FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

Subject: Julius Rosenbrey

File Number: New York "SER References"

Section: Botch Number 57



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Julius Rosenborg Et Al.

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Batch

Number

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

| 1/30;2/4,6,7,10,19-21; | DATE | 24,9/437/48526;4/4,7,22; | PH | DELPHIA | NEW YORK | 9/5/58 | 5/16;6/2,9,18,24,30;7/7, | 11/12 OF CASE | 28,29;9/2,3/58 | RALPH J. T. CARTER, JR | ARD | CHARACTER OF CASE |

INTERNAL SECURITY -

GULLA Convicted espionary scent on 6/21/68 and 7/28/6

GOLD, convicted esplonage agent, on 6/24/58 and 7/28/58, when shown photos of subject, advised subject should not be eliminated as possibly being identical with PAUL SMITH, GOLD's former Soviet contact. Record checks set out.

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES SELOW

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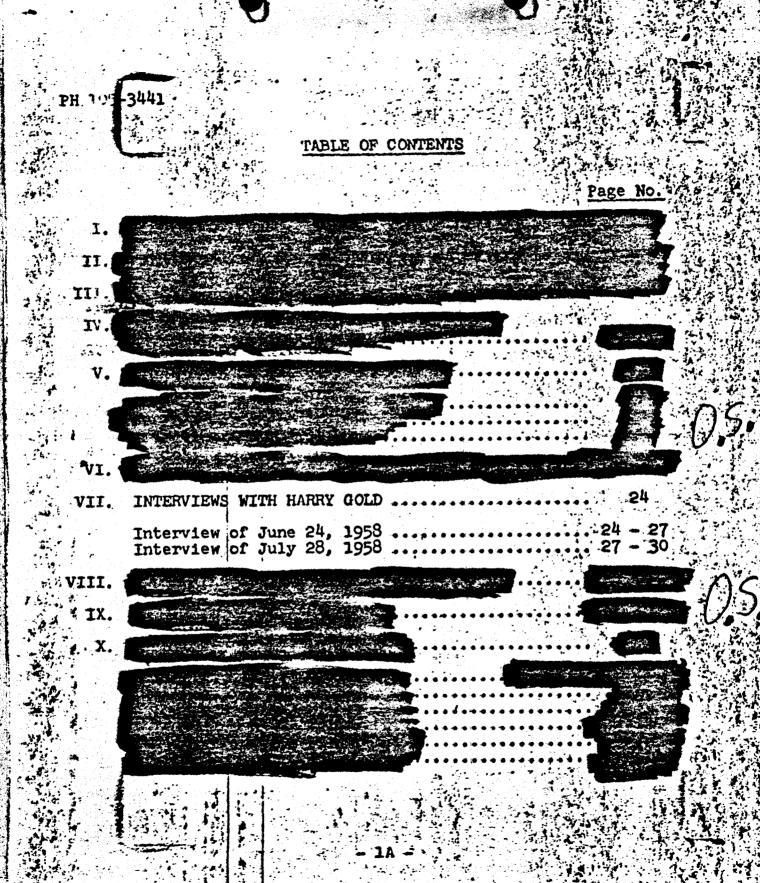
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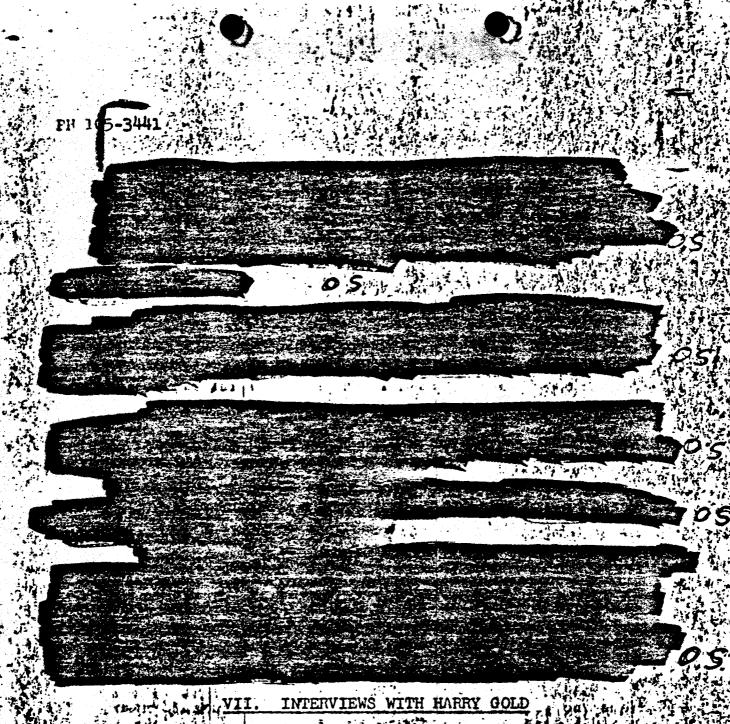
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FBI - NEW YORK

SEXPET





At Lewisburg, Pa.

On June 24, 1958, HARRY GOLD, inmate, U.S. Penitentiary, a convicted espionage agent, was interviewed by SA THOMAS E.

Bubject, one of which was believed to be current as of January 19

PH 105-3441

Concerning this photograph, GOLD stated that the individual picture was exactly as he imagined his former Soviet contact of 1935-1936 would look at the present time. He stated that his former Soviet contact, known to him as PAUL SMITH, had the same general characteristics of JOSEPH GRENBERG; however, he could not positively state that GRENBERG is identical with the former contact. He said that it is possible, but he doubted that they were identical and would not say so until such time that he can make a positive in identification. GOLD stated he is still sure that if he were to be rive a photograph of SMITH as he appeared during the period that he had contact with him that he could still, at this date, effect a positive identification and is most anxious to do so.

GOLD stated that he never knew a person named YETTA SFIGLER and could not associate that name with any of his former acquaintances in the Philadelphia area. He stated that he never met anyone by the name of EMANUEL KLINE. He explained that a DANIEL KLINE of Philadelphia was a former classmate in high school of his brother, JOSEPH GOLD, and through DANIEL KLINE's visits at the GOLD home, he learned that DANIEL's father's name was EMANUEL that he was a real estate dealer in the South Philadelphia area, and that he was now deceased.

GOLD advised that to his knowledge there was no relationship between YENTA SPIGLER and EMANUEL KLINE and that he was totally unaware of the other members of the KLINE family, other than EMANUEL and DANIEL KLINE, and that he only knew DANIEL KLINE through his visits to the GOLD home in Philadelphia with HARRY subtraction, JOSEPH GOLD.

11/27 13/11 The second of the second 2 1 1 3 W HARRY GOLD advised that the successor of PAUL SMITH, Little FRED, "was: pressuring him to obtain a source of information at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. '> GOLD learned through his conversa tions with DANIEL KLINE that he was, during that period, employed at the Philadelphia Navy Yard and thereafter had suggested his named to "Little FRED" as a possible recruit for Soviet intelligence. He stated that he has often times since regretted having furnished DANIEL's name to "Little FRED" and had furnished the name under " pressure as this was a means at that time of getting "Little FRED". off fils neck." | GOLD. definitely did not approach DANIEL KLINE himself and had no knowledge as to whether any of the Soviets had contacted DANIEL KLINE. He never received any information or the indication from DANIEL KLINE that he was ever contacted by the Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out

Pl: 105-3441

that it is very unlikely that any of his Soviet superiors would have informed him of the fact that DANIEL KLINE had been recruited, it such had been the case.

When first questioned as to his knowledge of JERRY or JEROME KLINE, GOLD stated that he seemed to recall that such a person existed; however, he could not recall ever meeting him or talking to him and could not recall where he was employed, or if he was any relation to DANIEL KLINE.

GOLD recalled that he had worked for ABRAHAM BROTHMAN. at New York City during the period May 1946 to June 1948 at his own laboratory and that BROTHMAN operated a consulting engineering He stated that it was prior to this time that BROTHMAN? had been giving information to GOLD to pass on to his Soviet. superiors, roughly the period October 1941 to 1943. GOLD further remarked that this was one of the unfortunate situations that had developed, that is, his going to work for BROTHMAN after the previous relationship with him. GOLD stated that BROTHMAN in the fall of 1947 and continuing on through 1948, had done some 🖹 work for Mr. MIKE STANTON of Stanton Laboratories, Philadelphia; He explained that his old friend, THOMAS BLACK, at that time; an employee of CHARLES BERG, had recommended to STANTON that for BROTHMAN's firm might be able to be of assistance to STANTON. explained that STANTON was involved in the manufacture of thioglycollic acid, an acid used in cold wave preparations and in high demand at that time. He stated that BLACK knew that GOLD was at that time associated with BROTHMAN and since STANTON needed a new plant design to manufacture his product, BLACK, out of the loyalty to GOLD, had suggested BROTHMAN's firm to STANTON. stated that so far as he knew, STANTON's association with BLACK; was purely a business association, as was STANTON's association? with BROTHMAN and that to his knowledge, STANTON was perfectly. "all right. He solds in a second

was desperate for money. He stated that about June 1948, he, himself, and other employees of BROTHMAN, quit the firm over a wage dispute, and that he personally had been under the impression that he was an associate of BROTHMAN in the business. He stated that the only time he was an "associate" was when business was bad, but when business was good, he was merely an "employee."

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PI 165-3441

GOLD advised that shortly after he had terminated his a: ...ciation with BROTHAN in June 1948, MIKE STANTON had called him to his house and asked GOLD as to whether he thought he should was he continue his association with BROTHMAN in the re-designing of his factory. GOLD stated that as he recalled he had advised STANTON that he had so much money invested in BROTHMAN at that time that he might as well continue with him and see if he couldn't recover as much as possible. He stated it was at this time that he now recalls that STANTON had complained to him regarding the large sul a of money that he had loaned to BROTHMAN. GOLD at this point stated that he now thinks that it was at this time that he first heard the name of JEROME or JERRY KLINE mentioned, and that it had been JERRY KLINE who was instrumental in BROTHMAN obtaining the loan from Stanton Laboratories; however, he did not at that time associate JERRY KLINE with DANIEL KLINE mentioned above: GOLD pointed out that the KLINE name is a common name in the Philadelphia area, and he never gave the matter any thought that JERRY KLINE and DANIEL KLINE could be related.

of JOSEPH GRENBERG, and as previously indicated, cannot positively state that the photographs of GRENBERG are identical with the person he knew as PAUL SMITH, his former Soviet contact. He stated further that he has absolutely no knowledge of the association between BROTHMAN and JEROME KLINE and that he definitely did not place JEROME KLINE in contact with BROTHMAN.

GOLD stated that he wished to comment that his former Soviet contact, known to him as PAUL SMITH, impressed him as being the person responsible for setting up industrial espionage in the United States during that period. He stated that SMITH did not impress him as the type of person that would be engaged in a menial job as a cover to his true occupation and he based this on the fact that SMITH was always well dressed, well rested, very smooth and polished, and to GOLD's knowledge, this person's only contact was Amtorg. As previously indicated, GOLD stated that he is still confident that he will be able to positively identify a photograph of his first contact, if shown one, even at this late date.

On July 28, 1958, HARRY GOLD was again interviewed by SA SAUNDERS. On this occasion GOLD was shown some additional photographs of the subject, one of which was designated photograph #2, having been furnished by Confidential Informant T-4 on April 30, 1958. Concerning this photograph, GOLD remarked, This looks

P" 105-3441

"In awful lot like PAUL SMITH, but the face is a little long, with SMITH. Everything in the photograph looks like the man I remember except the head is a little long, making the face appear long. The only thing that bothers me is the length of the face you definitely should not eliminate this person as not being identical with PAUL SMITH." GOLD further commented that photograph to him depicted a certain amount of coarseness which he does not associate with PAUL SMITH. GOLD stated that he just could not peritively identify the person in photograph #2 as being identical with PAUL SMITH; however, he felt, as indicated above, that this person should not be climinated.

The following is a resume of GOLD's recollections concerning PAUL SMITH, his first Soviet contact:

Residence

residence during the time SMITH was contacting him. He stated that he assumes that SMITH resided in the vicinity of Broadway in the 80's or 90's, and he based this on the fact that most of his meets with SMITH were in this vicinity.

Employment'

GOLD stated that he gained the impression that the only employment SMITH had when he was contacting him was at Amtorg. He stated that SMITH did not seem to have a job where he reported to a desk at a given time, and he based this statement regarding the association with Amtorg on the fact that on one occasion when blueprints were turned over to SMITH, SMITH told GOLD that he was going to take them to Amtorg and have them SMITH had them reproduced and returned them to GOLD! reproduced. the same day they were delivered to him. GOLD stated that SMITH never mentioned any "cover" employment to him and never conveyed to GOLD the thought that he was employed at anything other than his espionage activities. GOLD stated that SMITH never conveyed to him the impression that he would ever perform servile type labor in particular that of a waiter, and to GOLD this typesof employs ment was not the type of work that he would associate with SMITH's personality. He pointed out further that SMITH never seemed to; be in a hurry, was always well dressed, and always appeared well.

FP 105-3441

In inting Habits C

they always drank Canadian Club whiskey. GOLD stated that he personally used ginger ale as a mixer and SMITH, without fail always used soda. He said that on rare occasions they would drink Scotch whiskey, and on those occasions SMITH would use the same mixer. Whe said he cannot at this time recall the rames of the bars where he and SMITH did their drinking. GOLD for ther advised that SMITH impressed him as a moderate drinker and he had never observed him to drink anything other than mentioned above. GOLD said it was his recollection that SMITH was having stomach trouble, possibly an ulcer, and for that reason he did not drink to excess at the time he knew him:

Eating Habits

in the second of the second

Restaurant located on Columbus Circle, New York City. He stated that one of the waitresses at Child's apparently knew him and SMITH would often take a card from his pocket which contained his diet and would order from the monu on this card. He recalled that SMITH did not go in for rich foods but usually ate something that was easily digested like lamb chops or taked ham and did not eat fancy dressings or side courses. He said that it was while eating with SMITH on one occasion that SMITH spoke to one of the waitresses in what he was told was the Danish language.

Reading Habits

reading habits but gained the impression that SMITH was a well read man. GOID has nothing to back up this statement other than SMITH; mannerisms and demeanor during their meetings.

Smoking Habits

a cigarette smoker; however, he could not recall the brand.
GOLD stated that he never observed SMITH to smoke anything other
than cigarettes and recalled that he was what he considered to
be a heavy smoker.

rn 105-3441

Entortainment Habits

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GOLD stated that he cannot honestly recall whether smith had a mole on his left cheek or not. GOLD did recall that while walking, SMITH leaned a little forward.

gray or brown suits with a little blue but not a dark blue. He lastly recalled that SMITH impressed him as being a shrewd, intelligent and educated individual who would not "stick out" in a group of dultured people. However, GOLD believed that SMITH had not received too much formal higher education.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING THE OFFICE OF ORIT IN PHI GADELPHIA

NEW YORK

DATE

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9/5/58

14,28-31;8/1,4-6,11-14-28,29;9/2,3/58 REPORT MADE BY

RALPH J. CHARACTER OF CASE

JUSEPH GRENBERG, WAB.

INTERNAL SECURITY

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TITLE OF CASE

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SPECIAL AGENT

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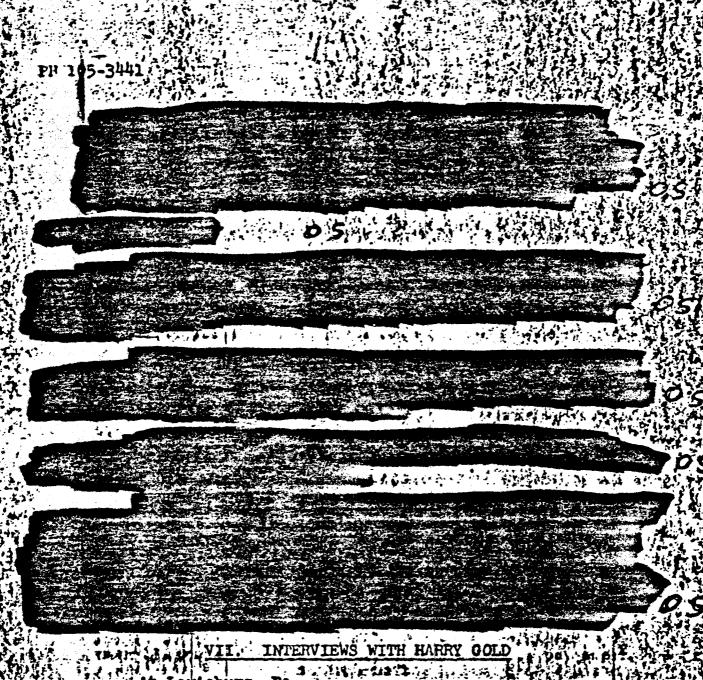
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FBI - NEW YORK

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At Levisburg, Pa.

On June 24, 1958, HARRY GOLD, inmate, U.S. Penitentiary convicted espionage agent, was interviewed by SA THOMAS E.

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ninking Habits F

GOLD advised that when he and SMITH did drink together they always drank Canadian Club whiskey. GOLD stated that he personally used ginger ale as a mixer and SMITH, without fail? always used soda. He said that on rare occasions they would it drink Scotch whiskey, and on those occasions SMITH would use th: some mixer. Whe said he cannot at this time recall the names of the bars where he and SMITH did their drinking. GOLD 1 rther advised that SMITH impressed him as a moderate drinker and he had never observed him to drink anything other than QOLD said it was his recollection that SMITH mentioned above. was having stomach trouble, possibly an ulcer, and for that reason he did not drink to excess at the time he knew him: · 文· 等性 海绵 (148)从1861 | 至 · 文· 文· 经条

Eating Habits with

इत्याक्त मास्त्र विक्रम किला कर्ते विक्रम कर्ते विक्रम SMITH, according to GOLD, frequently ate at Child's Restaurant located on Columbus Circle, New York City, He stated that one of the waitresses at Child's apparently knew him and SMITH would often take a card from his pocket which contained his diet and would order: from the menu on this card. He recalled that SMITH did not go in for rich foods but usually ate something that was easily digested like lamb chops or in taked ham and did not eat fancy dressings or side courses. He said that with was while eating with SMITH on one occasion that SMITH spoke to one of the waitresses in what he was told was the Danish language in the Charles the state of the s 在1990年的中国中国的国际,1990年的中国中国的国际的国际的国际。

Rending Habits

and the stated he has no direct knowledge of SMITH's reading habits but gained the impression that SMITH was a wel read man.: 60000 has nothing to back up this statement other t than SMITH simphnerisms and demeanor during their meetings. Court Hand Court No. - WARE CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

Smoking Habits | 199

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rn 105-3441

Entertainment Habits

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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NEW YORK

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TITLE OF CASE

REPORT MADE BY

28,29;9/2,3/58

RALPH J. T. CARTER, JR.

CHARACTER OF CASE

CHARACTER OF CASE

JUSEPH GRENBERG, WAS.

INTERNAL SECURITY

GOLD, convicted espionage agent, on 6/24/58 and 7/28/58, when shown photos of subject, advised subject should not be eliminated as possibly being identical with PAUL SMITH, GOLD's former Soviet contact. Record checks set out.

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PH 115-3441

At Lewisburg, Pa.

on June 24, 1958, HARRY GOLD, inmate, U.S. Penitentia convicted espionage agent, Was interviewed by SA THOMAS E.

SAUNDERS.

GOLD was exhibited all available photographs of the subject, one bi which was believed to be gurrent as of January.

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PH 105-3441

Concerning this photograph, GOLD stated that the individual picture was exactly as he imagined his former Soviet contact of 1935-1936 would look at the present time. He stated that his former Soviet contact, known to him as PAUL SMITH, had the same general characteristics of JOSEPH GRENBERG; however, he could not positively state that GRENBERG is identical with the former contact. He said that it is possible, but he doubted that they were identical and would not say so until such time that he can make a positive is identification. GOLD stated he is still sure that if he were to observe a photograph of SMITH as he appeared during the period that he had contact with him that he could still, at this date, effect a positive identification and is most anxious to do so.

SPIGLER and could not associate that name with any of his former acquaintances in the Philadelphia area. He stated that he never met anyone by the name of EMANUEL KLINE. He explained that a DANIEL KLINE of Philadelphia was a former classmate in high school of his brother, JOSEPH GOLD, and through DANIEL KLINE's visits at the GOLD home, he learned that DANIEL's father's name was EMANUELI that he was a real estate dealer in the South Philadelphia area, and that he was now deceased.

GOLD advised that to his knowledge there was no relationship between YETTA SPIGLER and EMANUEL KLINE and that he was totally unaware of the other members of the KLINE family, other than EMANUEL and DANIEL KLINE, and that he only knew DANIEL KLINE through his visits to the GOLD home in Philadelphia with HARRY's brother, JOSEPH GOLD.

"Little FRED, "whas pressuring him to obtain a source of information at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. GOLD learned through his conversal tions with DANIEU KLINE that he was, during that period, employed at the Philadelphia Navy Yard and thereafter had suggested his name to "Little FRED" as a possible recruit for Soviet intelligence. He stated that he has often times since regretted having furnished to "DANIEL's name to "Little FRED" and had furnished the name under "DANIEL's name to "Little FRED" and had furnished the name under "off his neck." GOLD definitely did not approach DANIEL KLINE himself and had no knowledge as to whether any of the Soviets had contacted DANIEL KLINE. He never received any information or indication from DANIEL KLINE that he was ever contacted by the Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out "Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out "Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out "Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out "Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out "Soviets and to his knowledge he may be "OK," but he pointed out "OK,"

.PP. 105-3441

that it is very unlikely that any of his Soviet superiors would have informed him of the fact that DANIEL KLINE had been recruited is such had been the case.

When first questioned as to his knowledge of JERRY, or JERCME KLINE, GOLD stated that he seemed to recall that such a person existed; however, he could not recall ever meeting him or talking to him and could not recall where he was employed, or it he was any relation to DANIEL KLINE.

GOID recalled that he had worked for ABRAHAM BROTHMAN at New York City during the period May 1946 to June 1948 at his; own laboratory and that BROTHMAN operated a consulting engineering firm. "He stated that it was prior to this time that BROTHMAN!" had been giving information to GOLD to pass on to his Soviety superiors, roughly the period October 1941 to 1943. OOLD further & remarked that this was one of the unfortunate situations that had developed, that is, his going to work for BROTHMAN after the previous relationship with him, :: GOLD stated that BROTHMAN in the fall of 1947 and continuing on through 1948, had done some? work for Mr. MIKE STANTON of Stanton Laboratories, Philadelphia He explained that his old friend, THOMAS BLACK, at that time an employee of CHARLES BERG, had recommended to STANTON that is BROTHMAN's firm might be able to be of assistance to STANTON. He explained that STANTON was involved in the manufacture of thioglycollic acid, an acid used in cold wave preparations and in high demand at that time. He stated that BLACK knew that GOLD was at that time associated with BROTHMAN and since STANTON needed a new plant design to manufacture his product, BLACK, out of loyalty to GOLD, had suggested BROTHMAN's firm to STANTON. stated that so far as he know, STANTON's association with BLACK! was purely arbusiness association, as was STANTON's association with BROTHMAN and that to his knowledge, STANTON was perfectly all right. To plant the second to the cultive

was desperate for money. He stated that about June 1948, he, himself, and other employees of BROTHMAN, quit the firm over a wage dispute, and that he personally had been under the impression that he was an associate of BROTHMAN in the business. He stated that the only time he was an "associate" was when business was bad, but when business was good, he was merely an "employee."

Cate de

PH 305-3441

GOLD advised that shortly after he had terminated his amodiation with BROINSIN in June 1948, MIKE STANTON had called him to his house and asked GOLD as to whether he thought he should is continue his association with BROTHMAN in the re-designing of his factory. GOLD stated that as he recalled he had advised STANTON that he had so much money invested in BROTHMAN at that time that he might as well continue with him and see if he couldn't recover as much as possible. He stated it was at this time that he now recalls that STANTON had complained to him regarding the large COLD at this point surs of money that he had loaned to BROTHMAN. stated that he now thinks that it was at this time that he first heard the name of JEROME or JERNY KLINE mentioned, and that it had been JERRY KLINE who was instrumental in BROTHMAN obtaining the loan from Stanton Laboratories; however, he did not at that time. associate JERRY KLINE with DANIEL KLINE mentioned above: GOLD pointed out that the KLINE name is a common name in the Philadelphi area, and he never gave the matter any thought that JERRY KLINE

GOLD stated that he has never known anyone by the name of JOSEPH GRENBERG, and as previously indicated, cannot positively state that the photographs of GRENBERG are identical with the person he knew as PAUL SMITH, his former Soviet contact. He stated further that he has absolutely no knowledge of the association between BROTHMAN and JERGME KLINE and that he definitely did not place JERGME KLINE in contact with BROTHMAN.

Soviet contact, known to him as PAUL SMITH, impressed him as being the person responsible for setting up industrial espionage in the United States during that period. He stated that SMITH did not impress him as the type of person that would be engaged in a menial job as a cover to his true occupation and he based this on the fact that SMITH was always well dressed, well rested, very smooth and polished, and to GOLD's knowledge, this person's only contact was Amtorg. As previously indicated, GOLD stated that he still confident that he will be able to positively identify a photograph of his first contact, if shown one, even at this late date.

On July 28, 1958, HARRY GOLD was again interviewed by SA SAUNDERS. On this occasion GOLD was shown some additional photographs of the subject, one of which was designated photograph #2, having been furnished by Confidential Informant T-4 on April 30, 1958. Concerning this photograph, GOLD remarked, This looks

P" 105-3441

awful lot like PAUL SMITH, but the face is a little long, it is photograph doesn't eliminate him as not being identical with SMITH. Everything in the photograph looks like the man I remember except the head is a little long, making the face appearing long. The only thing that bothers me is the length of the face you definitely should not eliminate this person as not being identical with PAUL SMITH. GOLD further commented that photograph #2 to him depicted a certain amount of coarseness which he does it is associate with PAUL SMITH. GOLD stated that he just could not positively identify the person in photograph #2 as being identical with PAUL SMITH; however, he felt, as indicated above that this person should not be eliminated.

The following is a resume of GOLD's recollections concerning PAUL SMITH, his first Soviet contact:

Residence / hos

residence during the time SMITH was contacting him. He stated that he assumes that SMITH resided in the vicinity of Broadway in the 80's or 90's, and he based this on the fact that most of his meets with SMITH were in this vicinity.

Employment

GOLD stated that he gained the impression that the only employment SMITH had when he was contacting him was at Amtorg. He stated that SMITH did not seem to have a dob where? he reported to a desk at a given time, and he based this statement regarding the association with Amtorg on the fact that on one occasion when blueprints were turned over to SMITH, SMITH told GOLD that he was going to take them to Amtorg and have them reproduced. SMITH had them reproduced and returned them to GOLD the same day they were delivered to him. " GOLD stated that SMITH never mentioned any "cover" employment to him and never conveyed to GOLD the thought that he was employed at anything other than his espionage activities. GOLD stated that SMITH never conveyed to him the impression that he would ever perform servile type labor in particular that of a waiter, and to GOLD this type of employ ment was not the type of work that he would associate with SMITH personality. He pointed out further that SMITH never seemed to; bi in a hurry, was always well dressed, and always appeared well?

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in inking Habits F

GOLD advised that when he and SMITH did drink together? they always drank Canadian Club whiskey. GOLD stated that he personally used ginger ale as a mixer and SMITH, without failf always used soda. He said that on rare occasions they would drink Scotch whiskey, and on those occasions SMITH would use the same mixer. Whe said he cannot at this time recall the names of the bars where he and SMITH did their drinking. GOLD for ther advised that SMITH impressed him as a moderate drinker and he had never observed him to drink anything other than GOLD said it was his recollection that SMITH mentioned above. was having stomath trouble, possibly an ulcer, and for that reason he didinot drink to excess at the time he knew him:

主一种 海豚中亚属物门上至海州市 Eating Habits William

THE WILLIAM STATE OF THE STATE OF SMITH, abcording to BOLD, frequently ate at Child's. Restaurant located on Columbus Circle, New York City. He stated that one of the waitresses at Child's apparently knew him and BMITH would often take t card from his pocket which contained his diet and would order: from the menu on this card. He recalled that SMITH did not go in for rich foods but usually ate something that was easily digested like lamb chops or taked ham and did not eat fancy dressings or side courses. He said that it was while eating with SMITH on one occasion that SMITH spoke to one of the waitresses in what he was told was the Danish Language.

Rending Habits * 1 45 GOLD stated he has no direct knowledge of SMITH's reading habits but gained the impression that SMITH was a wel read man. 19010 has nothing to back up this statement others than SMITH simbinerisms and demeanor during their meetings. 在1980年1980年的1980年,1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的1980年的19

Smoking Habits

COLD stated that when he knew SMITH, he was strictly n cigarette smoker; however, he could not recall the brand GOLD stated that, he never observed SMITH to smoke anything other than digarettes and recalled that he was what he considered to be a heavy smoker. THE PARTY NAMED IN

r!! 105-3441

Entertainment Habits

mont habits; however, SMITH impressed him as a person who would not to the theater or the movies. He said SMITH did not impress him as the "sport" type and never heard him mention anything about attending sporting events of any type, in particular the race track. GOLD said that this type of activity is completely a region to the type of man that he supposed SMITH to be.

Dress and Personal Notes

to the side of

were what he thought to be expensive clothes as they fit too will to be ready-made. He recalled that SMITH had a habit of after eating a meal, to place both hands flat on his belt and hitch his pants up. He said SMITH walked quite slowly and with the toes pointed out, but not quite to the point of a "duck waldle." He regalled that SMITH came down "heavy" on his feet; almost like a marcher. He said that it is a very outstanding walk to him. GOLD further advised that SMITH, to his recollection did not wear glasses and to his knowledge did not wear dentures. He said he has no knowledge of the brand names of any toilet articles used by SMITH. However, he recalls that SMITH was always cleanly shaven.

SMITH had a mole on his left check or not . GOLD did recally that while walking SMITH leaned a little forward.

gray or brown suits with a little blue but not a dark blue. He lastly recalled that SMITH impressed him as being a shrewd intelligent and educated individual who would not "stick out" in a group of dultured people. However, GOLD believed that SMITH had not received too much formal higher education.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OFFICE OF ORIGIN
NEW YORK 1/21/53 REPORTING OF YORK meBBAMCJSvy · 1/6-8/68 YPED BY TITLE OF CASE KEHOE 3X dnck ANATOLE JOSHUA SIPIN CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY -R LYNOPELE DETAILS: APPROVED 5-Bureau (RM) COPIES MADE: 1-DIO, 3rd ND (RM)
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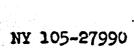
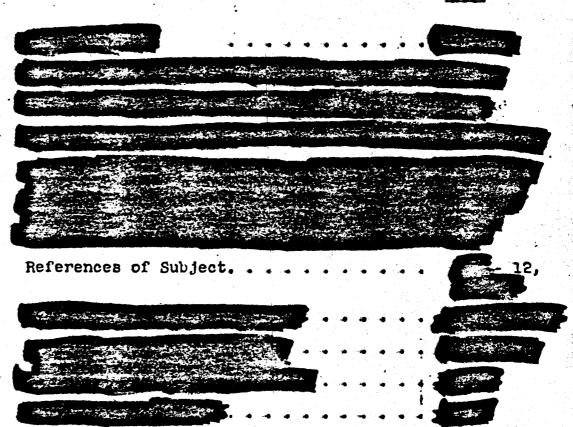
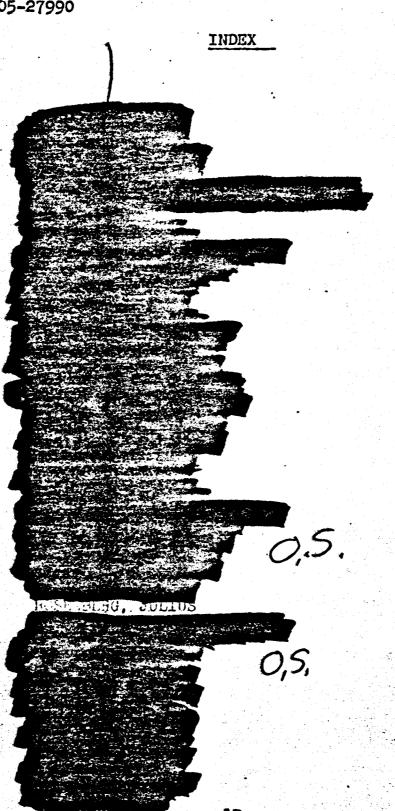


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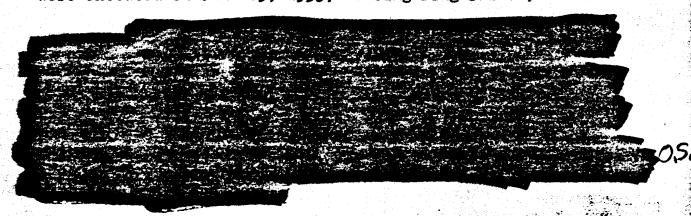


NY 105-27990

MARKUS EPSTEIN, electrical engineer, advised
Special Agents EDWARD J. CAHILL and ROBERT F. ROYAL on January
8, 1953, that he had been a trainee in the Civilian Training
School, Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, in October, 1940, and that
two of his other classmates were the above WALKER and JULIUS
ROSENBERG. EPSTEIN stated that many of his group were assigned
to the Philadelphia area upon the completion of the course and
that about March of 1941 ROSENBERG and WALKER moved into an
apartment in Philadelphia in which he was a co-tenant. To the
best of his recollection, ROSENBERG stayed in the Philadelphia
apartment from March to July of 1941, when ROSENBERG and WALKER
were assigned to Camden, New Jersey, where they worked at the
RCA plant at the same time.

EPSTEIN was reinterviewed by the above Agents on October 30, 1953, at which time he advised that he had testified before the Senate Investigating Committee, then holding hearings at the U.S. Court House, New York City, concerning his knowledge of the activities of ROSENBERG and his associates. Upon his return home, he had received a telephone call from WALKER. It might be noted that EPSTEIN worked on Saturdays for WALKER'S company at that time. The purpose of WALKER'S call was to discuss the various questions asked by the Committee, inasmuch as WALKER was due to testify before the same Senate Committee.

Concerning JULIUS ROSENBERT: this individual and his wife ETHEL were sentenced to death in April, 1951, in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of New York, for conspiring to commit espionage against the United States, and they were executed on June 19, 1953, at Sing Sing Prison, New York.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SECONDARY YORK

OFFICE OF ORIGINAL PARTY 1/21/53 31;11/1,4-8,12-15, 25-27;12/2-6,9-11

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25-27;12/2-6,9-11/57;

REFRANCIES OF CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY -R

POLICIA TO THE CO-WORKER OF JULTUS ROSENBERG.

DETAILS:

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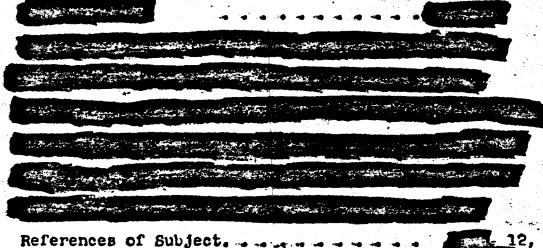
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NY 105-27990

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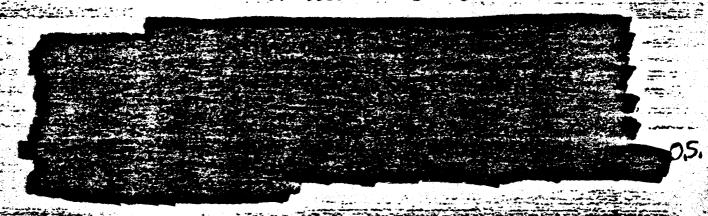
NY 105-27990 INDEX



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Report Your 1D 263 @ 15 351 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION HEH YORK SA T. CHANDLER JOSEY ecl CHARACTER OF CASE CHA NOED SYNUE CARPITREL, Dec Schoolts, was., Birs. Sidney Corfinks). Symie Amilih, Mrs. Harry INTERNAL SECURITY-R SIDNEY CARPINEL interlesed 3/23/58, and 4/21/58, and additted Writing anonymous letter to Senate Internal Security Subcommittee re SYMIR AMITIM, his estrenged GARPIRKEL stated that he wrote letter in anger and although his wife admitted knowing MORTO! SOBELL, she bad denied any knowled to copprise surversive activities. The title of this case is marked changed to reflect subject/s legal name and her maiden name DETAILS: as furnished by her hysband. 5-Bureau (105-58145) (RD

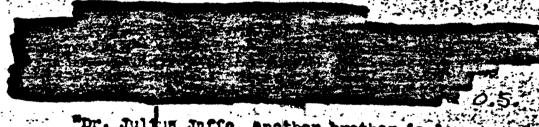
4/28/58

Long Island, New York, admitted that he wrote the following letter to the Internal Security Subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate, during the fall of 1957s

"If you will look into the activities of one Symie Amitin, From 1950 to 1955 you will find that there is a strong connection between she and Morton Sob el, both being employed by Reeves Instrument in Project Cyclone...

She may be known in the party as

Sadie or Selma or Sylvy Schwartz or Black. She was the
enly secretary in the project cyclone, and altho she was
classified as secret the handled all the typing including
top secret papers. She also know where Sobel went when
be ren. She also registered as a democrat and
worked for the party at election time.



is the mind be ind all of them, be and his wife have been very active in the support of both Bobel and the Rosenbergs.



Best of Luck

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Interview with		Thi	Saruntled	American 2873
Interview with	SIDNEY GARPINKEL		-0	Mac. Teat
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3/20/30 Freeport, Long Island, New York

by Special Agent T. CHANDLER SCOET and BYRCH H. DUNBARISC

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NY 105-23734

letter because of his hate for his estmanged wife, SYNIX AMITIN CARFINGEL.

requested the interview to continued when he had more time to think

4/28/58

SIDNEY GARPINKEL, 92 Virginis Avenue, Presport, Long Island, New York, advised that he had just returned from Morfomery, Alabams

He stated that he had written the letter to the Internal Security Subcommittee of the Committee on the didiciery, United States Benate, because of his hate for his wife and dum to his angry mood at the time of writing.

MORTON SOMELL, convicted Soviet Agent, while they were both employed at Reeves Instrument Corporation, Carden City, New York. He stated that he accused his wife of knowing about SOMELL's Subversive activities and about SOMELL's flight to Mexico, but that she vehemently denied any knowledge of SOMELL's activities. GARFINGEL stated that he didn't believe her, but that she never gave him any reason to suspect her of knowing about SOMELL's activities other than her liberal ideas.



and her husband, Dr. JULIUS JAPPE, Adrian Avenue, New York City, had made statements that they thought Julius and Erner.

4/21/58 Hew York, Hew York

1.5

by Special Agent ____ T. CHANDLER JOSET and J. CARTER BESSIEGL

SIDREY CARPING

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ROSERERO, convicted Soviet Agents, were innocent and that JERRIE JAFFE stated that she solicited fundator the ROSERERGS defense.

7.25

In conclusion, GARPINYEL stated that he could furnish no other information re SYMIE AMITIN and her relatives.

TITLE OF CASE SA T. CHANDLER JOSET THE SEC CHARACTER OF CASE CIVATED EYILL CARPHEL, nec Schoolts, Symie Allin, Bra. Barry Acitin SIDNEY CARPINGEL intentened 3/23/58, and 4/21/58, and additted Writing anonymous letter to Senate Internal Security Subcomittee re SYMIE AMITIM, his estrenged wife. GARPINGEL stated that he wrote letter in anser and although his wife admitted knowing marrow sommit. she bad denied any knowledge of control convenience DETAILS: The fifte of this/case is marked changed to reflect subjects legal name and her maiden name as furnished by her husband. -Bureau (105-58185) (RI) -New York (105-23734)

EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIO INTERVIEW REPORT

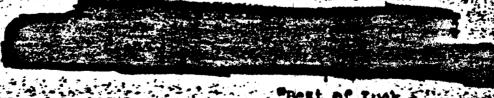
SIDNEY CARPINEEL, 92 Virginia Avenue, Procport, Long Island, New York, admitted that he wrote the following letter to the Internal Security Subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate, during the fell of 1957s

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She may be known/in the party as sadie or Selm or Sylvy Schwartz or Black. She was the solly secretary in the project cyclone, and altho she was classified as secret she handled all the typing including top secret papers. She also knew where Sobel went when be ren. She also registered as a democrat and .. worked for the party at election time.



Dr. Julius Juffe, another brother-in-law, is the mind begind all of them, be and his wife have been very active in the support of both Sobel and the Rosenbergs.



Best of Luck

Interview with	Almay	CARPINERI,	Disgruntle	d Aperican
1.	7.13	ALLE SACTOR		VD-23/34

3/23/50 Presport, Long Island, New York

by Special Agent CHANDLER JOSET and BYROH H. DUNDARISC

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NY 105-23734

letter because of his hate for his estronge wife, synta

country to think

DERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW REPORT

4/28/58

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end her husband, Dr. JULIUS JAPPE, Adrian Avenue, New York
City, has made statements that they thoughts builts and ETHEL
Interview with
SIDNEY CARPINEL.
File \$ 105-23724

West Tork, Now York

by Special Agent T. CHANDLER JORKY BOS J. CARTER BELSEIGC

MY 105-23734

ROSEIGERO, convicted Soviet Agents, were innocent and that JEDGE JAFFE stated that she solicited fundation the ROSEIEGAS' defense



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PD MS G-15-RJ

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION INTERVIEW REPORT

-SIDNEY GARPINCEL, 92 Virginia Avenue, Prosport, Long Island, New York, admitted that he wrote the following letter to the Internal Security Subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate, during the fell of 1957s

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN FRE If you will look into the activities of one Symia Amitin, Prom 1950 to 1955 you will find that there is a strong connection between she and Morton Sob el, both being employed by Reevel Instrument in Project Cyclone... Actomic selections of the selection of t

She may be known in the party as sadie or Solm or Sylvy Schwartz or Black. She was the enly secretary in the project cyclone, and altho she was classified as secret she handled all the typing including top secret papers. She slso knew where Sobel went when be ren. She also registered as a democrat and worked for the party at election time.

"Dr. Julius Jeffe, another brother-in-law, is the mind begind all of them, be and his wife have been very active in the support of both Bobel and the Rosenbergs



Best of Luck

Disgruntled Aperican

Presport, Long Island, New

by Special Agent T. CHANDLER SCOLY and BYRCH M. DUNDARIOC

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MY 105-23734

letter because of his hete for his estranged wife, SYMIK ARITH CARPINGEL

requested the surface of the surface

1/28/58

SIDNEY GARPINKEL, 92 Virginis Avenue, Presport, Long Island, New York, advised that he had just returned from Fortonery, Alabams

Internal Security Subcommittee of the Committee on the disciery, United States Senate, because of his hate for his wife and due to his angry wood at the time of writing.

MARTINEL stated that his wife told him she knew MARTON ROBELL, convicted Soviet Agent, while they were both employed at Rodres Instrument Corporation, Garden City, New York. He stated that he accused his wife of knowing about SOMELL'S Subversive activities and about SOMELL'S flight to Mexico, but that she vehemently denied any knowledge of SOMELL'S activities. OARPINIEL stated that he sidn't believe her, but that she never gave him any reason to suspect her of knowing about SOMELL'S activities other than her liberal ideas.



He stated that his wife's sister, JEMIE JAPPE and her husband, Dr. JULIUS JAPPE, Adrian Avenue, Hew York City, had made statements that they thought JULIUS and ATHEL.

Interview with SIDNEY GARPINEEL File \$ 105-23734

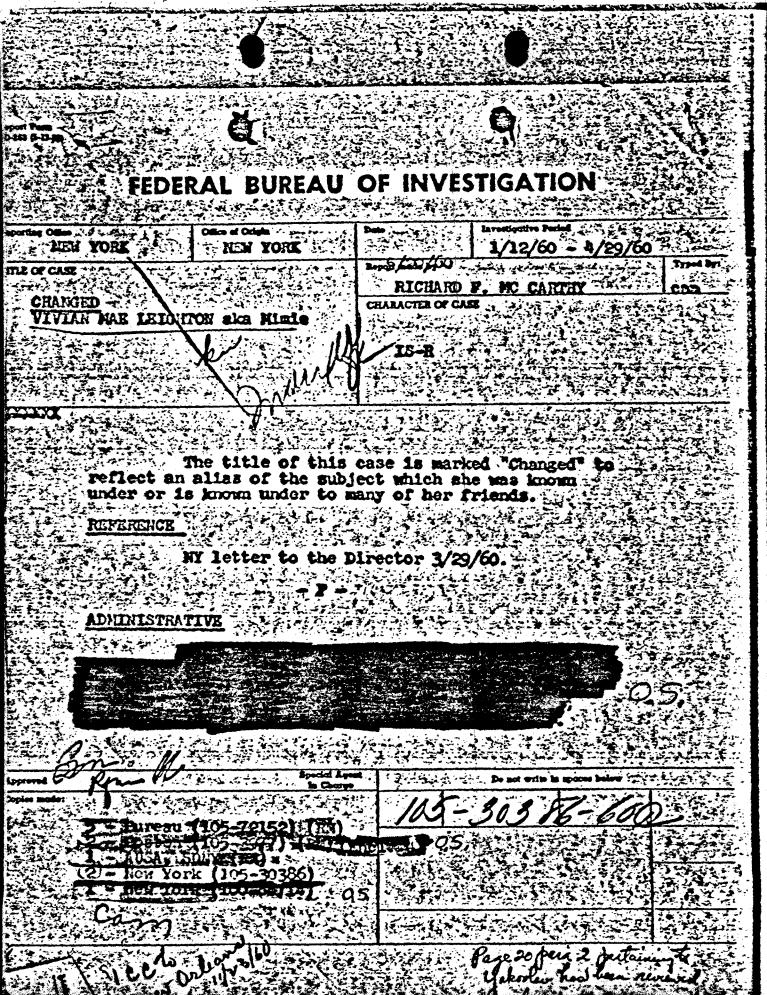
by Special Agent T. CHANDLER JOSET and J. CARTER BENSE 1801

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MY 105-23734

ROSEIBERG, convicted Soviet Agents, were innocent and that JECHE JAPPE stated that she solicited fundation the ROSENBERGS' defense.

In conclusion, GARPINYEL Stated that he could furnish no other information re SYMIE AMITIN and her relatives.



11**Y 1**05-30566

TABLE OF CONTENTS

				Page	
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	IVIERVIEW OF LUBA PETROVA	HARRINGTON.		8	
	The Superintegral was suppressing with				0.5.
	INTERVIEWS OF BASIL FOREN.		• • • • • • •	18, 2	10, 22
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1.Y 105-30386

On February 26, 1960, Mrs. LUBA PETROVA

MARRINGTON advised SA RICHARD F. MC CARTHY that the
name of ANATOLI YAKOVLEV was entirely unfamiliar to
her. Mrs. HARRINGTON stated after viewing a photograph
of YAKOVLEV that to her knowledge she had never seen
or heard of this individual. Mrs. HARRINGTON advised
that a number of years ago she knew YAKOVLEV but that
this person had been a Russian emigre and was deceased.

Date 3/7/60

Mr. FOWEEN advised that during the 1940s he had met with several Russian nationals at Russian War Relief Conctions. Mr. FOMEEN advised that after returning from his USO tour sometime in 1945 or 1946, he became concerned in relation to his relatives in Russia. FOMEEN explained that, although he was concerned for their safety prior to this time, he thought it was the opportune time to ask the Russians for a favor in that he had played at several Russian War Relief rallies for them. FOMEEN stated that for this reason he visited the Russian Consulate located in the East 60's in New York City at that time.

Mr. FOIREN stated that he spoke in Rucsian and went directly up to the receptionist and stated that he had some relatives in Russia and he wanted to talk to somebody to ascertain their whereabouts and general welfare. PCMEEN stated that he was immediately introduced to ANATCLE A. YAKOYLEV. FOMEEN stated that his association with YAKOVLEV grew from this initial meeting and to his recollection he probably had at least ten to twelve more nectings with YAKOVLEV. FORTER stated that during this period of time he thought that if he gave YAKOVIAY a little encouragement he could have gotten requests for work or information from YAKOVLEV. FOREEN stated emphatically that he was never requested by YAKCVLEV to do anything for the Soviets in the United States. However, he was under the impression that because of the association between rimself and YAKOVIEV, if he is i given YAKOVIEV any hint that he could be of assistance to the Soviets

Interview with BASIL FOMMEN File 4 103-30586

on 2/25/60 at USS CONSTITUTION FARTER Distanted 3/1/60

by Special Agents EDMARD J. MURPHY and RICHARD F. Me CAPTER : EL

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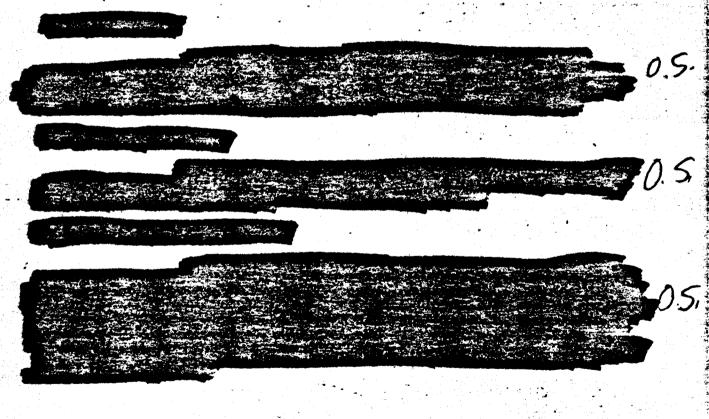
NY 105-30386

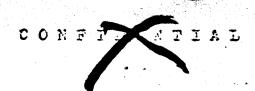
in their espionage operations YAKOVIEV would have approached him. FORER advised that after YAKOVIEV left the United States he did not see or hear from the Russian for a long time.

IN 105-30386

AMATOLI A. YAKOVLEV

HAFRY GCID, a confessed Soviet espionage agent currently serving a 30 year sentence, custody of the Attorne; General, identified ANATOLI A. YAKOVLEV, on June 2, 1950, as his espionage superior from 1944 to 1946. YAKOVLEV, a Soviet national, was employed at the Soviet Consulate, New York City, from February 8, 1941 to December 27, 1946, as a clerk and Vice Consul





NY 1205-30336

as.

COSEPH W. HOKHART

CLIDARINA BENTLEY, confessed Soviet courier, advised that TCSEN II. ECKHART, who was introduced to her in the United States in the Spring of 1936, was known to her to be an agent for the Fussian NKVD. EENTLEY advised that FCHART was last seen by her in January of 1936 in New York and that at that time no intended to leave the United States.

SCHFIXLHTIAL

		e: March 16,	1959	
To: Director, FBI	(Bufile: _			
	Attention:			
From: Legal Attache, Paris		1 65-0		
Title	•	Character ESP	IONAGE - R	
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UNED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LOICE PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File Na. Washington, D. C. Harch 16, 1959

att # 16/05 35483-1

Date: March 16, 195

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rom: Legal Attache, Paris	Attention:	(65-0)
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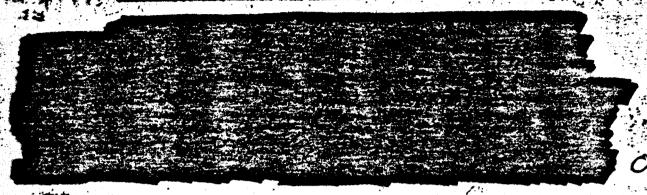
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Investigative Period Office of Origin Reporting Office BUREAU MIXICO. D. TITLE OF CASE JAMES T. HAVERTY mas CHARACTER OF CASE LUIS SANCHEZ PONTON INTERNAL LECURITY - MEXICO synopsis: SANCHEZ PONTON born in Puebla, Mexico, 8/5/89 -RUC-05-65406-Special Agent A-proved in Charge Sepies Bade: 5 - Bureau SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED THE SERIALIZED 1 - U. S. Embassy and CIA. Mexico City (circulation) APR 1 8 1958 1 - Mexico City (105-949) FBI - NEW YORAD

SUBJECT'S CONNECTION WITH MORTON SOBELL CASS



Rexico City newspapers on February 2, 1957, cerried an article datelined New York, February 2, 1957.

According to this article, Ers. ECHTCH SUPELL stated that the Mexican Attorney LUIS SAUCHIX PUNTON who had been retained as an attorney for her husband had been denied permission to enter the United States from Mexico. MORTCH ECBELL was deported from Mexico by Mexican authorities in 1950 and was thereafter convicted of conspiracy to commit escionage against the United States in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York.

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an article by LUI: SARCHEZ POWTCH entitled "The Sovereignty of Mexico and the Morton Sobell Case." In this article, SANCHEZ POWTCH stated that MORTON SOBFIL was sentenced to a thirty-year prison term by the same United States Federal Judge who condemned JULIUS and MINEL ROSINDERG to death on a charge of spying for the Soviet Union. SANCHEZ POWTCH claimed that MORELL was involved in this conspiracy by the presecution but that no positive proof was presented to the jury spainst him. He further claimed that MORELL was alrested in Mexico City by persons who claimed they were secret police agents and that "the American PEI" took him from Mexico to the United States.



The Mexico City newspaper "Excelsion" in its issue of Movember 27, 1907, contained an article which reflected that ROSA SOPPLL, nother of MONTON SOBELL, had wisited Mexico City and had consulted with IUIS SUNCHED PONTON.



AIRTEL

TOI

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC. MEW YORK (105-71796) Prom:

irving R. Weingarten Subject: IS - R A STATE (00: NEW YORK)

Rehyairtel 1/29/65, captioned "STANLEY ROBERT RICH; ESP-R. Bufile 65-59356, whereis it was set out that IRVING R. WEINGARTEN, 875 Academy Street, New York, New York, advised on 1/27/65, that RICH asked him in 5/43, at Cambridge, Mass., if he (WEINGARTEN) would supply information to the Russians.

PLAIN TEXT

With relation to himself, WEINGARTEN declared that he joined the Young Communist League (YCL) in the Broom, NY, in the summer of 1934, and continued his YCL membership at CCNY, where he attended from 1934-1938.

In 1935, when he was in the Engineering School mt CCHY, JULIUS ROSE BERG, HORTON SOBELland HATMAN SUSCHAM WERE in WEINGARTEN YCL group. In 1936, he discontinued consistent and transferred to a major in Chamistry. He continued his YCL activity, though not in the same small group. L

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L St. Louis (RH) New York

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105-71796

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

EDUARD F. HC CARCHY 5/21/65

irving R. Weingarten

AND THE RESERVE

Hew York, Hew York

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interial recurity-r

VEHICARIES in intervious declared that he was member of You at com 1934-1933 and of the Cf from 1938 to 1942, when he entered the Army Air Force.

After discharge in 1946, he rejoined CP, but claimed he gradually drifted sway from CP in 1950.

Details Bot on: Millo & Student Army Air officer at Harvard M. L.T. Rador Taining Center, Cambridge, Massachusette,

BIANLY ROUGH RICH approached him for information for the Boviets. WELHCARTER stated he gave affirmative ensur, but claims was not thereafter contacted by RICH or anyonn else in this remord. Details

reported.

pt 105-72796

Affiliation with the Young Commist Leaves at CCIV

Formanian advised an alcanio D. Correst that he joined the Young Communist League at CON in about January, 1937. He said that the following persons all of them were either engineering or chemistry students at CON were active members of the Young Commist League (VCL) and attended meetings with him Guring the first bid months of 1937.

JULIUS ROSINIERO MAPE PAGE also known as Funk Payaraky MAT BUSSIAN

ERODES SALVAN

attended one or more YEL meetings of sition the Wain Club or the "Steinmote Club" were Stabley RIGH, JULL BAR.

Interview of DRVDID VEDISARIES

1955 by SA PETER C. BOIL, Jr. at Egradue, New York.

HZ 109-71796

AMON HOME COLUMN nor did he reaction an individual by the name of Eathan Sussian. He was known photographs of John Bahr, William Danciger, Max Elitable, William Mutherpark, Statics Rich, Julius Bossius B., Korris Bayitt, Heiny Expiret, Montal Bossius , Mathai Sussian and Aaron Hydri Columns.

after victing those photographs VELIGARIES said he did not recognize any of them except that of JULIUS ROSEIISMU and stated that he recalled socing that photograph in nouspapers and magazines after a ROSEIISMU'S arrest.



MX 105-71796

attended the first radar school at the Hausachusetts Institute of Technology-Harvard School at Which Air Force officers were instructed in the use of radar, Welligarden stated that he was them a Second Lieutenant in the Air Force.

He stated that employed at Harvard University as a civilian was STAULEY RICH who was doing research in underwater somer and was an electrical engineer.

him and asked would be ever transmit redor information to a Russian agent. WhileARTH stated that he would. WhileARTH added that nothing ever erms of the convergation and that be had never been RICH since that time.

Designation to the second

EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2/3/65

The state of the s

Dr. IRVING R. WEINDARTEN, 675 Academy Street, New York, New York, advised as follows:

He said that in the summer of 1934 he filled out an application and joined the Young Communist League (YCL) in the Bronx, New York City. The particular group that he joined was organized in the vicinity of Ward and Westchester Avenue in the Bronx, New York, and met in premises over the Ward Theater.

at CCM. He continued his activity as a member of the YCL

of, Extron Sortil, MATHAN SUSSIAN, and JULIUS ROSINERO were members of the group. He waid there were five or six people in this particular group of which he was the leader.

Behool of Science in 1936 he then was thrown back into a larger group of YCL members.

on 1/27/65 MYO, FRI
SAS RICHARD F. MC CARTHY and
EDIARD F. MC CARTHY cods: 813

Date dictated

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2/3/65

Dr. IRVING R. VEIMAPIEN, 675 Academy Street, New York, New York, advised as follows:

The state of the state of

as a student at the College of the City of New York (CCHY) the graduated in Electrical Engineering at the same time he graduated from CCHY.

that RICH was a member and attended meetings of the Young Communist League (YCL) at CCMX.

He said that he had met RICH in New York City on several occasions after graduation from CCHY in 1938. He believed that RICH had attended a party at the home of his, KEINGARTEN'S, wife before the WEINGARTEN'S were married. He believed that RICH attended this party since WEINGARTEN'S wife and girls whom RICH knew attended Hunter College in New York City.

he met STAHLEY RICH in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and he believed this original meeting was a chance meeting somewhere around Harvard Square in Cambridge, Massachusetts. He said that RICH was a civilian and employed at the Harvard Underwater Sound Laboratory.

He said that he and RICH and others associated together in the spring of 1943 occasionally had Hinners in the evening.

he was transferred to Boca Raton, Florida he had Sinner in a restaurant in Boston with RICH and a group of others. He said that his, VKIMARTEN'S, wife was present on this occasion. He recalled that the restaurant was a Chinese restaurant but he could not recall its neme or location. He

7 7

/21/65 MYO, PEL

MI 105-71796

BAS RICHARD Y. No CARTHY and EDNARD Y. No CARTHYIOGS

Dote dictored 2/2/65

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MY 105-71796

said that after dinner when they were walking many from the restaurant he and RICH were separated from the others. In said RICH told him that he, RICH, could transmit information WENGARTEN could give RICH to a Russian officer and asked WENGARTEN would be give him some information for this purpose.

working on rader and said he had not told anybody what his subject was. He said he did not tell Ricil he was working on rader.

that anything that he, well arrived high how RICH knew worthchile, and RICH replied that well garren could leave that to RICH to decide.

to RICH's request. He said that he replied in the affirmative for this would go and what would happen thereafter.

of being a big talker. He said that FICH had the reputation and RICH departed from each other, and he nover any or beard from RICH again.

him for many years,

looked up professional directories and had been unable to locate RICH and did not know where he is or has been located.

about this approach by RICH to him but said that in 1946 when he was moving from the Docton area to Now York City he masked to the person who took ever his apartment and who he knew to be connected with the CP whether the CP had authorized any other persons in the Party to ask

3

MY 105-71796

members for information such as RICH had asked him.
He did not on that occasion mention RICH's name or any

details of the incident.

Be said he had not reported this incident to his authorities in the army.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2/10/85

Dr. Drving R. Wilmorten, 675 Academy Street, Now York, New York, advised as follows:

He recalled that some time after February, 1937, and certainly before 1940, he was present at a party with SF HLEY AICH. He stated that this party was held in New York City and was at the home of HHOMA EERASHUM (phonetic). He said that HHOMA SERASHUM subsequently married HOME HIMES who had also gone to City College of New York (CCMI), He said at this party, probably after his graduation in 1938, he recalls that RICH was talking about what MEINGARTEN later know as radar, and was also montioning what MEINGARTEN later ascertained to be a degrassing process.

WEINGARTH said that he did not recall where HICE was working at the time but thought that it was atrange that anyone would mention these matters at a party and in the hearing of other people.

In Gumbridge, Massachusetts, in May, 1943, when RICH told him he could transmit information to a Russian efficer, this special was after a direct. He recalled that the direct was probably a farewell direct as his group of Army Air Force officers had completed their course at Harvard - MIT and were going to other assignments. He said he did not recall how many were at this perticular direct which took place in a Chinese restaurant in Hoston, but believed that First Lieutenant AIRIAN BUMMENTED and his wife BEA were present. He also believed that Grape Officer and his wife were present at the direct. He said that in addition to RICH the Coly other civilian

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SAS RICHARD F. MC CAPTHY and Down dictored 2/

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present was one COLDFIELD, whose first n me WEING RTEM did bot montion. He said COLDFIELD had attended City College and was in some kind of a business in the Boston area at the time. He stated that COLDFIELD is now located in the Plainfield, New Jersey, area. WEING RTEM remarked without elaboration that RICH and COLDFIELD were the only leftings at the party.

\$1,00 from him at this dinner and has never paid him back,

He sold that RICH prefeced their private conversation, at which mobody elso but RICH and himself were present, with a remark that he had something appaid he wanted to talk to BICH about.

officers on the Boston streets in that time and understood that they were attached to the Vatertoum arsenal there. He said he thought first when RICH mentioned that he could transmit information to a Russian officer that these were the persons meant.

the persons meant.

He declared that he had been efficially advised thile staying at Harvard - MIT on radar that all the equipment on which they were working had already been efficially given to the Euszians.

RICH he had never been contacted by RICH or enverse lies woncerning this matter that he had discussed with RICH and his affirmative reply to RICH's query.

He advised that he returned to the Boston area

in 1944 and remained there as an Air Force officer until 1946, but that he made no attempt either then or at any time to got in touch with RICH or to find out where RICH was located. He said that he had no initiation that RICH directly or infirectly had ever looked for him. He said that he had subsequently seen coldyland in the Plainfield ares in New Jersey. **82 105-71796**

Weing Rich said that he was wable to place the sate of this contact with RICH other than it occurred in May, 1943, and shortly before his transfer to Boca Raton. We said that he was wable to recall the name or location of the restaurant in which the dinner was held.

slone during this period. He reiterated that he did not know whether RICH was married at this time and stated that no woman was with RICH on the occasion of the dinner.

with reference to his ever montioning his conversation with RICH in 1943, WEING-MINE stated that he mentioned it to EXXIZ MIDUS in a very voiled manner and without mentioning RICH's mine. WHING MINE said he, in hypothetical terms, saked MIDUS a question to the effect whether the Communist Farty ever asked its members for information on confidential matters and what a person should respond if so asked. He said that MIDUS indicated that this would be a decision for the individual to decide.

wennerment did not place the time of his conversation with MIDU except to state the it occurred after Morld War II.

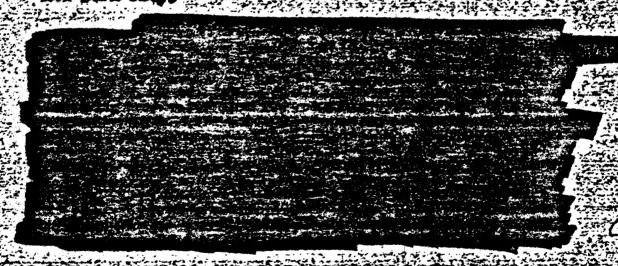


UREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Br. INVIN R. WINDLETCH, 675 Accomy Street,

Es stated that in his group in the Boung Commist Langue (Ital) at the College of the City of Now York in the years of 1935 - 1935, in edition to MICHON SABELL, MATH'S BUT SHE, and SULIUS ROSHRESS were LEO SAUBLOUR, MERLY SEPONET, and one POGURSEY, shows sirst now he said he sould not recall.

at City College in the porior be attended the college were sometimes held at the Kappa Mi Mouse which had the mickers of the Kirl Marx House. Other meetings were hald on the lower east side and these were larger end more general mostings. He said he could not recall the locations of these meetings on the loute must side of New York City.



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BALLED F. BC GLESSES BANG Don Sictions 2/5/85

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York, Err York, Michael &s follows:

He said that prior to the approach by STATIST alds to his for information for the soviets, he has not kici in Carbridge, Respectuents, about three or four times.

He said he know nothing more concerning RICH as a Commist except that Alli had been a senter of the You at city college of her york (cory). His

Be said that he assured that Elitis approach to him for information was based on the fact that RICI know that he was had been a Communist. He said that there had been to prolinitary approach by Ricil or any other person for infernation and that the proposition of fill was "out of the blue".

He relievated that he exuld not place the time and place of RICH's proposition to him beyond that it was in Hay of 1943, and after a direct in which several people " were present, but nobody was present except AICH and Alabolf wien fill acked him if he would filming information to him. po said that after he hesitated and finally answered RICH's query affirmatively, RICH said samething to the effect that scrobody would be in touch with WIEGATTHE OF that WEISCAME! Would hear from RICH. He said that there was no montion of any parment for the information. He said that an Rich made his approach in a serious manner and that midle be did not know what so make of it, he assured the proposition was sortously wate. He said that he received no information from AIOH that any other individual was supplying information to RICH. He said that OSLDVISID, who had been present at will the dinner, was not present at the time of his convergation with Rich and to did not believe that thy other person had every their conversation. He said he did not know how well files and confirmal know each other except that they had

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known of each other mines their student days at CCM's

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FIGH had borrowed a dollar from him at the time of the dinner allegedly on the ground that RICH was short of money. He said that there was no provision made for a specific meeting or for the arrangement of some signal for a future meeting.

RICH again and that RICH, to his knowledge, had never tried to get in touch with to get in touch with WEINGARTEN. He said that he was never approached at any other time for information regarding his work or his knowledge, by any person connected with the Communists, or anyone connected with the fussians.

He said that he had never mentioned the matter of RIGH's conversation with him to anyone but his wife, and in very veiled terms, to two other persons. He identified one of these persons as KAUN BLUN who later became the District Greanizor for the Commist Party (CF) in the Boston area. He said that his exchange of apartments with MANNY MUN. WA wien Mill took over his apartment in Dorchester, Massachusetts and he took ever BLDI's apartment in Woodside, New York, was a not arranged through any Communist anapiess. He said that his parents had advertised in "The New York Times" for an apartment In the How York City area for hymand his wife, according to around January, 1945, a d a response to this advertisement was received by him from Milk. He said that when he met BLUX and BLUX additted being a Consumist in a higher capacity, that he asked Blis whether a Communist would ever be used for explonace. He said that BLUH answered big that of course this was out of the question. We denied pretting BLIN

MEINDARTER stated that he had also mentioned the RICH approach to him without specific sention of the name of the man or other electroses, to EDDIE HAIDUS. He explained that he knew he had known NAIDUS from the IImmode Section of Fanhattan before the war, and that his wife and EAIDUS wife were known to each other. He said that HAIDUS had been in the YOL at CON though he was several years elder than he, Welkoarten, was. He said that HAIDUS was a chemist than he, Welkoarten, was. He said that HAIDUS was a chemist and had worked for the soverment in some civil service job before the war. He said that KAIDUS was not in the military service. He said that in response to a question to KAIDUS as to what a Communist would do if he were exted for explonage

at any time after the exchange of apartments in January, 1945,

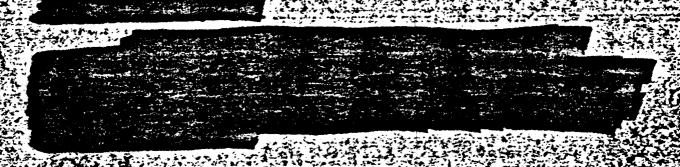
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ASSOCIATES

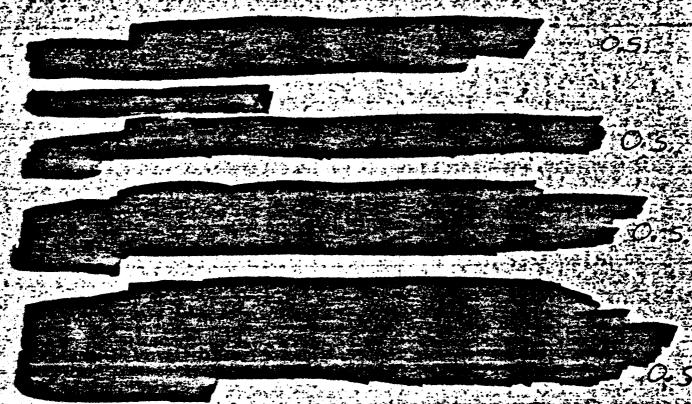
BYANLEY ROBERT RICH ...

August 28, 1950, by Special Agents (SA) LEO PRITKIN and JOHN BARRIMOTOM. He stated be engaged in leftist activities at College of the City of New York, from which he graduated in 1938, and participated in many student rallies such as advocating aid for Loyalist Spain and maintenance of academia freedom. He said he eventually became president of the College of the City of New York (CCNY) Tech Council and in this capacity spoke for Loyalist Spain at a rally bornducted by the Young Communist League (YCL).

As MINARD R. WHILAN and WILLIAM H. BOOTH, JR. He stated that at CONY he became a member of the Steinmets Club. This organization became affiliated with the YCL and R unit of that organization He said he attended open meetings and those closed to members only but denied he was an officer of the organization. He denied ever having joined the Communist Party (CP) or attended a meeting of that organization. He stated he was not a leading functionary in the YCL. He recalled attendance at closed meetings of the YCL of JULIUS ROSELBERG, MARRIAM RUTTERPERL was possibly observed by him at closed meetings of the YCL but could not be definite on that point.



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JULIUS ROSERBERG MORTON SOBELL

ROSENBERG and SCHELL were convicted of conspiracy to commit espionage against the United States in the Federal Court, Southern District of New York, in 1951. ROSENERG was centenced to death in April, 1951, and executed on June 19, 1953. SCHELL on April 5, 1951, was sentenced to term of 30 years in Federal Prison.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Ple No. 614.

Now York, New York May 21, 1966

Title

Erving R. Veloparten

Character Internal Security-A

Reference

and the state of t

is made to report of Special Agent dated and captioned as above at Now York,

. All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.