FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT David Greenglass FILE NO.65.15336

VOLUME NO. SUB B

SERIALS Newspaper

Clippings

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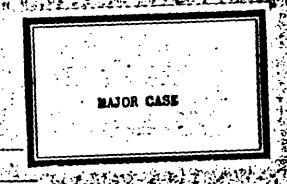
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FEDERAL BUREAU

of

INVESTIGATION



See also Nos.



Ex-Gl's A-Spy Role Stuns His Mother

Continued from Page 1

mitting suicide" after Gold's arrest in May.

"This I can tell you," she said:
"You have a child under your arms until a certain age and then you can't butt in."

Greenglass was arraigned vesterday on a conspiracy charge and held in \$100,000 hail. He was taken to the Federal House of Detention, Manhattan, to await a hearing next Friday on the Government's motion to send him to New Mexico for trial. A complaint has been filled against him in Albuquerous.

Mrs. Greenglass came from her own tenement flat to slay at her son's several months ago when his wife. Ruth, 26, was burned in a gas stove explosion. The younger Mrs. Greenglass was brought home from the hospital yesterday but was not told of her husband's arrest.

('Very Good' to Total Greenglass' mother said her ison was "very good" at helping out with his two children. Stephen. 4, and Barbara, I month. At his araignment, he told the court he should be allowed to go home to make the haby's formula.

At Los Alamos, Richard Elllott, public relations director, said Greenglass was one of about 1,500 enlisted men who worked on the bomb.

Maj. Gen. Leslie R. Groves, wartime head of the Manhattan atomic project, said at South Norwalk, Cosu. that Greenglass "night" have passed on important stomic information if he had obtained it from "someone in a responsible position" at the project.

"If he passed on only infor-

"If he passed on only inforimplies he was legitimately enititles to know, I suspect it was not too important," those said.

FBI Seen Pressing All-Out A-Spy Drive

Speculation Rife
On How Many in
U. S. Aided Reds

Washington, June 17 (U.P.)— The FBI may be engaged today in one of the most sweeping erackdowns on suspected spies, and subversives in the history

of the country.

Apprehensive Compressmen

wondered just how many Americans participated with British

scientist K. E. J. Fuchs in an

international Soviet spy ring.
So far the FBI has rounded up three suspected members of the apparatus. It was silent on the possibility of further arrests, but many Congressmen speculated that the crackdown is not yet over.

They were angry that Russia apparently operated a wide-spread apy ring in the United States at the very time this country was helping her beat back the Nazi hordes during the war. All demanded the vigorous prosecution of all such pected of being her agents.

The three Americans arrested so far are:

1—Harry Gold, 30-year-old his chemist of Philadelphia. He was arrested last month and, according to the FBI, confessed that he was the go-between for

Continued on Page 8

Prom Biller Eagle
DATED JUNE 7 1950

PORVARDED BY H. Y. DIVISION

TEACT
ABACT

F. B. I.

JUN 19 1950

N. Y. C.

ED TO

FBI Is Seen Pressing All-Out Drive on Spies

Continued from Page 1, of Communist espicacing in this

Fuchs and Russian officials in country. this country during the war.

charged with giving highly effort was outrageous." charged with giving angular van control was followed information on a se
"The theft of in litery information which then he has control was a second to the control was a

3—David Greenglass, 28, a justified in any way." he added, former army sergeant who was Representative Harold O. arrested in New York yester Representative Harold O. Love (R., S. D.) sail buntly on "the bomb itself" at Los bad."

Alamos, he lie was accused of "What was wrong in those slipping Gold secret atomic Sela.

weinbaum, 52, formerly of the jet-propulsion laboratory of the "Although a lot of horses California Institute of Technol-have been stolen, it's not ton ogy, on charges that he swore late to close the bath took Our security must be the distance and falsely he was not a Commu. security must be that not and

The FBI emphasized, however, that Weinbaum's arrest had no connection with any Mier case.

Congressional atomic and espionage experts, who were shocked by Fuchs' arrest, have been aware the FBI was tracking down his American accomplices. But other lawmakers were apprehhensive about the ecope of Soviet esplonage in this country.

Accuses Trumas

In Winchester, Va., last night Representative Burr P. Harriton (D., Va.) sold U. S. atomic secrets "were stolen almost at wil lby the Russians" despite/e assurances from Attorney Gen-]: eral J. Howard McGrath that ther are cale.

lie accused President Tru-it man of minimizing the dangerl:

Representative Clare Mager (D., Mo.) said Russin' poricy of 2—Alfred D. Slack, 48, a "spying on us while we were chemist. He was arrested in sending billions of collect in Syracuse Thursday night and supplies to help her in the war

Inection with the war cannot be

"What was wrong in those critical days?" he a ked, "Were In addition, the FBI took into tons, Lees and Wallness phying there too many His es. Reming-

> trailors in governm ut exposed and prosecuted."

SenatorSees '3 or 4 Here,' 2 in England

More arrests were forecast today in the international spy ring that handed America's atomic secrets to Red Russia, lock, stock and bomb.

After two spy arrests within 24 hours, both Americans, Sen. Hickenlooper (R) of Iowa, former chairman of the Congressional Atomic Energy Committee, said.

"There should be three or four more arrests in this country and a couple more in England."

The latest suspect swept up by the FBI as a link in the spy web, David Greenglass, 28, a fat former Army sergeant. was under guard in the Federal House of Detention here while awaiting a hearing next Friday on removal to Albuquerque, N. M.

It was at Albuquerque in June or July, 1945, the Government charged, that Greenglass gave secret defense information to Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist, who has been indicted as a member of the Russian apy ring.

AN ADMITTED BED.

Yet to be explained by the Government was how Greenglass eased through a supposedly spy-tight security acreen and was assigned to the
atomic bomb project although he was an admitted member of the Young Communist League as long age as 1938.

Atomic experts said the dates mentioned in the espionage complaint could be significant. The first atomic bomb was set off in a lost on a New Marieo desert July 16, 1945. C.C.A

F. E. I.

JUN 19 1950

N. Y. C.

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From Journal Amer.

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It was pointed out that Greenglass could have tipped off the secret atomic bomb project or the school-tect-to Soviet Privia

Exactly what information Greenglass could have passed along was not made clear. The Government complaint mentioned only writings, documents, aketches, notes and information relating to nuclear fission.

Atomic authorities pointed out this could indicate he had confederates within the Manhattan (A-Bomb) Project at Los Alamos, N. M., where he was stationed as an Army sergeant.

Greenglass was accused of pasting the secrets to Gold who in turn relayed American defease information to Klaus Fuchs, convicted British spy, who handed what the ring garnered to the Soviet Intelligence service,

DIPLOMATS NAMED.

For the first time Soviet diplomans were named in the espionage ring.—Somen M. Somenov, former employe of the Amtorg Trading Corp., and Anatoli A. Yakovlev, former vice consul in the Soviet Consulate here, now closed. Both are back in Russia.

On Thursday, the PBI nabled Alfred Dean Sizek, 44, a paint chemist in Syracuse, and named him as another link in the spy chain to Gold and Fuchs.

No scientific flash like his alleged colleagues, Greenglass was the product of a lower East Side hope as Si Shoulfful Alle was graduated from Haaren High School in 1940 and attended Brooklyn Polytech for one and a half semesters.

A half semesters.

He was drafted life the Army April 5, 1943, and was stationed at Los Alamos from August, 1944, to Vebruary, 1946. He was honorably discharged Feb. 33, 1946.

His mother, Tessie, 68, a native of Poland, still lives at 64 Sherlif at. She was distraught over his arrest.

Greenglass's wife, Ruth, 26, returned yesterday to their home, a four-room cold water flat at 285 Rivington at., from Gouverneur Hospital, to be greeted by news of her husband's arrest. She was badly burned while cooking Feb.

Bhe since had a second child, Helen, I month, and had returned to the hospital last Monday for treatment of a fever. Their other child, Stephen, is four.



SPY SUSPECT. Former Army Sgt. DAVID GREENGLASS, 28, latest suspect linked to the international spy ring that handed America's atom secrets to Russia, leaves the Federal Court on his way to the Federal Detention Pen. Greenglass, held in \$109,000 bail, aways a hearing next Friday on removal to Albuquerque, N. M.

Ex-Sergeant Seized Here As Atom Spy for Russia; Called Aid of Harry Gold

Arrested Here on Atomic Espionage Charge

Jan France Charge

Dyrid Greengiaes (left) after his presignment resterday. He is handcusted to Deporty U. R. Slavahal Al Gibson (with creat)

TITLE

CLASS

From My Side Stricture

BATED JUNI 7 1850

Bail Set at \$107,000; Was at Los Alamos

Reported Admitting Aid to Soviets; Jei Scientist Seized as Red Perjurer

By John Chabet Smith David Greengta Covered on the State of the Society was arrested restered to a scharge of conspiring to the society and attention of the society of the Society in a fin 1943, and held in \$180, on tool when he was arranged to see United States Couraissing for I hard W. McDonald in the United States Couraissing the Society of the Courais of the Society of the S

Pading to raise the band, Greengiars was taken to the Federal Detention. Headquarters, 127 West ferred.

Commissioner Technicals fixed Commissioner Technicals fixed in the policy of a branch of the government's motion to read treatment as to here Mexico for it al. The removability was filled in All aguerque, n. M., cholange that Green ing any secret; to Harr field a nice serving of a tale of a following of a following

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The arts t of G at these topics to be be a liver to entry-lossy flours first of Alert T can Siret. Forty-lossy, of the art of the foods, thirty-min and while art of the foods, thirty-min are declared as a second of the foods, thirty-min are declared from the foods of the foods

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The F. B. I. mod. in arrest had

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JUN 19 1950

Atom Spy

(Continued from page one)

connection with the Green-

Edward Scheidt, special agent in errest yesterday morning on the mitting suicide." basis of statements he had made, Mr. Scheidt said.

on the part of the United States not to give Russia the information fendant's wife, was in Gouverneur a half somesters. The P. B. I. said about the atom bomb because she Hospital during the arraignment, he was a machinist earning bewas an ally.

March 7, 1949.

close-cropped black, wavy hair, ap. fected. peared for the arraignment at 1:50 At 3:20 p. m. yesterday she went the national defense . . . relation, m. with Herbert J. Fabricant, a home in a private ambulance. She into a somic energy and nuclear member of the firm of Rogge. It wenty-six and has been mariful finite. This was said to have occurred from on or about Jan. 1. The was said to have occurred from on or about Jan. 1. 1945. and that Greenglass gave 401 Broadway, Mr. Pabricant said the firm had been retained by "a been taking care of the baby and July, 1945."

During her absence from home information to Gold "in June or member of the family."

opened his mouth to say some-charge she said "impossible." Unin Washington, J. Edgar Hoover,
thing. Commissioner McDonald til the reporters came she had not F. B. I. head, said Slack admitted told him to let his attorney speak known why Greenglass was argiving Gold a sample of an Amerfor him, and to stand next to his rested. attorney so he could tell him what to my.

Rogge. Mr. Saypol said the only now. She said he never talked hysterical person present was Mr about his work in the firm and Rogge, Mr. Rogge denied it, and when she once asked him what \$ Commissioner McDonald inter- was he said "pushing a wheel-posed: "The only thing that makes borrow." us all a little hysterical is the seriglass-Gold-Slack case or any ousness of the charge. I fix ball Louis, is forty-one and ne has anat \$100,000."

Edward Scheidt, special agent in United States Marshal's office, ter, but refused to give her name. Scharge of the New York office of where Mr. Rogge said he wanted His mother lives at 64 Sheriff the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the federal Bureau of Investigation, said Greenglass was question, said Greenglass was question, said Greenglass was question. tioned Thursday afternoon and had said to F. B. I. agents that ton Street home. admitted his part in the spy plot "after Gold was picked up if it According to the P. B. I., Green-hadn't been for his wife he was glass was born March 3, 1922, was thinking of running away or com-graduated in 1940 from Haaren

ferred to the prisoner's wife and School the same year, and was Mr. Scheidt quoted Greenglass two children, and Greenglass had inducted in the Army on April 8.

Her baby, Barbara Elaine, was tween \$75 and \$130 a week, de-Mr. Scheidt said Greenglass ad- born a month ago, but Mrs. Green- pending on overtime, and he was Mr. Scheidt said Greenglass admitted having been a member of the Young Communist League in on Monday for further treatment of burns incurred on Feb. 14, activities that. He said the young man's father, Barnett Greenglass, was bornein Russia and naturalized in the United States April 6. 1921. The elder Greenglass died March 7, 1949. the baby was born some of the tran-mit to a foreign government Greenglass, heavily built with skin grafts opened and became in- . . . documents writing, sketches,

O. John Rogge, former Assistant Attorney General, arrived a few minutes later to represent the prisoner, and when he heard the amount of bail sought by the government he protested that it was "destroying the Constitution."

Deen taking care of the baby and July, 1945."

The F. B. I. said Greenglass obtained his information himself, not from other spies.

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Minutel later to represent the water flat on the third floor of 265 from other spies.

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The F. B. I. said Greenglass obtained his information himself, not from other spies.

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asid "Mr. Rogge should speak for espionage or Communist activities. himself." He pointed out the His mother, who comes from Ausdesh, and therefore ball need not be granted at all. He added that the prisoner had made statements indicating that he contemplated how They don't come any Stephen W. Brennal, in United activities were moving to have him extradited to the prisoner had made statements indicating that he contemplated how They don't come any Stephen W. Brennal, in United Press. Greenglass shook his head and bester." When she heard about the States District Court.

this sister-in-law had ever heard Aimy officials identified it as ROX.

The knot of men before the bar of Harry Gold. His mother said a white crystalline powder invented in the tiny ground-floor hearing Greenglass won some medals in in Germany in 1899 but never beroom shifted their position while the Army, but she did not know fore produced cheaply enough for Greengings—moved next to Mr. what they were or where they are military use.

His mother said his brother, other brother. Bernard, thirty-Greenglass was taken to the three. She said he also has a sig-

High School, attended one semes-Mr. Rogge had previously re-ter at Brooklyn Polytechnic High as explaining his actions by say-said: "I have to go home and 1933. He was honorably dischargeding: "I felt it was gross negligence make the formula." Mrs. Ruth Greenglass, the de-tended Pratt Institute for one and

notes and information relating to At 3:20 p. m. yesterday she went the national defense . . . relat-

When Mr. Rogge finished, Irving H. Baypol, United States Attorney, his family had any suspicion of unlikely that any one except official with the state of the states and selection of unlikely that any one except official with the state of the state of

Neither Greenglass's mother nor per cent more powerful than TNT.

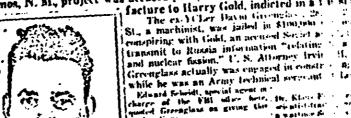
Juil Ex-Commie Youth As A-Traitor While Gil

By Norma Abrams and Kermit Jaedikee

A former member of the Young Communist League who som how slipped through the Government's security screen to work on the alum bon that the last



Alamos, N. M., project was accused yesterday of hetraying secret will its mannfacture to Harry Gold, indicted in a l'u si in spy plot.



ىلدۇرۇ 1 كېتور

Arrest Ex-Commie Youth As A-Traitor While GI

st until Aug. 6, 1945, that the first term, were more on bomb used in wariare was twing, "The Recce oratory was delictuded on bomb blast in history and in opposing Savpol's request as set off in New Mexico on July for Studies ball, McLouald replied that other defendants had been brief maintar ball. d until Aug. 6, 1945, that the Arat leria, we're destroying our Courtle

Scheidt was asked if a security ok had been made on Greenglase le assignment to fact work at Los Alumes.

Picked Up Thursday.

FRI said that Greenglass o FBI said that Greenginsu directions. They picked up at his home for quessee also not for my buly. He niggled again. n statement, the FBI added.
After several bours interrogs: His arrest was announced after soon yesterday.

eating, aimed at removing Jan to New Mekses ser-tion there, was held later U. S. Commissioner Edward Donald in the U. S. Court-



consolete Mrs. Julia Rinch to her home in Clay, N. Y., tepionego charge.

Saypel told McDonald that nd basis of the statement this fant made," it was charged Greenglass conveyed to tinds ermation relating to individuals played at the Los Alamos project Clerknical information relating the manufacturing process of

is atom notes;"
According to Sappol, Greenglans
if Sectored he felt the U. S. "was
to tresting our ally, Russia,

Greenglass, a man about five 10 inches in height, with a 1 face and a crew housest.

of nervously. John Roppe, relained by the

Makes Formula for Baby.

Rocce said he supposed this was Forces, now serving a Id-year. Eight of the unposed this way farm in Britain, frequently led the U. S. during the way portwar period and, as an offiner. Bellish Government visitor, access to important alonic ratery week at Las Alonica glass jived in New Yark had a languaged. Fixler never wanted to stay in the U. S. He pointed out that Green-glass lived in New York, had two children here. He turned to Green-

arteinitantir aya. and said that setting of \$100. stifution. M

of hail would "wire out our t'on-titution." McDonald disagreed. Exped declared he had been ad-ised that after Greenglass was

payme more gene reportered alightly amended version of tirren-gians statement about fireing. The defendant reportedly told the FEI

Paces Death Penalty,

Inseanch as wartime espionage was involved, the death penalty is that

presibility.
The complaint that fed to Green. their arrest stated that he constituted with Gold; Antali A. Yak spried with risks; Annal A. 2022net's, forture Boviet vice Consellin New York, and athers on arabout Jan. 1, 1945, to send Russia;
show date. It charged that the
conspiracy continued "for a conshire hard period."

by a Brooklyn grand jusy. The PRI said, Greenglass was a mem the Young Communic League in Chamist Awa'ting

lie lives with his wife. Ruth Removal to Tr ni 255' 2 in and their children, Rortage Removal to Tr ni 255' 2 in a law to make the transfer of he in the York, a son of Ramed, and Tesses divernglass. Ramed, who was been in Ramed, became a clitary of the U. 2. in 1921. He

Mily at Greenglass' famper, and The defendant's mother, who is it the nation had become "reme." Of and leves at 64 Meriff Mr. fally hysterial." He said that granulate the cutter from her contact the import of "fear and hyse thome, table a reporter that David



affice, hyracuse, following his arrest charge of espinance.

at "if he us wit solar-bland, aspirantly in connection with which he is off this traction, heart backs up that that wight have as an that he bland backs up that that know have been is combat, atomic secrets to finally

statement Rappel had attributed to him, and Greenglass smiled and anid he had a head Rappel.

The matter was dropped there and McDonald fixed the Stingen Polytech as he idste had relified the fit of the Arm; in 191.

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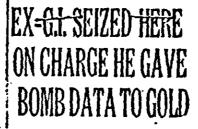
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East Side Machinist, Father of Two, Says He Felt Russia, as Ally, Merited Aid

HE WORKED AT LOS ALAMOS

Could Get Death Sentence— \$100,000 Bail Set—Scientist Arrested in California

By EDWARD BANZAL

A 28-year-old former Young Communist League member who, while in the Army and working at the atomic bomb project in Los Alamos, N. M. in 1945, allegedly passed on atomic secrets destined for Russia, was arrested yesterday by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on espionage charges.

Arraigned before United States: Commissioner Edward W. McDon-ald, David Greenglass, a machinist, of 265 Rivington Street, was held in \$100,000 bail. He was accused of handing highly restricted information on the atomic bomb to Harry Gold, Philadelphia blochemist recently indicted for passing information from the convicted British spy, Kiaus Fuchs, to the Russian Intelligence service.

Because the overt acts were said to have taken place during war-time—the information assertedly was passed before the bomb was tested or dropped at Hiroshimn—Greenglass if convicted faces a maximum penalty of death.

Had Considered Flight

The machinist, who is married and has two small children, told F. B. I. agents that since Gold's arrest last May 23 "I thought of running away or committing to cide."

Explaining his acts, Greenglias told the F. B. I: "I felt it was gross negligence on the pert of one United States not to give Russia the information about the it made to the because she was an air."

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DORVARDED BY N. Y. DIVITICH

had considered "running away or committing suicide" after Gold's arrest.

\$100,000 Ball Is .

The prosecutor said that in 1944 Greenglass was a technical sergeant assigned to the Los Alamos atomic bomb project. Later, Mr. Saypol told reporters that Greenglass had "worked on the bomb itself."

Mr. Saypol asked that ball of \$100,000 be fixed.

O, John Rogge, attorney for Greenglass, contended that such a large amount was unreasonable. He said:

"Our Constitution provides that reasonable bail should be accepted, and the figure of \$100,000 means that we've lost our heads in this country. It's getting so that we are destroying the provision of our Constitution, which provides for the fixing of reasonable bail. You're, in effect, saying he is unbailable."

While Mr. Rogge was explaining that Greenglass always had lived in the United States and that he was married and had two children, the machinist interrupted:

"I have to make a formula for the baby."

Mr. Rogge continued: "If it weren't we are under the impact of g cold war of hysieria I would ask for bail of \$2,500. I think \$5,000 is ressonable."

Commissioner McDonnid commented: "The only thing" that makes us a little hysterical is the seriousness of the charge. Bail is set at \$100,000."



Continued From Page 1

cial agent in charge of the New York office of the F. B. I.

Born at 64 Sheriff Street, there his 68-year-old mother, Mrs. Tossic Greenglass, still lives, Greenglass; has lived all his life on the Lower East Side. His father, Barnet, also a machinist, died a year ago. The latter was born in Bussia and became a naturalized citizen in 1921. Mrs. Greenglass is a malive of Poland.

A graduate of Haaren Ilight School, Greenglass attended Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute for one semester in 1940. In 1948 he attended Pratt Institute in Brooklyn for one and a half semesters.

The F. B. L. said he had admitted that in 1938 he joined the t Young Communist League, but did not indicate the duration of his membership.

Served ht Los Alamos

He was inducted into the Army on April 5, 1943, and received on honorable discharge on Feb. 23, 1946. From August, 1944, until he was discharged he was assigned as a machinist at the atomic bomb project in Los Alamos.

Mr. Scheidt would not say if Greenglass received pay for the information he assertedly transmitted. Nor would he comment on how Gold was believed to have ignined contact with the former

Seven years ago Greenglass married the former Ruth Printz and for the last five years they have been livit in the Rivington Street tenement. They have two children, Steven, 315 years old, and Barbara, one math.

The suspect, who has been working in a Brooklyn plant, earns from \$75 to \$130 a week.

Last February his wife upoet a samal gas burner in the bedroom of their four-room apartment, her inight clothes caught fire and she was burned seriously. Mrs. Green-iglass returned to her home in a private ambulance yesterday.

private ambulance yesterday.
Neighbors regarded them as a quiet couple. They were well thought of in the section.

While waiting to be arraiged, Greenglass appeared unconcrued, laughts and joking the anti-fit and joking the anti-fit and joking the anti-fit and laughts and laught blue trousers, a white shirt without a tie, and khaki-colored windbreaker, he paid more attention to reporters' notes than to the proceedings.

United States Attorney Irving H. Baypol told the commissioner

since Fuchs talked to F. B. L. agents in London. The first was that of Gold. On Thursday the F. B. L. seized Alfred Dean Slack, 44-year-old Syracuse chemist. He admitted giving samples of a secret high amplosive to Gold.

Slack, who worked at Kingspart. Tenn., where the secret support at was manufactured, and later on the Manhattan atomic project at Oak Ridge, Tenn., is being held in Utics in \$100,000 bail for transfer to Knoxville for trial.

Meanwhile, in Pasadens, Calif.

Figure can spy

Meanwhile, in Passdena, Calif., Dr. Sidney Weinbaum, a Russianborn scientist who worked for three years at California Institute of Technology's super-secret jet propulsion laboratory, was arrested yesterday on charges that he had concealed membership in the Communist party. Accused of perjury and fraud against the Government, Dr. Weinbaum was held in \$5,000 ball.

Donald set Friday for a removal hearings.

List to Gold Charged
The positive charge reads: In a refret the sacrity of June or the sacrity

Greenglass was signed in Albuquerque, N. M. Commissioner Mc-

deficient David Greengies pot and conferred with Harry Gold and at that time delivered to said liney Gold information relating to the Nathman Defe on of the United States."

The complaint further declared that for a considerable period after Jan. 1, 1945, Greenglass "did, he United States then and there being at war, conspire, combine, confederate and agree with Harry Gold, Anatoli A. Ynkovley, alias John, and divers other persons" to transmit information to Russia. Takovley, a Soviet agent, has returned to Russia.

The charge declared that the

The charge declared that the men acted "with intent and reason to believe that it would be used to the advantage of a foreign nation, to wit, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republica."

The principals, it was asserted, further conspired to transmit to Russia, directly or indirectly, documents, writings, sketches, notes and information relating to atomic energy and nuclear fission.

Greenginsa, a chunky man who is five feet eight inches tall and weighs 190 pounds, was picked up at his home on Thursday afterment by F. R. I agents Chimata in the beginning, the machinist broke down after several hours of questioning and gave a statement, according to Edward Scheidt, spe-

Continued on Page 2, Column 7

FORMER U.S. SOLDIER ON ATOM BOMB SPY CHARGE

TWO MORE ARRESTS BY F.B.I.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT NEW YORK, Friday.

A former United States Army non-commissioned officer, who was said to have worked on "the atomic bomb itself," was arrested here to-day on a charge of delivering atomic secrets to Russia.

At the same time a scientist formerly employed at a jet-propulsion laboratory in California was arrested on fraud and perjury charges. He is alleged to have concealed the fact that he had been a member of the Communist party.

The arrests were announced by the Federal Bureau of investigation. They came within 24 hours of the arrest fremeried in the later editions of The Dan't Triegraph yesterdayl of Alfred Stack, 44-a chemist, who is charged with conspiring to supply Russian agents with secret information and samples of a powerful United States explosive.

The men arrested to-day are:
David Greenatass, 22, former N.C.O.
in the United States Army, of
Alivington-street, New York City,
who until yesterday was employed
as a machinist with a Brooklyfirm: and
Ir. Sidney Weinbaum, 52, a Russiarborn scientist, formerly employed
in the jet propulsion laboratory of
the California Institute of Technilogy, near Pasadena.

The arrest of Greenglass, like that of Sisck, is alleged to have a direct connection with the spy ring in which Dr. Klaus Puchs was concerned Puchs is now serving a 14 years' sentence in Wormwood Scrubs for betraying atom secrets to Russia.

traying atom secrets to Russia.

Greenglass is accused of having conspired with Harry Gold. a Philadelphia chemist, who was arrested on May 23 on charges of heiring Puchs, and with Antoli A. Yakoviev (aline John) and others to deliver atomic secrets to Russia from about Jan. 1, 1945. and "continuously thereafter for a considerable period."

According to the official contribution these acts took place in New Mexico and elsewhere. In 1945 Greenglass was a technical serveant working as a machinist at the Los Alamos atomic temb installation in New

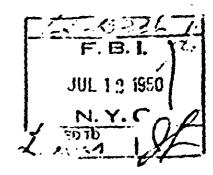
It is also alleged that in that year. Greeneinss met Gold in Albumoungue and delivered to him "information

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ESPIONAGE ARRESTS. Above:
A. Slack, 41, an American chemist, who was arrested in New York on Thursday on a charge of conspiring to supply secret information to Russia. D. Greenglass (Braow), 28, a former N.C.O. in the U.S. Acus, 2018 accused last night of delivering atomic secrets to Russia.

ATOM ARRESTS

(Continued from P. 1, Col. 4)
relating to the national defence of the United States."

P.B.I. agents said to-day that when questioned about his alleged activities. Greenglass said to had believed that Russia, as a war-time aliy, was entitled to the information.

Within an hour of the announcement of his arrest, Greenglass was arraigned in New York and detained prinding the deposit of a bail of \$100,000 (£35,700). During the arraignment Mr. Irving H. Baypol, the United States Allorney, and that Greenglass had told the P.B.I. that if he had not had a wife and two children he would have contemplated committing suicide or running away. Greenglass was born in the United States. Like Gold and Slack, he faces a possible death penalty for appling in year-time.

PERJURY CHARGE

The specific complaint against Dr. Weinbaum is that "on or about September 23, 1949, at Los Angeles, while under oath before the Indust, had imployment Review Board, he wilfully and fraudulently testified that he had never been a member of the Communist party when in fact he had held membership in the party name of Sydny Empson.

He was further accused of a similar offence when he siened a questionnaire concerning his employment with the jet propulsion hadmin a employment with the jet propulsion hadmin a employment with the jet propulsion.

plogment with the jet propulsion laboratory.

According to the P.B.L. Dr. Weinhaum's employment with the jet propulsion laboratory ended last July. He has since been a research fellow in the chemistry department of the Institute of Technology.

In its announcement of Slack's arrest, the F.B.L did not identify the explosive he was accused of transmitting to Gold. The seneral assumption, however, is that it was RDX manufactured at Kingsport, Tennessee, where Slack was employed.

Tennessee. where Slack was employed.

RDX is mixed with TNT and is 50 per cent, more powerful than TNT. Defence department officials were quoted to-day as saving that what is actually secret about it is the Abertrary production process.

Mare Arrests InRedSpyRing Arc Indicated

F. B. L. Agents Press Runt Round the Clock; Link to Canadian Ring Seen

By James E. Warner
WABHINGTON, June 11.—Mare
spy arrests by the Federal Bureau
of Investigation are immunent, but
probably will not be made this
week end, informed quarters believed tonight.

After its dramatic, rapid-fine
arrests of David Orrentian, of
New York City, and Alfred Dram
Black, of Syracuse, eartier this
week on chartes of spying for
Russia, the P. B. I. retreated into
its kraditional "me comment"
glirace today.

mirnoe today.

But neither the P. B. J. nor the
Department of sustice would deny
that more streats are in the offine. which means that accre of agents are at round-the-clock work on this phase of Rurrian espionage in the United States.

This week's arrests. and third since F. B. I. men went to London to interview Dr. Klaus Puchs, convicted atomic app highlighted the seriousness of the

highlighted the seriousness of the recent warning by P. B. I. Director J. Edgar Hoover that Boylet respionage here is more dengerous than that of the Nexus eter was. From what the P. st. I has dis-closed of its counter-lat ligeness seemiques, the week's arre's also indicated that the unclumen of Greenglam and Sinck as possible counter-emionage tools was at an counter-explorage tools as a personner-explorage tools as a tall end. Mr. Hoover has said flatty that errests in such cases are made only as a matter of "last resert," after the but-special counters. tacts, information courses and communication methods have hem Iboroughly investigated.

suscicing investigated.

Both Greengless and Slock are scharged with passing or considering to pass military access to Henry Gold, of Philadelphia, are resied May 23 as a Sout 1 prail upon had for White and a great series. who had Dr. Fuchs as one of the

sources of atomic information.

Mr. Hoover's statement that
Stark admitted having given field a samue MDK, an explodice to a sampeograph, an exposive of per cent more powerful than TNT, aroused apeculation that unti-mately a link may be faced be-tween the American array and the senutional Canadia. 197 im-pestigation of a royal commission in 1946.

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this explosive. All three men are American in-

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F. B.-t. Gradually Untangling Web Of Intrigue Headed by Dr. Klaus

Gradually the web of intrigue and espionage of which Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British scientist, was the central figure, it being untangled and Moscow's agents are being brought to justice. The arrest at Syracuse of Alfred Dean Slack, 44 years old, an American chemist, and in Manhattan of David Greenglass. 28, an Army veteran, are other important developments in a conspiracy whose ramifications have not as yet been fully disclosed.

As the story stands at present, Dr. Fuchs, who stood high among the scientists of Britain and in the confidence of his government, was a key figure in the Soviet plot to gain possession of secret atomic information. He was in a perfect position to accomplish this purpose and served his Moscow masters faithfully and well. In the cell of a British prison he has talked freely with agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the arrest of Harry Gold in Philadelphia and of Slack have followed.

The role of Slack, it is charged, was that of obtaining possession of a sample of a powerful new explosive being manufactured at the Holston Ordnance Works in Kingsport, Tenn., where he was a supervisor, and turning it over to Gold, together with "highly classified information on the manufacturing process of the highly, concentrated explosive".

Greenglass was affectioical sergeant

In an Army engineering detachment at the Los Alamos, N. M., A-bomb assembly plant. Working on "highly confidential matters," he is alleged to have turned over secret documents and information to Gold.

These exposures and arrests are important as notable accomplishments in the functioning of justice. It is unfortunate that the espionage conspiracy was so substantially successful and that Russia was able to make effective use of traitorous individuals for its own ends. For this success the laxity of Britain, which sent Dr. Fuchs to the United States with a clean bill of health, is largely responsible. Now, after the damage has been done, the conspiracy is being revealed and its principals are being rounded up for pre-ecution and punishment.

Presumably, too, the United States and Britain are going through a highly beneficial educational experience. They are learning a great deal about Soutet undercover operations involved, the methods and techniques followed and the purposes served. And they are learning the vital lesson of vigilance.

This lesson alone will prove to be of inestimable value. In the past there has been a certain laxity, a spirit of indifference or complacency of which the Soviet conspirators and their traitorous agents in the United States and Britain have taken full advantage. This spirit no longer exists. Soviet spies will find their tasks much more difficult from this time forward.

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By SID KLINE and DAN GILLMOR

Accused of conspiring to give Russia atomic secrets in 1945, at oeky, dark-haired David Greenglass, 28, of 265 Rivington St., a machinist, was held in \$100,000 bail Friday by U.S. Commissioner McDonald for hearing June 23.

His arrest by the FBI took place within 24 hours of that of Alfred Dean Slack, 44, a Syracuse chemist, seized on similar espionage charges. Both men, authorities indicated, were picked up on the basis of information obtained from Harry Gold, a Philadelphia chemist, who was arrested May 23, and is jalled in default of \$100,000 bond.

All three men, authorities said, were accomplices of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, German-born British scientist now serving a 14-year term in England for giving Russia atomic secrets.

"He worked on the bomb itself," said U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol of Greenglass, at the latter's arraignment. "In 1945 he conveyed information on individuals employed at the Los Alamos, N. M., atomic bomb project, and on technical processes on the atom bomb, to Harry Gold.

He explained that he felt our government was not treating an all, Russia, fairly."
In asking ball of \$100,000, Say-

in asking ball of \$100,000, Say-poi-noted that a possible death penalty, was involved, since information pertaining to the nation's defense allegedly was transmitted in wartime to a forcian power. Greenglass, at the time, was an Army technical sergeant.

McDonald overrode protests by Greenglass' counsel, O. John Rogge, that the "hysteria of the cold war" in this case, as in others, was destroying the Constitutional provision that "reasonable bail" be

"We've lost our heads in this country," declared Rogge. "Fear and hysteria are wiping out another provision of the Constitution," Reasonable ball, and Rogge, would be \$5,000. "I do not know whether this defendant can even raise that much."

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JUN 20 1950

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Former Gl Seized As Alom Spy

(Continued from Page 2) to comment, during Rogge's pica for low bail, that he had "to fix the baby's formula."

His wife until Priday was it a hospital with severe burns suffered before the birth of a daughter a month ago. The Green-glasses also have a son, 31.

At another point during the present of the present of the present when Baylot said Greenglass had told the Fix that after Gold's arrest he would have "run away or committed stickle" were it not for the fact that he had a family.

A native New Yorker and a very state of Haaren High School, Greenglass married his wife, loud, in 1943. He got his Army discharge in 1946. The couple lived in a four room cold water flat near the discools store operated by the vide parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. From at 256 Rivington St. For a valid Greenglass had his own machine shop on Houston St. T. Pipe School of the Brooklyn firm.

Meighbors were incredulous of the charge against him, the Schall, an electrical contractor of 265 Rivington St., expressed the general sentiment in the are: in declaring:

over. I've known him very stained he's been here. I spoke to him many a time, and he never gave me any Communi-de t. li. I'm sure he didn't do whatever he did out of being a Community or for many unpatrice.

MORE SPY RING ARRESTS SEEN

3 or 4 Expected to Be Seized in U. S., at Least 2 in Britain

Government officials predicted yesterday that half a dozen more iparticipants in the alleged international apy ring that save Russia this country's atomic secrets will be arrested toon.

It was expected there would

be three or four more arrests in this country, and at least two more in England, according to Ben. Hickenlooper (R.-lowa), former chairman of the Con-

gressional Atomic Energy Committee.

The latest person arrested, David Gre..nglass, 28, former Army sergeant, was held here in \$100.-000 ball to awai; a hearing Friday

on his removal to Albuquerque.

LINKED TO HARRY GOLD.

N. M.

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Now a machinist in Brooklyn, Greenglass is charged with giving secret defense data to Harry Gold, Philadelphia biochemist indicted as a member of the ring.

U. S. Attorney Saypol quoted

U. S. Attorney Saypol quoted Greenglass as saying he gave the secrets to the ring because he thought the United States was not treating its ally, Bussia, "fairly" in withholding the information.

Last Thursday the FBI arrested Alfred Dean Slack, 44, a paint chemist, in Syracuse, and accused him as being another link in the ring. ASAC I
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SAY-REDS SHIFT A-SPY PATTERN

Espionage Arrests Seer Forcing Changed Methods

Bý JAMES LEE

Beterational News Service Staff Correspondent
WASHINGTON, June 17.—Top
officials today believe Russia in
1945 had all the U. 5. atomic
accrets for development of a Red
A-bomb and that the Soviet spy
pattern since has changed completely.

Government experts say the roundup of Russian espionage agents which began with the arrest of British scientist Klaus Fuchs has bared Kremlin methods in the theft of the early atomic secrets.

The option is widespread that

Soviet spies now are operating in

the U.S. under entirely different

instructions.

FBI men, Army, Navy and Air Force counter - intelligence agents, and other U. S. "cloak-and-dagger" specialists are selving accrets of the Soviet spy machine. G-Men, masquerading as devout "comrades" are working within the innermost councils of the Communist Party.

THREE NOW IN CUSTODY.

Puchs' case ramifications were first marked by the arrest at Philadelphia last month of Harry Gold, who confessed he was a courier in speeding secrets stolen by Puchs to Russian scientists.

New clarity was given to the esplonage picture with the zeizure in New York Friday of David Greenglass, ex-Army sergeant stationed at Los Alamos when the first A-bomb was detonated in the Spring of 1945.

Greenglass' arrest came only a few hours after Alfred Dean Slack, Syracuse, N. Y., chemist, was arrested on charges of having given to Gold a sample of a secret, super-powerful explosive.

The pattern shows that Gold was the "traveling man," who collected stolen data at widely seprited points and disposed of it through the "John Doe" and "Richard Roe" named in the indictment returned against the mild-mannered Philadelphian by a New York Federal grand jury

Information in Washington is that "John Doe" was Anatoli Antonvich Yakolev, farmer vice cousul at the Soviet Cansulate ASACI SEC.1 SEC.2 FEC.8 FEC.8 FEC.7 SLC.8 ASC.9 FLC.8 ASC.9 ASC.9

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More Atom Spy Arrests Expected

By Frank Ross and Kermit Jaediker

The FBI redoubled its efforts yesterday to track down is the A-bomb spy ring, and more arrests were expected within

a few days.

The latest suspect bagged, David Greenglass, the New York ex-GI who helped build the bomb at the Los Alamos, N. M., project, was a prisoner in the Federal House of Detention pending a hearing to remove him to New Mexico for prosecution. His family was reported striving to raise bail -\$100,000-probably an impossible

On Friday, when Greenglass was arrested, authorities charged he had betrayed secrets of the A-



David Greenglass Family trying to free him.

bomb's manufacture to Harry Gold, first American arrested in the spy plot.

Rush-hush Explosive.

The day before Greenglass was ailed, G-men arrested Alfred Dean Slack, 44-year-old chemist, in Syracuse. They said he admitted giving Gold samples of the hush-hush high explosive, RDX. This is 50% more powerful than TNT. Gold is ccused of turning over the sampiec and production secrets to skussing who left the U.S. in 1944 Greenglass, whose removal hear

(Lines from BATED FORTARDED BY N. Y. DIVISION

ing will be held before a U. S. Commissioner next Friday, was charged with conspiring with a Soviet representative, as well as with Gold and others, to transmit atom data to Russia.

Slithered Through Screen.

The Government said Greenglass passed Gold information relating to national defense in 1945. A sidelight mystery of the case was how Greenglass, a former member of the Young Communist League. slithered through the government security screen to do atom bomb

work at Los Alamos.

His wife, Ruth, 26, collapsed when she heard of his arrest. Mrs. Greenglass, ill as a result of severe band was jailed. Members of hurns suffered in February, returned to her home, 265 Rivington family said yesterday she was St., from a hospital the day her hus- ill to visit him.

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More Arrests Expected in A-Spy Probe

Additional arrests were anticipated Saturday in the government's sweeping investigation of the nartime theft and transfer to Soviet agents of national delense secrets. Already, three spy majects have been sevied.

The chain reaction was set off by dischaures to the FBI by Dr. Klaus Fuchs, naturalized British atomic a terthol, who was convicted of espionage last February in

The arrest of Harry Cold, 28, came May 23 in Philadelphia, after he was charged with obtaining secret information from Fuchs while in this country and giving it to Russian agents.

Gold's arrest led to that of Alfred Dean Slack, 44, in Syrigures on Thursday.

nitred Thursday.

Sinck was accused of supplying Gold with highly secret data in RDX, an explosive 50 permut ore powerful than INT. Slack then worked at King-

picked the Thursday of his war full at 265 Kivington

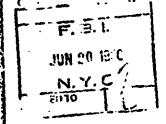
end water 141 at 200 Resolved Se, and placed under arrest Fit-day after questioning. Corresplant is also accused of accepting tield with information as the atomic breats, which field the atomic breats, which field

nent up further arrests.

of the Young Communist League in 1938, was held in Federal De-fention Headquarters, 427 West St., in default of \$100,000 bail.

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More Arrests Expected

and agree with Harry Gold, Anatoli A. Yakovley, alias John (Sovictagent who has since returned to Russia) and divers other per-

sons" to deliver the documents to the Sovict. The month of June or July, 1945," the complaint con-tinued, "the defendant David Greenglass met and conferred with Harry Gold and at that time delivered to said Harry Gold in-formation relating to the National Defense of the U.S."

felt it was gross negligence on the hospital for further tre-title part of the U. S. not to give ment of the burns.
Russia the information about Slack, too, is being held in \$10\cdots, an ally."

Until his arrest Greenfied 17611

in 1921, died in 1949.

His mother was bewilder

Continued from Page 3 news of her son's arest and retime apy, he could receive the death sentence.

The complaint charged that he was with the Army at Los Greenglass, while working at the Los Alamos project, "did, the U.S. then and there being at war, conspire, combine, confederate and agree with Harry Gold. Analysis of her son's arest and reported confession. She said she was with the Army at Los Alamos, and that when he did mention his Army experiences he joked that he was "pushing a wheelbarrow."

He was honorably discharged from the Army in February, 1946.

Greenglass's wife, the former Ruth Printz, wno was brought; home from Gouverneur Hospital the same day he was arrested, was not immediately told of what

had happened. She was seriously burned last February, while afaiting the birth of her second child, when a gas heater turned over in their fict. According to FBI Agent The baby was born a month and, Scheidt, Greenglass admitted: "I but Mrs. Greenglass returned to

until his arrest, Green with it in an unrelated case, the Fill worked as a machinist polity in an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In an unrelated case, the Fill Brooklyn, earning \$75 to \$1.00 ft. In

Price of Freedom's High



David Greenglass, lower East Side machinist held on spy charges, leaves U. S. Courthouse in detective's custody.

ACCUSED of betraying atom bomb secrets to Russia, David Greengiass, 28, lower East Side machinist, will remain in high bail here until a federal grand jury in New Mexico can act on an espionage complaint against him, U. S. Commissioner Edward

W. McDonald decided yesterd if. U. S. Attorney Irving H. Saytol told McDonald that the grand fury will convene July 6. O. John Rogge, attorney for Greeninglass, made a second unsucers ful plea to have his client's bail reduced from the present \$101, 000.

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Greenglass A-Spy Hearing Is Postponed Until July 13

Because a Federal grand jury is convening in New Mexico July 6 to consider his case, the scheduled hearing yesterday in Federal Building of David Greenglass, 26, former GI worker on the atom bomb who was arrested last week by the FBI, was postponed until July 13. Greenglass is charged with conspiring to transmit atomic secrets to the Soviet Union in 1945.

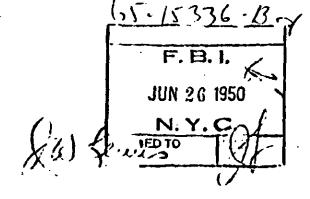
· Postponement was requested of U. S. Commissioner McDonald Rogge, former head of the Crimby U. S. Attorney Saypol. Commissioner McDonald also continued the \$100,000 ball set for the former member of the Young Communists League and he was returned to his cell. The hearing was to be for removal of Green-Alberquerque, N. M., here the complaint against him as originally filed. Greenglass' attorney, O. John

inal Division of the Justice Department, sought in vain to have his client's bail reduced. He argued that the high bail is tantamount to holding Greenglass without bail. McDonald replied:

"This charge amounts to a beirnyal of the American Consiliution and the defendant's own country. Now he is coning here asking for protection of that same Constitution."

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HEARING DEFERRED IN ESPIONAGE CASE

Commissioner Rejects Plea to Reduce Bail of \$100,000 Set for Greenglass

Greengiass, 28-year-old war veteran charged with feeding atomic
secrets to a Soviet spy ring, was
adjourned yesterday until July 13.
United States Commissioner Edward W. McDonald granted the
adjournment after United States
Attorney Irving H. Saypol reported that a Federal grand jury would
convene in New Mexico on July
8 to consider the charges. At the
same time, the commissioner refused to reduce the \$100,000 bail

A removal hearing for David

for Greenglass.

Greenglass former Young Communist League member, worked at the atomic bomb project in Los Alamos, N. M., in 1945 while he was in the Army. He now is a machinist and lives with his wife and two amall children at 265 Rivington Street.

He is accused of handing over classified information on the atomic bomb to Harry Gold, Philadelphia biochemist recently indicted the charges of passing information from Dr. Klaus Fuchs, convicted Pritish apy, to the Russian intelligence service. APACI
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Examination Ples Deuled D. John Rogge, Greenglass' at torney, informed the commission of that he had subpoensed the two Federal Bureau of Investigation agents who arrested Greenglass. He said he had two requests. One was to examine the two agents. Commissioner Mc-Donald declined. The other was to instruct the two agents to return for the next hearing. This was granted.

Mr. Rogge then said: "We still go by the Constitution that"—— "Which Constitution?" Mr. Saypol interrupted.

Raising his voice, Mr. Rogge asked: "Do you have any doubts as to which Constitution I mean?"

"I do," Mr. Saypol replied.

"Will you express it," Mr. Rogge demanded.

Commissioner McDonaid thereupon intervened. Mr. Rogge then urged that the ball be reduced because Greenglass was an American citizen and because, he charged, the high ball was a violation of Greenglass' Constitutional rights. The Commissioner said he would not reduce the ball, adding that he still had doubts that he could at bail in a case that, upon con-iction, was punishable by death. Throughout the hearing the doubty prisoner was outwards Ascid.

Syracuse Neighbors Aid Family of Alleged Spy

By The Associated Press.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July S.—
Neighbors of Mrs. Alfred Dean
Slack, wife of the 44-year-old
chemist held as a spy for Russia, have rallied to raise a fund
to support her and her two
children.

Methodist minister, and Charles H. Richard, a grocer, are directing the fund.

The fund will be used only for Mrs. Slack and the children, Joe, 4, and Tommy, 2, and not for her

The Rev. Owen E. Rutledge,

Mrs. Lewis Slack, sister-in-law of the accused man, said the family's income was cut off by the arrest. She said their home in the near-by town of Clay had been mortgaged and was still unfinished. She said it probably

husband's defense, Mr. Rutledge

could not be sold od rented.

The chemist's wife is in Knoxwille, Tenn., where he is in prison."

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Grand-Jury Convenes In 'A' Spy Case

A federal grand jury, convened here this morning, was expected to conclude this afternoon its study of the case of David Greenglass, accused of conspiring to give U. S. atomci secrets to Russia. Only two known witnesses were waiting to testify

when the jury recessed at noop and recession officially, that they believed the grand jury might hand down its reported the Greenglass case late this afternoon or early tomorrow.

Greenglass 28, a technical agr-

grant in an Army engineering detachment at a Los Alamos A-bomb assembly plant during the war, was arrested by FBI agents at his lower east side New York home June 15. He was formally charged at that

time with turning over secret documents and information to Harry Gold, Philadelphia chem at who has admitted delivering to Russian agents the atomic secrets stolen by Klaus Fuchs at the time Fuchs was a Los Alamos scientists.

a Los Alamos scientists.
Greenglass is being held in a New York prison but court attaches, said it was likely that he will be brought here for arraignment hearing if the grain ima returns an indictment against him.

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Four PBI agents, a percent Los Alarnos scientific laboratory official, a former Los Alamos employe, and three Albuquerque businessmen went before the jury this forenoon.
Still waiting to testify at noon were Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Freeman. Albuquerque, Greenglass' landlords during the time he lived there. The PBI agents who testified today included H. L. McConnell, Albuquerque, and Leo H. Prutkin, John W. I ewis and Richard Brennan, of the New York office. [Also before the grand fury today were Dr. Ralph Carlisle Smith, Los Alamos, associate director for classification and security for the Los Alamos scientific laboratory; Wendell Diward Marshman, now emplayed by the J. & H. Label Processing Corp., of Maywood, N. J., and a former employe at Los Alamos; and three Albuquerque businessmen. Paul H. Barnes, of the Albuquerque National bank, and R. R. Galusha, of the First Retional bank of Albuquerque, appear it in morning. Barnes represented R. S. Poague, for whom the scoppens had

Both Barnes and Cadusha had been requested to Ginis records of lany bank accounts in the name of Greenglass and his wifer Ruth. Marc W. Neal, astistant manager of the Hilton hotel at Albuquerque, also appeared. He represented Manager Fletcher Brumit, who had been requested to produce any registracerning Harry Gold :

been issued.

cerning Harry Gold.

Although interest is infused on the Greenwiss case below the grand (Costinued on Pa

Grand Jury Seated Here

(Continued From Page One)
jury, U. S. District Judge Carl A.
Hatch, Albuquerque, emphasized
that this is a reconvened regular
grand jury session and that it is
expected to consider a number f
other matters presented to it by
U. S. District Attorney E. M. Grantham, Albuquerque.

Judge Hatch said he did not particularly know what will be presented to the grand jury for its consideration.

He said, however, that the district attorney usually has up to 75 matlers for a grand jury session. These matters can include any offense under federal law.

The 21-man jury was impanelled Aug. 15, 1949, and was excused, subject to further call, Jan. 12, 1950.

Judge Hatch said he would not formally charge the jury today, since it was charged last August and has been in recess since January 12.

Milas L. Hurley, Tucumcari, is foreman of the 21 man grand jury panel. Other members are: Charles W. Alford, Causey, Elmer Burnett, Bellview, Scale Howe, Wagon Mound, J. P. Abbin, Albuquerque, Celso Turrietta, Albuquerque, Camilo E. Medina, Alcalde, Vance N. West, Albuquerque, Dan Taichert, 403 Don Gaspar, Santa Fe, Herman F. Fitzner, Logan, Charles L. Mc-Culley, Albuquerque, Cleto Gallegos, El Porvenir, Jim Mahill, Mayhill, Bias R. Ortega, El Porvenir, Tomas J. Martinez, Mora, Will Shuster, Santa Fe, Tobias Espinosa, Tierra Amarilla, William L. Erb, Las Vegas, Paul Davis, Milnesand, William O. Bamberger, Mardalena, and W. J. Clemens, Santa Personnal and W. J. Clemens, Santa Personnal Santa Pe



BANTA FE, N. M., July 6 (UP).

—A federal grand jury hears evidence today on the government's charge that former army Sgt.

David Greenglass passed atomic accrete to Bussia

secrets to Russia.

Greenglass was selzed in New York June 15, and charged with espionage. The U. S. District Court set his bond at \$100,000.

A former member of the Young Communist League, Greenglass admitted that he gave secret information to Harry-Guld Bhiladelphia chemist who has confessed delivering secrets to Russia.

to Russia.

Greenglass was stationed at the atomic research center at Los Alamos, N. M., in 1945, serving as a technical sergeant.

Everett M. Grantham, U. S.

district attorney for New Mexico, completed evidence brought before the grand jury today.

O. John Rogge of New York is defense attorney. About seven witnesses were to be called.

witnesses were to be called.
Government attorneys said
Greenglass would be brought to
New Mexico from New York for
trial if he is indicted, unless he
pleads guilty.

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JUL 7 1950

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Jury at Santa Fe Returns A - Secrets Sale Indictment

SANTA FE, July 6 (P)—A New prepared and delivered a state. Mexico federal grand jury today ment to Gold about the Los Alaindicted David Greenglass, 28, of mos, New Mexico, stomic project. conspiring to deliver stomic sec-

States was at war. The indictment lists four specisic overt acts:

1. That on or about June 3, 1945, Greenglass met with Harry 1945, Greenglass met with Harry 1945, and continued "thereafter Gold, a Philadelphia chemist who has admitted turning atomic sectors over to Riccian agents."

Greenglass a technical agents. rets over to Russian agents, at Albuquerque and "at that time delivered to said Harry Gold in at Los Alamos A-bomb formation relating to the National was arrested June 15 he more

prepared and delivered a sketch. After receiving today's indirection of a "high explosive lense mold," ment, Federal District Judge Carl That at that time Greenglass !

In addition to conspiring with rets to Russia.

The indictment specifically that Greenglass conspired with mentions that the conspiracy took one Anatoli A. Yakovlev, "alias place during the time the United John' and divers other persons to the grand jury unknown.

The Indictment charges that the

Received \$500

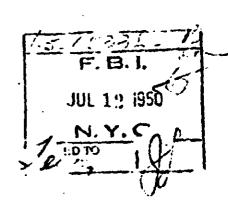
2. That at that time, and also in Aliboutroue, Greenglass received \$500 from Gold.

3. That at that time Greenglass related in a New York jail in decived \$100,000 bail.

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TITLE. NEW MEXICO- JOURNAL DATED 7-7-50



Jury at Santa Fe Indicts Greenglass

Continued from Page One

A. Hatch, Albuquerque, refixed Greenglass' bail at that same \$100,000 figure and ordered that: Greenglass be returned to the custody of the New Mexico federal

Four FBI agents, a present Los Alamos scientific laboratory official, a former Los Alamos employe, and three Albuquerque businessmen testified before the grand jury in the Greenglass mat-l ter.

Landiords Excused

" Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Freeman, Albuquerque, identified as Greenglass' landlords when he lived at Albuquerque and commuted to Los Alamos, were subpoensed but excused.

The FBI agents who testified index included H. L. McConnell, libuquerque, and Leo H. Truckin, John W. Lewis and Richard Frennan, of the New York office of the FBI.

Also before the grand jury to-ay were Dr. Ralph Carlisle day Smith, Los Alamos associate director for classification and security for the Los Alamos scientific laboratory; Wendell Edward Marsham, now employed by the J. and H. Label Processing Corp. of Maywood, N. J. and a former employe at Los Alamos; and three Albuquerque businessmen.

Bank, Hotel Records

Paul H. Barnes, of the Albuquerque National Bank, and R. R. Galusha of the First National ed Press this morning that he Bank in Albuquerque, appeared usually reconvenes the granti this morning. Barnes represented R. J. Poague, for whom the subpoens had been issued.

been requested to bring records necessary and he a substitute for Both Barnes and Galusha had of any bank accounts in the name of Greenglass and his wife, Ruth.

Marc W. Neal, assistant manager of the Hilton Hotel at Albu-It had originally been impanelled querque, also appeared. He rep-August 15, 1949, resented Manager Fletcher Bru-Many Subpoensed

mit, who had been requested to produce any registration cards and other records concerning Harry Gold.

Back to Work

After returning the indictment against Greenglass, the jury went back to work on other matters before it. Court attaches said, unofficially, that the grand jury probably would consider at least a dozen cases, perhaps more.

Judge Hatch told the Associatdozen cases, perhaps more.

Jury in September every year but that he hoped that this session could take up all matters the usual Scotember call.

The 21-man grand jury recon-vened today after being excused, subject to call, last January 12.

GREENGLASS INDICTED' AS ATOM SPY FOR REDS

SANTA FE, N. M., July \$ (P)—
A Federal grand jury today indicted David Greenglass, 28 years old, on a charge of conspiring to give atomic secrets to Russia.

The jury charged the former Last Alamos technician with four specific overt acts. It declared that:
On June 8, 1945, Greenglass met in Albuquerque with Harry Gold.
On that same date he received \$500 from Harry Gold.
Greenglass made a sketch of a high-explosive lens mold.
He prepared for Gold a statement

of the Los Alamos atomic; prespected.

United States Judge Carl A. Hatch of Albuquerque set bail at \$100,000—the same amount set for Greenglass after he was arrested in New York last month. Judge Hatch also ordered Greenglass brought from New York into the

jurisdiction of the New Mexico Federal Court District. Gold has been accused of having been an intermediary between a Soviet spy ring and Dr. Klaus Fuchs, imprisoned British scientist who confessed getting atomic

secrets for the Russians.

Greenglass was a technician fifth class, equivalent to a corporal, at the Los Alamos base. Shortly before his discharge he was promoted to technician fourth class, roughly equivalent to a sergeant.

United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol said in New York at Greenglass' arraignment that the

former Army man "worked on the

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GreenglassIndicted As Los Alamos Spy

New Yorker Is Continued in \$100,000 Bail BANTA FE, N. M., July & (P)....

A Federal grand jury today indicted former Army technician David Greenglass, twenty-eight, of New York, on a charge of conspiring to give atomic secrets to

In a two-page true bill, the jurors charged the former Los Alamos technician with four specific overt acts: That on June 3, 1945, he metin Albuquerque with Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist arrested May 23 as an intermediary between a Soviet spy ring and Dr. Klaus

Soviet spy ring and Dr. Klaus Puchs, the convicted British scientist; that on that same date, Greenglass received \$500 from Gold; that Oreenglass made a sketch of a high explosive lens mold, and that he prepared for Gold a statement of the Los Alamos atomic project.

United States Judge Carl A. Hatch, of Albuquerque, set ball at \$100,000—the same amount set for Greenglass after he was arersted June 15 in New York.

Greenglass's arrest in New York paralleled the seizure in Syracuse of Alfred Dean Slack, forty-four-year-old chemist whom the Federal Bureau of Investigation also linked—with the Fuchs spy apparatus.

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Orders Spy Trial In New Mexico For Greenglass

David Greenglass, 28, arrested at his lower East Side home on June 15 on charges of spying for the Soviet, today was ordered removed to the jurisdiction of the New Mexico Federal Court District at Santa Fe, where the alleged acts

took place.

Removal was ordered by Federal Judge Hatch in Santa Fe after a Federal grand jury there indicted Greenglass for selling atomic secrets to Soviet agents in 1945 while working as a U. S. Army, technical sergeant on the Los Alamos project, Judge Hatch ordered his ball of \$100,000 continued.

\$5(h) Payment Charged

However, U. S. Atty. Graniham of Santa Fe said that should Greenglass dugde to plead guilty, he could be senienced here.

The indictment, handed down yesterday in Santa Fe, revealed for the first time that Greenglass allegedly received \$500 from Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist, "on or about June 3, 1945," in Albuquerque in return for atomic secrets.

If Greenglass slands trist and is convicted, he faces a possible death penalty.

Traces Back to Fuchs

The indictment charged Greenglass conspired with Gold and Anatoli Yakoviev, a Soviet agent, to furnish Russia with classified information.

Gold, now in custody of Federal authorities, has confessed that he delivered such sceres to Soviet agents. He was traced after FBI agents talked with Dr. Klaus Fuchs, atomic scientist convicted in Britain of spyling for the Soviet. Gold admitted obtaining secrets from Fuchs.



DAVID GREENGLANG

In his G.I. uniform

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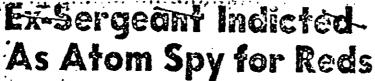
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JUL 10 1950

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Views



Santa Fe, N. M., July 6 (U.P) .- A federal grand jury today indicted former Army Sgt. David Greenglass, once a member of the Young Communist League, as a spy for the Soviet Union.

The jury returned a true bill on guilty, he could do so in New York charges that Greenglass received where he is being held in default \$500 for turning over to Russia secret information taken from the Atomic Research Center at Los Alamos, N. M.

The grand jury heard nine perapns, including four agents of the federal Bureau of Investigation, estify that Greenglass delivered tomic secrets during June of 1945 to Harry Gold and Anatoli Yakov-lev for transmission to the USRR.

The indictment charged that the former sergeant, who worked at the Los Alamos plant during the war, conspired with Gold and Yakovier to deliver "clocurports, writ, ings, sketches, notes and information relating to atomic energy and nuclear fission."

Fet Bail at \$100,000.

Gold, a Philadelphia chemist, had admitted to FBI agents he delivered to Russia the atomic secrets stolen by Dr. Klaus Fuchs of Britain and others. Yakolev was the Soviet vice

consul in New York.
Judge Carl Hatch immediately set bond for Greenglass at \$100,-000. U. S. District Attorney Everett M. Grantham said he probably would be tried during the September term of court here. However, should Greenglass decide to plead

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of the same bond.

Grantham said today's jury as tion would not affect a "removi hearing" schedule in New York July 13.

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Greenglass Indicied In A-Secrets Case

David Greenglass, 28, on a charge of conspiring to give atomic secret. to Russia. In a two-page true bill, the jurous charged the Brooklynborn former Los Alamos Army technician with four specific overt sela

U. S. Judge Carl A. Hatch of Albuquerque set ball at \$100,000 on June 3, 1945 and received \$500 glass after he was arrested June 15 in New York. Greenglass is being held in a New York jail in default of bond. Judge Hatch also ordered Greenglass brought into jurisdiction of the New Mexico Pederal Court District.

ne true-bill Glauged Oceanglass Rarry Gold in Albuquerque secrets for Russia.

from him. Greenglass was said to have prepared for Gold a statement of the Los Alamos atomic project. Gold has been accused f being an intermediary between a Soviet spy ring and Dr. Klaud Puchs, imprisoned British scienuse who confessed selling atomi

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U.S. Jury Brands Greenglass Spy

SANTE FE, July 6 (UP)-Federal grand jury today indicted former Army sergeant David Greenglass, once a member of the Young Communist League. as a spy for the Soviet Union.

The jury returned a true bill on charges that Greenglass received \$500 for turning over to Russia secret information taken from the atomic research centerat Los Alamos, N. M., where he worked during the war.

The jury heard nine persons, including four FBI agents, testify Greenglass delivered atomic ancrets in June, 1945, to Harry Gold and Anatoli Yakolev for transmission to the U.S.S.R.

Gold, a Philadelphia chemist, had admitted to FBL agents he delivered to Russia the atomic secrets stolen by Dr. Klaus Fuchs of Britain and others. Yakoviev was Soviet Vice Consul in New York.

Specifically the jury charged four overt acts, all of which it said occurred on or about June 3, 1945, in Albuquerque:

1. That Greenglass met and conferred with Harry Gold and delivered to him information relating to U. S. national defense;

2. That Greenglass received from Gold \$500 in currency; 3. That: Greengiass prepared a sketch of a "high explosive lense mold:"

4. That Greenglass prepared a statement concerning the Los Ai mos project,

action would not affect a

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Judge Hatch immediately set bond for Greengiass at \$100,000 U. S. District Attorney Grantham said he probably would be tried here in September. However, should Greenglass decide to plead guilty, he could do so in Nev York, where he is being held in default of the same bond.

Grantham said today's jury maual hearing" schooliged in Now York July 13.

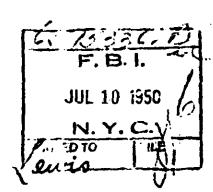
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Greenglass Eaces Sentencing in N.Y. If He Admits Guilt

Banta Fe, N. M., July 7 (UP)—U. S. Attorney Everett M. Grantham said today that David Greenglass, indicted for selling atomic secrets to Russia for \$500, probably would be tried in the September term of Federal Court here.

However, should Greenglass decide to plead guilty, he could be sentenced in New York where he is being held, Everett Grantham said."

of death.

The former Young Communist League member was indicted by the Federal grand jury here yesterday.

In its indictment the jury charged the former Army sergeant, who worked at the Los Alamos stomic plant during the war, conspired to deliver to Russia "documents, writings, skicches, notes and information relating to atomic energy and nuclear fission."

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The possibility that alteged atomic spy David Green glass has decided to tell what he knows about the relay of secret information to Russia was evidenced yesterday when U. S. Commissioner McDonald granted the ex-Army sergeant an adjournment of proceedings to move him to New Mexico for trial.

The hearing had been sched chinist, told the court: uled for this morning, but O. John Rogge, attorney for the 28year-old defendant, won a postponement until Aug. 2, largely because of the support of U.S. Attorney Saypol.

Saypol, who said the former ergeant—a native New Yorker. the atomic bomb itself" as a mix "for ... were

"I do not feel it appropriate to state publicly the substance of discussions which have been going on, but I acquiesce in this application for adjourn-

The court appearance followed the latest of a series of conf 265 Rivington St.-worked "on | Jerences between Rogge and Say-

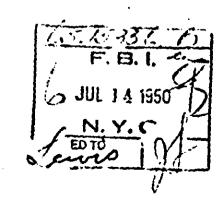
Rogge said he has been talking fore the Sante Fe with both his client and Staypol that Greenglass delive and would like to have "several secrets to Harry Gol more talks with my client here before removal proceedings are foll Yakovlev in June held." His talks with the accused transmission to the S spy, he said, have been about

"the general situation." Greenglass, once a member of sia secrets stolen by the Young Communist League, Fuchs, convicted of eswas indicted in Sante Fe. N. M., the British. Yakovley was indicted in Sante Fe, N. M., charged with receiving \$500 for vice-consul in New Yo turning over to Russia secret in. Among the charges formation obtained at the atomic count indictment is the researds center at Los Almos, that Greenglass turn

Gold, a Philadelphi has admitted he delive

sketch of a "high expl Four FBI agents restified be | mold" to Gold, along w

TITLE CLASS 7708 FORFARDED BY L. T. . IVISION



int He's Ready to Talk

fore the Sante Fe grand jury ment concerning the Los Alamos that Greenglass delivered atomic project, where he worked secrets to Harry Gold and Anatold Yakovlev in June, 1945, for transmission to the Soviet.

Gold a Philadelphia chemist, has admitted he delivered to Russtallactrets stolen by Dr. Klaus Fuchs convicted of esplonage by the British. Yakovlev was Soviet vice consul in New York

among the charges in the four-count indictment is the allegation that Greenglass turned over a keich of a "high explosive lense nold" to Gold, along with a state-

Greenglass has been held in the Federal House of Detention in lieu of \$100,000 ball since his arrest here last month. He faces death as a wartime traitor if convicted.

Tewish Daily "Forward"

E August 29, 1950, page 4, columns 3-6

In David Greenglass' Home -A Tuly with His mile

by touts lichaeffer

He was arrested for helping reveal atom secrets to leviet agents. His wife Ruth and his two small children. - She tells about for own life and
about her acquaintance and marriage to David. - How he was do wen into the
espionage net.

on the third floor of an old, very old tend at home, on titckly populated hivington Street, in a railroad flat, which has not been painted for quite a few years, I spent a few hours last Saturday, speaking with a group of three young people. We were discussing a rather which touched the personal lives of these people profoundly, but through the questions and answers and remarks about their lives we touched upon, and, to a certain extent, understood a little better the most sorious would problems which increasingly have important significance in our daily exists: to.

This flat is the home of liavid Greenglass, the young man who is now in federal prison on the charge of having given information to deviet Russian spies about a certain part of the atom bomb, which was manufactured in the Los Alamos, how kexico, army post, where he was a technical sargeant. The three young people with whom I spoke were both, his wife, a young, unwarried sister of her's, and a fellow of about 30, the husband of another of Buth's sisters.

It is difficult for buth, the mother of two children, - a tall stive by of four, who wants to be a comboy, and a times menth of hirl, - to be sole to devote a few hours to talk. In addition to having to take care of two children, she is busy visiting her husband twice a week in the hideral funitability. In addition to that she has to see 0. John hope, her husband's lavyer, practically every week. On top of that an F.L.I. man roles often to question her about a minute incident about herself, about her histand, or other people who are involved in the case. Buth is also under indictioning an an "accomplice" of her husband. Hecause she cooperated with the government from the very beginning she was not arrested, so that she can take care of her home and her children. --

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her sister to take the two children to her mother. (The liv s on livington Street also, across the street.)

I had many questions to ask buth, her sister and her brother-in-laws.

Splice Russis, openumiem, the feelings of this young merican generation, bowered the United States in general and the particular feelings of therrisen-

them for the past 31 years. But we are human; in the mornin; we may read a newspaper article about an earthquake or other catastrophe which killed thousands of people, and remain totally indifferent; but that came day we are terribly upset when we learn about a not very scrious accident which happened to an acquaintance of ours. The same thing applies to worldly matters. All the problems about espionage, atom bonbs, war, are very serious, but they sound atom distance; until it affects one of our own, our own environment.

when it became known that he revealed to the eviet riom the secrets of the American atom bomb. However, when through him there became involved Gold, of Philadelphia, Greenglass, of Rivington Street, Resemberg, of Konroe Street, and many other Jewish names, the entire question of employage and, agily treachery, has come close to home. It has touched our family, our home, and our whole fast will.

Theodore Roosevelt's times I remember the "Little Hongary" r staurant on Houston Street, (a few squares from the Creangle sace), where Roosevelt, as Police Commissioner, and later as President, used to cat. The new Smith Houses, (a few squares from Monroe Street where the Resember a live), are assumment to this Irish boy who went from the Fulton Street Tish Farket, where he worked, to the Covernor's Mansion, in Albany.

Hollywood and Broadway are filled with producers, directors, writers and stars, who were born or raised on the Last Side. Profes ors in the most important colleges, judges of the highest courts, on a re of large businesses, scientists, labor leaders, famous lawyers, social leaders - 11 cane from our East Side.

But do we know our Kest Side? Particularly those if us who have left the Fast Side. It is true the present hand Side is not what is was. Chinese, Puerto Ricans, and Pexicans on the one hand, Italians and Repross on the other hand, and Poles and Irish on the third hand are pushing out, or better stated, pushing together the Jewish population, but ut loant a quarter of a million Jewish people live there consisting of old immigrants, who remained living there for various reasons. But living there with there is a new generation of young American Jews who we know practically nothing about, and the Greenglasses, and the Rosenbergs, the rinces and many other names represent this new East Side type. What kind of people are they?

others. The same thing goes for the hosencers. But I stath Gree lass a few times, and spoke with her for some time. Ly impression is that as a type of lawish girl, aside from the misfortune into which she was drawn; we have no reason to be ashamed of her.

She was born at 11. Lewis Street. Her father is a real laborer; he dame from Calicia and went to Coranton, where he work is a coul more Coming to New York he obtained a job in New York. But he never carned to such money. Later he obtained a job in New York. But he never carned to such money. His three children, two girls and a boy, were not relied in luxury. Buth told me that the first dress that was bought for her var also she was lib when the graduated from High School. She was a good student. He English is excellent, and she can also speak French and German. She also speaks Helm st.

New Tork. Even now, after all her difficulties, she loc s v ry good. She did not attend dance halls, did not linger in hers, did not un after crocners or band leaders, like the American bobby sexer. Seece e intercised in a young boy from the Fast Side who appealed to her tor muse o his carnestress, quietness and mild character. His name was lavid Orecaglass. In 1942, at the age of 18, she married him. David was a machinist. By studying, and reading many books on engineering he became a good machinist.

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Concerning this tragic chapter in a future erticle

Translated by ST HYMH W. RATTHORITZ

Jewish Daily "Forward" August 29, 1950, page 4, column 3-6

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By Louis School or

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TBI - NEW YORK

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Translated by SE HIMAN H. HAPINOWITZ

Jewish Daily "Forward" August 29, 1950, page 4, columns 3-6

In David Greenglass! Homo -A Tulk With His Wife

By Louis Schaeffor

He was arrested for helping reveal atom secrets to Soviet ag nts. His wife Ruth and his two small children. - She tells about her own life and
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FRI - NEW YORK

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All these questions are not new. We have all read and spoken about them for the past 30 years. But we are human; in the morning we may read a newspaper article about an earthquake or other catastrophe which killed thousands of people, and remain totally indifferent; but that came day we are terribly upset when we learn about a not very serious accident which happened to an acquaintance of ours. The same thing amplies to worldly matters. All the problems about espionage, atom bombs, war, are very serious, but they sound at a distance; until it affects one of our own, our own environment.

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Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOGITZ

The Jouish Daily "POHRAND" BELL MARCHES OF A Angust 30, 1950; page 4, columns 3-4-5-6 A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

bray Oreenglass Relates Now Her Hosband has Misled By His Brother-in-law howenberg

By Louis Schaeffer

She says Julius Rosenborg talked him into revealing atom secrets to Soviet agents. - How the communists, and their fellow travelers, obtained information about the bomb. -The role of the two spies Dr. Fuchs and Harry Gold :- ... The Greenglass family lived in four of arrest for years. A talk with Mrs. Buth Grounglass.

. At the beginning of the summer, when lovid Greengless was accested, I visited his mother's home, at 265-Lighton Street, at the corner of go Sheriff Street; I spoke with his mother; I visited a barber shop and candy ditors near his home; and spoke with the neighbors. All raised the same question and chrisged their shoulders.

This question was: Did this quiet, mild young man reveal the secret of the atom bomb? They added, "That's imposebles." It is unbelievable".

 \bigcirc But the sad truth is that David Greenglass, and a ℓ ozen other Orderight sales either unwittingly for with full realization of what they were doing prevealed the secrets about this important weapon thereby helping the Soylet Union to ignore the United Nations in every attempt to establish peace on tearth, the real few transfers and the area of the

This whole story became olear to me when I learned many particulars about the arrest of Rosenberg, Gold, Sobell and Green lass. Teny of these questions were answered in my talks with firth Greenglass, the 26 year old wife of indicted and arrested David Greenglass.

At the yery beginning I should like to state that I am not defending the acts of Ruth and David Greenglass, or those of the other defendants. Buth herself, and, as she tells me, havid do not defend their act. They realize, unfortunately too late, the frightful thing they did, and, under the conditions, they are doing what they can to at least partially make good on their frightful mistake.

When I asked Ruth how she felt when her husbans was arrested for serious grime she knewered meter-

was in the heapital then. " but I know vary few pacple will believe

fel . New York

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what I say. It was the first night in the past four years, ince br. Gold's visit to my husband in Los Alamos, that I slept well. I can say the same thing about David."

As you know, Gold is the Jewish chemist from Phile elphia who was arrested on the charge of having provided Dr. Fuchs, the Ger an British expert, with information about various plants and laboratoriums in which the U.S. government was producing the atom bomb.

the greatest in the world, it is necessary to recall several well known facts and dates.

The first time the people of the United States and of the world heard about an atom bomb was in the middle of July, 1945. That month it became known that the Army had experimented with a newly-invented atom bomb, in New Wexico, and that the experiment shored that the United States possessed one of the mightlest weapons the world ever had.

Three weeks later, on August 5th, after sufficient warning, the United States attacked the Japanese city Hiroshina with such frightful results that Japanesurrendered unconditionally, and, less than one month later, discourse 5th e, officially surrendered to General Fac Arthur, of the United States, on the battleship Missouri.

that the Upited States did not consider the atom bomb it: on. To begin with, it was stated that the bomb was made with the participation of England and Canada; secondly, President Truman declared that it was the ish of the United States and England that the bomb become the property of the nited Nations. Immediately a committee was appointed, headed by Bornard Barch, to work out such a plan. This plan, known as the "Baruch Plan", was accepted by all nations with the exception of the Boviet Union and the Soviet -controlled countries. Everyons wondered why Bussia was against the Plan, and could not understand the reasons for its refusal and obstinany.

Union had obtained information about the stom bomb and was working hard producing its own atom bombs.

Isw dosen experts and high government officials, did not have the slightest inkling about anything like an atom bomb, Soviet has it found out about this secret through its spies. During the period when the top leaders of the U.S. government, and all the experts who worked on the project for over two years without being certain whether the bomb would work or not, the Soviet spies and the entire communist apparatus was hisy trying to parn every bit of information about the bomb.

[•] Schaeffer's error

The whole story sounds fantautic, but follow the details as the dates and you will see that the whole story is correct.

In order to keep the secret of the atom bent the creators of the project worked out a plan for the various parts of the temb to be manufactured in as many different places as possible. This was done so that if the information about one plant were to leak out, by whatever mean, it would have no significance. The best way to understand our government! plan of operation is to compare the project with a jig-saw puzzle. There who elped their children put a jig-saw puzzle together will understant it sa ily. A jig-saw puzzle consists of sixty or seventy pieces of cardbard. He separate piece means anything. If you do not have the original picture (be one it was cut up), you can spend hours without being able to put it together. Sell, this was the plan of the directors of the atom bomb project - with the exception that instead of having fifty or sixty pieces of cardbard, the atom bomb lig-saw puzzle consisted of about 200 separate projects, divided among various states and cities in the U.S.

and all our other enemies, with the exception of our ally" woviet wassia.

All Russia had to do was smell that the United States was making a secret weapon. The rest was easy with the sid of its own pies and with the assistance of the traitors who worked for a "holy" ideal in our country.

The American communist apparatus issued secret orders to all its trustworthy party members and fellow travelers to a built every bit of information about a certain secret military project. In this way with the aid of the Rosenbergs, the Golds, the Sobells, the Greenglusics and demons of others, thankfully not Jewish names, separate, unimportant pieces of cord-board were put together a small parts of this tresendually i portant jig-sam pusals - the atom bomb.

of the entire picture of the stom bomb, and who would be a a concept small, unimportant pieces of cardboard, and put the jiz-saw opether. Such a man they found in the person of Dr. Fuchs who was making a an atomic expert for England and the United Status.

atom bomb were received in Dr. Fuchs' clearing office. It. who three away the useless information. However, when he smalled the he had a bit of information which was part of the atom bomb, he have enders or it to be investigated fully.

He did not know their names. He knew them only as Ir. I, ki d., number.

On his orders these expert assistants were cont to the most distant places to investigate and squeeze out every bit of i formation

possible related to the atom bomb.

The United States did not learn about the nome box until July 10, 1945. Honover, months before, a young man by the name of God, a chemist, arrived in the city of los Alames, New Mexico. Mr. Gold went there to see a technical sargeant in the U.S. Army, by the name of Tavid Greenglass, who was in charge of some kind of peculiar project.

Gold came to see Greenglass on the recommendation in secret) of Julius Rosenberg, his mister's husband, and an engineer in N w York City. In order to be sure that Gold was the right person, and not an impersonating P.B.I. agent, according to plan, Gold brought half of the cover of an ordinary box; the second half of which had previously been sent to Greenglass. The cover was not cut evenly; it was out with points so that the points of the two halves of the cover matched. He had several talks with hold, and he gave him information about the work he was in charge of. Ocid know what to ask for because he was a chemist himself and he had order networkers.

Today Creenglass understands what a imightful crim he committed. He is doing the only thing a person under these circumstances can do - helping the government discover the higher spies and to protect itself for the future against espionage and sabotage.

who was considered the intellectual of the family, and by the fulse concept that Societ Russia is our ally and has but one interest - to save the world.

On leaving Gold handed the Greenglasson a scaled carelogs. her Greenglass opened this envelope at home, in the presence of its wife Ruth, he discovered that the envelope was full of ten and treaty collar bills. The pair looked at each other and for the first time there is a through their minds the thought that something was not right. But it was soo late.

This is Remember; this happened a few months before the prople in the united States and throughout the world learned about the ato a bomb.

Translated by SE HYMAN N. RAHINGBITZ

The Jewish Daily "FORTAKO" August 30, 1950, page 4, column

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At the very beginning I should like to start a mannet defending the acts of Ruth and David Greenglass, or there of the her defendants. Buth herself, and, as she tells me, David do not called the acts. They realize, infortunately too late, the frightful thing they did not on their frightthey are doing what they can to at least particity and so continued frightful mistake.

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what I say. It was the first night in the past four years, since Mr. Gold's visit to my husband in Los Alamos, that I slept we'l. I can say the same thing about Mevid."

As you know, Gold is the Jewish chemist from Philadelphia who was errested on the charge of having provided Dr. Fughs, the German-British expert with information about various plants and laboratoriums in which the U.S. government was producing the atom bomb.

And now, in order to understand this tremendous conspiracy, perhaps the greatest in the world, it is necessary to recall several well known facts and dates.

The first time the people of the United States and of the world heard about an atom bomb was in the middle of July, 1945. That month it became known that the army had experimented with a newly-invented atom bomb, in New Mexico, and that the experiment showed that the United States possessed one of the mightlest weapons the world ever had.

Three weeks later, on August Sin, after sufficient warning, the United States attacked the Japanese city Broshims with such frightful results that Japan surrendered unconditionally, and, less than one month later, August 5th , officially surrendered to General Mac Arthur, of the United States, on the battleship kissouri.

that the United States did not consider the alon look its own. To begin with, it was stated that the bomb was made with the participation of England and Canada; secondly, President Truman duclared that it was the wish of the United States and England that the bomb become the property of the United States and England that the bomb become the property of the United States and England that the bomb become the property of the United States and England that the bomb become the property of the United States and England that the bomb become the property of the United States and Baruch, to work out such a plan. This plan, known as the "Baruch Plan", was accepted by all mations with the exception of the Soviet Union and the Soviet-controlled countries. Everyone wondered why Bussia was against the Plan, and could not understand the reasons for its refunal and obstincey.

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thereas everyone in the United Atates, with the exception of a few dozen experts and high government of Micials, did not have the slightest inkling about anything like an atom bomb, Soviet Pussia found out about this secret through its spies. During the period when the top leaders of the U.S. government, and all the experts who worked on the project for over two years without being certain whether the bemb would wonk or not, the Soviet spies and the entire communist apparatus was busy trying to learn every bit of information about the bomb.

^{*} Schaeffer's error

The whole story sounds fantantic, but follow the distant and the dates and you will see that the whole story is correct.

In order to keep the secret of the atom bomb the d rectors of the project worked out a plan for the various parts of the bomb to be manufactured in as many different places as possible. This was done so that if the information about one plant were to leak out, by whatever mean, it would have no significance. The best way to understand our government plan of operation is to compare the project with a jig-saw puzzle. Those who elped their children put a jig-saw puzzle together will understand it as ily. A jig-saw puzzle consists of sixty or seventy pieces of cardboard. No separate piece means anything. If you do not have the original picture (be ore it was cut up) you can spend hours without being able to put it together. Well, this was the plan of the directors of the atom bomb project - with the exception that instead of having fifty or sixty pieces of cardboard, the atom bomb lig-saw passle consisted of about 200 separate projects, divided among various states and cities in the U.S.

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The American communist apparatus issued secret ord ro to all its trustworthy party members and fellow travelers to solve every bit of information about a certain secret military project. In this way, with the aid of the Rosenbergs, the Golds, the Sobells, the Greenglasses and dezens of others, thankfully not Jewish names, separate, unimportant places of cardboard were put together — small parts of this tremendously i portant jig-saw postle—the atom bomb.

of the entire picture of the atom bomb, and who would be able to take these small, unimportant pieces of cardboard, and put the jig-saw opether. Such a man they found in the person of In: Fuchs who was working a an atomic expert for England and the United States.

Raturally many bits of information baving no relation with the atom bomb were received in Dr. Fuchst clearing office. Dr. suchs throw away the useless information. However, when he smalled that he hid a bit of information which was part of the atom bomb, he gave orders or it to be investigated fully.

He did not know their names: He knew them only as Er. 1, Mr. J., number 40 or number 99.

On his orders these expert assistants were cant to the most distant places to investigate and squeeze out every bit of i formation

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The United States did not learn about the dos box until July 15, 1945 However, months before, a young man by the name of Go d, a chunist, arrived in the city of los Alamos, New Yexico. Er. Ocld wen there to see a technical sargeant in the U.S. Army, by the name of Pavid O. senglasn, who was in charge of some kind of peculiar project.

Gold came to see Greenglass on the recommendation in secret) of Julius Rosenberg, his mister's husband, and an engineer in E w York City. In order to be sure that Gold was the right person, and not an impersonating F.B.I. agent, according to plan, Gold brought half of the co er of an ordinary box, the second half of which had previously been sont to Or englass. The boyer was not out evenly; it was out with points so that the points of the two halves of the cover matched, "He had several talks with Gold, and he gave him information about the work he was in charge of. Gold knew what to ask for because he was a chemist himself and he had certain instructions from Dr. Puchs.

Today Greenglass understands what a frightful orim the committed. He is doing the only thing a person under these circumstance, can do - helping the government discover the higher spies and to project itse f for the future, against espionage and sabotage.

At that tine, however, treenglass was misled by his brother-in-las who was considered the intellectual of the family, and by the false concept that Soviet Russia is our ally and has but one interest - to save the world.

On leaving Gold handed the Greenglasses a scaled c vologe. Greenglass opened this envelops at home, in the presence of this wife Bath, he discovered that the envelope was full of ten and to enty collar bills. The pair looked at each other and for the first time there is a through their minds the thought that something was not right. But it was on late.

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A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR Remamber, this happened a few months before the people in the. United States and throughout the world learned about the atc bomb.

Translated by SE HTMAN N. RAMINORITZ

ha Jewish Daily "FORMARD" August 30 :1950, page 4, columns 3-4-5-6

生态以外,对于一种的

Pres Oreenglass Relates Hon Her Husb Misled By His Brother-in-law hose By Louis Schaeffe

She says Julius Rosenberg talker him into a ve linsecrets to Soviet agents. - Now the community fellow travelers, obtained information about the bab. -The role of the two spies Br. Frehe and Hory fold. -. The Dreenglass family lived in four of arout or A talk with Mrs. Buth Oreenglass.

At the beginning of the summer. In all vi or nell so was arrested. I visited his mother's home, at 265 Rivier on firee, at the corner of ... Sheriff Street 2001 Inspoke with his mother: I visited to be ber shop and candy store near his home; and spoke with the reigh mas. 11 sie of the same question and ahrunged their shoulders. THE PARTY OF THE P

This question was: Did this and to wild in mar reveal the secret of the atom bomb? They added, "The in hos in the inbelievable". 🥇

But the sad truth is that Davis Green las , in a suon other Orsenglasses, either unwittingly, or wit full real tin a what they were doing revealed the secrets about this important we may her by helping the Boviet Union to ignore the United Estion in overy in the establish peace on earth. on earth."

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Translated by SE HYMAN M. RAHINOMITZ

Jewish Daily "Forward" September 2, 1950, page 6, column 1 through 8

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have waited; but Russia wanted to make it, an hars are provide. And what faster method could the Soviet leader find than pying a the plents and laboratories of their ally - the United States?

And now a few words about another point.

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Ruth throws all the blame for how to indeed as a fullus.
Resemberg and his wife Ethel - Pavid's and me

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"It is true has said these words, but that was his explanation of how has felt five years ago, in 1945, when practically all Ameri one felt that way."

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Translated by SE HYMAN W. PADINGMITZ

Jewish Daily "Forward" | Dage 6, column 1 through 8

"My Husband Was Misled, But He Is No Traitor", says Ruth Orbenglass

My Louis Schaeffer

Julius Rosenberg was mad at Greenglass for refising to remain in the Los Alamos atom plant. - Ethel Posemberg, Devid Greenglass' sister, was always an embittered communist. - Why is Rosenberg risking his life and his wife's freedom?

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they were making the different parts of body of your iscovering improvements and changing their three to aprive ad acres state its production. The manufacture of the common is air lar to that of acroplanes, automobiles, radio and television. The principle of making acroplanes fly and cars run has been known for a long tile, but every week or month brings new improvements. Recall the automore 1995 and look at a legion of the control of th

have waited; but Russia wanted to make it, and as some a possible. And what faster method could the Soviet leader find that spying in the plants and laboratories of their ally - the United States?

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Rosenberg and his wife Ethel - David's similar.

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F.B.I. immediately, she answered: "That is the brandy. That is what troubled us. The realized that he took a fallows on in giving Gold information, but you must bear in mind that David's sinter and her husband, Julius Rosenberg, were involved. In general it is very ifficult to be a stool-pigeon, particularly for a Jew, And when it race as our own family

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Translated by SF HYLAN N. RABINOWITY.

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By Louis Schaef er

Julius Rosenberg was mad at Greenglass for refising to remain in the Rosenberg atom plant. - Ethel Rosenberg, David Granglass sister, was always an embittered communist. -Why is Rosenberg risking his life and his vife's freedom?

her husband's actions relating to his revealing information bout the atom bomb. I want to clarify a few points which appeared in mear icle in Mediesday's Forward.

U.B. med Dr. Fuchs to sort, analyze and investigate all the bits of information which their spies and communist followers assembled from the dozons, and perhaps headreds of places where the United States pover ment produced the various parts of the bomb.

related the question: But Dr. Fuchs was one of the top scientific specialists who worked on the atom bomb project for the United State. and England, and he was specialists as a specialists.

This question can be answered by raising enother question: If that is so, why did they need such scientists as Opponie m, Connaut and dozens of other specialists?

many diplomatic and political maneuvers by poviet Ressia which many could not understand previously.

Russia had the secret of the principle of the tom bomb, but not the technical details of how to make the lamb; but, principally, it was interested in having the bomb as soon as possible. Lither luchs nor any other individual scientist specialist who row to on the somb had all the details. It was for the very reason that the job of making the bomb was assigned to several places in various corners of the United States.

In addition to that Russia knew that in the various plants where

BI - NEW YORK

they were making the different parts of the bomb. every my may vere iscovering improvements and changing their methods to improve and accelerate its production. The manufacture of the atom bomb is similar to that of accordance, automobiles, radio and television. The principle of making accordance fly and care-run has been known for a long time, but every mack or month brings new improvements. Recall the automot 19:5 and look at a 1950 automotion.

have waited; but Russia wanted to make it, and as son a possible. And what faster method could the Soviet leader find than opying in the plants and laboratories of their ally - the United States?

And now a few words about another point.

In order to explain the role of David Greengla s. Gold and Rosenberg in the international jig-saw puzzle of intrigue, in my 1 st article I have the background of the entire net of espicance which he over the presentatives spread over the United States. Since the article we may about Ruth Greenglass some got the impression that the tole me 11 bou it. Ruth is a very intelligent young woman and she is learning the nd fore about the involved eithation into which she was dragged. But the did not give me this general information. As I pointed out in my first article, I spoke with several people about this entire matter. I spoke with J. Ronge, the former assistant Attorney University the U.S. Attorney who is conflucting the Department of Justice cases against Rosenberg, Greenglass, Sob il, ako lev and others.

A small part of my interview which Sampol and p bli hed in the "FORWARD". I spoke with other people also. Because of he coming trials, and because of a few other cases which will be announced son, naturally I can't reveal all the facts or point out who gave my those facts. All these things will come out in the very near future.

And now, a few more facts and remarks abo t Ruch C englass.

Rosenberg and his wife Ethel David's since in Bund's ac a confulius

are guilty. During her talk with me she a id: "I not ou o understand that we both spent days and nights talking about this, a diversional the fact that we are guilty; but we believe that we are guilty; but we believe that we are guilty;

F.B.I. immediately, she answered: "That is the tracey. That is shat troubled us. David realized that he took a false stop it giving Gold information, but you must bear in mind that lavid a sater and her husband, bullius Resemberg, were involved. In general, t is very difficult to be a stopl-pigeon particularly for a Jew. And Jan it conce us our own family

the problem is even more difficult."

reporters for the English press print that he defended his esta on the ground that he believed in Seviet Russia and that he loc ed upon Seviet Russia as an elly?

"It is true he said these words, but that was his e lan tick of how he felt five years ago, in 1945, when practically all perions folt the way."

I admitted that sentiments in the United sate, after the victory over the Germans at Stalingrad, were tremendously for Ru sia, but that that did not mean that all those who had a friendly feeling t ward Russia mas ready to reveal secrets.

Here Ruth became a little impaging with

"If you, who appears to be symmetric to ind s, to not understand it, how will the others look upon " to se to me ith pair in her voice.

T calmed her and explained that the reaso I was reising the question was that I was certain the readers of the 'ORK 'OR' would reise the question, and I begged her to continue.

that David was arrested, that I was astormed to discove the not only wasn't I shocked, but that a feeling of or meason of mean avid, and he told me that he had the same experience. Son't know we that me would ever have gone to the F.B.I. woluntarily, but then they came o us it was just have fall of the second shoe. (An Inclish express n a out being in a very tense situation.)

giving information to Gold from the fact data to be de ide to leave Los Alamos, New Mexico, as soon as possible. It is the or he may wanted David to stay there at a good salary, but lavid explaine the he must return to New York because of me and my reschool based.

The state of the s

*Our brother-in-law, Rosenberg, as really angly a we for heaving the atom plant, and that was the beginning of our us rie dliness, particularly between me and my sister-in-law."

Then I asked Buth who, of the Polenicips, and he dionger character. I raised this question in the presence of her younger sister and the bushend of her older sister. All three answered limediately that Et el is the dominant person.

Ruth expressed herself as follows:

partial toward communism. But we were never embitted or intolerant toward people who did not agree with us. But Ethel was quite different. She did not buy from a butcher or grocer unless he were an eren sympathizer toward to buy from a butcher or grocer unless he were an eren sympathizer toward to buy from a butcher or grocer unless he were an eren sympathizer toward and the state of the considered everyone who was against some mism her nereonal enemy.

I asked about Julius Rosenberg. I was es rois ly interested in him because whereas Gold and Greenglass became with the for the powerment, Rosenberg denies the charges against him and him with an because of this he is to be tried shortly. From all known facts he has about the ly no chance of going free. Gold, who went to see Greenglass in Lo. Als with Rosenberg's recommendation and secret sign. (an irregularly cut over of a desert box), is a witness against him. Greenglass confirms the marges. From what I hear about the Rosenberg's hear about the Rosenberg's lawyer stated, in court, that he will prove at the rial that Greenglass fabricated the false accusation against his almost the rial that Greenglass fabricated to save his wife Ruth.

This sounds faulty. What is the reason keent rg is risking his life? Espionage in war time involves to death penalty.

The answer is "tovarich" Yakovlev, the as lets it so the Soviet Embassy, who was the official director of the Soviet est one e ring in the United States. Resemberg is risking his life and how e's freedom because he doesn't want to confirm that an official employe of the mesian because directed espionage in the United States.

Translated by SE, HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ

Greenglass Guilty n Atom Espionage

Chunky David Greenglass, who as an Army sergeant worked on the atomic bomb at Los Alamos, yesterday pleaded guilty in Federal Court of war-time conspiracy to convey secret information to Russia.

Greenglass originally was indicted in New Mexico, but was named in a superseding indictment here last week with four sul in New York.

Conviction on the charge car ries a possible death sentence, but it was expected Greenglass would turn government witness and thereby escape the death penalty sometimes meted out to war time traitors.

and Yakovlev were Greenglass bail since his arrest last July. 33, an electrical engineer, of 10 Monroe St., his wife, Ethel, 35,

journed until Nov. 13 at the request of his attorney.

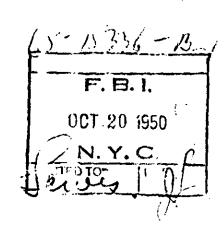
One of the acts charged to ment here last week with four Greenglass was that on Jan. 12, others, including Anatoli A. Ya. 1945, he gave "a paper" containkovley, former Russian vice-con-ling sketches of experiments conducted at the Los Alamos project to Rosenberg within the jurisdiction of the Southern District of New York, the basis for the superseding action which prevented his being extradited to Sante Fe for crial there.

Greenglass, a former member of the Young Communist Lengue Named along with the ex-GI has been held in lieu of \$100,00

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Greenglass Gave Russia Secrets

David Greenglass, a former U. S. Army sergeant who worked on the atom bomb, pleaded guilty in Federal Court yesterday to a charge of conspiring to convey secret government information to Russia in time of war.

Defense attorney O. John
Rogge said Greenglass was prepared to "give what is his best
This was taken to in licate that he would turn gover-ment witness. It so, he may ter ify ar first his own sister.

Greenglass is the third American to plead guilty recent? to wartime spying for Lussia. The first was Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist. The second was Alfred Dean Slack, sentenced to 15 years.

The 28-year-old Greengla Ca New York machinist who was drafted into the Army in April, 1943, and assigned to vork or the A-bomb project at Los Alamos, N. M., from 1944 until his discharge in 1946, is un ier indict-ment with four others including Anatoli Yakovley, forn er Russian Vice-Consul here, who is nov belleved to be in Russia.

Greenglass allegedly surned over secrets to Gold, self-de-cribed gobetween for Soviet agents and Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British atomic physicist. The others named with Greenala's in the indictment are Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rosenberg and Morton Schell, ril of New York, Mrs. Rosenberg is Greenglass sister.

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Ex-Army Man PleadsGuille as Spy for Rusia

Greenglass, Named as One of 6 in Plot, May Testify for U.S., Escape Death Penalty

David Greenglass, twenty-eight, pleaded guilty yesterday in United States District Court to conspiring to Transmitt secret government defense information to Russia during the war.

The former Army sergeant, who worked at the Los Alamos, N. M., atomic-bomb installation, faces a possible death sentence, although, in the light of his plea yesterday, it was indicated in court he would turn government witness to escape the penalty. Greenglass originally was indicated in New Mexico but was named in a superseding indictment here.

Judge William Bondy postponed sentencing until Dec. 4. Green-glass's attorney, O. John Rogge, (Continued on page 23, column 1)

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said that his client stood ready "to said that his client stood ready to F. B. I., supplied information about give what is his best recollection," F. B. I., supplied information about the bomb to Gold while he was at when other members of the spy Los Alamos. The F. B. I. says ring he is charged with operating Rosenberg recruited Greenglass to In are brought to trial.

Greenglass, a machinist, was arrested June 16. He is under indictation box-top, the F. B. I. said, and ment with four other persons who have the other half to Gold, who are accused of conspiring with each other and with Harry Gold, conflessed atomic spy for Russia, to in 1945. deliver documentary information "relating to the national defense of the United States" to Russia.

The others are Julius Rosenberg. matty-two, and his wife, Mrs. Ethel Greenglass Rosenberg, thirty-five (who is a sister of David Greenglass), Morton Sobell, thirty-three, and Anatoli A. Yakovlev, former Russian vice-consul in New York, now believed to be in Russia.

The Rosenbergs pleaded not guilty at their arraignment Monday, Judge Bondy will set the date of their trial Dec. 4. Sobell is scheduled to enter his plea that day.

Two other persons are named as co-conspirators but not as co-defendants in the indictment. The two are Gold, of Philadelphia, and Greenglass's wife, Mrs. Greenglass, twenty-six.

At the arraignment yesterday, the court clerk read the charge, against Greenglass, who stood with head bowed before the court, and responded "guilty," when the clerk asked him if he wished to plead guilty or innocent.

The five named in the indiciment have been linked to the Dr. Klaus Fuchs case. Fuchs, now! imprisoned in England, used Gold, former Philadelphia research chemist, as his key contact when he was shuttling atomic data from the United States to Russia. Gold

relayed material to two agent whom he knew as "Sam" and "John"—both now disappeared, presumably behind the Iron Cur-

Greenglass, according to the supply the information. Rosenbeing supplied Greenglass with a

Former Sergeant Pleads Guilty in Russian Spy Plat

By NORMA ABRAMS.

David Greenglass, 28, pudgy former Army sergeant-who, through an amazing security slipup, was permitted to work on the A-bomb at Los Alamos,



guilty of conspiracy to convey U.S. defense accrets to

N. M., though he had been a member of the Young Communist League-placed his life in the hands of

fense secrets in warting to OCT fense secrets in wartime to Judge Booly g said the part Soviet Bussia. The penalty pomenent. Meanton, the day could be death—if Judge Wil-

indicated the ex-fit is ready to be a government witness arminst his Filel Resemberg, and his brother-in-law, Julius Rosemberg, 32-year-old engineer, of 10 Montoe St.

in New York.

Also named a cosen pictor, but had a cosen pictor, but had as defendant, so forces glass, and a cosen pictor, but had as defendant, so forces glass. 20 sear-old vice, flut, and importance required attention first. Harre Gold, Pluts belieful to be benefited.

Consented.

Mit. advocable. Consented.

"My clear the not going to add a second mitake to his first one."

Said Roge. "He is not abuliar sentence."

a federal judge yesterday, tely precise about every date men.

With one barely audible tioned in the indictment, but he word, he pleaded guilty to conis ready to give as statement of

remains in jail in decayly of \$100, 000 bail. Likewi - lold in default liam Bondy chooses to impose of the same sum are lix node Of the same aum ner to cooser fendants, Julius Resenberg and Morton Schell, 20 y arold coder expert, 161 17 73d Ave., Pio bing, Queens, Judge Bordy out Mrs.

wholefendants, including his sisters, the Brownlerg, and his brothers, and his brothers, blaw, Julius Borenterg, 32-year-ld engineer, of 10 Monne St.

Sappal Aska Belay,
U. S. Attorney Irvine Sappol sked that further action temand.

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Confessed A-Spy To Tell on Pals

Plump, round-faced David Greenglass, 28, today faced a possible death sentence for conspiring to give atom secrets to Russia.

The former Army sergean', who

pleaded guilty yesterday in U.S. District Court, was not expected, however, to get the death penalty. His lawyer, O. John Ronge, said he was willing "to give what is his best-recollection" about "Other-members-of-the spy ring he is accused of working with. These include his sister, Mrs. Ethel Rosenberg, 35, and his brother-inlaw, Julius Rosenberg, 32. Others are Anatoli A. Yakoviev, former Russian vice consul in New York (now believed in Russia) and Morton Sobell, 33.

If Greenglass' testimony is need

enough, he presumably will not a softer sentence than the chair.

Greenglass, though he had been a member of the Young Communist League, worked on the atom bomb at Los Alamos, N. Mex., during the war. The indictment charged that he conspired to transmit information to Heary Gold of Philadelphia, another confessed atom spy for Russia. The group was linked in the indictment to The Russia atom spy for Russia. The group was linked in the indictment to T. Klaus Fuchs, now imprisoned in England.

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EX-SOLDIER GUILTY IN SPY RING CASE

Greenglass Admits to Passing On Defense Information to Russian Espionage Gang

A 28-year-old former Army sergeant pleaded guilty yesterday in Federal court to passing vital defense information to a Russian

atom spy ring in wartime. The confessed spy, David Greenglass of 265 Rivington Street, will be sentenced Dec. 4. Although he faces a maximum penalty of death, it appeared Greenglass would miti-gate his penalty by turning Government witness against three alleged conspirators, including his sister and her husband.

Greenglass admitted that when he was in the Army in 1945, assigned to The Less Atlants atom bomb project, he supplied Harry Gold, confessed Soviet atom spy, with sketches and documents affecting the national defense of the United States.

Arrested Last July

Federal Bureau of Investigation agents arrested Greenplass, a machinist, last July when it was said he was preparing to flee to a So-viet satellite country. The Government charged that Greenglass' brother-in-law, Julius Rosenberg, 33, electrical engineer, of 10 Monroe Street, gave him \$5,000 for the flight. Rosenberg is alleged to have recruited Greenglass into the

Soviet spy apparatus.
Last week the Federal grand jury returned a superseding espionage indictment naming Green-glass. Rosenberg, his wife, Einel, 35; Morton Sobell, 33, electronics and radar expert, of 164-17 Seven-ty-third Avenue, Flushing, Queens, and Anatoli H. Yakovley, former Duesian vice Consul in New York Russian vice consul in New York, as members of the atom spy ring.

Yakovlev left this country in 1918 and is believed to be in Russ sia. The Rosenbergs and Sobell have pleaded not guilty and are being held in high bail pending their trial.

Named as Co-Conspirators

Greengiass' wife, Ruth, 24, and Gold were named as co-conspirators in the indictment but not as defendants. Mrs. Greenglass, moth- a half hour. Then Greenglass, a er of two small children, is also be-chunky man, stood before the lieved to be cooperating with the bench, head bowed and hands Government.

Yesterday Greenglass brought before Federal Judge Wil-indictment and asked Greenglass liam Bondy to plead to the indict-how he pleaded. ment. United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol told the court that in a firm voice answered: "Guilty." defense counsel. O. John Rogge, Mrs. Greenglass, who was scated wished to consult with the defend-in the first row of the speciator's

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65-1536.0 CCT 20 1950 clasped in front of, him. The court was clerk, David P. Sweeney, read the

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The pleading was adjourned for husband was led awa:

bench, lowered her eves until her

Greengless raised his head and

Pleads Guilty In Atom-Spy Case

David Greenglass 29, ex-Arms sergeant assigned to the atom-bomb plant at Los Alamos, pleaded guilty in Federal Court yesterday to a superseding espionaging indictment that charges him, his sister, her husband and two others with passing atomic secrets to mustia.

Ethel Greenglass Rosenberg, 35, and Julius Rosenberg, 33, both of 10 Monroe St., plended innocent, as did Morton Sobel, 31, formerly of 164-17 73d St., Flushing. Their trial was set for Feb. 15. A fifth defendant, Anatoli A. Yokovley, former Soviet vice-counsel here, has fled the country.

Chief Asst, U.S. Aity, Lane said the new indictment extends the period of the alleged con-piracy five months longer than the old charges—from June 6, 1944, to June 16, 1950. Greenglass, of 265 Rivington St., also pleaded guilty to the former indictment. He is expected to testify for the government. All four defendants are in custody, the men under \$100,000 half and Mrs. Exempts

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y Greenglass to Hear Fate Testimony Doomed Sister, Ilu

By MALCOING LOGAN David Greenglass, the confessed A-Bomb spy whose testimony for the g to doom his sister and brother-in-law to the electric chair, awaited sentencil Judge Irving R. Kaufman at 2, p.m. today.

Theoretically, the 29-year-ol, machinist of 265 Rivington St. faces the c which Judge Kauiman imposed in Julius and lihel Rosenberg yesterday, i

onage conspiracy for But the third def Morton Sobell, was giv

instead of death, an turned government wi to escape with a short Leniemey to Be Asked

Possibly to spare Greenglass the ordest of seeing his sister randemned to die, U. S. Atty. Sayrol yester hay had his sentene

ing deferred until today.

O. John Hogge, Greenglass'
lawyer was to be present to
ask the judge for leniency. Hestressed in a brief courtroom disstressed in a arise contribution use custion yesterday the fact that Greenglass had acked the poverne-ment and had not committed "a second offer-c" by denying his

guid.

Judge Ka ifman replied there
were "some things I have in
mind" and that it "required as
great deal of courage" for Greenglass to testify against his sister. Was Voun. Communist

Gisenglas, was born and fived att his like in the lower East Side, He attended PS 4 and Side. He distinct are 4 and Hearen 118 and at 17 became a monthiest, tollowing his father's. Health For a fine he stadled at-night at 1 ook on Projectimic fleshing to be he did not complete his studies base.

He was married in 1912 to Both Point, when he had known too of his life. To have two e : idre a Anothe time friend of his y hore, and record

DAVID GREENGLASS To Be Sentenced Today

Continued from Page 5 qualme about turning spy be sause of his radical philosophy.

Transfer to Sing Sing

Resemberg, who will be 33 on May 12, and his wife, 3% were sentenced to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing Prison the week of May 21.

week of May 21.

Rosenberg spent Jast aight in the Federal House of Detention. 11th and West Sis, and Mrs. Its senerg at the Women's House of Detention, 10th St. and Avento of the Americas. U. S. Marshal William A. Cartoll said he hope to transfer them to Sing Sing to day, but Warden Wilfred De no said he would have to sock he advice before arranging detail of their stay.

native before arranging using their stay.

The Rosenbergs lawyer fine he would appeal immediately to the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals and if the consistents in the peals and if the consistents in the histories. Presumbably the appeals would defer the execution classical above. beyond May 21.

First to Die as Spice

If they are executed, they would be the first American or izens in the history of U.S. juris; rudence to die for warting explonere. They would also be the first Fe leta prisoners to die at Shin; Sing U.S. Attorney Saypol, the prosecutor, said the law provides for execution of the death sentence to be carried out under the laws of the state where conviction is thatien. Mrs. Rosenberg words be the second woman in U.S. i. store to die under Felderal out r. L. Blary Surat was executed for its part in the assessing on plot significant President Lincoln.

Ekterly Mrs. Tessis the entre the result of Mrs. Rosenberg would will report to the assessing on plot significant president Lincoln.

Ekterly Mrs. Tessis the entre the result of Mrs. Rosenberg would will report to the second to the part of Mrs. Rosenberg would with the dupler. Barriended in her on the water flat at 64 Sherit, it on Lower East Side, Mrs. cheemedid the had not expected the the history of U.S. jurist rudenes

death sentence.

Reighbors Agree

Neighbors of the lie mbertle. who lived at 1 Monroe Co., Refererbocker Village, said they be lieved the death senters was it a in view of the enorm of the

The doomed comple showed to grief or remouse. Also have in the sentence, and while work in separate cells in the Free I Court House to be driven as with burst into song. "The including "Madame Batterit." "The Battles Ilymn of the its public." The doomed comple showed to

public."
Judge Prized for Guidance

1 Rulimall, strilly upon by to lask string his symmetric the times to seek pudding to force

nines to seen pianane a 1000 m posting the sentence. Should the appear tail, the thath sentence could be con-mitted universe provides a Trends. named may by Present a trivia-In accordance with 16 force or turn, the Rosenbergs would do not surrise, Instead of 11 p. m., 15 issual hour of executed at these

Sipp.

Greenglass Starts (15-Year Spy Term

David Greenglass, confessed, spy whose testimony helped convict his sister and brother-in-law, today started serving 15 years, the price of his own part in the betrayal of his

Standing in the same Manhattan courtroom where Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were septenced to death, Greenglass heard Federal Judge trying It. Kaufman pronounce the icilisentence recommended by U.S. Attorney Irving H. Saypol and declare it "a just sentence, ineither light nor heave."

neither light nor heavy."

The 15-year term was for heavier than the three-to-five years asked by Greenglass counsel, O. John Rogge, who told the court his client "should be praised, not punished," and declared leniency would cause other offenders to come forward and expose espacinage.

Greenglass will be eligible for parole consideration after live years. Attorneys for the losenbergs yesterday filed a new prial.

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Belly Roge WARDED BY N.)

Spy Sentence For Greenglass Set at 15 Years

Court Lowers Term From 30 for Aid to Prosecution; Can Get Parole by 1956

By Blaine Littell

Following the government's recommendation, Judge Irving R. Kaufman sentenced David Greenglass yesterday to fifteen years in prison.

The confessed spy for Soviet Russia received less than the maximum prison term of thirty years prescribed by the espionage law in "consideration" of his aid in "apprehending and bringing to justice the arch criminals of this: nefarious scheme"-his sister and his brother-in-law, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg,

The Rosenbergs were sentenced to death Thursday by Judge Kaufman after a jury, which had heard Greenglass testify against them, found them guilty of conspiring to steal American military secrets for the Soviet Union during World War II. Morton Sobell, a third defendant, also was found guilty. Implicated to a lesser degree than the Rosenbergs, he was sentenced to thirty years in prison.

Admitted His Guilt

Greenglass, a twenty-nine-yearold machinist and father of two children, readily admitted on the witness stand in United States District Courthouse during the three-week trial that he had drawn up plans of the Nagasakitype atom bomb while on duty as an Army sergeant at the Los Alamos, N. M., project. As one of the chief government witnesses, he further testified he had turned over this information to Julius Rosenberg and that his sister, Ethel, had typed it before it was passed on to Soviet agents.

Yesterday, Greenglass turned his eyes to the ground as his sentence was pronounced. During the trial, he had smiled almost continuously while on the witness stand. He did not smile yesterday. He listened to Judge Kaufman's statement before sentencing with his hands clasped behind him. Afterwards, when United States marshals led him from the crowded courtroom, he seemed to be walk-

In the front row of the spectators' section, his wife, Ruth, who also had testified for the government, leaned forward with her face below the wooden barracade and cried. She was named conspirator, but not defendant indictment the espionage against her husband, the Rosenbirgs and Sobell. Mr. and Mrs. Greenglass live at 265 Rivington

ing in a trance.

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Street. Their children are Stephen, four, and Seurbara, ten months.

According to Irvin: H. Saypol, United States Attorn y and government prosecutor in the trial of the spies, Greenglass will be cligible for parole after serving five years, or one-third, of his sentence. He will continue to be lodged in the Tombs at 100 Centre Street until Federal authorities in Washington decide in which Federal penitentiary he will serve out his sentence.

Judge Is "Realistic"

In his statement before sentencing Greenglass. Judge Kaufman termed as "loathesome" the defendant's role in the Russian espionage ring.

"You have at least not added to your sins by committing the crime of perjury," he said. "I realize the courage that was required for you to give your testimony... I have to be realistic in a situation usch as this and I recognize that despite my own inclination to be more severe on your sentence due to the revolting nature of your offense, I must subordinate my own feelings.

"Our national security in more important than my personal feeling on the subject and, indeed, more important than the punishment of any single individual. By your assistance in this case you have helped us strike a death blow to the trafficking in our military, secrets to the advantage of a foreign nation."

Judge Kaufman added that the "unconvering of other espionage rings, which I am certain exist, depends to a great extent upon the testimony of those members of the ring who recant and teck to atone for their sins in some measure." The judge said that persons like Greenglass "were in effect enlisting in the Russian Foreign Legion" but noted that "you, however, found your way back before the curtain fell on your life."

Pleads for Light Sentence

In pleading for a light sentence for his client, O. John Rogge pointed out that a light sentence for Greenglass might induce other less fanatic members of espionage rings, such as the Greenglasses, to come forward and assist the government.

He described Greendlass as a "fuzzy thinker" who rever really wanted to spy for Russia and said his client "should be praised, not punished" for his dame ging testimany against the Rosenbergs.

Almost at the same time that, Mr. Rogge pleaded for Davids Greenglass, attorneys for the Rosenbergs filed an appeal from the sentence and verdict with the United States Circuit Court of

The notice of the appeal, filed by Emanuel H. Bloch, stated that the defense wanted to appeal from an order denying the Rosenbergs' motion for a new trial and an arrest of judgment.

Greenglass Is Given 15 Years For Part In Atomic Spy Ring

By Anthony Marino and Neal Patterson

David Greenglass, 28, the former atom project sergeant who turned traitor, but later confessed and gave evidence which caused his sister and brother-in-law to be condemned to the electric chair as A-bomb spies for Russia, learned the price of his betrayal of country

yesterday. It was 15 years.

Greenglass paled as he heard the sentence from Federal Judge Irving Kaufman in the same courtroom where Mrs. Ethel Greenglass Rosenberg, 35, and Julius Rosenberg, 32, were doomed the

previous day.

His wife, Ruth, slumped forward in her chair in the first row of spectators, buried her face in her hands and wept.

Counsel Makes Plea.

Greenglass' punishment was far heavier than the three-to-five-year term pleaded for by his counsel, O. John Rogge, who told the court Greenglass "should be praised, not punished." Rogge also argued that leniency would cause other peni-tent offenders to come forward and expose espionage and that "if the Government wants help, it must

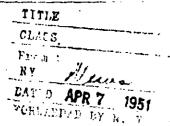
Nevertheless, Greenglass has a chance of going free in five years. He becomes eligible for parole consideration after serving one-third of his term—and Judge Kaufman, in his sentence, incorporated no recommendation against parole, as he did Thursday in handing Morton Sobell, a Rosenberg accomplice, 30 years.

Depends on Conduct.

Also, even if parole authorities should refuse to release him after five years, he would become auto-matically eligible for parole after 10 years, if his conduct has been good. Federal rules provide a remission of 10 days for each month of good behavior.

Greenglass, who testified at the trial that while at the Los Alamos, N. M., atom project he had been persuaded to transmit bomb information to the Rosenbergs and that

(Continued on page \$6, col. 5)





(NEWS foto by Ed Inckson) David Greenglass leaves court with U. S. dejuty marshal after hearing judge impose 15-year jail sentence.

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15-Year Term To Greenglass As A-Traitor

(Continued from page 3)

he later gave them further information, including drawings, at their Manhattan apartment, was led before Judge Kaufman at 2 P.M.

Saypol Suggests Mercy

U. S. Attorney Irving Saynol told the court the ex-sergeant's of-fense was "grave beyond possibility of doubt" and that the death sentence given the Rosenbergs also "could readily have been his," but that Greenglass merited mercy.

"could readily have been his," but that Greenglass merited mercy.

"This case could not have been proven without the information supplied by such persons as Max Elitcher, Harry Gold, Ruth Greenglass and the defendant David Greenglass." Saypol continued. He recommended 15 years.

In accepting the prosecutor's recommendation, Kaufmen told Greenglass his acts had been

In accepting the prosecutor's recommendation, Kaufman told Greenglass his acts had been "loathesome," but that recognition must be given for his help in bringing to justice "the arch criminals in this nefarious scheme, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg."

"You have at least not added to your aims by committing the crime

"You have at least not added to your sins by committing the crime of perjury," said the judge. "I realize the courage that was required for you to give your testimony.

Cites National Security.

"Our national security is more important than my personal feeling on the subject and more important than the punishment of any single individual. By your assist-

Judge Going On Vacation

Federal Judge Irving Kaufman, who presided for three weeks over America's first atom spy trial and spent a practically spepless week before deciding on the death sentence for Julius and Pihel Rosenberg will board a plane this morning for a vacating at Palm Beach, Fla.

ance in this case you have helped us strike a death blow to the trafficking in our military secrets to the advantage of a forcium nation

the advantage of a forcism nation.

"You, like so many other foolish men and women, believed that Soviet Russia was Utopia. You learned that when you enlisted in what you believed was a cause for the liberation of men you were in effect enlisting in the Russian Foreign Legion. However, you found your way back before the curtain fell on your life. You repented and brought to justice those who enlisted you in this cause."

Deputy marshals took Greenglass back to City Prison pending orders from Washington for his commitment to a federal institution.

Woman Screams at Her.

As Greenglass' wife started to leave the Federal Building in a taxi, a woman ran to the curb and began bersting her. "Come out and I'll tear you to pieces," the woman screamed a Mrs. Greenglass cowered in the cab.

A young student, his arms filled with books, asked the woman to stop. "She's had a hard ordeal," he_said of Mrs. Greenglass,

The woman turned and slapped the youth's face. "I was born in Austria, but I'm proud to be all American," she cried, Mrs. Greenglass' cab slid away during the diversion.

Emanuel H. Bloch, counsel for the Rosenbergs, filed a notice of appeal with the court yesterday, asking arrest of judgment and a new trial. The Rosenbergs and Sabell remained in local prisons yesterday. Marshal William 1. Corroll is waiting word from Washington on his request for permiasion to take the Rosenbergs the Sing Sing, which has full facilities for safeguarding the condenned. It is there they will be executed if eir appeals fail.

Spy Greenglass Given 15 Years

By GEORGE GRADY and WILFRED ALEXANDER

David Greenglass, 29, confessed spy, was let off with a 15-year sentence yesterday because he cooperated in exposing a Russian ring that stole U.S. atomic secrets. His brother-in-law and sister, Julius and Etnel Rosenberg, had been sentenced to douth 4 hours earlier as members in this netarious scheme," and

of the conspiracy, Federal Judge Irving R. Kaufman said the 15-year penalty—recommended by U.S. Attorney Saypol—is "a just sentence," neither light nor heavy."

Kaufman described the ex-Army sergeant's role in the plot as "loathsome" and "contemp-tible," but credited Greenglass with "helping us strike a death-blow to the trafficking of our military agents." secrets by ioreign

Showed Courage

The judge told the chunky deand her husband, to whom he referred as "the arch-criminals

added:

"You, at least, did not add to your sins by committing the additional crime of perjury."

Greenglass took his sentence calmly, as he had met the news of his sister's death penalty.
"She was stubborn," he reportedly told jailers. "She had

the same chance to get off that

The ex-GI's pretty wife, Ruth, collapsed against the rail in front of her first row seat and was un-

Later, on leaving the court-husband after a brief visit with her fendant he realizes it took courage husband, Mrs. Greenglass nar-to testify against his own sister rowly escaped a brush with a

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15-Year Term To Greenglass Continued from Page 1

woman, incensed at testimony during the trial, who shouted "you Communist" and threatened to "tear you to pieces if I get you out of that taxi."

you out of that taxi."

The can pulled away before she could get the door upen, but not before she slapped a young student who told her to "let thet woman alone." The aroused patriot identified herself as Bits. Margaret Weeks, of 336 E. 113th St., a native of Hungary, now a naturalized American.

Greeneliss' lawyer. O. John

Greenglass' lawyer, O. John Rogge, had pleaded for a lighter sentence for the Government's star witness, whose testimony also had brought a 30-year sentence to radar expert Morton Sobeli, a fourth member of the ring.

ally of more than five years might discourage other "juzy-thinking fanatics" from recanting and helping clean up "the whole story about espionage here."

Judge Kaufman was not moved by Rogge's 36-minute plea.

Judge Kaufman was not moved by Rogge's 36-minute plea.

He made no mention of parole in Greenglass' case, however, as he had in recommending that Sobell be denied any parole.

The absence of such a promouncement makes Greenglass eligible to apply for parole at the end of five years. The gravity of his offense probably will influence the Parole Board against acting favorably at that time, but with 10 days off each nounth for good behavior, he could be fired in about 11 years.

While Greenglass was being sentenced, attorneys for the Rosenbergs filed an appeal with the U. S. Court of Appeals.

Authorities at Sing Sing disclosed Federal officials have in played about facilities for Millionnberg there, and have been feder in the necessary to emple four matrons to guard a winner.

The government man seemed sururised when informed it cest

The government man seemed surprised when informed it cest \$13,000 for extra personnel while lonely hearts killer Martha 1800 was there for 18 months enter the long execution.

Greenglass Gets 15 Years; Judge Recognizes Spy's Aid

By WILLIAM R. CONKLIN

Standing on the spot where his sister, Ethel, received the death penalty Thursday for Soviet spying, David Greenglass, confessed atomic spy, was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment yesterday for his part in the spy plot.

Federal Judge Irving R. Kaufman, who sentenced Ethel Greenglass Rosenberg and her husband,
Julius, to death, imposed the sentence on Greenglass. Morton Sobell, fourth member of the spy
ring, is under a thirty-year sentence by the same judge. Anatoli
A. Yakovlev, former Soviet Vice
Consul here and a fifth defendant,
has been a fugitive since he left,
New York five years ago.

United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol, who recommended the fifteen-year term, said the earlier sentences met his views on punishment. Outside the court Mr. Saypol said Greenglass could be eligible for parole after serving five years. If he is not paroled, the prosecutor said, Greenglass could earn sufficient time off for good behavior to win release in about ten years.

Before imposing sentence on Greenglass, Judge Kaufman heard a thirty-six minute plea for a light sentence from O. John Rogge, former assistant Attorney General. The lawyer argued that Greenglass deserved "a pat on the back" instead of a stiff sentence for his courses in testifying against his relatives.

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Mr. Rogge repeated his recont the back" recommendation four times. Greenglass nad testified at the trial that he sent \$4,000 to Mr. Rogge from the \$5,000 given to him by Rosenberg to fice abroad.

Judge Kaufman conceded that Greenglass, by testifying for the Government, had clinched the case against Ethel and Julius Rosenberg for conspiracy to commit wartime espionage for the Soviet Union.

The judge recalled, however, that Greenglass had given Julius Rosenberg a sketch and a twelve-page description of the atom bomb in January, 1945, for transmission to Russia. That information, coming eight months before the A-bomb was dropped on Hiroshima, was Continued on Page 6, Column 6

the Government, I courage that was req to give your testimony. in a situation such as this, and I recognize that despite my own inclination to be more severe on The factors of boar of the revolting supportant than my personal feelment of any single individual. By your assistance in this case you have helped us strike a death blow; to the trafficking in our military secrets to the advantage of a foreign nation. Surfaced Lawly whom you writeless to what you believed was a cause for the Atorestion of mrn, you were

The uncovering of other espionage rings, which I am certain years later. mist, depends to a great extent with the sentencing of Green input the testimony of those members of the ring who recent, and ended a spy conspiracy that; the federal government of the ring was found in the sentencing of Green input the recent that the results of the recent that the re

in effect enlisting in the Russian Foreign Legion. *However, you found your way ... Within a few weeks Mr. Saype back before the curtain fell on will try William Pell, 52-year-ol your life. You repented and Columbia University physicist, or saying industries.

a complete story in this case and wife went back to their cold-watit has been of great assistance to flat at 265 Rivington Street on the ze the lower East Side for you

While Greengiers was being sentenced, attorneys for Julius an "It is obvious", the 40-year-old Ethel Rosenberg filed a notice of Jurist continued, "that the Gov-appeal with the United State appeal with the United Stat ernment gave due consideration to Court of Appeals. Emanuel 11. your assistance in their recom- Bloch took the appeal from Judy mendation. I have to be realistic Kaufman's sentence that the Re: enbergs die in the electric chair at Sing Sing in the week beginning on Monday, May 21. The attorney also appealed Judge Kaufman denial of a defense motion to a rest judgment and grant a no Mr. Bloch expects to argue th

ing on the subject, and, indeed, Judge Knufman errord in admitting more important than the punish- testimony on the Rosenbergs' Conmunist party affiliations to shothe motive for their acts. The de fense also objected to testimony h Elizabeth Bentley that she con versed by telephone with a "Julius in 1942, since the alleged con-spiracy did not begin until two

direction of the second of the

British priver here was Harry to I, who in tur led to Yakovley, the Green thate the Rosenbergs and Solell

brought to justice those who en- a four-count perjury indictment listed you in this cause. Justice One count is based on his denial does not seek revenge. Justice that he knew the Rosenbergs of seeks fustice; a punishment in balSobell, though the two men were ance with the gravity of your of- his classmates in City College ir fense, as against your aid to the 1938. Meantime, the Federal Bu-Government. I shall, therefore, reau of Investigation is following the Government recom-other leads on wartime espionage.

Greenglass Gets 15 Years as Spy; Judge Recognizes Aid to U.S. Case

Continued From Page 1

crucial in the Government's case. As another factor, testimony by Harry Gold at the trial implicated David and Ruth Greenglass, his wife, as active participants in the plot. Gold, serving a thirty-year sentence for his part, testified that he paid Greenglass \$500 for A-bomb information in Albuquerque, N. M., in June, 1945. Greenglass was then an Army. technical sergeant assigned to the Los Alamos atom bomb research station near Albuquerque.

When Mr. Rogge said "fuzzy thinking" about Russia was common here in 1945, Judge Kaufman

broke in to say:

"Let's get one thing clear. Russia did not come to our aid. We came to Russia's aid. Your argument is confusing to me, and I hope you are not trying to condone the actions of Greenglass. No American had the right to determine for himself how much aid

should be given to Russia."
"Let David Greenglass have a square deal," the attorney said. "Let's give him a pat on the back and encourage others to come for-ward and tell the whole story of espionage. Fanatics with rebellion in their hearts are going to betray this country no matter what the sentence is. They may even laugh at it. But if the Government wants help, it must give help. Any sentence of over five years would be so severe as to discourage anyone else from coming forward with information."

Judge Stresses Fairness

"You have stressed a light sentence," Judge Kaufman replied de-liberately. "I like to think that I never impose either a light sen-tence or a heavy sentence, but rather a just sentence within the framework of the facts in this ¢8,se.″

Leveling a stern gaze at the 29year-old defendant, Judge Kauf-

man said: "The fact that I am about to 1944. show you some consideration does by you in apprenenting and oring—showed no emotion at the sentences ing to justice the arch-criminals. He wore a double-breasted brown in this instarious scheme, Julius suit, a white shirt and a brown Rosenberg and interview. Eithel and white tie, and stood with hands and white tie, and stood with hands clasped behind his back. His wife to was twenty feet away from him.

Your sine by committing the crime

After Creangless was removed. your sins by committing the crime After Greenglass was removed of perjury. You confessed and told to City Prison at 3:30 o'clock his

E testimony.



David Greenglass leaving Federal Court after being sentenced The New York Times

mendation and sentence you to fifteen years in jail."

As the last words fell, Ruth Greenglass almost toppled from her front-row seat on the left of; the courtroom. After a stiffening shudder, the defendant's 27-year-, old wife dropped her have head forward to the rail and gripped; hard with her right hand to steady herself.

As a Government witness she had said she expected that she and her husband would be punished. but hoped they would not be. The Greenglasses are parents of a boy, 4%, and a 10-month infalt. Neither child had been born when the spy conspiracy began in June, .

Greenglass stood on the same not mean that I condone your acts or minimize them in any respect. They were loathesome. I must, however, recognize the help given by you in apprehending and bringshowed no emotion at the sentence.

complete story in this case and wife went back to their cold-water has been of great assistance to flat at 265 Rivington Street on the

Covernment I realize the lower East Side. While Greenglass was being sentenced, attorneys for Julius and

Greenglass Let Off With 15 Years for Aid in Spy Case

David Greenglass, 29, whose testimony as the government's star witness produced death sentences for his sister and her husband, was sentenced to a 15-year prison term in Federal Court Friday. He had pleaded guilty of espionage conspiracy, the charge on which Ethel and Ji lius Rosenberg were doomed Thursday and their co-defendant, Morteu Schell, received a 30-year sentence. Federal

Judge Irving R. Kaufman followed the recommendation of U.S. Attorney Irving Saypol in imposing the 15-year penalty on Greenglass, brother of Mrs. Rosenberg. The prosecutor recommended "tolerance for penitence, contributes, remorse and belated truth."

Judge Kaufman, who also sentenced the Rosenbergs and Sobell, and he considered 15 years varieties sentence."

"You helped us strike a death blow to the trafficking of our mister traffice of the property agents."

"You helped us strike a dealn blow to the trafficking of our mittary secrets by foreign agents," at told Greenglass, who stood with his hands clasped behind his back and showed no emotion.

The judge termed Greenglass' activities "loathesome" and "contemptible," but said recognition must be given his later aid to the government.

Greenglass had testified that while an Army sergeant assigned to the Los Alamos project he stole atom bomb secrets and turned them over to the Rosenbergs for transmission to Russia.

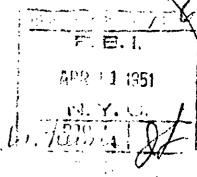
While he was being sentenced, counsel for the Rosenbergs filed an appeal from their verdict and death sentences in the U.S. Court of Appeals.

Rogge Urges 'Praise'

Greenglass' attorney, O. John Rogge, pleaded for a lesser sentence and told the court that his client "should be praised, not punished."

this full story

The attorney argued that "any sentence in excess of fice years" would defeat the purpose.



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Greenglass Up-For A-Spy Sentence

Related news on Page 13.

Former Army Sergeant David Breenglass, 28, comes up for senencing today for his part in the Boviet A-bomb spy conspiracy.

The pudgy confessed traitor was star witness against his sister and rother-in-law. Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, who were given the leath penalty yesterday for betraying atomic secrets to Russia in wartime.

Greenglass' fate will be pronounced by Federal Judge Irving Raufman, who imposed extreme sentences on the Rosenbergs and sentenced a 65-conspirator. Morton Sobell, 33, to prison for 30 years.

The ex-GI's help to the government in piling up evidence used at the trial of Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberg and Sobell was expected to be weighed in his favor when sentence is passed.

It was Greenglass who first implicated the Rosenbergs. He testified they talked him into stealing atomic secrets for the Russians while he was an Army technician at the Los Alamos, N. Mex., atomic plant in 1945.

Greenglass admitted he passed secret information to Harry Gold principal Philadelphia chemist and principal American contact of Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the British scientist. Both were netted in the spy roundup and sent to prison.

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FRI - NEW YORKS: APR 2 4 1951

Hint Mercy for Informers:

U.S. Hunts Others In Red Spy Ring



RETREAT UNDER FIRE... Beset by a heckler, Mrs. RUTH GREENGLASS hides behind magazine in taxi as she leaves the U.S. Court House after hearing her husband, David, tool of atomic spies, sentenced to 15 years.

Second-American Photo by 24 Fick-and

By HOWARD RUSHMORE

With two atomic spies on their way to the electric chair and two others sentenced to prison, the Government today turned its efforts to arrests of other members of the Communist espionage network.

David Greenglass, 29, a former Army sergeant at Los Alamos, escaped a long jail sentence and possibly death when Federal Judge Irving R. Kaufman sentenced him to 15 years.

Pointing out he did this only because of Grenglass' cooperation with the government, Kaufman stressed that Greenglass' testimony had been a help to national security

The sovernment hopes other may come forward and reself that soome forward and reeas that soomplices and U.S.



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inn was predicated on this as sumption.

Greenglass will begin serving his sentence next week while ha sister, Ethel Rosenberg, 35, and her husband, Julius, 32, fight to escape the electric chair.

AWAITS JAIL RULING.

Greenglass was the chief witness against his relatives in the trial which ended last week.

A notice of appeal, requesting arrest of judgment and a new trial, already was filed in behalf. of the Rosenbergs by their at-forney, Emanuel H. Rloch. Mc. They and radar axpert Martin Sobell, who got 30 years for a lesser part in the spy plot, remained mother of a bry 60% as a

in local prisons. The Rosenbergs are due to be transferred to Sing Sing Prison at Ossining, where they would be executed if their appeals fail.

Greenglass, who allegedly got \$540 for some of the most vital The proof of the billion-dollar Acan up to the cab in which Mrs.
Creenglass was leaving the Federal Building.
Come out and I'll fear you
to pieces. I was born in Auto pieces. I was born in Austria and I'm proud to be an
American."



to places, about Mrs. 14, 20 places, which we had at 11 to 12 places of the places of

months infant, separant to cold-water that at 365 R. et ... st.—under fire.

A woman who identified here self as Mrs. Margaret Werice 326 E. 113th st., an Austin's native now a naturalized ci' 75%. ran up to the cab in which Mrs. Greenglass was leaving the Foil-

Spy Greenglass Given 15 Years

David Greenglass, co 'essed' atom spy whose ter mony' helped doom his sister and brother-in-law, was sentenced today to 15 years in prisen.

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F91 - NEW YORK AL A! R 2 4 1951

The Lyons Den

.By Leonard Lyons =



The House Un-American Activities Committee will invade Broadway and investigate the New York theater influences... The bidding for the rights to Gen. MacArthur's memoirs—on a capital gains basis similar to Eisenhower's—now has passed the million-dollar mark. It would include all book, magazine and movie rights. Some publishers are pooling their offers, each hoping to get a percentage of the final deal... David Greenglass, who turned government witness in the atom spy case, and his wife, have sold their story to a Sunday newspaper. Ex-GI Greenglass will tell how he was recruited to reveal the atom bomb secret.

Donald Kingsley, head of the Intl. Refugee Organization, leturns from Europe today with two I.R.O. children he found abroad. They're Czech youngsters, and Kingsley has adopted them... The toughest timing break of the year came to Charles E. Wilson's assistant, Thompson, who waited until the appropriate moment to announce his resignation and list the reasons. On the release date of the Thompson story, MacArthur was recalled... Last week Lady Astof that Paul Gameo, and mistook him for Paul Jarrico, the writer who appeared before the House Un-American Activities Committee. Gallico is encountering much of this name confusion, particularly because so many people heard of "Paul Jarrico" only via the radio.

William O. Douglas Jr., now is a member of the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve... Beatrice Lillie files back from London April 29, to meet some TV deadlines... Senators Taft and Douglas were chosen to appear in the debate, at the A.S.N.E. meeting in Washington, because each had selected the other as the man he'd like most to debate against. Publisher Jack Knight was selected as moderator because his Illinois paper supported Douglas and his Ohio paper supported Taft, in their respective campaigns for reelection... Chief Justice Fred Vinson joined the President abourd the White House yacht last weekend.

In the movie to be made in N. Y. by the Council of the Living Theater, Gregory Peck will play the role of a young hopeful aided in a stage career by Katharine Cornell. It was that way in real life too: Miss Cornell gave Peck his start with an understudy's role in "Doctor's Dilemma"... Some of the entertainment industry figures subpensed to appear in Washington will not be called at the open hearings. At the private sessions they convinced the committee of their innocence... Truman, Earkley and Bill Boyle have decided the '52 convention will be held either in Philip delphia or Chicago.

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The front-pages here on Sunday reported that Arthur MacArthur, atteilding his first big-league game in his first week in America, had received a glove, autographed haschall, Giant cap and jacket, and had become a Giant fan. But this wasn't his first big-league outfit, When I visited the MacArthurs in Tokyo, I left a St. Louis Cardinal baseball for the boy. Mrs. MacArthur told me that she herself is a Cleveland fan, because she'd been a Tris Speaker admirer. When I returned I mentioned this to Speaker, who sent Mrs. MacArthur an autographed haseball, and to Arthur MacArthur a Cleveland Indian uniform complete with spikes.

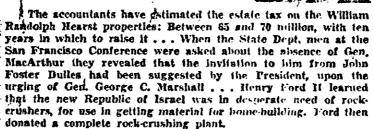
The Duke of Wellington, now visiting here, was so anxious to see "Guys & Dolls" that he said he'd be willing to sit on the steps. Cy Feuer, co-producer of the show, sent words: "We'h arrange it—but on condition that the Duke doesn't wear his sword." . . . Lester Markel, the Sunday Times editor, was asked about the rumor that the N. Y. Times would start printing a Broadway column. "It's true," he said. "And it will be written, of course, by Dr. James B. Conant" . . . During her appearance in Dallas. Margaret Truman visited the Neiman-Marcus store, where models in new gowns were paraded. Miss Truman selected no gown. She ordered the smock the models were between gown trials.

David Lilienthal, ex-head of the Atomic Energy Commission, saw Mike Disalte at a party in Washington and expressed no sympathy for the Price Stabilizer. "After you leave office, you restree that the hot spot is great place," said Liliendial. "There's always excitement. It's good, even if you're the target—us long as you feel you're doing the right thing"... Among the thousands of suggestions to the Price Stabilizer, incidentally, was one from the dean of a college who advised: "Why not just paste the eciling prices in every store. Sure it's simple, but the simple things usually are the best." Mr. Disalle wrote a reply: "You're wrong. And, by the way, are simple students usually the best ones?"

Alexander F. Jones, the new president of the "merican Society of Newspaper Editors, said yesterday: "Old newspapermen don't fade away. They get stuffy and become editors"... Lewis, the stage producer, walked by the new UN Building and referred to it as "Homburg Heaven"... Veteran courtreom observers predict that the attempt by Ethel Rosenberg, the atom bomb spy, to be transferred from the death house at Sing Sing will fail. It is true that her husband and co-defendant hasn't be n sent to the Death House yet—but in order to return Mrs. Rosenberg to N. Y., at least 30 prisoners first would have to be moved from the Women's House of Detention to isolate her as prescribed by the rules governing doomed prisoners.

Rudy Halley has been vacationing at a retreat near Holly-wood, Fla.... Hungary's original demands, in exchange for Vogeler's release, included electronics equipment from Vestinghouse and RCA... Maurice Chevaller, who was refused admission to the U.S.A. because he signed the Stockholm Peace Petition, will deny Red sympathies and explain that he didn't quite und retain the petition—because it was hended: "Are You for Peace or fort War?" Chevaller also will state that the same petition was signed by the Queen Mother of Beigium and by many French stars, including one who recently made a triumphant visit to N. C.

yons Den



Ludwig Bemelmans attended the fabulous costume Gala in Venice wearing the costume of a waiter. Ecmelmans, who once was a waiter at the Ritz, had no invitation to the Gala and arranged to attend as a real waiter. He took notes for a magazine story about it . . . The sponsors of last night's "Toast of the Town" telecast a dramatization of the career of Oscar Hammerstein II. paid Carol Bruce in full, although she didn't appear. Miss Bruce was standing by, in the event that trouble arose over the appearance of Lena Horne. Henry Dunn, of the Theater Authority, threatened to yank the show if Miss Horne were stopped from appearing . . . U. S. Atty. Saypol, designated for a court post, will resign before the campaign begins.

Jake LaMotta, the ex-middleweight champ, thinks Randy Turpin will beat Ray Robinson on Wednesday. "I saw Turpin reading comic books, while Robinson has a doctor with him." La-Motta reasoned. "It means Robinson's nervous about it and Turpin ain't" . . . Adam Di Gatano, of the dancing Di Gatanos, was stricken during a performance in Kansas City and now is in an oxygen tent at Menorah Hospital there . . . Of the 49 women invited by Gen. Marshall to join his committee to help recruitment. 46 responded favorably. Of the remaining three, two are ill and the third, Irene Dunne, is in Europe and couldn't be reached in time.

John Osborne, editor of Life's editorial page, is moving to Washington for the Luce publications. He will be replaced here by the man he succeeded, Jack Jessup . . . Sylvia Sidney will tour the country in Clifford Odets' hit of last scason, "Country Girl," as soon as the producers find a leading man to meet her approval . . . Gen. Tony Biddle, now in Paris as a member of SHAPE staff, serves as Gen. Eisenhower's official Military Diplomat. Mary Lawrence, wife of Col. Jock Lawrence, heard Gen. Biddle ask: "What kind of uniform should I wear as Military Diplomat?" She suggested: "A green official blouse, and striped trousers."

King Farouk of Egypt was at the gainbling casinos in Cannes last week, contrary to the reports that he had stopped his spree. At the high-stake chemin-de-fer table the King of Egypt was asked hy one of the players what he thought would happen to the world in the next few years . . . "I believe that soon there will be only five Kings left in the whole world," replied Farouk. "The King of Hearts, the King of Spades, the King of Clubs, the King of Dismonds-and, maybe, the King of England."

Buddy Hackett, the comic, insists that when he sought the help of a psychoanalyst to cure him of his inferiority complex, the psychoanalyst told him: "You have no complex. You really ARE inferior"... Grace Hayes, owner of the Red Rooster night-club in Las Vegas—the only club in town where there's no FORWARDED BY H. Y. D. y. gambling-faces condemnation of her property, which is needed to effect a widening of the street. She's dissatisfied with the condemnation fee suggested, and so threatens to sit on the doorstep with a rifle, to shoot any deputies who try to take her place away

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The Lyons Den

By Leonard Lyons :

Ex-Sgf. David Greenglass, the Atom Bomb spy whose testimony helped convict his sister and brother-in-law, soon may be moved from the Federal prison, so that his testimony can be used in a new Red investigation . . . One of the world's forenost scientistsa Nobel Prize winner-who was invited to come to America to attend a dinner in N. Y. this month, had to cancel the trip because he was unable to get an American vies. The State Dept. insists he has a questionable political record . . . Baron Gotts ied Von Cramm will be on the German Davis Cup team ag in. His entry will be protested because of his record.

Both Rocky Compitello, the middleweight, and Jack Appel, the referee he knocked down and kicked last we'k tibe boxer later was freed when Appel refused to prees an assault charge against him) will lose their licenses. Bob Christenberry, the Boxing Commissioner, feels that in refusing to take strong action Appel was inviting attacks against other referees. Thilly Rose is negotiating to re-open his Diamond Horse-hoe nightclub again . . Hallmark is releasing two more pointing, by Winston Churchill for its Christmas card trede. One is a Hely Land scene painted in '36, the other a drawing room interior ainted in '25.

The Aga Rhan is expected to arrive in this nuntry within the next few days. Because of his control of the surse strings, he's the only one empowered to make a final discusition of the Rita Hayworth-Aly Khan estrangement . . . This I syworth, incldenially, negotiated a final settlement of her U. A income tax matters, for \$15,000. The original problem evolved around the disallowance of a tax loss on her investment in Orson Welles' musical, "Around the World." Miss Hayworth's tix settlement automatically places a \$15,000 limit on We'tes' I bility, which means he can return here without any difficulties.

Bob Blaikle, the insurgent Democratic district le der vano heat Tammany three years' runnings he supported CDR in, the Mayor and now Rudy Halley-has been fighting Frank C stello's influence in Tammany. Costello soon will be tried at the Tederal Court here. Mrs. Blaikie was on the Grand Jury which included him . . . When producer-director-writer Jeshua Logan beard that Rosalind Russell had read over 100 new plays in seeking one in which to return to Broadway, he told her: "For stors like you, plays aren't -found; they're written" . . . Robin Morgan, the It year-old who plays the role of Dagmar Hansen in TV's "I Reme ther Mama," visited the UN Building where a Scandinavian offic it asked her, "Are you Norwegian by birth?" The young actiess told him: "No. Only_by television."

The counsel for the convicted Communist leaders, sentenced for contempt of court arising out of their behavior before Judge: Medina, still are unable to find a distinguished lay see to represent them before the U. S. Supreme Court. There are so few able. available lawyers willing, in these times, to represent people who by have anything to do with Communists, that a novel reme may he presented at the forthcoming trial of the newest batch of indicted Red leaders: One of them told a prominent member of the N. Y. hae that in all likelihood they'll use no lawyer at 111, and 👾

as their own counsel.

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David Greenglass, who was semenced to a poson term after he testified against the Atom Bomb spies, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, is doing draftsmanship in prison and has invented a "Shower Valet." The drawings are all finished, but he can't patent it as yet because he hasn't the money. When Betty Hut on opens at the Palace Theater it will be for a four-week tun. O. John Rogge, who is suing his former client, the Civil Rights Congress' Hall Fund, can't serve the subpenss on the directors, ilamment, Fatterson, Green and Hunton. Rogge therefore will give the documents to the marshal.

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GREENGLASS DATA OLD, ROGGE SAYS

Lawyer Denies Atom Spy, Who Will Testify Friday, Gave 'Important Information'

By EDWARD RANZAL

O. John Rogge, counsel for David Greenglass, denied yesterday the contention of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's subcommittee that the confessed atom-spy had supplied "important information on espionage in the radar field."

Mr. Rogge said that Greenglass had been cooperative when questioned last Thursday by staff members of the Senate Permanent. Subcommittee on Investigations at the Federal Prison at Lewisburg, Pa. He added, however, that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had covered in great detail every aubject explored by the subcommittee and the full story had previously been told to the F. B. I.

Nonetheless, Francis P. Carr, executive director of the subcommittee, announced yesterday that Greenglass would testify on Friday at a closed session at the United States Court House, Foley Square.

Senator McCarthy, Wisconsin Republican who heads the subcommittee, will be on hand here today to continue the subcommittee's investigation of espionage and communist activities in the Army's Signal Corps.

Trail Led to Greenglass

Greenglass, now serving fifteen years for his part in a warlime atom-spy plot, is the brother of the executed spy, Ethel Rosenberg. He testified against his sister and brother-in-law, Julius Rosenberg, who also was executed for atomic spying.

In Senator McCarthy's investigation of the Fort Monmouth, N. J., radar laboratories, Rosenberg's name cropped up so frequently that the subcommittee has indicated that Rosenberg organized an espionage ring there. Rosenberg was employed at Fort Monmouth for several years during World War II.

Thus, the subcommittee's espionage trail led again to Greenglass.

There were three points in which the subcommittee was most interested. Reference to each can be found in Green lass' direct testimony at the Resemberz trial.

mony at the Rosenberg trial.

Greenglass was asked what he knew about Joel Barr. At the trial he said that Rosenberg had told him that Barr, who also had worked at Fort Monmouth, was an important member of Rosenberg's espionage ring. Rosenberg said he told Greenglass that Earr fled the country by obtaining a passport, for Belgium in 1948.

8 More Are Questioned

Greenglass also repeated for the subcommittee the story told by Rosenberg that the latter had stolen a proximity fuse while Rosenberg was working for the Emerson Radio and Phonograph Corpotation. The fuse, a one-time military secret, wis used to explode artillery shells.

The last point covered the period after Greenglass' release from the Army. The prisoner had a job with the Arma Corroration, manufacturers of classified material. Resemberg coked Greenglass to supply statistics to the ring, according to the testimony, and Greenglass refused.

Meanwhile, eight more witnesses were questioned yesterday by Roy M. Cohn, chief counsel for the subcommittee.

In another explonage investigation, Harry Gold, also a confessed atom spy now serving thirty years, supplied the Senate Internal Security subcommittee with a second sworn affidavit in four days.

In it, he further linked Alexander Svencharsky, former Americal radio broadcaster for the Russian section at United Nations headquarters, with a Soviet spyring.

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Greenglass Told M'Carly
Nothing New, Says Lawy ar
O. John Rogge, counsel for convicted atom spy David C een-

O. John Rogge, counsel for convicted atom spy David C eenglass, said today he was sure Greenglass had given Sen. Mc-Carthic sentecommittee ne more information than he had previously given the FBI.

McCarthy investigators talked to Greenglass in the federal prison at Lewisburg, Pa., last Thursday in connection with their investigation of alleged espionage activities in radar laboratories at Fort Monmouth, N. J. McCarthy had said Greenglass had supplied "important information on espionage in the radar field. But Rogge said Greenglass told him the committee.

But Rogge said Greenglass told him the committee had gotten nothing new of any material substance from him. It was all, be said, what Greenglass had told the FBI many months ago.

NY POST

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Mac Must Quiz Greenglass in Jail As Brownell Sets Prison Rules

Senator Joseph R. McCarthy he wants to question convicted up a series of closed hearings must go to a Federal prison if atomic spy David Greenglass. In New York yesterday into pession

Brownell Jr. laid down a set Monmouth, N. J., signal corps of new rules yesterday pro- laboratory where the Army deviding that Congressional com- velops top secret radar defense mittees must go to the prison equipment. Open hearings will where a convict is held if begin here next Thursday. they Kant to question bim.

McCarthy had hoped to bring Greenglass before his permanent investigating subcommittee in New York for questioning about security leaks in the Army's radar program.

had said he wanted to inter-oner must state that the com-view Greenglass next week, but mittee has approved the reanother of Brownell's rules pro-quest by vote, and must tell vides that a written application the purpose and subjects of the to see the prisoners must be interview.

made 10 days before the date of The committee must have a the interview.

ment regulations as he wound Attorney General

Attorney General Herbert sibbe espionage at the Fort

The rules provide that a member of the committee, not just a staff assistant, must be present at the interview. Two of McCarthy's aides interviewed Greenglass at the Lew-Isburg, Pa., prison last week. Brownell ruled that the ap-The Wisconsin senator also plication to interview a pris

member at the questioning and, McCarthy had no immediate a stenographic transcript must comment or the Justice Depart- he supplied afterwards to the

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Rosenberg Kin At Probe Today

Greenglass Helped Send Pair to Chair

By IRWIN SAFCHIR

WASHINGTON, April 21 (INS). — Atom spy David Greenglass, 34, who helped send his sister and brother-in-law to the electric chair, was called by Senate investigators today to fell of his role in the Rosenberg espionage ring.

The former mechanic, now serving a 15-year sentence at the Lewisburg, Pa., Federal Penitentiary, was the brother of Ethel Rosenberg, executed along with her husband Julius in 1953 following a trial at which Greenglass was a key government witness.

In today's appearance before the Senate Internal Security subcommittee. Greenglass was expected to follow the lead of Harry Gold, another convicted atom spy. in telling all about his career in espionage work.

Gold testified for nearly three hours before the subcommittee yesterday — with Greenglass seated only two chairs away

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Senathrs Hear Greenglass:

Rosenbergs Labeled Hypocritical Martyrs

By IRWIN SAFCHIK

WASHINGTON, April 27 (INS)—Convicted atom spy David Greenglass said Friday that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were "hypocrites" who deliberately "martyred" themselves for the Soviet cause.

Emotionally, he told the Senate Internal Security sub-



David Greenglass (right) confers with Harry Gold during hearing.

committee that he "still has affection" for the Rosenbergs, his sister and brother-in-law, though his testimony helped

send them to the electric chair.

"It's a hard thing to be called a munierer." Greenglass said, "but to martyr yourself deliberately for a completely erroneous cause is the most hypocritical and ridiculous thing you could do."

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HE SAID HIS aged mother refused to mourn for her daughter when Ethel and Julius were executed for espionago in 1953. He explained that Mrs. Greenglass had implored Ethel to "think of her children" and admit her crimes, but Ethel refused. The stocky, bespeciacled, 34-

The slocky, bespeciacled, 34year-old witness recently lost a plea for parole from the 15year term he is serving at the Lewisburg, Pa., Federal penitentiary for his role in the apy ring.

Describing his unhappy career as a Red agent, Greenglass repeated much of the testimony which led to the conviction of the Rosenbergs,

HE SAID HE became a spy while in the Army in 1944 at the urging of Julius Rosenberg, his "mentor," and tried later to "get out from under the tangled web" of his "crumbled" beliefs. He was never a member of the Communist party.

Greenglass and Harry Gold, mother key figure in the Rosenberg ring and now serving a 3d year term at Lewisburg, were lauded by Sen. Jenner (R.-Ind.) for "great courage" in festifying. Gold festified Thursday and affended Friday's hearing.

Subcommittee counsel Rebert Morris said their testimony was "in refreshing contrast" to that of some other witnesses and will aid the Schale group in its work. Morris added: "If many more people like this came forward, it would not be long before the Soviet underground would be smashed."

He said Rosenberg was "paymaster" for Reds in American colleges and masterminded the Soviet ring assigned to learn the secret of the atomic bomb which the U.S. was developing during World War II.

He said Julius and Ethel tried to the end to hide their activities, disregarding the effect their execution would have on their two children and other loved ones.

GREENGLASS declared: "I finally made my decision and testified. These were my flesh and blood and I felt offection for them and still feel affection. "But at any time that these

"But at any time that these people would have wanted not to be martyred they could just as easily have put their land out and said, "sop!"

ROSENBERGS HELD FUTILE 'MARTYRS'

Greenglass Says Atom Spies Died for 'Erroneous Cause'

of World Communism

"WASHINGTON, April 27 (CP)
-David Greenglass said today
that his sister and brother-inilaw, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg,
had deliberately become martyrs
for the "completely erroneous"
cause of world communism.

The 34-year-old former Army machinist, who is serving a fifteen-year prison term for slipping atomic secrets to the Rosenberg spy ring, told the Senate Internal Security subcommittee that such martyrdom was "the most hypocritical thing a person tean do."

He said that he had at times been sorry he gave the testimony that helped to send the Rosenbergs to the electric chair in 1953.

1953.

h "These were my flesh and slood," he added. "I felt affection for them."

Mother's Pice at Sing Sing

"He declared that the Rosenbergs "could have stopped me at any time if they had told their story," but that they had "refused."

He said that he had told to the Federal Bureau of Investigation "the whole story" of his spy activities upon his arrest in 1950. He added that their mother had visited his sister in Sing Sing Prison and begged her to follow his example.

"You're not my mother," he quoted his sister as replying. "Leave I don't want anything more to do with you. You're as bad as Dave."

He told the subcommittee that his mother afterward disowned Ethel, declaring "she's no daughter of mine." He added that when Ethel was executed his mother refused to go through Shiva, the traditional Jewish mourning service.

mourning service.

The story by Greenglass carried a repetition of the remorse and repentence expressed yesterday by his fellow-spy, Harry Gold. Gold, who received a 30-year sentance, is also in the Federal prison at Lewisburg, Pa. Greenglass, short, stocky former foreman of the nomic laboratory at Los Alamos, N. M., told the subcommittee how Julius Rosenberg became his "mentor" in communiam and recruited him as a spy.

Gave Secrets to Courier

He testified that in June, 1945, in gave Gold, courier for the ring, dagrams of the high-explosive lens molds that were the bomb. He said that he also furnished a list of wenty or twenty-five possible say recruits among scientists at Lis Alamos. He declared that his belief in in 1945 when he realized that he was stealing for "devastation on a tremendous scale."

There came a point where I

couldn't overrule what was staring me in the face," he went on "Every pelies. I had had to be "Every pelies. I had had to be run. I tiled every way I could to get out from under this entangling web,"

After he left the army, he testified, Julius Rosenberg urged him to attend college. He quoted Rosenberg as saying that the Russians would help pay his expenses to increase his contacts among atomic scientists. He said that Rosenberg had told him he was helping several such students.

He told the Senators that when "things were getting hot" Rosenberg twice suggested that he leave the country. He added that Rosenberg once told him they both would "just take off and go if it gets too hot."

Greeng ass said that he believed in communism and had been a number of the Young Communist League, but had never joined the communist party because he could not accept party discipline.

rept party discipline.

"I'd rather lie in bed on Sunday morning than be up at 7 o'clock shoving Daily Workers under people's doors," he commented.

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Mother Disouned Them

Greenglass Hits Rosenbergs As 'Hypocritical' Martyrs

WASHINGTON, Apr. 27.—
Convicted atom spy David is "the most hypocritical thing Greenglass said today that his a person can do."
sister and brother-in-law, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, deliberately became martyrs for the most hypocritical thing a person can do."
Greenglass, now serving a fifteen-year prison term for givately became martyrs for the ing atomic secrets to the Rosenberg spy ring, said he has at times been sorry he gave the

world dommunism.

The thirty-four-year-old for-testimony that helped to send mer Arky machinist told the the Rosenbergs to the electric chair in 1953

"These were my flesh and blood . . . I felt affection for them," he said haltingly. But he added that the Rosenbergs "could have stopped me at any time if they had told their story . . . but they refused."

Greenglass, who said he told the P. B. I. "the whole story" of his spy activities upon his arrest in 1950, told how his mother visited Etherin Sing Sing Prison and begged her to follow his example.

"You're not my mother." he quoted his sister as replying. Leave. I don't want anything more to do with you. You're as bad as Dave."

He said that his mother afterward disowned Ethel, de-Continued on page 4, column 5 DATED 4/28/56
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Rosenbergs

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tation on a tremendous scale."
"There came a point where I couldn't overrule what was starclaring "She's no daughter of "Every belief I had had to be mine." He added that when re-examined I realized I had

Urged To Be Student

etition of the remorse and repentance expressed yesterday by his fellow spy, Harold Gold, Gold, who received a thirty-year sentence, also is serving his term in lorder to increase his contents. He said after he left the Army, Lewisburg, Pa., Federal prison. among atomic scientists. He said Rosenberg told him he was help-

spy recruits among scientists at itself because he could not accept party discipling.

"I'd rather lie in bed on Sunmunism began to crumble in day morning than be up at 7 1945 with he realized that he o'clock shoving 'Delly Wickers' was stealing secrets for "devas-hinde; people's door ." he r. id.

he the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.= The U.S. Parole Board says it will give "full review" to the parole application of David Greenglass, convicted for atom spy activities during World War II.

The board made that announcement yesterday after a hearing on the application. Greenglass has served eight years of a 15-year sentence on his admission that he was a member of the Rosenberg apy ring. The board has turned down Greenglass parole requests three times in the past. Greenglass was the chief-witness against his sister, Ethel Rosenberg, who with her housband, Julius, was con-

gicted of espionage for Russia. They were executed in 1953. Robert Morris, counsel for the Senate internal security subcommittee, appeared at yesterday's parole board hear-

ing to urge clemency for Greenglass. He said the convicted spy had earned parole by cooperating with the Senate committee and other federal agencies.

Greenglass is being held at Lewisburg (Pa.) Federal ren itentiary.

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MRS. GREENGLASS DIES Mother of Ethal Rosenberg, Executed in 1952 as Spy

Mrs. Tessie Greenglass of 64
Sheriff Street, mother of Mrs.
Ethel Rosenberg, who was executed in 1953 as a spy, died on Friday at LeRoy Hospital. Her age was 75. She was the widow of Darmet-Greenglass.

Mrs. Rosenberg's husband, Julius, was executed with her for the same crime. Surviving Mrs. Greenglass are

for the same crime.

Surviving Mrs. Greenglass are two sons, Bernard and Daild, the latter of whom is serving a fifteen year sentence in Federal prison for complicity in the espionage case.

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SEARCHEOL 1984 WAS TO FEBRUARY STORY TO THE STORY TO THE

Frechted Sov's

Mrs. Tessie Greenglass, 75, of 64 Sheriff St., mother of executed atom spy Ethel Rosenberg and of David Greenglass, now serving 15 years for conspiracy to give the Russians secret information during World War II, died last Friday in Leroy Hospital and was buried Sunday, it became known yesterday. Private services were held in the Brettschneider fureral home, 49 E. Seventh St.

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Greenglass Loses Fourth Parole Plea

By the United Press.

WASHINGTON, March 21.

The United States Parole
Board refused today to free
David Greenglass, a member
of the Rosenberg atom apy

ring.
Greenglass, who has served cight years of his 15-year sentence at the Lewisburg (Pa.)

Federal Penitentiary, became eligible for parole April 5, 1956. Three previous applica-

tions have been rejected.

He testified against his sister, Mrs. Ethel Rosenberg, who subsequently was executed with her husby to a stem spice.

as atom spies. Last January, Robert Morris, Sounsel of the Senate internal Security subcommittee, asked the Parole Board to release Greenglass

Board to release Greenglass because the prisoner had been cooperating with United States intelligence agencies.

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Greenglass Parole Denied

WASHINGTON, Mar. 21 th.

The Federal Parole Board refused today for the fourth time
to free atom spri David Greenglass.

Greenglass, who has served sever years of a fifteen-year sentence at Lewisburg Federal Penitentiary, was a member of the Rosenberg atom spy ring. He helped send his sister and brother-in-law—Julius and Ethel Rosenberg—to the electric chair by testifying against

them.

Greenglass became eligible for parole April 5, 1956. Robert Morris, counsel for the Senate Internal Security subcommittee, asked the parole board in January to free Greenglass because he had been co-operating with United States intelligence agencies.

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Greenglass Rlea Denied

WASHINGTON, March 21 (UP).—The U.S. Parole Board refused today for the fourth time to free atom spy David Greenglass.

glass.

Greenalss who has served seven years of a 15-year sentence at Lewisburg Penitentiary, was a member of the Rosenberg atom spy ring.

HE HELPED send his sister and brother-in-law—Julius and Ethel Rosenberg—to the electric chair by testifying against them.

Greenglass became eligible for parole April 5, 1956. In all he has made four applications for parole,

Repert Morris, counsel for the Senale Internal Security subcommittee, asked the parole board in January to free Greenglass tecause he had been cooperating with U.S. Intelligence agencies.

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