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F.O.I.A.

JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL

FILE DESCRIPTION

HEADQUARTERS

FILE |

SUBJECT JULIUS + ETHEL ROSENBERG

FILE NO. 65 - 58236

VOLUME NO.

SERIALS

2378

2395

File No: US	-18236	Ro: EThel Julius	Rosent	reig			Date:(mont	h/year)
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DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236)

DATE:

5/27/60

SACQ_NEW YORK (65-15348)

ESPIONAGE - R

ANATQIA ANTONOVICH YAKOVLEV

FUGITYVE

ESPIONAGE -

Re NY letter, dated 3/29/60, and 11/24/59.

AUSA EDWARD R. CUNNIFFE advised on 5/16/60, that he still has the matter of the evidence in the ROSENBERG case under study.

He also advised that he is still trying to determine whether YAKELEV had diplomatic immunity at the time of the indictment.

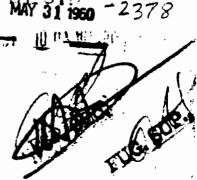
REC- 68

Bureau (65-58236) (RM) (2- Bufile 100-346193- ANATOLI A. YAKOVLEV)

1- NY 100-81002 1- New York (65-15348) /y/

WCR: CSP **(6)**

3. JUN 1 0 1960





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51 AUG 3 1960

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FD-192 (Rev. 12-5-56)	
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627. A shell clasped min - white and mink. 628. A norwalk key number B311565 for apt. G-11, 19 Monroe St., MYC. 629. A Brass Independent Lock Key 1022 for sportment of Bernard Greengl	888.
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Bisposition under consideration by USA. Retain as EVID. Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Sa One Remington portable typewriter, Serial No. V-290917. On the face of the typewriter is scratched the following: EVELTER MARCH. THE PARTY NOT RECORDED 15 AUG 10 1960 65-15348-1B30 (157) m:66-6649 (#33)

Check, when submitting semigunual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau Field Division Source From Which Property Acquired **《中華》的學科學的學科學** APARTMENT OF JULIUS ROSENBERG 10 MONROE ST., MYC, Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Mode to Dispo BISPOSITION OF EXH. UNDER CONSIDERATION BY USA Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting San (1) One large paper shopping bag with handles containing the following. One can of Kodak acid fixer. The property of the contract of t One can of Kodak microdal developer. One small famuel, the transfer of the second One large glass graduate measuring jar. One adjustable roll film developing tank. One stainless steel thermometer. One paper gag from Willoughby Camera Shop, MTC, containing mil eloth bag containing 38 miscellaneous keys. 65-58236 NOT RECORDED 25 AUG 10 1960 65-15348-1B24 00:66-6649 (#33)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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	HEV YORK	8/19/60	7/27-8/12/60	
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INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

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File Number There Located

Information regarding BOBERT

BASKER

Information regarding Rrs. BOBER

(MEDDA) BASKER

Information regarding PHILLIP
BRAIL

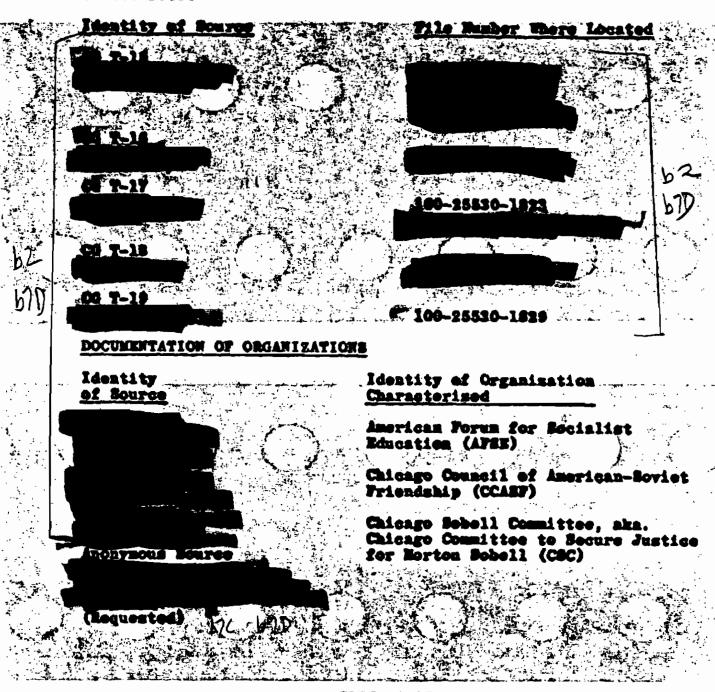
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Information regarding SYLVIA

Information regarding Mrs. BOBER (EEDDA) BASKER Information regarding IEVING

Information regarding Middle Information regarding Br. LEO (BETTY) GOLDMAN

Information regarding Reverend ALVA TOUPELES Information regarding Dr. information regarding Mrs. LEO (BETTY) BOLDMAN Information regarding ERVIN BALK 62 67) CG T-9 Information regarding Mrs Information regarding JESSIE TOUNG



Committee for Freedom of the aks. Illinois Committee for of the Press (ICFP) Committee to Secure Justi Morton Bobell (CEJES) Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (ICPA)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

- G-2, Chicago (RM)

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Report of: SA DANIEL J. HURLEY

August 19 , 1960 Date:

CHICAGO

Field Office File &

CG 100-25530

100-387835

Title:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopels:

The Chicago Sobell Committee (CSC) is an affiliate of captioned organization. The CSC, as of 8/60, continued to operate out of office 1301 of the Great Northern Office Building, 20 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois. Information concerning CSC officers volunteers and finances set forth. DAVID SOLTKER, Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER, and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind CSC programing and fund raising in Chicago. CSC continues to circulate literature in Chicago on behalf of MORTON SOBELL. CSC, in 2/60, held an affair to raise funds for work on behalf of SOBELL, ALVA TOMPKINS, Chicago Minister, spoke in several eastern cities on behalf of SOBELL.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNGLACE DATE10.28.86

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DETAILS: AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

The following organizations mentioned in this report have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450:

Congress of American Women (CAW)

Communist Party, USA (CP)

Socialist Workers Party (SWP)

The following organizations mentioned in this report not designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450 are characterized in the appendix section of this report:

American Forum for Socialist Education (AFSE)

Chicago Council of American-Soviet Friendship (CCASF)

Chicago Sobell Committee (CSC), also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

Committee for Freedom of the Press, also known as Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press (ICFP)

Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSJMS)

Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (ICPA)

I. CHARACTERIZATION

The Chicago Sobell Committee (see appendix) is the Chicago, Illinois affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (see appendix).

(CG T-1, 5/23/60)

JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and MORTON SOBELL were convicted in United States District Court, Southern District of New York, on March 29, 1951, on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage on behalf of the Soviet Union. The ROSENBERGS were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951, and MORTON SOBELL was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment on the same date. JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were legally executed at Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953; and MORTON SOBELL is currently serving his sentence at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta.

II. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

Location

The Chicago Sobell Committee (CSC), as of August 4, 1960, continued to operate out of office 1301 of the Great Northern Office Building, 20 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois. This building is currently operated by the United States General Services Administration (GSA), Chicago, Illinois.

(M. J. GASPER, Chief of Acquisition GSA, Chicago, 8/4/60)

CSC Officials and Volunteers

The CSC had signed a lease with GSA for its currently occupied office space on April 1, 1959. This lease expired July 31, 1960, and it was co-signed by DAVID SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON for the CSC. At the present time there is a month to month renewal on the lease and to date it is current.

(M.J. GASPER, 8/4/60)

DAVID SOLTKER

The files of the Subcommittee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the name DAVID SOLTKER appears as a signer on the CP election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

SYLVIA LEVINSON

Information furnished in 1949 indicated that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was Vice Chairman of the Congress of American Women (CAW).

(CG T-2, 3/17/59)

On August 4, 1960, source, who has been active in CSC affairs, advised that DAVID SOLTKER, Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER, and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind CSC programing and Sobell fund raising in Chicago. They are assisted by a group of volunteers included among whom are the following:



The CSC has no full time employees and to source's knowledge none of the people engaged in CSC work hold national positions or titles. Inquiries concerning national Sobell work are handled by the national office of the Sobell Committee in New York, New York.

(CG T-1, 8/4/60)

ROBERT BASKER

ROBERT BASKER was in attendance at the annual meeting of the CCASF held on January 23, 1960, at Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-1, 1/26/60)

Mrs. PODERT (HEDDA) BASKER

Mrs. ROBERT (HEDDA) BASKER was in attendance at the annual meeting of the CCASF held on January 23, 1960, at Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-1, 1/26/60)

Mrs. ROBERT (HEDDA) BASKER was present at a CCASF Board of Directors meeting held at Chicago, Illinois, on May 24, 1960.

(CG T-3. 6/14/60)

BLANCEE BRAIL

BLANCHE BRAIL, on September 29, 1957, attended a showing of some films which had been recently taken in Russia. This showing was held at the home of MANDEL TERMAN, Chairman of the CCASF in Chicago.

(CG T-4, 10/1/57)

BLANCHE BRAIL, on February 6, 1960, attended an affair sponsored by the ICFP of Chicago. This affair was held for the purpose of enlarging circulation of "The Worker" and GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CP, USA, was present as an honored speaker.

·· (CG T-5, 2/11/60)

"The Worker" is an mast Coast Communist weekly newspaper.

BORIS BRAIL

BORIS BRAIL was a CP member and a member of the Finance Committee of the CP of Illinois during 1957.

(CG T-6, 2/5/58)

PHILLIP BRAIL

PHILLIP BRAIL on November 11, 1959, attended a function of the CCASF held in Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-1, 11/16/59)

CHARLES HERMAN FISCHER

On May 24, 1956, advised SA MARVIN E. STEFFEN that CHARLES HERMAN FISCHER worked closely with the CP in Pennsylvania in 1948 or 1949. Stated that FISCHER attended a meeting of District 5 CP leaders held on Beachwood Boulevard in Pittsburgh in 1948.

SYLVIA GORDON PROCESS

On March 17, 1951,
Chicago, Illinois, a member of the CP 1944 to 1948, advised that the ICPA publication, the "News", in March, 1951, contained an article which stated that TLVIA FISCHED had been elected to serve on the Executive Board of the South Side Committee for Peaceful Alternatives, an affiliate of the ICPA.

Dr. LEO GOLDMAN and Mrs. - LEO (BETTY) GOLDMAN

On January 19, 1960, Mrs. LEO (BETTY) GOLDMAN and Dr. LEO GOLDMAN attended a joint section convention, 12th and 13th Congressional Sections, CP of Illinois, at the residence of Dr. LEO and Mrs. BETTY GOLDMAN, 706 Forest, Evanston, Illinois.

(CG T-4, 1/20/60) (CG T-7, 1/20/60)

IRVING NEBENZAHL

On April 25, 1960, INVING WEBENZARL was in attendance at a meeting of the CCASF at Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-3, 5/4/60)

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ERWIN SALK

During December, 1959, it was learned that ERWIN SALK, during the period of the CP underground and possibly prior thereto, had been a source of CP funds for the Illinois District CP.

(CG T-8, 12/27/59) (CG T-9, 12/27/59) (CG T-10, 12/29/59)

Mrs. ERWIN (EVELYN) SALK

On January 18, 1959, Mrs. ERELE (EVELYN) SALE attended a CCASF meeting at Skokie, Illinois.

(CG T-11, 1/22/59)

Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER

The files of the Subcommittee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the name of Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER appears as a signer of the CP election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

GERTRUDE SOLTKER, as of 1943, was a member of the CP.

(CG T-12, 1943)

ISADORE WARVAY

On February 19, 1960, the Chicago Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) held it regular meeting at Chicago, Illinois, and ISADORE WARWAK was among those in attendance at this meeting.

(CG T-13, 2/25/60)

Mrs. JESSIE YOUNG

Mrs. JESSIE YOUNG attended a meeting of the CP Club, Hyde Park Section, CP of Illinois, on April 4, 1960. At this meeting YOUNG was appointed to a committee to choose a slate of candidates for positions in the Club.

(CG T-14, 4/5/60)

III. FINANCES

The CSC raises funds through sustainers, the solicitations of contributions, from individuals and the holding of public affairs such as parties, picnics, public meetings and so forth.

(CG T-1, 8/4/60)

The following information regarding the CSC bank account maintained at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn, Chicago, was furnished by CG T-16 on the dates indicated:

February, 1960

Opening Balance - \$ 798.57 Closing Balance - \$1354.74

In February one check for \$51.00 issued to the United States General Services Administration was cleared through the Federal Reserve Bank, Chicago, Illinois. (Office rent)

In February one check for \$4.00 and one check for \$500.00 were issued to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, and both were cleared through the Chemical Corn Exchange Bank, New York, New York.

(CG T-15, 3/18/60)

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March, 1960

Opening Balance - \$1,354.74 Closing Balance - \$1,037.62

In March, 1960, one check for \$51.00 issued to the United States GSA Office was cleared through the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, Illinois. (Office rent)

In March, 1960, one check for \$9.85 issued to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was cleared through the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, New York.

(CG, T-15, 4/13/60)

April, 1960

Opening Balance - \$1,037.62 Closing Balance - \$ 689.05

In April one check for \$172.42 issued to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell cleared through the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, New York.

Information concerning the above is no longer in possession of source.

(CG T-15, 5/11/60)

IV. ACTIVITIES

An affair of the CSC was held on February 13, 1960, at the home of ERWIN SALK, 1100 Sheridan Road, Evanston, Illinois. The admission was \$5.00 per couple and approximately 250 people attended. This affair was a Valentine Party honoring the BRAIL family, and was held to raise funds for the work of the CSC.

(CG T-1, 2/15/60)

CG T-11, and CG T-16 furnished substantially the same information as CG T-1 above.

(CG T-11, 2/17/60) (CG T-16, 2/24/60)

On March 29, 1960, source furnished a CSC newsletter issued on the letterhead of CSC, 20 West Jackson Boulevard, Room 1301, Chicago 4, Illinois, addressed to "Dear Friend" and issued over the signature of DAVID L. SOLTKER for the CSC. The newsletter reads in full as follows:

"March, 1960

"Dear Friend,

"This report for March starts on February 13. The Valentine Party for the Brail family on that date was a memorable evening with everyone looking his best, expecting the best and getting the best of everything that makes for a memorable evening. If you were among the 230 odd guests who were there you will remember it well. As successful as it was socially, it was equally successful as an effort to secure freedom for Morton Sobell. As a measure of its success

we are now able to defray part of the expenses for the legal appeals now being readied for early presentation of the courts. Also, two local projects are now assured which would have otherwise been financially impossible to undertake. Our thanks again to our guests of honor, our host and hostess and to all who were there.

"We would like to feel that one success breeds another. As proud as we are of ours we are wonderfully excited when we hear the following from San Francisco: On the day following our party, on February 14, the banner headline in the San Francisco Chronical (echoed the important news: 'DEMOS URGED SOBELL CASE REVIEWED'. The California Democratic Council, at its meeting attended by some 3,000 delegates unanimously passed the following resolution urging President Eisenhower to review the Sobell case.

"*MORTON SOBELL IS SERVING HIS TENTH YEAR IN PRISON. HE HAS STEADFASTLY PROCLAIMED HIS INHOCENSE THROUGHOUT HIS IMPRISONMENT.

"'IMPORTANT PROMINENT AMERICANS AND OTHER WORLD FIGURES, INCLUDING JURISTS, SCIENTISTS, CLERGYMEN, HAVE ALSO EXPRESSED SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT AS TO HIS GUILT.

"'THERE DOES EXIST THE POSSIBILITY OF HUMAN ERROR IN MATTERS OF JUDGMENT WHEN THAT JUDGMENT HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO THE POLITICAL TENSIONS OF THE DAY.

"'THE CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATIC COUNCIL HAS TRADITIONALLY EXPRESSED CONCERN FOR POSSIBLE INFRINGEMENTS UPON JUSTICE AND CIVIL LIBERTY.

"'THE CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATIC COUNCIL CALLS UPON THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES TO REVIEW AGAIN THE FACTS OF THE SOBELL CASE AND TAKE NECESSARY ACTION TO SECURE ULTIMATE JUSTICE.'

"This has raised great possibilities for work in the election year. Until now we have heard expressed a fear that political groups will not take up the Sobell case. This concept has now been shattered in California.

"We wish to express our appreciation and congratulations to the Committee in California for thus bringing the Sobell case to the attention of the public.

"There have been more encouraging developments in the Sobell case than we are able to report in this montly letter. A national work meeting is scheduled in New York on March 19-20 to study these developments and plan for the period ahead. Our next newsletter will report on the meeting.

"Though we talked earlier of the success of the Valentine Party and what it has helped to accomplish it did not include rent, light, etc. The enclosed familiar envelope is for that.

"Thank you.

"Sincerely yours,

"Chicago Sobell Committee David L. Soltker for the Committee"

(CG T-1, 3/29/60)

V. ACTIVITIES OF REVEREND ALVA TOMPKINS, CHICAGO MINISTER ON BEHALF OF MORTON SOBELL

Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS, as of October 18, 1959, was Chairman of the AFSE in Chicago.

(CG T-5, 11/2/59)

On April 20, 1960, it was learned that the Philadelphia Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was to hold a meeting April 28, 1960, at the YMCA, 1421 Arch, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The guest speaker would be Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS, Pastor of Olivet Presbyterian Church, Chicago, Illinois. TOMPKINS was described as the initiator of an appeal to clergymen of Chicago for freedom for MORTON SOBELL. This appeal received a response from more than 200 clergymen.

Source also learned that Reverend TOMPKINS was visiting Washington, D.C. April19-21, 1960, to implement further support of the SOBELL case through executive and judicial channels. TOMPKINS allegedly stopped in a number of eastern cities on his way back to Chicago.

(CG T-17, 4/20/60)

TOMPKINS spoke before an audience of 18 to 20 people at the YMCA in Philadelphia on April 22, 1960.

(CG T-18, 4/27/60) (CG T-17, 4/27/60)

The April 21, 1960, edition of the "New Haven Journal Courier", a daily morning newspaper published at New Haven, Connecticut, contains an article captioned "To Discuss Spy Case" which reflects that a meeting to discuss the case of convicted spy MORTON SOBELL would be held on April 27, 1960, at New Haven, Connecticut. According to this article, Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS, Olivet Presbyterian Church, Chicago, Illinois, who has collected 200 signatures in the Chicago area on behalf of SOBELL was to be present at the meeting.

On April 23, 1960, the Syracuse Sobell Committee held a meeting at Syracuse, New York, and the guest speaker was Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS, described in a throwaway leaflet as "the courageous Chicago Presbyterian Minister now making an eastern tour on behalf of Morton Sobell".

(CG T-19, 4/26/60)

The April 28, 1960, edition of the "Yale Daily News", a student newspaper published daily at Yale University, New Maven, Connecticut, contains an article on page three reflecting that Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS spoke on the evening of April 27, 1960, at Yale University Law School in behalf of the CSJMS. According to this article, Reverend TOMPKINS claimed that SOBELL was unjustly convicted as a result of his connection with JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG, who were convicted and executed for divulging atomic secrets to the U.S.S.R.; that he was convicted on the testimony of a "congenital lier"; that SOBELL had been in jail long enough and he also criticized the United States penal system, branding it "completely ineffective".

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APPENDIX

ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR PUBLICATIONS

The following organizations and/or publications, which have been utilized in this report and which have not been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450, are characterized in the attached appendix pages.

AMERICAN FORUM FOR SOCIALIST EDUCATION, Also known as American Forum

According to an article appearing in the May 13, 1957, issue of the "Daily Worker," page 1, column 2, A. J. MUSTE, "well known pacifist," announced the formation of the American Forum for Socialist Education (AFSE). According to this article, the American Forum seeks to promote "study and serious untrammeled political discussions among all elements that think of themselves as related to historic socialist and labor traditions, values and objectives. . .however deep and bitter their differences may have been."

This article reflects that a forty-member national committee had been established and, according to MUSTE, these persons served as individuals and not as delegated representatives of any group.

MUSTE, according to this article, stated that the American Forum is not a membership organization and does not propose to promote united action by various parties or groups, mergers or new organizations.

The article reflects that among other purposes, the AFSE seeks to call attention to the various publications of the groups whose people engage in discussion; to publish bulletins or pamphlets; to organize regional and national conferences; contribute to the building of new morale and ethic, a spirit of fair play, labor militancy, determination and hope among the progressive and radical forces in this country.

The "Daily Worker" is an East Coast Communist daily newspaper which suspended operation on January 13, 1958.

On May 24, 1960, Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS, Chairman of the AFSE in Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed under appropriate pretext by an Agent of the FBI. TOMPKINS stated that while the AFSE originated in New York, no guidance or control has ever been exercised by the AFSE in New York over the AFSE in Chicago; however, the AFSE in Chicago has been guided by the precepts of the New York group.

TOMPKINS stated that the AFSE is a broad forum which includes members from various "liberal groups" on its executive committee including such persons as FRED FINE and JACK SPIEGEL.

According to a source, FRED FIRE is a former member of the National Committee, Communist Party, USA (CP), who resigned in October, 1958, from the CP because of policy differences.

According to a second source, JACK SPIEGEL was a member of a shoe workers group in the Johnstone Section, CP of Illinois, until the latter part of 1955, at which time he officially dropped out of the Party because he had signed a Non-Communist affidavit with the National Labor Relations Board.

The CP, USA, has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

CHICAGO COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET PRIENDSHIP

Chicago, Illinois, (now deceased), made available in January, 1954, the "First Annual Report CCASF", an undated publication which stated that the Chicago Council of American Soviet Friendship (CCASF) was incorporated in July, 1943. This document stated, "The Council's affiliation with the National Council of American Soviet Friendship (NCASF) was validated August 11, (1943). "The present name was adopted to conform to standard national practice. It should be noted, however, that the Chicago Council is entirely autonomous; the government of its affairs rests exclusively in the hands of its Chicago Executive Board."

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the state of the s A source advised on May 25, 1960, that the Board of Directors of the CCASF held a meeting on May 24, 1960 and during this meeting discussed a proposed draft of objectives for the Council for the year 1960. This draft, among other things, reiterated that the main aims of the Council were peaceful co-existence and friendship with the U.S.S.R.

This same source also advised on May 25, 1960, that the CCASF remains affiliated with the NCASF for the purpose of implementing its stated aims of per Youl co-existence and friendship with the U. S. S. R., but continues to consider Itself autonomous in the government of its affiles and program for the time? achieving these aims. Although the CCA if considers itself " autonomous in this regard, the leaders of the CCASF are frequently in contact with and its program closely follows that of the MCASF.

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The MCASF has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTEE, aka., Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

A source on May 23, 1960 advised that the Chicago Sobell Committee, which is also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, and was formerly known as Chicago Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, is a small group of volunteers who do Sobell fund raising and programing in the Chicago area. The Chicago Committee, since its inception in 1952, has been an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, which is also known as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and was formerly known as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, with headquarters in New York.

Source said that the office of the Chicago Sobell Committee is currently located at 20 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, and that to his knowledge this committee has no full-time employees nor any volunteers who have national positions or titles. DAVID SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind this committee and they are assisted by GERTRUDE SOLTKER, wife of DAVID SOLTKER, and former chairman of this committee who continues to be active in Sobell activities.

Another source advised during May, 1960 that the Chicago Sobell Committee maintains a bank account at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois, and that DAVID SOLTKER is listed in this bank account as the Secretary of the Chicago Sobell Committee.

The above information cannot be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

The files of the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the names of DAVID and GERTRUDE SOLTKER appear as signers on the Communist Party election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

Another source in 1943 advised that GERTRUDE SOLTKER, as of 1943, was a member of the Communist Party.

Another source furnished information in 1949 which indicates that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was Vice Chairman of the Congress f American Women.

The Communist Party and the Congress of American Women e been designated by the Attorney General of the United States want to Executive Order #10450.

COMMITTEE FOR FREEDOM OF THE PRESS, also known as Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press

A source advised on May 23, 1960, that the Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press (ICFP) was formed in the latter part of November, 1951, and then, as now, was composed of a band of Communist Party members and sympathizers, who activate when fund-raising drives and subscription campaigns are necessary for the welfare of the "The Worker."

Another source advised on May 23, 1960, that the Committee for Freedom of the Press, also known as the Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press, cannot be separated from the Communist Party itself. It is not an organization as such with a program, elected officers, offices, etc. In fact, it is an arm of the Communist Party and in the main is used by the Communist Party to further the subscription drives of "The Worker" and for the Communist Party to utilize as a name only to sponsor Communist Party meetings which otherwise would have to be held under the announced sponsorship of the Communist Party.

This source advised in May, 1960, that the purpose of the use of the name Freedom of the Press Committee, instead of the Communist Party, at meetings is to increase attendance by those individuals who otherwise would not attend if the meetings were in the announced sponsorship of the Communist Party.

The Communist Party - USA has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10459.

"The Worker" is an East coast Communist weekly news-

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL', the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'..."

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Norton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.



ILLINOIS COMMITTEE FOR PEACEFUL ALTERNATIVES

Source advised on May 20, 1960 that the Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (ICPA) was founded at the St. James Methodist Church, 4611 South Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, on May 29, 1950. Source stated that this Committee was once an affiliate of the now defunct National Committee for Peaceful Alternatives.

Source further advised that the Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives was composed of intellectual and religious workers and its program calls for negotiated peace and for peaceful settlement of all differences between nations. Committee advocates more friendship internationally and is opposed to the so-called "cold war", aggressive foreign policy of the United States. Source stated that the South Side Chapter is the only one now functioning in this Committee and that DOROTHY HAYES is Chairman of this Chapter.

On May 20, 1960, another source advised that DOROTHY TAYES is a member of the Professional Section of the Communication erty of Illinois.

Chicago. Illinois, a self-admitted former member of the Communist Party, advised on June 26, 1957, that the National Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (NCPA) was formed as a result of the Mid-Century Conference for Peace held in Chicago about May, 1950, with the initiating force being the Committee for Peaceful Alternatives of New York. According to the source, subsequently local chapters were formed in various states including Illinois and the NCPA became known as the Committee for Peaceful Alternatives. This national organization continued to exist in Chicago until about 1955 when it became defunct. According to the source, the stated purposes of the organization generally were to promote peace through negotiation, to prevent atomic wars, and promote peaceful co-existence. It was a broad mass organization consisting of people interested in peace, including ministers, intellectuals, scientists, etc. The organization was infiltrated by and used, but never controlled by the Communist Party. F \$ 1.

The Communist Party, USA, has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10480. #10480.

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NITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Chicago, Illinois August 19, 1960

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. CG 100-25530

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent Daniel J. Murley dated and captioned as above at Chicago.

All confidential informants and sourcesused in referenced report and in the appendix section to characterize organizations have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FOVERNMENT

70 * DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236) DATE 9/29/69

FROM XSAC, NEW YORK (65-15348)

subject. Julius hosenberg, et al ESPIONAGE * R 00: NEW YORK

Re NY letter dated 7/26/60.

AUSA EDWARD R. CUNNIFFE edvised on 9/29/60, that he hes not as yet reached a decision concerning the disposition of the evidence in this case.

In view of the fact that Mr. CUMNIFFE will probably not reach a decision in this matter in the near future, this case is being placed in a P* status. Mr. CUNNIFFE will be recontacted again within 90 days.

3- Buresu (65-58236) (RM)

1- New York (65-15348)

WIR: Webarus

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
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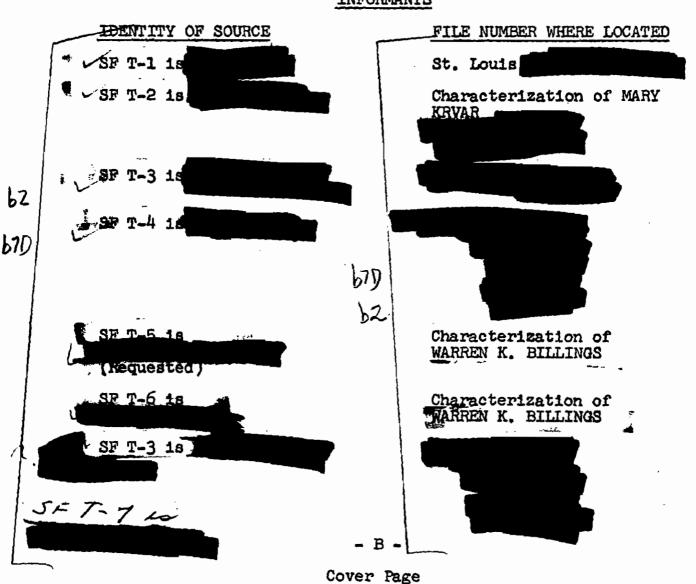
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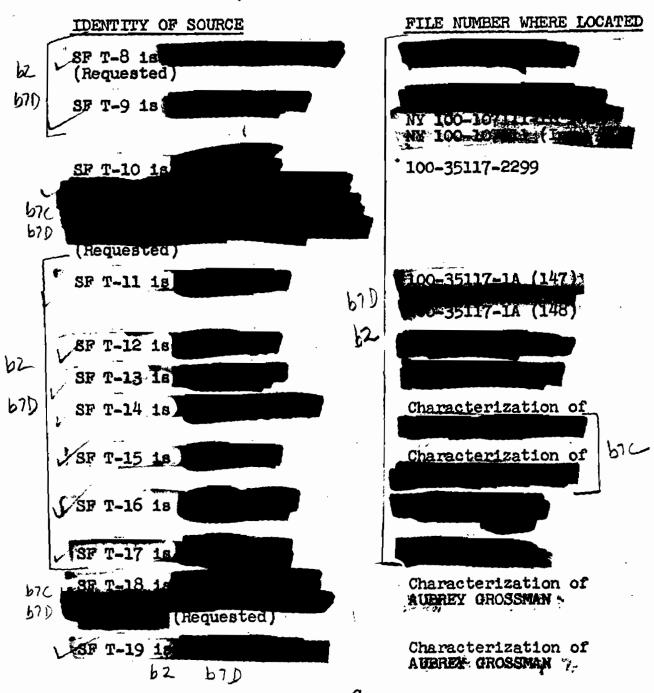
AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA:

Will continue to report all the activities of the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees.

INFORMANTS



(Informants continued)



Sources used to characteriza the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees are:

(Requested) b2
(Requested) b7

3.

Source utilized in characterization of the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association is:

New York (by request) b7 C b7 D

D-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

D STATES DEPARTMENT C FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 2 - G-2, 6th Army, San Francisco (REG)
1 - DIO, 12th Naval District, San Francisco (By Hand)

1 - OSI, Travis Air Force Base, California (REG)

Report of: SA PHILIP M. ALGAR

9/19/60

Office: San Francisco

Field Office File #: San Francisco 100-35117

100-387835 -Bureou File #:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL Title:

INTERNAL SECURITY INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

BACSC still located at 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco 2, California. MARY KRVAR, Communist Party (CP) member, is organizer for San Francisco and the Western Regional Director of the CSJMS. Local Sobell Committees continue to work for release of MORTON SOBELL but apparently are having financial trouble. Sobell Committees still distribute literature requesting the recipient to contact the President, Senators, and Congressmen, asking for SOBELL's release or a new trial. Sobell Committees engineered passage of favorable resolution to Sobell cause at meeting of California Democratic Councils at Fresno, California, on 2/11-14/60. Sobell Committees consider fact that SOBELL, after ten years, is eligible for pardon, favorable to their cause. They are also using the light sentence of Captain POWERS, U-2 pilot convicted of spying by Russia, as good reason to release SORELL.

DECLESSIFIED BY 3042 PW

DETAILS:

The following abbreviations will be used to refer to various organizations mentioned in this report:

Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell - CSJMS

Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees - BACSC

East Bay Sobell Committee = EBSC

The cross reference telephone directory of September, 1960, continues to list the location of the Sobell Committee as 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, UNderhill 1-1334.

I. NATIONAL OFFICERS OF THE SOBELL COMMITTEE FROM SAN FRANCISCO

SF T-1 advised on March 23, 1960, that MARY KRVAR, delegate from San Francisco, was Chairman of the March 19, 1960, session of the National Sobell Work Convention held on March 19-20, 1960, at The Mc Burney YMCA, 215 West 23rd Street, New York City, New York.

The informant also advised that on March 20, 1960, MARY KRVAR spoke before another session of the Sobell Work Convention. She stated that more effort should be made to get union backing and support for the Sobell campaign. She suggested a three point program for 1960:

- 1. A national leaflet directed towards trade unions.
- 2. All AF of L Unions still hold to an old tradition of allowing any stranger to speak at their open meetings on any subject. She said that they almost always allow ten to fifteen minutes for any unscheduled speech. In this way the felt that the Sobell cause could be spread.
- 3. MARY KRVAR thought that HELEN SOBELL, wife of MORTON SOBELL, personally should see at least seven trade union presidents, all top men in their fields.

SF T-2 advised on August 2, 1960, that MARY KRVAR attended a meeting of the North Oakland CP Club held on July 27, 1960, at 6526 Wheeler Street, Berkeley, California.

SF T-3 advised on April 7, 1960, that the Los Angeles Sobell Committee met at 903 North Mariposa Avenue, Los Angeles, California, on April 1, 1960, at which it was announced that MARY KRVAR of San Francisco will be Regional Director of the West Coast for the CSJMS with headquarters in San Francisco.

II. BAY AREA COUNCIL OF SOBELL COMMITTEES (BACSC)

A. Officers

SF T-4 advised on August 15, 1960, that WARREN K. BILLINGS was still Chairman of the BACSC at 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco 2, California.

SF T-5 advised on September 23, 1942, that a meeting of the San Mateo Branch of the Communist Party (CP) was held in the home of WARREN K. BILLINGS at 919-4th Avenue, San Mateo, California, on September 16, 1942.

SF T-6 advised on February 10, 1948, that WARREN K. BILLINGS was expelled from the CP on a prior date which was not known to the informant.

SF T-3 advised on June 29, 1960, that correspondence from the San Francisco Sobell Committees indicated that the San Francisco committees are in financial trouble.

MARY KRVAR, organizer, has not been paid for many weeks.

B. Activities

SF T-7 on March 30, 1960, furnished a copy of a report of the Sobell Work Conference held on January 24, 1960, at 1035 Sutter Street, San Francisco. The conference

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agreed that they still continue to work for SOBELL's release, whatever form it might take, i.e. pardon, parole, or unconditional release. The conference would try to get newspaper, TV and radio coverage on a public "round table" discussion or debate on the case. They would try toget such sponsors as the Quakers, the YMCA, or the YWCA, and churches, etc. The conference recommended a caravan to Washington, D.C., and Atlanta, Georgia, this year.

They would try to get friendly organizations such as the YMCA, YWCA, ILWU, the Unitarian Church, and others to sent delegates to the Sobell Committee meetings. They suggested that the Sobell Committees ask the Democratic Clubs and Young Democrats for the chance to speak before them on the release of MORTON SOBELL.

It was agreed that there must be an increase in fund raising to take care of the monthly expenses of the Sobell Committees in the San Francisco area. The monthly budget amounts to about \$413.00 for the San Francisco headquarters.

They are going to try to raise \$2,000.00 at each of two fund raising affairs this year.

The problem of organization was discussed and it was agreed that the council has not worked effectively and should not be continued. Committees are sufficient organization for the present. A new Executive Committee can be organized to function when the need arises.

SF T-4 on February 15, 1960, furnished a copy of a leaflet advertising speeches to be given by Dr. ANNETTE RUBINSTEIN in the San Francisco Bay Area under the sponsorship of the Sobell Committees.

On December 25, 1955,

Street, Bronx, New York, a self-admitted former CP member,
advised that he knew to have been a CP
member in the James Connolly Club, New York County CP, between
the period of 1942 and 1947.

Buffalo, New York,

advised on December 18, 1952, that in late 1946 or early 1947 he attended seven or eight CP meetings of the Columbus Hill Club in New York City. Stated that he recalled that a

which he attended while he was

in that CP club.

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SF T-4 on February 15, 1960, also furnished a copy of an appeal to the President of the United States for the release of MORTON SOBELL by fifteen allegedly prominent businessmen, educators, and professional men of Israel which was being distributed by the Sobell Committee, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco.

SF T-8 advised on February 29, 1960, that MARY KRVAR was working at the BACSC, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, on Mondays, Tuesdays, and Thursdays, and is doing a fine job.

SF T-9 advised on March 8, 1960, that MARY KRVAR of the BACSC, San Francisco, California, sent a check for \$100.00 to the CSJMS, 940 Broadway, New York City, New York, for additional literature to be distributed in California.

SF T-4 on March 24, 1960, furnished a newsletter published by the Bay Area Sobell Committee, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco 2, for January - February, 1960, which listed some of the past achievements of the Sobell Committee in 1959. It stated that many TV, radio, church speakers, clergymen, newspapers, and magazines had given considerable publicity to the campaign to obtain MORTON SOBELL's release from prison.

SF T-10 on June 28, 1960, furnished a copy of a letter which was being sent out to union offices in the San Francisco Bay Area by the BACSC of 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco 2, California, dated March 28, 1960. The letter began "Dear Brothers" and went on to say that MORTON SOBELL, an innocent man, had wrongly been imprisoned for ten years. The letter stated that many prominent Americans had spoken out in SOBELL's behalf. The letter asked if the Sobell Committee could send a speaker out to the next meeting of the union's membership or the union's executive board to discuss the case with them. The letter also enclosed a copy

of an interview in which Mrs. MORTON SOBELL discussed her husband's case and which they said was published in at least twelve trade union process in northern and central California. The letter was signed WARREN K. BILLINGS, Chairman.

SF T-4 advised on May 11, 1960, that the Sobell Committee of 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, held a benefit barbecue at 1203 Waller Street, San Francisco, on May 8, 1960. Contributions were taken on the basis of \$2.00 for adults and \$1.00 for children under fourteen years. Approximately fifty people attended.

SF T-7 on May 6, 1960, furnished a copy of the March - April issue of a SOBELL newsletter entitled "Morton Sobell, A Man On Our Conscience" which showed that several newspapers in the East had published articles which indicated that the writers took the position that SOBELL's conviction was debatable.

The newsletter also printed a copy of a petition which had been circulated in the East which took the position that even though they believed SOBELL might be guilty, there was little that he was accused of doing and that his imprisonment should be ended after ten years.

The newsletter also stated that at a California Democratic Council meeting in Fresno, California, attended by 2300 delegates, the council passed a resolution calling upon the President of the United States to review the facts from SOBELL's case and take necessary action to secure ultimate justice. The public was urged to send hundreds of letters to the President, Senators, and Congressmen urging SOBELL's release.

SF T-II on June 27, 1960, furnished a copy of a newsletter published by the Sobell Committee, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, entitled "Morton Sobell, A Man On Our Conscience," dated March - April, 1960. This newsletter listed names of persons, newspapers, and/or groups supposedly supporting the release of SOBELL or the granting of a new trial.

The newsletter states that a review is asked by the Democrats and printed the following resolution passed by them

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at a convention held in Fresno, California, on February 11 - 14, 1960:

"The California Democratic Council meeting in Fresno and attended by some 2300 delegates, passed the following resolution: Morton Sobell is serving his tenth year in prison. He has steadfastly proclaimed his innocence throughout his imprisonment. Many eminent Americans and other world figures, including jurists, scientists and clergymen, have also expressed substantial doubt as to his guilt. does exist the possibility of human error in the matters of judgment when that judgment has been subjected to the political tensions of the day. The California Democratic Council has traditionally expressed concern for possible infringements upon justice and civil liberty. The California Democratic Council calls upon the President of the United States to review again the facts in the SOBELL case and take necessary action to secure ultimate justice. "

The newsletter advertised a coming SOBELL fund raising event and asked for sustainers.

SF T-11 advised on June 27, 1960, that the Sobell Committee sponsored a fund raising event held at 1 Blithedale Terrace, Mill Valley, California, on June 17, 1960. Contributions were taken at the dinner and drinks were sold. No announcement was made as to the total money taken in during the evening.

SF T-12 advised on June 20, 1960, that the BACSC sponsored a benefit theatrical performance at 2695 Sacramento Street, San Francisco, on June 19, 1960. A collection was taken and refreshments were sold but no announcement was made as to the total taken in.

SF T-13 on June 20, 1960, furnished a copy of a letter sent out by the BACSC which lists the names of the two United States Senators and twelve United States Congressmen

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from California. The letter requests that the recipients write to their Senators or Congressman on behalf of MORTON SOBELL. The letter also requests that the President of the United States be asked to grant a commutation of sentence of MORTON SOBELL or at least to secure a new trial for SOBELL.

SF T-11 on June 27, 1960, furnished a copy of a SOBELL newsletter dated June - July, 1960, entitled "Morton Sobell, A Man On Our Conscience." The newsletter stated that SOBELL had been in prison for ten years and that numerous persons, groups, and organizations are apparently offering support for SOBELL's release. Among those listed were groups from politics, government, the legal profession, clergy, authors, critics, newspapers, and an appeal by fifteen persons from Israel.

With this newsletter was a copy of a suggested letter to be sent to the Senators and Congressmen in California asking the President to grant a commutation of sentence for SOBELL or to seek a new trial for him.

SF T-13 on June 20, 1960, also furnished a copy of the newsletter issued by the Sobell Committee at San Francisco dated June - July, 1960, and entitled "Morton Sobell, A Man On Our Conscience."

SF T-4 advised on August 31, 1960, that the BACSC decided on that date to stress the harsh thirty year sentence against MORTON SOBELL, convicted espionage Subject, as contrasted with only the ten year sentence for FRANCES GARY POWERS, the American pilot of the U-2 shot down over Russia and recently tried and sentenced in Russia.

C. Finances

SF T-7 advised on January 21, 1960, that the East Bay Sobell Committee met on January 11, 1960, at 2724 Alcatraz Avenue, Berkeley, California. MARY KRVAR reported that over \$10,000.00 was collected in the Bay Area for SOBELL but that most of it went for salaries and living and traveling expenses for HELEN SOBELL, wife of MORTON SOBELL.

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SF T-9 advised on March 8, 1960, that MARY KRVAR of the BACSC, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, had sent a check to the CSJMS at 940 Broadway, New York City, for additional literature to be distributed in California.

SF T-9 on March 8, 1960, also furnished a copy of a document entitled "Financing Work of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" which sets forth the amount of money received and dispersed during 1959, as well as a proposed budget for 1960.

This report reflects that San Francisco contributed \$784.59 during 1959.

The proposed budget recommended that quotas for contributions be set for Sobell clubs in various parts of the country for 1960 and recommended that San Francisco be given a quota of \$2,000.00 for 1960.

D. San Francisco Sobell Committee

SF T-4 advised on March 3, 1960, that the San Francisco Sobell Committee held a lecture at 699 Rhode . Island Avenue, San Francisco, on February 27, 1960. ANNETTE RUBINSTEIN was the speaker and her topic was "Beards and Sandals Versus the Grey Flannel Suit." She said that the beatniks were rebelling against racism and defeatism and the grey flannel suit had respect for the beatniks.

SF T-4 advised on June 24, 1960, that the San Francisco Sobell Committee. sponsored a dramatic performance on June 19, 1960, at 2695 Sacramento Street. San Francisco. Attendance was by invitation only and about forty people were there.

E. San Francisco Sobell Committee Finances

SF T-4 advised on March 3, 1960, that the San Francisco Sobell Committee held a lecture on February 27, 1960, at 699 Rhode Island Avenue, San Francisco, at which \$67.00 was collected.

F. East Bay Sobell Committee (EBSC)

SF T-7 advised on January 21, 1960, that the EBSC met on January 11, 1960, at 2724 Alcatraz Avenue, Berkeley, California. MARY KRVAR reported on their accomplishments in the past year and what they hoped to accomplish in 1960. They agreed to meet with the San Francisco Sobell Committee and coordinate their activities. A committee was proposed to sound out politicians currently running for election as to their stand on the SOBELL case and other progressive activities.

WAYNE HULTGREN, Treasurer, reported that they had \$200.00 in their treasury. MARY KRVAR stated that over \$10,000.00 was collected in the Bay Area but that most of this went for expenses such as living and traveling expenses for HELEN SOBELL.

SF T-14 advised in March, 1955, that WAYNE HULTGREN joined the Young Communist League in 1943 and the CP in 1943. After his release from the U. S. Navy, HULTGREN again joined the CP. He was an officer in various CP clubs in Alameda County, California, from 1946 to 1951, a member of the Alameda County Committee CP in 1946 - 1948, and was chairman of the JACK JOHNSTONE CP Club in 1951.

The Young Communist League has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SF T-15 advised on August 13, 1954, that WAYNE HULTGREE attended a CP meeting held at 402 Haight, Alameda, California, on August 12, 1954.

SF T-7 advised on March 10, 1960, that the EBSC met at 2709 Claremont Boulevard, Berkeley, California, on February 28, 1960, to hear a lecture by ANNETTE RUBINSTEIN. Miss RUBINSTEIN stated that governments in England, France, Germany, and Italy are bluffing the common people. She said that Vice President NIXON tried the same thing on his South American tour and the people replied with eggs and tomatoes. She said that EISENHOWER was no better as he

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favors the upper classes. She said that the oppressed people will act against such oppression. Fifty dollars was collected for SOBELL.

SF T-7 advised on May 5, 1960, that the EBSC met on May 3, 1960, at 1672 Oxford Street, Berkeley, California. MARY KRVAR reported that \$150.00 in sustainers was collected in the San Francisco area. She stated that they needed \$400.00 from the East Bay to keep their organization going. She said that although a year ago the rabbis in this area refused to support the Sobell Committee, now they are all supporting the SORELL case.

G. EBSC Finances

SF T-7 advised on January 21, 1960, that the EBSC met on January 11, 1960, at 2724 Alcatraz Avenue, Berkeley, California. WAYNE HULTGREN, Treasurer of the EBSC, announced that they had \$200.00 in their treasury.

SF T-7 advised on March 10, 1960, that the EBSC met at 2709 Claremont Boulevard, Berkeley, California, on February 28, 1960, and that \$50.00 was taken up in collections.

SF T-7 advised on May 5, 1960, that the EBSC met at 1672 Oxford Street, Berkeley, on May 3, 1960.

MARY KRVAR announced that \$150.00 in sustainers had been collected in the San Francisco area. She said that \$400.00 was needed in the East Bay to keep the organization going. She stated that they planned to have a party in someone's house to raise \$400.00.

H. Sobell Committee of Sonoma County, California

SF T-16 advised on August 12, 1960, that CHARLES CHERNEY continues as the Chairman of the Sobell Committee in Sonoma County, California.

SF T-16 advised on July 12, 1960, that the Sobell Committee of Sonoma County, California, met at 841 Chapman Lane, Petaluma, Sonoma County, California, on July 8, 1960.

MARY KRVAR spoke and said that MORTON SOBELL had been moved to a prison in Georgia. She stated that there is a national organization headed by ministers and labor leaders to get up a petition to get SOBELL a parole.

I. Sonoma County Sobell Committee Finances

SF T-16 advised on July 12, 1960, that the Sobell Committee of Sonoma County, California, met at 841 Chapman Lane, Sonoma County, California, on July 8, 1960. A collection of \$200,00 was collected for the Sobell Committee.

III. CONNECTIONS OF THE SOBELL COMMITTEES WITH THE CP

SF T-17 advised on February 26, 1960, that the Sunset Club of the San Francisco County CP (SFCCP) met at 1235 - 42nd Avenue, San Francisco, on February 24, 1960. It was reported that AUBREY CROSSMAN went to the California Democratic Clubs (CDC) Convention held on February 11 - 14, 1960, at Fresno, California, as a lobby st for MORTON SOBELL. GROSSMAN presented the resolution for the government to open up and investigate the SOHELL case to one of the CDC panels. The panel discussed it and presented it to the CDC Convention and it was passed by the convention. There was quite a bit of discussion about this Democratic Club movement.

SF T-18 advised on March 12, 1956, that AUBREY CROSSMAN was a member of a lawyers group known as the Maymarket Group, Professional Section, SFCCP, from approximately 1936 to February, 1950. It was the informant's opinion that GROSSMAN served as liaison representative between the CP Lawyers Club and the CP functionaries.

SF T-19 advised on August 6, 1957, that a meeting of the County Committee of the SFCCP was held on August 2, 1957, at 2431 - 15th Avenue, San Francisco. The informant stated that AUBREY GROSSMAN was suggested as a member of the Membership Committee of the County Committee, SFCCP. The informant said that the nomination of GROSSMAN was criticized on the grounds that he was not a registered CP member at that time and no further action regarding GROSSMAN was taken at that meeting.

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SF 100-35117 PMA/CJS

SF T-2 advised on March 21, 1960, that the North Oakland CP Club met at 6547 Tremont Street, Oakland, California, on March 10, 1960. MARY RRVAR was present and stated that she was attending the Sobell Committee Convention. She said that the next thirteen to fifteen months were considered to be excellent for getting MORTON SOBELL released from prison.

She said that later on the work would be directed towards exonerating SOBELL. She said that she wished the CP would openly do more for the SOBELL case. She stated that when she is back East she thought she would see GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CP, USA, as she had known him slightly in the past and had recently renewed the acquaintance.

SF T-2 advised on April 4, 1960, that the North Oakland CP Club met at a residence on Shattuck Avenue, corner of Prince Street, Berkeley, California. MARY KRVAR commented that they had had a good National Convention of the Sobell Committee. She was requested to give a report on the Sobell Convention at a future CP meeting.

IV. INVOLVEMENT OF OR ATTEMPTED INVOLVEMENT OF POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE SOBELL CASE

SF T-11 on June 27, 1960, furnished a copy of a newsletter published by the Sobell Committee, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, California, dated March - April, 1960, entitled "MORTON SOBELL, A Man On Our Conscience." The newsletter prints a statement concerning a meeting of the California Democrats as follows:

"The California Democratic Council meeting in Fresno and attended by some 2300 delegates passed the following resolution: 'MORTON SOBELL is serving his tenth year in prison. He has steadfastly proclaimed his innocence throughout his imprisonment. Many eminent Americans and other world figures including jurists, scientists, and clergymen have also expressed substantial doubt as to his guilt. There does exist the possibility

> of human error in matters of judgement when that judgement has been subjected to the political tensions of the day. The California Democratic Council has traditionally expressed concern for possible infringements upon justice and civil liberty. The California Democratic Council calls upon the President of the United States to review again the facts in the SOBELL case and take necessary action to secure ultimate justice. "

letter to set out verbatim below:

SF T-9 on May 17, 1960, furnished a copy of a dated May 13, 1960, which is

"May 13, 1960



"I was disturbed to read in the San Francisco Chronicle that you were regarding the case of my husband, Morton Sobell, as a partisan political issue.

"I am of course grateful to the California Democratic Council for its resolution urging a further examination of my husband's case and I hope that other organizations of both parties will do likewise. I must point out to you that this is a matter on which people of many views have appealed.

"Questions of justice are not bounded by politics. It has been a source of great encouragement to my husband and me that Republican and Democratic members of the House of Representatives and the Senate have indicated their concern about my husband's continued imprisonment. This is as it should be, for it reflects the interest commy eminent individuals and publications throughout the country.

"I enclose for your study the Report to the President which summarizes the many appeals on my husband's behalf. I urge that you read additional material on the case, and would be pleased to make available to you a copy of the complete trial transcript. The record of the trial, more than anything else, shows the lack of evidence or even specific accusations of wrongdoings on the part of my husband. He is an innocent man. He has already suffered 10 years of imprisonment. It is our hope that executive clemency or a new trial will be granted.

"Please make a study of this case. Then, I hope, the Republican Party of California will wish to take its independent position on this question and fight for my husband's rightful freedom.

"We thank you sincerely.

"Very truly yours

"/s/ (Mrs. Morton Sobell)"

IV. MISCELLANEOUS

The "Laisve" on September 25, 1959, published an article which stated that the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Assocation had not forgotten MORTON SOBELL who had been kept in prison unjustly for four years even though they had contributed to SOBELL more than once. The article stated that they should be interested in the fate of political prisoners. The article stated "Let us realize that they are in prison not for any crime but because they work for the common good."

See Appendix Pages for "Laisve" and the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association.





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BAY AREA COUNCIL OF SOBELL COMMITTEES

A source advised on October 31, 1955, that the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees (BACSC) was formed on October 17, 1955, in San Francisco, California, as the local affiliate of the National Sobell Committee, to carry out the policies of the National Committee to obtain the freedom of MORTON SOBELL.

On November 25, 1959, a second source advised that the BACSC, also referred to as the Northern California Council of Sobell Committees, is one and the same, and their headquarters is located at 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, California, and is continuing to function and plan future Sobell affairs.

On December 18, 1959, a third source advised that MARY KRVAR, a member of the Warehouse Club, Communist Party (CP), East Bay Region, Oakland, California, and the paid organizer for the BACSC, has stated that the CP is interested in controlling the BACSC so that the BACSC will continue to follow the line of the National Sobell Committee in attempting to obtain the freedom of MORTON SOBELL.

On April 25, 1960, the second source advised that the BACSC was still active and planning future Sobell activities.

The CP, USA, has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX PAGE

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140-3-117 #4-/LJO

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in June 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell,' the Rosenbergs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October 1953 and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'..."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 60.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell", first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

APPENDIX PAGE

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"LAISVE"

The masthead of the March 31, 1959 issue of the "Laisve" ("Liberty") reflects that this newspaper is a Lithuanian semi-weekly, published by the Laisve, Incorporated, on Tuesdays and Fridays, except in case of holidays, in New York City, and that it was established April 5, 1911. It is noted that the masthead on prior issues of "Laisve" reflected that the newspaper was a Lithuanian daily.

The January 27, 1928 issue of the "Daily Worker," an east coast communist newspaper, which suspended publication on January 13, 1958, contains a statement in which the Laisve" is referred to as a "Lithuanian Communist Daily."

On May 6, 1959,

New York, an attorney of Lithuanian background, advised that the "Laisve" continues to consistently follow an attitude favorable towards Communism and the Soviet Union, and that this newspaper has always been regarded among Lithuanians as a Lithuanian language 670 670 counterpart of the former "Daily Worker."

editors of the "Laisve" for many years, are regarded as two of the leading proponents of Communism among Lithuanians in the United States.

APPEND IX PAGE

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CONFIDENCIAL

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AMERICAN LITHUANIAN WORKERS LITERARY ASSOCIATION

The American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association was incorporated on December 16, 1918, in the State of New York as the Lithuanian Workers Literary Society. On June 13, 1932, it was incorporated in the State of New York as the American Lithuanian Workers Literary Association. Its purposes and activities as described by the organization are as follows: to publish writings, papers, books, pamphlets, newspapers, periodicals and other publications in various branches of learning; to establish libraries, to work for the intellectual, moral and social advancement of the members; to publish books and a literary quarterly; to sponsor meetings and lectures on topics of art, literature, current events, etcetera; and to sponsor handicraft exhibits, plays and various other cultural and social affairs.

Two of the original incorporators in this organization were and A source advised that after the Soviet occupation of Lithuania in 1940, both and admitted they were Communist Party members. in 1933 and again in 1938, was a Communist Party candidate for election to public office in the State of New York. And are on the Sviesa, the official publication of the captioned organization which has its headquarters at 110 - 12 Atlantic Avenue, Richmond Hill, New York.

GENERAL TIME

APPENDIX PAGE



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

100-35117

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

422 Federal Office Building Civic Center San Francisco 2, California

September 19, 1960

Title

COMMITTEE TO SECURE

JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - C;

INTERNAL SECURITY ACT

OF 1950

Reference

report of Special Agent PHILIP M. ALGAR, dated and captioned as above,

at San Francisco.

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Mr. Tolson Mr. Mohr Mr. Parsons U. S. DEPARTMENT OF IL Mr. Beimont Mr. T Mr. Ingrim TO DIRECTOR, FBI 65-58236 100-387835 ANI PHILADELPHIA 65-4350 100376667 FROM SAC, LOS ANGELES 65-5061 100-41648 ROSENBERG, AKA, ET AL, ESPIONAGE BASH SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL, IS DASH C, ISA OF NINETEEN FIFTY. ON OCT. TWENTY FOUR, MINETEEN SIXTY LA ADVISED SA LLOYD D. JOHNSON THAT INFORMANT HAD IRMA QUOTE VIDGE UNQUOTE NEVMAN, PRESENTLY AN ORGANIZER FOR THE CSJMS, THAT HARRY GOLD, CONVICTED WITH MORTON SOBELL AND SENTENCED TO SERVE THIRTY YEARS IN PRISON, WAS DYING OF CANCER AND HAD SENT WORD THROUGH THE PRISON GRAPEVINE THAT HE wanted to expose the quote frameup unquote which sent sobell AND HIMSELF# TO PRISON. NEWMAN DID NOT STATE WHAT THE QUOTE Frameup unquote might have been, but conjectured that gold "快点一样公司 COULD GET WORD TO HIS ATTORNEY, NAMED ROGGE, WHO WOULD CONTACT THE GOVERNMENT, THE GOVERNMENT WOULD RECOME FRIGHTENED, BEFORE GOLD COULD EXPOSE BEE GOVERNMENT,

NEWMAN INDICATED THOSE IN THE CSJMS WERE VERY HOPEFUL OVER THIS DEVELOPMENT. ANY FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THIS MATTER WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED THE BUREAU.

END ACK PLS

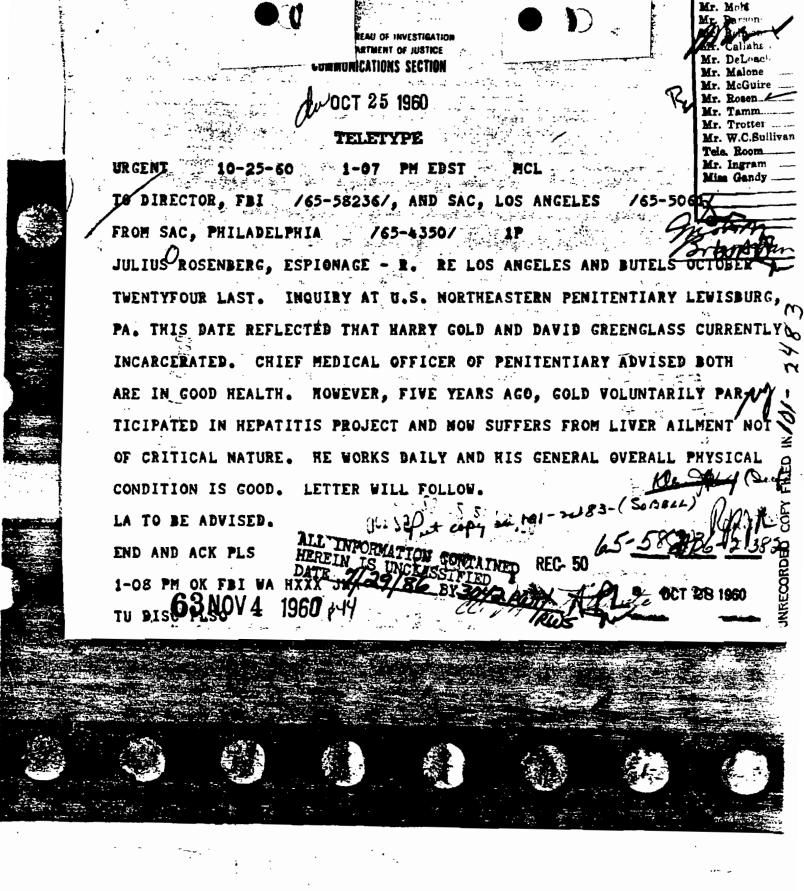
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OK FBI PH JRJD

CORRECTION TIME SHOULD BE 1-18PM

DISC

CC-MR. BELMONT



Mr. Tolson

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

DETERMINE IF MARRY GOLD AND DAVID GREET

LAtel advised that one Widge Newman of Los Angeles Soyell Committee advised that Harry Gold had cancer and sent to 14 Fo us through the grapevine that he wanted to furnish information which would free Sobell. This is believed to be false. Bureau has no information that Gold has cancer.

TELETYPE W.C. Sullivan -Tele. Room _

EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

OCT 24 1960 TELETYPE

URGENT 10-24-60 8-06PM WS
TO SAC PHILADELPHIA

FROM DIRECTOR 65-58236 1P

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ESPIONAGE - R. RELATEL OCTOBER TWO FOUR LAST.

BETERMINE IF HARRY COLD AND DAVID GREENGLASS STILL INCARCERATED

LEWISBURG PENITENTIARY AND IF EITHER CAS CANCER.

END ACK

OK FBI PH SCA

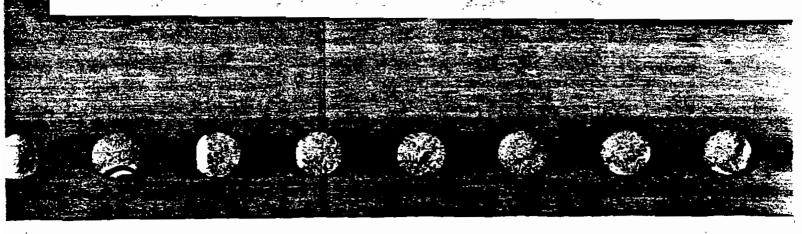
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/29/86 BY 3042 FOR OWS

fut copy,





BAC, CHICAGO (100-25530)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE SUSTICES
FOR MORTON SCHOOLS
IN - S. TULIUS RESEMBLES

Serop SA DANIEL J. BURLEY dated 8/19/60 at Chicago, captioned as above.

Saclosed herewith are three copies of a thumbnail sketch of the Chicago Bobell Committee, aka Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Bobell.

The address of the above captioned organisation is good 309-1, 208 Forth Wells Street, Chicago, Illineis.

The Bureau is requested to approve the enclosed thumbnail sketch to be used by the Chicago Office.

On September 27, 1960, who has furnished oreliable information in the past, provided SA RAYMOND E. MOOMEY by mail with a copy of a letter from the Chicago Sobell Committee (CSC) dated September, 1960, addressed to "Dear Friend". The letter was signed by BAVID L. SOLTKER for the Committee. The letter noted that the CSC had moved their office from 20 Fest Jacksen Street to Boom 309-1, 208 Forth Wells Street, Chicage 6, Illineis.

The Bureau will please note that the cally change in the thumbnail sketch as presently contained in the Chicago Office is the change of address of the CSC.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
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CHICAGO SCRELL COMMITTEE, Also Known As Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

On September 27, 1960, a source stated that the address of the above captioned organization is Room 309-1, 208 Forth Vells Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Sobell Committee, which is also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, and was formerly known as Chicago Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, is a small group of volunteers whe do Sobell fund raising and programing in the Chica area. The Chicago Committee, since its inception in 1952, has been an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, which is also known as the Mational Committee to Secure Justice for Socure Justice for Morton Sobell, which is also known as the Mational Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and was formerly known as the Mational Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, with head-quarters in New York.

Source said that to his knowledge this committee has me full-time employees nor any volunteers who have national positions or titles. DAVID SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind this committee and they are assisted by GERTRUDE SOLTKER, wife of DAVID SOLTKER, and former chairman of this committee who continues to be active in Sobell activities.

Another source advised during May, 1960, that the Chicago Sobell Committee maintains a bank account at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborne Chicago, Illinois, and that DAVID SOLTERR is listed in this bank account as the Secretary of the Chicago Sobell Committee.

The above information cannot be made public except in the usual proceedings following issuance of a subpoena duces terms.

The files of the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 194 reflected that the names of DAVID and GERTRUDE SCLYKER appear as signers on the Communist Party election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

Another source in 1943 advised that GERTRUDE SOUTHER, as of 1943, was a member of the Communist Party.

Another source furnished information in 1949 which indicates that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was vice Chairman of the Congress of American Women.

the Congress of American Tomen.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UTICLASSIFIED DATES. 28.86 BY 3012 PUTC

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The Communist Party and the Congress of American Women have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCES:

67 67

Anonymous Source

61 by 161 by 161

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and the identities must be protected.

Director, FBI (65-58236)

10/27/60

SAC, Philadelphia (65-4350)

SUBJECT:

JULIUS GOSENBERG, aka ET AL

espionage – R

Re Los Angeles teletype and Bureau teletype 10/24/60 and Philadelphia teletype 10/25/60.

On 10/25/60, Mr. Record Clerk. U. S. Penitentiary (USP), Lewisburg, Pa., made available to SA THOMAS E. SAUNDERS files of inmates DAVID GREENGLASS. Registry #193 52-NE and HARRY GOLD, Registry #193 12-NE, examination of which reflected: 676 DID

DAVID GREENGLASS, who was sentenced on 4/6/51, was last denied parole on 4/26/60. His conditional release date is now set at 5/1/61 and his conditional release date with extra good time, which he is earning, is set at 11/16/60. His release plan calls for his residence with his wife at 90 Columbia Street, New York City, N. Y. Employment will be obtained upon his release. A review of the file failed to indicate that GREENGLASS was suffering from any type disease, in particular cancer.

HARRY GOLD appeared before a representative of the U. S. Board of Parole for the first time on 8/9/60. To date no finding of the Board has been made a matter of record. GOLD's conditional release date is 10/26/70; with extra good time, which he is earning, it is 1/18/69. His sentence will expire full term on 7/18/80. GOLD's jacket failed to indieate that he was suffering from cancer. It is noted that GOLD is employed in the Prison Hospital and performs all the blood examinations. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

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3 - Bureau (RM)

2 **- 6**5**-**58236 1 **-** 100**-**387835

- Los Angeles (RM)

1 - 65-5061 1 - 100-41648

4 - Philadelphia

1 - 65-4350

1 - 65-4331 (DAVID GREENGLASS) X3 1 - 65-4307 (HARRY GOLD)

1 - 100-37667 (COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTIC FOR MORTON SOBELL)

AR: jck

PH 65-4350

Dr. USPHS, Chief Medical Officer, Prison Hospital, advised that to his knowledge neither DAVID GREENGLASS nor HARRY GOLD have ever had, or are presently suffering from cancer. He, would know if such were the case. Regarding GOLD, however, approximately five years ago he volunteered to participate in a hepatitis experiment, caught the disease and since that time has had some liver trouble; however, it is not serious. GOLD works every day, works extra hours and the doctor felt his general physical condition was good. Dr. considered both GREENGLASS and GOLD to be in good condition.

The local Philadelphia press on 10/26 and 27/60, carried stories to the effect that the Justice Department on 10/26/60 had turned down a bid for parole by HARRY GOLD.

- Mr. DeLoach 1101161 - Mr. Aull 11/22/60 Director, TBI letter lovember 7, 1960. eferenced letter note forth information ob regarding a contact by ese if as a writer. For the information of the Boston Office, it appears is identical with Walter the subject of a current investigation in which the New York was in contact with Office is the office of origin. New York attorney in August of 1960 at which time he indicated an interest in writing a book involving Harry Gold and the Rosenbergs. attempted to discredit Gold in his comments to **57 C** The second secon - Nov York (100-135206) ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN \$5-58236 (Julius Rosenberg) POINOT BA was contacted by and advised of the approach of one who appears to be identical with the subject of this communication. informed the subject that he had no comments to make on the hes instructed him to decline Rosenberg case and former #4 comment in the event educary further confact by the subject. The Philadelphia Affice has havined by letter dated November 9, 1960, 5 that under existing regulations at the Federal positiontiary at Levisburg, Pennsylvania, immates are not permitted to carry on business and as a matter of policy authorization to visit immates is not given to visitors who may want to write books or articles.

Philadelphia inquired concerning these regulations after infor-

mation came to our attention indicating that to interview Marry Gold in order to get material for his proposed book. **6**3 NOV 30 196**0**

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might attempt

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236)

DATE: 11/7/60

SAC, BOSTON

(65-3405)

JULIUS ROSEABERG, aka, ET AL

ESPIONAGE - R

Former Special Agent and now Attorney telephonically advised this office on 1/7/60 of the following:

b7C

of Cambridge, Mass., client. was recently contacted by one (FNU) represented himself as a writer for the "Reporter" magazine published in New York City. former husband of sister of convicted Soviet atomic spy. EMIL KLAUS FUCHS, desired to interview regarding <u>his</u> knowledge of the principals in the ROSENBERG case. at this time his belief that the also expressed to ROSEMBERGs were unjustly convicted and his suspicion that HARRY GOLD was a pathological liar. D 7 D

informed that he had no comment to make on the ROSENBERG case and has instructed him to decline comment in the event of any future contact by
Both and were of the opinion were of the opinion that intended to write an article regarding the ROSENBERG case, renewing the charges that they were unjustly convicted.

The above is furnished for the information of the Bureau, and the New York Office.

(3)- Bureau (65-58236)(RM)

1 - New York (65-15348) (Info) (RM) Ex 105. 2 - Boston (1 - 45 2122)

2 - Boston (1 - 65-3405)

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UNITED S7

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236)

DATE:

Ja. 2 8 1961

NEW YORK (65-15348)

SUBJECT:

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL

ESP-R

ReNylet, dated 9/29/60.

AUSA EDWARD R. CUNNIFFE advised on 1/18/61 that a decision concerning the disposition of the evidence in this case has not been reached as yet.

This case will be continued in a P* status and the USA's office will be recontacted again within 90 days.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

- Bureau (65-58236) (RM) 1 - New York (65-15348)

WCR: jat (3)

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11 JAN 27 1961

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Belmont()

DATE: 1/23/61

SUBJECT: ALGER HISS

PERJURY

ESPIONAGE - R

Bureau file 101**-**2668

JULIUS ROSENEERG et al

ESPIONAGE - R

Bureau file 65**-**58236

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

For your information, the Government prosecutor in both of the Alger Hiss perjury trials in 1949-50 was Thomas F. Murphy, Assistant U. S. Attorney, Southern District of New York, who was then in charge of the Criminal Division of the U. S. Attorney's Office. He is now a Federal judge in New York City. № No attorneys from the Department of Justice in Washington were dispatched to New York to assist in the prosecution of these trials. First trial was in Spring of 1949. Second trial began Fall of 1949 and ended with conviction on 1/21/50 and sentence on 1/25/50.

Communications from the Bureau to the Department concerning the Alger Hiss case were sent to J. Howard McGrath, Attorney General, and Alexander M. Campbell, Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division.

With respect to the Rosenberg case, the prosecution was handled by Irving Saypol, U. S. Attorney for the Southern District of New York. He was assisted by Assistant U. S. Attorneys. Myles Lane, Roy Cohn, and James Kilsheiner. The Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Criminal Division at the time of the Rosenberg trial, March, 1951, was James N. McInerney, who was so assigned from January 30, 1950, to August 12, 1952. ACTION:

TOSI MA

This is for your information. None.

JPL:msb

l - Mr. Belmont

- Mr. Branigan

1 - Mr. F. L. Joi

1 - Mr. Lee

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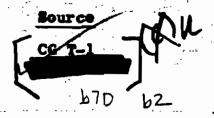
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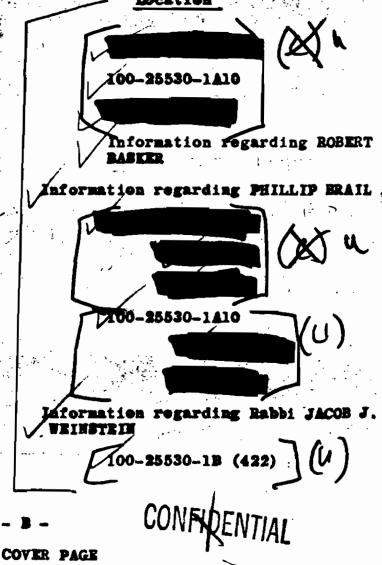
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This report has been classified confidential because the number of utmost value furnished by regarding Sobell activities in Chicago, the disclosure of which could reasonably result in the identification of this informatt of continuing value and compromise the future effectivenes

available to G-2, ONI and OSI, Chicago, with copies of attached

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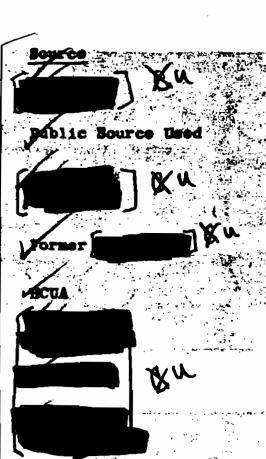
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Organization

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Fair Play for Cuba Committee (Mational)

Committee for Freedom of the Press, aka Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press

National Lawyers Guild, Chicago Chapter

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Midwest Committee for Protection of Foreign Born

Socialist Workers Party (Chicago Chapter)

Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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1 - G-2, Chicago (RM)
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1 - OSI, Chicago (RM)

Report of SA DANIEL J. HURLEY
Date: FEB /6, /96/

Field Office File # 100-25530

Office: CHICAGO

Bureau File #: 100-387835

Titles

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Synopels

The Chicago Sobell Committee (CSC) is an affiliate of captioned organization. As of February, 1961, the CSC operated out of Room 309-1, 208 North Wells Street, Chicago, Illinois. Information concerning CSC officers, volunteers and finances set forth. DAVID SOLTKER, Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER, and SYLVIA LEVINSON, appeared to be the guiding forces behind the CSC fund raising and programing in Chicago. The CSC continues to circulate literature on behalf of MORTON SOBELL. The CSC in August, 1960, held an affair in Chicago to raise funds on behalf of SOBELL. Program for Freedom Week End, Washington, D.C. set forth. ALVA TOMPKINS, Chicago Minister, presented petition to secure release of SOBELL to the White House.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency: it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



DETAILS: AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

The following organizations, mentioned in this report, have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450:

American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (ACPFB)

Communist Party (CP), USA

Congress of American Women (CAW)

National Council of American Soviet Friendship (NCASF)

Socialist Workers Party (SWP)

The following organizations, mentioned in this report, which have not been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450, are characterized in the Appendix Section of this report.

American Forum for Socialist Education (AFSE)

Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights (CCDBR)

Chicago Committee to Defend Democratic Rights (CCDDR) formerly known as Chicago Joint Defense Committee to Defeat the Smith Act

Chicago Council of American Soviet Friendship (CCASF)

Chicago Sobell Committee, also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSC) (CCSJMS)

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Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSJMS)

Fair Play for Caba Committee (FRCC), Chicago Chapter

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Fair Play for Cuba Committee (National)

Committee for Freedom of the Press, also known as Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press (ICFP)

Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (ICPA)

National Lawyers Guild, Chicago Chapter (NLG)

National Lawyers Guild, National

Midwest Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (MCPFB)

Socialist Workers Party (Chicago Chapter) (SWP)

I. CHARACTERIZATION

The Chicago Sobell Committee (See Appendix) is the Chicago, Illinois affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (See Appendix).

CG T=1 - 2/2/61

JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and MORTON SOBELL were convicted in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of New York on March 29, 1951, on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage on behalf of the Soviet Union. The ROSENBERGS were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951 and MORTON SOBELL was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment on the same date.

JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were legally executed at Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, New York on June 19, 1953, and MORTON SOBELL is currently serving his sentence in the U.S. Penitentiary, Atlanta.

II. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

The Chicago Sobell Committee (CSC) as of September, 1960 had moved their office from 20 West Jackson Boulevard. Chicago.

Illinois to Room 309-1, 208 North Wells Street, Chicago, Illinois.

CG T-1 - 9/27/60

The CSC which operated out of Office 1301 of the Great Northern Office Building, 20 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Illinois, vacated their space officially on August 31, 1960, but remained at the location for a few weeks to clean up their area. The above Building is operated by the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), Chicago, Illinois.

GSA, Chicago, 10/17/60

CBC Officials and Volunteers

On February 2, 1961, source, who has been active in CSC affairs, advised that DAVID SOLTKER, Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON, appeared to be the guiding forces behind the CSC program and Sobell fund raising in Chicago. They were assisted by a group of volunteers, included among whom are the following:



The CSC has no full-time employees and to source's knowledge none of these persons engaged in CSC work hold national positions or titles. Inquiries concerning national Schell work are handled by the National Office of the Sobell Committee at New York, New York.

(CG T-1 - 2/2/61)

DAVID SOLTKER

The files of the Subcommittee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the name DAVID SOLTKER appears as a signer on the Communist Party (CP) election petition submitted to the State of Illinois, 1940.

Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER

The files of the Subcommittee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the name of Mrs. DAVID (GERTRUDE) SOLTKER appears as a signer of the CP election petition submitted to the State of Illinois, 1940.

GERTRUDE SOLTKER as of 1943, was a member of the CP.

(CG T-2 - 1943)

On August 2, 1960, GERTRUDE SOLTKER attended the 70th Birthday celebration of PEARL M. HART, President of the Chicago Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) in Chicago. This affair was sponsored by the Midwest Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (MCPFB) and the Chicago Committee to Defend Democratic Rights (CCDDR).

(CG T-3 - August 4, 1960)

SYLVIA LEVINSON

Information furnished in 1949 indicated that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was Vice-Chairman of the Congress of American Women.

(CG T-5 - 3/17/49)

ROBERT BASKER

ROBERT BASKER was in attendance at the annual meeting of the Chicago Council of American Soviet Friendship (CCASF) held on January 23, 1960 at Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-1 - 1/26/60)

Mrs. ROBERT (HEDDA) BASKER

Mrs. BOBERT (HEDDA) BASKER attended the Executive Board meeting of the CCASF held August 8, 1960 at Chicago, Illinois P

(CG T-6 - (8/12/60)) &UL

BLANCHE BRAIL

BLANCHE BRAIL on February 6, 1960, attended an affair sponsored by the Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press (ICFP) of Chicago. This affair was held for the purpose of enlarging the circulation of "The Worker" and GUS HALL, General Secretary of the CP, USA, was present as an honored speaker.

 $(CG_T-3 - 2/11/60)$

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist weekly newspaper.

In February, 1960, the name BLANCHE BRAIL was in possession of Dr. JOSEPH T. SHERIDAN.

(CG T-7 - 2/25/60)

As of February, 1960, Dr. JOSEPH T. SHERIDAN was Chairman of the Loop Division of the CP of Illinois.

(CG T-8, February, 1960)

BORIS BRAIL

BORIS BRAIL was a CP member and a member of the Finance Committee of the CP of Illinois during 1957.

(CG T-8 = 2/5/58)

PHILLIP BRAIL

PHILLIP BRAIL on November 11, 1959, attended a function of the CCASF held in Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-1 - 11/16/59)

In February, 1960, the name PHILLIP BRAIL was in possession of Dr. JOSEPH T. SHERIDAN.

(CG T-7 - 2/25/60)

CHARLES HERMAN FISCHER

On May 24, 1956,

member of District 5, CP, advised SA MARVIN E. STEFFAN that
CHARLES HERMAN FISCHER worked closely with the CP in Pennsylvania
in 1948 or 1949.

stated that FISCHER attended a meeting
of District 5, CP 12 detached held on Beachwood Bomleyard in
Pittsburgh in 1948.

SYLVIA GORDON FISCHER

On March 17, 1951, Chicago, Illinois, a member of the CP 1944 to 1948, advised that the Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (ICPA) publication the "News" in March, 1951, contained an article which stated that SYLVIA FISCHER had been elected to serve on the Executive Board of the Scuth Side Committee for Peaceful Alternatives, an affiliate of the ICPA.

Dr. LEO GOLDMAN and Mrs. LEO (BETTY) GOLDMAN 676 570

On January 19, 1960, Mrs. LEO (BETTY) GOLDMAN and Dr. LEO GOLDMAN attended a joint section convention of the 12th and 13th congressional sections, CP of Illinois at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. LEO GOLDMAN, 706 Forest, Evanston, Illinois, My

(CG T-9 - 1/20/60) A (CG T-10 - 1/20/60)

IRVING NEBENZAHL

On April 25, 1960, IRVING NEBENZAHL was in attendance at a meeting of the CCASF in Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-6 - 5/4/60)

ERVIN SALK

During December, 1959, it was learned that ERVIN SALK during the period of the CP underground and possibly prior thereto, had been a source of CP funds for the Illinois District, CP (

Mrs. ERWIN (EVELYN) SALK

On January 18, 1959, Mrs. ERVIN (EVELYN) SALK attended a CCASF meeting in Skokie, Illinois?

(CG T-14 - 1/22/59)*

ISADORE WARWAK

As of January, 1961, ISADORE WARWAK was a paid' member of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC), South Side Branch, Chicago Chapter.

(CG T-3 - 1/20/61)

WARWAK attended a closed branch meeting of the Socialist Workers Party, Chicago Branch, on December 5, 1960, at Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-15 - [12/6/60)) K

JESSIE YOUNG

On June 8, 1960, an Executive Board meeting of the Peace Club, Hyde Park Section, CP of Illinois, was held at Chicago

Illinois and JESSIE YOUNG, Educational Director, was present and meeting.

(CG T-16 - 6/13/60)

It should be noted that JESSIE YOUNG became divorced and farried Dr. JOSEPH SHERIDAN during the latter part of 1960. She is presently known as JESSIE SHERIDAN?

(CG T-16 -[8/1/60)] X W

III. FINANCES

The CSC raises funds through sustainers, the solicitations of contributions from individuals and the holding of public affairs such as parties, picnics, public meetings and so forth.

 $(CG_{T-1}-2/2/61)$

The following information regarding the CSC bank account maintained at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn, Chicago, was furnished by CG T-17 on the dates indicated:

July, 1960

Opening balance Closing balance

\$613.36 ~ 425.94

In July, one check for \$100 and another for \$2.50 issued to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell were cleared through the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, New York. In July, one check for \$51 and another for \$51 issued to the U.S. General Services Administration were cleared through the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-17 - 8/12/60)

August, 1960

Opening Balance \$425.94 Closing balance 296.46

In August, one check for \$100 issued to ALVA TOMPKINS was cleared through the National Bank and Trust Company, Scranton, Pennsylvania.

(CG T-17 - 9/14/60)

September, 1960

Opening balance \$729.50 Closing balance 702.44

In September, one check for \$30 issued to Lang, Weise and Cella (office rent # 310-2, 208 North Wells) was cleared through the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, Chicago, Illinois.

(CG T-17 - 10/13/60)

October, 1960

Opening balance \$702.44 Closing balance 813.75

In October, a check for \$30 issued to Lang, Weise and Cella was cleared through the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, Chicago. In October one check for \$112.69 issued to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was cleared through the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, New York.

(CG T-17 - 11/15/60)

November, 1960

Opening balance Closing balance \$813.75 542.98

In November one check for \$30 issued to Lang, Weise and Cella was cleared through the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, Chicago, Illinois. In November, two checks, one for \$200 and the second for \$20 issued to the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell were cleared through the Chemical Bank, New York, New York.

(CG T-17 - 12/8/60)

December, 1960

Opening balance Closing balance \$542.98 215.73

In December one check for \$30 issued to Lang, Weise and Cella was cleared through the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, Chicago, Illinois. In December, one check for \$300 issued to Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell was cleared through the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, New York.

(CG T-17 - 1/10/61)

Information concerning the above is no longer in possession of the source.

IV. ACTIVITIES

Mr. and Mrs. PHILLIP BRAIL were to hold the 7th Annual Garden Party on August 27, 1960 at their home in Chicago, Illinois. This party was to be held under the auspices of the CSC.

A "Chicken Dinner" sponsored by the CSC was to be held on August 27, 1960, at Chicago, Illinois.

The above mentioned CSC Garden Party - "Chicken Dinner" had cleared approximately \$550 \(\chi \)

F(CG T-1 - [8/14/60)]

The above mentioned Garden Party was held on August 27, 1960 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. PHILLIP BRAIL, 4725 South Kimbark Avenue, Chicago, Illinois and approximately 90 people were in attendance at the party. Admission to the party was a \$5 donation.

(CG T-1 - 8/29/60)

On September 27, 1960, source furnished a CSC letter dated September, 1960 and addressed to "Dear Friend". This letter was signed 'DAVID L. SOLTKER for the Committee."

The letter noted that the CSC had moved their office from 20 West Jackson Street to Room 309-1, 208 North Wells Street, Chicago 6, Illinois. It then went on to note that plans were under way for the National Appeal in Washington, November 19-21, 1960, for which the theme will be a vigorous conjugar MORTON SOBELL's freedom. It then went on to set forth the program planned for the November affair, which was as follows:

- "I. Presentation of signed appeals by the clergy, by community leaders, and messages of support by leading individuals and groups throughout the country; also, an impressive group of sponsors for the Washington event."
- "II. A public banquet at the famous Shoreham Hotel with noted speakers and a public exhibit dramitizing Sebell support.
- "III. Delegations to the White House and Justice Department: reflecting the clergy and VIP appeals, and / appointments with Senators and Congressmen.

"IV- Sermons in the Washington churches.

"V. Presentations to the White House of tape recorded messages from VIP's and laymen, who would like to speak directly to the President in their own roices reflecting their deep feelings."

©(CG T-1 - 9/27/60)

Source furnished a letter dated August 13, 1960, with letterhead CSC and addressed to "Dear Friend". This letter made reference to the fact that the summer season is a season in which financial support for organizations such as the CSC completely lapses. It was requested that the recipient of the letter consider the financial dilemma of the organization and be as helpful as possible. The letter also made much of the fact that an opera would be presented by the Northwestern players at Northwestern University and the CSC had purchased the whole house for the evening performance of Sunday, October 30, 1960. Tickets were priced at \$2 each. The above letter was signed by DAVID L. SOLTKER for the Committee.

"(CG T-1 - 10/26/60)

Source furnished a letter dated October, 1960 with letterhead CSC. This letter outlined the national appeal for MORTON SOBELL's Program for Freedom Week End, Washington, D.C., November 19, 20, 21, 1960. The letter reads as follows:

"PROGRAM FOR FREEDOM WEEKEND WASHINGTON, D.C. - NOVEMBER 19th, 20th, 21st, 1960

EXHIBIT Specially assembled National Exhibition 'Americans Appeal for Morton Sobell'. The visual impact of Democracy in Action. Open to public Friday, November 18, thru Sunday, November 20.

RECEPTION Gathering of visitors and honored guests.

The Hotel Shoreham, Bird Cage Walk, Saturday, Nov. 19th

- 5:30 P.M.

"Sobell

FREEDOM

BANQUET

PANEL

HOUSE

PRAYER

The Hotel Shoreham, West Ballroom, Saturday,

November 19 - 7:00 P.M.

Invocation by Rev. Nelson C. Pierce, Washington, D.C.

Honored Speakers:

Burns Chalmers - of the American Friends Service Comm., Wash., D.C.

Harold A. Cranefield - Attorney, Detroit, Michigan Rev. John Paul Jones - Ashfield, Massachusetts Mrs. Helen Sobell

Rabbi Jacob J. Weinstein - Mational Chairman of the Committee for Labor Israel, Chicago, Illinois

Chairman: Gerhardt Van Arkel - Attorney, Washington, D.C.

'Facts and Issues in the Sobell Case'

Prof. Thomas Emerson, Yale Law School Further Support for Morton Sobell's Release

Group Discussion

The Hotel Shoreham, West Ballroom, Sunday, November -20, 2:00 P.M.

A sundown prayer for Morton Sobell's freedom at the White House Sunday, November 20, 5:00 P.M.

Led by Rev. Alva Tompkins, Olivet Presbyterian Church,

Chicago, Ill.

DELEGATIONS

A day of visiting government representatives on behalf of Morton Sobell's release - Monday, November 21, 1960

Reservations for the banquet may be made at ten dollars per plate. There is no admission charge for the other events. If you are interested in attending, add a note in the return envelope."

CG T-1 - 11/3/60)

Rabbi JACOB J. WEINSTEIN

Rabbi JACOB J. WEINSTEIN's name appeared on the letterhead stationery of the Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights (CCDBR) as of November, 1960 in the position of honorary chairman.

(CG T-1 - 11/28/60)

ALVA TOMPKINS, Chicago Minister, Acting in Behalf of MORTON SOBELL

Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS as of February 11, 1960, was Chairman of the American Forum for Socialist Education (AFSE) in Chicago.

(CG T-19 - 2/11/60)

of the White House Police, assigned to the West Gate, advised SAS O. MICHAEL SMASAL and PHILIP G. JACKSON that Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS of Chicago, Illinois, was one of the individuals who led a group of people to the White House on November 21, 1960, to request permission to present a petition to President DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER to secure the release of MORTON SOBELL. Reverend TOMPKINS was one of two chosen from the delegation to see Reverend FREDERICK FOX of the White House staff to present the petition to him. The petition asked that the president use his effice to urge a new trial for MORTON SOBELL or grant him clemency by commutation of his sentence.

Source furnished a letter dated November 10, 1960, from CSC, 208 North Wells Street, Room 309-1, Chicago, Illinois. The letter was addressed to "Dear Friend".

The letter discussed the planned "freedom week end" scheduled to be held in Washington, D.C., during the period of November 19-21, 1960. It was noted that Chicago activity in connection with the "freedom week end" involved the printing of 18,700 pieces of literature and a mailing to 3,500 ministers and

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rabbis in the Chicago and Illinois area. It was further noted that over 350 clergymen had joined the 'appeal to the President on behalf of MORTON SOBELL' which was the best response from any area in the U.S. It was noted that the foregoing activity had cost the committee \$592 and it further noted that the expense of the delegation of clergymen and representatives to the 'freedom week end' would be \$500.

It then noted that the above activities had left the committee 'strapped and in debt' and an appeal was made for funds.

(CG T-1 - 11/14/60)

On November 16, 1960, a source furnished a letter received by the source on the letterhead of Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell. The letter read in part as follows:

"Dear Fellow Lawyer:

"I would like to call your attention to a Washington event of possible interest to lawyers.

"There has been an increasing belief that an injustice was done in the case of Morton Sobell, now in his lith year of confinement and under a 30-year sentence imposed on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage in the Rosenberg case. An independent inquiry by a group that included Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr of the Union Theological Seminary and Professor Edmond Cahn of the New York University Law School resulted in the conclusion that the case against Mr. Sobell was 'vague in content and slender in proof' and that the sentence should be commuted."

The third paragraph stated that Professor THOMAS I.
EMERSON of the Yale Law School had made a study of the case and will
present his views in a panel discussion at Washington, D.C. on
November 20, 1960. It mentioned that this was part of a national
appeal for freedom of MORTON SOBELL. The author of the letter,
MALCOLM SHARP, Professor of Law, University of Chicago, maintains
in the letter that it was a matter close to his heart and he hoped
that the addressees would avail themselves of the opportunity to
hear the case discussed. The source was of the opinion that the
letter was sent to the attorneys on the Lawyer's Directory.

(CG T-20 - 11/16/60)

MALCOLM SHARP

A booklet entitled "The legacy of Abner Green" was issued by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (ACPFB) for the 27th National Convention of the ACPFB held December 19-20, 1959 at the Hotel Belmont Plaza, New York City. The inside cover of this booklet lists MALCOLM SHARP from Chicago as a sponsor of this convention.

(CG T-21 - 12/24/59)

ABNER GREEN

of the Review Commission of the CP, New York State, who was expelled from the CP radvised on January 5, 1954, that he had seen ABNER GREEN at National Group Commission meetings and CP Conventions prior to 1950

In August, 1959, ABNER GREEN, Former Chairman of the ACPFB, died following an operation for a tumor on the brain 1970,

(CG T-13 - August, 1959)

AMERICAN FORUM FOR SOCIALIST EDUCATION, Also Known as American Forum

According to an article appearing in the May 13, 1957 issue of the "Daily Worker", page 1, column 2, A. J. MUSTE, "well known pacifist," announced the formation of the American Forum for Socialist Education (AFSE). According to this article, the American Forum seeks to promote "study and serious untrammeled political discussions among all elements that think of themselves as related to historic socialist and labor traditions, values and objectives. . .however deep and bitter their differences may have been."

This article reflects that a forty member Mational Committee had been established and, according to MUSTE, these persons served has individuals and not as delegated representatives of any group.

MUSTE, according to this article, stated that the American Forum is not a membership organization and does not propose to promote united action by various parties or groups, mergers or new organizations.

The article reflects that among ether purposes, the AFSE seeks to call attention to the various publications of the groups whose people engage in discussion; to publish bulletins or pamphlets; to erganize regional and national conferences; contribute to the building of new morale and ethic, a spirit of fair play, labor militancy, determination and hope among the progressive and radical forces in this country.

The "Daily Worker" is an East Coast Communist daily news-

On May 24, 1960, Reverend ALVA TOMPKINS, Chairman of the AFSE in Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed under appropriate pretext by an Agent of the FBI. TOMPKINS stated that while the AFSE eriginated in New York, no guidance or control has ever been exercised by the AFSE in New York ever the AFSE in Chicago; however, the AFSE in Chicago has been guided by the precepts of the New York group.

TOMPKINS stated that the AFSE is a broad forum which includes members from various "liberal groups" on its executive committee including such persons as FRED FINE and JACK SPIEGEL.

According to a source, FRED FINE is a former member of the National Committee, Communist Party, USA (CP), who resigned in October, 1958, from the CP because of policy differences.

According to a second source, JACK SPIEGEL was a member of a shoe workers group in the Johnstone Section, CP of Illinois, until the latter part of 1955, at which time he officially dropped out of the Party because he had signed a Non-Communist affidavit with the National Labor Relations Board.

The CP, USA, has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

CHICAGO COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE BILL OF RIGHTS

The Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights (CCDBR) maintains headquarters in Room 811, 189 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A source, on October 31, 1960, advised that the CCDBR was formally launched as an organization at a meeting held in Chicago, Illinois on October 26, 1960. Officers named at this meeting were Rev. WILLIAM T. BAIRD, Executive Director, and RICHARD CRILEY, Executive Secretary. The stated purpose of this new organization was the abolishment of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA).

Concerning the Rev. WILLIAM T. BAIRD, it is noted that a letterhead of the Midwest Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (MCPFB) dated May 19, 1960, identifies BAIRD as Honorary Chairman of the MCPFB.

Concerning RICHARD CRILEY, it is to be noted that CARL NELSON, 3093 West North Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, on May 5, 1959, appeared before a Subcommittee of the HCUA at a hearing held on that date in Chicago, Illinois. During the course of his testimony, CARL NELSON admitted to Communist Party (CP) membership for the period from 1934 - 1949, and during the course of his testimony advised the Committee that RICHARD CRILEY was known to him as a member of the Section Committee of the CP of the Packinghouse Industry, while he, NELSON, was a member of the CP.

The first source, on October 27, 1960, advised that RICHARD CRILEY had commented that the Chicago Committee to Defend Democratic Rights (CCDDR) "is no more" and that soon a meeting of the CCDDR "associates" will be held and the CCDDR formally dissolved. All assets of the CCDDR will be turned over to the CCDBR and the new organization will continue to utilize the same office space, mailing address, and other facilities of the CCDDR.

A second source advised on October 28, 1960 as follows:

Subsequent to the meeting of October 26, 1960, RICHARD CRILEY met with many officers of the CP of Illinois at which time an extensive discussion was carried on regarding the decisions of the meeting at which the CCDBR was formed.

CRILEY noted that for the first time since the Civil Rights Congress (CRC) there has been created a nationally co-ordinated drive against the "eroding of the First Amendment in the American way of life." The concentration point in this drive is the HCUA since it is the "arch that ties all other things together."

It is to be noted that the CP, USA and the CRC are organizations which have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

CHICAGO COMMITTEE TO DEFEND DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS, formerly known as the Chicago Joint Defense Committee to Defeat the Smith Act

The Chicago Committee to Defend Democratic Rights (CCDDR) maintains offices in Room 811, 189 West Madison Street, Chicago 2, Illinois.

A source advised on April 15, 1958, that the Chicago Joint Defense Committee to Defeat the Smith Act (CJDC) was formed by the Communist Party (CP) in March, 1956.

A second source advised on July 17, 1958, that at a working conference of the CJDC held on June 8, 1958, at Chicago, Illinois, the name of the CJDC was changed to the CCDDR. The purpose of the CCDDR, according to its "Statement of Principles and Organization" was to "....defend and extend the human rights embodied in the Bill of Rights....and to put an end to the political and racial persecutions which threaten American democracy today."

The second source further advised on May 18, 1960, that as of May, 1960, the CCDDR continued to function within the framework of its stated principles and that in accordance with its "Statement of Principles and Organization" had a number of "Working Committees" which included the Chicago Smith Act Families Committee, South Side Freedom Committee and Taft-Hartley Working Committee. The source further stated that as of May, 1960, RICHARD CRILEY was serving as the Executive Secretary of the CCDDR.

RICHARD CRILEY, according to a third source, was a member of the State Committee, CP of Illinois, as of May, 1960.

CHICAGO COUNCIL OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP

EDWIN GORDON FOX, 7147 Jeffrey Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, (now deceased), made available in January, 1954, the "First Annual Report CCASF", an undated publication which stated that the Chicago Council of American Soviet Friendship (CCASF) was incorporated in July, 1943. This document stated, "The Council's affiliation with the National Council of American Soviet Friendship (NCASF) was validated August 11, (1943). The present name was adopted to conform to standard national practice. It should be noted, however, that the Chicago Council is entirely autonomous; the government of its affairs rests exclusively in the hands of its Chicago Executive Board."

A source advised on May 25, 1960, that the Board of Directors of the CCASF held a meeting on May 24, 1960 and during this meeting discussed a proposed draft of objectives for the Council for the year 1960. This draft, among other things, reiterated that the main aims of the Council were peaceful co-existence and friendship with the U.S.S.R.

This same source also advised on May 25, 1960, that the CCASF remains affiliated with the NCASF for the purpose of implementing its stated aims of peaceful co-existence and friend-ship with the U.S.S.R., but continues to consider itself autonomous in the government of its affairs and program for achieving these aims. Although the CCASF considers itself autonomous in this regard, the leaders of the CCASF are frequently in contact with and its program closely follows that of the NCASF.

CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTEE, Also Known As Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

On September 27, 1960, a source stated that the address of the above captioned organization is Room 309-1, 208 North Wells Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Source advised on May 23, 1960, that the Chicago Sobell Committee, which is also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, and was formerly known as Chicago Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, is a small group of volunteers who do Sobell fund raising and programing in the Chicago area. The Chicago Committee, since its inception in 1952, has been an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, which is also known as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and was formerly known as the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, with headquarters in New York.

Source said that to his knowledge this committee has no full-time employees nor any volunteers who have national positions or titles. DAVID SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind this committee and they are assisted by GERTRUDE SOLTKER, wife of DAVID SOLTKER, and former chairman of this committee who continues to be active in Sobell activities.

Another source advised during May 1960, that the Chicago Sobell Committee maintains a bank account at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, lll South Dearborn, Chicago, Illinois, and that DAVID SOLTKER is listed in this bank account as the Secretary of the Chicago Sobell Committee.

The above information cannot be made public except in the usual proceedings following issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

The files of the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the names of DAVID and GERTRUDE SOLTKER appear as signers on the Communist Party (CP) election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

Another source in 1943 advised that GERTRUDE SOLTKER, as of 1943 was a member of the CP.

Another source furnished information in 1949 which indicates that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was Vice Chairman of the Congress of American Women.

The CP and the Congress of American Women have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies Ethel and Julius Rosenberg in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell', the Rosenbergs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case - a communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953 and 'them as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'. . "

(Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated January 2, 1957, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 60.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell", first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1959-1960 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE CHICAGO CHAPTER

A source advised in October, 1960, that the Chicago Chapter of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) was formed during the summer of 1960 at Chicago, Illinois, under the direct guidance and leadership of RICHARD CRILEY, a member of the State Committee, Communist Party (CP) of Illinois. The Chicago Chapter, FPCC, maintains no headquarters at Chicago, but receives mail through Post Office Box 4555, Chicago 80, Illinois. Its meetings are held in public halls or homes of individual members.

A second source, in August, 1960, furnished a leaflet entitled, "What is Really Happening in Cuba?", distributed by the FPCC, Post Office Box 4555, Chicago 80, Illinois. The aims and purposes of the FPCC as set forth in this leaflet include the following: "To disseminate the truth, to combat untruth; to publish and distribute factual information which the United States mass media suppresses. In general, to contribute to foundations for peace, friendship and understanding between ourselves and the Cuban people." The leaflet reflects the FPCC plans to accomplish these aims: "By mailing of informational bulletins; organizing public meetings and forums; providing speakers, movies and slides for meetings of interested organizations; placing ads in newspapers; to visit Cuba and see for themselves what conditions really are."

The first source added that at a meeting of the Chicago Chapter, FPCC, held in Chicago and the Total 1960, it was mentioned that the membership dues in the FPCC were \$5 per year and it was decided by those present at the meeting that payment of the \$5 dues would entitle one to dual membership in the national organization as well as the Chicago Chapter.

This same source advised that as of October, 1960, this Committee continued to exist, with the same aims and purposes and under the same direction.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960 edition of the "New York Times", a daily New York City newspaper, carried a full page advertisement captioned "What is Really Happening in Cuba?" The article maintained that the United States press has made certain charges against Cuba which are not true and the Fair Play for Cuba Committee was organized to tell the truth about Cuba in the interest of fair play. The advertisement closes with a note which states "This public appeal for fair play for Cuba has the support of a group of thinking individuals holding a variety of political persuasions, representing no one but themselves, linked here by a single common concern for the overriding principle of justice, which is always an issue whenever partisan interests clash with simple truth."

COMMITTEE FOR FREEDOM OF THE PRESS, also known as Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press

A source advised on May 23, 1960, that the Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press (ICFP) was formed in the latter part of November, 1951, and then, as now, was composed of a band of Communist Party (CP) members and sympathizers, who activate when fund raising drives and subscription campaigns are necessary for the welfare of "The Worker".

Another source advised on May 23, 1960, that the Committee for Freedom of the Press, also known as the Illinois Committee for Freedom of the Press, cannot be separated from the CP itself. It is not an organization as such with a program, elected officers, offices, etc. In fact, it is an arm of the CP and in the main is used by the CP to further the subscription drives of "The Worker" and for the CP to utilize as a name only to sponsor CP meetings which otherwise would have to be held under the announced sponsorship of the CP.

This source advised in May, 1960, that the purpose of the use of the name Freedom of the Press Committee, instead of the CP, at meetings is to increase attendance by those individuals who otherwise would not attend if the meetings were in the announced sponsorship of the CP.

The CP, USA has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

"The Worker" is an East coast Communist weekly newspaper.

ILLINOIS COMMITTEE FOR PEACEFUL ALTERNATIVES

Source, on May 20, 1960, advised that the Illinois Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (ICPA) was founded at the St. James Methodist Church, 4611 South Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, on May 29, 1950. Source stated that this committee was once an affiliate of the now defunct National Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (NCPA).

Source further advised that the ICPA was composed of intellectual and religious workers and its program called for negotiated peace and for peaceful settlement of all differences between nations. The committee advocated more friendship internationally and was opposed to the so-called "cold war" aggressive foreign policy of the United States.

The same source, on January 6, 1961, advised that the South Shore Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (SSCPA), the last remaining division of the ICPA, dissolved on December 18, 1960. Source said that DOROTHY HAYES was Chairman of the SSCPA at the time of its dissolution.

During July, 1960, another source advised that DOROTHY HAYES, as of that date, was a member of the State Committee of the Communist Party (CP) of Illinois.

Chicago, Illinois, a member of the Chirom about 1944 to 1948, advised on June 26, 1957, that the NCPA was formed as a result of the Mid-Century Conference for Peace held in Chicago about May, 1950, with the initiating force being the Committee for Peaceful Alternatives (CPA) of New York. According to the source, subsequently local chapters were formed in various states, including Illinois, and the NCPA became known as the CPA. This national organization continued to exist in Chicago until about 1955, when it became defunct. According to the source, the stated purposes of the organization generally were to promote peace through negotiation, to prevent atomic wars, and promote peaceful coexistence. It was a broad mass organization consisting of people interested in peace, including ministers, intellectuals, scientists, etc. The organization was infiltrated by and used, but never controlled by the CP.

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD CHICAGO CHAPTER

A source advised on June 22, 1960, that it was his understanding that the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) was formed around 1936 in New York City and that the Chicago Chapter of the NLG (CCNLG) was formed shortly thereafter, possibly in 1937, by a group of liberal progressive lawyers in protest against the non-liberal, non-progressive American Bar Association. The CCNLG has no established headquarters but occasionally uses the return addresses of its officials on literature. The current CCNLG President is PEARL M. HART, who is also a member of the NLG National Executive Board.

On June 23 and 26, 1951, LOUIS F. BUDENZ, former national Communist Party (CP) functionary, advised that PEARL HART, a Chicago attorney, was introduced to him as a member of the CP. He also reported that he was repeatedly advised through repeatedly instructions to him from national Committee meetings, and through instructions to him from national CP leaders, that hart continued to be a member of the CP up to at least October, 1945.

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The National Lawyers Guild has been cited as a Communist front which "is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions" and which "since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents".

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally released September 17, 1950.)

MIDWEST COMMITTEE FOR PROTECTION OF FOREIGN BORN

The Midwest Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (MCPFB) maintains offices at Room 406, 189 West Madison Street, Chicago 2, Illinois.

On July 16, 1947, to about 1948; advised that the MCPFB was founded at a conference held in Chicago, Illinois, on May 25, 1947, and that the MCPFB was to operate as the Midwest organization of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born (ACPFB).

On May 5, 1955, a source advised that in a "Statement of Principles" issued in April, 1955, by the MCPFB, it was noted that "The purpose of the Midwest Committee shall be to seek to perpetuate for the foreign born the fundamental concepts of equality regardless of race, color, creed, nationality, political belief or place of birth, and to preserve the basic ideals of liberty and hospitality which serve as the guarantees of democracy for all Americans."

A second source, as of May 19, 1960, advised that the MCPFB continued to function as the Midwest organization of the ACPFB and still adhered to its "Statement of Principles" last published in 1955.



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SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY CHICAGO BRANCH

A source advised on July 12, 1960, that it was hisunderstanding that the currently active Chicago Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was one of the founding branches of the SWP at a 1938 Chicago Trotskyist Convention, and it follows the aims and principles of the SWP which maintains national headquarters in New York City.

Members of the Chicago Branch serve on the SWP National Committee and per capita membership dues and a sustaining fund quota are sent by this branch on a monthly basis to SWP National Headquarters.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order #10450.

SECRET



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

> Chicago, Illinois Feb /6, /94/

100-25530

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent Daniel J. Hurley dated and captioned as above at Chicago.

All confidential informants and sources used in referenced report and also those used in the Appendix Section to characterize organizations have furnished reliable information in the past.

This memorandum contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency: it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTEE, Also Known As Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

On February 2, 1961, a source stated that the address of the above captioned organization is Room 309-1, 208 North Wells Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Source advised on February 2, 1961, that the Chicago Sobell Committee, which is also known as Chicago Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, and was formerly known as Chicago Rosenberg-Sobell Committee and Chicago Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, is a small group of volunteers who do Sobell fund raising and programing in the Chicago area. The Chicago Committee, since its inception in 1952, has been an affiliate of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, which is also known as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and was formerly known as the National Committee to Secure Justice to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, with head-quarters in New York.

Source said that to his knowledge this committee has no full-time employees nor any volunteers who have national positions or titles. DAVID SOLTKER and SYLVIA LEVINSON appear to be the guiding forces behind this committee and they are assisted by GERTRUDE SOLTKER, wife of DAVID SOLTKER, and former chairman of this committee who continues to be active in Sobell activities.

Another source advised during January, 1968, that the Chicago Sobell Committee maintains a bank account at the Ameliansted Trust and Savings Bank, lll South Dearborn, Chicago Jas the Secretary of the Chicago Sobell Committee.

The above information cannot be made public except in the usual proceedings following issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

Activities, House of Representatives, as reviewed in August, 1943, reflected that the names of DAVID and GERTRUDE SOLTKER appear as signers on the Communist Party election petition submitted to the State of Illinois in 1940.

Another source in 1943 advised that GERTRUDE SOLTKER, as of 1943, was a member of the Communist Party.

ENCLOSURE 65-5AJ36 -

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED /

Another source furnished information in 1949 which indicates that at that time SYLVIA LEVINSON was Vice Chairman of the Congress of American Vomen.

The Communist Party and the Congress of American Women have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

SOURCES:

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Anonymous Source

(Requested) 67C 67D

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and the identities must be protected.

All sources used have furnished reliable information in the past.

DATE: 5/5/61 DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236) SAC, NEW YORK (65-15348) AUSA ELWARD R. CUNNIFFE advised on 5/4/61. that a deciaton concerning the disposition of the evidence in this case has not been reached as yet: This ease will be continued in a P* status and the USA's Office will be recontacted again within LL INFORMATION CONTAINED (65-58236) 58 MAY 121961