

Julius Rosenberg Et AL.

Referral

Naval

Investigative

Service

No. 9

Appeal TO — Judge Advocate General (Code 14L)
Department of the Navy
Washington, D.C. 20370 REFERRAL

REFERRAL

Reviewed by: JUNO / ZRD

PACKET #9

AGENCY NAVAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE

No. of Pages

Subject and File Number

Serial

Date

Document Description

Actual Release

Actual Release

Thomas Block (WG) 65-59395

5

1951

NO 12 HOP. TO LA

2

2

William PERL (U) is 559312

99

9750

My Letter To HQ

3

3

Stanley Rich (HQ) 16559356

Pauls

BS Report to HQ w/ copy
of cover page & enclosures

19/1/10

9/1/10

SAC, Los Angeles

January 9, 1951

Director, FBI

UNKNOWN SUBJECT NICHOLS,
East Rutherford, New Jersey;
THOMAS L. BLACK - INFORMANT
ESPIONAGE - R
Your #65-5170

Reurmemo of November 29, 1950, concerning the captioned subject.

A check of the files of the Department of the Navy reflects a record on
one [REDACTED] Navy Serial Number [REDACTED] who may be identical with
the subject of your inquiry. [REDACTED] graduated from the United States Naval Academy
on [REDACTED] is retired from the United States Navy with the rank of [REDACTED]
on [REDACTED]

There is no indication in his service record of ever having resided in
East Rutherford, New Jersey; however, the following addresses do appear:

[REDACTED]

RECEIVED - NAVY ROOM

Tolson
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Nichols
Rosen

RECORDED 107

65-59395

MAILED 16

52 JAN 17 1951

COMM - FBI

65-59395-5

SAC, Los Angeles

January 9, 1951

[REDACTED]

A check of the name indices of the Identification Division failed to reflect a record on the subject; however, the finger impressions of [REDACTED] were borrowed from the Department of the Navy and searched through all files of the Identification Division with negative results.

b7c

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: WILLIAM PERL, was.
ESPIONAGE - R

DATE: September 7, 1950

Re Cleveland teletype, 8/22/50, 5:05 P.M., EDST.

Information in the files of the New York Office pertaining to ROBERT RESNICK, which appears to be identical with individual named in referenced teletype, is contained in reports from the Baltimore and Cleveland Offices. Inasmuch as the Cleveland Office has requested information from the Baltimore Office regarding RESNICK, this information is not being set forth herewith.

The files of the New York Office were examined for references to RALPH SPITZER. Report of SA Frederick M. Connors, 9/17/48, Boston, office of origin New York, entitled "IGNACY ZLOTOWSKI, was; ESPIONAGE - R", states in part as follows:

"According to copies of a Personnel Security Questionnaire in connection with [redacted] on file at the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, [redacted] was born at [redacted] with home address [redacted] His father's name was [redacted] and his mother's name was [redacted] furnished as [redacted] attended [redacted] he was on the [redacted] is a member of the [redacted] when applying for employment at the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, he furnished as references [redacted]

He was employed at the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute from November 20, 1943 to October 8, 1945 as a scientist. His specific work was in connection with Underwater Explosives Research Laboratory, a Bureau of Ordnance Project, U. S. Navy. This was classified strictly confidential and secret. [redacted] took underwater photographs of explosives and wrote one or two confidential reports, one of which is still of a secret classification. When he left the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, he went to [redacted] He took [redacted] was responsible for having [redacted] the bridge expert, come to the Marine Biological Laboratory, about 1944 or 1945, to present his idea of sharing the Bomb with all nations and setting up an International Police State to inspect the various laboratories throughout the world and prevent any country from surreptitious production of the Bomb. The

cc-Cleveland

Pittsburgh

RECORDED - 90 65-59312-89

INDEXED - 90 SEP 8 1950

HFG:RLT

65-15387 COPIES DESTROYED

R 342 NOV 22 1960

EX-13

b7c

Letter - Director
NY 65-15387

"night [redacted] talked, three members of the Army's Special Atomic Bomb Squad attended and seemed to be interested in some New York visitors, as well as in [redacted] b7c

The report of SA John B. Frisch, 5/9/46, New York, in the case entitled "IGNACY ZLOTOWSKI, was; ESPIONAGE - R", states in part:

"In connection with subject's (~~IGNACY ZLOTOWSKI'S~~) interest in atomic energy, Confidential Informant T-2 (a highly reliable and confidential source who had access to the records of the subject maintained by subject at the Barbizon Plaza Hotel, New York City, which source is known to Special Agents John B. Frisch, Jerome W. Prower and Francis X. Plant) advised that on September 10, 1945 Mrs. SYLVIA CRANE of Juniper Point, Woods Hole, Massachusetts, advised the subject that there was some excitement in her vicinity and among the scientists working at the various institutions in town in connection with the future of the atomic bomb. She said that most of the group were vitally concerned with the government's refusal to share the secret with the U.S.S.R. and foresee a catastrophe in a few years. She also mentioned that they would like to have the secret and the know-how lodged with the United Nations Organization. She referred to the fact that they had connections with the New Mexico group. Mrs. CRANE listed the problems confronting this group, which included how to organize a public campaign initiated by the scientists. She said that she had given them some ideas as to the approach on the public campaign and told a Dr. RALPH SPITZER, a young physical chemist who was most enthusiastic, to get in touch with the subject."

Other references in the New York files refer to a Dr. RALPH SPITZER, a university professor, who was dismissed on the grounds of Communist activity.

A Dr. RALPH SPITZER, Associate Professor of Chemistry, Oregon State College, did not have his contract renewed because of a letter written by him to "Chemical and Engineering News" on 1/31/49. In the letter he discussed the genetics controversy in the Soviet Union, took exception to the interpretation given by MULLER in articles in the "Saturday Review of Literature" and urged that objective consideration be given in this country to the views of ~~LYSENKO~~, Soviet agronomist.

A confidential informant of the New York Office advised that a ~~TERRY SPITZER~~ stated that she was renting a film about atomic energy and

Letter - Director
NY 65-15387

was sending it to her husband RALPH, who resides at 52 Hereford Street, Boston, and who was arranging to show this film at a meeting to be held at MIT Observatory.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK

FILE NO.

65-3385

HLE

REPORT MADE AT BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS	DATE WHEN MADE 8/11/1950	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8/8/10/11/1950	REPORT MADE BY BRENTON S. GORDON
TITLE STANLEY ROBERT RICH			CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Employment records available locally reflect Subject, born October 21, 1917, at New York City, is a U. S. citizen. Subject educated New York City Public Schools through 1933. Received B.E.E., C.C.N.Y., 1938 and attended Brooklyn Polytech 1940-1942. Subject employed U.S.N. Bu. Ord., Washington, D.C., from October, 1938 to February, 1940; U.S.N. Radio Material, Brooklyn, New York, from February, 1940 to April, 1943; Harvard University, Underwater Sound Laboratory, from April, 1943 to May, 1945; Submarine Signal, Boston, from May, 1945 to March 31, 1950. Presently reported as employed by Rich-Roth Laboratory, 373 Connecticut Road, East Hartford, Connecticut. Subject visited Canada on vacations in summers of 1936 and 1947, denies other travel outside United States. Subject cleared for access to classified material on August 10, 1948. Subject was "key" research worker in development of guided missile and radar for Bu. Ord., U.S.N. Handwriting, hand printing and photograph obtained. Indices, Boston Division, and Confidential Informants checked with negative results.

- RUC -

AGENCY *100* OSI DIST OFF 4
REG. REC'D. *12-1-58*
REPT. FORW. *12-17-58*
BY *[Signature]*

DETAILS:

I. PERSONAL HISTORY

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Confidential Informant T-I, another Governmental agency with jurisdiction in intelligence and personnel matters, made available a collection of applications for employment and Personnel Security Questionnaire completed by the Subject while

APPROVED AND FORWARDED COPY IN FILE	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 6 - BUREAU (ENC.) 5 - NEW YORK (ENC.) 3 - NEW HAVEN 3 - BOSTON		65-59356-1 AUG 14 1950	RECORDED 1025 INDEXED - 125

26 AUG 31 1950

he resided in this area. From these the following information has been obtained:

STANLEY ROBERT RICH was born at New York City, New York, October 21, 1917. He is the son of MORRIS RICH and MINNIE, nee LAZAREFF, RICH. These persons resided in 1945 at 4761 Broadway, New York City, New York. MORRIS RICH was born in Russia and is allegedly now a citizen of the United States. MINNIE RICH was born in the United States and is a citizen.

The Subject is married to the former SHIRLEY SOHLN, who was born in the United States, and is the father of JULIE RICH and EUGENIA RICH by this marriage.

Subject's father-in-law, PHILLIP CONEN, is deceased, and his mother-in-law, KATE MOHEN, resides at 2112 Davidson Avenue, New York City. Both parents-in-law were born in Poland but are now alleged to be naturalized citizens of the United States.

Subject has a sister, RHODA L. GERSTLIN, who was born in the United States and who resides with her parents at 4761 Broadway, New York City.

RICH graduated from New York City Public School #52 in 1929; from DeWitt Clinton High School, New York City, in 1933. He enrolled in the City College of New York, School of Technology, in September, 1933 and received a Bachelor of Engineering Degree in 1938. He has further attended Brooklyn Polytechnical Institute, at Brooklyn, New York, from 1940 to 1942, taking courses in electrical engineering.

The Subject was employed from October, 1938 to February, 1940 as a Junior Engineer in the Bureau of Ordnance, Torpedo Design Section, U. S. Navy, Washington, D. C. His supervisor at the latter point was JOHN STOCKARD. Subject transferred from the above position in February, 1940 to outside supervising engineer, Radio, Underwater Sound Installation, U. S. Navy Yard, Brooklyn, New York. His supervisor at that station was JOHN F. BOELNEURG.

In April, 1943, the Subject transferred from the above position to one of special research associate, the Harvard University Underwater Sound Laboratory, Cambridge, Massachusetts. His supervisor was Dr. C. P. BOWER, Associate Director. In May, 1945, the Subject was transferred from the above position to the Submarine Signal Company, Boston, Massachusetts. He first served as design coordinator to the chief engineer (radar) at this

private contractor's establishment. In May, 1947 he was promoted because of his outstanding work for the Navy Bureau of Ordnance at the Submarine Signal Co., with reference to the developing of missile guidance systems. In June, 1948 he was further promoted because of his outstanding work on underwater sound communication and electronics sound engineering. He resigned on short notice on March 31, 1950, leaving no forwarding address with the Submarine Signal Co, which, it is noted, is a sub-division of the Raytheon Manufacturing Co.

From 1940 to 1943, the Subject resided at 10 Monroe Street, New York City. From 1943 to 1947, he resided at 41 Linnaean Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and from 1947 to June 19, 1950 (according to Boston T-3, of known reliability) resided at 157 Elgin Street, Newton Center, Massachusetts.

Boston T-2 and Boston T-3, both of known reliability, independently advised that in June, 1950 the Subject left a forwarding address, c/o Rich-Roth Laboratory, 673 Connecticut Road, East Hartford, Connecticut.

From the same personnel forms furnished by T-I it is learned that the Subject claims to have travelled outside the United States on but two occasions, i. e., July-August, 1936 and July, 1947. In each instance he stated that he vacationed in unspecified points in Canada.

From the forms provided by T-I, it was also learned that the Subject was a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, at City College New York, in 1937-1938, and a member of Sigma XI, at Harvard University, in 1945. The same source reflected that he has had no military training. He claims to be able to speak and write French fluently.

II. ACTIVITIES

Boston T-I advised that the Subject was cleared for access to classified information by the Navy Department in August, 1948. He had been cleared earlier by O.S.A.D. for access to classified information on May 8, 1943, while at the Harvard University Underwater Sound Laboratory.

Boston T-I advised a Security type investigation was completed with reference to the Subject on August 16, 1948 and no derogatory information was obtained. In connection therewith, a neighborhood investigation was conducted at 41 Linnaean Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and the files

of this Bureau, of T-4, another Governmental Agency having a jurisdiction in personnel and intelligence investigations, Police and Credit records were checked, with negative results.

Boston T-5 and Boston T-6, are of known reliability. These Informants are familiar with some phases of Communistic activity in this area. Interviewed separately, the Informants advised that the name of the Subject was not familiar to them.

The Subject is described as follows:

Age:	32 years
Date of Birth:	October 21, 1917
Place of Birth:	New York City
Citizenship:	U. S.
Race:	White
Height:	5'8"
Weight:	170
Eyes:	Brown
Hair:	Brown
Glasses:	None
Marital Status:	Married to SHIFLEY, nee COHEN, RICH.
Children:	JULIE RICH EUGENIA RICH
Occupation:	Electronics Engineer.
Military Service:	Registered Local Draft Board #1 119 Nassau Street, New York, New York.
Social Security:	No. 027-22-0945.

ENCLOSURES TO THE BUREAU: One photostatic copy of article written by Subject, appearing in November, 1948 issue of "Electronics" entitled "SONIC NAVIGATION SYSTEM."

One copy of investigative report prepared by T-1.

ENCLOSURES TO NEW YORK: One copy of each of items enclosed to Bureau. Eleven negatives containing specimens of Subject's handwriting, hand printing, and copies of photo of Subject taken in November, 1944.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Confidential Informant T-3 made available the toll charges appearing on the Subject's telephone bill, at 157 Algin Street, Newton Center (Decatur 2-4231), for the months of April, May and June, 1950, as follows:

<u>MONTH</u>	<u>PLACE</u>	<u>EXCHANGE</u>	<u>FROM</u>
<u>APRIL</u>			
20	New York, New York.	BEE 3-3929	
21	"	LORRAINE 7-2139	Collect from Mrs. RICH.
22	"	BEEK 3-3929	" " Mrs. STANLEY
			✓ RICH.
25	Hartford, Connecticut	32-0029	Collect from STANLEY RICH.
<u>MAY</u>			
4	Darien, Connecticut	5-0503	The number "5-1425" was on the toll ticket but was crossed off. Also the words "CHR. SUMNER Inst." were on the ticket but were crossed off. Mrs. CHURCHILL, Cherry Lawn School. Unable to reach phone. Left work for any time this evening. 9 minutes. Charge \$1.35.
4	Hartford, Connecticut	8-8963	
2	" "	46-9215	Collect from RICH
7	" "	32-3764	" " "
14	New York, New York	LORRAINE 7-2139	:
14	Stamford, Connecticut	2-9214	" " Mrs. CLARICE
			STRASSEN.
18	Hartford, Connecticut	46-9215	Collect from RICH
22	" "	7-5913	" " "
25	" "	46-9215	" " "
<u>JUNE</u>			
6	Hartford, Connecticut	46-9215	Collect from RICH

BOS 65-3385

<u>MONTH</u>	<u>PLACE</u>	<u>EXCHANGE</u>	<u>FROM</u>
<u>JUNE</u>			
8	Hartford, Connecticut	46-9215	Collect from RICH.
13	" "	7-5997	" " "
15	" "	46-9182	" " "

The indices of the Boston Division reflect that on January 15, 1944 a person describing himself as STANLEY RICH, 44 Linnaean Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts, telephonically advised this office that he had been listening to radio station WLM, at Lawrence, Massachusetts, and had heard several "key clicks." RICH asserted that upon hearing these clicks over the long range band he had tuned in his shortwave band and received the same key clicks. He also asserted that he heard someone stating "1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3," RICH advised that he was a research associate at Harvard University and had considerable experience in radio. Because of the above-described experience he had concluded that there was a shortwave transmitting unit on an 1800 kilocycle shortwave band within one block of his residence.

Since the Subject resided on Linnaean Street and was employed at the Harvard Underwater Sound Laboratory at the time of this complaint, it is likely that he is identical with the complainant.

This matter was referred to the F.C.C. at Post Office Box 2155, Boston, Massachusetts, by Boston letter to that agency dated February 3, 1944.

There are no other references to the Subject in the indices of the Boston Division not previously reported by the Office of Origin.

The writer ascertained, [REDACTED] that the premises last occupied by the Subject, 157 Elgin Street, Newton Center, Massachusetts, are now occupied by ALEXANDER BOGROW. BOGROW is the subject of a Closed Internal Security-R case at Boston, and is the subject of a Security Index Card. He is employed at the Arthur D. Little Co., Cambridge, Massachusetts, as a physical chemist. He is credited with having developed a flame thrower used by the armed forces during World War 2, at great personal risk. b7E

BOGROW has been identified as a member of the Communist Party, USA, in the past, and has failed to clear security investigations conducted by the

ROS 65-3385

Department of Defense Intelligence Agency.

The degree of association, if any, between ALEXANDER BOGROW and the Subject is not known to the Boston Division.

BOS 65-3385

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

THE NEW HAVEN DIVISION:

By Boston telephone call of August 11, 1950, the New Haven Office was requested to verify the Subject's address at 673 Connecticut Road, East Hartford, Connecticut, and to ascertain his residence address. New Haven is requested to furnish this information to Boston, the Bureau and New York City by teletype.

THE NEW YORK DIVISION:

Will print sufficient copies of the enclosed negatives to provide the Bureau with handwriting and hand printing specimens of the Subject.

Will print sufficient copies of the Subject's photograph, negatives enclosed herewith, to provide the Bureau, Boston and New Haven with copies thereof.

No additional leads are being set forth due to the paucity of information available at Boston concerning this Subject. Further leads are being left to the discretion of the Office of Origin with a suggestion that additional information concerning Subject's alleged Espionage activities be furnished New Haven. It is noted that New Haven does not have a copy of report of Special Agent VINCENT J. CARILL, made at New York, dated August 5, 1950 and entitled MAX ELITCHER, ET UX, ESPIONAGE - R, which contains fragmentary information concerning the Subject.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK

FILE NO.

65-3385 HLL

REPORT MADE AT BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS	DATE WHEN MADE 8/11/1950	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8/9/10/11/1950	REPORT MADE BY BRENTON S. GORDON
TITLE STANLEY ROBERT RICH			CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Employment records available locally reflect Subject, born October 21, 1917, at New York City, is a U. S. citizen. Subject educated New York City Public Schools through 1933. Received B.E.E., C.C.N.Y., 1938 and attended Brooklyn Polytech 1940-1942. Subject employed U.S.N. Bu. Ord., Washington, D.C., from October, 1938 to February, 1940; U.S.N. Radio Material, Brooklyn, New York, from February, 1940 to April, 1943; Harvard University, Underwater Sound Laboratory, from April, 1943 to May, 1945; Submarine Signal, Boston, from May, 1945 to March 31, 1950. Presently reported as employed by Rich-Roth Laboratory, 673 Connecticut Road, East Hartford, Connecticut. Subject visited Canada on vacations in summers of 1936 and 1947, denies other travel outside United States. Subject cleared for access to classified material on August 10, 1948. Subject was "key" research worker in development of guided missile and radar for Bu. Ord., U.S.N. Handwriting, hand printing and photograph obtained. Indices, Boston Division, and Confidential Informants checked with negative results.

- RUC -

DETAILS:

I. PERSONAL HISTORY

Confidential Informant T-I, another Governmental agency with jurisdiction in intelligence and personnel matters, made available a collection of applications for employment and Personnel Security Questionnaire completed by the Subject while

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
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5 - NEW YORK (ENC.)		
3 - NEW HAVEN		
3 - BOSTON		

INVESTIGATION REPORT

(4) 100-421214-19 September 1947; same Subject

FD-302 (2)

1990

701-869-0000

Information is requested to determine Subject's suitability.

Investigation discloses Subject's only known residence in Washington, D. C. was at 1918 14th Street, N.W. in February 1940 when employed under Probational Appointment, Naval Air Station, Flat at \$2000. per annum in Electronics section. On March 15, 1940 he moved to Navy Yard, New York with a clear employment record. Subject resided at 112 New Jersey Ave., N.Y., where a neighbor advised he recalled nothing derogatory to Subject or his wife.

1. All films of the Buena Vista subject was born October 21, 1917 at
New York, New York. Father, John, mother, Miss Jazareff Rich both citizens of
the United States (Subversive); All local police and Credit Bureau report no
information on this subject. All films contain no information other than directed

WATER KEROSEOLITE

1994

Robert J. Taylor, Esq.



ENV

June 1948

Followed in 1961

1947: 3501

1997

WAS DOTT ON

01724

7-15-1964
11:00 AM

of the Federal Bureau

State Board

STUDY ON

RICH, Stanley Robert, 257 Main St., Newton Center, Mass.

BIRTH DATA

END 1

SUBJECT's Personnel Security Questionnaire indicates that he was born at New York City, New York on Oct. 21, 1917, son of Morris and Millicent Lazareff RICH.

REFERENCE

Investigation at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass., revealed that SUBJECT's reference, Dr. Harold P. KNAUSS, is no longer employed there. Investigation at 12 Richardson Road, Belmont, Mass., reference's former residence, revealed that he no longer lives at that address. The forwarding address sent with the present occupant of the premises is 2146 Malvern Ave., Dayton 6, Ohio.

NEIGHBORHOOD

On 2 June 1948, investigator interviewed [redacted] Linnaean St., Cambridge, Mass., who stated, in substance:

"Mr. Stanley RICH was a tenant in this building when I came here 3 years ago. He has been an ideal tenant, never caused any trouble, and appeared to be a level-headed fellow. As far as I know, he is loyal to his country, and being the quiet type, I am sure that he would not talk about matters that should be kept to himself."

On 2 June 1948, investigator interviewed [redacted] Linnaean St., Cambridge, Mass., who stated, in substance:

"Stanley RICH was a tenant here in this house for about 4 years. He is a man of moderate habits, a fine family man, and a discreet talker. I am sure he is loyal to this country."

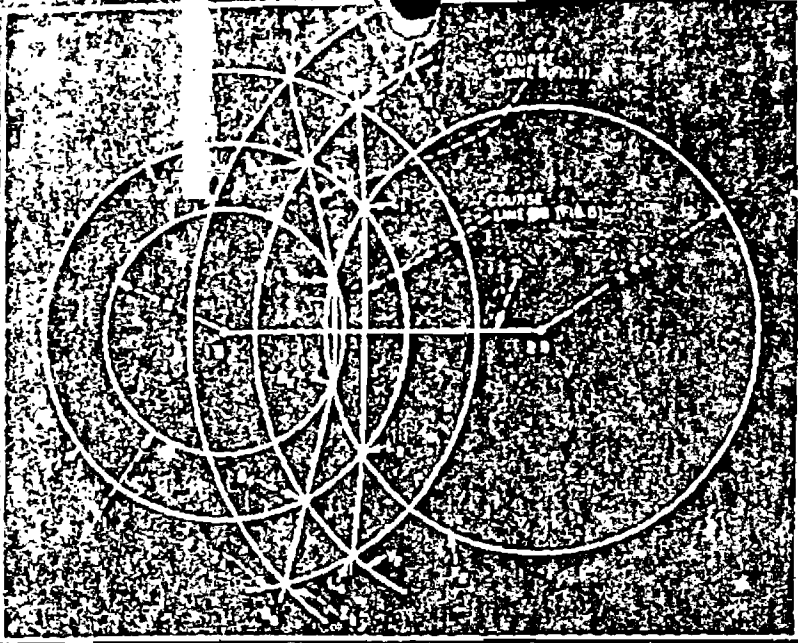
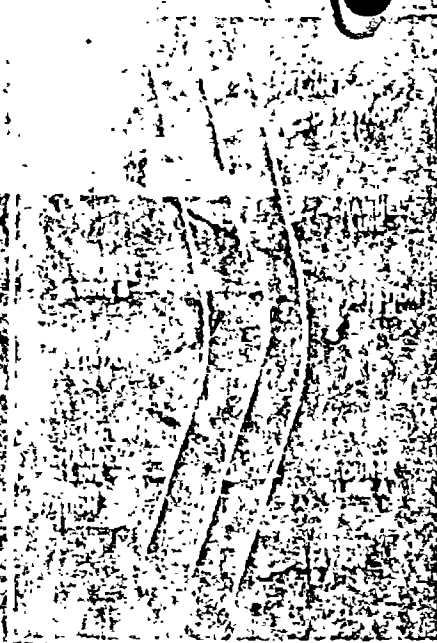


FIG. 1—Construction shows how straight and curved course lines are generated

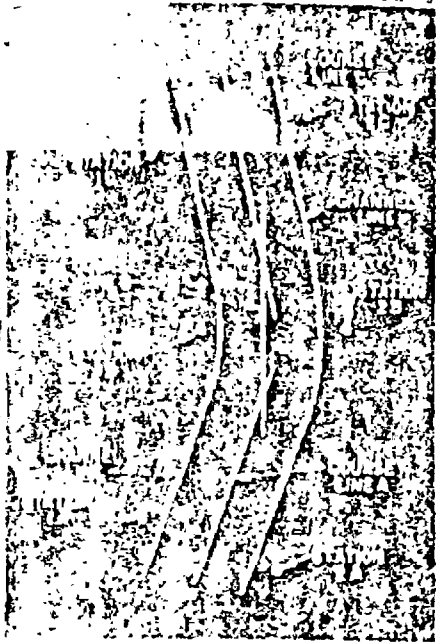
Sonic Navigation

A new electronic under-water sound navigation system for harbor and channels uses pairs of transmitters pulsed at audible frequencies. A ship on course receives the two tones simultaneously. Aural monitoring assures position within 50 yards while lesser deviations are possible when meter indications are used.

The new system consists of equipment independent of weather conditions. It is a hyperbolic system, in that the locus of points where the first arrival pulses are received simultaneously is a hyperbola. The system consists of one or more pairs of underwater sound generators located at spaced points along a channel or traffic lane. Each pair of the pair (illustrated) on each side of the channel. In each pair the members are pulsed at intervals, and the pulse from each member has a distinguishing frequency characteristic. A person on a vessel sailing between a pair is in position to hear both generators with a simple listening or hydrophone arrangement. Pulse lengths as short as 80 milliseconds are used so that the listener can ascertain his position within fifty yards in accordance with the basic con-

cepts of a hyperbolic system, the listener navigates the path on which he receives a single note, indicating that first-arrival signals from both generators are being received simultaneously. This path is made to be a straight line or a curve, depending on channel shape and other harbor requirements. Where it is a straight line, two generators are pulsed simultaneously, so that the locus of points where the first arrival pulses are available simultaneously is a straight line which is the perpendicular bisector of the line between the generators. To provide a curved path, the two generators are pulsed in sequence, and, as explained below, the isotime locus generated is a hyperbola, which is made to fit a particular channel by adjusting the time interval between

the two pulses. The system is a hyperbolic system, in that the locus of points where the first arrival pulses are received simultaneously is a hyperbola. The system consists of one or more pairs of underwater sound generators located at spaced points along a channel or traffic lane. Each pair of the pair (illustrated) on each side of the channel. In each pair the members are pulsed at intervals, and the pulse from each member has a distinguishing frequency characteristic. A person on a vessel sailing between a pair is in position to hear both generators with a simple listening or hydrophone arrangement. Pulse lengths as short as 80 milliseconds are used so that the listener can ascertain his position within fifty yards in accordance with the basic con-



System

Operation

The stations 1A, 2A, 1B, 2B, 1C, 2C, and 1D, 2D are a third pair designed as course line A. It is the locus of points which are equidistant from both stations for sound travelling through the water, so that a person on a vessel which is navigated along this line is in a position to hear a single sound, which is a mixture of 600 and 900 cycles per second, whenever the stations are simultaneously pulsed. Thus, a navigator who is provided with only simple underwater listening equipment needs merely to steer the path along which he hears this single mixed signal to remain in the channel and on course line A. In even the deepest fog, if he steers or drifts too far to one side or the other, he will hear a sequence of two pulse signals, either a low and

Outline drawing of transmitting stations

of arrival is that line of which the locus of points of arrival is that line of which each point is T seconds from the first station heard, and $T + 1$ seconds from the second station heard. Here T is analogous to X above, and $T + 1$ is analogous to $X + K$.

Case 3. They may be pulsed simultaneously, and the locus of points of fixed differential time (T) of arrival is that line in which each point is T seconds from one of the stations, and $T + 1$ seconds from the other station where both T and 1 are constants. Again T is analogous to X and $T + 1$ is analogous to $X + K$.

Referring now to Fig. 2 Stations 1B and 2B are shown with a straight line CD drawn between them. The locus of points of arrival depends not only on X and $X + K$ as developed above, but also on the length of CD which is apparent from Fig. 2. If we assume that Station 2B is pulsed before Station 1B, then in accordance with Case 2 above, the locus of points of simultaneous arrival for the first arrival signals from both stations is that line which is everywhere X linear units from Station 1B, and $X + K$ linear units from Station 2B. This locus can be determined as shown in Fig. 2, using one of the standard methods by which hyperbolas are constructed in elementary descriptive geometry. The distance CD being fixed, the amount of curvature of the hyperbola drawn is governed by the value of the constant K , which is to say, by the fixed amount of time delay between pulsing of the two generators 1B and 2B, since this is the same for sound from both stations. It will be recognized that the constant K represents an identical elapsed time in

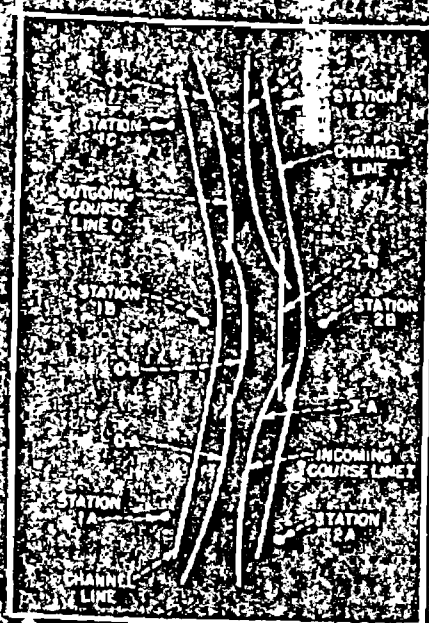


FIG. 1—Incoming and outgoing channels can be indicated by observing time differences.

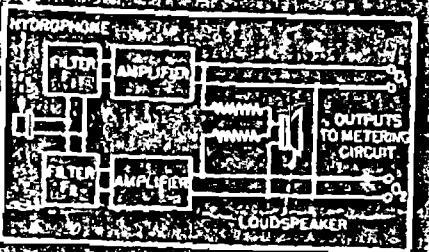


FIG. 2—Time difference indicator.

apples equally well to Cases 3 and 4 mentioned above, being understood that K includes also the fixed differential time of arrival. When the bend in a channel is slight, it is not always necessary to curve the course line to fit, but depending on the width of the channel, the conditions to either side of it, and the traffic problem, it may often be satisfactory merely to employ a series of straight course lines having different respective directions. Such an arrangement is that of Fig. 3, which is otherwise the same as that of Fig. 1.

Receiving Equipment. As stated, a vessel need be equipped with only the simplest kind of listening apparatus in order to take advantage of the system. Such an apparatus might comprise a hydrophone connected to a suitable

drophone is omnidirectional in construction and installation. An even simpler arrangement, a stethoscope-like listening arrangement known as a sea tube can be employed. Or, in a more elaborate electronic equipment the two pulses can be separately amplified and compared, as in the arrangement shown in Fig. 6. The hydrophone then feeds into two filters in parallel, each of which passes only the frequency of one of the stations. One filter is set for f_1 (600 cps) and the other filter is set for f_2 (900 cps). Each filter feeds into an amplifier which provides two separate output signals at O_1 and O_2 , respectively. The loudspeaker is provided with the output of both amplifiers simultaneously by a bridging or isolating circuit arrangement. The output signals have sufficiently high level for use in an automatic electronic time comparison circuit. Such a circuit is shown in Fig. 7.

Keying the Transmitters

The signal generating equipment is composed of conventional parts, as in Fig. 4A. A keying device or coder controls the output of two transducers, one for each station of a pair. The coder generally comprises a pair of switch contacts and a motor-driven commutator. The commutator has a group of switch segments each of which is successively closed. One segment, in this instance, is of a given length, and the other two are longer so that when the commutator is rotated in the direction indicated by the arrow, the code letter W is generated. The coder keys two drivers, one for each of the two transducers, respectively. The keying signal to one of the drivers is fed through a device that serves to delay the output from one transducer with respect to that from the other transducer. Thus, if these transducers are the sound producers for Stations 1B and 2B of Fig. 1 respectively, the system of Fig. 4A can be set up to emit, for each keying operation of the coder, a pulse from Station 2B and thereafter a pulse from Station 1B, the time between these pulses being controlled by the delay device. The delay device can be omitted where a

...would, of course, be furnished with the necessary information from which they can mark the locations of the stations and the frequencies of their signals on a chart of the channel so that one may know which way to turn to call along course line A. The course line can be regarded as a highway center line and when it is desired to navigate to either side, it is useful that the signals are received successively rather than simultaneously.

Curved Channel

After passing along course line A the channel curves to the left in the region of stations 1B and 2B. Stations 1B and 2B are pulsed in such a fashion that the locus of all points at which the emitted pulses will be heard simultaneously is a curved line which follows the curve of the channel to a satisfactory degree. This line is designated as course line B in Fig. 1. Course line B is moved by pulsing one station at a time before the other. The direction of curvature is determined by the order of pulsing, and the degree of curvature by the amount of time difference between the pulsing of the first and second stations. In Fig. 1, course line B is curved to the left by pulsing station 2B prior to station 1B.

Station 1B emits signals having the same sound frequency as those of 1A, while 2B emits signals having the same sound frequency as those of 2A. As the navigator leaves Station 1A and 2A behind and approaches 1B and 2B, the signals from the former fade and those from the latter become louder. Where the two paths cross, both pairs of stations will be heard, and a choice of paths may be presented to the navigator. Before he has gone far, the signals from Station 1A will become weak enough and those from Station 2B strong enough that there will be no doubt by which to be guided. The signal strengths of the pairs of stations are adjusted so that there is not a strong set of signals tending to

...the following experiment being to... the navigation can be guided out of the channel while course line B becomes comparatively so strong that he will make no other choice than to follow it. Also, the signals from the nearest pair will be heard first. From course line B the navigator proceeds to another straight course line C, which is produced by the third pair of stations 1C and 2C in the same fashion as course line A.

The signals that are heard by the navigator consist of first arrivals plus reverberation signals. The first arrivals are the signals by which the navigator is guided, the reverberations being ignored. Since the first arrival signals are much louder than the reverberations, that is not difficult. Also the pulse repetition frequency of the generators is made deliberately low (ten seconds between pulses). This per-

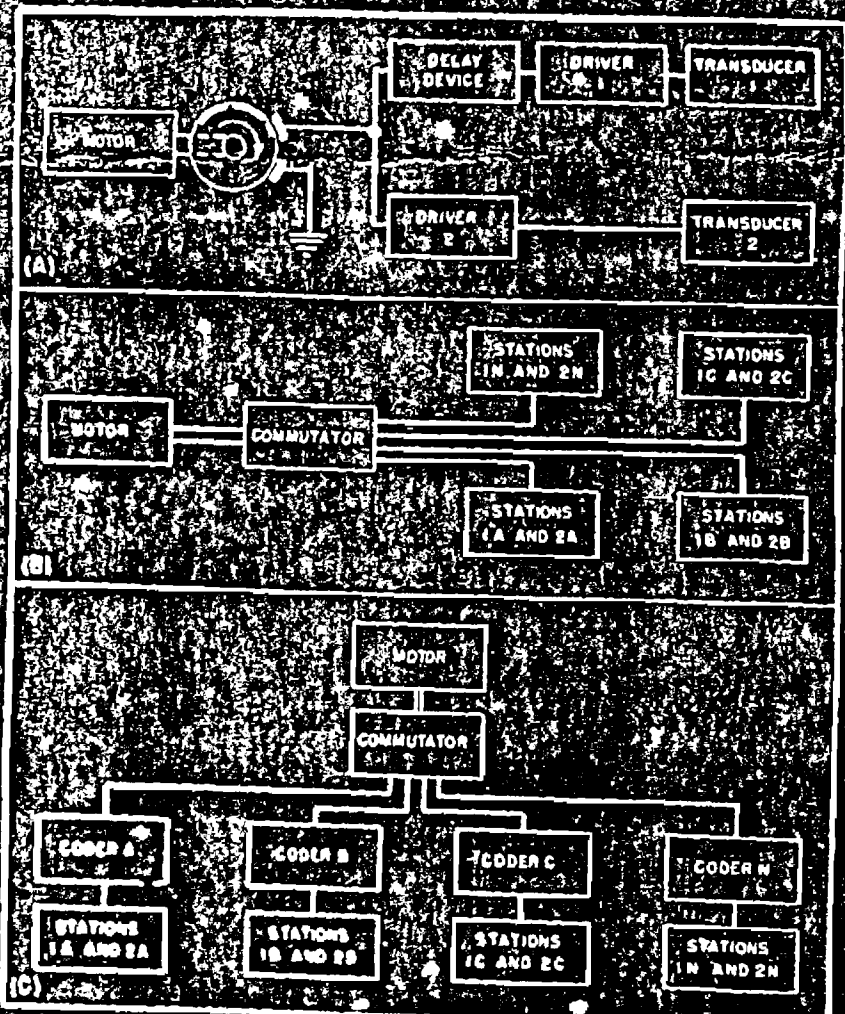
...side ample time for reverberations to die out prior to the successive pulsing of the generators. The pulsing of the various pairs of stations need have no definite interrelation, but as will be shown a sequence can be provided which further reduces the chances of confusion.

Timing the Pulses

Consideration of the problem of planning and laying out course lines in a channel in the system reveals that there are four ways in which a pair of sound generators may be treated that are of interest. These four cases are:

Case 1. They may be pulsed simultaneously, and the locus of points of simultaneous arrival is a straight line which is the perpendicular bisector of the line between them (course line A).

Case 2. They may be pulsed in



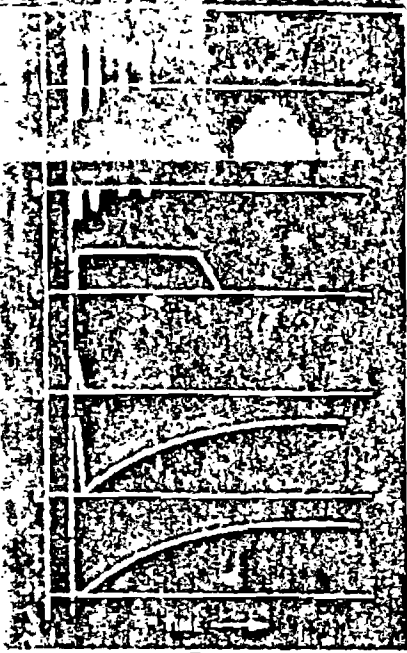


FIG. 1—Waveform oscillograms in time difference circuit

...ations to keep himself in the best path to the right of center. The time differences that he must observe for each line for each half of stations will be furnished to the navigator in advance as part of his instructions for conduct while entering and leaving the harbor. He may employ the arrangement shown in Fig. 8 for determining that he is on a proper course line. Section 8 of an arrangement is particularly valuable in that it tends to reject extraneous noise signals, such as propeller noises from other ships. With this apparatus, the ear alone can be depended upon to recognize and maintain a small time difference between two signals of a half station, making possible safe navigation with very simple listening apparatus. For accurate measurement of the time difference, however, the navigator can employ the indicator shown in Fig. 7. This time difference indicator employs two identical channels, one connected to output O₁ and the other to output O₂ of Fig. 6 in each of which there is generated a single voltage pulse trigger in response to the first arrival signal from the corresponding station of the pair under observation. Each pulse trigger initiates a sawtooth voltage wave in its own channel and controls the normally open gate stage in the

...both voltage stage of each channel is momentarily made available through the gate circuit of that channel to a meter into which both channels feed and which indicates the amount and sense of the time difference. Since both signal channels are identical, only one need be described.

Channel Indicator Circuit

Each signal channel includes a one-shot multivibrator, a differentiating circuit, a sawtooth sweep generator, a gate circuit, and an output pulse transformer. The multivibrator is set up so that the first triode is normally conducting in the absence of signals. A diode is provided in the input circuit of the one-shot multivibrator and connected so that negative voltages only appear on the control grid of the normally conducting triode in response to signals from the station under observation. As shown in Fig. 8, at A, the signal from a station consists of a first arrival wave train of comparatively large amplitude, plus reverberations. The negative portion of this signal, shown at B, appears on the grid of the triode. This signal initiates the action of the one-shot multivibrator whose time constants are set up to be long enough to prevent reversal until all reverberations and other signals have disappeared. The differentiating circuit has a time constant C.R. of the order of 1 millisecond and produces a short positive pulse across R₁ marking the leading edge of the multivibrator reversal (C). This pulse is shown at D. The sweep generator is an RC circuit (R.C.) triggered by a thyatron. The control grid of the thyatron is triggered by the differentiating circuit R.C. Thus, a sawtooth voltage wave is provided as shown at E. The sawtooth voltage wave is sampled by a gate circuit. A diode clamp is connected across the output of the sweep generator on the isolated side of the channel. The sweep voltage that is available to the gate circuit is shown at F. This sweep voltage starts at the zero level because of the diode clamp. The gate circuit is a conventional

...ion is biased to cutoff, as shown, and is provided with a grid-input-control pulse transformer. The O₁ channel gate is connected to the differentiating circuit of the O₁ channel, and the O₂ channel gate is connected to the differentiating circuit of the O₂ channel. Thus the O₁ channel gate is controlled by the positive pulse from the O₁ channel, and the O₂ channel gate is controlled by the O₂ channel.

The secondary windings of the output pulse transformers of the O₁ and O₂ channels respectively are connected to a normally centered meter which is deflected to one side or the other depending on the magnitude and direction of the output signal. The two secondary windings are so phased that their output signals deflect the meter needle in opposite directions, and each is connected to the meter through a suitable rectifier.

If the two first arrival signals from a pair of stations are picked up in sequence, one is fed through O₁ to one channel, while the other is fed through O₂ to the other channel. The pulse trigger (Fig. 8D) which corresponds to the first signal opens the gate in the second channel, but since the second channel has not yet received any signal, there is no sweep voltage to be sampled through the opened gate. This same pulse, however, starts the sawtooth wave in its own signal channel. Thereafter, the trigger pulse from the second channel opens the gate in the first channel and a pulse having a peak voltage determined by the instantaneous level of the sawtooth voltage in the first channel is applied to the output circuit. Thus, the sampled output of only one of the sweeps is applied to the meter, namely, that which comes from the signal channel carrying the first signal received, and the voltage level at which it is applied is determined by the time difference between the two signals. If the two signals are received simultaneously, both trigger pulses occur simultaneously and the meter will not deflect. The loudspeaker will at all times furnish the information that the signals are being received, so that an operator need refer to the meter only at intervals to secure an accurate

Now, by illustrating enclosing two sets of particular fixed time differences and orders of arrival for each pair of stations, two separate channel paths can be provided for incoming and outgoing traffic. Figure 5 illustrates how an incoming course line 1 and an outgoing course line 0 are provided in the time channel, so that two-way traffic can be handled. The incoming



FIG. 9—Circuit diagram of metering circuit used with time difference indicator

Where the channel is straight or nearly so, the stations of a pair are pulsed simultaneously, as in Case 3. Such stations are the A stations and the C stations. A navigator negotiating the incoming course line 1 is then in a position to hear the No. 2 member of each of these pairs first, while on the outgoing course line O, he will be in a position to hear the No. 1 member first. Where the channel curves to an appreciable degree, the two B stations are pulsed in sequence (as in Fig. 1). Then Case 4 applies, and the navigator on the incoming course line negotiates a path that is nearer to the No. 2 station than to the No. 1 station; even nearer than is the corresponding course section AB in Fig. 1. As a result, the signal from Station 2B not only starts first, but also arrives first. Referring again to Fig. 2, it is recalled that circles X₁ and X₂ exist simultaneously, while Y₁ and Y₂ exist simultaneously; and the same is true of Z₁ and Z₂. However, if the navi-

Thus the navigator may regard the course line in Fig. 1 as the center-line of a highway, and by keeping the pulses of one pitch coming in before the pulses of another pitch, he keeps to the right of the center line. From his charts, he can determine exactly what the time

Julius Rosenberg ETAL.

Referral
Naval

Investigative
Service

No. 10

APPEAL TO — Judge Advocate General (Code 14L)
Department of the Navy
Washington, D. C. 20370 REFERRAL

Department of the Navy

Washington, D. C. 20370 REFERRAL

Reviewed by

Packet #10

AGENCY

AGENCY NAVY INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE

No. of Pages

Actual Release

[illegible]

May 29, 1951

SAC NEW HAVEN

ROUTED

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STANLEY ROBERT RICH, ESP R.

REURLET MAY TWENTY-THIRD ADVISING DIO THIRD NAVAL DISTRICT DESIRES REFER SUBJECT'S CASE TO ARMY NAVY AIR FORCE PERSONNEL SECURITY BOARD FOR FACILITY CLEARANCE OF RICH ROTH LABORATORIES. BUREAU INTERPOSES NO OBJECTION SUCH ACTION BUT DESIRES IMMEDIATE ADVICE OUTCOME BOARD'S DECISION. AUTHORITY GRANTED TO FURNISH ONE COPY OF REPORTS OF SA C. P. SILVERTHORN DATED EIGHT, SIXTEEN, FIFTY, TEN, TWENTY FIFTY, AND FIVE, THREE, FIFTY-ONE, AND OF SA B. S. GORDON DATED EIGHT, ELEVEN, FIFTY, AND SA E. R. WHELEN DATED NINE, EIGHTEEN, FIFTY. REQUEST ONE PROTECT BUREAU AS SOURCE THIS INFORMATION.

HOOVER

EFL:smg

RECORDED

65-59356

46

Classified by

2/17/78

Exempt from

Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

NOTE:

DIO 3rd Naval District advised Rich-Roth Laboratories was being considered by the Department of the Navy for classified contracts, and in view of unfavorable info concerning subj. desired to present case to Army-Navy-Air Force Personnel Security Board for decision as to Rich's access to Navy classified matters and facility clearance in connection with these contracts. Rich is owner and physicist in Rich-Roth Laboratories, East Hartford, Connecticut.

Copies of pertinent reports previously submitted to G-2. Copies of these reports being made available ONI, due their present interest this subj.

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R 47 NOV 22 1960

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TELETYPE

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Date: June 6, 1951

To: Director of Naval Intelligence
Department of the Navy
The Pentagon
Washington 25, D. C.

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: STANLEY ROBERT RICH
ESPIONAGE - R

Classified by 5886 2/17/78
Exempt From GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

The Bureau has been advised that your District Intelligence Office, Third Naval District, Brooklyn, New York, is desirous of presenting the facts relative to Stanley Robert Rich to the Army-Navy-Air Force Personnel Security Board for a decision as to whether Rich, the owner and a physicist in the Rich-Roth Laboratories, East Hartford, Connecticut, should be denied access to Navy classified matters and whether the Rich-Roth Laboratories shall be denied a facility clearance in connection with classified contracts of the Department of the Navy. The District Intelligence Office of the Third Naval District is being advised by our New Haven division that the Bureau interposes no objection to their presenting this case to the Board.

In view of your present interest in Rich, I am furnishing to you herewith one copy of each of the following reports which have been submitted in this matter:

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)

Report of Special Agent Charles P. Silverthorn
dated May 3, 1951, at New York

Report of Special Agent Charles P. Silverthorn
dated October 20, 1950, at New York

Report of Special Agent Edward R. Khlen
dated September 18, 1950, at New Haven, Connecticut.

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Report of Special Agent Charles P. Silverthorn
dated August 16, 1950, at New York.) (u)

Report of Special Agent Brenton S. Gordon
dated August 11, 1950, at Boston, Massachusetts.

You will note from a review of the report of Special Agent Charles P. Silverthorn dated August 16, 1950, that the investigation of Stanley Robert Fish was instituted on the basis of information supplied by Max Elitcher, who was recruited to engage in Soviet espionage activities by Julius Rosenberg, the recently convicted Soviet espionage agent.) (u)

Copies of the above-mentioned reports are being made available by our New Haven office to the District Intelligence Office, Third Naval District, Brooklyn, New York.) (u)

In the event you are desirous of using any of the information in these reports, the identity of the Bureau as the source of this information should be protected.) (u)

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Director, FBI (100-337135)

August 14, 1952

SAC, New York (100-107111)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
IS-C

Reference is made to Bulet dated 5/23/52 in captioned matter. This letter refers to Atlanta letter of 5/13/52 which advised that one MAURICE PEARLMAN was in Atlanta on 4/22/52 to discuss some matters on behalf of the ROSENBERGS. The letter also referred to information from Richmond to the effect that a Mr. LEAVLAMAN was in Richmond to organize a committee in the ROSENBERG case and that he had intended to make a trip through the South to organize similar groups. This letter requested that NY endeavor to identify LEAVLAMAN and suggested that he may be identical with MAURICE PEARLMAN.

This Bulet also referred to the case of MARTIN SHERRY, Army; LGE. A review of the files of the NYO reflects several references to MAURICE PEARLSTEIN of 1448 Central Park West, NYC.

NY-426-S made available on 7/6/51 a business reply envelope to Jewish Life, 33 East 12th Street, from MAURICE PEARLSTEIN of 1443 Central Park West.

An anonymous letter was received in the NYO dated 10/23/50 which states that PEARLSTEIN left his job in NY to fight with the Spanish Reds. He can be located through the Council Jewish Federation and Welfare Funds.

On 9/22/43 NY received a letter from a person who was presumably [REDACTED] [REDACTED] This letter said, "We are jammed with 'over-throw of the government' Reds," and listed 11 names including MAURICE D. PEARLSTEIN who, it was said, "finished his devilish work in New York and is now in Cleveland, Ohio, with the Council of Federation and Welfare Funds." b7D

The DW for 12/3/42, page 5, column 2, has a photograph of MAURICE PEARLSTEIN captioned "Off to the Army." Underneath the photo was the statement that PEARLSTEIN, Executive Secretary of the Social Service Employees Union, Local 19, UOPWA, had been inducted. [REDACTED] advised on 10/13/42 that PEARLSTEIN.

1 - Atlanta
1 - Richmond

JAH:EXM

100-107111-121

Letter to Director
NY 100-107111

organizer of Local 19, Social Service Employees Union, in August 1942 had been a sponsor of the Soviet Jewish anti-Fascist case appeal for 1000 tanks and 500 bombers for the Soviet Army.

The report of SA BREWER WILSON in the case of "M. BROVERMAN and Son; Espionage - R," dated 1/30/48 at NY, NY file 100-87942, reports on page 6 that a request was placed to have BROVERMAN call one HARRY PEARLSTEIN at LA 4-9150. It was determined that this telephone was listed to MAURICE PEARLSTEIN, 463 Seventh Avenue, NYC. Page 7 of said report reflects that [redacted] advised that Meadowbrook Fabrics, Inc., 453 Seventh Avenue, was a well-known dress firm, and that MAURICE PEARLSTEIN was vice president and secretary of this firm. He was born in Philadelphia and at that time resided at 875 Fifth Avenue. b7D

NY-426-S on 7/6/51 made available a subscription to "Jewish Life" for one MAURICE PEARLSTEIN, 448 Central Park West.

WFO letter of 7/16/48 in the case entitled "United Committee to Save the Jewish State and the United Nations; IS-C," transmitted to NY an alphabetically arranged list of names which was sent to President TRUMAN on 4/15/48 protesting the US foreign policy in Palestine. Page 34 of this list reflects the name of MAURICE PEARLSTEIN of 691 Gerard Avenue, Bronx.

NY has reviewed the references to MARTIN SHERRY in the NYO, but found no information which would assist in identifying the MAURICE PEARLMAN or LEAVELMAN referred to in Bulet.

The Bureau is advised that NY has been monitoring the account of captioned committee as maintained in the Chase National Bank. It is noted that the committee drew checks to the order of one HENRY LIEBMAN dated 5/15 and 29 respectively, and both in the sum of \$67.70. The check of 5/29 was endorsed by HENRY and ROSE LIEBMAN.

Reference is made to New Orleans tel to NY dated 4/14/52 and NY tel to New Orleans dated 4/17/52. NY tel

Letter to Director
NY 100-107111

reflects that a 1951 Ford station wagon, license No. 30-909, driven by one HENRY LIEBERMAN, was registered in the name of one Mrs. ROSE LIEBERMAN, 64-62 Booth Street, Forest Hills, Long Island, NY. NY file on this individual is 100-93332, and indicates that he was a signer of a 1946 NY CPNP and a subscriber to the DW in 1947.

The Bureau's attention is directed to the report of SA PAUL G. TAYLOR, New Orleans, dated 6/13/52, in captioned case, on page 3 of which information re HENRY LIEBERMAN is set forth.

In view of the foregoing and in the absence of more specific information from Atlanta, it would appear that Richmond was referring to HENRY LIEBERMAN rather than Mr. LEAVERMAN.

[REDACTED] b7D

It is further believed that a continued monitoring of the account of the committee will eventually turn up the names of most individuals who are active in going about the country, because the committee would probably repay to such individuals their travelling expenses.

The Bureau will be appropriately advised of any further information re questioned individuals.

Julius Rosenberg ETAL

Referral

Naval

Investigative

Service

No.

11

Appeal to: Judge Advocate General (Code 14L)
 Department of the Navy
 Washington, D.C. 20370

REFERRAL

Reviewed by: [Signature]

Packet: 11

AGENCY Naval Investigative Service

No. of Pages

Subject and File Number	Serial	Date	Document Description	Actual	Released
Josephson (NY) 100-109536	7	1/14/53	NY report to HQ	11	11
Zucherman (HQ) 121-27371	36	11/26/51	HQ Letter to Dept of Navy w/ ENCLOSURES	2/5	2/5
Danziger (HQ) 101-1632	5	8/5/50	WFO TELETYPE to HQ, NY	1	1
Danziger (HQ) 101-1632	4	4/7/42	Fimm memo to Ladd	1	1
Fookson (HQ) 65-55611	5	3/31/51	NK report to HQ	3	3
" " " "	5	3/31/51	Copy of Cover sheet of above	1	1
Lirey (HQ) 121-34744	24	3/21/50	NY report to HQ w/ copy of corrected pages + copy of report w/ transmittal page	7/2/15	7/2/15
Josephson (NY) 100-109536	46	9/28/55	NY Letter to HQ	3	3
" " " "	47	9/28/55	NY Letter to HQ (copy of above)	3	3

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SECURITY INFORMATION
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK

KBO

REPORT MADE AT <p style="text-align: center;">NEW YORK</p>	DATE WHEN MADE <p style="text-align: center;">1/14/53</p>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <p style="text-align: center;">10/22, 23, 24, 27, 29; 11/4, 5, 6, 10, 13, 14/52</p>	REPORT MADE BY <p style="text-align: center;">BRYAN J. MOGEN</p>
TITLE <p>GLORIA AGRIN wa: <u>Gloria May Agrin</u></p>			CHARACTER OF CASE <p style="text-align: center;">SECURITY MATTER - C</p>

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject born 5/24/23, NYC. Attended Erasmus High School, received A.B. degree at Hunter College June, 1943. Attended Columbia University Law School, admitted to Bar 1946. Employed as lawyer at 401 Broadway, NYC, where she shares office with ALBERT HARRY SOCOLOV, husband of JUDITH COPLON, and resides 297 Lenox Rd., Brooklyn. Subject represented The Peace Information Center in Registration Act Case 1951. Subject Chairman of Peace Poll Committee Commission on Peace and Democracy of the Congress of American Women in 1947. Subject Administrative Secretary of the N.Y. Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild in 1951. Subject an ALP County Committee member on the 1951 nominating petitions.

- P* -

DETAILS:

BACKGROUND

Birth Data

The records of Hunter College, 68th Street and Park Avenue, reflect that the subject was born May 24, 1923 in New York City.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <div style="text-align: center;"> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE </div>	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;"> 100-109536-7 </div> <div style="position: relative; height: 100px;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; right: 0; transform: rotate(-15deg); font-size: 0.8em;"> 100 Chicago USA 11-9-60 BOM </div> </div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT <p>5 - Bureau (Registered Mail)</p> <p>③ - New York (100-109536)</p> <p><i>HLU</i></p>	

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SECURITY INFORMATION

Education

Mrs. JOSEPHINE NEVILL, Registrar's Office, Hunter College, 68th Street and Park Avenue, New York City, made available the subject's record at this College. GLORIA MAY AGRIN entered Hunter College in September, 1939 at which time she was residing at 476 Linden Boulevard with her father, JOSEPH, a certified public accountant and mother, ROSE, a housewife. She graduated with an A.B. degree on June 23, 1943. She majored in Political Science. The subject came to Hunter College from Erasmus High School where she graduated in June, 1939. It was noted that a transcript of her record at Hunter College was furnished to Columbia University Law School.

According to the Martindale Hubbell Law Directory for 1952, GLORIA AGRIN attended Columbia University Law School and was admitted to the bar in 1946.

Employment

The 1952 New York City telephone book reflects that GLORIA AGRIN, lawyer, has offices at 401 Broadway, New York City.

SA CHARLES D. SHORES advised on March 14, 1952 that GLORIA AGRIN's name appears on the door of the law office occupied by ALBERT HARRY SOCOLOV at 401 Broadway. ALBERT HARRY SOCOLOV is the husband of JUDITH COPLON, convicted Soviet Espionage Agent.

Confidential Informant T-22, of known reliability, verified subject's employment and residence address on November 14, 1952.

CONNECTIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND FRONT ORGANIZATIONS

The "Daily Worker", in its April 23, 1942 issue, page 1, column 4, contains an article entitled "The Youth Speak Up on Browder Case". The following was included therein: "Gloria Agrin, junior class representative on the Student Council of Hunter College, spoke what was in the minds of all when she said 'we must recognize that victory over Hitler today demands all hands on deck. Browder must be freed'".

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The "Daily Worker" of October 5, 1942 on page 7 lists the subject as a member of a delegation which presented a second front petition to President ROOSEVELT.

An article entitled "Mrs. Moos Arraigned; Hits Move to Gag Peace Plans" appeared in the "Daily Worker" of April 3, 1951. GLORIA AGRIN of New York was listed as one of her three attorneys.

In an article entitled "DuBois Trial Put Off For Paris Depositions" appearing in the "Daily Worker" dated May 13, 1951 on page 2, column 4, Miss GLORIA AGRIN is listed as representing leaders of the Peace Information Center.

The Peace Information Center was cited as a group acting for the American Peace Crusade, organic part of the Communist peace offensive which was responsible for circulation of the Stockholm Peace Petition, according to the Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, report 1948, page 341.

The files of the New York Office reflect that the Peace Information Center was indicted February 9, 1951 in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, for failure to register under the terms of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended. The following officers were joined as defendants:

Dr. WILLIAM E. B. DU BOIS, Chairman
ELIZABETH MOOS, Director
KYRLE ELKIN, Treasurer
ABBOT SIMON, Director
SYLVIA SOLOFF, Secretary

The "Daily Worker" for January 6, 1952 on page 6, column 4, carried an article entitled "Women Urge Swift Action on Killers as Mrs. Moore Dies". This article contains a statement by Miss GLORIA AGRIN, attorney: "The murder of Harry T. Moore and his wife, Harriet Moore, is a challenge that must be met by an aroused fighting and united democratic people. As a lawyer pledged to fight for constitutional guarantee, as a woman, and as an American citizen, I demand that the President and the Attorney General act with

NY 100-109536

full force of their authority to root out the fascist killer."

The "Daily Worker" of April 6, 1952, page 6, column 5, contains an advertisement concerning a meeting held the same day under the auspices of the American Labor Party of the Bath Beach and Coney Island sections of Brooklyn. This meeting was being held concerning "the tragic story of the Rosenberg frameup." Miss GLORIA AGRIN was listed as one of several speakers.

The "Daily Worker" of June 19, 1952 on page 3, column 5, contains an article entitled "1,000 at overflow Brooklyn Rally Pledge Fight for Rosenbergs." The article contains the following: Miss GLORIA AGRIN, the fighting Brooklyn attorney who defended Dr. DuBOIS, told of the travesty which had been committed against justice in the Rosenberg Case. "A horrified murmur went through the hall when Miss AGRIN told of the year of solitary confinement to which ETHEL ROSENBERG has been subjected. "There are no other women in the death house," she said, "no one to talk to, no human voice to hear. Think a moment of even one hour of boredom that you have experienced. Then stretch that to twenty four, and stretch those twenty four into a whole year."

The Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, March 29, 1944, page 78, contains the following concerning the American Labor Party:

"For years, the Communists have put forth the greatest efforts to capture the entire American Labor Party throughout New York State. They succeeded in capturing the Manhattan and Brooklyn sections of the American Labor Party but outside of New York City they have been unable to win control."

Confidential Informant T-12, of known reliability, furnished a three page mimeographed list dated September 15, 1950 bearing the heading "NYC list of ALP candidates" under which appears Gloria Agrin - Assembly.

The "Brooklyn Eagle" dated June 18, 1952 in an article captioned "Brooklyn Rosenberg Rally" states as follows:

NY 100-109536

GLORIA AGRIN, attorney, said the ROSENBERGs were convicted because they were for "peace and progress and as a warning to all those who held the same ideas." The speaker, who represented Dr. W. E. B. DuBOIS when he was tried and acquitted on charges of being a foreign agent in the Stockholm Peace Petition campaign, asked her audience: "Is this a reason to sentence people to death?" "They are innocent. This frameup could have taken place in Nazi Germany." She concluded with the assertion "the Rosenbergs and Sobell are noble people".

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised that on January 7, 1947, the Congress of American Women sponsored an Anti-Lynching Rally at Wilkie Memorial Hall, New York City. This rally was addressed by six persons one of which was GLORIA AGRIN.

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, furnished a program for the Eastern Seaboard Conferences of the Congress of American Women which was held June 6th, 7th and 8, 1947 at 157 Montague Street, Brooklyn. Under the heading "Peace and Democracy" on this program is listed the name GLORIA AGRIN, labor lawyer.

Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised that GLORIA AGRIN wrote a letter as Chairman of the Peace Poll Committee Commission on Peace and Democracy, C.A.W. (Congress of American Women) on October 22, 1947 which begins "Dear Friends" and goes on to state that the C.A.W. is the U. S. arm of the Women's International Democratic Federation, a union of completely anti-Fascist groups in 44 different countries and numbering, with affiliates, about 81 million.

Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised that GLORIA AGRIN was present at an emergency meeting of the resident executive board of the C.A.W. on November 6, 1949. This meeting was confined solely to a discussion concerning the request of the Department of Justice that the C.A.W. register as a foreign agent.

The Congress of American Women is listed by the Attorney General of the United States as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

NY 100-109536

Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that GLORIA AGRIN represented one [REDACTED] in early 1949 in [REDACTED] appeal before the Army Air Force Security Personnel Board. This board had previously denied access to classified material to [REDACTED] on the basis of her "proven C. P. membership". [REDACTED] at this time was employed at the DeMornay Budd Company, 475 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York. b7C

DORIS LOUISE EVANS was interviewed by Bureau Agents on June 30, 1952 at which time she admitted membership in the Communist Political Association in 1944 and 1945.

Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, advised that the name GLORIA AGRIN, 401 Broadway, New York City, BU 4-3322, was maintained in the possession of the Vogue Travel Service, Suite 602, 141 East 44 Street, New York City.

Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised that the Vogue Travel Service, 141 East 44 Street, New York City, had made a payment by check to GLORIA AGRIN on August 6, 1951 in the amount of \$342.70. The informant did not know what this payment was for.

Mr. T. BURKE, Superintendent, 141 East 44th Street, New York City, advised that JACK BJOZE is the owner and operator of the Vogue Travel Service.

Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised on May 27, 1947 that he knew that BJOZE was a member of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-21, of known reliability, advised that the subject was registered as a delegate of the American Student Union at Brooklyn College District, in 1940 to attend the American Peace Mobilization, Chicago, Illinois that year.

The American Student Union was cited as subversive and un-American by the Special Committee of the House Committee on Appropriations, Report, April 21, 1948, page 3.

The Bureau of Special Services and Investigation, New York City Police Department, contains a record

NY 100-109536

reflecting that GLORIA AGRIN, 297 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, was an ALP County Committee member on the 1951 nominating petitions, for the 55th Election District and the 18th Assembly District, page 56.

Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that GLORIA AGRIN, 297 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, was a member of the New York Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild for the year 1947-48.

Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised that GLORIA AGRIN, 297 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, was a member of the New York Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild for the year 1949.

Confidential Informant T-11, of known reliability, advised that as of April, 1951, GLORIA AGRIN, 297 Lenox Road, Brooklyn was Administrative Secretary of the New York Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild.

The National Lawyers Guild was cited as a Communist front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, March 29, 1944, page 149.

The following Confidential Informants, all of known reliability, who are acquainted with Communist activity in the New York City area, advised that they were unable to furnish any information concerning the subject: T-13, T-14, T-15, T-16, T-17, T-18, T-19 and T-20.

The records of the Board of Elections for the Borough of Brooklyn, checked by SE PETER C. MITESSER, reflect that the subject was registered with the American Labor Party during 1949, 1950 and 1951. The subject's father, JOSEPH, was also registered with the ALP during 1949 and 1950. Her mother, ROSE, registered with the ALP in 1949 and in 1950 was registered with one of the two major political parties.

MISCELLANEOUS

The records of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York checked by SE RICHARD P. O'HARA failed to reflect any record for the subject.

NY 100-109536

A description of the subject obtained from investigation is as follows:

Name	GLORIA AGRIN
Alias	Gloria May Agrin
Born	5/24/23
Place	New York City
Race	White
Height	5'-5 1/2"
Weight	100
Hair	Black
Eyes	Brown
Complexion	Dark
Build	Slight
Identifying characteristic	Prominent nose
Occupation	Lawyer, 401 Broadway, New York City
Residence	476 Linden Boulevard Brooklyn
Father	JOSEPH AGRIN, CPA
Mother	ROSE AGRIN, housewife 476 Linden Boulevard Brooklyn

-P-

NY 100-109536

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or description of information	Date Rec'd	Agent to Whom Furnished	File and Serial No. Where Located
T-1 [REDACTED]	CAW rally 1/7/47			100-80444-69 p. 16
T-2 [REDACTED]	CAW program 6/6,7,8/47	6/11/47	SA CHARLES H. HEINER	100-80444-151 p. 5
T-3 NY 425-S	CAW letter written by subject 10/22/47	4/13/48	SA E.K. DEANE and SE A.E. FALIER	100-80444-292 p. 18
T-4 [REDACTED]				100-80444-465 p. 11
T-5 Captain C.R. WOODSON, USN, ONI	Memo to Captain WOODSON, concerning subject's client			100-64790-23 p. 2
T-6 Anonymous				
T-7 [REDACTED] Chase National Bank, Grand Central Branch 422 Lexington Ave. New York City	check written to subject 8/6/51	8/31/51	SA JOSHUA D. ENSOR	100-44737-230 p. 3

b7D

NY 100-109536

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (Cont'd)

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or description of information	Date Rec'd	Agent to Whom Furnished	File and Serial No. Where Located
T-8 [REDACTED]				100-44737 report 6/11/47
T-9 Anonymous				
T-10 Anonymous				
T-11 [REDACTED]		4/26/51	SA FRANK R. LONGO	100-10769-352
T-12 NY 426-S	Mimeographed list of ALP candidates	11/14/50	SA E. K. DEANE	100-8522 1A268 p. 2
T-13 [REDACTED]		11/7/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	Instant report
T-14 [REDACTED]		11/7/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	Instant report
T-15 [REDACTED]		11/7/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	Instant report
T-16 [REDACTED]		11/7/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	Instant report
T-17 [REDACTED]		11/10/52	SA JOHN W. DOOLEY	Instant report
T-18 [REDACTED]		11/10/52	SA JOHN W. DOOLEY	Instant report

b7D

NY 100-199536

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (Cont'd)

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or description of information	Date Rec'd	Agent to Whom Furnished	File and Serial No. Where Located
T-19 [REDACTED] b7D		11/6/52	SA RICHARD H. BLASSER	Instant report
T-20 [REDACTED] b7D		11/6/52	SA RICHARD H. BLASSER	Instant report
T-21 Operator No. 6, NYCPD	1940 list of ASU delegates 8/24/40	11/7/52	SA AUGUST J. MICEK	Instant report
T-22 [REDACTED] b7E		11/14/52	SA BRYANT J. MOGEN	Instant report

LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will follow Bureau instructions regarding the placing of the subject on Security Index.

RECORDED

112

101-27371-36

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

Date: November 26, 1951

To: Director of Naval Intelligence
Department of the Navy
Washington, D. C.

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: BENJAMIN ZUCKERMAN
aka "Ben" "Zuck"
Radio Engineer
Watson Laboratories
Red Bank, New Jersey
Department of the Air Force
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Reference is made to the letter from Lieutenant Commander W. F. Daniels, U.S.N.R., District Intelligence Office, Potomac River Naval Command, to Mr. R. B. Hood, Special Agent in Charge, Washington Field Office, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C., dated November 14, 1951, transmitting a copy of a letter [redacted] from Ben Zuckerman dated October 31, 1951. (u) b7D

For your information, this Bureau has conducted an investigation of the captioned individual, who is apparently identical with the individual mentioned above, under the provisions of Executive Order 9835. Reports covering the results of this investigation were transmitted to the U. S. Civil Service Commission by Bureau letter dated April 23, 1951. Insofar as this Bureau knows, Zuckerman is an employee at the present time of the Department of the Air Force in the captioned position. (u)

There appears to be no further action that is necessary based upon the information set forth in the letter from Zuckerman [redacted] however, this Bureau desires to furnish a copy of this letter to the U. S. Civil Service Commission for the completion of its files in this case. Please advise whether or not you have any objection to this Bureau furnishing a copy of the above-mentioned letter to the U. S. Civil Service Commission. Your interest in forwarding the above to this Bureau is greatly appreciated. (u) b7D

cc: Lieutenant Commander W. F. Daniels, U.S.N.R.
District Intelligence Office
Potomac River Naval Command
Washington, D. C.

RP:jai
8 DEC 18 1951

NOV 28 1951
MAILED 28

CONFIDENTIAL

121-27371-36

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

If ONI advises no objection to furnishing a copy of Zuckerman's letter [redacted] which was forwarded to the Bureau as an enclosure with WFO letter dated 11-19-51, then same should be furnished to CSC. The text of this letter is that Zuckerman advised [redacted] that he is now required to show cause at a hearing to be scheduled sometime in the near future for not being considered a poor security risk and he is contacting [redacted] and other people with whom he has worked in Washington for the purpose of obtaining affidavits from them concerning his loyalty. (S)

b7D

*Sent these
2 a.g.
through ONI
for info on
12/1/51
12/1/51*

-2- ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

04163

NOV 14 1951

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Mr. R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge
Washington Field Office
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice Building
9th and Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Forwarded for your information is a copy of a letter
of 31 October 1951 from Arverne, New York sent by
[REDACTED]

It is requested that any information obtained through
investigative action or from any other source be made
available to this office.

The Director of Naval Intelligence and the District
Intelligence Officer, Third Naval District have received
copies of the enclosed letter.

Sincerely yours,

W. F. DANIELS

Lieutenant Commander, USNR

By direction of the District Intelligence Officer

Encl:

7(1) Ltr from Arverne, New York

The information forwarded herewith is extremely
confidential in character and it is to be
preserved by carefully safeguarding its contents
and source as well as the name of any individual
mentioned therein. In no case shall the information
be shown to the subject, nor shall copies be
made of it, nor shall the office of Naval Intelli-
gence be mentioned in connection with any action
taken.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~SECRETARY INFORMATION~~

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 15 1951	
FBI - WASH. F. O.	

455 Beach 67 St.
Arverne, New York
October 31, 1951

Dear [redacted]
I've been meaning to contact
you for quite a while [redacted]

I always put off writing in anticipation
of a trip, but I am writing now through
necessity. You are in a position, if you
will, to perform a rather important
service for me which I will describe in
detail.

You no doubt are well aware of
the troubles that M. Sobell, Elitcher, and
Danziger formerly of the Bureau of Ordnance
got themselves into. What you may not be
aware of is that all three of them were
classmates of mine at C.C.N.Y. and during
my initial days at Washington I lived
in a house on Delafield place with all of
them and Eddie Hellman etc. I didn't like
being in a large group like that and
moved in with Mrs. Moore in Virginia after
a short while.

As a result of my association with
these people and since I am working
on secret projects I now have to show
just cause, at a hearing which is to be
scheduled at some time in the near future,
for not being considered a poor security

b7D

risks. I have been advised that the best thing for me to do is to contact people whom I worked with in Washington and who also knew messers Solell, Eltchen, and Danzig to aid to procure affidavits from these people to the effect that there was never anything in my actions which would indicate communist sympathies and that the above mentioned three did not show by their actions either that they were communists. A lawyer will prepare the affidavits for me and if you can help me out on this I will send it to you.

I am also writing [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] saw more of me than anyone else in Washington.

[REDACTED] When the F.B.I. questioned me ^{often} about the three I was absolutely positive that Eltchen could never have been a communist because we always played softball & handball together and he did it seem to be the type. I felt very foolish when I ~~heard~~ read his testimony at the trial in which he admitted to having been a communist.

b7D

I would also appreciate it if you know the whereabouts of any of the other fellows we worked with such as

[REDACTED], etc. . . If you know

their addresses and send them to me I will write to them.

My family is larger now, I think, than when I last saw you. I have 2 little girls Marsha Anne 4½ and Joyce Ellen 2½. They keep me very busy.

I would appreciate it if you can answer me as soon as possible. Send the answer to the address at the head of the letter because I will be staying here for approx 1 month.

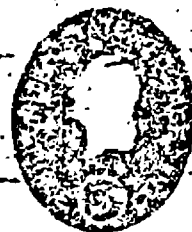
Very truly yours

Ben Zuckerman

b7D

E. Zuckerman
c/o Pearson
455 Beach 67 St.
Brooklyn, New York City

1961



b7c
b7D

BUREAU OF INVEST

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK FROM WASH FIELD

DIRECTOR AND SAC

WILLIAM DANZIGER, ESPIONAGE-R. RE NY TEL AUGUST FIVE INSTANT. FOLLOWING
PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION APPEARS ON PERSONAL HISTORY STATEMENT, LOYALTY FILE,
OFFICE INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS, NAVY DEPT. AGE THIRTY TWO, BORN APRIL
EIGHTEEN, NINETEEN EIGHTEEN, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, HEIGHT FIVE FEET NINE
INCHES, WEIGHT ONE HUNDRED SIXTY POUNDS, HAIR BROWN, EYES BLUE.

HOTTEL

65-5553

HWB:jar

101-11632-5
RECORDED - 124 AUG 9 1953

Approved

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Per

63 AUG 10 1953



GAV:ERR
101-1632

Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.
April 7, 1942

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD *DL*

RE: WILLIAM DANZIGER
INTERNAL SECURITY - HATCH ACT

By letter dated March 28, 1942, the Office of Naval Intelligence advised that the above individual is no longer employed by the Navy Department, having resigned August 14, 1941, to accept a position with the New York City Fire Department.

ACTION: In view of the subject's present employment, no action is being taken and this matter is being referred to the Internal Security Section for possible future action.

Respectfully,

E. W. Timm
E. W. Timm

Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Mr. McGuire _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

4 APR 15 1942

FOR DEFENSE



BUY
UNITED
STATES
SAVINGS
BONDS
AND STAMPS

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

49450

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **WASHINGTON FIELD**

NR FILE NO. **65-4184** ab:rfg

REPORT MADE AT NEWARK	DATE WHEN MADE 3/31/51	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 3/3,13,30/51	REPORT MADE BY JAMES B. OAKLEY
TITLE ABRAHAM FOOKSON, Aka Archie, Abe			CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R

ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Apt. 103D, Parkview Apartments, Collingswood 6, N.J., ascertained to be occupied by J. H. SWEER, formerly of Flushing, Long Island, New York, presently employed at RCA, Camden, N.J. Information concerning SWEER in Newark indices set out.

- R U C -

DETAILS: Miss M. DONAHUE, Secretary to the Manager, Parkview Apartments, Collingswood 6, New Jersey, advised that Apartment 103D, Parkview Apartments, was occupied by J. H. SWEER, who gave his former address as 5829 150th Street, Flushing, Long Island, New York, and who is presently employed at RCA, Camden, New Jersey.

A check of Newark indices on J. H. SWEER reflects that he is mentioned in Bureau File 101-1391 entitled EUGENE FRANKLIN COLEMAN, WA, INTERNAL SECURITY - R, Newark File 100-31844. It is noted that Washington Field has a report of SA EDWARD F. MILES dated June 11, 1948, at New York in this matter.

Report of SA EDWARD F. MILES dated March 22, 1949, at New York entitled EUGENE FRANKLIN COLEMAN, WA., INTERNAL SECURITY - R, set forth the following pertaining to SWEER:

By letter dated June 2, 1948, Captain C. R. WOODSON, DIO, 3rd Naval District, Brooklyn, New York, was furnished with copies of pertinent investigative reports herein, in accordance with his request. Captain WOODSON had indicated that the reports would be used in a consideration of the

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SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

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APR 3 1951
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EQ APR 16 1951
22 Newark

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49451

NK 65-4124

ADMINISTRATIVE

Subject as a poor security risk in connection with classified material.

By letter dated August 4, 1948, Captain WOODSON advised that the Subject's case had been referred to the Army, Navy, Air Force Personnel Security Board, and that as of August 2, 1948, a communication from the Inspector of Naval Material at New York was received by DIO, 3rd Naval District, reading as follows:

"The Hillyer Instrument Company, Incorporated, 51-60 Lafayette Street, New York, New York, has informed the Inspector of Naval Material by letter dated July 21, 1948, that [REDACTED] has been denied access to and work upon classified material of any kind and that his employment with the Hillyer Instrument Company was terminated on July 19, 1948."

By letter dated September 10, 1948, Captain WOODSON advised this office that [REDACTED] on August 18, 1948, requested the Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., to advise him as to the reasons and circumstances surrounding the denial of consent. By letter dated December 7, 1948, Captain WOODSON informed this office that [REDACTED] was advised of his right to appeal the decision of the Army, Navy, Air Force Personnel Security Board to the Industrial Employment Review Board. Captain WOODSON further informed that [REDACTED] failed to file an appeal to the Industrial Employment Review Board within the specified period.

It will be recalled that JOHN HENRY SWEET, a friend of COLEMAN's and former fellow employee at the Hillyer Instrument Company, who was on occasion a character reference for COLEMAN, has been employed for some time at the Pilotless Plane Division of the Fairchild Engine and Airplane Company, Farmingdale, Long Island, New York. This company, according to Confidential Informant N, has been engaged in research development and manufacture of guided missiles, and this work is of a classified nature.

By letter dated December 10, 1948, Captain WOODSON advised this office that because of the association between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and because of [REDACTED]'s membership in the Spanish Aid Committee in Washington, and for further specified reasons, [REDACTED]'s Personnel Security Questionnaire was forwarded to the Commanding General Headquarters, 1st Army, Governor's Island, New York, for processing to determine the suitability of [REDACTED]

b7c

49452

NK 65-4184

ADMINISTRATIVE

[REDACTED] for employment on or access to secret contracts and information of the Navy Department as group engineer at the aforementioned Pilotless Plane Plant. No information is yet available concerning the decision of the Commanding General with respect to [REDACTED]'s suitability for employment.

Captain WOODSON also furnished a copy of the Personnel Security Questionnaire executed by [REDACTED] which reflects this description as follows:

Sex:
Color:
Height:
Weight:
Eyes:
Hair:
Marital Status:
Birthdate and Place:
Social Security No.:

Information from a Confidential Informant also reflected association between COLEMAN and SWEER.

It will be noted that the employment of J. H. SWEER at RCA, Camden, was not investigation.

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

REFERENCE: Report of SA HOWARD FLETCHER, Jr., dated 2/14/51 at Washington Field.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **WASHINGTON FIELD**

N7 FILE NO. **65-4134** ab:rfg

REPORT MADE AT NEWARK	DATE WHEN MADE 3/31/51	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 3/3,13,30/51	REPORT MADE BY JAMES B. CAXLEY
TITLE ABRAHAM POOKSON, Aka Archie, Aka			CHARACTER OF CASE 49453 ESPIONAGE - R

ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Apt. 103D, Parkview Apartments, Collingswood 6, N.J., ascertained to be occupied by J. H. SWEER, formerly of Flushing, Long Island, New York, presently employed at RCA, Camden, N.J. Information concerning SWEER in Newark indices set out.

- R U C -

DETAILS: Miss M. DONAHUE, Secretary to the Manager, Parkview Apartments, Collingswood 6, New Jersey, advised that Apartment 103D, Parkview Apartments, was occupied by J. H. SWEER, who gave his former address as 5829 150th Street, Flushing, Long Island, New York, and who is presently employed at RCA, Camden, New Jersey.

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Report of SA EDWARD F. MILES dated March 22, 1949, at New York entitled EUGENE FRANKLIN COLEMAN, WA., INTERNAL SECURITY - R set forth the following pertaining to SWEER:

By letter dated June 2, 1948, Captain C. R. WOODSON, DIO, 3rd Naval District, Brooklyn, New York, was furnished with copies of pertinent investigative reports herein, in accordance with his request. Captain WOODSON had indicated that the reports would be used in a consideration of the

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
<p>COPIES OF THIS REPORT</p> <p>2 - Bureau</p> <p>2 - Washington Field(65-5680)</p> <p>2 - Newark</p>		<p style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">65-59611-5</p> <p style="font-size: 3em; font-weight: bold;">FILE COPY - 2</p>

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **BUREAU**

FILE NO.

IMK

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 3/21/52	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 3/6,7,10,11/52	REPORT MADE BY SIDNEY E. HOWE
TITLE HAROLD CLAYTON UREY Applicant Ordnance Corps Department of the Army <u>Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland</u>			CHARACTER OF CASE LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Former co-workers, Professors THOMAS and HAVENS, Columbia University, state applicant loyal. However, HAVENS feels he might be "indiscreet in discussing scientific matters." Applicant's connection with the Committee of 1000 and Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign noted.

*Anti-Air
State
5/11/62*

- R U C -

ab/pj

REFERENCE:

Washington Field teletype to New York, 3/3/52.
Baltimore teletype to New York, 3/5/52.

*1cc-phot
WPS/KAG
4/4/53
2cc to ABC 2/16/54
S.F.C*

*4.6
epb*
AGENCY *100-200000-111*
ENC. *6-27-52*
REF. *9-11-52*
FILE *6*

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
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NY 121-14000

HAROLD CLAYTON UREY
Applicant
Ordnance Corps
Department of the Army
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

March 21, 1952
New York, New York

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

Professor ARTHUR THOMAS, Department of Chemistry, Room 766, Chandler Laboratory, Columbia University, 116th Street and Broadway, New York, New York, stated that he has known the applicant for a number of years, but that he has had very little recent contact with him. He said that at the end of the second World War, Professor UREY left Columbia University and went to the University of Chicago to teach. Professor THOMAS said that he occasionally sees the applicant at scientific meetings and gatherings, but that he has not had any lengthy conversations with the applicant since he left the staff at Columbia University, nor does he know very much concerning his activities since that time.

Professor THOMAS stated that he believes that the applicant is "absolutely loyal to the United States." He said that when the applicant was teaching at Columbia University prior to the outbreak of World War II, he did permit his name to be used by certain groups which were later determined to be fronts for the Communist Party. Professor THOMAS said that he is unable to recall the names of any such organizations at the present time. He said that he did not believe that the applicant would permit his name to be used by any organization now, or in the future, without first determining that it was composed of individuals who are loyal to the United States. He recalled reading an article in a scientific periodical wherein Professor UREY had resigned his membership in some organization which had been found to be dominated by Communists. He stated that he could not recall the name of

NY 121-14000

the organization from which Professor UREY resigned nor was he able to remember at this time the name of the magazine in which this information appeared.

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It is to be noted that in the issue of the "Chemical and Engineering News", dated December 10, 1946, UREY admitted resigning from the Independent Citizens Committee of Arts, Sciences, and Professions. This information appeared in a column entitled "Letters to the Editor Department" of the previously-mentioned publication.

Professor WILLIAM HAVENS, Room 1307, Pupin Laboratory, Columbia University, stated that he knew the applicant well for a period of about five years prior to 1946, but that he has had almost no contact with Professor UREY in the immediate past. He said that he believes Professor UREY would never be disloyal to the government. However, he stated that Professor UREY is "well-known as a very outspoken individual", and that he might be "indiscreet" at times, but that he would never be anything but loyal to the United States. By "indiscreet", Professor HAVENS said he meant that Professor UREY might make statements, concerning or discuss matters of a scientific nature, without thinking of any possible security aspects that the information might have. Professor HAVENS said that he made this observation as he knows the applicant to be impulsive and outspoken.

121-34744-26

NY 121-14000

Professor HAVENS said that the applicant is a very prominent person, and that he has been associated in the past with individuals and organizations which were interested in using his name and prestige for their own purposes. He said that the applicant was, in the past, interested in certain idealistic causes, and that this interest led him into association with individuals and groups which he (HAVENS) "felt sure" were Communist. Professor HAVENS said that he is unable to identify these groups or individuals as he cannot recall specific information in this connection at this time. He said that he is basing his opinion on a general impression. Professor HAVENS stated that he believes that the applicant would not at this time, or in the future, associate himself with persons or organizations which he had not satisfied himself were loyal to the government.

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Confidential Informant New York City T-1, another government agency which conducts personnel and security investigations, has record of an advertisement appearing in the magazine, "New Republic," issue of June 27, 1948, sponsored by the Committee of One Thousand, 37 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, wherein the name of one Dr. HAROLD C. UREY appears as a sponsor. The advertisement reads in part, "We call upon you, the American people, to support us in concerted action towards one goal; to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities."

NY 121-14000

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"Committee of One Thousand

"1. A 'Communist created and controlled front organization' which was 'created to raise funds for the defense of 19 unfriendly witnesses before the Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities' investigation of Communist activity in Hollywood, 10 of whom were indicted for contempt of Congress."

"(California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1948, pp 34 and 35.)"

Confidential Informant New York City T-1, previously mentioned, has information indicating that in March of 1940 one Professor HAROLD C. GREY was a sponsor of the Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign.

The following information pertaining to the Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign appears in the Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications (and Appendix), dated March 3, 1951, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.:

"Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, January 3, 1940, p. 9)
- "2. 'This organization suffered a split because of the charge of Communist domination**** This organization likewise received Communist approval and support and was part of the network of organizations fostered by the Communist Party in its Spanish Campaign.'

~~CONFIDENTIAL - INTERNAL SECURITY - RUC312~~

NY 121-14000

(New York City Council Committee investigating the Municipal Civil Service Commission.)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL - INTERNAL SECURITY - RUC312~~

121-34744-26

NY 121-14000

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

INFORMANTS:

New York City T-1

Records of the Office of
Naval Intelligence, New
York Naval Shipyard,
Brooklyn, New York.

New York City T-2

Records of G-2, Governors
Island, New York, which
were reviewed by SA JOHN
W. SCANNELL.

*Information deleted from this report has been
reported by another office.*

121-34744-26

NY 121-14000

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Confidential Informant New York City F-1, another government agency which conducts personnel and security investigations, has record of an advertisement appearing in the magazine, "New Republic", issue of June 27, 1940, sponsored by the Committee of One Thousand, 37 Madison Avenue, New York, New York, wherein the name of one DR. HAROLD C. UREY appears as a sponsor. The advertisement reads in part, "We call upon you, the American people, to support us in concerted action towards one goal: to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities."

In this connection, it is to be noted that HAROLD C. UREY, Nobel Prize winner, is listed on page three, column one, of the "Daily Worker" as the signer of an open letter sponsored by the Committee of One Thousand urging the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities. It is further noted that the name of Dr. HAROLD C. UREY, Institute for Nuclear Studies, University of Chicago, is listed among the names "of 313 educators, writers, scientists, and clergymen who signed an open letter to the members of the 81st Congress urging the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities."

121-34744-26

NY 121-14000

~~The "Daily Worker" is an anti-Communist publication.~~

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United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

HAROLD CLAYTON GREY
Applicant
Grumman Corps
Department of the Army
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

Report made by Special Agent
SIDNEY E. BOWEN, dated
March 21, 1952, at New York,
New York.

This document contains information
and is not to be distributed
for the purpose of the
investigation of the
case of this case.

PROPERTY OF FBI

This document is the property of the
FBI and is not to be distributed
outside the FBI without the
written permission of the
FBI.

121-34744-26

HAROLD CLAYTON UREY
Applicant
Ordnance Corps
Department of the Army
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland
LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

March 21, 1952
New York, New York

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

Professor ARTHUR THOMAS, Department of Chemistry, Room 766, Chandler Laboratory, Columbia University, 116th Street and Broadway, New York, New York, stated that he has known the applicant for a number of years, but that he has had very little recent contact with him. He said that at the end of the second World War, Professor UREY left Columbia University and went to the University of Chicago to teach. Professor THOMAS said that he occasionally sees the applicant at scientific meetings and gatherings, but that he has not had any lengthy conversations with the applicant since he left the staff at Columbia University, nor does he know very much concerning his activities since that time.

Professor THOMAS stated that he believes that the applicant is "absolutely loyal to the United States." He said that when the applicant was teaching at Columbia University prior to the outbreak of World War II, he did permit his name to be used by certain groups which were later determined to be fronts for the Communist Party. Professor THOMAS said that he is unable to recall the names of any such organizations at the present time. He said that he did not believe that the applicant would permit his name to be used by any organization now, or in the future, without first determining that it was composed of individuals who are loyal to the United States. He recalled reading an article in a scientific periodical wherein Professor UREY had resigned his membership in some organization which had been found to be dominated by Communists. He stated that he could not recall the name of

NY 121-14000

the organization from which Professor UREY resigned nor was he able to remember at this time the name of the magazine in which this information appeared.

Professor THOMAS said that, in his opinion, Professor UREY had never been a Communist Party member or a Communist sympathizer. He was interested in the problems of various racial and religious groups, and of the so-called underprivileged. He was also interested in refugees who came to the United States from Europe just prior to the outbreak of the last war, according to Professor THOMAS. Professor THOMAS said that the applicant takes a paternalistic attitude toward his students and associates, and likes to have them look up to him as a leader as well as a teacher in his particular field. Professor THOMAS said that, in his opinion, it was the applicant's concern over the previously-mentioned matters which caused him to lend his name and sometimes participate in the affairs of groups which were actually found subversive.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL - SECURITY INFORMATION~~

NY 121-14000

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Director, FBI (100-398044)

9/28/55

SAC, New York (100-109536)

GLORIA AGRIN, wa.
SM-C

NOTED

SI UNIT

DATE 9-29-55

Re SAC letter 55-30, 4/12/55.

SUCCINCT RESUME OF CASE

BSSI, NYCPD, operator #6 advised on 11/7/52 that the subject was registered as a delegate of the American Student Union, Brooklyn College District in 1940, to attend the American Peace Mobilization (cited in HCUA Guide) Chicago, Ill., that year.

The June, 1954 issue of the "New York Guild Lawyer", publication of the New York Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) reflects that the subject was elected a member of the Board of Directors of the NY Chapter of NLG (cited in HCUA Guide) for the term 1954-1955.

[REDACTED] reliable, furnished a program of the Eastern Seaboard Conference of the Congress of American Women (CAW cited by A.G.), held June 6-8, 1947, in Brooklyn, NY. Under the heading, "Peace and Democracy", on this program, is listed the name "GLORIA AGRIN, Labor Lawyer."

[REDACTED] confidentially advised the subject was present at an emergency meeting of the resident Executive Board of the CAW, held on November 6, 1949. This meeting was confined solely to a discussion concerning the request of the US Dept. of Justice that the CAW register as a foreign agent, ~~according to a reliable informant.~~

Former NY-426-S, reliable, in November, 1950 made available information which reflected that the subject was an American Labor Party (ALP) candidate for the NY State assembly.

On March 14, 1952 SA CHARLES D. SHORES observed that subject's name appeared on the door of the law office occupied by ALBERT SOCOLOV, 401 Broadway, NYC. SOCOLOV is the husband of JUDITH COPLON.

RM

CRC

JJE:PCS

(3)

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
SEP 29 1955	
12-6	

100-109536-46

Letter to Director
NY 100-109536

In connection with the subject's activities as a lawyer the following has been reported:

a) Captain C.R. WOODSON, ONI, advised that the subject in early 1949 represented [REDACTED] during her appeal before the Army Air Force Security Personnel Board. This Board had denied access to classified material to [REDACTED] on the basis of her "proven CP membership." b7c

b) The "Daily Worker", 4/2/51, listed the subject as one of the attorneys for ELIZABETH MOOS.

c) The "Daily Worker", 5/13/51, P. 2, C. 4, listed the subject as representing leaders of the Peace Information Center which was indicted 2/9/51 in US District Court for failure to register under the provisions of the Foreign Agents Registration Act.

d) The AUSA, SDNY, advised on 10/14/53 that the subject was one of the attorneys representing BETTY GANNETT, ALEXANDER BITTELMAN and CLAUDIA JONES, all CP functionaries in deportation hearings.

e) The "Daily Worker", 12/18/53, P 2, C 2, reported that the subject was one of the attorneys defending SOPHIE GERSON in deportation hearings.

f) [REDACTED] b7D reliable, advised that a meeting of the NY Committee for Protection of Foreign Born was held on June 2, 1954 for the sole purpose of celebrating the victory of its attorneys, BLANCH FREIDMAN and GLORIA AGRIN, in obtaining the release of 11 persons from conditional supervisory parole.

g) NY 1286-S*, reliable, on 5/13/55 advised that CEDERIC BELFRAGE was arrested for deportation and that the subject was working on the case.

The "Brooklyn Eagle", a former Brooklyn, NY daily newspaper, issue of June 18, 1952, listed the subject as a speaker at a "Brooklyn Rosenberg Rally."

Letter to Director
NY 100-109536

The "Daily Worker", 2/1/54, P 1, C 1, described the subject as a friend of EMANUEL BLOCH, Attorney for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, who found BLOCH in his apartment dead from a heart attack.

Records of BSSI, NYCPD, reflected on 2/2/54 that the subject made a speech at the funeral of BLOCH and stated she had worked for BLOCH for 3 1/2 years. Moreover, subject was reported to have been elected to fill BLOCH'S place as a trustee of the ROSENBERG'S children's trust fund.

Baltimore informants [redacted] and [redacted] reported that the subject spoke at a ROSENBERG memorial meeting on June 19, 1954, in Baltimore, Md. b7D

[redacted] Hotel Sheraton, NYC, advised that the subject was scheduled to attend and sit on the dais of the "National Guardian" annual dinner to be held at the Hotel Sheraton on November 30, 1954.

RECOMMENDATION

Delete from SI:

Subject's activity is not believed within criteria of relet notwithstanding her leadership position in NLG and as a trustee of the ROSENBERG Children's Trust Fund.

DETCOM TABBING

1. Not presently tabbed for Detcom.
2. Subject has not been approved for Detcom tabbing under the new criteria in SAC letter 55-12 of 2/10/55.
3. Recommended for deletion from SI.

TRANSMIT TO *new York* OFFICE

Director, FBI (100-388044)

9/28/55

SAC, New York (100-109536)

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SM-C

NOTED
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DATE *mf*

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RM

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CRE

100-109536-47

20-11
1955
[initials]
[initials]

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NY 100-109536}

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Julius Rosenberg Et AL.

Referral

Naval

Investigative

Service

No. 12

Judge Advocate General (Cvll 146)
Department of the Navy
Washington, D.C. 20370 REFERRAL

Reviewed by:

Packet: 12

AGENCY Naval Investigative Service

No. of Pages
Actual Released

[illegible]

IN REPLY REFER TO NO.

ND3/DHq-332

A8-5

~~SECRET~~

Serial 002417/Op-321K

DISTRICT INTELLIGENCE OFFICER
THIRD NAVAL DISTRICT
BUILDING NO. 152
NEW YORK NAVAL SHIPYARD
NAVAL BASE, BROOKLYN 1, N. Y.

1 September 1949

~~SECRET~~

Mr. Edward Scheidt,
Special Agent in Charge,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
234 U. S. Court House, Foley Square
New York 7, New York.

Subject Max ELITCHER

Dear Mr. Scheidt:

This office has been requested by the cognizant Naval Inspector of Ordnance to conduct an investigation for the purpose of determining subject's suitability for access to classified information in connection with his employment at Reeves Instrument Corporation.

Inasmuch as it is understood that ELITCHER is the subject of an espionage investigation currently being conducted by your office, no action is contemplated by this office pending the results of your investigation.

Attention is invited to our letter to the Director of Naval Intelligence, dated 15 June 1949, subject [REDACTED] a copy of which was forwarded to you, wherein association between [REDACTED] and the subject was established. It is also to be noted that G-2 First Army is presently conducting a security investigation on [REDACTED] at the request of this office, which, in view of his association with the subject and Morton SOBELL may conflict with your case on ELITCHER. If such should be the case, this office will interpose no objection to the suspension of the Army investigation until such time as it will no longer hamper the ELITCHER investigation. b7c

In the event it is determined that the subject cannot be prosecuted for espionage, it is requested that this office be furnished sufficient information regarding subject's background upon which to predicate clearance action.

Transmission by United States Registered Mail or Registered Guard Mail is authorized in accordance with Article 7-5, U. S. Navy Security Manual for Classified Matter.

12-1-1463 * Dooley
65-14873 * ref
Very truly yours,

D. C. HAMBURGER
Captain, U.S.N.

District Intelligence Officer

cc:DNI

65-14873-59

Julius Rosenberg Et AL.

Referral

Naval

Investigative

Service

No. 13

Department of the Navy
Washington, D.C. 20370

Reviewed by:

AGENCY Naval Investigative Service

- No. of Pages

Actual Released

[illegible]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: September 20, 1949

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO

SUBJECT: MAX ELITCHER;
HELENE STERNBERG ELITCHER
ESPIONAGE - R
(New York File 65-14873)

Reurlet July 15, 1949, requesting any identifying information the Chicago Office may have on a person by the name of SHOTAVSKY residing at 114 South St. Louis Street, Chicago, Illinois.

[REDACTED] Mrs. NICK MERLE, 5463 West Monroe Street, Chicago, was interviewed. Mrs. MERLE, who is the wife of the janitor of 114 South St. Louis Street, gave the following information: b7E

MOLLY and SAM M. SHATAVSKY, married, have resided since June, 1949 in apartment 304 at 114 South St. Louis Street, Chicago. It should be noted that referenced letter spelled the name SHOTAVSKY. No person by that name resides at this address.

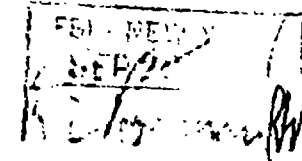
A woman by the name ANNA SCOP also resides with the SHATAVSKY family, who also have a very young child. MOLLY SHATAVSKY's mother resides in New Jersey, very near New York City, and the SHATAVSKYS visited her in June, 1949.

Through a [REDACTED] call to MEYER SHATAVSKY, father of SAM SHATAVSKY, it was determined that SAM is employed at the Armour Research Foundation, 35 West 33rd Street, Chicago. It was further ascertained through this [REDACTED] call that MEYER SHATAVSKY is co-owner of the Shatavsky-Levinson Company, Incorporated, a retail fur business, located at 5 South Wabash Street, Chicago, and resides at 3329 West Potomac Street, Chicago. b7E

The telephone directory at the Armour Research Foundation, Chicago, checked by Special Agent DAVID J. REID of the Chicago Office, revealed that SAM SHATAVSKY is an associate engineer of physics in the main research laboratory of the Armour Research Foundation.

Chicago File 61-174-1137 reflects that one MOLLY SHATAVSKY, 3329 West Potomac Street, Chicago, who was born on March 8, 1920, became a member of the JPFO Lodge 494 of IWO on February 26, 1948. The files also reflected that MORRIS SHATAVSKY who was born January 30, 1922, residing at the same address, also became a member of Lodge 494 JPFO on the same date. Inasmuch as the age of these two people appears to be approximately

HAW:FS
#65-3320



65-14873-62

SAC, New York

Re: MAX ELITCHER

September 20, 1949

the same age as SAM M. and MOLLY SHATAVSKY and also due to the fact that MEYER, the father, resides at 3329 West Potomac Street and does not have a son whose first name is MORRIS, it appears that MOLLY and SAM M. SHATAVSKY are the people mentioned in Chicago File 61-174-1137.

It was determined that MEYER SHATAVSKY does not have a son whose first name is MORRIS through a credit check at Hill's Reports, Incorporated, a Chicago credit Bureau. Chicago File 61-174-1137 also revealed that MEYER SHATAVSKY of 3329 West Potomac Street, Chicago, is a member of JPFO Lodge #1 of IWO.

Chicago File #100-125-5128 reflects a confidential letter dated January 12, 1945 from the Office of Naval Intelligence, Ninth Naval District, Chicago, Illinois, from which the following excerpts were taken:

"Re: Artists and Writers Committee Annual Party,

"Blow Your Top For Victory - New Year's Eve, 1944.

"Subject New Year's Eve party was held on the mezanine floor of the Midland Hotel, Adams and Wells Street, Chicago, Illinois, from 2200 on 31 December 1944 to 0300 1 January 1945. Entertainment consisted of a three or four piece Negro orchestra and a floor show in the Adams Room, and of music by FLOYD CAUFSELL and his orchestra (also Negro) in the Grand Ballroom. Refreshments consisted of sandwiches, liquor, beer and soft drinks, sold at two bars and a lunch table. Tickets were sold, and they alone were accepted in payment for the refreshments. On the back of these tickets were printed "C.P.A.", Chicago.

"Confidential informants ND 9-1-31, CGO-1 and CGO-2 attended. They advised that approximately 700 to 800 persons were present. Forty or fifty were servicemen; about twenty percent were Negro. [REDACTED] advised informant that the International Workers Order was the true sponsor of Subject party. b7D

"It is noted from a handbill advertising Subject party that tickets at \$1.80 were on sale at the following listed places: Modern Book Store, 64 West Randolph, International Workers Order, Room 1116, 166 West Jackson, Hotel Grand, 5046 South Park Avenue, Cooperative Restaurant, 1628 West Division, "Morning Freiheit", 3620 West Roosevelt Road,

"Handbills advertising the Modern Book Store and announcing its new location were handed out by girls during the early part of the evening.

SAC, New York

Re: MAX ELITCHER

September 20, 1949

"HARRIETTE PIPER, dressed formally, acted as mistress of ceremonies, and chief hostess for the affair. According to a letter accompanying 138 guest tickets for servicemen sent to the Navy Pier, Chicago, HARRIETTE PIPER was 'secretary' of the 'Artists and Writers Committee'.

"Service Personnel

"Only 40 or 50 servicemen were present, about half Army and half Navy, and one Marine Corporal. Approximately 500 complimentary tickets for servicemen were confiscated by this office. Most of the service personnel present seemed well known in the groups in which they moved. Some were apparently there by chance, though the percentage is thought to be slight. Complimentary tickets were not asked of servicemen at the door.

"Confidential informant ND 9-1-31 identified an Ensign, the only Naval Officer noted present, as [REDACTED] advised that he is stationed at [REDACTED]

b7D

The Navy Officer mentioned in this letter could be Subject [REDACTED] due to the fact that he is presently an [REDACTED]

The records of Hill's Reports, Incorporated, a Chicago credit agency, and the Chicago Police Department, were checked with negative results against the names of MOLLY and SAM SHATAVSKY and ANNA SCOP, the SHATAVSKY's roomer.

The indices of the Chicago Office were also checked with negative results against the names of MAX ELITCHER, HELENE STERNBERG ELITCHER and ANNA SCOP.

RUC.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEWARK**

NY FILE NO. 100-23881 etc

REPORT MADE AT NEWARK	DATE WHEN MADE 8/22/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 7/24, 27, 28; 8/1, 2, 8-11/50	REPORT MADE BY THOMAS M. O'CONNOR
TITLE MARK PAGE, wa. Marcus Pogarsky		CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R	

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

RUTH GREENGLASS, wife of **DAVID GREENGLASS**, admitted Soviet Agent, advised that **JULIUS ROSENBERG** attempted to recruit **PAGE** for Soviet espionage. **PAGE** born 11/15/18, NYC; presently resides 73 S. Walnut St., East Orange, NJ. Member of CP since 1938. Subject and wife, **STELLIA HOPE PAGE**, members of Professional Group, CP, in 1948. Subject served in USN. Considered by several former acquaintances to be Communistically inclined. Was supported in attempt to stay on Westinghouse payroll by **MARCEL SCHEERER**, union representative and long-time member.

- P -

DETAILS:

In signed statements furnished to the New York Office dated June 15 and 16, 1950, **DAVID GREENGLASS**, admitted Soviet espionage agent, identified **JULIUS ROSENBERG** as the individual who recruited him for Soviet espionage.

RUTH GREENGLASS, wife of **DAVID GREENGLASS**, advised interviewing Agents in New York that **ROSENBERG** claimed that he had attempted to recruit **PAGE** for espionage. Mrs. **GREENGLASS** stated that **ROSENBERG** was apparently upset when **PAGE** refused to cooperate.

BIRTHDECLASSIFIED BY 4913 AP/TEK
ON 1-24-78

Previous investigation has reflected that birth certificate number 53327, Department of Health, New York, New York,

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>SKM/Kee</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <i>SKM/Kee</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
5-Bureau (100-332133) 2-Albany 1-Albuquerque (Info) 2-Buffalo 2-Cleveland 2-Los Angeles 2-New Haven		100-332133-20 AUG 24 1950 12	RECORDED - 57 INDEXED - 57 EX-6
2-New York (100-91482) 1-San Francisco (Info) 2-Washington Field 3-Newark			

PROPERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

52 AUG 31 1950

SECURITY INFORMATION

NK 100-23881

reflects that MARCUS ~~POGARSKY~~ was born on November 15, 1918, at New York to DAVID and SARAH ~~POLARIA-POGARSKY~~, both of whom were born in Russia. The record further reflects that the Subject's name was changed by court order of September 24, 1940, from MARCUS ~~POGARSKY~~ to MARK ~~PAGE~~.

EDUCATION

Various employment files reflect that PAGE graduated from Seward Park High School, New York City, in 1934. These employment records further reflect that he attended City College of New York, New York University and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT

The New York Office has advised that PAGE was employed by the TOTAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY, 184-10 Jamaica Avenue, from February 28, 1949 until April 28, 1950.

Mr. CARL R. NELSON, Works Manager of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE, Jersey City, New Jersey, advised that PAGE was employed as a design engineer on November 15, 1948, with the AIREX DIVISION of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE and that his services were terminated February 4, 1949, when the AIREX DIVISION was transferred to Bridgeport, Connecticut. These records reflected that he had been previously employed from September 1946 until August 1948 by the WESTINGHOUSE COMPANY in Bloomfield, New Jersey; from 1941 to September 1946 by the GEORGE SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey; that previous to that he had been employed by the WATERVLIET ARSENAL at Watervliet, New York; by the AMERICAN STANDARD WATCH COMPANY in New York City; by the CURMO OPTICAL COMPANY, New York City; by the WILLIAM AERO RESEARCH, New York City; and that from 1931 to 1936 he was employed by B. GREENGLASS, master machinist, in New York, New York. This employment consisted of tool making in which he was employed from apprentice up to machinist. (It is believed that this B. GREENGLASS is DAVID GREENGLASS's father.)

The record further disclosed that he had graduated from Seward Park High School in New York in 1934 and that he had received a certificate from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1940. The records also reflected that he attended City College of New York for two years and that he is presently attending New York University.

The employment file of PAGE at WESTINGHOUSE was made available by WILLIAM GRANT, Labor Relations Manager. This file reflected that he was

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employed by WESTINGHOUSE at Bloomfield, New Jersey, as a design engineer on September 16, 1946, and that he was laid off on August 4, 1948, due to lack of work. In an application dated September 16, 1946, he advised that he had been a radio technician in the U. S. Navy. Information pertaining to previous education and employment listed no additional information than previously set forth.

W. H. MCGURDY, Staff Assistant to the Manager, Equipment Design, WESTINGHOUSE, Bloomfield, New Jersey, advised that PAGE while employed at WESTINGHOUSE had worked under his supervision and that most of his employment had dealt with commercial equipment. He advised, however, that PAGE had worked on electronic designing, specifically on radar tubes, which information was classified. However, MCGURDY advised that the practice in the section had been that any given individual worked on only a small segment of the whole and that it was virtually impossible to get a comprehensive picture of any specific project. Most of PAGE's employment had been on unclassified commercial lamp designing, according to MCGURDY. He was unable to furnish any information concerning associates or sympathies of PAGE.

RICHARD REHBERG, Supervisor of Drafting Equipment, Design Division, advised that at no time when PAGE was working on classified electronic material would he have had access to the whole design. The practice, according to REHBERG, was to give a draftsman only a particular drawing dealing with a small part of the electronic design. REHBERG advised that he has seen PAGE on only one occasion since he left the employment of WESTINGHOUSE and that was a year or two ago at which time PAGE was employed by MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE of Jersey City. He advised that he knew nothing concerning PAGE's sympathies or associates and did advise that PAGE apparently associated with no one at the plant as he came to work alone and invariably ate his lunch alone.

Mr. R. C. MCGREGOR, Staff Assistant to the Manager, Development and Engineering Division, WESTINGHOUSE, advised that PAGE had been employed by WESTINGHOUSE from September 1946 to August 1948 and that he had from time to time worked on classified electronic material. MCGREGOR stated that he would never have had access to the complete plans of this classified material but that PAGE was the curious type who, after a period of time, would have an idea of the overall picture of a given project. MCGREGOR advised that it would have been impossible for PAGE to have taken any prints out of the plant although it would have been possible for him to make a rough sketch. MCGREGOR stated that on several occasions he had ridden on the train into New York with PAGE inasmuch as during the period

of PAGE's employment he was also attending New York University. MCGREGOR advised that in conversations he had with PAGE during these train rides, he formed the impression that PAGE favored the Communist system and that he had many arguments with him on that score. He stated he does not know whether or not PAGE was actually a member of the Communist Party but added he had called him one.

MCGREGOR further advised that prior to PAGE's employment with WESTINGHOUSE he had worked with the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY in Newark and that he was one of the contract engineers WESTINGHOUSE had hired from the SCHER COMPANY, and that PAGE, therefore, had worked in the WESTINGHOUSE plant for a year or so around 1943 or 1944. He further advised that PAGE apparently had no financial means other than the salary he earned through his employment although he was of the impression that PAGE did outside work in the evenings but for whom he was unable to state.

MCGREGOR advised that he could not recall any specific instances of Communist sympathy on the part of PAGE but that it was an overall picture that he has in his mind as a recollection of PAGE's conversations. He further advised that he definitely would not trust PAGE.

EDWARD L. OGDEN, Supervisor of Industrial Relations, WESTINGHOUSE, Bloomfield, advised that he was suspicious concerning PAGE and these suspicions were of possible Communist affiliations on the part of PAGE. Specifically, OGDEN stated that these suspicions resulted from a meeting of the Local of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America at WESTINGHOUSE concerning the signing of non-Communist Party affidavits, the signing of which the national office of UERMWA opposed. However, OGDEN advised that the WESTINGHOUSE Local wanted to sign these affidavits and that PAGE was the only one at this meeting who opposed signing them.

OGDEN advised that PAGE was laid off as a result of lack of work and that he attempted, on seniority basis, to stay on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll in virtually any capacity, although in many instances the jobs which PAGE attempted to secure on the seniority basis would have resulted in a drastic reduction in pay. One of these jobs required the signing of a personnel security questionnaire, according to OGDEN, and PAGE had refused to fill out the form. According to OGDEN, the whole situation finally came before the UERMWA Grievance Committee and finally a cash settlement was made by WESTINGHOUSE to PAGE and he was separated from service.

OGDEN advised that MARCEL SCHERER, representative of District 4, UERMWA, appeared to be the main individual who was attempting to keep PAGE on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll.

WILLIAM GRANT, Labor Relations Manager, WESTINGHOUSE, stated that he considered that if PAGE were not an actual Communist Party member he was certainly one of their best "fellow travellers". GRANT was unable to furnish specific examples of Communist Party sympathy on the part of PAGE and advised that he became quite suspicious of PAGE when he tried to "bump", on a seniority basis, an engineer who was working on a Navy contract, and was willing to take a big reduction in salary in order to do this. However, GRANT advised that this attempt occurred after PAGE was laid off due to lack of work. GRANT advised, however, that he considered it extremely unusual that a man of PAGE's experience and work ability would be willing to take such a cut in pay just to stay on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll inasmuch as he felt sure PAGE would be able to secure employment elsewhere at a higher salary.

FRANK RUTH, President of the Westinghouse Local of the International Union of Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, advised that he was also President of the Local when it was affiliated with the UERMWA. He advised that he became acquainted with PAGE after PAGE was laid off at Westinghouse by a reduction in force and prior to the time he was terminated. RUTH stated that now he is suspicious of PAGE due to the fact that MARCEL SCHERER, whom RUTH considers a Communist, seemed to be always trying to work PAGE into various jobs in the union, such as, writing articles and leaflets, etc. He further advised that the interest taken by the national office in attempting to keep PAGE on the Westinghouse payroll was unusual inasmuch as PAGE was the only one to his knowledge who was in an appeal status and also sat in on a grievance, and that PAGE's sitting in on a grievance was on the insistence of the national office and MARCEL SCHERER. RUTH advised that at this time the relations between his local and the national office of UERMWA were not close inasmuch as his local had refused to go along with the national office on many things so that as a rule the national office took very little interest in any grievance of any member of his local. RUTH advised that in the end PAGE took a cash settlement which closed the grievance and he was terminated from the Westinghouse payroll.

DAMON STRUVEN, Vice President of the IUE Local of Westinghouse and former Vice President of the UE Local at Westinghouse, advised that PAGE had been laid off in a reduction in force along with a lot of other workers, and that PAGE made an attempt to stay on the Westinghouse payroll. STRUVEN stated that he did not know PAGE until the grievance set in but at that time the union backed PAGE in his claims but that the company claimed that PAGE could not handle jobs for which he attempted to "bump". STRUVEN advised that PAGE was willing to take a substantial reduction in pay just to stay on the payroll, which was unusual for a man of PAGE's skill; further,

during the period of this grievance, according to STRUVEN, PAGE appeared to be on very close terms with MARCEL SCHERER, who, STRUVEN said, was a Communist. STRUVEN advised that he had had several conversations with PAGE b7c in connection with a grievance and he gathered from these conversations that PAGE was Communistically inclined. STRUVEN stated that on one occasion PAGE advised that he had at one time belonged to some professional group which later was listed as a subversive organization. STRUVEN stated that he was unable to recall the name of this organization. STRUVEN advised that the whole grievance was finally settled by Westinghouse by an \$1800.00 cash payment to PAGE.

In regard to MARCEL SCHERER, JULIUS ROSENBERG advised interviewing Agents in New York that when ROSENBERG graduated from engineering school and wanted to get a job it was suggested that he join the Federation of Architects, Engineers, Chemists and Technicians Union (FAECT), therefore, he went to the union office where he met MARCEL SCHERER who got him into the union. At that time SCHERER was a union organizer for the FAECT and SCHERER later designated ROSENBERG to be chairman of the union's Civil Service Committee.

Newark Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised in 1950 that he had visited SCHERER in Brooklyn in 1927 at which time SCHERER specifically told the Informant that he was attempting to organize Communist Party members who were also scientists and chemists and that he was encouraged and backed in this work by high level Communist Party functionaries. The Informant advised that up until 1942, which was the last contact he had with SCHERER, that SCHERER had continued this activity and was working only with the highest level national Communist Party functionaries.

Newark Confidential Informant T-2, of unknown reliability, advised in 1943 that the FAECT was conceived by the Communist Party and that SCHERER was the directing head.

Newark Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised in 1942 that [REDACTED] was a charter member of the Communist Party in 1919 and had held many positions in the Party. The Informant also advised that [REDACTED] had been reported to be an agent of the OGPU (Russian secret police). b7c

Newark Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised in February 1943 that at a meeting of the Young Communist League SCHERER was described as a real Communist who was a Communist Party functionary for

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many years before he was a trade union man and who knew the Party line and followed it and tried to sponsor it whenever he could.

The Young Communist League was cited by Attorney General Tom Clark as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

In the June 12, 1949, edition of The Worker, East Coast Communist Sunday newspaper, SCHERER was described as the Educational Director of Local 4, UEMWA.

Newark Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that he had learned from MARTHA STORE, New Jersey State Organizer for the Communist Party, that in February 1947 SCHERER had been given the job by the national office of the Communist Party of organizing the salary workers.

Mr. CHARLES SCHER of the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey, advised that PAGE was employed by the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY from December 24, 1941 to May 18, 1944, at which time PAGE had left to go into the Navy. He returned to service with the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY on November 18, 1945, and quit of his own accord on September 13, 1946. During his period of employment he was employed as a tool designer. Mr. SCHER advised that he did not know the Subject personally and there was no additional pertinent information concerning PAGE located in the personnel file.

Mr. ALF WAKSIN, Chief Tool Designer, SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, advised that he had been PAGE's supervisor during his period of employment at the company. He stated that while PAGE was with the company he worked in the Wright Aeronautical Section where there were Army contracts, but, according to WAKSIN, there was nothing of a highly confidential nature contained in any of these contracts. WAKSIN further advised that PAGE had been on some outside assignments and for a period of time had actually been at the Westinghouse Company at Bloomfield although employed by the SCHER COMPANY. WAKSIN advised he knew nothing concerning PAGE's personal life and associates and that PAGE had never displayed any Communist sympathies.

MILITARY SERVICE

The New York Office has advised that the Naval Enlisted records at Garden City, Long Island, reflect that PAGE, Navy serial number 9033710, entered Naval Service on June 1, 1944, and was honorably discharged on October 18, 1945, and that he was a radio technician.

RESIDENCE

Investigation has disclosed that PAGE presently resides at 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, since 1941.

Employment files and previous investigations reflected the following previous residences for PAGE:

12 Dession Avenue, Troy, New York; 1941
153 Madison Avenue or Madison Street, New York; 1940
86 Columbia Street, New York City; 1940
111 South 3rd Street, Brooklyn, New York; 1939

COMMUNIST PARTY ACTIVITY

Newark Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, advised in December 1943 that MARK PAGE of 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, was a member of the Orange Branch of the Communist Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised in July 1944 that the Communist Party listed PAGE as being "on leave".

Newark Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised in June 1945 that PAGE had been a member of the Communist Party since 1935 and that instructions had been issued that no mail be sent to him by the Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised on January 22, 1946, that PAGE was on the Veterans Commission of the Communist Party of New Jersey.

In June 1946 Newark Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that the Subject was a member of the Orange Club of the Communist Party in Essex County, New Jersey, and that [REDACTED] b7D

On July 23, 1946, T-9 advised that PAGE had attended a Branch Membership Meeting of the Communist Party on June 22, 1946.

On January 8, 1947, T-9 advised that PAGE was a member of the Professional Group of the Communist Party.

On October 15 and 26, 1948, Newark Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised that MARK PAGE was a member of the Professional

Club of the Communist Party of New Jersey.

Newark Confidential Informants T-11 and T-12, both of known reliability, have advised that the Professional Club of the Communist Party of New Jersey is an underground organization of the Communist Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-13, of known reliability, advised in February 1949 that AL EISENBERG, at that time according to T-12 and T-13 the New Jersey State Educational Director of the Communist Party, asked the Subject if he would be interested in doing economic research work for the good of the Communist Party. EISENBERG, according to T-13, explained that the work would concern such plants as the Bell Telephone Company and Public Service. The Informant stated that PAGE advised that he could contribute his engineering experience and training to the work inasmuch as he had been employed by large firms in New Jersey for the past twelve years.

During the course of the present investigation Newark Confidential Informant T-9 was recontacted and advised that Informant has not seen either the Subject or his wife in some time and has no knowledge of their present activities.

STELLA HOPE PAGE

According to the Subject's employment files, his wife is STELLA HOPE PAGE.

Newark Confidential Informant T-14, of known reliability, advised on November 1, 1943, that STELLA HOPE PAGE was a paid up member of the Communist Party as of September 1943 and that she was a regular Daily Worker reader.

The Daily Worker is an East Coast Communist daily newspaper.

Newark Confidential Informant T-6 advised on December 10, 1943, that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Orange Branch of the Communist Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-15, of known reliability, advised on August 18, 1943, that STELLA HOPE PAGE had been issued a membership card in June 1944 for the Communist Political Association.

Confidential Informant T-8 advised on June 21, 1945, that STELLA HOPE PAGE had been a member of the Communist Party since 1937 and that instructions had been issued that no mail should be sent to her home at 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey.

Confidential Informants T-11 and T-12 advised on February 28, 1946, that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Orange Branch of the Communist Party and had been a member of the Party for nine years.

Confidential Informant T-9 advised in June 1946 that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Orange Club of the Communist Party and [REDACTED] b7D

T-9 also advised on January 8, 1947, that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Professional Group of the Communist Party.

On October 15 and 26, 1948, Newark Confidential Informant T-10 advised that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Professional Club of the Communist Party.

On March 17, 1950, Special Agents WILLIAM H. COWGER and GAY R. SHAHAN observed DAVE ROCKLIN, financial adviser of the Communist Party in the State of New Jersey, enter a home at 282 Renner Avenue, Newark, New Jersey, at 9:00 p.m. At 9:16 p.m. Agents COWGER and SHAHAN observed a green 1937 Plymouth Coach, 1949 New Jersey license JJ41L, drive up in the vicinity of 282 Renner Avenue and observed three women and two men leave the car and enter the residence at 282 Renner Avenue. It has been determined that 1949 New Jersey license JJ41L was registered to STELLA HOPE PAGE, 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey. In connection with the address, 282 Renner Avenue in Newark, this is a several family building and among the residents are known to be Mr. and Mrs. BEN SHARPE.

On September 2, 1949, Confidential Informant T-9 advised that the names, Mr. and Mrs. BEN SHARPE, 282 Renner Avenue, Newark, appeared on a mail list of the Civil Rights Congress.

The Civil Rights Congress has been cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On October 23, 1948, Special Agents JAMES O. POMIER and HERLYN H. CLOW observed a 1937 Chrysler automobile registered to BENJAMIN SHARPE, 274 Clinton Avenue, Newark, parked in the vicinity of the home of Dr. LEONARD TUSENET, 572 Prospect Street, Maplewood, New Jersey, during the period of time a Communist Party Professional Group meeting was held at Dr. TUSENET's address.

ASSOCIATION WITH JULIUS ROSENBERG

ROSENBERG, when interviewed by Agents of the New York Office on June 16, 1950, advised that he and his wife had lived with the Subject and his wife at 111 South 3rd Street, Brooklyn, New York, in 1939.

On his War Department application dated in 1940, JULIUS ROSENBERG gave as a reference, MARCUS POGARSKY, 86 Columbia Street, New York; business address, 24 West 17th Street, New York City. ROSENBERG had further advised that he had known the Subject while both attended City College of New York at which time they had become friendly although they had been acquainted prior to that period of time. ROSENBERG further advised that both he and the Subject worked together for PAUL WILLIAMS who operated the WILLIAMS AERONAUTICAL COMPANY on West 17th Street, New York City.

Newark Confidential Informant T-16, another Government agency which conducts investigations of a personnel and intelligence nature, made available to the New York Office a photostatic copy of a C.P. nominating petition for PETER V. CACCHIONE for the office of Councilman in the County of Kings, New York, 1939. Page 1920 of this petition contains signatures dated August 13, 1939, for ETHEL ROSENBERG (wife of JULIUS ROSENBERG) and STELLA H. POGARSKY, both residing at 111 South 3rd Street, Kings County, 11th Election District. T-16 also made available a photostatic copy of page 1566 of a nominating petition for Councilman for PETER V. CACCHIONE, Communist Party candidate, 1939. This reflects that the witnesses to the five signatures on the petition is STELLA HOPE POGARSKY, 111 South 3rd Street, Kings County, dated September 9, 1939.

Newark Confidential Informant T-17, of known reliability, advised on November 25, 1941, that PAUL WILLIAMS (former employer of both ROSENBERG and PAGE) had told him that he had been a flyer for the Spanish Loyalist Army.

Newark Confidential Informant T-18, another Government Agency which conducts investigations of a personnel and intelligence nature, advised on March 26, 1945, that WILLIAMS was reported to have been a Director of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade.

The Abraham Lincoln Brigade is one of the organizations cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The St. Louis Office has advised that a review of the Civilian Personnel Records Branch, Adjutant General's Office, Department of the Army,

~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~

covering the Subject's employment at the WATERVLIET ARSENAL, New York, reflects that PAGE listed as a reference, JULIUS ROSENBERG, 142 Goerck Street, New York, New York.

CREDIT AND ARREST RECORDS

The records of the CREDIT BUREAU OF GREATER NEWARK, INC., 24 Branford Place, Newark, New Jersey, which bureau covers East Orange, New Jersey, contain a report dated September 23, 1946, which reflects that the Subject and his wife resided at that time at 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, for five years. There was no additional pertinent information contained in this file.

A review of the records of the EAST ORANGE POLICE DEPARTMENT, East Orange, New Jersey, failed to reflect any information pertaining to PAGE or his wife.

DESCRIPTION

Name and alias	MARK PAGE, wa. Marcus Pogarsky
Born	November 15, 1918
Residence	73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey
Occupation	Tool designer
Height	6'
Weight	200 pounds
Eyes	Brown; wears heavy glasses
Hair	Brown
Color	White
Wife	STELLIA HOPE PAGE
Relatives	DAVID POGARSKY - father SARAH POGARSKY - mother EVA and CLARA M. POGARSKY - sisters (residing in 1941 at 144 Columbia Street, New York City)
Social Security No.	093-16-6753
Military Service	U. S. Navy 6/1/44 to 10/18/45 as radio technician; NSN 9033710.

The above information was obtained from various employment files of the Subject.

PENDING

~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~SECURITY INFORMATION - CONFIDENTIAL~~

ADMINISTRATIVE

The personnel files at MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE reflect that PAGE listed the following references:

Mrs. A. VAN BUSKIRK, 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, and L. HANLEY and C. NORDHEIMER, care of Westinghouse.

A check of the indices failed to reflect any information concerning VAN BUSKIRK or HANLEY.

The indices do reflect that CLYDE LOUIS NORDHEIMER of the Westinghouse Corporation, as of 1945, had been known to SA SIDNEY ANDER of the Newark Office [REDACTED] b7D

Mr. NELSON of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE advised that PAGE's supervisor had been KARL PECK and that he was also known to ROBERT ROEPER, both of whom were with MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE at 11 Elias Street, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

This personnel file and the other personnel files checked in connection with PAGE's employments contained a letter from M. LEHMAN, INC., Importer and Retailer, Wines and Spirits, 374 Park Avenue, New York; signed, SAMUEL S. WOLF, requesting information concerning PAGE inasmuch as it was being considered that he be taken into the firm.

The employment file of the Subject at WESTINGHOUSE reflected, in addition to Mrs. VAN BUSKIRK, the following references:

J. J. HEYMAN, Attorney, Newark, and WILLIAM L. WILKINS, Attorney, East Orange.

The indices were checked in regard to these two individuals and no information pertaining to them was located.

This personnel file also reflected that PAGE banked with the Fidelity Trust Company in East Orange, New Jersey.

Mr. R. C. MCGREGOR of the WESTINGHOUSE COMPANY, whose comments concerning PAGE are listed in the details of this report, advised that while employed at WESTINGHOUSE PAGE had worked on the T-R BOX and the Magnetron.

both of which were classified confidential. However, RICHARD REBERG, whose remarks concerning PAGE are reflected in the details, advised that after making a complete check of the drawings at WESTINGHOUSE that PAGE had never worked on the T-R BOX or the Magnetron.

In connection with a Security Matter investigation previously conducted on PAGE by this office, information was reported obtained from WILLIAM GRANT of WESTINGHOUSE (whose remarks are carried in the details of this report) to the effect that PAGE had attempted to secure employment on a classified Navy contract at WESTINGHOUSE by "bumping" on a seniority basis an engineer working on those contracts. However, it is clear after interviews with GRANT and other individuals at WESTINGHOUSE during the course of this investigation that this occurred after the time that PAGE had been laid off due to a reduction in force and that this was just one of the many jobs on which PAGE attempted to "bump" on a seniority basis in order to stay on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll.

A mail cover placed on PAGE and his wife at their address, 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, has reflected the following returns:

Sender	Address	Postmarked	Delivered
Gits Brothers Manufacturing Co.	1845 S. Kilbourn Ave. Chicago, Illinois		
Publicity Association, Incorporated	Empire State Building New York, New York		
Mrs. D. Suman	829 Lafayette Avenue Brooklyn, New York	8/3/50	8/4/50
Levin	782 E. Pico Blvd. Los Angeles, California	7/25/50	8/4/50
Barber Colman Co.	Rockford, Illinois	7/25/50	8/4/50

A check of the toll calls on the Subject's home phone for a six-month period reflects the following toll calls:

Date	Phone Number
1/8/50	To Delaware 7985 (Bennett, 9 Crane Place) Tonawanda, New York

ALVIN C. BENNETT
Railway Union

<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
1/12/50	From Hoboken 3-9503 - collect
1/11/50	From Longacre 3-8649 - collect
1/22/50	To Regent 7-1356
1/30/50	From Hoboken 3-9546 - collect
1/30/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/2/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/3/50	2 calls to Jamaica 3-7700
2/4/50	To Ludlow 4-0700
2/9/50	To Oregon 7-4547
2/10/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/14/50	To Oregon 7-4547
2/16/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/18/50	To Regent 7-1356
2/23/50	To Oregon 7-4547
2/23/50	To Orchard 4-0417
3/4/50	2 calls to Ludlow 4-0700
3/6/50	3 calls to Ludlow 4-0700
3/6/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
3/7/50	To Plaza 9-3300
3/7/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
3/7/50	Plaza 9-3300

NK 100-23881

<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
3/8/50	Jamaica 3-7700
3/11/50	White Plains 9-5198
3/13/50	Jamaica 3-7700
3/13/50	Lackawanna 4-7000
3/18/50	Endicott 2-0887
3/18/50	Plaza 9-3300
3/18/50	Endicott 2-0887
3/17/50	From Gramercy 7-9512 - collect
3/24/50	To Regent 7-1356
3/24/50	To Ludlow 4-0700
3/24/50	Jamaica 3-7700
3/26/50	Regent 7-1356
3/27/50	Algonquin 4-6318
3/27/50	Beekman 3-3672
3/27/50	Jamaica 3-3672
3/27/50	Lackawanna 4-7000
3/21/50	From Olympia 8-9652 - collect
3/31/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
3/31/50	From Gramercy 7-9858 - collect
- 4/8/50	From Lackawanna 4-7000
4/8/50	To Cypress 8-8822

<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
4/16/50	Glen Cove 2-5928
4/20/50	To Plaza 9-3300
4/21/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
4/30/50	Hempstead 2-0839J (Ike Chodak)
4/30/50	To Endicott 2-0827
5/4/50	Chelsea 3-9111
5/10/50	Spring 7-1472
5/14/50	Orchard 4-0417
5/17/50	Plaza 9-3300 (Samuel S. Wolf)
5/17/50	Plaza 9-3300
6/9/50	From Spring 7-9703 - collect
6/19/50	Orchard 4-0417
6/20/50	Beekman 3-3672
6/20/50	Oregon 7-4547
7/1/50	Hempstead 2-0839J - 2 calls
7/1/50	Gramercy 7-3479

The Naval Service, which had been previously checked, reflected that while on leave from June 21, 1945, to July 9, 1945, PAGE gave an address of 485 Newell Street, Barberton, Ohio.

The Cleveland Office has advised by teletype August 4, 1950, that the residents of the above address during June and July 1945 were ~~EDWARD MORIARTY, MORRIS FUDMAN, MARTIN McHENRY, PAUL BRADLEY, EDWARD KELLEY, SYLVEST CAROTHERS, EVERETT WILLIAMS and GORDON CARLSON.~~

By teletype August 10, 1950, the New York Office advised that PAGE had been recommended for the position with the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY by MORRIS HUDMAN, another employee. About three months after he was hired PAGE was instrumental in having HUDMAN fired. HUDMAN and PAGE are believed no longer to be friends.

MORRIS HUDMAN on his application at the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY listed B. GREENGLASS, Tools and Dies (father of David Greenglass) and PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS (JULIUS ROSENBERG's company) as former employers.

Mr. CHARLES SCHER of the GEORGE SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey, furnished three letters which were contained in PAGE's personnel file at the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY and which are in PAGE's handwriting. These letters are dated August 18th and December 7, 1941, and March 31, 1944. They are being maintained in the files of the Newark Office for handwriting specimens.

LEADS

A copy of this report is being furnished to the San Francisco and Albuquerque Offices for information as requested by New York teletype dated July 24, 1950.

ALBANY

At Troy, N. Y.

Will make inquiries concerning the Subject in the neighborhood of 12 Dessond Avenue, Subject's address in 1941. (Requested by teletype 8/10/50.)

At Rensselaer, N. Y.

Will check records of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute for all information on Subject, it being noted that he attended Rensselaer in 1940. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50)

At Watervliet, N. Y.

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 1543 4th Avenue, listed by the Subject as an address in his War Department employment record.

BUFFALO

At Tonawanda, N. Y.

Will identify and furnish information concerning subscriber to Delaware 7985. (Requested by teletype 8/10/50.)

CLEVELAND

At Barberton, Ohio

Will identify residents of 485 Newell Street in June and July 1945, it being noted that PAGE listed this address while on military leave in June and July 1945. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

LOS ANGELES

At Los Angeles, California

Will identify and furnish background information re LEVIN, 762 East Pico Boulevard, whose name was obtained as a result of a mail cover. (Requested by teletype 8/18/50.)

NK 100-23881

NEW HAVEN

At Bridgeport, Conn.

Will interview KARL PECK and ^HROBERT ROPER of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE, 11 Elias Street, who were Subject's supervisor and acquaintance during his employment with Manning, Maxwell and Moore in Jersey City. (Requested by teletype 8/10/50)

Will furnish background information re ALEXANDER TARKAS, 59 Hanover Street, listed as a reference in Subject's War Department file located at St. Louis.

NEW YORK

At New York, N. Y.

Will check records of City College of New York for information on Subject. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will check records of New York University for information on Subject. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will verify employment and obtain all pertinent information pertaining to Subject's employment with CURMO OPTICAL COMPANY, 518 East 16th Street. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will verify employment and obtain all background information concerning Subject's employment with the AMERICAN STANDARD WATCH COMPANY (BULOVA). (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 153 Madison Street where Subject resided in 1940, according to War Department file. (Newark teletype 7/28/50 set forth this address as 153 Madison Avenue.)

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 86 Columbia Street where Subject resided in 1940. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 144 Columbia Street, listed in War Department file as address in 1941.

Will interview MORRIS RUDMAN, former employee of IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY, unless reason exists why this interview should not be conducted.

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S. 18*

NK 100-23881

Will identify and furnish background information concerning subscribers to telephone exchanges obtained as the result of a check of toll calls. These are not being set forth on the lead page in view of their great number and in view of the fact that they were furnished to New York by teletype on August 10, 1950, and are contained in the administrative section of this report. C.31

Will identify and furnish background information re J. GAVURIN, 17 West 21st Street, whom Subject listed as a reference in War Department file.

At Jamaica, Long Island

Will verify employment of Subject and obtain all background information at the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY. C.31
100-332133-251

At Brooklyn, New York

Will make inquiry in the neighborhood of 111 South 3rd Street where Subject and his wife resided with the ROSENBERGS in 1939. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.) C.31

Will furnish background information re Mrs. D. SUMAN, 829 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, who was the sender of mail to the Subject, according to a mail cover.

WASHINGTON FIELD

At Washington, D. C.

Will check records of the Office of Naval Intelligence for any information concerning PAGE, it being noted that PAGE was formerly in the Navy. C.31 5.22

Will check records of IDA, it being noted Subject was formerly employed by the War Department at Watervliet, New York. C.31 5.22

Will check records of the Passport Division, Department of State, for any information pertaining to the Subject. C.31 5.22

NEWARK

At Hoboken, N. J.

Will identify and obtain background information concerning the subscriber to Hoboken 3-9503 and concerning the subscriber to Hoboken 3-9546.

NK 100-23881

At East Orange, N. J.

Will report additional results of mail cover when available.

Will check records of the Fidelity Union Trust Company for information regarding PAGE.

Will ascertain the present employment of PAGE.

Will locate and interview C. NORDHEIMER, reference for Subject.

INFORMANTS

- T-1 - PAUL CROUCH. Information concerning CROUCH appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-2 - Bureau letter dated May 12, 1943, furnishing the information from an unknown outside source. This information appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-3 - Branch Intelligence Office (Los Angeles), U. S. Navy. Information furnished to the Los Angeles Office May 29, 1942, and it appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-4 - L.A. CB, who furnished information to SA JOSEPH A. OXLEY on February 4, 1943. This information appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-5 - NK CB. This information appeared in the report of SA RUFUS T. TYSON, Newark, dated February 20, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-6 - Anonymous.
- T-7 - Anonymous.
- T-8 - Anonymous.
- T-9 - [REDACTED] who in June 1946 furnished the information to SA WILLIAM H. ROCKETT; on July 23, 1946, furnished the information to SA MAURITZ E. GAHLON; on January 8, 1947, furnished the information to SA FRANK M. RAISEBECK; and during the course of the current investigation furnished the information to SA GERHARD P. HUNDT.
- T-10 - [REDACTED] who furnished the information to SA SAMUEL G. RILEY on October 15 and 26, 1948.
- T-11 - [REDACTED]
- T-12 - [REDACTED] to SAs FRANK M. RAISEBECK, C. L. SMITH, WILLIAM H. ROCKETT and MAURITZ E. GAHLON. [REDACTED]

NK 100-23881

- T-13 - C-64. This information was previously reported in the report of SA REGINALD C. VINCENT, Newark, dated September 28, 1949, entitled, "MARK PAGE; SECURITY MATTER - C" under the symbol number T-2.
- T-14 - Anonymous.
- T-15 - Anonymous.
- T-16 - Civil Service Commission, New York City, which information appears in the report of SA JOHN R. HARRINGTON, New York, dated July 7, 1950, entitled, "JULIUS ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R".
- T-17 - [REDACTED] This information appears in the report of SA JOHN R. HARRINGTON, New York, dated July 7, 1950, entitled, "JULIUS ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R".
- T-18 - CIC, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City. This information appears in the report of SA JOHN R. HARRINGTON, New York, dated July 7, 1950, entitled, "JULIUS ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R".

b7D

REFERENCE: New York teletype 7/24/50.
Newark teletype 7/28/50.

No. 1
 CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEWARK** **NJ** FILE # **100-23881** etc

DATE WHEN MADE 8/22/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 7/24, 27, 28; 8/1, 2, 8-11/50	REPORT MADE BY THOMAS M. O'CONNOR
DATE WHEN MADE NEWARK		CHARACTER OF CASE ESPIONAGE - R

MARK PAGE, wa. Marcus Pogarsky

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

RUTH GREENGLASS, wife of DAVID GREENGLASS, admitted Soviet Agent, advised that JULIUS ROSENBERG attempted to recruit PAGE for Soviet espionage. PAGE born 11/13/18, NYC; presently resides 73 S. Walnut St., East Orange, NJ. Member of CP since 1938. Subject and wife, STELLA HOPE PAGE, members of Professional Group, CP, in 1948. Subject served in USN. Considered by several former acquaintances to be Communistically inclined. Was supported in attempt to stay on Westinghouse payroll by MARCEL SCHERER, union representative and long-time CP member.

- P -

DETAILS:

In signed statements furnished to the New York Office dated June 15 and 16, 1950, DAVID GREENGLASS, admitted Soviet espionage agent, identified JULIUS ROSENBERG as the individual who recruited him for Soviet espionage.

RUTH GREENGLASS, wife of DAVID GREENGLASS, advised interviewing Agents in New York that ROSENBERG claimed that he had attempted to recruit PAGE for espionage. Mrs. GREENGLASS stated that ROSENBERG was apparently upset when PAGE refused to cooperate.

BIRTH

Previous investigation has reflected that birth certificate number 53327, Department of Health, New York, New York,

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF

DATE 1-26-78

100-23881-40

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES		
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5-Bureau (100-332133) 2-Albany 1-Albuquerque (Info) 2-Buffalo 2-Cleveland 2-Los Angeles 2-New Haven		2-New York (100-91484) 1-San Francisco (Info) 2-Washington Field 3-Newark		

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reflects that MARCUS POGARSKY was born on November 15, 1918, at New York to DAVID and SARAH POLARIA POGARSKY, both of whom were born in Russia. The record further reflects that the Subject's name was changed by court order of September 24, 1940, from MARCUS POGARSKY to MARK PAGE.

EDUCATION

Various employment files reflect that PAGE graduated from Seward Park High School, New York City, in 1934. These employment records further reflect that he attended City College of New York, New York University and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.

PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT

The New York Office has advised that PAGE was employed by the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY, 184-10 Jamaica Avenue, from February 28, 1949 until April 28, 1950.

Mr. CARL R. NELSON, Works Manager of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE, Jersey City, New Jersey, advised that PAGE was employed as a design engineer on November 15, 1948, with the AIREX DIVISION of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE and that his services were terminated February 4, 1949, when the AIREX DIVISION was transferred to Bridgeport, Connecticut. These records reflected that he had been previously employed from September 1946 until August 1948 by the WESTINGHOUSE COMPANY in Bloomfield, New Jersey; from 1941 to September 1946 by the GEORGE SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey; that previous to that he had been employed by the WATERVLIET ARSENAL at Watervliet, New York; by the AMERICAN STANDARD WATCH COMPANY in New York City; by the CURMO OPTICAL COMPANY, New York City; by the WILLIAM AERO RESEARCH, New York City; and that from 1931 to 1936 he was employed by B. GREENGLASS, master machinist, in New York, New York. This employment consisted of tool making in which he was employed from apprentice up to machinist. (It is believed that this B. GREENGLASS is DAVID GREENGLASS's father.)

The record further disclosed that he had graduated from Seward Park High School in New York in 1934 and that he had received a certificate from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1940. The records also reflected that he attended City College of New York for two years and that he is presently attending New York University.

The employment file of PAGE at WESTINGHOUSE was made available by WILLIAM GRANT, Labor Relations Manager. This file reflected that he was

employed by WESTINGHOUSE at Bloomfield, New Jersey, as a design engineer on September 16, 1946, and that he was laid off on August 4, 1948, due to lack of work. In an application dated September 16, 1946, he advised that he had been a radio technician in the U. S. Navy. Information pertaining to previous education and employment listed no additional information than previously set forth.

W. H. MCGURDY, Staff Assistant to the Manager, Equipment Design, WESTINGHOUSE, Bloomfield, New Jersey, advised that PAGE while employed at WESTINGHOUSE had worked under his supervision and that most of his employment had dealt with commercial equipment. He advised, however, that PAGE had worked on electronic designing, specifically on radar tubes, which information was classified. However, MCGURDY advised that the practice in the section had been that any given individual worked on only a small segment of the whole and that it was virtually impossible to get a comprehensive picture of any specific project. Most of PAGE's employment had been on unclassified commercial lamp designing, according to MCGURDY. He was unable to furnish any information concerning associates or sympathies of PAGE.

RICHARD REHBERG, Supervisor of Drafting Equipment, Design Division, advised that at no time when PAGE was working on classified electronic material would he have had access to the whole design. The practice, according to REHBERG, was to give a draftsman only a particular drawing dealing with a small part of the electronic design. REHBERG advised that he has seen PAGE on only one occasion since he left the employment of WESTINGHOUSE and that was a year or two ago at which time PAGE was employed by MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE of Jersey City. He advised that he knew nothing concerning PAGE's sympathies or associates and did advise that PAGE apparently associated with no one at the plant as he came to work alone and invariably ate his lunch alone.

Mr. R. C. MCGREGOR, Staff Assistant to the Manager, Development and Engineering Division, WESTINGHOUSE, advised that PAGE had been employed by WESTINGHOUSE from September 1946 to August 1948 and that he had from time to time worked on classified electronic material. MCGREGOR stated that he would never have had access to the complete plans of this classified material but that PAGE was the curious type who, after a period of time, would have an idea of the overall picture of a given project. MCGREGOR advised that it would have been impossible for PAGE to have taken any prints out of the plant although it would have been possible for him to make a rough sketch. MCGREGOR stated that on several occasions he had ridden on the train into New York with PAGE inasmuch as during the period

of PAGE's employment he was also attending New York University. MCGREGOR advised that in conversations he had with PAGE during these train rides, he formed the impression that PAGE favored the Communist system and that he had many arguments with him on that score. He stated he does not know whether or not PAGE was actually a member of the Communist Party but added he had called him one.

MCGREGOR further advised that prior to PAGE's employment with WESTINGHOUSE he had worked with the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY in Newark and that he was one of the contract engineers WESTINGHOUSE had hired from the SCHER COMPANY, and that PAGE, therefore, had worked in the WESTINGHOUSE plant for a year or so around 1943 or 1944. He further advised that PAGE apparently had no financial means other than the salary he earned through his employment although he was of the impression that PAGE did outside work in the evenings but for whom he was unable to state.

MCGREGOR advised that he could not recall any specific instances of Communist sympathy on the part of PAGE but that it was an overall picture that he has in his mind as a recollection of PAGE's conversations. He further advised that he definitely would not trust PAGE.

EDWARD L. OGDEN, Supervisor of Industrial Relations, WESTINGHOUSE, Bloomfield, advised that he was suspicious concerning PAGE and these suspicions were of possible Communist affiliations on the part of PAGE. Specifically, OGDEN stated that these suspicions resulted from a meeting of the Local of the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America at WESTINGHOUSE concerning the signing of non-Communist Party affidavits, the signing of which the national office of UERMWA opposed. However, OGDEN advised that the WESTINGHOUSE Local wanted to sign these affidavits and that PAGE was the only one at this meeting who opposed signing them.

OGDEN advised that PAGE was laid off as a result of lack of work and that he attempted, on seniority basis, to stay on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll in virtually any capacity, although in many instances the jobs which PAGE attempted to secure on the seniority basis would have resulted in a drastic reduction in pay. One of these jobs required the signing of a personnel security questionnaire, according to OGDEN, and PAGE had refused to fill out the form. According to OGDEN, the whole situation finally came before the UERMWA Grievance Committee and finally a cash settlement was made by WESTINGHOUSE to PAGE and he was separated from service.

OGDEN advised that MARCEL SCHIEFER, representative of District 4, UERMWA, appeared to be the main individual who was attempting to keep PAGE on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll.

WILLIAM GRANT, Labor Relations Manager, WESTINGHOUSE, stated that he considered that if PAGE were not an actual Communist Party member he was certainly one of their best "fellow travellers". GRANT was unable to furnish specific examples of Communist Party sympathy on the part of PAGE and advised that he became quite suspicious of PAGE when he tried to "bump", on a seniority basis, an engineer who was working on a Navy contract, and was willing to take a big reduction in salary in order to do this. However, GRANT advised that this attempt occurred after PAGE was laid off due to lack of work. GRANT advised, however, that he considered it extremely unusual that a man of PAGE's experience and work ability would be willing to take such a cut in pay just to stay on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll inasmuch as he felt sure PAGE would be able to secure employment elsewhere at a higher salary.

FRANK RUTH, President of the Westinghouse Local of the International Union of Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, advised that he was also President of the Local when it was affiliated with the UERMWA. He advised that he became acquainted with PAGE after PAGE was laid off at Westinghouse by a reduction in force and prior to the time he was terminated. RUTH stated that now he is suspicious of PAGE due to the fact that MARCEL SCHERER, whom RUTH considers a Communist, seemed to be always trying to work PAGE into various jobs in the union, such as, writing articles and leaflets, etc. He further advised that the interest taken by the national office in attempting to keep PAGE on the Westinghouse payroll was unusual inasmuch as PAGE was the only one to his knowledge who was in an appeal status and also sat in on a grievance, and that PAGE's sitting in on a grievance was on the insistence of the national office and MARCEL SCHERER. RUTH advised that at this time the relations between his local and the national office of UERMWA were not close inasmuch as his local had refused to go along with the national office on many things so that as a rule the national office took very little interest in any grievance of any member of his local. RUTH advised that in the end PAGE took a cash settlement which closed the grievance and he was terminated from the Westinghouse payroll.

DAMON STRUVEN, Vice President of the IUE Local of Westinghouse and former Vice President of the UE Local at Westinghouse, advised that PAGE had been laid off in a reduction in force along with a lot of other workers, and that PAGE made an attempt to stay on the Westinghouse payroll. STRUVEN stated that he did not know PAGE until the grievance set in but at that time the union backed PAGE in his claims but that the company claimed that PAGE could not handle jobs for which he attempted to "bump". STRUVEN advised that PAGE was willing to take a substantial reduction in pay just to stay on the payroll, which was unusual for a man of PAGE's skill; further,

during the period of this grievance, according to STRUVEN, PAGE appeared to be on very close terms with MARCEL SCHERER, who, STRUVEN said, was a Communist. STRUVEN advised that he had had several conversations with PAGE in connection with a grievance and he gathered from these conversations that PAGE was Communistically inclined. STRUVEN stated that on one occasion PAGE advised that he had at one time belonged to some professional group which later was listed as a subversive organization. STRUVEN stated that he was unable to recall the name of this organization. STRUVEN advised that the whole grievance was finally settled by Westinghouse by an \$1800.00 cash payment to PAGE.

In regard to MARCEL SCHERER, JULIUS ROSENBERG advised interviewing Agents in New York that when ROSENBERG graduated from engineering school and wanted to get a job it was suggested that he join the Federation of Architects, Engineers, Chemists and Technicians Union (FAECT), therefore, he went to the union office where he met MARCEL SCHERER who got him into the union. At that time SCHERER was a union organizer for the FAECT and SCHERER later designated ROSENBERG to be chairman of the union's Civil Service Committee.

Newark Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, advised in 1950 that he had visited SCHERER in Brooklyn in 1927 at which time SCHERER specifically told the Informant that he was attempting to organize Communist Party members who were also scientists and chemists and that he was encouraged and backed in this work by high level Communist Party functionaries. The Informant advised that up until 1942, which was the last contact he had with SCHERER, that SCHERER had continued this activity and was working only with the highest level national Communist Party functionaries.

Newark Confidential Informant T-2, of unknown reliability, advised in 1943 that the FAECT was conceived by the Communist Party and that SCHERER was the directing head.

Newark Confidential Informant T-3, of known reliability, advised in 1942 that [REDACTED] was a charter member of the Communist Party in 1919 and had held many positions in the Party. The Informant also advised that [REDACTED] had been reported to be an agent of the OGPU (Russian secret police). b7c

Newark Confidential Informant T-4, of known reliability, advised in February 1943 that at a meeting of the Young Communist League SCHERER was described as a real Communist who was a Communist Party functionary for

many years before he was a trade union man and who knew the Party line and followed it and tried to sponsor it whenever he could.

The Young Communist League was cited by Attorney General Tom Clark as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

In the June 12, 1949, edition of The Worker, East Coast Communist Sunday newspaper, SCHEERER was described as the Educational Director of Local 4, UERMWA.

Newark Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that he had learned from MARTHA STONE, New Jersey State Organizer for the Communist Party, that in February 1947 SCHEERER had been given the job by the national office of the Communist Party of organizing the salary workers.

Mr. CHARLES SCHER of the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey, advised that PAGE was employed by the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY from December 24, 1941 to May 18, 1944, at which time PAGE had left to go into the Navy. He returned to service with the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY on November 18, 1945, and quit of his own accord on September 13, 1946. During his period of employment he was employed as a tool designer. Mr. SCHER advised that he did not know the Subject personally and there was no additional pertinent information concerning PAGE located in the personnel file.

Mr. ALF WAKSIN, Chief Tool Designer, SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, advised that he had been PAGE's supervisor during his period of employment at the company. He stated that while PAGE was with the company he worked in the Wright Aeronautical Section where there were Army contracts, but, according to WAKSIN, there was nothing of a highly confidential nature contained in any of these contracts. WAKSIN further advised that PAGE had been on some outside assignments and for a period of time had actually been at the Westinghouse Company at Bloomfield although employed by the SCHER COMPANY. WAKSIN advised he knew nothing concerning PAGE's personal life and associates and that PAGE had never displayed any Communist sympathies.

MILITARY SERVICE

The New York Office has advised that the Naval Enlisted records at Garden City, Long Island, reflect that PAGE, Navy serial number 9033710, entered Naval Service on June 1, 1944, and was honorably discharged on October 18, 1945, and that he was a radio technician.

RESIDENCE

Investigation has disclosed that PAGE presently resides at 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, since 1941.

Employment files and previous investigations reflected the following previous residences for PAGE:

12 Deason Avenue, Troy, New York; 1941
153 Madison Avenue or Madison Street, New York; 1940
86 Columbia Street, New York City; 1940
111 South 3rd Street, Brooklyn, New York; 1939

COMMUNIST PARTY ACTIVITY

Newark Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, advised in December 1943 that MARK PAGE of 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, was a member of the Orange Branch of the Communist Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-7, of known reliability, advised in July 1944 that the Communist Party listed PAGE as being "on leave".

Newark Confidential Informant T-8, of known reliability, advised in June 1945 that PAGE had been a member of the Communist Party since 1935 and that instructions had been issued that no mail be sent to him by the Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised on January 22, 1946, that PAGE was on the Veterans Commission of the Communist Party of New Jersey.

In June 1946 Newark Confidential Informant T-9, of known reliability, advised that the Subject was a member of the Orange Club of the Communist Party in Essex County, New Jersey, and that [REDACTED] b7D

On July 23, 1946, T-9 advised that PAGE had attended a Branch Membership Meeting of the Communist Party on June 22, 1946.

On January 8, 1947, T-9 advised that PAGE was a member of the Professional Group of the Communist Party.

On October 15 and 26, 1948, Newark Confidential Informant T-10, of known reliability, advised that MARK PAGE was a member of the Professional

Club of the Communist Party of New Jersey.

Newark Confidential Informants T-11 and T-12, both of known reliability, have advised that the Professional Club of the Communist Party of New Jersey is an underground organization of the Communist Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-13, of known reliability, advised in February 1949 that AL EISENBERG, at that time according to T-12 and T-13 the New Jersey State Educational Director of the Communist Party, asked the Subject if he would be interested in doing economic research work for the good of the Communist Party. EISENBERG, according to T-13, explained that the work would concern such plants as the Bell Telephone Company and Public Service. The Informant stated that PAGE advised that he could contribute his engineering experience and training to the work inasmuch as he had been employed by large firms in New Jersey for the past twelve years.

During the course of the present investigation Newark Confidential Informant T-9 was recontacted and advised that Informant has not seen either the Subject or his wife in some time and has no knowledge of their present activities.

STELLA HOPE PAGE

According to the Subject's employment files, his wife is STELLA HOPE PAGE.

Newark Confidential Informant T-14, of known reliability, advised on November 1, 1943, that STELLA HOPE PAGE was a paid up member of the Communist Party as of September 1943 and that she was a regular Daily Worker reader.

The Daily Worker is an East Coast Communist daily newspaper.

Newark Confidential Informant T-6 advised on December 10, 1943, that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Orange Branch of the Communist Party.

Newark Confidential Informant T-15, of known reliability, advised on August 18, 1943, that STELLA HOPE PAGE had been issued a membership card in June 1944 for the Communist Political Association.

Confidential Informant T-8 advised on June 21, 1945, that STELLA HOPE PAGE had been a member of the Communist Party since 1937 and that instructions had been issued that no mail should be sent to her home at 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey.

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Confidential Informants T-11 and T-12 advised on February 28, 1946, that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Orange Branch of the Communist Party and had been a member of the Party for nine years.

Confidential Informant T-9 advised in June 1946 that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Orange Club of the Communist Party and [REDACTED] b7D

T-9 also advised on January 8, 1947, that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Professional Group of the Communist Party.

On October 15 and 26, 1948, Newark Confidential Informant T-10 advised that STELLA PAGE was a member of the Professional Club of the Communist Party.

On March 17, 1950, Special Agents WILLIAM H. COWGER and GAY R. SHAHAN observed DAVE ROCKLIN, financial adviser of the Communist Party in the State of New Jersey, enter a home at 282 Renner Avenue, Newark, New Jersey, at 9:00 p.m. At 9:16 p.m. Agents COWGER and SHAHAN observed a green 1937 Plymouth Coach, 1949 New Jersey license JJ41L, drive up in the vicinity of 282 Renner Avenue and observed three women and two men leave the car and enter the residence at 282 Renner Avenue. It has been determined that 1949 New Jersey license JJ41L was registered to STELLA HOPE PAGE, 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey. In connection with the address, 282 Renner Avenue in Newark, this is a several family building and among the residents are known to be Mr. and Mrs. BEN SHARPE.

On September 2, 1949, Confidential Informant T-9 advised that the names, Mr. and Mrs. BEN SHARPE, 282 Renner Avenue, Newark, appeared on a mail list of the Civil Rights Congress.

The Civil Rights Congress has been cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

On October 23, 1948, Special Agents JAMES O. PONDIER and HERLYN H. CLOW observed a 1937 Chrysler automobile registered to BENJAMIN SHARPE, 274 Clinton Avenue, Newark, parked in the vicinity of the home of Dr. LEONARD TUSHNET, 572 Prospect Street, Maplewood, New Jersey, during the period of time a Communist Party Professional Group meeting was held at Dr. TUSHNET's address.

ASSOCIATION WITH JULIUS ROSENBERG

ROSENBERG, when interviewed by Agents of the New York Office on June 16, 1950, advised that he and his wife had lived with the Subject and his wife at 111 South 3rd Street, Brooklyn, New York, in 1939.

On his War Department application dated in 1940, JULIUS ROSENBERG gave as a reference, MARCUS POGARSKY, 86 Columbia Street, New York; business address, 24 West 17th Street, New York City. ROSENBERG had further advised that he had known the Subject while both attended City College of New York at which time they had become friendly although they had been acquainted prior to that period of time. ROSENBERG further advised that both he and the Subject worked together for PAUL WILLIAMS who operated the WILLIAMS AERONAUTICAL COMPANY on West 17th Street, New York City.

Newark Confidential Informant T-16, another Government agency which conducts investigations of a personnel and intelligence nature, made available to the New York Office a photostatic copy of a C.P. nominating petition for PETER V. CACCHIONE for the office of Councilman in the County of Kings, New York, 1939. Page 1920 of this petition contains signatures dated August 13, 1939, for ETHEL ROSENBERG (wife of JULIUS ROSENBERG) and STELLA H. POGARSKY, both residing at 111 South 3rd Street, Kings County, 11th Election District. T-16 also made available a photostatic copy of page 1566 of a nominating petition for Councilman for PETER V. CACCHIONE, Communist Party candidate, 1939. This reflects that the witnesses to the five signatures on the petition is STELLA HOPE POGARSKY, 111 South 3rd Street, Kings County, dated September 9, 1939.

Newark Confidential Informant T-17, of known reliability, advised on November 25, 1941, that PAUL WILLIAMS (former employer of both ROSENBERG and PAGE) had told him that he had been a flyer for the Spanish Loyalist Army.

Newark Confidential Informant T-18, another Government Agency which conducts investigations of a personnel and intelligence nature, advised on March 26, 1945, that WILLIAMS was reported to have been a Director of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade.

The Abraham Lincoln Brigade is one of the organizations cited by the Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

The St. Louis Office has advised that a review of the Civilian Personnel Records Branch, Adjutant General's Office, Department of the Army,

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covering the Subject's employment at the WATERVLIET ARSENAL, New York, reflects that PAGE listed as a reference, JULIUS ROSENBERG, 142 Goerck Street, New York, New York.

CREDIT AND ARREST RECORDS

The records of the CREDIT BUREAU OF GREATER NEWARK, INC., 24 Branford Place, Newark, New Jersey, which bureau covers East Orange, New Jersey, contain a report dated September 23, 1946, which reflects that the Subject and his wife resided at that time at 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, for five years. There was no additional pertinent information contained in this file.

A review of the records of the EAST ORANGE POLICE DEPARTMENT, East Orange, New Jersey, failed to reflect any information pertaining to PAGE or his wife.

DESCRIPTION

Name and alias	MARK PAGE, wa. Marcus Pogarsky
Born	November 15, 1918
Residence	73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey
Occupation	Tool designer
Height	6'
Weight	200 pounds
Eyes	Brown; wears heavy glasses
Hair	Brown
Color	White
Wife	STELLA HOPE PAGE
Relatives	DAVID POGARSKY - father SARAH POGARSKY - mother EVA and CLARA M. POGARSKY - sisters (residing in 1941 at 144 Columbia Street, New York City)
Social Security No.	093-16-6753
Military Service	U. S. Navy 6/1/44 to 10/18/45 as radio technician; NSN 9033710.

The above information was obtained from various employment files of the Subject.

PENDING

ADMINISTRATIVE

The personnel files at MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE reflect that PAGE listed the following references:

Mrs. A. VAN BUSKIRK, 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, and L. HANDLEY and C. NORDHEIMER, care of Westinghouse.

A check of the indices failed to reflect any information concerning VAN BUSKIRK or HANDLEY.

The indices do reflect that CLYDE LOUIS NORDHEIMER of the Westinghouse Corporation, as of 1945, had been known to SA SIDNEY ANDER of the Newark Office.

[REDACTED]

b2

Mr. NELSON of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE advised that PAGE's supervisor had been KARL PECK and that he was also known to ROBERT ROEPER, both of whom were with MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE at 11 Elias Street, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

This personnel file and the other personnel files checked in connection with PAGE's employments contained a letter from M. LEHMAN, INC., Importer and Retailer, Wines and Spirits, 374 Park Avenue, New York; signed, SAMUEL S. WOLF, requesting information concerning PAGE inasmuch as it was being considered that he be taken into the firm.

The employment file of the Subject at WESTINGHOUSE reflected, in addition to Mrs. VAN BUSKIRK, the following references:

J. J. HEYMAN, Attorney, Newark, and WILLIAM L. WILKINS, Attorney, East Orange.

The indices were checked in regard to these two individuals and no information pertaining to them was located.

This personnel file also reflected that PAGE banked with the Fidelity Trust Company in East Orange, New Jersey.

Mr. R. C. MCGREGOR of the WESTINGHOUSE COMPANY, whose comments concerning PAGE are listed in the details of this report, advised that while employed at WESTINGHOUSE PAGE had worked on the T-R BOX and the Magnatron,

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both of which were classified confidential. However, RICHARD REISBERG, whose remarks concerning PAGE are reflected in the details, advised that after making a complete check of the drawings at WESTINGHOUSE that PAGE had never worked on the T-R BOX or the Magnetron.

In connection with a Security Matter investigation previously conducted on PAGE by this office, information was reported obtained from WILLIAM GRANT of WESTINGHOUSE (whose remarks are carried in the details of this report) to the effect that PAGE had attempted to secure employment on a classified Navy contract at WESTINGHOUSE by "bumping" on a seniority basis an engineer working on those contracts. However, it is clear after interviews with GRANT and other individuals at WESTINGHOUSE during the course of this investigation that this occurred after the time that PAGE had been laid off due to a reduction in force and that this was just one of the many jobs on which PAGE attempted to "bump" on a seniority basis in order to stay on the WESTINGHOUSE payroll.

A mail cover placed on PAGE and his wife at their address, 73 South Walnut Street, East Orange, New Jersey, has reflected the following returns:

<u>Sender</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Postmarked</u>	<u>Delivered</u>
Gits Brothers Manufacturing Co.	1846 S. Kilbourn Ave. Chicago, Illinois		
Publicity Association, Incorporated	Empire State Building New York, New York		
Mrs. D. Suman	829 Lafayette Avenue Brooklyn, New York	8/3/50	8/4/50
Levin	782 E. Pico Blvd. Los Angeles, California	7/25/50	8/4/50
Barber Colman Co.	Rockford, Illinois	7/25/50	8/4/50

A check of the toll calls on the Subject's home phone for a six-month period reflects the following toll calls:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
1/8/50	To Delaware 7985 (Bennett, 9 Crane Place) Tonawanda, New York

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<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
1/12/50	From Hoboken 3-9503 - collect
1/11/50	From Longacre 3-8649 - collect
1/22/50	To Regent 7-1356
1/30/50	From Hoboken 3-9546 - collect
1/30/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/2/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/3/50	2 calls to Jamaica 3-7700
2/4/50	To Ludlow 4-0700
2/9/50	To Oregon 7-4547
2/10/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/14/50	To Oregon 7-4547
2/16/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
2/18/50	To Regent 7-1356
2/23/50	To Oregon 7-4547
2/23/50	To Orchard 4-0417
3/4/50	2 calls to Ludlow 4-0700
3/6/50	3 calls to Ludlow 4-0700
3/6/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
3/7/50	To Plaza 9-3300
3/7/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
3/7/50	Plaza 9-3300

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<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
3/8/50	Jamaica 3-7700
3/11/50	White Plains 9-5198
3/13/50	Jamaica 3-7700
3/13/50	Lackawanna 4-7000
3/18/50	Endicott 2-0887
3/18/50	Plaza 9-3300
3/18/50	Endicott 2-0887
3/17/50	From Gramercy 7-9512 - collect
3/24/50	To Regent 7-1356
3/24/50	To Ludlow 4-0700
3/24/50	Jamaica 3-7700
3/26/50	Regent 7-1356
3/27/50	Algonquin 4-6318
3/27/50	Beekman 3-3672
3/27/50	Jamaica 3-3672
3/27/50	Lackawanna 4-7000
3/21/50	From Olympia 8-9652 - collect
3/31/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
3/31/50	From Gramercy 7-9858 - collect
4/8/50	From Lackawanna 4-7000
4/8/50	To Cypress 8-8822

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<u>Date</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
4/16/50	Glen Cove 2-5928
4/20/50	To Plaza 9-3300
4/21/50	To Jamaica 3-7700
4/30/50	Hempstead 2-0839J (Ike Chodak)
4/30/50	To Endicott 2-0887
5/4/50	Chelsea 3-9111
5/10/50	Spring 7-1472
5/14/50	Orchard 4-0417
5/17/50	Plaza 9-3300 (Samuel S. Wolf)
5/17/50	Plaza 9-3300
6/9/50	From Spring 7-9703 - collect
6/19/50	Orchard 4-0417
6/20/50	Beekman 3-3672
6/20/50	Oregon 7-4547
7/1/50	Hempstead 2-0839J - 2 calls
7/1/50	Gramercy 7-3479

The Naval Service, which had been previously checked, reflected that while on leave from June 21, 1945, to July 9, 1945, PAGE gave an address of 485 Newell Street, Barberton, Ohio.

The Cleveland Office has advised by teletype August 4, 1950, that the residents of the above address during June and July 1945 were EDWARD MORLARTY, MORRIS RUDMAN, MARTIN McHENRY, PAUL BRADLEY, EDWARD KELLEY, SYLVESTER CAROTHERS, EVERETT WILLIAMS and GORDON CARLSON.

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By teletype August 10, 1950, the New York Office advised that PAGE had been recommended for the position with the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY by MORRIS RUDMAN, another employee. About three months after he was hired PAGE was instrumental in having RUDMAN fired. RUDMAN and PAGE are believed no longer to be friends.

MORRIS RUDMAN on his application at the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY listed B. GREENGLASS, Tools and Dies (father of David Greenglass) and PITT MACHINE PRODUCTS (JULIUS ROSENBERG's company) as former employers.

Mr. CHARLES SCHER of the GEORGE SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY, Newark, New Jersey, furnished three letters which were contained in PAGE's personnel file at the SCHER ENGINEERING COMPANY and which are in PAGE's handwriting. These letters are dated August 18th and December 7, 1941, and March 31, 1944. They are being maintained in the files of the Newark Office for handwriting specimens.

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LEADS

A copy of this report is being furnished to the San Francisco and Albuquerque Offices for information as requested by New York teletype dated July 24, 1950.

ALBANY

At Troy, N. Y.

Will make inquiries concerning the Subject in the neighborhood of 12 Dessond Avenue, Subject's address in 1941. (Requested by teletype 8/10/50.)

At Rensselaer, N. Y.

Will check records of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute for all information on Subject, it being noted that he attended Rensselaer in 1940. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50)

At Watervliet, N. Y.

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 1543 4th Avenue, listed by the Subject as an address in his War Department employment record.

BUFFALO

At Tonawanda, N. Y.

Will identify and furnish information concerning subscriber to Delaware 7985. (Requested by teletype 8/10/50.)

CLEVELAND

At Barberton, Ohio

Will identify residents of 485 Newell Street in June and July 1945, it being noted that PAGE listed this address while on military leave in June and July 1945. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

LOS ANGELES

At Los Angeles, California

Will identify and furnish background information re LEVIN, 782 East Pico Boulevard, whose name was obtained as a result of a mail cover. (Requested by teletype 8/18/50.)

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NEW HAVEN

At Bridgeport, Conn.

Will interview KARL PECK and ROBERT ROPER of MANNING, MAXWELL AND MOORE, 11 Elias Street, who were Subject's supervisor and acquaintance during his employment with Manning, Maxwell and Moore in Jersey City. (Requested by teletype 8/10/50)

Will furnish background information re ALEXANDER TARKAS, 59 Hanover Street, listed as a reference in Subject's War Department file located at St. Louis.

NEW YORK

At New York, N. Y.

Will check records of City College of New York for information on Subject. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will check records of New York University for information on Subject. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will verify employment and obtain all pertinent information pertaining to Subject's employment with CURMO OPTICAL COMPANY, 518 East 16th Street. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will verify employment and obtain all background information concerning Subject's employment with the AMERICAN STANDARD WATCH COMPANY (BULOVA). (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 153 Madison Street where Subject resided in 1940, according to War Department file. (Newark teletype 7/28/50 set forth this address as 153 Madison Avenue.)

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 86 Columbia Street where Subject resided in 1940. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will make inquiries in the neighborhood of 144 Columbia Street, listed in War Department file as address in 1941.

Will interview MORRIS RUDMAN, former employee of IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY, unless reason exists why this interview should not be conducted.

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Will identify and furnish background information concerning subscribers to telephone exchanges obtained as the result of a check of toll calls. These are not being set forth on the lead page in view of their great number and in view of the fact that they were furnished to New York by teletype on August 10, 1950, and are contained in the administrative section of this report.

Will identify and furnish background information re J. GAVURIN, 17 West 21st Street, whom Subject listed as a reference in War Department file.

At Jamaica, Long Island

Will verify employment of Subject and obtain all background information at the IDEAL NOVELTY AND TOY COMPANY.

At Brooklyn, New York

Will make inquiry in the neighborhood of 111 South 3rd Street where Subject and his wife resided with the ROSENBERGS in 1939. (Requested by teletype 7/28/50.)

Will furnish background information re Mrs. D. SUMAN, 829 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, who was the sender of mail to the Subject, according to a mail cover.

WASHINGTON FIELD

At Washington, D. C.

Will check records of the Office of Naval Intelligence for any information concerning PAGE, it being noted that PAGE was formerly in the Navy.

Will check records of IDA, it being noted Subject was formerly employed by the War Department at Watervliet, New York.

Will check records of the Passport Division, Department of State, for any information pertaining to the Subject.

NEWARK

At Hoboken, N. J.

Will identify and obtain background information concerning the subscriber to Hoboken 3-9503 and concerning the subscriber to Hoboken 3-9546.

NK 100-23881

At East Orange, N. J.

Will report additional results of mail cover when available.

Will check records of the Fidelity Union Trust Company for information regarding PAGE.

Will ascertain the present employment of PAGE.

Will locate and interview C. NORHEIMER, reference for Subject.

INFORMANTS

- T-1 - PAUL CROUCH. Information concerning CROUCH appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-2 - Bureau letter dated May 12, 1943, furnishing the information from an unknown outside source. This information appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-3 - Branch Intelligence Office (Los Angeles), U. S. Navy. Information furnished to the Los Angeles Office May 29, 1942, and it appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-4 - L.A. CB, who furnished information to SA JOSEPH A. OXLEY on February 4, 1943. This information appears in the report of SA H. RAWLINS OVERTON, Los Angeles, dated March 7, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-5 - NK CB. This information appeared in the report of SA RUFUS T. TYSON, Newark, dated February 20, 1950, entitled, "MARCEL E. SCHERER, WAS.; INTERNAL SECURITY - C".
- T-6 - Anonymous.
- T-7 - Anonymous.
- T-8 - Anonymous.
- T-9 - [REDACTED] who in June 1946 furnished the information to SA WILLIAM H. ROCKETT; on July 23, 1946, furnished the information to SA MAURITZ E. GAHLON; on January 8, 1947, furnished the information to SA FRANK M. RAISEBECK; and during the course of the current investigation furnished the information to SA GERHARD P. HUNDT.
- T-10 - [REDACTED] who furnished the information to SA SAMUEL G. RILEY on October 15 and 26, 1948.
- T-11 - [REDACTED]
- T-12 - [REDACTED] to SAs FRANK M. RAISEBECK, C. L. SMITH, WILLIAM H. ROCKETT and MAURITZ E. GAHLON. [REDACTED]

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- T-13 - C-64. This information was previously reported in the report of SA REGINALD C. VINCENT, Newark, dated September 28, 1949, entitled, "MARK PAGE; SECURITY MATTER - C" under the symbol number T-2.
- T-14 - Anonymous.
- T-15 - Anonymous.
- T-16 - Civil Service Commission, New York City, which information appears in the report of SA JOHN R. HARRINGTON, New York, dated July 7, 1950, entitled, "JULIUS ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R".
- T-17 - [REDACTED] This information appears in the report of SA JOHN R. HARRINGTON, New York, dated July 7, 1950, entitled, "JULIUS ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R". b7D
- T-18 - CIC, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City. This information appears in the report of SA JOHN R. HARRINGTON, New York, dated July 7, 1950, entitled, "JULIUS ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R".

REFERENCE: New York teletype 7/24/50.
Newark teletype 7/28/50.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 3-15-51

FROM : SAC, Norfolk

SUBJECT: VIVIAN GLASSMAN, was.
ESPIONAGE - R
(BuFile 65-59334)

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent RICHARD T. HRADSKY dated February 28, 1951, at New York, requesting that this office obtain photographs of certain individuals who were known to be active in Communist Party activities in Norfolk when [redacted] an informant of the District Intelligence Office, Fifth Naval District, Norfolk, Virginia, was functioning in Norfolk.

It was further requested that the reports submitted by [redacted] in connection with his Communist Party activities, be obtained from the District Intelligence Office and submitted for assistance in interviewing [redacted]. It was also requested that efforts be made to ascertain who was secretary of the United Seamen's Service and resided in the vicinity of 720 Duke Street, Norfolk, Virginia.

The Norfolk Office files contain copies of reports submitted by [redacted] dated 1943 and 1944 which were turned over to this office by a representative of ONI, Norfolk on January 11, 1945. Copies of these reports are enclosed for the Springfield Office.

The representative at the District Intelligence Office, Fifth Naval District, was Chief Boatswain H. C. CURLING, who is now an agent in that office and advised recently that he turned over to an agent of the Norfolk Office of the F.B.I., all reports submitted by [redacted] when he acted as an informant of the ONI.

It is noted that numerous names were mentioned in the reports of informant [redacted] and available photographs of those identified are enclosed for the Springfield Office.

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65-59334-118

COPIES DESTROYED

935 AUG 24 1961

LWK:caf

65-518

cc: New York (65-15385)

Springfield (65-849) (Enclosures)

MAR 20 1951

To: Director, FBI
Re: VIVIAN GLASSMAN, was.
ESPIONAGE - R
(BuFile 65-59334)
On: March 15, 1951



In connection with the request that photographs of GUSSIE AURBACH be forwarded, it is pointed out that none are available and no information concerning this individual was located in the files of the Norfolk Office. It is also pointed out that a photograph of MILLIE MARKISON was not available in the files of this office.

It is believed that the individual who was at that time (1943 - 1944) secretary of the United Seamen's Service was either ESTER COLEMAN or BETH CUTTER. ESTER COLEMAN was reported to have married FRANK G. REED in New Orleans in December of 1946 after COLEMAN left Norfolk and took up residence in New Orleans, Louisiana. She acted as secretary of the United Seamen's Service while in Norfolk, and was replaced by BETH CUTTER. ALFREDA CUTTER resided at 728 Duke Street in Norfolk, Virginia, and married "JOE TOMBALENT" on July 5, 1946 in Norfolk, Virginia. Her last known address was 1133-13 th Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., in June 1947.

The enclosed photographs and informant's reports to Springfield may be retained in that office.

In view of the above no further action is contemplated in this office.