

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT Arthur Kinoy

FILE NO. 100-118562

VOLUME NO. 3

SERIALS 186

thru

225

NOTICE

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File No: 100-118562

Re: ARTHUR KINOH

Date:

3/78

(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
186	5/5/77	FILE - SERIAL CHARGE OUT	1	1		
187	12/1/64	NY REPORT TO HQ Caption: 3rd Party	5	5		
188	12/1/64	NY Letter TO HQ	2	2		
189	1/3/64	NY Letter TO HQ Serial pulled from this file under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis Smith sent to National Archives	1	1		
190		Caption: 3rd Party				
191	12/1/64	SA TO SAC Memo Caption: 3rd Party	2	2		
192	2/4/64	SA TO SAC Memo Caption: 3rd Party	2	0		
193	2/10/64	NY Letter TO HQ Caption: 3rd Party, NY AT	8	8		
194	2/10/64	TO HQ CT, CE, NO, RH. Caption: 3rd Party	2	2		
195	2/4/64	SA TO SAC Memo Caption: 3rd Party, NY	2	1		
196	2/13/64	SA TO SAC Memo Caption: 3rd Party	3	1		
197	2/17/64	NY SA TO SAC Memo	3	1		

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque, New York

NEW YORK FILES

2070

-2-

Inventory Worksheet
FD-503 (2-18-77)VOLUME 3REVIEWED BY meoDate: 3/12
(month/year)File No: 100-118562Re: ARTHUR KINoy

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
198	12/1/64	NY Letter to Director Caption Third Party	1	1		
199	2/4/64	NY Letter to HQ Caption Third Party	3	3		
200	2/23/64	NY Letter to HQ Caption Third Party	3	3		
201	3/20/64	CC Letter to HQ Caption Third Party	23	0		
202	3/20/64	CC ALT to HQ Caption Third Party	4	2		
203	3/19/64	NY SA to SAC Memo Caption Third Party	3	0		
204	3/26/64	HQ Letter to NY Caption Third Party	8	7		
205	3/26/64	NY ALT to Director Caption Third Party	2	2		
206	3/26/64	NY Letter to HQ Caption Third Party	3	3		
207	3/20/64	NY ALT to HQ Caption Third Party	2	2		
208	3/26/64	HQ Letter to CC Caption Third Party	3	3		
209	3/26/64	NY Letter to HQ	2	2		

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque, New York

FBI/DOJ

File No: 100-118562

Re: ARTHUR KINAY

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
		caption Third Party				
210	3/14/64	WFO Interoffice Memo caption Third Party, WFO	6	0		
211	3/25/64	SA TO SAC memo caption Third Party	4	4		
212	4/7/64	HQ Letter TO CC caption Third Party	3	3		
213	4/7/64	WFO Letter TO HQ caption Third Party	2	2		
214	3/14/64	WFO SA TO SAC memo caption Third Party	4	4		
215	3/15/64	SA TO SAC memo	2	2		
216	4/22/64	NY Letter TO HQ verification of info-	1	1		
217	5/18/64	mation on sec. Index cards. caption Third Party	1	1		
218	5/22/64	NY Letter TO HQ caption Third Party	13	9		
219	5/22/64	NY Letter TO HQ	2	2		
220	6-11-64	1 LHM in front of Serial caption Third Party LHM Berni Serial	6	0		
221	6/11/64	IDE Letter TO HQ	5	0		

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque, New York

REVIEWED BY

Date:

(month/year)

[illegible]

FBI/DOJ

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FEDERAL BUREAU

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APR 10 1974 Y 371

of

P. Kept...
[Redacted]
#46 7/9/64

INVESTIGATION

Bureau File Number

100-218210

S.I.

[Redacted]
[Redacted]
[Redacted]
b7c

Also Nos.

100-144869(p)

#46
#46

[Redacted]

b7c

CLASSIFICATION NO.

Volume Number

Serial 100-144869

3

2285

File-Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

418-10-22473-1 GPO

100-118562-186 Date 5/5/77

File _____ Class ☐ Pending ☐ Closed Case No. _____ Last Serial _____
Serial No. _____ Description of Serial _____ Date Charged _____

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bu-
airtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77,
titled; Bernard S. Lee v.
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.
BuFile 62-117194

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

23

5/5/77

To

From

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location

~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Party, United States
of America - Negro Question
Communist Influence In Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

The "New York Herald Tribune" issue of August 14, 1963, page 7, column 1, contains an article captioned "Thurmond Assails A Leader of March". The article stated that, in answer to charges by Senator Strom Thurmond, Bayard Rustin admitted joining the Young Communist League (YCL) in 1936. Rustin also reportedly stated that he broke completely with the YCL in June, 1941.

Rustin

The YCL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The "Daily Worker", issue of February 25, 1957, page 1, column 1, contained an article which stated that Bayard Rustin, Executive Secretary, War Resisters League, was one of eight non-communist observers at the Communist Party National Convention in 1957.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958.

Re: Communist Party, United States
of America - Negro Question
1. Communist Influence in Social Matters
Internal Security-C APPENDIX

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES
COMMITTEE

On March 9, 1961, a source advised that the New York Council To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAUAC), 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York, was formed at a meeting held in New York City on November 17, 1960. This organization was founded principally through the efforts of FRANK WILKINSON, Field Representative of the National Committee To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

A second source advised on September 17, 1952, that FRANK WILKINSON was a Communist Party member as of September, 1952.

A third source furnished on September 14, 1961, a copy of resolutions of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) which were adopted by the NYCAHUAC. One such resolution affirmed the intention to continue to work for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) and to continue its efforts to broaden the participation in this fight. Another resolution accepted as a modus vivendi the suggestion of the Field Representative of the "National Committee to Abolish the HCUA" (NCAHUAC) namely that local abolition committees may identify and co-ordinate their efforts as closely as they desire with NCAHUAC, still maintaining their autonomy for as flexible and independent a program as possible.

Various sources have advised during March, 1962, that Communist Party (CP) members in the New York City area have been solicited to support activities of the NYCAHUAC during attendance at CP club meetings.

On May 6, 1963, the first source advised that the NYCAHUAC continues to function from its office at 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York.

All sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Bureau 100-3-116

New York, New York
January 21, 1964

Re: Communist Party, United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence
In Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

On January 19, 1964, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information that on that date Bayard Rustin stated Martin Luther King wants him (Rustin) to come to a three day conference which King is holding in North Carolina. Rustin also stated that King told him that it was imperative that he come to this conference, and Rustin also mentioned that this conference would "bring 25 key people together."

On January 20, 1964, the same source furnished information that Rustin would take a United Airlines Flight from Newark, New Jersey, on January 20, 1964, at 12:30 p.m., and would arrive in Asheville, North Carolina, at 4:29 p.m. He also indicated that on Wednesday (January 22, 1964) he would depart from Asheville at 4:15 p.m. and arrive at Newark at 7:39 p.m.

With respect to the foregoing information, it is to be noted that Martin Luther King is having a "retreat conference" at Black Mountain, North Carolina, starting on January 20, 1964, which is to be attended by officials of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference and others.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED ON 2/2/78 -
BY 6922 WNP/mt
Based on review of Rustin
biography in David Bellinger
law suit

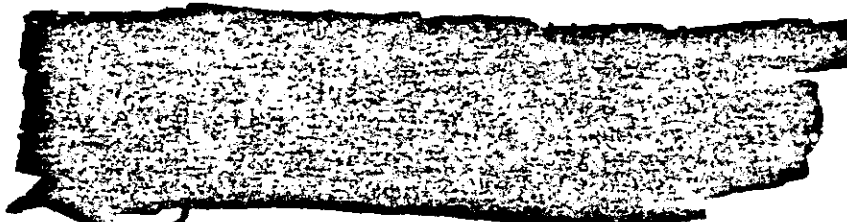
Group 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 3/15/77

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

Communist Party, United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

On January 19, 1964, the same source furnished information which indicated that Bill Kunstler contacted Rustin on that date. Kunstler said he would like to meet with Rustin, but Rustin explained that he was leaving to spend three days with Martin Luther King. Rustin mentioned that he had been offered a job in the National Association For the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), but he stated that he feels this is just an effort to control him and that he plans to reject it. Kunstler agreed that the NAACP wants "to put a blanket" on Rustin. Kunstler stated that both he and Arthur Kinoy would talk to Rustin upon his return from seeing King about the (civil rights) movement.



~~SECRET~~

Re: Communist Party, United States
of America - Negro Question
Communist Influence In Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

William Kunstler is on the Board of
Directors of the Gandhi Society For
Human Rights.

[REDACTED] b7d
A confidential source, who has furnished
reliable information in the past, advised
on October 29, 1962, that a rally was held
on October 24, 1962, sponsored by the New
York Council to Abolish the House Un -
American Activities Committee at the
Manhattan Center, 34th Street and Eighth
Avenue, New York City. William Kunstler
spoke at the rally and told the audience
that the House Committee on Un - American
Activities (HCUA) interferes with social
progress and the brotherhood of man.
Kunstler called for the abolition of the
HCUA.

[REDACTED] b7d
Another confidential source, who has furnished
reliable information in the past, advised on
November 3, 1962, that Kunstler had had the
"Daily Worker" delivered to his home in Port
Chester, New York.

[REDACTED] b7d
The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast
Communist newspaper which suspended
publication on January 13, 1956.

~~SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 1/21/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI(100-3-116)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-151548)

SUBJECT: CPUSA
NEGRO QUESTION
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS-C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 7 copies of
a LHM dated 1/21/64; a copy is enclosed for Atlanta and one
for Charlotte.

The source used in this LHM is NY 4212-S*.

Sources used in characterizations are as follows:

5-Bureau (ENCLS. 7)(RM)

1- Atlanta ([REDACTED]) ENCL. 1)(INFO)(RM)
1- Charlotte ([REDACTED]) ENCL. 1)(INFO)(RM)
1- New York ([REDACTED]) (414)
1- New York (100-116582)(ARTHUR KINOY)(421)
1- New York ([REDACTED])
1- New York ([REDACTED])
1- New York (100-149194)(Cominfil SCLC)(41)
1- New York (414)

JCS:mmd
(14)

100-111515-188

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 21 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

421

b7c

NY 100-151548

Characterization of ARTHUR KINOY

b7d

1 [REDACTED]

Characterization of WILLIAM KUNSTLER

b7d

1 [REDACTED]

2 [REDACTED]

This letterhead memorandum has been classified
"Secret: because it contains information from NY 4212-S*.
This source has furnished highly sensitive information with
respect to the racial situation in the NY area and the Communist
infiltration thereof, and it is felt that this classification is
necessary in order not jeopardize the valuable position of the
informant in furnishing information of this nature.

Director, FBI (Bufile-

100-413210

1/31/64

SAC,

NEW YORK (100-110562)

ARTHUR KINOY
SM-C
(OO: NEW YORK)

☐ It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

☒ The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name	
Aliases	
1/31/64 JAL	
<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born	<input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized
<input type="checkbox"/> Alien	
<input type="checkbox"/> Communist	<input type="checkbox"/> Socialist Workers Party
<input type="checkbox"/> Independent Socialist League	
<input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (specify) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Tab for Detcom	Race
Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	
Date of Birth	Place of Birth
Business Address (show name of employing concern and address)	
Attorney-Kuntsler and Kuntsler, 511 5th Avenue, New York, New York	
Key Facility Data	
Geographical Reference Number _____	Responsibility _____
Interested Agencies _____	
Residence Address	
4705 Henry Hudson Parkway, Bronx, New York	
Searched _____	Serialized _____
Indexed _____	Filed _____

2-Bureau
1-New York

LEW:led
REGISTERED MAIL

Chief Clerk:
Close Case on this

189

RE:

BERNARD S. LEE V. CLARENCE M. KELLEY, ET AL.
(U.S.D.C., D.C.) CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1185

SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE (SCLC)
V. CLARENCE M. KELLY, ET AL (U.S.D.C., D.C.)
CIVIL ACTION NUMBER 76-1186

~~Unrecorded~~ Serial ~~dated~~ 190 pulled from this file
under court order of U.S. District Judge John Lewis
Smith, Jr., and sent to National Archives.

100-118562-190

SAC (100-144189)

1/21/64

SA JAMES F. O'CONNELL (#414)

~~SECRET~~

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED
IS-C

[REDACTED] b2

[REDACTED] b1

[REDACTED] b1

[REDACTED] b1

[REDACTED] b1

(1-100-118562 (ARTHUR KINOY) (#421)

[REDACTED] b7c

~~SECRET~~

JPO:1j
(9)

CLASSIFIED BY 632 WNP/mac
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

191

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
421	
FBI - NEW YORK	

mc [REDACTED]

NY 100-144189

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED] b1
[REDACTED] b1

NY 4171-S* advised on 1/13/64, that, on that date, JOHN CLARKE contacted O'DELL and gave him the message from Miss JORDAN. (S) U

If the information furnished by these informants is used in a report or disseminated outside the Bureau, it should be paraphrased to protect the source.

~~SECRET~~

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 192 DATE 2-4-64

CONSISTING OF 2 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains
information which would disclose an intelligence
source. This serial bears the Classification
Officers number



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
February 10, 1964

Bufile 100-10355 -
New York file 100-3906

Southern Conference Educational Fund,
Incorporated
Internal Security - C;
Internal Security Act, 1950

The January 16, 1964 issue of the "National Guardian," on page 10, contained an announcement to the effect that The Southern Conference Educational Fund (SCEF) "honoring twenty-five years of constructive struggle in the integration movement" was sponsoring an affair on Monday evening, February 3, 1964, commencing at 8:00 p.m. in the Grand Ballroom, Roosevelt Hotel, Madison Avenue at 45th Street, New York City. This announcement further reflected that the chairman of this affair was to be Dr. Harold Taylor, educator and author, and the honored guest was to be the Reverend Fred L. Shuttlesworth, incoming President of the SCEF. According to this announcement, those scheduled to participate in this affair were Mr. Sam Shirah, Field Representative, Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC); Mr. John R. Salter, Jr., Field Organizer, SCEF; Arthur Kinoy, Esquire, Attorney; and Benjamin E. Smith, Esquire, Attorney. This announcement reflected that refreshments were to be served at 8:00 p.m. and the program was to get underway at 8:30 p.m. This announcement also reflected that reservations for this affair at \$2.50 each could be made at the SCEF New York Area Office, 905 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11213, telephone number IN 7-1198.

A characterization of the "National Guardian" is attached hereto.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group I

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

100 - 118 - 193

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated

A characterization of the SCEF is attached hereto.

In connection with Dr. Harold Taylor, mentioned above, the following is noted:

On December 14, 1946, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished an announcement that the Committee of Women of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship (NCASF) was sponsoring a lunch at the Hotel Pierre, New York City, on December 12, 1946. This announcement listed Dr. Harold Taylor, President of Sarah Lawrence College, Bronxville, New York, as one of the scheduled guests and speakers.

The NCASF has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The January 3, 1949 issue of the "Daily Worker", page 7, column 3, lists Dr. Harold Taylor, President of Sarah Lawrence College as one of 313 educators and writers who signed an open letter to members of the 81st Congress urging the abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The SWP has been designated pursuant
to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

b7d

In connection with Arthur Kinoy, Esquire,
mentioned above, the following is noted:

[REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated

On August 30, 1963, a fourth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that he knows Benjamin J. Davis to be the present National Secretary of the CP, United States of America.

In connection with Benjamin E. Smith, Esquire, mentioned above, the following is noted:

The "Southern Patriot," official publication of the SCEF, in its issue of December, 1963, Volume 21, Number 10, page 2, sets forth a list of officers of the SCEF, and Benjamin E. Smith is listed as Treasurer of the SCEF.

On February 7, 1964, a representative of the Bureau of Special Services (BSS) of the New York-City Police Department (NYCPD) advised that the above-mentioned SCEF affair commenced at 8:30 p.m. with the serving of refreshments and the speaking program started at 9:00 p.m. This representative further advised that there were approximately 500 people in attendance at this affair.

On February 4, 1964, a fifth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Dr. Harold Taylor, Chairman of this affair, spoke and told of the background of the SCEF; of the work of the SCEF in the field of civil rights; and of the fact that Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt strongly supported the SCEF during her lifetime and, in general, Dr. Taylor called for support for the SCEF.

This fifth source further advised that John Salter, described as an SCEF Field Organizer, spoke and told of his work in the fight for civil rights in the South and the Southwest. This fifth source stated that Salter said progress was being made and he was sure this progress would continue with the support of persons such as those in attendance. This fifth source further stated that Salter talked further of plans to integrate Roanoke, Virginia and Raleigh, North Carolina.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated

On February 5, 1964, a sixth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Salter is a college professor. (u.)

The fifth source, previously mentioned, advised that Arthur Kinoy, who was introduced as an attorney at this affair, talked about indictments against Reverend Fred Shuttlesworth and others brought about by Louisiana authorities and how they would be fought. This fifth source further advised that Kinoy said that there is currently a lull in civil rights activity but that this Summer, when students get out of their respective schools, activities will be greatly increased. (u.)

The sixth source, previously mentioned, advised that Kinoy, a lawyer for the SCEF, spoke of current indictments against Jim Dombrowski, Reverend Fred Shuttlesworth and Ben Smith, another lawyer, by the State of Louisiana. This source further advised that Kinoy said the State of Louisiana is indicting SCEF leaders because the SCEF is essentially the same as a prior civil rights organization called the Southern Conference for Human Rights. (u.)

In connection with Jim Dombrowski, mentioned above, the following is noted:

On May 27, 1963, a seventh source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that in the past, he has considered James Dombrowski, Executive Director of the SCEF, to be a Communist, if not an actual CP member, a Communist because he followed Communist principles. (u.)

The fifth source, previously mentioned, advised that Sam Shirah, who was introduced at this affair as a Field Representative of SNCC, said "poor whites" should be included in the fight for civil rights. This fifth source further advised that Shirah said SNCC wants an additional sixteen men to do field work in the coming year, and as a result, more money would be needed by SNCC, and he appealed for financial support for SNCC from all present. (u.)

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Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated

The sixth source, previously mentioned, advised that Sam Shirah, a young white man in his 20's, who had just arrived from the South, spoke of plans to incorporate poor whites in the civil rights movement in the South and not restrict the movement to Negroes. This sixth source further advised that Shirah said there is a lull in the civil rights movement at the present time because the students are back in school. This sixth source stated that Shirah said that in the Summer months there will be more and increased activity in the civil rights movement. (u)

The fifth source, previously mentioned, advised that Ben Smith, introduced at this affair as an attorney, spoke briefly and pointed out the great need of the SCEF for money. This fifth source further advised that Smith said the 1963 SCEF budget was \$111,000. This fifth source stated that Smith passed out envelopes and requested that generous contributions be made to the SCEF. (u)

The sixth source, previously mentioned, advised that Smith, a lawyer for the SCEF, spoke of the necessity to raise funds for 1964. This sixth source further advised that the 1963 SCEF budget was \$111,000, broken down, approximately, as follows:

Salaries	\$25,000
Administration	36,000
Special Projects	50,000

This source stated that Ben Smith started the fund raising for the evening and pledge envelopes were placed on all the tables. This sixth source estimated that about \$15,000 was pledged but no exact figure was announced. This sixth source added that a cash collection was also taken up among the individuals in attendance, but there was no total amount collected announced. (u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated

The fifth source, previously mentioned, advised that the honored guest at this affair was the Reverend Fred Shuttlesworth, who was introduced as the incoming President of the SCEF. This fifth source further advised that Shuttlesworth delivered a very dramatic speech on the subject of civil rights; the work of the SCEF; and the need to support the SCEF and other civil rights groups. This fifth source stated that Shuttlesworth said that after June, when students finish school, activity in the civil rights field will increase considerably. (u)

The representative of the BSS of the NYCPD, mentioned above, advised that this affair terminated at 11:15 p.m., and there were no incidents or disorders of any type at this affair. This representative stated that he is unable to furnish any information in addition to that set forth above.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated

1.

APPENDIX

"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"National Guardian

- "1. 'established by the American Labor Party in 1947 as a "progressive" weekly * * *. Although it denies having any affiliation with the Communist Party, it has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, Trial by Treason: The National Committee to Secure Justice for the ROSENBERGS and MORTON SOBELL, August 25, 1956, p. 12.)"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 2/10/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-10355 and SACS
CINCINNATI
CHARLOTTE (100-451)
NEW ORLEANS (100-759)
RICHMOND (100-917)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-3906)

SUBJECT: SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC
IS - C; ISA, 1950

(OO: New Orleans)

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight copies of a LHM, dated and captioned as above, with sufficient copies for interested offices. This LHM is suitable for dissemination and is self-explanatory.

The representative of the Bureau of Special Services of the NYCPD, mentioned in enclosed LHM is [REDACTED] who furnished information to SA [REDACTED]

b7c
b7d

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
- 1 - Charlotte (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 2 - Cincinnati (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 4 - New Orleans (Encls. 4) (RM)

b7c

- 1 - Richmond (Info) (Encls. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-118562) (ARTHUR KINOY) (421)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (421)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED]
- 1 - New York [REDACTED]

JJE:mtm
(16)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 11 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Approved _____
(Special Agent in Charge)

Sent

M

Per

NY 100-3906

The sources mentioned in enclosed LHM are as follows:

First Source - [REDACTED]

Second Source - [REDACTED] b2

Third Source - [REDACTED] b7d

Fourth Source - [REDACTED]

Fifth Source - [REDACTED]

Sixth Source - [REDACTED]

Seventh Source - [REDACTED]

The enclosed LHM has been classified "~~Confidential~~" because unauthorized disclosure of the information furnished by the second, third, fourth, fifth and seventh sources, could reveal confidential informants of continuing value and impair their future effectiveness, and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests of the United States.

For the information of the Bureau and New Orleans, the enclosed LHM does not contain a characterization of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF) inasmuch as the NYO is not in possession of an up-to-date characterization of the SCEF. Therefore, the New Orleans Office is requested to furnish an up-to-date characterization of the SCEF to all offices receiving this LHM so that characterization can be attached.

Information copies of this airtel and LHM are being sent to the Charlotte and Richmond Offices because enclosed LHM contains information of interest to those offices.

SAC (100-144189)

b7c

2/4/64

SA

(#414)

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED
IS-C

X

[REDACTED]

b2

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]

b7c

1-100-118562 (ARTHUR KING) (P-2)

1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]

JFO:1J
(11)

CLASSIFIED *6922 WNP/...*
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY *2*
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

X

X

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-144189

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

It is to be noted that a theatre party of the play "In White America" was held for the benefit of F.A. on Friday evening, 1/10/64.

If used in a report, or disseminated outside the Bureau, the information furnished by [REDACTED] should be paraphrased to protect this source.

b2

~~SECRET~~

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 196 DATE 2-13-64

CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES of which
page 3

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains
information which would disclose an intelligence
source. This serial bears the Classification
Officers number

FEB 13 1964

SAC (100-144189)

b7c

SA [REDACTED]

(#414)

~~SECRET~~

FREEDOM / WY ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED (FA, INC)
IS - C

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b1

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]

b7c

- ① 100-118902 (ARTHUR KIRBY) (421)
- 1 - 100-21231 (LITTLE RED SCHOOL HOUSE)
- 1 - 100-148721 (FREDERICKS FORUM) (401)

1 - [REDACTED]
1 - [REDACTED]

~~SECRET~~

JFO:mtm
(10)

CLASSIFIED BY 6422 WNP/mtm
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-144189-196

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-144189

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

It should be noted that JACK O'DELL resides with JAMES CAMPBELL at 435 St. Nicholas Ave., NYC. and that CAMPBELL is a NYC school teacher.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b1

~~SECRET~~

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 197 DATE 2-17-64

CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES of which
page 2

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains
information which would disclose an intelligence
source. This serial bears the Classification
Officers number [REDACTED]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-144189) b7c

FROM: SA [REDACTED] (#414) DATE 2/17/64

SUBJECT: FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INC. (F.A. INC.)
IS-C

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b1

- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York (100-21251) (NEW SCHOOL FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH) (41)
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York (100-116562) (ARABIAN SOCIETY)
- 1-New York [REDACTED]
- 1-New York (100-152473) (DU BOIS MEMORIAL COMMITTEE) (41)
- 1-New York [REDACTED]

b7c

JFO:emc
(15)

~~SECRET~~

CLASSIFIED 6922 (unplanned)
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-144189

SECRET

b1

b1

b1

The Queens telephone directory lists RICHARD PASTOR,
65-96 160th St., Flushing as the subscriber to AX 7-0970. u.

b1

If the information furnished by this source is used
in a report, it should be paraphrased to protect the
informant.

SECRET

Director, FBI (Bufile-

100-413210

1/31/64

✓ SEC. NEW YORK (100-118562)

ARTHUR KINOY
SM-C
(OO: NEW YORK)

Corrected Security Index cards
attached. Substitute for cards
in file and destroy old cards.
Place photograph and description on
reverse side of geographical card.

☐ It is recommended that a Security
Index Card be prepared on the
above-captioned individual.

☒ The Security Index Card on the
captioned individual should be
changed as follows (specify
change only):

Name		
Aliases		
<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born	<input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized	<input type="checkbox"/> Alien
<input type="checkbox"/> Communist	<input type="checkbox"/> Socialist Workers Party	<input type="checkbox"/> Independent Socialist League
<input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (specify) _____		
<input type="checkbox"/> Tab for Detcom	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	
Business Address (show name of employing concern and address)		
Attorney, Kuntsler and Kuntsler, 511 5th Avenue, New York, New York		
Key Facility Data		
Geographical Reference Number _____		Responsibility _____
Interested Agencies _____		_____
Residence Address		FEB 7 1964 FBI-NEW YORK
4705 Henry Hudson Parkway, Bronx, New York		

2-Bureau
1-New York

LEM:jad
REGISTERED MAIL

TO: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-759)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-3906)
SUBJECT: SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC.
IS-C; ISA, 1950
(OO: NEW ORLEANS)

DATE: 2/24/64

Date received 2/4/64	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED] (reliable-conceal) b7d	Received by SA [REDACTED] b7c
-------------------------	---	----------------------------------

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☒ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Typed Date by
xxxx 2/5/64 xx SA [REDACTED]
Dictated to

Date of Report

2/4/64

Date(s) of activity

2/3/64

Transcribed _____

Authenticated 2/5/64
by Informant

Brief description of activity or material

Rally, under auspices of Southern

Conference Educational Fund, held

2/3/64, Hotel Roosevelt, NYC.

File where original is located if not attached

[REDACTED]

Remarks:

b7d

3 - New Orleans (100-759) (SCEF) (RM):

(1 - [REDACTED])

(1 - [REDACTED])

1 - [REDACTED] (RM)

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - NY 100-118562 (ARTHUR KINOY) (421)

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - [REDACTED]

1 - NY 100-3906 (412)

HAH:mm1
(12)

Wm

b7c
b7d

- 199

Block Stamp

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-3906

New York, New York
February 4, 1964

A rally, to honor twenty-five years of struggle in the integration movement, was held, under the auspices of the Southern Conference Educational Fund, on Monday evening, February 3, 1964, in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Roosevelt, Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, New York City, New York.

The above affair commenced at about 8:55 PM with approximately 500 to 525 persons in attendance. Tickets for the affair were \$2.50.

Refreshments were served from 8:00 PM to the time the program began.

Chairman of the rally was Dr. HAROLD TAYLOR who told of the background of the Southern Conference Educational Fund (SCEF); the work of the group in the field of civil rights; the fact Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT strongly supported SCEF during her lifetime and in general called for support for SCEF.

JOHN SALTER, described as a SCEF Field Organizer, spoke and told of his work in the fight for civil rights in both the South and Southwest. He said progress was being made and he was sure this progress would continue with support of persons such as those in attendance. He talked further of plans to integrate Roanoke, Virginia and Raleigh, North Carolina.

ARTHUR KINOY, introduced as an attorney, talked about indictments against Reverend FRED SHUTTLESWORTH and others brought about by Louisiana authorities and how they would be fought. He said that there is currently a lull in civil rights activities but that this summer, when students get out of their respective schools, activities would be greatly increased.

NY 100-3906

SAM SHIRAH, introduced as a Field Representative of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, said "poor whites" should be included in the fight for civil rights. He said his group wants an additional sixteen men to do field work in the coming year and as a result more money would be needed by the organization. At this point he appealed for financial support from all present.

BEN SMITH, an attorney, spoke briefly and pointed out the great need of SCEF for money. He said the 1963 budget was \$111,000. He passed out envelopes and requested that generous contributions be made to SCEF.

The honored guest and main speaker was the Reverend FRED SHUTTLESWORTH, introduced as the incoming President of SCEF. He delivered a very dramatic speech on the subject of civil rights; the work of SCEF; the need to support SCEF and other civil rights groups and the fact that after June, when students finish school, activity in the civil rights field would increase considerably.

Observed in attendance at the above affair were the
[REDACTED]

b7d

The above rally was concluded at approximately 11:00 PM.

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-129)

FEB 28 1964

SAC, NEW YORK (100-3906)

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND
IS-C
(OO:NO)

Identity of Source

[REDACTED] (Panel Source)
who has furnished
reliable info in the past.

Description of Info

SCEF Fund Raising Rally

Date Received

2/3/64

Original where located

[REDACTED] b7d

On 2/9/64, [REDACTED] identified a photo of HAROLD TAYLOR, [REDACTED] as being identical to that of Dr. HAROLD TAYLOR who was chairman of the SCEF Fund Raising Rally held on 2/3/64 at the Hotel Roosevelt, NYC.

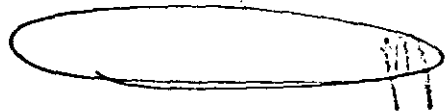
A copy of informant's report follows:

- 2 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - Charlotte (AM)
- 1 - Richmond (AM)
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - New York (100-1155) (J. KINAY) (421)
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - New York (100-3906)

b7c
b7d

JJP:kmk
(12)

100-1155-200



2/5/64

On 2/3/64 a fund raising rally sponsored by the Southern Conference Educational Fund was held in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Roosevelt, 45th St. and Madison Ave., NYC. Refreshments were served beginning at 8:00 PM and the program started at 8:15 PM.

The chairman of the affair was Dr. HAROLD TAYLOR and he introduced the first speaker, JOHN SALTER, a college professor and a field organizer for SCEF.

SALTER recounted his recent experiences in the South and he talked of forthcoming plans to help integrate Roanoke and Raleigh, Virginia. Specifics were mentioned as to plans or dates.

The next speaker was ARTHUR KENAY who was introduced as a lawyer for the SCEF. KENAY spoke of the current indictments against JIM DOWDROSKI, J. W. WHEATLEY and LEN SMITH, another lawyer, by the State of Louisiana. He said the State of Louisiana is indicting them because the SCEF is essentially the same as the NAACP civil rights organization called the Southern Conference for Human Rights.

The next speaker was SAM SHIRAH, a young white man in his 20's who had just moved from the South. He spoke of plans to incorporate people of color in the civil rights movement in the South and not just the movement to Negroes. He said there is a lull in the civil rights movement at the present time because the students are back in school. He referred to the summer months when there will be more and increased activities in the movement.

The next speaker was LEN SMITH, a lawyer for the SCEF. He spoke of the necessary fund raising for 1964. He said the 1963 budget was \$111,000, approximately, broken down as follows:

Salaries	\$25,000
Administration	\$3,000
Special Projects	\$50,000

SMITH started the fund raising for the evening and pledge envelopes were placed on all the tables. It is estimated that about \$15,000.00 was pledged but no figure was announced. There was also a cash collection on the floor but no total amount was announced.

The last speaker was Rev. SHUTTLESWORTH, the new President or Chairman of the SCEF. He gave a very emotional talk on civil rights and then spoke about armies in the field starting in June.

The attendance at this affair is estimated at 650-700 and the meeting was adjourned by Dr. TAYLOR at about 11:10 PM.

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 201 DATE 3-20-64

CONSISTING OF 23 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 202 DATE 3-20-64

CONSISTING OF 4 PAGES
page 2, 4

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

F B I

Date: 3/20/64

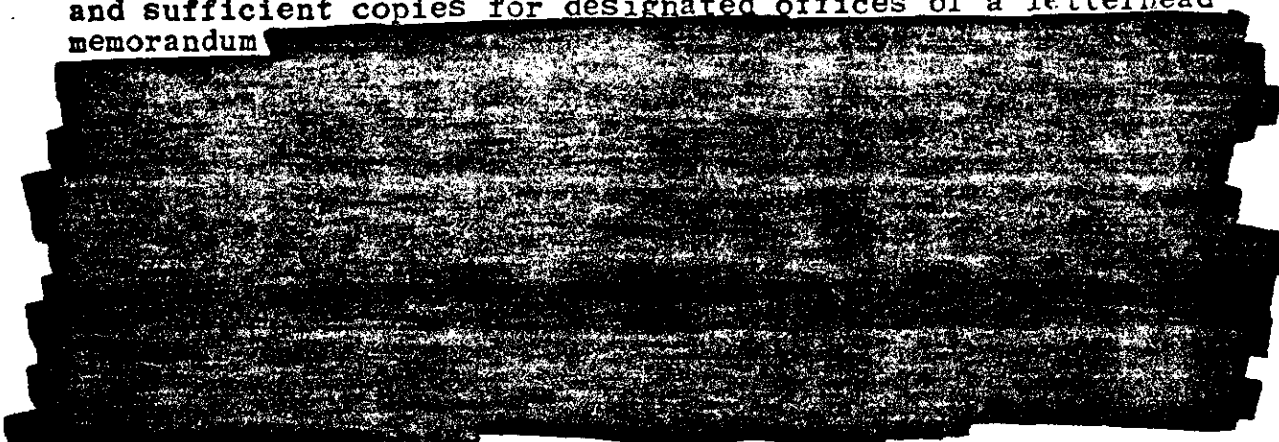
Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433447)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-37438)

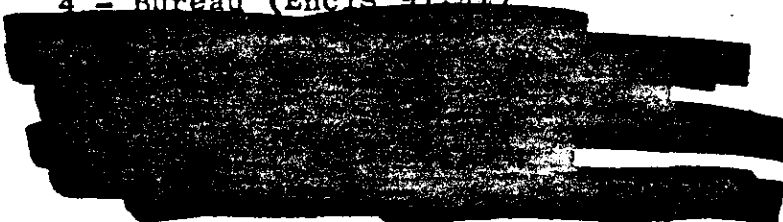
SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC)
IS - C
(OO: Los Angeles)CINAL

Enclosed herewith are 8 copies for the Bureau
and sufficient copies for designated offices of a letterhead
memorandum



4 - Bureau (Encls 9) (RM)

b7d



Copies continued on page 2
WAB:BJD

100-118560-202

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
MAR 23 1964	
NEW YORK	

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

CG 100-37438

The following sources were utilized in the enclosed letterhead memorandum:

First source [REDACTED]

Second source [REDACTED]

Third source [REDACTED]

Fourth source [REDACTED]

Fifth source [REDACTED]

Sixth source [REDACTED]

b7d

The enclosed letterhead memorandum has been classified confidential since it contains information furnished by [REDACTED] a confidential source of continuing value, the unauthorized disclosure of which might jeopardize the source's security and thus possibly have an adverse effect upon the national security.

b7d

Chicago is unable to characterize certain individuals mentioned herein and therefore the following offices are requested to furnish to the Bureau in form suitable for dissemination characterizations of the following individuals if such are available:

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7d

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 203 DATE 3-19-64

CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains
information which would disclose an intelligence
source. This serial bears the Classification
Officers number [REDACTED]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

Bu 100-3-116

New York, New York
March 26, 1964

Communist Party United States
of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial
Matters
Internal Security - C

On March 24, 1964, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information which indicated that Martin Luther King contacted Clarence Jones on that date. King stated that he had been called by Congressman Ryan who wanted him (King) to speak in New York at a dinner honoring Ryan. King said that he was looking for a way to get out of this, and he indicated that he did not want to make people like Ryan, who are really with them, think that we are not with them. King said that he still wanted to maintain his policy of not making political speeches. Jones cited two reasons why King should not speak: first, King's policy against making political speeches; second, the fact that a serious political mistake was made in Ryan's district concerning local politics. Jones explained that Ryan did not have anything to do with this situation, but he said that it took place in Ryan's district. Jones suggested that King decline the offer to speak but instead send a telegram to be read at the affair suggesting his support for Ryan.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

Group I

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

~~X~~
Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 2/1/78

100 - 119562 - 204

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

Communist Party United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Jones also suggested that King should only participate in politics on a national basis if at all. Jones stated that if the situation (the campaign for the presidency) gets too close on a national basis King would not have to endorse (President) Johnson, but he could say that he favored one (political) platform over the other.

Jones said that Rodman Rockefeller (a son of Governor Nelson Rockefeller) told him that he was only able to collect approximately \$10,000 for the overall program and that he expressed his regrets.

Jones told King that he had discussed King's tax problems with Joan Daves (who is the publisher's representative for King's forthcoming book) concerning the royalties which King will receive from all of his books. Jones recommended against the use of a charitable trust. King told Jones to be prepared to discuss all of the possibilities with him when they meet in Washington, D.C., on March 26, 1964. King stated that his main purpose was not to accumulate a great deal of money for himself and his family but to give the money to worthy causes. Jones urged King to set up a trust for his wife and children, and he advised that no one could criticize him for that. (u)

Jones inquired about how things are going in Washington to which King replied that things were going well. King mentioned that he had spoken to Walter Fauntroy (Director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) bureau in Washington) and that he had advised him (King) to go over to the Senate on Thursday (March 26, 1964) and have Senator Humphrey take him to the family section of the gallery and then make a statement to the press concerning the fact that there will be no compromise on the Civil Rights Bill and that the bill has to be passed. King said that the Southerners (Southern Senators) are now getting "all of the mileage" because they are doing all of the talking. v

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

King mentioned that they would discuss (at their Washington, D.C. meeting on March 26, 1964) mainly their summer program which, he indicated, will involve Alabama. King stated that they would also discuss the filibuster (which is expected in the Senate regarding the Civil Rights Bill). (u)

Jones and King discussed who King was considering to take Wyatt Walker's position (Executive Director of the SCIC), and Jones suggested C.T. Vivian (Director of Affiliates of the SCIC). King said that he thought Vivian would do a better job where he is. According to King, he has two people in mind for the job, and he said they are (Walter) Fauntroy from Washington, DC, and Blackwell (phonetic), an attorney, who has been a school teacher and was active in Huntsville, Alabama, in the Direct Action Movement. (u)

Jones asked King about speaking to the Reform Group in Westport, Connecticut, on May 22, 1964, and King replied that he did not want to make a commitment until after the meeting in Washington, because the purpose of the meeting was to set up a time table. King stated he would give an answer on Thursday as to whether he would speak. (u)

Jones advised that he would go to Washington, D.C., either on Wednesday night (March 25, 1964) or on Thursday (March 26, 1964) morning on the early shuttle. (u)

The same confidential source also furnished information that Jack Greenberg (Of the National Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) Legal Defense Fund) contacted Clarence Jones on March 24, 1964. Greenberg stated that he had learned that Bill Kunstler has been saying that he (Kunstler) has been designated by Martin Luther King to represent the civil rights group which is going to Mississippi. Greenberg stated that it is expected that some members of

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

CONFIDENTIAL

Communist Party United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

this group will be arrested, and that Kunstler will handle the cases when they go to court. Jones made it known that King never told Kunstler to represent this group, and he remarked that "Kunstler quite frequently lies about being in privy with King". Greenberg remarked that Kunstler and (Arthur) Kinoy have tried to "invade" the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) and the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee without much success and are now directing their efforts toward this group. (u)

It is to be noted that plans have been made to organize approximately 1500 white students from the North to go to Mississippi during the summer to run "freedom schools" and generally protest against the conditions concerning the Negro in Mississippi. (u)

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in November, 1947, advised that C.T. Vivian was a member of the Community Section, of the Communist Party in Peoria, Illinois. On June 24, 1948, this source advised that C.T. Vivian had not been active in Communist Party affairs in the Peoria area for time and advised he had not been in the area for a long period of time. (u)

~~SECRET~~

CONFIDENTIAL

Communist Party, United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Clarence Jones is the General Counsel for
the Gandhi Society For Human Rights, 15
East 40th Street, New York City. (u)

A confidential source, who has furnished
reliable information in the past, advised
on February 26, 1957, that he had identified
a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person
whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954
to be a member of and in a position of
leadership in the Labor Youth League (LYL). (u)

The LYL has been designated pursuant to
Executive Order 10450.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

[REDACTED]

b1

- 6 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

Communist Party, United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

X

William Kunstler is on the Board of Directors of the Gandhi Society For Human Rights.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on October 29, 1962, that a rally was held on October 24, 1962, sponsored by the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee at the Manhattan Center, 34th Street and Eighth Avenue, New York City. William Kunstler spoke at the rally and told the audience that the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) interferes with social progress and the brotherhood of man. Kunstler called for the abolition of the HCUA. (u)

Another confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on November 3, 1962, that Kunstler had had the "Daily Worker" delivered to his home in Port Chester, New York. (u)

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper which suspended publication on January 13, 1958. (u)

The following sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Communist Party, United States of America
Negro Question
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

1.

APPENDIX

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES
COMMITTEE

On March 9, 1961, a source advised that the New York Council To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAUAC), 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York, was formed at a meeting held in New York City on November 17, 1960. This organization was founded principally through the efforts of FRANK WILKINSON, Field Representative of the National Committee To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

A second source advised on September 17, 1952, that FRANK WILKINSON was a Communist Party member as of September, 1952.

A third source furnished on September 14, 1961, a copy of resolutions of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) which were adopted by the NYCAHUAC. One such resolution affirmed the intention to continue to work for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) and to continue its efforts to broaden the participation in this fight. Another resolution accepted as a modus vivendi the suggestion of the Field Representative of the "National Committee to Abolish the HCUA" (NCAHUAC) namely that local abolition committees may identify and co-ordinate their efforts as closely as they desire with NCAHUAC, still maintaining their autonomy for as flexible and independent a program as possible.

Various sources have advised during March, 1962, that Communist Party (CP) members in the New York City area have been solicited to support activities of the NYCAHUAC during attendance at CP club meetings.

On May 6, 1963, the first source advised that the NYCAHUAC continues to function from its office at 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York.

FBI
DATE: 3/26/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-116)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-151548)
SUBJECT: CPUSA
NEGRO QUESTION
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN
RACIAL MATTERS
IS - C
(OO: NY)

5 - Bureau (Encls. 7.) (RM)
(1 - 100-438794) (COMINFIL SCIC)
(1 - [REDACTED]) (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - Atlanta [REDACTED] (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - Birmingham [REDACTED] (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - Memphis [REDACTED] (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - Mobile [REDACTED] (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - New Haven [REDACTED] (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - New Orleans [REDACTED] (Encl. 1) (INFO) (RM)
1 - Washington Field [REDACTED] (Encl. 1)
(INFO) (RM)
1 - New York (100-149794) (COMINFIL SCIC) (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED] (414) b7c
1 - New York [REDACTED]
1 - New York (100-148562) (JAMES H. KINNY) (41)
1 - New York [REDACTED]
1 - New York (100-151548) (414)

JCS:efk
(19)

Approved _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

205

NY 100-151548

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 7 copies of a LHM dated 3/26/64; copies are also enclosed for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, Mobile, New Haven, New Orleans and WFO.

Source used in this LHM is NY 4092-S*.

Sources used in the characterizations are as follows:

Characterization of CLARENCE JONES - [REDACTED] b7d

Characterization of C.T. VIVIAN [REDACTED] b7d

Characterization of WILLIAM KUNSTLER -

1. [REDACTED]
2. [REDACTED]

Characterization of ARTHUR KINOY [REDACTED] b7d

With respect to Congressman RYAN mentioned in the LHM, it is to be noted that US Representative WILLIAM F. RYAN is a Congressman from NY.

With respect to the mistake made in local politics in Congressman RYAN's district, JONES mentioned that the mistake was attempting to run RALPH ELLISON for the State Senate. It is to be noted that NOEL A. ELLISON was on the ballot for the office of State Senator in New York, but was ruled off the ballot by a court decision in 1/54. It was made public that he had three convictions in gambling charges. A charge of irregularities at the nomination meeting had been aimed at ELLISON.

This LHM has been classified "~~Secret~~" because it contains information from NY 4092-S*. This source has furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial situation in the NY area and the Communist infiltration thereof, and it is felt that this classification is necessary in order not to jeopardize the valuable position of the informant in furnishing information of this nature.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
March 26, 1964

National Committee to Abolish The
House Un-American Activities Committee (NCAHUAC)
Internal Security - C
Internal Security Act of 1950

Reference is made to the letterhead memorandum dated March 20, 1964, at Chicago, Illinois, in which information was set forth that Arthur Kinoy had been a speaker at the March 14, 1964, morning session of the NCAHUAC National Committee meeting held in Washington, D. C.

Concerning Kinoy, the following is set forth:

[REDACTED]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
GROUP 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP 2/7/78

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

*Confidential Classification Retained
pg 1 par 2 2/7/78
pg 6922 2/7/78*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NCAHUIAC
IS-C
ISA - 1950

A second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on March 20, 1964, that he knows Benjamin J. Davis to be the present National Secretary of the CP, USA.

A characterization of the NCAHUIAC is contained in the appendix hereto.

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" issued December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, page 115, contains the following citation regarding the National Committee to Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

"Cited as a 'new organization' set up in the summer of 1960 to lead and direct the Communist Party's 'Operation Abolition' campaign. Seven of the national leaders of this group have been identified as Communists.

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1278 on the Truth About the Film 'Operation Abolition,' Part 1, October 3, 1961, p. 5.)"

A source has advised that the NCAUAC changed its name on March 3, 1962, to include the word "House" in its name, thereby becoming known as the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee.

- 3 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F B I

Date: 3/26/64

Transmit the following in _____

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433447)

FROM : SAs, NEW YORK (100-142201)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC)
IS - C; ISA - 1950
(OO: LA)

Reccairtel to Director, 3/20/64.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are 8 copies of LHM setting forth a characterization of ARTHUR KINNY as requested in reairtel.

Enclosed to the Los Angeles Office and WFO are 2 copies each of LHM and to Chicago one copy of LHM.

Reairtel enclosed LHM concerning the NCAHUAC National Committee meeting held 3/14-15/64 and set forth leads to various offices to submit characterizations of certain individuals in a form suitable for dissemination.

New York was requested to characterize CHARLES JACKSON and ARTHUR KINNY.

3 - BUREAU (100-433447) (Enc. 8) (RM)
1 - CHICAGO (100-37438) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
2 - LOS ANGELES (100-59609) (Enc. 2) (RM)
2 - WASHINGTON FIELD (100-39760) (Enc. 2) (RM)
1 - NY 100-118562 (ARTHUR KINNY) (41)
1 - NY 100-142201 (41)

JET:msb
(11)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 26 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-142201

WFO is origin in the case of CHARLES JACKSON
(WFO 100-32168) and is requested to handle this lead.

The sources utilized in LHM are as follows:

1st source

2nd source

b7d

The enclosed LHM has been classified "~~Confidential~~"
since it contains information furnished by the above sources
of continuing value, the unauthorized disclosure of which
might jeopardize the sources' security and thus possibly have
an adverse effect upon the national security.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.
March 26, 1964

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE
HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC)

The NCAHUAC is identified in the appendix.

Reference is made to memorandum dated March 20, 1964, at Chicago, Illinois.

Informants used in this memorandum and in the attached appendix pages have furnished reliable information in the past.

Donna Allen, mentioned in referenced memorandum, was identified by a source on January 5, 1964, as being a member of the Executive Board of the Washington Area Committee For The Abolition Of The House Un-American Activities Committee (WACAHUAC).

The WACAHUAC is described in the appendix.

On January 15, 1964, a second source made available information showing Donna Allen, Industrial Relations Writer, Washington, D.C., is listed as a Sponsor of the NCAHUAC.

DECLASSIFIED ON 2/7/78
BY 6922 WND/...

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 2/7/78

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP I~~
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-112112-208

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 27 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

APPENDIX

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" issued December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, Page 115, contains the following citation regarding the National Committee to Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

"Cited as a 'new organization' set up in the Summer of 1960 to lead and direct the Communist Party's 'Operation Abolition' campaign. Seven of the national leaders of this group have been identified as Communists."

"(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1278 on the Truth About the Film 'Operation Abolition,' Part I, October 3, 1961, p.5)" .

A source has advised that the NCAUAC changed its name on March 3, 1962, to include the word "House" in its name, thereby becoming known as the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NCAHUAC). A national meeting of this organization was held in Chicago, Illinois, on April 27 and 28, 1963.

APPENDIX

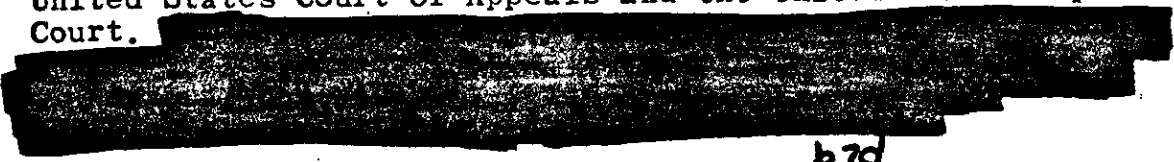
WASHINGTON AREA COMMITTEE FOR THE ABOLITION OF THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

A source advised during June-August, 1961, that the Washington Area Committee for the Abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee (WACAHUAC) was founded at a public meeting in Washington, D.C. on June 8, 1961, to campaign for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA); an election of officers was held on June 23, 1961, with Selma Rein being elected as Secretary; Rein has been in control of the organization since that time; Rein does not mind if individuals connected in the past with organizations cited publicly as being communist dominated or controlled work with WACAHUAC, provided they are not publicly identified in this regard. The organization's policy statement, as rewritten by Joseph Forer, was accepted by the WACAHUAC Executive Board in August, 1961.

On September 12, 1962, a second source advised that WACAHUAC is affiliated with the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee. This source, on May 4, 1963, advised the WACAHUAC is still in existence.

Selma Rein was identified by a third source on January 21, 1954, as a then current Communist Party (CP) member. On February 28, 1957, she appeared before the HCUA and refused to answer questions concerning past or present CP membership.

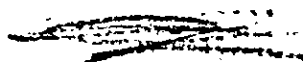
Joseph Forer is one of the attorneys who has represented the CP, United States of America, before the United States Court of Appeals and the United States Supreme Court.



b7d

The National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee is described in the Appendix.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433447)

DATE: MAR 6 1964

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-37885)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE
HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
IS - C
(OO:LA)

ReCGairtel, 3/20/64.

Enclosed herewith are nine copies for the Bureau and sufficient copies for designated offices of LHM setting out thumbnail sketch of DONNA ALLEN, as requested in re airtel.

Informants used in this LHM are:

First source: [REDACTED]

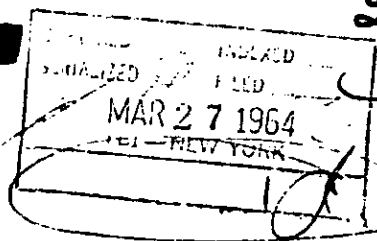
Second source: [REDACTED] b7d

LHM classified "Confidential" as data reported from the first source could logically identify an informant of continuing value and compromise future effectiveness thereof.

- 2 - Bureau (Encl. 9)
- 2 - Atlanta (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100- [REDACTED])
- 2 - Birmingham (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100- [REDACTED])
- 2 - Boston (Encl. 2) (RM)
(1-100- [REDACTED])
- 7 - Chicago (Encl. 7) (RM)
(1-A 134-1635)
(1-100-37762) (CCDBR)
(1-100-40396) (PSCLCC)
(1-100-18080) [REDACTED]
(1-100-32207) (CINALE)
(1-100-22765) [REDACTED]

b7c

Copies continued on page 2



WFO 100-37885

- 4 - Los Angeles (Encl.7) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
3 - Louisville (Encl.2) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
2 - Newark (Encl.2) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
2 - New Orleans (Encl.2) (RM)
 (1-100-) (SCEF, INC.)
(6) - New York (Encl.6) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) (ARTHUR KINOY)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) (NY COUNCIL TO ABOLISH HUAC)
2 - Philadelphia (Encl.2) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
2 - Pittsburgh (Encl.2) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
2 - San Francisco (Encl.2) (RM)
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
3 - WFO
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]
 (1-100-) [REDACTED]

b7c

FBG:sch
(41)

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 210 DATE 3-14-64

CONSISTING OF 6 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

TO: SAC, WFO (100-37885)

FROM: SA [REDACTED] b7c

SUBJECT: NCAHUAC
IS-C

Date received 3/25/64	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED] b1	Received by [REDACTED] b7c
--------------------------	--	-------------------------------

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person ☐ by telephone ☒ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated _____ to _____

Transcribed _____

Authenticated
by Informant _____

Date of Report

3/16/64

Date(s) of activity

3/14/64

Brief description of activity or material

SECOND SESSION OF NCAHUAC CONFERENCE AT

YMCA, WASHINGTON, D.C., 3/14/64

File where original is located if not attached

Remarks: This informant has furnished reliable information in the past.

14- WFO

2- CINCINNATI (RM)

NCAHUAC

3- LOS ANGELES (RM)

NCAHUAC

6- NEW YORK (RM)

NYCAHUAC

Arthur Kinoy

(CONT'D ON NEXT PAGE)

4- CHICAGO (RM)

NCAHUAC

CEG:mag
(38)

Block Stamp

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 1 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

211

WFO: 100-37885

2- CLEVELAND (RM)

[REDACTED]
NCAHUAC

2- PHILADELPHIA (RM)

[REDACTED]
NCAHUAC

2- LOUISVILLE (RM)

[REDACTED]
NCAHUAC

2- PITTSBURGH (RM)

[REDACTED]
NCAHUAC

1- MINNEAPOLIS (RM)

NCAHUAC

b7c

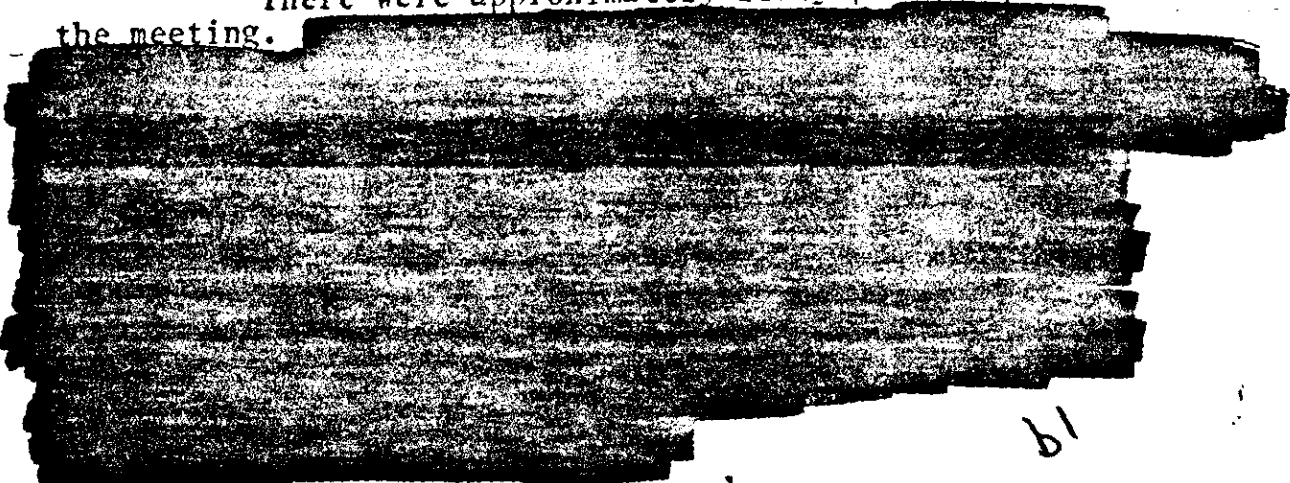
WFO: 100-37885

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"3/16/64

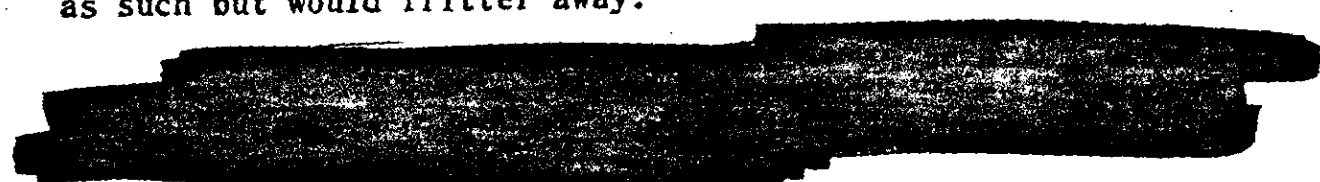
"On 3/14/64, in the Assembly Room of the YMCA building 1736 G Street N.W., Washington, D.C. the NCA-HUAC held the first and second sessions of its National Committee meeting.

"There were approximately sixty persons present at the meeting.



"It was reported by a delegate from Minneapolis, St. Paul that a parade protesting the SACB hearings will be held in St. Paul on 3/17/64.

"Arthur Kinoy said in a speech that the Civil Rights Movement must join with the Civil Liberties Movement to destroy HUAC and the SISS or the Civil Rights Movement itself will be destroyed. Ann Braden did not see it quite that way. She argued that the Civil Rights Movement would not 'be destroyed' as such but would fritter away.



"At 4 P.M. Bill Price, in the name of the N.Y. Council requested that certain wording in the Proposed Education-Action Program be changed. This program when voted upon will be the NCA-HUAC Policy Guide for the coming year. In essence, Bill wanted abolition as the only aim, both in the short and in the long term. The N.Y. Council feels that within the NCA-HUAC there should be no compromise on this, however, Bill made it clear that anyone outside the NCA-HUAC who opposed the committee would be considered a friend.

CLASSIFIED BY 6922 WNP/ma
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE-3-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"After two hours of heated debate it was decided to refer the matter to a five man committee who would report their finding back to the conference the following A.M.

"Frank said that if by 5 P.M. of the following day he did not have a clear cut policy to guide him he would quit as the Executive Director.

"During the debate Mr. Vincent said that Bill Prices's references to wording in the draft program reminded him of the Congressional Committees that they are trying to destroy. Bill took the remark personally and demanded that Mr. Vincent retract it. Bill said that he did not like to be called a witch hunter. Mr. Vincent never did retract his statement and the debate processed.

"The second session ended at 6:15 P.M."

This memorandum has been compared with the original statement and it is correct in substance.

All necessary action which should be taken in connection with this information has been taken.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

APR 7 1964

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE
HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC)

The NCAHUAC is identified in the appendix.

Reference is made to memorandum dated March 20, 1964, at Chicago, Illinois.

Informant used in this memorandum and in the attached appendix pages have furnished reliable information in the past:

Charles Jackson, mentioned in referenced memorandum, was identified by a source on January 27, 1964, as the current Secretary of Washington Area Committee For the Abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee (WACAHUAC).

The WACAHUAC is described in the appendix.

As reflected in referenced memorandum, a second source as of March 14, 1964, identified Charles Jackson as current East Coast Regional Vice-Chairman of NCAHUAC.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DECLASSIFIED ON 2/7/78
BY 6922 WAF/22

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 2/7/78

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
APR 1 2 4	
FBI - NEW YORK	

242

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC)

APPENDIX

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" issued December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, Page 115, contains the following citation regarding the National Committee to Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

"Cited as a 'new organization' 'set up in the Summer of 1960 to lead and direct the Communist Party's 'Operation Abolition' campaign. Seven of the national leaders of this group have been identified as Communists."

"(Committee on Un-American Activities,
House Report 1278 on the Truth About
the Film 'Operation Abolition,' Part I,
October 3, 1961, p.5)" .

A source has advised that the NCAUAC changed its name on March 3, 1962, to include the word "House" in its name, thereby becoming known as the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NCAHUAC). A national meeting of this organization was held in Chicago, Illinois, on April 27 and 28, 1963.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE (NCAHUAC)

APPENDIX

WASHINGTON AREA COMMITTEE FOR THE ABOLITION OF
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

A source advised during June-August, 1961, that the Washington Area Committee for the Abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee (WACAHUAC) was founded at a public meeting in Washington, D.C. on June 8, 1961, to campaign for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA); an election of officers was held on June 23, 1961, with Selma Rein being elected as Secretary; Rein has been in control of the organization since that time; Rein does not mind if individuals connected in the past with organizations cited publicly as being communist dominated or controlled work with WACAHUAC, provided they are not publicly identified in this regard; and the organization's policy statement, as rewritten by Joseph Forer, was accepted by the WACAHUAC Executive Board in August, 1961.

On September 12, 1962, a second source advised the WACAHUAC is affiliated with the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee. This source, on May 4, 1963, advised the WACAHUAC is still in existence.

Selma Rein was identified by a third source on January 21, 1954, as a then current Communist Party (CP) member. On February 28, 1957, she appeared before the HCUA and refused to answer questions concerning past or present CP membership.

Joseph Forer is one of the attorneys who has represented the CP, United States of America, before the United States Court of Appeals and the United States Supreme Court.

[REDACTED]

b7d

The National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee is characterized separately in the Appendix.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433447)

DATE: APR 7 1964

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-37885)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE
HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
IS- C
(OO:LA)

ReCGairtel 3/20/64.

Enclosed herewith are nine copies for the Bureau and sufficient copies for designated offices of LHM setting out thumbnail sketch of CHARLES JACKSON, as requested in re airtel.

Informants used in this LHM are:

First source: [REDACTED] b7d
Second source: [REDACTED]

LHM classified "Confidential" as data reported from first and second sources could logically identify an informant of continuing value and compromise future effectiveness thereof.

- 2- Bureau (Enc. 9)
- 2- Atlanta (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 2- Birmingham (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 2- Boston (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 7- Chicago (RM) (Enc. 7)
 - (1- A 134-1635)
 - (1- 100-37762) (CCDBR)
 - (1- 100-40396) (PSCCLCC)
 - (1- 100-18080) [REDACTED]
 - (1- 100-32207) (CINAL)
 - (1- 100-22765) [REDACTED]
- 3- WFO
 - (1- 100-32168) [REDACTED]
 - (1- 100-26169) [REDACTED]

2/3

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 1 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

4

PGJ:ejr
(41)

WFO 100-37885

Copy Count Continued-

- 4- Los Angeles (Enc. 7) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 3- Louisville (Enc. 3) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 2- Newark (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 2- New Orleans (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100-) (SCEF, INC.)
- 6- New York (Enc. 6) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
 - (1- 100-) (ARTHUR KINOV)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
 - (1- 100-) (NY COUNCIL TO ABOLISH HUAC)
- 2- Philadelphia (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 2- Pittsburgh (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])
- 2- San Francisco (Enc. 2) (RM)
 - (1- 100- [REDACTED])

b7c

TO: SAC, WFO (100-37885)

FROM: SA [REDACTED] b7c

SUBJECT: NCAHUAC

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Date received 3/14/64	Received from (name or symbol number) [REDACTED] b1	Received by [REDACTED] b7c
--------------------------	--	-------------------------------

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person ☒ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Dictated _____ to _____

Transcribed 3/16/64 by [REDACTED] b7c

Authenticated by Informant 3/23/64

Date of Report

3/14/64

Date(s) of activity

3/14/64

Brief description of activity or material

REPORT re 3/14/64 SESSION OF NCAHUAC

ANNUAL MEETING

File where original is located if not attached

Remarks:

This informant has furnished reliable information in the past.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES

10- WFO ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 3/16/64

(5- NEW YORK (RM)

100- NCAHUAC
100- Arthur Kinoy
100- [REDACTED]
100- [REDACTED]
100- [REDACTED]

2- [REDACTED] (RM)

100- SCRF
100- [REDACTED]

4- [REDACTED] (RM)

100-37885 NCAHUAC
100- [REDACTED]
100- [REDACTED]
100- [REDACTED]

2- [REDACTED] (RM)

100- NCAHUAC
100- [REDACTED]

1- [REDACTED] (RM)

100- [REDACTED]

1- [REDACTED] (RM)

100- [REDACTED]

FBG:mag
(25)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Block Stamp

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 6 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WFO: 100-37885

"March 14, 1964

[REDACTED]

b1

[REDACTED]

b1

"The morning session of the national meeting was held as scheduled. Fred Samuelson and Alice Trigg of the Washington Area Committee for the Abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee (WACAHUAC) were stationed at the door and collected \$8 from each person who entered. This money is to be used to finance luncheons on 3/14 and 15/64, and the dinner to be held at the Hays' residence on 3/14/64.

"Approximately 70 to 75 people were present at this first session, including:

[REDACTED]

b1

~~C~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WFO: 100-37885

"Harvey O'Connor was the Chairman of the first session, and the first speaker was Donna Allen, who reviewed the record of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) for the past five years. She also reviewed abolition work during this period. Allen said many of the Representatives are afraid to take a chance by going on record against the HCUA because this is an election year. She stated that many Representatives feel that HCUA is not carrying out its original mandate, but, rather, is going beyond it. She said that many of these Congressmen want to keep clear of an abolition position, and added that 'we' have to protect these individuals who are sympathetic with abolition by not attacking them. She said there are a 'good number' of Congressmen against HCUA. In a discussion following Allen's speech Frank Wilkinson stated that last year there were 80 members of the House in favor of abolition of HCUA, and were prepared to vote against it. He added that there is currently a group of five Congressmen who have prepared a five page petition against HCUA. This petition has 19 signatures on it, and 25 are needed to bring it out of committee. He said he has a copy of this petition.

"The next speaker was Anne Braden. Her theme was that the HCUA is the cause of integration not working in the South because of its 'red baiting.' She stated that 'little HCUA' committees have been set up in southern states which are fed material by the HCUA, and that liberals in the South are attacked as communists. This scares people away from working for integration. Braden put over the idea that civil rights are synonymous with civil liberties, and said that the 'civil rights people' have to make up their minds to assist the 'civil liberties people' by giving them the necessary weapons to carry on the fight. These weapons are in the form of support of the civil liberties position and funds. Braden also said that her pamphlet 'HUAC, Bulwark of Segregation' is almost ready for the printers, and will be distributed in the near future.

"The next speaker was Arthur Kinoy, an attorney, who spoke on the raid on the Southern Conference Educational Fund last fall by state authorities in Louisiana. He said this was actually a 'three state conspiracy' against the Negro by what he termed the 'Southern power structure'. Kinoy said the SCF records were taken into Mississippi in order to avoid a subpoena

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WFO: 100-37885

by local or state courts in Louisiana, and that they are now in Washington, D.C. Kinoy said this 'southern power structure' goes from state to state in the south to block integration, but added that its time is limited. He added that Senator Eastland of Mississippi is behind most of the anti-integration activity in the South, by his use of the 'little HUAC committees.'

"Lafayette Sumner made a short speech concerning the situation in the South. He said he is affiliated with the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) and has been working on voter registration in the state of Mississippi. He said that all opposition to integration stems from Senator Eastland, and that it is hard to get Negroes in the South to do any more than to say they would like to vote. He said this reluctance is due to their fear of economic reprisals. He also said that most people working for integration are labeled 'communists.'

"At the end of the session Richard Criley stated that the South is not the only place with 'little HUAC committees.' He said that Anne Braden's pamphlet would be needed in the North as well as the South."

This memorandum has been compared with the original statement and it is correct in substance.

All necessary action which should be taken in connection with this information has been taken.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material
FD-306 (3-21-58)

TO: SAC, [REDACTED] b7d b7c,d

FROM: SA [REDACTED]

SUBJECT: NCAHUAC

IS-C

Date received

Received from (name or symbol number)

Received by

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person

☒

by telephone

☐ by mail

☐ orally

☐ recording device

☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated

to

Transcribed

Authenticated
by Informant

Date of Report

Date(s) of activity

3/14/64

Brief description of activity or material

REPORT re SOCIAL AFFAIR FOR NCAHUAC

DELEGATES 3/14/64

File where original is located if not attached

Remarks:

This informant has furnished reliable information in the past.

FBG:mag
(22)

Block Stamp
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

MAY 6 1964
FBI - NEW YORK

[REDACTED]

"March 15, 1964

"On Saturday Evening, 3/14/64, a dinner was held for the delegates to the annual meeting of the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NCAHUAC). This affair, which was purely social in nature, was held at the home of Bill and Betty Hays, 4863 Potomac Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. Approximately 50 people were present, including the following:

[REDACTED]

b7d

This memorandum has been compared with the original statement and it is correct in substance.

All necessary action which should be taken in connection with this information has been taken.

New York, New York
April 28, 1964

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BU 100-413210
NY 100-118562

Re: Arthur Kinoy

Kinoy is an attorney with offices at 511 Fifth Avenue, New York City, where he is associated with the firm of Kunstler, Kunstler & Kinoy. He resides at 4901 Henry Hudson Parkway, Bronx, New York. U

He was born on September 29, 1920, Bronx, New York, is white, 5'4", 130 pounds, brown-greying hair, brown eyes, slender-stopped build, medium complexion, and wears glasses. (u)

[REDACTED]

b1

CLASSIFIED BY 2333 GRT
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency. (u)

4 - Bureau (100-413210) (RM)

① - New York (100-118562)

[REDACTED]

(5)

b7c

Searched
Indexed
Filed
216

DISSEMINATED TO
SECRET SERVICE

ON MAY 5 1964

VERIFICATION OF INFORMATION ON SECURITY INDEX CARDS

MEMORANDUM RE:

ARTHUR KINOY
100-118562

Office File

The following is the most recent place of employment, employment address, and residence address of the above subject as contained on the subject's Security Index Card.

Residence: 4705 Henry Hudson Parkway, Bronx, New York

Employment: Attorney, Kuntsler and Kuntsler, 511 5th Avenue,
Address: New York, New York

Labor Union Affiliation:

Defense Facility: ☐ Yes ☒ NoKey Facility: ☒ Yes ☒ No☒ Yes ☐ NoDetcom ☐ Yes ☒ NoPhoto ☒ Yes ☐ No

It is requested that the place of employment, address of employment, residence address of the subject, as well as the accuracy of the priority tabbing, be verified and the proper notations be made below. The absence of a photograph and [REDACTED] should be noted and efforts made to secure a photograph and determine the existence of a criminal record. b7E

A physical description based on personal observation of the subject appears in serial 104

Residence: SAME. b7E

Method of Verification: [REDACTED]

Neighborhood Source: [REDACTED] OF ANNUAL 7/10/64

Date: 7/31/64

Verified by SA [REDACTED]

Employment: Same b7c

Address:

Labor Union Affiliation:

Date Checked

Geographical Reference Number

Key Facility: ☐ Yes ☒ NoDefense Facility: ☐ Yes ☒ NoTab Detcom: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Method of Verification: see res

Employment Source:

Date:

Verified by SA:

FD-122 should be submitted to Bureau: ☐ Yes ☒ NoFile Reviewed *my*☒ Subject Meets SI Criteria☐ Does Not Meet SI CriteriaAgent's Initials *my*

Date 7/31/64

OPEN (OR REOPEN) CASE

ORIGIN *NY* DATE 5-18-64SUPV *[initials]* SECT 46

Annual T- 7/10/64 H
100-118562-217

INDEXED

SER *100-118562-217* FILED

JUL 13 1964

NEW YORK

46
51 Unit
jad

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 218 DATE 5-22-64

CONSISTING OF 13 PAGES of which
pages 2-5

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Bureau file 100-433447

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
May 22, 1964

National Committee to Abolish the
House Un-American Activities Committee
(NCAHUAC)
Internal Security - C
Internal Security Act of 1950

All of the information set out below was furnished by
sources who have furnished reliable information in the past.

b7d

DECLASSIFIED ON 4/1/00
BY 1306 TJS.

b7d

This document contains neither recommendations nor
conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It
is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Group I

-Excluded from automatic
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declassification

Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

National Committee to Abolish The House
Un-American Activities Committee

1.

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

National Committee to Abolish The House
Un-American Activities Committee

2.

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.

* * *

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist law-breakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
National Committee to Abolish
The House Un-American Activities Committee

1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" issued December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, page 115, contains the following citation regarding the National Committee to Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

"Cited as a 'new organization' set up in the summer of 1960 to lead and direct the Communist Party's 'Operation Abolition' campaign. Seven of the national leaders of this group have been identified as Communists.

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1278 on the Truth About the Film 'Operation Abolition,' Part 1, October 3, 1961, p. 5.)"

A source has advised that the NCAUAC changed its name on March 3, 1962, to include the word "House" in its name, thereby becoming known as the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee.

+

National Committee to Abolish the
House Un-American Activities Committee
APPENDIX

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH
THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES
COMMITTEE

On March 9, 1961, a source advised that the New York Council To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAUAC), 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York, was formed at a meeting held in New York City on November 17, 1960. This organization was founded principally through the efforts of FRANK WILKINSON, Field Representative of the National Committee To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

A second source advised on September 17, 1952, that FRANK WILKINSON was a Communist Party member as of September, 1952.

A third source furnished on September 14, 1961, a copy of resolutions of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) which were adopted by the NYCAHUAC. One such resolution affirmed the intention to continue to work for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) and to continue its efforts to broaden the participation in this fight. Another resolution accepted as a modus vivendi the suggestion of the Field Representative of the "National Committee to Abolish the HCUA" (NCAHUAC) namely that local abolition committees may identify and co-ordinate their efforts as closely as they desire with NCAHUAC, still maintaining their autonomy for as flexible and independent a program as possible.

Various sources have advised during March, 1962, that Communist Party (CP) members in the New York City area have been solicited to support activities of the NYCAHUAC during attendance at CP club meetings.

On May 6, 1963, the first source advised that the NYCAHUAC continues to function from its office at 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the People's School for Marxist Studies was founded in September, 1960, as the result of a decision of the CPUSA, NYD. Adult classes were scheduled to start October 17, 1960.

b7d

"The Worker" of October 16, 1960, announced the opening of the New York School for Marxist Studies (NYSMS) with general classes beginning October 17, 1960, and Student Committee On Progressive Education (SCOPE) (Youth) Classes beginning October 14, 1960. The address of the School is Room 1922, 853 Broadway at 14th Street, New York, New York.

The records of Pearce Mayer and Greer, 41 East 42nd Street, New York City, reflect that on August 29, 1960, HERBERT APTHEKER leased Room 1922-23, 853 Broadway, New York City, for the period starting October 1, 1960. The premises were to be occupied by a "People's School." On July 3, 1962, HERBERT APTHEKER signed a new lease for Room 1922-23, 853 Broadway, New York City, to start October 1, 1962, which reflects that the premises were to be used as an office for the NYSMS.

During April and May, 1963, a second source furnished information that the NYSMS was then in operation at 853 Broadway, New York, New York.

The Spring Term, 1963 Bulletin of the NYSMS reflects Dr. HERBERT APTHEKER as the Director of the School.

A third source advised on December 14, 1959, that at the 17th National Convention of the CPUSA, held December 10-13, 1959, HERBERT APTHEKER was elected a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

The May, 1963, issue of "Political Affairs," self-described as the theoretical organ of the CPUSA, reflects that HERBERT APTHEKER has been replaced as editor of that publication after holding this position for several years.

A characterization of SCOPE is included in the appendix.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

National Committee to Abolish the
House Un-American Activities Committee

1.

APPENDIX

STUDENT COMMITTEE ON PROGRESSIVE
EDUCATION (SCOPE)

A confidential source advised on June 16, 1958, that the Student Committee on Progressive Education (SCOPE) was formed in early 1958, by a group of individuals who were believed to be, by the source, sympathizers of the former Labor Youth League (LYL).

The LYL has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

A second confidential source advised on November 20, 1958, that at the third day's session of the National Executive Committee (NEC), Communist Party, United States of America (CPUSA), held that day in New York City, ROBERT THOMPSON, Executive Secretary, CPUSA, stated that in New York there is a group of about 21 youths who have been a very active force in youth and formed a group called SCOPE, a Student Committee on Progressive Education, which has run for the last year with young people with a Marxist character. THOMPSON stated that approximately 8 or 10 of this group are CP members.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] most of the discussions on youth are between the National Office (CP) and two groups of young people who function in New York which are either Party groups or pro-Party groups. The first group is called SCOPE (Student Committee on Progressive Education) and this group stands closest to the CP leadership

62

National Committee to Abolish the
House Un-American Activities Committee

2.

APPENDIX

STUDENT COMMITTEE ON PROGRESSIVE
EDUCATION (SCOPE) (CONT'D)

A fourth confidential source made available on March 23, 1961, a mimeographed letter signed by "The SCOPE Committee." This letter sets forth that last fall SCOPE became a part of the newly formed New York School for Marxist Studies (NYSMS) as its autonomous youth division.

The Spring Term 1963 Bulletin of the NYSMS states that SCOPE is trying to provide conditions in which youth can broaden their knowledge and improve their understanding of this changing, perplexing, and exciting age. The goal of SCOPE is "to provide a unique opportunity for the study and discussion of Marxism."

On May 17, 1963, the fourth source advised that SCOPE continues to share the office space in Room 1922, 853 Broadway, New York City, with the NYSMS.

A characterization of the NYSMS is included in the Appendix.

National Committee to Abolish the
House Un-American Activities Committee

1.

APPENDIX

YOUTH AGAINST THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Youth Against the House Un-American Activities Committee:

"Youth Against the House Un-American Activities Committee

- "1. 'After carefully evaluating the testimony and other evidence in its possession, the committee concluded that * * * the Youth Against the House Un-American Activities Committee' is an organization 'created and controlled by the Communist Party for the purpose of carrying on the Communist program among youth.'

The organization has 'headquarters in Room 201, 421 Seventh Avenue, New York.' 'The committee * * * found significant the fact that the organization occupies the same rooms and uses the same staff as the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, the principal aim of which is to abolish this committee and discredit the FBI.'

'This organization has since changed its name to "Youth to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee" and, more recently, to "Youth to Abolish Un-American Committees."' .
(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1960, House Report 2237, January 2, 1961, pp. 51 and 15, fn.)"

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-433447) DATE: 5/22/64

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-142201)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE
HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
(NCAHUAC)
IS-C
ISA of 1950
(OO: LOS ANGELES) b7c

Rerep of SA [REDACTED] dated 4/21/64, at
WFO and NYlet to Director, 5/11/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of LHM setting
forth characterizations [REDACTED]

Enclosed for Los Angeles are two copies of LHM since
that office is origin in this case and for WFO, one copy of LHM
for information.

- 2- Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
- 2- Los Angeles (100-59609) (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1- Washington Field (100-37885) (Encl. 1) (RM)
- 1- New York [REDACTED]
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (7)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (5)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (45)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (45)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (45)
- 1- New York (100-118562) (ARTHUR KINOY)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (45)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (45)
- 1- New York [REDACTED] (45)
- 1- New York (100-142201) (41)

JET:mv1
(16)
WMM

219

b7c

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
46 MAY 22 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-142201

In referenced report, it was reported that



b7d

The sources utilized in LHM are as follows:

1st source
2nd source
3rd source
4th source
5th source
6th source
7th source
8th source



b7d

The LHM is classified confidential as data reported by the first six sources and by the eighth source could logically identify these confidential sources of continuing value and compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 220 DATE 6.11.64

CONSISTING OF 6 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY.

SERIAL 221 DATE 6.11.64

CONSISTING OF 5 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

SAC, NY 100-10769

June 18, 1964

SA [REDACTED] b7c

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD (NLG)
IS-C; ISA 50 b7E

on 5/19/64 [REDACTED]
furnished a copy of the NLG Newsletter dated May 15, 1964.
This item is retained in NY 100-10769 - 1B749.

On page 2 of the Newsletter it is reported that
MARK LANT of New York is a co-Chairman of the Guild's
National Committee on the Intergration of the Legal
Profession.

Under "Chapter Notes" on page 3 it was reported EDWARD
BREKIS of New York and a representative of the DA's office
would speak before the NY Chapter on the "knock-knock" and
"stop and frisk" laws.

A photograph of Victor RABINOWITZ appears on page 3
as attending the Guild Convention at Detroit.

The following persons were listed as officers of the
NLG, elected at the Detroit Convention:

OSWALD E. FRAENKEL, New York, a Vice-President
ARTHUR KINNY, New York, a Vice-President ✓
HERMAN P. GERRINGER, New York, Secretary.
VICTOR RABINOWITZ, New York, a Vice-President.

1- [REDACTED] b7c
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED]
1- [REDACTED] 100-118562 (ARTHUR KINNY) #45
1- [REDACTED] #45

HPL:hl

222
100-118562-
b7c

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 18 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: SAC, DETROIT (100-2760) DATE: 7/19/64

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-10769)

SUBJECT: NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD
IS-C
ISA-1950
(OO:DETROIT)

[REDACTED]

b7c

HPL:amc
(28)
WMM

100-118542-223

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46 JUL 10 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

b7c [REDACTED]

NY 100-10769

CONT'D:

[REDACTED]

5- New York

[REDACTED]

(1- 100-113562) (ARTHUR KINCY (#42))

[REDACTED]

b7c

NY 100-10769

On June 16, 1964, [REDACTED] made available a mimeographed letter, dated June, 1964, from the National Lawyers Guild (NLG), Cadillac Tower, Detroit, Michigan, addressed to Guild members and bearing the signature "James Lafferty, Executive Secretary". The letter enclosed a brochure outlining the work of the NLG and a copy of this is being submitted to the Detroit Office.

The letter set out the following officers of the NLG:

President:	ERNEST GOODMAN Detroit
Executive Secretary:	JAMES T. LAFFERTY
Vice Presidents:	GEORGE W. CROCKETT, JR. Detroit
	THOMAS I. EMERSON, New Haven
	OSMOND K. FRAENKEL, New York
	ARTHUR HINCY, New York
	NORMAN LEONARD, San Francisco
	JOHN T. McTERMAN, Los Angeles
	VICTOR RABINOWITZ, New York
	BENJAMIN SMITH, New Orleans
	HERMAN WRIGHT, Houston

NY 100-10769

Executive Vice
President:

DAVID Y. KLEIN,
Detroit

Secretary:

HERMAN B. GERRINGER,
New York

Treasurer:

BERNARD J. PIEGER,
Detroit

Advisory Board:

JOHN M. COE,
Pensacola

EARL B. DICKERSON,
Chicago

BENJAMIN DREXFUS,
San Francisco

• ROBERT W. KENNY,
Los Angeles

MALCOLM SHARP,
Chicago

The letter is located in NYfile 100-10769-1275.

FILE # 100-118562

SUBJECT ARTHUR KINOY

SERIAL 224 DATE 8-10-64

CONSISTING OF 27 PAGES of which
page 11

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant
to Executive Order 11652 as it contains
information which would disclose an intelligence
source. This serial bears the Classification
Officers number [REDACTED]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
August 10, 1964

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

The sources of information set forth in this memorandum are the first confidential source mentioned and the sources designated as the second, third, and fourth confidential sources. All other confidential sources mentioned are used to characterize individuals mentioned herein and all sources have furnished reliable information in the past.

Westbury Long Island Meeting, 7/2/64

A confidential source advised on July 3, 1964, that on that date, Lou Cottin told Anne Schwerner that there were 385 people at the Westbury Long Island meeting the previous night, that Nat Schwerner received a standing ovation and that the meeting raised \$1,774.30. Lou said that he was going to write to the lawyers who were to get the money for the Council of Federated Organizations (COFO).

The same source advised on July 1, 1964, that on that date, Nat Schwerner advised a person known to the source only as Lou, that he should get 2 responsible people to open a bank account in any name such as "operation Mississippi" for the purpose of collecting contributions. He said that checks drawn on this account are to be sent to COFO and mailed to COFO in care of Arthur Kinoy, 511 5th Avenue, New York City, one of the COFO attorneys.

CLASSIFIED BY 6122 WNP/MA
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
upgraded to secret 2/1/78

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

~~SECRET~~

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 2/7/78
178

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recommendations nor conclusions of
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and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

Nat and Anne Schwerner

"The New York Times", June 24, 1964, page 21, column 4, identified Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Schwerner of Pelham, New York, as the parents of Michael Schwerner, a member of the Congress of Racial Equality, and one of the three civil rights workers who were missing in Mississippi.

Stephen Schwerner, brother of Michael Schwerner

[REDACTED] stated that he had lived at 34 5th Street, Pelham, New York, since 1948 and at 1679 Popple Avenue, Bronx, New York, 1937-1948. b7c

[REDACTED] Nathan Schwerner, wife, Anne Schwerner, resided at 1679 Popple Avenue, Bronx, New York, since 1937. He was employed as a partner in the Schwerner-Oppenheim Company, 12 East 22nd Street, New York City. b7d


A confidential source advised in April, 1944, that one Nat Schwerner, [REDACTED] was a member of the University Club, 8th Assembly District, Bronx, County, Communist Party (CP). b7d

The same source advised in March and April, 1944, that Anne Schwerner [REDACTED] was Membership Director, University Club, 8th Assembly District, Southern Section, Bronx County CP. b7d

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

This source advised in December, 1947,
that Anne Schwerner, self identified
as a member of the Bronx County CP,
Mount Eden Section, East University Club,


b7d

The "Daily Worker", January 13, 1944, page 8,
column 5, reflects that Anne Schwerner, 8th
Assembly District, Bronx, New York, sent
congratulations to the "Daily Worker" on
its 20th anniversary.

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast
Communist newspaper which ceased publication
on January 13, 1958, and "The Worker" was
its Sunday edition.

 b1
Arthur Kinoy
 b1

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

Louis M. Cottin

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

b7c,d

A confidential source advised in 1944
that Louis Cottin was Education Director,
Garden Bay Club, Queens County, CP.

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Communist Party, USA Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

New Rochelle Meeting, 7/7/64

The first confidential source learned on July 4, 1964, that a meeting was to be held on Tuesday night, July 7, 1964, at the Temple Beth El in New Rochelle, at 8:00 p.m. According to the source, Nat Schwerner described Ossie Davis as the Program Committee Chairman, and Samson Gordon as the Organizing Chairman.

The source further advised on July 4, 1964, that Nat Schwerner told Ossie Davis that he felt that Davis should chair the meeting on July 7, 1964, and that a member of the Student Non-Violent Co-ordinating Committee (SNCC) should make the collection speech. Davis agreed to this arrangement.

Ossie Davis

A confidential source advised on April 12, 1962, that Ossie Davis and his wife are not known to be members of the CP. However, they have the reputation of supporting or aiding causes, through personal appearances, which are also supported by the CP.

Samson Gordon

A confidential source advised on November 2, 1962, that the Silver Anniversary Banquet of the New York City Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) was held on October 26, 1962, in New York City.

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A characterization of the NLG is set forth in the Appendix pages.

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Communist Party USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

The first confidential source advised on July 2, 1964, that according to Anne Schwerner, the meeting was being conducted by the Citizens For Human Rights in New Rochelle, New York, and was set up by friends of hers because of what had happened to her son, Mickey Schwerner, to raise money to let people know what is going on in Mississippi and what they can do to protect the other workers there. She said that the money was for COFO to be used for bail money.

On July 4, 1964, the first confidential source learned that Milton Heimlich and Nat Schwerner had discussed the forthcoming New Rochelle, New York, Tuesday night, July 7th meeting. Nat Schwerner stated that he had been in close contact with SNCC concerning the meeting and that a nationally known member of the organization would appear to make an appeal. Milton Heimlich told Schwerner that he had been in touch with Catholic dioceses in New York and New Rochelle, and that they would support it with contributions. According to the source, Schwerner requested Heimlich to look into the matter of trucking food and books to Jackson, Mississippi.

Milton Heimlich

A brochure of the Tom Paine School of Westchester, 2 Hamilton Avenue, New Rochelle, New York, for the Winter term January-April, 1946, lists Milton Heimlich as a member of the Board of Trustees.

The Tom Paine School of Westchester has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

On March 24, 1947, a confidential source made available a letter on the letter-head of the American Birobidjan Committee, 103 Park Avenue, New York City, dated March 13, 1947. This letter lists the National Officers and the members of the National Committee of the organization. The name, Milton Heinalich appears under the caption "National Committee".

The American Committee for the Settlement of Jews in Birobidjan has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The first confidential source ascertained on July 6, 1964, that Nat Schwerner had been in touch with Samson Hordon, 31 Hunter Avenue, New Rochelle, New York, concerning the meeting scheduled for the following night, July 7, 1964.

According to this source, on July 9, 1964, an inquiry was made of Anne Schwerner if people could send money to the 31 Hunter Avenue address and that she stated that this could be done but that it also could be sent to her.

On July 11, 1964, the source advised that Nat Schwerner told Carol Rogoff, a member of SNCC, that any donations over \$500 were to be made out to or signed over to Kunstler, Kunstler and Kinoy Attorneys of 511 5th Avenue, New York City, for further distribution to COFO and other interested groups.

According to the source, Anne Schwerner advised on July 15, 1964, that over \$20,000 had been raised for COFO in New Rochelle.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) Luncheon, 7/16/64

Source learned on July 9, 1964, that Florence Friedlander, was at the residence of Nat and Anne Schwerner on that date and mentioned that there would be a meeting of the ECLC on Thursday, July 16, 1964, at which Clark Foreman would give a report. According to the source, Anne Schwerner stated that there was to be a luncheon at 12:30 p.m. on July 16, 1964, at the Blue Ribbon Restaurant in New York City, to which they were all invited and that Clark Foreman who had returned from Mississippi where he had been on a fact finding tour would speak.

Florence Friedlander

A confidential source advised on December 6, 1960, that Florence Friedlander attended an enlarged combined CP meeting of the Astoria Sunnyside CP Club held in Queens, New York, on December 3, 1960. Among those present were active Party members from neighboring clubs and former Party members from the Astoria-Sunnyside clubs.

This source advised on March 19, 1958, that as of that time Florence Friedlander was Organizational Secretary of the Sunnyside Section, Queens County CP.

Clark Foreman

"The New York Times", April 13, 1964, page 23, contains a 7 page column advertisement of the ECLC requesting the reader to attend a meeting of the organization at the Sheraton-Atlantic Hotel, New York City that evening.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

This advertisement lists the current officers and National Council members of the ECLC. Clark Foreman is listed as Director.

A characterization of the ECLC is set forth in the Appendix pages.

On July 13, 1964, the source furnished information reflecting that Florence Friedlander told Nat Schwerner on that date that Clark Foreman, head of a fact finding committee, wanted to have a luncheon at 12:30 p.m. on July 16, 1964 at the Blue Ribbon Restaurant. Friedlander wanted Nat Schwerner and his family to come and listen and Schwerner told her that he would let her know if he could attend.

Friedlander also stated that there would be a meeting of about 100 people which would be held at 8:30 p.m. on July 23, 1964, at 444 Central Park West, to raise money.

The source further advised on July 13, 1964, that on that date, Nat Schwerner was in contact with William Kunstler who said he had been in Mississippi where he met with James Foreman, head of SNCC and Robert Moses, who is the Director of the COFO Project in Mississippi. The 2 of them decided that all checks received should go to COFO in Jackson, Mississippi, and that checks should be made out to the legal coordinator of COFO in order to show that it is going to legal defense and, therefore, will be tax exempt. Kunstler pointed out that there is \$1700 on deposit for COFO in Jackson, Mississippi.

"The New York Times", August 5, 1964, page 37, column 2, described William M. Kunstler as Attorney for the Schwerner family.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

A confidential source has advised that William Kunstler was Special Counsel of the Gandhi Society of Human Rights which organization was formed for the purpose of developing a philosophy and technique of non-violent civil rights protests. It is a non-active organization and makes no attempts to influence legislation nor participate in demonstrations. The society furnishes legal assistance in certain civil rights cases. The organization was incorporated June 14, 1962.

The source advised on July 15, 1964, that Anne and Nat Schwerner were to attend the ECLC Luncheon on July 16, 1964.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

The Abraham Lincoln Brigade, the
American branch of the International
Brigade has been designated pursuant
to Executive Order 10450.

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Edith Tiger

"The New York Times". April 13, 1964, page
23, contains a 7 page column advertisement
of the ECLC requesting the reader to attend
a meeting of the organization at the Sheraton-
Atlantic Hotel, New York City, that evening.
This advertisement lists the current officers
and National Council members of the ECLC. Mrs.
Edith Tiger is listed as Assistant Director.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

[REDACTED]

6)

Joseph Crown

On April 21, 1955, a confidential source advised that Joseph Crown was a CP member as of April, 1955.

"The New York Times", April 13, 1964, page 23, contains a 7 page column advertisement of the ECLC requesting the reader to attend a meeting of the organization at the Sheraton-Atlantic Hotel, New York City, that evening. This advertisement lists the current officers and National Council members of the ECLC. Joseph H. Crown is listed as a member of the Executive Committee.

The first confidential source advised on July 23, 1964, that Anne Schwerner told Florence Friedlander that she intended to come into the city to assist her on that date. The source learned that Anne Schwerner was going into New York City and intended to go to someone's house where there was to be a party that night.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

[REDACTED]

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The first confidential source advised on July 27, 1964, that on that date, Nat Schwerner stated that \$1600 to \$1800 was raised at the Needleman party. The source further ascertained on July 27, 1964, that William Kunstler told Nat Schwerner that Florence Friedlander had come in with approximately \$1700 and that COFO had decided to open an account in New York.

Miscellaneous Information Concerning Schwerner's Contacts

The first confidential source learned on July 5, 1964, that Nat Schwerner had been in contact with a Bernard D. Fischman of Scarsdale, New York, regarding the disappearance of his son and the 2 other COFO workers and had asked Fischman's advice concerning his speeches and speaking techniques.

Bernard Fischman

The "New York Guild Lawyer", a monthly publication of the NYGL, May, 1962, p. 11, reflects that members of the Board of Directors of the New York City Chapter of the NYGL for 1962-63 were elected at the chapter meeting held on May 2, 1962, at the Hotel Martinique. Bernard D. Fischman was one of those elected to this board.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

A confidential source made available on February 27, 1962, a pamphlet "National Lawyers Guild * Silver Anniversary Convention * 1962" This pamphlet on p. 4 contains a listing of officers and members of the NLG for July, 1960-through February, 1962. The information is set forth under the heading "Officers and Members of the Executive Board" July, 1960- February, 1962. Under "Executive Board" the listings are by city and Bernard D. Fischman is one of those listed for New York City.

The first confidential source learned on July 14, 1964, that Nat and Anne Schwerner had accepted an invitation to attend a fund raising affair to be held at the Bethesda Church, later that month and that Nat Schwerner had stipulated that all funds must go to COFO with a check for the amount raised to be sent to the COFO attorneys, Kunstler, Kunstler, and Kinoy. The source further learned that Ossie Davis and W. T. Walker were to be at this affair.

Wyatt Tee Walker was the Executive Assistant to Martin Luther King in the Southern Christian Leadership Conference.

The first confidential source also learned on July 14, 1964, that Nat Schwerner was in contact with Joseph Beller who had resided at 1638 Undercliff Avenue, Bronx, New York. Schwerner inquired from Beller about obtaining trucks to deliver material to Mississippi, which material would consist of such things as food, and clothing. Beller told Schwerner that he would look into this for him.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

Joseph Beller

A confidential source advised on September 22 and 24, 1953, that Joseph Beller of Undercliff Avenue, Bronx, New York, was a member of the Mount Eden Section, Bronx County CP, between 1946 and 1950.

The same source advised on November 12, 1953, that Joe Beller was an active member of the University Club, Bronx County, CP, in 1950.

A confidential source advised in January, 1947, that Joseph Beller, 1630 Undercliff Avenue, Bronx, New York, was the Organizer for the East University CP Club.

[REDACTED]

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The first confidential source advised on July 16, 1964, that on that date, Nat Schwerner, in discussing a meeting to be held in White Plains, New York, which would be sponsored by the Urban League of New York, stated that contributions should be made to the First Unitarian Church in New Orleans, in order to avoid the funds being seized. He also said that an account had been set up in New York so that funds could be drawn by leaders in Jackson, Mississippi.

The first confidential source learned on July 24, 1964, that Nat Schwerner had discussed with Ossie Davis meetings to be held on Thursday night, July 30, 1964, one at the Archbishop Stepinac High School, in White Plains, New York, and one at the Bethesda Church in New Rochelle, New York.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

According to the source, Davis was committed to the Bethesda Church meeting and Schwerner attempted to persuade him to arrange his leave from that commitment in order to serve as Master of Ceremonies at the White Plains meeting. Davis indicated that Samson Gordon might be able to persuade the pastor of the Bethesda Church to release him from his commitment there.

Schwerner stated that one of the organizational heads of the White Plains meeting was Lottie Kunstler, wife and William Kunstler, and said that John Lewis would be on hand at the White Plains meeting. Schwerner sought Davis's advice on the advisability of using his wife, Anne Schwerner, in his place at the Bethesda Church.

John Lewis is the Chairman of SNCC.

The first confidential source learned on July 27, 1964, that Lottie Kunstler and Nat Schwerner discussed the program of the meeting to be held at Archbishop Stepinac High School in White Plains, New York on July 30, 1964. Lottie Kunstler planned to have Ossie Davis read letters, and excerpts from letters, written by several workers in Mississippi. Schwerner planned to read a letter of July 2, 1964, from Peter Rabinowitz.

This source advised on July 29, 1964, that according to Anne Schwerner, Marcia Rabinowitz was going to pick up Nat Schwerner when he returned from Washington, D.C. on July 30, 1964, and take him to the White Plains meeting.

Victor and Marcia Rabinowitz

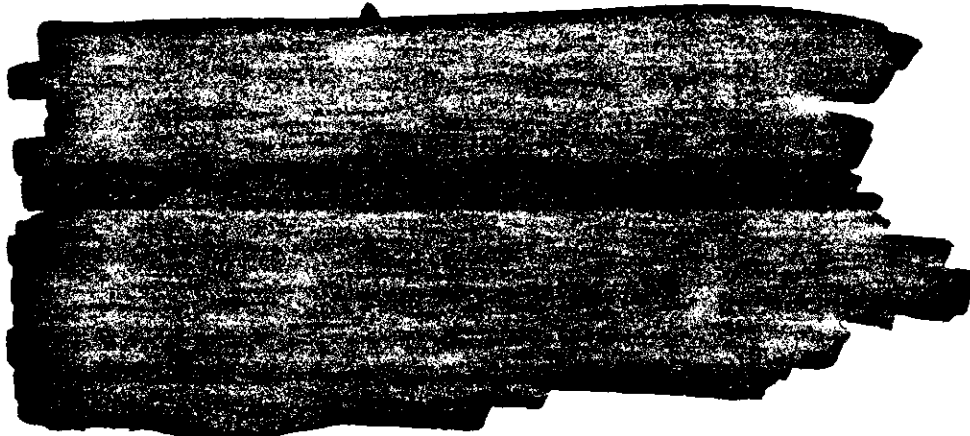
Peter Rabinowitz, is the son of Victor and Marcia Rabinowitz of 7 Serpentine Drive, New Rochelle, New York, and a volunteer for the Mississippi summer project sponsored by COFO.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C



61

A characterization of the FPCC is set forth in the Appendix pages and sources used in this characterization have furnished reliable information in the past.

The April 13, 1964, issue of "The New York Times", page 23, carries an advertisement of the ECLC and the name of Victor Rabinowitz is listed as a member of the Executive Committee of the National Council of the ECLC.

A confidential source advised on May 10, 1963, that Victor Rabinowitz was then the attorney representing the FPCC in New York City.

The "New York Guild Lawyer" the monthly publication of the NLG, in its May, 1963, issue indicated that Victor Rabinowitz was elected one of the Vice Presidents of the New York City Chapter of the NLG at the Chapter meeting held May 1, 1963, at the Hotel Martinique, New York City.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

A confidential source advised on February 8, 1944, that Marcia Rabinowitz was then a member of the Coney Island Club of the CP.

[REDACTED] 61

The ACPFB has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The first confidential source on July 17, 1964, advised that Elsie Gilman had been in contact with Anne Schwerner and said that she is co-chairman of the Greater New York Committee For Federal Intervention and wanted to know if Nat Schwerner could be present at a meeting of that organization. Anne Schwerner advised Gilman that she would have to contact her husband.

This source learned that on July 17, 1964, Anne Schwerner had contacted Florence Friedlander wanting to know who Elsie Gilman was.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

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On June 3, 1964, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), observed Lionel Byalin and William Albertson meet in Great Neck, NY, and proceed to the Byalin residence, 93 Fairview Avenue, Great Neck, New York. Thereafter they observed David Perry Bennett and Elsie Gilman, with others enter the Byalin residence.

On March 25, 1950, a confidential source advised that Lionel Byalin was then active in the affairs of the Queensbridge Club of the CP.

[REDACTED]

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The first confidential source learned on July 14, 1964, that Hilda White of Shrub Oak, New York, had been in contact with Anne Schwerner concerning a meeting to raise money for Mississippi. Anne Schwerner told her to contact her husband, Nat Schwerner.

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Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

According to the source, Nat Schwerner stated that he gave the people from Shrub Oak a conditional acceptance, that all money raised would go to COFO and none to the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, Legal Fund. (NAACP).

On July 22, 1964, the source advised that Carol Rogoff complained to Nat Schwerner that Hilda White said that the money from the meeting was to go to the Committee of 100 of the NAACP. Nat stated that this was no good as far as they were concerned, that he was not touching anything going to the NAACP. Rogoff told Schwerner that she would contact White and tell her and let them go ahead on their own. Schwerner related that he would keep the acceptance open in case they changed

On July 19, 1964, according to the source, Nat Schwerner told Hilda White that he was in sympathy with the NAACP but could not appear unless proceeds went to COFO. Hilda stated that she had formed a committee to solicit donations and Schwerner told her there would be no trouble with Internal Revenue, that people should make their checks payable to the First Unitarian Church of New Orleans. White was instructed to open a temporary account to deposit the checks and then to send the entire proceeds to Kunstler, Kunstler and Kinoy, attorneys at 511 5th Avenue, New York City.

Hilda White nee Crystal
aka Hilda Brown

A confidential source on October 9, 1947, made available a list of 14 section organizers and organizational secretaries of the CP. The name of Hilda Brown, 854 West 180th Street, was listed as organizational secretary of the Washington Heights section.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

The records of the Manhattan Board of Elections reflect that Hilda Brown registered from 854 West 180th Street, from 1944 to 1949 and that Hilda White registered from this address in 1950.

The same source furnished information on August 3, 1949, reflecting that Hilda Brown was office manager of the "Daily Worker" as of May 5, 1949.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1.

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2.

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.
* * *

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist law-breakers, fronts have been devised; making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1.

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, Dr. CHARLES A. SANTOS-BUCH identified himself and ROBERT TABER as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and TABER obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. This source added that during the past year there had been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that their influence as of May, 1963, was negligible.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that VINCENT "TED" LEE, FPCC National Office Director, was then formulating FPCC policy and had indicated that he had no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. This source stated that LEE believed that the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and should support the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations. LEE did not advocate supporting the Cuban revolution per se.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, U. S. Negro
Question, Communist Influence
in Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2.

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The November 23, 1963, edition of "The New York Times" reported that Senator THOMAS J. DODD of Connecticut had called FPCC "the chief public relations instrument of the CASTRO network in the United States." It is to be noted that Senator DODD was a member of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee which twice conducted hearings on the FPCC.

The December 27, 1963, edition of "The New York World Telegram and Sun" newspaper stated that the pro-CASTRO FPCC was seeking to go out of business and that its prime activity during its lifetime had been sponsorship of pro-CASTRO street rallies and mass picket lines, and the direction of an active propaganda mill highlighting illegal travel-to-Cuba campaigns. Its comparatively brief span of life was attributed to mounting anti-CASTRO American public opinion, the 1962 Congressional hearings which disclosed FPCC financing by CASTRO's United Nations Delegation, and ultimately, the bad publicity which the FPCC received from disclosure of activities on its behalf by suspected presidential assassin, LEE H. OSWALD.

On February 6, 1964, the previously mentioned second source advised that V. T. LEE had recently remarked that the FPCC was dead and that there were no plans to organize another similar organization.

On April 13, 1964, a third source advised that there had not been any FPCC activity in many months and that the FPCC had been dissolved.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Communist Party, USA, Negro
Question, Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security-C

CONFIDENTIAL

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APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

CONFIDENTIAL

F B I

Date: 8/10/64

Transmit the following in _____

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-3-116)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-151548)

SUBJECT: CP, USA NEGRO QUESTION COMMUNIST
INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
IS-C
(OO: NEW YORK)

ReBuairtel to NY 7/20/64 and Bulet to NY, 8/3/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau 6 copies of a letter setting forth information obtained from [redacted] during July, 1964, relating to contacts of NAT SCHMERIER, in his activities to raise money for COFO.

b2

- 4- Bureau (RM) (ENCS. 6)
(1- 44- [redacted] (RM))
- 2- Memphis (100- [redacted] (RM)
(1- 157-COFO)
- 2- New Orleans (100- [redacted] (RM)
(1- 157-COFO)
- (20) New York

FILE STRIPPED
BY [redacted] ON 3/30/72

(1- 100-107419) (ECLC) (41) - [redacted]

JFO:gr
(28)

b7c

NO CONTAINMENT
REMOVED IS CLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
AUG 10 1964	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-151548

COPIES CONT'D.

1- 100-118562 (ARTHUR KIMOY) (47)

b7c

NY 100-151548

[REDACTED] b1

[REDACTED] b1

The SAS mentioned in the characterization of
ELSIE GILMAN are [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] b7c

The following are the identities of the sources
used in the characterization of individuals mentioned in this LHM:

Source

Individual

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

BSS. NYCPD [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7d

NY 100-151548

Source

Individual

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7
b1
b1

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

NY 2085-S*

CELIA SEBORER

NY 2017-S*

ELSIE GILMAN
WILLIAM ALBERTSON

[REDACTED]

b7d

NY 1176-S*

NATHAN SCHWERNER
ANNE SCHWERNER

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b2
b7d

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

NY 1199-S*

MARCIA RABINOWITZ

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7d

This LHM is classified "Confidential" because it contains information from the above mentioned sources, the unauthorized disclosure of which could be detrimental to the defense interests of the United States and result in the loss of sources of great value.