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F.O.I.A.

JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL.

FILE DESCRIPTION

H& FILE

SUBJECT _ ROSENBERL

FILE NO. 65-58236

VOLUME NO. 42

SERIALS

2401 then

2429

	File No: 45	-5823) pect 42	6 Re: Julius and Ethe	l Ko	seni	berg	Date:(mont	h/year)
	Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. o	f Pages Released	Exemptions us (Identify state	ned or, to whom refer ute if (b)(3) cited)	red
	2401	11/5/65	Halet Ny	2	2	Ы		
	NR	9/11/65	Branigan to Sullivan	/	1:	bic b2		
<u> </u>	NR	9/20/65	HQ let AL	1.	1	bac be		
	NR	9/10/65	Ha let Dog	1	1,			
	NR	9/21/65	3rd party let HQ and end	1/2/1	1/2/1			
	NR	9/29/65	Halet 3 Pdouty	1.	1.			
-	NR	11/2/165	SAC let 65-60	1.				
	2402	10/16/65	Sullwan memo to Belmont	3	3	be bre bris		
_		1/17/105	Haletiny	2	2	Ы	,	
-	NR.	12/1/65	Brangan Mensot Sullivan	2	2			
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ر _ک	404	12/27/65	Halitny	1	1.	b1 .
	UR_	12/29/65	Halit Dat	1.	<i> -</i>	b2 b7D
	VŔ	12/28/65	Branigar memoto Sullivar	/)	
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_2		261	AL lit HQ	1	1 -	br brc
		3/.	NK Let HQ	1	1:	br bre
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NR	6/7/66	NK let HQ	1		b2 b1c
NR	7/27/46	NK lit HQ	1	1	be bre
NR	9/22/66	NK lit HQ	1.		b1 b2 b2
2409	10/11/6	Ha lit NY	1.	<i>J</i> :	Ы
NR	2/10/66	BS let Haand encl.	3/17	3/14	b1. b2 b2 b7)
NR	78/66	ry let Ha	4	4	(b1 b2 bac bas
NR	, 2/25/46	Ha let Dos	2		- ·
NR	2/25/66	Ha let 3 Rd party	1	1.	
NR	2/24/166	Branigan memoto Sullivan	2	2	
NR	10/ /		5	3.	61 670
NR	10/14/66	SA memoto SAC, NY	6	5	b1 b7D
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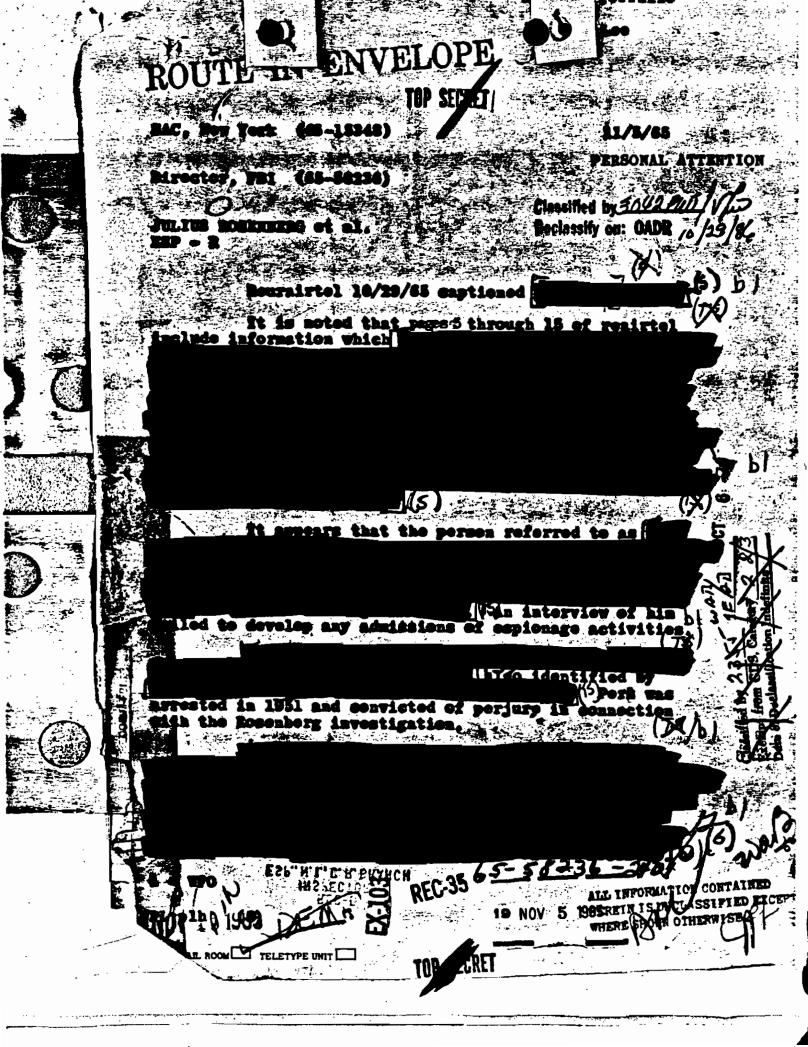
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	2411	12/6/67	Ha let 3Rd party and end.	1/3	1/3				
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	5-58234 sut 42	e Rosenbergo					Date:(m	onth/year)
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2416	4/30/69	CV alt HO and end.	160	1/20			·	
2417	5/2/69	Branigan memoto Sullivan	2	ر ا	pac			
NR	4/30/69	CV TT HQ	5	5	bre		<i>j</i>	
2418	5/6/69	CV alT Hambend,	1/2	1/2				
2419	5/7/69	Laufman let Ha and enc.	1/3	1/3/	676			
2420	5/19/69	Branian memo to Sullivan	4,	1/1			·	
NR	4/24/69	Marshall memo to Tavel		/				
2421	4/18/69	CV let Ha	/	1				
NR	8/14/109	LA let Haandend.	Y, .	1/1	boc			
NR	1413/69	Jones memo to Bishop	2	2			·····	
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2422	2/6/70	Halet Ny and end.	4	1/1	
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2424	2/24/70	Brangan memote Sullivan	2	ع ا	b? c 62
2425	2/17/20	Ny let Horand end.	1/104	1/104	boc 670
2426	3/17/20	Ny let HQ and end.	14	1/9	bz 676 67D
NR	2/25/106	Ha let 3rd party	/	J	
2428	4/23/70	Branejan memo & Sullivan	1.	1.	
_NR	3/18/10	LA let HQ	/		boc boD
	3/31/66	NK lot HR	1	1.	bz b>c b>D
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			130	130	0 0 0
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	i				



et to BAC, Now York In connection with the above, it is noted that Jerome Bugene Tartakev, former fellow prisoner with Julius Resemberg in the Federal Bouse of Detention, advised that Julius Rosenberg described Weinstein as the ast person regruited into his network. In addition. You should exrefully review the Rosenberg II determine the persons considered most likely to be identical with members of the ring still living in the U.S. Ten shoul also review the individual case files of those persons wear mentioned above. It is noted that the names of Joel Bar and Alfred Sarant are not included since both of these individuals have been outside the U.S. for many years. Upon completion of these reviews, you should submit you recommendations for investigative action to be taken an effort to determine if any attempts are made to reposed the members of the Rosenberg ring. Such recommendation should be made with the main thought in mind that an enti-should be taken which might jeopardise the security of the

1 - Mr. Eelmont 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Inspection Division 9/17/65

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

W. A. Branigan

1 - Crime Records Division

- Mr. Aull

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (Espionage)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

BACKGROUND:

DATE SIS BY 2042 PWT/NLC In August of 1965 a book entitled "Invitation to an Inquest" written by Walter and Miriam Schneir was published. This book, in summary, contains conclusions designed to discredit Harry Gold, a Government witness who testified in the case involving Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, executed spies, and implies that the Government's case against Morton Sobell, who was involved with the Rosenbergs in espionage activities, was false.

Information has been received from the New York Office indicating that the Schneirs will begin a "national tour" of major cities in the United States as well as several cities in Canada to publicize and sell their book. This tour was announced in a recent letter from the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell. It is believed advisable to alert all Offices of the contemplated tour of the Schneirs and that all Offices be instructed to direct any inquires concerning the authors or the book to the attention of the Crime Records Division at the Bureau. The Crime Records Division agrees with the course of action suggested above.

In this connection, it should be noted that the Schneirs spent approximately five years preparing this book

From the very outset 1t was evident that the Schneirs intended to discredit Harry Gold.

RECOMMENDATION:

There is attached for your approval a letter to all Offices alerting the Offices to the tour mentioned above and instructing that any inquiries concerning the Schneirs or the publication be directed to the Eurcau.

· mc b2

Enclosure DUPLICATE YELLOW 1 - Foreign Liaison Unit

NOT RECORDED

- 101-2483 (Sobell) - 65-58236 (Rosenberg)

1 - 100-387835 (Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell) `A:plh (11)

mc

tr. Sullivan Branissa

etica Division 1 - Crime Records Division

l - Br. Iull

BAC, Albany

Director, MI 65-5823 6

DOERIGEDS - SOMELL CASE DOG BY WALTER AND MINIAM SCHOOLS

In August, 1906, a book outitled "Invitation to an Inquest" written by Valter and Misian Schneit und published. This book, in substance, sets forth implications and excelusions designed to discredit Marry Gold, a Government so, and implies that the United States Government's case against Julius and Ethol Resemberg, executed spice, and Morton Robell was false,

Information has been received at the Percan that the Schoolse will begin a "netional tous" which will include major cities in the United States and Canada to publicing and cell the book. This tour was announced in a recent letter from the Committee to Secure Justice for Morten School.

All investigative personnel abould be alerted for sectings in your territory and any inquiries directed to you concerning the authors or the publication should be referred to the Bureau, Attention Crime Records Division,

- ALL OFFICE

- Foreign Linison Unit (Route through for review)
- 1 101-9488 (Bobell) **的一直**图12 20 12 20 15 15 15 bic bz D- 64-58236 (Recenteral
 - 1 109-357535 (Coumittee to Secure Justice for Morton Scholl)

VAA:plb (130)

Rranigan to Sullivan, dated 9/17/65,4 continued (Espionage)" propared by WAA:plb. Missellaneous - Information

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CONFICENTIAL

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50 OCT

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Delcach
2 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Lee

Mr. J. Valter Yeagley Assistant Attorney General

September 10, 1965

Director, TRI

MORTOS SOBELL REPIONAGE - RUSSIA ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 9 5 86 BY 30 42 Partiple

Enclosed for your information is a copy of a letter received from Eunstler, Eunstler and Kinoy, attorneys for Norten Sobell. There is also enclosed a copy of our reply to this letter.

For your information, in June, 1950, this Bureau obtained a copy of the hotel registration card of Marry Gold at the Hilton Hotel, Albuquerque, for June 3, 1945. It was noted that the stamp on the back of the card was June 4 while the handwritten date on the front of the card was June 3. At that time Fletcher Brumit, Mesident Manager of the Hilton Hotel, was queried concerning this discrepancy and he stated that all registration cards received on June 3, 1945, were stamped June 4 and he offered the opinion that through mechanical error the time and date stamp machine erroneously set the date as June 4,

For your further information, the original registration card of Harry Gold at the Hilton Hotel, Albuquerque, for June 3, 1948, was returned to the hotel. Inquiry has developed information that the hotel has destroyed all its registration cards prior to 1957. For your additional information, the original registration card of Harry Gold at Hilton Hotel for September 19, 1948, was destroyed in the normal course of operations by our New York Office.in 1960.

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101-0495

Inclosures - 1

NOT RECORDED 191 SEP 14 1965

1 - New York (Enclosures - 2)

1- 65-50236 (Rosenberg)

SPL:plb (10) NOTE:

same Bantion, prepared by JFL:plh.

DUPLICATE YELLOW

ORIGINAL FILED IN /0 1- 2 4 83

Mr. DeLoach Mr. Casper. Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad. Mr. Pelt. Mr. Gale_ Mr. Rosen. Mr. Sullivas. Mr. Tavel Mr. Trotter. Tele. Room Miss Holmes Miss Gandy. Mrs. Henry L. Petri 97 Handy Road, Grosse Pointe Farms 36, Michigan JULIUS MOSENBERG Sept 21,1965 tover: what manner of peap accuse the F. B. I. of falsifying lying, contriving Jalsely? au what kind I man given it a Jayonabu neview Best regards, Chan B. 29/0-79/con

Mr. Tolson... Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr... Lines

Briteritaunmen:

Sunday,

Music

'INVITATION TO AN INQUEST

New Doubts in the

Rosenberg Case

BY BILL CONNOLLY

It has been 14 years since Morton Sobell and Julius and Ethel Rosenberg were tried in New York and convicted of giving atomic secrets to the Soviet Union. It has been 12 years since the Rosenbergs were executed.

But the controversy over their fate is far from ended. It has, in fact, probably begun anew with Invitation to an Inquest (Doubleday, \$5.95) by Walter and Miriam Schneir, who may well have written the most important book to come out of the Rosenberg case.

It begins with a somewhat lengthy recounting of the Atomic Age's dawn, then grows a bit heavy-handed in its treatment of the trial and reverts to verbosity in describing the long legal battle to upset the verdict.

There is a moving description of the Rosenbergs' torment during their two years' confinement awaiting execution, told largely through letters they exchanged from diffarent wings of Sing S ing's death house.

With all of that introduction

out of the way, the Schneirs conduct their inquest with frightening skill. They have done their homework well, having poured over trial records, sifted through attorneys notes and visited persons and places connected with the case.

Though the trial record is replete with examples, the Schneirs devote little attention to the inept handling of the case by Emanuel Bloch, the Rosenbergs' attorney.

They dwell heavily on the inflammatory role of the press, which acted with ample assistance from the government. That defect a lone, though, would not seem to make the Rosenberg-Sobell case noteworthy. Can Jack Ruby, for example, get a fair trial in any American courtroom, let alone any Texas courtroom?

The Schneirs have found evidence to suggest forgery on the part of FBI agents who turned up a hotel registration card used in the trial to prove that Harry Gold, an admitted Russian spy, was in New Mexico to pick up secret material from David Greenglass, Rosenberg's brother-in-law and accuser.

They have found weak spots and inconsistencies between Gold's testimony at the trial, when he remembered everything in rich detail, and his conversations with his atticneys before the trial, when he could recall nothing at all about the meeting with Greenglass, the incident on which the case against the Rosenbergs was based.

They have found further inconsistencies between Gold's trial testimony and his testimony before congressional committees later.

The Schneirs have un - covered evidence to indicate that Greenglass lied about his financial condition at the time of the alleged spying and that the prosecution presented evidence that showed his balance sheet falsely.

The book concludes that Sobell and the Rosenbergs were unjustly convicted and, moreover, that they were "punished for a crime that never occurred."

The Schneirs' thesis is that Gold and Greenglass fabricated the whole story with the FBI's help — Greenglass to avoid prosecution for the ft from the Army while he was stationed at Los Alamos, and Gold to make himself famous and important, as he had always dreamed of being.

The conclusion is strained

7 LT 65 58 236

ENGLOSURE

ENCL OSUME





THE GREENGLASSES, David and Ruth, in passport photos that may not have been passport photos at all: some of the not-completely-explained evidence of the Rosenberg spy case re-examined in "Invitation to an Inquest."

and unlikely. The evidence is good, but it doesn't fully support the belief that the crime never took place. That, however, is more than a defend-

ant is expected to do in the American system of jurisprudence.

And the Schneirs' evidence is good enough to prove a reasonable doubt and, therefore, that the Rosenbergs' execution was "naked of the justification in which it was clothed."

DATE 85/8 E BOY2 PUT / NEC

65-58236-

- ENCECSTOR

Mr. Callahan. Mr. Conrad. Mr. Felt. Mr. Gale Mr. Rosen Tele. Room. Miss Hames Miss Gandy.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

"Sept 21, 1965

Dear Mr. Hoover:

What manner of people accuse the F. B. L. of falsifying, lying, coniving falsely?

And what kind of man gives it a favorable review?

Best regards,

Mae B. Petri"

all 4-29 of BTP/thai COPY: cb

Collahan Contad _

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to

November 2, 1965

WASHINGTON, D.C. 2053\$

(A) ROSENBERG - SOBELL CASE - BOOK BY WALTER AND MIRIAM SCHNEIR -- A letter to all Offices dated September 20, 1965, advised of the publication of a book entitled "Invitation to an Inquest" by Walter and Miriam Schneir which implied that the Government's case against Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell was false. In addition, you were informed that the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell announced a "national tour" by the Schneirs of major cities in the United States and Canada to publicize and sell the book.

Additional information has been received that in connection with this tour attempts will be made to get the Schneirs on television programs throughout the country. Their main aim is to get on a nation-wide television program, thus obtaining major publicity for this book.

All Offices should be alert to any indication of such action and immediately notify the Bureau in the event information is received indicating such an attempt on the part of the authors.

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NOV 5 1965

POLITY TO JAON

OLIGINAL FILES IN

It had to be expedited because wanted an answer right matter. laway. Sacret

that from talking to the Scheirs also told he got the impression that someone is behind a nationwide effort traction FBI by putting these authors and their book on as

WCS:mls (9)

OT

FROM

CONTINUED - OVER

Memo to Mr. Belmont RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG; ETHEL ROSENBERG; ESPIONAGE - R

television stations as possible throughout the country.

As I see it, the first thing we should do in this matter is to take careful steps to secure the cooperation of friendly television stations and prevent this subversive effort from being successful. It should be kept off television programs and smothered and forced out of the public eye thereby. However, if this is successful and the authors are going on television around the country, then it would be necessary for us to give immediate consideration to ways of refuting and exposing the book, and putting the authors in proper perspective.

\$ [n]

b76

RECOMMENDATION:

(1) That this Division start preparing an exhaustive brief refuting this book to be held in readiness in the event that it is needed urgently.

(2) That an SAC letter be prepared alerting all field offices to the situation so that they can learn in advance of efforts to put this book and its authors on television programs and be prepared to take steps to prevent it.

SEE ADDENDUM ON PAGE 3.

- 2 - <u>****</u>

ADDENDUM: CDD:mlk, 10/18/65

Steps have already been taken in New York and by various "contacts" of ours to refute the book written by the Schneirs. Judge Irving Kaufman has been furnished certain public source information and is having a lengthy letter written to the Editor of the "New York Times." a syndicated columnist, is also doing this. A number of Catholic publications will also assist in this matter. Nevertheless, I think Mr. Sullivan's recommendation is good and that we should proceed accordingly.

of V gal

gr.

Bufiles show that the Rosenbergs had two sens. Michael Allen born 3/10/43 and Robert Harry born 5/14/47. These children were adopted in 1958 by Mr. and Mrs. Abel Meeropol and are currently using that name, The eldest !! !! son is the subject of a case entitled "Michael Allage. 7 Heeropel, Security Estters - C; Bufile 100-439808, 65 MYfile 100-150350." A review of that file shows that Michael graduated from Swarthmore College, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, in June, 1964. On June 29, 1964, he 12 NOV 18 1965 obtained an American passport for the purpose of traveling to Great Britain to study at Cambridge University for E period of two years. [It appears that Michael I Classified by 2314 Londer Exempt from GDS, Category
Date of Declassification Indefinite 100-439805 (Meeropel) Hen Idairon Unit (Route thybugh for re-Classified by 3/22 Declassify on: OADR V MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Let to SAC, New York
RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG, et :
student at Delhi University
session during the Summer of
should be submitted in the
Kew York should determine if Michael Meeron

student at Delhi University unless he attended a summer session during the Summer of 1965.

should be submitted in the Meeropel file. (U)

New York should check with logical sources to determine if Michael Mecropol was in the U.S. this summer or if any information is available through his local draft board or informants to show where he spent the past summer.

contacts with keep the above information in mind and attempt to clarify same.

For the information of the Legat, the information obtained from

H/s/

- Mr. DeLoach - Mr. Sullivan - Mr. Branigan 1 to Mr. Lot week

DETON SORELL espionage - Russia

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIANT DATE WS BY SOME

This memorandum recommends that an inquiry received from the attorneys for Morton Sobell, convicted Soviet agent, for information relating to the disposition of botel registration cards pertaining to the stay of Harry Gold in Albuquerque in 1945 be referred to the Department for consideration.

ACKGROUPS:

letter dated August 31, 1968, Eunstler, Eunstler and Linoy, attorneys for Morton Sobell, convicted Soviet agent, asked the Dureau for the original registration eards for the stay of Harry Gold at the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, on June 3 and September 1945, in order to permit a bandwriting expert to examine the cards. The atterneys plan to file a notion to set aside the conviction of Sobell probably based on allegations made in a book entitled. "Invitation to an Inquest" by Walter and Mirian Schneis. The Schneirs claim that Gold was not in Albuquerque on June 3, 1945, and strongly suggest that the FBI forgod this registration eard to establish the presence of Gold in that city on that date to substantiate the testimony of Greenglass. By letter of September 16, 1968, we inferred the atterneys these cards were no longer available,

Our files show that the June 3, 1945, card was destroyed by the botol in the regular course of business and the September 15, 1945, card was destroyed by our New York Office in 1968 in the course of purging files. A photostat of the Juge 3, 1946, card was introduced into evidence. The original had been obtained by our Albuquerque Office and forwarded to the Bureau by letter dated June 8, 1980. The FMI Laboratory identified the handwriting on the eard as that of Gold, returned the eard to the Albuquerque Office and it was returned to the hotel on June 26, 1950. The eard was obtained from the hotel again on March 14, 1951, and forwarded to the New York Office, It was returned to Albuquerque in July, 1981, and to the hotel on August 4, 1981. The hotel destroyed the eard. The Sptember 19, 1968, card was obtained by our Albuquerque Office. and was forwarded to the New York Office. It was not introduced into evidence and the New York Offi red_the_eard on 2/11/60, 165-5 8436-

Inclosuse 191-2483 1)- 65-58236 (Rosenberg) JPL: 215 (7 50 DEC 18 1303

NOT RECORDED 199 DEC 6 1965

COMMINGES - OANS

Memorandum Branigan te Sullivan RE: MORTON SOBELL 101-2483

CURRENT INQUIRY

By letter of Mevember 23, 1965, the firm of Eunstler, Eunstler and Einoy have made inquiry concerning the disposition of these cards. They also ask if we have a receipt in our files for these cards and request the names and current addresses of the persons who obtained the cards. The June 3, 1945, cardins only the initials on the reverse side of FLB, which initials stand for Fletcher L. Brumit who was the manager of the Hotel Hilton in 1950. The September 19, 1945, card had the initials on the reverse side of FIP, AP and CB. The initials FIP stand for Special Agent Finis 1. Parrish, now retired; the initials AP stand for former Special Agent Arthur LaPlant and CB stands for Cody Brichs, assistant manager of the Hotel Hilton in 1950, LaPlant died March 9, 1965

OBSERVATIONS:

By letter dated Septemberlle, 1965, we did advise Mr. Yeagley of the receipt of the first letter from Sebell's attorneys and the fact that both these registration cards had been destroyed, one by the hetel and the other by our New York Office.

Inasmich as Sobell's attorneys have indicated court action is now planned on behalf of Sobell, it is believed that this letter from Eunstler, Kunstler and Kiney should be referred to the Department inasmich as legal action is new involved. We will furnish to the Department information in our files concerning the questions raised by Sobell's attorneys in the above-mentioned letter.

ACTION

1) There is attached a letter to Assistant Atterney General J. Walter Yeagley referring this matter to him. A copy of the letter from Kunstler, Kunstler and Kinoy and our response to that letter are attached for Mr. Yeagley.

2) There is attached a letter to Eunstler, Eunstler and Kiney advising them that in the light of the legal action contemplated, this matter has been referred to the Internal Security Division of the Department of Justice.

Mr. Belmont
Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Lee

December 2, 1965

Kunstler, Kunstler and Kinoy 511 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10017

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE SELECTION

DATE SELECTION

DATE SELECTION

DATE SELECTION

DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTI

Attention: Villiam W. Kunstler, Esq.

Gontlemen:

3

Reference is made to your letter of November 23, 1965.

In view of the fact that you indicate that a potition on behalf of Norton Sobell will be filed pursuant to Title 28 United States Code Section 2255 and since this is a legal matter, your letter has been referred to the Internal Security Division of the Department of Justice.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

65-5823L

NOT RECORDED 199 DEC 6 1965

1 - 65-50236 (Rosenberg)

JPL:plh (8)

MOTE:

See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan dated 12/1/65, captioned "Morton Sobell," prepared by JPL:plh.

C 101965

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 Mr. Sullivan
1 Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Mr. Loe

Mr. J. Valter Teagley Assistant Attorney General

THE STATE OF THE STATE OF

December S, 1965

Director, 782

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

PERREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

PAIR & S & BY 30 (2 pw)

MORTON BOUNLL ESPIONAGE - MESSIA

Reference is made to our letter dated September 10,

There is attached a copy of a letter dated November 33, 1965, received from Villiam M. Eunstler of the law firm Eunstler, Eunstler and Einey, atterneys for Morten Sobell. Eunstler has asked for additional information relating to the disposition of the registration cards of Harry Gold at the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, on June 3 and September 19, 1946. In view of the statement made by Eunstler that his firm is planning to file a potition under Title 38 United States Code Section 2256, he has been advised that incommen as legal action is planned his letter has been referred to the Internal Security Division of the Department of Justice. A copy of our letter to Eunstler is attached.

In our referenced letter you were advised that the eriginal registration eard of Gold at the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, for June 3, 1965, had been returned to that hotel and destroyed. The eard was originally obtained by Special Agent E. L. HeCouncil on June 7, 1980, and was returned to the hotel on June 30, 1960. It was again obtained from the hotel by Special Agent Finis E. Parrich, now retired, on March 14, 1961, and forwarded to our New York Office. It was returned to dar Albuquerque Office in July, 1961, and returned to the hotel on August 4, 1961. John Arnhart, manager, Botel Hilton, Albuquerque, advised that all eards prior to 1967 have been destroyed.

The September 15, 1965, registration card was obtained by Special Agent Finis I. Parrish, now retired, and former Special Agent Arthur LaFlant. This card was retained by our New York Office and was destroyed in the normal course of operations on February 11, 1966,

102-200 - 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 10

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SHE NOTE PAGE TWO

Mr. J. Walter Yeagley Assistant Attorney General

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Special Agent McConnell is currently assigned to the Oklahoma City Office of this Bureau. Special Agent Parrish is retired and living at Avenue, Fort Pierce, Florida. Special Agent LaPlant died in March, 1965.

A review of the trial records shows that the original of the June 3, 1945, registration card of the Hotel Hilton was not introduced into evidence. The United States Attorney. Southern District of New York obtained the consent of Emanuel Bloch, counsel for Julius Rosenberg, to admit a photostat of it without objection to obvinte the necessity of calling an official of the hotel to introduce the original card. When this photostat was introduced, the United States Attorney stated "I want to ask leave to read it to the jury and exhibit it to the jury, both the face and reverse side of the photostat received." The record then states that Government Exhibit 16 was exhibited; and read to the jury. Thus no attempt was made to conceal any portion of this photostat from the jury or any member of the defense counsel staff.

It is also noted that Emanuel Bloch, in his summation, conceded that the testimony of Harry Gold was correct and that he was in Albuquerque on June 3, 1945.

The registration card of the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, for September 19, 1945, was not introduced into evidence.

NOTE: See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan, dated 12-1-65, captioned same, prepared by JPL:plh.

Bourlet 11/17/68. Prior to taking action on your request for authority to interview subject. Dureau dealres that you consider whether subject, could be of interest to us based o information furnished by the property relating to your file (5) file copy of this letter is designated. ste that subject was reportedly a member of the T in 1943 and CPA in 1944. His contact with 12 July 1961, could be sticipated in the Classified by Tolky Par handling of the Roseberg rise. It is guggested that you should endeaver to ascertain if there is any possible connection between the subject, his wife, and any of the known or suspected nembers of the losesberg ring. If you feel subject should be interview after handling the above, your request for interview be submitted in accordance with existing instructs relating to the interview of security subjects. 65-58236 (Julius Rosenber Gassificat) exempt from GDS, Cate Date of Declassification LAL INFORMATION CONTAINED (7) HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCENTED WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. NOTE: We conducted investigation **Foct in 1961 when** he was in contact with at that time since we know! made Rumerous contacts with CP members of former Security Index subjects of the New York Office. Subject's wife, who was formerly a leader in the CP, was not cooperative when interview was attempted on two occasions in the past. Subject has become a suspect for a Soviet source who furnished the soviets since subject does business in the transled to the Soviet Subject has transled to the Soviet Union in late 1964 or early 1965. However 5 () in view of recent information concerning the Rosenberg ring, it is felt the above should be considered prior to interviewing subject

Memoranaam DATE: 12/14/65 DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236) TO SAC, NEW YORK (65-15348) (C) FROM JULIUS ROSENBERG SUBJECT: ET AL ESP-R Pe NY airtel, October 29, 1965, captioned and sulet, 11/5/65, and sulet, 11/5/65 captioned as above, concerning the (TX) 10 TOI (19-Eureau (Rh) CI-100-346193) (YAZKOV) (1-101-2483 (SOLELL) Classified by 304200 (1-65-59312) (PERL) (1-65<u>-59242) (SARA</u>NT) - Declassify on: OADR (1-65-59294) (SIDOROVICH) (1-65-59334) (FATAKIX - (1-65-60203 (FINESTONE) (1-101-1632) (DANZICER) (1-65-60359) (WEINSTEIN) (1-65-59336 (DAYTON) (1-65-59356) (RICh) W 2-Albany (65-1664) (SARA.T) 1-Boston ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCE 2-Cleveland (65-2728) (SIDOROVICH) (RA) Where shown otherwise. 2-Los Angeles (65-5086) (DAYTOH) (RY ፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟ኯ (RM) · bo 2-New Haven (65-1367) (RICL) (PK) 1- ashin ton Field (65-5521) (INFO) (RM) + 40 13 m 2-4.78 (COFIES CONTINUED) Ap 19/4 5 DEC 17 1365 2 - New York WCR:mjb (Classified by 235 Exempt from GDS, Date of Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GC RNMENT

NY 65-15348 TOP Water (COPIES CONTINUED) 1-New York 1-New York 1-New York 1-New York (100-81002) (YAZKOV) 1-New York (100-37158) (SCBELL) 1-New York (1-New York (65-15387) (PERL) 1-New York (65-15360) (SARAJT) boし 1-New York 1-New York (65-15380) (SIDOROVICH) 1-New York (65-15385) (PATAKI 1-New York (65-15735) (FIMESTONL) 1-New York (65-15773) (LEINSTEIR) 1-New York (65-15396) (DALZIGER) 1-New York (55-15403) (DAYTOM) 1-New York (65-11395) (PICH) 1-New York





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

<u> </u>	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, when indicated, explain this deletion.								
₩.	Deleted under exemption(s) b								
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.								
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.								
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.								
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).								
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):								
	For your information:								
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 NY 65-15348

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The exact period of time during which the ROSENBERG ring was in operation is unknown. The first mention of ROSENBERG in

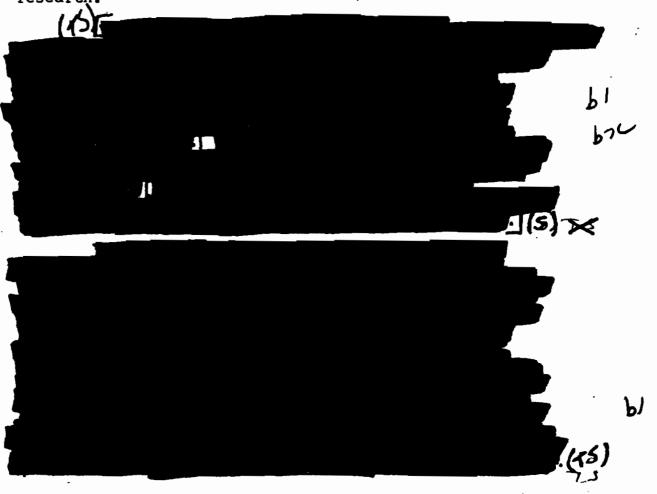
Information developed during the investigation of the ROSENBERGs and information furnished by

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J (5)

- 5 -

WILLIAM PERL is the subject of NYfile 6515387 and Bufile 65-593127 He served his sentence for
perjury and as of September, 1965, was residing in
Apartment 5F at 4810 45th Street, Woodside, Oueens
County, New York City. He was employed as of February,
1965, by the New York University Laboratory, Goldwater
Hospital, Welfare Island, New York City, in bio-chemical
research.



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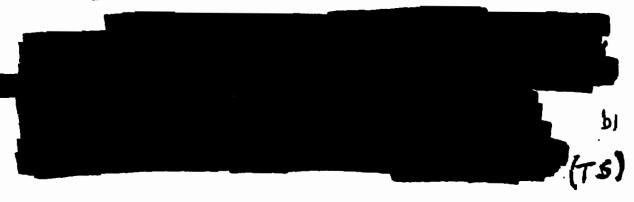
However,

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Europe in 1948 reportedly to further his activities as a Soviet Espionage Agent. He reportedly disappeared from Paris, France, in 1950, and has not been heard from since. ALFRED SARANT fled the United States in 1950 with his neighbor's wife, CAROL DAYTON, and no information has been developed concerning his whereabouts since that time. It is, of course, possible that BARR and/or SARANT may have returned to the United States under an assumed identity. Lowever, based on available information, it appears that

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SARANT is the subject of NYfile 65-15360; Bufile 65-59242; and Albany file 65-1664 (00: Albany). JOEL BARR is the subject of NYfile 65-15392 and Bufile 65-59453.

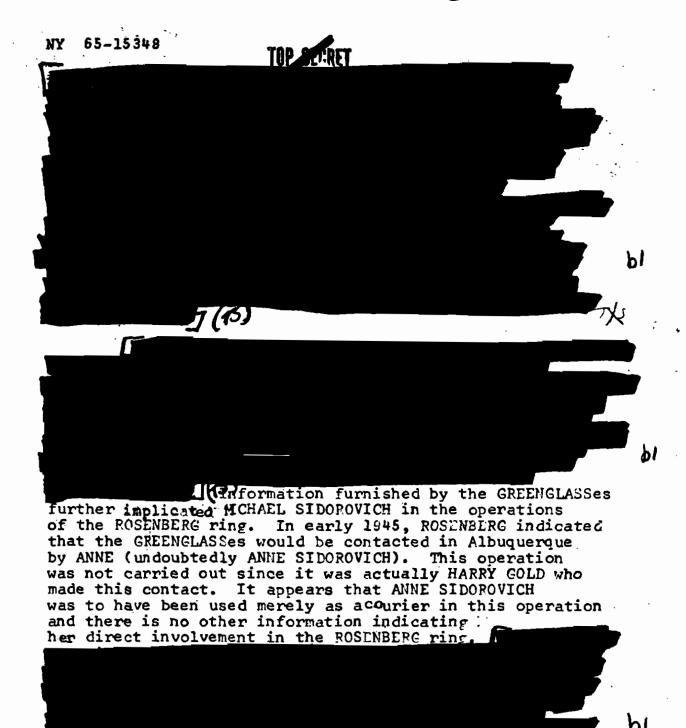


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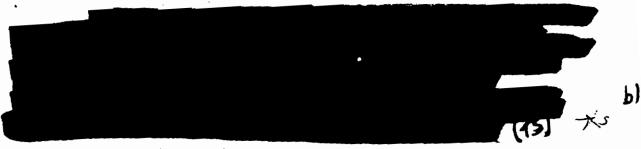
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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
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赵	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 65-58236-2404 pt 8

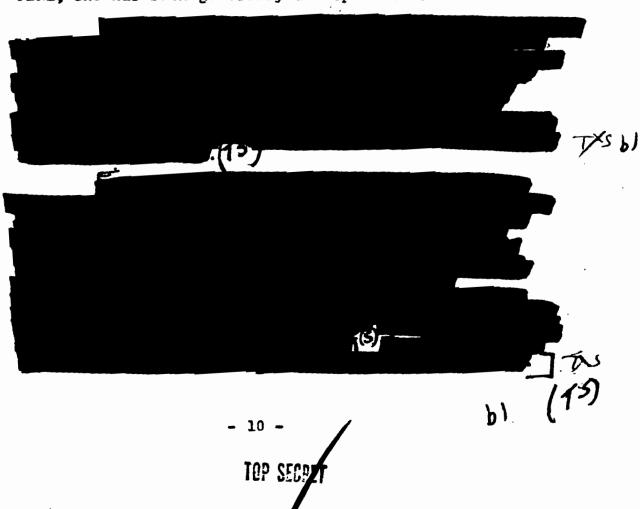
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The SIDOROVICHs were the subjects of Bufile 65-59294; NYfile 65-15380; and Cleveland file 65-2728,

(00: Cleveland). This case is now entitled "FINE SIDOROVICH; ESP-R; Perjury". The last information in the NY files reflects that as of April, 1962, ANNE SIDOROVICH was residing at 1124 Carlyon Avenue, Cleveland Ohio, and was working part-time at the Page Boy Maternity Shop



VIVIAN PATAKI nee GLASSMAN is the subject of NYfile 65-15385 and Bufile 65-59334. She is the wife of ERNEST J. PATAKI who has also been the subject of investigation by the NYO. As of May, 1965, she was a housewife residing at 62-15 53rd Avenue, Maspeth. Queens New York. Although she admitted her contact with PERL, she has been generally uncooperative.







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The foregoing reflects all available

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It is noted that referenced BUlet, dated 11/5/65, suggests MAXWELL FINESTONE and EDWARD JAMES WEINSTEIN as having been possible members of the ROSENBERG ring. The Bureau pointed out that ROSENBERG described WEINSTEIN as the last person recruited into the network. This information appears to be incorrect since it apparently pertains to FINESTONE, not WEINSTEIN. These two individuals were very close friends and ROSENBERG described this friendship when he identified FINESTONE as his last recruit. WEINSTEIN is the subject of NYfile 65-15773 and Bufile 65-60359. Although he has not been very cooperative when interviewed, there is no definite information reflecting that he was a member of the ROSENBERG ring. In July, 1965, he was residing at 320 West 85th Street New York City, Apartment C. and was employed by the Versailles Management Company, 470 7th Avenue, New York City.

MAX FINESTONE is, of course,

the subject of NYfile 65-15735 and Bufile 65-60203. In August 1965, he operated and resided at a resort in Accord, New York, known as Chait's Farm. He was a friend of ALFRED and LOUISE SARANT. He and his wife have not cooperated with the FBI.

Referenced Bulet. dated 11/5/65, suggests WILLIAM DANZIGER as

of NYfile 55-15396 and Bufile 101-1632. In June, 1965, he was residing at 12 Gold Circle, Malverne, New York, and was employed as a consulting engineer from his residence. He has been interviewed many times, but has not been particularly cooperative. He was a friend of JULIUS RUSENBERG and NORTON SOBELL and associated with them in YCL activities at CCNY. He worked with SOBELL at the Bureau of Ordinance Washington, D.C., until 1943, and then resided in California for several years. Prior to his return from the west coast in 1945, ROSENBERG allegedly made inquiries concerning him. It is noted that DANZIGER testified as a Government witness at the

NY -65-15348

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ROSENBERG total. (He gave no information concerning ROSENBERG's espionage activities and probably testified reluctantly. Other than the foregoing information, there is no direct evidence linking DANZIGLE with the ROSENBERG ring. However.

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Referenced Bulet, dated 11/5/65, suggests WELDON BRUCE DAYTON as a possible suspect. the subject of NYfile 65-15403; Bufile 65-59336; and LAfile 65-5086, (00: Los Angeles). In March, 1965, he was residing at 2351 Warwick Avenue, Los Angeles, and was a teacher at the Los Angeles State College. He is a physicist and from 1941 to October 31, 1945 was employed in California. In March, 1946, he was employed as an assistant in the Laboratory of Nuclear Studies, Physics Department, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York. DAYTON was an associate of ALFRED SAFANT. His wife, CAROL DAYTON, fled from the United States in 1950 with ALFRED SARANT. Witnesses have identified DAYTON as having been seen in 1950 in the apartment at 65 Morton Street, New York City, which was reportedly used by members of the ROSENBERG ring for meetings and photographic work. In 1951, DAYTON denied that he had visited the Morton Street address in testifying before a .ederal Crand Jury. It is also noted that in

Referenced Bulet, dated 11/5/65, suggests
LOUISE SARANT as a possible suspect. She (also
ALFRED SARANT) is the subject of NYfile 65-15360; Bufile
65-59242; and Albany file 65-1664, (00: Albany). She
was the wife of ALFRED SARANT, whose connections with
the ROSENBERG ring have been previously mentioned.

Poferenced bulet, Mated 21/5/85, suggests STABLEY ROTTRY RICL as a possible suspect. PICH is the subject of AYfile 65-15395; Dufile 65-59356; and EHfile 65-1367 (Oc. New Haven). He was interviewed at Hartford, Connecticut on April 12, 1963, but his present residence and employment are not set forth in his file. RICH graduated from CCNY with a B.E.E. Perree in 1938. He was a member of the YCL at CCHY and associated with ROSENBERG, SOFELL, WILLIAM PEPL, MAX ELITCHER and WILLIAM DANZIGER. ELITCHER suspected that RICH may have been a member of the ROSENLERG ring. A conversation with SOBELL in the early 1940s indicated to ELITCHER that SOBELL, or some other member of the ROSENBERG group, had knowledge of RICH's whereabouts and activities. RICH has been interviewed on several occasions, but has denied any involvement in Espionage. In 1965, IRVING R. WEINGARTEN (NYfile 105-71796; Bufile 105-138025), advised that in May, 1943, RICH approached him in Boston and asked whether WEINGARTEN would be willing to transmit radar information to the Russians. WEINGARTEN indicated to RICH that he would be willing to do so, however, he was never contacted again.

Attention is directed to the case on both

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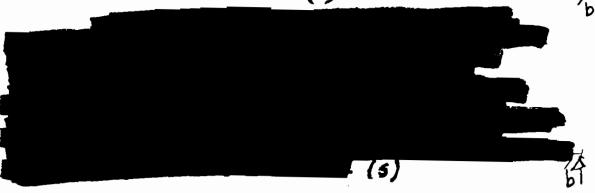
NY 65-15348

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Now York files indicate that there are quite a few other individuals who have been investigated by the Bureru because of their association with ROSENBERG and other members of his ring and because of their communist backgrounds. No information was developed directly tying these individuals to the operation of ROSENBERG's Espionage ring.

1157

The information set forth in this letter should be treated as confidential and should not be disseminated outside the Bureau since it deals primarily with information furnished by the other highly confidential informants.



In view of the foregoing, appropriate offices are requested to verify the current residence and employments of

- 15 -

BAC. New York (65-15348)12/27/65 (65**-5**8**2**36) -Director, FBI Julius Bosenberg ESP - R **EX 109** Reurlet 12/14/65. (u) The Bureau agrees that no additional investigation of possible members of the Rosenberg ring should be instituted at this time gending the receipt (5) of additional information from the Such investigation, hovever, need not be withheld on the basis of protecting the security of the (5) It is noted that the information which the informant has obtained to date is general and does not identify any members of the ring. The persons suggested in relet as members of the ring have all been subjects of investigation which has failed to develop any admissions of espionage. In the event that the does obtain additional information, it should be analyzed and appropriate investigation instituted. The Bureau agrees with the lead set out in relet for appropriate Offices to verify the current residences and employments of suspected members of the ring. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED Classified by 300000 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT Declassify on: OADR - Albany WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. - Boston - Chicago - Cleveland MAILED 4 - Los Angeles DEC 23 1965 - Newark - New Haven COMM-FBI Classified by Exempt from CDS, Cat Date of Diclassification Indefinite Colson DeLouch NOTE: Mohr. Casper Callahan Conrad In addition to the Rosenbergs two other members of the ring were arrested one of which was Morton Sobell. TELETYPE UNIT

CONFIDENT

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Mr. Lee

December 29, 1965

Mr. J. Walter Yeagley Assistant Attorney General

Director, FBI

MORTON SOBELL ESPIONAGE - RUSSIA ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE \$5 86 BY 3042

A confidential informant who has furnished reliable information in the past has advised that the Committee to Secure Justice for Norton Sobell has issued a public release revealing that the attorneys for Morton Sobell will file a motion to vacate his sentence in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, on January 6, 1966. According to this release, Sobell will claim that he was illegally convicted of a conspiracy to transmit information relating to the national 🤄 defense to the Soviet Union because the prosecution (1) knowingly used perjured testimony and forged documents, and (2) suppressed evidence that would have proved his (**u**) innocence.

The Office of the United States Attorney, Southern District of New York is being advised of the intended date for filing of this motion.

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101-2483

65-58236[\] (Rosenberg)

APL:plh (8)

NOTE:

Classified "Confidential" to afford protection the source of the above information. be by to

See cover memorandum Branigan to Sullivan dated 12-28-65, captioned same, prepared by APL: lag.

> Exempt from CDS, Category Date of Declarefication Indefinite

NOT RECORDED 199 dec 30 1965 💆

165-58234

CONFLOENTIAL

GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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79 JAN =- 1966

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

December 25, 1968

DO

- Mr. Belmoat

Er. W. A. Branigan

- Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Branigan I - Mr. Lee of the state

MORTON SORELL ESPICHAGE - RUSSIA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE SOLE BY 3042 DWI

The above subject is presently serving a 30-year sentence for his part in the Julius Rosenberg espionage conspiracy case. Since his conviction in 1951, efforts have been made on numerous occasions to effect his release or various grounds, with ne success.

Information has been received from a confidential informathat the Committee to Secure Justice for Norton Sobell has issued a public release revealing that the attorneys for Sobell will file a motion to vacate his sentence in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, on 1-6-66. According to this release, Sobell will claim that he was illegally convicted of a conspiracy to transmit national defense information to the Soviet Union because the prosecution (1) knowingly used perjured testimony and forged documents. and (2) suppressed evidence that would have proven his innocence. Our New York Office has advised the United States Attorney, Southern Dist of New York, of the intended date for the filing of this motion.

The above-referred-to motion is probably based on claims make in a recent book, "Invitation to an Inquest." by Valter and Mirian Schneir which attacked the Government's case against the Rosenbergs and Sobell. This book has previously been analyzed and the charges therein have no basis in fact.

ACTION:

For your information. Assistant Attorney General Yeagley is being advised of the intended date for filing of this metion by the attached letter.

101-2483 Inclosure (Rosenberg) 65-58236

API-11ag (4)

NOT RECORDED 99 DEC 30 1965 Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Beclassification Indefinite

Declaration washing

2355 10-22-75

79 JAN 4**-1965**

UNITED STATES GOV NME

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236)

DATE: 1/4/66

FROM:

SAC, BOSTON

(65-3405)

SUBJECT:

JULIUS ROSENBERG

ESP - R

Rebulet to New York dated 12/27/65.

Boston is not in possession of New York letter dated 12/14/65.

New York is requested to advise Boston as to the places where suspected members of the ring allegedly reside in this Division in order that appropriate attention may be given to this matter.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE BY SOLUTION

2 - Bureau (RM) 2 - New York (65-15348)(RM) 1 - Boston FMC:maj

REC- 69 65 _ 58236-2405

JAN 5 1966

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SOVIET PERSON

3-7 GUAH * 1 1830

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236)

DATE:

1/7/66

FROM

ÀC, NEW YORK (65-15348)

SUBJECT:

JULIUS ROSENBERG

ESP - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Re Boston let, 1/4/66, advising Boston was not in possession of NYlet, 12/14/65, which was referred to in Bulet, 12/27/65, in captioned matter.

For the information of Boston and other interested offices, copies of NYlet 12/14/65, were designated for the following files:

> Albany (65-1664)(SARANT) Boston Chicago Cleveland (65-2728) (SIDOROVICH) Los Angeles (65-5086)(DAYTON) Newark New Haven (65-1367) (RICH)

- Bureau (RM)

- Boston (65-3405)(RM)

l - Albany (RM)

1 - Cleveland (RM)

- Chicago (RM)

1 - Los Angeles (RM)

1 - Newark (RM)

1 - New Haven (RM)

1 - New York

WCR:mfd (10)

J. REG. 70 65- 58236- 2406

15 JAN 10 1966

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

 ${\it Memorandum}$

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236)

DATE:1-13-66

SUBTEC

SAC, CLEVELAND (65-2728) (RUC)

JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL ESP - R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED RECEINIS UNCLASSIBLED

Re New York letter to Bureau, 12-14-65; and Bureau letter to New York, 12-27-65.

On January 11, 1966, Mr.

(reliable--protect by request), advised that an ANNE SIDOROVICH continues to reside at 1500 Rydalmount Road, Cleveland Heights, Ohio. He further stated that as far as he knew, she continues to be employed by the Page Boy Maternity Shop at 10520 Carnegie Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

By a suitable pretext conducted on January 11, 1966, it was ascertained that SIDOROVICH is presently employed at the Page Boy Maternity Shop, 10520 Carnegie Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

This pretext was conducted by FBI employee, Secretary TERESA M. KARR, who called the Page Boy Maternity Shop at Severance Shopping Center, asking for SIDOROVICH. The person answering the phone stated that SIDOROVICH is presently employed at the Page Boy Maternity Shop at 10520 Carnegie Avenue, and could be reached there any time during working hours.

-Bureau (RM) (1 - 65 - 59294)3 - New York (65-15348) (RM) (1 - 65 - 15380)1-- Cleveland

65-58236-2407

REC- 102

MPM: Vmo (7)

ST-108

(12 JAN 17 1966

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

1/18/66 DATE:

FROM:

SAC, NET!ARK

SUBJECT:

SM-C

New York letter to Bureau dated 12/14/65, RE: captioned "JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL; ESPIONAGE - R".

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of LHM dated and captioned as above, suitable for dissemination. One extra copy of this LHM is being submitted to the Bureau in the event the Bureau may wish to disseminate to the Legat. Paris, France. Two copies are being forwarded to the New York Office and two to WFO.

The source who verified the subject's permanent address at lane, Princeton, N.J., on 1/3/66, was Mr. Princeton, N.J.

The agent who made the telephone call to on 1/3/66, was SA NORMAN A. HENDRICKS. No pretext was needed during this contact inasmuch as the company telephone operatory voluntarily furnished the information concerning subject's residence in France without question.

Washington Field, at Washington, D.C., will check for a passport record for the subject at the U.S. Passport Office, U.S. Dept. of State, and furnish data contained therein.

4-Bureau (Enc. 6) (RM)

(2-25-53236) (JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL)

2-New York (65-15348) (JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL) (ENC.2) 2-WFO (Enc. 2) (RM)

2-Newark

NAH: 1md (10)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE \$5 86 BY 3042 PUT/NLC

JAN 25 1966

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TED STATES DEPARTMENT



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Newark, New Jersey January 18, 1966

320

SECURITY MATTER - C

On January 3, 1966, a source, who was in a position to furnish reliable information advised that resided at Lane, by Comprinceton, New Jersey.

on January 3, 1966, an unidentified female incorporated, Incorporated, Avenue. Trenton, New Jersey, telephonically advised that the was temporarily out of the United States and his current address was Hotel in Paris 3, France. She stated that he had been out of the United States for about two months and would continue to be out of the United States for about two more months. She did not state the nature of his visit in Paris, France.

On January 4. 1966, the driver's license for Lane, Princeton, New Jersey, was

On August 26, 1952, was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. During this interview admitted membership in the Young Communist League (YCL) from 1935 to 1939, and admitted participating in May Day arades, which he did not consider to be controlled by the Communist Party. He also stated that he did not consider the CP a threat to the United

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HERE IN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE SIGN BY 3042 PWI NICE

65-58236

States, but he did not approve of its objective in obtaining world domination. He said that he would not hesitate to bear arms against Russia in the event of hostilities with that country.

The YCL is designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

This decument contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM

SAC, CHICAGO

SUBJECT:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

(OO: Chicago)

Re New York letter to Bureau dated 12/14/65, captioned "JULIUS ROSENBERG, Et Al; ESP - R" and Bureau letter dated 12/27/65 with same caption.

Referenced New York letter dated December 14, 1965, requested that Chicago verify the current residence and employment of Chicago, Illinois.

On January 4, 1966, Norridge, Illinois, advised that at the

is corrently

employed as an

Harwood Heights, Illinois.

one bod

The current telephone directory lists

Street, Chicago, Illinois, telephone number

(4)- Bureau (RM)

(1)- 65-58236) (ROSENBERG) b7 C

b.2-

4 - New York (RM)

(1 - 65-15348) (ROSENBERG)

2 - Chicago

(1 -

JJH: mhm (10)

65-5823

NOT RECORDED

174 JAN 24 1966

66 FEB 17 1966

CG 65-3405

on January 13. 1963, a pretext telephone call was made to residence and an unidentified female answered the phone. Using the pretext that the caller had an and had been referred to for assistance it was ascertained that resides at Street, but was at work; however, he could be contacted in the evening sometime after 6:00 PM.

No further action is contemplated in captioned matter at this time and case is being placed in a closed status. TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

2/8/66

SAC, ALBANY (65-1664) (P)

Julius Rosenberg.

Et Al

ESPIONAGE - R

00: NEW YORK

Re New York letter dated 12/14/65 and Bulet dated 12/27/65.

LOUISE SARANT

LOUISE SARANT currently resides in an apartment at 607 North Tioga Street, Ithaca, New York. She is selfemplyed as a typist, doing work on a contract basis for students at Cornell University.

ureau (RM)

2 - New York (RM)

(1 - 65-15348 ROSENBERG)

PFMPped PFMPped 2 - Albany

(7)

bz

REC.15 65-58236 2408 ST-104

12 FEB 10 1966

EB 23 1906

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNRECONDED COPY PILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

DIRECTOR, IBI

by CDATE:

3/31/66

SAC, MENARE

SUBJECT:

bor

Be Nevark letter to the Bureau dated 1/18/66.

On March 22, 1966, SA NORMAN A. MENDRICKS was advised by the telephone receptionist at Trenton, M.J., that the subject was still in France on business for this company and was not expected back in the U.S. until around the end of April, 1966. The telephone operator furnished this information without any questions, so that a pretext was unnecessary. The Bureau will be advised of subject's return to the United States.

· Bureau (RE)

(2 - 65-58236) (JULIUS BOSENBERG, ET AL)

2 - New York (65-15348) (JULIUS ROBERBERG, ET AL) (RM)

1 - Vashington Field (Info) (RM)

2 - Newark

MAH: JAD

(9)

65-58334

200 APR 4 1966



TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

6/7/66

111

SAC, NEWARK

(P)

SUBJECT:

620

Newark letter to Bureau dated 3/31/66.

On 5/18/66. SA NORMAN A. HENDRICKS contacted the Trenton, N.J., receptionist at under the pretext of being a personal friend of the subject, by and was advised that the subject was still in France on business for this company and probably would not return to the United States until the end of July, 1966.

The Bureau and New York will be advised of subject's return to the United States.

> ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

5-Bureau (EM)

(2-65-<u>58236)</u> (JULIUS ROSENBERG

4-New York (RM)

(2-65-15348) (JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL)

(1.

(1-2-Newark

NAH: imk

(11)

65-58236

NOT RECORDED 100 JUN 9 1966

56 JUN 1 6 1966

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEM	OR	AND	MIT
			-

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

p2 C

DATE: 7/27/66

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From

SAC, NEWARK

(P

SUBJECT:

SM - C

Re Newark letter to Bureau dated 6/7/66.

On July 19, 1966, SA NORMAN A. HENDRICKS recontacted the receptionist at the the second and the subject, or Cand was advised that the subject was still in France on business for this company, and was now expected back in the United States around the end of August, 1966, or the middle of September, 1966.

Newark will recontact subject's employer under pretext in September, 1966 and advise the Bureau and New York of subject's return to the United States.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 86/86 BY 3042 PUT NICE

5- Bureau (RM)
2- 65-53236 (JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL)
14- New York (RM)
2- 65-15348 (JULIUS ROSENBERG, ET AL)
112- Newark
NAH/gd
(11)

NOT RECORDED 184 AUG 1 196:

-1

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

9/20/66

SAC, NEWARK

(c) bic

SUBJECT:

SH-C

Newark letter to Bureau dated 7/27/66.

On September 14, 1966, SA NORMAN A. HENDRICKS telephonically contacted the receptionist at the Trenton, New Jersey, and was advised that the Subject had returned recently from Europe and was now on duty with this company. No pretext was necessary, masmuch as the receptionist did not inquire as to the reason for the call. bっし

On September 14, 1966, SA HENDRICKS telephonically contacted the subject's wife, Tane, Princeton, New Jersey, under the pretext of a business acquaintance of the subject and learned that the subject was working and was expected home in the evening. **りっ**し

Newark is conducting no further investigation in this matter in accordance with the request in New York letter to the Bureau 12/14/66, in order to protect

5-Bureau (RM)

(2-6<u>5</u>-58<u>236)</u>

4-New York (RM)

(2-65-15348) (JULIUS ROSENBERG

(14

2-Rewark

NAH: 1md

(11)

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AND INFORBATION CONTAINED HERRIN LA POSTE SELVIZ LA NORTE WEEKS SECRE SERVE SERV

ORIGINAL FIFTH IN

SAC, New York (65-15348) 10/11/66 Director, FBI (65-58236) JULIUS ROSENBERG 12/27/65 and urairtel dated 10/4/66 captioned It is noted that on page 13/ You should determine if this reference is to an individual or if it is to a person who had the bj 1 - WFO JPL:sal (6) Classified by 3042 PLOTING Declassify on: QADR 10/29/86 5-58 236 -2409 OCT 11 1966 MAILED 7 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT 51 ± 0 1966 WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. COMM-FBI Claisified by 23 Exempt Avin CDS Categor Date of Dealassitication Ind TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum DIRECTOR, FBI FEB 1 0 1988 FROM : SAC, BOSTON b10 SUBJECT: IS - R 00: Boston ReBulet to Boston dated January 17, 1966, granting R Boston letter to Boston permission to interview Bureau dated January 31, 1966, outlining the results of the bac interview of b2b7C Bureau (RM) (2 61 Info (3) Enc. 1 65-58236 ROSENBERG Enc. 1 Info Enc. 1 Info) 6267 Classified by 30/2 em Declassify on: OADR Chicago (RM) Info Enc. とっし ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED New York (RM) HEPRIN TO THICK ASSIPTED EXCEPT Enc. 1 Info Enc. 1 Info (75) THERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. Info Enc. 1 - 65-15343 ROSENBERG Enc. 1 Info Info)APPROPRIATE AGENCIES Enc. 1 Enc. 1 Info AND FIELD OFFICES - WFO (RM) Info (FE) SLIP (S) OF Clas I Enc. 1 ROSENBERG Enc. - 65-5521 5 - Boston Reason-FOINI. 1-2.4 1 - S5-3405 ROSENBERG NOT RECORDED JTS/bbr (24) 84 FEB 14 1966 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED ENCLOSURE MESEIN IS UNCLASSIFIED Excest nhere shown Exempt from BE Lategor OTHERWISE Date of Declassification Indelinits 1968 66 MAR 1

BS 105-11314



Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies, for Chicago, New York and WFO, two, six and four information copies each, respectively, for completion of their files of a letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above at Boston.

was interviewed under secure circumstances on January 26, 1966, by SAs JAMES T. SULLIVAN and MICHAEL J. MC DONAGH. As set out in re Boston letter, it is noted that had declined telephonically to be interviewed at the Boston Office or elsewhere He pleaded the pressure of work was so great he could not spare the time for interview away from his office.

He was completely cooperative, affable and forthright. .

He stated he had had no contacts with Soviet personnel which he felt were other than innocuous and that should he be contacted by the Soviets, or by other Soviet Bloc officials, at a later date, he would immediately notify the FBI of such contacts.

Boston letter to the Bureau January 31, 1966, stated that only parents and a few close relatives knew of the P. O. Box address and that only his parents and relatives corresponded with him while at Los Alamos. It is pointed out that two friends of whose identities are set forth in the letterhead memorandum also were aware of his P. O. box number and did correspond with him at Los Alamos (**)

Page 2 of the letter stated also that had never been approached by Soviet personnel between 1944 and 1965. The letterhead memorandum notes that stated he had never been approached by Soviet personnel. This clarification is provided to forestall any implication that might have been approached by Soviet personnel prior to 1944 or in 1966.

The letterhead memorandum has been classified CONFIDENTIAL inasmuch as much of its substance relates to classified matters at Los Alamos between 1944 and 1946. Boston is not aware whether there has been any declassification of this information in the intervening years.

BS 105-11314

Boston feels that has no potential as an informant and does not plan at this time to request additional Bureau permission to continue contact with him. Under normal circumstances, it is expected that in the future there will be occasions relating to visits of Soviets to the

which would call for a contact of Under these circumstances, he will be contacted.

stated that if his parents are successful in locating his Los Alamos correspondence, he will notify the Boston Office and provide Boston an opportunity to look it over.

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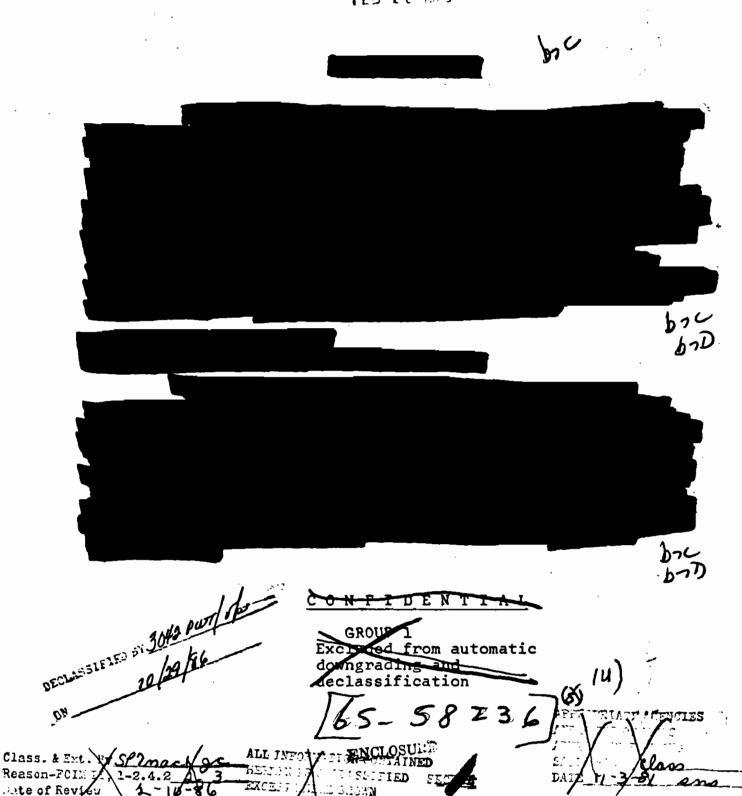


In Reply, Please Refer to File No. UNI STATES DEPARTMENT OF TI

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SECTION

Boston, Massachusetts FEB 1 0 1986





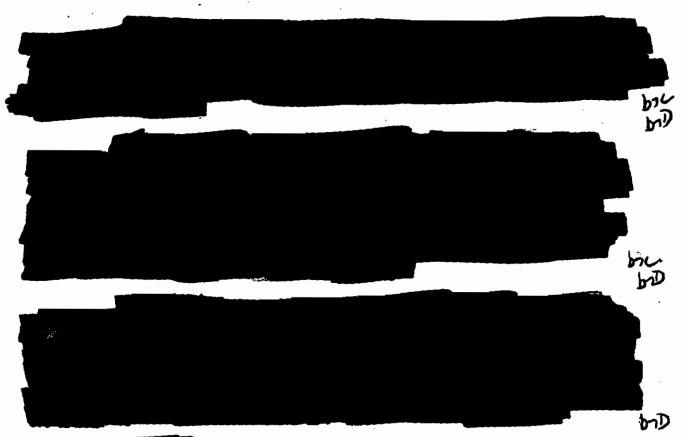
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.			
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.			
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.			
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).			
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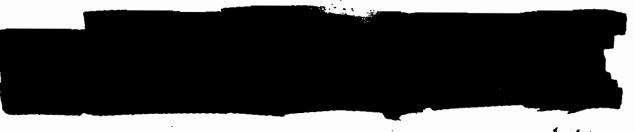
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personnel employed at Los Alamos along scientific lines who later were drafted into military service, the authorities provided these young men with their military training at Los Alamos and did not permit them to travel to the various other sections of the United States in order to obtain such military training.



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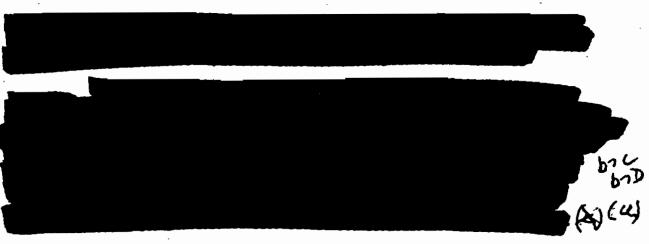
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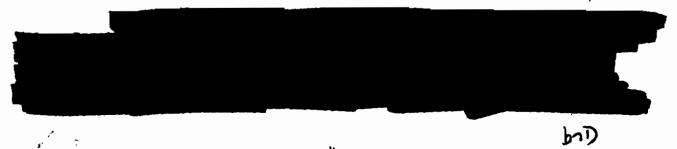
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He stated that the personnel at Los Alamos had a good deal of freedom and that those having white badges had access to almost all kinds of information relating to the project to which they were assigned. Those individuals wearing blue badges were supposed to know only those items relating specifically to their jobs. Holders of white badges were permitted to go to the various document rooms and borrow any publication desired even though they were unrelated to their specific projects. W

In addition, there were weekly meetings in which the assembled personnel had described to them problems in particular and specialized areas which were causing difficulty in the attainment of solutions. Thus in principle, stated, "Everybody had everything available to them." He noted in this connection that Klaus Fuchs was in this division and thus had had this information made available to him as had all the other members of the division. described Fuchs as "a shy guy who spoke only a little but who was very knowledgeable of what was going on."

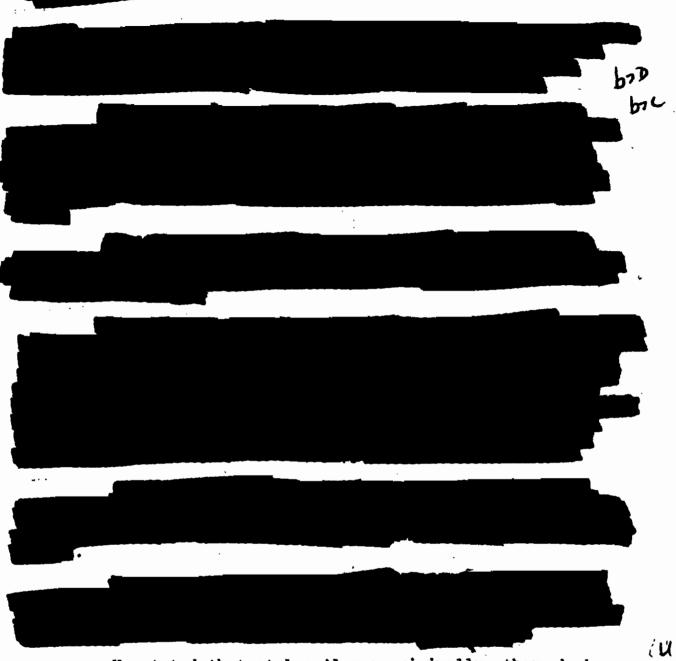


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NO -



He stated that at Los Alamos originally, there had been a restriction that one could not leave Los Alamos. Sometime

- 5 -

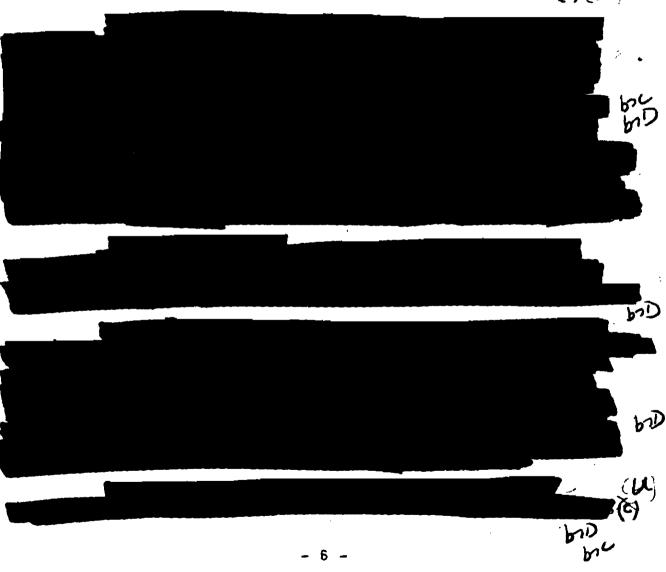
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during 1944, however, the rule was altered but there was still a restriction that Los Alamos personnel could not go outside a seventy-five mile radius. Pecalled that Professor Oppenheimer, who was in charge of the project, asserted his personal belief that project personnel should take more vacations than they had in the past and that the seventy-five mile by radius limitation should be lifted. A good number of the Los Alamos personnel decided to return to the east and visit their families when the travel rules were subsequently changed.



CONFIDENTIAL

stated that the project leadership urged personnel to visit Santa Fe at least once a month and that usually everybody took at least one day off per month in order to travel by bus to Santa Fe.

In response to the question as to the identity of individuals who would have known of employment at Los Alamos between January 1944 and January 1946, that after having been advised of his acceptance as a worker on the project, he had simply told his parents that he was going to a secret location and would be engaged on secret work. turn, his parents tried to be evasive to their relatives, who, considered to be normal inquiries unit and location. in turn, made what concerning his employment and location.

WU SECRET

never told any relatives about his work and its location and added that his parents did not know the first thing about the project. He stated that he, had an inkling where he was going because one of the national magazines had in 1943 carried an article relating to atomic energy research.

関しに

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parents knew that his mail address was Box

He felt also that shortly after his arrival at the Los
Alamos project, he and other personnel had sent a slip of paper by
to their relatives notifying them that mail was to be densored.
He recalled also that when the atomic bomb was dropped on
Japan, he sent a telegram to his folks concerning it because
Los Alamos officials had issued a statement that it would be
proper for Los Alamos personnel to do this when the bomb had
been dropped.

stated that in addition to his parents, he did receive some mail from relatives at P. O. Box

He said he is under the impression that his parents in response to numerous inquiries concerning his location had eventually given out the box number. He said that he had corresponded also with two friends.

In addition, he recalled writing and receiving mail from

He stated that possibly he wrote to other individuals during his two year stay at Los Alamos but it is his best recollection he did not do so.

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Asked whether he, had engaged in a devious method of communication with anyone while at Los Alamos, stated he had not done so. He stated that all his mail had been sent directly to the censors who reviewed the outgoing correspondence and who also reviewed all the incoming mail. He stated that he had developed no codes and that he made no effort whatever to circumvent the regulations regarding the coming and going of the mail. He stated also that he had spent only approximately two nights away from the project over a two year period in addition to his mountain climbing and that one of these was in order to visit the Navaho Indian Reservation.

stated also that he personally had never been involved in any security violations while at Los Alamos. He stated that on one occasion he had noted there was a hole in a fence leading to a classified area and that he had thought of going through the hole in order to see what would happen but had disregarded the idea almost immediately.

He stated that he had absolutely not disclosed any information to any individual concerning his work at the Los Alamos project. He stated that to his knowledge, his friends had never resorted to the circumvention of censorship regulations and that there was never a shred of evidence known to him that any individual connected with the project had attempted to circumvent the censorship regulations. At this time also stated he had never made a telephone call from the Los Alamos project. He added that he was not aware whether any individuals connected with the Los Alamos project had rented apartments near Los Alamos.

recalled that outgoing mail from the project was to be left unsealed so that it could be examined prior to mailing and further that incoming mail was stamped with a "censor" stamp. He added that all personnel

were aware of this mail censorship in 1944. was questioned concerning a letter intercepted dated

March 4, 1944, from New York. The letter stated, "I would very much like to hear?"

2 blaces, 1 would very main 22nd to notify

CONFIDENTIAL

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from you, but I realize there may be difficulty about correspondence. If this is so, then you can send your letter to me without any address and I'll give my letters to your parents for addressing. Catch on?!! -- P. S. Have you started the 'Soviet Power' yet?"

Stated he had no knowledge whatever of having received any such letter and stated that he likewise had no theory why any correspondent of his should resort to such a subterfuge. He repeated his earlier assertion that he had never resorted to any efforts to circumvent the postal regulations in effect at Los Alamos and that inasmuch as he could recall receiving mail only from his parents and perhaps some relatives, he could not begin to estimate why such a letter would have been addressed to him. He stated that he is a poor correspondent himself and that he wrote only a few letters to his folks during his two years at Los Alamos. His parents in turn were very anxious about his lack of letter— writing.

He stated that his father usually typed letters to him and that his mother usually wrote her letters in longhand. He repeated his earlier assertion that personnel at Los Alamos had been permitted to send to their correspondents several cards which advised that mail to P. O. Box would be censored. It is his best recollection that at least one such card was sent by him to his parents and that thus the parents were aware of the censorship in effect.

said he cannot recall receiving such a letter and felt that any such cryntic message would have been held by

He then recalled receiving one or two strange cards

He said he was unable to comment at this time on the contents of these cards but recalled that the messages were very puzzling to him at the time of their receipt. Stated that possibly he has at his parents home in New York City some of the Los Alamos correspondence. He stated he would be very happy to contact his parents and have them locate and forward to him, if available, this correspondence which he felt might in the future be valuable to philatelists.

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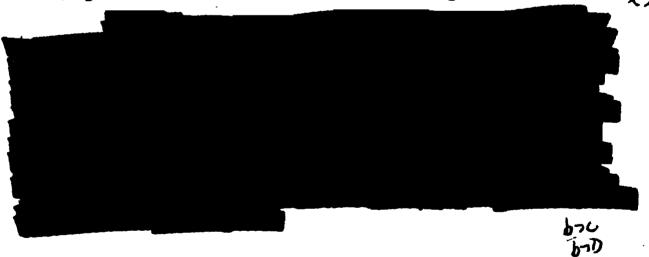
- 10 -

made the point also that under the then existing rules at Los Alamos, it was not absolutely necessary that each individual pick up only his own mail. Usually, any one of a group could go to the Post Office and pick up not only his own mail but mail of other individuals who requested him to do so. pointed out that by providing this information, he did not wish to infer that any cryptic message coming to Los Alamos under his name might have been meant for another individual who would make sure that this particular mail would be picked up by volunteering to get the mail on a particular day.

With reference to the literary work "Soviet Power," stated it is possible that he might have read such a work. He felt, however, that he would not have purchased such a work while in the New Mexico area and that if he did own the work, it would have been purchased prior to January 1944

pointed out that he is not certain in his own mind whether he actually was ever in possession of "Soviet Power." He does not rule out the possibility, however, he stated.

then repeated his assertion that he had no knowledge of such a letter ostensibly written by his mother in 1944. He stated that he likewise had never been interviewed by intelligence officers at Los Alamos concerning this 1944 letter.



- 11 -

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Ø	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 65-58236-10+NR(3-10-66) after penal 3/09 0112

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stated that while at Los Alamos, he never had any feeling or conviction that persons he knew as fellow workers at Los Alamos might have been recruitted by the Soviets or that these individuals thereafter might have tried to recruit others for the Soviets. He stated he was not explicitly suspicious of any fellow worker at Los Alamos while there.

knowledge of Communist Party activities or how espionage might be effected.

He stated that looking back on the widespread publicity developing from the Klaus Fuchs case, he had been shocked. He stated he came to the conclusion that there were a lot of people working at Los Alamos who would never have passed current security regulations. He stated he had come to the conclusion that very little, if any, screening had been done and that the demand for capable scientists was so great that perhaps some persons who were admitted to Los Alamos should never have been admitted. is his feeling that a number of people who were communists by conviction actually worked at Los Alamos. He stated he could not identify these individuals but recalled hearing various hearsay bits of information which upon retrospect seemed to indicate that Communist Party members or adherents to the philosophy of communism were employed there. He stated he could not recall the source of this hearsay information, much of which indicated that various Los Alamos workers "had had brushes with the Communist Party when they were younger." He stated it is his feeling that under present security regulations such contact with the Party, however brief, would have ruled out employment on a project similar to that underway at Los Alamos.

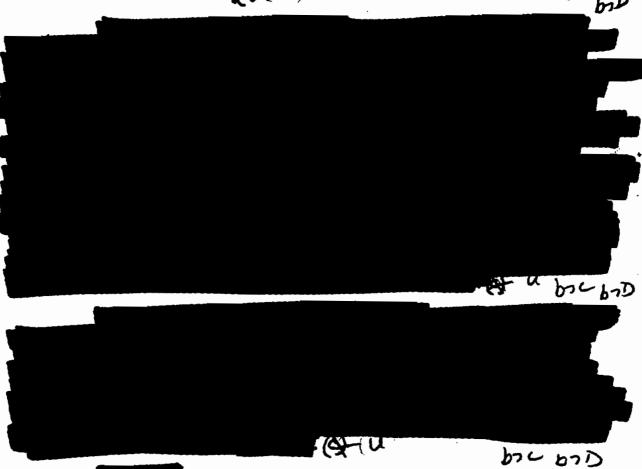
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stated that neither while at Los Alamos between 1944 and January 1946 nor in the years up to the present time, nor at any time, had he ever been approached by the Soviets to become an agent of theirs. He added also that he had never become aware either of such an agency by any of his scientific friends and associates.



stated also that while at Los Alamos, he had never furnished any unauthorized person with information concerning personnel employed at Los Alamos or any other information concerning over-all activities there.

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- 14 -

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA BELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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	For your information:
K	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 65-58236-10+NR (2-10-66) after certify 3409 px 15

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(A) (a) 676

again referred to his amazement that an espionage ring had been uncovered which had operated at Los Alamos during World War II. He stated he had never known Julius Rosenberg and/or David Greenglass and had no information that any of his associates at Harvard and the Los Alamos project knew these individuals while at Los Alamos.

stated that should he be contacted in the future by Soviet officials or by officials of Soviet Bloc nations, he would contact the Federal Bureau of Investigation and advise of such contact.

Physical Description

The following physical description was obtained by observation and interrogation:

Name:

Date of Birth:

Place of Birth:

Citizenship:

or treomanth.

Race: Sex:

Hair:

Eyes:

Height:

United States

White

Male

Brown, graying, thinning

Hazel

5'10"

- 16 -

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENT

boc Weight:

180 pounds

boc

Marital Status:

Married - Wife

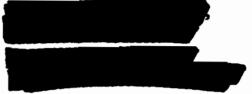
Children:

One minor

Employment:

....

Residence:



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- 17 -

CONFIDENTIAL

Santlet \$2/14/65 entitled Styling Bosenberg of a copy of which was furnished to the Howark Office in th ease entitled (Newark file esptioned case indisetes subject should be equaldered as the of Linours as was hever positively identified as a member the asplanage ring, the following puckground and activitie was born in Russia. relatives living in Russia His parents were active in Commist acti He was entire in the TCL at CCMY at the s time as ROSENBERG Me and BOSEMBERS graduated for in was reportedly a member of Industrial Section of the CP in the early 1940 ROSENSERO was the Chairman of that Branch. is noted that ROSEFBERG recruited several manh of this Branch into his espionage activities. employment record after graduating from CCBY would have definitely made him of Interest to Soviet intelligence. He work in Brocklyn, Mr. from 1 Classified by 32 Declassify on: CADR Rew York (65-15348) New York Nov York by Erempt tryin CDS, Con 66 MM 2 TOP SECNET

The second secon was bestile and uncooperative when interviewed by the PBI. He denied knowing ROSENBERG and other associates of ROSENBERG who were engaged in espionage. These denials were patently untrue. Over the years he has been persistently uncooperative in appearances fore the bread fury and a Congressional Paralty s not the timed type who might say sway from involvement in espionage. He has b described as being arregant and dominerriage His attachment to Communion appears to have b tesp-seated and apparently did not fade out after his graduation from college. This is evidenced by his close association with his parents who were still engaged in Communist. activities in 1848; his hiring of a CP attern in Seattle in 1951; his subsequent marriage to a woman who had been a long-time member of the CP; and his completely uncooperative netitude, of particular significance is the case entitled TUNKNOWN SUBJECT: Flight of Atomic Replenage Agent; ESP-R" (Bufile 65-60188), For the infer mation of Newark. advised that on \$/15/51 Western Man ork CP ified individual allegedly involved in the Maten toy Ming Case wi This individual was destined to se thousands of Miles away to My apprehension so he might face the death penalty (the times of this incident reflects that 2070. was referring to the ROSENBERG case), According

this individual was more than slightly

ment on behalf of his CP superiors. He indicated

reald he was executing this assign-

IDVOLVEG.

the paint of the law property fails agreed for the tall paint of the fails agreed to the tall contact with this sified individual, the s/lifel. original plan had been delayed. But was still said be had On 8/29/51. to be executed. received instructions that the unknown individual would appear shortly. On \$/2/\$1, the individual was still at large and had not been apprehended; also that had received is instructions concerning any change of please Uthough was in contact with ma 9/17/81, furnished no additional information and did not indicate that the plan had been abandoned. The case was closed on 11/\$/\$1.

was considered a possible suspect for the unknown individual and was placed under surveillance. ne significance was apparently attached to the fact that he did travel to the Buffalo area during mid-June 1951 left Scattle with his parents on 8/1/61 by automobile and war traveled at a leigurely pass eastward. During this trip the engaged in unusual maneuvers which may well have indicated that he was trying to detect the surveillance. On \$/18/51 they stopped overnight about 20 miles west of Buffalo, On the following day they went through Buffale, stopping ealy for a meal and the purchase of a newspaper. Thereafter they proceeded to Brooklyn, MY, arriving there on 8/18/5]. e of considerable significance that on \$/18/81, while is purchased a piece of luggage described as Cleveland, purchased a piece of luggage described as a fortnighter. This is rather a large suitease and may well Cleveland, indicate that was planning to take a trip of con-siderable duration, it is also interesting to note that although arrived in MYC on \$/20/51, he did not abtain mployment until 11/23/61. Although he was under surveillance on quite a few occasions after his arrival in New York, The only indication that he might be seeking employment decurred m 11/10/51 when he was observed visiting the offices of an engineering firm. These facts are consistent with the poss bility that may have been considering flight,

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O However Light has seen to be stated in errest and convicti to the informant subsequent to the Errest and conviction to the ROSENSKRES, MORTON SORELL had made his abortive attempt to get WILLIAM PE to flee had occurred almost a year earlier. In the wase o In the case of he was questioned for the first time on 8/28/81. "From the nature of the questions asked him and the publicity given to the ROSENBERG trial, it must have been obvious to him that he was considered to be a suspect in the ROSZNBERG case. The subse-quent request for his resignation from his job at the would bertainly have made him even more apprehensive. Thereafter his father sold his the sum business in Seattle. It will also be recalled that the flight of the unknown individual who was connected with the atomic spy ring case was being handled through the 67 in Buffelow the fact that the subject was assisted in preparing for his trip east by two known CF members may, therefore, have some significance;

In considering the possibility that way have been involved in aspionage, it is noted that in 1951 he owned a Malierafter radio, model 8X-82, ranging from 830 kilocycles to 108 megacycles, expeble of receiving, AK, FK and CV. It, therefore, appears that as a resident of Seattle he could character, appears that as a resident of Seattle he could casily have received short wave coded massages from the USSR on this setament.

In adeordance with the request set forth in relet, the fewark Office is requested to verify the subject's present residence and employment. A copy of Mewark's communication (5) should be designated for the New York file on (NY file should be designated for the New York file on New Jersey, and was

The facts of this case are such that the Survey and the Office of Origin may desire to consider the advisability of instituting additional discreet investigation of activities.

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mployed by

THE STATE OFF

Mr. J. Valter Yeagley Assistant Attorney General

February 25, 1966

Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Deloach

1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Vick

MORTON SORELL ESPIONAGE - MISSIA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 86 86 BY 3042 PUT PLC 1 - Mr. Lee

1 - Mr. Branigan

Reference is made to our letters dated December 2, 1965, and February 16, 1966.

There is attached one copy of a letter from William H. Eunstler, attorney for Morton Sobell. There is also enclosed a copy of our reply referring Kunstler to your office. Kunstler has asked for information concerning the initials on the reverse ade of the Hotel Hilton registration card of Earry Gold for September 19, 1945. Our letter to you dated December 2, 1965, furnished information concerning the identities of the persons whose initials appeared on that card.

Kunstler has also asked if the initials "F.L.B." on the reverse side of the registration card for the Hotel Hilton for Harry Gold for June 3, 1945, belonged to an Agent of this Bureau. These initials are those of Fletcher L. Brumit, Manager of the Hotel Hilton, Albuquerque, in 1950.

Kunstler has also requested the names of all PBI Agents who participated in the investigation of the files of the Hilton Hotel, Albuquerque, in 1950 as well as those who conducted investigation in Albuquerque during the same period. It is not believed that defense counsel is entitled to be furnished these names based only on his statement that he is planning to file a motion under 28 United States Code 2255; however, if you want to have the names of these Agents, an attempt will be made to obtain them from a 165-58236 review of our files.

NOT RECORDED

Kunstler also referred to A letter addressed to

Mr. John H. Davitt of the Criminal Section and furnished a copy of that letter to this Bureau. He also asked that if this Bureau had the statements of David and Ruth Greenglass and Harry Gold relating to the June 3, 1945, meeting in Albuquerque that he be furnished copies thereof. He also requested to examine that portion of the confession of Klaus Fuchs which referred to the Sune 3, 1945, meeting.

101-2483 2- 65-58236 (Rosenberg)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

54 MAR 2º 1986 7 / (9)

Mr. J. Walter Yeagley

For your information in the case entitled "David Greenglass; Ksp - R," the following reports were furnished to the Department which contained the signed statements made by David and Ruth Greenglass to our Agents, as well as statements that both made to Myles Lane, Assistant United States Attorney, Southern District of New York in 1950.

- 1. Report of Special Agent John V. Lewis made at New York, June 26, 1950.
- 2. Report of Special Agent Leo H. Frutkin made at New York, August 5, 1950.
- 3. Summary report of Special Agent Leo H. Frutkin made at New York, August 3, 1950.
- 4. Report of Special Agent John W. Lewis made at New York, September 26, 1950.

With respect to the statements of Harry Gold, you are referred to the report of Special Agent Robert G. Jensen made at Philadelphia, May 31, 1950, in the case entitled "Harry Gold; Esp ~ R." This report included the original confession of Harry Gold and a copy was furnished to the Assistant Attorney General.

Vith regard to statements made by Klaus Fuchs, you are referred to our letter to the Assistant Attorney General dated June 8, 1950, in the case entitled, "Marry Gold; Esp - R" which furnished a copy of a seven-page statement obtained from Fuchs in London, England, on May 26, 1950.

Enclosures - 2

NOTE: See memorandum W. A. Branigan to W. C. Sullivan dated 2/24/66, same caption, prepared by JPL:sal.

February 25, 1966

1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Wick 1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Mr. Lee

Eunstler, Eunstler and Kinoy

Attention: Mr. William M. Kunstler \$ 6/86 3042 PWT/Me

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to your letter of February 16, 1966.

You are referred to my letter of December 2, 1965. Since your letter of February 16, 1966, pertains to a motion to be filed on behalf of Morton Sobell, it has been referred to the Internal Security Division of the Department of Justice.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

165-58236 NOTRECOEDED 199 MAR 1 100F

1 - Mr. J. Walter Teagley Assistant Attorney General

O- 65-58236 (Rosenberg)

JPL: sal

(9)

See memorandum W. A. Branigan to W. C. Sullivan NOTE: captioned "Morton Sobell, Espionage - Bussia," dated 2/24/66, prepared by JPL: sall

Sorter Deski Services I in the land of the MEDICALE - BUSIA - THE THE SECTION CONTAINED This neweradum recommends that a fatter received from the subject! attorney requesting information be answered by referral to the internal Security Division and that the Internal Security Division be Suralched with Answers to questions raised by the Sefence sounced. Morton Sobell is serving a sentence of 80 years for his part is the Mesenberg espionage conspiraty case. In August, 1968, a book entitled "Invitation to an Inquest" was published and it attacked the entire case against the Resembergs and Bebell and strongly suggested that the .FRI had forgod svidence wood in the trial, The bileged forgery referred to a hotel registration eard for Marry Wold, Coversment witness, for June 3, 1945, at the Motel Wilten, Albuquerque, à photostat of this card was introduced at the trial to establish Gold's presence is Albuquerque en June 3, 1945, which supported the testimony of David Greenglass, another Severament witness, that he met Gold in Albuquerque on that date. The dark had a date of June 3 handwritter on the face and a time-stamped date of June 4 on the reverse side. Gold was also at the came hotel on September 19, 1945, but the registration sard for that date was open used at the trial. The book plains the discrepancy in dates and a comparison of the photostate of the sards show that the June card is probably a forgory. This sard was returned to the hotel and destroyed. The September card was destroyed by the New York Office in regular course of business. THE PARTY OF THE P CURRENT REQUEST) by letter dated February 16, 1966, William H. Banetler, derence council for Sobell, wrete the Director and asked for information pertaining to Smitials appearing on the above-mentioned cards. He also baked for the Hames of all FBI Agents who participated in investigation of the files of the Hilton Botel, Albuquerque, during 1950 as well as those who conducted 11,C.5823L 101-3463 NOT RECORDED Incloaures -199 MAR 1 1966 0 - 65-84236 (Recenberg) PLICAL MERCY 54 MAR 2

Memorandum W. A. Branigan to W. C. Sullivan

RE: MORTON SORRLL

101-2483

investigations in Albuquerque during the same period of time. He also enclosed a letter he had written to John Davitt of the Criminal Section of the Department of Justice in which he requested permission to examine the statements of David and Ruth Greenglass and Harry Gold made to the Federal Bureau of Investigation or to the Department of Justice relating to the June 3, 1945, meeting. He also requested that portion of the confession of Klaus Fuchs which related to the meeting of June 3, 1945.

OBSERVATIONS:

By letter of Movember 23, 1965, Kunstler had requested information from the Bureau and by letter of December 2, 1965, he was told that since he was contemplating filing a petition under 28 United States Code 2255, his letter was being referred to the Department of Justice. It is believed we should again refer Kunstler to the Department of Justice. In addition, it is believed that we should inform the Department of the answers to the questions raised by Kunstler.

ACTION:

- l. There is attached for your approval a brief letter to Kunstler referring him to the Department of Justice.
- 2. There is attached for your approval a letter to the Assistant Attorney General, Mr. J. Walter Yeagley, furnishing him with a copy of the letter sent by Kunstler and a copy of our reply to Kunstler and furnishing the answers to the questions raised by him.

	UNITED STAT	TES GOVERNMENT	2 SECRET	
	MEMORANDUM	R	OUTE IN EN	VELOPE
	TO:	SAC, NEW YORK (65-1	5348) m Date:	10/14/66
27/	FROM:	SA C	Sac.	manyork!
	SUBJECT:	JULIUS ROSENBERG ESP-R	10-1	4-66
	dated 10/4	ReNYairtel captione /66.	a and	(7×1) (4)
		Source Date of Contact Contacted By	(S)	
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when incorporating information furnished by into communications suitable for dissemination outside the Bureau, Bureau authority is not necessary when the information can be paraphrased so that the identity of the informant is not jeopardized. When certain specific information is of such a nature as to prohibit dissemination, the Bureau should be advised the hasis for non-dissemination.

Certain information furnished by (5) will be of such a nature as to necessitate a classification above "Confidential", since the disclosure of this information to unauthorized persons could have a

in all other instances, a classification of confidential will be adequate if the information relates to and can be adequately paraphrased.

(S) When disseminating information received from no reference should ne made to the time (date, month or year) the information was received. This should be set forth administratively.

Suitable paraphrasing of the information to be disseminated, plus concealment of the time of its receipt will materially assist in concealing the identity of the source

no further dissemination of that should be made. Such information is of no investigative value and its indiscrimminate and unwarranted liquid endarger the informant's sensitive position.

IN VIEW OF THE HIGHLY SENSITIVE POSITION OF EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED IN HANDLING ANY INFORMATION ATTRIBUTED TO THIS SOUPCE. AND NO ACTION TAKEN WHICH COULD CONCEIVABLY JEOPARDIZE THE SECURITY OF THE INFORMANT OR REVEAL HIS IDENTITY.

APPEAR IN THIS
COMMUNICATION. THEY ARE NOT TO BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED.
THEY HAVE BEEN SET FORTH FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.
SUCH INFORMATION IS OF NO INVESTIGATIVE VALUE AND ITS
INDISCRIMMINATE AND UNWARKANTED USE COULD ENDANGER THE
INFORMANT'S SENSITIVE POSITION.

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TOP SECRET (5)

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(9)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT IN ENVELOPE MEMORANDUM TO: SAC, NEW YORK FROM: SUBJECT: Renyairtel captioned dated 10/4/66. Source Date of Contact Contacted By SA and SAC Characterized A confidential informant who has furnished reliable information in the past Classified by 301/2 PUT Declassify on: OADR 10/30/86 1-NY 1-NY 1-NY 1-Bu 1-NY (65-58236) (JULIUS ROSENBERG) 1-NY (1-Bu l-NY :1fm bo $(1\overline{2})$ 65-58236 ALE IMPORMETION CONTAINED PER 18 18 MOTASSIFIED EXCEPT NOT RECORDED where seems otherwise, 102 OCT 25 1966 61 OCT 271966



When incorporating information furnished by into communications suitable for dissemination outside the bureau, Bureau authority is not necessary when the information can be paraphrased so that the identity of the informant is not jeopardized. When certain specific information is of such a nature as to prohibit dissemination, the Bureau should be advised of the basis for non-dissemination.

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will be of such a nature as to necessitate a classification
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to unauthorized persons could have a

other instances, a classification of "Confidential" will be adequate if the information relates to and can be adequately paraphrased.

When disseminating information received from north or year) the information was received. This should be set forth administratively.

Suitable paraphrasing of the information to be disseminated, plus concealment of the time of its receipt will materially assist in concealing the identity of the source.

If the attached memorandum sets forth a should no further dissemination of that should be made. Such information is of no investigative value and its indiscrimminate and unwarranted misuse could endanger the informant's sensitive position.

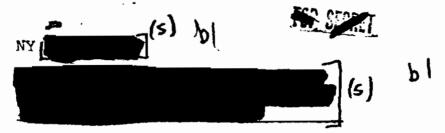
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THE INFORMANT OF REVEAL HIS IDENTITY.

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Reference is made to New York airtel in captioned case and dated 10/5/65, page three, in which the informant on

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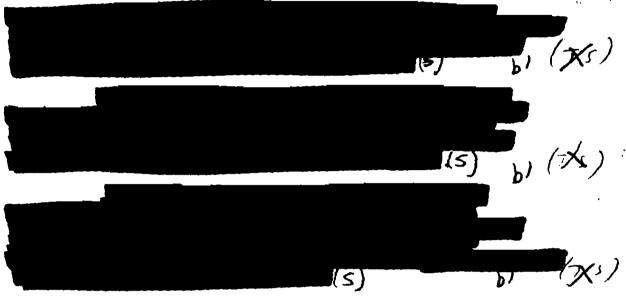
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	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
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(The Bureau's attention is directed to New York airtel in captioned case dated 10/29/65, pages five through fifteen, which sets forth in great detail. informant's information concerning

 $J(s) \qquad (7x)$

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NY (E) b1

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IN THE EVENT APPEAR IN THIS COMMUNICATION, THEY ARE NOT TO BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED. THEY HAVE BEEN SET FORTH FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.
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tox)

PMR (4 CPR) 101-11.6 UNITED STATES GOMERNMENT *1emorandum* DATE: DIRECTOR, FBI (65-58236) 10/21/66 FROM AC, NEW YORK (65-15348)(C) SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESP - R ReBulet, 10/11/66 and Nyairtel, 10/4/66, captioned The questioned words in reNYairtel were inadvertently capitalized and should have been set (5) forth as They refer to an unidentified individual and not to a Classified by 30/2 PUT Declassify on: OADR ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS INCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. - Washington Field (Info.)(RM) 65-58236 - New York NOT RECORDED OCT 24 1966 WCR:mpm (4) Date of Dechastification In S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

3010-105

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT **MEMORANDUM** TO: SAC. NEW YORK Date: 11/15/66 FROM: SUBJECT: ReNYairtel captioned and dated 11/7/66. Source Date of Contact Contacted By SAS and SAC Characterized A confidential informant Classified by 3043 post loto who has furnished reliable information in the past Declassify on: OADR 10/30/86 13) 1-NY (5) 1-NY 1≨Bu 1-NY bi 1-NY (65-15348) (65-58236) (JULIUS ROSENBERG) 1-Bu 1-NY 1=Bu 1-NY 1-NY 1>Bu **DUD** :lfm ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HITETH IS INCLASSIFIED EXCEPT

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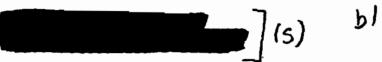
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As set forth in New York airtel of 11/4/66, which enclosed a LHM concerning the (5) bl (X) Ы Ы

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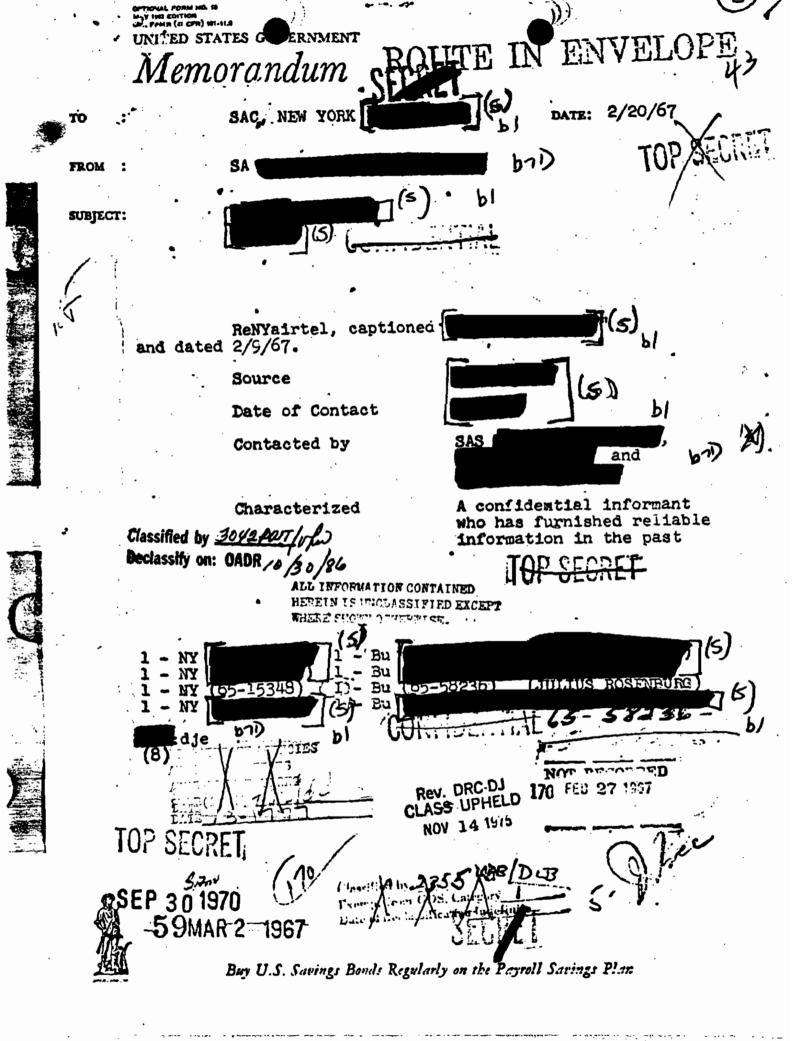
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	For your information:
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Our Reference:

20 July, 1967.

Julius and Ethel ROSENBERG

Attached is a copy of an article which appeared in the London Evening Standard on Wednesday, 5 July, 1967.

I imagine that there is in fact no substance in the suggestion made in this article but nevertheless I think you will wish to see a copy of it.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED >. HEREIN IS INCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Enc.

In duplicate

Classified by 30/2000 per Declassify on: OADR 10/30/56

JUL 28 1967



overseas page 📢 overseas page

Rosenberg atom spies could be innocent

The case of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg which americans habitually describe as the crime of the century," may soon be re-examined, with results that are expected to very on the sensational.

Bith the Rosenbergs are dead. They were executed in 1833 for conspiring to give atomic secretal to the Russian and became the focus of the hysteria which sweet the United States in the wake of the new that Russia possessed the Atom

But flow Morton Bobell, on of five defendants charged to the UR. Government in the Rosemberg computacy an eutrently serving a 30-yes prison sentence, seems likely be granted a hearing in open our to copider manufacture in the court to copider manufacture in the court to copider manufacture is a servine of the copider of the copies of the copies

If so, the entire case against he Rosenbergs will be chalenged, for Sobell's defence wayers now say that they have widness that Ruggest a major miscarriage of justice, attributed to park to the deep sense of park to the deep sense of market which gripped the country at the time of the tile

The prosecution assured to the Covernment case by declaring that the Rosenbergs pillered the most important scientific secrets syst moves to man-

The U.S. Covernment is known to be extremely supplied of the frame systemes produced in Science a few or and displayed a few York Opens of Appetition works ago. Others are sweeter and impressed.

phobel's awyers have two portheries to grop should their client be allowed a new hearing. One is set of affidavits from leading scientists casting extensive doubt on the actual value of the mazerial passed on to the Rossians by the Bossubers con morators.

a - handwriting expert which

JEREMY CAMPBELL: Washington, Wednesday



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Now, are making public the forest of the control of the scientists with a work obtained opinion from some of the scientists with the control of the scientists o

These scientisis assert that the Greenglass sketch was virially meless to the Russians, saved them no time whatsear in constricting these sear the constricting the

At the same time, a handwriting expert. Mrs. Eissbeth



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Bobell's havyers conclide that lake and misleading systemes in brighted by supply the mechany's documentary misposesses and the detendants and that in the emotionally charged atmosphere of the 18th trial defence counsel was not discovered to question the Covernment's claim that the Green place sketch was of paramount majortarne to the security of the country and the security of the world.

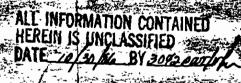
Backing

Important backing for this argument has come from 150 independent researchers, Walter and Miriam Schneir, who spent five sears investigating the sears investigating the book in 150 called favilation to an Incomi.

In the course of this restarch they ebtained extensive tape recordings of bonversations between one of the defendant and his knyers, showing that the delendant told differing stories to his lawyers and to the larry at the trial.

"We have become convinced," the Shneirs affirm, "that there has been a horrendom with

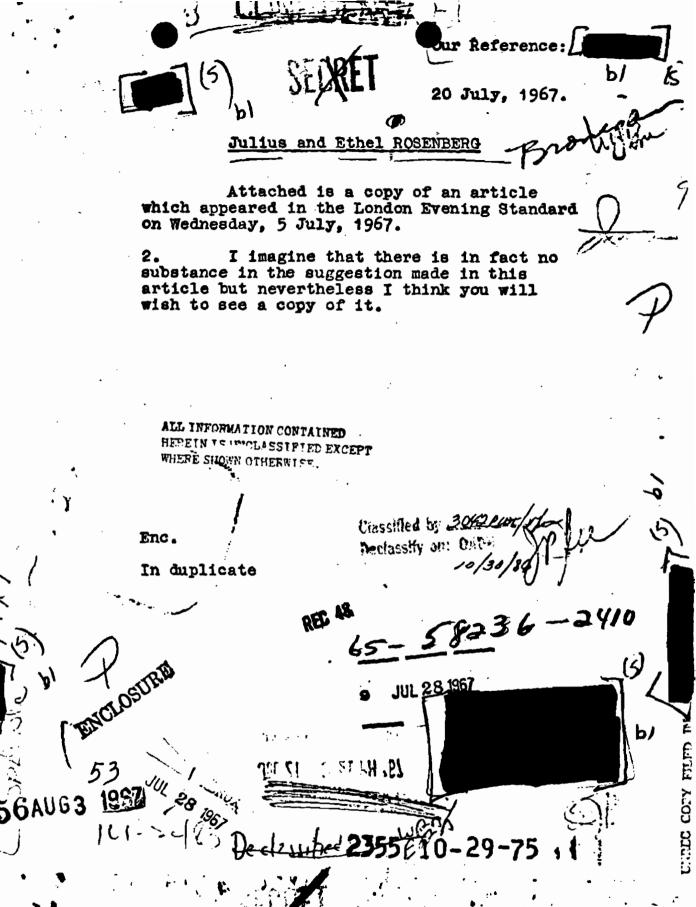
The U.S. Government has depled all the allegations made by the Sober side since new evidence began to be assembled.





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Incoming letter	<u> </u>	7-20-67
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(XEROX COPY OF ABOVE ATTACHED HERETO)



osenberg atom es could mnocent

The case of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, which Americans habitually des-tribe as "the crime of the century," may soon be re-examined, with results that are expected to verge on the sensational.

on the sensational.

Both the Rosenbergs are dead. They were executed in 1953 for conspiring to give atomic secrets to the Russians and became the focus of the hysteris which swept the United States in the woke of the news that Russia possessed the Atom bank.

The translational distriction when the U.S. the constitution in the U.S. the constitution in the U.S. the constitution in the Complete security serving a 30-year prison sentence, means likely to be granted a hearing in open court to consider new evidence that purports to prove he was denied a fair-•: `

WORMSTON CONTRINED

WHORMSTON Pillered...

If so, the entire case sgainst the Rosenbergs will be challenged for Sobell's defence lawyers nor say that they have evidence that suggests a major miscarriage of justice, attributed in part to the deep sense of national occurage, verying on panic, which gripped the country at the time of the trial in 1931.

The prosecution summed up the Government case by declaring that the Rosenbergs pilfered the mast important scientific seriets over known to mankind."

screeks over known to mankind."
The U.S. Government is known to be extremely supplied of the fresh evidence produced in Sobell's favour and displayed at a New York Court of Appeals two weeks ago. Others are excited and impressed.

Sobell's lawters have two bombshells to drop should their client be allowed a new hearing. One is a set of allidavits from leading scientists castang extending scientists castang extending

client oe allowed a new nearons. One is a set of abilidarits from leading scientists casting extensive doubt on the actual value of the material pased on to the Bushans by the Rosenberg conspirators. The other is the testimony of a handwriting expert which they claim will show that a

JEREMY CAMPBELL: Washington, Wedassusy



ETHEL ROSENBERG

operation of the 1945 atomic bornis."

Now, after making public the 16-year-old trial cyllegre, Sobell's lawyers have obtained opinions from some of the scientists who worked on the bornb in the 1949's, including Renry Linachitz who helped assemble the first test bornb ever built, and Philip Morrison, a holder of the secret patent on the bornb dropped on Namaski in 1645.

There scientists assert that the Greenglans thetch was virtually usitess to the Russians, saved them "no time whatever" in constructing their own bornb and could actually have been misleading.

At the same time, a handwriting expert, Brs. Elizabeth



JULIUS GOSENDEBG

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that the gave the sketch to the Rosenborg's inches from Los Alams, testing demonstrated "the principle and operation of the 1945 alonic bomb."

Now, after making public the 18-year-old trial cylinger, Sobell's lawyers considered the servery demonstrated the principle and operation of the 1945 alonic bomb."

Now, after making public the 18-year-old trial cylinger, Sobell's lawyers considered to subject the 18-year-old trial cylinger, Sobell's lawyers considered to subject the 18-year-old trial cylinger, Sobell's lawyers considered to subject to the 1945 alonic bomb.

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Backing

Important backing for this argument has come from two independent researchers. Walter and Mirrian Schneir, who spent five years investigating the Rosenberg case and published a book in 1905 called Invitation to an Inquest. to an Inquest.

to an Inquest.

In the course of this research, they obtained extensive tage recordings of conversational between one of the defendants and his Layera, showing that the defendant told different stories to his layera and to the largest the trial.

"We have become convaced." the Samilis afferir. "that there has been a horrendous ancouringe of indice."

The U.S. Government has denied all the altexations made by the Sobel's since new evidence begon to be assembled.

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TAP SECRET

When incorporating information furnished by into communications suitable for dissemination outside the Bureau, Bureau authority is not necessary when the information can be paraphrased so that the identity of the informant is not jeopardized. When certain specific information is of such a nature as to prohibit dissemination, the Bureau should be advised of the basis for non-dissemination.

Certain information furnished by will be of such a nature as to necessitate a classification above "Confidential", since the disclosure of this information to unauthorized persons could have a

In all other instances, a classification of "Confidential" will be adequate if the information relates to and can be adequately paraphrased.

When disseminating information received from no reference should be made to the time (date, month or year) the information was received. This should be set forth administratively.

(X)

Suitable paraphrasing of the information to be disseminated, plus concealment of the time of its receipt will materially assist in concealing the identity of the source.

no further dissemination of that should be made. Such information is of no investigative value and its indiscrimminate and unwarranted misuse could endanger the informant's sensitive position.

IN VIEW OF THE HIGHLY SENSITIVE POSITION OF EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED IN HANDLING ANY INFORMATION ATTRIBUTED TO THIS SOURCE, AND NO ACTION TAKEN WHICH COULD CONCEIVABLY JEOPARDIZE THE SEGURITY OF THE INFORMANT OR REVEAL HIS IDENTITY.

IN THE EVENT APPEAR IN THIS COMMUNICATION. THEY ARE NOT TO BE FURTHER DISSEMINATED. THEY HAVE BEEN SET FORTH FCR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY. SUCH INFORMATION IS OF NO INVESTIGATIVE VALUE AND ITS INDISCRIMMINATE AND UNWARRANTED USE COULD ENDANGER THE INFORMANT'S SENSITIVE POSITION.



(5) bi

61](5) As set forth in referenced communication of 6/15/67, page four, informant, on (**)](5) bl .(5) 61 (X;) (5) pl **P**1

(5) 61

In response to various questions, informant made the following comments: (0)

bl (X)

in furnishing this data (see NY airtel 10/29/65, page five)

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	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
X	Deleted under exemption(s) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
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SAC, NEW YORK (65-15346)

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FROM:

TO:

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SUBJECT:

MEMO RANDUM

JULIUS ROSENBERG

ESP - R

ReNYairtel, captioned and dated 7/17/67.

Source

Date of Contact

Contacted by

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HOTELY INVESTIGATED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

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A confidential informant who has furnished reliable information in the past

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1-Bureau (65-58236) (ROSENBERG)

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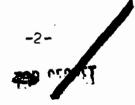
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Suitable paraphrasing of the information to be disseminated, plus concealment of the time of its receipt will materially assist in concealing the identity of the for source.

(5) If the attached memorandum sets forth a no further dissemination of that should be made. Such information is of no investigative value and its indiscrimminate and unwarranted misuse could endanger the informant's sensitive position.

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Attention is directed to NY investigative sirtel of 10/29/65, page ten. setting forth comments of by (X)

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	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
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December 6, 1967

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan

1 - Mr. A. P. Litrento

Honorable Levis L. Strauss Brandy Rock Farm Brandy Station, Virginia 22714

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1 186 BY 36 42 PW

Dear Levis:

Mr. Deloach has advised me of the inquiry made of you by Professor Edward Teller and of your request for information which might assist you in responding to Professor Teller.

I am attaching hereto a memorandum setting forth the points raised by the authors in Chapters XXVIII and XXIX of their book, "Invitation to an Inquest," and our refutation of these points. It may be of some interest to you to know that these same points were raised last year by the attorneys for Morton Sobell in a motion in the United States District Court to set aside Sobell's conviction. On February 14, 1967, Judge Edward Weinfeld wrote a 79-page opinion denying this motion. On June 26, 1967, the United States Court of Appeals, Second Circuit, affirmed this opinion.

Sincerely,

EDGAR REC. 62

65-58236-

Enclosure

1 - 101-2483 (Morton Sobell)

APL:slc

NOTE: See memorandum Mr. DeLoagh to Mr. Tolson, dated December 5, 1967, captioned "Julius Rosenberg, Espionage - Russia," prepared by APL:slc.

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1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan December 6, 1967

l - Mr. W. A. Branigan "INVITATION TO AN INQUEST" BY WALTER AND MIRIAM SCHOOLIN

1 - Mr. A. P. Litrento The above-captioned book published in August, 1965, deals with the conviction of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg and Morton Sobell for conspiracy to commit espionage. This case was tried in 1951, and these subjects were found guilty. Rosenbergs were executed in 1953 and gobell is still serving his sentence of thirty years. This book claims that the entire case presented by the United States Government was a frame-up in order to put the blame on someone for the fact that Russian "know how" had developed an atomic bomb and detonated it in 1949.

The overall effect of the book is to create the impression that the FBI manufactured evidence, persuaded witnesses to lie, coached all witnesses in their testimony and that the United States Attorney knowingly used this fraudulent evidence and since 1951 all branches of the United States Government had joined in a conspiracy to prevent the "true" facts from becoming known.

Analysis of Chapters XXVIII and XXIX

Chapter XXVIII discusses in detail the trip of Harry Gold to New Mexico in June, 1945, and his meeting with David and Ruth Greenglass at their apartment in Albuquerque on Sunday, June 3, 1945, to pick up information. The authors cite the use of the Jello box pieces by Gold and the Greenglasses as a method of identification and the statement of Gold that he was sent by "Julius." They also cite the turning over to David Greenglass of \$500 in cash which Gold had received from Anatoli Yakovlev, his Soviet principal. The authors note that this meeting between Gold and Greenglass represents the major strength of the Government's case in trying to link Julius Rosenberg with Gold and Yakovley. The authors point out that to bolster the testimony of Gold and Greenglass on this point the Government introduced two exhibits; one, a Hilton Hotel registration card to show that Gold was in Albuquerque on June 3, 1945; and, two, a bank record to show a deposit of \$400 made by Ruth Greenglass on June 4, 1945, in order to lend support to her story that the day following the meeting with Gold she deposited \$400 of the \$500 received from Gold in an Albuquerque bank.

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65-58236 1 - 101-2483	(Morton	Sobell)	RINE ALL	1	Į se	e note		

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"Invitation to an inquest" BY WALTER AND MIRIAN SCHNEIR

chapter XXIX deals with the registration of Harry Gold at the Hilton Hotel in Albuquerque on June 3, 1945, and the fact that he checked into the hotel for the day only. The authors pointed out that it was unusual to register into a hotel for one day. The authors also take issue with the introduction of a photostat of the hotel registration card into evidence by the Government rather than the original. They contend that the Rosenbergs' attorney, by consenting to the introduction of the photostat, erred because the front of the card had the handwritten date of June 3, 1945, while the date stamp on the back of the card was June 4, 1945. They assert that this discrepancy makes the card useless as corroborative evidence and it is probably a forgery.

With respect to the point made concerning Gold's registration at the hotel for one day, the facts are that Gold, after meeting Klaus Fuchs in Santa Fe, New Mexico, traveled to Albuquerque on Saturday, June 2, 1945. He attempted to contact Greenglass but learned that there was no one at home. He slept in a rooming house that night and on the morning of June 3, 1945, checked into the Hilton Hotel for a day. He thereafter contacted Greenglass, obtained his information, and left Albuquerque on Sunday, June 3, 1945. The face of the hotel registration card confirms that Gold registered for one day since there is written under the word RATE "100 day rate until 8 P.M."

With respect to the discrepancy of dates on the registration card, the facts are that when this card was obtained from the manager of the hotel in June, 1950, this discrepancy was noticed by an FBI Agent. He inquired and was told by the manager of the hotel, Fletcher Brumit, that all registration cards received in the hotel on June 3, 1945, were stamped June 4, 1945. Brumit was of the opinion that through a mechanical error the time and date stamp machine erroneously set the date for June 4 rather than June 3.

It should be noted also that when the Government prosecutor introduced the photostat of the registration card into evidence with the approval of the defense counsel, he read both the front and back of the card. This is a matter of record in the official record of the trial. Therefore, all defense counsel, all members of the jury, and the defendants knew at the trial that the dates on the front and back of the photostat were different.

"INVITATION TO AN INQUEST"
BY WALTER AND MIRIAM SCHWEIR

The authors also raise the issue that the Hilton Hotel registration card for June 3, 1945, did not have the same identifying mark made by FBI Agents that the Hilton Hotel registration card for September 19, 1945, had. (Harry Gold had stayed at this hotel for a second time in order to keep another meeting with Elaus Fuchs.)

The facts are that the initials on the June card are those of the hotel manager. This card was originally obtained from the hotel on June 6, 1950, (several days after Gold had implicated Greenglass in admissions he had made to FBI Agents concerning his involvement in Soviet espionage) so that the PBI Laboratory could conduct a handwriting examination. This card was returned to the hotel on June 20, 1950, at the request of the hotel manager who stated he preferred to retain the card and would produce it at the trial in response to a subpoena. As stated heretofore, defense counsel agreed to the introduction of a photostat; therefore, it was not necessary to utilize the hotel manager as a witness for the purpose of introducing the original registration card into evidence. With respect to the September card, it was obtained by FBI Agents from the hotel on May 23, 1950, which was the day after Gold had confessed to FBI Agents his involvement with Klaus Fuchs in Soviet espionage. Greenglass's involvement was unknown to the FBI at this time. This card was initialed by FBI Agents of the Albuquerque Office and forwarded to New York for possible evidence; however, this card was never introduced at the trial mince it would have no bearing on the involvement of Greenglass and the Rosenbergs in Soviet espionage.

NOTE:

See memorandum Mr. DeLoach to Mr. Tolson, dated 12/5/67, captioned "Julius Rosenberg, Espionage - Russia," prepared by APL:slc. Original copy of this memorandum prepared as enclosure to letter to Nonorable Lewis L. Strauss, Brandy Rock Farm, Brandy Station, Virginia 22714.

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UNITED STATES GC RNMENT

Memorandum

TO

Mr. Tolson

: Mr. DeLogish

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - RUSSIA DATE: December 5, 1967

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Holmes

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan

1 - Mr. A. P. Litrento

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Admiral Strauss contacted me to advise of a call he had received from Professor Edward Teller, the well-known scientist. Teller informed Strauss of a request he had received from Dr. Urey to join in a petition to reopen the case of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who were convicted of Soviet atomic espionage in 1951 and executed in 1953. Urey is one of a group of scientists who worked on the atomic bomb and was active in attempting to seek clemency for the Rosenbergs. He is now advocating pardon for Morton Sobell, a member of the Rosenberg ring sentenced to 30 years, whose conviction he believes was a miscarriage of justice. Urey suggested that Teller read the book, "Invitation to an Inquest" by Walter and Miriam Schneir, which explains why the Rosenberg case should be reopened.

Teller advised Strauss he has read the book which he finds to be biæd and inaccurate, but he is disturbed about information appearing in chapters 28 and 29 relating to Harry Gold, a Government witness. Teller has asked Strauss's opinion about these chapters. Strauss would like to have the Bureau's observations concerning these chapters for his assistance in responding to Teller.

"Invitation to an Inquest," published in Autust, claims that the Rosenberg case was a Government frame pup Dand? wishes to create the impression that the FBI manufactured evidence and persuaded witnesses to lie to obtain the convictions. Chapter 28 discusses the trip of Gold to New Mexico in June, 1945. and his meeting with David and Ruth Greenglass in their apartment in Albuquerque on Sunday, June 3, 1945, to pick up atomic information; the use of the Jello box pieces as a means of identification; the statement of Gold that he was sent by Julius; and the turning over to Greenglass of \$500 which Gold had received from his Soviet principal, Anatoli Yakovlev. The authors note that this incident represents the major strength of the Government case in trying to link Rosenberg with Gold and Yakovlev. authors discuss the two prosecution exhibits which were introduced to bolster the testimony of Gold and Greenglass on this point; one, the Hilton Hotel registration card which indicates Gold

65-58236 Enclosure 2 2 2 2 6 7 1 - 101-2483 (Morton Sobell)

CONTINUED - OVER

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APL:51975 (6)

Memorandum Mr. DeLoach to Mr. Tolson RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG 65-58236

was in Albuquerque on 6/3/45; and two, a bank record showing a deposit of \$400 by Ruth Greenglass on 6/4/45 to lend support to Ruth's story that the day following the meeting with Gold she deposited 400 of the \$500 in an Albuquerque bank.

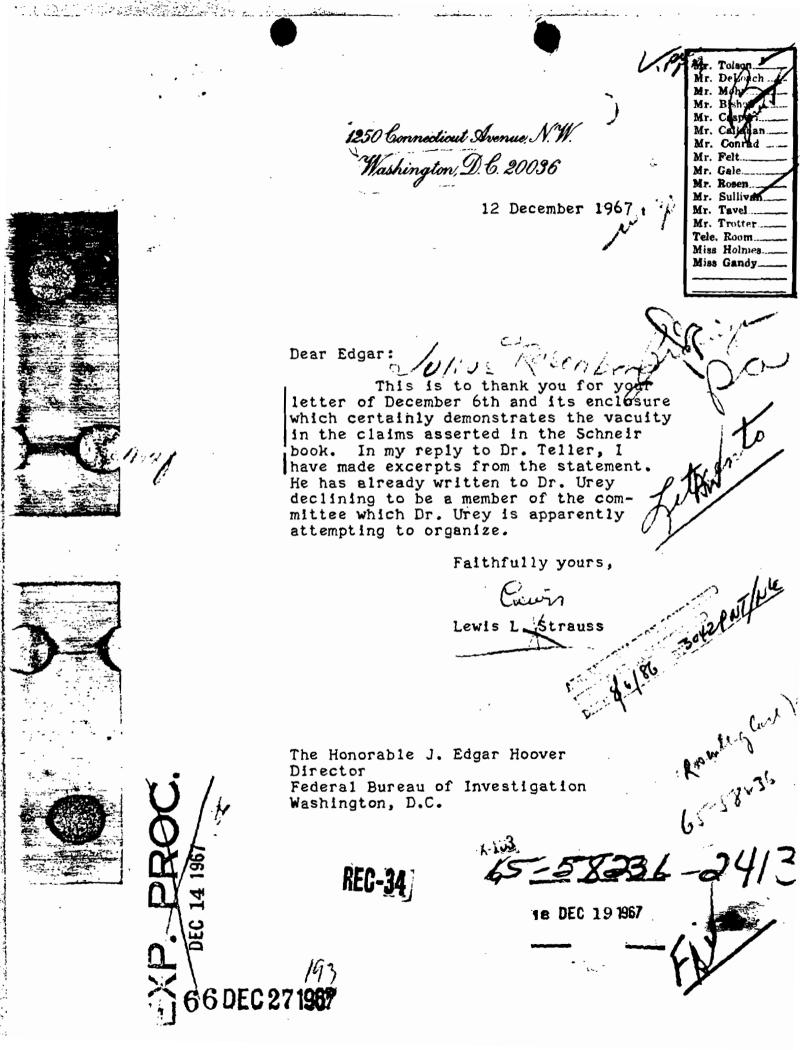
Chapter 29 discusses in detail the Hilton Hotel registration card referred to above. A photostat of this card had been introduced into evidence by the prosecution at the trial in 1951 with the consent of the Rosenbergs' attorney. The authors contend that the Rosenbergs' attorney erred in doing this because the front of the card had the handwritten date of 6/3/45 while the date stamp on the back of the card was 6/4/45. They contend that this discrepancy makes the card useless as corroborative evidence and that it is probably a forgery. facts are that when this card was obtained from the hotel manager in June, 1950, the discrepancy in the dates was noticed by one of our Agents and he inquired and was told by the hotel manager that all the registration cards at the hotel for June 3. 1945, had been date stamped 6/4/45 through a mechanical failure of the date stamp machine. Further, at the trial when the Government prosecutor introduced the photostat of the card into evidence with the approval of defense counsel, he read both the front and the back of the card into the record. Therefore, all the defense counsel, all members of the jury, and the defendants were aware of the fact that the dates on the front and the back of the photostat were different. The above points were also recently raised by Sobell's attorney in a motion to set aside his conviction. On 2/14/67 U.S. District Court Judge Edward Weinfeld wrote a 79-page opinion denying the motion. With respect to these points, the Judge stated that all the material relied on by Sobell was examined and his charges were not sustained; further, the matter now claimed as newly or recently discovered has been known or available to Sobell for many years, some of it as far back as the trial itself. On 6/26/67, the U.S. Court of Appeals affirmed the Weinfeld opinion.

ACTION:

Attached for approval is a letter to Admiral Strauss setting out the various points made in chapters 28 and 29 and our refutation of these points.

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UNITED STATES GOV emoranāumROUT SPATIDATE: February 19, 1963 Mr. W. C. Sullivan - Mr. DeLoach Tele, Boom Ho)mes - Mr. Bishop Gandy - Mr. W. C. Sullivan - Mr. D. E. Moore Liaison Also Known As Mr. W. A. Branigan - Mr. A. P. Litrento ESPIONAGE - RUSSIA The second SYNOPSIZED REVIEW: The memoirs, consisting of 233 pages, purports to review of Soviet intelli-30-year career as a gence, beginning in 1933 and encross 18 1963. In 1940 and in 1941 transferred to which organization he was associated with until his disappearance from Lebanon in 1963. Classified by Market (0) from Lebanon in 1963. Declassify on: OADR // /// /90 was in the U.S. from October, 1949, to June, 1951, representative. Prior to his arrival, he was briefed by his chief, briefed by his chief, who told him the news of his appointment to the U.S. appeared to "upset Hoover" and that "Hoover, suspected that my appointment might herald unwanted in the U.S." (Page 174) He claims FBI was in "sorry snape" because of the Coplon case when he arrived in 1949 and that the Director made Howard Fletcher, principal FBI witness, the scapegoat and fired him; that the FBI record in counterespionage work was "more conspicious for failure than for success." described the Director as "a great politician" whose "blanket methods and ruthless authoritarinnism are the wrong weapons for the subtle world of intelligence." (Page 188) His principal FBI contact was Mickey Ladd whom he saw several times a week. He described Ladd as one of Hoover's original gunmen in Chicago - the guy who always went in first 65-58236 HER 5 1968 when there was shooting to be done. (Page 189) ы HUDO THON CONTAINED Exempt from COS, Catego EIN IS UNCLESSIVIED EXCEPT TOP SECRET CONTINUED - OVER

Memorandum W. A Branigan to W. C. Sulliva TOP SEC (3) 51 ban in London, admits he arranged to tip off deliberately and that had himself arrested three times in one day for reckless driving in so that he would be ordered out of the country. (Note: was recalled by the British because of a protest by the 😓 Governor.) Realizing he himself would become suspect, removed camera equipment he had hidden in his home and buried it in a dense wooded area of Great Falls. He considered fleeing but decided "to stay put." to throw off the FBI, advanced a theory to explain the flight of had discovered he was under investigation by to make the necessary arrangements with the Soviets for their escape. Claims his theory was accepted by the FBI. "Ladd and Lamphere both liked it, and, in a short interview I had with Hoover at the time, he jumped at it. In his eyes, it had the superlative merit of pinning all the blame on was recalled to London in June, 1951, and after interrogation by alone. The matter was then raised in Parliament and was left exonerated in a speech by British Foreign Secretary Macmillan.

TOP SECRET

CONTINUED - OVER

Memorandum W. A. Branigan to W. C. Sullivan RE:

was in the Middle East from 1956 to 1963 when he left and furned up in the Soviet Union. (Note fails to mention that in January, 1963, he was reinterviewed by an admitted to being a Soviet agent without making full disclosures and then disappeared.) h2D

The more detailed references to the Director and the Bureau are contained on pages 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, and 16 of the detailed review which is attached.

ACTION:

in effect has admitted the Rosenbergs Noting were Soviet agents, it is felt we can turn this to our advantage when his memoirs are published. If you approve, the attention of friendly news sources will be directed to this statement so that it can be highlighted in the press as incontrovertible proof of the guilt of the Rosenbergs about which doubts have been raised for so many years, particularly in the leftist press.

DETAILED REVIEW

CONTINU D - OVER

TOP SECRE

May 2, 1969

Mr. V. A. Branigan

1 - Mr. C. D. Deloach 1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop

Mr. A. W. WLMHIRE

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONAGE - RUSSIA 1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan 1 - Inspector E. J. Hayes

1 - Mr. J. P. Lee

Memorandum recommends letters be forwarded to the Attorney General and to Judge Kaufman concerning a play entitled "The United States vs. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg" currently showing in Cleveland, Ohio, which is critical of the Government handling of that case.

On April 29, 1969, Judge Irving Kaufman, Circuit Court of Appeals, Second Circuit, telephonically contacted the Director concerning the above-mentioned play. Judge Kaufman was alarmed that the "New York Times" reviewed this play two weeks in a row on April 20 and 27, 1969, which was highly unusual. Judge Kaufman indicated that he understands the play is critical of the Director, the prosecutor, and Judge Kaufman who was the trial judge in the Rosenberg case. The Judge added that he felt the Attorney General should be informed, and the Director advised that he would let the Attorney General know.

This play opened in Cleveland on March 14, 1969, and is scheduled to continue until May 11, 1969. It was observed by an Agent of the Cleveland Office and he noted it assumes the innocence of the Rosenbergs and as was noted in the reviews, it is propaganda rather than drama. The author is Donald Martin Freed.

The play is directed by Larry Tarrant, a graduate of the University of Wichita, employed as a play director in the Cleveland area for the past five years. No identifiable derogatory information on Tarrant or any of the actors or by actresses in Cleveland, New York, or Bureau files.

Enclosures - 2 65-58236 - 1 1 - 101-2483 - JPL:mst/mk1 (8)

CONTINUED - OVER-

56 MAY 9 1969

5/1/69 Backburg

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG

65~58236

ACTION

1. There is attached a letter to the Attorney General furnishing him with information concerning this play and its anti-Government slant.

2. There is also attached a letter to Judge Irving Kaufman furnishing information concerning this play.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVENMENT

Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 4/-29/68

LEGAT, PARIS (65-785) (P)

JULIUS ROSENBERG; ETHEL ROSENBERG ESP - R ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 80 80 BY 30 CT FOR THE STATE OF THE STATE

Enclosed is an article which appeared in "Le Journal du Dimanche," a Paris weekly newspaper, on 4/28/68, captioned "Yes, I Believe the ROSENBERGS Were Innocent," by ALAIN DECAUX.

The writer is described as a brilliant young French historian. He has written a play to prove that the ROSENBERGS were innocent, which will be presented in various theaters in the Paris region during the month of May 1968. "Le Journal du Dimanche" contacted DECAUX to determine the basis for his thinking. His answer is contained in the enclosed article. The Bureau may wish to translate this for information and record purposes.

3 - Bureau (Enc. - 1ENCLOSURE

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LES: ROSENBERGE ETAJENTA ETAJE

par Algin DECAUX

Andred prochain, les Tréteaux de France tréeront dans la hanlieue parisienne que piège d'Alain Decuux dans laquelle ceini-ci affirme que les époux Rosenberg executés pour espionnage aux États-Unis, en 1953, étaient innocents. Nous avons demandé au joune et brillant historien de nous dire sur quoi reposait sa conviction



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XXX, Legat, Paris (65-785)

Director, FBI (65-58236) -2414

JULIUS ROSENBERG; MTHEL ROSENBERG ESP - R May 15, 1968

Attached is the translation which you requested by letter (dated 4/29/68.

MAY 16 1968 COMM-FBI

Tavel — Trotter — Tele. Room The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative attention is necessary.

Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in this compatition is set forth below:

Retained in Bureau files.

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Mr. Sullivan (Attn.: Soviet Section), sent direct with enclosure

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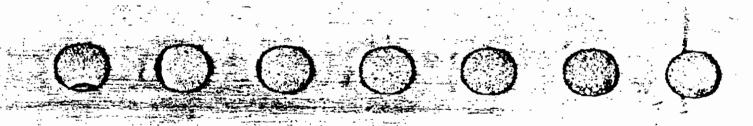
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SUMMARY FROM FRENCH

Article entitled "Yes, I Believe the Rosenbergs Were Innocent," by Alain Decaux, appearing in the fourth issue of the Paris weekly newspaper "Le Journal du Dimanche."

After a somewhat lengthy introduction, the author traces the early lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, their eventual marriage and the first years of their married life. The article then mentions that Julius and David and Bernard Greenglass formed a war-surplus company in 1946, with David and Bernard Greenglass leaving the company in 1949.

The article then points out that uranium was stolen at Los Alamos during the time David Greenglass was working as an Army technician there. "After a long investigation, suspicion pointed to David Greenglass. Naturally, Greenglass denied everything. An FBI Agent also questioned acquaintances which Greenglass had while at Los Alamos. At no time was the name Rosenberg mentioned.

"In May of 1950, the FBI arrested Harry Gold, one of the most efficient Soviet agents who ever worked in America. Faced with the vast amount of evidence against him, Gold talked and implicated numerous other people. In his statements, however, Gold gave many different versions. When asked later if he had lied to the FBI at the time of his arrest, he replied that he had lied desperately."

The article goes on to claim that although the information furnished by Gold was suspect, the FBI "found it to be highly precise. When Greenglass was arrested his apartment was searched by four FBI Agents for a period of five hours. They discovered a box of papers, on one of which was written notes from mathematics problems. When questioned later, Greenglass claimed that they had been written by Julius Rosenberg. Investigation later proved that these notes had been copied by Julius during his studies at the University.

"Greenglass wasted no time in confessing that he had stolen atomic secrets for the Soviet Union. However, he claimed that he had done it only at the request of his brother-in-law, Julius Rosenberg.

"On June 16, 1950, FBI Agents presented themselves to Rosenberg and questioned him. Rosenberg, amazed,

SUMMARIZED BY: THOMAS MC LAUGHLIN, JR.:ccb May 6, 1968

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stated that he knew nothing about the accusations of David Greenglass."

The article then goes on to claim that the wife of David Greenglass disliked Ethel Rosenberg and that little by little the accusations made by the Greenglasses against the Rosenbergs grew.

"It must be pointed out that these accusations against the Rosenbergs were received with great sympathy by the FBI and prosecuting Attorney Saypol."

The article then continues by stating that to understand the Rosenberg affair completely the reader "must recall that the period in question was a time of the Korean War the announcement that the Soviet Union had the atomic bomb, and the time of the witch hunts launched by Senator McCarthy."

"For several months the FBI had been trying to find some proof against the Rosenbergs. Finally it found an individual named Elitcher, a psychopath being treated by a former friend of Rosenberg at the University. Elitcher had belonged to the Communist Party and, wishing to enter government service, he had signed an oath claiming he had never been a communist. Such a perjury could cost him dearly. Elitcher later claimed that the fact that the FBI had discovered his perjury had frightened him to death. Elitcher ended up by claiming that in June of 1944 Rosenberg had invited him to furnish some information of a military nature. Nothing had come of this meeting. Later, at the end of 1946 or the beginning of 1947, Elitcher had allegedly again seen Rosenberg and had been presented with vague proposals. This is all that Rosenberg was accused of."

Pointing out that Harry Gold, 'despite all types of pressure," steadfastly denied that he ever knew Rosenberg, the article then proceeds to attack the trial itself.

"The trial showed only the unbelievable weakness of the charge against the Rosenbergs. There were 32 pieces of evidence shown at the trial. This evidence consisted, for example, of items such as a photo of some friends of the Rosenbergs, a box of jello, a photo of Harry Gold, some photos of Greenglass and a copy of the security rules at Los Alamos. Also shown was a collection box for children of Spanish Republicans. This collection box, noted the prosecution gravely, was used by the Rosenbergs and proved that they were communists."

The article then cites the statement of Colonel Landsdale, Chief of Security at Los Alamos, to the effect that no employee could have been able to talk to employees from other divisions at Los Alamos, as clear proof that Greenglass was not telling the truth when he claimed he had discussed the project at Los Alamos with various other employees.

The article also cites a statement given to the "New York Times" by Doctor Urey claiming that "I found the claim of Rosenberg more plausible than that of Greenglass. Detailed information on the atomic bomb would have required 45 to 46 printed volumes and only a scientist or an engineer would have been capable of reading them."

Commenting on the death sentence handed out to the Rosenbergs, the article states that "the majority of Americans, conditioned by the press and the radio, received the verdict with satisfaction. Some, however, became disturbed. Was it normal that a man and a woman were sentenced to death under such weak evidence? Various committees were formed to save the Rosenbergs. Ethel and Julius waited the hour of decision in Sing Sing. They exchanged letters, later published under the title "Letters From the Death House," which are among the most beautiful love letters ever written. In each and every line can be seen the absolute proof of their innocence."

The article concludes by stating that " the Rosenbergs were offered a deal: confess and their lives would be spared. However, they were innocent. To what could they confess? Furthermore, the Rosenbergs understood that if they confessed to a crime which they had not committed, they would be opening the door to such people as Senator McCarthy. They knew that if they confessed, Senator McCarthy would be able to claim the truth of his thesis that any American who did not think like him was guilty. Truly, the Rosenbergs were victims of a period of intolerance."

1 - Mr. C.D. DeLoach 1 - Mr. T.E. Bishop 1 - Mr. W.C. Sullivan May 2, 1969

The Attorney General

Director, FBI

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1 - Mr. W.A. Branigan

1 - Mr. J.P. Lee

1 - Inspector E.J. Hayes

JULIUS ROSENBERG ESPIONACE - RUSSIA ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN'S UNCLASSIFIED 8/ 86 1: 304 20 W/

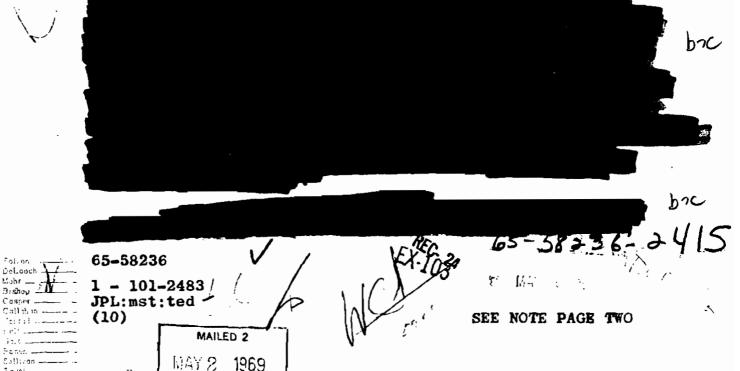
It may be of interest to you to know that a play entitled "The United States vs. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg" opened in the Cleveland Play House, Cleveland, Ohio, on March 14, 1969, and is scheduled to run until May 11, 1969. The play was the subject of a review in the "New York Times" of April 20, 1969, and a newspaper article in the same paper of April 27, 1969. The articles both express a belief that the Rosenbergs were innocent, but criticized the play as being propaganda rather than drama. The review states that the chief witnesses for the Government, David Greenglass and Harry Gold, are portrayed as "creeps," the prosecuting attorneys are shown as villains, and the trial judge portrayed as unfair.

This play was writtenby Donald Martin Freed, who

was born May 13, 1932, at Chicago, Illinois

COMM-FBI TELETYPE UNIT

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The Attorney General



Julius Rosenberg and his wife Ethel were tried in 1951 for conspiracy to commit espionage and were sentenced to death. Prior to their execution on June 19, 1953, the case received numerous judicial reviews including seven appeals to the United States Supreme Court. The case involving the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell, a co-conspirator sentenced to 30 years, has become the focal point of Communist Party propaganda, all of which protests their innocence and claims that all three defendants were framed by the United States Government. This play is following the same propaganda line.

NOTE:

See memorandum Mr. W.A. Branigan to Mr. W.C. Sullivan dated 5/2/69, same caption, prepared by JPL:mst:mkl.

Date: **4/30/69**

	the following i	(Type in plaintext or code)	
,V1a	AIRTEL	(Priority)	
	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI	
	FROM:	SAC, CLEVELAND (100-29581) (P)	10.
	RE:	STAGE PLAY "THE UNITED STATES VS. JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG" PLAYHOUSE, BROOKS THEATER CLEVELAND, OHIO 3/14/69 - 5/11/69 INFORMATION CONCERNING	British
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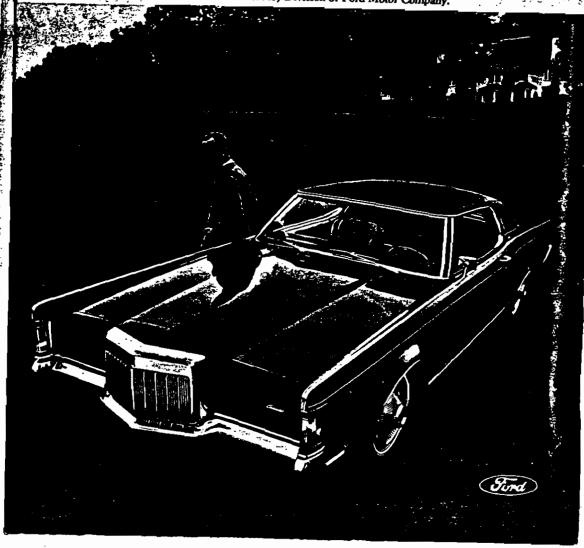
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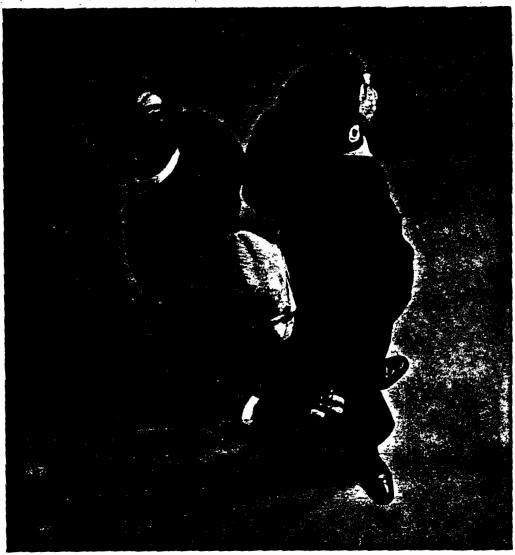
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Volume 6 April 1969 1s

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PLAYBIL is published monthly in Cleveland, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, D.C., St. Louis, Allants, Dallas and Great Britain. The Performing Arts Magazine serves as the Los Angeles and San Francisco editions of Playbill. Cleveland edition of Playbill is published by the Publishing Division of Metromedia, Inc., 277 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017. Pres. John W. Kluge; Secy. George Etkin; Tress. Clem Weber. Printed in U.S.A. Title Playbill. Copyright O Metromedia, Inc. 1969. All rights reserved. Subscription to National Edition: U.S. & Possessions \$4.00 s year; \$71.50 for two years; \$11.50 for three years. Single issue price 35q. Write Dept. S., Playbill Magazine, 579 Pitth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017.





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PHOTO ALBUM: GREEK TRAGEDY AT THE PLAY HOUSE

Euripides' Iphigenia in Aulis runs in April and May in the Drury Theatre. Here are some photographs of earlier Play House productions of Greek tragedies.



1927: Set for Euripides' Hippolytus.



1931: Sophocles' Antigone, with Fred Guilford (left), Irene Tedrow and Kirk Willis.

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1958: Sophocles' Oedipus Rex, with Edith Owen and Thomas Hill.



1960: Sophocles' Electra, with Adale O'Brien in the title role.

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WHAT THEY SAY

Life Magazine:

Anyone who goes to the Play House regularly gets an education in world drama unsurpassed anywhere in the United States. The Play House is a success story because it has proved that having a good time and enjoying good art can take place simultaneously.

The New York Times:

Cleveland is lucky with its Play House, where the staff is not afraid of work, ideas or entertainment. A Gotham theatregoer may be pardoned for looking a little enviously at a working institution like the Cleveland Play House, where the drama is continuously cultivated as an art.

Ben Hecht, Playwright:

The Cleveland Play House well may be the only future possible for the American theatre. I'm sure that our next generation will see a hundred such animated drama centers, and what a boon for tomorrow's playwrights and actors that would be.

Joel Grey, Actor:

For me it all started at the Cleveland Play House — the incomparable training, the inspired leadership, the opportunity to participate in every kind of theatre activity.

Margaret Hamilton, Actress

I feel toward the Play House what a loving and loyal graduate feels toward a cherished school. I was given the opportunity to learn, to grow through actual experience, and I never cease to be aware of it.

The Saturday Review:

The Cleveland Play House, which offers as many as twenty plays a season, is the largest and oldest resident professional company in the U.S. It serves its delighted community admirably well.

Ruth Nelson, Actress:

For the professional actor, the Cleveland Play House affords an opportunity to find a home in the theatre — that is, a continuous working relationship not paralleled since the Group Theatre movement of the 1930's.









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Notes on "Iphegenia In Aulis"

by Tony Mastrolann

How much sacrifice must an individual make in the cause of a war the merits of which he considers worthless? If a man normally owes unlimited duty to his country, is there now a limit if his country fights a war he believes to be unjust?

These questions are raised in a Play House production this month of a play that is not contemporary, not about the war in Vietnam.

The work is Euripides' Iphigenia in Aulis, a 2300-year-old Greek play. It is less well known than many Greek trag-



Tony Mastroianni is drama critic for The Cleveland Press.

edies perhaps because classical scholars have considered its stature somewhat less than worthy of the name of true tragedy.

Second rate it may be as judged against pure classic tragedy. Perhaps it is somewhat manipulated, a bit melodramatic, more concerned with sadness than tragedy.

But judge it against the drama of a later period, even this one, and it offers qualities of its own. Euripides, as Greek dramatists went, was pretty psychologically minded. If the play verges on melodrama who is to say that melodrama does not play well? But best of all he dealt with an array of basic emotions—power, ambi-



tion, fear, lust, hate, guile, sheer arrogance. And if his tragedy was not the catharsis that Aristotle insisted good tragedy must

be, Euripides did manage to have his character shed tears and in so doing evoke quite a few from his audience.

What could be sadder than the picture of young love awakened and then suddenly ended, of the lament for those who die young in war?

The plot of the play is a fragment out of the story of the Trojan War. The Greek army, on the way to Troy to rescue Helen, is stranded in the port of Aulis. The fleet is becalmed. But the oracle has told Agamemnon, commander of the forces, that the god Artemis will allow the wind to rise only if Agamemnon will sacrifice his daughter Iphigenia.

Agamemnon has written to his wife, Clytemnestra, urging her to come to Aulis and to bring their daughter with her so that she may marry Achilles. The proposed marriage is a ruse and not ev Achilles knows of it.

Now, conscience stricken, Agamemnon writes another letter ordering his wife and daughter to remain where they are. Menelaus, husband of Helen, intercepts the second message. He accuses Agamemnon of treason and of being vacillating among other things.

Mother and daughter arrive and though Menelaus also has a change of heart, it is too late. The high priest has spread the word and the god-sacrifice machinery has started to function.

With their arrival the two women dominate the play although Euripides concentrates on the grief of four peoplethese two plus Agamemnon and Achilles. Achilles, at first angered at the ruse and later taken with the fair Iphigenia, is ready to defy his commander and the whole Greek army.

Clytemnestra is the center of the storm



as she cries out the anger of a wife scorned and the grief of an anguished mother. All the hatred pent up in the years of a bad marriage now emerges, hatred that will cause her to kill her husband at another time and in another play.

If this play compares at all well with any of the great tragedies, it is in her speeches of both hate and supplication. With them Clytemnestra is easily recognizable as a figure of great classic and tragic stature.

But Euripides was capable of something that was missing from tragedies which were perhaps greater but were otherwise almost stark and impersonal. Between Iphigenia and her father are scenes of touching intimacy, of great affection and moving pathos.

Even when pleading for her life there is never missing this evidence of affection for her father or her conviction that he is a great man.

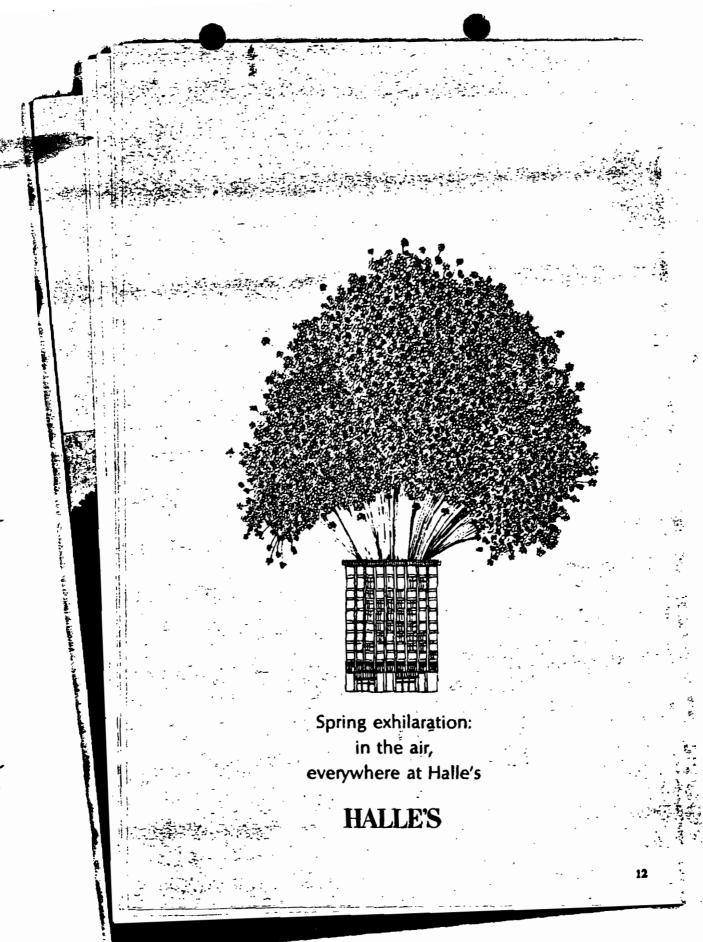
Euripides raised many questions and answered few of them. What he did make clear is that the answers are not easy.

Youth does not rebel in his play. It accedes. Sacrifice is noble and it is possible for the young to volunteer to die. But at the same time he questions the leadership that demands such sacrifices, a leadership that is vacillating and ambitious. He questions whether that particular war was to save Greece from barbarians or to rescue an attractive trollop.

In the self sacrifice of Iphigenia he hasoffered a deed which could transcend such questions, a suggestion that an act can be noble however questionable the acts that surround it.

To call *Iphigenia in Aulis* a contemporary play is only partially true. It is one of those plays which come into their own at repeated periods in history. Man, less than perfect, tends to repeat his mistakes.





Theatre Talk

"If you want to become a true actor, never put an act on."

—MAX REINHARDT

"The mind and body of a playwright should be composed entirely of vulcanized rubber, his outer integument should be chain mail or horsehide and he must thrive on a diet of cold steel and poison."

—MAXWELL ANDERSON

"There are a lot of funny shows in the theatre, but very few humorous ones.

-BROOKS ATKINSON

"A live audience can make you rise to great heights you never knew, the camera cannot. So I am content with just being a star in the theater."

--- COLLEEN DEWHURST

"A play does physical things to me. At an excruciatingly bad play, it is actually physically painful to remain in my seat. Even when I was a kid, as soon as I saw a play, I'd write a review on the program. I don't know what I'd do if I couldn't pour all those feelings into a review."

--- MARTIN GOTTFRIED

"Playing Shakespeare is very tiring. You don't get to sit down unless you're a king."

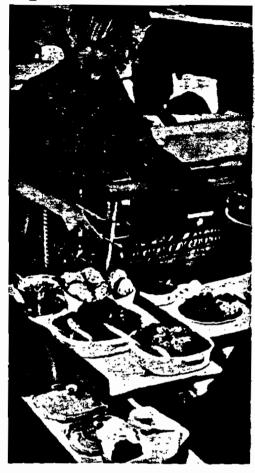
—JOSEPHINE HULL

"In the theatre, a hero is one who believes all women are ladies. A villain, one who believes all ladies are women."

—GEORGE JEAN NATHAN

"It is axiomatic that if a play is worth seeing once—really worth seeing—it must be worth zeeing twice." —CLIVE BARNES

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V'ho's Who



K. ELMO LOWE, Director of the Cleveland Play House since 1958, came to this theatre in 1921 as associate director. Until he assumed his present post, he directed and acted in hundreds of produc-

tions here. He was born in Texas, educated at the University of California and Carnegie Institute of Technology, and holds honorary doctoral degress from Kenyon College and Lake Erie College. In his national affiliations, Mr. Lowe is an original member of the Theatre Communications Group, coordinating agency for resident professional theatres throughout the U.S. He is a former director of the City Club's Anvil Revues and has been a lecturer and guest director at Case Western Reserve University.



GREGORY ABELS is a New Yorker who trained at the Stella Adler Theatre Studio. At the Great Lakes Shakespeare Festival he created the title role in *Henry VI*; at the Milwaukee Repertory Theatre he

played George Tesman in Hedda Gabler; at the Cincinnati Playhouse in the Park he played Orsino in Twelfth Night. He also has performed at the McCarter Theatre in Princeton and with the Springfield (Mass.) Theatre Company. Mr. Abels is married to actress Janet Kapral.



ROBERT ALLMAN has been a member of the Play House ensemble for over two decades and has performed in more than 200 plays. His versatility is demonstrated by such diverse roles as Dr. Gibbs in Our

Town, Caliban in The Tempest, Nonno in The Night of the Iguana, and the husband in The Public Eye. A former instructor at Heidelberg College, he doubles as music and sound supervisor at the Play House.



NOLAN D. BELL, before he became a member of the resident company here, delighted Karamu Theatre audiences for 25 years. As a Play House guest actor he appeared in Antigone, Roman Candle,

and You Can't Take It With You. At the Fred Miller Theatre in Milwaukee he played in the premiere production of Adam the Creator, and he played in Kiss Me Kate for Musicarnival. Mr. Bell was born in Gary, Indiana and attended Gary City College.



JONATHAN BOLT is a member of the Play House directing staff as well as an actor. His introduction to Cleveland audiences came in 1959 when he played the leading role in a touring production of

Look Homeward, Angel at the Hanna Theatre. His Broadway credits include Don't Drink the Water and Love in E Flat. At the Play House he has had principal roles in The Glass Menagerie, Walting for Godot, and The Collection. A native of North Carolina, he studied with Sanford Meisner in New York. He is married to Play House actress Jana Gibson.



DANIEL CHODOS grew up in California where he studied at U.C.L.A. and privately with Jeff Corey and Benjamin Zemach. He toured as a leading actor with the American Classical Theatre and



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Nolan D. Bell
Daniel Chodos
Jonathan Bolt
Ronald Parker
Stuart Levin
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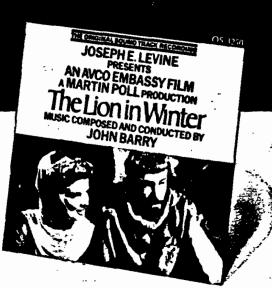
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(Continued from Page 17)

Other Roles: Jonathan Bolt, Daniel Chodos, Don Cooper, Nick Devlin, David Frazier, Valerie Gorski, Charlotte Hare, Andrew Lack, Vaughn McBride, Edith Owen, Ronald Parker, Robert S. Viencek

Voices: Gregory Abels, Robert Allman, Nick Devlin, William Greene, Richard Halverson, Stuart Levin, Keith Mackey, Bob Moak, Richard Oberlin, Mario Siletti, Robert Snook, Robert Thorson

Time: 1950-1953

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Stage Manager: Larry Tarrant
Production Manager: David Smith
Assistant to the Director: Peter Smith

Film Editing and Sound: Gregory Abels, Ronald Parker, Mario Siletti

Lighting Operation: Jonathan Duff

Sound: Peter Smith

Projectionists: John Andres, Christine Briggs
Technical Assistant: Larry Johnson

Properties: David Smith, Christine Briggs, Valerie Gorski

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ABOUT THE PLAYWRIGHT

Donald Freed was born in Chicago in 1932 and has lived in every quarter of the U.S. He now makes his home in Los Angeles where he is a Special Consultant for the California Institute of the Arts. He also teaches in the Anthropology Department of California State College and in the Philosophy Department of U.C.L.A.

From 1956 through 1965, Mr. Freed was Artistic Director of the Los Angeles Art Theatre which was hailed by critics Kenneth Tynan and Clifton Fadiman as "the most exciting theatre ever seen on the West Coast." Mr. Freed's term with that theatre was concluded with a production of Hamlet which the Los Angeles Times called "a work of existential genius."

He is a prolific author and his works cover a broad front. (His article The "Case" and the Myth appears in this program.) Another article, Peter Weiss and the Theatre of the Future, appeared in Drama Survey and is scheduled for inclusion in an anthology of criticism which Bantam Books will publish soon.

Mr. Freed's books include The Exis-

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He has written many plays and film scripts. There is his new version of the Faust myth (with music by Richard Nash), and new adaptations of both

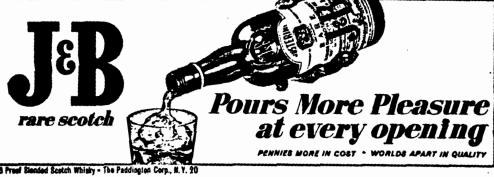
tentialism of Alberto Moravia, Frew and Stanislavsky, The Angry Arts am

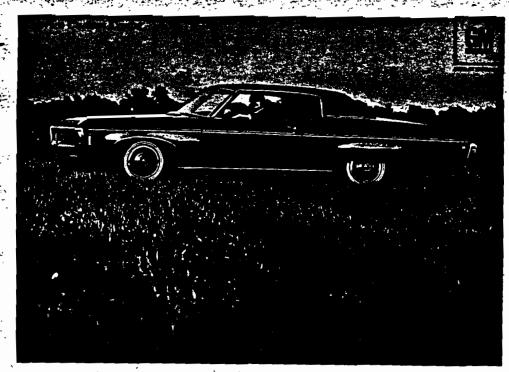
The Theatre of the Future. He reports that three additional books are in pro-

Faust myth (with music by Richard Nash), and new adaptations of both Oedipus the King and Electra. He and the poet Harold Lieberman recently completed what they call "the first Musical of Fact"—Hogs Run Wild. With Guy Stockwell, Mr. Freed also has written a new version of Crime and Punishment.

He holds the John Larkin Award for Playwriting and the Milton Lester Award for Direction.

Mr. Freed works closely with what he terms facets of "the movement"—Operation Bootstrap, The Peace Action Council and The War Resisters League. When asked to describe himself, he replied: "Say that I am struggling to become one of the firstlings of the twenty-first century."





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THE "CASE" AND THE MYTH

by Donald Freed

ways called "the atom spy ring" - was what the government almy political baptism. Whether it was as Jean-Paul Sartre called it the start of World War III or not, it certainly was the start for many of us in the fiftles of what was to become known in the sixties as "the movement," But at that time the headlines handed down the fateful news of doomsday. It was as if the atom, like Zeus' fire, had been stolen from Heaven. While the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell played the roles of antiheroes, it was the government that dominated the stage with its federal agents, lawiers, judges, congressmen and armies of functionaries, It was the United States vs. the U.S.S.R., and the "spies"

were only attendant lords in the cosmic were only attenuant locus at the contact drama. We in the public received our manage and mythology from the front pages, and thousands of people who were later through dint of hard study of transcripts and evidence to become either expert or obsessed with The Case, followed from day to day the cartoon-like melcdrama of the editorial imagination. At first we all thought them guilty. What first made some of us suspicious? It was not the "old left" of the day that first cracked my own particular mythol. OSY of virtue and patriotism, it was the well known legal experts who first fas-

cinated me. So they the "spies" before I As the years went by I became both



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(Continued from Page 23)

expert and obsessed. The dim figures of The Case began to take on definition. The Rosenbergs began to be real and so, too, did the Government. Roy Cohn and Joseph McCarthy were the agents of the Government and the authors of its new religion: anti-communism. Something was rotten. The Cold War froze to zero degree. Books, opinions, journals, authorities from all over the world were beginning to be univocal about the conduct of the judge, about the plague-like atmosphere of what was already being called (somewhat unfairly) the "McCarthy Era," about The Case in general. Now The Case had become The Scandal.

Theatre of Fact

"Without continual freedom of choice, there can be no dramatic conflict." This ringing assertion by Rolf Hochhuth, author of *The Deputy*, is now and will be in the future, I predict, a sub-text of important drama. Hochhuth is referring to the theme of his explosively controversial

dramatization of Pope Pius XII, the Christian world, and the Third Reich. But in a larger sense the entire twentieth century is a rehearsal and a postmortem of those events best symbolized by the death camps and mushroom clouds of World War II.

It is for the dramatist to infiltrate the huge historical abstractions of the time and to bring out from the flux recognizable human beings and a confluence of "all too human" motives to sweep us along to the rational and nonrational understandings of otherwise unspeakable events.

The theatre as the double of our century seems to focus with increasing intensity on the problem of good and evil; and this in an inverse ratio to a secular society's paralyzing insensitivity to the moral options and power of the modern Everyman.

When events are so momentous as to be unspeakable, only myth (poetry) or statistics will begin to encompass and abstract what would otherwise be lost to

(Continued on Page 26)

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(Continued from Page 25)

understanding. So Hochhuth and then Peter Weiss went, whenever they could, to the verbatim record with all its non-dramatic limitations. This produces an aura of alienation, of didacticism, a descendant of Bertolt Brecht's Epic visision. It is this planned alienation that makes for the aesthetics, or part of them, of the Theatre of Fact.

The audience, too, begins to play a different role. Other media, like television, also bring information to the eyes and ears of spectators. But the difference is as between a novel and a play; the playhouse provides a "hot" setting for information, the television a "cool" one. Like the novel, the transaction is a private experience, but the theatre still has the power to produce solidarity from those who rub shoulders in the crowd. But the impact of the Theatre of Fact is not purgative like the Theatre of Cruelty; the latter is therapeutic, the former didactic. Consider a play, The Witnesses, based on a murder watched by over 20 people who not only did nothing to help but did not even call the police, and by way of explanation could only say "I did not want to get involved." This is fit matter for a new form: the banality of evil and the enormity of the gratuitous act are the idea of this form.

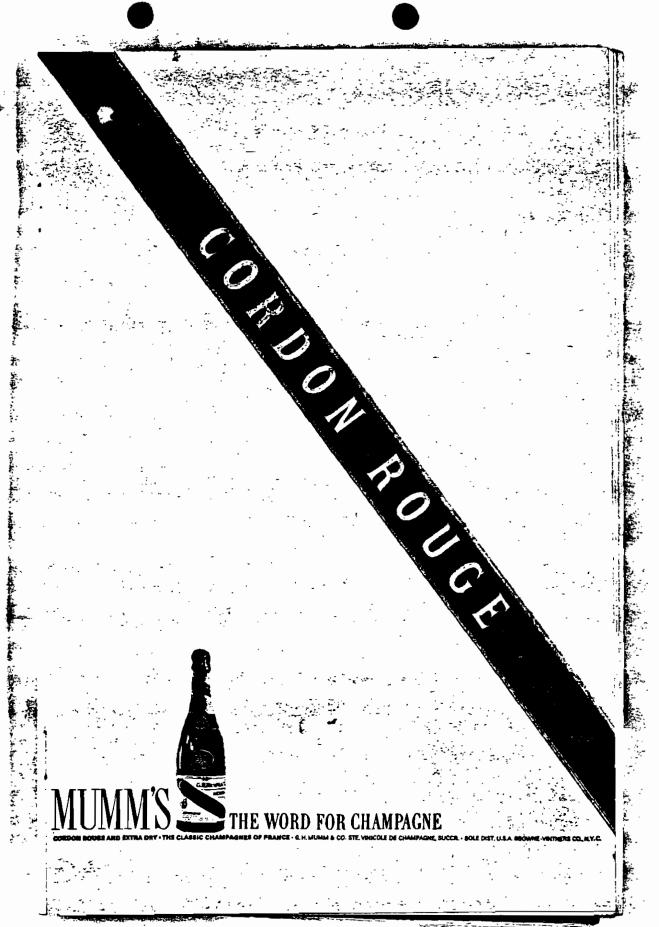
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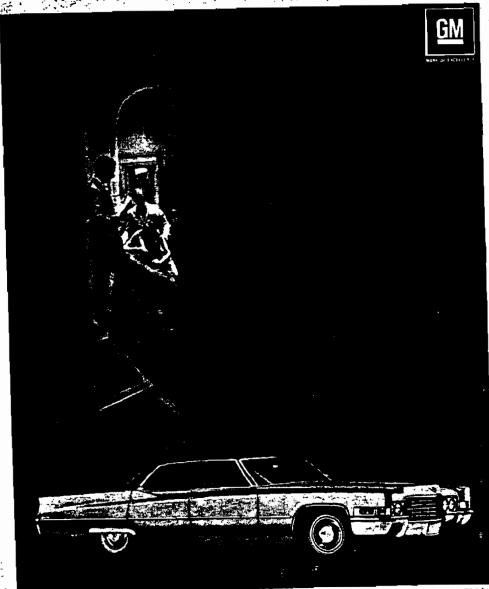


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(Continued from Page 26)

Let us try to distinguish the Theatre of Fact from such earlier twentiethcentury genres as Social Realism, Naturalism, and the Living Newspaper. The Theatre of Social Realism was a revolutionary and anti-romantic attempt to imitate life in a new way. It was a celebration of late nineteenth-century myth, the myth of mass man in everyday life, and the smallest detail would register with a new impact on those who had been "poisoned by romanticism." The plays of Hauptmann, Gorki, Ibsen, the others took us through the fourth wall into the microcosm of a Berlin or New York street, a Russian country estate. or a Scandinavian bourgeoisie into the infrastructure of daily life. All this was dubbed Naturalism and that, in any case, was the aim. How shocked the new century was by this analysis of the selected, fateful trivia of the everyday — Zola and Frend, chemistry and psychology — ahh, how true it all was! But the Theatre of Fact deals not with the banal or quotidian smudges of life. Rather it

has to do with the collosal, the overarching new myth of Evil: the titanic symbol of the camps; the assassination of a leader; murder while "good people" look on; mighty nation states pitted against small scapegoats. This content, then, is, so far, quite different—and its structure is even more so. These plays most closely resemble "histories" in the old terminology, that have been married to actual tape recordings: and intermarriage of media.

Theatre of Cruelty !

The United States Vs. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg is Theatre of Fact in that every word is taken from primary sources. At its most bizarre there is not an invented word in the entire text. But the mise en scene of the plays is Theatre of Cruelty.

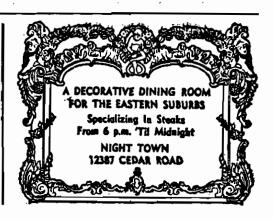
We are combining not only media but also the facts of evil with the cruelty of individual choice. What you see really happened; that is fact. Now you must

(Continued on Page 34)

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Theatre Lab: William Greene, Director; Mario Siletti.

Actors: Gregory Abela, Robert Allman, Nancy Barrett, Nolan D. Bell, Jonathan Bolt, Daniel Chodos, Margaret Christopher, Don Cooper, Nick Devlin. David Frazier, June Gibbons. Iana Gibson, Valerie Gorski, William Greene, Richard Halverson. Charlotte Hare, Janet Kapral, Myrna Kaye, June Keevil, Andrew Lack, Allen Leatherman, Stuart Levin, Elizabeth Lowry, Keith Mackey, Vaughn McBride, Evie McElroy, Bob Moak, Ross Morgan. Jean Morria, Richard Oberlin, Edith Owen, Ronald Parker, Dorothy Paxton, Marcie Ross, Sandra Sado, Mario Siletti, Robert Snook, Vivienne Stotter, Larry Tarrant, Gary Taylor, Robert Thorson.

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Costumes: Carol Margolis, Head; Nancy Barrett, Harriet Cone, Valerie Gorski, Charlotte Hare, June Keevil, Fran Precario, Marcie Ross, Sandra Sado; Edith Owen, Advisor.

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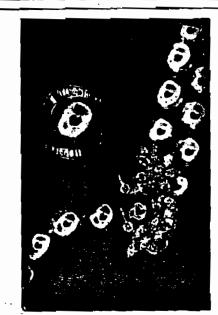
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Salar Salar Salar

158 The Arcade

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let it happen to you; that is existential or moral cruelty.

As we look ahead, then, we see the Theatre of Cruelty and the Theatre of Fact beginning to dominate the stage just as the novel is giving way to the film and to the sociologists' analyses. These two new forms of drama, that build on the past, see man no longer in the image of a machine but as a desperately ill thousand-year-old mad animal. But a human animal, however ravaged, is not a machine, and there can be hope for recovery. Here the old cathartic function of the performing arts is invoked again, and the aim of the theatre of the future in this century may very well be, in the words Weiss gives Marat, to remind the suffered that

The important thing is to pull yourself up by your own hair

to turn yourself inside out and see the whole world with fresh eyes.

Soon it will require courage, once again, to go to the theatre as the twentieth century begins - fatefully - to purge itself. Cruelty is its abreaction and Fact its therapy.

Disenthrallment

"We must disenthrall ourselves," said Lincoln when the crisis deepened. That is what these Theatres of Fact and Cruelty are about. For many, the American Dream has simply become the American Nightmare, but that, too, is, I think, transitory.

In the twentieth century we have begun to frighten ourselves to death with grotesque and mindless abstractions: "the government," "the masses," "the power structure," "the ousider." These are our myths and - like the ancients - we really believe them. The difference is that their myths were theirs and served thom, whereas ours are invented and received and make us sick. Racial and political myths can best be subverted, perhaps, by those who should know the most about story telling—the play-wrights. So this play is an anti-myth, it means to disenthrall. What, then, shall be the new myths? That is for the real people to create; the playwrights will come later. Just now we are all involved, alike, in making the necessary myth of "the twenty-first century." Oh, Gods, grant us credibility!



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PLEASE!

The taking of pictures or the operating of any recording device during performance is strictly forbidden.

Note to physicians who anticipate emergency calls, parents who may receive calls from baby sitters, or others expecting calls: Please leave your seat number at the box office. We regret that we cannot page members of the audience during performances.

Please check carefully the theatre you plan to attend so that you and your guests arrive at the right building.

Please make every effort to be in your seat by curtain time. Late arrivals create inconvenience.

Please light cigarettes in the lobby only. Fire regulations prohibit smoking in any part of the auditorium.



IN THE PLAY HOUSE ART GALLERY

Appropriate to springtime, a showing of wildflower watercolors by Josephine Dorr Russell is the display for April 20 through May 11 in the Play House Gallery located in the inner lobby of the Euclid-77th Theatre. The opening of the show also marks the first appearance of Mrs. Russell's Spied A Blossom Passing Fair (World Publishers), reproductions of paintings with accompanying verses by famous poets.

David McChord, who has written a forward to the book, says: "Who buys, begs, borrows or is given this small volume will discover something almost casual yet perfect, as in Emily Dickinson, in Mrs. Russell's way of flower painting."

Mrs. Russell, now a Clevelander, formerly lived in Dedham, Mass, For subjects matter for her paintings, she has traveled the East Coast from Iceland to Florida seeking out wildflowers.

NEWSPAPER COMMENTS ON "THE ROSENBERGS"

It is a compelling, emotionally charged theatrical experience . . . The entire evening is a piece of bravura ensemble work, of collective virtuosity . . . See it and you will be involved.

> --- Tony Mastroianni (review in The Cleveland Press)

Donald Freed's play is exciting, stirring, memorable drama . . .

> - Peter Bellamy (review in The Plain Dealer)

It is at once a gripping, provocatively stimulating and heady experience Mr. Freed gives his audience . . . There is a narrator to speak the cruel facts that begin with E-mc2 and awful three-screen "cinerama" stills of the erasure of Hiroshima . . .

- Arthur Spaeth (review in The Sun)

Utilizing audience participation, slides, films and other effects, the play is a powerful drama . . . The thrill of seeing a play during its opening run and the satistaction of an evening of moving, thoughtful entertainment await Clevelanders who see this latest Play House venture.

- (Editorial in The Plain Dealer)

Bravo Play House! That Clevelanders will support something new is indicated in their response to the production of "The United States vs. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg." Even more heartening in the role the Play House is playing in bringing new scripts to public attention. (Editorial in The Cleveland Press)

The Play House is once again in the national picture . . . for the courage and artistic perception that brings "The United States vs. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg" to Cleveland playgoers . . . It was a bold move, a calculated risk, and K. Elmo Lowe is to be commended . . .

(Editorial in The Sun)

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The 1968-69 Season:

REMAINING PRODUCTIONS

THE UNITED STATES vs. JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG (Brooks Theatre)

Friday, March 14 through Sunday, May 11 . Sunday Matinees: April 18 and 27 at 2:30

World premiere of a stirring drama by Donald Freed, unanimously acclaimed by critics. Held over to the end of the current season by popular demand. It explores the world-famous trial of the American couple who were found guilty on charges of conspiracy to commit espionage. Director: Larry Tarrant

IPHIGENIA IN AULIS (Drury Theatre)

Student Festival Matinees: Tuesday, March 25 through Thursday, May 8. Public Performances:

Preview: Wednesday, April 9 at 7:30 Sunday Matinee: May 11 at 2:30

Evenings:

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Saturday, April 12 at 8:30
Sunday, April 13 at 3:30
Saturday, April 19 at 8:30
Sunday, April 20 at 7:30
Friday and Saturday, April 25 and 26 at 8:30
Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, May 1, 2, and 3 at 8:30
Friday and Saturday, May 9 and 10 at 8:50

Euripides' powerful classic has a new timeliness as it probes a man's personal conflicts when he is torn between a sense of duty to his country and a sense of justice. Director: Mario Siletti

THE MALE ANIMAL (Euclid-77th Theatre)

Friday, April 11 through Sunday, May 11 . Sunday Matinees: April 20 and May 4 at 2:30

(Previews: April 9 and 10 at 7:30)

A sparkling comedy by James Thurber and Elliott Nugent. Set on a midwestern campus during Homecoming Weekend, it examines—with the famous Thurber wit—the battle for academic freedom and the battle of the sexes. Director: William Greene

THE CURRENT SEASON ENDS SUNDAY EVENING, MAY 11

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did stock at the Monomoy Theatre on Cape Cod. At the Play House last season he played Fenton in The Merry Wives of Windsor. At the Chautauqua Summer Repertory Theatre he played Jack Chesney in Charley's Aunt.



M A R G A R E T CHRISTOPHER doubles as an actress and as a member of the Play House Children's Theatre staff. She was born in San Francisco, trained at Dickinson College and at Case Western

Reserve University, and appeared in summer stock in Lexington, Ky. and Saratoga Springs, N.Y. At the Play House she appeared in last season's *The Rose Tattoo*.



DON COOPER played in forty productions throughout Indiana and Kentucky prior to his arrival at the Play House in 1967. He also was a member of the national touring company of

Tchin-Tchin with Martha Scott. He played here last season in Generation. Mr. Cooper was born in Louisville, Kentucky.



NICK DEVLIN was born in Munich and was educated at universities in Illinois and California. He has been an actor at the San Francisco Actor's Workshop, at the Great Lakes Shakespeare Festival.

at the Antique Festival Theatre in Idaho, and at the Colorado Shakespeare Festival in Boulder.



RUTH FISCHER, press representative and program editor, joined the Play House staff in 1958. She formerly was an editor for the Associated Press. Her freelance articles have appeared in na-

tional publications ranging from journals of opinion (The New Republic, The Nation) to the Broadway edition of Playbill. She is the author of a chapter on resident theatres in Best Plays of 1967-1968 which Dodd, Mead & Co. will publish this fall. She teaches contemporary drama at Cleveland College of Case Western Reserve University.



DAVID FRAZIER played here in The Hostage, U.S.A., and Brecht on Brecht. In other theatres in Ohio he has appeared in Spoon River Anthology, The World of Carl Sandburg, and The Hasty Heart.

He is a native of Kankakee, Illinois.



JANA GIBSON has been a member of touring ensembles in Europe and the Orient, and her wide range of roles includes the female lead in Luv, Juliet in Romeo and Juliet, and the stepdaughter

in Six Characters in Search of An Author. She has appeared in films and participated in a West German radio production of Death of a Salesman. A drama graduate of the University of Kansas, she studied also at the Sorbonne and at the University of Vienna. Miss Gibson is married to Play House actor Jonathan Bolt.



W I L L I A M GREENE, director of the new Play House Theatre Lab, spent four years at the Tyrone Guthire Theatre in Minneapolis where he founded and directed The Other Place, an ex-

perimental theatre. In addition to his Lab duties, Mr. Greene is a member of the Play House directing staff. He was born in Georgia and studied drama at the University of Georgia. He later trained at the Royal Academy of Dramatic Art in London — and remained in England as an actor for 14 years. He performed in the West End in several productions, including Peter Ustinov's Romanoff and Juliet, appeared in films, and played many leading roles on TV.



RICHARD HAL-VERSON, in a dozen years at the Play House, has played a remarkable range of roles — including the old man of the title in The Miser, a Russian dance master in You Can't Take It

With You, Sir Andrew in Twelfth Night, and leading roles in The Importance of Being Earnest and Moliere's Scapin. He was born in Seattle and grew up in Minneapolis where he was graduated cum laude from the University of Minnesota.



JANET KAPRAL trained at the London Academy of Music and Dramatic Arts and performed in England with the Oxford Playhouse and repertory companies at Ipswich and Dundee. She has per-

formed at the Springfield (Mass.) Theatre Company where she was Nancy in *The Knack*, at the Milwaukee Repertory The-

atre where she played Portia in The Merchant of Venice, and at Theatre-by-the-Sea in Portsmouth, N.H. where she played the title role in Hedda Gabler. Miss Kapral was born in Brno, Czechoslovakia and has lived in India, Australia, and Engiand.



MYRNA KAYE began her stage career with the Play House Children's Theatre. She later studied in Paris at the Théatre du Vieux Colombier and the Ecole Dramatique de René Simon. She has played

principal roles in a score of Play House productions, including Dorine in Tartuffe, Titania in A Midsummer Night's Dream, Gabrielle in The Madwoman of Chaillot, Raina in Arms and the Man, Sarah in A Touch of the Poet, and Lucinde in The Doctor in Spite of Himself. In an N.B.C. production of Oedipus Rex she played Jocasta.



JUNE KEEVIL was born in Toronto and holds degrees from U.C.L.A. and Case Western Reserve University. She performed in Toronto with the Colonnade Theatre and the Poor Alex Theatre, and

played in summer stock at the Prudhommes Garden Center Theatre in Ontario. Her roles include Chantal in *The Balcony*, the ingenue in *Red Roses For Me*, and the leading lady in *P.S. 193*. She toured Ontario as a singer with a country-blues band, accompanying herself on the autoharp.



LEONORE KLEW-ER, Manager of the Play House, reports that there have been only two institutions in her life: Ohio University, where she received a B.A. in English, and this theatre, where she arrived as

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