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SUBJECT Abraham Brothman
FILE NO.100-95068
VOLUME NO. SUBA
SERIALS 1-107

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A-SPY JURORS EYE W. COAST

By DAVID SENTNER

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The same New York Federal Grand Jury which ordered arrest of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz is considering the farreaching West Coast Scientist X case, it was learned tonight.

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were charged with obstructing justice in connection with the activities of Harry Gold, confessed atom spy.

confessed atom spy.

Prof. Joseph Weinberg was alleged by the House spy probers to be the Scientist X who, according to testimony, channeled secret atomic data from the University of California radiation laboratories to Steve Nelson, now Pittsburgh Communist leader.

CITED FOR PERJURY.

Weinberg was cited for perjury by the House Committee on Un-American activities following his denial he had ever met Nelson.

Nelson was cited by the committee for contempt of Congress in refusing to answer the committee's questions.

Brothman, 37, employe of a Long Island chemical engineering firm, in which Miss Moscowitz, 34, was a partner, employed Gold until 1948.

CHARGED WITH INFLUENCING

The FBI pointed out Brothman was not charged with atomic espionage but with influencing Gold to testify falsely before the grand jury.

Brothman was named in 1948 in the Congressional testimony of former Communist spy queen Elizabeth Bentley as involved in giving secret American industrial know-how to the Kremlin.

Allegedly, he gathered industrial espionage for Miss Bentley who delivered it to Jacob Golos, boss of the Washington Red underground.

Later, Gold was pictured as having replaced Bentley as the middleman for this type of secret industrial data.

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SPY SUSPECTS' ARREST BARED

Mack Tells How FBI Nabbed Pair in New Jersey Plant

A working associate of Abraham Brothman, seized yesterday on charges of obstructing justice in the FBI investigation of atomic espionage, last night told how the Federal agents made the arrest.

He is George Mack, stationary engineer for the Ulster Chemical Co., Cliffwood, N. J., where FBI agents arrested Brothman and his secretary, Miriam Moscowitz.

'NO CHANCE TO ESCAPE.'

The couple "never had a chance" to escape arrest, Mack declared.

"Today. Brothman showed up around noon," said Mack. "He said that he had been tied up in traffic. There was nothing for him to do here so he just hung around. We didn't become suspicious of anything because he often did that.

"He and his secretary were sitting and watching the machinery. I went over to a corner for something. Then I turned around, FBI men were swarming all over the place.

"There must have been five or six of them. Brothman didn't have a chance to know what was going on. They took him by the arm and led him and Miss Moscowitz out."

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

Mack said he first saw Brothman when he turned up at the plant "five or six months ago" as a "consulting engineer."

"He seemed like a pretty fair engineer," Mack said. "He used to drop by here every Saturday

at rout 10 a. m. to see it we had any special previews to solve.

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"Sometimes we'd have a special order that required special machinery. He would figure out what type machinery was required and help install it. "Sometimes he would show up every Saturday whether we called him or not.

Then sometimes he wouldn't show up for weeks."

The Ulster concern manufactures acids and esters, used in bleaching and textile industries. Mack said that Brothman was usually accompanied by his redhaired secretary, who always wore sunglasses and seemed like a hard-working girl."

Mack denied either Brothman or Miss Moskowitz were officers of the Ulster firm. He declined to name the officers, however.

2 MORE JAILED AS GOLD AIDES IN A-SPY QUIZ

Suspects, One a Woman, Face Justice Obstruction Charge,

A Queens County chemical engineer, a former employer of Harry Gold, confessed traitor, and a Manhattan woman described as an ex-Government employe, were arrested yesterday on charges of obstructing justice in the FBI investigation of atomic espionage.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover; identified the pair, seized in Clift-wood, N. J., shortly after their indictment in New York, as:

indictment in New York, as:
Abraham Brothman, 37, of
41-08 42d st., Sunnyside,
Queens, married and the father
of two children, and head of the
Ulster Chemical Co., a hair
preparation manufacturing firm

in Cliftwood.

Miriam Moskowitz, 34. an officer and principal stockholder of the firm and for many years Brothman's secretary, who lives at 151 8th ave., between 17th and 18th sts., Manhattan.

They were brought in separate cars by FBI agents to the U.S. Courthouse, in Foley Square, at 5:30 p.m., and taken immediately to the FBI offices for fingerprinting and questioning.

ARRAIGNMENT TOMORROW.

U. S. Attorney Saypol said Brethman would be taken to the Pederal House of Detention, and Miss Moskowitz to the Women's House of Detention to await grraignment tomorrow. HIGH I SUPERVISOR HHUPERTY CLEAR LIVENING UNIT

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Miss Moskowitz, tall attractive blonde, was dressed in a white blouse and print skyt. She attempted to smile as she stepped from the FBI car.

Brothman, short and dark, was clad in slacks and a polo coat. He made no attempt to speak nor did he show any emotion as he was escorted into the building.

Their indictment and arrest followed Gold's testimony of more than four hours yesterday before an emergency session of the Federal grand jury investigating subversive activities.

Gold, is a Philadelphia chemistnow awaiting sentence for espionage, having pleaded guilty earlier this month. He was charged with turning over to Russian agents secrets of the atom bomb stelen

Continued on Page 15,, Column 1.

2 MORE JAKED IN A-SPY QUIZ

Ex-Employer of Harry Gold And Woman Seized by FB!

Continued from First Page

by Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British scientist now in an English prison.

Brothman, a Columbia University graduate, and Miss Moskowitz, a City College graduate, were charged with conspiracy to defraud the U. S. by falsely testifying before a 1947 special Federal grand jury probing subversive activities.

Hoover said Gold asserted that he met Brothman in 1942 in connection with his (Gold's) espionage activities. The meeting, in a New York street, was prearranged by Semen M. Semenov, official of the Amtorg Trading Corp., Hoover said.

"Before being summoned before the grand jury the two men painstakingly went over their prepared story time and again while walking the streets in the neighborhood of Brothman's home one morning before dawn," Hoover said.

"They wanted to make absolutely certain that their stories before the grand jury would be consistent."

Later, the FBI head continued, Gold and Brothman talked with Semenov about information the two were to get for the Soviet government. Gold subsequently was employed by Brothman as a chemist. He left Brothman's employ in June, 1948.

FACES ADDITIONAL FINES.

Saypol also said that Brothman was head of the engineering firm of A. Brothman Associates, Inc., of 29-28 41st ave., Long Island City, Queens.

The conspiracy indictment charges that Brothman and Miss Moskowitz arranged to give "false, fictitious and manufactured information" concerning an association between Bothman and Gold to the 1947 grand jury.

Maximum penalty for conviction under the conspiracy indictment is a fine of \$10,000 or imprisonment of two years, or both.

Brothman, also indicted separately on a charge of obstructing justice, faces an additional penalty of \$1,000 fine and one year in prison.

DIDN'T SUSPECT TRIO.

The second count of the indictment which named Brothman alone, alleged that in pursurance of the aserted conspiracy "Harry Gold had a conversation with Thomas Kiernan, at 52 Wall st., New York."

Kiernan, an attorney with the firm, Cleary, Gottlieb, Friendly & Cox, said his firm had represented Brothman's company two or three years ago in a financing matter and that "Brothman and Gold were in the office from time to time." Kiernan said he also knew Miss

The lawyer stated he "never suspected the trio of any subversive activities" and that his relationship to them was "purely professional."

Moskowitz.

Kiernan, a Fordham University graduate. lives in Pleasantville. N. Y., with his wife and four children.

Neither defendant was accused of spying in the bench warrant on which they were arrested.

In Washington, it was stated that the Moskowitz woman worked in the War Manpower Commission, in New York, from 1942 to 1944.

Saypoi said the indictments were returned as the result of recent investigations and that because of statute limitations, neither could have been prosecuted after tomorrow if the indictments had waited.

Because of this, he said, the grand jury was summoned into emergency session by telegrams and telephone calls, some as distant as Massachusetts.

One grand juror, he said was given a summons for speeding while rushing to get to the U.S. Courthouse in time to hear Gold's testimony. The jury convened at 10:30 s. m., and was dismissed at 2:30 p. m.

Gold, arrested May 23, was returned to Philadelphia arter hisgrand jury appearance yesterday. Saypol said he would be brught back to New York Tuesday an another case."

He declined to elaborate on this when asked if this meant more arrests were expected.

Others arrested as alleged members of the Soviet espionage ring are Alfred Dean Slack. 44, a Syracuse chemist: David Greenglass, 28, former member of the Young Communist League; and Julius Rosenberg, 32, employe of a New York engineering firm.

In 1947, Saypol said, Gold and Brothman testified they met each other "through an introduction by 'Jacob Golos,' a Soviet spy now dead."

The U. S. attorney identified "Golos" as "the boss of Elizabeth Bentley, self-styled former Soviet courier."

Miss Moskowitz, according to Saypol, participated in the 1947 discussions with Gold and Brothman in which she gave "advice and counsel" on the course to pursue in "giving false testimony to the 1947 grand jury."

Saypol stated that Kiernan. "a reputable lawyer who unknowingly became a go-between," consulted with Gold before and after the latter appeared before the 1950 grand jury.

Hoover said Brothman told Gold the Soviet Union was the only country conducting a "true fight against fascism."

"According to Gold." Hoover said, "a Russian official in commending Brothman told him that his work for the Soviet Union was equal to the efforts of one or two brigades of men."

Hoover said that Gold formerly worked at a laboratory at \$3-03 57th ave., Elmhurst, Queens, a part of Brothman's chemical plant.

HAD MANHATTAN PLANT.

Prior, to 1942, the FBI Chief said, Brothman operated the Republic Chemical Machinery Co., at 114 E. 32 st., in Manhattan, and later was associated with various firms engaged in design work.

"He established his own consulting engineering firm, on 41st ave. in Queens, in August, 1944." Hoover added.

Brothman, born in New York City. Aug. 15, 1913, attended De Witt Clinton High School. He was graduated from Columbia in 1933, specializing in chemical engineering and accountancy. He was married June 15, 1947.

Miss Moskowitz was born in Bayonne, N. J., June 10, 1965, and was graduated from City College in 1942.

Wab Engineer, Woman In Atom Spy Ring Here

By Anthony Marino and James Desmond

A New York industrial engineer and his woman business associate were indicted and arrested yesterday on charges of covering up the activities of Harry Gold, 39, the Philadelphia chemist who pleaded guilty 10 days ago to being an atom spy for Russia. Gold is now awaiting sentence, which could be death.

The new suspects are the fifth and sixth American citizens to be linked with Gold since his arrest for espionage

in May.

They are Abraham Brothman, 36, married and the father of two children, of 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, and Miriam Moskowitz, 34, of 151 Eighth Ave. They are associated in two firms—A. Brothman Associates, Inc., engineers, of 29-28 41st St., Long Island City, Queens, and Ulster Chemicals Inc., a cosmetics company of Cliffwood, N. J., principally owned by Miss Moskowitz.

The two were arrested by the FBI at the Cliffwood plant almost at the same time that the federal grand jury investigating subversive activities indicted them in an extraordinary Saturday session

lasting four and a quarter hours.

There are two counts in the indictment. In the first count, Brothman and Miss Moskowitz are charged with conspiring with Gold to dive false testimony before the 1947 grand jury. The second count charges Brothman with telling the roncocted story.

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700-95068-Q 4 F. B. I. AUG 2 1950 N. Y. C ED TO The conspiracy count carries at maximum penalty of two years in prison and a \$10,000 fine. On the account count, Brothman faced an additional year in prison and an added \$1,000 fine.

Gold Turns In Pals.

The grand jurors were summoned from as far away as northern Massachusetts by U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol to hear Gold himself testify against the pair as the Government's chief witness. The case was presented to the jury by Special Assistant Attorney Genzal Thomas J. Donegan.

It was the first time in recent memory that a federal grand jury had convened on a Saturday in Summer in the Southern New York District.

Snypol said the case against Brothman and Miss Moskowitz was based on an attempt to conceal the circumstances of how, several years ago, Brothman and Gold first became acquainted.

Knew Jacob Golos.

Summoned before the grand july in July, 1947, Brothman and Miss Maskowitz decided that Brothman should testify that he had met Gold through the late Jacob Golos,

Continued on page 48, col. 4)

Nab Engineer, Woman Pal in A-Spy Ring Here

(Continued from page 2)

identified by Elizabeth Bentley as

gressional inquiry

On July 22, 1947, Brothman so testified and then he and Miss Moskowitz, according to Saypol, badgered Gold into telling the same story when he was called by the grand jury on July 31, 1947. To make sure that Gold followed instructions, Saypol said, Brothman sent him to his own lawyer, Thomas Kiernan, 52 Wall St., both before and after Gold's grand jury appearance, to repeat the story,

Feared-Doublecross.

The U.S. attorney absolved Kiernan of any knowledge of the scheme. He said the lawyer had been duped into hearing Gold tell the fictitious story twice because Brothman feared a doublecross.

Subsequently, the FBI Immed that Brothman and Gold actually had met through Semen H. Semenov, an Amtorg Truding Corp. official, long since recalled behind the Iron Curtain, and further investigation started. Saypol said. Semenov has been linked with Soviet atomic spying in this country on several occasions.

But the case against Brothman didn't begin to jell until last Win-ter, when Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the German-born British scientist, confessed in London and was sentenced to 14 years for spying on atomic developments for the Soviet Union.

Fuchs named Gold as one of his

American contacts in the atomic a Soviet spy-recruiting agent spying and Gold was arrested early when she testified before a Con- in May. He promptly confessed, and began to cooperate with the authorities.

As a result of his talking, three men had been arrested up to yesterday. They are Jacob Rosenberg, 32, of 10 Monroe St., his brother-inlaw. David Greenglass, and Alfred Dean Slack, Syracuse scientist. Rosenberg has insisted on his innocence, but the others are said to be cooperating with the FBI. All are jailed in default of bail.

Get Hearings Tomorrow.

The arrests of Brothman and Miss Moskowitz came too late for them to be arraigned yesterday. They reached the Federal Building in Foley Square at 5:40 P. M., but no federal judge was available. As a result Brothman was sent to the Federal House of Dentention and Miss Moskowitz to the Women's House of Detention to await hearings tomorrow.

Brothman, short and dark, holds a degree from Columbia, the FBI said. He was coatless when taken

into the Federal Building.

Miss Moskowitz, a City College graduate and former employe of the War Manpower Commission in this city, is an attractive woman, with light hair, standing about 5 feet 6. She was wearing a white blouse and a print skirt when arrested.

After testifying against the paft, Gold was returned to his cell Philadelphia.

(Other pictures on page 1)

Jail Mon, Monach As Links to Gold, Confessed A-Spy

An Army reserve officer who once employed confessed atomic spy Harry Gold in his Long Island City engineering firm, and a woman business partner described as a Government ex-employe, were indicted and jailed yesterday on a charge of obstructing justice in espionage investigations.

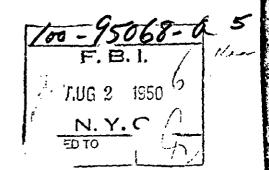
Their seizure involved a dramatic race against time in an effort to forestall the three-year statute of limitations in such cases, which would have made them immune to arrest tomorrow. Gold was rushed here from Philadelphia to testify before a hastily called session of the Federal Grand Jury and the indictments were quickly forthcoming.

Within minutes, FBI agents awaiting the word nabbed Abraham Brothman, 37, of 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, once named by reformed spy queen Elizabeth Bentley as an alleged Red agent, and Miriam Moskowitz, 34, of 151 8th Ave. The arrests were made at Brothman's Cliffwood, N. J., Ulster Chemical Co. plant. Miss Moskowitz is a partner of Brothman's in both the Jersey plant and the Long Island City firm of A. Brothman Associates, Inc.

It was reported that only the time problem kept the jury from handing down actual espinage mulciments, instead of the more quickly prepared lesser charge.

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The prisoners, in separate FBI cass arrived at the Federal Couchouse at 5:40 p. m., and were taken immediately to FBI headquarters for fingerprinting and questioning. Then Brothman, medium-built and quiet in manner, was lodged in the Federal House of Detention, and Miss Moskowitz in the Women's House of Detention, pending arraignment tomorrow.

FBI chief J. Edgar Hoover said Brothman, a chemical engineer and reserve Army officer, was named by Gold as his associate in espionage activities in behalf of Russia in 1941. Miss Moskowitz, a graduate of CCNY and a native of Bayonne, N. J., was employed by the War Manpower Commission here from 1942 to 1944.

Cite 1947 Probe

The indictment charges that Brothman conspired with Gold to obstruct justice during an appearance before a Federal grand jury investigating spy activities here in 1947. It charges that Gold and Brothman both said they first met through the late Jacob Golos, another Soviet spy, instead of at a conference arranged by Semen M. Semenov, an official of Amtorg, the Soviet trading agency.

Hoover said Gold and Brothman had talked with, Semenov, who was known to Gold as "Sam," concerning information of value that the "men were to secure for the Soviet government." Gold said Brothman urged him to tell the concocted story before the grand jury so their stories would be consistent.

When Gold, a 39-year-old biochemist, left Brothman's employ in June, 1948. Brothman warned him to stick by the story, the chemist testified, but the FBI said Brothman was arrested through the efforts of Gold, who has confessed his part in the huge Red spy syndicate plot and has been helping round up other members of the ring.

Hoover said Gold reported.

Continued on Page 24

Indict Pair Here As Links to Gold

Continued from Page 2

Russian official once told Brothman that his (Brothman's) efforts in behalf of the U.S.S.R. were equal to the "work of one or two brigades of men."

U.S. Attorney Saypol, who was before the Federal grand jury for more than four hours yesterday, said the indictment charged "conspiracy to defraud the U. S. in the exercises of its governmental function of administering and enforcing the criminal laws." Conviction on this count calls for a fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment for five years or both.

Saypol said the grand jury was hastily summoned by telegrams early yesterday after it became evident that Miss Moskowitz and Brothman would not be subject to punishment under the statute of limitations, which in this case would have expired tomorrow morning. Some of the jury were vacationing in New England and spending weekends on Long Island.

They dashed to New York and met about 10:30 a. m. Gold, who has been held in \$100,000 bail in Philadelphia, where he admitted he was the go-between for Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the British atomic spy, and the Soviet Union, was brought here early yesterday.

The jury took no luncheon "break" and worked continuously with Saypol until 2:45 p. m., when Gold was taken to Saypol's office and the jury dismissed. At the same moment, a bench warrant was relayed to the waiting FBI agents in Cliffwood, who picked up Brothman and Miss Moskowit in the plant there.

Saypol said the government had learned the woman partici-Cold palled in discussions with and Brothman in which she give "advice and counsel" on the course to pursue in giving false testimony to the 1947 grand jury.

Miss Moskowitz lives in a walkup with a Mr. and Mrs. Kogon. She was a secretary to Brothman for years before becoming a partner in his Cliffwood firm, which manufactures a hair lotion, among other things.

Brothman is a Columbia University graduate. He was born in New York Aug. 15, 1913, and attended Dewitt Clinton High School. He specialized in chemical engineering at Columbia.

He was married June 15, 1947, and has two children. He operated the Republican Chemical Machinery Co., of 114 E. 32d St., up to 1942. He later worked for other firms in design work and then set up his own firm of en-

gineers.

It was not immediately learned whether reported testimony by David Greenglass, a former i Army sergeant charged with being a member of the conspiracy, played a role in the arrests yes. terday. Greenglass, who worked. on the atomic bomb at Los Alamos, N. M., has been reported. cooperating with the government.

Also arrested in the spy ring, which was reputedly led by Dr. ; Fuchs, now-serving 14 years in i Britain, are Julius Rosenberg, 32, a native New Yorker and a former employe of the Army Signal Corps, and Alfred Dean Slack a Syracuse scientist.

Miss Moskowitz is the first woman to be connected in any way with what Hoover has called the "Soviet espionage apparatus" that was cracked wide open by the arrests of Greenglass, Slick, Fuchs, Gold and Rosenberg.



Spy Probe Jails

Ex-Boss of Gold

Woman Also Arrested on Charges Of Obstructing Justice in Inquiry

Federal agents late yesterday arrested—and a grand fury promptly indicted—the one-time employer of confessed atom spy Harry Gold and his secretary on charges obstructing justice in a Government atomic espionage inquiry.

The arrest and indictment of the pair by a grand jury in Manhattan after it had heard Gold testify for more than four hours were announced by FBI Chief J. Edgar. Hoover in Washington, FBI agents in Cliffwood, N. Jawhere the arrests were made, and Federal Attorney Irving H. Saypol in Manhattan. The FBI said flatly the arrests were a direct result of Gold's testimony.

Taken into custody at Cloff-wood were Abraham Brothman, 37, of 42-08 42d St., Sunnyside, an engineer, and his secretary and a stockholder in at least one of several firms he owns, Miriam Moscowitz, 34, of 151 5th Ave., Manhattan.

Linked With Dr. Fuchs

Gold, 39-year-old Philadelphia bio-chemist, was arrested there May 23 and indicted in Brook-

CITES VALUE OF SPY

The value of spies was emphasized last night when J. Edgar Hoover, FBI chief, disclosed that confessed spy Harry Gold had reported a Soviet official once told Abraham Brothman that his (Brothman's) efforts in behalf of the Soviet Union were equal to the work of one or two brigades of men. A brigade in general military usage refers to two or store regiments.

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100 - 95068 - Q F. B. I. AUG 2 1950 N. Y. C lyn June 10, charged with plotting with two others, both of whom are believed to be in Aussia. To pass American atomic secrets to the Soviet. He was linked with Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British atomic scientist, now serving 14 years in England for, espionage.

. .

Saypol said that Brothman, head of the engineering firm of A. Brothman Associates, with offices at 29-28 41st Ave., Long Island City, and laboratories at 65-03 57th Ave., Elmhurst, employed Gold as a chemist until June, 1948. Miss Moscowitz was then Brothman's secretary, Saypol said.

The indictments returned yesterday charge Brothman, Miss Moscowitz and Gold arranged to give false information about their actual relations to a 1947. Federal grand jury, agreeing to tell the same stories.

Specifically, the indictments, charged Brothman and Miss Moscowitz with "conspiracy to defrud the United States in the exercise of its governmental."

Continued on Page 3





Pair Indicted After Red Agent Tells of Plot

Continued from Page 1

function of administering and enforcing the criminal laws."

Employed by Amtorg

Hoover, in Washington, said Gold had met Brothman in 1942. At that time, Gold has confessed, he was engaged in Soviet espionage work, co-opérating with Semen M. Semenov, one of the two others named in the indictment against Gold. Semenov, an employe of Amtorg, the Russian purchasing agency in the United States, since has returned to Russia.

Hoover said Semenov in 1942 was the head of "this particular Soviet espionage network," and that later Gold and Brothman discussed information they were

to obtain for Russia.

It was in connection with the first meeting that Gold and Brothman were alleged to have given false information to the grand jury. Both told the grand jury they had met through the late Jacob Golos, another Soviet spy, instead of through Semenov. Gold later admitted Brothman had urged him to tell this story so both tales would be the same.

The FBI said that when Gold left Brothman's employ in 1948. Brothman told him to stick with the story, but agents said Gold, after confessing to his espionage works provided full information that led to Brothman's arrest

and indictment.

Arrested in Jersey Plant
Chaviction on the charges
against Brothman and Miss
Moscowitz carries a maximum
of a \$5,000 fine and imprison-

ment for five years.

The arrests took place in the plant of the Ulster Chemical Company at Cliffwood. Saypol said Brothman owns the plant, which produces materials used in the bleaching and textile industries, and that Miss Moscowitz is the principal stockholder. Plant employes said later they saw Brothman around often, but that his principal job seemed to be the design of special machinery for specific jobs and supervision of its installation.

Speed was the essence of the entire development. The grand jury was summoned by telegram Friday night to its special session yesterday and Gold was brought to Manhattan from Philadelphia. The jury began questioning him at 10:30 a.m. Without even a break for lunch the session went on for four

hours and 15 minutes.

The Cliffwood arrests were being made while Gold was concluding his testimony, and by 4 p.m. the indictment naming Brothman and Miss Moscowitz were handed up.

NEW SPY ROUND-UP PRINGS 2 ARRESTS; OTHERS DUE SOON

Engineer and Woman Once in U. S. Employ Seized After Hurried Indictments.

LINK WITH GOLD CHARGED

Man Is Accused of Getting Espionage Agent to Give False Testimony in 1947

BY ALEXANDER FEINBERG

The indictment and arrest of a chemical engineer and of a woman formerly employed by the War Manpower Commission on charges of conspiracy were announced here late yesterday by United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol.

Simultaneous announcement was made in Washington by Attorney General J. Howard McGrath.

The indictments were returned against Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz after Harry Gold, confessed espionage agent now awaiting sentence, had been brought here from Philadelphia to testify before a hurriedly convened United States grand jury investigating subversive activities.

The importance of the new arrests was stressed by official statements in Washington that Brothman and Gold were part of a Soviet any apparatus under a Russian trade organization chief working to ferret out atomic secrets.

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Brothman was indicted also on a count of "attempting to in pede and obstruct the due administrature of justice." He was charged specifically with having influenced and "intimidated" Gold into giving false testimony concerning their relationship when Gold appeared before a special grand jury on July 31, 1847. This was the same grand jury that returned the perjury indictment against Alger Hiss.

Both Arrested in Jersey

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were taken into custody by Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents at 4 P. M. in the plant of the Ulster Chemical Company at Oliffwood, N. J. The indictments against them had been handed up a short time before to Federal Judge Sidney Sugarman, who had signed the order permitting Gold to be brought here.

The grand jury sat from 10:30 A. M. to 2:30 P. M. without a break. Many of its members had been summoned from distant points, where they were weekending or on vacation. Gold was the principal witness, but there were others who were not identified.

The arrests were conducted with the utmost secrecy to forestall premature disclosures that might interfere with future developments. They are linked with an espionage ring that included Dr. Klaus Fuchs, English atomic scientist; Gold, a former United States Army sergeant, and others.

Gold, questioned in 1947 just after Brothman had testified before a grand jury here, was not taken into custody until Dr. Fuchs had been seized in London. It was not until after the F. B. I. had uncovered leads here and had one to London to question the atomic

Continued on Page 7, Column 2

MEW SPY ROUND-UP BRINGS 2 ARRESTS

Continued From Page 1

scientist that Gold was arrested and emerged as a major spy figure.

A painstaking dovetaling of facts worked the trail back to Gold and then to Brothman. The original scent had grown almost cold. It was supplied by Elizabeth Bentley in her first disclosures of the existence of a Washington spy apparatus and was received with a degree of skepticism.

But officials recalled that Miss Bentley had mentioned Brothman in her testimony before a grand jury here in 1947 as an agent from whom she obtained plans, blueprints and other vital information. She was introduced to him, she testified, by the late Jacob Golos, her "boss" and chief of the apy apparatus, who leter fled to Russia. She said that she had met Brothman on street corners, restaurants and other meeting places where he would supply this information, which she turned over to Golos.

When Brothman was taken befor the grand jury on July 22, 1947, it is now disclosed, he said he knew both Golos and "Helen," the undercover name for Miss Bentley, but he testified that he gave her only plans for industrial processes and simple chemical formulas, all for the purpose of obtaining a contract with Russia for his concern.

Plot on Testimony Charged

Brothman is charged with hav-ing informed Gold of the substance of his "false" testimony for the purpose of "enabling Gold to conform his testimony with that of Brothman," according to the indictment. Nine days later, on July 31, Gold told the grand jury "a concocted story of his associations with Brothman," the indictment declares.

Brothman also told the grand jury that he had met Gold as the result of an introduction through Golos; but, according to informed sources, that was not the case.

"The fact of how he [Brothman] met Gold is of great importance with reference to other activities going on" an official explained.

That the new arrests were part of a larger forthcoming round-up was tacitly confirmed by Mr.

Saypol.
"We are working on some matters and this comes in the midst of them," he said. "We always have a grand jury sitting and we are starting to piece things together."



Abraham Brothman



Miriam Moshowitz

Mr. Saypol said that Missi-Moskowitz had participated in the Gold in the course of arranging Miss Moskowitz.

Gold's "fabricated" story.

Represent as reported.

response to questions, indicated the questioning of Brothman and that espionage activities now be-Gold before the grand jury in 1947. ing inquired into had a range Mr. Donegan also had presented much beyond that originally distinct Hiss case to the grand jury. closed by Miss Bentley.

Present as reporters talked with Range of Activities Wide

Mr. Saypol was Thomas J. Donegan, Special Assistant to the Atesponse to questions indicated The former State Department offi-Asked concerning possible Comnunist affiliations of the two arrested yesterday, Mr. Saypol said
ha recalled that Miss Bentley had
named Brothman as a Communist

In Washington J. Edgar Hoover,

director of the F. B. I., disclosed

that Russia desired. Brothman glass. 28, the former Army sertable the Soviet Union was the only country conducting a real fight Dean Slack, 44, of Syracuse.

Mr. Saunol said that speedy

hat his work for the Soviet Union tations would have made prosecu-gineers in 1944. was equal to the efforts of one or tion impossible tomorrow.

Gold, brought here yesterday and questioning. They arrived here 1942. She was employed by the that Gold and Brothman had been morning after being questioned by in separate cars. ibrought together by Semen H. F. B. I. men in Philadelphia on Fri-Semenov, was identified by Mr. veloping since the end of June, was sufficient to Philadelphia last night. Specifical working on atomic He has admitted passing information.

F. B. I. men in Philadelphia on Fritather of two children, lives at was said to be an officer of the was said to be an officer of the side, Queens. He is head of the engineering concern. Because a Federal judge was not associates, Inc., 29-28 Forty-first been summoned from out of town associates.

public Chemical Machinery Com-men's House of Detention on "According to Gold," the F. B. I. action was necessary in the case of Street, later worked for various. When they arrived at the Fednead said, "a Russian official in Brothman and Miss Moskowitz in concerns in designing and set up eral Building, Brothman, short and him that the three-year statute of limithis own concern of consulting endark and wearing a shirt and

Mr. Hoover said also that Gold were brought to the United States urst, Queens, laboratory operated y Brothman's engineering conservations of the control of

War Manpower Commission in New

tion stolen by Dr. Fuchs and was Avenue, Long Island City, Queens, for the return of the indictment, Brothman first met in New York arrested earlier on charges of de-High School and, in 1923, was arraign Brothman and Miss Mosmith Samonov about information livering atomic secrets to the Rus-High School and, in 1923, was arraign Brothman and Miss Mosmith Samonov about information livering atomic secrets to the Rusgraduated from Columbia Univerkowitz tomorrow. Brothman was sity. He specialized in chemical sent to the Federal House of De-engineering and accountancy. tention, 427 West Street, and Miss Up to 1942 he operated the Re-Moskowitz was taken to the Wo-

slacks, was flanked by two F. B. I.

F. B. I. offices for fingerprinting graduated from City College in grand jury room and was taken to

---ir. Saypors office at 2:50 P. his head was down almost to his chest and he shuffled along with shoulders stooped.

Brothman, if convicted, faces a maximum sentence of two years in prison and \$10,000 fine on the charge of "conspiracy to defraud the United States in the exercise of its governmental function of administering and enforcing the criminal laws," and an additional year in prison and a \$1,000 fine on the charge of obstructing justice Miss Moskowitz was indicated only of the conspiracy charge.

Chemist Held With Wom In Spy Case

Engineer and Secretary Indicted; Conspiracy to Help Gold Is Charged

By Harold Brown

Abraham Brothman, thirty-six, a Queens chemical engineer, described as a former associate of Harry Gold, confessed courier of atomic secrets to Russian spies, was indicted in United States District Court yesterday for obstructing function.

Also indicted by a hastily summoned grand jury was Miriam Moskowitz, thirty-four, a former secretary of Brothman's and his business associate.

Gold was said to have worked as a chemist for Brothman until 1948. When Gold left the Brothman firm, his employer warned him to stick to his story about their meeting, but Brothman was indicated on the testimony of Gold, F. B. I. officials and.

Brothman, who lives at 41-08
Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, and Miss Moskowitz, whose home is at 151 Eighth Avenue, were arrested at 3:30 p. m. in Cliffwood, N. J.. in Monmouth County, where Brothman operates a chemical factory manufacturing permanent wave preparations, it was announced by Irving H. Saypol, United States Attorney.

Conspiracy Charged

Eperifically, the indictment charged Brothman with one count of conspiracy to defraud the government and one count of obstructing justice in advising Gold to give lake testimony on July 31, 1847, before a special grand jury here investigating subversive activities. Miss Moscowitz was indicted only on the first count.

Brothman is charged with having thiormed Gold of the substance of this own testimony before the same jury on July 22, 1947, so Gold could mae his story conform.

The two men, it is alleged, agreed to tell the jury that they had been brought together by one Jacob Golos, a deceased Soviet agent.

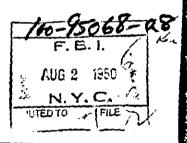
The actual fact, it was stated in Washington yesterday by J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Pedcral Bureau of Investigation, was that they became acquainted through an official of Amorg, official trading corporation, whom Mr. Hoover identified as head of a Soviet spy ring working on atomic secrets. Mr. Hoover identified this man as Semen H. Semenov.

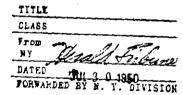
Named by Miss Bentley

Gold, thirty-nine-year-old bloin chemist, pleaded guilty in United Fig. States District Court in Philadelby phis on July 20 of carrying on fig. atomic spywork for the Russians of and acting as a go-between for Dr. See Slaus Puchs, convicted British spy, in 1943 and 1944.

According to Thomas J. Doneman, special assistant to the Atforney General, both Brothman (Continued on page 21, column 1) UPERATOR

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pursue in giving the grand jury the false testimony.

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Followed Russian's Order

It was learned that in 1947 Miss Bentley told the grand jury that Golos, whom she described as her boss as a Communist "apparatus," ordered her to meet Brothman, and to get from him various plans, drawing and blueprints.

Brothman admitted this, it was disclosed, but said that the plans were for certain chemical kettles which he said he hoped to sell to the Soviet Union on a commercial basis.

"We know now that the plans were something more important than that." a government source said yesterday.

In Washington, Mr. Hoover said that after the original meeting between Gold and Brothman, on a New York street in 1941, the two men conferred with Semenov on information desired by Russia.

"According to Gold," Mr. Hoover said, "a Russian official, in commending Brothman, told him that his work for the Soviet Union was equal to the efforts of one or two brigades of men."

Semenov, who has returned to Russia, has been described as the mysterious "John Doe" indicted with Gold on the war-time espionage charge. It was also disclosed yesterday that Gold was employed by Brothman as a chemist until 1948.

Brothman was born in New York

Spy Arrests

(Continued from page one)

and Gold were named to a grand jury here as members of a Soviet apparatus by Miss Elizabeth Bentley. Later Miss Bentley also mentioned Brothman in this connection in testimony before the House Committee on Un-American Activitles.

The second count of the true bill charged that on July 31, 1947, Brothman "knowingly and corruptly influenced, intimidated and impeded the said Harry Gold by urging, advising and persuading him to give false testimony before the said grand jury."

The conspiracy count of the indictment mentions that Gold, in in pursuance with the alleged conspiracy, had a conversation with "Thomas Kiernan, at 52 Wall Street, New York." Mr. Saypol explained that Mr. Kiernan, "apparently a respectable attorney," who was Brothman's lawyer, met with Gold to see if any discrepancies existed between "Gold's and existed between Broshman's stories." Mr. Saypol said that Mr. Kiernan was apparently unaware that the stories were "manufactured."

In announcing the arrest of Brothman and Miss Moscowitz at the Ulster Chemical Company, in Cliffwood, Mr. Saypol said the grand jury was hastily summoned Friday by telephone to appear at the United States Court House on Foley Square at 10:30 a. m. yesterday. F. B. I. agents traveled to Fire Island, N. Y., to notify one juror, while a second received a ticket for speeding on his way to the city, Mr. Saypol said.

Gold Testifies

After meeting for more than four hours, during which time Gold testified, the jurors handed up a sealed indictment to Judge Sinney Sugarman. Upon the arrest of Brothman and Miss Mosecwitz, the indictment was made public, by Mr. Saypol here and by Attorney General J. Howard McGrath in Washington. Gold was brought from Philadelphia by United States marshals.

Mr. Saypol explained that the haste with which the jury was and conspiracy to defraud the

He said that it was learned only Russians. man and that she gave "advice Court House at 5:40 p. m. on the course to

Leaving Court After Testifying in Spy Case

Harry Gold, left, confessed courier for Russian atom spies, being escorted from Federal Court House by a deputy marshal

lumbia University in 1933. He is F. B. I. office for questioning and married and has two children. In fingerprinting. Because of the late addition to his chemical interests hour, arraignment of the prisoners in New Jersey, he is head of the was put over until tomorrow. engineering firm of A. Brothman Brothman, short and dark, wore Associates, Inc., 29-28 Forty-first a shirt and slacks. Miss Moskowitz,

Miss Moscowitz, unmarried, was blouse and flowered skirt. born at Bayonne, N. J. She is a graduate of City College and from 1942 until 1944 was employed by summoned was partly due to the man's secretary for a number of

government is three years and 23 is the first of four American ing lightning. Dr. Henry B. Allen,

City and was graduated from Co-were taken immediately to the Avenue, Long Island City, Queens, tall and blonde, wore a white

Honor South African Scientist

PHILADELPHIA, July 29 (AP) -the War Manpower Commission in The Franklin Institute announced New York City. She was Broth- today award of the Elliott Chesson years and later became a stock- Medal for Scientific Research to limitations on obstructing justice holder in his chemical enterprise. F. J. Schonland, of Johannesburg, Gold who was arrested on May South Africa, for research regardwould have run out tomorrow as citizens to be accused of delivering executive vice-president of the into Brothman and Miss Moscowitz, secrets of nuclear fission to the stitute, said Professor Schonland has devoted many years to the two weeks ago that Miss Moscowitz | Basthman and Miss Moscowitz, work," and his interpretations of had participated in the 1947 dis-terno were brought from Cliffwood the investigations made by him cussions between Gold and Broth-in separate cars, arrived at the and his co-workers are accepted They by leaders in this field."





More Arrests Due As Spies Turn Fingermèn

Chemical engineer Abraham Brothman and tall, blonde Miriam Moskowitz, indicted and arrested in record time on Federal charges that they obstructed justice by concocting a phony story for the 1947 grand jury investigating a Soviet spy ring, will be arraigned today and indications are that many more arrests will follow now that members of the spy apparatus are talking.

The arrest of the pair followed? an extraordinary session of the Federal grand jury here at which Harry Gold, the Philadelphia biochemist who recently admitted he relayed secrets to British spy Dr.





Abraham Brothman

Miriam Moskowitz (Mirror Photos)

Klaus Fuchs to be sent to Russia, implicated the 36-year-old Brothman, his former employer.

official sources that David Greenglass, the ex-Army sergeant awaiting trial on espionage ster Chemical Co., at Cliffwood. charges, also is talking. There N. J., where they were arrested, are einers in the nationwide is accused of giving advice to the dragnet who seem willing to talk two men when they discussed the to save themselves from severe | testimony.

sentences-including a possible death penalty for some-as traifors and spies.

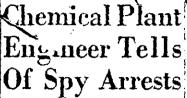
Brothman, of 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, father of two, is specifically charged along with Miss Moskowitz, 34, with getting together with Gold and making up a false story for him to tell to the! grand jury in 1947, the same group which indicted Alger Hiss. I

FBI Director Hoover said both Gold and Brothman were connected with a Soviet spy apparatus headed by Semen H. Semenov, an official of the Russian trading organization, Amtorg.

Brothman said he and Gold were brought together by Jacob Golos, the late Soviet spy who was once the boss of admitted spy queen Elizabeth Bentley, Actually, said Hoover, they met during a conference with Semenov. Brothman is charged with "in-timidating" Gold into corrobo-There was a veiled hint from rating his false account of their meeting. Miss Moskowitz, who is Brothman's partner in the UlSAC ASAC I AST S 2 SE S۱ Sŧ Nil "SOR EAK PRCF TRANKS JUST

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Denies Chemist or Woman to no jury, Is Officer of Concern; 9

eral Bureau of Investigation at Miss Moskowitz were officers of the small plant of the Ulster the firm, although the Justice Deermoon.

Moskowitz both now under arrest declined to name the officers, sayon Federal conspiracy charges in ing they "would speak for themconnection with a Soviet spy ring. had little to do. It was a hot day in the one-story brick factory.

Brothman had been a consulting engineer for the firm, which a consulting engineer, makes acius and chemicals used in the textile industry. Miss Moskowitz was known as his private: secretary. This was one of their infrequent visits.

George Mack, a sationary engineer employed by the firm, said today the pair were "sitting there looking at the machinery and I had gone over to a corner of the building for something.

"I turned around and there were these F. B. I. men, nine of them. They took Brothman by the arm and led him and Miss Moskowitz out of the place. Brothman didn't have a chance to know what was going on."

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz are accused of obstructing

to a grand jury in New York, would help install it." Engineer Tells Gold, a Philadelphia chemist, has Mr. Mack said the mild-mannered atomic secrets which had been engineer and his "secretary" were Spy Arrests stolen by Dr. Klaus Fuchs, British implicated in the Soviet spy ring scientist. The F. B. I. charges which led to the arrest of six that Gold told this false story as American citizens. to how they met to a 1947 grand

The arrest of the pair yesterday F. B. I. Men Seized Pair at the isolated little plant here was a "complete shock and surprise" to CLIFFWOOD, N. J., July 30 (P) the four or five employees of the -Nobody was expecting the Fed-chemical company, Mr. Mack said.

partment said Brothman was its head and the woman a stockholder Abraham Brothman and Miriam and official. However, Mr. Mack selves."

He said Brothman was hired little more than six months ago as

"I guess he was a pretty good engineer," he said. "He used to show up here once or twice a month, and usually made his visits on Saturday morning to see whether there were any special problems that needed his atten-

"Sometimes we'd have an order that required some kind of special

by influencing Harry Gold, a con-machinery. He would figure out Ihemical Plant ressed spy, to give talse testimony what we needed, and sometimes he

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anti-lynch and other civil rights legislation.

"The fight for these bills," said Marcantonio, "is a fight to protect the American people against the attack on their welfare by those who are responsible for the present war. It is inseparable from the fight for peace.

"It is obvious from the recommendations made by the President as well as the alternatives proposed by Bernard Baruch that this Congress will in one manner or another place the burden of this war on the shoulders of the com-mon people of the U.S. and will relieve those who profit from this war of their responsibility.

"These recommendations Truman's and Baruch's) reveal the true character of the war. They again demonstrate that it is not as war conducted in the best inter-est of the American people, nor to protect their security."

The All-Boro Retail Fruits Association, an organization of 1,500 independent fruit and procery dealers in New York City, meanwhile, sent a letter to Congressional of the congression of the congr sional leaders urging an investiga-tion of profiteering and hoarding and punishment of the guilty as "traitors to our country."

"The All-Boro Retail Fruits As-

sociation members have pledged themselves to hold the line as to prices and urge the public to re-frain from hoarding," the letter

said.

11:

Arraign 2 In Spy Plot Case Today

A chemical engineer and a tall, attractive woman will be arraigned today on Federal conspiracy charges linking them with a Soviet spy ring declared to have stolen American atomic secrets.

The pair, Abraham Brothman, 36, and Miriam Msokowitz, 34, were indicted and arrested Saturday after a grand jury had heard Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist who has pleaded guilty of being involved with the British scientist, Dr. Klaus Fuchs.

There was a strong hint that further arrests can be expected.
"We are working on some mat-

ters and this comes in the midst of them," said U. S. Attorney Irv-ing H. Saypol: "We always have a grand jury sitting and we are starting to piece things together." Brothman and Miss Moskowitz

—she is a former employe of the War Manpower Commission—are charged specifically with getting together with Gold and making up a false story for him to tell a Federal grand jury in 1947.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover charged that Gold and Brothman were connected with a Soviet spy apparatus headed by Semen H. Semenov, an official of Amtorg,the Russian trading organization. Hoover said that Gold told the . 1947 grand pury he and Brothman were brought together by another

In the indictments, Brothman is charged with persuading and "in-timidating" gold into giving a false account of their meeting. Miss Moskowitz is accused of giving advice and counsel to the two men when they discussed the testimony Gold would give.

A second charge against Brothman is that he attempted to obstruct justice by persuading Gold

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz each could be sentenced to two years in prison and fined \$10,000 if convicted on the conspiracy count.

are associated with Both chemical firm in New Jersey and an engineering firm in New York.

Brothman at 41-08 42d St., Sun-1950 nyside, Queens. He is married and has two children. Miss Moskowitz lives at 151 Eighth Ave., Manhat-



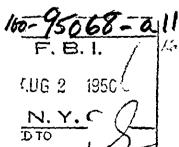
ABRAHAM BROTHMAN Faces Arraignment Today Assectated Piers Phote

Marc Offers Plan to Balk !

A six-point program to protect the American public "against profiteering and the voraciousness of the war-makers" was urged yesterday by Rep. Vito Marcantonio (ALP-Man).

He called for price controls and a roll-back of prices to the Feb. 1, 1950, level; stricter rent controls; a \$25,000 limit on net income of individuals after payment of Federal income taxes; a nexcess profits tax "to stop the war profiteers"; extension of GI Bill of Rights benefits to all members of the armed forces from June 27 imme

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3 A Spy Suspects Face Court Today

More Arrests Due,

Officials Indicate

An attractive blond and two engineers were to be arraigned in Federal Court today on charges in connection with the spy ring that gave America's atomic bomb secrets to Red Russia.

Authorities indicated more arrests were due.

To be arraigned were:

Abraham Brothman, 37, of 41-08 42d st., Sunnyside, Queens, married and the father of two children.

Miriam Moskowits, 34, of 151 6th ave., described as Brothman's secretary and business associate.

Julius Rosenberg, 32, of 10 Monroe st., married and the father of two children.

Brothman and Miss Moscowitz

2 ARRESTED SATURDAY.

were arrested Saturday by nine FBI men at the Ulster Chemical Co., Cliffwood, N. J., on charges of conspiring to block justice.

They were accused specifically of concoting a phony story for Harry Gold, confessed apy, to tell the 1947 Federal grand jury in-

Vestigating subversives.

The fake story, according to the charges, was to conceal the fact that Brothman and Gold originally were brought together by Semen H. Semenov, former head of the Soviet apyring garnering U. S. A-bomb accrets.

Brothman and Miss Moscowitz faced maximum penalties of two years in jail and a \$10,000 fine each. Brothman could get an additional year in jail and \$1,000 fine on a second charge it attempted to obstruct justice by persuading Gold to lie.

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EX-GOVERNMENT WORKEY.

Brothman, a chemical enginer, and Miss Moscowitz, a former enploye of the War Manpower Commission, were said to be associated in two businesses — A. Brothman Associates, engineering firm, Long Island City, Queens, and the Ulster concern, a cosmetics maker.

Elizabeth Bentley, avowed forer courier for a Washington spy web, had informed an earlier grand jury she met Brothman through the late Jacob Golos, head of a Red espionage ring.

She said she got blueprints, plans and other information from Brothman. She, in turn, handed the data to Golos, according to her testimony.

She reportedly also named Brothman in a list of 10 espionage agents given a Senate Judiciary subcommitte June 5, 1949.

CHARGE A-BOMB DATA RELAY

Rosenberg, according to the charges, allegedly arranged for his brother-in-law, David Greenglass, to relay secrets from the Los Alamos, N. M., A-bomb proving ground to Soviet agents. Greenglass, 28, a former Army sergeant, also is under arrest.

Alfred Dean Slack, 44, of Syra-

cuse, N. Y., is the sixth alleged member of the ring being held. Gold. 39-year-old Philadelphia chemid, is the only Americal

and has pleaded guilty. He await sentence.

More A-Spy \ Arrests Due; 3 Face Court

Additional arrests were indicated as three suspects linked by the government to an espionage ring that transmitted atomic secrets to Russia were to be arraigned in Federal Court today.

Six Americans have been seized so far as alleged accessories in the group in which British atomic scientist Klaus Fuchs was a key figure. U.S. Atty. Saypol commented today that "we are starting to place things together."

Abraham Brothman, 36, Queens engineer, and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, 34, faced court on charges of conspiracy in inducing Harry Gold, confessed spy agent, to give false testimony before a Federal Grand Jury in 1947. Brothman allegedly forced Gold to conceal that they were introduced by Semen H. Semenov, former head of a Soviet spy apparatus.

Miss Moskowitz, Brothman's associate in the Ulster Chemical Co. of Cliffwood, N. J., and in his Long Island City engineering firm, is accused of giving advice in framing the false story. They were arrested in the Cliffwood plant Saturday, the same day they were indicted.

In a separate arraignment, Julius Rosenberg, 32, faced charges that he transmitted and arranged for others to transmit atomic secrets to Soviet agents. We have been in jail in default of \$100,000 ball since his arrest July 17.

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MORE ARRESTS, HINTED IN GOLD ATOM-SPY CASE

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Three suspects in the Fuchs-Gold atomic espionage ring faced arraignment today as more arrests were expected soon in the FBI's mopup of spies.

Abraham Brothman, 36, of 42-08 42d St., Sunnyside, an engineer, and his blond business associate. Miriam Moskowitz, 34, of 151 8th Ave., Manhattan, were to be arraigned on charges of conspiring to induce Harry,

Gold, confessed spy, to lie to a grand jury in 1947.

Julius Rosenberg, 32, also an engineer, who insists he is innocent, was to be given a sep-

holped transmit secret data from the Los Alamos, N. M., atom bomb proving ground to Soviet agents.

3 Others Confess

The FBI already has arrested three others in the nation's biggest spy roundup. They have confessed spying for Russia. Informed sources said additional arrests will come as soon as U. S. authorities can piece into a pattern the jigsaw information being furnished by the three men who have confessed.

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were arrested Saturday just three days before the three-year statute of limitations would have prevented their indictment. They spent the weekend in Federal Houses of Detention in Manhattan.

Rosenberg, apparently the only one of the accused spies who is not co-operating with the FBI, has been held in \$100,000 bail since his arrest July 17.

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Face Stiff Penalties

Brothman and Miss Mostowitz are not charged with estionage. They are charged with conspiracy to defraud the U. S. Government in enforcing criminal laws.

Both face maximum penalties of two years in jail and a \$10,000 fine if found guilty of making up fake stories for Brothman and Gold to tell a 1947 grand jury investigating subversives.

They allegedly schemed to have both men lie to conceal the fact that they met through Semen Semenov, former head of the Soviet atomic spy ring in the United States.

Brothman also is charged with "obstructing justice," a crime punishable by one year imprisonment and \$1,000 fine.

U. S. Attorney Irving H. Saypol indirectly confirmed that more arrests were expected when he commented on the latest arrests.

Piece Things Together'

"We are working on some matters and this comes in the midst of them," he said. "We always have had a grand jury sitting and we are starting to piece things together."

After the British last February arrested the atomic scientist, Dr. Klaus Fuchs, for feeding A-bomb secrets to Russia, his confession implicated Gold, Philadelphia chemist. Gold admitted he funneled Fuchs' information to Soviet agents, and pieces of the puzzle began falling into place.

One by one the men Gold said he worked with with picked up—Alfred Dean Slack, David Greensiass, Rosenberg, men Brothman and Miss Moskowitz.





3 Atomic Spy Suspects Due In Court Today

Three suspects linked to the Dr. Klaus Fuchs-Harry Gold spy ring that funneled atomic secrets to Soviet Russia will be arraigned in Federal Court here today.

Abraham Brothman, 36, Queens engineer, and his business associate. Miriam Moskowitz, 34, will



Miriam Moskowitz

face court for the first time since their arrest Saturday, the day they were indicted on charges of covering up Gold's atomic spy-ring contact.

In a separate arraignment, Julius Rosenberg, 32, also an engineer, will get a hearing on charges that he transmitted and arranged for others, notably his brother-in-law, David Greenglass, to transmit secret data from the Los Alamos, N. Mex., atom bomb proving ground to Soviet agents.

Both Remain Silent,

Rosenberg lives at 10 Monroe St., with his wife and two children. He has a small machine company at 870 E. Houston St. In jail in default of \$100,000 bail since his arrest of July 17, he has diculed the charges against him to his law-fer, Emanuel H. Bloch, 270 Broadway

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No statement has been made yet by either Brothman or Miss Moskoritz, who were arrested too late on aturday for arraignment and were sent to federal houses of detention over the weekend.

They are charged with cooking up a fake story to tell the 1947 federal grand jury investigating subversives in order to conceal the fact that Brothman and Gold were brought together originally by Semen H. Semenov, former head of the Soviet's atomic-spying apparatus in the U. S. Semenov returned to Russia before the Fuchs-Gold spy ring was exposed.

Be Faces Extra Year.

On this conspiracy charge, Brothman and Miss Moskowitz face maximum penelties of two years in jail and a \$10,000 fine, each.

Brothman faces an additional year and an added \$1,000 fine for telling the false story.

Furthermore, FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover has charged without elaboration, that Brothman was close to Semenov in the Soviet spy setup. Whether further charges will be brought against him in this connection has not been revealed.

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz are associated in two businesses—A. Brothman Associates, an engineering firm, of Long Island City, Queens, and Ulster Chemicals Inc., a cosmetics company, of Cliffwood, N. J., which Miss Moskowitz owns. They were arrested at the Cliffwood plant.

wood plant.

Brothman lives at 41-08 42d, St.,
Sonnyside, Queens, with his wife
and two children. He is a Coumbia

graduate.
Miss Moskowitz lives at 151
Eighth Ave. She is a CCNY graduate and once worked for the War
Manne Ver Commission.

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2 IN SPY INQUIRY FACE COURT TODAY

Brothman, Miss Moskowitz Accused of Inducing Gold to Give False Testimony

Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, arrested after their indictment on Saturday by a Federal Grand Jury investigating subversive activities, will be arraigned in Federal Court today.

Brothman, chemical engineer, and Miss Moskowitz, a former Government employe are charged with conspiring to block enforcement of United States criminal laws by inducing Harry Gold, confessed espionage agent, to give false testimony before a Federal Grand Jury in 1947.

Elizabeth Bentley, avowed former courier for a Washington spy apparatus, had told an earlier grand jury that she was introduced to Brothman by the late Jacob Golos, chief of a Russian spy ring, and that Brothman had supplied plans, blueprints and other information that she transmitted to Golos.

Miss Bentley, it was learned, also had named Brothman as one of ten espionage agents in an additional list furnished to an Immigration subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee on Jupe 5, 1949.

She listed him as a Reserve Army officer and as an employe of the "Republic Steel Company." This last appeared to be a reference to the Republic Chentical Machinery Company, a concern operated here by Brothman up to 22. It was not known yesterday whether Brothman had kept up his Reserve status.

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L. S. HOLDS COUPLE INSPY INQUIRY HERE

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz Lose Plea for Reduction of Their \$25,000 Bail

Abraham Brothman, 36-year-old chemical engineeer, and Miriam Moskowitz, 34, his business partner who is a former Government employe, were held in \$25.000 bail each yesterday in Federal Court on conspiracy charges arising out of a 1947 grand jury's espionage inquiry.

Their pleading was put over until tomorrow at the request of United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol.

Miss Moskowitz, in the half-hour proceeding before Judge J. Hoyt Davis of Atlanta, Ga., made her own plea for "reasonable" bail, saying she had no intention of "running away."

Judge Davis, however, fixed the \$25,000 figure recommended by the prosecutor after Mr. Saypol said that the case was directly related to an espionage investigation and that the couple was "very much involved in such activities."

Rosenberg Bail Stands

Other developments in a busy day at the United States Court House on Foley Square were these:

Julius Rosenberg, another suspect in the espionage inquiry, lost a plea for reduction of the \$100,000 bail in which he has been held, and his arraignment was put off until Aug. 15. Mr. Saypol indicated that his case would be put before the grand jury soon.

It was announced that a new August grand jury will be convened today prepared to hear recently developed evidence on subversion and espionage. Harry Glass, biochemist and confessed intermediary of the English atomic spy Dr. Klaus Fuchs, and David Greenglass, former United States Army technical sergeant, will be on hand when the grand jury meets. Rosenberg's wife, Mrs. Ethel Rosenberg, who is a sister of Greenglass, was subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury tomorrow.

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Greenglass, accused of spying for Russia when he was an Army serpting at the Los Alafins M. M. atomic power base, was questioned by Mr. Saypol in the prosecutor's office for more than an hour yesterday.

Relatives Appear With Them

After pleadings by suspects in

man. Sylvan Moskowitz told the court Sylvan Moskowitz told the court that he would be unable to get in touch with an attorney until later in the day and asked that the pleading be put off until Wednesday.

Aliss Moskowitz whispered to her touch the touch him to ask that

Alise MOSKOWIZ Whispered to ner brother, urging him to ask that bail be set at once. When he did. Mr. Saypol told the court that Gold was a confessed espionage agent who had funneled atomic secrets to Soviet Russia. Any effort to brinder the decleration and the secret of the secret to Soviel Russia. Any effort to hinder the disclosure that the ultimate destination of this information was "inimical to the welfare of this country" was a serious offered by Adalphad fense, he declared.

Judge Davis saked whether that investigation was continuing, and Mr. Saypol said. "Very actively, not only here but throughout the country."

Pleads For Lower Bail

Miss Moskowitz then spoke up, saying: "I know nothing of court procedure, but we are handicapped because our counsel is not helps. The ball is very high. I am not intending to run away, I will be available but I would like to have reasonable hall set, at much less than \$25,000."

Judge Davis fixed bail at \$25,000. At Mr. Saypol's request, he in-formed Miss Moskowitz that a formed Miss Moskowitz that a customary condition of bail was that she submit to being photographed and fingerprinted. The prosecutor told the Court that Miss Moskowitz had refused to affix her Aignature to the fingerprint card, whereupon she said her refusal was based on the advice of counsel not to sich any naners.

based on the advice of counsel not to sign any papers.

"That's rather curious," Mr. Say-pol remarked. "She was advised by counsel even before she was apprehended and she just told the Court she did not have an attorner."

hev."
"I have a lawyer," Miss Mosko-witz said, "and I have been ad-vised."

Vised."

"It seems to me." commented Mr. Saypol, "that if I were a law-yer in a grave case like this I would be available."

It developed later that Miss Moskowitz referred to William L. Messing, an attorney. At his office it was said that he was on vacation and was not settain that he had been retained.

Spy Data Coming In By The Hour, Says Saypol

U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol yesterday asserted that the spy inquiry being conducted here by his office and a Federal grand jury is "far from completed-we are getting

ASKED 48-HOUR DELAY

more information every hour."

Mrs. Ethel Rosenberg, 29, attractive wife of accused spy ring member Julius Rosenberg, will be called to testify tomorrow.

It was a busy day in Federal Court as far as activities on the increasingly more-active spy front were concerned.

Rosenberg, a 32-year-old en-gineer, of 10 Monroe St., appeared for a hearing which was postponed until Aug. 15 at the request of Saypol. The prosecutor said Rosenberg was subject to "intensive investigation." He is a brother-in-law of David Green-glass, 2S, of 265 Rivington St., also held in \$100,000 ball pending



Miriam Moskowitz, held in \$25,000 ball, returns to women's house of detention after asking for time to consult lawyer.

committed espionage while working on the atom bomb as Los Alamos, N. M.

Rosenberg, continued Saypol "is involved in a situation which has intensive ramifications. I am not at liberty to disclose why 1 seck the adjournment.

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U. S. Commissioner McDonald then asked, "The investigation is RDE not completed?"

"We are getting more informa-tion every hour," replied Saypol. Emanuel Bloch, attorney for Rosenberg, angrily objected to the postponement. He said his client was arrested July 17 and had been held thus far o an af-ifidavit signed by an FBI agent, milayit signed by an FBi agent, who hased his report on "infor-mation and belief." He asked for a drastic reduction of "this im-possible ball," but the request was denied.

Scheduled to go before the new August grand jury today are Greenglass and Harry Gold, 39-year-old Philadelphia biochemist who admitted he was a vital link in the spy ring headed by Dr. Klaus Fechs.

Both have been reported taiking freely to Federal authorities. Gold, brought here from Philadelphia Saturday in time to testify before a special session of the they requested a 48-hour postgrand jury which resulted in the ponement. arrests of Miriam Moskowitz and chemical engineer Abraham for tomorrow.



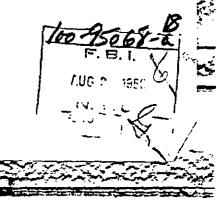
ABRAHAM BROTHMAN

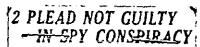
Brothman, has been particularly cooperative.

Brothman, 36, of 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, and Miriam, 34, of 151 8th Ave., appeared for a hearing yesterday. They were held in \$25,000 bail each after

The hearing was rescheduled







Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, pleaded not guilty yesterday in Federal Court to charges of conspiracy to obstruct justice.

The 36-year-old engineer, of 41-

08 Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, Queens, also pleaded innocent to a second count in the indictment which charges him with attempting to influence the testimony of Harry Gold, confessed atom spy for Russia, when Gold appeared as a witness before a New York Federal grand jury in July, 1947.

Miss Moskowitz, 34, of 151
Eighth Avenue, is charged only
with the conspiracy count.
At the same time, Federal Judge

T. Hoyt Davis refused to reduce the \$25,000 bail for each despite a half-hour plea by Miss Moskowitz' attorney, William L. Messing. Judge Davis set Sept. 11 as the day for fixing a trial date.

In his effort to reduce the bail from \$25,000 to \$1,000, Mr. Messing declared that it had been "unfortunate" that the case had been presented to the public in "such a grossly exaggerated and misleading fashion."

Pointing out that the charges against the defendants related only to the alleged conspiracy to obstruct justice, the attorney said: "It is most regrettable that the spying activities of persons other than the two defendants have distorted this case to the public out of all proportion."

Mr. Messing said that he believed the charges against Brothman were first brought by Gold and Elizabeth T. Bentley, former Communist courier. He characterized both as "scoundrels of the most despicable type."

United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol then took Mr. Messing to task for attempting "to minimize the gravity of the offense against the defendants, which is obstruction of justice, and then to negate the possible consequences from these insidious associations with the confessed spy, Harry Gold, and subsequent machinations to conceal the true facts as they transpired between Brothman and Gold."

Meanwhile, the August Federal grand jury, which is expected to hear testimony concerning subversive activities, sat for two and a half hours yesterday. The only persons who appeared before the pacturer Mr. Saypol and his chief assistant, Myles 3. Lane, it was learned.

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Abraham Brothman, 36-year-old chemical engineer, and his business. associate, Miriam Moskowitz, 34, who were indicted by the federal grand jury investigating subversive activities, pleaded innocent yester-day in Federal Court to charges of obstructing justice.

Brothman, who lives at 41-08 42nd St., Sunnyside, Queens, also pleaded innocent to a charge of trying to influence the testimony of



Abraham Brothman

Miriam Moskowitz Lose plea for big bail slash.

Harry Gold, conjessed atom bomb spy, when the latter appeared before a federal grand jury here in July, 1947.

Asks Big Bail Slash.

Defense attorney William L. Messing asked that \$25,000 bail in which each is held be cut to \$1,000, declaring that the charges "relate solely to the alleged conspiracy to obstruct justice." He added that "it is most regrettable that the spying activities of persons other than the two defendants have distorted this case to the public cli out of

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U. S. Attorney Irving H. Saypol characterist Messing was trying to "minimize the gravity of the offense, which is obstruction of justice, and then to negate the possible consequences from these insidious associations with the confessed say. Gold, and subsequent. fessed spy, Gold, and subsequent; machinations to conceal the true fact as they transpired between Brothman and Gold."

\$25,000 Bail Stands.

Judge T. Hoyt Davis refused to lower the bail, and then announced that a trial date will be set on

The extradition hearing for David Greenglass, indicted in New Mexico as a Soviet spy suspect, was adjourned by U. S. Commissioner Edward W. McDonald until

The August regular federal grand jury sat for 2½ hours yesterday and heard testimony from Saypol and his chief assistant, Myles J. Lane.

Two Deny Guilt In Spy Čase at Court Hearing

Judge Won't Cut Bond of \$25,000 for Brothman and Miriani Moskowitz

Abraham Brothman and Miss-Minam Moskowitz pleaded not guilty yesterday to an indictment: charging them with conspiracy to jury investigation of espionage.

Judge T. Hoyt Davis, sitting in

United States District Court, re-fused to reduce their bonds of \$25,000 each and fixed Sept. 11 as \$25,000 each and fixed Sept. If as the day to set a trial date, Brothman also pleaded not guilty to a second count against him alone. This charged him with allegadly attempting to influence the testimony of Harry Gold, confessed atom spy for Russia, before a Federal grand jury investigating estipionage in July, 1947.

The trial defendants indicted

The two defendants, indicted; and arrested Saturday in a Cliffand arrested Saturday in a Cliff-wood, N. J., chemical plant in which they are principals, an-swered "not guilty" firmly and clearly just before their lawyer. William L. Messing, began a twenty - eight - minute speech. Jihrough "unfortunate publicity" sind because of "the general his-terna created." the public has "tr-tipneously" been led to believe that this clients were charged with es-pionage, which is not the case, he said.

Ask Ball of \$1,000

The government's case seemed to be based, Mr. Messing argued in asking for \$1,000 bail, on the grand asking for \$1,000 bin; on the grant jury testimony of Elizabeth Bent-ley, admitted former Communist courier, and Gold, "both acoun-drels of the most despicable type."

Brothman, thirty-six of 41-08
Porty-second Street, Sunnyside,
Queens, and Miss Moskowitz,
thirty-four, of 151 Eighth Avenue,
are associated in running the engineering firm of A. Brothman As-sociates, Inc., 29-28 Forty-first Avenue, Long Island City, Queens, and in operating a chemical factory manufacturing permanent wave preparations in Cliffwood.

United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol suggested that Mr. Messing read the sixty-six-page United States Court of Appeals decision on Tuesday, when the conspiracy con-viction of the eleven Communist leaders was upheld and noted the insidious association of one defendant with the confessed spy Harry Gold." He accused the defense counsel of making light of the charges against his This Mr. Mossing denied.

Greenglass Bearing Off

The hearing for David Greenglass, under indictment in New Mexico as an alleged spy for Russia, was adjourned yesterday by Com-missioner Edward W. McDonald until Aug. 28. The delay was asked for by United States Attorney, Saypol with the consent of O. John Rogge, defense counsel.

Greenclass, United States Army veteran formerly stationed at the latomic project in Los Alamos, IN. M., lives at 265 Rivington Street, He is being held in \$100,000 bath. He, along with Gold, has reportedly been co-operating with the Federal authorities and may appear today, along with Gold, before a Federal grand jury.

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Refuses to Reduce Bail For 2 Held in Spy Tase

Queens chemical engineer Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, his business associate, pleaded not guilty yesterday to charges of conspiracy to obstruct justice in the FBI investigation of the Soviet spy ring in which British atomic scientist Klaus Fuchs was a key figure.

William L. Messing, defense counsel, staged a futile half-hour battle to prevail on Federal Judge for each prisoner to \$1,000, insisting the charges against them have been "grossly exaggerated."

This brought a sharp reply from U.S. Attorney Saypol, who criticized Messing for seeking to minimize the "gravity" of the Judge Davis finally charges. fixed Sept. 11 as the day when he will set a trial date.

Brothman, 36, of 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, also pleaded not guilty to a second count which accused: him of attempting to influence the testimony of Harry Gold, confessed atom spy for Russia, when Gold appeared to testify before a Federal grand jury here in July, 1947.

Brothman appeared cheerful when he entered the courtroom. smiling and waving to his wife Naomi.

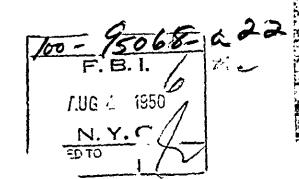
Messing immediately attacked the government charges, claiming his clients were innocent and would be vindicated. He said his information was that the charges against Brothman were first made by Gold and Elizabeth Bentley, former courier for a Red Spy ring. Messing called Gold and Miss Bentley "scoundrels of the most despicable

type. Judge Davis reminded Messing Davis to reduce the \$25,000 bail the charges against Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were made by the grand jury. Messing pleaded for \$1,000 ball, stating Brothman was the sole support: of his wife and two children and unless he could be released in low bail his business enterprises; would be endangered. The judge, however, turned down the plea, upheld the \$25,000 bail and remanded both prisoners to cus-tody of the U.S. marshal.

U. S. Commissioner McDonald adjourned until Aug. 28 the hearing of David Greenglass, who is, under indictment in New Mexico as an alleged Soviet spyASACT ASAC 2 SEC. I SEC. 2 SEC. 3 SL.C. 4 SEC 8 SEC. 9 SEC. II SEC. 12 NIGHT SUPERVISOR PROPERTY CLERK TRAINING UNIT

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'Spy Case Pair Assail Delay

Federal Judge Davis on Friday adjourned until Tuesday a hearing to determine legality of the detention of Abraham Brothman and Miss Miriam Moskowitz, who are held in \$25,000 bail each on charges o foenspiracy to obstruct justice during a grand jury investigation of alleged espionage.

The hearing was adjourned over protests of William L. Messing, defense attorney, who argued that the bail was excessive and that the "inference of espionage" had been played up in newspapers. Assistant U. S. Attorney Cohn said that the indictment charged the defendants conspired with Harry Gold, self-confessed atom spy, to agree on fictitious explanations for their

associations.

Mr. Messing replied these associations might be "entirely innocent associations," or "purely social relations" as distinguished from "any of the other activities charged against Harry Gold."

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2 in Spy Case Drop Bail Cut Fight

By Norma Abrams and Leeds Moberley The Government's embarrassing questions about Communist affiliations made the defense change its mind in Federal Court yesterday and abandon an attempt to get a reduction in bail for Abraham Brothman, 36-year-old chemical

engineer, and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, 34. The two defendants, now held in \$25,000 bail each, pleaded innocent last Wednesday to an indictment charging conspiracy to obstruct justice in the Klaus Fuchs-Harry Gold atom spy ring inquiry. Their attorney, William L. Messing, fol-

lowed up with a petition to test the legality of their detention which came before Judge T. Hoyt

Davis yesterday.

Wife Put on Stand.

Messing opened up with a 21minute recital of his legal argument and then placed Brothman's wife, Naomi, on the stand for the



Mrs. Naomi Brothman . Talks little money.

purpose of showing their financial condition was too modest for Brothman to raise \$25,000 bail. A small, tired-looking blonde

woman in a Navy blue outfit topped by a wide beret, she testified that they live in a \$69-a-month apartment at 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens; that they have a joint checking account with about \$150 on deposit and a joint sav-lings account of \$10 or \$15; that Brothman has a \$5,000 life insurance policy, an auto that isn't en-

tirely paid for, and a financial interest in A. Brothman Associates in Long Island City, Queens, and another firm in New Jersey.

She added that she had a Summer bungalow in her name at Peekskill that is worth \$5,000 or \$6,000, and that's all the assets they have.

Then Assistant U. S. Attorney Roy M. Cohn took over on crossexamination, and his first question set the apple cart to teetering. It was, "Are you now or have you ever been a member of the Communist Party?"

Messing popped up like a jack-in-the-box with a vigorous objection. When Judge Davis overruled i him, Messing advised Mrs. Broth-When Judge Davis overruled

man to stand on her constitutional privileges and refuse to answer.

Messing Still Objects. Cohn followed up with questions —also over Messing's objections as to whether she had "ever heard it said" that her husband was a

member of the party or had been a member of the Young Communist League. To both she replied in the negative. The defense finally threw in the sponge after Cohn asked if she had any knowledge yourself of his ac-

tivities as mentioned in the indictment returned against him here." Messing accused the Government of attempting to "turn this civil proceeding into a pre-trial pro-ceeding." He asked for a 10-minute recess and after a huddle with his clients and an associate announced he was withdrawing his petition.

Ruow what your favorite shore are daing . . . read "Hollywood" by Itedda Ropper which appears regu-lacly in The News.

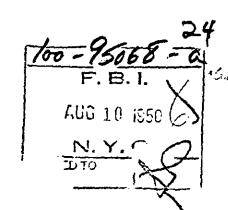
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A defense move to test the legality of the arrest of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz on charges of obstructing justice was suddenly dropped in Federal Court yesterday after Brothman's wife refused to say whether she is a Communist and whether her husband had been a member of the Young Communist League.

The petition had been filed by William L. Messing, attorney for the accused pair, in an attempt to reduce the \$25,000 bail under which each of the defendants is being held.

The attorney placed Mrs. Naomi Brothman on the stand to show that the family's financial position would make it impossible for him to raise the \$25,000 ball. Mrs. Brothman, of 41-08 42nd St., Sunnyside, Queens, then was subjected to cross-examination by assistant U. S. Attorbey Floy Cohn.

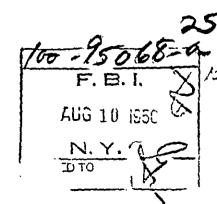
He asked, "Are you now or have you ever been a member of the Communist Party?" Messing objected and then suggested she stand on her constitutional privileges. She took the cue and said, "I refuse to answer."

She said she had never "heard" that her husband was a member of the Young Communist League. Asked if she knew he was a member of her own knowledge, she refused to answer on advice of counsel.

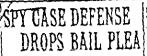
She also refused to state whether she knew Harry Gold, the 39-year-old Philadelphia biochemist who recently admitted being a member of the Soviet spyring here and whose testimony Brothman and Miss Moskowitz. Mrs. Brothman said the answer "might incriminate me."

It was then that Messing dropped the petition. Judge Davis directed the suspects be remanded until Sept. 11 when their trial is scheduled.

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From Section Aug 9 1950



Acts When Prosecutor Asks Mrs. Brothman if She is a

tion yesterday when the dover-ment insisted on asking Eruth-nian's wife whether she knew Harry Guld confessed atomic spy, and if she had ever been a mem-ber of the Communian party. The

A trial date will be fixed Sept. 113
For twenty-one minutes Mr.
Messing argued to support his
charge that Brothman, 36-yearold chemical engineer, of 41-08
Forty-second Street, Sunnyside,
Queens, and his business associate,
Miss Moskowitz, 34, of 151 Eighth
Avenue, were being detained ille-

Avenue, were being detained in-gally.

Then Mr. Messing called his only witness—Brothman's wife. Naomi, She told Federal Judge T. Hoyt Davis that her husband's financial position was such that he could not possibly raise the \$25,000 mail.

Refuses to Answer

The first question Assistant United States Attorney Roy M.

United States Attorney Roy M. Cohn asked on cross-examination was: "Are you now or have you ever been a member of the Communist purty?"

Mr. Messing objected and Mr. Cohn said he wanted to test the witness' credibility. The objection was overruied. Mr. Messing suggested that Mrs. Brothman atland where constitutional purification. on her constitutional privilege.
"I refuse to answer," Mrs. Broth-

man said.

"Have you ever heard said that your husband was a member of the Communist party?" Mr. Cohn

Mr. Messing objected and again the court overruled, "Never heard that," Mrs. Broth

man said. "Are you acquainted with a man named Harry Gold?" the prosecutor inquired.

cutor inquired.

Again advised by defense counsel not to reply, Mrs. Brothman refused to anxwer the question.

"On what ground?" Mr. Cohn

asked, "It may incriminate me," she

said.
Mr. Cohn then asked Mrs. Brothman if she was tamiliar with the charges against her husband. She said, "Yes."

"Do you have any knowledge yourself of his activities as men-tioned in the indictment returned against him here?" Mr. Cohn

Mr. Messing objected, saying he was "practically shocked at the turn of events." He added that if the Government "is going to attempt to turn this civil proceeding

into a pre-trial proceeding," he wanted an adjournment "to consider the possibility of withdrawing these proceedings."

After a ten-minute adjournment Mr. Messing told the court he was withdrawing his petition because the did not want the proceedings to be used so that the Government might use the hearing as an exam-ination before the trial.

Red or Knows Gold

Counsel for Abraham Brothman and Miniam Moakowitz shriptly had refused to post ban for the withdrew a petition for bail reduction yealerday when the Government insisted on asking Brothman's wite whether she know hard wite whether she know hard gold, confessed atomic apy more liable she raised by relating the more liable and contrasted by relating the more liable she raised by relating the motion and remanded the defendants.

Later, Mr. Messing confirmed defendants because they were involved in an exploring to provide the trial.

Judge Davis granted the motion and remanded the defendants.

Later, Mr. Messing confirmed defendants because they company the service that a surely company to the fact that a surel money had been raised by rela-Lives.

Mr. Messing, asked about this,

ber of the Communiat party. The witness refused to answer.

Actually, the hearing in Federal count was to test the legality of the defendants' detention in common with the spy investigation. But William L. Messing, defense counsel, used this devict in an attempt to reduce the \$25,000 bail junder which each is held.

The defendants have been indicted for obstructing justice in decided for obstructing justice in decided for obstructing justice in decided for obstructing fusions in the same and some sellegedly influencing Gold's testing legisly influencing Gold's testing subversive activities.

A trial date will be fixed Sept. 11s.

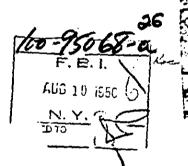
For twenty-one minutes Mr.

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named Harry Gold?" Mr. Cohn wanted to know.

There was considerable wrangling over that, with Mrs. Brothman finally getting a word in to say, after being advised by Mr. Messing, she would not answer the question because "it may incriminate me."

As Mr. Messing argued the questions were improper, Brothman, sitting on the left, whispered to an acquaintance, who in turn said something to Mr. Messing, who was granted a ten-minute adjourment, which he used mostly to make a telephone call. After the recess, Mr. Messing said he was withdrawing his petition—which ostensibly challenged the legality of the defendants' detention. He said he was acting thusly because he did not want the proceeding to be used as a pre-trial.

Brothman Finances

The Brothmans, who live at 41-08 Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, Queens, pay \$69 a month rent and have about \$165 in the bank, Mrs. Brothman previously testified. She also said her husband has a nine-year-old \$5,000 life insurance policy and that his car was not paid for in full.

Mrs. Brothman also said that she owned a summer bungalow in her name in Peekskill, worth \$5,000 or \$6,000, and that outside of a financial interest her husband has in an engineering firm in Long Island City, Queens, and in a chemical factory in Cliffwood, N. J., there were no other assets.

Miss Moskowitz, thirty-four, of 151 Eighth Avenue, is a business associate of Brothman, who is thirty-six. She sat next to him in court. Both are charged with conspiring to obstruct justice in a grand jury investigation of subversive activities. Brothman is also under indictment for allegedly attempting to influence the testimony of Gold before that same grand jury in July, 1947.

Two in Spy Case Drop Plea for Bail Reduction

Brothman, Miss Moskowitz Act as Former's Wife Is Questioned on Red Link

By Milton Lewis

An attempt by Abraham Brothman and Miss Miriam Moskowitz, espionage inquiry figures held in \$25,000 each, to get their bail reduced boomeranged yesterday.

Consequently, they hurriedly withdrew their petition in United States District Court. This was after Brothman's wife refused to say whether she was a Communist or was acquainted with Harry Gold, admitted atom spy for Russia. She was called as a witness to show her husband could not raise the \$25,000 bail, which the defense considers too high.

After the court proceeding, before Judge T. Hoyt Davis, the suspects were unsuccessful in getting a bondsman to write a bond. As in the case of William W. Remington last June, bondsmen refused to underwrite a bond where a question involving an espionage investigation is involved. Remington, charged with perjury in that he allegedly lied when he told a grand jury he had never been a Communist, finally posted \$5,000 in cash, the amount of his bail. Friends of Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were attempting to raise \$50,000 cash.

Cites Husband's Reputation

After Mrs. Naomi Brothman, in answer to questions by defense counsel William L. Messing, related the state of the family's finances and that her husband's reputation among business associates and friends was "very high," Roy Marcus Cohn, Assistant United States Attorney, took over.

"Are you now or have you ever been a member of the Communist party?" Mr. Cohn shot at Mrs. Brothman.

"I refuse to answer," the woman said after Mr. Messing objected to the question and then suggested she stand on her constitutional right not to incriminate herself.

right not to incriminate herself.
"Have you ever heard it said that your husband was a member of the Communist party?"

Mrs. Brothman, after another objection by Mr. Messing, said she "never heard that" and she also "never heard" if her husband was ever a member of the Young Com-

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25,000 SPY BOND POSTED Queens Engineer Still Held in Atom Espionage Inquiry Miriam Moskowitz, 34 years old, of 151 Eighth Avenue, who has been in jail for three weeks on charges of conspiracy to obstruct justice in connection with the atom spy investigation, was released yesterday on bond of \$25,-

of 41-08 Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, Queens, is being held for \$25,000 bail.

Her alleged conspirator, Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer,

4000.

\$25,000 hail.

Miss Moskowitz's bond was posted by her sister, Clare, of Bayonne, N. J.

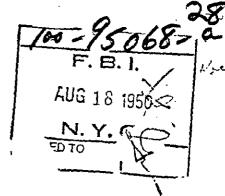
Meanwhile, Harry Gold, Philadelphia biochemist, who has confessed he passed atomic secrets to Russia, appeared before the Federal grand jury. It was indicated that another nerson would be inhat another person would be indicted.

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SPY_SUSPECT OUT-ON_BAIL

Brothman is Freed on \$25,000 Cash Put Up by His Wife

Abraham Brothman, who was indicted in connection with the Russian atom spy investigation, was released yesterday from prison after his wife, Naomi had supplied bail of \$25,000 cash.

Brothman, 36 years old, of 41-08

Brothman, 36 years old, of 41-08
Forty-second Street, Long Island
City, Queens, was arrested last
July 29 with Miriam Moskowitz,
34, of 151 Eighth Avenue, on
charges of conspiracy to influence
the testimony of Harry Gold, con-

the testimony of Harry Gold, confessed atom spy for Russia, before a Federal grand jury investigating espionage.

Miss Moskowitz was released on cash bail of \$25,000 two weeks ago.

Thur trial date will be fixed Sept.

11. I Professional bondsmen have refused to supply bail for anyone connected with espionage charges. It was not learned where Ales. Brothman procured the \$25,000.

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2 Lose Point In Spying Plot

Abraham Brothman, 36, and Miriam Moskowitz, 34, now under indictment for conspiracy to obstruct justice during a grand jury investigation into Soviet spying, yesterday were denied their request for a bill of particulars.

The pair asked that the Government furnish the substance of grand jury testimony by Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy, who has been named as co-conspirator in the action, and whether the testimony was false. In addition, they asked "the means by which" Brothman assertedly urged Gold to testify

"To grant this motion would reiquire the government to furnish its evidence to the defendants in advance of trial," Federal Judge Edward Weinfeld ruled.

Edward Weinfeld ruled.

Brothman, who lives at 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, and Miss Moskowitz, whose home is at 151 Eighth Ave., are at liberty in \$25,000 to B each.

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Federal Judge Refuses to Allow
Them to Read Jury Minutes

A Federal judge refused yesterday, to permit two persons to read minutes of a Federal Grand Jury investigating Soviel espionage.

The two—Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz—have been indicted for conspiracy to obstruct justice. They are free in \$25,000 bail each.

One section of the indictment against them charges that they and Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy, conspired to defraud the government of its function of enforcing Federal criminal laws. The other indictment count charges Brothman obstructed justice by urging Gold to give false testimony before the grand jury.

Federal Judge Edward Weinfeld ruled the two could not learn the substance of Gold's testimony before the grand jury because the indiciment was "sufficiently clear and definite."

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Over government protests, the trial of Abraham Brothman and Miniam Moskowitz general of the

Over government protests, the trial of Abraham Erothman and Miriam Moskowitz, accused of obstructing justice by covering up activities of Harry Gold, confessed atom spy, was postponed until Nov. by Federal Judge William Bondy resterday. The defense asked the clay so that William Kleinman, just brought into the case as trul dawyer, could have more time for preparation.

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Couple's Bail Ended On Eve of A-Trial

Despite defense counsel's request for delay, the jury selection will start tomorrow for the spy trials of Abraham Brothman, 36, and Miriam Moskowitz, 34.

Both defendants, who are charged with conspiring with Harry Gold, confessed atom-secret spy, were remanded to jail yesterday after Federal Judge Irving Kaufman canceled their \$25,000 bail while the trial lasts.

bail while the trial lasts.

The charge against them was "very serious," he said, because "the basis of it is the underlying security of this country."

The judge turned down defense counsel William Kleinman's plea for a postponement to give him more time to prepare his case. Presentation of evidence was scheduled to start Monday.

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2 in Spy Case Sent To Jail as Trial Begins

Chemical engineer Abraham Brothman and his former business partner, Miriam Moskowitz, went on trial in Federal Court yesterday on charges of conspiring to obstruct justice during an investigation of Soviet espionage. Judge Kaufman promptly cancelled their \$25,000 bail and directed they be jailed during the trial.

The remanding of the 36-yearold Brothman, of 41-08 42d St., in England for espionage. Sunnyside, Queens, and Miriam, 34, of 151 Eighth Ave., was requested by U. S. Attorney Saypol, who said the case is tied up with the world Communist movement. He charged the defendants' Red leanings prompted them to "obstruct justice by misleading a Federal grand jury."

Judge Kaufman directed that selection of a jury begin tomorrow. His action in revoking bail was protested by the defense counsel, William Kleinman. Kleinman contended that the bail of the 11 Communist leaders convicted last year was not revoked until they became obstreperous in court and that Alger Hiss remained at liberty during trial.

Further protest was cut off by Judge Kaufman, who told both sides to submit questions to be put to prospective jurors. He directed that Brothman and Miss Moskowitz be permitted to consult with their attorney.

Named as a co-conspirator, but not a co-defendant, is Harry Gold, the Philadelphia biochemist who has pleaded guilty to passing atomic secrets to Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the British scientist now serving a prison term

The indictment charges that Brothman, Miss Moskowitz and Gold conspired to "defraud the U. S. of the government function of enforcing the Federal criminal law," and that Brothman persuaded Gold to give false testimony before a grand jury.

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Two Go on Trial In Atomic Spy Case, Lose Bail

Saypol Links Brothman and Miss Moskowitz to 'World Communist Conspiracy'

Abraham Brothman, thirty-six, and Miriam Moskowitz, thirty-four, went on trial in United States District Court yesterday for conspiring with Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy, to defraud the government and obstruct justice.

Judge Irving Kaufman remanded both defendants to jail, canceling their bail of \$25,000 each, for the duration of the trial. He said the charge against them was "very serious" because "the basis of it is the underlying security of this country." Irving M. Saypol, United States Attorney, said he would show during the trial that the actions of the defendants were directly related to a "world Communist conspiracy."

"The proof will come from the lips of one of the defendants," he said.

Judge Kaufman directed the selection of the jury to begin on Friday and the presentation of evidence on Monday. He denied a request for further delay by William Kleinman, defense counsel, who said he was not ready with his case. Judge Kaufman said Mr. Kleinman would have every opportunity to interview the defendants while they are in custody. Mr. Saypol said they would be held in the United States Court House on Foley Square for Mr. Kleinman's convenience.

Brothman, a chemical engineer associated with the Uister Chemical Company, of Cliftwood, N. J., was indicted on the testimony of Gold. He is accused in two counts of conspiring with Gold to defraud the government and of advising Gold to give false testimony before a grand jury on July 31, 1947. Three years later Gold changed his story and pleaded guilty to a charge of carrying on espionage for the Russians and acting as a go-between for Dr. Klaus Fuchs, convicted British spy, in 1943 and

Miss Moskowitz is indicted only on the conspiracy count. Gold is named in the indictment as a co-

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Jury Picked in Spy Trial Opening Monday; Defendants Expected to Forego Testifying

ham Brothman and Miriam Mos- move. kowitz for obstructing justice plans was disclosed when prospecduring a grand jury espiciage in- live jurors were asked if they vestigation.

Monday, when the first witness been associated with Communist will be called before Federal Judge organizations and the fact that Irving R. Kaufman. The foreman they conducted business dealings of the jury is Miss Mary K. O'Sulli- with the Amtorg Trading Corporavan, a secretary, of 124 West tion, Soviet purchasing agency in Ninety-fourth Street.

Brothman, 36-year-old chemical Judge Kaufman excused for engineer of 41-08 Forty-second cause six jurors who said they had Street, Sunnyside, Queens, and definite opinions about the House sociate, of 151 Eighth Avenue, are tivities, testimony by Gold and specifically charged with influencing the testimony of Harry Gold, Communist spy courier, both of confessed Soviet atom spy, before whom are expected to be Governithe Federal grand jury in 1947.

The intent, the Government has The prosecution will be handled the confessed was to cover as Soviet Livitode States.

attorney, indicated that the defend- John M. Foley.

A jury of five women and seven ants might not take the stand by men was selected yesterday in asking prospective jurors if they Federal Court for the trial of Abra- would be influenced by such a

Another indication of defense stigation. Would be influenced by the fact. The trial will get under way that the defendants might have this country

M'ss Moskowitz, 34, a business as-|Committee on Un-American Ac-

charfed, was to cover up Soviet by United States Attorney leving espicinage activities here.

Waliam W. Kleinman, defense States Attorneys Roy M. Cohn and

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7 <u>Men</u> and 5 Women On Atom Spy Jury

Trial of 2 Alleged Aids of Gold Starts Monday

A jury of five women and seven men with four male alternates was chosen yesterday for the trial of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, who face Federal charges of conspiracy to obstruct justice in the atomic secrets espionage case.

In the trial, which begins Monday before Judge Irving R. Kaufman in United States District Court, Miss Mary K. Sullivan, of 124 West Ninety-fourth Street, a secretary employed by Pease & Elliman, Inc., of 660 Madison Avenue, will be the foreman of the jury.

Brothman, thirty-six, of 41-08 Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, Queens, and Miss Moskowitz, thirty-four, of 151 Eighth Avenue, were indicted for allegedly conspiring with Harry Gold, confessed atomic secrets spy, to defraud the government of its governmental function by obstructing justice in a criminal case.

An indication that Brothman and Miss Moskowitz may not take the stand in their defense was made yesterday. Defense counsel William W. Kleinman, asked prospective jurors if they would be influenced if neither defendant went into the witness box.

Mr. Kleinman also asked the prospective jurors if they would be influenced if the defendants had previously conducted any business with Amtorg, the Soviet purchasing agency in this country.

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FRI Links Brothman With Soviet Spy Ring

(Photos in Picture Section)

.. An FBI agent linked Abraham Brothman with a Soviet spy ring boss as the trial of the 36-year-old chemical engineer on conspiracy charges got under way here today before Federal Judge Kaufman.

Brothman, of 41-08 42d st. in the conspiracy trial was dis-Sunnyside, Queens, and his busi-closed earlier today by the openness associate, Miriam Moskowitz, ing statement of defense attorney 34. of 151 8th ave., are alleged William Kleinman, who spent to have induced Harry Gold, conmuch of his time attacking the fessed Soviet atomic spy, to lie to a Federal grand jury in 1947.

FBI Agent Donald E. Shan-nou, as the first Government witness, said Brothman had admitted to him he gave "blue-prints" to the late Jacob Golos, identified as boss of a Soviet espionage ring.

Shannon further stated that Brothman had at first denied knowing Golos because he "felt Golos was connected with the Russian Government as a possible espionage agent."

HOPE FOR BUSINESS DEAL.

The FBI agent asserted that Brothman had given a shis reason children, has done business as a for providing Golos with blue-chemical engineer both here and prints the hope that Golos "could in Long Island City. He and Miss get him some business."

Shannon also told the jury of seven men and five women that Brothman had admitted being a member of the Young Communist League at Columbia University in the '30s and had known Elizabeth Bentley, former Soviet courier, as "Helen."

The line the defense will follow

credibility of Gold,

Gold is expected to be a major Government witness in the trial.

SAYS MIND DISORDERED.

Kleinman said Gold, a former Brothman employe, has a "devi-ous and disordered mind" and 'will not tell the truth here in this trial."

Kleinman added that Gold wanted "to destroy" Brothman "to save his own neck," and that the confessed atomic spy also had "an intense hatred" for Miss Moskowitz.

Brothman, the father of two Moskowitz were partners in a Cliffwood, N. J., chemical company at the time of their arrest.

See a temperature-time chart for roasting turkey . . . appetizing . recipes . . . plus table setting suggestions in The American Weekly with Sunday's Journal-American.

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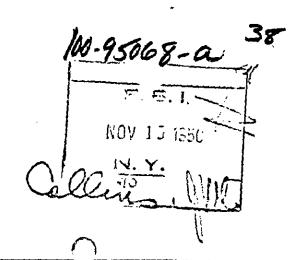
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Two Go on Trial For Links With Atom Spy Ring

AbrahamBrothman, Miriam Moskowitz Tied to Gold and Golos by F.B.I. Agent

By Robert S. Bird

The Pederal government lifted some more of the curtain around Soviet atomic espionage activity yesterday as Abraham Brothman, New York City chemical engineer, and his office associate, Miss Miriam Moskowitz, went on trial in United States District Court for conspiracy to obstruct justice.

In an effort to lay the ground-In an effort to lay the groundmork for an alleged conspiracy that
purpose of evaluating two chemical
it says threw the spy inquiry off
the track for three years, the govwould be paid for the troubl, Gold
ernment called a Federal Bureau
of Investigation witness to the again, although he heard from him
stand, and read into the record a
by telephone several times aftermortion of secret wand times.

utes sealed since 1947.

In this testimony, both defendings was a "phony," the agent said sants were linked in close association with both Jacob Golos, identified in Congressional hearings as former bead of a Soviet spy apparatus, with Harry Gold, self-confessed atomic spy, who is he gave to the P. B. I. agents, and expected to be the government's he stuck to the essential story, almain witness against the defendants.

Brothman, a thirty-six-year-old and Gold had to do only with exColumbia University graduate, and
Miss Moskowitz, his thirty-fouryear-old assistant, were questioned
by the P. B. I and brought before
a Federal grand jury in 1947, partly
as the result of disclosures made
by the former Soviet courier, Miss
Elizapeth Bentley. The government is attempting to prove that
the explanations Brothman gave
to the grand jury for his frequent
stredt corner and restaurant table: street corner and restaurant table meetings with members of the atomic spy ring were deliberately: designed to frustrate the espionage inquiry.

In his opening address before Judge Irving R. Kaufman and a jury of four women and eight men. United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol, said the government would unfold, simost as in a stage drama. intimate glimpses into the lives of "many persons" in order to establish this sub-plot in the major

spy plot.
The first glimpse was given through the testimony of Donald E. Shannon, F. B. I. agent, who Mid he and snother agent ques-

blueprints from Brothman for the portion of secret grand jury min-ward. Gold told the F. B. L. agent utes sealed since 1947. that he and Brothman agreed Go-

Questioned by F. B. I. Agents

Brothman, a thirty-six-year-old and Gold had to do only with ex-

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114 East Thirty-second et. on May 29, 1947. The agents dibited photographs of the Soviet spy, Golos, and of Miss Bentiey, who has since confesseed her activity in behalf of Russis. Brothman at first said he did not recognize the photograph of Golos, according to the agent, but soon admitted knowing him under another name—Gullock, he thought—and he acknowledged they had met many times.

Brothman's Story Related

As the questioning continued, the substance of the story told by Brothman, according to the agent, was as follows:

Golos came to his office in 1938, or 1939, apparently as the result of ads Brothman had placed in technical journals describing patented chemical processes he had invented. Golos told Brothman that he had important connections with Russian officials in this country and could possibly get him some profitable contracts. At the request of Golos, Brothman turned over to him blueprints of chemical engineering designs he had made for a chemical mixing apparatus.

Brothman insisted that these designs were for ordinary chemical processes, all well-advertised in the trade. They had a succession of meetings, and eventually Golos put him in touch with Miss Bentley, who was known to Brothman only as "Helen." He said she continued to make contact with him from time to time in 1938, 1939 and 1940, while Golos himself dropped out of the picture. Ehe wanted only to keep in touch with his chemical engineering projects, all very innocuous, Brothman said.

"Helen" dropped out of sight after turning the "contact" over to Harry Gold, then a biochemist working in Philadelphia, Brothman explained. His association with Gold continued for some time, and eventually the two got so friendly that Gold came to work for him in 1945, according to his story.

An Interview With Gold

The F. B. L agent told of interviewing Gold in Brothman's laboratory in Elmhurst on the same day, and getting from him an explanation that he had met Golos in Philadelphia in 1940 through a friend named Carter Hoodless, a chemical engineer who died in July, 1942. Gold's explanation was that Golos persuaded him to get

Assert Brothman Admitted He Was a Red

By Norma Abrams and James Desmond

...in Brothman, Queens chem. ical engineer accused of helping Harry Gold, confessed atomic apy,

Harry Gold, confessed atomic apy, cover up his activities, admitted to a 1347 grand jury that he was a former member of the Young Communist League, it was disclosed in Federal Court yesterday. The disclosure came as Brothman and his 34-year-old business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, went on trial before Judge Irving Kaufman and a jury on an indictment charging them with coarhing Gold to be to a grand jury to conceal his connection with Soviet spies.

Over Delense Objection.

Brothman's grand jury testimony, during which he was quesimony, during which he was ques-tioned by Thomas J. Donegan, spe-icial assistant to the Attorney General, was put into the trial record over the objections of de-fense counsel on the government's claim that it would establish the

claim that it would establish the basis for its case.

The record was read by Benedict De Buff, a Federal Court stenogra-ipher, who had taken the grand jury minutes.

minutes.

The record showed that Brothman had admitted a rather profiracted and intimate acquaintance
with Jacob Golos, who has been
identified as head of a Soviet spy
apparatus, and with Elizabeth
Bentley at a time when she was
jactive in a spy network.

Details of Equipment.

These meetings took place in 1939, 40 and 41, the transcript aboved, and to Golos, Brothman was said to have betrayed the detail of equipment being developed for the Chinese Nationalist Covernment.

The transcript also showed that The transcript also showed that Brothman admitted attempting to conceal his acquaintanceship with Golos from the FBI, but finally admitted it after protracted question-ing.

FBI Agent Heard.

Other evidence in vesterday's court assistion came from FBI Agent Donald E. Shannon, who testified that Gold worked for Brothman and had admitted knowing Golds and getting blueprints for him from Brothman. Gold has been named a co-conspirator with Brothman and Miss Maskowitz, but is not a defendant in the present case, having pleaded guilty to the more serious charge of apying in Philadelphia. The taking of testimony was

charge of spying in Philisdelphia.

The taking of testimony was preceded by a savage attack on Gold as a man "without nonor and without vestige of truth in him" by defense counsel William Kleinman. The attorney said Gold hated, Miss Moskowitz and was out to destroy Brothman for unspecified reasons. reasons

At the conclusion of the session At the conclusion of the measion, U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol an mounced that Miss Bentley will be a witness at the trial today. Although a frequent witness before investigating committees, it will be have first formal fectionary in court. her first formal testimony in court.
The trial will resume at 10:30 A. M.

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spy courier, will tell a Federal timidated Gold. Court today what she knows of the activities of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, alleged underlings of the Harry Gold-Klaus Fuchs atom spy ring.

This will be the first court appearance for Miss Bentley, although she has often given in-3 - formation to investigating committees and grand juries since turning informer.

FBI Agent Testifies.

FBI agent Donald E. Shannon testified yesterday that Brothman admitted to him he gave Miss Bentley blueprints of chemical processes and machinery.

He denied they were military secrets, however, and insisted it was only because he wanted to do business with the Russian government.

Brotherman and Miss Moskowitz are charged with having conspired with Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy, to give false information to a 1947 federal grand fury investigating espionage.

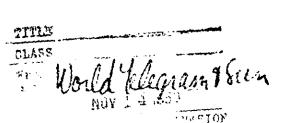
Gold May Appear, A second count of the inflictment charges Brothman alone;

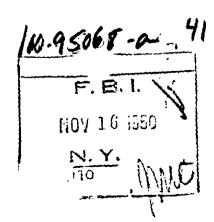
Elizabeth Bentley, reformed Red with having influenced and in-

The latter, who pleaded guilty and is now awaiting sentence for espionage, is expected to testify

U.S. Attorney Irving H. Saypol charged yesterday that the tlies" Brothman and Miss Moskowitz devised for Gold to tell the grand jury had thrown its probe "off the track for nearly three years."

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FBr Man Says Defendant Admitted Deals with Spy

An FBI agent yesterday took the stand in Federal Court, where Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz went on trial charged with conspiracy, and toldenf Brothman's admission in 1947 that he had done business with a man later exposed as the top Soviet spy in this country.

Donald E. Shannon said the admission came on May 29, 1947, when he and another agent visited the defendant's offices, at 114 E. 32d St., to question him on dealings with Jacob Golos.

Brothman, he said, at first denied recognizing Golos'

but later admitted knowing Golos and Elizabeth Bentley, one-time Communist courier. He had met Golos, he told the agents, in 1938 or 1939, when Golos answered a trade paper advertisment Brothman had placed to spur sales of a chemical processing machine.



Abraham Brothman

Golos, Brothman told Shannon, after, Brothman told the FBI, he turned over blueprints to Golosor to Miss Bentley or to confessed spy Harry Gold, acting as gobetweens for Golos.

After questioning Brothman for almost three hours that day, Shannon said, they drove to the laboratory in Elmhurst, Queens, where Gold was working for Brothman. Gold was interrogated at length, Shannon added, and admitted meeting Golos in 1940 and said he picked up blueprints from Brothman in 1941 and early 1942. He never saw Gotos again, Gold said, and de-

cided he was a "phony," beçause he never received expenses.

Gold, who went to worlf Brothman in 1945, is the chief government witness against Brothman and Miss Moskowitz, both charged with conspiracy to obrevealed he "had contacts with struct justice by advising Gold to the Russian government." There-testify falsely before a Federal struct justice by advising Gold to grand jury probing espionage in

William H. Kleinman, counsel for the defendants, characterized Gold in his opening address as a 'notorious spy" with an "intense hatred" for Miss Moskowitz. He said Gold would "destroy" Brothman to save his own neck.

Brothman, 36, has two children and lives at 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens. Miss Moskowitz, 34, lives at 151 Eighth Ave.

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2 Blame Harry Gais For Conspiracy Charge

By STEPHEN FISCHER

Abraham Brothman and Miriam Auranam Brothman and Miriam Bloskowitz, on trial on a charge of compiracy i defraud justice, yes-terday heard their counsel. Will-iam Kleinman, call them victima of the "bordid and devious" mind of Harry Gold, self-described atom

Brotnman and Miss Moskowitz, this secretary, are accused of meri-ing with Gold, a former employed in Brothman's chemical engineer-ing firm, and concecting a falsestory concerning their relationship to be told to a 1947 Federal Grand Jury investigating espionage and

subversion.
"Gold." Kleinman told the jury, has an insane hatred against Miss Moskowitz and will do anything to destroy ner. His purpose is to save his own rotten neck because his life is now at stake."

Kleinman emphasized that no kleinman emphasized that no was estimate will be made to deny that Brothman considered doing research for the Soviet Government. Comm When the project was considered. University "was our noble ally" and the negotiations, which never cultural that is a contract, were perfectly legal, Kleinman said.

U. S. Attorney Saypol gave few details in his opening remarks, but assured the jurors the government will prove that the defendants "deliberately and corruptly sabotaged an investigation by the Grand Jury so it was misled, misdirected and thrown off its proper course so justice was defeated."

The first witness, Donald E. Shannon, an FBI agent, described in detail conferences he held with in detail conferences he held with Brothman and Gold on May 28, 1945. He mentioned also Elizabeth Beniley, former Communist who testified for the Un-American Activities Committee, and Secon Golds, now dead, who has been mentioned at various hearings as a Source to the control of the second control of the control of the

mentioned at various hearings as a Soviet spy.

When he first met Brothman. Shannon said, the engineer said he could not identify a picture of Golos. But when the FBI wgent exhibited a picture of Miss Bentiey. Brothman agreed he knewboth. He later signed a statement to this effect saying he first denied recognizing, the nicture from

to this effect aging he first denied recognizing the picture from
fear of had publicity.

Brothman told Shannon that he
first met Golos in 1938 or '29. Golos, like many other promoters.

Brothman said, saw his advertisements in engineering fournals and
proposed that he could get the
Brothman firm contracts from the
source Purchasing Commission.

Over a period of time, Brothnan was introduced by Golos to
its accretary 'Rielem' who later
the timed out to be Miss Bentley.

Later Gold called Brothman and
Later Gold called Brothman and

Later Gold called Brothman and said he would act for Golos.

The persoliations, similar to others Brothman conducted with vationalist China, never resulted in any orders for a large chemical mixer Brothman told Shumon, he exame fond of Gold and about 1945 hared him as a research in mist in his laboratory.

Output the shief-time of Kleinman the chief of the shief-time of the chief of the chief time at the chief time of the

who said the matter was frrele wan sain he matter was green-vani—Shannon was permitted to leavify that Brothman denied he was ever a member of the Com-servation of the Com-about 1931 he joined the Young Communist League at Columbia University and quit the group seen



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Call Miss Bentley In Spy Trial Today

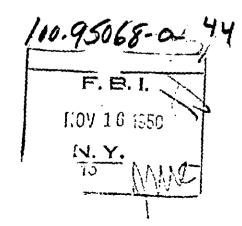
Elizabeth Bentley, reformed Communist, will testify today against Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, accused "small fry" in the Harry Gold-Klauss Fuchs atomic spy ring.

Miss Bentley often has given levidence on members of the lring to investigating committees and grand juries since she turned informer, but she never ibefore has been a trial witness. Brothman and Miss Moscowitz are charged with conspiring to imislead a 1947 grand jury investigating Miss Bentley's disclosures.

FBI agent Donald Shannon itestified at the opening of the trial in Manhattan Federal Court yesterday that Brothman admitted knowing Miss Bentley as Helen in the late 1930's, when she was member of the ring headed by Soviet soy Jacob Golos.

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DEALINGS WITH SPY ALLEGED AT TRIAL

Brothman Said His Delivery of Data Was Only to Get Jobs, F. B. J. Agent Testifies

By THOMAS P. RONAN

A special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation testified yesterday that Abraham Brothman, 36-year-old chemical engineer, had admitted dealings with Jacob Golos, one-time head of a Soviet spy ring. Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, 34, his business associate, are charged with conspiracy to mislead a 1947 Federal grand jury investigating espionage.

The witness in Federal court yesterday was Donald E. Shannon. According to the agent, Brothman said he gave Golos and Elizabeth Bentley-former Communist apy courier who worked for Golos-blueprints of chemical processes and machinery but simply because Brothman was trying to get business from the Russian Government

The first count of the indictment alleged that Brothman conspired with Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy who is to be a Government witness, to tell the jury a false story of their relations and that Miss Moskowitz helped work out the plans for the perjury.

The second count accuses Brothman alone of having influ-enced and intimidated Gold-who or military secrets, Mr. Kleinman is named as a co-conspirator but said his client had not entered any

is named as a co-conspirator but not as a defendant—into giving talse testimony before the jury.

Brythman and Miss Moskowitz were indicted and arrested last July shortly after Gold had been brought here from Philadelphis to testify before a Federal grand jury. According to official sources in Washington, Brothman and Gold had worked under the direction of the head of the Soviet trade organization in an attempt to fer-

preliminaries going back to

the Nineteen Thirties."
Mr. Saypol said that the jury would hear evidence of espionage for the Russian Government and of activities in behalf of the Commumst party. He cautioned the jury not the defendants were being ried on a charge of obstructing

This caution was repeated by Miss Bentley is expected to take William W. Kieinman, defense at-the stand today or tomorrow as a orney, who also repeatedly urged Government witness. The jury not to be swayed by prej- Alexander Symchansky, identi-

ARRIVING FOR TRIAL

Miriam Maskowitz

brought here from Philadelphia
jury. According to official sources in Washington. Brothman and Gold had worked under the direction of the head of the Soviet trade organization in an attempt to ferret out atomic secrets.

Gold Tried in Philadelphia
Gold, a chemist, had admitted at its trial in Philadelphia that he had passed to the Russians atomic information stolen by Dr. Klaus in Fruchs, an English atomic scientist now in prison in his own country. Gold has not yet been sentenced.

United States Attorney Irving (Bold has not yet been sentenced.

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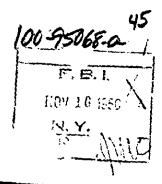
United States Attorney Irving (Bold has not yet been have been

belonged briefly to the Young Communist League, according to Mr. Shannon. When Mr. Kleinman objected to this line of testimony.
Assistant United States Attorney
Roy M. Cohn declared that the
Government held that the affiliation of both defendants with the Communist party was the motive

the jury not to be swayed by prejulice. Mr. Kleinman branded field as an employe of the radio load a har with "s very devious division of the United Nations, was motivated by an insane hatred pear as a witness yesterday but for Miss Moskowitz and would do was reported to have pneumonial withing to destroy Brothman. nything to destroy Brothman.

Asserting that Brothman never nated Dr. Charles K. Friedberg is in possession of any atomic examine Svenchansky.

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Miss Bentley Calls Brothman Spy for Soviet

Chemical Plans Held Red Target

A dues-paying Communist in 1860, Abraham Brothman was in the thick of a Soviet espionage ring when Elizabeth Bentley, former Red apy courier, first did business with him, Miss Bentley testified in Federal Court yesterday.

In two hours on the stand, a calm, stylishly dressed Miss Bentley explained how Brothman reported at regular intervals to her and the late Jacob Golos, former boss of a Soviet spy ring.

Words Backlire.

A chemical engineer on trial for obstructing justice in the government's atomic spy investigation. Brothman thus heard himself contradicted on his previous testimony. He had also denied being a Communist at the time he knew Miss Bentley and Golos.

Brothman is also on trial with his office associate, Miss Miriam Moscowitz, on a charge of obstructury justice. Unruffied and precise in reply,

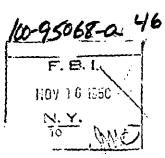
I Unruffled and precise in reply, Miss Bentley even admitted that Golos had been her lover during her indoctrination period as a former Communist. Ehe testified that this intimate relationship liasted until his death on Nov. 7, 1942

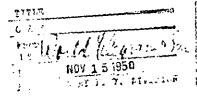
Sought Blueprints.

From this relationship came orders from Golos to get certain blueprints from Brothman on chemical processes, particularly his plans for a "chemical kettle" at the Edgewater Arsenal in Maryland.

The government charges that Brothman and Miss Moskowitz and Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy who is to be a government witness, concocted a faise story to tell a federal jury in 1827, should their Communist operations.

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Atom Spy to Take Stand:

Gold to Testify Against Ex-Boss

By HOWARD RUSHMORE Harry Gold, war-time Soviet atom spy, was to take the witness stand today for the Government to unfold new and startling data on Stalin's agents and their American cohorts.

Most of his testimony is expected to be leveled against his white she was courier for Jacob
former employer, Abraham Broth-Golos, top Soviet agent who died
iman, 36 a chemical engineer and in 1943. Brothman's business pariner. Mirjam Moskowitz, 34.

Both are on trial charged with conspiring to obstruct justice in a Federal probe of Red spy rings.

The connection of another mysterious Government witness with Brothman and Miss Moskowitz also may be revealed by Gold. This witness. Alexander Svenchansky a UN radio broadcaster, so far has been absent from court, pleading sudden illness.

IDENTIFIES SUSPECT.

Syenchansky, a former execu-tive of Amtorg, the Soviet trade organization here, was slated to take the stand under suppoens by U. S. Attorney Saypol, Federal Judge Kaulman has appointed a physician to examine the UN employe who is now broadcasting in

Russian from Lake Success.

The first link in Saypol's carefully-planned case was hamexecutive planned case was name mered out before a jury of five women and seven men yesterday by a an attractive blonde who once served as courier for the spy vins.

Elzabeth Bentley, 42, of 82, McDoural st., dramatically identified Brothman as the man from them to be a very such business.

whom she had received blueprints

In a tense portrayal of the Soviet underground, Miss Bentley told how Golos had introduced her to Brothman in 1940 simply as "Helen."

Under this name, she met frequently with Brothman, received numerous blueprints from the engineer and delivered them to Golos, she said.

Miss Bentley said she served as Golos' only contact with Broth-man until September, 1941 when she was ordered to "turn Broth-

man over to a new contact."

"Brothman objected about the manner in which he was to meet the new contact and I told

him the Communist party had made its decision and that he had to abide by that decision." The witness said she had to give the engineer a "pep talk" after which Brothman agreed to work

with the new courier.

Miss Bentley said Golos intro-duced her to Brothman in Chinese restaurant on 33rd st. between 6th

and 7th aves, and told her:
"After this you are to take my place in contacting Bhythman. You are to collect his Communist party dues, and you also are to pick up any material he has for me and bring it to

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Miss Bentley Testifies Brothman Was in Communist Party in '40

By Robert S. Bird

torial past yesterday in awearing reasons, he told the grand jury. that Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer on trial for obstruct-

The Vassar-educated former Golos. She was told by a party Communist, who has been helping functionary that Golos was to be the government unmask Soviet her new boss, she testified. espionage rings since she changed her allegiance five years ago, told spring of 1940, she said, Golos asa story that contradicted much of signed her to take over his nied, for example, that he was a Sixth and Seventh Avenues "for a Communist at the time he was meal there, and after that a long dealing with Miss Bentley and discussion."

and Miss Miriam Brothman Moscowitz, his office associate, who ing that she was to meet with him is also accused of obstructing jusperiodically in the future "in order" tice, are on trial before Judge Irving T. Kaufman in United States Communist party, to collect his District Court.

On Stand 21/4 Hours

Miss Bentley, dressed in a plumcolored wool suit, testified for two said, she meant "hlueprints. and one-half hours in the afterand one-hair nours in the artermoon. When she entered the court imai's presence that I was to be
from a door near the judge's
bench, she stepped up to the stand inist party from whom he was to
and gave a long, searching look at take directives," she said, more
Brothman, seated at the counsel's explicitly.

table facing the stand. Later she
Thereafter, she continued, they

torial path until the time of his death on Nov. 7, 1943. Her intimacies with Golos, described pre-10. ... BY H. Y. D viously in the trial as something of non-technical witness, and said a charmer, were brought out under he would prefer to deal with an cross-examination by defense counsel, William W. Kleinman. Miss Bentley, who primly objected to giving her age to Mr. Kleindefense engineer. -it was forty-two, she finally said-admitted her intimate rela

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wholly innocent and harmless deal- | was her alias at the time.

ings. He did not know who they Miss Elizabeth Bentiey, self-really were, but supposed them to miss Elizabeth Bentiey, self-really were, but supposed them to confessed former Red my courier, be interested in his chemical proc-revealed more about her conspira-

In contradicting this story, Miss ing justice in the government's Bentley said that she was working, ing justice in the government's Bentley said that she was working, atomic spy investigation, was a for the Italian Information Libraries dues-paying Communist who reported regularly in 1940 to both literature and correspondence; her and the late Jacob Golos, for from its "propaganda" files and turning them over to the Communist party, when she first met many the state of the second control of

About two years later, in the the explanation Brothman earlier tact" with Brothman, and they had given to a grand jury con- met together at a Chinese restau-eerning his activities. He had de- rant at Thirty-third Street between

The witness said that it was explained to Brothman at this meetto bring him directives from the Communist party dues, and to pass on any matter he might want to, relay to Mr. Golos." By this, she,

"Mr. Golos said in Mr. Broth-

table facing the stand. Later air testified she had not seen him in the regularly in various restaurced. Her testimony, purporting to to her, and gave her long and summesh him in a tangle of damas technical explanations of them ing contradictions, was a vivid but which completely hadded her, ahe calm recountal of clandestine said. He also paid her his party. meetings, briefings on Communist dues from time to time, but "oostly i directives and policies, collection he was slow to get up his dues of his party dues, and most of all, money, she testified. She said she collection of engineering blue frequently briefed him on new prints designed by Brothman for Communist policies and directives. eritain chemical processes.

On one occasion she was asked
The dead Golos emerged in her particularly to get from Brothtestimony as her former lover, who man his plans for a chemical "ketinfluenced her along her conspiratie" for the Edgewater Arsenal.

Miss Bentley said that Brothman complained about having to make. his technical explanations to the

Finally the Communist party decided to have a technical person make future contacts with Brothman, Miss Bentley said.

The new "contact" tions with the spy with no hesi-lation or hint of embarrassment. Miss Bentley's role was to give evidence to demolish Brothman's lestimony before a Federal grand jury in 1947. At that time he so-mitted having dealings with Golos; and Miss Bentley, whom he knew hy other names, and with Harry one to also into the seat bestife a by other names, and with Harry man to ally into the seat beside Gold, the recently self-confessed him. He finally agreed to this atomic spy for Russia. But he told she said. The password was to be the grand jury that these were "Greetings from Helen"—which

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Brothman Tied to Russian Spy Ring by Miss Bentley

By GEORGE GRADY and ERWIN SAVELSON

Elizabeth Bentley, the former aide of Soviet spy boss Jacob Golos, testified in Federal Court yesterday that she was the contact between Golos and chemical engineer Abraham Brothman, receiving blueprints from the latter for transmission to an espionage ring.

Miss Bentley also swore that the second Brothman, 36, paid Communist Party dues to her.

She was the government's star witness yesterday at the trial of Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, 34. Both are accused of conspiracy of obstructing justice.

tify falsely before a Federal with the blueprints and he asked grand jury probing espionage in her to arrange a meeting with jury he was not a Communist.

Miss Bentley said she first met related, that he would get direc-

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Market list slips in early felloff, then rallies. Details on P. 22.

tives from her. Later, Brothman gave her blueprints of machinery, she added.

Brothman allegedly persuaded Twice, she said, Brothman Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist wanted to know whether "Amand confessed atomic spy, to testorg engineers" were satisfied 1947, Brothman had told the same an expert with whom he could discuss the material.

She quoted Brothman as say-Brothman with Golos, who died ing he had access to blueprints in 19(3, at a midtown restaurant of a "kettle" being made for the Golos told Brothman, she Edgewood Arsenal and she later told him Golos would like the material. She did not say whether Golos got these prints.

Finally, she testified, Golos said a "new contact" would replace her, to which Brothman objected but was told he was subject to "party discipline" as a "good Communist." She said she did not know who the new contact was, but Brothman was directed to drive along 26th or 28th St., between Sixth and Seventh Aves., and the contact would jump into his car.

Miss Bentley said she never knew anyone named "Harry Gold." An FBI agent previously testified Gold succeeded Miss Bentley as the contact with Brothman. This testimony also showed Gold was employed by ·アメンストプロテも知為35。 Brothman. ALANGA MARTE ROLL

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Testifies He Furnished Her With Many Blueprints to Give to Communist Leader

By THOMAS P. RONAN

Elizabeth T. Bentley, the former Abraham Brothman in Federal Court yesterday as a Communist defense attorney. 'contact" who in 1940 and 1941 had given her many blueprints to Soviet espionage ring.

for a kettle that was to be made her in touch with Golos. for the arsenal at Edgewood, Md. in getting that print," she testified. particular blue-

Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, his business associate are Federal grand jury that was investigating espionage.

The Government alleges that prosecution witness, concocted a would pick up material from him. Under cross-examination, Miss false story to tell the jury concern- From that time until the fall of Bentley said she was 42 years old false story to tell the jury concern-

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had never been a member of the lected his party dues, brought him Communist party but that while a party directives and instructed him student at Columbia University he in the latest Communist doctrines.

mittees and Federal grand juries with the blueprints. On a number concerning the activities of Soviet of occasions, she said, he dictated spies but yesterday was her first to her "very involved" explanaappearance as a witness in a court tions of what the blueprints repproceeding. She seemed completely resented. composed both under direct examination by United States Attorney ings, she said, and finally, when Communist spy courier, identified Irving H. Saypol and cross-exam- Brothman complained ination by William W. Kleinman, neither she nor Golos could read

Communist party in March, 1935, She said she did not understand in October, 1938, however, a man and that he seemed frightened but just what the blueprints were for, known by the party name of F, that he agreed when Golos imbut that on one occasion the chemical engineer told her to inform probably the leading Italian Com-disciplined member of the Commutations he had access to a blueprint munist in the United States, put hist party to accept orders.

on Nov. 25, 1943, she worked un-Golos' direction instructed Broth-Golos sent back word through her on Nov. 25, 1943, she worked un-Golos' direction instructed Broth-that he was "very much interested der his direction, she said. She man on how he was to meet him. added that she knew Golos only as At a certain time and place, Broththen learned his real name.

charged with obstructing justice introduced her to Brothman only from Golos, she asserted. She said by conspiring to mislead a 1947 as "Helen" at dinner in a Chinese she did not see Brothman again restaurant in the spring of 1940, after that final meeting until yes-She said that Golos told Brothman terday. that he could no longer meet the It is the Government's contention Brothman and Harry Gold, a con-chemical engineer at regular inter-that the new "contact" was Harry fessed atomic spy who is to be a vals and that in the future she Gold.

ing their relations with each other 1941, she met Brothman at fre- and that she was living with a and with others, among them quent intervals at dinner or on cousin of her mother's at 10 Mac-Golos and that Miss Moskowitz street corners and obtained blue-dougal Street.,

helped them work out the details. prints from him, Miss Southern de-Brothman told the jury that he clared. She said that she also col-

had belonged briefly to the Young Several times, according to Miss Communist League. Bentley, Brothman asked her if Miss Bentley has testified many the engineers at Amtorg, the Soviet times before Congressional com-trade organization, were satisfied

Golos attended some of the meet-Decause fense attorney. the blueprints, arranged for a new Miss Bentley said she joined the "contact" to substitute for her. ommunist party in March, 1935, Miss Bentley told the jury that

nad given her many blueprints to Communist Parks was "an or-Brothman objected strenuously at pass on to Jacob Golos, head of a and for several years was "an or-Brothman objected strenuously at Soviet espionage ring.

Soviet espionage ring.

er in touch with Golos.

She said she did not know who From that time until Golos died the "contact" was to be but at 'Timmy" for about a year, but man was to park his car and wait until a man slid into the seat next Miss Bentley testified that Golos to him and gave him a message

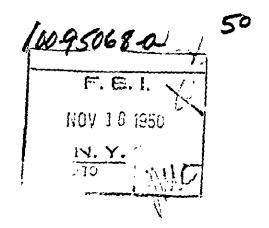
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By NORMA ABRAMS

Elizabeth Bentley, former courier for a Soviet espionage ring, testified in Federal Court yesterday that she had been the contact between Abraham Brothman, Queens chemical engineer, and the late Jacob Golos, leader of the spy apparatus,

She declared she collected Brothman's Communist Party dueswhich were usually in arrearspassed on party directivees to him and received blueprints from him, mostly of certain "kettles" which were not clearly defined, which she

turned over to Golos.

First Time in Court .

Miss Bentley, who had testified previously before Congressional committees and federal grand juries was making her first court appearance as a government witness in the trial of 36-year-old Brothman and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, 34, on charges of conspiracy to obstruct justice.

The two defendants are accused of coaching Harry Gold, Philadelphia biochemist and confessed atomic spy, to lie to a grand jury to conceal his own Soviet espionage connections. Gold, now awaiting sentence and facing a possible death penalty, is named in the indictment as a co-conspirator, but; not a defendant.

Gold to Go On Stand.

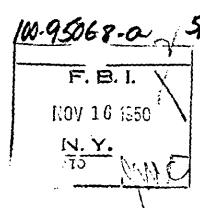
Gold himself will be placed on the stand this morning as the Government's star witness. Although Miss Bentley testified that she never knew him, earlier testimony was that he had succeeded her as the contact between Brothman and Golos.

Miss Bentley, a tall, buxom woman of 42 wearing a maroon." suit, green blouse and no makeup, t was perfectly composed throughout her testimony - even when, on : cross-examination, defense counsels: William W. Kleinman started inquiring pointedly into her personal: relations with Golos. She admitted he had been "more" than merely .. her conerior in the party.

"Did you, Kleinman warned (Continued on page 50, col. 3)

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Link Top Spy To Brothman

(Continued from page 2)

know, "live with Golos as man and wife?"

"What do you mean?" the witness countered.

Kleinman explained in words of three syllables.

"Yes," said Miss Bentley evenly,
"I did."

The witness said she met Golos through a Communist known as F. through a Communist known as F. Brown who was actually Ferruccio Marini, "a leading Italian Communist in the United States." This

was in October, 1938, and she was working as a secretary and researcher in the Italian Library of Information, which she described as the Fascist Party's propaganda branch in this country—and filching assorted material, including private correspondence, for Marini.

Her first meeting with Brothman, she testified, was in Golos' company in a Chinese restaurant on W. 33d St. in the Spring of 1940. At that time, she said Golos told Brothman she was to be the Communist Party representative from whom he was to get directives. After that, she declared, she used to meet Brothman at various places but she never went to his office.

As time went on, the witness continued, Brothman began saying he wished he could talk to some-body with a little technical knowledge-Miss Bentley confessed she couldn't even understand what a flange was. But when in September, 1941, she finally told him he was to be turned over to a new contact, she said he objected vigorously, and reluctantly agreed only when she threatened him with "party discipline."

She was saw the new contact barrels the added

herself, she added.

Gold Testifies On 1st Meeting With Brothman

Miss Bentley Set Up Rendezvous, He Says

On a cross street near the Pennsylvania Station a short, pudgy man waited until a car with a certain license number drove up and stopped. He got in the car and

"I bring regards from Helen."
Harry Gold, who stands in the shadow of a death sentence for espionage, testified in Federal. Court yesterday that those words were a recognition signal.

Names Brothman.
They identified him as a courier who would take to Soviet agents the secrets disco-ered by the chemist driving the car. He named him as Abraham Brothman, one of the defendants charged with conspiracy to obstruct justice.

He identified "Helen" as Elizabeth Bentley, another self-confessed Red courier known to Brothman as Helen. She testified earlier she had arranged for the two mento meet at the behest of Jacob Golos, now deceased head of a Soviet spy apparatus.

Semenov Called Boss.

At that time, Gold said yesterday, his superior in the spy ring was Semen M. Semenov, an official of the Amtorg Trading Corp. the Soviet purchasing agency in this country. He has since returned to Russia.

The Reds were particularly interested, he said, in the chemical processes developed here to make military explosives, aviation gasoline, rubber, steel, synthetic alcohol and petroleum lubricants.

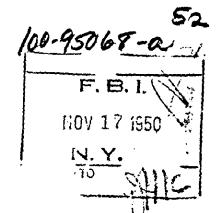
Glad for Chemist.
Gold said Brothman was pleased that he, a fellow chemist, was to be the go-between in transmitting secrets to the Soviets, since he had difficulty with Miss Bentley and another Soviet agent because of their ignorance of chemistry.

Brothman with his business associate, Miriam Moscowitz, is charged with conspiring to obstruct justice in cooking up a false account of his relationship to Gold to tell a 1947 federal granu justiness.

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Gold Testifies He Spied V For Russians II Years

By STEPHEN FISCHER

The government took the wraps off Harry Gold yesterday and the self-described atom spy, on the witness stand in Federal Court, plunged into the first public accounting of his activities from 1935 to 1946 when he said he operated constantly on orders from a "Soviet superior." During the

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early stages of his spy can Gold testified, he supplied scientific material to Soviet agents.

From 1940 on, he operated as a courier "who obtained data from others and passed it to my Soviet superiors."

"This data," he continued, "not only contained information on industrial processes but materials relating directly to military mat-

Gold testified at the trial of Ahraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, accused of conspiring with him in 1947 to obstruct a 2 grand jury investigation. However, it is not a defendant in the case.

Gold has pleaded guilty as atom spy and faces a possible death sentence when he hears his penalty Dec. 7.

A co-operative, polite witness, he spoke in a lond, clear voice and seemed almost eager to tell his story.

Gold implicated Brothman directly in his activities.

Beginning Sept. 29, 1941, Gold asserted, he came to New York frequently from his bome in Philadelphia and met with Brothman in midtown restaurants. There Gold passed orders to Brothman from his Soviet superior, "Sam," and received information in return, he testifiéd.

At their second meeting, in October, 1941, Gold said, he gave Brothman a "verbal list of processes and materials on which the Soriet Union wanted information."

These processes, Gold testified, concerned aviation gasoline, the manufacture of synthetic rubber, petroleum lubricants, military explosives and "any and all informaion on matters of military inter-

est." The trial secsion ended before Gold could tell whether Brothman brought him the demanded information. Brothman.

chemical engineer, has admitted in FBI affidavits that Gold worked for his firm from 1946 to 1948. The de-

fense holds that GOLD Gold has an intense hatred for Brothman and Miss Moskowitz and is bent on destroying them with lies.

It was apparent that Gold's story was presented to complement the previous day's testimony by Elizabeth Bentler, self-described spy courier.

Miss Bentley said she received scientific information from Brothman until September, 1941, when she told him another courier, with more scientific knowledge, would replace her.

Gold picked up the story. Operating as Frank Kessler, he said, he met Brothman. After each session, Gold said, he would report both in writing and verbally to "Sam."

Although he identified "Sam's" picture. Gold was never asked to identify him fully.

Gold denied he had ever been a member of the Communist Party. When yesterday's session ended, he had not been asked to give any motivation for his 11 years of spy work.

He is scheduled to take the stand again this morning.

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Francis St. Library

Gold Names Russian as Spy Chief

By HOWARD RUSHMORE

Somen H. Semenov, a Russian trade representative here under diplomatie immunity, while Russia posed as a "war time ally," headed a Soviet spy network which sought to obtain atomic and other military secrets.

It was Semenov, using the code name of "Sam," who directed Harry Gold, confessed apy, and relayed instructions to Abraham Brothman to obtain top secrets of American military and industrial output.

This was learned today as Gold, who faces a possible death penalty for his confessed wartime acts of treason, prepared to continue his testimony against Brothman. He has identified Brothman as one of his "contacts" in the Red espionage apparatus.

PAIR ON TRIAL

Brothman, 37, of 61-08 42d st., Sunnyside, Queens, and Miriam Moskowitz, 38, of 151 8th ave., are being tried before Federal Judge Irving B. Kaufman and a jury of five women and seven men on charges of obstructing justice in a grand jury inquiry of Russian supplies.

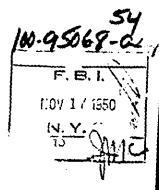
Atthough Gold. a 39-yea-old Philadelphia chemist, did no reveat the name of his "Sports superior" whom he said was known to him only as "Sam," the N. Y. Journal-American learned it was Semenov.

TELLS OF CONTACTS.

Quiet and self-assured, the confessed spy, who will be sentenced for his crimes Dec. 7, told U. S. Attorney Irving B. Saypol and the jury that:

- I. Brothman was "nappy" that a trained scientist (Gold) was to be his new contact in the spy network and promised to funnel "more adequately" information to the Soviets;
- 2. Brothman identified as his former contacts with Semenov two Soviet agents known to Brothman only as "John" and "Helen"—testimony that supported that of Elizabeth Bentiey's. She said yesterday she and Jacob Golos using the same "cover" names were Brothman's contacts.

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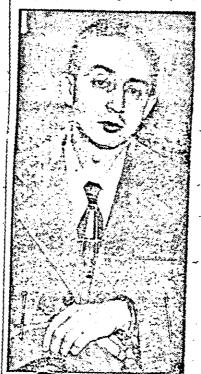
Geld Asserts He Got Help Of Brothman

By GEORGE GRADY and ERWIN SAVELSON

Confessed Soviet atom spy Harry Gold, 39, reeled off before Federal Judge Irving R. Kautman and a jury yesterday the details of how he plotted the theft of American military secrets at street-corner and restaurant meetings with chemical engineer Abraham Brothman.

It was the first time Gold, a key figure in the Klaus Fuchs international espionage ring, had publicly related the story of his 11 years of service as a Red agent and he held nothing back in his attempt to link Brothman with the Russian spy network.

Brothman, 36, of 40-49 42nd St., Sunnyside, and Mirlam Moskowitz, 54, of 151 Eighth Ave., are



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on trial on charges of conspiracy to obstruct justice. Brothman is specifically accused of persuading Gold to testify falsely in 1947 before a Federal grand jury investigating subversion.

The Swiss-born Gold, a government witness who has pleaded guilty of passing atom-bomb secrets obtained from the imprisoned Dr. Fuchs to Soviet agents, testified he ordered Brothman to obtain secret information on the manufacturing of aviation gasoline, natural and synthetic rubber, lubricants and acetone, a solvent for cordite, which is a

powerful explosive.
Gold, who won a bachelor of science degree in chemistry, "summa cum laude," said he never belonged to the Communist Party, but was a spy and rourier from 1935 until February, 1946. Elizabeth Bentley, another

Gold Testifies Brothman Was In Spy Gang

Says He Met Defendant and Instructed Him on Secrets Russia Wanted

By Robert S. Bird

Harry Gold, the self-confessed spy who has admitted passing on to Russia some of the atomic bomb secrets, took the witness stand in United States District Court for the first time yesterday to tell something of his espionage operations.

Gold, a Philadelphia chemist, depicted his Soviet bosses as persons who were avid for any kind of military information, but were especially interested in detailed industrial processes in this country. Particularly, he said, the Soviet Union wanted information on processes of manufacturing aviation gasoline, techniques of making natural and synthetic rubber. methods used in the manufacture of petroleum lubricants and colloidal graphite, and the use of strategic organic chemicals — besides "any and all information available on matters of military interest."

Witness Against Brothman

The thirty-nine-year-old chemist, who pleaded guilty in July to atomic espionage for Russia, was the government's chief witness against Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, who is on trial for obstructing justice in the government's espionage investigation. One of the counts in the conspiracy indictment accuses him of persuading Gold to tell a false story to a Federal grand jury in 1947 concerning the circumstances of their relationship in 1941. Miss Miriam Moscowitz, Brothman's office assumate, is also on trial for obstructing justice in the spy in-

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100-95068-a F. B. I. NOV 17 1850 Gold's willingness to serve the government as a witness in its espienage cases won him a delay in the imposition of sentence, which could be death. Irving Saypol, United States Attorney, took pains yesterday to bring out in the witness's testimony a disclaimer that he had been promised any special consideration for testifying, but Gold told his story leagerly.

He told Judge Irving T. Kaufman and the jury that he was a Soviet spy from 1935 until February, 1946, starting out as an industrial espionage agent, and from 1940 and thereafter serving as a courier in the relaying of industrial data and other information to Russia.

He said he first met Brothman under typical cloak-and-dagger circumstances on the night of Sept. 29, 1941. In accordance with instructions from his superiors, he explained, he left Philadelphia by train and went to a pre-arranged rendezvous on a cross street near the Pennsylvania Terminal. Brothman was waiting in an automobile, the license number of which had been supplied to Gold.

Their First Meeting

"I opened the door of the car and got in," Gold testified, briskly. "The man inside seemed startled but he seemed reassured when I gave him the recognition signal, 'I bring regards from Helen,' and then I asked him how was his wife. Then I introduced myself by the name of Frank Kessler."

The name of "Helen" referred to Miss Elizabeth Bentley, another self-confessed Red courier, who had testified earlier in the trial that she had arranged the meeting at the behest of Jacob Golos, deceased head of a Soviet spy apparatus in New York.

"I gave Abe a verbal list of the processes and materials on which the Soviet Union wanted information," Gold testified. "First, was any process involving manufacture of aviation gasoline. The second had two parts—one, any techniques for the manufacture of articles of natural rubber, and, two, any processes for the manufacture of synthetic rubber.

"The third related to the manufacture of petroleum lubricants, and the fourth was for any processes for the manufacture of coloidal graphite, an extremely fine carbon dispersion agent, used as a lubricant in high temperature, as in steel mills."

Atom Spy Gold Fingers Brothman as Contact

By Norma Abrams and Harry Schlegel

Harry Gold, Philadelphia chemist and confessed atom spy for Russia, yesterday directly fingered engineer Abraham Brothman as one of his contacts among the American agents "who were feeding me data for transmission to the Soviet Union."

The prison-pale Gold, who has shed 45 pounds since his arrest last May in the Klaus Fuchs spy network, declared in Federal Court that although he had never been a Communist Party member, ha worked for the Reds as a spy from 1985 until February, 1946. He was an industrial espionage agent for the first five years and from them? on a courier passing on to Moscow material relating directly to military matters."

Appearing as a government witness in Brothman's trial, Gold told how he met the defendant the night of Sept. 29, 1941, after a trip from his home city. The 36-yearold Brothman, of 49-48 42d St.

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(NEWS foto by Ed Jackson) Harry Gold leaving court after testifying yesterday.

Sunnyside, Queens, and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, 84, of 151 Eighth Ave., are accused of coaching Gold to lie to a grand jury about his Soviet connections.

The once-pudgy Gold said he walked down from Penn Station past 30th St. and waited in a cross street until the arrival of a car, FUE SECRET ST N sponded to the number he had on an instruction card. The memo was from his then Russian superior, whose picture Gold identified in court, but whom he named only as

with Brothman item by item, witil he came to the last. This, he disclosed, was a blanket request for "any and all information available on matters of military interest."

After each meeting with Broth-man, Gold continued, be made both oral and written reports to his Soviet spy boss of what transpired. He said he became a Soviet agent as a result of a number of talks with another chemist who got him a job in a Jersey City plant. In November, 1935, he said, the other scientist introduced him to a "Paul Smith, who said he was a representative of Amtorg in New lork.

Gold will return to the staid when the trial resumes at 10;10 A. M. today.

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"Sam" hay Semen M. Sel en identified as of the Amtorg Trading Corp., Sov. ; let purchasing agency in this country, who has gone back to Russia. "Regards From Helen." "I opened the door of the car and got in," he testified. "The man innide seemed startled, but he seemed reassured when I gave him the rest of the recognition signal—'I bring' regards from Helen.' Then I introduced myself as Frank Kessier." U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol asked him who the driver was.
"Abraham Brothman," replied Gold, standing up and pointing directly to the defendant. The two went to a nearby restaurant, Gold said, and there Brothman said he was "very glad I'd come on the scene since I was a

chemist and he could better funnel information through me to the Soviet Union." Brothman said he had "some difficulty" with "Helen"—whom Elizabeth Bentley identified as berself on Tuesday-because the had no technical background.

Tells of Second Meeting. The second meeting between the pair took place about 10 days later in a restaurant in Columbus Circle,

according to Gold.
At that conference, Gold said, he gave Brothman a list of processes and materials on which the Kremlin wanted information, including the manufacture of aviation gasoline, natural and synthetic rubber, Jubricants, and acctone, a solvent. . for explosives.

Gold said he went ever the list

Gold Back on Sland At Trial of 2 Aides

Harry Gold, confessed atom spy, returned to the stand to-day in Manhattan Federal Court where he put the finger on Abraham Brothman as one of his information contacts.

Gold, himself awaiting a possible death sentence, told of meeting Brothman, a chemical engineer, in typical cloak and dagger fashion. They met in parked cars and in restaurants, exchanging passwords and recognition signals as well as discussing technical information wanted by the Russians, he said.

Brothman and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, 34, are on trial for obstructing justice in the Government's espionage investigation. They are charged with coaching Gold to lie before a grand jury.

At their first meeting in 1941, Gold, a brilliant chemist, said he gave Brothman a list of products on which the Russians wanted technical information, including aviation gasoline, synthetic rubber, lubricants and colloidal graphite, as well as military matters.

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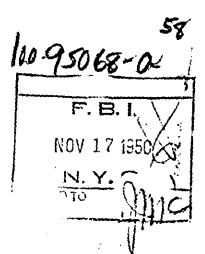
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SEMENOV HIS BOSS AS SPY, SAYS GOLD

Agent Also Testifies He Gave Brothman List of Military Data Wanted by Soviets

By THOMAS P. RONAN

Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy, testified in Federal Court yesterday that in 1941 Semen M. Semenov, his superior in a Soviet espionage ring, had instructed him to get from a "contact" all available information of a military nature.

The sallow, morose-looking biochemist said that Semenov specified processes dealing with the manufacture of a military explosive, aviation gasoline, rubber, steel, synthetic sloohol and petroleum lubricants. At the time Semenov was an official of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the Soviet purchasing agency in this country.

Gold identified as the "contact". Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, who with Miriam Moskowitz, a business associate, is being tried before Judge Irving R. Kaufman on a charge of obstructing justice.

The Government alleges that Gold, who is not a defendant, and Brothman told a 1947 Federal grand jury investigating espionage a false story concerning their relations with each other and with other persons. It is charged that Miss Moskowitz helped to concoct this story.

Slouched in the witness chair and testifying unhesitatingly in a precise, even voice, Gold said that he had become a Soviet espionage

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that he had overreached himself. In describing the meetings he said he had with Brothman and others, Gold gave a revealing picture of Soviet espionage methods. He said the meetings were arranged according to a set technique that was "very complete even complicated, but nevertheless a sensible type of arrangement that took in everything."

His first task on meeting a new "contact" was to clear up all matters that had been left unfinished by the previous courier. Before the session ended, he would make detailed arrangements even to the exact minute for the next ren-dezvous and for a substitute one in case anything happened.

He also would give the "contact" a complete set of instructions as to what to do if the contact was broken off or if there was any indication that they were being watched or shadowed. He said, too, At dinner that evening, Gold that he was required to find out continued. Brothman expressed disjust what the "contact" had available and to get definite commit-

oid had come on the scene.

"He said he felt he could much happened. He said the resume of what had one adequately function of the said the resume." would be oral if he had not had tion through me to the Soviet time to write it out but that it was always supplemented by a

written report. He said that at a meeting in "Helen" or "John," the man Miss; another restaurant about ten days Bentley identified as Jacob Golos, later he conveyed to Brothman her Soviet superior, and who she (Semenov's desire for "any and all said had many dealings with Broth-

with another Soviet agent because ments from him.

of their lack of knowledge of chemistry and said he was glad port to his Soviet superior and Gold had come on the scene.

give him a resumé of what had give him a resumé of what had

more adequately funnel informa-Union," Gold testified.

Gave List of Data Sought

information regarding matters of manmilitary interest" and gave him a specific list.

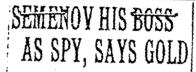
Gold's testimony was interrupt ed at this point when Judge Kaufman took a recess until 10:30 A. M. today because William W. Kleinman the defense attorney, had to appear in a Brooklyn court.

The witness pleaded guilty in Federal Court in Philadelphia last July 20 to serving as a go-between for Dr. Klaus Fuchs, convicted British atomic scientist, and Soviet agents. He is to be sentenced on Dec. 7.

In sketching his background Gold said he was born in Berne, Switzerland, on Dec. 12, 1910, and came here with his family in 1914. After living in Arkansas and Illinois the family settled in Philadelphia, where Gold received most of his education.

He also spent two years at Xaxier University in Cincinnati. Ohio, being graduated in 1938 summa cum laude with a B. S. in

chemistry. When Gold was arrested last May he was on the pudgy side but in prison he embarked on a diet that melted thirty-five pounds off his figure. It was apparent from his appearance yesterday.



Continued From Page 1

agent in November, 1935, but he denied emphatically that he ever had belonged to the Communist party. Previous testimony indicated that money was his motive.

At first, he said, he was involved only in industrial espionage. This meant stealing chemical processes from the Pennsylvania Sugar Company, where he was employed as a research chemist, and its subsidiaries. The formulas, which were used in the manufacture of industrial solvents, he turned over to a man known to him as "Paul Smith," who had identified himself as a representative of Amtorg.

In 1940 Gold began to function as a courier for a spy ring. His job was to approach Americans whose names had been supplied to him and obtain from them material that he passed on to his Soviet superior "of the moment." These data concerned not only industrial processes but also "large amounts of material relating directly to military matters." he said.

Semenov His Boss 6 Years

After describing in detail the cloak and dagger technique used in carrying out these meetings, Gold identified a photograph of Semenov, shown him by United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol, as that of a man known to him as "Sam." He said "Sam" became his Soviet superior in July, 1940, and that he worked for him "steadily" until February, 1946.

Semenov, who has since returned to Russia, has been named by J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, as head of a Soviet atomic spy ring.

Under instructions from Semenov, Gold said, he waited on a street in the upper Twenties, between Avenue of the Americas and Seventh Avenue, on the night of Sept. 29, 1941, until a car pulled up that bore the license number given him by the Soviet agent.

Gold said he got in beside the driver, whom he identified as Brothman, gave the "recognition signal," which consisted of saying, "I bring regards from Helen," and asking Brothman how his wife was. On Tuesday Elizabeth T. Bentley testified that up to September, 1941, she was the Soviet spy courier who met Brothman and that the was known to him only as "Helen."

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Master Spy Got Top WarData, Gold Swears

Court testimony of atom spy Harry Gold revealed today that Russia obtained some of America's most hush-hush wartime secrets, including the process for making synthetic rubber, from chemical engineer Abraham Brothman.

Taking the stand for the third day as the Government's chief witness against Brothman, the Philadelphia biochemist tagged the defendant as one of the Soviet's major sources of industrial information rather than "small fry" as he previously had been described.

Brothman and his assistant, Miriam Moskowitz, are being tried in Manhattan Federal Court on charges of plotting to obstruct justice by cooking up take resulmony for Gold and

Court testimony of atom spy throwing a grand jury investi-Harry Gold revealed today that Russia obtained some of Amer-Gold has confessed passing

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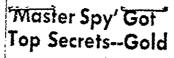
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atomic secrets to Russia and will be-sentenced Dec. 7.

Gold testified yesterday that Brothman gave him plans for Buna-S rubber, high octane gasoline, turbo-type aircraft engines, jeeps, "strategic" organic chemicals, a magnesium powder plant, machinery for making industrial solvents and "a military explosives plant in Tennessee" between 1941 and 1947. It was not specified whether the plant was the tomic energy establishment at dak Ridge, Tenn.

Bern Unon Contraction of Service Service

Gold Says Brothman Gave Reds Rubber Data

By STEPHEN FISCHER

Harry Gold, confessed atom spy, testified in Federal Court yesterday that in leading the comber, 1942, in a suite of the Lincoln Hotel, his "Soviet superior," Semen M. Semen congratulated chemical engineer Abraham Brothman for relaying information of

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production of synthetic ber. He said Semenov c this "equivalent in valu two or three brigades" troops.

For more than four hours witness told of cloak and di activities from 1941 to 1946, ing this time, he said, Brotiprovided him with scientific p calculations and descriptive ter concern matters of milvalue.

The court session ended as related that on May 29, 1947 oxcited, frightened Broth grabbed him in the laborator Brothman's Chemical Engineerical and said:

February 1944, when he was aucceeded by an agent named "John." Without explaining why, "John" told Gold in 1945 "never to mention Brothman again."

Despite that remark, Gold secepted a job with Brothman's chemical engineering firm in 1946 where he continued until 1947.

Gold was working there when the FBI entered the picture, he said.

eration as other little was

Gold Testifies Brothman Gave Reds Rubber Data

By GEORGE GRADY and ERWIN SAVELSON Complete top-secret plans for production of buna-S synthetic rubber, one of America's great war achievements, were turned over to Soviet espionage agents by chemical



Miriam Moskowitz (right) arrives at Federal Court under guard.

engineer Abraham Brothman, confessed Red atom spy Harry Gold, 37, testified in Federal Court yesterday.

The voluminous data so imrelayed congratulations to Semen M. Semenov, head of the wartime ring here, telling him the informa-tion was worth "two or three bri-gades of men," Gold told Federal Judge Kaulman and a jury.

The sallow-faced Gold, an admitted member of the Klaus Fuchs international spy ring, again proved the government's star witness against Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, who are on trial on charges of conspiracy to obsauct justice.

Calmly and dispassionately, Gold - Dhiladelphia bio-chemist,

Motor shares slip lower, rally near closing. Details on Page 19.

The wese and the approximation and the contract of the contrac related how he met Brothman, 36, in a two-room suite in the Hotel New Yorker in April, 1942.

In addition to the buna-S plans, Gold said, Brothman also relayed to Red spies data concerning manufacture of high octane gasoline, turbine-type aircraft engines and the first jeep models for U.S. armed forces.

Brothman, Gold continued, brought to the Hotel New Yorker suite "25 to 50 blueprints covering the entire buna S process, including specialized pieces of equipment" and about 200 typewritten pages-carbon copies on onion-skin-describing the pro-

The written report was so complete it even included descriptions of theoretical material

and designs of equipment. Gold said he and Brothman worked all night annotating and collating the papers. Then, the data was relayed to Semenov, who has been identified as the man known as "Sam," chief espionage agent Semenov then was an offi-

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Gold said Amtorg facilities available to the spy ring he copying of any papers inman obtained. Gold identified a blueprint which he said was among the buna-S data given him by Brothman. The blueprint bore the names of B. F. Goodrich Co., Akron, and a chemical firm headed by a Col. Bradley Dewey. Gold said Dewey was "head of the Rubber Commission during the war."

Gold also testified he was called up for induction in the Army on April 200, 1942, but was rejected and placed in a 4-F classification when found suffering from hypertension.

His first intimation the FBI was on Brothman's trail came on May 29, 1947, when he dropped into Brothman's office and the latter told him two FBI agents had questioned him for two hours and had left to go to his (Brothman's) Queens chemical plant to talk with Gold.

Gold said Brothman told him the FBI knew all about "us" and the information must have come from "Helen," identified earlier as former Soviet spy courier Elizabeth Bentley.

Gold said Brothman asked him to "make up any story to conceal how we met," even suggesting he say they were writing a book together. At that moment, Gold said, Miss Moskowitz, Brothman's partner, was en route to visit an Amtorg lawyer. She is accused of helping concoct the Brothman-Gold story.

Says Brothman Got Rubber Data

Continued from Page 2

cial of the now defunct Soviet-controlled Amtorg Trading Corp. He returned to Russia etter Amtorg was closed, but has been named by FBI chief J. Edgar Hoover as boss of the closk-and-dagger Russian atomic spy syndicate.

sian atomic spy syndicate.
In December, 1942, Gold continued, he introduced Brothman to Semenow and the latter praised

"I told Brothman the report on huna. S had received great praise from the Soviets," Cold went on. "I told him my Soviet auperior now desired additional data on a turbine-type agitator, part of the buna. S equipment."

He testified Brothman told him he had quit his job with the 30. Church St, office of the Hendrick Manufacturing Co., of Carbondale, Pa. It was from this office that Brothman told him he obtained the buna. Secrets, said Gold. Brothman set up his own industrial equipment designing firm with offices in the Graybar Bidg., Gold stated.

The atom spy said Brothman also gave him a blueprint of piece of chemical equipment—an esterifier used in the manufacture of an industrial solvent—and this too was passed on to Semenov.

Gold recalled that when he sometimes scolded Brothman for being late in keeping appointments or supplying only fragmentary data about certain materials. Brothman became irritated and protested the Soviets apparently were not appreciative of the information he was getting.

Once, Gold said, Brotham asked him to have Semenov intervene to regain a job with Amtorg for a friend named Shura Swan, who was fired from his position. Gold said Semenov advised him to tell Brothman "to mind his own-

Another time, Gold testified, Brothman revealed his firm was engaged to design a catalyst machine for the Rufert Chemical Co. at Seymour, Conn. Gold said he asked for and got data concerning this machine—a device used in the manufacture of cooking shortenings, aviation gasoline and for preparation of latrategic chemicals.

Rejected as 4-k

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Gold Gave Reds Secret Plans of Buna-S Rubber

Tells at Brothman's Trial How Defendant Gave Him Synthetic Process Data

Harry Gold, self-confessed atomic spy, testified yesterday in United States District Court that he had passed on to his "Soviet superiors" complete plans for the Buna-S synthetic rubber process which had been obtained for him by Abraham Brothman.

In his second day on the stand as the government's chief witness against Mr. Brothman, a New York chemical engineer, and Miss office associate, Gold described, in chronological order, a series of sub-rosa meetings he had had with Brothman since their first encounter on Sept. 29, 1941. Mr. Brothman and Miss Moscowitz are on trial before Judge Irving T. Kaulman and a jury on charges of obstructing justice in the government's espionage investigation.

Gold, who is to be sentenced on Dec. 7 for his espionage activities, also testified that Mr. Brothman had told him "to make up any story to conceal how we met" after Brothman had learned that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was investigating their activities. Gold said the conversation had taken place in May, 1947.

At the time, he added, he was employed as chief chemist in a firm headed by Mr. Brothman. Gold testified that Mr. Brothman had suggested to him, as an alibi, that he tell the F. B. Liberthey had been writing a book together.

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Tells of Several Meetings

Answering questions by United States interney Irving N. Savpol, Gold recounted the occasions on which Mr. Brothman had handed over to him information and plans on the manufacture of high octane gasoline, aircraft engines and specifications for one of the first jeep models. Most of what he received from Mr. Brothman, however, constituted "fragmentary" plans and blueprints, Gold noted, and explained that "Sam," his Soviet superior, wanted more detailed information.

The Philadelphia blo-chemist recounted how he had urged Mr. Brothman to "start keeping his appointments on time." To make things easier for Mr. Brothman, the Amtorg Trading Company, the Soviet purchasing agency in this country, had perfected a process whereby documents could be photographed and returned to Mr. Brothman in two hours, Gold testified.

THE PARTY OF

After a series of relatively fruitless meetings, Gold testified, Mr. Brothman turned up at the New Yorker Hotel on a Wednesday night in April, 1942, with a suitcase full of type and hand-written data on the important synthetic rubber process—Buna-S—and together they worked over the information, compiling and annotating until the early hours of the morning. Gold said the data consisted of twenty to twenty-five blueprints and at least 200 typewritten pages of instructions concerning the secret manufacturing topoess.

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Data Turned Over to "Sam"

Gold said he turned the data over to "Sam," who was identified in earlier testimony as Semen M. Semenov, an Amtorg official.

For his Buna-S work, Gold stated, Mr. Brothman was commended by the Soviet Union. Gold said that his Soviet superiors had considered Mr. Brothman's contribution on Buna-S equivalent invalue to "two or three brigades of men."

PRINCIPLE AND PR

According to Gold's testimony, Mr. Brothman had obtained this and other information valued by the Soviet Union as a chemical engineer with the Hendricks Manufacturing Company of New York. Later, Gold testified, Mr. Brothman had a falling out with the company. In June, 1942, Gold said, Mr. Brothman and two associates formed a new company, the Chemurgy Design Corporation.

Gold's Soviet superiors were, on the whole, displeased with this development and urged Mr. Brothman, through Gold, to Join a larger company directly involved in the manufacture of synthetic rubber or petroleum. "Sam," during his first meeting with Mr. Brothman, repeated this suggestion, but Mr. Brothman never complied, Gold said.

Gold's only mention of Miss Moscowitz came later in the afternoon. He described her as secretary-treasurer of the firm Mr. Brothman established in 1944 and said that, on one occasion while he was talking to Mr. Brothman, Miss Moscowitz was en route to see "Jimmy Needleman, attorney for Amtorg."

Junge Reaffman adjourned the trial until 10 a.m. today.

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Judge Kaufman adjourned the trial until 10 a.m. today.

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SOVIET GRATITUDE TO SPIES DEPICTED

Synthetic Rubber Secret Was Valued at 2 Brigades, Gold Tells Brothman Jury

By THOMAS P. RONAN

Harry Gold, admitted atomic spy, told a jury in Federal Court yesterday that in 1942 Semen M. Semenov, head of a Soviet espionage ring, commended Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, for having supplied Russia with data on the manufacture of synthetic rubber that were as valuable to her as two or three brigades.

He said that in April of that year Brothman had turned over to him 200 pages of typewritten notes and twenty-five to fifty blueprints dealing with a highly efficient method of making the rubber, and that he had passed the material on

to Semenov.
On Wednesday, Gold had identified a photograph of Semenov as that of a man known to him as "Sam" who was his Soviet superior in the spy ring. Semenov at that time was an official of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the Soviet purchasing agency in this country.

Semenov Back in Russia

Semenov returned to Russia in September, 1944. According to Gold, he was succeeded by an agent named "John" who has been identified by Federal authorities as Anatoli Antonvich Yakovlev, Russian vice consul here, who went back to Russia in December, 1946.

Gold, a biochemist who faces a possible death sentence as the result of his plea of guilty in Philadelphia Federal Court to a charge of spying, was testifying at the trial before Judge Irving R. Kaufman of Brothman and his business partner, Miriam Moskowitz, on an indictment alleging obstruction of justice.

The Government contends that Gold, who is not a defendant, and Brothman threw a 1947 Federal grand jury investigating espionage off the track by telling it a false story of their relationship. Miss Moumuitz is charged with helping them to fabricate the story.

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Testifying readily but with an au of complete deprior. Sold said at one point trial Erothman had told film in December, 2542, that he had on his desk at the manufacturing company where he was employed a complete set of plans for a military explosives plant that was to be built in Ten-Bestet.

nessee.

This reference, possibly to the atomic energy plant at Oak Ridge, was not developed further except that Gold said he made "mplit-second" arrangements to pick up the material and turn it over to "bam." No textimony was offered to the material and turn it over to "bam." No textimony was offered to the Profit and over deto show that Brothman ever de-

invered it.

Gold did say that at one of their told did say that at one of their sarlier meetings Brothman had told him he had given Soviet agents plans for the manufacture of high-octane gasoline, turbine-type sarcraft engines and data dealing with the first yeep models. Brothman seemed irritated her Brothman seemed irritated bedid not appreciate his efforts, the wriness declared.

witness declared. The biochemist also tastified that Brothman gave him blue-prints for a chemical-mixing device and for a catalyst that could be used in the production of aviation gasoline and what he termed distriction of papers of prant chemicals and strategic organic chemicals and for a machine used in making industrial solvents.

Amtory Copying Service

In December, 1941, Gold said, he told Brothman that "in order to facilitate the transfer of informalactitate the transier or informa-tion to the Soviet Union," he had made arrangements to have blue-prints, "no matter how extensive," copied at the Amtorg office. The blueprints could be returned to Brothman within a few hours, he declared.

Brothman within a few hours, be declared.

After bringing out this testimony for show while the Government alleges was the real relationship between Gold and Brothman, United States Autorney Irving H. Saypol brought the witness down to May 29, 1947.

On that day, Brothman was questioned by two agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, concerning his dealings with Jacob Golos, a Soviet spy who died in 1943, and with Elizabeth T. Bentiey, then an espioning countering, the say of the agents the dealings were strictly of a business mature and that he was fright through them to get orders from the reasons. Government.

Under Mr. Saypol's questioning, Gold said he saw Brothman that siternoon, that the chemical engineer told him of the F. B. I visit and informed him that the agents were going out to Brothens of the page 18 propulse laboratory where

agents were going out to Broth-man's Eimhurst laboratory, where

man's Eimhurst laboratory, where Gold was then employed as charf themist, to interrogate him.
Gold testified that Brothman told him the agents knew everything and urged him to go back to the laboratory, and when the agents arrived tell them the same

agents arrived, tell them the same agents arrived, tell them the same tory Brothman had given them. The meeting at which Semenovallegedly thanked Brothman in the finame of the Soviet Union, as deficient of the soviet of the so

that I had provided one of the most wonderful experiences of his life," you like the said I had given

Broinman Trial Revelations:

UN Aide Called As Spy Witness

By HOWARD RUSEMORE

A former Russian trade official who is now a broadcester for the UN's radio division was the man who brought Abraham Brothman into the Communist movement.

After Brothman, according to testimony given by self-confessed ander Svenchansky at 144-34 etcm spy Harry Gold, had become Village rd., Parkway Village. atom spy Harry Gold, has become a member of the Soviet sty network, he begged Gold to intercect with Moscow to help his political of Amtors, official Russian trade mentor.

mentor.

Although Gold said Brothmin knew thu man as "Shura
Swan" the N. Y. Journal-American today learned he is Alex-

been called as a witness by U. S. Attorney Invint S. Saypol.

However, Svenchansky is ill with the grappe.

Importance of the UN employe's testimony to the Government's case became increas-ingly apparent as Gold prepared to take the stand at the U.S. Courthouse today for his thyd day of direct examination.

LINE AMTORG OFFICIALS.

Gold's testimony so far has Gold's testimony so far has iniked James Needleman, Amtorg flawyer, and Semen H. Semenov, Amtorg official, with the case. Gold also late yesterday and Brothman had sought so have Gold give the FBI a false story to cover up the espionage activities of the two chemists.

Gold's statement that Brothman asked him to "conceal from man asked him to "conceal from the FE1", the real stery of the plotting led directly into the Government's charge against Brothman, 31, of 40-48 22nd at-Sunnyside, Queens and his busi-ness partner, hirriam Maske-witt, 34, of 151 8th ave.

Both are charged with influenc-ing Gold to testify falsely before a Federal grand jury probing es-DIDDARE here in 1947.

During his testimony vester-day, Gold and that after Broth-man had been supplying him blueprints and documents for two years, he finally introduced Brothman to "my Soviet su-perior" at the Lincoln Hotel in 1942.

This "superior" was Semenov Semenov, known to Gold as "Sam", congratulated Brothman on the latter's success. Gold testified, in obtaining for Moscow "complete plans" for a closelyruarded synthetic rubber plant de-.ign known as "Buna-S."

During his day on the stand, the quiet, self-assured Gold - a ho inces a possible death penalty for his espionage crimes — said that he had meetings with Brothman for years and had received many blueprints and reports dealing with chemical processes involved

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Brothman Aid Called Worth Army to Reds

Gold Quotes Semenov On Rubber Data

A Russian spy ring chief told Abraham Brothman. New York chemical engineer, that information he supplied the Soviets on synthetic rubber was worth "two or three brigades."

This was one of the significant process of testimony given yester-day by Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy, in the trial of Mr. Brothman and his business associate, Muram Moscowitz, on charges of obstructing justice.

The military comparison was used, Gold said, by Semen M. Semenov, then an official of the Amiorg Trading Corp., in 1942.

Dope on Buna.

Gold asid Brothman won his high praise from his Soviet superiors by passing to them—through Gold—200 pages of typed hoter and 25 to 50 blueprints on the Buna S synthetic rubber sprocess.

A weird dumble of phony names was used to mask apy activities, Gold revealed.

Semenor was usually known as Sam. Gold (known to Brothman as Frank Kessier) said, but he introduced him to Brothman, who appears to have used his own name, as George. Then in 1944 Sam (Semenov)—or George—went back to Russia and was replaced by a man called John Who, according to federal authorities, was really Anatonic Antonawir, Russian Vice Consul in Néw York, who returned to Russia

· Conspiracy Charge.

The government is seeking to prove that Brothman and Miss Moscowitz conspired with Gold, who is not a defendant in this ease, to mislead a 1947 federal grand jury about their relationable. Gold, who pleaded guilty to a spy charge, faces a possible death sentence.

Semenov's kind words for Brothman, according to Gold, made the defendant jubilant. He had been a Buile suiky. Gold declared, at the Soviets' apparent lack of recognition of his work.

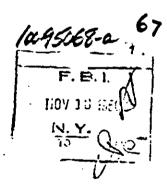
But the fact that a hig shot like Semenov made a special trip to congratulate him boosted his ego enormously. Gold asserted.

"Abe told me after the meeting that I had provided one of the most wonderful experiences of his life." Gold testified. "He said I had given him a thrill be would never forcet."

The trial continues today.

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Gold Asserts Brothman Had G-Man Jiffers

By Norms Abrams and Harry Schlegel

Panic-stricken when the FBI began to breathe down his neck, Abusham Brothman implored atom-spy Harry Gold to "make up any story to conceal how we met," the latter testified yesterday at Brothman's Federal Court trial on charges of plotting to obstruct justice.

justice. Brothman's desperate plea to Gold was made the day before Memorial Day, 1947, in the Long Island City offices of A. Brothman



Abraham Brothm Aspy puls finger on him. SAC ASAC : ASACZ SEC. I SEC. 2 SEC 3 SEC. 4 SEC. B

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The wirmers, a chemist worked for

Says He Blamed "Helen." "Look, Harry, the FBI just left here," Gold quoted Brothman, "They know all about us-that you're a courier. It must have been that bitch Helen. They're coming to see you this afternoon." "Helen" was identified as herself by Elizabeth Bentley in earlier testimony.

The FBI had pictures of both men, Brothman told Gold, the lat-ter said. "He told me to make up any story . . . suggested I say we had been writing a book together,"

Gold declared.

The distraught Brothman said that Mirium Moskowitz, a business partner who is his co-defendant, was even "at that moment" on her way to see Jimmy Needleman, an attorney for the Soviet purchasing agency, the Amtorg Trading Corp., Gold continued. According to Gold, Brothman gave "his word" to the G-Men that he would not talk to Gold before they did.

Tells of Amtorg Facilities.

Earlier, Gold declared that at an April, 1942, all-night meeting in the Hotel New Yorker, Brothman turned over to him "25 to 50 blueprints and a complete report covering the entire" Buna-S synthetic rubber process. Amtorg had copying facilities available to the spy network, Gold said, but nonetheless he and Brothman stayed up until 6 A. M. "annotating and collating

the papers." When they were finished, Gold went on, Brothman told him he had s friend, Shura Swan, who had been fired from his Amtorg job and asked Gold to intercede with "Sam" to have Swan rehired. "Sam," who Is Semon Semonov, an Amtorg offi-cial who has since scrammed back to Moscow, told Brothman through Gold "to mind his own damn bust-ness," the witness said.

"Real Big Shot" Brothman finally got to meet "Sam" at the Hotel Lincoln in De-ember, 1942. Gold said. But in-stead of introducing the Russian as a two-bit Amtorg official, Gold baid, "Sam" was passed off as "George," a real Soviet big wheel gight off the boat, in an effort to

mpress the Queens engineer.
Gold will take the stand again then the trial resumes at 10:00

A. M. today.

Brothman Trial Revelations:

UN Aide Called As Spy Witness

By Roward Rushmore

A former Russian trade official who is now a broadcaster for the UN's radio division was the man who brought Abraham Brothman into the Communist movement.

After Brothman according to serimony given by self-confessed ander Swenchansky of 184-58 atom say Harry Gold, has become village and Parkway Village, a member of the Sourie spy nei-work, he begged Gold to interced:

Work, he begged Gold to interced:

With Monora to hash his motivation. with Moscow to bely his political of Amtors, official Russian trade

Michough Gold said Broth-may knew this man as "Shura Swan," the N. Y. Journal-Ameri-can today learned he is Alex-

Svenchansky, a former employe for anization in this country, has been called as a witness by U. S. Attorney living S. Saypol.

However, Evenchansky is III with the grappe.

Importance of the UN employe's testimony to the Government's case became increasernment's case became increas-inch apparent as Gold prepared to take the stand at the U. S. Courthouse today for his third day of direct examination.

LINE AMTORG OFFICIALS.

Gold's testimony so far has Gold's testimony so far has linked James Needleman, Amtorg liawyer, and Semen H. Semenov, Amtorg official, with the case. Gold also late yesterday said Brothman had sought to have Gold give the FBI a falls story to cover up the esphonage activities of the two chemists.

Gold's statement that Brothmic alors in a "sensoral from the FET the real story of the plotting led directly into the Government's charge against Brothman, 37, of 60-68 thin st. Sunnyside, Queens and his business pariner, Miriam Maske-witt, 34, of 151 8th ave.

Both are charged with inchespo-ing Gold to resulty falsely before a Federal grand jury probing es-pionage here in 1947. During his testimony yester-

day, Gold said that after Brothman had been applying him blueprints and documents for two years, he finally introduced Brothman to "my Soviet ga-perior" at the Lincoln Hutel in 1942.

This "superior" was Semenov Semenov, known to Gold as "Sam", congratulated Brothman on the latter's success. Gold testified, in obtaining for Moscow "complete plans" for a closely-suarred synthetic rubber plant design known as "Buns-S."
During his day on the stand, the

During his day on the stand, the curet, self-assured Gold — who taces a possible death penalty for his emphasize his espionage crimes - said that he had meetings with Brothman for years and had received many plueprints and reports dealing with chemical processes involved in was preparedness.

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Abraham Brothman

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Associates, according to Gold. corns, a chemica worked for the firm at the time.

Says He Blamed "Helen."

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"Real Big Shot."

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Gold will the stand seain

when the trial resumes at 10:30] A. M. today. • . . .

Brathman Gave Kim Secret Data To Pass to Reds. Gold Testifies

Trial in Federal Court of Abra- went back to Russia in Decem-ham Brothman and Miriam Mos- ber, 1946. A biochemist, who faces a pos-eral grand jury investigating escowitz we sto resume today after Harry Gold, self-confessed atomic sible death sentence, Gold testi-pionage off the track by falsifyspy, testified that he had relayed fied at the trial before Federalling the story of their relationto his "Soviet superiors" comJudge Kaufman. Brothman and ship. Miss Moscowitz is Charged
plete plans for the Buna'S synthetic rubber process obtained obstruction of justice.

for him by Brothman. Gold was on the stand for the second day yesterday as the Government's chief witness against Brothman, a New York chemical engineer, and Miss Moscowitz, his office associate.

In April of 1942, Gold said, Brothman turned over to him documents dealing with a highly efficient method of making rubber and that he passed the information on to Semen M. Semenov, head of a Soviet espionage ring.

Identifies Photo

Gold has identified a photograph of Semenov as a man known to him as "Sam," who was his Soviet superior in the ring. At that time, Semenov was an official of the Amtorg Trading Corp., Russian purchasing agency in the U.S.

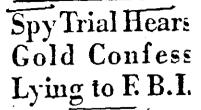
In September, 1944, Semenov returned to Russia, Gold said, and was succeded by an agent named "John" - who has been identified by Federal authorities as Anarcli Antonvich Yakolev, Russian vice consul here, who and Brothman threw a 1947 Fed-

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Declares Amtorg Official Prepared False Tale for Him to Tell if Arrested

Harry Gold, confessed member of an atomic spy ring, admitted yesterday in United States District. Court that he had given false testimony before a Federal grand Jury in July, 1947, and had previously given a similarly ficultious account of his activities to F. E. I. agents.

Both tales, he testified, had been concocted with the aid of Abraham Brothman, the New York chemical engineer, who was anxious that Gold's story "back up" his own.

Gold testified at the trial of Brothman and Miss Miriam Moskowitz, his business associate, who are charged with conspiring to obstruct justice. In addition to the conspiracy count, Brothman is accused of advising Gold to give false testimony before a grand jury in 1947, thus hindering the government's investigation of espionage activities.

Soviets Fooled in Past

Later in the day, Gold furnished an interesting explanation of the motives of Soviet espionage. When questioned by William W. Kleinman, the defense attorney, on the actual value of the plans and documents which he allegedly received from Brothman for transmittal to his "Soviet superiors," _Gold admitted that, although a good deal of the information he obtained? could have been found in text books and technical manuals or bought from American firms, the Russians had had "sad experiences in the past" with this type of data.

Gold explained that many American firms had "sabotaged" Russian industrial efforts by selling
them manufacturing processes
which looked fine on the surface
but contained hidden defects.

"They wanted processes and plans of plants that were in actual operation," Gold said. Consequently, he noted, his Soviet superiors considered stolen plans and blueprints far more authoritative and suchable than those obtained in an above board manner.

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Herald Tibene

Trumped-Up Story

bio-chemia, under questioning by. United States Attorney Irvine H Saypol, related the events which led up to his appearance before the grand Jury in 1947.

Or the advice of one Gibby. Needleman, an official of the Amitors Tracing Company, the Soviet purchasing asency in this country, Brothman had told him. (Gold' that, in the event of an investigation by the F. B. 1., Gold was to say that he had met Brothman through a "John Gollieh." Gold testified.

Subsequently, he continued.
Agents Shannon and O'Brien called on him and Gold save them the trumped-up story and tentuined a photograph of "Golliah"—"atthough I had never seen himbefore" After the agents' departure. Gold said, he was met by Brothman and Miss Moskowitz and both appeared delighted with

his performance.

Bix weeks after his meeting with
the F. B. I., Gold said. Brothman
was subpoensed to appear before
the grand jury. Afterwards, Gold
added, Brothman told him and
Miss Moskowitz that he thought he
had acquitted himself well and
had "pehaved with dignity."

Plays "Small, Timid" Bole

When Gold was finally subpensed to appear before the same grand jury. Brothman told him "there was nothing to worry about," but suggested that he consuit Joseph Kerman, the attorney for Brothman's firm to familiarize himself with courtroom procedure. Gold testified. He added that he

Gold terufied. He added that he went to see Keirnan.
"I never saw a more incredulous man." Gold told Judge Irving Kaufman and the jury. "He didn't seem to believe a snything. I said."

Nevertheless, Gold said, after further consultation with Broth-iman on a story "which would back up his own," he appeared before the jury and told a false story. Later, Gold said, he told Brothman and Miss Monkowitz that he shought? had successfully impersonated a "small, tunid man" who had unwittingly become invalidations the brink of espionage.

to the continued: "No the continued of t

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Gold Tells How His 'House of Cards' Fel

Chemist Harry Gold dis-sooned, and Russia was closed he became an atomic American ally. spy for Russia for three rea-

isons: 1. To avoid joining the Com-when the roof tumbled in on

munist party. 2. To help the Russian peo-

job during the depression.

fied in Manhattan Federal conspiracy trial defendants Court yesterday that he be Abraham Brothman, an engin-

15 years.

And then he took atomic se. The defendants allegedly con-terets stolen by convicted Brit-spired to withhold information ish spy Klaus Fuchs and gave from a Federal grand jury inthem to Russian agents because vestigating espionage. Gold

This was life in a "house of cards." Gold testified, and it came as no surprise to him

him. The 39-year-old Gold's answer to the question of why a 3. To pay a debt of gratitude person turns on his country to another spy who got him a was given during his three-day ob during the depression. appearance as the Govern-The Swiss-born Gold testi-ment's "star" witness against

trayed his adopted country for eer, and Brothman's business associate, Miriam Moskowitz.

he hoped to speed the developtestified that he lied to this ment of atomic energy. The same jury. The Government scientific brains of two nations claims that these acie delayed were better than one, he rea Gold's arrest by three years.

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Spiedfor Reds to Avoid Joining the Party: Gold

By Norma Abrams and Kermit Jaediker
Harry Gold, who has confessed atom-spying for Russia,
testified in Federal Court yesterday that one reason he turned
to espionage was to avoid joining the Communist Party.

This paradox was presented at a the trial of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz on charges of plotting to obstruct justice.

Mixed Motives.

Gold said he first became interested in espionage in 1935. He had

several motives, he said. First, he wanted to help the Russion people. Here he drew a distinction between the people and the government.

Second, he explained he wanted

Second, he explained, he wanted to pay a "debt of gratitude" to a chemist, identified only as "Mr. Black," who got him a job during the depression. Third, he said, he wanted to get Black "off my neck about joining the Communist Party."

Black didn't succeed in getting him to join the party, Gold said, but he did interest him in apying.

Earlier, Gold testified that Brothman told him FBI men were prob-

Earlier, Gold testified that Brothman told him FBI men were probing their activities and that it was necessary in cook up a phony story

as to their relations. Two FBI men called on Gold in May, 1947, while he was working as a chemist in the Elmhurst. Queens, laboratory of . Brothman & Associates, Gold said, and he fed them a phony

That night, Gold went on, Brothman and Miss Moskowitz, a business partner of Brothman, came to the laboratory and "Miriam gave, me a hug and said, I had been auperbly nonchalant when the agents walked in."

The trial, before Judge Irving Kaufman and a jury, will be resumed at 10:30 A. M. Monday.

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Atomic Spy Tells of Persuasion To Lie to U.S. Grand Jury in 1947;

Gold Testifies That Brothman Led Him Into Joint Story-He Defends Taking . Secrets to Aid 'the Russian People'

By THOMAS P. BONAN

chemist and contessed atomic spy, American content appeared coopcharged in Federal Court yesterday erative and supplied the Russians
that Abraham Brothman, chemical
unith blueprints and other data on
engineer, and the latter's business
industrial processes they often
partner, Miriam Moskowitz, persuaded him to tell a false story to
a 1947 Federal grand jury investia 1947 Federal grand jury investigating espionage. gating espionage.

served as courier, and Miss Mos-knowitz are being tried on an in-dictment alleging that they con-spired with Gold, who is not a spired with Gold, who is not a defendant, to mislead the jury. The defendant, to mislead the jury. The Government contends that false testimony given to the jury by the two men threw it off the track for

some time. Under cross-examination by William W. Kleinman, defense attorney, Gold denied that he sought former Communist courier, and to money for his espionage activities but said that he was motivated by a desire to help the Soviet people get information to which he thought they were entitled.

When Brothman was questioned the regert of the Federal Bureau

ple and not the Soviet Government by agents of the Federal Bureau he was trying to assist and said of Investigation in May, 1947, he that he did not intend to hurt the told them that he had passed in-I that he did not intend to hurt the processes in the turned over American atomic said that he did not know they, secrets to Soviet agents.

Gratitude to Donor of Job

Asserting that a chemist named espionage in November, 1935, Gold to check the material. said that he also was motivated by worst part of the depression."

"Our family has a fierce kind of subsequently he arranged

He also said that he wanted to get Black "off my neck" about join

could have been obtained by the mitted an overt act and who now Russians from textbooks or by was completely aghast at what he purchase from American concerns, was on the brink of."

Gold said that this might have Brothman and Miss Moskowitz told him that if that was so, it was fine, he added.

Harry Gold, Philadelphia bio- He explained that even when an chemist and confessed atomic spy, American concern appeared coop-

Brothman, who has been de- In any event, he continued, the scribed by Gold as "a contact" for Russians were interested in getting. In any event, he continued, the the Soviet spy ring for which he information on industrial processes

Genesis of Story to Jury

Previous testimony was to the me time.

Under cross-examination by Wil
under cross-examination

were spies and that he was simply trying to get contracts from the Russian Government. He said Black had first interested him in Gold had been sent to him by Golos

Gold testified yesterday that ima feeling of gratitude toward Black mediately after this incident,; because the chemist had obtained Brothman warned him that the a job for him with a New Jersey agents were going to question him concern in February, 1933, "the and told him to tell the same story., He said that he did so and that. pride and we would have hated to Brothman and Miss Moskowitz to; so on relief." Gold added. "Black tell the grand jury substantially saved us from that." told it,

Gold said that after his grand ing the Communist party. He didn't jury appearance he told Brothman. want to join the party, he said, because he regarded Communists as thought he had created the impression of "a small, timid, fright-When Mr. Kleinman tried to get ened man who in some manner; thim to admit that all the material was involved on the fringe of estimated by the said Brothman had given him pionage but who never had com-

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz Dis

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Gold Tells W

Harry Gold, confessed atom spy, told a husbed Federal Court Friday why he did it and how it elt to be caught. For the first time since he was arrested, Gold explained in public the motivations which led him to espionage activities for the Soviet Union from 1935 to 1946 and why — after the

FRI grilled him in Philadelphia from last May 15 to 22 -he confessed all.

Gold's explanation came as Wife llam Richman, defense attorney ? for Abraham Brothman and Birlam Moskowitz, began what promises to be a withering crossexamination of his clients' former actentific associate.

Gold testified on direct broming. tion in May, 1947, he conspiced with the defendants to obstruct a Federal Grand Judy probe into esplonage.

Speaking in a clear but petulonk voice. Onld said he spied for three

reasons -- none of them money, "I wished to aid the people of the Boylet T'nion" as distinguished from their government, he said,

"But I had in a personal reasons : that mottrated me. "There was the clemist named Black, the man who first involved me in espionace, I awed him

deht of gratifude.

of pride and hated to go on relief. "And . ien, at the same time, I got Black off my neck about Joining the Communist Party, I didn's like the Party, I thought they were # lot of wacked-up Bohemians," In 1938, when he becan industrial explonage, Gold said, "I could not see that I was harming the United Binles in any way, We weren't at war . . . And, later, i when I mased the atom material. I thought I was giving the Russian prople information they were entilled to as our ally, I thought the development of atomic energy would have been more readily completed if we cooperated with Boylet scientists." Kleinman pressed further, Gold told how during the week of Men 16 to May 22 he went five nig to the FBI headquarters in B delphia. "And it was not until you knew the jig was up that you admitted passing nuclear information, did you?" Kleinman asked. "I knew the house of cards I built for 15 years couldn't stand up. I knew ft. "My brother was brought to see me after I was arrested. He asked 'How had could ft he?' I said, 'Very had,' When I told him he went while, He said You his lerk, how could you do it? You must be corering up for comebody.' I said 'No. I passed the information from Klaus Fuchs to the Rusolana. "The next pight my father i onme, He said 'Was it the Russinns?' I said 'Yes.' . . . "But I wasn't going to squest," Gold continued, "I wasn't going to inform. I was going to just co up. There had been a mountain front of me. When I saw brother part of the mountain came down. When I saw my father the rest of the mountain came down. "Then they came to pulson and eald they were going to montange the house to pay for my defense. This I didn't want." Gold went to the judge in Philadelphia and asked for a courtappointed attorney. He pleaded guilty, he said, knowing well that the pies exposed him to a possible sentencing of death. In a votes heavy with sarcasm. Kleinman asked again and again if Gold is now consersing with the government in an effort to reocive a scutence less than death. Gold denied every form of the guestion.

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Prepares to Rest Brothman Case

By HOWARD RUSHMORE The Government was preparing to rest its case against Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz as the trial of the two alleged conspirators enters its third week today. U. S. Attorney Saypol will have only a few more witnesses before. he concludes his evidence against the two chemists who are accused of attempting to obstruct justice. Harry Gold, confessed Soviet atom bomb espionage agent, was to continue under cross exami-: mation before Federal Judge lrving R. Kaufman and a jury of . five women and seven men.

ing R. Asilman and a jury of five women and seven men.

During the three days he was under direct examination, Gold named Brothman as a member of the Russian spy network and said Brothman funneled secret blue prints to Gold when the latter was courier for the Moscow underground.

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GOED SAYS SOVIET LET BROTHMAN GO

Witness Testifies His Superior Felt U.S. Knew Engineer's Identity as Agent in '45

By THOMAS P. RONAN

Under cross-examination in Federal Court yesterday, Harry Gold, admitted atomic spy, testified that' his Soviet superior in an espionage ring warned him in 1945 that Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, was "hot" and to stay away from him.

Explaining that the superior thought the Government knew Brothman's identity as an espionage agent, Gold said that this official told him the ring had no further use for the engineer. He had identified Brothman earlier as one of the ring's sources of material on industrial and military processes.

industrial and military processes.

Brothman and his business partner, Miriam Moskowitz, are charged with conspiring to obstruct justice by misleading a 1947 Federal grand jury. According to the Government, the jury's investigation of espionage was seriously impeded because of false stories told it by Brothman and Gold, who is not a defendant in this trial. Miss Moskowitz is secused of helping the two men fab-

ricate the hes.

Gold, a biochemist who faces a possible death sentence as a result of his plea of guilty in Philadelphia to a charge of atomic spying, and that he disregarded the warning partly because his relations with Brothman had "deteriorated from the rigid discipline which should have been observed if I was to do what I was supposed to do."

Told Brothman Real Name

As an example of this deterioration, Gold said that Brothman was the only one of all the "contacts" he had over eleven years of spying to whom he told his correct name. He said that this occurred early in. 1946 when he went to work at Brothman's isboratory as chiefchemist. Previously he had used, the name Frank Kessler. SAC ASAC I ASAC 2 SEC. 1 CITC. 2 FITC. 3 SCC 4 SUC. 5 FITC. 7

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By then, however, Gold was enhe found it easier to continue tying to Brothman about his personal life than tell the truth, he testified. He said that at their first meeting, on instructions from his espionage superior, he had told Brothman he had a wife and twins. As time went on, he said, he-

embellished this story by telling details of his courtship, describing his non-existent mother-in-law as a poor housekeeper and his father-in-law as a man who didn't earn much money and by telling of an illness suffered by one of the nebulous twins.

"It became easier to continue the! fiction than to straighten out the whole hideous mess, but it's a wonder that steam didn't come out of my ears at times," the biochemist declared.

man were questioned by agents of the Federal Bureau of Investiga-

Job Not Good Paying One

Gold pictured his job as Brothman's chief chemist as not very remunerative and said that when he quit in 1948 the company owed him about \$4,000.

"When there was no money. I was a partner and when there was money, I was an employe," he remarked with a wry smile.

Under questioning by William W. Kleinman, defense counsel, Gold admitted that he had served "a list of charges" on Brothmani on behalf of himself and other employer before he quit. He said that. he had charged Brothman with unfilled promises and with mismanagement of an important job and had asked him to concentrate on! his job and to retrench. He denied trying to undermine Brothman's business.

He reiterated that Brothman. had confronted him shortly after: being questioned by F. B. I. agents and urged him to tell the agenta mane story he had told them. But he said that Brothman had not

He said it was not until May threatened or intimidated him into mate sources, but he insisted that 29, 1947, the day he and Broth-telling it. Ithe Soviet Union wanted processed the Soviet Union wanted processes

He also admitted that much of it knew were in actual operation the Federal Bureau of Investigath the material given him by Broth-here and that Brothman hat tion, that he told the chemical en-man sould have been obtained turned the data over to him gineer that this complicated story easily from textbooks and legiti-clandestinely for the spy ring.





Gold Tells About Double Life as Spy

By STEPHEN FISCHER

Harry Gold, confessed atom spy, testified in Federal Court yesterday that for 11 years, from 1935 to 1946, he led two lives.

Soviet Union, the other the life of a life which included a fictitious an industrious, enthusiastic biochemist who put in 60 to 70 hours a week for the Pennsylvania Sugar

Gold's explanation of the inner workings of his mind-in which he said he was able to "turn a switch"-was strikingly similar to the self-analysis offered by Gold's asserted accomplice. Dr. Klaus Fuchs, when he pleaded guilty to atom spying in England several months ago.

Gold is a government witness at the trial of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz, accused of conspiring with him in 1947 to obstruct a grand jury investigation of espionage activities.

Gold's description of his mental processes came when he attempted to explain why he carelessly per-mitted various blueprints to remain in his home instead of pass-ing them to his "Soviet superior" or destroying them.

"When I went out on a mission for the Soviet Union." Gold ex-plained, "I had a one-track mind. I concentrated on getting information. I forgot my work my family.

everything.
"When I return a.' he continned. "I turned the switch. Then I used my one-track mind on my I would atlaboratory work tempt to obliterate my missions from my mind because I was not kidding myself; I knew I commit-ted a crime If I thought of that it bothered me.

"Apparently I was to success ful. The huge amounts of material found in my house represents 123 all-too-successful attempt to obliterate my espiorage activities while at home."

But despite this ability Gold said, he continued to associate; with Brothman after his "Soviet superior" werner him in 1945 to sever relationship: because Brothman "was hot."

"I just forgot about the warning, I just forgot about it." Gold insisted.

From 1545 to 1948 Oold Forked for Brothman's research organi-

zation—a relationship which ter-minated acrimoniosity in 1948 with Gold insisting Brothman owed him \$3,800.

It was obvious from questioning that defense attorney William Kleinman will seek to establish Gold's hate for Brothman as the motivation for his current testimony.

As Gold went into a tengthy re-One was the life of spy for the cital of his double life as a spywife, fictitious twins, and the fictitious death of a brother-there were times when attorneys, the witness and Judge Irving Kaufman had difficulty understanding who was under discussion - a real person or a fictitious one.

When asked at one point if be told Brothman a story about his

"cousin Joe," Gold replied: \
"What story? I had 100 stories
about cousin Joe."

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Brothman Irial In Final Stages

By HOWARD RUSHMORE

The final Government witnesses in the conspiracy trial of Miriam Moskowitz and chemical engineer Abraham Brothman are scheduled to testify at the U.S. Courthouse today.

That the case might reach the jury of five women and seven men early next week seemed virtually assured with the apparent refusal of both defendants to take the stand.

Although their counsel has not yet indicated definitely whether Miss Moskowitz and Brothman will testify, it was understood that they will not attempt to refute the testimony of Harry Gold, chief Government witness.

Gold, confessed Red spy awaiting sentence, yesterday calmly faced the defense cross examination and did not change his story that Brothman was part of a Soviet espionage ring and that both defendans told Gold to give a Federal Grand Jury a false story three years ago.

SAID HE GOT SECRETS.

Previously Gold testified he received valued Government secrets, including data on industrial processes, from Brothman and turned them over to Soviet agents, Yesterday he said the Kremlin considered Brothman - the end

of his usefulness five years and.
"I was told in 1945," Gold testified, "that the Soviet Government had no further use for Abe and I was next told that he was 'hot' and stay away from him."

"But," Gold added rnefully, "I

forgot the warning."
By "hot," Gold explained, his
Soviet spying superiors meant the U. S. Government was awarp of Brothman's activities. Gold was to take the stand again today.

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Brothman 'Hot' In'45, Says Gold

Confessed Soviet atomic spy Harry Gold yesterday testified at the conspiracy trial of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz told that he was told by his Soviet superior as far back as 1945 that Brothman was "hot" and of no further use to the Russian spy ring.

The Philadelphia biochemist; testifying before Federal Judge Kaufman, said he forgot about the warning and went to work for Brothman. He said he was later reprimanded for his indiscretion by "Sam." the Soviet superior, who told him that Brothman's identity was known to the U.S.

Gold, who has testified that Brothman turned over material regarding industrial processes for transmission to Soviet agents, admitted he lied to Brothman throughout their association.

"I was told that it would be foolhardy to give my real name," he said.

He gave the name as Frank Kessler, told Brothman he was married and the father of twins, Essie and David, even though he is a bachelor, and even made up stories about his wife's family, he testified.

"Its a wonder that steam didn't come out of my ears," Gold commented. At one point, he recalled, he told Brothman about his court-ship of a girl named Helen Traubelman, who had one blue and one brown eye.

Gold said he got off his series of lantastic lies because of Brothman's penchant for prying into his business, his family background and his associations with others.

It was not until May, 1947, when the FBI questioned Brothman, that Gold confessed he had been lying.

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Brothman Too 'Hot' for Reds

By NORMA ABRAMS

The Kremlin had "no further ust" or engineer Abraham Brothman n 1945 because he was "hot" and

tom-spy Harry old was orered then to tay away from im, the latter estified yesteray in Brothan's Federal court trial for onspiracy to bstruct justice. "But I forgot he warning." lold admitted



Abraham Brothman

nder crossxamination by frothman's attorney, William W. Heinman. Brothman is being tried with his business associate, Miriam Iłskowitz.

who previously testified iold, t Brothman turned over to him ala on industrial processes idr ransmission to Moscow, further re

evenled that the defendant was as with a fractured leg and the others firm, he was owed about \$4.0 years man about Gold's private with a case of polic.

| Gold said. "When there was very nosy man about Gold's private with a case of polio.

Prolific Inventor.

From their first meeting on, Gold said, Brothman began "prying" into his background. Always accommodating, Gold invented a non-existent wife and a set of than prompt with the pay check, fictitious twins and immediately Gold said. When he finally re-

"It became easier to continue money, I was a partner and, wi the fiction than to straighten out there was money. I was an a the whole hideous mess, but it's a ploye," he said. wonder that steam didn't come out of my ears," Gold said.

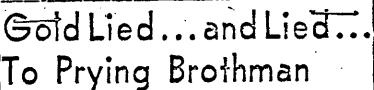
Pay Checks Slow

Brothman was something less; afflicted one of the phantom kids signed from the defendants watens

Gold will take the stand ar. when the trial resumes at 10. A. M. today.

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Gold readily admits.

Court yesterday, he told Abraham -Brothman he nad a wife and

twins. Then gradually the fictional trimmings came to include a mother-in-law who was a bum housekeeper, a father-in-law who didn't earn much. a brother who died in action in the South Pacific. an illness for one of the "twins," and a beautiful girl with one

brown and one blue eye. All these tales, he said, were to fiset Brothman's "prying" after his Boviet masters told him to lay If because the FBI knew Broth man was a spy.

It was a tangled web of lies. "It became easier to continue he spun to his brother spy, Harry the fiction than tostraighten out the whole hideous mess, but it's a wonder steam didn't come out of At first, he testified in Federal my ears at times,' he said.

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Scholsky's THESE DAYS: Who Protected Amtorg Traders

By George E. Soxolsky THUS FAR, the spy trial, which is being beld in New

York before Judge Irving R. Kaufman, has established that Soviet Russia, our ally in World War II, sent agents into the United States to steal our data on production of chemicals, electronics, war materials and the atom homb.

Such conduct is expected of an enemy, not of an ally. During the period of spying, the United States was provisioning Soviet Russis to the tune of \$1,1,000,000,000 But this point is being missed: The data now available was already in the

hands of the FBI in 1947. Elizabeth Bentley's testimony on that subject is altogether clear. Also Harry Gold and Abraham Brothman established the date.

On May 29, 1947, two FBI agents interrogated Brothman concerning his dealings with Jacob Golos, a Soviet spy, and with Elizabeth Bentley, then a Soviet courier and closely associated with Golos, and with Harry Gold. Brothman told Gold, so the latter testified,

GEORGI E BOEOLEEY that the FBI knew everything. -.. · Among the facts that the FBI knew was that the Amtorg Trading Co. was the center of spy activity and the cover-up for spies, couriers, photostating and similar activities. Yet, Amtorg was permitted to exist in this country as a trading business with which American businessmen and Government officials consorted. Like "Amerasia," it was a protected organization. Who protected at?

THE QUESTION must be asked why these men were I not indicted; why nothing was done about them until after the British arrested Dr. Klaus Fuchs and the world knew that our atom bomb secrets had been stolen. Fuclis wes arrested on Feb. 3, 1950, but the testimony in this strial shows that on May 29, 1947, the FBI had the data. Most of us assumed when Gold, Brothman, Greenglass, and Miss Moskowitz were arrested that the information came from Fuchs, but at the trial, the evidence shows that it came

from the FBI, which had it in 1947. Brothman and Gold and whoever else is involved in this. miserable business have been free to damage the United States for this prolonged period. It has further been brought out in this trial that the espionage goes back to 1941. Actually, it goes back further than that. It probably goes back as far as the Nye Committee of the Senate (1934), which contained among its employes the first important espionage cell in the official life of this country.

This espionage trial, now taking place in New York, is tremendously important and is being inadequately reported. The Hiss trial was perhaps more glamorous, but not more significant. It attracted more attention because there was so strong an effort to cover up for Hiss and to defend him. Even now, some Park ave. liberals believe that

three juries were wrong and that Hiss cannot be guilty of

the crimes brought and

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THERE IS NO GLAMOR in this present triel. It is, just plain die. Americans, employed by Soviet Russi. gave to Kutsia (stole the formula ver they could lay their hands on. The, for Buns-S. They stole the stom bomb. They stole our inventions and will use them to kill our sons and in time to destroy our cities. When this trial is over, the American people meed to

know who was responsible for making all this possible. It. will not be enough to send a couple of punks to prison or even to hang them. We need to know how it was possible for them to do all this stealing. Who let them steal?

Brothman gave Bentley and Gold huge quantities of material, including plans, models and blueprints, large in bulk. Elizabeth Bentley transferred these to Golos, who died in 1943. Gold also transferred some to Semenov, who operated

through Amtorg. These transfers in bulk had to originate where they should

have been missed; where they should have been seen. Where were the security officers we hear so much about? What is meant by security in view of this testimony, which is being reported so inadequately? Why is it being reported so inadequately?

In a word, when this trial is over, why will not some Congressional committee go into this more fully to discover the big shots? Punks never can operate unless a big abot permits the operation. And obviously Gold and Brothman are pawns in a big game. Copyright, 2854, Ming Penteres Symbonia, 204.

Soe Franklin D. Aperevall's personal letters, memer und belegramt Begin "T.D. E.-Ein Parsonal Lettern" in inday's Journal-American.

Brothman Trial, Nears Windup

The unal of Abraham Brothman and Mirnam Moskowitt on charges, of conspiring to obstime Justice meared a close in Federal Court footsy as Judge Irving R. Kaufman prepared to charge the jury and surn the case over for its deliberations.

Prosecution and defense rested after the government presented. Sestimony of Harry Gold. confessed atomic spy for Russia, and there other witnesses. Gold testified he had obtained information from Brothman to turn over to a Communist spy ring, and that he lied in 1867 to a federal grand Jury at the direction of Brothman then his employer.

Brothman is charged with having measured Gold to some fateral for the some fateral fateral for the some fateral fater

then his employer.

Brothman is charged with having persueced Gold to give faise; testimony to the grand jury. In addition, he and Miss Moskowitz are accused of having conspired between May 22, 1847, and June 12, 1850, to defraud the government in its enforcement of the hardest-law.

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Brothman Case May Be Sent to U.S.Jury Today

Both Sides Rest; Gold Says He 'Lied Desperately' to First Inquiries of F. B. I.

Both sides rested yesterday in the trial of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz in United Buses Durvies Cours on thurses of conspiracy to obstruct justice Judge leving R. Kaufman told the jury that it was his intention to give the case to them for a verdict today, after the defense rested
at 4:20 p.m. The government
rested it case shortly before moonafter presentation of brief testimonty by three witnesses in addition to Harry Gold, confessed
atomic spy for Russia, who passed
nearly six and a half days on the
witness stand as the principal
agovernment witness.

The jury was immediately excused as defense attorney William
W. Kleinman presented monums
to dismiss the indictments and to
strike out portions of the prosecuto give the case to them for a ver-

to dismiss the minimum of the prosecu-tion testimony. Judge Kaufman denied the motions. Oold, at the conclusion of his

cross-examination, testified that although he "hed desperately" when first questioned by the Federal Bureau of Investigation about the espionage work, he would not the now, even to save his life.

The Philadelphia biochemisticate to his testimony that he had issued to his testimony that he had served as a Communist spy-ring course; that he had obtained information for the ring from Brothman and that he had hed less a Pederal grand turn in 1847. to a Federal grand jury in 194? at the direction of Brothman, then his employer.

Tells of Questioning

Gold said that in May, 1950. when he was first approached by the F. B. I. after the confession of Dr. Klaus Puchs, convicted British stomic scientist, he realized that the evidence at that time was purch cleaumstantial" which nected him with Dr. Puchs

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"I realised I could possibly sight all mi) relatives and friends and the people at the Heart Bustion in Phusociphia would raily around me. But I realized that once the F. B. I. pulsed one thread are whole hoursble scheme would come untargied. And I don't want those people (friend: and relatives, so

be so distinuioned."
Gold said he stalled, "fighting desperately for time with my family and to complete my work at the Heart Station." He said he had decided to "come clean" when he knew the F. B. I had evidence that he had visited Santa Fe. M. M., when he had sworn he had never been west of the Mississing. never been west of the Mississippi River.

"Lied Desperately"

"Would you lie to save your life?" asked Mr. Kleinman.

Gold thought for a moment

He was asked whether he lied in May, 1950.

"In May, 1850, I lied desper-stely," he said. The defense called only two withearts, one a manufacturing com-pany sales manager, and the other the associated editor of a sechinical magazine.

Benjamin G. Dann, city sales manager for the Hendricks Man-ufacturing Company, 30 Church Street, testified that in 1938 Brothman had worked for the company as an engineer and salesman in the development of new chemical equipment He said Brothman had designed a continuous production synthetic subber process, and so far as he knew had no connection with classified materials or secret drawings.

Under tross-transmission by Dnited States Attorney Irving H. Saypol. Mr. Dann said it was not usual for representatives of the firm to met: prospects on street. firm to meet prospects on street corners at night in areas where there was little trame. This was in connection with testimony by government witnesses that Brothman me; them under such eircum-Stances and turned over to them blueprints and other material to transmission to the Soviet govern-

Theodore R. Olive, associate edi-tor of 'The Chemical Engineer,' trade publication, of 330 West Fortieth Street, testified that Edier Smiller States Fortieth Street, testified that Brothman had written articles for the marazine on chemical subjects.

Brothman and Miss Markowitz Brothman and Miss Markowitz are allered between May 28, 1947, and June 12, 1950, to have constructed the United States go retiment in its enforced ment of the criminal law. On a second count, Brothman is allered, on July 31, 1947, to have "advised" and persuaded" Gold to give false estimates and persuaded Gold to give false.

i castimony before the grand jury.
If convicted, Brothman faces g even to ten years in prison and a \$15,000 fine. Miss Markowitz area two to five years in prison a and a \$10,000 fine.

COURTS

Spy Case is Expected To Go to Jury Today

B) RTEPHEN FISCHER

A small card tound by an FBI agent in the Philipdelphia home of Marry Gold, confessed atom \$97. may decide the future of Abraham Brothman and Muriam Moskowitz, where computer trial neared tis and yesterday.

Both sides rested and Federal Judge Irving Kaufman expects to present the case to the jury this afternoon after final argument.

atterneon after final argument.

The defendants are accused of conspiring will. Gold to obstruct a 1947 Federal Grand Jury investigation of espionage activities. The government's case rests almost entirely on Gold's testimony.

The small eard was mentioned for the first time when Gold said. that in 1941 he had noted on it directions given him by his "Soviet superior" oncerning his first meeting with Gold.

meeting with Gold.

BI was mentioned again pesterday by FBI agent Fred C. Birkby,
who said he found it in the basement of Gold's bome, in a faider
marked "A. B.'s Stuff," Among
other Bolations, it bors the bosnes
wurnber ad Brathman's anaumber of Brothman's ear.

It was the finding of this eard which launched the government's case against Brothman.

As the trul neared its end, the defense put some important testimony into the record. Both of its witnesses, Benjamin G. Dann,



(left) is escorted from Federal Court is escorted from sederal Court by a marshal yesterday after spending more than eix days on the stand at Brothman-Blookewitz frial.

lic knowledge.

This fit in with the defense contention that Brethman gave blue-prints concerning synthetic rubber and either processes to Gold in an effort to get legitlmate business. Dann also agreed that the processes belonged to Brothman and he had a right to do with them as he saw fit.

Olive testified that in 2011

Office testified that in 1941 Brothman also offered the syn-thetic-rubber data to the U. S.

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sales manager for the Hendricks Manufacturing Co., where Brothman once worked, and Theodors Olive, associate editor of the McGraw Hill masazine, "Chemical Engineering," testified that the major processes which Brothman gave to Gold were matters of public knowledge. lie knowledge.

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Sum Up Today in Brothman Case; Gold Sticks to Story

The trial of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz may be concluded today, it was indicated yesterday. After the Government and defense rested, Federal

Judge Irving Kaufman informed the jurors: "You may get home late to-

morrow."

Yesterday's session opened with Hary Gold, the confessed Soviet atomic spy, on the stand left the stand after cross-exami-for the seventh day. | nation by Defense Attorney

for the seventh day.

He testified he "lied desperately" when first questioned by the FBI regarding his connec-

tions with Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the British atomic scientist who is in prison for espionage. He added, however, that he would not lie know even to save my life."

His story that he had served as a Red spy courier, had obtained information for the ring from

Brothman and that he had lied Both sides will sum up this to the Federal grand jury investigating subversion in 1947 at the direction of Brothman, then his employer, was unshaken as he

> Kleinman. Gold testified he first learned that Fuchs had been arrested and had confessed when he read newspaper accounts last February. He said he then decided to confess his part in the espionage

ring and "take the rap." Brothman, a 36-year-old cher Continued on Page 18.

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Rest at Trial Of Brothman

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ical engineer, of 40-48 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, and Miss Moskowitz, 34, of 151 Eighth. Ave., are accused of conspiracy to defraud the government of its function of enforcing Federal criminal laws.

A second count in the indictment charges Brothman "urged, advised and persuaded" Gold to give false testimony before a Federal grand jury.

The maximum penalty upon conviction is two years and a \$10,000 fine for Miss Moskowitz and seven years and a \$15,000 fine for Brothman.

After Gold left the stand, Mrs. Jean Niemaseck, of Newark, N. J., was called by the prosecution, she testified she was once employed as part-time stenographer for Gold and Brothman. She said all dictation was technical in nature and one word, "Aerosol," stuck in her mind. It was brought out earlier in the trial that this was a World War II top-secret insecticide.

The last two government witnesses were Fred C. Birkby, an FBI agent, and Patrolman Joseph T. Walsh. The agent said he aided in searching Gold's residence in Philadelphia last June and found a box containing chemical formulas marked "A. B.'s stuff."

The defense called only two witnesses. One of them, Benjamin Dann, sales manager of Hendricks Manufacturing Co., 30 Church St., testified Brothman once worked for the company. Dann said he has no knowledge his company had any classified documents in its possession at the time Brothman worked there.





Jury To Get Spy Trial Today: Doth Sides Rest

By Norma Abrams and Harry Schlegel

Prosecution and defense rested yesterday in the Federal Court trial of engineer Abraham Brothman and his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, accused of coaching atom-spy Harry Gold to lie to a grand jury. Judge Irving Kaufman is expected to give the case to a jury of eight men and four women late today.

The prosecution, conducted by U. S. Attorney Irving Saypol and Assistant U. S. Attorney Roy M. Cohn, rested shortly before noon after two witnesses, a G-man and a cop, had testified briefly. The Government's star witness was Gold, who spent six and one half days on the stand.

Neither Defendant Called.

Defense attorney William W. Kleinman called neither defendant in the brief presentation of his case, placing only two witnesses on the stand. After the Government rested, Kleinman moved that the indictment be dismissed, but the motion was denied.

In concluding his testimony under cross-examination, Gold reiterated that, although he spied for the Kremlin, he never adopted its relitingly faith.

political faith.
"I was told by my first Soviet superior to stay away from the Communist Party, never to read the Daily Worker, never to read liberal literature or express liberal thoughts," he said.

Admits Lying at First.

He admitted that he had "lied desperately" when the FBI first implicated him in the Klaus Fuchs espionage network. But later, he said, "I realized that, once the FBI pulled one thread, the whole horrible scheme would become untangled."

"Would you lie to save your life?" Kleinman asked him.

Gold, who could get death when he comes up for sentence next month, thought a moment.

"Now? No," he replied quietly.

"Now? No," he replied quietly. The FBl witness, Free C. Birkby, testified that he found a folder marked "A. B.'s stuff" when he scarched Gold's Philadelphie home last lung.

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Cases of Abraham Brothman, worked with Brothman as a "con-largely directed at showing that chemical engineer, and his busi-tact" who had supplied him with data given to Gold by Brothman ness partner, Miriam Moskovitz, much information for a Soviet was not secret.

Their testimony

was fore a grand jury.

accused of obstructing justice in spy ring.

Brothman and Miss Markowitz a spy investigation, were expected Gold said this spy ring was are alleged, between May 28, 1947, ed to be decided by a Tederal headed by Semen M. Semenov, and June 12, 1950, to have con-

former official of the Amtorg spired to defraud the U. S. govjury today.

William W. Kleinman, attorney Trading Agency, Russian pur-lernment in its enforcement of for the two; rested his case yes chasing agency here. Semenov the criminal law, On a second terday. He and U. S. Atty. Say-has since returned to Russia. | count, Brothman is alleged to pol will sum up this morning be Kleinman introduced only two have "advised and persuaded" fore Judge Kaufman, who will witnesses in his brief delense yes. Gold to give false testimony bethen give his instructions to the terday.

jury of seven men and five women. Kleinman didn't call either defendant, after Harry Gold, conitssed atomic spy, told how he SAC ASAC ! ASAC 2

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Brothman Case To Jury Today

By HOWARD RUSHMORE

A jury of five women and seven men today was scheduled to begin ideliberations on the fate of two persons charged by the Government with conspiring to impede a Federal probe of Soviet espion-

Abraham Brothman, 36, of 40-48 42d st., Sunnyside, Queens and Miriam Moskowitz, 24, of 151 Eighth ave., face a maximum of 15 years in prison and fines of \$25,000 if convicted.

t The Government contends that the two-count indictment provides a maximum of five years on each count and a fine of \$15.010 against Brothman while Mss.

Noskowitz faces five years and \$10.000 on the one count against her.

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SPY CASE IS GUING TO THE JURY TODAY

Defense Here Rests Its Case
With Neither Brothman Nor
Miss Moskowitz Heard

By THOMAS P. RONAN

William W. Kleinman, attorney, for Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, and the latter's business partner, Miriam Moskowitz, in their Federal Court trial on a charge of obstructing justice rested his case yesterday without calling either defendant.

He and United States Attorney
Irving H. Saypol are to sum up
this morning, and they are expected to be finished by 1 P. M. Judge
Irving R. Kaufman will then give
his instructions to the jury of
seven men and five women and
turn the case over to them for a

decision.

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were indicted on a charge of obstructing justice by conspiring with Harry Gold, admitted atomic spy who is not a defendant in this case, to mislead a 1947 Federal grand jury investigating espionage. According to the Government, Brothman and Gold told the jury their relationship had been strictly a business one and hid the fact that they had engaged in espionage.

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was not handling any secret confidential processes.

In an attempt to show that the dealings Brothman had with Gold and the other couriers were normal business dealings, Mr. Kleinman brought out that the blueprints introduced as evidence belonged to Brothman and he had the right to show them to whomever he pleased.

Mr. Dann said, however, that he did not recall Brothman ever telling him he was trying to get contracts from Amtorg. This was Brothman's contention during his appearance before the 1947 grand

Mr. Olive's testimony concerning articles Brothman had written for the trade magazine also was brought out in an effort to show; that the data offered in evidence, were easily accessible and were not secret.

At this point, Judge Kaufman Soviet espionage superios. Judge to show the true relationship be Kaufman denied all the motions. Tween Brothman, Gold and others Shortly before this. Gold, who he reminded the jury that the difference of the state of the stat

Defense Motions Are Denied

When the Government rested at 21:55 A. M. vesterday, Mr. Kleinman moved to dismiss the indictment and to strike out all the testimony offered by Elizabeth T. Bent- instructed the jury that it was not ley, former Communist spy courier, legally material whether the data and the testimony by Gold in which were secret or not. Declaring that he referred to his dealings with his the Government had offered them

faces a possible death penalty as a fendants were charged with o result of plea of guilty in a Phila-structing or impeding justice. delphia court to a charge of atomic spying, ended his testimony with. an admission that he had lied "desperately" last May when he was; picked up by agents of the F. B. I. He asserted, however, that he would not lie now even to save his

As the principal Government witness, he had identified Brothman as a "contact" who had supplied him with much material on industrial and military processes for a Soviet spy ring headed by Semen M. Semenov, former official of the Amtorg Trading Agency, the Russian purchasing agency Semenoy has since returned to Russia.

He denied yesterday that he had ever threatened to commit suicide and reiterated that he had never joined the Communist party.

"I was told by my first Soviet superior to stay away from it [the Communist party), never to read The Daily Worker, and never to read liberal literature or express iliberal thoughts," he declared.

Offers Only 2 Witnesses

For the defense, Mr. Kleinman offered only two witnesses. The ifirst was Benjamin G. Dann, New York sales manager for the Hendrick Manufacturing Company of 30 Church Street and the second Theodore R. Olive of Westport, Conn., associate editor of the McGraw-Hill trade publication, Chemical Engineering.

Mr. Dann said that during the period between 1938 and 1941 when Brothman was employed by his company and when he allegedly was turning over information stolen there to Gold and other espichere couriers, the company

2 Convicted in Deal With A-Spy Gold

By NORMA ABRAMS

After three hours and 53 minutes of deliberation, a Federal Court jury of five women and seven men last night found Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz guilty of conspiracy to obstruct justice.

Brothman was found guilty on an additional count of when the verdict was announced at urging Harry Gold, confessed atom sny for Russia, to testify



(NEWS foto by Harold Mathewson) Abraham Brothman is glum while Miriam Moskowitz manages a faint smile as they sit in police van after being found guilty of conspiracy to obstruct justice.

falsely before a federal grand jury in 1947 during an investigation of a Soviet espionage ring.

Under the verdict both defend- t ants, business associates in a of five years in jail and a \$5,000 chemical engineering firm, face fine on the second court. two years imprisonment and a Judge Irving R. Kauf. \$10,000 fine for conspiracy. In ad- Nov. 28 for sentencing. dicion Brothman faces a maximum defendant showed any

The room by b. Y. DIVISION

Judge Irving R. Kaufman set

8:50 P. M. by the jury foreman, Mary K. O'Sullivan, a real estate firm secretary, of 124 W. 94th St.

After the verdict U.S. Attorney

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Two Convicted As A-Spy Aids

(Continued from page 2)

Irving H. Saypol praised the FBI for their "painstaking and unstinting work." adding "the result is theirs." He also paid tribute to his assistants, Roy M. Cohen, John W., Foley and Thomas J. Donegan.

In his charge to the jury, Judge Kaufman told the jurors that under the conspiracy count they were required to bring in separate verdicts for the 36-year-old Brothman, who lives at 49-48 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, and for bliss Moskowitz, who is 34 and lives at 151 Eighth

He warned the jury that it could not find Miss Moskowitz guilty it it concluded that the evidence against her amounted to "mere association, suspicious circumstance or opportunity, without knowledge on her part as to the alleged true-relationship between Gold and Brothman."

The judge explained that there was no charge in the indictment that Brothman engaged in espionage. He also emphasized that testimony identifying Brothman as a Communist Party member should not prejudice the jury.

Summing up for the Government, Saypol declared that Brothman served the Soviet spy network through Gold because he was a Communist. He contended that it was not "material" to the case whether information Brothman supplied was secret or classified.

Referring to Miss Moskowitz, Saypol recalled Gold's testimony that though Brothman pondered telling a different story to the grand jury than he had to the FBI. Miss Moskowitz told Gold that she and an attorney for the Amtorg Co. had persuaded him not to do so. In his summation, defense attorney William W. Kleinman declared that if the jury could believe "a traitor, a spy who testified here to save his rotten neck," it must convict But if there was "one reasonable doubt," the verdict must be innocent, he said,

Pair Found Guilly Of Blocking Spy Inquiry

By STEPHEN FISCHER

Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, and Miriam Moskowitz, his business associate, were found guilty by a Federal Court jury last night of conspiring with atom spy Harry God in 1947 to obstruct justice. Brothman, who was tried on two counts, is liable to seven years in-

Miss Moskowite, tried on one count, faces a possible two-year prison term and \$10,000 fine, Both will be aenteneed Tuesday.

The jury of five women and seven men reached its verdict after almost four hours of deliberation.

Just before announcing its decision it seked Federal Judge Irv-

ing Kaufman to instruct further on the definition, of conspiracy. It was apparent from this request that the verdiet was delayed while the jury considered Miss Moskowitz case at length,

Immediately after the foreman, Miss Mury K. O'Sullivan, secretary of Pease and Elliman, real firm, announced the verdict, Kaufman congratulated the rors on their "intelligent" decision.

He paid special tribule to the prosecuting stoff and then added:

prosecuting sinff and then added:
"It gives me great security to
feel we have an agency such as
the FM guarding our security. Fir.
(J. Edgar) Hoover and the Bureau
are to be congratulated. Please
advise them."

advise them."
The Judge also congratulated defense counsel William Kleiumann on his conduct of the case. "It is most unfortunate there are not more lawrers, particularly in this type of case, who conduct themselves as you do." Judes Kanfman and.

Brothman and Miss Moskawits

showed no emotion when the verdict was announced, Just before they were led away.

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accepted the five days of testimony by Gold and the slory of Elizabeth Bentley, a confessed spy courier.

Gold testified that from 1938 to 1945. Brothman brought him industrial designs which he passed on to his "Boylet superiors"

The government charged that when the fitt interrogated floid, and firethman in 1947, and when they appeared before a Grand Jury later that year, they fabilited the story of their relationship, the story of their relationship, the prosecution of a rand, but the prosecution of a rand, but

dated Gold into telling it.

The verdict also meant that the jury did not believe the defense contention that Brothman passe, the designs to Gold in the belief he was involved in a legitimativanearity, Gold posed as a buying agent for the Soviet Union,

Brothman influenced and infimi-

the defense said, and Brothman was merely submitting designs to a possible customer. The jury received the case after

hearing two-and-a-half hours of arainment and receiving instructions from the judge for one hour, Judge Kaufman and the

Judge Kaufman and that whether the information Brotheman gave to Oold was secret was not decisive.

In his summation, defense attorney Kleinman told the Jurars: "If you can believe Gold, the traitor, the pry who testified to save his den fatterness, summer and your must convict the defendants. But if there is now merced.

if there is any reasonable doubt you must acquit them."

Over the objections of Kleinman

who at one time asked for a mis-

who at one time asked for a mistrial—U.S. Attorney Irving Savpoi told the jury Gold's story must be believed "by the failure of the defense to present one solitary word to disprove the testimony."

The jury agreed with Saypol.

Brothman, Secretary Found Guilty in Atom Spy Flot After 4 Hrs.

A Federal Court jury last night found Abraham Brothman, 86, a Queens chemical engineer, and Miriam



Abraham Brothman, Miriam Moskowitz...found gullty.

Moskowitz, 84, his secretary, guilty of obstructing justice in a grand jury probe of Soviet atom espionage,

In addition the jury which had deliberated nearly four hours, found Brothman guilty of induc-ing atom spy Harry Gold to tes-tify falsely before the same 1947

Brothman who lives at 40-48 42nd S. Sunnyside, faces a seven to 10-year sentence and # 1:5,600 / fine: Miss Moskowitz, of 151 Eighth Ave., up to two years and a \$10,000 fine.

Judge Inving Kaufman, after setting Tuesday for sentencing, called the verdict "an-intelligent

one."
"I cannot understand," he
said, "why people propert is
county—the country that gave
them the opportunity to become educated, to provide them with a livelihood, and even a fair

Proises FBI

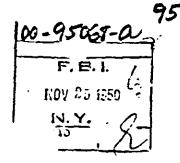
He congradulated U. S. tribute to the FBI said:

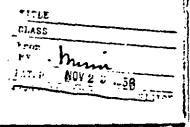
"Their work is simply amer-

He had praise, too, for defense counsel William Kleinman. Earlier, Kleinman had branded Gold, chief prosecution witness, a "traitor and pathological llar who testified to save his rotten

Gold, a former Brothman em-Gold, a former brothman employe, testified against the two defendants, charging Brothman turned over to him important technical secrets for relay to Soviet agents. He also said inat later Brothman induced him in lie about their relations when the government started its probe. with helping to concoct the story.

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Chemist, Woman Aide Guilty, Espionage Jury Here Finds

After deliberating for three hours and fifty minutes, a Federal Court jury of seven men and five women found Abraham Brothman, chemical engineer, and his business partner, Miriam

Moskowitz, guilty yesterday of conspiring to mislead a 1947 Federal grand jury investigating espionage.

It also found Brothman guilty on a second count of influencing Harry Gold, admitted atomic spy, to tell the grand jury a fabricated story of their relationship with each other and with other figures in a Soviet spy ring.

Setting next Tuesday at 10:30 A. M. as the time for sentencing. Judge Irving R. Kaufman remanded the defendants to the Federal House of Detention, 427 West Street, without bail. He told the jury it had reached the only possible verdict in the light of the evidence and paid tribute to United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol and his staff for their painstaking preparation of the case.

On the conspiracy count, both defendants face a possible maximum penalty of five years imprisonment and \$10,000 fines. On the second count, the maximum punishment for Brothman could be five years in jail and a fine of \$5,000.

Brothman, 36-year-old father of two children, lives at 41-08 Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, Queens, Miss Moskowitz, 34 and single, lives at 151 Eighth Avenue. When the verdict was announced, both maintained the same impassive attitude they had shown during most of the trial.

The Government had charged that for a period of years begin-

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ming in 1936 Brothman had been who supposed informs a "contact" who supplied informa-tion on industrial processes—some of potential military value — to contact named as the country Gold, Miss Elizabeth T. Bentley and Jacob golos who was Miss Bentley's auperior in espionage work until his death in November, 1943.

his death in November, 1943.

The Government also accused, brothman of lying when he told the 1947 grand jury that his association with Miss Bentley, Golos and Gold was sole's a business one motivated by his desire to get contracts from the Russian Governments. ment through the Amtorg Trading Corporation, its purchasing agency

in this country.
Gold appeared before the 1947 grand jury nine days after Broth-man and told a story substantially man and usin a story subscentistry the same as the one Brothman had given although, according to the Government, he never had med Golos or Miss Bentley, and his dealings, such his should be Golos or Miss Bentley, and his dealings with the chemical engi-neer were chiefly for espionage purposes

This was done because of a con-This was done because of a con-spiracy between the two men and Miss Moskowitz with the result that the grand jury was seriously delayed in its investigation of So-viet spying activities, Mr. Saypol assertied.

asserted In summing up yesterday, Wil-ham W. Kleinman, defense coun-sel, denounced Gold, a Philadelphia

In summing up yesterary, thism W. Kleinman, defense counsel, denounced Gold, a Philadelphia biochemist who was the chief Government withess, as an a coomplished and pathological last who was motivated by a desire "to save his own rotten neck".

This was a reference to the fact that Gold faces a possible death sections as the result of his please of guilty in a Philadelphia Federal of guilty in a Philadelphia Federal of guilty in a Philadelphia Federal of guilty in a Philadelphia Sections of ground to a charge that be passed storms excrets obtained from Dr. Klaus Fuchs, the British scientist and confessed spp., to his Soviet superiors known as a certefact of the Confessed spp., to his Soviet superiors known as a certefact of the Confessed spp., to his Soviet superiors known as Countred a grudge against Brothman also asserted that the Confessed spp., to his Soviet superiors and that he backed him later.

Mr. Kleinman also asserted that Gold nurtured a grudge against Brothman for a number of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer owed him \$4,000 for blood in the later of the proposed superiors with the processional staff like office boys.

Testifying shortly after the trial befar. The locked him are dother substances.

About 1945, Gold said, he was the continued as anyther of later the trial befar. The locked min May, 1947, a false story of his relations with Golds. Miss Bentley and that he backed him in the agents interrogated him in the stream to two specific and the the backed him in the stream to the series of meeting of ficial, and John Sam thouse the fact has the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, including the fact that the chemical engineer of reasons, i

material from him.
She said she did this and also

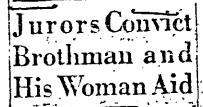
one said she did this and also rollected Brothman's Communication and design the said of 1941, when he asked for a new course necture neither she nor Golos understood the hiseprints he was supplying.

At Golos' direction, Miss Bentley supplying.
At Golos' direction, Miss Bentley saserted, the gave the chemical engineer explicit directions as to now and when to meet the new courier and told him the recogni-பல வராவி

Gold, a slightly built man with thinning hair and a morose expres-sion, picked up the story here and elaborated on it during nearly four and a half days on the stand



Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz



Each Faces 5 Years, \$5,000 Fine in Spy Case; He May Get 5 Years More

By Newton H. Fulbright
The jury in the trial of Abraham
Brothman and Muriam Moskowitz
returned a verdict of guilty on all
tharges at 8:50 o'clock last night,
deliberating three hours and 52
minutes after receiving the case
from Federal Judge Irving R.
Kaufman in United States District
Court.

The verdict was announced by the jury foreman, Miss Mary K. O'Sullivan.

Both defendants were charged with conspiracy with Harry Gold, confessed atomic spy for Russia, to defraud the United States government of its function of administrating the Federal criminal laws. Brothman was also charged with persuading Gold to give false testimony on July 31, 1947, to the Federal Grand Jury.

Under the verdict, both defendants, business associates in a chemical engineering firm, are liable to five years imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine for the conspiracy charge. Brothman faces an additional five years under the second charge and a total fine of

\$10,000.

Brothman and Miss Moskowitz were charged, between May 28, 1947, and June 12, 1947, with having conspired to defraud the United States government in its enforce-

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Spy Case

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ment of the criminal law Broth man was alleged, on a second count man was altered, on a second country on July 3: 1947, to have "advised and persuaded". Gold confessed Soviet agent, to give false testi-mony briore the grand jury that would harmonize with testimony previously given by Brothman before the same body.

Before dismissing the jurors Judge Kaufman thanked them and said: "Your verdict is an intelligent one, in accordance with the evidence presented in the case It is a complete vindication of the

Jury system.
"I cannot understand"—here he lowered his voice—"why people proceed to undermine the back-bone of our country—the country that gave them the opportunity to become educated, to provide them with a livelihood, and even a fair trial"

Turning to United States Attorney Irving H. Saypol, in charge of the prosecution, Judge Kaulman congratulated him "on a job well done."

He said the evidence Mr. Baypol presented was "excellent," that he had a difficult job scanning the statute books to find the proper law under which the government could proceed to its prosecution of the case.

Judge Kaufman turned then to the jury and said: "I know it gives me, as well as you, a feeling of great security in the knowledge that we have such an organization as the P. B. L. simply amazing." Their work is

Sentencing Set for Theaday

A little more than three minutes

Judge Kaufman act Tuerday, at 10:30 a. m. for imposition of sensences. Brothm.—thirty-six, liver med white card as the "silent wite and defeat justices, at 4:08 Forty-accond Street, Sumbyside, Queens, and Miss Mosko-man, Mr. Saypol said the card corton of 7:30 p. m. for dunier. Avenue.

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1. The property of the Tack' and defeat justices, and was out from 6:20 man, Mr. Saypol said the card corton of 7:30 p. m. for dunier. Saypol said the card corton of 7:30 p. m. for dunier. Avenue.

Judge Kaufman, in a one-hour charge to the jury, said that counstances of a meeting between Brothman's possible membership cold and Brothman and contribute the Communist party, or the importance—whether secret and classifier or innocuous of the bluepring he handles as a first Mr Saypol asserted that Brothman bolic present that Brothman told the importance of innocuous of the Mr Saypol asserted that Brothman told the bluepring he handles as a first meeting. electrice or innocume of one blueprints he handled as a chemi-cal engineer were not to be conaidered in deciding his guilt or inbocence.

Claimed He Aided Sevieta

The government claimed in tesumony against Brothman that he served a Soviet spy ring by supplying industrial chemical material to Gold for transmission to the Soviet Union, and that Miss Moskowitz knew and took part in a conspiracy to present a different story of this relationship to the Federal grand jury.
The government pinned its case

chiefly on the testimony of Gold, biochemist from Philadelphia and go-between for Dr. Klaus Puchs. imprisoned British stomic scientist,

and a Soviet apy ring.

Defense counsel William W. Kleinman, in summing up, called Gold "a traitor, a spy who testified] here to save his rotten neck."

Mr. Kleinman told the jury that the evidence strongly indicated Brothman was the "dupe" of Gold.

Guilty of Conspiracy in Spy Cas

Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz arriving at court

awaiting sentence for espionage." through Gold and Miss Bentley bebefore the jury returned its ver- Gold had admitted from the wir bause he was a Communist, and before the jury returned its very look and somitted from the wire peace it was a communist, and dict, the jurner had returned to ness stand, Mr. Kleinman argued that when the F. B. I. began to the courtroom to get from Judge that he used fails name, had known that when the F. B. I. began to the courtroom to get from Judge that he used fails name, had been the non the ring in 1947, Kaufman further explanation of contacts with Soviet agents, and the meaning of "conspiracy" in was the "Soviet superior" to Broth-with the conspired to consoctate the charge.

Judge Kaufman set Tuesday, at In reply Mr. Saypol held up a "off the track" and defeat justice.

courier, and Gold, involving cir-

"the confessed Soviet spy now man served the Soviet spy ring

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2 in Atom Case <u>Plat</u> Get Maximum Terms

Maximum prison sentences and fines were imposed yesterday on Abraham Brothman, 37, and Miriam Moskowitz, 34, convicted of conspiracy to obstruct justice during a Federal grand jury investigation.

Brothman, a chemical engineer, was sentenced to seven years and fined \$15,000. Miss Moskowitz, his former business associate, was sentenced to two years and fined \$10,000.

Miss Moskowitz wept as she left court.

Federal Judge Irving Kaufman directed that Brothman serve five years on one count and two on another, the terms to run consecutively. This means Brothman will have to serve at least five years and eight months before he can apply for paro's.

Judge Kaufman said he regretted that the law did not permit heavier penalties.

U. S. Attorney Saypol, in recommending maximum terms, told the court Brothman was "one of the most brilliant students of mathematics alive, familiar with nuclear physics, and could figure out the mathematics of any engineering problem."

Brothman was charged with inducing self-described atom spy Harry Gold to lie to the grand Jury about their relations. Miss Moskowith was convicted of conspiring with Brothman to make up the lies.

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Court Throws Book At Brothman, Moskowitz

Convicted conspirators Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz yesterday instructed their counsel not to ask for mercy as Judge Irving Kaufman imposed sentence in Federal Court. They got none.

"no sympathy, or mercy for pair. He said Brothman, 36, of these defendants" and that he regretted the law was so limited and restricted, sentenced Broth-man to seven years and fined him \$15,000. Miss Moskowitz got two years and a \$10,000 fine.

As the two came up before Judge Kaufman, their counsel, William Kleinman, stepped for-ward and said, "I have been specifically instructed by my clients

terms on a charge they conspired ter in the conspiracy. He added terms on a charge they conspired ter in the conspiracy. He added to obstruct justice, and Brothman he had information she was an example the maximum penalty active Communist who attended meetings of a Red cell in the conspiracy. He added the had information she was an active Communist who attended meetings of a Red cell in the conspiracy. He added the had information she was an active Communist who attended the had information she was an active communist who attended the had information she was an active community w corfessed atomic spy Harry Gold to nestify fasely before a Federal

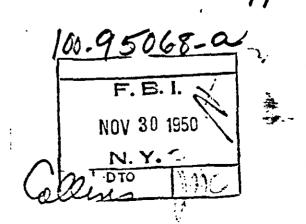
Judge Kaufman stating he had U. S. Attorney Saypol scored the 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, was engaged "in the insidious business of funnelling information, whether it be military or industrial espionage," and that "his value was such that he did not have to possess membership in any local Communist cell-he was considered to be a member of the Communist Party at large.

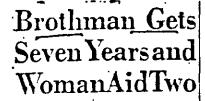
Judge Kaufman grimly looked 34. of 151 Eighth Ave., Saypol lover the pair and then threw the book at them. Both got two-year to the complete the said she was a dominant character than the complete the said she was a dominant character than the complete the said she was a dominant character than the complete the said she was a dominant character than the complete the said she was a dominant character than the Referring to Miss Moskowitz, 34, of 151 Eighth Ave., Saypol

second count. that of inducing difference at Federal hestify fasely before a Federal struction of justice laid in the before sentence was passed, background of espionage."

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\$15,000 and \$10,000 Fines in Maximum Penalty for Pair in Spy Inquiry Plot

By Newton H. Fulbright

Abraham Brothman was sentenced yesterday to serve seven years in prison and fined \$15,000. Miriam Moskowitz, his companion in a plot to obstruct justice during a Federal grand jury investigation of Soviet espionage, was sentenced to two years in jail and was fined \$10,000.

Judge Irving R. Kaufman, in imposing maximum sentences on the pair in United States District Court, expressed regret that the law under which they were convicted by a jury on Wednesday would not permit him to impose greater penalties.

"I have no sympathy or mercy for these defendants in my heart," he added—"none whatsoever."

While Brothman, a chemical engineer, and Miss Moskowitz, his business associate, exhibited deadpan expressions, Judge Kaufman said he couldn't understand why the defendants and others, "who have benefitted more than their share" under the American system, should work to overthrow the government "which protects them from tyranny."

On a count of general conspiracy, each defendant was sentenced to two years and a fine of \$10,000. On the second count, involving only Brothman, he was sentenced to an additional five years in prison and n. \$5,000 fine. Miss Moskowitz was charged only on the first count.

Judge Kaufman ordered that Brothman's term run consecutively, and that both defendants stand committed that their fines are paid.

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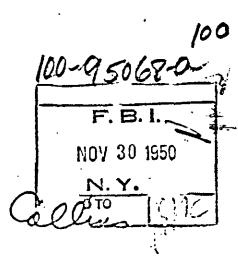
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In passing sentence on Brothman, Judge Kaufman directed that the nationer serve the full five years on count two. It becaused by the two-year sentence on count one. The sentence was made to the thing of the manner, it was learned, so that Brothman will serve a minimum of five years and minimum of only three years and eight months. He would serve a minimum of only three years and eight months were by to begin his sentence on count one.

I Under Pederal rules, Brothman will be eligible for parole—after serving the five year sentence—on one third of the remaining two years.

Takes Sentence Calmit

Brothman, thirty-six and the stather of two children, lives at shi-os Forty-second Sureet, Sunny-side, Queens. He took the sentence without emotion. Miss Moskowitz, who is thirty-four, single, and lives at 151 Eignth Avenue, raised her chin alightly. As she was led fout by a deputy woman marshall, sahe turned with tears in her eyes and waved to her aister, Claire, and blew a kiss to her father. Signund, who were seated on the front row of spectator's seats.

As the proceedings began at 10:30 a.m. defense attorney william W. Kleinman told the court that on direct instruction from the two defendants, he would not make any argument based on a feeling of sympathy.

He entered two motions, one to set aside the verdict on grounds of insufficient evidence, and one for arrest of judgment. Judge Kaufman denied both motions.

United States Attorney Irving H. Saypoi. in recommending the maximum terms under the law, told the court that "If the defendants had not engaged in their shenanigans in 1947, Harry Gold and what he did and what he stood for might have been discovered three years sooner."

Gold Principal Witness

Gold, confessed atomic spy for Russis, was the principal witness against Brothman and Miss Moskowitz. Though he was not a defendant in the case, the government-classed that Gold consuired with Brothman and Riss Moskowitz to concort a false story of their espionage activities, which Gold and Brothman related to a special grand jury investigating espionage. Brothman was also charged with having influenced Oold to tell a false story to the same grand jury.

Mr. Saypol, in his recommendations to the court, and that "the activities" of Brothman "threatened the welfare and safety of the rountry and the well-being and peace of the populace."

He called Brothman a "brilliant mathematician" whose knowledge of nuclear physics would be of use to any country "even without returns to theft or conversion."

2-IN-SPY CASE GET MAXIMUM PENALTY

Brothman to Serve 7 Years, Pay \$15,000, Miss Moskowitz

2 Years and \$10,000

By EDWARD BANZAL

Abraham Brothman and Muriam Moskowitz, ponvioted of obstituciing justice during an espionage inverugation, maked no sympathy yesterday before being sentenced. They received none. Federal Judge Irving P. Kaufman gave the maximum prison term. Regretting that he could not im-

pose suffer penalties, Judge Kauf-, man sentenced Brothman, 36-yearold chemical engineer, of 41-05. Forty-second Street, Sunnyside, Queens, to seven years in prison and a fine of \$15,000. Miss Moskowitz, 34, Brothman's business associate, of 151 Eighth Avenue, received two years and a \$10,000

fine. Both are to remain committed until their fines are paid. Brothman was named in two! counts and Miss Moskowitz in one:

of a conspiracy indictment. They were found guilty by a Federal Court jury of influencing the tes-timony of Harry Gold, admitted Sout atom spy, in 1947 before a

Judge Kaulman, in imposing the maximum sentences, said he had no sympathy or mercy for these defendants; none whatsoever." He regretted that the law under which

Federal grand jury.

they were convicted last week "is so limited and restricted."

Throughout the hour-long proceedings, the two defendants stood

impassively before the bench. The first order of procedure was two motions by William W. Kleinman, of defense counsel. He asked that the verdict be net axide and also the judgement be arrested. The motions were denieds
United States Attorney Irving

H. Saypol then told the court he would not enlarge on the gravity of the offense. He said the defende arms' activities were inimical to the welfare and safety of the country, the well-being and peace of the perple.

He added that "this insidious business of funneling information whether it be military or industrial espionage," was what Brothman engaged in. He described him as "one of the most brilliant students mathematics alive, familiar with nuclear physics, who could figure out the mathematics of any

engineering problem."
This mathematical knowledge, the prosecutor asserted, would be of use to any country "even without resorting to their or conver-

There is information, he con-tinued "that his value was such that he did not have to possess membership in any local Communist cell He was considered to be a member of the Communist party SAC ASAC! ASAC 2 SEC.1 SEC 2 SEC. 3 6EC. 4 EEC : SEC 7 SEC. S ೬೯೦. ಶ SEC. 11 SEC. 12 NIGHT SUPERVISOR PROPERTY CLERK TRAINING UNIT

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Woman Called Active Bed

Referring to Miss Moslowitz, the Government attorney said she was "an active Communist" who attended meetings of a Communist cell in the Chelses distinct in 1945 and 1949. There was no evidence, the prosecutor said, that she engaged in explohage or was involved in Brothman's activities before 1947.

Judge Kaufman said the crime was "an aggravated case of obstruction of justice laid in the background of espionage." He called the statute under which the two defendants were convicted "one of the most important on the statute books because it is a safeguard of the judicial process."

"It is beyond my comprehension

"It is beyond my comprehension that snyone would commit a crime such as this," he continued. "What is strange is that the very country that they sought to undermine gave them a fair and impartial trial, something they could not have obtained from the very country they country they country they country they are the said."

try they sought to aid.

There are so few safe havens remaining on earth today that I can't understand why these defendants and others would seek to destroy that which protects them from tyranny.

When sentence had been imposed, Brothman wheeled on his heels and walked rapidly to the detention cell. Miss Moskowitz, tears in her eyes, turned toward the spectators waved to her sister, Claire, then blew a kiss to her father, Sigmund. Head bowed, ahe was led from the court room by a matron.



U.S. Issues New Security Rules For Screening Alien Diplomats

The government today published "nominal membership" in Nazi, new immigration rules to broaden Fascist or Spanish Palangist Courtice Department powers for groups will not prevent temporary acreening the retinues of diplo-entries. matic and United Nations delegations who enter this country.

effect by their publication in the joining-up for reasons of necessity. Federal Register, official govern-enciat gazette. The action was ment gazette. taken under the new internal securat lev.

 Immigration Service experts who have been working on the new rules since the bulky law went on the books more than two

tions, "following the statute as who has had seven years' residence closely as it can be interpreted," in this country provide in general:

the United States to engage in gress, on each "inadmissable" activities prejudicial to the public alien temporarily let in by the Atinterest or which would endanger torney General under a special exthe welfare and safety of the Unitemption order ed States are mandatorily barred. Set we

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28 (P)-1Howard McGrain has ruled that

He has defined nominal membership as meaning an affiliation The regulations took immediate before sixteen years of age, or a

To date there is no such "noininal" exemption for Communists.

Nor is any Justice Department exemption provided for aliens bent on subversive missions.

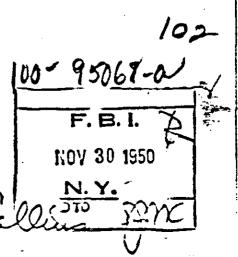
Otherwise, the regulations:

Wipe out the previous discremonths ago admitted that many tionary authority of the Attorney fine points remain to be worked General to readmit for permaout in enforcement procedures, nent residence an alien who has However, they said the regula- had a forbidden affiliation but

Require a detailed information That aliens who seek to enter sheet, for the information of Con-

except for ambasadors, public ministers and career diplomatic or
consular officials accredited by a
foreign government recognized by

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one; deem necessary.

tion Service, means that: Officially accredited diplomats. accepted by the President, may all resident aliens in the councontinue to come and go with their try by requesting a report during

may be questioned and barred by and address. Buch resident aliens immigration officials if there is previously had to give notice only evidence of staff activity endan-upon making a change of address. gering the safety of the nation.

may be barred by immigration of deportation, pending a final deheisls if his purpose is to engage portation ruling. Such detention in activity against this nation's has already been challenged in welfare or safety.

or other subversive activity. Top Immigration Service offi-

As to diplomatic and interna-Lional organization groups, the aregulations do not raise any bar to admission solely because of present or former membership in a totalitarian organization, as the law does with aliens generally.

May Bestrict Movement However, in the cases of advisory experts, clerical help, news-

men and photographers accompanying foreigo delegations here, the Justice Department may place restrictions on their physical movements because of such affililation and order exclusion upon

evidence of subversive activity. For the first time, the new regilulations specifically list present or former membership in the (Communist party as an absolute thar to United States admission for the alien private citizen. The haw also bars present or former members of "other totalitarian

parties," but Attorney General J.

None of this class may be ex- or immoral person re-enters thewhided, except as the President Falls, he may be immediately deported atain without Thu, according to the Immigra-hearing Only proper adentificatuon" would be required.

Establish an annual census of immediate families at the pleasure the first ten days of each new so: the Fresioent, but their aud year on their current whereabouts Authorize continued detention. Any delegate to the United Na- at the discretion of the Attorney tions, including the chief delegate. General, of aliens arrested for

the courts

Any "lower exhelon" member of Set up close supervision for a U. K. or other international organization delegation may be kept out if there is reason to believe he would be likely to engage in espionage, asbotage, public disorder imprisonment.

Revise the naturalization rules cials emphasized that there are to require that the applicant, if no plans for re-examining the under fifty, speak, read and write numerous U. N. delegations or the English language. The old litdiplomatic missions in this coun-eracy requirement only covered ability to speak the language and to sign one's name.

Judge Throws Book at Gold's 2 Red Spy Pals

Voicing regret that the law reestricted him from dealing out pun-.ishment as heavy as they merited, .Federal Judge Irving Kaufman yesterday imposed maximum sentences on two grim-faced U. S. Reds convicted of conspiracy to abstruct justice by helping conceal

the activities of atom-spy Harry :Cold To Abraham Brothman, 36-yearadd chemical engineer, of 41-08 42d St., Sunnyside, Queens, went a term of seven years and a fine of

\$15,000.

Calls Him Spy. " Espionage is what he engaged in, regardless of the lesser charges on which he was tried," U. S. Atdorney Irving H. Saypol told the court. "If these defendants bado't indulged in their shenanigans in 1947 when the federal investigation started, Harry Gold and the things he stood for and did might have been discovered three years extlier.

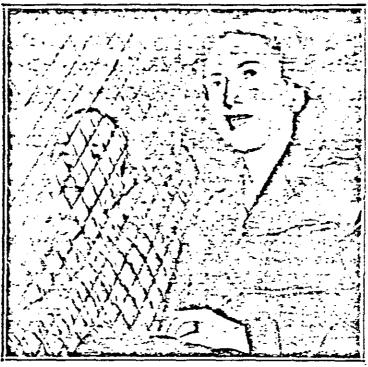
Miriam Moskowitz, 34, of 151 Dighth Ave.-who, Saypol implied, the been closer to Brothman than -o-conspirator and business assodiete-drew two years and a \$10,-**\$000 fine**.

- Judge Kaufman said he could Seel no mercy for the pair, whose traitorous conduct was beyond his comprehension.

What is strange," he said, "is that the very country that they rght to undermine gave them a air and inpartial trial, something J could not have obtained from the country they sought to aid.

Scores Destructiveness.

There est so few safe havens remaining on earth today that I can't understand why these de-



Ibraham Brothman and Miriam Muskowitz, separated by a wire gate in a prison van, manage faint smiles as they are taken from Federal Court yesterday to begin their prison terms.

destroy that which protects them however, a defendant can escape from tyranny."

Brothman drew five years and a \$5,000 fine on a charge of obstructing justice, based on Gold's revelation on the witness stand that Brothman had coached him to lie to a federal grand jury. On the conspiracy count - grounded on misicading statements to FBI men and the grand jury to shield Gold, who formerly was with Brothman's firm, he was given two years and a \$10,000 fine. "

Card Carrier, He Bays.

Miss Moskowitz had been found guilty of conspiracy. Judge Italman ordered Brothman's terms to:

payment of a fine by taking a pauper's eath and proving lack of

Saypol, before

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run consecutively and directed that the couple stay failed until their Sendants and others would seek to fines are paid. Under federal law, scribed Miss Moskowitz as antiant mathematician, so valuable to

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tive member of the Communist the Reds that "he did not have to sarty who had attended meetings be a member of any local rell but the Chelsez section in 1948-49. was considered a member of the pictured Brothman as a bril- Communist Party at large. 113LI

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2 Refused Bail in

The U. S. Court of Appeals unanimously denied an application yesterday for bail for Abraham Brothman and Mission Merchant Merchan kowitz, recently convicted of conspiracy to obstruct justice and later sentenced to seven and two years in prison, respectively.

and two years in prison, respectively.

Brothman also was found guilty of persuading Harry Gold, sentenced as an atomic spy for Russia, to make false statements under oath before a Federal grand jury investigating subversive activities. Brothman, 36 chemical engineer, lived at 41.08 ladd St., Sunnyside, and Missi Moskowitz, 34 his business associate, at 151 Eighth Ave.

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Plot Denied Bail
Requests for bail by Abraham
Brothman, 36-year-old chemical engineer, and Miriam Moskowitz, 84,

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Conviction of 2 Upheld On One Count in Spy Case:

The United States Court of Appeals affirmed yesterday the conviction of Abraham Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz for conspiracy to obstruct justice in the Harry Gold atomic spy case, but reversed Brothman's conviction on a second count of trying to persuade Gold to give false testimony to a 1947 grand jury.

The two were sentenced last November to two years in prison and fined \$10,000 each on the conspiracy count. Brothman was sentenced to an additional five years

and fined \$5,000 on the second count.

The court, in an opinion written by Chief Judge Thomas W. Swam agreed with defense counsel that Brothman's attempt to get Gold to lie to the grand Jury occurred in Brooklyn and Queens, which are it the Eastern Judicial District.

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Guilt of Brothman and Miss Moskowitz In Atom Spy Plot Is Upheld on Appeal

The conviction of Abraham District of New York although Brothman and Miriam Moskowitz Gold's testimony was given in the on charges of conspiracy growing Southern District.
out of the Harry Gold atom spy
case was affirmed yesterday by the

"The Government's only answer
asse was affirmed yesterday by the

United States Court of Appeals.

They were sentenced last November to prison terms of two trial in the Southern District withyears each and fines of \$10,000 out objection.

each on the conspiracy count. The
court, however, reversed the conwould not know that venue would
viction of Brothman on a count in not be proved unit the prescution's

sation between Gold and Brothman she was not shown to have been a took place in Brooklyn and Queens, party to it."

and not in Manhattan as charged "An examination of the record by the prosecution.

Convinced us beyond doubt that

Judges Learned Hand and Augus-added.
tus N. Hand concurred, Judge Brothman, a chemical engineer

timony took place in the Eastern at 151 Eighth Avenua

the indictment that charged him evidence was closed; he then moved with attempting to persuade Gold for a directed verdict."

to give false testimony before a

Federal grand jury in 1945. On on the insufficiency of the evidence
that count Brothman was sento prove her participation in the that count Brothman was sen opposed and on prejudicial error fined \$5.000.

In his appeal Brothman raised the point that the Government substantive offense." His attorneys contended that the alleged conversation between Gold and Brothman and Gold, but contends sation between Gold and Brothman and sation between the such a conspiracy existed between sation between Gold and Brothman and Gold, but contends

In the court's opinion, in which the contention is groundless," it

Thomas W. Swan wrote:

"Concededly all of Brothman's Sunnyside, Queens. Miss Mos'endeavors' to influence Gold's teskowitz, his business associate, lived

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