply stopped at strangely, came to inquire about the look of my life. I had so become accustomed again to beling master of my own time. I did not convinced was the first of my own time. I did not convinced the party was used to sudden exits would be assigned (6 fighting in the Liver of the proposal as let in the focus of the first of the party was need to be a communist—one does not as off a deep politic can fait to verifie the convergence of the party of the party was used to be a communist—one does not as off a deep politic can fait to be party was used to sudden exits.

Continued on Page 18

wis now Soviet Russia where as the Red press put it a bright in w. world was in construction.

IN NOVEMBER pr 1933 about six months after dropping out of the party, I applied for a Soviet in the Jarry, I applied for a Soviet in the Am tork Trading Corp. on Fith Ave. I told the receptionist my problem. Soon a s fock dark complexioned finan came out. If a was immadulately dressed soft spoken and stiable.

I asked whether they could use a first class chemist and a good Communist in the Soviet Unlon. He smiled under atlandingly. We must discuss if at leisure, he add. How about dinner some time. He would phone me.

Ovacuing representative cal trust."

Meefs.Spymaster of the call o ample evidence, in the preparations for Trotsky's murder.
From 1932 to 1941 Ovak mian was boss-spy over a wild effect of apparatuses. In May 1941, to was arrested. But he was hever brought to trial

Novice Meets Lis Trainer: Walks Into Sinister Web of Espionage

t a Soviet spy net, to whom technological explorage and murder were alike parts of the country mass of the country mass of the country for the Release conference of a series confersing Thomas L. Black's dozen was a line country for the Release conference of a series confersing Thomas L. Black's dozen was a line country for the Release conference of the country for the

CLIFFING FROM

TO COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE

1 2 3 5 f

By THOMAS L. BLACK with EUGENE LYONS Gaik Ovakimlari, generalissimo, of Stalin's sples (in America, phoned me several weeks after our initial acquaintance and we direct at a good restaurant in the Times Square



Our meetings were now carefully prean and surrounded with elaborate

area. We made small talk in a cordial chatty spirit. I for granted he was sizing me up, that the business co be rushed. I.

At a second dinner meeting he took me as it we his confidence. He hesitated to recommend me to Most said, until he was sufe I could contribute to Soviet techn So why didn't I, by way of a test, make reports of aspects of American industrial chemistry?

privid of themr ha lot of published in added data availab added data available on tanning procedum in the not be known the wanted more an inrough.

NOT ESPECIALLY ha told me sadly later already receiving this formation from other

Still, he though were competently funately he was to

gotten. Thought Paul indicated it was in the U.S. on a Danish past poil, I. Judged from his accelland manner that he was a Bav rial German.

PAUL AND It hereafter met frequently. For a while I. still broached my wish to go to Saviet Russia, but in time that was pushed aside. The real question, he convinced me was how and where I could be 'of most value' to that country. There was work of the highest importance to be done, right here—the kind, of work Ovakimian, and he were done, right here—the kind, of work Ovakimian, and he were done, right here—the kind of work Ovakimian, and he were done in the best in the intelligence, and person in general forms of the property of the prop

Gold and I continued to mee long intervals. But the we of our involvement was lik muzzle on both of us so that avoided mention of Paul and

avoided mention of Paul and scherces.

I met Pabl continually some times weekly, other times with long breaks. In the years that followed.

The assumption that I was lated to succeed him in his I wortant but still undefined became the foundation stone our relationship. Our every me ing became a lesson in the coul of training that went on about two years.

A fantastic trade school that trade as operated by the bapparatus in America, is scribed in the fourth article this series, in Wednesday NIBROR.

36 Purge Itial Shakes His Faith But Itainee Finds H's Too Late

the FBI, tricks of the trade—is detailed here in the lought of series of the trade—is detailed here in the lought of series of fruits the lought of series of fruits cat's pay in the murder of Trocky's trade of series was it their plan to make

By THOMAS L'BLACK WILL EUGENE LYONS

The superior agent.

The tall might not come through for a month or a year, but when it did, the prearranged time and place till held a good. The caller, naturally, alked of trivial things like your licalth. He might even ask you be together on Saturday—but it still meant next. Thursday.



was acc

When the agents ordered to get together are strangers to one amother, the procedures are more implicated. They must go about their roles like ordinary people doing ordinary things. A tie of a certain color, a current magazine under the right arm, might be the initial identification.

Learns FBI Methods:

THE SECOND STEP might be an innocent question—like What time is it, please?"—and an equality innocent answer. like "Sorry," Mazis and capitalists plotting to

ly innocent answer, like "Sorry,"
I don't have a watch." The technique amounted to a series of
aimple, inconspicuous acts in a

the remotest chance dence.
Normally, when met, a third unkno of them was a around. By means almple action, such a newspaper into or honking his ho

irst Nagging Doubts

THE TRUTH IS the

or honking his horn a certain way if he were in a car he warned of danger.

I was taught to detect surveit; labor and other horrors in the workers paradisc.

I was taught to detect surveit; labor and other horrors in the workers paradisc.

I suspect now intal Paul de labor and other horrors in the workers paradisc.

I suspect now intal Paul de labor and other horrors in the workers paradisc.

I suspect now intal Paul de labor and other horrors in the workers paradisc.

I suspect now intal Paul de labor and other horrors in the even before I was myself aware of them. Certainly as time went on the overtones of threats in his attitude became louder less subtle. They were never expressed — ye, always there in hints and looks I might be a casual reference to the late deserters" deserved, or a chuckling allusion to what happened to some one who sold out to the enemy.

Once I allowed myself a foking remark that "this bustness hasn't much of a future."

In the same kidding vein Paul cracked: "If you don't follow."

Instructions you won't have any future to worry about. The hint stuck to my it and like a burry.

My faith in Stalinism what was happening in Russia as distinct, from communism in theory—was ebbing With every montic it, was harder to batten down the inner turmoil of doubts and objections. This soul searching came to a head with the shocking news of the first big purge trial in May 1936. I simply couldn't swallow the story that so many of my Soviet heroes, had been scoundred.

from my spirits. THEN THE CALL CAME, and once more I was pounding the pavements at Paul's side. Considering our just parting he was strangely friendly. He got down to business quickly. That remark about becoming a Trotzkyist, he

F Continued on Page 22

CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS A 48 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION RECHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP FROM FROM FROM FROM PROM PROM PROM PROM PROM PROM PROM PROM PROM CLASS FILE NUMBER LAST SERIAL SPECIAL AGENT- CLASS FILE NUMBER LAST SERIAL DATE TO SPECIAL AGENT- CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP FROM PROM		() or other contractions of the contraction of the				
CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE						•
CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE DATE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE TO CHARGE			<i>C</i> .'		,	9
CHARGE-OUT SLIP ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT TO FROM ENTIRE FILE CLASS CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE CHAR	-2					•
ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION RECHARGE DATE TO FD-5 CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL FD-5 (1-1-45) DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS V CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT CLASS FILE NUMBER CLASS CLASS FILE NUMBER CLASS FILE NUMBER CLASS CLASS	ξ (:.=	** _ 4		(12	-1-49)	
ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION RECHARGE DATE TO FD-5 CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL FD-5 (1-1-45) DATE CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS V CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT CLASS FILE NUMBER CLASS CLASS FILE NUMBER CLASS FILE NUMBER CLASS CLASS			CHARGE OUT S		/ j	
CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 TROUBLE A to 65-4116 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT RECHARGE DATE TO FROM ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 24 OF 65-4074 CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE 6-3-77 ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 24 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO SPECIAL AGENT- TO DATE TO DATE TO DATE TO TO DATE		ir' i	5-111102 OCT 3	DATE 10/	F3/57)	
SERIALS 248 OF 65 4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER RECHARGE DATE TO FROM FD-5 CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-46) DATE /0 - 3) ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65 - 4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT FD-5 (1-1-46) DATE /0 - 3) ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65 - 4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT TO DATE TO FROM	-	ENTIRE FILE		,	The state of the s	which was a second of the seco
SERIALS 248 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER RECHARGE DATE TO FROM FD-5 (1-1-45) DATE / 0 - 3 - 7) ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT TO SPECIAL AGENT TO DATE TO FROM			CLASS NUMB	ER TAGE		
CLASS FILE NUMBER CHARGE OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER CLASS SERIAL SERIALS SERIALS OF (A.5-YO7) CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TALLSFALE TO FROM					RIAL	
CLASS FILE NUMBER CHARGE OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP CLASS NUMBER CLASS SERIAL SERIALS SERIALS OF (A.5-YO7) CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TALLSFALE TO FROM	4	BERTALS 22	OF OF	65-4074	, Min	
RECHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-46) DATE / D - 3 - 7 ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS Y OF 5 - YO 7 Y CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO DATE TO FROM	18 €	Trousland	to 65 - 4111	CLASS FILE WINE		
RECHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-46) DATE / D - 3 - 7 ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS Y OF 5 - YO 7 Y CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO DATE TO FROM	7	i and is	(d v) FIIE	TILE NUM	BER	
RECHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-46) DATE / D - 3 - 7 ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS Y OF 5 - YO 7 Y CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO DATE TO FROM		55-	· 7 of trustile			•
RECHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-46) DATE / D - 3 - 7 ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS Y OF 5 - YO 7 Y CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO DATE TO FROM	W .	LOCA	rion ,	SPECIAL AGENT		
RECHARGE DATE TO FROM CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE 10-3 ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS 19 OF 65-4074 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO DATE TO FROM	-				posti cus mo	
CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE DATE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO FROM FROM						
CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP DATE DATE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO FROM FROM			RECHARGE	DATE		
CHARGE-OUT SLIP CHARGE-OUT SLIP DATE DATE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO FROM FROM	3	TO				
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE	30		FROM			
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE	.				,	,
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE	ŧ,	<u>-</u>				
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE	1					
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE						
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE				12	ا این در ایس کی د اوز	ر در هم د تعدید گذشته می این این این این این این این این این ای
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE				•		
CHARGE-OUT SLIP (1-1-45) DATE	7.			5D (A STATE OF S	San Control of the Co
ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-Y07 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO	377		OUAPOR-OUT STIP			
ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-407 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO FROM						
ENTIRE FILE CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-407 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- TO FROM			DATE /	0-3-10		·
CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-Y07 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- RECHARGE DATE TO FROM	1		DATE			
CLASS NUMBER LAST SERIAL SERIALS OF 65-Y07 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- RECHARGE DATE TO FROM	·	ENTIRE FILE				
SERIALS OF 65-Y07 CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT TO FROM		CT.AS	S NIMBER	LAST SERTAL	Programme Carl 1 :	ment to a second management of the second
CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- RECHARGE DATE TO FROM		04/15				
CLASS FILE NUMBER LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- RECHARGE DATE TO FROM		SERIALS 24	OF 65-	4074		
LOCATION SPECIAL AGENT- RECHARGE DATE TO FROM				FILE NUMBER	45	
TOFROM						*
TOFROM	122		/ -		Ÿ	
TOFROM	ا ر		- در)	41165		
TOFROM		LOCATION	SPECIA	L AGENT-	,	the state of the state of
TOFROM			Todian	1.	-	
TOFROM	4.4	RECHARGE	DATE	reizer pur		
FROM				, a		
FROM	. ~	TO			1	
					N.	The state of the s
	22.24	FROM			يد اللهي في الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	
	7					
	. 'A ∴∀ :	The works of the second state of the second second second	للمراكب المستناه والمرازان والموالد المستناهم	Tand head in second in the second	برساقها بالمست	ار بازد از این از این از این
	teri man		An interpretable design of the second section of the second section of the second section sect	The state of the s		
	ted ass	a. Salahan dikanggan kalandaran dikanggan dikanggan dikanggan dikanggan dikanggan dikanggan dikanggan dikanggan d	e de la companya della companya dell		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	The state of the s
	J. 6	The first transfer of the second	Charles Section Section Lines and the section of			
	54	The same of the sa				产业 100 金融的原则

sald packed a good idea. I fack that was my immediate lesign ment, to Join the Trouklyist in prement.

You man to report on the Aperican Trotskyists?

No no we don't care about those, dogs." Paul replieds Don't ask questions—you'll get your Instructions when we're rendy. Meanwhile your Job is to ingratiate yourself with the Trotskyist lenders here so that they value and trust you.

The tone of his voice left no room for argument. In short order therefore, I enrolled in the Trotskyist wing of the Socialist Party and then when this wing second to form the Socialist Workers Party headed by James

Why had I been ordered to in filtrate, the Trotskylst movement. At this point I had not the slightest inkling

A secret Communist worker in the Trotskyist camp, Black lells how he dodged a sinister por haps murderous, assignment in the fifth article of the selver. Read it im Thursday MINROR

Ton Barely Escapes Involvement In the Trotsky Death Plot

The Reds pull strings—and the murdere us web tightens around a sick old man communists, arch-toe. Trotsky: in Mexicos Was a gullible American chemist slat wing the latal ax. How he struggled out of the assignment is bisclosed here by Th Black, 12 year member of the Soviet spy net; in the lifth of a series of articless to

By THOMAS IZ BLACK WILL EUGENE LYO

I was in the Trotskylst camp as a "sleeper," to be yanked into actio uppet-masters when they wished The strings were not pulled for more leanwhile my original orders stood to ingratiate myself-with Trotsky's merican friends.

luppet-masters when they wis leanwhile my original orders. American friends.

Except for a sinking sense of guilt over my double role, the assignment was really to my taste. I had in fact come close to the Trotsky, viewpoint in my thinking. Now, mixing with his disciples and reading their literature. I easily identified myself with their movement.

When it came to lambasting Stalin and his crimes, in true Trotskylst style, I could put my hole heart into it. The continuing blood bath of the big purges, furning the Soviet dream into an obscene nightmare, made that casy, and heart-warming.

MY MEETINGS with Paul apered off. Evidently, he was seeing me just often enough to make sure the strings were still firmly attached. Somewhere along the vanished and I was never to see him again. The agent who fook his place was "George"—whom I now know to have been another now know to have been another the serior.

him again The agent who fook his place was "George"—whom how know to have been another Amtorg employe, named Semion Seminov. (Harry Gold; also worked under Seminov about the same time.)

I was shie to report truth fully of Paul and then to his successor—that I was making friends in the anti-Stalin party. One obvious way to ingratiate myself, was by donating generously to Trotskyist papers and causes. My spy-chiefs considered this a legitimate expense and gladly gave me small sums to which I added more out of my own pocket. I took a certain Ironic pleasure in using "Soviet gold" to help finance Trotskyism.

Enter Dr. Schwartz

EARLY IN 1938 I suffered a

EARLY IN 1938 I suffered a serious accident in my plant and was confined in a hospital for 20 weeks. I still carry the scars on my arm. But the uglier scars are on my conscience. For it was at the hospital, when I had been three about 10 weeks, that Red estionage reached out for me again.



Viet Esplonage," Dr. Da lin writes that this Russ for "had been sent to the the height of the purge," assignment of investigating skylles and organizing the lination of Leon Trotsky, tudenz, in his testimon

week, when I would presumably have completed preparations. I distinctive accent racked my brains for a plausible. Sovieti Russia halbi for not going. Fortunately come our ally in using to be called before the Workmen's Compensation Board in Connection with substantial claims on my accident. My sudden resignation from a good job coupled, with failure, to show up before the board I argued would coupled, with failure to show up under cover of war tasks before the board. I argued, would be reckless conduct. It was sure to arouse suspicion, especially den death, and his efforts to get free of the apy network are described by Black in the sixth and final article of this series hours. In Friday's MIRROR.

were minor figures to to holding a petty ag Black in line. There important johs — were then enjoying under cover of war

The Nightmare Years Finally End. Tom Reveals Self to the FB.

The nightmare tightens its hold—no niord pretense of idealistic service, but only terro of sudden death keeps a deeply entangled American in the service of the Red spy
network here. Thomas L. Black, a Soviet pupper for 12 years, tells of his disillusionment
with the "workers" paradise" and how he was freed at last—in the final article of a series.

agents and los much of imethods to be let off the In addition to the Trotak der there had been the in ous death, in a shabby W January, 1943, Carlo Tamous Italian Isyndical passionate enemy of cor was shot in broad dayligh

THE TERROR IN my vas real and deep I want hasize this though it little glory on me. The t go to the authorities and

was never far from my mind but my dread of sudden death but my dread of sudden death always won out over good intentions.

A conversation with Jack in one of our last uncettings, soon after the Tresca murder remained fresh on my nerves. I remarked that Tresca's friends were haming the Communists.

methoric here. Thomas L. Black. a Sovice puppet for 12 years, tells of his disillusionment with the "workers' paradise" and how he was freed at last—In the final article of a series.

By THOMAS BLACK with EUGENE LYONS

My spy superior of the final period, Jack, was not as demanding as Paul had been But he did give me more assignments than I had received in the past. They were trivial chores, but presimably essential.

On one occasion, for instance, I delivered a letter to someone in Philadelphia, which necessitated the use of those elaborate techniques for recognizing strangers. Another time I served as go-between in paying off an agent in another New Jersey factory.

Jack also reminded me of the very beginnings of my servitude by suddenly demanding, that I supply him with technical information in my field—on any subject I thought useful for Saviel industry. I decided to concert poorts which would not contain a single line of "secret" data; and felt some satisfaction in sabotaging my formentors:

My Alterion Was to select on the line of the working class, he said in guillands and in recent U. S. In Moseow. "I was an execution: The was not execution: I still possess a carbon opp of one such, "document, I it made impressive main spain" in the library, and the property of the paying of paying of the paying of paying of the payi

questions o doubt on the as of the forersy might

hers liad been making headies. Waturally I read every ord of the news, afraid that menow, my name would crop up. I wanted only to forget my

me from the Red spy network and still give me reasonable is surance of dying a natural death. To any ex-Communists who my read these words my advice is 'Don't walk run, to the nearest office of the FBI. You will be treated with understanding and consideration, just as I. was treated More important, you will be doing your part to help keep America free the way been it was a relief to talk openly foully I have cooperated with

was a reflet to talk openly fully. I have cooperated with the FBI pyer since. Later I repeated my slory to a Federal grand flury, and again, this year to the Senate Internal Security Committee. Sald Sen. Jenner at the foodulation of the hearings.

"I want to commend you and so thank you for your cooperation."

Let no American suppose the disclosures about Soylet esplonage have ended its menace. I am convinced it is today more wided head and deeply entrenchid an ever before at must be roted out.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SAC, NEWARK (65-4123)

DATE:10/15/57

MON:

SA WILLIAM T. HAZELWOOD

SUBJECT:

JACOB ISRAEL FASS, was., ESPIONACE - R ISA of 1950

This is to advise that FASS was interviewed by the writer at FASS's place of employment, the Spruce Chemical Company, 177 East Railway Avenue, Paterson, N. J., on 10/4/57 in connection with information be furnished the Newark Office on 11/20/50 concerning The FREEFIELD family, which is set out on page 12 of serial 9 of FASS's subject file. This interview was in connection with an applicant investigation which was being conducted by the writer, Newark file 77-6565, entitled "ELAINE FREIFELD, aka Elaine Freefield", Dapli, and the results of the interview are contained in the writer's report in the 77-case.

During the interview FASS stated that all information he had concerning the FREEFIELD family came to him from THOMAS L. BLACK and he suggested that BLACK be interviewed concerning the FREEFIELD family. The writer does not recall, but it is possible that the writer advised FASS that the writer contemplated interviewing BLACK regarding the FREEFIELD family.

on 10/14/57 the writer was advised that FASS had contacted the office during the week of 10/7-12/57, requesting that he be recontacted by the Agent who had interviewed him regarding the FillILLD family.

The writer telephonically contacted FASS at his place of employment on 10/14/57, at which time FASS stated he had desired that the writer advice BLACK that FASS no longer would pay the storage charges on certain papers of BLACK's in which the Bureau had had an interest in 1950, inasmuch as FASS did not know how to contact BLACK and the storage company now desires to sell BLACK's papers for the storage arrears. FASS stated that he had located BLACK, however, through a friend of BLACK's, and had conveyed to BLACK the information.

The above is submitted to be made a matter of record.

1 - Newark 1 - Newark (77-6565) (Freifeld) 1 - Newark (65-4074) (Black) WTH:LAB

(3)/1/2

SERIALIZED A FILED OCT 1 5 1957

FEN - NEWARK

Office Memorandum • United States Government

* SAC, NEWARK (65-4074)

DATE: 10/16/57

FROM : SA WILLIAM T. HAZELWOOD

SUBJECT: THOMAS L. BLACK, WAS.

ESPIONAGE-R

THOMAS L. BLACK was interviewed in the Newark office by the writer on September 27, 1957, at which time he furnished information concerning the relatives of ELAINE FREIFELD, including MAX FREIFELD. This information was put in the form of a signed statement and BLACK returned to the Newark office on September 30, 1957 and signed the statement. The statement is maintained in the exhibit envelope of Newark file 77-6565 and information contained therein is set out in the writer's report in that case.

BLOCK was residing at 708 High Street, Newark, New Jersey, unlisted telephone number Market 2-7603, and was employed as a chemist by the Percy H. Helie Company, home office 53 Holden Street, Worcester, Mass., although his work at the time was performed at irregular intervals in the vicinity of Lodi, New Jersey.

BLOCK appeared completely cooperative, seemed to possess a very good memory of people and information he had known and had furnished a great many years ago, and agreed to testify before a Security Hearing Board if his service were needed.

1 - Newark 1 - 100-34177 (MAX FREIFELD) 1 - 77-6565 (ELAINE FREIFELD) WTH:LAT (3)-

25-4074-345 AK AS opplied i

SEARCHED ALL ANDEXED SERIALIZED FILED OCT 1 1957

Indices Secret Site FD-180 (Rev. 6-11-66)	8	b		8.	
the second of					
TO: CHIEF CLERK	• •	•	<u> </u>	Date	The state of the s
Babjert UP Ja- 1	Tree	or fire	in 14	1)3000	1 Mount
A11973) h	Iles-	lee	06) 11.	Zen
(3)	1/1	٠ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ	Birth Date	Dirthplace	some foreign of the
Exect Spoiling All References	E	Meta Criminel Criminel Rofe	Cose Piles Only		testrict to Lecality of
Meia Subversive Cese Subversive References		Mala Sabverai	ve (If no Mein, Het ell)		
File & Serial Number	R	es est s	File & Ser	tel Number	Remerts
7 - 20)	4/2/	177	Stains	w.T.	
-4080	2 - 22 -	3	Title	anol	
-4099	-12-4	/ (/c	avol to	ma	- Ri
2	1 4	7			Black
28.50	1/2				÷
	1 Care)			
2-					Same and the same
(3) 87-1700	ox (rain	a	leaso	1 m	brown
<u> </u>	4			امرا	bjeet
KU 65-388	7/0=	21 0	1	144	
(y) () 3 -2 ()	1-60-		<u> </u>		
2	1				
(<u>5) 88-666-4</u>	179-71	1 Come	1 a	Clas	Imunico
Requested by		<u> </u>	. Fqual	Extension	PHO Mo.
Searched by 125 to 25	·			1 1 10 10	The second secon
Connolidated by	· · · · · · ·		late)		
Company of the second			ge)		
Revised File Por	To Bymbol	10	1 + 8 57		
1 - Identical	7 1 7 1	entifi chio		4 · 😉 ".	ر منجونهم الله ما أنساع بالمخرص أحراث

			Page 1	
TO: CHIEF CLERE			Dets	
Babjact (6) (Blac	k. Jarrey		٠,	
Allessed	7 0 4			
Address		Birth Date	Birthpleso :	The state of the s
Exact Spoiling All References Mein Subversive Case	Criminal Colored Criminal Reference Pilos Caly	_		Specificat to Locality of
Subversive References File & Serial Number		f so Mein, list ell	named Refere	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4) 100-128	4-1425-55	1/10	/ N/ ~	0
	178	an	hon	1 Piec
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		. /	
:	<u> </u>	 		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 		
	. :			
	: .			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
			-	ত কৰা ব্ৰহ্মটো কাইছে
**************************************	The second secon		:	The state of the s
	•	٠		
	<u> </u>	· ·		14 to 19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	<u> </u>			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		•
Requested by		Squad	Extension	File He.
Searched by Consolidated by	(da	ue)	1 to	
	(dat		7.	

Post Office Box 1158 Newark 2, New Jersey

October 15, 1957

Sandles and Sandles 9 Clinton Street Newark, New Jersey

> RE: IVY HOLDING COMPANY, INC., 92 Foward Street, Newark, New Jersey

Dear Sirs:

Your letter of October 10, 1957, was received.

Please be advised that this Bureau has no interest in the material stored at 92 Howard Street, Newark.

I appreciate your interest in bringing this to our attention.

Very truly yours,

Bernard C. Brown Special Agent in Charge

1 addressee 1 Newark PCZ: maj





LAW OFFICES

SANDLES & SANDLES

S CLINTON STREET

NEWARK, N.J. TEL. HITCHELL S-6166

October 10th, 1957.

Federal Bureau of Investigation Federal Square Newark. New Jersey

Dear Sirs:

Re: Ivy Holding Co. Inc. 92 Howard Street Newark, Nw Jersey.

We represent Ivy Holding 95., Inc. which has this day sold premises commonly known as 192 Howard Street, Newark, New Jersey.

It has been brought/to our attention that certain papers initally deposited by one T. L. Black for storage purposes have heretofore been examined by you, and that you may have an interest therein.

Inasmuch as our client has sold the subject premises, we are obliged to remove all storages.

Heretofore, we are advised, that climbles been receiving payment for storages from the Spruce Chemical Co. of #177 Mast Railway Avenue, Paterson, New Jersey. We have communicated with the latter with respect to the removal of the goods and the payment of the arrearages with respect to storages and find that at this point they repudiate any responsibility for same, notwithstanding that payments have heretofore been received from . them regularly.

We contemplate advertising the paper's for sale under the Warehousemen's Act in order that we may dispose of our liability of retaining said goods.

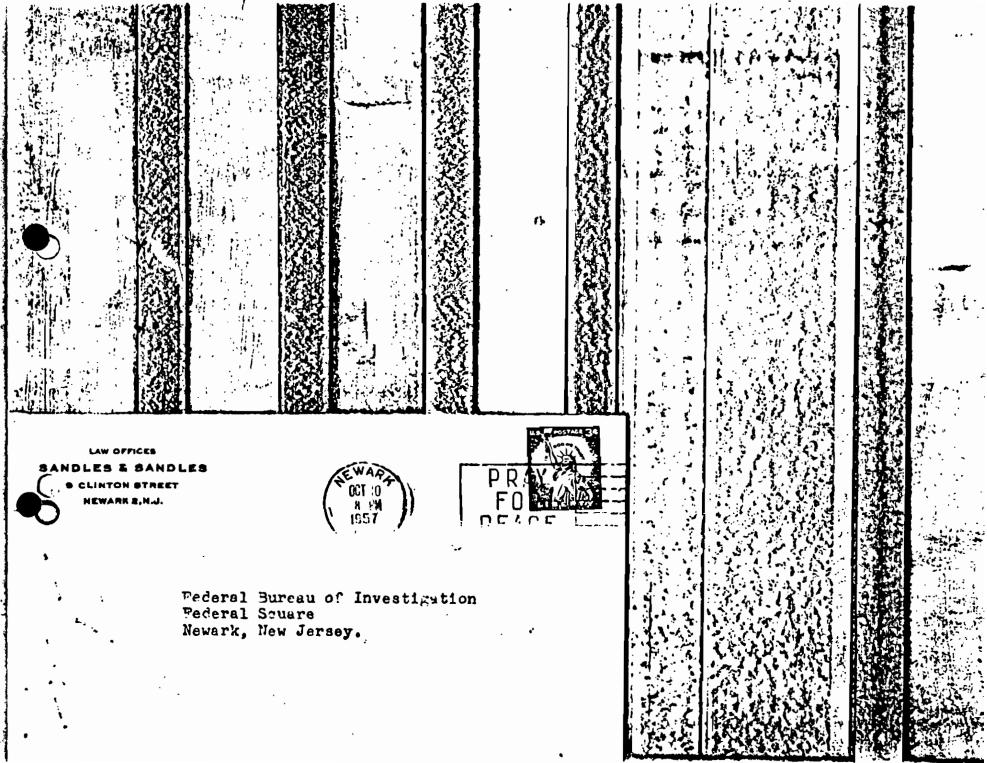
Our efforts to contact Mr. Black have been unsuccessful.

If you have any further interest in these instruments. please advise immediately so that our action does not in any way jeopardize your concern or interest in these papers, if same exists.

Very truly yours,

Searched

LS/AMC



Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

SAC. NEWARK (65-4074)

DATE:

10/6/59

FROM

SA FREDERICK C. ZINCK

SUBJECT:

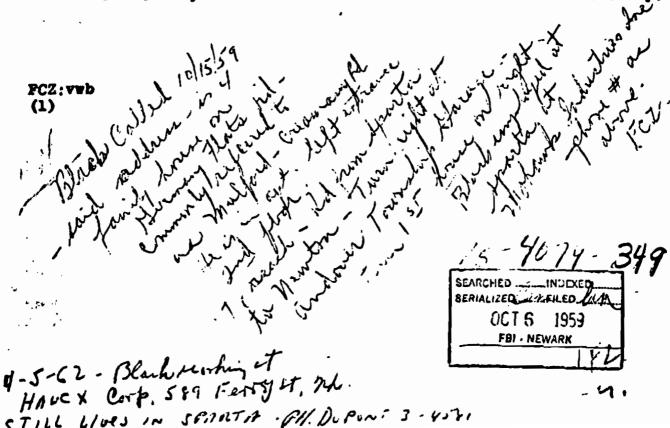
THOMAS LESSING BLACK ESPIONAGE - R

On 10/1/59, BLACK, who has been very cooperative in recent years, advised that he is moving the first of November. He has been living at 708 High Street, Newark, and has been interviewed on several occasions.

BLACK is now working at Sparta, N.J. He advised that he will move to Milford - Creameary Road - Andover Township, Sussex County, N. J. He will have no home phone and desires no mail be sent to that address but can receive mail at P. O. Box 1185, Sparta, N.J.

If necessary to get in touch with him, he can be reached at the office, phone number PArkway 9-6185. He requested that discretion be used in what is said when contacting him at his employment.

The writer has been the contact with BLACK since he came to New Jersey and will continue to contact him when necessary.





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Newark, New Jersey

April 19, 1962

/ / /

THOMAS L. BLACK ESPIONAGE - R 65-4074X 65-45

Thomas L. Black was interviewed on April 5, 1962 by Special Agents Paul J. Blasco and Robert W. Coholan.

At the outset of the interview, Black stated he was still living in Sparta, New Jersey and is presently employed by the Havex Corporation, 589 Ferry Street, Newark, N. J., as a chemist.

Black was shown photographs of various individuals who were involved in the Rosenberg case, including Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, David and Ruth Greenglass, Joel Barr, Alfred Sarnt, William Perl, Vivian Glassman and Morton Sobell. He advised that he did not know any one of these individuals and the only information he could offer would be what he read in the newspapers at the time of the arrest and subsequent trial of the Rosenbergs. He also advised he did not know Morris or Lona Cohen.

Concerning his own activities, Black stated from approximately 1940 to May, 1945, his Soviet principal was Joseph Katz. During this period he also had other principals for short periods of time, but he felt that they were more or less filling in for Katz, who was unavailable. He could not recall the names of these principals. Black stated his recollection was somewhat hazy due to the lapse of time and the only principals whom he recalls real well were Gaik Ovakimian, Paul Peterson, Dr. Gregori Rabinovich, Karl, John, Semenov and Joe Katz.

In showing Black pictures of the Rosenberg group, a photograph of Alexander Raev was placed among the pictures. Raev was the only individual Black stated he had ever met. He identified Raev's photograph as being identical with an individual whom he met on two occasions sometime between 1939 and May, 1945. Black stated he believed he was introduced to Raev by Joe Katz. However, he is not certain of this and it.

Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed

JUL 2/4 1962 FB: NE YERK



could possibly have been someone else. He believed the first meeting occurred in a restaurant in midtown Manhattan. While dining, Raev set up a date for a future meeting.

According to Black, the next meeting occurred about one month later and they met in front of the information booth in Penn Station, New York City. This second meeting was merely a get-acquainted meeting and Black does not recall receiving any assignments. He believed they had dinner together at a restaurant near Penn Station and he did not see Raev any more after this meeting.

Black recalled Raev as the type of person who always seemed to wear a smile. He had a pleasant personality and he impressed Black as being a novice in the "spy business". Black explained this by stating that he felt Raev violated a breach of security by arranging for a meet in front of the information booth at Penn Station. Black felt that a more experienced agent would not select such a place for a meet.

In response to an inquiry as to why he hedged on a prior identification of Raev, Black stated that whatever he said at any previous time would have been true to the best of his recollection as of that time. He recalled being previously questioned concerning Raev and recalled stating that he did not know whether or not he had ever met him. In an effort to determine when he met Raev, Black stated that it would have been sometime between 1939 and May, 1945. When he was told that Raev did not enter the United States until February, 1944, Black stated that in that case it would have been between February, 1944 and May, 1945.

Black also stated that from 1933 to May, 1945, he lived in three different apartments on Oxford Street in Newark, N. J. These apartments were owned by the Prudential Insurance Company. He does not recall the addresses on Oxford Street where he lived, but he said that he resided in two different apartments in the same building. He further stated that the purpose of these moves was to break away from the Soviets, which he had been trying to do since 1936. When he moved he would have his telephone number changed to an unlisted number. In addition, he also had his telephone number changed on other occasions without actually moving from an apartment on Oxford Street.



However, Joseph Katz was always able to find him and Katz intimated to him that he had a source in the telephone company for finding unlisted numbers.

The last time he saw Joseph Katz was sometime around May, 1945, after Black moved from Newark. N. J. to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania to work for Berg Laboratories. He did not know how Katz was able to find out where he was working, but in any event, while absent from Berg Laboratories one day, he received a phone call from a Miss Watkins. When this message was relayed to him, he recognized it as a prearranged signal and came to New York to see Katz. Black stated that this was the last time he saw Katz or any Soviet principal.

In connection with William Stapler, Black said he first met him about 1943 and believed he was introduced to Stapler by Katz. However, he is not certain of this and it could have been someone else. Black believed this meeting took place in New York City, but is not certain of same. After this initial meeting, Black met Stapler on two other occasions, both at Penn Station, Newark, N. J. and both meetings took place within a six-week period. At the first meeting at Penn Station, Newark, Black gave Stapler a sealed envelope containing over \$100. Stapler complained to Black about money and said the Hopewell reports were worth more than he was receiving. The second meeting occurred about six weeks later and nothing unusual transpired at this meeting. Black described this meeting as merely a maintaining contact meeting. In trying to estimate the year when these two meetings occurred, Black recalls Stapler telling him that his son was then 21 years of age and was in the U. S. Army.

Black further stated that he lost his job at Nopco in 1944, after ten years employment there. He told Joseph Katz he was jobless, whereas actually he was working a few days a week for Fine Organics in Lodi, N. J. and later for Berg Laboratories in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Since Katz thought he was out of work, Black received \$100 a month for at least six months. Black was certain that he did not receive only \$500 and he believes it is possible that he could have received \$700.

At the conclusion of the interview, Black stated that he was sorry that he could not be more specific on dates,

THOMAS L. BLACK

that he finds it difficult to relate events that occurred almost twenty years ago.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58068)

DATE: 4/19/62

FROM:

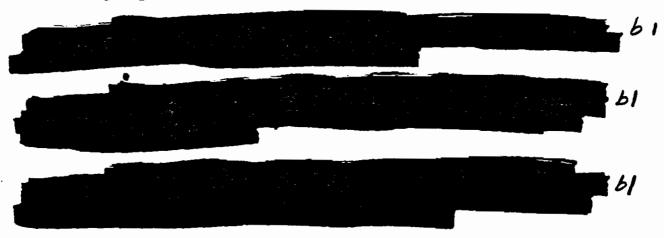
SAC, NEWARK (65-3906) (RUC)

SUBJECT:

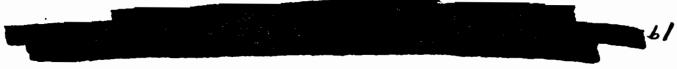


Re Bulet to Newark 3/19/62 and New York letter to Bureau, 9/28/61.

Enclosed for the information of the Bureau and for posssible dissemination are six copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned "THOMAS L. BLACK, ESPIONAGE - R". Copies of the letterhead memorandum are also being furnished offices receiving copies of this communication.



BLACK admitted meeting RAEV on two occasions during a period which had to occur between February. 1944 and May. 1945 (assuming RAEV never had a prior surreptitious entry into the United States).



BLACK admitted living in three apartments on Oxford Street in Newark from 1933 to 1945 and having his phone changed

2 - Bureau (Enc. 6) (RM)

1 - New York (65-14843) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)

1 - San Francisco (65-3939) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)

1 - Los Angeles (65-4778) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)

1 - Washington Field (65-5044) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)

- Newark

(1/- 65-4074)ec emg Serianzon RWC: emg

65-4074-351



ί.

NK 65-3906

to unlisted numbers in an effort to break off relations with the Soviets.

The Newark Office will conduct no further investigation in this matter until additional instructions are received from the Bureau,

DIRECTOR, TDI (103-93021)

7/23/62

BAC, NEVARZ (105-10908) (EUC)

BRIGH VLADINIR SHERBIN, Ake. IS - R (CO: Los Augolos)

on 7/13/62 TEOMAS L. BLACK advised he has been employed at Borne Chemical Co., 632 South Front St., Elixabethport, N. J., for about two weeks. He said his forcer employment at Havez Corp., Hewark, N. J., terminated in April, 1962, since this company was going out of business.

BLACK examined all photographs of subject as furnished by Los Angeles. BLACK advised that the photographs with the date 1939 on the rear bore a good resemblance to Unsub., Aka. CASL, but did not feel that the person in this photograph was identical with the person he know as CASL. BLACK did point out that he has not soon CANL since 1939 and that since that time his recollection of CANL is becoming furny. BLACK, however, eliminated the remaining photographs of the subject.

BLACT in further commenting on the subject's photographs dated 1939 said he felt the person in this photograph bore a good resemblence to CARL since both subject and CARL had light wavy hair, were tall and slim, both had blue eyes, and both had generally the same facial features. BLACK said, however, that he recalls CARL as younger in age than subject, at least 6'4" in height, as one with very deep "baby blue eyes", a pronounced equare jaw, and one whose origin was Ecandinavian rather than Russian. BLACK said CARL was a very cultured person who undoubtedly was very well educated. He said that from his conversations with CARL, it was his opinion CARL had a cultural education in the liberal arts rather than a technical field. He said CARL spoke excellent English although there was a trace of an accent, believed by BLACK to be a feardinavian accent, not a Russian accent.

3 - Buroau (SU) 2 - Los Angeles (100-10085) (SU) 1 - New York (100-17473) (Info) (SU 8 - Howark (1) - 55-4074)

MILES - JOHN

(8)

Searched Serialized Indexed Indexed

65-4074-352

NK 105-10908

BLACK said he had not with CARL perhaps six times during 1939 in New York City. He said one significant thing he recalled about CARL was that he was a lover of semi-classical music and particularly fond of Gilbert and Eullivan's operatus. BLACK recalled mentioning to CARL that the famed "D'Dyle Carte Opera Company" noted for their performances of Gilbert and Sullivan operatus in England, was coming to the U.S. to perform and that BLACK, also an admirer of Gilbert and Sullivan, was looking forward to seeing this group perform. BLACK recalls CARL stating that he, in the recent past, had seen this group perform in the Gilbert and Eullivan operatus at the Savey Theater in England. DIACK said he would guess that CARL had seen this performance during the period from 1935 - 1939.

In view of BLACK's comment that subject's 1939 photographs bore a good resemblance to Unsub., Aka. CARL, although he did not feel subject and CARL to be the same person, it is suggested that when the Los Angeles Office interviews subject, the topic of music should be inserted into the conversation and mention made of Gilbert and Sullivan operation. BLACK mentioned that CARL could speak for hours on music and was well orientated in Gilbert and Sullivan operation.

not identical with Unsub., Aka. CARL.

AIRTEL

TO:

DIRECTOR, PBI (65-57913)

TOP SE RET

FROM:

BAC, NEW YORK (65-14913)

SUBJECT:

JOSEPH KATZ aka ESP-R (OO:NY) APPRIPRIATE AGENCIES

AND FILLD OFFICES

AND EVENUENCE EVENUENCE

SLIP(S) OF C. 1978 J.P. 15

Renyteletype, 10/15/74.

For the information of NK, KATZ and wife, REBECCA GETZOFF, both presently residing in England, visited US in September, 1974, and attempts to obtain subject's cooperation were negative.

During interviews with SA ROBERT G. JENSEN, THOMAS L. BLACK (Bufile 65-58934) in June, 1950, (Report of SA JENSEN, page 8 and 9, 7/21/50, Philadelphia, Pa. in KATZ case), BLACK told of meeting with KATZ in MYC after WW II, possibly 1948 or earlier. At this meeting, KATZ said "they" had a contact through which they could learn what the PBI knew about BLACK. L/

TOP SECRET.

CLASSIFIED BY 5805

EXEMPT PRON GDS, CATEGORY 3

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEPENDENT

3)- Newark (65-3933) (RM)
(1)- 65-4074) (THOMAS L. BLACK)
1 - New York (65-15338) (THOMAS L. BLACK)

1 - New York

2 - Bureau (RM)3923

FWZ;lak (8) SERIALIZED TETLED TO SERIALIZED

NOV 1 1974

ERI- HEWARK

1016