F.O.I.A.

JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL

FILE DESCRIPTION

HEADQUARTERS FILE

SUBJECT HARRY GOLD

FILE NO. 65-57449

VOLUME NO.

SERIALS

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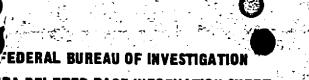
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Hydrocarbon, Inc., HYC, attended all meetings of Kellex personnel with British atomic group in Dec. 1943 and Jan. 1944, of which FUCHS a member, and arranged for further contacts in U.S. for British group.

FORVAL (Gus) AVOLLAN, former business associate of BROTHMAN, is a possible suspect. Loads set forth,

REFERENCE:

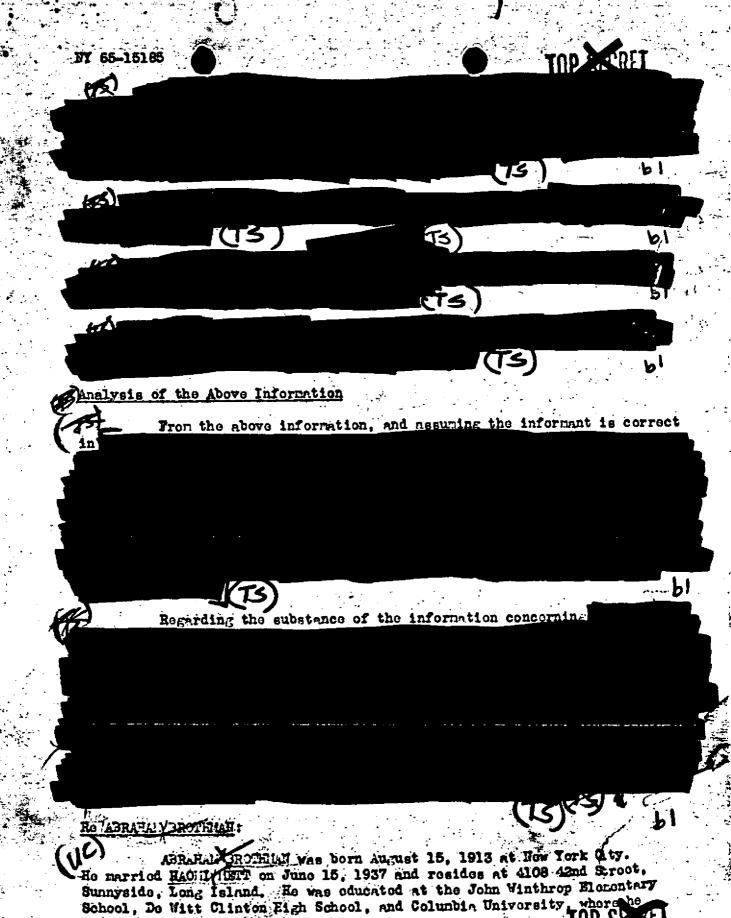
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Teletype to Sureau, 11/28/49.

Confidential Informant T-1, of known reliability, reported on

DETAILS: 61 Confidential Informant T-1 further advised that the bI The Informat also stated that a b1.

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specialized in Accountancy and Chemical Engineering.

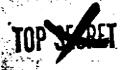
BROTHMAN was formerly employed by the Hendrick Manufacturing Company, 30 Church Street, New York City, and left this organization in July, 1942, to become Vice-President of the Chemurgy Design Corporation, 720 Lexington Avenue, New York City. This firm was incorporated in July, 1942, in Connecticut, and is a chemical manufacturing concern.

About August 1. 1944 BROTHMAN resigned from the organization and organized the firm of Abraham Brothman and Associates, with offices in Room 1606, 114 East 32nd Street, New York City. He was also Chief Engineer of this firm, which during the war also engaged in consulting engineer work for several industrial concerns. Among the firms for which BROTHMAN did work was the Bridgeport Brass Company, Bridgeport, Connecticut, manufacturers of Aersol Bombs for the Armed Forces, and the Graver Tank Manufacturing Company, Inc., East Chicago, Indiana, manufacturers of DDT Water for the Army, Navy and Maritime Commission.

ELIZABETH T. HENTLEY has stated that in about May, 1940, she was introduced to BROTHMAN by JACOB GOLOS, the known Soviet espionage agent, who told her that EROTHMAN would furnish her with blue print copies. She stated that from the Summer of 1940 until the Fall of that year she met BROTHMAN about ten times, and obtained blue prints from him. On other occasions she stated that BROTHMAN was contacted by GOLOS. When she met BROTHMAN they would usually go to dinner, and during the course of the meal, he would turn over the blue prints. BENTLEY stated that during the Fall of 1940 GOLOS claimed to have become disgusted with BROTHMAN, and told her he was turning BROTHMAN over to someone else.

Upon interview in 1947, BROTHMAN identified a photograph of tollos, but claimed not to remember his name. He stated that GOLOS had come to him in 1938 or 1939, advising that he had contacts with the Russian Government for BROTHMAN, if BROTHMAN would turn over to him blue prints of certain products that BROTHMAN was working on at the time. BROTHMAN stated that these blue prints were his own property, and for the most part, were of shafts, vats and other equipment necessary in the operation of a plant manufacturing chemicals. Thereafter, BROTHMAN stated, GOLOS visited his office on several occasions, and that sometime after GOLOS' original visit, he introduced BROTHMAN to a woman known only to him as MELEN. BROTHMAN identified the photograph of BENTLEY as HELEN.





- BROTHMAN stated that HELEN had visited him during 1939 and 1940, but that sometime in 1940 she stopped coming to his office, and another individual named HARRY GOLD had come to his office, stating that he now represented GOLOS.
- BROTHMAN admitted that he had submitted various contracts to the Soviet Government Purchasing Commission, and the Amtorg Trading Corporation, but that he had never obtained a contract from either of these two agencies representing the Russian Government. He admitted that he two agencies representing the Young Communist League while attending Columbia had been a member of the Young Communist League while attending Columbia University in 1933, but denied that he was now actively engaged in any Communist Party affairs.
- During 1938-1942 BROTH-AN conducted a company known as the Republic Chemical Machinery Company, which performed designing work on chemical machines, and held patents on several machines which were manufactured by the Hendrick Manufacturing Company, of Carbondale, Pennsylvania, factured by the Hendrick Manufacturing Company, of Carbondale, Pennsylvania, In about June, 1942 BROTH-AN broke his connection with the Hendrick Manufacturing Company and became associated with HENRY A. GOLWYNNE, in the Chemurgy Design Corporation, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York City. BROTH-AN was Vice-President, and one ARTHUR PHINEAS HEBER was Secretary of this corporation.
- In the course of his work with the Tedlee Chemical Corporation and the Regal Chemical Corporation in 1943, BROTHMAN started working on the development of Aersol filling machines. BROTHMAN developed an automatic machine for filling Aersol Bombs in the field, and a valve for Aersol dispensers, and in addition, developed a process for making DDT.
- In August, 1944, BROTHMAN opened his cwn firm, Abraham Brothman and Associates, 114 East 32nd Street, which later moved to 29-28 41st Avenue, Long Island City. The partnership of this firm consisted of BROTHMAN, EMIL 2, BARISH, GERHARD OLLAN, OSCAR J. VAGO and JULES KORCHIEN, who it is noted, was also connected with the Chemurgy Design Corporation for a short time.
- (UC) At the present time BROTHMAN still maintains offices at 29-28 41st Avenue, Long Island City, and either shares office space with, or operates, the Phoenix Service Bureau.





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Re HILL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS:

- Immigration records reflect that FUCHS entered the United States at Newport Nows. Virginia, on December 3, 1943, as a representative of the British Government in the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research.
- According to Confidential Informent T-2, of known reliability, FUCHS was a number of a British delogation of scientists who came to the United States in 1943, at the invitation of the Hanhattan Engineers Project. United States in 1943, at the invitation of the Hanhattan Engineers Project. Hew York Prior to the arrival of this delogation, employees of Kellex, Inc., Hew York City, prine contractors on the Hanhattan Engineers Project, were informed by General LESLIC R. GROVES, or his representative, that the Kellex people could discuss anything presently known to both groups. Confidential Informent T-2 stated that prior to the arrival of the British, Kellex had exchanged views on diffusion and related problems with the British. Hembers of the group were to be allowed to visit various manufacturing plants in the United States, and the Kellex people could discuss the results of those visits with the British. The Kellex people were specifically warned not visits with the British. The Kellex people were specifically warned not to go beyond the scope of ratters which had been discussed and were specifically told not to discuss anything with the British regarding long range atomic plans.
- December 1943, Confidential Informant T-2 stated that this group set up offices in Room 2401-M at 43 Exchange Place, New York City. On December 8, 1943, a preliminary conference was held between Kellex representatives and the British, during which an agenda was set up. Thereafter, three separate conferences were held; namely, on December 22, 1943, December 27, 1943 and January 5, 1944.
- Confidential Informant T-2 stated that at the meeting of January 5,1944, all of the phases of the construction and operation of the Oak Ridge installation were discussed at some length by the Kellex people with the British scientists. Rather detailed minutes of this meeting were maintained, and as in the prior two meetings, the British were furnished with five copies of these minutes, which ran some thirty odd typewritten with five copies of these minutes, which ran some thirty odd typewritten pages. According to the Informant, there was no part of the American plan to construct the plant at Oak Ridge for the manufacture of atomic bombs that was not known to the British group after this meeting.



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- who according to Confidential Informant T-2, was perhaps the most brilliant of the British scientists.
- Confidential Informant T-2 was cortain that members of the British delegation visited the Oak Ridge installation after it began operating, but that most of them returned to Britain in about February, 1944.
- As a matter of fact, FUCHS was stationed at the Les Alamos Atomic Energy Project from August 14, 1944 to June 15, 1946, working in the Theoretical Physics Division, and having access to highly classified information concerning the present atomic bomb, and long range research program.
- HEINEMAN, in Cambridge, Massachusotts, and in Nevember and December, 1945, FUCHS traveled to Mentreal, Canada, and Mexico City, respectively, presumably on business trips.
- FUCHS departed from the United States on June 28, 1946. It is believed that he stayed at the Hotel Taft, New York City, in December of 1943, although there are no records to support this at the present time, and to date his residence while in New York, other than the Hotel Taft, is not known.

Re KRISTEL KLAUS HEINEMAN:

- The above person, who is married to ROBERT BLOCKAREINEMAN, and is a sister of EMIL JULIUS KLAUS FUCHS, was born in Frankfort, Germany, July 22, 1913. Her name was found in the address book of ISRAEL HALPERIN, a member of the Canadian tomic Spy Ring, who was acquitted in the Canadian a member of the Canadian tomic Spy Ring, who was acquitted in the Canadian trial. She is a German alien, having entered the United States in 1938. She presently resides at 94 Lakeview Avanne, Cambridge, Massach otts.
- She married ROBERT BLOCK HEINEMAN on November 2, 1936 Boston, Hassachusetts. HEINEMAN has been employed by the Baldwin Locome to Works, Eddystone, Pennsylvania, and the General Electric Company, Lynn, assachusetts. In 1944 HEINEMAN was a nember of the Communist Policital Association, Cambridge Branch, re-registering in January, 1947, at which time

he stated he had been a member of the Communist Party up to 1937. In February, 1947, HEINEMAN traveled to Mexico City for the alleged purpose of writing a book, in connection with obtaining a degree.

Adcording to the records of HEINEMAN'S Local Draft Board, a letter was received from the American Field Service, Boston, Massachusetts, on July 18, 1944, indicating that HEINEMAN wanted to join the American Field Service for ambulance overseas duty. However, there is nothing in the records of the Board to indicate that he ever accepted this service, and before and after that date he was employed by General Electric Company, Lynn, Massachusetts.

Re ARTHUR PHINEAS WEBER, suspect:

The records of Local Board 142, Brocklyn, New York, reflect that WEBER registered there from 915 Avenue S, Brooklyn, New York, on July 1, 1941. At that time he was employed by the Hendrick Hamufacturing Company, Carbondale, Pennsylvania, with offices at 30 Church Street, New York City, as a chemical engineer. He was born on March 10, 1920 in Brooklyn, New York. As provious employment WEBER listed United States Census Enumerator, New York Post Office clerk, New York City, Department of Sanitation truck neasurer, prefessional musician.

On September 2, 1941, in an appearance before Local Board 142, TEBER advised that he had been amployed by the Hendrick Hamufacturing Company for the past seven menths, or from approximately Fabruary, 1941, as an engineer of machinery design. He claimed that the company was engaged in defense work, and that 98% of his work was on defense contracts. He stated that he contributed to the support of his parents, and that his father had been a fruit and vegetable peddler in Brooklyn for the past twenty years.

On August 7, 1941 BROTHMAN submitted a deferment request for WEHER, and along with this letter furnished copies of three orders from defense plants to the Hendrick Manufacturing Company, in support of the claim that the firm was working on defense contracts.

On November 4, 1942, in an effort to obtain occupational deferment, WEBER stated that he was then employed by the Chemurgy Design Corporation, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York City, as Assistant Chief Engineer, at \$60.00 a week. BROTHAN wrote a letter in support of this claim, stating that the



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firm acted as consulting design engineers to such firms as the International Engineering, Inc., Dayton, Chio. Also, HENRY COLTYNNE, President of Golwynne Chemical Corporation, submitted a letter on behalf of WEBER, stating that WEBER was associated with the Golwynne Chemical Corporation, which was then totally under contract to the British Purchasing Commission in the United States for the manufacture of tracer bullets, incendiary bombs, etc.

Graver Tank and Manufacturing Company, East Chicago, Indiana, submitted a letter to Local Board 142, regarding the essential character of the work being performed for that firm as a consulting engineer by WEBER.

Chemical Corporation, submitted a letter to Local Board 1/2, which said in part: "Mr. WEBER is designing and constructing for us automatic filling equipment for the filling of Aereol in freen, one pound dispenser, for the United States Navy. Because this product is difficult to handle and the ingredients are scarce, every effort must be exerted to see that only a qualified plant design man is given this important jeb . . . "

Augus (1943, at a weekly pay of \$82.00, and that Regal had tried several times to secure replacement for him, without success. This employment by WEBER would coincide with his employment at the Chemirgy Design Corporation.

duction into the Armed Forces, and was scheduled for induction on July 11, 1944. On July 1, 1944 a letter was received by the Board from Kellex, Inc., stating that WEBER was now employed by Kellex, and on July 10, 1944 Sergeant DAVID KAUFHAN, United States Army, appeared at Local Board 142 to state that WEBER had begun employment at Kellex on June 29th, and that the firm was engaged in highly confidential war work. A deferment was granted to WEDER on that date, and subsequently on July 21, 1945, August 23, 1945, December 12, 1945, as a result of his employment with Kellex.

Corporation and the Regal Chemical Corporation, Fraud Against the Government, BROTHMAN, upon interview, stated that prior to June, 1942, he had





operated the Republic Chemical Machinery Corporation, which performed designing work on chemical machines which were manufactured by the Hendrick Manufacturing Company, of Carbondale, Pennsylvania. WEBER was an associate of BROTHMAN at Republic Chemical, having been employed in February, 1941. In June, 1942, BROTHMAN stated, he broke his connection with Hendrick Manufacturing Company, and became associated with HENRY A. GOLWYNNE and the Chemurgy Design Corporation, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York City. GOLWYNNE was President of this corporation, and he took BROTHMAN and WEBER into the company on an equal basis, making BROTHMAN Vice-President, and WEBER Secretary.

February, 1941, after just having graduated from City College of New York, and having had no previous chemical engineering experience, although When hired, WEBER purported to have had previous experience. He stated when hired, were had a good basic knowledge of chemical engineering, but does that WEBER had a good basic knowledge of chemical engineering, but does not like detail, and likes to get the results without doing the necessary work. BROTHMAN exhibited several published articles on chemical methods and precesses, with both the names of BROTHMAN and WEBER as authors. BROTHMAN claimed that these articles had been written by himself, and that he had included WEBER'S name morely to help WEBER get a start in the chemical engineering field.

BROTHMAN, then employed by Corrigan, Osburne and Weles, engineering firm, brought THEODORE HEILIG to BROTHMAN, HEILIG had retained the Corrigan firm to set up a system for filling methyl bromide ampules for the Tedles Chemical Corporation, and was to develop a method of filling Aersel dispensors for the Regal Chemical Corporation. Since the Corrigan firm dispensors for the Regal Chemical Corporation. Since the Corrigan firm had been unable to develop an Aersel filling method, BIAKE had brought HEILIG to BROTHMAN to obtain BROTHMAN'S system.

Tedler, and BROTHIAN and WEBER signed a contract with Regal and Tedler, and BROTHIAN started work on the development of the Aersol filling machines. In the course of this work, BROTHIAN developed an automatic machine for filling hersol bombs in the filed, and a valve for Aersol dispensars, as well as a process for making DDT. BROTHIAN insisted that all of this work was his own, that WEBER took no part in it, other than all of this work was his own, that WEBER took no part in it, superdoing some slide rule work and calculations under his, BROTHIAN'S, superdoing some slide rule work and calculations under his, brothian's, superdoing some slide rule work and calculations under his time conferring vision. BROTHIAN claimed that WEBER spent most of his time conferring



with NORMANICLARKE, HEILIG, and JAMES ALWIISON, former superintendent of Regal and Tedlee. He claimed that HEILIG was interested in double-crossing the Bridgeport Brass Company and obtaining the company Aersol contract for Himself, and that these conferences were held for the purpose of promoting the feud then existing between Regal Chemical Corporation and the Bridgeport Brass Company. After the completion of the above mentioned work, HEILIG was unwilling for BROTHMAN to leave his employment.

ROTHMAN he would request Admiral ROSS McINTYRE to have WEBER deferred, provided BROTHMAN would sign over to HEILIG the devices and the process mentioned above. BROTHMAN, of course, was unwilling. Later, and at WEBER'S request, BROTHMAN listened in on a telephone conversation between WEBER and WILSON, in which WILSON told WEBER that unless BROTHMAN signed a five year contract to work for Regal, HEILIG would not request a deferment for WEBER. BROTHMAN wrote a letter, breaking this contract with HEILIG.

BROTHMAN, and asked him to come to his office. BROTHMAN did this, accompanied by WEBER. ELLENBOGEN, who was previously unaware of HEILIG'S threat not to request deferment for WEBER, did persuade BROTHMAN to continue working for HEILIG without a contract. When WEBER brought his Selective Service form to HEILIG for signature, the question of a contract with BROTHMAN was brought up again, and as a result, BROTHMAN became irritated and submitted his resignation again. However, with the persuasion of ELLENBOGEN, he undertook the work again, without a contract.

Bubsequently, WEBER was trying to get a position with the Hanhattan Engineers on the Manhattan Project. HEILIG told BROTHMAN that in connection with WEBER'S application, HEILIG was to sign a letter recommending WEBER to the FBI. Later WEBER told BROTHMAN that HEILIG would not send this letter unless BROTHMAN signed a contract to work for HEILIG.

ICIn August, 1944, HEILIG again asked BROTHLAN to sign the document relinquishing the rights to the above mentioned dovices and the DDT process, which BROTHLAN refused to do. Theroupon HEILIG showed BROTHLAN a copy of a document in which WEBER had signed away these devices and the DDT process. Later WEBER admitted to BROTHLAN, in HEILIG'S presence, that all of these devices were BROTHLAN'S, and that WEBER had not made them.





- According to the payroll records of the Tedlee Chemical Corporation, and the Regal Chemical Corporation, WEBER was on the payroll of Tedlee from November, 1943, through February, 1944, at a monthly salary of 3200.00. From Earch to June 15, 1944 he was on the Regal payroll earning a total of 3900.00. From June 15th to October 31, 1944, he was again on the Tedlee payroll, at a monthly salary of \$350.00. In all, he received \$2,375.00 in salary from Tedlee in 1944.
- In a signed statement to Bureau agents on October 9, 1947, WEBER admitted that he became associated with HEILIG, the President of the Tedlee and Regal Chemical Corporations, in the Spring or Summer of 1943. He stated that his association; as well as that of BROTHMAN, was as a chemical engineer on a contract basis. The contract, WEBER believed, expired about July, 1944, the same time that WEBER undertook employment with Kellex. He stated that in September, 1944, HEILIG approached him with a proposition. At that time, WEBER said, he was not working full time for HEILIG, Tedlee or Regal, but did do part time work on week ends and evenings for HEILIG at 115 Debbin Street, Brocklyn, at an office which HEILIG opened on 42nd Street, New York City, and at his home. All of the work was done in connection with HEILIG'S plans to manufacture DDT.
- HEILIG wanted MEBER to submit fictitious invoices on which HEILIG would issue checks to him, WEBER, in payment. Then MEBER was supposed to turn back to HEILIG a major part of these funds, after deducting income taxes, WEBER was to benefit in that he could keep for himself several thousand dellers. At HEILIG'S suggestion, the invoices were printed in MEBER'S name, When WEBER received the invoices, HEILIG instructed him how to word them, and the amounts they were to cover. MEBER received checks from the Regal Chemical Corporation totaling \$18,475.00, which covered these fictitious invoices. One such invoice was dated September 29, 1944 in the amount of \$2,700,00; another, October 6, 1944 in the amount of \$3,750,00; another, October 20, 1944 in the amount of \$2,800,00, and finally, on October 30, 1944 in the amount of \$825.00.
- CHEBER admitted that he deposited these checks to his account in the Kings Highway Savings Bank, Flatbush Savings Bank of Brooklyn, and the National City Bank, Kings Highway Branch.
- ACHEILIG told WEBER that he wanted back out of those funds \$9,000.00, and that he wanted United States negotiable bonds, amounting to \$9,000.00.





The remainder of the \$18,475.00 was to be used for income taxes and for WEBER'S share of the proceeds. In order for WEBER to comply with HEILIG'S instructions, he deposited sufficient money in his checking account at the Kings Highway Branch of the National City Bank to cover the purchase of the bonds, and pay the taxes. As soon as the bank notified WEBER that the bonds were ready, he had his wife, JEAN, go to the bank and receive them, and the next day he met HEILIG in the Midston House, New York City, and turned over to him the \$9,000.00 in bonds.

Subsequently WEBER submitted fictitious invoices to both Tedlee Chemical Corporation and Regal Chemical Corporation. He submitted follow up memoranda on two of the invoices dated March 30, 1946. One of the memos covered an invoice to Tedlee Chemical in the amount of \$17,500.00, dated October 15, 1945, and purporting to be plans for a DDT plant. The other covered an invoice to the Regal Chemical Corporation in the amount of \$8,750.00, dated October 15, 1945, and purported to be for work on the Aersol problem.

Tedles Chemical Corporation were in the amounts of \$24,000.00 and \$18,500.00. In all, WEBER submitted invoices in the amount of \$60,000.00 on Tedles Chemical Corporation, and \$13,750.00 on the Regal Chemical Corporation in 1945. In addition to the invoices, WEBER submitted bills to the Regal Chemical Corporation for consulting service on a monthly basis. He claimed that these monthly bills for services over the better part of a year were bona fide, and represented services that he actually performed. With reference to the fictitious invoices which WEBER submitted, and from which proceeds were realized, WEBER claimed that he benefited only to the extent of about \$2,000.00.

(UC)An exemination of the bank accounts maintained by WEBER during

167422 in the name of ARTHUR P, or JEAN EBER was opened on November 21, 1942. The balance as of December 29, 1944 was \$407.01. On that date a deposit of \$2,700.00 was made to the account by check number R-1196, which coincides with the Regal check dated December 27, 1944. On July 9, 1946 a cash withdrawal of \$3,000.00 was made on the account, and as of July 18, 1947 the balance in the account was \$1.49.





Brooklyn, it is shown that JEAN WEBER was born on May 5, 1922 at Brooklyn, New York, and that her parents names are SAUL and SALLY WELLENDORFF. As of December 18, 1944 the balance in this account was 33,349.35. On December 29, 1944 a deposit of 38,400.00 was made, and on the same date a withdrawal of \$4,249.35 was made. On January 11, 1945 another withdrawal in the amount of \$6,000.00 was made. The 34,249.35 withdrawal by check number 216104 was made to JEAN WEBER, and according to endorsements, was deposited on the same date in the National City Bank, Kings Highway Branch. At the time of the January 11, 1945 withdrawal, cash in the amount of \$50.00 was paid out by the bank, and a bank check in the amount of \$5,950.00 was issued to JEAN WEBER. This check, number 220702, was deposited in the Kings Highway Branch on January 11, 1945.

that on August 1, 1944 a special checking account, number 4098, was opened in the name of JEAN WEBER. On August 2, 1944 the account was changed to a joint account in the name of ARTHUR P. and JEAN WEBER. Between August 1st and December 29, 1944 several small deposits were made to this account, and several small checks drawn against it. The largest deposit was on November 21, 1944, in the amount of 3148.65. The largest check drawn against the account was on November 27, 1944 in the amount of 375.00. As of December 29th, the balance in the account was 3139.02. On that date a deposit in the amount of 311,624.35 was made to the account, made up of Regal check number R-1198, in the amount of 37,375.00, and Kings Highway Savings Bank check number 216104, in the amount of 34,249.35.

On December 30, 1944 a joint regular checking account was opened by WEBER and his wife at the National City Bank, Kings Highway Branch, and a transfer made from special account 4098 to the new account, in the amount of \$11,707.22,

account in the amount of 59,100.00, and a notation appearing on this ticket indicated it was for the purchase of 59,000.00 worth of United States Treasury Bends, at market value, with another notation that WEBER'S account would be credited with the difference between the debit ticket and the purchase price, after the bank had paid the broker for the bends. The bank records indicate that the bends were received on January 8, 1945 and delivered to WEBER on January 13, 1945.



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\$5,950.00, a Kings Highway Bank check. On February 2, 1945 a check in the amount of \$7,331.71 was charged against WEBER'S account, and was signed by WEBER and made payable to the Collector of Internal Revenue. On September 18, 1946 a check in the amount of \$1,000.00 was drawn against the WEBER account, and made payable to the Concord Chemicals Corporation.

reflected that the Concord Chemicals Corporation was chartered on July 8, 1946, and the officers of the corporation were H. H. MAPPAPORT, President, and ARTHUR P. WEBER, Treasurer and Secretary.

In the Southern District of New York regarding his participation in the fraud perpetrated by the Tedlee Chemical Corporation, the Regal Chemical Corporation, and THEODORE HEILIG, but was not considered as a defendant, A true bill of indictment was returned against HEILIG, the Tedlee Chemical Corporation, and the Regal Chemical Corporation.

(NC) Confidential Informant T-2 made available the records of the Kellex, Inc., 233 Broadway, which records showed that NEBER was employed by Kellex as a chemical engineer from June 29, 1944 to October 31, 1949. He left Kellex to accept employment with the International Engineering, Inc., Dayton, Ohio. WEBER was stationed at Oak Ridge, Tennessee from October 14, 1946 to September 1, 1947. His last New York address was 79 Allen Avenue, Oceanside, Long Island.

malysis Regarding WEBER as a Suspect.

From the facts at hand it would appear definite that WEBER was intimately acquainted with the business affairs of BROTHMAN, and would have been able to report accurately on them in August, 1944. It is noted that he first became associated with BROTHMAN in February, 1941, in the Hendrick Manufacturing Company, and later in the Chemurgy Design Corporation.

It is to be further noted that WEBER misrepresented his contribution to certain chemical processes developed by BROTHMAN, and was discovered by BROTHMAN to have signed away the rights to these processes to HEILIG. Also, according to BROTHMAN, WEBER led BROTHMAN to believe



TOP SKRET

that he had had experience in the chemical engineering field in February, 1841, whereas he had just graduated from City College of New York.

Assuming for the moment that WEIR is

Although it is not known whether While was accuminted with FUChS, his employment at Keller would not necessarily be a necessary factor in making FUCHS acquaintance. It should be noted that the Colwons Chemical Company, during 1944, was filling contracts for the British Purchasing illusion in How York City, and as a result Them could have not FUCHS through this business contact.

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Confidential Informat T-4, of known reliability, has advised

TOL STORET



Re GERHARD NORVAL TOLLAN, was Gus Wollan, Gerhard Wollan, Gus Gearhart, Suspect:

WOLLAN was born on June 27, 1910 at Glenwood, Minnesota. He was employed by the Home Life Insurance Company, New York City, from July 1, 1936 to December 12, 1941. He received an A.B. Degree from Luther College, Decorah, Iowa, in 1931 and received a Master of Science Degree from the University of Icwa in 1936. He taught mathematics and physics at the New Richland, Minnesota High School from 1931 to 1935. He was employed by the United States Navy Yard, Brooklyn, New York, as an associate physicist from July 1, 1942 to February, 1944.

(MCFrom February 28, 1944 to August 5, 1944 HOLLAN was employed by the Regal Chemical Corporation, 115 Dobbin Street, Brooklyn, New York, as an assistant plant superintendent, and on August 15, 1944 WOLLAN became associated with Abraham Brothman and Associates as a partner and physicist.

(NC)Confidential Informant T-5, of known reliability, advised that on March 14, 1945 WOLLAN, a physicist engaged in war work, and of Norwegian descent, held Communist Political Association card number 26216 in the Kensington Club of the Communist Political Association, 305 Church Avenue, Brooklyn. The financial records of the Kensington Club, according to this Informant, showed that WOLLAN had contributed \$24,00 in dues and \$6,00 in. other assessments between May and December, 1944. This Informant also reported that WOLLAN was a member of FAECT. The same source reported that WOLLAN'S wife, HELEN, was also a member of the Kensington Club of the Communist Political Association in 1945.

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(W.)On February 11, 1946 Confidential Informant T-6, of known reliability, reported that one believed to be WOLLAN, and employed by (R.)
Abraham Brothman Associates, contacted an unknown man, during which conversation WOLLAN asserted that he had made his "point" at a meeting which included his club president and the section organizer.

With BROTHIAN, it is known that he became an associate professor at Sampson College, Geneva, New York, on October 19, 1946, continuing in this until September 11, 1948. On September 23, 1948 WOLIAN became an instructor at the North Georgia State College, Dahlonega, Georgia, as an associate professor of mathematics.

Confidential Informant T-7, of unknown reliability, reported that WOLLAN had been active in Communist affairs in New York City since 1938. This Informant reported that WOLLAN changed completely when he moved to New York City, and served as a delegate to the Communist convention in Chicago, Illinois, in 1940. The Informant also claimed that WOLLAN was strongly opposed to the policies of the late President ROOSEVELT, until such time as the United States became an active ally of Russia. The Informant reported that WOLLAN was a man who would take active measures to further his radical views.

Confidential Informant T-7 also stated that WOLLAN reportedly attempted to unionise the clerical staff of the New York Office of the Home Life Insurance Company in 1940. Also, he was reported by this Informant to hold Communist meetings in his home, and to receive Communist literature.

WOLLAN'S family consisted of the following: OUSTAVARILAN, father, deceased; CLARA/LARSON/FOLLAN, mother, Seattle, Washington; Nrs. CATHERINE HUNT, sister, aged 24, Seattle, Washington; OTTO/HOLLAN, brother, aged 28, Soattle, Washington; ROLF S. WINLLAN, brother, aged 31, address, England; HELEN HAMAYER HOLLAN, wife.

Analysis Regarding WOLLAN

partner, beginning on August 15, 1944. However, prior to that time, from





February to August, 1944, WOLLAN was an assistant plant superintendent at the Regal Chemical Corporation, and undoubtedly knew BROTHMAN during this period. Therefore, he would have been sufficiently acquainted with BROTHMAN'S business affairs

Moreover, it appears that WOLLAN was an avid Communist, as was

In spite of this, however, it is believed that he presents himself as a logical suspect.

Re JOHN HENRY ARNOLD:

As previously reported, Confidential Informant T-2 stated that in December, 1943, a delegation of British scientists, including FUCHS, came to the United States to study diffusion and related problems then being encountered in the Atomic Energy Program. These scientists participated in a series of conferences with Kellex representatives in December, 1943, and January, 1944.

Confidential Informant T-2 furnished the names of the British delegation and the Kellex representatives who participated in these conferences as follows:

British Representatives:

W. A. AKERS

H. S. ARES

J. D. YBROWN

S. S. S. MH

G. O. MONES

C. K. KEARTON

KUHN

RUDCLPH PETERLS

L. B. PFEIL

J. E.SINON
N. KURTIS
J. R. HADR
*SHETHURST

X CURIE

ENIL J. RAFUCHS

*OLIPHANT

EBSTER

CHADILICK

HIGSON

Kellex Representatives:

P. C. HETTH

A. L. BERER

J. H. ARNOLD

E BENEDICT

R. FROSEN

H. H. ELSEY

Z. G. DEUTSCH

L. SKOO

R. E. POIER

A. J. KFRUIT

HUGHLEYLOR

ID. EMET



Confidential Informant T-2 reported that at the last conference on January 5, 1944 all of the problems confronting the Americans in the construction of the Oak Ridge Installation, and all problems relating to atomic Energy were thoroughly discussed. The British delegation was furnished five copies of the minutes of each of these meetings, including mished five copies of the minutes of each of these meetings, including the one on January 5, 1944. Moreover, the British delegation was allowed to visit several allied plants in the United States, including General to visit several allied plants in the United States, including General Electric, Decatur, Illinois, etc. While they maintained offices at 43 Exchange Place, New York City, they did on occasions, before and after these meetings, contact the Kellex representatives regarding visits to plants, itineraries, etc.

The Informant stated that JOHN HENRY ARNOID, then the head of research of Kellex, was the Kellex representative who "sheparded" the British delegation around.

Prior investigation of ARNOLD indicates that he is a highly respected man of high principles and excellent character, and that there is absolutely no question concerning his loyalty to this country.

(IS) (TS) bi

There is no indication that ARNOID knows

ARNOID'S background does indicate that he was

ARNOID'S background does indicate that he was

born in Hyde Park, Massachusetts on November 9, 1909, and that he attended

Hyde Park High School from 1923 to 1927, and Massachusetts Institute of

Hyde Park High School from 1923 to 1927, and 1932. He was employed as a

Technology, Cambridge, between 1927 and 1932. He was employed as a

pattern making apprentice by the American Tool and Machine Company, Hyde Perk, Messachusetts, in 1927; as a civil engineer in the Boston, Massachusetts Perk Department and as a civil engineer for the Massachusetts achusetts Perk Department and as a civil engineer for the Massachusetts Department of Highways, Boston, in 1930. In 1931 AFNOID was a special Department of Highways, Boston, in 1930. In 1931 AFNOID was a special Persearch assistant at Massachusetts Institute of Technology; from 1932 to 1942 he was a research engineer for the Mellogg Company, Jersey City, 1942 he was a research engineer for the Mellogg Company, Jersey City, New Jersey. He was director of research and defense for the Kellex Corporation, 233 Broadway, New York City, from 1943 to 1945, and has been Vice-President in charge of research and development of Hydrocarbon Research, Vice-President in charge of research and development of Hydrocarbon Research, Inc., 115 Broadway, New York City.

His father, HENRY FREE AN ARNOLD, resides at 86 Searle Read, Test Roxbury, Massachusetts; his brother, HETRY FREE AN ARNOLD, resides at 24 Bowdoin Street, Newton Highlands, Massachusetts; another brother, EARNOLD Lives at 62 Rosewood Street, Mattapan, Massachusetts. FRANCIS E. ARNOLD, lives at 62 Rosewood Street, Mattapan, Massachusetts. ARNOLD resides with his wife and two small children at 174 Blackburn Road, ARNOLD resides with his wife and two small children at 174 Blackburn Road, Summit, New Jersey. ARNOLD formerly resided at 7 Tonnell Avenue, Jersey Summit, New Jersey, from 1932 to 1945, and at 23 West 91st Street, New York City, In 1945 and 1946.

(MC) His Atomic Energy Questionnairo reflects that he traveled to England, France, Germany, Austria, and Czechoslovakia on business and Pleasure between November, 1938, and Herch, 1939. In May, 1948 ARNOLD traveled to Germany, England and Ireland on business.

Although it is not known whether ARNOLD knows

(TS)

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In view of ARNOID'S high position, and his excellent background, and fifther, since everything that can be said about him in this case is purely speculative, inquiry concerning him will be hold in abeyance, pending the outcome of investigation regarding WOLLAN and REER. If any inquiry is later made regarding ARNOLD, it should begin by making a discreet contact with Confidential Informant T-2, requesting that the records of Kellex, Inc. on ARNOLD be checked for his whereabouts on and around of Kellex, Inc. on ARNOLD be checked for his whereabouts ARNOLD from

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One copy of this report is being designated for the Washington Pield Office, for information, in compliance with Bureau instruction

PENDING



LEADS



CINCINNATI

At Dayton, Ohio



No leads are being set out at this time regarding ARTHUR PHINEAS WEBER, pending a check by the New York Office at Oceanside, Long Island, for WEBER'S forwarding address, and a check at Kellex.

Inc. regarding WEBER'S

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ATLANTA

At Dahlenega, Georgia



Will determine whether GERHARD NORVAL GOLLAN (Gus), suspect, is presently employed as an instructor at North Georgia State College.



Will ascertain if it is possible to develop the services of a highly confidential informant on WOLLAN, with the specific view in mind of determining whether

スター

Will place a mail cover on WOLLAN and report the results.

BOSTON

At Combridge, Massachusetts

Will report the results of a mail cover on KRISTEL KLAUS HEINEMAN.

(4)

Will determine the likelihood of obtaining the services of a highly confidential informant on krs. HEINEFAN, in order to ascertain whether

b1

NEW YORK

At Oceanside, Long Island

Fill contact United States Postal Authorities to ascertain the forwarding address of ARTHUR PHINEAS WEBER, 79 Allen Avenue.



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IEADS (Continued)

In the event it is found that WEBER is still maintaining a residence in Oceanside, will try to determine, by means of discreet inquiry, when he intends to move, and by what means, in order that consideration can be given to developing a highly confidential informant on WEBER.

At New York, New York

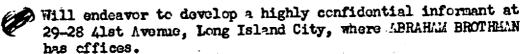


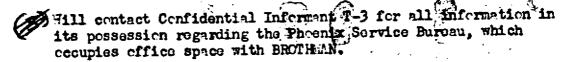
Will report any further information reported by Confidential Informant T-1 regarding the unknown subject.

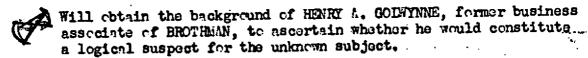


Will recentact Confidential Informant T-2 and determine from him whether ARTHUR PHINEAS TERER was









Will hold in abeyance recentact with Confidential Informant T-2 regarding JOHN HENRY ARNOLD, pending the outcome of investigation on WEBER and WOLLAN.(U)



17 65-15158

IOP office.

COLFIDERIAL INFORMATIS

The Confidential Informants referred to in the report of SA John R. Nurphy, Jr., dated December 16, 1949, at New York, are identified as follows:

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PARE TWO:

AND FORTY EIGHT. ARTHUR P. AWEBER LEFT KELLEX NOV. ONE LAST TO ACCEPT POSITION AT INTERNATIONAL ENGINEERING INC., DAYTON, OHIO. BAKER KNEW THAT FUCHS AND OTHERS PREPARED VARIOUS PAPERS ON THEORIES INVOLVED IN DIFFUSION AND OTHER PROCESSES. HOWEVER STATES THAT BRITISH DID NOT CONTRIBUTE MATERIALLY TO DEVELOPMENT. BUREAU REQUESTED TO FURNISH ANY ADDITIONAL DATA ON JOHN HENRY ARNOLD. CINCINNATI NOT FURNISHED DATA ON WEBER. REPORT FOLLOWS. INVESTIGATION CONTINUING.

REGEIVED

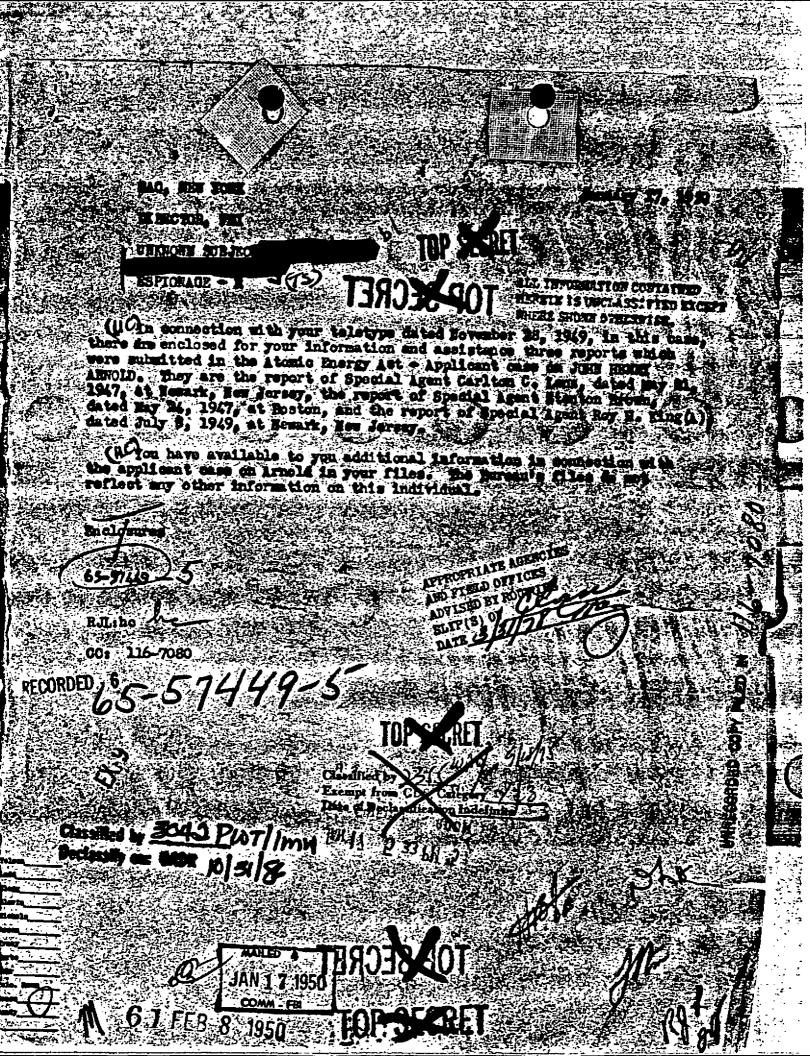
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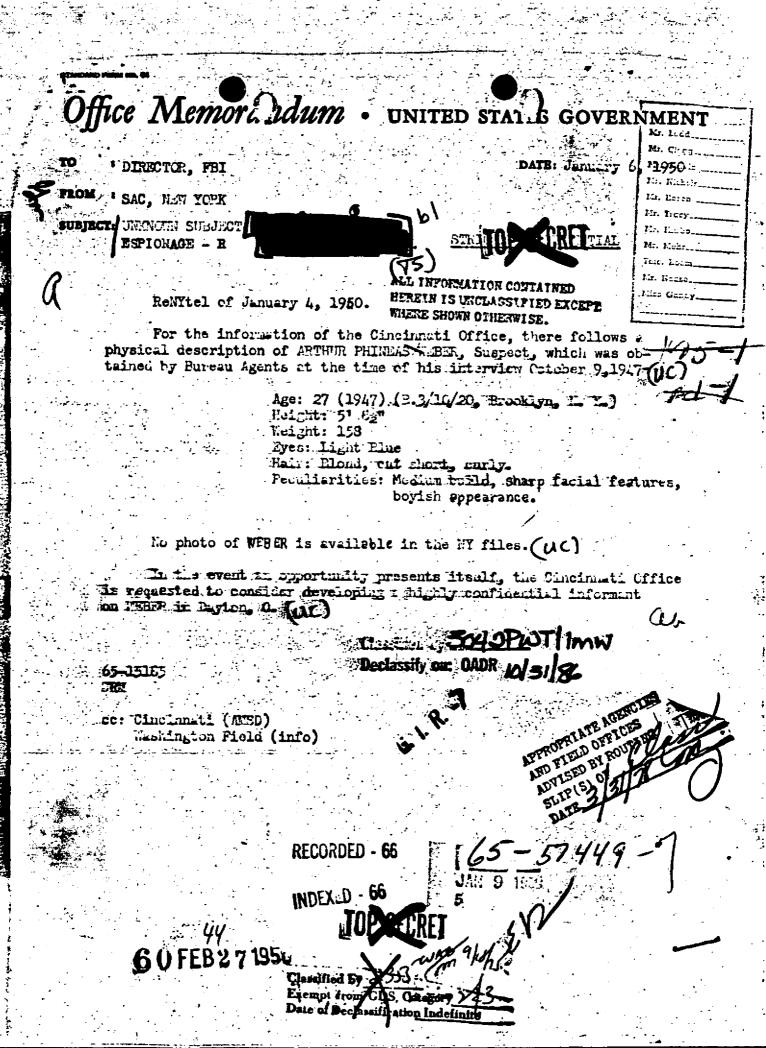
If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's coding systems.

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British States Department Service Service
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Director, FBI HE, UNENGEN SUBJECT ESPIONAGE - R Classified by 304DPWI/IMW Beclassify on: CADR /// For the information of the noxville office, there are enclosed herewith two photostatic copies of the report of SA JOHN R. MURRHY, JR., dated December 16, 1949 at New York. ARTHUR PHINAGA WEBER, Suspect, was absent from work at Kellay on three days in the last 6 months of 1944; namely logust 29, Howender 14 and ovember 27.
Dear Sir: Classified by 3041 PAJ / MW Remytel 1/4/50. Beclassify on: OADR // L/S December 16, 1949 at New York. ARTHUR WHINEAS WEEKER, Suspect, was absent from work at Kellar on three days in the last 6 months of 1944, namely August 29, November 14 and Movember 27.
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ARTHUR PHINEAS WEBER, Suspect, was absent from work at Kelley on three days in the last 6 months of 1944, namely lugust 29, November 14 and lovember 27.
the last 6 months of 1944, namely August 29, November 14 and Rovember 27.
The Keller records also show that
The Keller records also show that
with the state of the second s
as July 4, Thanksgiving Day, Labor Day and Christmas, on all of which days. Keller
COPIES DESTROYED R 47 DEC 9 The Keller records do not reflect REFER'S whereabouts on the days
when he has absent from work. It is the present opinion of Keller officials that complete attendance records, including whereabouts during absences, on
WEBER are now in the custody of the
200 Knoxville (encs. 2) OC Cincinnati
Atlanta Boston Bashington Field (RECISTERED WATTEXED) JAN 6 1950
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THE SOFT WERE Letter to Director Doc regarding WEBER and determine from him WEBER'S whereabouts during his absences, which, if available, would be of considerable interest since (13) It would also be of interest to determine the dates of WEBER'S absences from Oak Ridge, Tenn., and his whereabouts after he began employment there on January 3, 1945. The Knoxville office is requested to afford this matter preferred ad expeditions attention. (U) Very truly yours, EDWARD SCHEIDT,





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ADMINISTRATIVÉ PAGE

CONFIDEX

North Georgia College reside in the vicinity of MOLLAN. (4)

A thirty day mail cover was placed with Postmaster (L) CHARLES H. PHILLIPS, at Dahlonega, Georgia, on the mail of GERHARD NORVAL JOLIAN.

Classified by 1311

Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Beclassification indefinite

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CONFIDENTIAL

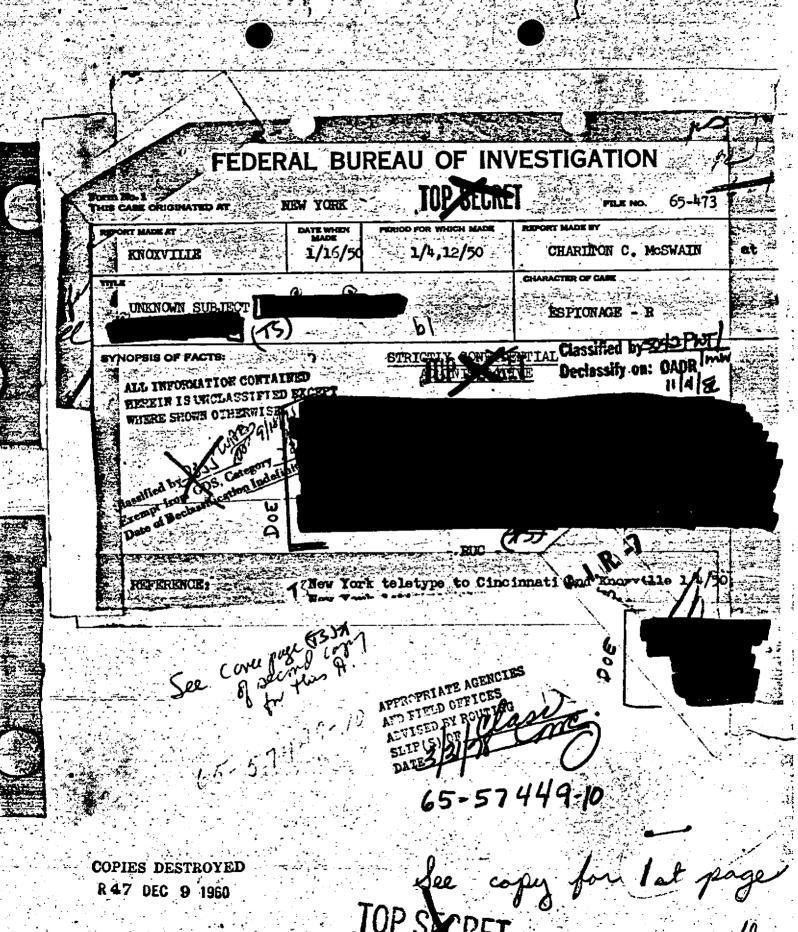
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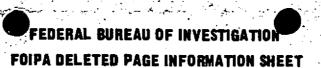
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THE ATLANTA DIVISION

At Dahlonega, Georgia, will report results of mail cover placed on GERHARD NORVAL WOLLAN on January 4, 1950.



	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Total CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK
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The absontoo card for WEBER as maintained by the Monsanto Chemical Company, under file identification number G6042, bearing Social Security number 078-37-38 reflects that WEBER took no leave from the Monsanto Chemical Company from his beginning employment on October 14, 1946 until his termination from that company on August 29,

The Socurity Records Section le, Atomic Energy Commission, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, as made available by Mr. GEORGE L. WATHMAN, Socurity Officer, AEC, reflected the following information concerning WEBER:

Re terminated his employment with the Monsanto Chemical Company, where he held position as a consultent, on August 29, 1947, at which time he completed his leave from the Kellex Corporation.

The Personnel Security Questionnaire of WEER as maintained in this file reflects the following information:

7/30/47 PSQ completed Full name ARTHUR FAINEAS WEBET Recc White Keight 510" Weight 35%. Eyes 1 luo Hair Blond Date & place of birth 3/10/20, Brooklyn, N. Y. Normal home address 118 Dolmer Circle, Oak Ridge, Tenn. Former addresses 1775 E. 18th St., Brooklyn, NY, 1944 - 47: 410 Marlboro Rd., Brooklyn, NY, 1943-44: 915 Avenue S, Brooklyn, NY, 1942-43: 1016 Avenue S. Brooklyn, NY, 1932-34: 619 Avenue T, Brooklyn, NY, before 1932 SS classification 3-A, rogistration at Bd. #142. 1712 Kings Highway, Brooklyn, NY Social Security # 078-07-1659 Education Soth Low Jr. High School, Ave. P. Brooklyn, 1931-33; Abroliam Lincoln High School, Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, 1933-36; School of Technology, City College of NY, Convent Ave. at 138th St., NYC, 1936-41, (received Bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering.)

This PSQ also reflects that WEBER was a Professional Trainee under the supervision of GAIE YOUNG at the Cak Ridge National Laboratory. It also reflected that he was assigned to the Physical Division in connection with the pile. The security records also reflect that WEBER terminated his employment with the Kellex Corporation at Oak Ridge, Temmessee, on May 3, 1948. It reflects that at that time he was an employee of the Kellex-Corporation as well as a consultent to the Monsanto Chemical Company. This record also reflects that the security file for WEBER was forwarded to Washington on June 4, 1947, in accordance with the request of the New York Office of Operation, AEC, per their request number 137.

DOE

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE OFFICE OF ORIGIN

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