

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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(JONESTOWN)

BUFILE NUMBER: 89-4286 (BULKY 2018)

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The events contained herein are all verifiable. They have caused us to believe that Peoples Temple is the object of individuals and/or agencies whose single intent is to disrupt and systematically destroy our work and programs, and our pastor, Jim Jones. The scope of their attacks is from our local programs in San Francisco to our agricultural project in Guyana, South America. Attempts to destroy us have been most unsuccessful, but we believe the actions of people we know to be involved are immoral in a country that claims to grant and protect freedom of religious and political expression within its bounds.

This is by no means the full story of hate and harassment Peoples Temple has experienced: the destruction of our church building by arson; the threats on our Pastor's life and the lives of his family; the numerous other abuses that would take too long to tell. What follows are selected events which have taken place over the past few months and which we believe constitute evidence of an organized effort to tear down our work. We also believe that the collusion we have discovered here is only the "tip of the iceberg." It possibly involves the highest levels of government and the military.

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U.S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

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INTRODUCTION

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What follows is background information gathered from various sources on Mr. David Conn. Mr. Conn's name comes up repeatedly in these pages. Our first recollection of him was seven years ago when he attended Peoples Temple Christian Church. He did not like the services and did not return thereafter.

Rowever, in recent months Mr. Conn has made himself known again. He approached Dennis Banks and asked him to sign a statement against the Temple. (Mr. Banks notified us immediately of Mr. Conn's visit.) We have heard him and his wife Donna talk about having high priority numbers" with the Treasury Department. We have evidence that he has contacted various ones who have left the church membership and asked them for information about us. He was seen sitting in the background of a recent press conference held with people who have come out against the Temple. He has called in his name and telephone number to a local radio station as a source of information on Peoples Temple for anyone wishing to contact him.

We believe that David Conn has been conducting an investigation on Peoples Temple for some six or seven years.

We have reason to believe, also, that he is conducting a concerted campaign to destroy our organization. We believe he is being sponsored in this campaign. We do not know for a fact who is sponsoring him, but from the things that we have heard and seen, we do surmise he is in some way connected with the Treasury Department. We submit the following papers to document conversations and activities which we feel constitute an investigation of Peoples Temple and our pastor, Jim Jones, by David Conn working as an agent of or somehow in collusion with the U.S. Department of Treasury.

CHAPTER ONE

Peoples Temple received a call from Dennis Banks and Leighman Brightman saying that two people were coming over to Brightman's house that night with "some information" they claimed to have about Peoples Temple. Banks and Brightman invited the church to send some of our members to their house to listen to this meeting. They said they would notify us when the people had arrived.

We received the arranged notice from Mr. Brightman and several church members went over to his house. They stayed outside on the sidewalk and on the driveway until a young Natiwe American came out of the house and got into a car. One of the Temple members photographed him at the time. Immediately thereafter Mr. Brightman came out of the house and stated that no pictures were to be taken. He then invited the group of Temple members to come up on the property and listen in on the conversations going on with Mr. Conn from a position he directed them to under an open window. The group did as he instructed, but found it difficult to have more than two people stand by the window without risking exposure. So one of the persons stayed under the window to take notes and the others took turns listening in.

When Mr. Conn and his Native American associate had both left Brightman's home, two of the Temple members went into the home at Mr. Brightman's invitation. Present were Dennis Banks, Leighman Brightman, two or three other young Native
Americans, and the two Temple members. One of the young Native
Americans had been taking notes during the previous conversations.
Banks and Brightman also had taken notes throughout the meeting _
with Conn. (These notes are included as exhibits herein.)

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Brightman said he had been contacted several months before by this same young Native American man who had accompanied Conn that night. At that time he had asked to set up a meeting with Conn and Banks regarding Jim Jones, but Brightman had refused saying that he had appreciated what Jim Jones had done for him earlier in Ukiah.

It was this same person who had set up the meeting that actually did take place that night. The man had contacted Brightman's wife and Brightman had returned his call. At that time Brightman had agreed to set up the meeting with Conn and it was scheduled for a future date. The man had called back, however, saying that the meeting would have to be sooner and asked for it that night.

Brightman said, and it was confirmed by those who had been listening outdoors, that the young Native American man did not know all the things about Peoples Temple that were discussed that night. Brightman concluded the man was being used by Conn as a means of gaining access to himself and Dennis Banks.

(Brightman's neighbors observed the people who were listening under the window. They said later they could see clearly what was going on from the windows bordering on his property.)

CHAPTER TWO

INFORMATION GATHERED FROM UNDER CONNS' HOUSE

Dennis Banks, leader of the American Indian Movement, showed his notes and information on David Conn to Peoples
Temple members. Members then checked out Conn's address and found it to be 2314 Damuth, Omkland, California. To discover the identity of this man David Conn, we gained entrance to his house through an open garage door and smaller trap door that led to the area beneath the house. We went under the house a total of five times. From there we could distinctly hear conversations of Donna Conn, her ex-husband David Conn, and Donna's daughter Susan. Sounds in the house were so audible to us that we could hear even a deep sigh. The hearing was augmented by the fact that the house's central heating system provided a natural sound duct from all parts of the house to a certral opening under the house.

On the first occasion, we went under the house at approximately 10:30 PM sometime in early May, 1977. Entry under the house had followed upon a planned phone call to the Conns which was intended to provoke conversation related to Peoples Temple; it was our objective to flush out the alleged information Mr. Conn claimed to have and to determine in what capacity he was acting. The conversation going on as we came within earshot related to international politics,

"monolithic communism," the Korean situation -- all from a radical right-wing point of view. The intended phone call came within two or three minutes, and Donna Conn received it. She became extremely agitated and began talking in a near hysterical voice. The caller claimed to be a free-lance reporter who had heard Conn's number quoted and wanted information regarding Peoples Temple. Donna Conn became alarmed when the caller would not leave a return address or telephone number. She was not convinced this was a reporter at all. She and David, who was visiting there at the time, speculated as to who it might really have been.

At this point, Donna asked David and his friend, someone by the name of Larry, to leave the house. She told David to park his car down the block and not in front of her house in the future. She said he was followed there. Evidently she felt that the phone call was a result of David's being there. She told him that several unrelated and unexplained incidents had occurred recently. Her water hose had been left running "for two hours," her "car was messed up," her gas had been turned off, and she said this was the third such anonymous phone call she had received. She associated David's presence in her home with these incidents, apparently because she knew of some "investigatory" work he was involved in. She asked him to take precautions next time he came and to call an agent for help. His response was, "What can he do about it?" David left shortly thereafter.

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When David and Larry left, they drove around the block twice and were followed by one of our members who was watching from the street. David came back into the house to tell Donna she was right, he had been followed there. Then he left again and drove off.

When David was gone, Donna called her daughter on the phone and told her to come home immediately. She told Susan to have her boyfriend walk her to the door when they arrived. She then began calling a series of friends, perhaps five calls in all. The first person she contacted was named Ann. She explained to Ann that certain strange things had been happening to her, the same things she had described to David earlier, and about the phone calls she had received. Part of her conversation was that she had a "high priority number" that she could call and, with no questions asked, she could get people there with guns in five minutes. Her exact words were, "They have guns and everything." In response to whatever comment Ann made at that point, Donna answered, "No, it's higher than that," referring to the high priority number.

After she talked to Ann, Donna called a person named Bruce, whom we later heard her refer to jokingly as "Bruce Alexander." She told him she was just letting him know there could be a problem and he should be ready to leave immediately, if she should call back.

Next she called another friend, no name ascertained, to

whom she mentioned that "Bruce didn't know very much."

Details that were remembered in subsequent, random fashion from further phone calls were: "The number is known now, but I am afraid to change it because then they will know there is no man in the house. I have gone to great lengths to show there is a man in the house." She said she had been thinking for a long time her phone was tapped.

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A half-hour later she called Ann back and told her to talk to Susan and convince her to stay the week-end at Ann's house, since she did not want to leave Susan alone in the house, especially since the last phone call.

Then we overheard an argument between Donna and Susan and heard Donna scream, "They will get you, trying to get to your dad!"

A half-hour later Bruce showed up. Donna tried to get Susan to go to into the other room so that Donna could talk to Bruce. Susan was watching a TV show and refused to go. All three watched the show together. It involved civil rights and black people, apparently, because Donna and Bruce made racist remarks throughout the movie. At one point Donna said, "I wish Larry were here, he would crack up." The story line, as best we could discern it, was about a black lawyer from the North who went to the South and experienced severe oppression there.

Bruce went in to take a bath when the movie ended. Donna went into the bathroom and began talking about Peoples Temple

in general terms to Bruce. She had something she wanted to show him, and at first she could not find it. She was afraid she might have thrown it out, because she said, "I am afraid to have it on me. " Then we heard the words, "Treasury Agent..." Again laughter.

Then, "I am official, too. I have the secret code. A secret number ..." Bruce replied, "How much does Sue know about this?" Donna replied: "Enough to be scared to death...But not that much...But enough to know not to go to the authorities. And that's just where we want it."

At this point, almost 3:00 AM, Bruce asks Donna to tell him more about all this. Donna refuses to discuss it further saying that it would take hours to explain it all. "I don't know all the pieces myself," she said. "David is more informed than I am and one of my sources has clammed up. The way I understand it works, if _ am not involved, I shouldn't be bothered. " Then she went further and said, "David didn't do anything wrong, but he was involved in the investigation." Then she suggested they talk about it Friday or Saturday. Donna continued to express anxiety about the phone calls, and Bruce made the statement, "Haven't you read enough books to know what is going on? Haven't you read...(inaudible)... blackmail?"

In the bedroom she made the statement, "A nice man from the Company... The Company is the CIA..." They went to bed and after an interval of small talk, Donna asked Bruce, "Have you ever heard of Jim Jones?" He replied with something inaudible, and she said, "Never mind." She went on to say,
"Isn't there something we can do?...It is private property...
Police.."(This part to the end is very insudible.)

On a subsequent occasion, we went under the house at approximately 9:30 PM and heard Donna talking to her friend Ann, who was also in the house. They were discussing David's involvement in surreptitious activities about which Donna was confessing extreme curiosity. She told Ann that she was "Extremely curious about David's connections. For example, I am just dying to know who was on the other end of that phone call." Donna called David on the phone and pumped him for information, especially regarding Peoples Temple and what he knew about other radical organizations. She tape recorded that conversation and played it back for Ann to listen to, and both gloated over Donna's considerable skill at getting information out of David. We could understand quite a bit of the tape replay.

In the course of the tape, we heard David describe Temple history from the time Jim Jones was Human Rights Commissioner in Indianapolis, and his exodus to California. David quoted old articles that appeared several years ago in the press authored by Lester Kinsolving. He named the journalist and the newspaper, the Indianapolis Star. He brought Donna up-to-date in general terms of our settlement in Redwood Valley and the relocation and growth in San Francisco. During the course of the conversation, Donna asked questions about "Mert" and "Larry Tupper" and particularly about Mert's involvement in Temple activities. She was curious about his role as the

church photographer and about Larry Tupper's court case for the custody of his children. Donna also asked David about Deanna Mertle's role in the Temple and "what they had on her?" David's response was inaudible, but Donna's reply was, "Oh, that's gross!"

Donna and Ann spent some time congratulating themselves for being able to "work David like a pump." Donna raised the question of Jim's self-proclaimed socialist posture: "Why can he get away with openly calling himself a communist in his public meetings?" Ann explained that "When you proclaim yourself a member of a minority organization such as the Panthers or the AIM, then you are suspect and can no longer walk the streets safely. But, if you proclaim yourself to be a communist, you can do just about anything you want...."

A third visit produced no information, probably because the daughter had friends in the house. The phone call provoked no comment from Donna. Even though her daughter asked questions about the call, Donna passed the call offlightly.

In a subsequent visit, David and Susan were home alone. There were no conversations pertinent to Peoples Temple except one thing. Immediately after the phone call, Susan said to David, "What are they bothering us for?" She made the remark, "I wish they would sink them to the bottom of the ocean." David went into the bathroom and called out from there to Susan: "What do you think we ought to do about it, Susan? Call the police or something?" She replied, "What good would

that do?" His query to her was in a testing tone of voice, obviously staged and intending to sound her out on her guard against alerting the authorities.

At one point Susan asked David why Peoples Temple was — harassing them like this. He replied to her that the Temple was running scared. They knew the articles on them were about to break, and now with John Barbagelata's initiative coming up...(at this point his voice dropped off). Susan, at some point in the conversation, remarked to David that the garbage was missing. He said, "Susan, are you <u>sure</u> the garbage is missing?" She said, "Yes, it was half full and I went out the next morning and it was all gone."

On one occasion we heard Donna ask how Peoples Temple had gotten the number of the house, and then she said something about how the number must have come off of a letter that she had written to Van Amberg. She surmised Van Amberg must have told Peoples

Temple. She also talked about the tape of the last call that she said Peoples Temple had made to their house. She said the caller had threatened to burn the place down, and that she had taped the call. She said she had sent the tape to the lab, and wanted whoever it was she was talking to to hear it sometime.

Our entrances under the Conns' house ended with this last episode.

(abridged)

SOME STATEMENTS THAT DAVID AND CONNA CONN HAVE MADE

-talk about international politics, monolithic communism, the

Korean situation - - all from a radical right wing point of view._

-Donna tells David and his friend, someone naned Larry, to leave the house. She told David to park his car down the block and not in front of the house in the future. She said that he was followed ther Donna talked about how her water hose had been left running for two hours, her car was messed up, her gas had been turned off, and she sa that she had received three anonymous phone calls.

- -Donna asked David to call an agent for help and he says what can they do?.
- -Donn talks to a person named Ann. Donna tells Ann that she has a high priority number and that all she would have to do is make one call and people could be there with guns in five minutes.
- -Donna calls Bruce and asks him to be ready to come over and help her.
- -Donna calls someone else and says that "Bruce doesn't know very much".
- -Donna says "The phone number is known now, but I am afraid to chang it because then they will know that there is no man in the house.
- I have gone to great lengths to show that there is a man in the house
- Donna asks Ann to ask Susan to stay with her for the weekend becuase Donna doesn't want Susan to be alone in the house ,especially since the last phone call.
- -Donna says to Susan "They will get you, trying to get your Dad."

 -Donna says to Bruce "I am afraid to have it on me....Treasury

 Agent....(laughter)....Treasury Agent.... I am official too... I

 have a secret code and a secret number.."

 "How much does

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Susan know about this" says Bruce. Donna replies " Enough to be scared to death....but not that much....but enough to know not to go to the authorities. And that is just where we want it." -Donna says about Peoples Temple: " I don't know all the pieces myse David is more informed than I am and one of my sources has clammed up."

-Donna says" The way I understand it, If I am not involved I should be bothered David didn't do anything wrong, but he was involved in the investigation." Bruce says " Haven't you read enough books to know what is going on.....haven't you read.....blackmail."

-Donna says " A nice man from the Company... The company is the CIA ' -Donna says " Have you heard about Jim Jones....never mind.... isn' there something we can do?.....It is private property....police/.... -Donna tells Ann that she is extremely curious about Davids connecti "I am just dying to find out who was on the other end of that phone call." Donna tells Ann that she pumps David for information. Donna calls David to "pump" him about Peoples Temple and other radical organizations. She tape recorded the conversation and playe it back for Ann to listen to. The tape played back revealed that David gave a rundown of the History of Peoples Temple. It was detail The tape mentions Larry Tupper and a court case over his children at also Mert and Deanna Mertle. Ann asks what "they have on Deanna"

- -Susan tells her dad that she wishes Peoples Temple would be sunk to the bottom of the ocean.
- -Susan tells her dad that the garbage is missing.

and Donna replies and Ann says "Oh, thats grosse".

- -Donna mentions that Peoples Temple must have been given the Conn's number by Van Amberg.
- -Donna talks about a tape they have that has been "sent to the lab" X-4-b-19

CHAPTER THREE

Treasury Department: Response to Peoples Temple
Inquiry about David Conn and other apparent
Treasury Department representatives' probes with
regard to Peoples Temple.

After hearing that David Conn was in some way connected with the Treasury Department, Mr. Prokes wrote to that Department asking them what the facts were about any investigation that might involve Peoples Temple. The letters included here are the responses to our inquiries. Both Mr. Tropp and Mr. Prokes wrote letters of inquiry. Responses came from the Internal Revenue Service, the Treasury Department, and U.S. Customs Service.

In April, 1977, Rev. James Purifoy, a former member of Peoples Temple, reached Jim Jones by telephone in Guyana. He was calling because he had received a call from a person who said he worked for the Treasury Department and wanted to know anything Mr. Purifoy could remember about Jim Jones and Peoples Temple. Rev. Purifoy did not talk to the agent other than to say that he had nothing to say. Mr. Purifoy's address, as we last knew it, is 35 E. Santa Ana St., Fresno, California. His phone number is 227-8068. Following the

letters included herein, is an affidavit of Sandra Bradshaw and Tom Adams, members of Peoples Temple who were present at Rev. Purifoy's home when he made the call to Jim Jones. They verify the fact that Rev. Purifoy did indeed call Jim Jones in Guyana and relate to him the account of his call from the Treasury Department agent.

(It might also be noted here that in the notes which Dennis Banks took during the meeting with David Conn, there is mention that "Grace (Stoen) had been visited by the Treasury agents.")

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State of California City and County of SaniFrancisco)

Affidavit of BETTY CARROLL

I. Betty Carroll, being duly sworn to declare that:

I lived with Elmer and Deanna Mertle in Redwood Valley, California, when both they and I were members of Peoples Temple Christian Church. One afternoon a man came to the house who claim ed to be a long-standing friend of Elmer Mertle's. The two of them went out to the bridge which leads to the house and talked for a long time.

Recently, I saw a man by the name of David Conn interviewed on Channel 2 by reporter Jim Clancey. I recognized the man, David Conn, as the same man who had come to the house to talk to Elmer Mertle while I was staying with them.

at I Coursel

Signed before me this 25 th day of September , 1977.

THE REMARKE

City and County of San Francisco

Official Saal
James R. Bandolph
Botary Public - Cold.
Principal Office in
Bandolph County
by commission expires Oct. 7, 1978

X-4-b-22



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY BAREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND FIREARMS WASHINGTON, D.C. 20226

MAY 0 9 1977

Mr. Richard D. Tropp P.O. Box 15157 San Francisco, California 94115

Dear Mr. Tropp:

This is in response to your letter dated April 20, 1977, received in this office April 25, 1977, requesting information in ATF files concerning the Peoples Temple of the Deciples of Christ.

A search of our electronic record system and a physical search of our file records reveals no file or other information of any kind concerning the Peoples Temple of the Deciples of Christ.

Sincerely yours,

Paul Mosny

Assistant to the Director (Disclosure)



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

U.S. CUSTOMS SERVICE SAN FRANCISCO, CA.

JUN 2 7 1977

MEFER TO

ADM-3:C

Mr. Richard D. Tropp Post Office Box 15157 San Francisco, California 94115

Dear Mr. Tropp:

Your letter dated April 20, 1977, refers to a letter written previously by a representative of the Peoples Temple to several governmental "gencies indicating officials of the Peoples Temple were under some type of official "scrutiny". You have asked us to clarify what you term to be a "fishing expedition".

Although this office is unaware of such a letter being directed to this agency, we did receive a copy of a letter from Mr. Michael J. Prokes, addressed to the Internal Revenue Service, Washington, D.C. The letter mentions no activity or incidents involving the United States Customs Service.

We are unaware of any activity by Customs officials in this Region of the Customs Service which would be in the nature of a "fishing expedition" as discussed in your letter.

The Customs Service does have broad responsibility for enforcing many laws and regulations concerning the entry of merchandise and other items into this country, as well as the exportation of many items. Necessarily encompassed within this responsibility is the requirement to investigate any suspected violations of those laws.

I trust that this clarifies any concern that you might have with the functions of the Customs Service. Please let us know if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely yours,

Robert N. Battard Regional Commissioner

REPLY TO: REGIONAL COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SUITE 1000, 211 MAIN STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CA. 94105 X-4-5-24

Internal Reven

Departn(t of the Treasury

District Director

620 Folsom St. San Francisco, Calif. 94107

Person to Contact:

Telephone Number:

Mr. Michael J. Prokes Associate Minister Peoples Temple of the Disciples of Christ P.O. Box 15023 San Francisco, CA 94115

Refer Reply to: EO:1

Date: JUN 10 1972

Dear Sir:

Reference your letter of May 20, 1977, to Mr. Stan Long.

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This office is not conducting an examination of your organization at this time.

If an examination is conducted in the future, it will be carried out under procedures that are in effect at that time.

It is recommended that if your organization is contacted by someone claiming to represent the Treasury Department that you ask them for Treasury Department credentials.

All Internal Revenue Service employees are issued pocket commissions which will identify them as Treasury Department employees.

ACTING Chief, EP/EO Division

Address any reply to:

US Treasury Department Intelligence Division 2. 0. 30x 36050 Sen Francisco, CA 94102 District Structure

Internal Revenue Service

I:WCL

Hr. Richard D. Tropp Peoples Temple of the Disciples of Christ P. O. Box 15157 Sam Francisco, CA 94115

Dear Mr. Tropp:

Before we responded to your letter dated April 20, 1977, regarding any investigative action by the Internal Revenue Service concerning the Peoples Temple of the Disciples of Christ, a delegation from the Peoples Temple visited our office. The delegation was lead by Mr. Michael J. Prokes. Mr. Prokes spoke with Group Manager Paul H. Wall of our office.

It is my understanding that Reverend Prokes raised the same questions that are expressed in your letter. Group Manager Wall explained to the delegation the rules and regulations pertaining to the Freedom of Information Act. Subsequently, Group Manager Wall wrote to Reverend Prokes outlining the Freedom of Information Act procedures.

If you do not have convenient access to the material regarding the Freedom of Information Act procedures which was sent to Raverend Prokes, please advise, and I will send you the same material.

Very truly yours,

William C. La Follett

Assistant Chief, Intelligence Division

US Treasury Department Intelligence Division P. O. Box 36050

San Francisco, CA 94102 PISTRIBLE BIR BELL

Internal Revenue Service

i in reply refer to.

5 MAY 1977

Mr. Michael J. Prokes Peoples Temple of the Disciples of Christ P. O. Box 15023

San Francisco, CA 94115

Dear Reverend Prokes:

The copy of your letter dated April 17, 1977, addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has been referred to me for reply.

I understand that you and a delegation from the Peoples Temple visited our office on April 25, 1977 and discussed the questions raised in your letter with Group Manager Paul R. Wall of this office. I also understand that Group Manager Wall explained the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act to you, and later mailed you additional information regarding the Freedom of Information Act.

If, after your discussion with Group Manager Wall, you still desire additional information, any information that is releasable to authorized representatives of the Peoples Temple, under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, will be relessed, in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Very truly yours,

William C. La Follet

William C. LaFollett Assistant Chief, Intelligence Division

Department of the Treasury

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Internal Revenue Service Washington, DC 20224

MAY 5 1977

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Raverend Michael J. Prokes
Peoples Temple of the Disciples
of Christ
P. O. Box 15023
San Francisco, California 94115

Dear Reverend Prokes:

Your Communication Dunch: April 17, 1977

In se: Peoples Temple of the Disciples

of Christ

Thank you for your recent communication.

The information you need is in the office of the Director at the address shown below. To give you better service, we have sent your communication to him and asked that he reply directly to you.

If you have any further questions about this matter, that office will be glad to help you.

Sincerely yours,

J. Bardette, Chief Exempt Organizations Operations Branch

Internal Revenue Service
620 Folsom Street
3rd Floor
San Francisco, California 94107
Attn: Chief, EP/EO Division

Form M-5892 (Rev. 6-73) Part 1

(;

X-4-5-28

Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service Center Western Region Fresno, California

P.O. Box 12866, Fresno, Calif. 93779

Person to Contact: Richard Zanarini

Telephone Number: (209) 488-6524

Refer Reply to:

A:DO Disclosure

May 16, 1977

Eugene Chaikin, Attorneyat-Law

P.O. Box 15156

San Francisco, CA 94115

Re: Timothy O. Stoen, Past Chairman of the Board of Peoples Temple Christian Church

Dear Mr. Chaikin:

Me received your Freedom of Information Act request, dated May 7, 1977. Recently, we discovered that you have a similar request pending in the San Francisco District Office; therefore, we are forwarding this request to be associated and handled in conjunction with their case.

Any further questions or additional requests should be directed to the San Francisco District Disclosure Officer. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Richard Zanarini Disclosure Officer

Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service Center Western Region Fresno, California P.O. Box 12866, Fresno, Calif. 93779

Person to Contact: Richard Zanarini

Telephone Number: (209) 488-6524

Refer Reply to:

A:DO Disclosure

Date:

May 16, 1977

Peoples Temple of the Disciples of Christ Attn: Jean F. Brown, Asst. Secretary P.O. Box 15023 San Francisco, CA 94115

Dear Ms. Brown:

We received your Freedom of Information Act request, dated May 7, 1977, regarding the Peoples Temple Christian Church. Recently, we discovered that you have a similar request pending in the San Francisco District Office; therefore, we are forwarding this request to be associated and handled in conjunction with their case.

Any further questions or additional requests should be directed to the San Francisco District Disclosure Officer. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Richard Zanarini Disclosure Officer

Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury

District

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P. O. Box 26050 450 Golden Gate Ave. San Francisco, Calif. 94102

· Peoples Temple Christian Church 1859 Geary Boulevard P. O. Box 15023

Person to Contact: Paul H. Wall

San Francisco, California 94115

Telephone Number: 556 3642

Attention: Michael J. Prokes Associate Minister Refer Reply to:

Date: April 25, 1977

. Dear Reverend Prokes:

In response to our meeting this morning I have enclosed a copy of the Bules and Regulations pertaining to the Freedom of Information Act. The regulations are fairly involved, therefore, it may be advisable to have them reviewed by the Church's legal representative.

Some of the main points relating to making requests for information are as follows:

1. Mail request to:

District Director Internal Revenue 450 Golden Gate Avenue San Francisco District Office Attention: Disclosure Officer Freedom of Information Request P. O. Box 36020 San Francisco, California 94102

- 2. The request should be in the form of a letter signed by the person making the request. A request on behalf of the church should be signed by an official of the church,
- State that the request is made pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, 5 USC, 552, or regulations thereunder.
- 4. You must be fairly specific as to what records are being requested, as an example you could request the following:
 - (a) Copies of all information items on file in the Intelligence, Audit or Collection Divisions of IRS relative to Peoples Temple Christian Church.

- (b) Any files, correspondence inquiries concerning the tax exempt status of the Peoples Temple Chirstian Church,
- (c) Is the Peoples Temple Christian Church presently under investigation by any division of the IRS?

After reading the enclosed regulations your attorney may wish to request additional information or use a different format, \cdot

I would suggest that a separate request be made for each individual or organization. If a separate request is made for Reverend Jones, he should be identified by Social Security Mumber and sign his own request.

If the church's main office is within the San Francisco District, the inquiry should be made to the San Francisco District.

If the church has headquarters in another district, the request should be sent to that District Office.

I hope this information is helpful to you.

Wary truly yours,

Group Hanager (I-3) Intelligence Division

Enclosure:

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- 2 -

X-4-5-32

P. O. Box 36050



Peoples Temple Christian Church 1859 Geary Boulevard P. O. Box 15023 Sen Francisco, California 94115

Attention: Michael J. Prokes Associate Minister

Bear Reverend Prokes:

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In response to our meeting this morning I have enclosed a copy of the Rules and Regulations pertaining to the Freedom of Information Act. The regulations are fairly involved, therefore, it may be advisable to have them reviewed by the Church's legal representative.

Some of the main points relating to making requests for information are as follows:

1. Mail request to:

District Director
Internal Revenue
450 Golden Gate Avenue
5mm Francisco District Office
Attention: Disclosure Officer
Preedom of Information Request
P. O. Box 36020
Sam Francisco, California 94102

- The request should be in the form of a letter signed by the person making the request. A request on behalf of the church should be signed by an official of the church.
- State that the request is made pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, 5 USC, 532, or regulations thereunder.
- 4. You must be fairly specific as to what records are being requested, as an example you could request the following:
 - (a) Copies of all information items on file in the Intelligence, Audit or Collection Divisions of IRS relative to Peoples Temple Christian Church.

X-4-b-33

- (b) Any files, correspondence inquiries concerning the tax exempt status of the Peoples Temple Chirstian Church,
- (c) Is the Peoples Temple Christian Church presently under investigation by any division of the IRS?

After reading the enclosed regulations your attorney may wish to request additional information or use a different format.

I would suggest that a separate request be made for each individual or organization. If a separate request is made for Reverend Jones, he should be identified by Social Security Number and sign his own request.

If the church's main office is within the San Francisco District, the inquiry should be made to the San Francisco District.

If the church has beadquarters in another district, the request should be sent to that District Office,

I hope this information is helpful to you,

Tery truly yours,

PAUL H. WALL Group Manager (I-3) Intelligence Division

Inclosure:

- 2 -

x-4-6-34

CHAPTER I—ONTERNAL REVENUE SERV-ICE, DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY PART 601—STATEMENT OF PROCEDURAL BULES

Publication as J Public Inspection of Records

This document contains amendments in the Statement of Procedural Rules of the Internal Revenue Service (25 CFR Part 801) to conform such rules to the Act of November 21, 1974 (Public Law 93-867) which amended the Freedom of Information Act is U.S.C. 852), and to the Department of the Treasury regulations in 31 CFR Part 1, implementing Public Law 93-867. Which amended the Freedom of Information Act exempts from its disclosure requirements, They provide extense and there was there which are protected under these requirements. They provide exempts of specific Internal Revenue matters which are protected under these exempt categories. In particular, mattern to the last stored in the internal Revenue matters which are protected under these exempt categories. In particular, mattern to the last stored in the internal Revenue mattern which are protected under these categories. In particular, mattern to the last stored which the senditions are set forth under which investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes are except. The amendments provide that disclosure will be made of any portion of a requested record which conveys meaningful information after any exempted portion of such a record has been deleted.

The amendments provide for the poblic importion of fitternal Revenue Service records and the maintenance of current locations of, and the material which are available in, the National Office and measure for making a request for records of the Internal Revenue Service, the procedure for making a request for records of the Internal Revenue Service, the procedure for spopul of an initial determination to deny the request, the procedure for making a request for records of the Internal Revenue Service, the procedure for spopul of an initial determination and the procedure for records, and the procedure for records, and the procedure for making a request for the procedure for making a request for the procedure for spopul of an initial determination as to the disclosure of records, and the procedure for model

MEAL MINISTER, VOL. 41, NO. PS-PRIDAY, MAY 14, 1976

x-4-b-35

for records and state that the Commis-for it of his delegate is to make the ap-a administrative determinations. Institut determinations are to be made within 16 working days after the date of the receptor except where this time limi-tation is waived or extension is author-teed. Appellate determinations are to be made within 10 working days after the date of the recept of the appeal. Under mental deverminations, a 10-day exten-ation may be invoked. If such an exten-sion may be invoked If such an exten-ment provide that any unused days of the 16-day extension period may be in-that the connection with an administra-tive appeal from the initial determina-tion.

no.

The amendments provide for the dis-puter of certain newly specified mate-al, and set forth the schedule of feet rearch and duplication services, the sturies for reduction or waiver of feet, and the provedure for securing payment hen the fee is estimated to be \$50 or ord. They also eliminate the minimum on previously in effect. The fee sched-in applicable to the described services.

ABOUTHOU OF AMERICANTS

In order to conform the Statement of Procedural Rules (28 CFR Part 401) to the 23-802; 38 Stat. 1541) and to the Experiment of the Treasury regulations in 31 CFR Part 1, the Statement of Producal Rules is hereby amended as

remarksh 1. Section 401.701 is smended by revising an much of para-smaph (a) as follows schoragraph (1) of Semtod, by revising subparagraph (1) of serrograph (b) and by adding new sub-paragraph (4) at the end of paragraph (b). These revised and added provisions ad as foliows:

\$ 60).70) Publishy of information.

(a) General.

The provi ment records).

ment records).

(b) Exemptions—(1) In general Under 8 UR.C. 532(b), the disclosure requirements of section 532(a) do not apgly to certain matters which are:

(i) (A) Specifically authorized under
riveria entablished by an Executive
swder to be kept secret to the interest of
the national defense or foreign policy

(B) are in fact properly classified
__and to such Executive order:

(ii) Related solely to the internal persectivel rules and practices of the Internal

mus;
(iii) Specifically exampled from dis-closure by statute, as described in para-graph (h) (2) of this section; (iv) Trade secrets and connecrcial or financial information obtained from a

graph (b) (l) of this section;

(iv) Trade sucrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;

(v) Interagency or intrangency memorandums or latinary intransport manufactures are states which would not routinely be available by law to a party other than an agency in Bitigation with the agency, including communications (auch as internal drafts, memorandums between officials or agencies, opinions and interpretations prepared by agency staff personnel or consultants for the use of the agency, and records of the delicerations of the agency, and records of the delicerations of the agency, and records of the delicerations in the speak of the delicerations in the speak of the staff of the linternal Beviause Service penerates in the pracess of issuing an order, decision, railing or regulation, drafting proposed legislation, or other the carrying out its functions and responsibilities or (C) which is the attorney work product of the Office of the Chief Coursel or is generated by that Office as attorney for the Internal Bevenue Service;

(vi) Personnel and medical files and similar fless the disciousrs of which would constitute a clearly newarranded invasion of personnel private of which would for law enforcement purposed in complicit of the extension of a signitude and constitute a clearly newarranded invasion of personnel privates that the production of such records would (A) interfers with enforcement proceedings, (B) degrive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) constitute an unwarranted invasion of personnel person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication (C) constitute an unwarranted invasion of personnel person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication in the case of a record complied by a criminal investigation, confidential source, (E) discious he decision is not entire to the life and the production of the personnel personnel personnel personnel personnel personnel personnel personnel personnel perso

ished only by the confidential source usticative technic procedures, or (F) endanger the life or physical salety of law enforcement per-

(viii: Contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition re-ports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial in-stitutions; or

(4) Serveyoble portions of records. Any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be provided to any person making a request for such record, after deletion of the portions which are except under 5 U.S.C. 532(b) (see paragraph (b) (1) of this section). The term "reasonably segregable portion" as used in this subparagraph means any portion of the record vequested which is not example from disclosure under 5 U.S.C. 532(b), and which, after deletion of the exampt material, still conveys meaningful information which is not misleading.

Estormation which is not milearing.

Far. Z. Section 631,772 is amended by revising so much of paragraph (b) (1) as fellows subdivision (iii) thereof; by ravings paragraph (0) (3) (4), (6), and (7); by revising paragraph (6); by revising paragraph (6), (6), and (7); by adding a new subparagraph (10) as the end of paragraph (1); immediately after paragraph (7); immediately after paragraph (7). These revised and added provisions read as follows:

601,782 Pablication and mbliches.

§ 601.702 Publication and public imp

(b) Public inspection and copying (1) In general.

(1) Its general. (1) The general. (1) Its general. (1) Its general. (1) Its general is also required by 5 U.S.C. 552(a) (2) to maintain and make available for public inspection and copying current indexes identifying large states of the promulgated after July 4. 1957, and which is required to be made available for public inspection or published. In addition, the Internal Fevenue Bervice will also promptly publical, quarterly or more frequently, and distribute (by sale or otherwise) copies of each index or supplements thereto unless it determines by order published in the Finance Resultant or supplements thereto unless it determines by order published in the Finance Resultant and the publication would be unnecessary and impracticable, in which case the internal Revenue Bervice will nonetheless provide copies of such indexes on request at a cost not to amount of this persuraph which is required by this section to be made available for public imprection or published may be relied upon, used, or cited as precedent by the Internal Revenue Service against a party other than an agency unless such party other than an agency unless such party of the result of the party of the pa party ofter than an agency unless such party bas actual and timely notice of the terms of such matter or unless the mat-ter has been indexed and either made available for inspection or published, as accorded by this subsection or published. terms of such master or unless the mat-ter has been indexed and either made available for inspection or published, as provided by this subparagraph. This sub-paragraph applies only to matters which have precedential significance. It does not apply, for example, to any ruling or deferment in the matter of the provided of the proadvisory interpretation issued to a taxpayer on a particular transaction or set of facts which applies only to that transaction or set of facts. This subcaragraphs

(3) Public rending rooms—(i) In general. The National Office and each regional effice of the Internal Revenue Bervice will provide a reading room or reading area where the matters described in paragraph to (1) 0 through (iii) of this section which are required by such paragraph to be made available for public inspection or published, and the current indexes to such matters, will be made available to the public for inspection and copying. Indexes of such materials issued by offices other than the National Office will be maintained in the reading room of the review of summer as terials issued by offices other than the Raticual Office will be maintained in the reading room of the region of issuance as well as in the Kational Office reading room, but the material steel will be available only in the regional reading room. Copies of materials described in paragraph (b) (1) (3) through (iii) of this section which are controlled by officers in the Kational Office (see paragraph (g) of this section) will not be made available in regional office reading rooms. The reading rooms will contain other matters determined to be helpful for the guidance of the public, including a complete set of rules and regulations (except those pertaining to alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives contained in this title, any internal Revenue matters which may be incorporated by reference in the Francial Roussian so doing) pursuant to paragraph (a) (2) (1) of this section, a set of Cumulative Rulletins, and copies of various Internal Revenue Service publications, such as the description of forms or publications contained in Publication No. 461. Fees will be charged for copying as profess will not be charged for access to materials in the reading rooms, but fees will be charged for copying as proto materials in the reading rooms, but fees will be charged for copying as pro-vided in paragraph (f) of this section. The public will not be allowed to remove any record from a reading room.

(11) Addresses of public reading rooms

MATRONAL OFFICE

edrum: Chief. Distinuire Staff. In-flevience Service, P.O. Box 588, Brn. a Station. Weshington, D.C. 20046. in: 11:11 Constitution Arenus, E.W., impton, D.C. 20224.

: Proctom of Info , Internal Havenue

-ATLANTIC RES

BUILES AND REGULATIONS

m: Presion of Information, Internal Revenue (Beading Room, I P.O. Box 636, Atla contion: 215 Per

P.O. Be si, Obio 45201.

Bevenue Service. Nos, Texas 16702.

Isking address: Presdom of Inturne Beading Room, Internal Erverus Ser 450 Goldon Cate Avenue, Sex 50946, Francisco, California 8-102, oration: Same as mailing address.

(iii) Copping facilities. The National fifter and each regional office will provide actilities whereby a person may obtain opies of material located on the shelves of the reading rooms. (For schedule of ces for copping see paragraph () (4) of his metion.)

and the time immission response set form in \$1 CFR Part 1.5 (g) and (h) (relating to disclosure of Treasury Department records) shall commence when the re-ferral is received by the designated office or officer of the constituent unit. Where

the request is for a record which is de-termined not to be in the possession or control of any constituent unit of the Department of the Treasury, the re-quest will be as advised and the re-quest will be returned to the requester (B) Where the record requested was created by a Department or secret other than a constituent unit of the Depart-ment of the Treasury or has been classi-sient of the Treasury or has been classi-sient or otherwise restrictively endorsed by such other Department or agency, and a copy thereof is in the possession of the Internal Revenue Service, such originat-ing or restrictively endorsing Depart-ment or agency will be promptly re-quested to advise the Internal Revenue corpy thereof is in the possession of the Internal Revenue Service, such originating or restrictively endorsing Department or agency will be promptly requested to advise the Internal Revenue Service on the releasability of that recent. The request for advice will also informs the other Department or agency that, in the absence of timely guidance from it, the Internal Revenue Service will proceed to make its own determination. In accordance with this subpart. When it becomes measury to provide a response to the requester within the timelimits set forth in paragraphs (c) '71 and (8) of this section without the advice of the other Department or agency, the Internal Revenue Service will proceed to make its own determination in accordance with this subpart and advise the requester secondingly. However, where as a result, access to the record is denied under one of the compliancy. However, where as a result, access to the record in the subpart and advise the requester secondingly. However, where as a result, access to the record in the requester will be advised of the right to appeal such small and may also be advised to make a request for the record directly to the ariginal Department or agency, will again be promptly requested to provide timely advise on the releasability of the records. Nevertheless, the ultimate decision on the appeal of such record. The initial request for records must—

(13) Form of request. The initial request for records must—

(14) Be addressed to and mailed or hand delivered to the office of the internal Revenue Service.

(35) For any requested to and mailed or hand delivered to the office of the internal Revenue decision of the records are maintained; if the pursuant to the fire of the control of the records are maintained; if the pursuant condition for the control of the records are maintained to the office of these decision of the endet of the other of the section of the records are ma

should be addressed to and matted or hand delivered to the office of the direc-tur of the Internal Revenue Service du-triet office in the district where the re-

signuic or regulations (as, for example, a Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 352a), accoms 6103 and 7213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1854, or regulations thereun-der, establish the identity and the right of the person making the request to the disclosure of the records in accordance with paragraph (c)(4)(II) of this sec-

with paragraph (C) (G) (II) at this ser-tion,

(vi) Bet forth the address where the person making the request desires to be solided of the determination as to whether the request will be granted to (vii) State whether the requester where to inspect the records or desires to have a copy made and furnished with-out first inspecting them, and (viii) State the firm agreement of the requester to pay the fees for search and duplication ultimately determined in ac-cordince with paragraph (f) of this ser-tion, or request that such fees he reduced or waived and state the justification for such request.

Where the initial request, rather than

Where the initial request, rather than such request.
Where the initial request, rather than stating a firm agreement to pay the fees altimately determined in accordance with paragraph (t) of this section, places an upper limit on the amount the requester agrees to pay, which upper limit is deemed likely to be lower than the fees satimated to ultimately be due, or where the requester asks for an estimate of the fees to be cherged, the requester shall be preceptly advised of the satimate of fees and added to agree to pay such amount. Where the initial request ectudes a request for reduction or waivered. Fees, the Internal Revenue Service efficial responsible for the control of the records requested to rhis delegate) will delarmine whether to grant the request for reduction or waiver in accordance.

determine whether to grain the requirement for reduction or waiter in accordance with paragraph (f) of this section and, notify the requester of his decision and, if such decision results in the requester being linble for all or part of the fees mermally due, ask the requester to agree to pay the amount so determined. The requirements of this subparagraph will not be described by the requirements of this subparagraph will not be deemed met until the requester has explicitly agreed to pay the fees ap-picable to his request for records, if any, or has made payment in advance of the fees estimated to be due. In addition, requesters are advised that only requests for records which fully compty with the for records which fully compty with the requirements of this subparagraph can be processed in accordance with this sec-tion. The requester will be promptly noti-fied in writing of any requirement which has not been met or any additional re-cuirements to be sect. However, every

gairaments to be met. However, every effort will be made to comply with the request as written.

(4) Reasonable description of records: identity and right of the requester. (i) (A) The request for records sense tentile records in reasonably suffi-cient detail to enable the Internal Rev-ease Eers ice employees who are familiar with the subject area of the request to locate the records without placing an invasionable burden upon the Internal symme Service. While no specific for-sula for a reasonable description of a record can be established, the require-

16

ment will generally be satisfied if the requester gives the name, subject matter, and, if known, the date and location of the requested record. However, it is sug-gested that the person making the reand, If known, the date and location of the requested record. However, it is suggested that the person making the request furnish any additional information which will more clearly identify the request furnish any additional information which will more clearly identify the requested records being sought, the requester shall be afforded an apportunity to refine the records being sought, the requester shall be afforded an apportunity may, where desirable, involve a conference with imoveledgeable. Internal Revenue Service personnel. The reasonable description requirement will not be used by officers or amployees of the Internal Revenue as a device for improperly withholding records from the public.

(B) The Internal Revenue Service win scale every reasonable effort to comply fully with all requests for access to records subject only to any applicable examption set forth in § 80.1701(b). However, in any situation in which it is determined that a request for voluminous records would unduly burden and internal Revenue Service, with the operations of the Internal Revenue Service where the person making the request will be asked to be more specificand to narrow the request for the production of the requested records, in order to satisfy the request without disproportionate adverse effects on Internal Revenue Service operations.

(B) In the case of records containing information with respect to a particular person the disclosure of which is limited by statute or regulations, the person making the request shall establish his identity and right to access to such records.

making the request shall establish his identity and right to access to such records. A person requesting access to such records which pertain to himself may establish his identity by—

(A) The person tation of a simple document bearing a photograph (such as a pasport or identification by the presentation of two itsens of identification which do not bear a photograph but do bear both a name and signature such as a driver's license or credit card), in the case of a request made in person.

(B) The submission of the requester's signature, and was a photograph of a driver's license bearing the requester's signature, in the case of a request made by mad, or

(C) The presentation in person or the submission by mail of a notarised statement swearing to or affirming such person's identity.

Additional proof of a person's identity

son's nemixy.

Additional proof of a person's identity shall be required before the requirement of paragraph (C) 33/10 of this section if it is determined that additional proof is necessary to protect against unauthorized disclosure of information in a per-ticular case. A person who has identified himself to the satisfaction of Internal Revenue Service officials pursuant to this reserves to the saturation of internal Revenue Service officials pursuant to this subdivision shall be deemed to have es-tablished his right to access to records pertaining to himself. A person request-ing records on behalf of or pertaining to

another person must provide adequate proof of the legal relationship under which he asserts the right to access to the requested records before the requirement of paragraph (C) (3) (v) of this section will be deemed met. In the case of an attorney-in-fact the requester this section will be assembled mak. In the case of an attorney-in-fact the requester shall furnish an original of a properly executed power of attorney together with one other identifier bearing the sig-nature of the person executing such power of attorney. A person signing a request for disclosure on behalf of a cor-poration shall furnish a certification by one of the others of the corporation (other than the requester) that the per-son making the request on behalf of the corporation is properly authorized to make such a request. A person request-ing access to records of a one-anni cor-poration or a partnership shall provide a notarized statement that the requester is in fact an officer or official of the our-powstion or a member of the partner-ship.

ship.
(5) Date of receipt of request. Requests ship.

45. Date of receipt of request. Requests for records and any separate agreement to pay, final notification of water of fees, or letter transmitting prepayment shall be promptly stamped with the date of delivery to or dispatch by the affice of the linternal Revenue Service official responsible for the control of the records requested for his delegate). The latest of such stamped dates will be deemed for purposes of this section to be the date of receipt of the request, provided that the requirements of paragraph (c) (3) (1) through (vii) of this paragraph heveloem satisfied, and, where applicable—
(1) The requester has agreed in writing, by executing a separate contract or otherwise, to pay the fees for search and duplication determined due in accordance with paragraph (f) of this section of the search of the contract of the con

tion, or

(ii) The fees have been waived to accordance with paragraph (f) of this sec-

than, or

(III) Payment in advance has been received from the requester,
As roon as the date of receipt has been
established as provided above, the reestablished as provided above, the re-quester shall be informed and advised when he may expect a response within the time limits specified in paragraphs (c) (7) and (8) of this section, unless extended as provided in subparagraph (9) of this paragraph, and the title of the officer responsible for such response.

officer responsible for such response.

(6) Search for records repassed. Upon the receipt of a request, search services will be performed by Internal Revenue Service personnel to identify and locate the requested records. With respect to records maintained in computerized form a search will include services functionally analogous to search for records which are maintained in a conventional form. However, the Internal Revenue Service is not required under 5 U.S.C. 552 to tabulate or compile information for the purpose of creating a record.

(1) Initial determination—(1) In general. The Chief of the Disclosure Staff or his delegate shall have authority to make initial determinations with respect

to all requests for records of the Internal Revenue Service. With the exception of records which are controlled by the Assistant Commissioner (Inspection), the Director of the Internal Revenue Service Data Center, or the Director of the Office of International Operations, the Chief of the Disclosure Staff or his delegate shall have the sole authority to make such determinations wh respect to records controlled by the National Office. Except where the Chief of the Disclosure Staff or his delegate has such sole authority, the initial determination as to whether to grant the request for records may be made either by him or by the Internal Revenue Service official responsible for the control of the records requested or his delegate use paragraph (g) of this section), including those officials mentioned in the preceding sentence. The initial determination will be made and notification thereof malled within 10 days (excepting Seturdays.

officials mentioned in the preceding sentence. The initial determination will be made and notification thereof malled within 10 days (excepting Saturdays. Sandays, and legal public holidays) after the date of receipt of the request. Sadetermined in accordance with paragraph (c)(5) of this section unless an extension is invoked pursuant to peragraph (c)(9) (1) of this section or the request otherwise agrees to an extension of the 10-day time limitation.
(3) Granting of request. If it is determined that the request is to be granted and if the person making the request can't be requested as copy of such records will be mailed to him together with a statement of fees at the time of the determination or promptly thereafter, unless prepayment is required pursuant to paragraph (f) of this section. In the case of a request for impection, the requester will be notified in writing of the determination, when said where the requested records may be inspected and of the fees involved in complying with the request. In such case, the records will promptly be made available for inspection, at the time and place where the records requested are controlled. However, if the person making the request has expressed a desire to inspect the records at another office of the Internal Revenue Service, every reasonable effort will be made to comply with the request. Records will be made available for inspection at such reasonable and proper times as not to interfere with their use by the Internal Revenue Service, are to exclude other persons from making inspections. In addition, reasonable implements of records which may be placed on the making inspection, the person making inspection, the person making inspection, the person insaing the vequest desires copies will be presented with the person of the exhabilished fees prescribed by a person of the propest. If it is determined that the request for records should be denied (whether in whole or in part

(iii) Denial of request. If it is deter-mined that the request for records should be denied (whether in whole or in part or subject to conditions or exceptions),

the person making the request will be so motified by sail. The letter of notification will specify the city or other location where the requested records are situated, contain a brief statement of the grounds for not granting the request in full, set for not granting the request in full, set for the entire and title or position of the official responsible for the denial, and advise the person making the request of the right to appeal be the Countrisistoner in accordance with paragraph (e) (8) of this section.

(by Insulting its locate and contasts within the initial 10-day period or any extensions thereof in accordance with paragraph (e) (8) of this section, the search for the resonate are excussed commot be located and evaluated within the initial 10-day period or any extensions thereof in accordance with paragraph (e) (8) of this section, the search for the resonate are evaluation will continue, but the requester will be so notified, advised that he may consider such notification a denial of his request for records, and provided with the address to which an administrative appeal may be delivered. However, the requester may also be invited, in the alternative, in agree to a woluntary estemation of time in which to locate and evaluate the records. Such voluntary estemation of time will not constitute a wriver of the requester's right to appeal any denial of accoss ultimately made or his right to appeal in the event of failure to sumply with the time extension granted.

(8) Administrative appeal. The requester may submit an administrative appeal and the Commissioner at any time within 36 days after the date of any monification described in paragraph (c) (7) (16) or (17) of this section, or the date of appeal shall—

(1) Be made in writing and signed by the requester.

(a) The made in writing and signed by the regulater of a submissioner of any time regulater of a present of a submissioner of any monification made in P.O. Bee 180. Weshing-Processor.

resions of Information Appeal, Commis-sioner of Informal Revenue, 2/0 Ben Pranting Station, P.O. Box 239, Washing-ton, E.C. 20044, or

tam, D.C. 20044, er

If hand delivered, delivery should be
made to the Office of the Director, Disclouare Division, Chief Commei, Naclouare Division, Chief Commei, Naclouare Division, Chief Commei, Naclouare Division, Chief Commei, Naclouare Division, Chief Commei,
Washington, D.C. 20224.

(II) Reasonably describe the records
requested to which the appeal pertains
is accordance with paragraph (e) (4) (1)

of this paragraph,
(1) Set forth the address where the
appellent desires to be notified of the
determination on appeal.

(v) Specify the date of the request.

(v) Specify the date of the request.

(vi) Publica the Commissioner to graph the request for records and state arly ergin ints in support thereof.

Appeals will be promptly stamped with the date of their delivery to the Office of the Director, Disclosure Division, and the later of this stamped date or the stamped

dake of a document submitted subsequently which supplements the original appeal as that the appeal antifers the requirements set forth he paragraphs (c) (3) (i) through (vi) of this section will be deemed by the Internal Revenus ferrice to be the data of their receipt for all purposes of this section. The Commissioner or his delegate will actnowledge receipt of the appeal and active the requirement of the date of veceipt and when a response is due in accordance with this paragraph. If an appeal fails to satisfy any of such requirements the person making the request will be promptly advised in writing of the additional requirements to be met. The defermination to affirm the initial dental (is whole or it part) or to grant the request, for record-will is made and notification of the determination marked within 32 days (c) and (ii) and a supple holidays) after the date of recipied of the appeal unless extended purruant to paragraph (c) (i) (i) of this section if it is determined that the appeal from the initial dental is to be denied it whole or in part). The appealant will be modified in writing of the denial, the reasons therefor, of the name and title oposition of the efficial responsible for the denied on appeal, and of the provisions of URC. \$52(a) (4) for judicial review of that determination will be made as soon as practicable but that the requester insortcheless entitled to commence an action in a district court as provided it paragraph (c) (i) (i) of this section or be grant of the requester) the requester in such the determination will be made as soon as practicable but that the requester is noncheless entitled to commence an action in a United States district our in appeal, and of the provided it paragraph (c) (ii) of this section or its exercise the alternative, to sometime a warrer of the right of the determination will be made as soon as practicable out that the determination and the date of the commence action in a United States district our the paragraph in the date of the provided it submittal cha

mination, the 18-day extension may be added to the ordinary 28-day period for appellate review. As used in this pare

PROMIAL SECURISE, WOL. 41, 863. 95-PRIMAY, MAY 14, 1974

graph. "unusual circumstances" means, be only to the extent reasonably necessary of the proper processing of the parallel of the proper processing of the parallel of the proper processing the following:

(A) The need to search for and collect that are separate from field facilities are other entablishments in buildings that are separate from that of the office grocossing the request,

(B) The need to search for, collect, and appropriately examine a voluminous ensount of separate and distinct records which are demanded in a single request, or

(C) The need for consultation, which will be conducted with all practicable speed, with another agency having a substantial interest in the determination substantial interest in the determination of the request or with another constituent unit of the Department of the Treasury or among two or more components of the Internal Revenue Berrica (other usion the Dischause Distriction of the Office of the Chief Counsel or the Dischause Etaff) having rubstantial substantial restrictions with personnel of the Department of Justice, acting in their capacity as legal counsel to the executive departments of the Dischause Distriction of the Chief Chie tute a basis for an extension under this

that a brish for an extension under this paragraph.

(II) Extension by fudicial review. If the Internal Revenue Service fails to search with the time immissions specified in paragraph (C) (7) or (8) of this section and the person making the review. In this in accordance with a service in the sourt in which the suit was initiated may retain jurisdiction and allow the Internal Revenue Service additional time to review its records provided that the Internal Revenue Service demonstrates (A) the existence of exceptional circumstances, and (8) the excepts of due filligence in responding to the request. (19) Falser to comply. If the Internal Revenue Service fails to comply with the time limitations specified in paragraph (C) (7), (8), or (9) (i) of this section, any person making a request for records shall be decised to have enjausted his administrative remedies with respect to such request. Accordingly, the person making the request may initiate suit in accordance with paragraph (C) (11) of this section.

(12) Judicial review. If a request for records femily income arouse literature.

accordance with paragraph (C) (11) of this section.

(11) Judicial review. If a request for records is denied upon appeal pursuant to paragraph (+)(3) of this section, or in o determination is made within the 18-day or 28-day periods specified in paragraphs (+)(7) and (8) of this section, or the period of any extension pursuant to paragraph (+)(9)(1) of this section or by grant of the request, respectively, the person making the request may commence an action in a U.S. dislated court in the district in which he resides, in which his principal place of luminess is located, in which the records are situated, or in the District of Columbia, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(a)(4). The

the context reasonably necestary request, the following:

The need to search for and collect equested records from field facilities there expects from that of the office string the request, in The need to search for, collect, and portately examine a voluminous int of exparate and distinct records have demanded in a single request, in the determination of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Service must be directed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Service with all practicable it, with another agency having a maintain interest in the determination or request or with another constituint of the Department of the Treason among two or more components in Internal Revenue Service (other the Chief Counsel or the Discretized in the Chief Counsel or the Discr

(d) Rules for disc ified matters. * *

(And matters.)

(5) Information returns of certain far-exempt organizations and certain braits. Information furnished on Form 900. Form 1841—A, and on the annual report by private foundations pursuant to sections 6833, 8024, 6056, and 6058 which are filled after December 21, 1849, is open to public mappettron for a 4-year period. This information will be made available for public imagection in the Freedom of Information Rending Room, Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Avenue, K.W., Washington, D.C. 2024, as well as in the office of the direct director serving the principal place of business of the organization or of the Efractor of the Bid-Atjantic Regional

Bervice Center. The applicability of this subparagraph is subject to the rules on disclosure set forth in section 4384(b) and § 301,8104.2 of this chapter.

(a) Applications of certain expension-flows for tar exemption. Subject to the rules on disclosure set forth is section 5104(a) and § 310,8104.1 is applications and certain *ap-rx submitted in supplorations described in a ton 501 (c) or (d) and determined to be exempt from taxation under section 501 (a) will be made available for public inspection in the Freedom of Information Reading Room, Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 50224. Copies of such applications filed after September 2, 1953, but not the supporting documents, are oven to public decuments, are oven to public the supporting documents, are oven to be district.

sure. Copies of sure applications in surafter September 2, 1956, but not the supporting documents, are oren to public
imapection in the office of the district
director with whom the application was
required to be filed.

(7) Accepted offers in compromise. For
a paried of 1 year, a copy of the Abstract
and Statement for each accepted offer in
compromise in respect of income. Fronticapital stock, estate, or gift tax lishfifty
will be made available for inspection (if
in the Freedom of Information Reading
Room, Internal Revenue Service, 1111
Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington,
DC. 20224, when the offer covers a lishfility of \$5.000 and over, and (ii) in the
effice of the appropriate district director
when the offer covers a lishfilty of less
than \$5.000. Bee 1 \$301.5103(a)-1(j) of
this chapter and section 10 of Rev. Proc.
66-44 (C.B. 1964-2, \$74, \$79).

(18) Applications with respect to cer-tain deferred compensation plans and accounts. Applications and papers sub-mitted in support of such aspiteations, filed after September 2, 1974, with resettled in support of such asplications, siled after September 2, 1974, with respect to the qualification of a persion, perifit sharing, or stock bonus riam sweler section 601(a), 463(a), or 405(a), an individual retirement acromative described in section 608(a), an individual retirement summity described in section 608(b), or with respect to the exemption from tax of an organization forming part of such a plan or account, and any documents is sued by the Internal Revenue Service dealing with such qualification or exemption, are open to public inspection. Such makerial will be made available for public inspection. But in the will be made available for public inspection. D.C. 2021, a swell as in the office of any district director regardless of where the applications are filled. This subsparsagnsh shall not apply with respect to plans having not more than 25 plan participants and its applicability is subject to the rules set forth in section (10 the part of the paper.)

(f) Feer for arraices—(i) in period.
The fees to be charged for nearth and
daptication services performed by the
Internal Revenue Service, whether or not such services are performed persuant to the Preedom of Information Act or the regulations thereunder, shall be

determined and collected in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph. A fee shall not be charged for determining whether an exemption under \$601.761 bill of this section can or should be asserted, detering exempt matter being withheld from records to be furnished, or monitoring a requester's inspection of records which contains exempt matter. Should services other than the services described in this paragraph be requested and rendered, appropriate fees will be established by the Commissioner or his delevate, and imposed and collected pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 483(a), unject, however, to the constraint imposed by \$U.S.C. 352(a) (d/A).

(2) Waiser or reducted—

(1) At the discretion of fees. The fees authorized by this paragraph may be vaived or reducted—

(1) At the discretion of any Internal Revenue Bervice official (A) who is authorized to make the initial determination pursuant to paragraph (c) (7) of this section, in the case of a record which is not located for any person, or (8) who determines any portion of the requested record to be exempt from disclosure; or (8) On a case-th-case basis in accordance with this subdivision by any Internal Revenue Service official who is authorized to make the initial determination pursuant: to paragraph (c) (7) of this section, provided such waiter or reduction has been requested on written. Fees will be waived or requested by such official who here necessaries in writing under penalty of the statisaction of the deciding official than he citermines either that:

(A) The records are requested by such official when he determines either that:

(A) The records are requested by one behalf of, an individual who demonstrates in writing under penalty of the deciding official that he is indigent and constitute an unreasonable burden on the Truernal Revenue Service to demonstrate indigenary an individual shall show that he is eligible for Pederally added public assistance designed to supplement income on the basis of financial need e.g., foot stamp program); or (B) A waiver or

thereof.

The initial request for waiver of fest about to a adversed to the official of the Internal Revenue Service to whose office the request for disclosure is delivered pursuant to paragraph (c) (3) (iii) of this section Appeals from denials of requests for waiver or reduction of fees shall be decided by the Commissioner in accordance with the criteria set forth in this subdivision. Appeals shall be addressed in writing to the Office of the Commissioner within 15 days of the denial of the initial request for waiver or reduction and shall be decided promptly. Bee paragraph (c) if y of this section for the appropriate address.

(3) Search accruces. Pres charged for the service services—

(i) Of personnel involved in locating records shall be \$3.30 for each hour or fraction thereof:
(iii) Of a computer to retrieve records stored by computer shall be \$3.50 for each hour or fraction thereof) of personnel time associated with the search plus an amount which reflects the actual costs of extracting the stored information the format in which it is normally produced, based on computer time and supplies shoessary to comply with the request; and
(iiii) In a case in which it is necessive.

request; and
(iii) In a case in which it is necessary to transport records from one location to another, or to transport an employee to the site of the requested records to locate rather than examine the
records, shall be at the rate of the actual cost of such shipping or transportation.

(4) Duplication. The fee for duplication of materials shall be as follows:

(i) Photocopies, per page up to 812" x

5.10 each.

(ii) Photographs, films and other ma-

(ii) Photographs, films and other materials—actual cost.
(iii) In a case in which the Internal Revenue Bervice finds it appropriate to furnish the records to be released to a private contractor for copying, the person making the request for such records will be charged by the private contractor.
(iv) No fee will be charged where the person making the request furnishes the supplies and equipment and makes the copies at the government location.
(5) Printed material Unpriced printed material which is available at the location where requested and which does not require duplication in order that copies.

(a) Printed meterial. Unpriced printed material which is available at the location where requested and which does not require duplication in owner that copies may be furnished, will be provided at the rate of \$25 for each twenty-five pages or any fraction thereof. Porms and instructions which may be available in the reading rooms for distribution are not subject to this price. Certain relevant government publications which will be placed on the shelves of the reading rooms and similar public inspection facilities will not be sold at these locations. However, copies of pages of these publications may be duplicated on the premises and a fee for such services will be charged in accordance with paragraph (6) (4) of this section. A person desiring to purchase the complete publication, for example, an Internal Revenue Bulletin, should contact the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Frinting Office, Weshington, D.C. 20402.

(6) Agreement to pay in order to protect the requester from unexpected fees, all requests for records shall state the agreement of the requester (purnant to paragraph (e) (3) (viii) of this section) is pay the fees determined in accordance with this paragraphs as as an acceptable super limit he is willing the section are estimated by the internal Revenue Service to exceed that limit or when the requester has failed to state a limit and the costs are estimated to exceed \$60 and the Internal Revenue Service to exceed that it finit or when the other internal Revenue Service the costs are estimated to exceed \$60 and the Internal Revenue Service to exceed that it finit or when the other internal Revenue Service to exceed that it finit or when the other internal Revenue Service to exceed the section are estimated to exceed \$60 and the Internal Revenue Service to exceed the exceed \$60 and the Internal Revenue Service to exceed the section are estimated to exceed \$60 and the Internal Revenue Service to exceed the section are estimated to exceed \$60 and the Internal Revenue Service to exceed the se

and the costs are estimated to exceed \$50 and the Internal Revenue Service has not then determined to waive or reduce

the fees, a notice will be sent to the requester. This notice will:

(i) Inform the requester of the estimated costs:

(ii) Extend an offer to the requester to confer with Internal Revenue Bervice personnel in an attempt to reformulate the request in a maner which will reduce the fees and still meet the needs of the respective.

use sees and suit meet the needs of the requester:

(iii) Ask that the requester enter into a contract for the payment of actual cents determined in accordance with this subparagraph, which contract may provide for prepayment of the estimated costs in whole or in part; and

(iv) Tribum the wecusater that the

costs in whole or in part; and

(iv) Inform the requester that the
remning of the lime period, within which
the Internal Revenue Service is of light
to make a determination on the request,
has been tolled pending a reformul. Hon
of the request or the receipt of advance
parment or an agreement from the requester to bear the estimated costs.

(1) Form of payment. Payment shall
be made by check or money order, paysible to the order of the Treasury of the
United States or the Internal Revenue
Service.

gervice.

(g) Responsible officials and their offersers. Per purposes of this section, the Internal Revenue Service officials responsible for the control of records are the following officials, in the case of responsible for their jurisdiction: the Assistant Commissioners, District Directors, Regional Commissioners, District Directors Service Center Directors, the Director of the Office of International Operations, the Director of the Internal Revenue Service Data Center. In the case of reserving the Internal Control of the Kational Office not under the jurisdiction of one of the officials referred to in the preceding sentence directioning reports of the National Office of the Chief Counsel), the Chief of the Divervice.
(g) Responsible officials and their ofthe Chief Counsel), the Chief of the Disclosure Staff is the responsible of will Records of a Regional Counsel's Office shall be deemed to be under the juris-diction of the Regional Commissioner. but records of district offices and service centers shall not be so deemed. The addresses of these officials are as follows:

MATIONAL OFFICE

Chief, Disclosure Staff
Stational Office of the Internet Revenue
Berrice
Presence of Information Request

e/e Ben Franklin Static P.O. Box 288 Washington, D.C. 20044

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Attu: Disclowure Officer
Pression of Information Request
1111 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20224

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Present of Information in 125 K Street, H.W.
Washington, D.C. 20225

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Internal Revenue Service
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Hew York, New York 10007

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Director, Athany District Office
District Revenue Berger
Asia: Disclosure Office
Freedom of Information Request
w. O. Brian Federal Office Build
Anion Avenue & Borth Pearl Stree
Allendy, New York 18307

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Director, Augusta District Office
Internal Revenue Service
Attr: Disclosure Officer
Precions of Information Sequence
Staron Street
Augusta, Maine 64330

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Melting address Director, Breaklyn District G Internal Revenue Service Attn: Disclosure Officer Presions of Information Req 25 Tillary Street oklym, New York 11301

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Atta: Datclassiv Officer
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450 Main Street
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Director, Manhettan District O
Enternel Sevence Service
Attn. Disclosure Officer
Freedom of Information Seque
130 Church Street
How York, Hew York 18897

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Director, Perismouth Distr Internal Exvense Service, Attn: Disclosure Officer President of Information in Finderal Building 46 Daniel Street Pertsmouth, New Hantpahl Valle-in midrom Same se malitet seldren

o address Environ: Providence District Enternal Revenus Service Attn: Disclausiv Officer President of Information Re 120 Broadway Providence, Rhode Island Of

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Philaselphia, Punnsylvania, 19108

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Walt-in eddress Federal Office Buildin 31 Hopkins Place Bultimore, Maryland

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Director, Neventh District Of
Internal Revenue Service
Axim: Disclosure Officer
President of Information Mar
P.O. Soc 270
Hewath, New Jersey 67101

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Director, Philadelphia Distrivaterinal Revented Service
atta: Disclosure Officer
President of Information Req P.O. Box 12356
Philadelphia, Pennsylvänia 1

Walk-in address 5th Plant, Paderal Off 600 Arch Buret

Melling address Develor, Pittsburgh District Internal Revenue Service Atta; Disciouse Officer Pression of Information Se P.O. Sox 2488 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 11 Walk-to address Pederal Building 1000 Liberty Avenue Pittiburgh, Pennsylvania

PERMAN REGISTER, VOC. -1, NO. 95-PRIMAY, MAY 14, 1974

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BULES AND REGULATIONS

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Springfield, Illinois 62705 Walk-ta address

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Internal Revenue Service
Districts Officer
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P.O. See 478

Wal--tu address (Through May 7, 1976) Pederal Buildio W. Lafayette Street, Detroit, Michigan (After May 7, 1976) Pederal Office Sui 477 Michigan Avenue, Detroit, Michig

Director, Indianapalia District Office Internal Revenue Service

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Welk-in selfren 300 East Eighth Street Austin Trees

Melting address
Director, Cheyenne District Office Internal Revenue Sevice Altin: Disclosure Office Freedom of Information Request Fo. Son. 1839 Cheyenne, Wyoming 82001

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Director, Denver District Officenteral Sevence Service
Afte: Disclosure Officer
Processor of Enformation Sequence, Colorado SEEL
Denver, Colorado SEEL

Making search Director, Little Book District Office Informal Revenue Director Asta: Disclosure Officer President of Information Request P.O. Sea 3778 Little Book, Arkaness 72003

PEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 41, NO. 95-PRIDAT, MAY 14, 1976

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Director, New Orleans District
Internal Revenue Service
Atto: Disclosure Office Previous of Information Property
P.O. Box 20030
Key Orleans, Louisians 70180

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Director, Oklahoma City District
Internal Reverse Service
Attn: Discrictorer Office
President of Internation Enquest
P.O. Box 80
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 19351

Mailing address
Director, Wichita Dmirict Office
Internal Revenue Service
Attn: Disclosure Officer
Freedom of Internation Bequee
P.O. Box 600
Wichita, Kantest 67201

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Austin, Tuxan 18187

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March 1977

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Atta: Disclosure Officer
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Making address Director, Anchoren Distri-internal Sevens Service Atim: Discloume Officer. Frendom of Information 3

Director, Boise District Office Internal Revenue Service

BULES AND REGULATIONS

Asta: Electuaere Officer President of Information Request P.O. Son 641 250 West, Part Street Bullen, Idaho 88736

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Diportor, Honorulu District Off
Enternal Revisive Service
Atta: Disclosure Officer
President of Information Requi P.O. Box 3510
Honorulu, Mawaii 96803

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Ministing address. District Office Director, Los Angeles District Office Internal Revenue Bervice Atta: Disclosure Officer Prontom of Enfortration Request P.O. Box 201 Los Amples, Quildorain 98063

Mailing address Director, Phoenix District Of Internal Revenue Service Attn: Discipsure Officer Preedom of Information Req P.O. Box 2330 Finents, Arienna 88088

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Director, Portland District Off
Estatunal Revenus Service
Atta: Disclosure Officer
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Pro. Sex 4185
Pertland, Oregue 97208

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Stuffing address Director, Sait Lake City Dis Esternal Revenue Service Atim: Disclosure Officer Francisco of Information Re Fol. Sec. 2008 Sait Lake City, Utols 34110

Melting address:
Director, San Prancisco District
Internal Revenue Service
Astn: Disclosure Officer
Propique of Information Requisi-P.O. Sec. 2020
dan Prancisco, California 94163

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Mething utilities Director, Ogden Service Conte Internal Revenue Service Attn: Disclosere Officer Freedom of Information Requ P.O. Sec 1948 Ogden, Utah 84690

DOMALO C. ALEXANDRA Commission

[FR Doc.76-14153 Fined 5-13-76;8:46 am]

PRINCIPAL IMPRISTER, VOL. 41, NO. 95-PRIDAY, MAY 14, 1974

Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service Center

Western Region Fresno, California P.O. Box 12866, Fresno, Calif. 93779

Person to Contact: Richard Zanarini

Telephone Number: (209) 488-6524

Refer Reply to:

Date:

A:DO Disclosure

May 16, 1977

Eugene Chaikin, Attorneyat-Law P.O. Box 15156 San Francisco, CA 94115

Re: James W. Jones, Pastor of Peoples Temple Christian Church

Dear Mr. Chaikin:

We received your Freedom of Information Act request, dated May 7, 1977. Recently, we discovered that you have a similar request pending in the San Francisco District Office; therefore, we are forwarding this request to be associated and handled in conjunction with their case.

Any further questions or additional requests should be directed to the San Francisco District Disclosure Officer. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Richard Zanarini) Disclosure Officer

CHAPTER FOUR

Included in this section are documents relating to the meeting that took place when Dennis Banks and Leighman Brightman were visited by David Conn. The documents include affidavits from both Mr. Banks and Mr. Brightman; copies of the notes they took during the meeting and submitted to Peoples Temple; and, finally, newspaper articles from the San Francisco Examiner and Peoples Forum documenting the continuing support Dennis Banks has received from Jim Jones and Peoples Temple.

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DECLARATION OF DENNIS BANKS

I, Dennis Banks, declare that

I am a citizen of the United States, and that I am // years old.

Several months ago, in May 1977, my friend meighean
Brightman was contacted on the phone by a man named George
Coker. He wanted Lee to set up a meeting between myself and
a man named David Conn, concerning the question of my
extradition to South Dakota. Maturally I was concerned about
this when I was notified of the call. In the next couple
of days there were other calls. Lee called David Conn and
asked him for some more information about my extradition.
Conn told Lee that he wanted to talk to me about Peoples
Temple and Jim Jones.

Lee asked Conn what Jim Jones had to do with my extradition. Conn wouldn't tell him. He said it was strictly confidential and that he would only talk about it with him and me personally.

So Lee set up a meeting between myself and David Conn at Lee's house in El Cerrito, for that night.

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At the meeting, Conn showed up with a folder of papers. He read notes from the papers. I noticed the paper was stationery from the Standard Oil Company of California. Conn said that he was working with the U.S. Treasury Department, with an IRS agent, and with two men from the San Prancisco Police Department. He told me the first name of the Treasury agent, he was working with. But Conn did not talk about my extradition problem. He read material that was disparaging to Jim Jones. He went on for some time. Finally I interrupted Conn. I asked him what all this stuff about Jim Jones had to do with my extradition. Conn asked me, "Well, you took money from the church, didn't you?" He said that my association with Peoples Temple could reflect very badly on my extradition. He then asked me to make a x-4-b-48 $(\bigcirc$

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public denunciation of Jim Jones. He assured me that if I made such a denunciation, the rulings on my extradition would go in my favor. I asked him why a statement against Jim Jones could help my extradition.

22 Conn said that such a statement would be a determining factor with people like the Governor and other government agencies making decisions about my extradition. He said that if I came out with a statement against Jim Jones that a decision against my extradition could well be forthcoming.

Comm was obviously making a deal with me, and I was being blackmailed. Comm let me know that besides working with Treasury agents and other government agents, that he was already working with ex-members of Peoples Temple, such as Grace Stoem, and that he had people who would talk against Jim Jones. He said that the Treasury agents had already talked with Grace Stoem.

Conn pressed hard for me to meet with a U. S. Treasury Department agent alone that very night.

Conn also said — and he was very emphatic about this —
THAT HE IN NO WAY WANTED THIS INFORMATION REVEALED FOR FEAR
THAT IT WOULD "BLOW THEIR COVER" AND RUIN ANY POSSIBLE MEETING
BETWEEN ME AND THE TREASURY AGENT.

I was further pressured to meet with the agent from the Treasury Department. The deal was to meet with the agent and to prepare a public statement against Jim Jones in return for some kind of immunity against my being extradited. I refused to talk with any Treasury agent without my attorney, Dennis Roberts. Conn insisted that I had to do it alone.

At this point, Leighman Brightman asked Conn to leave the house.

Statement of Dennis Banks

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page 3

The next night I was called at D.Q. University by Conn. Conn told me that it was very urgent that I meet with the Treasury agent that very night, alone. I said to Conn that I had already told him I wouldn't meet with the Treasury agent without my attorney.

These agents all knew that I had a lot hanging over me. Besides the extradition (which to me is certainly a life and death matter), I also had a case in Federal Court in which the Treasury Department was involved. I have often made it clear that if I am extradited to South Dakota, that is like a sentence of death, because I am certain that I will be killed there.

So this was definitely a deal that I was being offered. Because it was not just a matter of Conn indicating that it would go well with me if I co-operated, but the implication was that if I didn't co-operate, it would go badly for me. This was to me a threat, and obvious blackmail.

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that all of the foregoing is true and correct, executed this 6 day of September, 1977 at Davis California (Signed) Allmin 9 Backs

DENNIS BANKS

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San Francisco Examiner

Saturday, Feb. 28, 1976



A family reunited: From 1., Dennis Banks, daughter Tasina, Rev. Jim Jones, Leigh Brightman who harbes of Banks; foreground, Ka-tnook and bahy Iran Door Woman

Indian leader regains his family

By James Schermerhorn

American Indian Movement leader Dennis Banks stood for a long moment before the Disciples of Christ Church. In his arms was like 4-month-old daughter he had not seen until his family arrived by plane last night.

His wife, Ka-mook, freed on ball from a federal charge, in Oregon with \$20,000 of the church's money, stood beside him. In her arms was an older daughter, 18month-old Tasina.

When he finally found words, Banks said softly, "A week ago my wife was behind as Iron door, my children were in Oklahoma. You in your love, have moved the Iron **600T**.

The Rev. Jim Jones, pastor of the Peoples Temple here, led more than 4000 mm and women in the crowded church in singing, "We Shall Overcome."

Then in his strong voice, Jones affirmed his congregation's support of Benks and dechared, "We shall not settle for anything less than his liberty."

At the moment that seem

Banks is wasted in South Dakota, where he was convicted last July of possessing arms in a rict and assault with a dangerous weapon "without intent to kill."

In the trial, defense witnesses mid they would not testify because they were threatened by the prosecutor, the state's attorney general, and in mid-trial, Banks' counsel withdrew for the same reason, leaving him to defend himself alone. His appeal for a mistrial was denied.

He and his wife also face charges of possessing destructive devices in Oregon.

Extradition to South Dakota, he declares, will mean his reviain death, and he has appealed to Gov. Brown to deny extradiction.

Jones said he asked the church board and congregation last week to take the action.

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PEOPLES FORUM

Vol. 1. No. 1

A Community News Service

April 1976

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Dunnis Banks and wife, Ka-Mook with Rev. Sm. lones at family couning

BANKS RALLY -SAT.

With placards and banners calling for "No Extradition" and "Drop the Charges," thousands will join together this Saturday on behalf of Dennis Banks, leader and co-founder of the American Indian Movement (AIM). They will protest what they see as smother tragic chapter in a long history of persecution of Native Americans by the U.S. Government and its agencies. Participants will assemble at 11 AM at 25th and Harrison. The march will proceed to the Civic Center Plaza for a 1 PM raily at the State Building, where Banks himself will be speaking. Lehman Brightman, leading Native American educator and the man who gave Banks instalt will be speaking. Lehman Brightman, leading Native American educator and the man who gave Banks sanctuary in California, will also address the raily. Other speakers will include Rudolfo "Corky" Gonzales, William Kunstler, and John Tradell. Over one half million signatures have been collected on petitions asking Governor Jerry Brown to deny extradition to South Dakota.

Banks is wanted in South Dakota on a controversial conviction for possession of arms in a riot "without intent to kill." According to the San Francisco Examiner, defense witnesses reported that they had been threatened by the prosecutor, Attorney General William Janklow. Receiving similar threats, Banks' own attorney also quit the case in midtrial, leaving him to defend himself. The appeal for a mistrial was denied.

Banks' bitter plight has been compounded by the treatment of his wife, Ka-mook, in an Oregon prison, where until recently she was being held. Ka-mook birthed a baby girl while in jail and named the child "fron Door Woman." Immediately after birth the infant was separated from her monther hy prison officials.

the infant was separated from ner mother by prison officials.

Touched by this mother's plight and moved to action by reports that she was in ill-health and receiving inadequate medical attention, the multiracial congregation of Rev. Jones' church came to Ka-mook's rescue. They raised the necessary \$20,000.00 bail to secure her release. Banks thanked Rev. Jones and the more than 2,500 people who were on hand for his retunion with Ka-mook. In a voice choked with emotion, he said, "A week ago my wife was behind an iron door, my children were in Oklahoma. You, in your love, have moved the iron door."

Attention remains focused, however, on Banks extradition. Recently, several groups have become aware of the dangers that await Banks upon his return to South Dakota. Attorney General Janklow, in an affidavit filed by Banks' former attorney, stated that the solution to Indian militancy was a bullet through Banks' head, reported the New York Times. Banks quoted South Dakota prison authorities as saying that his life expectancy would be but 20 minutes if he were returned. It is agreed that racist elements within and without the criminal justice system there have vowed teom'd pg.31

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BANKS...

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to kill him. Two other AIM leaders have met violent deaths in recent years. Neither case has been solved.

- BANKS ENDORSED -

Subsequently, Banks has been endorsed by other Bay Area groups: The League of Latin American Crisens, The Western Addition Project Area Committee, the Mission Youth Project, the Real Alternatives Pro-gram, the Bay Area Urban League, Delancey Street Foundation, and the Mexican American Political Associa-

Dennis Banks and his supporters are anxious to see the extradiction sequest refused and the charges dropped. "For the first time in this country's history, non-indians need to stand in support of Indian people's rights," says Banks. If you would like to help, contact the Banks / Brightman Defense Coalition, 7787 Earl Court, El Cerrito, California, with your donations of funds or time. Dennis Banks and his supporters

5,000 At Banks Rally

Last Saturday, April 3, despite the cold and rainy weather, 5000 enthusiastic supporters of Dennis Banks gathered in San Francisco's Civic Cengathered in San Francisco's Core con-ter park to show their support and solidarity for the Indian leader. Banks, who is fighting extradition to South Dakota, (stemming from the Caster, South Dakota riots) addressed the throng. Also speaking were William Kunstler, former Chicago Seven defense attorney; Lehman Brightman, President of United Native Americans and the man who was Americans and the man was was sheltering Banks at the time of this arrest; and Jim Jones, founder-leader of the Peoples Temple Christian Church, who came to the aid of Banks' wife Ka-mook with the \$20,000 needed to free her on bail.

The following day Banks, his wife Ka-mook, attorneys Kunstler and Roberts, and other leaders of the Indian movement attended the second of three services at the San Francisco Peoples Temple where there were

about 4000 in attendance to hear Pastor Jim Jones speak. Also in attendance that day were Bishop Karl attendance that day were sismop Karl Irvin, President of the Christian Church of Northern California and Nevada; Assemblyman Willie Brown; District Attorney Joseph Freitas, Harvey Milk, community leader; Min-inter Mekki, Minister of Muhammeds Temple No. 26 here in San Francisco, and several Muslim leaders; Rev. Cecil Williams of Glide Memorial Methodist Williams of Glide Memorial Methodist. Church who gave the benediction; and representatives of the press. During the service Joses and several ministers of other faiths presented firm support to Banks and his wife, while the thousands in attendance expressed their approval with sustained applause. (Peoples Temple has three large services on Sundays.)

Banks has stated, and it is generally

inks has stated, and it is generally agreed (as was shown in a San Fran-cisco Examiner article), that extradi-tion to South Dakota would mean death for the AIM leader.

A Conspiracy Behind Peoples Temple Expose?



Indian leader Dennis Banks says he was asked to denounce Rev. Jim Jones

by Art Silvermen

a the carrent two-mouth harrage of sometions charges leveled against San Prancisco's Peoples Temple "an organized, orchestrated, premoditarof government compaign to destroy a politinative movement in a commitmeter." an

Or is it "a spontaneous, coarageous action by a group of former Temple members, who never came forward before because they were scared to death (of reprisals)," the explanation offered by Rosalie buller Wright, senior editor of New West stagazine, which first published and has aince supported the accessions."

There still aren't any definitive sawers to those questions — or to the specific altegations of freed, deceit, real exists a windles and physical hrutality ruises in sumerous media accounts since publication of the first of two New West artists in the few label for two New West artists in the few label for the first of two New West artists in which the few label for Rach July 27)

But a number of unusual circumstances and coincidences can't help but raise the suspicion that there's more going on than first meets the ray. The example:

*A Barb investigation has revealed that one individual working behind the neanes to discredit Peoples Temple is a San Francisco private investigator, who ususchow managed to obtain a state inom prison in 1976.

Joseph A. Mesor, the detective, has a lengthy criminal record including at least eight arrests in three states for various logus check and fraud charges, six convictions, several jail and prison terms, and has been returned to confinement three times for violating probation and purole by committies are crimes.

A confidential, 16-maye California Adult authority report on Manar, written in 1970, was recently obtained by the Barth. "(Ne is a smooth 'con-man' with an insatiable desire to get abend," concludes the report. "He is bright, well-adocated, an so well-versed in the law that he had five attorseys in the Possons area convinced that he had a law degree.

"It is felt that the subject is a memo

Mazor has admitted to the Barb that he was first employed to investigate the Pooples Temple in November 1976, eigh months before publication of the first Now West article. But he refuses to say

"The set point to tell you that," said histore, though he did reveal that his employer was an outsider, and not a past of present member of Peoples Temple. Maxor said he is currently employed by "pevernd" former Temple members, including Elmer and Deama Mertle, the

ticles.

**Mazor apparently is not only investigating Peoples Temple, but also actively seeking publicity to discredit the measuration.

To that and, the Barb has learned Masor hiros one of the intrest public relations firms in San Francisco an then asked them to coordinate a publicity campaign against the Temple and its minister. Reverend Jim Jones.

Bob Kenney, an account executive at Lowry, Reasons and Leeper, confirmed by the Barb that he has been working for Mazor "on this (Pooples Temple, project, showing him how to handle the media." He referred farther impairies to Mazor himself, whose only comment on Kenney's role way, "I don't third that's one of ware business."

Mazor did note that he originally hirse the public relations firm to help him attract tusiness from insurance companies "and then the Puoples Temple matter just came up, and so animally I turno to them for help."

But a source close to Lowry, Resease and Leeper told the Burb that Mazo came to the company "saying that hazo that Lipuet (a famous investigator)," as that the Peoples Temple controvers "presented an excellent opportunity" to carrier rubblicity.

According to this source, Kenney's work for Masor included sending out letters to selected journalists, offering them --



Temple lender Rev. Jim Jones



20F -- exclusive material of an incriminating nature against Peoples

emple.

Kenney's campaign resulted in at least
article in the San Prancisco Chronicle last month, concerning an alleged fape recording of a telephone conversa-tion, in which Temple members supposed-ly discussed irregularities on the actary seal of a document transfering title of n member's home to the Temple. The allegations raised in that story are now also in dispute.

In another strange twist to the Peoples Temple story, American Indian Move-ment lender Dennis Banks charged rement leader Deanis Banks charged re-cently that he was approached on March 23 by a man who identified himself "as working with the Treasury Department, with an Internal Revenue Service agent, and with two men from the San Prancisco Police Department."

The man, who Banks and his associate Lehman Brightman identified as David Count. then allexedly offered Banks belp

m, then allegedly offered Banks belo with his extradition problems in exchange for "a public denunciation" of Jim Jones. Banks is facing possible extradition from

Banks has long been a Peoples Tem-e supporter, and has attended Temple rvices three or four times. The Tem-s also made a loss of \$19,000 to ball nk's wife out of prison last year. Her ryes were musequently dropped and money was returned.

"Cons was received,"

"Cons was obviously making a deal with
," Banks charged in a avera affadevit
resetted at a press conference earlier
a month. "I was being blackmatted,
"These agents all knew that I had a lot
ging over me. Besides the extradition,

also had a case in federal court in which be Treasury Department was involved. I neve often made it clear that if I am ex-mained to South Dahota, that is like a sentence of death, because I am certain with be killed there."

for seven years, and was working with several ex-members, including Grace

ing Peoples Temple for seven years, but ing Peoples Temple for seven years, but said thatthe had undertaken the project on his own as a private matter, "because I became aware that this is one of the worst religious frands being perpetrated. This man is ripping off the black people." Come also admitted that he sought out Dennis Bunks and arranged a meeting, but his version of what transpired on March 23 was solubly different. "I would to talk in Bunks because 1

23 was notsony ensurement.
"I wanted to balk to Bunks because 1 respect the gwy, and I was afraid that he was going to discredit himmelf through his association with Peoples Temple, without really knowing what they were about?"

Cosn, a surveyor employed by the Stan-dard Oil Corporation, denies that he ever montioned Banks' extradition or offered any deals. He claims that he only dioned the Treasury Department and or government agencies is massing, ting out to Books that they were conducting their own investigations of R erend Jones and the Temple. In fact, Conn unid, it was he and Sa

Rosa freelance journalist George Kline-man who approached various police and governmental agencies lust fall, offering them witnesses and documents with which to nitack the Temple. No investigations were underway before that time.

Both George Kilnoman and David Conn also have connections to the New West articles -- Klineman was credited with helping write the stories, while Conn was dary source and appeared at a a secondary source and appeared at a New West-sponsored press conference held at the Sheradan Palace Hotel July: 20 to help promote the articles. In addition, Cosn is a close personal

friend of the Mertles; the main sources for much anti-Temple publicity. By his own admission, Com was investigating the Temple during all the years that his friends the Mertles were members. It is also the Mertles who hired private

eye Mazor and retained San Fre mey Daniel Denebery to file a law-

antonery beauty beautors; where a mo-sult against the Temple.

But nobody has been served with legal papers yet, and so for the monest there is still so way to get witnesses on the stand, under onth, to try to get at the truth about Peoples Temple once and for all.

Jim Jones is still in Guyana, who has remained since before publication of the first anti-Temple articles on afformey Garry's orders. According to reports from Guyana, relayed by Garry, there have been two attempts on Jones' life in the last mouth, one staged by "three white people with gues" who came onto the Ter 2000-acre mission.

NOU-acre mission.

The Densis Banks press conference, held in Garry's downtown San Francisco office, marks the first time that Temple officials have made any comment about the various charges raised by New West

the various charges raises by new wear and other media.

But they are still refusing to respoi-concretely to any particular accusations, on the grounds that they still don't know who is responsible for these attacks.

"We're going to keep our mouths shat,"
"We're going to keep our mouths shat,"
"We'll the died ned-

suid attorney Garry, "suil the dust act-ties and we get to the bottom of this. It looks like a conspiracy to me."

Are Investigators Trying To Destroy A Progressive Church?

CHAPTER FIVE

This information was obtained from Mrs. Rita Tupper. Mrs. Tupper knew the Conns and the Mertles before she came to Peoples Temple. Mrs. Tupper is now living in the interior of Guyana along with her children.

David and Donna Coon were friends of Mr. and Mrs. Larry Tupper. They all went to the same church in Richmond, California: Barrett Avenue Christian Church. The Conns were also good friends of Elmer and Deanna Hertle. The Hertles and the Conns had lived together for some time. According to Rita Tupper had sexual relations with Also, according to Mrs. Tupper, had had sex and with both and have also had oral sex with each other, as

documented in written statement to Jim Jones.

David Conn works for Standard Oil in Richmond, Califormia, where he is employed as an operator in the lab. He worked with Elmer Mertle, who has since quit. Mr. Tupper also worked there as an operator for years. Mrs. Tupper believes, although she is not entirely sure, that David Conn worked at Standard 011 when they were on strike. If this were the case, it would have been against the union.

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WRITES TO JIM JONES LISTING PEOPLE WHO HE HAS HAD

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CHAPTER SIX

The following are documents to show that the Treasury Department, or someone posing as a Treasury Department agent, has in fact contacted ex-members of Peoples Temple asking for information about the church and Rev. Jones.

State of California
City and County of San Francisco)

Affidavit of Sandra Bradshaw

I, Sandra Bradshaw, being duly sworn, declare:
In April,1977 Tom Adams and myself visited J.R. Pufifoy
at his home in Fresno, California. While I was there J.R. Purifoy
stated that a Treasury agent had called him. J.R. said that
this person who said that he was from the Treasury Department
told J.R. that he knew that J.R. was an ex-member of Peoples
Temple and that he wanted to know anything that J.R. Pufifoy
could remember about the church. J.R. told the man that he
had nothing to say about Peoples Temple.

Dated this Auguest 27,1977.

Sandra Bradshaw

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of California

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State of California
City and County of San Francisco)

Affidavit of Ton Adams

In April, 1977. Sandy Bradshaw and myself visited James R. Purifoy at his home in Presno, California. While I was there Mr. Purifoy said that he had been called by a man who said that he was from the Treasury Department. J.R. Purifoy said that he did not get the mans name but that he was sure that the man said that he was with the Treasury Department. J.R. told us that the man asked him to tell him everything that he could remember about Peoples Temple and that he knew that J.R. Purifoy used to be a member. J.R. told us that he told the man that he had nothing to say about Peoples Temple. J.R. Pufifoy also called Rev. Jim Jones who was in Georgetown Guyana that night and told Rev. Jones what had happened.

Jated this 27th day of August, 1977.

Tom Adams

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of California

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SEGMENT OF BANKS/BRIGHTMAN NOTES DURING MEETING WITH DAVID CONN SAYING GRACE STOEN HAD BEEN VISITED BY TREASURY AGENTS.

Grace has been vicited by the

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PEOPLES TEMPLE AGRICULTURAL MISSION P.O. Box 893, Georgetown, Guyana, South America

August 9, 1979

RE. THE FBI AND JIL JONES

The following discussion of the Entense interest of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the activities of one of the most progressive civil rights leaders in the United States (and a dedicated socialist) is by no means intended to be an indictment of the United States government or of the Fresident, but rather another instance of the already well-known and highly-publicized excesses of the U.S. intelligence community, which has practically set itself up as a national and international policing agency to crush progressive, civil rights, and socialist leaders and organizations, even going so far as to finance and otherwise equip personnel to destabilize and overthrow leftist governments, as in Chile.

Jim Jones is only one of many who have worked for peace, social justice, and civil rights in the United States who have been monitored, harassed, and even persecuted by agencies within the intelligence community. Perhaps the most notable figure who was doubtleably destroyed by this most vicious aspect of the U.S. intelligence establishment is Dr. Partin Luther King. The efforts against him have been exhaustively documented, as I am sure you are sware, in the revelations of the FBI's CORMILIERS operation, which also attempted to decimate the Socialist Workers Party in the USA. The U.S. Attorney-General has recently refused, in this latter situation, to turn over the files which are vital to litigation against the FBI and, in so acting, has risked a citation for contempt of court. We want to make it clear that the right wing excesses of the U.S. intelligence community do not necessarily reflect upon

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Re: The FBI and Jim Jones

with are. Rosalynn Carter at a dinner engagement some months before coming to Guyana, and she seemed favorably inclined to Rev. Jones' suggestion that the U.S. send medical supplies to Guba, and wrote to him (letter enclosed) in a supportive vein. Our concern is about right-wing trends in the United States which can be detected within government agencies, and which have been widely discussed and remarked upon even in the major news media (i.e., Newsweek magazine). Not surprisingly, the PBI director himself, william mebster, recently admitted that he was a member of four racist organizations. Congress did not require him to drop his affiliations for confirmation of his post.

L. 1997 Colore R. M. SADA COLOR SALMONIO

we wish to document here a few examples of evidence that the FBI has maintained an interest in Jim Jones for nearly thirty years, while at the same time officially denying that they have had any interest in him at all. when Jim Jones made application to see the contents of his FBI files in accordance with his privileges under the Freedom of Information Act, the FBI actually claimed that they meet no file on him. This astounding claim must be weighed against the evidence which follows.

During the 1950's, a current member of Peoples Temple, pr. Charles Touchette (now farm manager at the Agricultural Project) was hostile toward Jim Jones because his entire family had decided to join Peoples Temple, a militantly civil rights and fully integrated organisation. At the time or Touchette was anti-socialist and racist. He called the FBI to investigate us, speculating that Jim Jones was "in with the communists" (a catch-phrase in those days, now being revived in the neo-agarthyite atmosphere in the United States). Ar. Touchette's report prompted investigators to interregate members of Peoples Temple. One of these was an elderly woman who had been given a home by Jim Jones when she was unable to support herself, without even a Social Security check. She was queried extensively: 'Did Jim Jones

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聖書を行るをあり、十人は一個事事

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buy you clothes?"Did he buy you the home you are wearing?" 'Is Jim Jones a member of the NAACP?' 'Is Jim Jones a communist?' (We note that Mr. Touchette has for many years been a devoted member of Peoples Temple, and has renounced his former views, and is today a staunch integrationist. His total acceptance into Peoples Temple even after he tried to get the FBI to destroy Jim Jones is a reflection on the kind of character that Jim Jones has. The woman in question who was interrogated, Ars. Muller, was in her 60's at the time and is now approaching 80, residing here in Guyana.)

Leter, after Jim Jones moved from the Midwest (where the above incidents took place) to Ukiah, California in the mid-1960's, the Chief of Police of that town informed Jim Jones that the FBI had compiled a long list of his activities, in conjunction with local police anti-subversive units (called 'red squads' in those days). The Ukiah chief, though holding right-wing views, admired Jim Jones and his church members for their good citizenship, and his efforts to rehabilitate young people and care for the elderly, as well as his emphasis on law-abiding behavior. The chief, in addation, did not feel that the FBI should have any control ever local police departments. This, we speculate, is what prompted him to disclose the above information to Jim Jones, which is at total variance with the denial of the PBI that any files have been kept on him. It is also probably the case that, although this police chief had become frimmdly to Peoples Temple, he would not be so disposed today, in view of the resurrence of racist and right-wing attitudes in US society.

another important clue that we have come upon revealing FBI monitoring and activity to discredit and destroy Jim Jones, moncerns a report from a Fidwestern Bournalist, Frs. Caroline Fickering, to the effect that the FBI and San Francisco police conspired to instigute a series of smear-type stories about Jim Jones in 1972, using a racist journalist who has since been exposed as working for U.S. corporate interests in South Africa. The action against Jim Jones was prompted by the church

denating a large sum to the defense of Angela Davis and other civil rights and black activists who were in no way socialists or arxist-leninists. (Note: kms. Pickering is currently sarried to a right-wing judge, and would probably not repeat this information to anyone representing us: the comment was made when she was talking with a person whom she thought shared her views. We have not been able, unfortunately, to locate the names of the FBI agent and police officials in our files, though a complaint was filed at the time.)

Another indication that the FSI has had an interest in Jim Jones happened in the mid-1960's when he applied for a visa to visit the Soviet Union as part of a projected trip to several European countries. Several weeks after making the visa application, Jim Jones was contacted by the FSI and searchingly interrogated as to why he wanted to visit the Soviet Union. (Jim Jones replied that he thought he had the right to travel as an American citizen). Even though this was long after the recurry Era; and many people were visiting the Soviet Union, the FSI insisted on questioning him. (Note: Jim Jones was unable to carry out his travel plans because of arrangements concerning moving with his family to California).

On yet another occasion, famous washington columnist irrew
Fearson, who had revealed much corruption in Us foreign affairs,
was planning to visit Jim Jones because of support and encouragement
that he and members of Peoples Temple had consistently given to
Fearson when he stuck his nack out to reveal various unsavory practices
in the US government both at home and abroad. Fearson, who was to
pass away soon afters had lost a major network radio broadcast and
even was close to losing his nationally-syndicated column. Fearson
was also at one time brutally attacked in a restaurant by none other
than Senator Joe icCarthy. Pearson never got to visit Jim Jones.
But he wanted him to know that "the FBI was after him" (Jones).

In the early 1950's, during the McCarthy period, Jim Jones went to see Paul Robeson, in Chicago, The PBI learned of this (and could have only learned of it through a telephone wire-tap)

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and subsequently interrogated Rev. Jones' mother for seven hours. Mrs. Jones knew that her son was a good person, but she was not at all swere of his socialist ideology and she thought that her son was 'crary' to be involved with it — a typical attitude of many people, even with progressive ideas, in that period of intense anti-communist propaganda and the elimate of fear and intimidation that went along with it. Mrs. Jones absolutely refused to tell her interrogatoers smything. She was questioned at her place of employment where she was a shop stewardess in her union, and lost her position as a result. Later, Mrs. Jones became a devoted socialist and died here in Guyana, where she snjoyed the happiest sonths of her life.

The very recent series of concertedeefforts that have been directed smainst the work of Jim Jones was perhaps touched off by en incident in late 1976, when a high-ranking military intelligence surveillance team was discovered spying on a Peoples Temple meeting in ban Prancisco, where the black mayor of payersville, pississippe, ics. Units wright, was speaking about places she had visited. Our personnel checked the license plate of the car that the men had arrived in, and traced it through the District Attorney (after much probing and difficulty) to an Air Force Base in Biloxi, Mississippi. Further investigation confirmed that they were receiving their instructions from a racist, reactionary U.S. Senator, John Stemmis. The Air Force denied that these individuals were in our area at all. Congressmen who we maked to help in exploring this matter further could get nowhere. And a prominent editor in one of the major establishment newspapers in San Francisco told us that "this time you have gone too far." Nobody would touch the story, except for the president of the black press, a friend of Jim Jones who should be visiting here soon. It was only two days after this story was released to the press that (we later learned) a group of people who were conspiring to discredit Jim Jones began to co-ordinate their activities with the aid of a prominent public relations outfit. we would discover later that one of their tactics would be to use people who had left our organisation to "hait' the media with ridiculous stories about Peoples Temple. The people involved had both ultra-right backgrounds along with some

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who were part of an anarchist/Trotakyite group that advocated irresponsible activities andocourses of violence in total contradiction with our beliefs. We now have good reason to believe that their insame, 'revolutionary' schemes were advanced as a provocative ruse, as has been done with other groups advocating sectial change.

There are other incidents. But the above highlights, we feel, amply illustrate that there has been a continuing effort on the part of the FBI to undermine, thwart, discredit, and ultimately destroy Jim Jones and Peoples Temple, an effort that is not at all inconsistent with the shameful activities that have been catalogued with respect to many groups and principled leaders who have been attempting to work for constructive social change in the United States, we also note that the CIA has similarly denied that any files are maintained on Jim Jones — a curious statement in view of the fact that it has released material it has kept on several members of Peoples Temple.

At this point, we would like to bring up some related considerations that will help put the foregoing into a wider perspective.

As we have noted, the intense campaign to impugn the reputation of Jim Jones, smear has character, and sow discord about his work, is nothing new to the progressive community in the United States. Many leaders and organizations working for social change have been similarly victimized.

Community and civil rights activists who know of the work of Jim Jones and Peoples Temple intimately, have remained staumch supporters. These are people of all races and varying political persuasions. We cite just a few of the more notable examples:

--ir. Robert Gnaisda, Director of Public Advocates, Inc., an important legal collective that has exposed much carruption in government, is a strong supporter. kr. Gnaisda, incidentally, was a key aide to California Governor Edmund Brown, Jr.

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--California's Lieutenant Governor and former Congressman Fervyn Dynally has been a close friend. Fr. Dynally, a native West Indian, has visited the Agricultural Project, and has published a book through Peoples Temple documenting a national conspiracy to harass and ruin nundreds of black elected officials, himself included;

-- Frogressive California State Assamblyman willie Brown:

==Dr. Carlton Goodlett, &.D. and Ph.D., Fresident of the NNFA (which is the major black press association in the U.S.), who has publicly and repeatedly denounced the efforts against Jim Jones;

--- r. Thomas Fleming, editor of the largest Afra-American newspaper in the San Francisco Bay Area;

- -Jane Bonda, internationally-acclaimed actress:
- -- angela Davis, rights activist:
- -- San Francisco Supervisos Hervey Ailk:

—John Eaher, nationally-known for his rehabilitation work with ex-convicts, and who currently has his own ABC-TV program, taker has offered his assistance to reoples Tample in locating a doctor to help get a local Guyanese child here in the borth sest Esgion a corneal transplant operation that will save his vision. Incidentally, wr. taker, in order to "survive" in a climate prejudicial to the collective lifetyle of his prison-rehabilitation foundation, has had to moderate his views in public, something that Jim Jomes harfused to do, and which helps explain the kinds of attacks to which he has been subjected:

--Other local supporters, which include longtime eivil rights activists Enola samell and Tvonne Golden (as. Golden is Fresident of the sam Francisco Balck Teachers Caucus); author Albert Kahn (whose works are smong the most translated of any American writer); organizations such as the somen's International League for Francisco and Freedom (KILFF), the World Peace Council, and the header; the head of the sam Francisco Council of Churches; members of the Sam Francisco Human Rights Commission, and many progressive clerymen.

All of these people, and many more, have been outraged by the despicable use of false witnesses to air monstrous lies about Peoples Temple. The entire catalogue of media-sponsored stratagems and bogus investigations are already well-known and have shocked many people. Those who have followed the campaign against our movement have concurred with our profound dissatisfaction that the U.S. Embassy here was unable to prevent a

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young woman from walking out of Guyann with several thousands of dollars whe stole from elderly people here in our community, and who subsequently proceeded to cover her crime by shamelessly lying to the press about the nature of our community. There was nothing we could do about it. Our refutations were only marginally covered in a prejudiced media — a typical pattern. We cannot afford, in addition, to become encumbered any further with libel actions which would require that we send witnesses back to the United States to testify.

we recommend, to put all of the foregoing into perspective, that you see the recent issue of <u>Fbony</u> magazine where extensive, quasi-genocidal efforts are exposed that seek to destroy all black elected officials. A similar expose aslo appreared in <u>Sepia magazine</u> a few months ago in an article by any marner, excerpted from a volume printed through hypples Temple. The extensive list of targeted individuals includes kep, charles Digns (founder of the Compressional Black Caucus), benator Edward Brooke (the only black U.S. Senator since the Reconstruction Ira), and moderate civil rights leader Jesse Jackson of Operation FULK (who at one time, it has been suggested, even gave information to the FII, alone with Roy wilkins, about Iral artin Luther Ming).

All of this is mightmarish, and is producing a neo-colorthyite climate of fear in the United States that is stifling dissent and decimation any vatices of forthright black leadership in the wake of successful right-wing efforts to cut back important programs for minority and poor people, and other key civil rights gains in many areas of U.S. society.

we are also alarmed and disturbed -- as is a larme segment of the American public -- at the actions of president Carter in backing down from what had promised to be a progressive administration. we don't believe that in Carter is a hypocrite. We can only speculate that there have been some enormous pressures brought to bear upon him, and that these are perhaps related to the selective assassinations of the 1960's of several progressive leaders (the

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epropriatorial nature of which is now being investigated and exposed, revealing high-level complicity).

The effect of this is quickly clarifying the rules America --- and who in fact dictates the policies of government: a super-rich silitary/industrial complex, run by a corporate eligarchy. This kind of pressure has extended into all areas of government, especially the U.S. Congress, which has recommended courses of action (such as breaking relations with Cuba) that have even shocked Whate Department officials. Another disturbing sign was the frustration experienced by framer setergate Chief Prosecutor Leon Jaworski, who was assigned to investigate U.S. Congress payoff-taking from KCIA go-betweens. Jaworski concluded that the investigation he was to carry out was really only designed to Make it appear that the government was policing corruption in its ranks, because when he seriously began to get at the roots of the situation, he was rebuffed, and was himself investigated, and had to curtail his efforts. Similar things happened during the Church Committee investigations of the U.S. intelligence community,

We could gite much more evidence that points to the resurgence of a right-wing, fascist-like mentality so frightening that hundreds of people — many of whom we do not even know — kno have happened our work here are expressing a desire to join us. sany of these are people who express a sense of alienation and lack of personal fulfillment, bred by an advanced technological state that looks upon human beings, increasingly, as more commodities, and which is losing touch with the needs of millions of people.

A final note in this vein that is particularly chilling: we know a young man in the US Air Force whese mother is residing here in our community. He tells her that people in the military have a joke about the neutron bomb. They call it the "nigger bomb." referring to its projected, special testical use on black ghettes

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to wipe out the population while saving the property, adding that it will be sant to South Africa for the same purpose.

Our purpose in providing you with this information has not been, again, to cast aspersions on the United States, but to illustrate the kind of activity which has worked to undermine progressive movements. The reactionary and right-wing currents within U.S. society can work to undermine, additionally, our quest for international co-operation and peace. These issues have troubled millions of people of conscience in the United States, including many people in all areas of government.

Should you have any questions or reflections on the foregoing material, please do not hesitate to contact us.

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PART II

OF PEOPLES TEMPLE UNDER

THE DIRECTION OF

SENATOR STENNIS

INTRODUCTION

On November 7, 1976, Unita Blackwell Wright (the black woman mayor of Mayersville, Mississippi), spoke at our church in San Francisco. During the course of her speech, one of our members who was standing at the front door noticed two men who were obviously listening to her speech from the corridor between the Temple and the Meaders Cleaners building next door. When the same Temple member approached them, they quickly left the corridor and hurried down the sidewalk to their car. The Temple member took down the license plate number (412 PTK) and identified the vehicle as a two-door, brown Ford Granada. The license number checked out to be that of a car belonging to Budget Airport Association, 830 L Street, Sacramento, California. We checked to see who had rented the car and found it had been issued to Thomas Dawsey of Biloxi, Mississippi. The clerk at Budget Airport Association showed us the car rental documents from which we ascertained Mr. Dawsey's name and home address. Further research provided Dawsey's home phone number which we subsequently called. Members of his family braggingly told us of Mr. Dawsey's employment as an electronics expert in a governmental agency guided by Senator Stennis. We believe Mr. Dawsey's rank to be EMC-13.

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We put all this information together in a letter to Mr. Stennis with copies to various Congresspersons. We also sent copies to the media. We protested, on basis of what we had found, this outright invasion of our privacy and registered our opposition to such harassment in case of its recurrence. We did receive some responses --- all sympathetic. Congressman Phillip Burton wrote to the Air Force asking for an explanation of this incident, and received the reply that they were unable to investigate the private matters which may have involved the Peoples Temple and Mr. Thomas Dawsey. Mr. Burton responded with yet another letter to the Air Force and received what was essentially the same non-commital reply. Our own letter to Senator Stennis was documented as received by his office through a return receipt. We have still received no reply from his office.

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HARRINGTON

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NUMBER 13

LIST OF EXHIBITS

EXIBIT A: LETTER TO SENATOR STENNIS

This letter was sent to Senator Stennis and copies
were sent to some fifty additional Senators and

Congresspersons. Copies were also sent to the media.

The letter gives a detailed description of the events
that took place when Mrs. Unita Blackwell Wright
spoke to our church congregation.

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EXIBIT B: RETURN RECEIPT

This is the return receipt which documents the fact that

Senator Stennis received our letter.

EXHIBIT C: LETTER RECEIVED FROM CONGRESSMAN BURTON
In this letter from Congressman Phillip Burton, we
are advised that he has contacted the Air Force in
response to the information contained in the Stennis
letter copy directed to him.

EXHIBIT D: COPY OF LETTER IN WHICH THE AIR FORCE RESPONDS TO CONGRESSMAN BURTON AND MR. BURTON'S COVER LETTER TO US The Air Force responded to Congressman Phillip Burton's inquiry, a copy of which Mr. Burton sent to us with the attached cover letter. The Air Force states:

- * 'We regret that we were, and still are, unable to investigate the private matters which may have involved the Peoples Temple and Mr. Thomas N. Dawsey."
- * The letter also mentions that Mr. Dawsey's position at Kessler Air Force Base is that of electronic engineer and that his duties are to check interference between communications and electronics equipment.

EXHIBIT E: COPY OF CONGRESSMAN PHILLIP BURTON'S SECOND LETTER
TO THE AIR FORCE AND COPY OF THEIR SECOND RESPONSE TO HIM
Congressman Burton was unsatisfied with the response he had
received from the Air Force and sent a second request for
information. In their reply, the Air Force states:
* "Since no military law or directive appears to have been

* "Since no military law or directive appears to have been violated, the alleged activities are not within the Air Force's investigative jurisdiction."

EXHIBIT F: LETTER RECEIVED FROM COLORADO CONGRESSWOMAN PATRICIA SCHROEDER

This letter was sent to us by Congresswoman Schroeder in response to the copy of the Stennis letter we had directed to her. In her reply to us she states:

* "Something does seem awry here."

EXHIBIT G: LETTER FROM CONGRESSMAN PAUL MC CLOSKEY

Congressman Mc Closkey states that he has contacted Congressman Phillip Burton's office regarding the Stennis letter and has learned Mr. Burton is investigating the matter with the Air Force and, if necessary, with the CIA.

EXHIBIT H: LETTER FROM CONGRESSMAN MORRIS UDALL
Congressman Udall acknowledges receipt of our Stennis letter.

EXHIBIT I: LETTER FROM CONGRESSMAN MICHAEL J. HARRINGTON
Congressman Harrington acknowledges receipt of our Stennis
letter.

EXHIBIT J: PEOPLES FORUM, ARTICLE FROM VOLUMN 1, NUMBER 13
This article on the visit of Unita Blackwell Wright and
related incidents was printed by Peoples Temple in our
monthly newspaper, the Peoples Forum. The article documents
the events relating to the men from Mississippi and their
"dropping by" Peoples Temple.

REMIBIT A

November 16, 1976

Senator John C. Stennis United States Senator 205 Old Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Stennis:

In the atmosphere following the debacle of the Nixon administration, the public was led to believe that the compilation of "enemy lists," the collection of dossiers, the web of intrigue and investigation surrounding private citizens that characterized those unfortunate years was coming to an end. However, a series of peculiar events last week led to a rather unusual discovery, one which seems to belie the promise of the post-Watergate climate, and one in which I am sure you will be interested. I hope that you will bear with me if this letter seems overly long, but details are necessary to fully grasp the impact of the situation.

As you are perhaps aware, Peoples Temple Christian Church, of the Disciples of Christ, a denomination numbering upwards of 2 million whose members include FBI Director Clarence Kelly and many congresspersons, is a multi-ethnic church whose theological emphasis is upon the social gospel of Jesus Christ. We stress the value of a life of human service, and to this end the church has a large variety of programs that serve the needs of people from every racial and socio-economic background. Central to our philosophy is a deep commitment to the principles of democracy as embodied in our Bill of Rights--foremost among these being freedom of speech, press, religion, and peaceful assembly. Equally important is the concomitant right to privacy. We do not believe that it is possible to maintain a viable democracy without a vigilant and spirited dedication to liberty. So it is not unusual for our congregations to invite speakers from all walks of life and every phase of the philosophical spectrum to discuss their views. John Birchers, moderate Republicans, liberals and progressives alike have spoken at our churches. We like to think of ourselves as an open forum for a free exchange of ideas.

Thus, when Ms. Unita Blackwell Wright, Mayor of Meyersville, Miss., offered to address several thousand members of our San Francisco congregation at one of our services on Sunday, November 7, the congregation gladly accepted. No doubt you are familiar with Ms. Wright, as she has been actively involved in the civil rights movement for many years, and was among the first American women to visit China with actress Shirley MacLaine in 1973. We think that an exposure to a variety of life's experiences

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can only serve to sharpen one's ability to separate the wheat from the chaff, and, as we have never had a speaker who could give an eyewitness view of China, we were interested in hearing her perspective.

Ms. Wright gave a humerous, down to earth, sincere talk on her ideas for peaceful, positive social change. I am basically a political moderate, cynical of all Utopian solutions. I can say that Ms. Wright at no time advocated the adoption of China's ideological structure; she merely pointed out some of the positive aspects of Chinese society, such as the absence of the need for locked doors and the safety of the streets at night and suggested how America could emulate these characteristics to strengthen our own nation. (Even moderate members of Congress recognize that some kinds of changes are necessary within the framework of our democratic system.) She was hardly a "wild-radical" and we are not starry-eyed idealists about China or any other foreign country. Certainly we would never support a dictatorial regime of whatever political label. Honestly, it is difficult for us to see how mature, responsible people can seriously believe that complex social ills can be erradicated by Utopian panaceas.

However, this innocuous exercise in one of our basic constitutional guarantees--freedom of speech--did not go by unnoticed by those who, it seems, would want to deny us this fundamental liberty.

Senator Stennis, there were other, uninvited guests that Sunday. Outside two men sat in a parked car which later proved to be rented from Sacramento. One of them reportedly had a tape recorder and was seen skulking about the side of our building eavesdropping. He was followed to the parked vehicle some distance away from the church.

Naturally, their covert interest in a Sunday church service aroused the curiosity of the over 4,000 of our members who were present for this second morning service, among them several reporters who decided to do their own investigation. It appears that the car was rented by a Mr. Thomas Dawsey. Mr. Dawsey is one of your constituents from Biloxi. Apparently, Mr. Dawsey, having been picked up at the airport Saturday by the rental agency, drove to San Francisco Sunday morning and parked some distance from our building. The car was returned Monday morning.

Some of Mr. Dawsey's relatives and friends furnished additional information that sheds a bizarre light on the picture. According to these contacts, Mr. Dawsey is an electronics expert working

for a governmental agency that is guided by yourself. This particular point was told by one relative and confirmed by another source. Although we are not in agreement with your point of view, at times, nevertheless, as Chairman of the Armed Services Committee, as well as the Central Intelligence and Preparedness Subcommittees, you are a Senator who has obviously been dedicated to the interests of our country for many years. These are facts that seem to corroborate the accuracy of all that Mr. Dawsey's relatives and friends said about the nature of his work. Supposedly, Mr. Dawsey is a very high ranking member of a communications "team" (I believe that his rating is EMC 13) whose activities you are primarily responsible for. Allegedly, the activities of these select groups (one source said that there are also teams in Missouri and California) are connected with the Air Force and Kessler Base in Mississippi, near Biloxi. One relative did say that the team members were concerned with checking out possible interference with radar communication that could jeopardize our national defense, a purpose that cannot be relevant to the cloak of secrecy.

Precipitate judgments can prove faulty, of course, but when electronics experts sit outside our church, clearly trying to hear what is going on inside, we begin to wonder. After all, if their motive was innocent, why didn't they just come inside and identify the organization they represented It would have saved them, and us, a great deal of trouble.

Latin America is alive with rumors that our government has been cooperating with efforts to introduce communications experts along the Guyanese border as part of some destabilization attempt. We have an agricultural mission on several thousand acres in that country and heretofore have not believed these rumors, passing them off as a hypersensitivity to U.S. influence in Latin America. Now we begin to wonder.

Peoples Temple is not interested in becoming enmeshed in a public campaign against mushrooming government surveillance. In fact, we are asking those who receive copies of this letter not to make its contents public, because we adhere to the principle that one is innocent of a wrong-doing until proven guilty. Moreover, we cannot see what purpose would be served either in creating further division among the American people, or presenting a false image of America as a police state to the world at large. We still have great faith in America, but in the event that it becomes evident that the First Amendment is being challenged in any segment of American life and society to an intolerable degree,

several prominent journalists have been given both this letter and the supporting documentation and have agreed to go ahead with a story only upon our direct request. However, we require some clarification as to the nature of an operation that sends personnel all the way from Biloxi, Mississippi to "spy out our liberty," to quote a Scripture. One Congressman told us that it bore the earmarks of CIA involvement. Our privacy and that of Ms. Unita Wright have been grossly invaded, and we feel that to sit quietly by and tolerate its continued violation would denigrate our self-respect and moral integrity.

Sunday's incident was not the first time our church has been subjected to harassment. A brief look at just a few of the incidents we have experienced will, I think, serve to put our present concern in perspective, although they are not necessarily connected with Sunday's incident.

- 1. Some time ago, one of our churches was burned down. The Fire Inspector said that it was clearly the work of a professional arsonist.
- 2. On numerous occasions we have received harassing phone calls. One incident particularly stands out in my mind because it was so cruel. A person mimicked the voice of one of our ministers, and he said he was going to commit suicide. Another time a caller said that our Pastor had been killed. Some of the recipients of these calls were senior citizens whose health could have been jeopardized by the shock.

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- 3. At other times, strangers have called our church offices, saying that church officials had called and insulted them rudely, and not one of our members had ever even heard of the person making the complaint!
- 4. We were sent what was, from outward appearances, authentic newspaper copy of a story that allegedly was to be printed about us--a very negative "article." The object was to alienate us from the paper in question, a newspaper with whom we were, and continue to be, on excellent terms. Since that time both the establishment and alternative press have been more than favorable to our work.
- 5. Our Pastor was sent a bouquet of flowers and a sympathy card-with his "death" given as a date in the very near future. One of his children received it.
- 6. A bomb was placed underneath the bus our Pastor was to ride on one night. The Bomb Squad came to dismantle the device. Many children and seniors would have been riding that bus as well.

7. Finally, several years ago we found out that some telephone operators were monitoring our office calls for days at a stretch. (This occurred in a rural community at a time when our attorney's office phones did not yet have the direct dialing system.) Having found nothing nefarious to report, they finally discontinued the activity. One operator stepped forward and told us what was happening. The telephone company investigated and said her information appeared correct but her testimony would be required at a hearing. She told us, in tears, that if she were to testify, she would be unbearably pressured by racist elements within her department. One of the investigators said this was probably so and it was likely that the woman would lose her job. Our Pastor and the majority of the Board of Trustees felt that we had a primary obligation to see that she did not suffer for her honesty and, as our sole interest that this invasion of privacy be stopped had been achieved, we decided not to publicize the matter.

8. Just the other evening a person who refused to identify , himself came by our headquarters asking information regarding our Pastor's travel schedule, specifically, what bus he regularly rode. He also was insistent about knowing the Pastor's home address.

Our aim, Senator Stennis, is not to raise a cry of "persecution." That kind of crusade is against our nature entirely. But we thought that this latest incident required a response on our part so that we can be on record as opposing this harassment, in the event we are bothered in the future. Until this time we had no concern about government interference with our privacy. As a result of these events, however, we now do intend to make disclosure requests to all appropriate government agencies under the Privacy Act of 1974 and the Freedom of Information Act.

Peoples Temple has taken youth from militant backgrounds and made them once again believe that it is possible to work for change within the system. Many conservative leaders in both the political and business spheres, together with liberals, support our church as one of the most effective deterrents to Communism or tyranny in any form. Our programs have rescued literally hundreds from lives of crime and drugs, and we know of no actively participating young person having any difficulty with the law.

We also arrange for free medical care for those in need. Just last week, in one morning alone, over 1000 people were given innoculations against several strains of influenza by doctors working in our church. (Governmental officials say these strains of

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flu are threatening our nation's health. Each year we always follow their guidelines and see that every member is provided with the medical care recommended.) The program of innoculations was continued daily. Peoples Temple paid the bill

Repeated harassment can only serve to undermine the respect for our democratic system that the church has helped to foster in embittered young people. If it were not for the calm, controlled, and understanding leadership of our Pastor, no doubt many of these youths would be encouraged to return to a life of crime and militant activity by this kind of surveillance.

Peoples Temple has found that no group has a corner on truth or a franchise on reality. We have learned to listen although we may thoroughly disapprove. But we are tired of being annoyed and spied upon just because we choose to exercise our civil liberties. When relatives openly brag that government personnel are responsible to you and that you are accountable only to the President, it raises serious questions. Out of respect for you and your office, we decided to solicit your reply. One friend remarked that you are a powerful man who is organizing these groups for special undisclosed reasons that would serve the nation. Frankly, I do not see how eavesdropping on 4-5,000 people exercising their First Amendment rights in a Sunday church service will preserve the nation from destruction. Please enlighten us. In the meantime, Peoples Temple will continue to maintain ou rights of freedom of speech, assembly, and religion, and we will defend these rights with our lives, if necessary.

Sincerely,

Jean P. Brown

c/o Peoples Temple 1859 Geary Blvd.

San Francisco, California 94115

EXHIBIT

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PHILLIP BURTON

SHA RAMON HAME COTHER BRILINGS Washington, D.C. 20018

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BAS FORMULES, CALIFORNIA, DATE
FORMULES, AND ANTHONY

Congress of the United States House of Representatives Machington, N.C. 20515

RXHIBIT C

EDUCATION AND LABOR

CHAIRMAN, SUBMINISMETTER (IN

December 2, 1976

Ms. Jean Brown Peoples Temple Staff P.O. BOX 15157 San Francisco, Ca. 94115

Dear Ms. Brown:

I am in receipt of your recent letter regarding the survellience of Peoples Temple by persons affiliated with the Air Force.

In Order to be of assistance to you in this matter I have contacted the Department of the Air Force.

I will be in immediate contact with you upon receiving a reponse from the Department of the Air Force.

Kindest personal regards.

Sincerely,

PHILLIP BURTON
Member of Congress

PB:tmn

THIS STATIONERY PRINTED ON PAPER MADE WITH RECYCLED FIRERS

X-4-6-16

PHILLIP BURTON

Congress of the United States **House of Representatives**

Manhington, D.C. 20515

Pebruary 8, 1977

EXHIBIT D

Ms. Jean Brown People's Temple P. O. Box 15157 San Francisco, California 94115

Dear Ms. Brown:

In reference to your letter regarding the activities of Mr. Tommy Dawsey, I am enclosing letters I received from the Department of the Air Force in response to my inquiries on this matter.

The enclosed letters are self-explanatory and forwarded for your information. $\label{eq:constraint} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \end{subarray} % \beg$

If you have any further information, or if I can be of any further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Rindest personal regards,

PHILLIP BURTON Member of Congress

PB:why

X4-6-17

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE WASHINGTON 20330

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

JAN 18 1977



Dear Mr. Burton:

This is in reply to your most recent inquiry in behalf of Ms. Jean Brown of Peoples Temple Christian Church.

We regret that we were, and still are, unable to investigate the private matters which may have involved the Peoples Temple and Mr. Tommy N. Dawsey. We are sure you can appreciate the legal aspects of the Air Force getting involved in the personal lives of private citizens.

As we previously mentioned, Mr. Dawsey is a civil service employee assigned to the 1839 Electronics Installation Group (EIG) at Reesler AFD, Mississippi. He is an electronic engineer responsible for providing electromagnetic compatability engineering services. His duties involve checking interference between communications/electronics equipment.

The mission of the 1839 ETG is to install and maintain electronic and communication systems for the Air Force, and to provide electromagnetic compatability engineering services. No aspect of that mission involves the surveillence of private citizens or organizations, except for possible commercial television or radio stations interfering with base facilities.

Thank you for your interest, and we hope this information is of assistance.

Sincerely,

- EUDLA

Honorable Phillip Burton

House of Representatives

x-4-c-18

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE WASHINGTON 20330

JAN & C 1977

FICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Mr. Burton:

This is in reply to your most recent inquiry in behalf of the Peoples Temple Christian Church concerning the duty status of Mr. Tommy N. Dawsey.

The Commander of the 1839th Electronics Installation Group at Keesler AFB, Mississippi, advises that official records reflect Mr. Dawsey's duty status for the period October 13 to Movember 22, 1976, was as follows:

October 13 - Departed Reesler AFB, Mississippi, on Temporary Duty. Arrived Nather AFB, California. Purpose: Burroughs 3500 Computer Remote Terminal (CRT) Enhancement Project

October 14-15 - Mather AFB

October 16-17 - Mon-Guty

October 18-19 - Mather AFB

October 20 - Departed Mather AFB. Arrived Vandenberg AFB, California. Purpose: Communications Circuit Quality Improvement Task

October 21-22 - Vandenberg AFB

October 23 - Departed Vandenberg AFB (Non-duty)

October 24 - Non-duty

October 25 - Arrived March AFB (Non-duty - Veterans Day). Purpose: Burroughs 3500 CRT Project

October 26-29 - March AFB

October 30-31 - Non-duty

November 1-3 - March AFB

AFD. Purpose: Burroughs 3500 CRT Project

x-4-69

November 5 - Mather AFB Friday

* November 6-7 - Non-duty Sararday Sanday

November 8-12 - Nather APB Montay, Tues, wed, Thurk Friday

November 13-14 - Non-duty WWW Sac Sun.

November 15-16 - Mather AFB Monday Tues

November 17 - Departed Mather AFB. Arrived Keesler AFB. (Mission Complete). Weas

November 18-19 - Keesler APB | hursfri

November 20-21 - Non-duty 327. 5 wad 34

November 22 - Keesler AFB Monday

We understand and appreciate your personal concern over this matter and hope the foregoing information will be of assistance.

Sincerely,

JOHN WITH THE STATES THE

Honorable Phillip Eurton

House of Representatives

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x-4-c->

PHILLIP BURTON

C

Congress of the United States Donse of Representatibes Washington, D.C. 20515

January 10, 1977

Lt. Colonel Thomas S. Collins Congressional Inquiry Division Office of Legislative Liaison Department of the Air Force The Pentagon Washington, D.C. 20330

Dear Colonel Collins:

I am in receipt of your letter dated December 17, 1976, in response to my inquiry on the case, Ms. Jean Brown and the People's Temple of San Francisco.

People's Temple of San Francisco has a very legitimate concern in this matter. Either Mr. Towny N. Dawsey, or some individual using this name, was involved in the surveillance of a People's Temple gathering.

Your reply that the Commander of Keesler Air Force Base "states that his organization is not involved in any type of operation described by Ms. Brown" is not responsive.

Mr. Dawsey, or someone using his name, was involved in this "type of operation". My inquiry is directed at the activities of Mr. Dawsey. Mr. Dawsey was either not involved and therefore his name was used fraudulently, or else he was involved in some capacity. Even if Mr. Dawsey's involvement was in a private rather than professional capacity, this remains a serious matter.

My question still remains, was $\underline{\text{Mr. Dawsey}}$ involved in the surveillance of People's Temple?

Secondly, what are Mr. Dawsey's assigned duties at Keesler Air Force Base and what is the specific mission of . the 1839 Electronics Installation Group at Kessler AFB.

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EXHIBIT

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GOLDEN GATE AN PRANCISCO, CALIFO Prinst, \$34-462

PATRICIA SCHROEDER

Delver Francis, Bushing 1970: Francis Break Delver, County Mg16 (203) 657-2264

HARDWITTON OFFICE.

1131 LEMBERSHIP HOUSE CHYSE BULLINGS
WARRISTON, D.C. 28918
(200) 225-4431

EXHIBIT P

Congress of the United States House of Representatives Machington, N.C. 20515

November 30, 1976

Jean F. Brown c/o Peoples Temple 1859 Geary Blvd. San Francisco, CA 94115

Dear Ms. Brown:

Thank you for your recent letter.

Something does seem away here. I would appreciate your sending me a copy of Senator Stemnis' reply when you receive it. I am very much concerned about this kind of surveillance and would like to be kept informed of further difficulties you experience in this area.

With kind regards.

Sincerely,

Patricia Schroeder Member of Congress

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ALR. H. MCCLOSKEY, Jr. Distriction, Colombia SP Court Braues Thermose, D.C. 2003 Charles Market

DVEN HALTHY OFFICE TORS

Congress of the United States

House of Representatibes

Battagen, n.C. 20515

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ENCHANT MARKE AND PROVIDED

December 9, 1976

Ms. Jean F. Brown c/o Peoples Temple 1859 Geary Blvd. San Prancisco, California 94115

Dear Ms. Brown:

I have contacted Congressman Burton's office regarding some of the allegations you raised and they are presently investigating the matter with the Air Force and, if necessary, the CIA. Their response should determine whether any further action, legal or otherwise, should be taken by your organization.

I would appreciate your keeping me informed of any new developments.

Sincerely,

Paul H. McCloskey, 17.

PMMcC:Cc

16.

x-4-c-2

MORRIS K. UDALL



Congress of the United States House of Representatives

Washington, A.C. 20515

November 30, 1976

Ms. Jean F. Brown c/o Peoples Temple 1859 Geary Blvd San Francisco, California 94115

Dear Ms. Brown:

I acknowledge your November 16 letter and thank you for sharing with me what I find is a most moving appeal to Senator Stennis.

I am happy to have this information for my records.

Mo Usee

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THIS STATIONERY PRINTED ON PAPER MADE WITH RECYCLED FINERS

x-4-C-2

MICHAEL J. HARRINGTON

COMMITTEE ON TERNATIONAL RELATIONS

COMMITTEE ON

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515 EXHIBIT I

Chief 200 000

BALFIELD STREET,
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BALES, bluesesballette 91970
(617) 745-5800

Part Cirries Box. Sees Lives, Maddacesserve 91501 (807) 380-7105

December 1, 1976

Ms. Jean Brown c/o Peoples Temple 1859 Geary Blvd. San Francisco Calif. 94115

Dear Ms. Brown,

Thank you for your letter informing me of the harassment you and your church are undergoing.

At the present time, the only suggestion I have to offer you is that you follow up on your letter to Senator Stennis Then you can proceed from there. If it is possible, please keep me informed on any progress you are making.

If I can be of any assistance to you, feel free to contact my office.

Yours sincerely,

Nichael T Parrington

MJH/pes

X-4-C-25

Congress of the United States House of Representatives Ulashington, D.C. 20315

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Phillip Benten

Ms. Jean Brown P. O. Box 15157 San Francisco, California 94115

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DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20130

DEG 0.7 1073

Dear Mr. Burton:

This is in reply to your inquiry in behalf of Ms. Jean F. Brown of the Peoples Temple Christian Church. Ms. Brown was concerned over the actions of a Mr. Thomas Dawsey.

While a Mr. Tommy N. Dawsey is a civil service employee assigned to 1839 Electronics Installation Group at Keesler AFB, Mississippi, the commander states that his organization is not involved in any type operation as described by Ms. Brown.

Since no military law or directive appears to have been violated, the alleged activities are not within the Air Porce's investigative jurisdiction.

We understand your concern and regret we cannot be of more assistance.

Sincerely,

Attachment

Honorable Phillip Burton

House of Representatives

THISTLING S. COLLINS, Lt Colonel, USAF Commence and Inquiry Division

C...ce of Legislative Liaison



x-4-e-27

Lt. Colonel Thomas S. Collins January 10, 1977 Page 2

I look forward to your early reply to these questions.

PHILLIP BURTON
Member of Congress

PB:why

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EMIBIT

SPEOPLE.

PEOPLES FORUM, VOL. 1, NO.13. 1st December Issue, 1976. Published by PEOPLES TEMPLE

INTIMIDATION WON'T SUCCEED

On Sunday, November 7, several thousand people gethered at Peoples Temple to hear a warm, vibrant speaker tell of her experience of traveling to China. Ms. Units Blackwell Wright, mayor of Mayeraville, Mississippi, longtime civil rights activist and one of the first. American women to visit China with settless Shirley MacLaine in 1973, gave a down to earth talk on some of the things that she had seen on her journey. She did not advecare the adoption of Chinese political ideology, but pointed out some of the positive aspects of Chinese society such as the absence of hunger, unlocked doors and the safety of streets at night.

Nevertheless, her discussion evidently aroused the interest of people in high levels of government. Two officials connected with a government agency set outside equipped with what was reported to be a tape recorder. A check has revealed information indicating that the eavisdropping agency is not among the usual ones that the nation has become accustomed to — CIA, FBI, Tressury Dept., and other regulatory agencies. The facts seem to point to a suphisticated operation initiated by one powerful person high in government circles. We do not went to creats further division in American society, so at this time, we are not disclosing all the details. But we do have a responsible basis for this conclusion.

We have received telephone calls from people who ere very sophisticated, telling our staff that if we do not refrain from speaking out on certain controversial issues, the neme of Peoples Temple and its pastor will be satilied, and ultimately ruined. One of our members, an amateur radio operator who maintains contact with our

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agricultural mission abroad, was informed that Peoples Yample would be attacked in that quarter and communication cut off. Assassination threats come with increasing regularity, and have been reported to the police. On one occasion a bomb was found under one of the buses that our pastor always rides. Children and seriors would also have been on it at the intended time

of explosion. The police homb squad dismented it.

The elements of reaction should know that if such a close brush with deeth did not stop our voice, then threats of violence and other forms of intimidation will likewise have no effect. They have only caused us to increase accurity so that it will be that much more difficult to harm any of our members. If necessary, we will employ off-duty police. We will not have our thoughts stifled or our ideas smothered. Those who would flagrantly mock our first amendment liberties have succeeded only in making us that much bolder in our defense of freedom.

Peoples Temple does not glorify any particular government. We think the complex problems facing American society have to find a resolution tailored to America's needs. Our system provides a framework wherein the necessary changes for social justice can be made. Members of Congress and other leaders of our nation have called for changes to evert the danger of a shift to the far right in political orientation. Notwithstanding the gross meglomania that we have seen in cartain socialist countries, even Time magazine is forced to admit that far more contures are perperted in right-wing, capitalist nations. Far more flagrant abuses of human rights were fostered in corporate states such as Nazi Germany than we have ever seen in socialist democracies.

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COMMENTS



Mrs. Unite Blackwell Wright

treedom of speech, religion, and assembly, that we will not stand idly by while these freedoms are smothered by agencies or organizations using methods of harassment and surveillance. We will continue to sustain and defend our first amendment guarantees and the liberty of Mrs. Wright. We would be prepared to do so even if it meant our death, because we firmly believe that liberty is worth that price.

(

INTIMIDATION

The terrors of Chile are a prime example. A good men came to our church, Orlando Letalier, and although we did not agree with all of his political philosophy, we felt him to be a sincere spokesperson for fraedom in Chile. A few weeks later this courageous men was assessinated in broad daylight on Embassy Row in Washington, D.C. He had been werned in statements to his family (from what we have been able to learn of the case) that he would be killed if he did not stop speaking out for democracy in Chile.

This country must be maintained on the road to socialdemocracy. It is beginning to appear that our corporate state has gotten out of touch with the needs of its people. Massive corporations now own nursing homes that used to be owned by people who understood the andividual needs of the patients. Corporations own massive farms where the people who own the land never touch the soil and are squeezing the middle class farmer totally out of existence. Examples of corporate lesenattivity would fill volumes. The corporate state is just not the solution, and the American people need to recognize this and respond. We do not hold with China's political philosophy; however, we do not see how Mrs. Wright's visit to Chine can endanger our country in any conceivable way, nor how it justifies the sending of spies helf-way across the country to follow har activities at our church.

We wish to notify all persons who think shey have a right to circumvent the Constitutional guarantees of

Strangers Eavesdrop On Temple Speaker

Peoples Temple was privileged recently to have the humble civil rights activist and mayor from Minissippi, Units Wright, come and address our congregation. It so happens that on this same day we also had some unimited guests who, we found out later, had high connections. These unimited guests came all the way from Mississippi to stand outside our wells and do whatever it was they came do — or whatever it use they were sent to do— or whatever it use they were sent to do.— When some of our people approached them with friendly greetings, they turned and ran.

By strange coincidence, ever since these primited

guests defined ourside our Temple wells, our auditorium microphones and the microphones used by our choir can be heard on the Temple telephone lines. We have absolute proof that even the telephones of some senior citizen homes blocks away are now picking up every word carried out over the Temple sound system.

We don't know what this is, but we are not blind to the meaning of the "coincidence." Since we don't have anything to hide, we have not sought to do anything about it. But the situation is faccinating - as well as manadoxical. Paradoxical that a moun such as Panales

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poises to carry our the piots with one objective—to kills poises to carry our the piot with one of an enter poises. Forther, but of 90 shots first, only one came polices. Forther, Hempton's companion deims she heard by polices.

We have actually contemplated an attack from the theorem media, because when we defended the press, we plus knew that they might feel compelled to go to extra generative to be critical of us in order to dispell any notion that there was some kind of unholy alliance between our church and the interests we have been championing apun

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LAW OFFICES OF

GARRY, DREYFUS, MCTERNAN, BROTSKY, HERNDON & PESONEN, INC.

1256 MARKET STREET AT CIVIC CENTER SAN FRANCISCO 94102

(415) 864.3131 CABLE ABBRESS "DRYCAP"

SAN JOSE OFFICE 250 SO. MARKET STREET SAN JOSE 55113 1400) 286-9222

December 3, 1977

(

Senator John C. Stennis, Chairman Senate Armed Services Committee Russell Senate Office Bldg. Washington, D.C.

Dear Senator Stennis,

This is a request under the Freedom of Information Act as amended (5 U.S.C. #552).

I write to request a copy of all files your committee . has indexed or maintained under my name, the name of the church of which I am member and President, Peoples Temple Christian Church of the Disciples of Christ denomination, its Pastor, James W. Jones, or in any way referred to in the incident cited below, and all documents returnable by a search for documents under any of these names.

Specifically, I refer to an incident in November, 1976, in which Thomas Dawsey of Biloxi, Mississippi, put our San Francisco church under surveillance on the occasion of a speech given by Mayor Unita Blackwell Wright of Mayersville, Mississippi. Information gained by Senator Phillip Burton indicates that Mr. Dawsey is a Civil Service employee who was acting at the time under direction of your committee.

Attached are photocopies of correspondence related to

this incident confirming his involvement.

As you know, the amended Act provides that if some parts of a file are exempt from release, "reasonably segregable" portions shall be provided. I therefore request that if you determine some portions of the requested information are exempt, you provide me immediately with a copy of the remainder of the file.

If you determine that some or all of the requested information is exempt from release, I would like to be advised, as is my right, as to which exemption(s) you believe covers the information which you are not releasing. If you determine that any of the information requested has been transmitted to another agency, committee or department, please indicate the date of transmittal, the repository of such information and the contents of it.

I am prepared to pay the costs specified in your regulations for locating the requested files and reproducing them. As you know, the amended Act permits you to reduce or waive the fees if it is "in the public interest because furnishing the information can be considered as primarily benefiting the public." I believe this request plainly fits that category

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and ask that you waive any fees.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact me at the telephone number listed on the first page of this letter.

first page of this letter.

As provided for in the Amended Act, I will expect to receive a reply within 10 working days.

Sincerely,

Carol a. Stake

Carol A. Stahl

State of California

City and County of San Francisco)

On December 3, 1977, before me, the understand, a Notary Public in and for said State, personally appeared Carol a. This known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same.

Witness my hand and official seal.

Junes RRandolph



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PART III

SUSPICIOUS CALLS AND
INTRUSIONS INTO THE
AFFAIRS OF PEOPLES TEMPLE
IN GUYANA

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- I. INTRODUCTION

 BACKGOUND TO THE ATTEMPTS TO DISPUPT THE

 PROGRESS OF PEOPLES TEMPLE'S GUYANA PROJECT
- II. DISRUPTIVE INCIDENTS
 - A. JOSEPH MAZOR'S PHONE CALL TO THE GUYANESE AMBASSADOR IN WASHINGTON, D.C.
 - B. NEGATIVE PRESS ARTICLES SENT TO GUYANESE HEADS OF STATE
 - C. U.S. EMBASSY IN GUYANA RECEIVES A PHONE CALL FROM THE "ATTORNEY GENERAL"
 - D.INTRUDER ONTO THE PROJECT GROUNDS IN THE INTERIOR

INTRODUCTION

In the past few weeks there have been a number of provoking telephone calls, letters, and even an intruder trying to get information on our agricultural project in Guyana. These occurrences, as best we can ascertain, have been spurred by people in the United States who are hostile to the programs of Peoples Temple, whether in the States or abroad. We are working at this time to get documentation of each of these incidents mentioned herein. We believe the constitute attempts to disrupt the progress of the Peoples Temple project in Guyana by causing Guyanese officials to lose faith in our good intentions and sincerity of purpose.

RELATED INCIDENTS

I. The Ambassador to the United States from Guyana (located in Washington, D.C.), was called by an "investigator" Joseph Mazor. Mr. Mazor claimed that Peoples Temple had abducted 20 children and that he had a plane standing-by and was ready to retrieve them. The Ambassador, Mr. Lawrence Mann, told Mr. Mazor that if he had any such problems, he should call the FBI or whatever agency would be responsible for investigating such a matter. Mr. Mann then called the District Attorney in San Francisco and found that no charges had been made against the Temple. Mr. Mann then called the Temple to let us know what had happened.

In the course of the conversation Mr. Mann also mentioned that a Mr. Jim Cobb from California had called members of his staff complaining about our presence in Guyana. (Jim Cobb was formerly a member of Peoples Temple and has, in recent weeks, been very vocal against the Temple in the news media.)

II. The Head of Stare and the Office of the Prime Minister of Guyana both received packets of recent press clippings about Peoples Temple. Of course these clippings have been

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far less than complimentary about our program, and we do seriously question the motivation of whoever it was that sent them.

III. The United States Embassy in Guyana received a call from the "Atorney General." This call talked about Peoples _ Temple as having abducted some twenty children. The Embassy called the Guyanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Fred Wills. Mr. Wills in turn contacted members of Peoples Temple in Georgetown about the complaint of the "Attorney General." At this point we are checking to determine the veracity of these calls. We are inclined to disbelieve them, because they represent quite unorthodox behavior for an official agency and that someone other that legitimate governmental and law enforcement agencies are responsible for the calls to both the United States and Guyanese Embassies.

As it happened, the call to the United States Embassy did not serve to divide the Guyanese from us. Rather, the call was interpreted by Mr. Wills as an act "to intrude in the affairs of a sovereign nation..." Whoever made this call did the United States no service whatever.

IV. A Caucasian man came onto our project in the Guyanese interior on the eighth of August, 1977. He had been stopped by the police in Port Kaituma and had told them he knew

some of the people working in our project. When the man arrived on the project, he pointed out a child to one of the project workers and asked what the child was doing there. For the first few minutes this man feigned a Guyanese accent, although he did not maintain this accent throughout his stay. He said his name was Givaio, a Guyanese name. He told our people that he had a place to stay in Port Kaituma, so they took him there and dropped him off. As the members of our project were leaving Port Kaituma, they looked back and saw this man going down the river on a lumber boat. He has not been seen in Port Kaituma since.

While he was on our project he asked many pointed questions: How do we fund the project? How do we protect it?

Do we have weapons? He also asked these questions of Guyanese Amer-indians he met along the roadside. He also asked how many people were coming, or something to that effect. One of our people noticed that it was odd that he had claimed to have walked the three-mile road from the nearest community to our project, and yet there was no trace of mud as would have normally collected on his shoes. It had just rained.

V. On Friday, August 26, 1977, our travel agent, Ms. Marsha Beebe, of Jackson Travel Service, received a phone call from someone named "Dave." Marsha said she did not catch the last name. She told us he wanted to know when the next time was scheduled for a group of people from Peoples Temple to

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leave for Guyana. She told the caller she did not have any reservations for Guyana. She asked him who had told him to call her, and he replied that the airlines had. She asked him who he was, and he answered, "Just a concerned party."

We consider calls to travel agents to find out scheduled flights for private parties, calls to Guyanese and United States Ambassadors, and other intrusions mentioned here to be nothing less than the work of people who are intent on trying to disrupt the alternative program in Guyana and the work of Peoples Temple here.

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PARTIV

THE NEW WEST"BREAK-IN"

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INTRODUCTION

The New West magazine has alleged that members of — Peoples Temple broke into their office Thursday night, June 16, 1977. They notified both the San Francisco Police Bepartment and all the local media of the alleged event. The so-called break-in of their office was played up extensively in the print and electronic media. Peoples Temple found out about the allegations when a San Francisco Examiner reporter called the church asking for "our side of the story." We knew nothing of it, though for several days the media continued to cover the "break-in," insinuating that Peoples Temple members would be the only ones interested in acquiring documents the magazine was said to have filed on our church.

We called for an investigation by the police. Their report follows. It is clear from the report that the "breakin" in fact did not occur, and that if any tampering was done, it was done by one of the magazine's own employees. We seriously question who engineered this stunt and the entire media barrage that followed. This whole episode, we believe, was an attempt to impugn Peoples Temple, and it was done in a highly sophisticated, highly questionable manner.

SAN FRANCISCO

INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Property Crimes Division Wed 06/29/77

CLEMENT DE AMICIS
Deputy Chief of Investigations

Attempted Burglary at New West Magazine Office, 325 Pacific

Sir:

The following is the body of the supplementary report as it will appear when entered into the system. I have reviewed the investigation and conclusions arrived at by the members investigating and concur with them.

On Friday, 06/17/77, Mr. Tracy of the New West Magazine was notified by his Secretary, Kathy Whelan, of the damaged window lock. Ms. Whelan said the window was down and the lock was in place although the slide bolt was broken when she first noticed it. When Officer Duffy of Central Station arrived, the window and lock were still in the same condition. Officer Duffy was told by Mr. Tracy that nothing was missing from the office. Mr. Tracy further stated that one or two of the folders in a file cabinet containing information on the Reverend Jim Jones appeared to be an inch or so higher than the rest of the folders. After inspecting the premises and interviewing Mr. Tracy, Officer Duffy concluded entry had not been made.

On Monday, 06/20/77, Inspector Evans of the Burglary Detail, responded to 325 Pacific and conducted the follow-up investigation. After inspecting the premises and interviewing the concerned persons, Inspector Evans also concluded that entry had not been made.

On Monday, 06/20/77, Inspector Michael Byrnes of the Crime Lab responded to 325 Pacific. The window lock had been removed and replaced with a new lock by that time. Because of the time lapse, physical condition of the building and the number of persons that had visited the scene, Inspector Brynes was unable to determine if the pry marks on the window frame and sill were of recent origin. After being given a description of the position and condition of the window lock, Inspector Byrnes concluded that if entry had been made the lock would have had to be pieced together after the window was closed and the exit made through the front door. It would seem logical that if someone made ertry and pieced

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the lock together, they would also have made sure that any folders they touched would have been returned to the file cabinet exactly as found and not an "inch or so higher than the rest of the folders." No other files were disturbed.

The only useable physical evidence were palm prints and finger-The only useable physical evidence were palm prints and fingerprints located on the outside of the lower windowpane. A search
of our files was started immediately. Meanwhile, fingerprints
were requested of all the New Nest employees to determine if
they had touched the window. On Friday, 06/24/98, Mr. Jon
Carroll of the New West Magazine, responded to the Hall of Justice
to be printed. His prints matched those found on the window.
Mr. Carroll was interviewed by Inspector Evans and stated he
had been working late on Monday, June 13, 1977, finishing an had been working late on Monday, June 13, 1977, finishing an article for the magazine. He went to the men's room and locked article for the magazine. He went to the men's room and locked himself out of the New West office. He then proceeded to the third floor and located Mr. Tom Cook, Sedway and Cook, who suggested he use the fire escape to get back into the office. According to both Mr. Cook and Mr. Carroll, Carroll went down the fire escape, found the window unlocked and let himself into the New West office. This accounts for Carroll's prints being on the window.

From the indentations on the window frame and sill, it is apparent that someone used a pry tool on the window but it cannot be determined how recently.

It is the conclusion of the investigating officer that because of the lack of physical evidence entry was not made to the New West office between 06/16/77, 1830 hours, and 6/17/77, 0900

The investigating officer recommends that the classification of this remain as an attempted burglary.

Respectfully submitted,

stain John A. Mahoney

Commanding Officer Property Crimes Division

x-4-e-4

Calls harass editor:

New West is burglarized

New West magazine was burglarized last night and files on a story about the Rev. Jim Jones and his Peoples Temple were disturbed, editors of the magazine reported to police today.

Police were investigating the reported -

It was also learned New West's Northern California editor, Rosalie Muller Wright, has moved her two children from their home to an undisclosed location after receiving intimidating phone calls about the story.

Wright and other New West editors were emphatic that the magazine will print the story, although publication less been deligied for editorial reasons only — from next Monday until at least July 4.

There is no way in the world we're not printing that story. Wright said. If they think they can intimidate me, they're crary.

She said that even if she could be scared off, other editors in the Rupert Murdoch publishing empire, which owns the Los Angeles-based magazine, would not be.

Rujert Murdoch has millions and he's committed to a fair story," Wright said. We're putting them on notice It doesn't work."

13.

Reached in New York City, Rev. Jones angrily denied that anyone connected with Peoples Temple was involved either in the reported burglary or the phone calls to Wright.

reported burglary or the phone cans to Wright.

"E someone trying to set up Peoples Temple?" he demanded. "What possible reason would a church have which has a reputation of doing nothing but good for people?"

He said when he heard of calls being made to the offices of New West he told his people to "quit calling, quit writing — it's only aggravating the situation."

"No one (from my organization) is calling Mrs. Wright's home, and I'm terribly sorry and chaprined if someone else is doing it," be continued.

"Twe had threats on my life, too. This is a two-way street."

Jooes suggested that there was a conspiracy aimed at his church that could account for the reported actions.

"Either a criminal element is upset with us because we're geiting something done, or militants are trying to push people off the

-See Back Page, Col. 5

Magazine burglarized; calls harass editor

brink in Peoples Temple that I have gotten out of a militant orientation and to work within the framework of society," be said.

Contributing editor Phil Tracy said a window in New West's second-floor office at 825 Pacific Ave. was forced open sometime after staff members left the office last night.

Nothing was taken but files relating to the story on Peoples Temple were disturbed. Tracy said. The file was in a certain order and the order was not the same when I came in this morning."

He said none of the other staffers had entered the unlocked file and no other files were disthroad

Wright said she had received numerous phone calls in the past several days from persons refusing to identify themselves.

Their whole game is more intimidation than threats," Wright said. The first couple of calls were fishing expeditions. They were looking for me. Then when they figured out they had found me. I'd get the calls and they wouldn't say anything ...

Then the last two, they said,
Don't do it. I assume they meant
not to publish the story. Now that's
not a threat... it's more intimidation. That's their modus operandi.

The still unpublished article by
San Francisco Chronicle reporter

Marshall Kilduff has been the focus of an intense and apparently well-orchestrated_effort_to_convince

-From Page 1 New West editors not to print h.

At first, the editors reported, the calls were low key and even informational. Coming from such persons as Lt. Gov. Mervyn Dymally, Delancey Street founder John Maher and business magnate Cyril Magnin, the calls stressed the Rev. Jones' good works in the communi-

Later, the calls and letters be canceled and made vague allu-sions to serious consequences if it waspi.

Some of the calls also attacked writer Kilduif's personal integrity and professional credibility.

Among the letters was one from Jones attorney, Fred Furth, setting down a list of conditions for an interview by Tracy with the charismatic church leader.

The conditions included that Jones be shown a final draft of the interview before publication merview before publication — normally an unacceptable practice in the industry. New West editors refused and the interview was canceled.

Jones and his devoted following, reported at 9,000 in San Francisco and 20,000 statewide, have emerged a powerful political force in San Francisco.

Though church spokesmen deny that portrayal. Temple mem-bers have been extremely active in a variety of recent campaigns and Jones was named by Mayor Mos-cone as president of the Housing Authority after he threw his consi-derable weight behind Moscone in his bid for mayor.

Page 12-

Gain orders probe of New West burgle

Police Chief Charles Gain, acting on a request by Peoples Temple leader Jim Jones, has ordered a full investigation of a reported burglary at offices of New West magazine.

The Rev. Jones called Gain from New York late yesterday after New West reporter writer Phill Tracy reported a break-in in which Tracy presamed the target was a manuscrim of a story about Jones and his Peoples Temple.

Jones angrily denied that anyone connected with his church had anything to do with the breakin or intimidating telephone calls received at home by Rosale Wright, New West's Northern California editor.

Patrolinan, Michael Dulfy, who made a preliminary investigation, said a New West of the window apparently was jummied open and a bolt hower.

broken.

The window was alongside a fire escape on the second story of a building at 205 Pacific Ava.

"As far as I could determine." Duffy sard, "no entrance to the office was made. However, I can't say any entrance wasn't made."

Duffy said Tracy sold him the office window

was purially open when he entered the rebm yesterday morning.

The officer went on to quote Tracy is saying he did not know if anything had been taken, but said a cabinet filling case semined to have been observed.

That filling case, according to Tracy, cubtained the unpublished manuscript of a story about Jones and the activities of Peoples Temple, written by Chronicle reporter Marshall Kildurf. 3

Why the intruder or intruders did not take

Editor Wright left bome with her two children Thursday night after receiving another of a series a, phone calls from someone who said. "Don't do n."

She said she presumed the caller meant New West should not publish the Jones-Peoples Temple article.

"We won't be intimidated." Wright said.

X-4-C-7

Deschiin of Magazine

By George Denper

office of New West magaine 525 Pacific avenue was larglarized during the might Toursday and, although nothing was taken, editors reported that a fileinvolving People's Temple and the Ser. Jim Jones had been "disturbed."

Contributing editor Phil Tracy; told officers it appeared to him that one of the files had been "jammed back in" the filing cabinet.—

Tracy speculated that a story

Back Page Col. 5

BURGLARY

Trem Page 1.

he magazine is preparing to pubb by Chronicle reporter Marshall Pluff about People's Temple at 1149 Gears boulevard could have the takes out of the file and otographed.

Wike Frokes, associate minister of R. of Temple, said the Temple and due office of Police Chief hardes Gain and asked for a horough investigation of the horlest.

"We'd like to know what's behind this because it's not us." Prokes said.

Reached last night, the Rev. II. Jones said People's Temple did not participate in any such activity. Centainly People's Temple would have had not one thing to gain by this."

"Let us all take polygraph tests, voice prints," he added. "Myself, every minister, the membership would be most happy to take a test."

The Rev. Mr. Jones said that "if it the burglary) ws done, unquestionably there are some provocations who want to I guess, stop genuine social reformers, to discredit our programs."

How is h. Jones asked thetorically, "that someone knows exactly where to go fin the New West of to find papers that pertain to particular church unless they have someone inside which we do not." Chronicle

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1977

People's Temple, which claims a congregation of 20,000 statewide, has become known in recent years for its charitable donations to neighborhood, senior citizen and church groups.

Tracy said the New West office was closed at 7 p.m. Thursday and that when a secretary came to work at 9 a.m. yesterday she noticed that one of the second story windows had been opened.

Tracy arrived a few minutes later and called police. He said be immediately checked the files on the People's Temple article "because this was the only sensitive story we're working on."

Tracy emphasized that he had no idea who could have disturbed the file, and he was not accusing anyone.

He said, however, there have been "controversy, contention and loss of phone calls" since it became known that the magazine, owned by Australian millionaire Rupert Murdoch, was planning to publish the story.

Tracy said the magazine had been receiving phone calls and letters since late May concerning the yet to be printed article about People's Temple.

Al least 12 of the magazine's advertisers had called New West to say they had received phone calls complaining that "we were about to print a biased article about People's Temple and the Rev. Jones," Tracy said.

Police officer Michael Duffy, who made out the original police report under the heading of "at tempted burglary and a suspicious occurrence," did not mention that the document allegedly disturbed in the New West files concerned the People's Temple or the Rev. Mr. Jones.

Subsequently, Chief Gain's office called Tracy and asked whether the disturbed files did in fact involve the Rev. Mr. Jones and the Temple. Tracy said they did.

Chief Gain later requested a copy of the police report and ordered a full investigation by the burglary detail.

Cops Dubious of Magazine Break-in

After inspecting the alleged crime science and interviewing em-ployees, San Francisco police inves-tigators, said yesterday they don't believe the office of New West magazine on Pacific areaue was burglarized on the night of June 16.

The magazine's editors claimed their office had been broken into that night, and although nothing was taken, they said one of the files had been "jammed back" into the filing cabinet.

Contributing editor Phil Tracy said a secretary had found a file on People's Temple, 1859 Geary boulereopies temple, now usery bonie-ward, sticking out about one inch. Be speculated the file might have been removed, photographed, and such back in a harry.

The file concerned a story

that the magnine is preparing to publish by Chronicle reporter Mar-shall Elidust about the Fillmore district church and its influential leader, the Rev. Jim Jones.

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Police Captain John A. Mahorence captain John A. Mandoney, commander of the burgiary details property crimes division reported yesterday that his officers, including fingerprint experts and criminologists, could find no specific evidence of a breakin at

the office on the second floor.

The report — which Mahoner said was based on a "thorough send was based on a "thorough in entirely action of the crime scene"—concurred with an original police report of the incident by officer Michael Duffy, filed on the day after the break-in claims were made. made.

Duffy had reported that he found no evidence of entry into the

The investigation of the supposed break in centered on a win-dox that editor Tracy said had been forced open by the alleged intruder.

In investigating the window theory police found that one of the magazine's writers, Jon Carroll, had locked himself out of the office a lew days before when he left to go to the bethroom.

fingerprints were the only ones police found on the window, according to Mahoney's report.

When Carroll was interviewed by police, he said he had climbed down the fire escape from the third floor and gotten back inside the office by opening an unlocked window and climbing through it.

The editors still claimed yesterhe conors still claimed yester-day the identical method of entry was used by the alleged burglar. They said the sill and an old bolt-type lock should evidence of pry-marks, and that secretary Cathy Wayland found the window open when she came to work Friday ಪರ್ಚಾ<u>ಟ್ಕ</u>ಾ

Police interpreted the pry meris as the result, possibly, of someone having hampered with the window. The police noted cer-tain trarks of damage on the old here on the window. lore on the window.

Following the purported bur-

New West's Northern California editor, Rosalie Multer Wright, took exception yesterday to the police department's findings, say-; ; ing.

It was sleapy police work."

I am not surprised the police did not find any evidence for a one not that took place on Thurs-day night, because they didn't even take fingerprints until the follow-ing Monday. It's real sloppy police work, in fact, it's ludicrous," she

Mahoney said his investigators didn't send crime tab personnel to the scene until Monday because officer Duffy, in his original report, said he found not real evidence of a

A spot esperson for People's Temple, Barriet Tropp, said that since police concluded there was no break-in. "It is obvious that the fears of our members and many ed himself out of the office a days before when he left to go are bethroom.

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Cops Dubious of Magazine Break-in

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Police Captain John A. Mishoney, commander of the burglary Each Page Col. 1 .

MAGAZINE

From Page 1

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"It was sloppy police work -

"I am not surprised the police did not find any evidence for a burglary that took place on Thurs-day night, because they didn't even take fingerprints until the follow-ing Monday. It's real sloppy police work, in fact, it's ledicrous, she said.

Mahoney said his investigators didn't send crime lab personnel to the scene until Monday because officer Duffy, in his original report, said he found not real evidence of a break in

breakin.

A spokesperson for People's Temple, Harriet Tropp, said that since police concluded there was no breakin. It is obvious that the fears of our members and many community leaders that People's Temple would be misrepresented in the forthcoming article are more than justified.

MEN and WOMEN by Calman 急急日子 WANT TO FREE ! This is Cost me

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Case still open

Police say no break-in at New West

A reported break in at the Pacific Avenue offices of New West magazine here remained classified by police today as an attempted burglary.

The burgiary attempt occurred on the night of June 16 and Inspector Gerard Evans, after conducting a follow-up investigation, reported:

follow-up investigation, reported:

"R is the conclusion of the investigating officer that, because of the lack of physical evidence, entry was not made to the New West office between 6:30 p.m. June 16 and 9 a.m. June 17.

Evans recommended "that the classification of this remain as an attempted burglary."

His report was submitted to Police Chief Charles Gain by Capt. John Mahoney, commanding officer of the property crimes division of the inspectors' bureau.

Gain, who had ordered the investigation at the request of Peoples Temple leader Jim Jones, made public a report on the investigation yesterday.

New West staffer Phil Tracy told Patrolman Michael Duffy of Central Station, who made the preliminary investigation, that folders containing material on Jones appeared to be an inch or so higher in the file cabinet than the other folders.

Presumably, according to Tracy, the Jones material was the objective of the reported break-in attempt.

Rosalie Wright, the magazine's Northern California editor, said an article on Jones will be published "in the near future."

On and since the night of the break in attempt, she said, she has received several harassing phone calls, the last being late last Thursday night.

On that occasion, she said, her phone rang five times at three-minute intervals, with the caller each time banging up without speaking.

Wright raised the question of why the premises weren't dusted for fingerprints until the Monday after the burglary report, but said she would have no further comment until the Jones article is published.

Temple staff member Harriet Tropp said that in view of the police finding that there was no evidence of an actual break in "fears that the temple would be misrepresented in a forthcoming article are more than justified."

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She added that "serious questions arise as to the motives of those who sought publicity for an incident which proved to be entirely without substantiation."

PART SIX

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ARTICLES THAT HAVE APPEARED IN SUPPORT OF REV.

JONES AND THE TEMPLE MINISTRY

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INTRODUCTION

For months a frenzied, bizarre campaign has been carried on in the local press portraying Peoples Temple as a "cruel, exploitative organization." The accusations against the Temple and Jim Jones have been rehashed a hundred times. Those who have closely followed the attacks have recognized, in the words of one noted columnist, that there is "a lot of smoke, but no smoking gun." What has become evident, beyond the smokescreen of flimsy, unsubstantiated accusations that pose as "news", is a well-orchestrated and well-financed effort to destroy Peoples Temple.

This conspiracy has employed, in our experience, a tactic that was used extensively in the McCarthy period and that was borrowed from a man who brought it to a state of great refinement several decades ago: Nazi propaganda minister Joseph Goebbles. According to Goebbles, the first step in destroying an individual or organization is to use the press to lay down a relentless, brutal barrage of bad publicity. The tactic is to create, through almost daily repetition of the "despicable

acts" or "crimes" of the person or group (usually in the form of unsubstianted charges) a prejudicial climate of public disfavor, tearing down trust, reputation, sowing confusion. The flimsier the charges, the more they are rehashed: this is the special quality of McCarthyism. (Senator Eagleton, in speaking of the Lance Affair, called it "guilt by accumulation.")

Throughout, people are given to believe that they have been "used" or "tricked" or "really didn't know" what was "going on inside the Temple...behind those locked doors."

The press becomes a kind of preliminary tribunal in which the target is accused, given the aura of guilt, tried and convicted in the court of "public opinion," as manipulated by the collaborators in the media who are pursuing the "investigation." Through the form of innuendo, faceless accusers, coerced testimony, distortions, and lies, a form of "judgement" is pronounced. The public has been treated to this travesty hundreds of times over the years.

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Peoples Temple, perhaps the most progressive and active church congregation in the nation, is being attacked by reactionary forces using this tried-and-true methodology. The campaign is, as previous chapters have shown, sparked by agents and operatives in the government, along with the collaboration of several persons in the media. (An article in the October 20, 1977, Rolling Stone sheds more light on the

use of reporters as agents.)

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This section will attempt to document, by use of a few of the articles that appeared in local and national press from late July up to the present, how extensively the print media has been used to unjustly accuse, try, and condemn Jim Jones and Peoples Temple. We are still looking into the connections with government agencies and funding from reactionary sources that these few reporters and their collaborators have.

Section One

This section includes the original New West article on Peoples Temple by Marshall Kilduff, Phil Tracy and George Klineman. The New West article was followed within two weeks by a major five-page "smear" in both the San Francisco Chronicle and Examiner. By August 9, an article appeared in the Religion Section of Newsweek. The final article in this section is an editorial by . Carlton Goodlet, medical doctor, newspaper publisher (San Francisco Sun meporter), and President of the National Newspaper Publishers' Association. He critically analyzes the totally unsubstantiated allegations made by a sensationalistic and irresponsible press.

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Unside Peoples Temple

By Marshall Kilduff and Phil Tracy

"... Jim Jones is one the state's most politically potent leaders. But who is he? And what's going on behind his church's locked doors? ..."

For Roselynn Carter, it was the last stop in an early September campaign tour that had taken her over half of California, a state where her husband California, a state where her husband fammy was weak. So Rosalyan gamely encouraged the crowd of 750 that had gathered for the grand opening of the San Francisco Democratic party head-quarters in a seedy downtown storefront. She smiled bravely despite the heat.

Mrs Carter finished her bitle pep talk to mild applause. Several other Democratic bigwigs got polite receptions, too. Only one speaker aroused the crowd, he was the Reverend Jim Jones, the foundmg pastor of Peoples Temple, a small community church located in the city's community courses sociated in use city as Fillmore section. Jones spoke briefly and wooded endorsing Carrer directly. But his words were met with what seemed like a wall-pounding outpour. A manue and a half later the cheers died dow

and a nati start the chieff of the volume of the mass embarrassing," said a raily organizer. "The wife of a guy who was going to the White House was shown up by somebody named Jones."

If Rosalym Carter was surprised, she in the critical beautiful hour base. The critical beautiful in the critical beautiful.

shouldn't have been. The crowd be-longed to Jones. Some 600 of the 750 insteners were delivered in temple buses an hour and a half before the raily. The an hour and a half before the raily. The organizer, who had called Jones for help, remembered how gratified she'd felt when she first saw the Jones followers spilling off the buses. "You should have seen it—old ladies on should have seen it—old ladies on crutches, whole families, fittle kids, blacks, whites. Made to order," said the organizer, who had correctly feared that without Jones Mrs. Carner might have faced a half-empty room.

faced a half-empty room.
"Then we noticed things like the bodyguards." she continued. "Jones had

San francisco Chronicle Reporter Mar-all Kilduff and New West contribution eduar Phil Tracy were assisted by freelance um George Klinennan

his own security force [with him], and the Secret Service guys were having fits," she said. "They wanted to know who all these black guys were, standing buside with their arms folded." The next morning more-than 100 let-ters arrived. "They were really all the same." she said. "Thanks for the rally, and say, that Jim Jones was so inspira-tional! Look we never set mail so we tional. Look we never set mail to we notice one letter but 100? She added.

actice one letter, but your sare acceu.
They had to be mailed before the cally
to affrice the next days.
But what surprised that organizer was
really not that special. She just not a look
all some of the methods Jum Jones has sed to make himself one of the most politically potent religious leaders in the history of the state.

Jim Jones counts among his friends several of Catifornia's well-known public officials. San Francisco mayor George Moscone has made several visits to Jones's San Francisco temple, on Geary Street, as have the city's district attorney Joe Freitzs and sheriff Richard Hongisto. And Governor Jerry Brown has visited at least once. Also, Los Angeles mayor Tom least once. Also, Los Angeles mayor Tom Bradley has been a guest at Jones's Los Angeles temple. Lieutenant Governor Mersyn Dymalls went so far as to visit Jones's 27:000-acre agricultural station in Guyana. South America, and he pro-motined himself impressed. What's more, when Walter Mondale cause cam-nationing for the vice-necidency in San more, when Walter Mondale tame cam-paigning for the vice-presidency in San Francisco last fall. Im Jones was one of the few people invited aboard his char-tered jet for a private visit. Last Decem-her Jones was appointed to head the city's Housing Authority Commission. The source of Jones's political clout is not very dimensional Assoc politi-cally assute executive puls it: The con-roots voite: And voiers During San Prancisco's run-off election for mayor in December of 1975, some 150 temple

members walked precincts to get out the vote for George Moscone, who won by a slim 4,000 votes. "They're well-dressed, polite and they're all registered to vote," said one Moscone campaign official.

Can you win office in San Francisco without Jones? "In a tight race like the ones that George or Freitas or Hongisto had, forget it without Jones." said State Assemblyman Willie Brown, who despites himself as an admirer of longiscribes himself as an admirer of Jones's

Jones, who has several adopted chil-Jones, who has several adopted chil-dren of differing racial backgrounds, is more than a political force. He and his church are aoted for social and medical programs, which are centered in his three-story structure on Geary Street Temple members support and staff a free diagnostic and outpatient clinic, a whistical therawy facility, a drue more am physical therapy facility, a drug program that claims to have rehabilitated some 300 adders and a legal and program for about 200 people a month. In addition, the temple's free dining hall is said to feed more professors than the characteristics. feed more indigens than the city's cen-erable St. Anthony's during room. And temple spidesmen say that these ser-vices to the needy are financed micro nally, without a cent of government or

foundation money.

Jones and his temple are also applauded for their ardent support of a plauded for their ardent support of a free press. Last September, Jones and his followers participated in a widely publicized demonstration in support of the four Fresson accumen who went to jail rather than reveal their combineditial news sources. The temple also contributed \$4.400 to reverve California newpapera-incitoding the San Francisco Chronicle—for use "in the defense of a free press." and once pace \$4.000 to the defense of Los Angeles. Tumos reporter bill fart who also went to jail for returned to the anne a news yource.

In addition, at Jones's direction the temple makes regular contributions to

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nd Jones am heruven two friends. S.F. meyor Moscone (left) and Lieutenant Governor Dynally

several community groups, including the Telegraph Hill Neighborhood Center and Health Clinic, the NAACP, the ACLU and the farmworkers union. When a local pet clinic was in trouble.

Peoples Temple provided the money needed to keep it open. The temple has also set up a fund for the widows of slain. policemen, and the congregation runs an escort service for senior citizens.

To many, the Reverend Jim Jones is the episome of a selfless Christian.

reverend was born James Thurman Jones, and grew up in the Indiana sown of Lynn. While attending Butler University in Indianapolis, where he received his degree in education, Jones opened his first temple (in downtown Indianapolis). Although he had no formal training as a mistre and mal training as a minister and was not affiliated with any church, his temple gree. It featured an active social pro-gram, including a "free" restaurant for the down-and-out. And the congregathe down-and-out. And the congrega-tion was integrated, a courageous com-mitment in the years before Martin Luther King became a national figure-particularly in Indianapolis, once the site of the Ku Klux Klan's national

according to a former associate named Ross Case. Jones had a vision. He saw Indianapolis being consumed in a holocaust, presumably a nuclear explosion. Fortunately for him. Esquire had just run an article on the nine safest spe the event of nuclear war. Eureka. California, was called the safest location; another safe area was Belo Horizante. Brazil. Jones headed for Belo Horizante. and Case went to Northern California.

Jones eventually returned and visited Case in Ukiah. Jones liked California. and twelve years ago this month, he and his wife Marceline incorporated Peoples Temple in California; Jones and some 100 faithful settled in Redwood Valley, a hamlet outside Ukiah.

Jones's congregation grew, and he soon became a political force in Mendocino County. In off-year elections, where the total vote was around 2.500, Jones could control 300 to 400 ballots, o Jones course control SUU to 400 ballots, or nearly 16 percent of the vote. "I could show anybody the tallies by precinct and pick out the Jones vote," says Al Bar-bero, county supervisor from Redwood Valley.

Valley.
Then, in 1970, Jones started holding services in San Francisco; one year later he bought the Geary Street temple. And later that same year, he expanded to Los Angeles by taking over a synagogue on South Alvarado Street.

One success followed another, and his flock grew to an estimated 20,000. Jones's California mission seemed blessed

Although Jones's name is well-known especially among the politicians and the powerful, he remains surrounded by mystery. For example, his Peoples Temple has two sets of locked doors, guards patroling the aisles during services and a policy of barring passers by from dropping by unannounced on Sunday mornings. His bimonthly newspaper, Peoples Forum, regularly exalts socialism, praises Huey Newton and Angela Davis and forecasts a government takeover by American Nazis. And though Jones is a white fundamentalist minister, his congregation is roughly 80 percent to 90 percent black.

How does Jones manage to appeal to so many kinds of people? Where does he get the money to operate his church's programs, or maintain his fleet of buses, or support his agricultural outpost in Guyana? Why does he surround himself with bodyguards—as many as fifteen at a time? And above all, what is going on behind the locked and guarded doors of

Ten Who Quit the Temple Speak Out

Beginning two months ago, when it became known that New West was re-scarching an article on Peoples Temple, the magazine, its editors and advertisers

"hone campaign. At its height, our orial offices in San Francisco and Los Angeles were each receiving as many as 50 phone calls and 70 letters a day. The great majority of the letters and calls came from temple members and

sapporters, as well as such prominent Californians as Lieutenant Governor Mervyn Dymally, Delancey Street founder John Maher. San Francisco business-man Cyril Magnin, and savings and loan executive Anthony Frank. The messages were much the same: We hear New Hest is going to attack Jim Jones in print; don't do that. He's a good man who does good works.

wide attention, which, in turn, prompted newsman Bill Barnes to report the campaigr in the San Francisco Exeminer. The Examiner also reported an unconfirmed break-in one week later at our San Francisco office.

After the Barnes article, we began getting phone calls from former temple members. At first, while insisting on good works. good works.

The flood of calls and letters attracted

members. At first, while insisting on anonymity, the callers volunteered "background" about Jim Jones's "cruel-

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"... Peoples Temple members beat his sixteen-year-old daughter so badly, says Elmer Mertle, that 'her butt looked like hamburger' . . ."

ty" to congregation members, in addito making several other specific

larges. We told the callers that we were not iterested in such anonymous whispers. But then a number of them, like Dear and Elmer Merile, called back and agreed to meet in person, to be pho-tographed, and to tell their attributed

ries for publication.

Based on what these people told us. life inside Peoples Temple was a mixture of Spartan regimentation, fear and self-imposed humiliation. As they told it, the Sunday services to which dignitaries were invited were orchestrated events Actually, members were expected to attend services two, three, even four night a week-with some sessions lasting until a week—with some sessions fasting until daybreak. Those members of the tem-ple's governing council, called the Plan-ning Commission, were often compelled to stay up all night and submit regularly to "cathariss"—an encounter process in which friends, even mates, would criti-cize the person who was "on the floor." In the last two years, we were told, these In the last two years, we were told, these often humiliating sessions had began to include physical beatings with a large weeden paddle, and boxing matches in which the person on the floor was occasionally knocked out by opponents selected by Jones himself. Also, during regularly scheduled "family meetings," astended by up to 1,000 of the most devoted followers, as many as 100 people were lined up to be paddled for such accumingly minor infractions as not being attentive enough during Jones's serattentive enough during Jones's ser-mons. Church leaders also instructed mons. Church readers also instructed certain members for write letters in-criminating themselves in illegal and immoral acts that ficure happened. In addition, temple members were encour-aged to turn over their money and properly to the church and live communally in semple buildings: those who didn't ran the risk of being chattied severely during the catharais sessions.

in all, we interviewed more than a dozen former temple members. Obvi-ously they all had biases. (Grace Stoen, for example, has sued her husband, a temple member, for custody of their five-year-old son John. The child is re-portedly in Guyana.) So we checked the exidable facts of their accounts—the operty transfers, the nursing and fosser home records, political campaign contributions and other matters of pubhe record. The details of their mories

One question, in particular, troubled is: Why did some of them remain mem-

bers long after they became disenchanted with Jones a methods and even fearful of him and his bodyguards? Their answers were the same—shey feared reprisal, and that their stories would not be believed. The people we interviewed are real-their names are real. They all agreed to be tane-recorded and photographed.

be tape-recorded and photographed while telling their side of the Jim Jones

Elmer and Deanna Eartle of Barkeley

After Elmer and Deanna Mertle ined the temple in Ukiah in Novem-



They best his daughter body; Elmer Mertle

ber. 1969, he quit his job as a chemical technician for Standard Oil Company. sold the family's house in Hayward and moved up to Redwood Valley. Even-tually five of the Mertle's children by

wous marriages joined them there. When we first went up to Redwood Valley). Jim Jones was a very compassionate person," says Deanna. "He taught us to be compassionate to old ple, to be tender to the children. But slowly the loving atmosphere gave

way to cruelty and physical punishments. Elmer said. The first forms of mema. Emer same. The mass terms on purishment were mental, where they would get up and totally disgrace and humiliate the person in front of the whole congregation. Jim would then come over and put his arms around the person and say. I realize that you have the member than the person and say. the person and say. It realize that you went through a lot, but it was for the cause. Father loves you and you're a stronger person now. I can trust you

more now that you've gone through this and accepted this discipline."

The physical punishment increased, too. Both the Merites claim they received Public spankings as garly as 1972—Pul they were hit with a helt only about three times. Evenually, they said the belt was realized by a different point of the punished by a different punished by said, the belt was replaced by a caddle and then by a large board dubbed "the board of education," and the number of times adults and finally children were struck increased to 12, 25, 50 and even 100 times in a row. Temple nurses

treated the injured.

At first, the Meriles rationalized the beatings. The [punished] child or adult would always say. Thank you, Father, and then Jim would point out the next week how much better they were In our minds we rationalized . . . that Jim must be desired the right which because they be doing the right thing because these people were testifying that the bearings had caused their life to make a reversal in the right direction.",

Then one night the Mertles' daughter Linda was called up for discipline be-cause she had hugged and kased a woman friend she hadn't seen in a long time. The woman was reputed to be a lesbian. The Mertles stood among the lesbiam. The Merties stood among the congregation of 600 or 700 while their daughter, who was then sixteen, was hit on her buttocks. 75 times. "She was beaten so severely," said Elmer, "that the kids said her butt looked like hamburger."

Linda, who is now eighteen, confirms that she was beaten; "I couldn't sit down for at least a week and a half."

The Mertles stayed in the church for

The Mertles stayed in the church for more than a year after that public heating. "We had nothing off the outside to get started in." says Elmer. "We had given lithe church) all our money. We had given all of our property. We had given up our jobs."

Today, the Mertles live in Berkeley.

According to an affidavit they signed last October in the presence of attorney Harriet Thaver, they changed their names legally to Al and Jeanne Mills because. at the church's instruction. We had signed blank sheets of paper, which could be used for any imaginable purpose, signed power of attorner paper, and written many unusual and incrimination. nating statements (about themselves), all of which were untrue."

Birdie Marable of Ukiah

"I never really thought he was God take he preached, but I thought he was a prophet, said Birdie Marable, a beauti-cian who was first attracted to Jones in

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1968 because her husband had a liver ailment. She had hoped Jones might be

the healer to save him.

On one of the trips so services in iwood Valley. Marable noticed unes's aides taking some children aside and asking. "What color house did my friend have, things like that." she says. "Then during the services. Jim called [one woman] out and told her the answers that the children had given as though no one had told him."

She became skeptical of Jones after that and remained skeptical when her husband's health did not improve: the "cures" Jones was performing cancer seemed obony to her. Yet eventually she moved to Ukiah and ran a rest home for

temple members at Jim's suggestion.
One summer she was talked into taking a three-week temple "vacation" ugh the South and East. "Every body paid \$200 to go on the trip, but f told them I wasn't able to do so," she added.

The temple buses were loaded up in San Francisco, and more members were packed aboard in Los Angeles. "It was terrible, it was overcrowded. There were ople sitting on the floor, in the luggage rack, and sometimes people [were] unrack, and sometimes people [were] underneath in the compartment where they put the bags. She said. "I saw some "hings that really put me wise to every—

g. she added. "I saw how they neated the old people. The bathrooms were frequently stopped up. For food, sometimes a cold can of beans was second or according to the cold people."

opened and passed around.
"I decided to leave the church when t

got back. I said when I get through telling people about this trip, ain't nobody going to want to go no more. [But] as soon as we arrived back. Jim said. don't say nothing." She left the church

Wayne Pietila of Petaluma And Jim and Terri Cobb of San Francisco

Wayne Pietita and Jim Cobb guarded the cancers. "If anyone tried to touch them, we were supposed to eat the cancers or demolish the guy," said Cobb. nho is six-feet, two-inches tall. Pietila was licensed by the Mendocino County Sheriff's Department to carry a con-cealed weapon; reportedly he was one of several Jones aides with such a permit.

was during the Redwood healing sessions in 1970, when nervous in 1970, when nervo spread among the congregation, that b and Pictila would guard the can-Finally Jones would ask for some-

one who believed herself to be suffering from cancer. That was the signal for Cobb's sister. Terri, to slip into a side restroom and shoo out whoever might be

there. Then Jones's wife Marceline an a membring excuted old woman would disappear into the stall for a moment. Mancetine would emerge holding a foul-smelling scrap of something cupped in a naphin—a cancer "passed." Marceline napkin—a cancer "passed." Marcelin and the old woman would return to the main from to screams, applause, thunder of music. Jim Jones had heale

pain. But one time. Terri got a chance of the into the "cancer bag." "It was fu of aapkins and small bits of meat, ind vidually wrapped. They looked li-chicken gizzards. I was shocked."

Wayne Pictila recalled another heal ing incident. On the eve of a trip to ttle in 1970 or 1971, as Jones was leaving his house, a shot cracked out and he felt. "There was blood all around and people (were) screaming and crying, jus hysterical." Jones was lifted to his fee and helped to his house. A few minute



later, Jones walked out of the house with a clean shirt on. "He said he'd healed himself." Pictila said. "He used Ithe incident) for his preaching during the whole Scattle trip

Micki Touchette of San Prancisco

The Touchette family followed Jones to California in 1970. They lived in Stockson for a while, then moved up to Redwood Valley, where they bought a house and converted it into a hon

notionally disturbed boys.

During 1972 and 1973 Micki and her temple members were expected to outer tempts members were expected to travel to Los Angeles services every other weekend. One of her-jobs was to count the money after-offerings. Micki, a juntor-college graduate, had the combination to the temple's Los Angeles safe. She says. de's Los Angeles safe. She says. "It was very simple to take in \$15,000 in a

eckend, and this was (four) years ago. To encourage larger offerings, lones, would say. We folks, we've only collected \$500 or \$700," and we would have (in reality) several thousand."

In addition to attending Wednesday aight family meetings and weekend services. Micki also was part of letterwiting efforts directed by church officials. "We'd write various politicians than the state of the state throughout the state, throughout the country, in praise of something that they had done. I wrote Nixon, wrote Tunney: I remember writing the chief of the San Francisco Police Department," she said. Micki, who lived in temple houses apart from her parents, would often be handed a sheet listing the points she would have to include in the letter. "It would tell you how and what to say and you'd word it yourself." She says she also

would regularly use aliases she made up. When Micki left the church in 1973 along with seven other young people, including Terri' and Jim Cobb and Wayne Pictila, none warned their parents or other relatives. "We felt that our parents, our families. ... would just fight us and try to make us stay." Further-more, they were all frightened. "At one point we had been told that any college student who was going to leave the church would be killed . . not it . not by iones, but by some of his followers." Both Terri and Cobb recall the statement being made-by Jones.

Walter Jones of San Prancisco

When Walt Jones, who never believed in the church, followed his wife Carol to Redwood Valley in 1974, Jim Jones asked them to take over a home for emotionally disturbed hove. The home belonged to Charles and Joyce Tou-chette. Mirki Touchette's parents. Walt says he was told that the Touchettes were in Guyana, and that the people who had replaced them, Rick and Carol Stahl. had done such a poor job that "the care home, at that time, was under surveillance of the authorities because of the poor conditions. Some of the boys had scabies due to the fifth."

In 1974 and early 1975, before Walt and his wife were granted a license to run the home, county checks (of approximately \$325 to \$350 per month for each child) for the upkeep of the boys were made out to the Touchettes and cashed by a church member who had their power of attorney. "The checks." said Walt. "nese turned over to someone in charge of all the funds [for the church's care homes] at the time. [The temple] afforted us what they felt were sufficient ne. [The temple] funds for the nome and supplied us with foodstuffs and various articles of clothing." Jones says the food was mostly canned staples, and the clothes

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Jones held a snake close to the terrified old woman. 'Viola screamed,' said a member. 'And he still held that snake there' . . ."

were donations from other temple mem-bers. Walt is uncertain how shuch of the approximate total of \$2,000 a month of county funds earmarked for the upkeep obinity funds carmarates on one synatcy of his boys actually ended up in his hands; his wife kept the books. But, he claimed, "it was very inadequate."

After the Joneses were granted their own license in 1975, the checks from the

own license in 1975, the cheeks from the Alameda County Probation Depart-ment (which placed the boys in the home) were made out to him and his wife. "But still the church requested that wife. But still the church requested that we turn over what remained of the funds," says Walt Jones. "Approximately \$900 to \$1,000 [per month] were turned over to the church." And he added, "I do remember that there were times when all of the checks were signed over to the church "

Laura Cornelious of Oakland

Laura Cornelious was one of the privates in the Peoples Temple's army. She was in the temple about five years before leaving in 1975—just one of dozens of elderly black grandmothers who attend each meeting of the San Francisco Housing Authority Commission that nes chairs.

The first thing that bothered her was the constant requests for money, "After I was in some time," she says, "it was made known to us that we were supposed to pay 25 percent of our earnings [the usual sum, according to practically all the former members that we interviewed]. It was called "the commitviewed. It was called the commi-ment. For those who could not meet the commitment, she says, there were ahernatives, like baking cakes to sell at Sunday services—or donating their jewely. "He said that we didn't need the watches—my best watch." she recall said). "He said we didn't need homes give the homes, furs, all of the best things you own."

Some blacks gave out of fear-fear that they could end up in concentration shall they could end up in concentration camps. The money was needed, she was sold. "to build up this other place [Gryana-the promised land], so we would have someplace to go whenever they [the fascists in this country] were going to destroy us like they did the lews. [Jones said] that they would put [black people] in concentration camps, and that they would do us like the Jews in the gas ovens."

Laura Cornelious was also bothered by the frisking of temple members (but never dignitaries) before each service. were asked to raise up on your

toes [to check] your shoes."

The final straw, she says, came the night Jones brought a snake into the services. "Viola...she was up in age, in her eighties, and she was so afraid of snakes and he held the snake close to her inches and the limit can then and [chest] and she just sat there and screamed. And he still held it there."

Grace Stoen of San Francisco

Grace Stoen was a leader among the temple hierarchy, though she was never a true believer. Her husband Tim was the temple's top attorney, and one of its first prominent converts. Later, while still a church insider, he became an



er five-year-old boy: Grace Stoca.

assistant D.A. of Mendocino County, and then an assistant D.A. under San Francisco D.A. Joe Freitas. Tim resigned to go to Jones's Guyana retreat in April of this year,
Grace agreed to join the temple when

the married Tim in 1970, and gradually she acquired enormous authority. She was head counselor, and at the Wednesday night family meetings, she would pass to Jones the names of the members to be disciplined

She was also the record keeper for seven temple businesses. She paid out from \$30,000 to \$50,000 per month for the auto and bus garage bills and also doled out the slim temple wages. And she was one of several church notaries She kept a notary book, a kind of log of documents that she officially wit-nessed-pages of entries including power-of-attorney statements, deeds of trust, guardianship papers, and so on. signed by temple members and officials.

She recalled why Jones decided to aim for Los Angeles and San Francisco.

Jim would say, 'If we stay here in the valley, we're wasted. We could make it to the big time in San Francisco.'

And expanding to Los Angeles, Jones told his aides, 'was worth \$15,000 to \$25,000 a weekend.'

During the expansion in 1972, members would pile into the buses at 5 P.M. on a Friday night in Redwood Valley, stop at the San Francisco temple for a meeting that might last until midnight

meeting that might last until midnight meeting that magni tast until mininging and then drive through the night to arrive in Los Angeles Saturday in time for six-hour services. On Sunday, church would start at 11 A.M. and end at 5 P.M. Then, the Redwood Valley members around with house for the mount of the house for the would pile back on the buses for the long trip home; they would arrive by daybreak Monday.

Some of the inner circle, like Grace Stoen, rode on Jim's own bus, number "The last two seats and the whole back seat were taken out and a door put across it. she said. "Inside there was a refrigerator, a sink, a bed and a plate of steel in the back so nobody could ever shoot Jim. The money was kept back there in a compartment. According to attendance slips she collected, the other 43-seat buses sometimes held 70 to 80 nders.

riders.

Jones's goal in San Francisco, Grace
said, was to become a political force. His
first move was to ingratiate himself with
fellow liberal and leftist figures—D.A. Frestas. Sheriff Hongisto, Police Chief Charles Gain, Dennis Banks, Angela Davis.

Sometimes Jones nearly tripped up. Sometimes Jones nearly tripped up. Once, said Grace, when Freita and his wife dropped in unexpectedly, temple aides quickly pulled them mio a side moom and sent word to Jones in the upstairs meeting hall. Just in time. The pastor was wrapped up in one of his "silly little things," said Grace. "He was sain unic inings. sain Grace. "He was having everybody shou! "Shi!" Shi!! Shi!! Shi! Shi! "to teach them not to be so hypocinical." When Freitas was shown in everyone just laughed at the puzzled district amorney. (D.A. Freitas confirms making an unexpected visit to the tem-ple, but does not recall anyone using the word shir.)

Jones became impatient at the pace of his success. Eventually Mayor Moscone placed Jones on the Housing Authority Commission, and then intercened to

assure him the chairmanship.

Strangely, as Jones's successes mounted, so did the pressures inside his

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"... Jones would say that we could make it in the big time,' says Grace Stoen. 'Expanding to L.A. alone was worth \$15,000 a weekend'..."

temple. "We were going to more and more meetings," said Storm. "[And] if anyone was getting too much sleep—say, six hours a night—they were in trouble." On one occasion, she said, a man was younted and arimated on.

In July of 1976, after a three-weet

semple bus trip, her morale was obbing lower, her friends were muttering about her, and there were rumors that Jones was unhappy with a number of memters. I pucked my things and left [without selling Tim]. I couldn't trust him. He'd sell Jim."

She drove to Lake Tabor and spent the July Fourth weekend hing on a warm beach. She dug her toes in the sand, stretched her arms and tried to arbar. "But every time I turned over, I looked around to see if any of the church members had tracked me down."

Why Jim Jones Should Be Investigated

It is literally impossible to guess how much money and property people gave Jim Jones in the twelve years since he moved his Peoples Temple to California. Some, like Laura Cornelious, gave small things like watches or rings. Others, like Walt Jones, sold their homes and gave the proceeds to the temple.

the proceeds to the temple.

According to nearly all the former temple members that we have spoken with extensive continuous pressure was put on members to deed their homes to the temple. Many complied. A brief reading of the records on file at the Mendocino Councy seconder's office shows that some 30 pieces of property were transferred from individuals to the temple during the years 1968 to 1976. Nearly all these parcels were recorded as wifts.

Interestingly, several of the "gifts" were signed or recorded improperty. The deed to a piece of property signed by Grace and Timothy Storm was notarized on June 20, 1976. Grace Store was notarized on June 20, 1976. Grace Store sold New New that on that date, when she was supposed to be in Mendocino signing the deed before a temple members were in New York City. Grace Store said she signed the deed under pressure from her husband. Tim, mouths before it was notarized. And similar irregularities appear on a deed the Mertles turned over to the temple. A thorough investigation of the circumstances supromeding the transfers of the properties is clearly

In the last few issues of Peoples Forum, the temple acwapapet, there are several references to the claim that 130 disturbed or incorrigible youths were being seas to the temple's Guvana mission. A church spokesman constrained that these youngsters were released to the temple by "federal courts, state courts, probation departments" and other agencies. An article in the July issue of the temple newspaper on the Guvana mission's youth program reports that, "In certain cases when a young person is testing the

produced the necessary change." The article goes on to describe a "wrestling march "that sounds all too similar to the "busing marches" some former temple members described. If there is even the slightest chance of mistreatment of the 130 youths the temple claims to have mader its guidance in Guyana, a complete investigation by both state and federal authorities mostly be mainfeld.

plete investigation by both state and federal authorities would be required. An investigation of the "care homes" run by the temple of temple members in Redwood Valley may also be in order. Both Walt Jones and Micki Touchette have stated that anywhere from \$800 to \$1,000 of the monthly funds provided by the state for the care of the six boys in the Touchette home were actually funcied to the temple. If those figures are accurate, as much as \$38,000 to \$48,000 may have been channeled into the church's coffers during the four years the Touchette home was open. It is known that at least two other "care homes" for boys were run by the church or its members. In addition, at least six residential homes licensed by Mendonino County were owned or operated by the temple. They housed from six to fourteen senior citizens each, and the county provided upwards of \$325 per month per individual. An investigation should be launched immediately to determine if any of the money paid for the case of the enterity actually went to the

temple.

Fites at the Meadocino County recorder's office show that the temple has
sold off a number of its properties. The
Redwood Valley temple itself is cursensity for sale for an estimated \$225,000.
The Los Angeles temple is also for sale. The
three Meadocino "care homes" that
are still operating are up for sale. Several
former temple members believe Jones
and a few hundred of his closest followers may be planning to leave for
Guyanas no inter than September of this
year. The ex-members we interviewed
had the ability to walk away from the
temple sone they found the courage to
do m. Whether the church will permit

ose who move to Guyana the op-

tion of ever leaving is questionable.

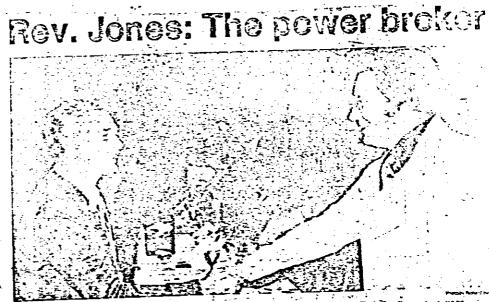
Lones has been in Guyana for the fast it three weeks and was unavailable to us as this magazine article went to press. In a phone interview, two spokesmen for the temple. Miley Prokes and Gene Chaikin, denied all of the allegations made by the former temple members we interviewed. Specifically, they denied any harassment, coercion or physical abuse of lemple members, They denied that the church attempted to force members to donase their property or homes. They also denied that Jones faked healings. They confirmed that Jones's closest followers are planning to relocate in Guyana any time noon.

Finally, something must be said about the numerous public officials and political figures who openly courted and befriended Jim Jones. While it appears that none of the public officials from Governor Brown on dewn knew about the inner world of Peoples Temple, they have left the impression that they used

Finally, something must be said about the numerous public officials and political figures who openly coursed and befriended Jim Jones. While it appears that none of the public officials from Governor Brown on down keer about the inner world of Peoples Temple, they have left the impression that they used Jones to deliver votes at election time and never asked any questions. They never asked about the hodyguards, Never asked about the church's locked doors. Never asked why Jones's folious were so obsessively protective of him. And apparently, some never asked because they didn't want to know.

The story of Jim Jones and his Peoples Temple is not over. In fact, it has only began to be told, if there is any solace to be gained from the tale of exploitation and human foible told by the former temple members in these pages, it is that even such a power as Jim Jones cannot always contain his followers. Those who left find nowhere to go and every reason to fear pursuit. Yet they persevered if Jones is ever to be stripped of his power, it will not be because of vendetta or persecution, but rather because of the courage of these people who stepped forward and spoke out.

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The Rev. Jim Jones, right, gets a handshake from Mayor Moscone at a People's Temple dinner last year

The political maneuverings of a preacher man

By Stancy Dooley and Tim Reiterman

The phone rungs at a Peopler Temple commune the night before an election. It's one of the Rev. Jim Jones secretaries.

Tather loves you very much and there's a danger out tonight Get a pencil and paper and take down these names."

The caller then tells the church member which candidates and initiatives to mark on his ballot.

This according to former Peoples Temple members interviewed by the Examiner, is one of the ways the controversial Jones made sure his followers voted as a bloc, which afforded him maximum political clout.

But the election eve telephone can was just the final step in a process apparently designed to control the votes of every temple member, both those living testing and extends terrolle communities.

Members also were required to participate in the political process through letter-writing campaigns, registering to rate and ringing docraells for chosen candidates.

Jones, the charamatic faith batter who has won a political appointment if every city in which his church has a serious discount read, it being interruptive account under attack recently by former church members.

and sharp scrutiny of the tenth and Jones sometimes binaric poets a the minister resigned last week as of the man of the San Francisci British Auto-

Interviews with about two dist.
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Rev. Jones:

The faith healer with political clout

-From Page 1

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former temple members yielded a portrait of methodical strempts at political manipulation by a man whose church enjoys tax-exempt status.

His efforts won the attention and occasional church visits of such luminaries as Gov. Brown, 12. Gov. Mervin Dimaily, Mayor Mescone, Les Angeles Mayor Tom Eradies, Dir. Atty. Joseph Freitas and Sheriff Richard Rougisto.

Political maneuvering appeared to be a constant process both in election and nonelection years — and letter writing was the mainstay of the operation in a church that claims 2::000 members, though a former member puz the figure at 3,500.

Former members said there was a permanent letter writing staff of 10 to 20 persons, beaded by Richard Tropp, now a professor at Santa Rosa Community College.

But they said virtually every church member was required to write numerous letters, sometimes more than 100 a week.

We'd have letter writing every Wednesday night," said Ruth Kerns, a member of the church for four years. "If it was an important issue, we'd have a special letter writing night 100. We'd spend about six hours.

"We'd each write hundreds of letters on one issue."

Jim Cobb. a 27-year-old who was in the church from 1967 to 1975, reculied, "When Nixon was going to name 6. Barroid Carswell to the U.S. Supreme Court. I wrote a bunch of letters and so did the rest of the people in our dorm.

"They told us to use different pens, typer of paper, different envelopes, to write small here and large there," added Cobb, who sametimes served as one of Jones' bodyguards. "We would look at telephone books and get a first name here and a less name there, to make up the false names."

Letter writes all got instructions on what tack to take in their letters. A Xeroxed list of sample comments would be provided as a guide.

For example, a list of 12 "sample letters against Schate Bill 1." a Nixon administration supported recision of the U.S. criminal code, was distributed to temple members through Tropp in 1978, according to former member Gary Lambres.

The list included one sample that said. Please stop this insidious threat to our nation. How can we even debate about our precious constitutionally guaranteed rights?"

Another said in part, "If Sensite Bill 1 was in effect three years ago, we'd still have the quest-police state under Nixon. Are you really considering passing a bill that would be a perfect policy instrument for a demagogue or dictator?..."

Instructions accompanying the sample letters told the authors to write to members of the Senate Judkiary Committee and divided the senators into Bloerals, conservatives and moderates.

"You write your letter, have it cleared, and then write one to each of the 15 Sensiors above..." the instructions said.

Kerns and Cobb said the letters were screened and if they didn't meet the approval of the letter-writing committee, were returned to the author for revisions. They were mailed in different post offices, sometimes in different chies, to apparently disguise their origin, former members said.

In addition to issue-oriented letters, the authors would also write to politicians, public officials, widews of stain law enforcement officers and new parents describing the good works of the temple and singing Jones' praises as a humanitarian.

"Everybody was involved, even those who were barely literate," said Lambrer. "If there was any opposition, such as an unfavorable article, even body would be mobilized in general, though, we were writing to anybody sho might be of help in the fourse for a character witness — anybody from a judge in Kiesoula, Mont, to an ecologist...

"The goal was to get a congratulatory letter or telegram and to file it for future use."

Other members said those letters were filed in binders and were used to impress politicians and others who were not well acquainted with the temple and its programs.

When the Examiner sought official comment on the allegations and tried to reach Tropp, the temple said all calls on such matters were being referred to attorney Charles Garry, who also declined comment.

As another technique, the temple invited political notables to the temple.

They were taken on tours of the church chine, legal and project or duning facilities for the hungry, or they were invited to attend services and sometimes to address the congregation Sometimes invitations involved a benefit dinner or breakfast for a worthy

Eimer Mertle, the former official church photographer, said politicians often were photographed standing before the congregation or with Jones.

"If h was someone Jones wanted to compromise, he would have someone standing behind the podium and on cue the, would raise cherthed first and I would take a primer Merthe explained "They would look like revolutionaires. He just wanted these pictures on

-Ture to Page 7. Col 1

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Staged tours for politicians with churc

members as actors

From Page 6

the if some politician ever turned against him."

There was no indirection, however, that Jones ever used such photos against politicians.

Former members said the tours taken by politicians were largely ratged with church members paying the part of actors. They said members were confinited in specified clother and told where to stand and what to say and do as the guests were shown supposedly-recycled heroin addicts, medical patients and children gorging at table.

Even services and meetings were staged for the benefit of visitors, and after the homored guest had departed. Jones frequently would deside him with wit each the compregation would roar with laughter, former members said.

In election years, political efforts were intensified.

A church's political activities are strictly limited by its tax-exempt status. According to linerual Revenue Service code Solica, 'no substantial part of the activities' of churches and other tax-free institutions can involve "carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation."

The code also says these entities cannot "participate in or intervene uncluding the publishing or distributing of statements in a political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office."

The IRS said no specific criteria outlined in the code define the extent of political activity that would cause revocation of tax-exempt status.

Despite such regulations, the temple in some cases has provided campaign workers who rang doorbells, distributed literature and stuffed envelopes.

Their efforts served President Carter, Mayor Moscope, Oakland Mayor Lionel Wilson, Los Angeles Wayor Bradley, state Senate candidate Free Furth, state Sen. Milton Marks, and the No on Propositions A and E compaigns, according to information from Marks and Assemblyman Willie Erown.

Former member Linds Mertle, 18, recalls working on the Furth campaign. They told us before we went to school that we'd have to go to headquarters after school to make phone calls," she said. "We usually went about 12 at a time and went maybe six or seven times."

A Purth worker said the temple provided about 100 workers for get-out-the-vote efforts and between 200 and 300 people for benefits and other events.

Doe Bradley, Moscone's campaign manager during his mayoral race, said the temple provided about 150 electionary workers to Moscone but said he wasn't aware of other campaign help.

Marks said that workers in his campaign against Robert Mendelsohn less year called on the temple for help the Saurday before the election. "We called up everybody we could think of," he said. "I think about eight people from Peoples Temple distributed some literature for me."

He said they also handed out leaflers two hours before the polls closed on election day.

Monetary contributions were rare. A check of financial records for more than a dozen campaigns list. November did not turn up any contributions from temple members or the church.

A No on B statement showed that Richard Trop, a temple member, contributed \$500 on June 25, 1877. The Mescore Diracer Committee, set up to pay for largural and transitional government expenses and himstate Senate campaign defect, reported that Peoples Temple donated \$250 on June 16, 1876.

Don Eradley said a correction was filed June 10, 1977, after the temple complained that h badn't made the contribution. He said the temple claimed an individual Janet Schular, a member in June 1876 who has since dropped out of the church, had made the donation.

Bradley said the 2000 cashiers check, dated June 4, 1876, was for a \$1004-pine Moscone dinner at the Hyert Research but he said he was at a loss to explain the difference in amounts.

He said he didn't know how the name Peoples Temple got on the finances list but he speculated that someone from the temple might have brought it in for seating at a table with several temple members.

Former temple members said they were always told how to vote, sometimes by Jones himself. His technique was novel.

"Jones would say, "We would probably vote for so and so while he was shaking his head no," said one exmember who asked for anonymity.

Panny Pietila, a Edyenroid who was a member for seven years confirmed that scenario and added, "Other times held but his thumbs up or down when he mentioned the ragin of a candidate."

Pretile, who was exercising his franchise for the first time in 1871, and temple members in Mendocino County were told in vote for Sen. George Medocern for president. Tim said if Naton got into office, he'd call a nuclear war," he said. "But the next thing you know, Naton's president and there was no nuclear war."

Former members said the temple also provided mimeographed sheets directing the congregation to vote for the slate of candidates and issues Jones supported.

The final reminder came on election eve when temple secretaries contacted church members by phone and relayed the pastor's choices.

Church members were publicly chartised if they falled to register, and were required to turn in their hallot stubs as proof they cast their total.

Whether the church's blox of votes affected the

-Turn to Page & Col. 1

What does Jones get out of providing political help? 'Power'

From Page 7

elections is uncertain.

Interviews with a half-dozen state and local politicism produced no consensus on Jones and his temple's political cloud.

Dynally, who visited Jones' agricultural mission in the South American occurry of Gryans, refused to answer questions about Jones or about who paid for his trip.

"Ris relationship is private and c religious and he won't discuss #," his press secretary #14.

Mayor Microme, who named Jones to the Housing Authority, was unavailable. There's nothing to talk about, said press secretary Core; Busch.

The question of how much of a check was made on Jones background before his appointment is unanswered. However, Moscone told the Examiner last month, "I street dones' to be on the Housing Authority because I thought it needed a person both sensitive and realistic. From everything I've seen, he's been a good chairman. He's hept peace and quiet over there and been responsible on important

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Willie Brown said he first met Jones in religious circles and learned of his work through Charles Turner, a former field deputy in his office. The told me about a new movement that is his opinion took care of people. He told me I should get to know them, how they fed people and would hustle food.

Brown has visited the temple perhaps a dozen times, he said, sometimes by invitation and sometimes on his own. He said he never checked into any of Jones claims about his projects, nor did he question the obvious presence of bodyguards during services. "I would just accept his word." Brown said. "I have no reason to doubt him."

Following published reports about Jones activities. Brown sud he called Michael Prokes, a temple higher-up, two or three times has week he I thought friends ought to do." He attended hast Sunday's service and spoke on Jones behalf.

Brown Freitzs, Hospino and Assemblyman Art Agnos all said



THE REV. JIM JONES 'A scapegoat'

Peoples Temple hasn't done any, campaign work for them.

Freitzs said he has visited the temple twice and met Jones after the 1975 election. "I didn't even know there was a Peoples Temple until after I was in this office," he said.

Hongisto said he did not know Jones, until after he was reelected sheriff in 1873. By's been to the temple twice by invitation and has provided Jones with requested advice for combating crime and vandalism near the temple.

"Be made an effort to be friendly but I did not see it as anything to go beyond that," Hongisto said. "When you hold office and meet people, you usually end up smiling shaking hands chatting piezsantly for a while and listening to what they have to say. That has been roughly the extent of our relationship."

Agnor said he's never met Jones and the temple provided no campaign workers or donations to him "Last year." he said, "Jim Jones endorsed me indirectly through the Rer. Cecil Williams, but since that's a nonprofit church organisation it couldn't be done publicity."

Agnos said the church has no more political clost than any other organized group and Rongisto suggested the notion that Jones has enormous political influence "verges on the preposterous."

Noting that he has observed only about 500 people at church services, Hongasto said, "I can't imagine anybod; would be very deeply awayed by 500 votes in a race where the vote total is about 200,000 votes. It's just not the kind of thing that is politically potent."

Brown, however, believes Jones has plenty of clost.

"Numbers of people give him clout," he said. "He is virtually able to produce physically more people than anybody I know."

Indeed Jones followers have doubled, tripled and sometimes quidrupled attendance at Housing Authority meetings. They have shown up at a school board meeting and at such events as hearings on the expansion of Hastings law school.

At a messive demonstration to support tenants of the International Hotel last January, the temple provided 2,000 of the £500 persons present.

The church has called the descriptions of its political activities a gross misrepresentation of the facts."

In a recent issue of its newspaper, Peoples Forum, it stated. "We are striving for social justice, and a more equitable standard of living, the relief of want and misery. But we do not know of even one of our members who is seeking or plans to seek any political office."

The politicians interviewed by the Examiner said Jones had never asked them for favors. So what did he gain in return for providing hodies and political help?

"Power," explains a former member. "And he wanted to back the winner so he could get tobs."

But Jones has been a prime beneficiary of his political contacts.

In 1951, he was appointed the first director of the Indianapoles Bussan Rights Commission by Mayor Charles Boswell at an annual salary of \$7,000.

He served as foreman of the Mendocino County Grand Jury, was effered and rejected a post on the San Francisco Human Rights Commission, and was finally named to the Bousing Authority by Mostone has October. With the majora becking, he became chairman.

At least three other temple members work at the agency. They are: Jean Erown, hired Aup. 16.
1876, and part \$15.436 x year to bead training programs. Vera Young hired as a secretary Aup. 4.
1876, at Friffs a year and Caroline Layton, hired as Erown's promission Sept. 7, 1077, at \$15.43, 25.42.

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members also worked for Mendocine County. One was a sheriff's department dispatcher, two worked as juvenile ball counselors and one was a deputy probation officer.

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the past month, but the temple has officially denied all the allegations of former members. Attempts by

the Examiner to get responses to the charges were unsuccessful.

Despite the pestor's absence, nine well-known San Franciscans, including Brown and Agnos, this week lent their names to his defense in a statement issued by the temple.

The statement also described a

telephone message relayed from Jones to his congregation. "I know some of you are wanting to fight," he said, "but that's exactly what the system want! — they want to use as sacrificial lambs, as a scapegual.

"Don't fall into this trap by yielding to violence, no matter what kind of lies are told on us or how many."

RELIGION

Tempia Trouble

in the pour-black Fillmore district is San Francisco, the Rev. Jim Jones is revered as a good Samaritan with parsons in very high places. As postor of the People's Temple, one of the largest interfaith churches in California, Jones not only claims God's power to heal the sick but also wields palpable clout among city and state political leaders. The governor, lieutenant governor, mayor, sheriff emor, lieutenant governor, mayor, she emor, neurenangovernor, mayor, snerin and district attorney have all visited the temple and during the 1976 Presi-dential campaign, Jones himself shared a platform with Rosalynn

a platform with Rosalynn Carter Last December, the charismatic preacher who can muster black voters was named chairman of the San Francisco Housing Authori-George Mescone. But now George Moscone. But now Jones stands accused by 30 furmer temple members of building his power through feat. Eaud, physical beatings, the appropriation of purishioners property and possible misuse of government funds. The accusations were milk-

The accusations were pub-lished in two August issues of New West magazine,

of New West magazine.

hich called for an investigan of the temple's financial and disciplinary practices. Church representatives promptly denied the charges. But
in a pair of surprise moves last week,
Jones resigned from the Housing Authority and District Attorney Joseph
Freitss announced that he would look
into the accusations.

Freits announced that he would now into the accusations.

Colony: No one has yet filed a formal complaint against Jones, who temple officials said was unreachable at the church's 27,000-acre South American farm colony in Guyana. The city's most powerful politicians still seem solidly behind the controversial minister. Mayor Moscone has said he saw no evidence that Jones had broken any laws and, in a recent Sunday-momint sermon at the recent Sunday-morning sermon at the temple, black state Assemblyman Willie Brown labeled the attacks "a measure of [the church's] effectiveness.

Jones preaches a religious socialism that he himself, it appears, is the first to practice. His church, which claims m).000 members statewide, sponsors a drug-rehabilisation program, a free restaurant and medical clinic and a legal-aid service. More radically, Jones encourages his fack to give up their private property and live in low-rent apartments and his wife live modestly above the mple, where they are raising a multira-20,000 members statewide, sponsors a

nd his wife live modestly above the mple, where they are raising a multira-ral family of seven adopted children plus their own son. But his social activism also is expressed as politics, and on Election Day, the poor deliver for their leader. In two recent close races for

may ar and district attorney. Jones's regi-mented followers were considered im-

portant to the winners.

According to some former church m hers, however, Jones's power is haved as much on fear and fraud as on faith. His services are often held behind locked services are often held behind locked doors, and even then Jones is protected by body guards. The breaksway parish-looers described ritual beatings and bunilating group encounters held at all-night sessions. A former secretary to Jones reported that the preacher faked healings be displaying chicken guts as tissue he had miraculously removed from

cancer patients. Others said they had been per-suaded into deeding over their homes to the church

cherre, 26, told how she and eleven other enerte, 20, to, 6 now she and eleven other students slept in a crowded garage and were given a weekly dole of 32 each as members of a temple commune. Touchette, who is white, said that Jones, who is part American Indian, told them "how uply and borrible it was to be white." and "not to have see horouse we ware."

ugiy and bornibe it was to be white. and not to have sex because we were all latent homosexuals."

ECK: Laura Cornelius, 52, a black woman, said that Jones promised his followers because it is Curana han as he made to a a haven in Guyana when, as he predicted, Fascists took over the U.S. "He said they Falcists took over the U.S. "He said they had a plan to exterminate blacks like they did the Jews," Cornelius recalled. She also described a ritual by temple members that dramatized a Ku Klux Klan bynching. "That's why people turned over all they had," she said. "He told us the whites would take it."

Others remorted threats against 15 six



Jones (inset), Klan drama: 'That's why people turned over all they had'

d had been talked into giving the te ple government funds they received for

ple government funds they received for running foster-care homes.
When New West first considered investigating the People's Temple, the editors were barraged with pleas from politicians and businessmen to kill the story. When the editors persisted, some were harasted at home by anonymous callers. Meanwhile, other local newment reported similar coercion and only when word of the pressure campaign men reported similar coercion and only when word of the pressure campaign appeared in a local new spaper column did ex-members of the temple volunteer to tell of their experiences.

In separate interviews with News-wegs, former followers of Jones corrobo-rated the New West report. Micki Tou-

that they had been made to sign false

that they had been made to sign false confessions to crimes such as conspiracy against the government. "Jim always said be had an in with the police," said Deanna Myrtle, 38, "so we thought going to the police would be suicide."

Church officials have issued statements counterchanging that some of the dissenters were terrorists and child molesters. Throughout the controversy, Jones has remained at the Guyana farm, which the church says it funds with \$150,000 annually. And some suspect that the Rev. Mr. Jones may be the first to take up permanent asylum in the Guyana haven. Guyana haven.

MENNETH L WOODWARD OF MA STEPHEN GAYER SEP FORCES

EDITORIALS

Inside The People's Temple 'Expose'

New West magazine, which is the most recent acquisition of the Australian newspaper tycoon, Rupert Murdock, who has added the New York Post and the New York Village Voice to his first U.S. publication, the National Star, publishes in its issue of Aug. I "Inside Peoples Temple," by Marshall Kilduff and Phil Tracy. This is the long-awaited expose of Rev. Jim Jones, "one of the state's most politically potent leaders...." Marshall Kilduff is a San Francisco Chronicle reporter, and Phil Tracy a New West contributing editor.

A review of this article reveals that Kilduff and Tracy have built their great expose on the basis of interviews with several former members of Peoples Temple who, over the past several years, have ecolesced into the small yet articulate Former Members of the Peoples Temple congregation. This small band of former members seems to have been either disenchanted when their personal ambitions conflicted with the stated church programs, or individuals whose aggressive, fillegal ambitions conflicted with the stated church membership and the church's leaders. Many of these disgruntled excommunicates have previously whispered their venom against Peoples Temple to all individual ears in the Western Addition that would pause long enough to listen. Several have even approached this newspaper with their stories and wild-eyed statements of misdeeds attributed to Jim Jones and his congregation. We have counseled these malcontents to seek redress of their alleged grievances against Peoples Temple and its leaders in a court of law. Moreover, whenever our investigators presented these statements to Jones and other leaders of the congregation, they have always made available for inventory church records dealing with these alleged misdeeds. Under probing, these allegations have been unsubstantiated by fact.

In the article by Kilduff and Tracy these malcontents, psychoneurotics, and, In some instances, provocateurs—probably establishment agents—have found willing ears and consummate skill to organize fragmented gossip into a cloak-and-dagger mosaic that portrays Jim Jones and Peoples Temple as a malevolent instrument destroying human personalities, robbing the poor, and engaged in a conspiracy against the established social and political order.

Word comes to us that the writers of this New West article did a two-hour taped interview with the Rev. Jim Jones, and nowhere in this lengthy tome did they use a word of it. Can it be that this article

was written, "not to praise Caesar, but to bury Caesar"?

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It is significant that Kilduff was unable to peddle his venom in the pages of his employer, the San Francisco Chronicle. If the rumors, half-truths, and mental variations of these former Peoples Temple members represent the best investigative reporting job that Kilduff and Tracy can do, then heaven help the fine art of investigative reporting! Moreover, if this "yellow" journalism to be the forte of Rupert Murdock in building his newly acquired U.S. journalism empire, this type of journalism-for-hire should clearly reveal to the U.S. public here in the West the plague that has, descended upon us with Murdock's recent ascent into the journalistic firmament.

Jim Jones and the Peoples Temples represent some of the most invigorating and challenging religious organizations to appear in California in recent years. Jones apparently is committed to the basic philosophy proclaimed to Christendom in Jesus of Nazareth's Sermen on the Mount. In attempting to use the moral force of Christianity in dealing with man-made problems that bedevil, haunt, and dehumanize the social order, Jones has created a cyclone where formerly the political leaders, economic scoundrels, and even impotent religious leaders have failed the very foundations of their ethics, and their leadership mantles have been rent, torn asunder, leaving those pompous pseudo-leaders maked and unclothed to be viewed as the hypocrites that they have been for decades.

We have no intention of attempting to defend Rev. Jim Jones, the officers, and the members of the Peoples Temples. They are admirably equipped with kean legal minds, incisive economic advisors, dedicated and committed followers, to defend themselves.

However, we have been amazed at the tendency of political, social, and religious hangers on to flee the Peoples Temple and Jones's establishment, once the venom of the New West article became the subject of treatment by all mass communications media-radio, television, and printed. In the 50-odd years of publication of the news embodied in the Reporter Publications, and the more than 30 years of active participation in the printing of a Black community newspaper by the present publisher, there has been no religious institution, to our knowledge, more dedicated to the use of the high morel, courageous commitments embadied in Christianity, which is a revolutionary religion, to carry out what has become the motte of the Reporter Publications: "Dedicated to the cause of the people—that no good cause shall lack a champion, and that evil shall not thrive unopposed."

We have from time to time investigated the complaints that persons have lodged against Peoples. Temples, On the basis of repeated in-depth investigations, we say, as one with strong commitments to the role of religion in the lives of men: We have found no fault with Jim Jones's religious philosophy or the activities of the Peoples Temples. We believe in the role of law! We support the nation's judicial cornerstone, that ours is a nation of laws and not of men! We believe that thisves, reques, and liars who destroy and assall worthy individuals' or institutions' reputations should be brought before the bar of justice! If there are those who feel aggrisved, as indicated by their alleged statements of the interviewers in the New West article, we array those persons to charge the institution and the man with crimes, and let them face the accused in a court of law!

We also remind the honored Fourth Estate, which probably includes radio and television as well as the press, that accused in the U.S.A. are assumed innocent until their guilt is proved in a court of law. We hasten to remind the mass communications media that a free press is one of the cornerstones of a democratic society, yet freedom of the press demands of all who operate under this mentic that a prerequisite safeguarding freedom is the corollary demand—that the press must be responsible.

The reputation of a man and of an institution is a most valued possession in a society of free people. It has been said by many, especially Adiai Stevenson, "The people are wise-wiser than the politicians think." This might be amended: "The people are wise-wiser than the press thinks."

An institution that feeds the poor, houses the homeless, rectues young and eld from the wretchedness and despair of drug addiction, marshals the political potential of a people, and busbands the economic pittance of the poor masses into a powerful instrument for justice, freedom, and equality, while building a just and humans society, by its very nature will have many enemies hidden, jurking in the shadows of gread, ignorance, neurosis, and hallocinations. If such an institution becomes powerful, then it must expect its enemies to become powerful. While the New West article was intended to defame and to dismember and deter on increasing band of dedicated followers of Christian ethics, the great possibilities are there that the story will boomerang, and that which they seek to destroy out of this momentary irritation will become a potent antidote to the hopelessness and the despair that permeate the masses. Such an airing of relative choices posing the question of right and wrong, hope and despair, exploitation of the many by the few, and the very questioning nature of the political process itself, may become a rallying banner for those who heretofore have seen no institution or no man worthy of their support and admiration; these newly. enlightened individuals might recognize: All of the problems disturbing a distraught humanity basically are man-made problems. Surely many good men and women of courage, steadfastness, and fundamental belief in the power of the organized masses will see in Jim Jones and Peoples Temple not a comet that momentarily lights up the darkness, but another reminder of the meanings of Edmund Burke's prophetic words, uttered before the birth of the nation 200 years ago: "All that is necessary for evil in the world to triumph is for enough good men to do nothing.

Cariton B. Goodlett, Ph.D.,M.D.
Publisher

Section Two

The New West article was held for publication until just two weeks before the August 2 District Elections of Supervisors, a new referendum in the City of San Francisco. A fierce political battle was waged between Supervisor John Barbagellata and other incumbent supervisors and Mayor George Moscone. The New West article portrayed Peoples Temple and Rev. Jones as "politically potent" and as "power brokers" in the City, and pictured Rev. Jones with Mayor Moscone and other dignitaries from both city ' and state levels. The release of the article was deliberately timed to discredit Mayor George Moscone; the Mayor had appointed Rev. Jones to a seat on the San Francisco Housing Commission. The politically conservative or reactionary ties of the authors of the New West article further reinforce the evidence that the press attacks have been well-planned and coordinated, well-financed, and highly questionable in their origins.

Politics Behind New W. Attack On Peoples Temple

by Art Silverman

New York magazine's accusation of fread, britings and brains ashing at Peo-ples Temple is turning into a major po-litical issue — less than two weeks be-fore the August 2 referendum when San Francisco voters will decide the fale of district elections and several elected

By accident or design, the magazine has created a virtual piece of program-da for Propositions A and B in the final days of a close and hotly-confested cam-

pays, of a close and moty-contested campaign.

Cycl. of the new lesses his the newstands. His Menday under a canner reading. This Menday under a canner reading. This Menday of the story, writter, in New Newt Countributing Educy Phil Tracy and at Francisco Chronicle reporter Marinal Kildeff, begins by describing the CLOOF member Temple's founder, Keyerend Jim Jones, as 'one of the state's miss positically posess leaders,' with close they to Mayor Mascone, Sheriff Eichart Hongiste and District Autorney Jusee Frenca, All three men will use their offices if Personsition E in passed This winters also make passing men-

their offices if Prorosition E is passed. The writers also make passing mention of use Temple's active work for a variety of "fiel-thera" causes, which include support for activities like American Indian Movement Inader Dennis Ecolus and Annels Levis, the International More, and the passage of district elections like year. District election of supervisors will be repeated by the passage c, entire Proposition A or E.

In case wo, haven't gotter the point, they ever include a protuter of Rev. Jones will Moscopie and Licenceam Governor hierwise Lomally at a Temple luncheon less war may thus laid the groundwork, the reportions present interviews with 10 for persons present interviews with 10 for persons and processing with 10 for persons present interviews with 10 for

Having thus laid the groundwork, the reporters present interviews with 10 former members of Peoples Temple, who tell a store of corruption, fraud, humilation, whose cancer cures, shady financial bealings, and worse. Even allowing for frattorical overfill and a few obvious axes it grind fone of the R is lump her
respond, still a Temple member, for
stoop of their child, they raise a minref serious charges, including.

Missass of state mones intended for
fine care of senior clisters in Templeru home.

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heavy fire following publication of a

are thing a milicial in New New measure.

servine who left the Temple.

"Members being forced to sim statements admitting to homesessaint or criminal activity, to be used arainst from it firey taler triefs to criticize the Temple.

over titles to their homes, pus furniture, savings and a fourth of their income.

"Severe paddlings of Temple members — up to 100 strokes — for infractions ranging from earrying an Afric comb to one woman embracing and kissing an-

"Phony "healing" and cancer cures intended to entice old people into giving more mone; in offerings.

"Exervone lives in fear," said entiments Bride Margbie at a press conference Wednesdae trying is evrizin why no one has ever made such charges before during the Temple's II-wear existence. "They think that Key, John in God, that he has the power to make their drop dead."

Co-author Tracy, who convened the press conference at the Steraton-Palace.

Hotel, said he had taken such at unutual stort "Int allow the media or channe it talls with threat people". But he also user the rote murror to voice his orimon that letyles. Torrifound it be investigated and that More Montone. "Doppin to them after immediate," since he had appointed feel Jones to a seat or the city's Housing, Commission. Politics areas.

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Trany, author of a recent New We hatcher job on the Mason take. The Broken Promises of George Moscone state in Barb internity Turnier transcription for the People's Terminative State in the People's Term reasized the Propies Sentil Story (co.) the same time baseers a Proposition and the baseers a Proposition and B. Tid he footies not to recover that some people will be to shared and it district attorney. The nave. Those features that note making we have that not rate that not of the propies of the propies

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issue, until after the election, since it has been held up several times already? "The timing," says Tracy, "has deformined by how fast we could proceed and still be cartious. We run it as soon as we could, R had nothing to do atth the timing of the election."

Peoples Temple has announced they will hold a news conference early next world. It will be the timing of the election."

Peoples Temple has announced they will hold a news conference early next world. It will be the first as they did in a press release klonday calling the article "politically motivated. In mass of distortion, exaggeration, lopsided characterizations, and cutrageous lies which together, amount to a tracette of the first seven that he will not offer any point the first seven that he will not offer any point the same that this is all a politically motivated thing." The Temple has birned two prominent anothers, Charles Garry and Fred Furth, to study the prescribility of a libel suit. The bip ourstion, of course, it whether the aliegations aramst Peoples Temple are true. Duch has me, Wennesday's meas conference was impressive, despite hew west's contous atternate price here here the aliegations aramst Peoples Temple are true. Duch has me, Wennesday's meas conference was impressive, despite hew west's contous atternate true, because the mover. The life former members -- young, old, blank, white seemed sincere and honess at the recomment their morror stories. And it must be animized that Jim Johre is a strange breef, half socialism are hell holy-roller fundamentalist. Clearly, there's more point on than meets the ever.

But it's too soon to reach any conclusions. As Michael Prokes hold me

there's more point on than meets the eye.

But it's too soon to reach any conclusions. As Michael Prokes told me 'there's bound to be a few disprunted people in any organization of this size, who have a distorted view of things because of some individual circumstances.'

And there is also a sufficient history of scurrifout attacks or movement groups that we ought to be sufficient history of start peoples. Temple has achieved a resistent of real power and influence in the community through warrs of here were or behalf of poor, minority and other normalist through wars of here were on behalf of poor, minority and other normalist hough warrs of here were on behalf of poor, minority and other measurements what remains to be seen is whether it can stand dieser scruting.

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

CONTACT: Corey Busch 415-558-3755 FOR INTEDIATE RELEASE

July 26, 1977

-San Francisco Mayor George R. Moscone today issued the following statement concerning recent allegations against the Rev. Jim Jones:

"I have read the recent well-publicized article concerning the Rev. Jim Jones and the People's Temple and find it to be a series of allegations with absolutely no hard evidence that the Rev. Jones has violated any laws, either local, state, or federal.

"I will not comment upon the alleged practices of the Temple, as it is not my habit to be a religious commentator. If anyone in San Francisco or anywhere, and that includes the authors of the article and political leaders who express concern about the matter, have any evidence that the Nev. Jones has broken the law, then it is his or her absolute obligation and duty to bring that to the attention of the appropriate law enforcement officials.

"The Mayor's Office does not and will not conduct any investigation into the Rev. Jones nor the People's Temple. We are not equipped nor inclined to conduct such investigations, and those who call for us to do so know that.

"Insofar as the Rev. Jones' appointment to the Housing Authority is concerned, let me say that I asked him to serve on that board because I believed he would work hard on behalf of the City and that he would be fair in dealing with the important matters which come before that body. He has done just that in his tenure on the Commission.

"Furthermore, he was confirmed for that post by the board of Supervisors who had the absolute responsibility under the advise and

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JULY 26, 1977

and consent doctrine to satisfy themselves as to the Rev. Jones' ability to serve this City prior to their voting unanimous confirmation.

"I see no reason to take any action in the light of allegations which carry with them no proof that any laws have been broken."

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7-26-77

Mayor rejects demand to probe Rev. Jones

Board of Supervisors President Questin Kopp has asked for an investigation into the Peoples Temple and its leader, the Rev. Jim Jones, but Mayor Moscone today declined to conduct one.

"We are not equipped nor inclined to conduct such investigations and those who call for us to do so know that," Moscone said.

At yesterday's supervisors meeting Ropp said. If feel very uneasy. I wish the supervisors Rules Committee could have available to it the information in the New West Article."

In the current issue of that magazine, an article on the temple contains allegations from former, church members that they were physically punished by other members for disciplinary reasons, that phony incidents of cures were staged, and that the church received money to care for elder

persons and put most of the money into the church treasury.

Moscone said he had read the article and finds it to be a series of allegations with absolutely no hard evidence that the Rev. Jones has violated any laws, either local, state or fede ral.

I will not comment upon the alleged practices of the temple, as it is not my habit to be a religious commentation.

He said anyone with information that any laws have been broken to Jones has an obligation to report it to law enforcement officials.

Ropp asked yesterday that a letter be directed to Moscone because "R is incumbent on the mayor who has the legal responsibility for appointing and removing commissioners to make the necessary investigation."

EXHAMINER . 7-26-77

San Francisco, CA Examiner (Cir. 6xW, 150,698)

JUL 2 6 517

Kopp wants

a check on

Rev. Jones

Board of Supervisors President
Quentin Kopp has asked for an
investigation into the Peoples Temple and its leader, the Rev. Jun
Jones.

Tieel very uneasy," Kopp said at yesterday's meeting of the supervisors. T wish the supervisors Rules Committee could have said be to at the information in the New West article," he said, referring to an article in the current issue of that magazine.

The article contains allegations from former members of the People Temple that they were physically punkind by other church members for disciplinary reasons, that phony incidents of cures were staged, and that the church received money to care for senior extices and put most of the money into the church treesury.

"I feel very uncomfortable with having participated fit the confirmation of the Key Jones as a member of the Housing Authorni without knowledge of the mattern in this article." and Kopp "There are some very serious allegations contained therein."

Kopp asked that a letter be directed to Mayor Mogrone because it is incumbent on the mayor who is incumbent on the mayor who is possibly do repositing and removing commissioners, to make the necessary averagation.

He also asked city controller, one Parrell for a report on any one funds that may have been the funds that the funds of the fu

Propositions A and B

If there is one thing certain about next Tuesday's special election in San Francisco, it is that last year's Proposition T — the so-called district election of supervisors — must not be allowed to stand.

Instead of district election of supervisors, a more apt title might be "special interest con-trol of City government."

When the voters passed Proposition T last November, they did so for one important reason. Many voters had become frustrated with the near impossibility of defeating an in-

cumbent supervisor at the polls.

It had little to do with Neighborhoods vs. Downtown, although some voters swallowed that line. Any objective analysis would show that the neighborhoods have fared well with the Board of Supervisors. There has been as the particular that the state of the same state of the same state. ch anti - business legislation as there have pro - business decisions.

pro- business decisions.

Ine problem has not been a lack of representation for certain areas. If anything, the supervisors have been too responsive in trying to satisfy every little pressure group without first setting priorities on CRy needs in relation to resources. And no Board of Supervisors—whether alcohold by district or at large—will whether elected by district or at large will succeed unless it tackles the problem of priorities.

Thus if if were not for their frustration at being unable to defeat a particular incumbent. it is inconceivable the voters would give up their right to vote on all members of the board and choose to vote for only one supervisor

every four years.

Meanwhile the opportunities for mischiel, corruption and pork harrel tradeoffs in Proposition T have become so obvious, we hardly need the examples of larger cities where ward politics have done their damage.

We already have the spectacle of certain the spectacle of certain of the spectacle of certain or the spectacle or the spectacle

power groups searching for candidates, not on the basis of qualifications, but on the basis of their ability to appeal to certain voting blocs

within a district. 9 + 3 = 7 (197)
ast week's revelations by for mer members eoples Temple described the temple's abilmy to influence local elections by mustering hundreds of workers behind special cause and to control the votes of several thousand member

years ago involving several members of Delancey Street, combined with the avowed goal of Delancey. Street's founder, John Maher, . to take over San Francisco in ten years, working within the system. "as quoted by his biographer, Grover Sales.

Both Peoples Temple and Delancey Street were vigorous backers of Proposition T last

Then there is the ability of any mayor, under Proposition T, to insure himself against any override by the Board of Supervisors if he can succeed in getting elected as few as four supervisors he can control. The federal funds parceled out by the mayor's office offer tremendous opportunity to control certain dis-

Another problem of Proposition T is that the district boundaries were gerry mandered sol-ely for the political benefit of its sponsors.

Instead of considering common interests of contiguous areas, we got a monstrosity such as District 7 which includes predominately black Hunter's Point, middle class Potrero Hill, senior citizens South of Market and the highrise apartments Downtown.

The five districts covering the western half of the City all contain from 35,000 to 42,000 voters totaling 192,000. The six districts in the eastern half of the City range from less than 21,000 to 30,000 voters, totaling 156,000. One

man, one vote?

The Progress abhors any measure that makes it so easy for special interests to gain control of City government — whether the spe-cial interests are radical or conservative, labor or business, or the mayor's office.

The Progress also abhors a system that allows a candidate to avoid presenting his credentials to the entire electorate and further does not even require a majority vote in his?

Proposition T then must be overturned. There are two alternatives on the ballot — Propositions A and B.

Proposition A simply would repeal Proposition T, however, if does nothing to relieve last year's vote frustration.

When it became apparent Proposition T would qualify for the ballot, the supervisors had the opportunity to present some real choices to the voters. They did nothing.

There is nothing in Proposition A, unfortu-nately, that will require the board to present any alternatives this November.

Proposition B, on the other hand, contains a number of benefits that have been obscured in the campaign haggling over personalities.

Proposition B requires supervisors to live in and be elected from individual districts, thereby giving all districts direct representation. It also enswers last year's frustrations since each supervisor can be challenged ditectly at election if the voters are dissatisfied.

THE PROGRESS

It overcomes, however, the evils of Proposi-tion T by requiring all supervisors to run citywide, thus restoring to the voters their voice on all supervisors and forcing those elected to consider the best interests of the

entire City. Proposition B also blunts the thrust of special interest groups by requiring all city officials, including the supervisors, to get a majority vote—no more 30 per cent plurality.

This measure also provides some bonus be-nefits. The chief administrative officer is limited to a six - year term instead of lifetime

tenure.

Accountability of the elected mayor is increased by making the terms of the major autonomous commissions who spend a major portion of the City budget coincide with the term of the mayor who appointed them.

The only real objection to Proposition B—outside of some special interest groups—is over the fact that it requires Mayor George Moscone, District Attorney Joseph Freitas and Sheriff Richard Hongisto to run for re-election this November.

election this November.

Despite the fact that Proposition T cut short the terms of six current supervisors, the argument goes that these three officials, who, were elected at the same time, shouldn't face the same fate. With all the confusion, turnoil and criticism of City, covernment, a vote of

the same fair. With all the confusion, turmous and criticism of City government, a vote of confidence in November would clear the air and still much of the turmoil.

The Progress frankly thinks Moscone and Freitas would have no brouble with such as vote. As things stand now, The Progress probably would be inclined to endorse them. If successful, they would then have two years! free in the knowledge they were serving the voters as they wish. Hongisto probably has reason to worry.

Proposition B is not a recall as some argue. It simply calls for a vote of confidence which the City street product right from the City sarely needs right now.

Each voter must give sincere thought to both these issues and decide — without emotion what is best for themselves and for the future of this great City.

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Section Three

The New "est "break-in" story has not been-the only attempt to impugn Peoples Temple through media attacks. Included in this section are two press stories which insinuated wrongdoing and which both pushed for and eventually led to investigations. The first issue, picked up by Phil Tracy in New West and carried on by Marshall Kilduff in the San Francisco Chronicle, concerned a young man who was never a member of Peoples Temple and who was never more than remotely involved with church services or programs. He.knew of the Temple because his family lived in the Ukiah area. Members knew him as a sensitive though troubled youth. He had received \$10,000 from an insurance policy after a serious motorcycle accident which he donated to the Temple ministry. In October, 1975, the young man committed suicide. Two years later, under the pressure from press agents who attempting to find something to "pin" on Peoples Temple, a second inquest was held in Los Angeles. Witnesses to the tragic event and medical examiners were summoned to court purely because of press agents' insistence. October 20, the coroner's jury upheld the death was by suicide. The "Strange Suicide" story was covered for the Chronicle by "Our Correspondent" from Los Angeles. The correspondent was Marshall Kilduff.

Another story given heightened media coverage in local papers was that Temple high school students "dominated" the school most of them attended. The articles were ludicrous,

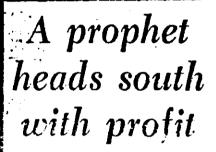
but nonetheless maligned the Temple in the public eye.

As with the other such trumped-up allegations, the rebuttal statements were given low-key, low priority coverage.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH (DISCIPLES OF CHRIST) in Canada

REGIONAL OFFICE 39 Arkell Road, R.R. #3 Curlish, Uniarm NYH 6/18 Telsphone (519) #23-5190

Toronto Star . Suburday Scotenber 4/17



By CHARLES , OLLA Special to Tire Nat

SAN FITSTOTS Q - The sing of might in small groups, source 1,000 proper of all ages beautifully west court on a 6 (00-mile tack to loss, can and place for a jungle caucinary in Gayana.

They acted under secret orders that the fire for offers of the forest of God in a good or order. a Pascist Likuwer of the United States tellowed by a auclear holocaust.

Last week, when Jones was found to have paled the migration himself, thousands of the faithful from Les Angeles to Vancouver mourned the less of their leader, not to mention millions of dollars in charch

Shock waves are also running through the Call-fornia establishment. Publicions, bankers and busi-ticsances who courted Jones' laver, presend his good sports and becottled tress his (armidable politica) clost, have gone to ground.

The handsome Jim Jones, who arrived from an obscure midwast mission 22 years age, is so borkwoods preacher, but a preminent local figure — formmen of a San Francisco grand jury, chairman of the housing commission, with adder who have also been considered to make the constant are until sea during the principles. ed two well paid public power



EGLISE CHRETIENNE (DISCIPLES DU CHRIST) au. Canada

On See Francion's Geary Street, the Jones' beedquarters is locked and barred. He "People's Temples" in Los Angeles and Redwood City are up-for sale, together with invenile care centres and blocks of appartments.

A bandful of deserters back from Guyana suggest that the man who ruled their lives had little is common with the genual Jones who mit with the side at city banqueus.

Behind his temple duors, balore a mainly black conpregation, Jones claimed to be an amalgam of Christ resurrected and a "roburn Lenin." He claimed to cure cancer and palsy. He resurrected the deadeven himself. During one dramatic caremony it ap-peared he had been shot by a hidden arrando he was carried away, covered in blood, only to walk hack a minute later all amiles, wearing a fresh, apol-less him. The crowd went wild.

the race feets, mainly pror, often elderly, gave before a quarter and half of their income to the ereasts. More to the develope, and the second terminal and their second terminals.

Seedy commines

Reformed of the e-worldby powers. They gathered in sends to mile the exceptions their welfare cheques to so crime a need pecket money. Some ratiled begwas decrease sold partners of dones on street corners, tribers worked a 16-mm day making quits and bedspecials a first of for the coare

The construgations were used to build up Jones' page tase. They voted as a block, rang doorbells and delivered leaflets. In some close slection bettlee they backed capitalists who knew better than to

they backed candidates who there better than to refuse the help of the man called "Emperor James."

Three years ago, Joses flew to Guyans on a prospecting trep. Pea I'ndips, one of a done trustees on the plane, said such of them carried \$17.000 in cash, and Jours deposited a Saujuo cheque in Berclays

and Jones opening a sautous enough in sautays
Bank, Georgetown.

"The Rev. chasa Guyana." and Philips,
"because the blacks there are English speaking
Circultans and sould be presslytised. He acquired
several thousand acres of jungle to build Jonecown
and buried money there."

and buried money there."

None of this hourd has reached the men, watcas and cilliders now working from dawn to durk to clear little for crops. The few who have returned bdy "carburgie seasons" have been intensited. Slaskers have their houds shared or are densed food.

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WESTERN CANADA ARIA CHIRCE P.O. Box % Vellow Cors, Nesk, SIG-580

Inquest in Death of

Peoples Temple Man

Los Angeles

The circumstan as surrounding the death of a 22

year old man associated with the Peoples Temple will
be investigated by the Los Angeles county coroners
office, it was learned yesterday.

An inquest will be held on October 20 at the request of the local district attorney's office to clear several questions raised by an initial coroner's report of the death of John William Head, who reportedly leaped to his death on Oct. 19, 1975.

The case of Head had been highlighted in a New West story dealing with the controversial church and its strong-wifled leader, the Rev. Jim Jones.

In the magazine story printed in August, Head was portrayed as an emotionally unstable person who had turned over \$10,000 in silver bullion to the church while he was living in Ukiah.

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Head later moved to Los Angeles where he lived at a temple home, according to the magazine, and the night before his death he reportedly phoned a family neighbor in Ukiah to say he was upset with the church and was peaumiers.

After Head's body was found, a coroner's report indicated he had died from a leap from a three-story warchouse, but in a later notation in the same document, said he was a "jumper from a bridge."

In addition the report said there were no scars on Head's body though his family claims there was ample evidence of scars on the man's right leg left by some 300 stitches resulting from a motorcycle accident.

Head also left a blood soaked note, but coroner's bifficials did not attempt to have a laboratory process the message in order to learn its wording.

"It may turn out to be a suicide after all, but we want to learn why all these things weren't done," said Richard Hecht, a deputy district autorney who heads the bureau of special operations.

Mysterious suicides may be

Tinked to Peoples Temple

By STEVE HART

UNIAII — A paic of mysterious rulcides may be linked to Revi Jim Jones

Peoples Temple.
The Fress Democrat has also learned.
Asbout irregularities in records of proper-

ty gifts to the church.

The Peoples Temple is being investigated by state and local authorities, following accusations of former church

members lold of beatings, phony miracio" cures, segual misconduct and

linancial swindles.

Rev. Jones, an influential political (included and included an

gure, moved the church to San Francisco from its headquarters in Redwood Valley about a year ago.

The paster, at the church's farm in South America, has not responded to charges by former members.

The latest accusations involve the 1970 suicide of Maxine Harpe, a Ukiah resident and the mother of three young children. Mrs. Harps was found hunged in the garage of her home on Talmage Road in 'early April of that year.

Mrs. Harpe's cousin. Glemelie Marsh of Pitah, said the Harpe home was later "rais-teked" by members of the Peoples Temple. They'd gone through it," sho told The Press Democrat.

Mrs. Marsh said the three Harpe children were placed in Temple foster homes following the suicide. Relatives objected, "but they had a hard time getting them out," Mrs. Marsh said.

The children are now living with their father.

At the time, the Peoples Tempte denied that Mrs. Harpe was ever a member of the church, according to her cousin. But Mrs. Marsh said the woman had been deeply lovalved in the Tempte. About three weeks before her death. Mrs. Mirsh called her cousin "bot be about the beautiful want to see me because she was too busy in the church."

Mrs. Marsh said the woman seemed depressed.

Ex-Temple member Danny Pictila said Mrs. Harpe was indeed a follower of Rev. Jones Pictila and several other torner members recalled hearing Jones predict the Harpe Aucide two weeks betor at happened.

"He said that she would probably commit sucide," Pictila remarked.

According to a 1972 newspaper report.

Mrs. Harpe left a suicide note, which read, "Call Jim, It's very important."

mont at home. Get here right away."

Former Jones followers said the house was ransocked to remove any beforeignes which would identify her with the Temple. Members were told not to attend Mrk. Harpe's funeral service, according to Temple dropouts.

Mrs. Harpo reportedly gave \$1,000 to the church two weeks before her death.

Glennelle Marsh said her cousin was not the kind of person who would commit suicide. "I don't know how she could do it. She loved those children so much. I wonder if she was driven into a depression."

Mendocino County District Attorney, Duncon James has referred the case to the state Attorney General's office, following inquiries by reporters.

New West magazine has also raised questions about the death of John Hend, a 22-year-old Ukiahn who took his own life in 1935.

The magazine quotes Head's mother as saying that her son become friends with fun Solen, former Mendocino Courty Deputy District Altorney and a top official of the People's Temple. According to New West, Head gave the Temple some \$10,000 he received as the result of an accident.

The young man, who suffered mental (Continued so Back Page)

Senta Rose, CA Pross-Democrat (Cir. D. 55,071) (Cir. Sun. 59,366)

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problems, told his mother he planned to join the Temple in Los Angeles. About a month later, Head took his own life according to police reports.

New West called for an official probe of the Head suicide. The magazine said

cording to police reports.

New West called for an official probe of the Head suicide. The magazine said Head apparently called a neighbor the night before he died and said he was at the Temple "and nobody would bring him back and he had no money."

The Press Democrat has discovered irregularities in the records of property gifts to the church. Ex-followers claimed they were pressured to sign their homes over to the Peoples Temple. They said the property was often quickly resold to raise funds for Rev. Jones' projects.

Former member Elmer Mertle, who gave his home to the church, said he thought the property was being signed over to the Peoples Temple. But documents in the Mendacino County Recorder's office show that Mertle's house was transferred to a business partnership operated by top Temple officials.

The partnership, called Valley Enterprises, included Jones' wife Marceline, Stoen, and other church leaders. The property was later sold.

Records show months between the time church members signed the property transfers and the date of fling by the Peoples Temple.

Many of the documents were not arized by Stoen, but Mertle said he never appeared before Stoen, as sworn in the courthouse documents.

More than 30 homes and parcels were reported to have been signed over to the church. Link Mertle is under investigation by the Mendocino County Social Services Department, however, following charges that public money to support youths and elderly people in Temple care homes is channeled into the church. Ex-members and care is substandard in the Temple homes, which are still operating in the Redwond Valley area, and channeled into the church. Ex members said care is substandard in the Temple homes, which are still operating in the Redwood Valley area.

Jiones has also been acquied of staging lake "healing" ceremonies and claiming to be God. Former members said they were beaten for such infractions as smokning, talking to outsiders or sleeping during Jones' all-day sermons.

Jones' all-day sermons.

Jones' all-day sermons.

Jones' all-day sermons Garry dispute the tenges, and said the preacher will answer questions when he returns from Guyana Garry said the Temple is considering a libel suit against New West.

West in such a series

San Francisco Opronide 3
Fri., Oct. 21, 1977

Death by Suicide Finding Is Upheld

Los Angeles

The official description of death by suicide of a 22year-old man associated with the Peoples Temple and its controversial leader Rev. Jim Jones was upheld by a caroner's jury in Los Angeles yesterday.

The jury had been called to consider several apparent discrepancies in the original report — by the coroner and police — on the death of John William Read, who leaped to his death on Oct. 19, 1975.

At the inquest, police and coroner's officials testified that a bloody scrap of paper was found in Head's pocket with the words "Peoples Temple," "Jones," and "John." But the officials said they could not decipher the rest of the message and declined to describe it as a suicide note.

In addition coroner's officials clarified the address where the body was found because the first report had listed two locations.

A coroner's spokeswoman also said that a long scar on Head's right leg was not mentioned in the first report because other means of identification were used.

The case of Head had been highlighted in a New West magazine article dealing with the church and its enigmatic leader.

Our Correspondent



By E. Cahill Majoney

to its own temple high school.

Opportunity. Il High was used as an educational base for Temple af-

Although the alternative high school has a long waiting list, more district." than 130 Temple teenagers were enrolled at the school at one time last Cabral said.

"Some sort of deal was arranged" between school coordinator Yvonne Golden and the Rev. Jones," he said.

ity teacher, confirmed that Opportunity II was the Temple school, "Eighty rier cent of the kids who go to Opporfunity are Temple kids," she said. /

Enrollment figures could not be confirmed early this week since centrail office personnel didn't seem

aware of the arrangement.

Peoples Temple with that amounted ple, would not discuss the student. If all and students carried on the saids. Progress.

filiated young people during the 1976 - Opportunity," Ats. Golden said, "But," them, he continued. It was assumed that the study of the dents should come directly from their given day would be about half the en-

The school's area superintendent. Link year Lane DeLara did not know about the . the school, enabling it to field a September, counsellor, Aeacher Ron | temple connection as of Monday. They baseball team, improving achieveprincipal of record -- Ben Fonsworth, ment scores and swelling the ranks of - was on vacation and could not be reached for comment.

Ena Spackman, another opportun- seem to feel it was unusual to deal!" of school for long trips and were "secwith student problems through tem-; retive" about the temple, ple counselors in lieu of parents.

> Cabral said, "People actually showeds portunity, up for classes."

The San Francisco Unified School Ms. Golden, who said she had rend less, than one - half, of enrollment, District provided the Rev. Jim Jones recent press reports about the tem- Calrid explained.

make - up of her school with They rolls at the old building at 160 South . Van Ness ever showed up, there "We do have temple students at; would not have been any place to put

last year temple kids dominated "parent participation"

Teachers sald temple vonths stuck Teachers at opportunity didn'ty together, were conclines pulled out

Califol said a fot of them had been ple counselors in lieu of parents.

"Most of the teachers were de-lighted with this new type of student," Lea Angeles before enrolling at Op-

Since Opportunity II was estable Carter as the contact for any prob-

listed in 1971 attendance usually ran lems that arose in connection with students. "They seemed to be under control of church counselors," Cabral 10 C 10 F

He'did not know the exact nature of the counseling arrangement, saying Ms. Golden "sort of wanted to take care of everything to do with the tem-

Ms. Spackman confirmed that my school problems were handled Obrough comiscions. She had not found that unusual, since ItAP, New Hociyous and other youth groups often assum counselors to act as finisons between the school and the home.

Temple youngsters were generally well behaved, Ms. Speckman said Hy way of example she described a rare. occasion when a purse was missing. Other temple students brought the issue to the school coordinator and msisted the culprit be reprintanded

"Nothing was stolen from the purse He identified temple member Tim and I wanted to discuss it as a private

(Continued on Page 1())

(Continued from Page 1) hands," Ms. Spackman said.

The children were very aware of the Rey. Jones and when he appeared, private elementary school applica-' Guyana and talked about it Cabral at parent meetings and such they tion with the school district under the would applaud enthusiastically, the ,, title Christian Life School. The school. teachers said.

Two of the Rev. Jones' own boys were pulled out of the school in April to travel abroad by Mrs. Morcelyn

"Losing Tim Jones was a real blow to our baseball team. He was a 'natural pitcher and an all - around : American boy type. I had hated to see 1 him go."

after school and sometimes took them dren on trips, Cabral said, but no - one ever wanted to talk about their travels in

"After a trip the kids didn't seem. like they had a good time. It was kind area, of mysterious where they went or what they did," he noted.

Efforts to get youngsters to speak sured no children live on the temple about their temple experience in premises. The Department of Social, class usually met with the response. Services reports it has not licensed that one would have to come to ser- any Temple group homes. vice to find out about the temple.

made them so devoted, one young school newspaper project, said some woman said, "Jim saved me from prestitution and the evils of the military type dorms apstairs in the world," according to Cabral. The temple while others lived in houses other youngsters responded, right on. nearby.

Linda Mertle, an 18 - year - old who had been a temple member until eight months ago, is one of Cabrai's former close watch the whole time he was

It was her reference to "the temple * school" that prompted Progress in- seemed to be in Redwood Valley or

in quiries into Opportunity. The temple Las Angeles," Cabral said. "But the matter, but it was taken out of my litself is not registered as a highschool.

This April Peoples Temple did (Ile a temple's.

According to affidavit the school health and fire license are pending." School officers are listed as Lee Ingram of 217 Webster St., Sharon Arros of 1664 Page St., and Pat Grunnet of 1662 Page St.

The Pate Street addresses are two of those identified by Linda Mertle as Buses picked the young people up communal residences for small chil-

> Mertle and other former temple members sald minors lived in the temple itself as well as in communal, flats and apartments in the Fillmore

> The State Department of Health Licensing division said it has been as-

Cabral, who visited the temple once Asked what it was about Jones that - in connection with an Opportunity II students appeared to be living in

> Cabral was searched before he entered the temple and was kept under there, he said.

"A lot of their (students') folks

kids didn't seem like they were in may kind of bondage."

The temple youths all knew about said. He knows of no youngster, other than Jones' own two boys, who was address is 1059 Geary, the same as the spulled out of school before the end of term in go to the temple's South American mission retreat.

> Elmer Mertle, one - time temple photographer, said the Gayana mis-

sion is not the lush jungle paradise Jones describes th temple members.

"Nothing grows down there unless you plant it," Mortle said. The temple settlement consists of one building, sort of a large mountain cabin. What cleared land there is consults of that soil, he said.

Prelly pictures showed the temple members were taken on a Guyana government agricultural research project, Mertle said.

PRESS STATERENT

The vendetta against Reverend Jim Jones is not a new story. History is replete with examples of the persecution of those who challenge the status quo. At one level, Reverend Jim Jones should feel a cense of pride in being immersed into the ocean of a nost distinguished community of humanity --- where justice, and not expediency, is the good to be pursued; where the legitimate interest of the rany, and not the whim of the few, is the mandate of the day; where truth, and not consistency, is the goal to be achieved, and where courage is one of the exacting prices for peace of mind.

No less a stalwart than Martin Luther King found his entry into the so-called political arena, by speaking out against the U.S. involvement in the vicinam war, invoked the absolute wrath of the well criminated army of apologists for the status quo. Only the blind, the deaf, the dumb, and the apologists fell to see the compulsive relationship between the latest avalanche of inconsistencies, half truths, and outright lies against the Asverand Jim Jones and the uponning elections in San Francisco.

We who support Reverend Jim Jones will continue to stand by him. We find solace in the eloquence of Thomas Paine:

"Tyranny like bell is not easily conquered; yet we have this consolation with us, that the harder the conflict, the more elections the triumph."

Monne Scarlett Golden

Moordinator

Opportunity II Senior High School San Francisco Unified School Fistrict

Sen Francisco, California

Temple Students Favoritism Denied

Students belonging to the controversial Peoples. Temple were not given special admission treatment to Opportunity II High School although they did make up nearly a third of the eurollment, an official school department investigation concluded vesterday.

The special inquiry was touched off when reports in the press two weeks ago indicated a large number of high school students who were followers of the Rev. Jim Jones had enrolled at the experimental school last September.

estimated that 100 to 150 church, students were admitted through a special arrangement with Yvoone S Golden, the school's coordinater and registrar, who is an admirer of the Rev. Mr. Jones.

But John Cleveland, the district associate superintendent for instruction, said the three teachers who made the charges to nemapapers later disavowed their statements.

When we talked to them with an attorney in the room here, they told its they had been misquoted."

Cleveland said.

Cleveland said there was no way to tell from enrollment documents whether a student was a member of the church.

But he said Golden told him the temple students numbered Tabout 80 out of the school's total enrollment of 300.

Geveland said there was no waiting list when the students applied last September and no other students were displayed by the large scale errival of the temple contingent.

"As far as I can tell, the main reason for the nemples students attending Opportunity, was the fact that Rev. Jones admired the way Yvonne Golden ran the school, Cleveland said."

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Section Four

Other articles we have received point directly to a conspiracy behind the attacks on the Temple. The Toronto Star and the London Observer both carried a highly libelous article (included here) about Peoples Temple, Rev. Jones, and the mission in Guyana. The intensity of the articles is alarming enough, but the fact that they were printed in the two cities where the largest populations of Guyanese are located outside the country leads to one conclusion: a well-coordinated effort is being made to discredit and run interference with the Temple's Guyana project.

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In the article carried in the Sebastapol Times, the identity of George Klineman, former Star editor and recent co-author with Kilduff and Tracy in the New West and subsequent articles, is revealed. We have learned that Mr. Klineman's connections are highly questionable. His involvement with the Ku Klux Klan and American Nazis was made imminently clear several years ago when he was one of the persons involved with the Nazi assault on Ms. Yvonne Golden, member of the San Francisco School Board and Black Teachers' Caucus. Mr. Klineman's further connections to the anti-Temple campaign are revealed in the Art Silverman article to the Berkeley Barb.

In his own investigation of our claims that a conspiracy lies behind the media attacks on the Temple, Art Silverman came up with some alarming evidence. In his article "A Conspiracy Behind Peoples Temple Expose?" — Silverman revealed that Joseph Mazor (see Part V) was first employed to investigate the Temple in November, 1976, eight months before the publication of the first New West article. Mazor refused to say who had retained him. Mazor did say he is currently employed by "several" former Temple members, including Elmer and Deanna Mertle, the original sources for the New Vest article (see Part I).

Silverman also learned that Mazor hired one of the largest public relations firms in San Francisco and asked them to coordinate a publicity campaign against the Temple and Jim Jones. Bob Kenney, an account executive at Lowry, Pusson and Leeper, confirmed that he has been working for Mazor "on this Peoples Temple project, showing him how to handle the media." Kenney's work for Mazor reportedly included sending out letters to selected journalists, offering them -- through Mazor -- exclusive material of an incriminating nature against Peoples Temple. Silverman also learned that David Conn and George Klineman (both of whom were involved with the writing of the New West article and the subsequest press conference), also approached various police and governmental agencies last fall, offering

them witnesses and documents with which to attack Peoples Temple.

A question of overriding importance must be raised:

A high-powered public relations firm, attorneys, reporters, and a highly questionable private investigator have all been working on this "project" as early as November of last year. The only source named for the retention of their services has been Deanna and Elmer Mertle, who in turn accused the Temple of "taking all they had." WHO HAS CO-ORDINATED AND HO HAS FINANCED THIS ELABORATELY ORCHESTRATED SMEAR CAMPAIGN?

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OPINION Ernest V. Joiner

o IF THE CMIA Icels its lifestyle is threatened by timber harvesting, it should consider that its members moved into this particular area knowing full well that timber existed, and that it was marked for harvesting. If the thought of it was repugnant to them, they could have settled elsewhere. Their anguished activity is not unlike that of people who huy homes at the end of an active airport runway, then spend the next 10 years filing lawsuits to stop planes from landing. Those trees and those Chenoweths were on the scene years before most of the loud complainers ever thought of settling there.

o CMIA APPARENTLY doesn't care that its legal antics keep timber from the market, or that the Chenoweths' costs of defending one silly lawsuit after another is passed on to consumers in higher prices they pay for redwood. They probably haven't thought that property rights are essential, even to the "total environmentalists." For without property rights there are no individual or human rights. One goes with the other. They are inseparable. Show me a country where property rights are not respected and I'll show you a country where the people's freedoms are not respected.

 GEORGE KLINEMAN San Francisco Chronicle Marshell Kilduff and New West Macazineditor Phil Tracy have written a story that might shake the nation as much as did Watergate. In the Aug. I issue of New West Magazine the 3 newsmen have collaborated on an expose of, "The Rev." Jim Jones, head of Proples Temple, a religious outfit that operates in San Francisco, Los Angeles, Mendocing County and Guyana, South America. Politically involved with Jones are such luminaries as San Francisco Mayor George Moscone, IA. Gov. Mervyn Dymathy, Sheriff Richard Hongisto of San Francisco County, Gov. Jerry Brown, Vice-President Walter Mundale and even Rosalynn Carter, whose hushand occupies the White House. If half this maga zine story is true, the Rey, deserves a long term in he penitentiary for fraud; and his operation of Peoples Temple revealed as a front for brutality, sadism, slavers and political intrigue - all carried out in the hely name of religion-to establish Jones as a wealthy and political heavyweight in state and national affairs. I know that the writers of the article have received threats of violence from members of Peoples Temple Their homes have been threatened. with arson. I tope the media, most of which deeler of,

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to print the article, will follow through until every phase of this "religious" operation is public knowledge. If the facts as published as true neither Jones nor his hest of high-placed political figures should escape punishment. Read the article. It will cardle your blood and turn your stomach.

O IT TOOK a lot of guts to research and write the New West article. Newsmen and reporters sometimes get killed for the type of reporting that exposes con men, thieves and frauds for what they are. George Klineman has come a long way since he was news editor of The TIMES. From a bashful start as an inoffensive reporter who was forever, distressed when people became angry at his work, he is emerging as a tiger who does his homework and doesn't give a damn where the chips fall, or how hard, or upon whom. Around this office we're pretty proud of George.

**TAXPAYERS ARE becoming disenchanted with the public school system. Their children's ability to read and write diminishes in proportion to the increased money they are asked to pony up to solve the problem. Schools are, therefore, in trouble. People resist school taxes and school bond iscues. They are turning to private schools where they figure their children have a better chance for education. With the public's disappointment and loss of faith in public education, it would appear that better public relations by schools might prolong education's grasp on the public purse. For example, Analy High School has a community service override tax of 5c. Without disrupting essential services, it could be dropped to 4c. This would mean a 1c reduction on the tax rate. Half the board wants be give the taxpayer a break by lowering the tax. The other half wants to stockpile the money for cincrefercy use and for unforeseen expense. Dropping the 1c would certainly demonstrate that the board considers the taxpayers' plight, It would create the illusion that the school only spends what it needs—as opposed to the theory that it will spend every dime it can get. The latter theory is reinforced by Analy's decision to spend \$200 of the community service tax for shrubber; hardly essential to either education or community service. I suggest the board should lower the tax. If it is needed next year, it could be reimposed more easily herause the people and drops midd rengember how the rate was lowered.

Charles Garry The Streetsighter Of The Courtroom Tells His Story Art Silverman

who knows Charles veryone who knows Charles
Garry has a few good stories
to test. Like the time be had a
police officer on the stand, and
cross-examined him to fiercely that the cep lost his composure and drew a gua.

Or the time that Garry went into Berkeley Municipal Court to defend student activist Frank Bardacke on a minor misdemeanor charge. When the judge found out that Bardacke's lawyer was Charles Garry, he summoned the prosecutor to the teach for a hasty conference. The charges were dropped.

Afterwards, Garry learned what had happened. "I'm not feeling too well," the judge had told the prosecutor, "and I just can't take Carry this morning. Would you mind dismissing the case?"

These anecdates from the long, colorful career of San Francisco attorney Charles Garry are drawn from his newenaries carry are orawn from his new-ly-published autobiography. Streetlighter in the Courtroom (written with Art Gold-berg, published by E.P. Dutton). But as the author is quick to point out, for every easy acquittal there have been a dozen long, grueting triels, some ending in victory others in defeat.

ries Garry is one of those attor-+hose pork is almost a contradiction in terms -- a radical lawyer, whose goal is to use the law against itself, to help bring about fundamental social change

help bring about lindamental social change by keeping activists out of prison.

As Garry himself puts it: "My role as a lawyer is to give legal first aid. Nothing more than that. No lawyer can change the basics; the people have to do that. The best f can say is that my clients, who are part of movements for social change, get the opportunity to continue their nork with some sort of freedom. It would be callous to think that we (lawpers) do anything more than that."

The "clients" to which Garry refers

amount to a near-history of the political subsavels of the last 25 years: the Me-Carthy hearings; the conspiracy case against demonstrators at the 1960 San Francisco appearance of the House Un-american Activities Committee; the trials of Black Panthers Huey Newton and Bobby Seale; the Chicago Eight Conspiracy trial; the Oakland Seven draft resistance brial; the Oakland Seven draft resistance case; the morder trial of face Garcia, who killed a man who helped rape her; and the longest trial in California history, the case of the San Questin Sis.

"" Garry"s career in the law goes much further than even the McCarthy hearings. He has been fighting pro-

gressive causes ever since his admission to the bar in 1938; first as a labor lawyer for the fledgling Congress of In-desirial Organizations (CIO); then in pri-ente practice, fighling the disenfranchisewere practice, igning use discrimination world mest of Japanese-Americans during World War II and beginning a lifelong battle against capital punishment. For the last 20 years, the firm of Gar-

ry, Dreyfus, McTernan, Brotsky, Herndon and Pesonen has operated out of the same offices near Eighth and Market Streets in downloan San Francisco. Garry continues to hold down a heavy caseload, continues to hold down a heavy caseload, "though these days," be admits, "I only take cases of people I like personally or who are involved in political or social causes I believe in."

One of his current clients fits both One of his current clients into our those categories. Last month Garry was retained by the Reverend Jim Jones of Peoples Temple, the politically-active congregation that has come under extreme attack in recent weeks by the media and others (see Barb, July 22). Garry believes that the Temple is the victim of a premeditated campaign to destroy its political work, similar to the government's COINTELPRO altacks on other of his clients, like the Black Panthers. But on that later.

The reason for all this reminiscing is the publication of Streetinglier in the Centroom. To commemorate the occasion, the Early recently paid an office visit to Garabed Ragop Robustay Garabedian, alias Charles Garry.

pecian, suas Charles Garry.
The offices are large and supreten-tions, like the man himself. Garry is powerfully-built, but despite his knock-down-and-drag-out courtroom reputation, in person he is gentle and massuming, and looks far younger than his 68 years. This Garry attributes to a daily regimen of yoga exercises and standing on his head -- the posture in which he has awaited verdicts on several of his most important cases.

The walls are decorated with large photographs of Garry's most famous citincluding Che and Mao.

The question of heroes is a relevant ac, since two of Garry's more illustrious clients -- former Black Panther urious circuis -- torner stack father Eldridge Cleaver and anti-war leader Remie Davis -- have recently done an about-face. Davis has gone from Guru Maharaji to selling insurance in Colora-da, while Cleaver embraces Christianity and stated prime metal-line. and right-wing capitalism.

'Hero worshipping is a very danger-- G Garry responds to a question idge. 'We make a mistake in about Eldridge. "We make a mistake in tring ourselves to individuals, because it's the principles on which individuals:

get together that's important.

"The pressures of being in the struggle in America — anywhere really—are so strong that many of us can't late it for too long a period. The contradictions in our society are too strong, if a leader is active for five years, or three years — whatever their tenure is—you've got to take what they did and contributed at the time and move on."

Garry sighs, "You can't hang your hat on people who have expired, and terminated their contribution. This system is completely capable of destroying an in-

completely capable of destroying an individual *

Garry's insistence in focusing on the political struggles and not individual personalities is reflected in his book as well. "I never set out to write an autobiography shout myself as a person," he says in response to the most common criticism of Streetlighter -- that the book focuses too much on Carry the lawand too little on Garry the man-There is enough of my life included to

There is enough of my life included to explain how I've come to play the role that?

I have. Anything more is irrglevant."

Despite Garry's sincere modesty, his has been a long, interesting life. Garabed Garabedian was born on St. Patrick's Day 1909 in Bridgewater, Massachusetts. His purents came to the United States to escape the Turkish massacres that claimed several million Armenians around the

ed several million Armenians around the turn of the century.
Charles' father Hagop, and his mother Varthouse Banaman, both worted in the factories and dreamed of owning a small farm. In 1914 they bought a 10-acrepeach orchard and moved the family to Selma, California, but soon they went bankrupt and were forced to go back East. Charles returned to Selma alone in 1927, at age 18, and sent to work in the cameries and as a semi-pro boxer. Later that year he brought the family back to California. back to California.

A succession of jobs led him into the

cleaning and tailoring business in San Francisco, then to organizing cleaning workers for the CiO. In 1934, fulfilling

workers for the CiO. In 1934, fulfilling a desire that begas with the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti in 1927, he entered law school night classes.

By that time he was already Charles Carry, having taken "as ethnically-neutral identity" to find work at the cameries, which wouldn't hire people with foreign-sounding names. In 1938 Garry graduated and became a member of the California har.

graduated and became a memoer of the California bur. In the 40 years since, he has stead-fastly fought for the underdog through a World War, a Cold War, a Korcan War and a Victnam war. Somehow, in all that time, Charles Garry has never lost his

faith or the energy to continue. "I'm neither an optimist nor a ressimist," he explains, "because either extreme is mareal. A pessimist I could never be, or else I would have given up in the Fif-lier.

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ties.
"You know, improvements have come, but they are slow and small. If it hade't been for the Watergate exposures, I believe we'd be in a quasi-police state.

today.
"It's important to remember that dan-"M's important to remember that dangers constantly surround and encompass us—the most important thing we can do noo is constantly struggle to present the crosion of our rights. Revolutionary change is not on the horizon; not in the limited States at least, which is just too powerful. That's why I support survival programs. It's going to be a tong fight here, for many years to come."

The importance of "survival programs" is one reason that Garry is so vocal in the defense of his new client, Peoples Temple: "They're trying to bring him (Rev. Jones) up for ridicule, bringing out little crappy, shifty things they say he did, completely ignoring the 50 or 100 essential (Temple) programs that are survival his for the community."

As for the more serious charges of temperial missfellings and coercion of

As for the more serious charges of financial misdealings and coercion of Temple members, Garry insists that the Temple's silence on the matter should not be misconstrued.

"I've told them to keep their traps shut," mys Garry. "I don't underself the member, Before we do anything, we've got to know exactly who is behind this, what their motives are, how they are goling to proceed.

what their motives are, how they are going to proceed.
"It all smacks of the same tactics used
by the FBI and CLA and other intelligence
agencies, creating incidents, creating suspicions, feeding the media to discredit
people involved in the struggle. They're
just not going to let Jim Jones — who
exposses socialism strenously, vocallyand successfully, without may if, ands or
buts — they're not going to let him conlime.

buts — they're not going to let him con-limes.

"I know our silence so far makes it difficult for the Temple's friends. But if they are real friends, who understand the framens and attacks that have al-ways taken place, then they ought to have emough confidence to wait and see.

"I'm mal saying that they're a paragon of virtue — "m ton practical to make a statement like that. But no person should be held in answer for every little thing in their past. What's important is who they are now, and what they fo... On that note we left Charles Garry to return to his stack of phone messages and research files.

A Conspiracy Behind Peoples Temple Expose?



s the current two-month barrage of sensational charges levelled again San Francisco's Peoples Temple "am rganized, orchestrated, premeditaterament campaign to destroy a poillically-progressive organization," as Tempis atteresy Carries Garry accessed.

Or is it "a spontaneous, couragoons, action by a group of former Tempie mem. bers, who never came forward before be-cause they were scared to death (of reprizats)," the explanation offered by Rosa-lie Muller Wright, senior editor of New West magazine, which first published and has since supported the accusations?

There still area lany definitive answers to those questions — or to the specific allegations of fraud, deceil, real estate swindles and physical bretality ruised in numerous media accounts since publi-cation of the first of two New West articles is mid-July (see Barb, July 22).

But a number of unusual circumstances and coincidences can't help but raise the suspicion that there's more going on than first meets the eye. For example: .

A Barb investigation has revealed that one individual working behind the scenes to discredit Peoples Temple is a San Francisco private investigator, who somehow managed to obtain a state investigator's license after being released from prison in 1976.

Jr-eph A. Mazor, the detective, has a criminal record including at least gus check and fraud charges, six conus, several jall and prison terms, and has been returned to confinement three times for violating probation and purole by committing new crimes.
A confidential, 16-page Californ

Authority report on Mazor, written in 1970, was recently obtained by the Burb. "(He) is a smooth 'con-man' with an insatiable desire to get ahead," concludes the re-port. "He is bright, well-educated, and so well-versed in the law that he had five attorneys in the Pomona area con-vinced that he had a law degree.

"It is felt that the subject is a memore to the community."

Mazor has admitted to the Barb that he was first employed to investigate the oples Temple in November 1976, eight office publication of the first New West article. But he refuses to say retained him.

o retained him.
"I'm not going to tell you that," said nor, though he did reveal that his ployer was an outsider, and not a companyer was an outsider, and not a past or present inember of Peoples Temple. Mazor said be is currently employed by "several" former Temple members, i { v Elmer and Deanna Mertle, the ond. . sources for the Man Maria

**Mazor apparently is not only investigation Peoples Temple, but also acively seeking publicity to discredit the ocya iozation.

To that end, the Barb has learned. Mazor hired one of the largest public s firms in San Francisco a then asked them to coordinate a publicity campaign against the Temple cand its minister, Reverend Jim Jones.

Bob Kenney, an account executive at Lowry, Russom and Leeper, confirmed for the Barb that he has been working for Mazor "on this (Peoples Temple) project, showing him how to handle the media." He referred further inquiries to Mazor himself, vhose only comment on Kenney's role was, "I don't think that's any of your business."

Musor did note that he originally hired the public relations firm to help him at-tract business from insurance companies, just came up, and so naturally I turned to them for help."

to them for help."

But a source close to Lowry, Russbun and Leeper told the Barb that Mazor came to the company "saying that he wanted to become San Francisco's next Hal Lipset (a famous investigator)," and that the Peoplex Temple controversy presented an excellent opportunity garner publicity.

According to this source, Kenney's work for Mazor included sending out letters to ected journalists, offering them



er Rev. Jim Jones

through Mazor -- exclusive material of an incriminating nature against Peoples

Kenney's campaign resulted in at least ne article in the San Francisco Chronicle last month, concerning an alleged tape recording of a telephone conversa-tion, in which Templemembers supposedly discussed irregularities on the notary seal of a document transfering title of a member's home to the Temple. The allegations raised in that story are now also in dispute.

evin another strange twist to the Peoples Temple story, An ment leader Dennis Banks charged recently that he was approached on March 23 by a man who identified himself "as working with the Treasury Department, with an Internal Revenue Service arent and with two men from the San Francisco Police Department.

The man, who Banks and his associate man Brightman identified as David Com, then allegedly offered Banks help with his extradition problems in exchange for "a public denunciation" of Jim Jones. Banks is facing possible extradition from California to South Dakota.

Banks has long been a Peoples Tem-ple supporter, and has attended Temple services three or four times. The Temple also made a lone of \$19,000 to bail Bank's wife out of prison last'year. Her charges were subsequently dropped and the money was returned.

"Com was obviously making a deal with e." Banks charged in a sworn affadavit presented at a press conference earlier this month. "I was being blackmailed.

These agents all knew that I had a lot hanging over me. Besides the extradition, I also had a case in federal court in which the Treasury Department was involved. I have often made it clear that if I am ex-tradited to South Dakota, that is like a sestence of death, because I am certain I will be killed there."

Banks also quoted Conn as saying that he has been investigating Peoples Temple for seven years, and was working with several ex-members, including Grace Storm, who turned out to be another source for the New West articles

When reached by the Barb this week, Come admitted that he has been investigat-Come admitted that he has been investigating Pooples. Temple for seven years, but
said that he had undertaken the project on
his quu, as a private matter, "because I
fecame aware that this is one of the worst
religious frands being perpetrated. This
man is ripping off the black people,"
Come also admitted that he sought out

Dennis Banks and arranged a meeting but his version of what transpired on March 23 was notably different

I wanted to talk to Banks because I

respect the guy, and I was afraid that he was going to discredit himself through his association with Peoples Temple, without really knowing what they were about."

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Cons, a surveyor employed by the Standard Oil Corporation, denies that he ever mentioned Banks' extradition or offered him any deals. He claims that he only mentioned the Treasury Department and other government agencies in passing, pointing out to Banks that they were conducting their own investigations of Reverend Jones and the Temple.

In fact, Coon said, it was he and Sanks Ross freelance journalist George Klineman who approached various police and governmental agencies last fall, offering them witnesses and documents with which to attack the Temple. No investigations were underway before that time.

Both George Klineman and David Conn

Both George Klineman and David Comalso have connections to the New West articles -- Klineman was credited with helping write the stories, while Com was a secondary source and appeared at a New West-spousored press conference held at the Sherston Palace Hotel July

friends the Mertles were members.

It is also the Mertles who hired private eye Mazor and retained San Francisco attorney Daniel Deneberg to file a law-mit against the Temple.

But sobody has been served with legal papers yet, and so for the moment there is still no way to get witnesses on the pland, under oath, to try to get at the truth shout Peoples Temple once and for all.

Jim Jones is still in Guyam, where he has remained since before publication of the first anti-Temple articles on attorney the first anti-lempic articles on attorney Garry's orders. According to reports from Gryman, relayed by Garry, there have been two attempts on Jones' life in the last mouth, one staged by 'three white people with guess' who came onto the Temple's money are minimum.

month, one stages by three water property with gens?" who came onto the Temple's 5000-acre mission.

The Dennis Bunks press conference, held in Garry's downtown San Francisco office, marks the first time that Temple officials have made any comment about the various charges raised by New West and other media.

But they are still refusing to respond concretely to any particular accusations, an the grounds that they still don't know who is responsible for these attacks. "We're going to keep our mouths shot," said aftorney Carry, "lantil the dost set-tiles and we get to the bottom of this. It looks like a conspiracy to me."

Government target of change

Conspiracy to destroy Peoples Temple?

SAN FRANCISCO (UPI) — Aftorney Charles Garry, charging there is a government conspiracy to "destroy" the controversial Peoples Temple Church of San Francisco, said Thursday the Temple's pustor has been shot at twice in the past four days at the church's South American agricultural naission.

Garry revealed the attempted shoot gastaness conference at which India... "ader Donnis Banks said a man elaiming to be a government agent tried to "blackmas!" him into denouncing the paster, the Rev. Jim Jones, in exchange for immunity against exchange for backmast carbadition to South Dakota.

Garry said two shots were fired at Jones earlier this week as three white men not associated with the Temple were leaving the agricultural mission located in Guyana and more shots were seen 1819 fired Thursday.

reportedly fired Thomstay.

He send Jones, who resigned as head of the Sun Francisco Housing Authority Aug. 3, was not injured in either incident and the assulants escaped.

On Aug. 2), a \$1.1 million lawfull was filled in San Francisco against Jona and the Pucyles Temple by two former members of the church who claimed their property was taken. Some other former members have accused the church of physical and financial abuse.

Banks, a leader of the American Indian Movement who fled from South



REV.JIMJONES
Target of conspiracy?

Dakota after being convicted of assault during a 1973 courthouse demonstration in Custer, said be was approached in February or March by a man named David Conn, who wanted to discuss his extradition.

Banks, who acknowledged friendship with Jones and said the church once belped bail his wife out of a Kanzas prison, said he met with Coan at the home of another Indian and admirer of Jones, Lehman "Lee" Brightman, in El Cerrita, near San Francisco. In a sworn statement given to reporters, Banks said: "Conn said he was working with the U.S. Treesury Department, with an IRS agent and with two men from the San Francisco Police Department."

Banks, who said the church also provided food for the Indian community, charged that Conn "reed material disparaging to Jim Jenes ...

"He said that my association with Peoples Temple could reflect very badly on my extradition. He then is do not be make a public demuniation of Jim Jones. He assured me that if I made such a denunciation, the rulings on my extradition would go in my favor."

Banks said he felt "I was being blackmailed." He also said he was "pressured" to meet with a Treasury Department agent but did not. "The deal was to meet with the agent

"The deal was to meet with the agent and to prepare a public statement, against Jim Jones in return for some i kird of inamunity against my being i extradited," Banks said. Garry said be had adulated Jones to

Garry said he had advised Joons to stay in Guyana "until I tell lilm to" come back and had told Temple members not to talk to reporters.

"I don't know what's lying in the reeds," Garry said, "Until I know of any criminal or civil charges that might be pending, I don't intend to have my clients popping off."

Attack on People's Temple hit

FRANCISCO-Noted criminal attorney Charles Garry charged last week a conspiracy by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Treasury Dept. is being conducted to destroy the People's Temple as a viable community organization. Part of the evidence Garry cited was provided to him by American Indian leader Dennis Banks.

The People's Temple and its pastor, the Rev. Jim Jones, have been the objects in recent weeks of intense attacks by conservative forces with The San Francisco Chronicle, the morning daily paper, leading the

Up to now, Garry, who is the People's Temple attorney, prevented any of the church's members from responding and has insisted that Rev. Jones remain at the Temple's mission in Guyana, South America.

BLACKMAIL

At the Sept. 8 press conference in his law offices Garry said, We've come to the conclusion there is a conspiracy by the IRS and other governmental agencies to destroy the People's Temple as viable community organization.

He said a Treasury Dept. informer and an IRS agent had been attempting to buy and bribe witnesses to denounce Rev. Jones and the People's Temple.

"I maintain everyone of those persons who made statements (against the Temple) were coerced," said Garry.

Banks, who attended the press conference, said government officials had tried to coerce him into testifying against the People's Temple but he had refused to do so.

In a sworn affidavit distributed to the press Banks claimed he had been approached last spring by a man named David Conn, who represented himself as an informer for the Treasury Dept and that he was working with an IRS agent. He said that he could favorably influence Banks' extradition hearing if Banks would publicly denounce Jim Jones and the People's Temple.

CRITICISM

Banks is currently facing extradition hearings which would send him back to South Dakota on an assault charge. He says be faces certain death in South Dakota prisons if California Governor Edmund G. Browm, ir.

honors the request.
Banks said, "Conn was obviously making a deal with me, and I was being blackmailed. Coun let me know that besides working with Treasury agents and other government agents, that he was already working with. ex-members of People's Temple, such as Grace Stoen, and that he had people who would talk against Jim Jones."

Stoen and several other ex-People's Temple members have severely criticized the mostly Black church and one couple has filed a suit to have some property returned to them.

Garry said repeatedly he did not know where the scheme against the People's Temple was leading and added he would not permit Jim Jones to return to the U.S. until he knew exactly what was going on

Banks added that he would never denounce the People's Temple.

-J.D.

Thurs., Sept. 1, 1977



Pocketful of Notes

PRESSTUFF: Journalist Phil Tracy, who, along with the Chron's Marshall Kilduff, broke the Rev. Jim Jones-Peoples Temple story in New West magazine, was asked by a fellow newsman at the Press Club, "Hot story, but where's the smoking gun?" (hard evidence of wrongoing). "The smoking gun," replied Tracy,
"was Jones' resignation as chairman of the S.F. Housing Authority. That alone justified the entire article." Well, yes and no. Jones first tried to resign from the Authority in June, but Mayor Moscone, facing Prop. B and hoping to present a united from, talked him into staying. Jones wrote another letter of resignation on July 13, disclosing that Gov. Brown had offered him a spot on the State Bd. of Corrections (hey, that's news), "an area in which I have great interest." The Tracy-Kilduff piece, which apparently blasted the Rev. Jones all the way to South America, broke in the Aug. 1 issue of New West. So far, lots-of smoke, but no gun.



ANYN M. DYMALLY

State of Childrinia office of the Lieutenant Governor 107 South Broadway, Suite 4007 Los Angeles, California 90012

October 27, 1977

Honorable Forbes Burnham Prime Minister Georgetown. Guyana South America

Dear Mr. Burnham:

I want to share with you a matter of great concern to me.

The concept of a politically motivated conspiracy directed against an individual or organization in an attempt to discredit and destroy one's effectiveness in the political and social arena should be utterly foreign to a democratic society. Unfortunately, however, such is not the case.

Having myself been the subject of an ungrounded attack by the media and other agencies, I have first hand experience as to how such campaigns against outspoken persons are launched and carried forward.

Recently, the Lieutenant Governor of Colorado, Lieutenant . Governor George Brown, and I joined the National Association of Human Rights Workers to announce the publication of an exhaustive study of organized efforts in the United States to discredit black elected officials. In looking at the extensive body of data compiled after two years of careful research, the picture is unmistakably clear that conspiracies against black and third world people are very real and serve to blunt the effectiveness of any person trying to represent the interest of third world people.

One such person to whom the media and several agencies of government have deliberately and concertedly focussed their resources is one of the most committed activists and finest human beings I know--Reverend Jim Jones. Reverend Jones is the leader of a multi-ethnic, multi-facted, many thousand member organization known as People's Temple. It is one of the most significant forces today in the area of human rights, social change and concrete service work.

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Page two October 27, 1977

It is my belief that by the year 1980 the minority population in California alone will reach the 60% mark. People's Temple is a working solution to the problem that California can anticipate in the not so far distant future. People's Temple has managed to effectively organize minority and caucasians as well, into a viable, progressive force.

A noteworthy feature of the Temple's program is its compassionate emphasis on the needs of the ever growing senior population. This emphasis accurately reflects the shifting age curve of the future and meets that need with kindness not condescension.

Beyond that, Reverend Jones and People's Temple have helped every person who in recent years has been oppressed or jailed fundamentally because of his or her political beliefs. Jim has never been reticent to speak his beliefs in non-violent causes.

It is my confirmed opinion that this outspoken stance coupled with the undeniable size and effectiveness of his organization, has made him a target of the most gruelling and vicious conspiracy yet witnessed.

That which I know to be obvious, lies and frame-up, are presented to the public as thoroughly proven facts. Interestingly enough, the scurrilous nature of these lies were meted out to papers in those cities throughout the world which has the highest concentration of Carribean and, in particular, Guyanese residents. By doing so, the organizers of this conspiracy hoped to have such information filter into Guyana where Reverend Jones has established a remarkable and highly successful model community which I personally have visited. I found that visit to be one of the most rewarding experiences of my life.

One of the key figures in this cruel scenario is a man with a well documented criminal background who has been described by several correctional specialists as a "con man" with an insatiable desire for money and notoriety. Also involved is a high priced public relations firm whose job is to map out campaigns to discredit Reverend Jones and feed information prepackaged to a supposedly free and "objective" press.

It is clear to me that a phenomenal amount of money is being spent by this conspiracy in an attempt to destabilize the agricultural, project in Guyana and to apparently, bring about the elimination of Reverend Jones.

Evidence currently being gathered points clearly to right wing forces of the first magnitude. One such force is known to have political affiliation with those remnants of the Nazis who continue

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Page three October 27, 1977

to permeate the fabric of American society to a degree that would shock people unfamiliar with the growing move to the radical right in the United States.

In fact, the last time I visited the San Francisco Headquarters of the People's Temple several weeks ago, a large Nazi rally was taking place in the nearby city of San Jose. It was covered extensively by all media. Klu Klux Klan chapters continue to grow and flourish in all parts of the United States. It is likely that the Panama Treaty will be defeated as a result of the well financed campaign against its passage. These are but a few examples to give you some idea of the current trend.

As a native of Trinidad, my bonds with the Caribbean are close and everlasting. I feel a certain responsibility to apprise you of my thoughts on Jim Jones and my interpretation of what I have seen of the attack on him and his organization in the past months. Jim is a Geeply loyal and sensitive person and he is a man who stands by his word and by those who look to him for guidance and leadership. It is this kind of loyalty that makes him a man to be trusted. I know for a fact that he will stand by his commitment to Guyana just as firmly as he now stands by his commitment to any one of his children.

I look forward to future visits to Guyana and extend to you my warmest personal regards.

Sincerely,

burn h. Synacy

MERVYN M. DYMALLY

MMD:yms

The vendetta against Reverend Jim Jones is not a new story. History is replete with examples of the persecution of those who challenge the status quo. At one level, Reverend Jim Jones should feel a sense of pride in being immersed into the ocean of a most distinguished community of humanity --where justice, and not expediency, is the good to be pursued; where the legitimate interest of the many, and not the whim of the few, is the mandate of the day; where truth, and not consistency, is the goal to be achieved, and where courage is one of the exacting prices for peace of mind.

No less a stalwart than Martin Luther King found his entry into the so-called political arena, by speaking out against the U.S. involvement in the Vietnam war, invoked the absolute wrath of the well organized army of apologists for the status quo. Only the blind, the deaf, the dumb, and the apologists fail to see the compulsive relationship between the latest avalanche of inconsistencies, half truths, and outright lies against the Reverend Jim Jones and the upcoming elections in San Francisco.

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We who support Reverend Jim Jones will continue to stand by him. We find solace in the eloquence of Thomas Paine:

> "Tyranny like hell is not easily conquered; yet we have this consolation with us, that the harder the conflict, the more glorious the triumph.

wonne Scarlett Golden Coordinator

Opportunity II Senior High School San Prancisco Unified School District San Francisco, California



TEMPLE

OF THE DISCIPLES OF CHRIST Jim Jones, **Pastor**

nd ye gark me meat; I run thirsty and ye gark me drink; stranger Leve me in Then shall the makiews

When som we there on hungered And set thee? Or thresty, And god: there brink? When som we there a stronger And took there in?

Matthew 25: 35:40

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November 16, 1977

Reg Murphy, Editor The San Francisco Examiner 110 Fifth Street San Francisco, CA. 94103

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE EDITOR OF THE SAN FRANCISCO EXAMINER

Dear Mr. Murphy:

Since July, 1977, with the onset of a rash of media attacks from a New West magazine article, the Peoples Temple has been subjected to a harassment campaign by some of the media which is almost unprecedented in its intensity and viciousness. The malicious, unsubstantiated charges have been proven to be the work of an orchestrated, well-organized and premeditated campaign to destroy a politically progressive church. We know McCarthyism when we see it, and we have no cause for shame. We are being attacked because of our egalitarian beliefs, because of our socialist lifestyle, and most of all because of the immense effectiveness Jim Jones and the Temple have had in championing human rights and social justice. We have helped practically every political prisoner in the United States, reached out to everyone who is oppressed, organized the poor and given them a voice. For the first time we have given some corporate power to the little man and that's an unforgiveable sin to the corporate elite. Thus, we have become the object of relentless pressure from some of the media and targeted by a government/media conspiracy for destruction.

As a congregation we are no strangers to persecution. Our church has been burned to the ground twice, our animals viciously maimed and killed, our senior members suffered

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prank calls night after night, and our very lives threatened with bombs under a bus, firebombs and attempted assasinations on our leader himself. Despite all this, and despite the outrageous charges of the press, we have remained thoroughly intact and more determined than ever to show both here and in Guyana that racial, social, and economic equality can and does work.

The attacks by some of the media have been low and sickening from the start. We who have championed a free press and supported the media in_their hour of need, are tired and utterly sickened at what we feel to be an outrageous abuse of media responsibility. We have refused to believe that we could not get fair play from the press. But this latest article has all but convinced us that in your paper, at least, we will only be misrepresented and maligned. Peoples Temple, too, mourned the death of a good person in Bob Houston. He was a devoted member of our church who contributed his earnings because he believed in the work the Temple does. He was not a "yes man" but an articulate leader, a member of the Board of Directors, and respected. It is this very article that smears the memory of a good person and what he stood for.

Your "news" story bears only the slightest resemblance to truth. In your zeal to portray Peoples Temple in a bad light, you printed an outrageously biased article which offends those of us who knew Bob Houston well over the past seven years. For one thing, he worked two jobs from the time he was in college, several years before he had any association with the Temple. In fact, when he continued to do this years later, it was Rev. Jones who encouraged him to give up one of his jobs to reduce the strain upon him. It was Bob's desire to persist. The Houston grandchildren are another case in point. They have been writing their grandparents faithfully. The grandparents can visit the children, who are happily residing in Guyana with their mother's full approval, any time they please. That is a matter of record, a record of which the reporter was aware but chose not to print. Charles Garry, the Temple's attorney, talked with the reporter for a full hour, and Phyllis Houston, the children's mother, talked to him for for a half-hour about the fullness and security of life the children are leading in Guyana. A few short statements, lost amidst surrilous allegations, are all that found their way into print.

When a ruthless conspiracy was exposed at the source of the media attacks against the Temple, the Examiner itself reported some of the details. Light was shed on some of the devious and unscrupulous individuals who engineered this travesty of truth that some of the media was attempting to pass off as fact. Friday, September 9th, the Examiner wrote: "Indian leader Dennis Banks produced an affidavit in which he claimed he was approached by a man named David Conn, who said he was working with government agencies, and who advised him to denounce Jim Jones in exchange for favorable consideration in his extradition troubles." Conn identified himself as working with the Treasury Department and the IRS. The Progress and the Berkeley Barb reported that Conn was identified as a close friend of Elmer and Deanna Mertle, the latter (aka Jeanie Mills) whom the Examiner felt free to quote as a source in the Houston article this weekend. The plot has evidently sucked in many. It is by no means a new tactic. Sacco and Vanzetti, the Scottsboro Boys, the Rosenbergs, Martin Luther King and numerous Black elected officials -- the list goes on and on -- all have known what it is to be tried, convicted and hung in the "court of public opinion".

In Guyana, we have the new society which progressive leaders in this country have gone down for. We have equality, dignity, and renewed purpose. We have the best of food, housing, and education, and the most sophisticated medical clinic and doctor's care, and a challenging and productive job for everyone. No one handed it to us on a silver platter. We worked for it and our leader, especially, Jim Jones, has worked so hard day and night throughout the years that a small fraction of it could not be told. We have "the better life", a viable solution to economically and racially torn America, on our own land, for our own people. What Charles Garry and hundreds of officials from America and many nations who have visited the agricultural project have said is unequivocally true: It is paradise. It is a model to be emulated around the world.

If this good news were given as much attention and publicity in the press as the negation of our work has received, we wonder then who would win in the court of public opinion.

We deny all the distorted allegations, half-truths, innuendoes, and outright lies made against us. We, the undersigned, represent the members of Peoples Temple who demand that an apology is in order. If reason does not succeed, then we will begin litigation.

Signed,

S.L. Bradshaw, member

m Mc Sware

Timothy Clancey, member

Monne Golden, supporter

Christina Vasquez, Supporter

Section Five

This section includes more articles demonstrating the persistence with which media pushed state and local officials and agencies into investigating Peoples Temple. Mayor Moscone was pressured by Supervisor Quentin Kopp to conduct an investigation, and the press threw suspicion on Rev.

Jones' record as Housing Authority Chairman. State

Department of Health was prompted to look into the allegations; Elmer and Deanna Mertle (see Part I) filed suit in Superior Court accusing the Temple (which had fed, housed and supported their family for over six years) of "ending up with everything I had." Allegations of care home mismanagement and property "swindles" pushed San Francisco and Mendocino County District Attorney Offices to investigate. State level investigations were also activated.

Thurs., Aug. 4, 1977 .

Cones quits housing board

Churchman sénds message from Guyana

By Don Canter and Tim Reiterman

The Rev. Jim Jones, politically potent faith healer whose Peoples Temple is under intensifying investigation, has resigned as head of the San Francisco Housting Authority, the mayor's office and church officials said today.

Jones, named to the authority last fall, dictated his resignation letter from the temple's agricultural mission in the South American county of Guyana, where he has been for several weeks. It was agned by an aide and sent to Mayor Missione's office last yesterday.

In the letter Jones said he was supplier down because his responsibilities to the mission left him with a "lack of time" for other work. Moscone's press secretary said the resignation was accepted.

The resignation comes at a time when several governments agencies, including the San Francisco district amorney's office, are looking into the temple's innarcial affairs and allegations that coupregation members were physically abused.

Jones was appointed to the liouving Arthorny lass October and became charman in February with the approval of Moscone. He was paid £55 per fineeting as a member of the agency which has turnstitution over all The City's low-income public housing projects.

At least three other temple members work at the agency. They are Jean Brown hand Aug. 16 1976 and paid \$15.006 a year to bead training programs. Very Younghired as a secretary on Aug. 4, 1976. It seems to be a year, and Caroline.

71. hired as Brown's assistant tepp. 7, 1976 at \$14.000 a year.

Housens suffers said brown assistant secretary of the temple sometimes from the request of bernard Tenerousan, the major's top side. Housing Authority executive director Walter Scott said Brown's performance was "putstanding" and that she worked "twice as hard" as most employes.

Housing Authority meetings changed dramatically when Jones came on the scene. The previously runnels attended meetings had overflow crowds, thanks to the busicads of temple members.

Jones usually was accompanied by temple lawyer Eugene Chalten and several husin temple members who stationed themselves at strategli locations, apparently acting as bompared. Temple members frequently applauded Jones ren arks and during long meetings lunches were provided by the church.

provided by the church.

Moscone refused last week to conduct as investigation of Jones, requested by Supervisor Quentin Kopp, who said he felt "uneasy", about allegations contained in recent published articles. Moscone dismissed a New West magazine article is "a series of alteration with absolutely no hard evineace that the Rev. Jones has violated any laws."

However, the first supervisor alto

However, the circum autonets office later autounced it wainvestigating the temple and was interviewing former temple members. A 4 3 7 4 4 4 4 4 4

The state Department of Health also is looking into allegations of irregularities in the operation of care homes by temple members and the Mendocino County Social Services Department, where the church once was bendquartered, said- it is investigating charges of masse of tax money infended for the care of youths and the elderly.

Car agency has the restonabate it mounted the row which we like no and we continually of that Lennis Denney, head of Mendocum social services, said today,?

He cites 'a lack of time

The department is reacting to prices statements and has intensified our investigation into those alreped acts. We are working with the district attorney and all law enforcement agencies.

San Francisco Dist. Arty. Joseph Frents said he ordered the review after reading the article on the Tempie in New West magazine. Too department is reacting to

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"I saw the story and while my analysis of the story was that allegations of possible criminal ac-tivity occurred all in Mendorino County I felt since there is a large People's Temple congression in Proper recaps conference of special prosecution Bot Graham should ... oetermine if there is any need for a criminal investigation."

Frestas added there has been no evidence to date of criminal activities in San Francisco.

Graham told the Examiner that upwards of 30 former temple mem-bers and a couple of current members have been interviewed.

Be confirmed that the dancer atteney's office was tole extra atteney's office was looking into allegations of beatings Improper transfers, and reports that chilures were illegally sent to South Ameri-ca. He said most of the reported bestings involved adults who con-

beatings movied adults who con-sented but added its office was interested in children, who may have been spenked or boaten.

In a related development, Schools Supt Robert Alioto said he has assigned a staff member to investigate the possibility that tem-ple members were improperly ad-mitted to Opportunity II High School hen fall.

Ron Cabral, a teacher at the

Ron Cabral, a teacher at the school said between 80 and 100 of the ribool's 370 purils were femme members last year. Among the numerity were three of Jones children were children were three of Jones children were three of Jones children were children wer tren. Jun Jr., and two boys named

Tem Jones.

Opportunity II High School screeps pupils who often cannot adjust in The City's other high schools. If students were admitted without point through the normal procedures or i' they were given precedence over students on a wasting list, the admissions may have been improper.

Cabral conceded it was unusual to have such a large number of pupils from one organization in the

purils from one organization in the



Deanne and Simer Mertle, who charged intimidation

S.F. Temple accused of home care offenses

The State Department of Heating in the operation of care somes to members of Sau Francisco's Peoples Temple.

The abstances published in New West instrume have been denounced by the course at The Sive distortion, engineeration, longitude of the course sided chara termation and outlight lie:

Quoting former members of the Tempis, the margaine said that the home operators turned over there's for the care of pavenies and older people to the Temple.

At a press conference today, two former members quoted in the New West arnole elaborated on their correct of intermination at the church.

Einer and Designs Merile of Derkeley said that they had signed

table admissions of misconduct, as

he another development in the Meri Jim Jones, leader of Province Jemble was crossed yethoday it appear in count to answer outside for wants not home.

Juvenile Court Judge Joseph Kennedy issued a writ of nother corpus at the request of Lanne Bell Martin of Oakland, moiner of Ernesine Ruth Glimer.

The mother said her naughter

the mother said her caughter left home in December 1975 after joining the tempie which, she al-leged, has taken "possession and physical custody" of her.

She said she shught court aid because she fears her cauchter will be taken to Guyami v hers Peoples Temple optimies an activities ID:SSIOL

Wed., Aug. 31, 1977

San Francisco Ogranicie

\$1.7 Million Suit Against Rev. Jones

By Mershell Kilduff

A \$1.1 million hisself against the Peoples Temple and its beleagured leader, the Rev. Jim Jones, was filed here yesterday by two former members who claimed their daughter was benten and their property sold off.

The suit was filed in Superior Court by Jeonale and Al Mills, who were members of the controversial church from 1970 to 1972.

The Milkes and other former followers of Jones have charged that he ordered church members berten, and billed some out of their preparty and possessions.

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Since the charges were made over a meath ago, Jenes has re-mined at his than the South Ameri kan mission in Guyana, where several hundred church members are reportedly migrating.

In the lawseit the Millses claim they were pressured into signing over property in Willis and Redwood Valley in Mendocino county and that these deed forms were improperly notarized. Another piece of the couple's property in Richmond ended up in the ownership of another church member. Andrew Silver, the sail alleged.

The couple has asked that the

Richmond property be returned and that the proceeds from the sale of their other two parces — valued at 22 201 (16),000 — be refunded.

They also requested equal sums.of \$500,600 for punitive domages and mental anguish suffered by them and their daughter Linda Merite, who allegedly was beaten by a church disciplinarian.

Named along with Jones were Named along with Jones were his wife, Marceline, Silver, church attoracys Eugene Chaikin and Tim-othy O. Stoon, Dale E. Parks and Ruby Carroll.

The suit was filed by attorney Daniel K. Denemberg. (-1.7 ± 8)

DA Probing

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Rev. Jim Jones,

The district atterney's office has begun an investigation into allegations made against the Rev. Jim Jones and his Peoples Temple.

Robert Graham, chief of the special presecutions unit, and yesterday that me're checking to see if there is any evidence that crimes have been committed in the city and county of San Francisco."

The length of the inquiry, he said, "depends on what we turn up."

Two weeks ago, New West magazine charged that members of the Temple List people, that the Temple's conter cures were falted, and that members were talked into turning over large sums of money to the Temple.

Board of Supervisors President -Orentin Kopp subsequently ashed May-or George Moscone to initiate an inqui-ry but the mayor refused, saying:

There rest the recent well-published article concerning the Rev. Jim Jone, and find it to be a series of allegations with abredutely no hard evidence that the Rev. Jopes has violated any laws, either local, state or federal.

The mayor added that his office, was not equipped, nor inclined to conduct such investigations and "those was call for unit does have that."

Gratam said there was no contra-diction between the mayor's remarks and the district attorney's office deci-SIDE to investigate.

Sing to investigate.

The new issue of the magazine, or, sale today, recapt the previous article and rares the possibility of some the between the Temple and the mysterious deaths of two persons connected with the Temple.

In Ulriah, meanwhile, where the Temple has another branch, Mendocine county sorial service department officials are intesugating New West allegations that the money intended for the curf of the charty or for maintenance of juvenile wards was insused. District Attordey Duncan James said that the social workers have looking into the problem to determine If there was proper user of justile money. landers as at happing money.

No other investigation is planned in Mendocino county, the district autorney mid

Sen Franchisch, Galif.
Gitoniste (Or. D. 467,310) CH. EFE 425,675) 911 - 1 + C. B. Eis 100 - 1

Fri., Scot. 9, 1977



Bay Area Rapid Turkey

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SCOOPS DU JOUR: Dist. Atty. Joe Freitas will amounce thority that he have signature affeits of Rev. Jim Jones and Feodes. Jemple hes uncovered. To exidence of criminal activity" and that the matter is now "inactive." Other probers, some on the State level, are still sniffing about, however. As for rumors that Freitas' Consumer Fraud specifist, Ray Bonner, is being forced out by pressure from the business community, the DA says indignantly. "Absolutely not! Ray is going on leave to study Spanish in Mexico and then he'll be back on my staff. One of my most valuable people." Nevertheless, certain big firms, such as American Savings, hope Bonner drinks LOTS of Mexican water. Have a weird day: S.F. Actor Mark Meintire, the Kennedy lookalike who does a one-man show titled "JFK Lives," has a new backer — Jack Ruby! That would be retired Army Col. Jack Ruby of Palo Alto, a pilot who will fly Meintire to his various dates on college campuses, where the show is a big draw. Burnee-burnee: As for Supe tand ex-Police Chieft Al Neider's coy hints that he may try for Mayor, Andrew Betancourt suggests he run in Novato, "home of the San Francisco Police Department." Drive carefully, Betancourt.

Section Six

Articles have persisted in accusing the Temple of abducting children and taking them away from their parents or guardians to Guyana. As Bob Graham of the San Francisco District Attorney's Office stated, however, "Every case referred to us for investigation had someone giving consent, parents or guardians."

Of those children mentioned in the attached articles, Ernestine Clazier was living in San Francisco in her grandmother's custody. The court had determined the mother unfit. The press, however, chose to champion Lanie Martin as a a mother deprived of her daughter's custody by the lemple.

Larry Tupper Jr. is with his mother in Guyana. Mark
Sly is with his father. Vincent Lopez, also cited by the press
as a questionable custody rase, was abandonded by his guardian
and left on the Temple premises for months with no word or
financial assist from the "anonymous" warden. Paul and Patricia
Petit are with their mother in San Francisco.

Judge's Order to Peoples Temple Chief

... By Michael Taylor ...

Superior Court Judge Joseph hemiens persones, ordered Perpose Temple reader Jim Jones Is appear in court and carbon the state of a levez-old temple memory whose mother wants her boca.

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Rennedy issued a writ of Labear corpus at the request of Lane Bill Mortin at Oaksand woman who claims Peoples Temple has possession and physical custod; of Ernesum Ruit Gizzer.

The writ also ordered the gars prandmother to appear to court.
The mether said her daughter

The mother said her datement lett bome in December, 1972, niter joining the commoversial religious group

The mother sain in her pointers that the asker for cour fact becames and four Peoples Termies from 10 facts the chief to South America where Jones has at agricultural mission.

Gene Chahin, a spokesman for the tempic, said the child "was located this afternoon and is on the way to the Youth Guidamer Cen-

Officials at the center referentian night to confirm or sery that the girl was there.

The complex legal squabble being 1/2 of Marin wid when the found for that her daugner was major with the her continued in the child have a continued that the child have in that household.

Before that discovery literary said Eart time I found out where she was staying my mother moved.

Marin said her mother asket her on July II to sign frome reserve the termile permission, it that the canot Sour emerch Marin systemation filed her request with the court.

Leather of the Ten the Pilliant Sing "Well Brond" have no econ month to Brain

Judge kenned sain yesterdathat if norther Jones nor Dilate show up at the 570 Woodside avenue cours at 9 and tenderous to would be compelled to assumantants for their arrest.

As more as one of the two shows on the entrain the situation, it is consistent in the work order the arrest of the reach the judge said.

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Monterey, Ca. Penintula Herald (Cir. 5xW. 30,048) (Cir. S. 30,124) ACC 18 mm

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Members

Legve S.F. Commune

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) SAN FRANCISCO (AP) — Members of controversal People's Temple are leaving communes here in the wake of the policity, possibly bound for the church's South Ameri-can agricultural mission, offi-cials raid Wednesday. The San Francisco district stimmer's office and large

attorney's office said large numbers of the congregation —possibly as many as 500 — have left the San Francisco Bay area after increased ac-

Bay area after increased accounts in the media of alleged bizarre, behavior behind the temple's closed doors.

Bob Graham, in charge of the invertigation of the Rev. Jim Jones' temple, said the 500 figure' is based on interviews with about 50 former members in the past few weeks and on checks of known temple communes.

weeks and on cheeks of anowh temple communes.

We believe an excess of 100 persons and maybe 400 to 500 persons have left," he said.

"It is our understanding that a large number of people are gone."

gone."
Graham said that temple Graham said that temple members apparently are being based to various spots in the country, mainly in the East, before being flown to Guyana, where the temple says it operates an agricultural mission.

"There is no indication at this time that any of the children are bring taken there without coment," said Graham. "Every case referred to us for infestigation had mined to said the cone giving consent, parents or guardians."

According to published reports, the more to Guyana has been in Jores' plan for several years. Members have said in published accounts that Jones has called the church's 27,000 acre divelopment "the Promised I and."

Former members say the

ised I and.

Former members say the plan accelerated after a recent article in New West magazine aftered the charch controlled its members through keatings, phop faith healings and property transfers. That account quoted about a dozen self-proclaimed former church members.

15 Communes

Former members have said

Former members have said Former manners have said the church at its peak had as many as 25 communes in San-Francisco. The district atter-ney's office said it was not certain of the number of comcertain of the number of com-munes but disclosed in-vestigators found several communes empty and only one inhabited.

Graham said the in-vestigation was continuing; but said no criminal actions

have resulted so far from the allegation

Section Seven

Included here are some articles which came out in defense of the Temple. There was actually a very large number of leaders from religious, political and community organizations who spoke out on behalf of Rev. Jones and Temple human service works in the community and abroad. Hoever, very few of these statements, even when issued to all print and electronic media, were carried before the public. When Temple press releases or letters were published, they were largely abriged. Our only recourse for making our own side of the story known was through our own newspaper, the Peoples Forum.

Burstow, California Oosert Dispatch (Cir. 5XW. 8,204)

AUG 10 1977

Allen's P. C. M. En, 1854 -

GEORGETOWN,
Guyana's North West District at the western end of followers of a self-styled San Francisco bishop started a multirarial agricultural communic three years ago in the jungles of this South American nation and according to all resorts. The architect of the should be about three years and an according to all resorts they

American nation and secording to all reports, they

The project was started about three years ago and about three years ago and any project is Bishop Jim Jones of the People's Temple of At Pert Kaituna in San Francisco who visited

The project was started about three years ago and now the settlers of all races are living in 41 completed that been abundant with the project. The problem of insection of the People's Temple of the Peo

By WALLACE TURNER

FRICAL IS THE REVIEW TIME

SAN FRANCISCO. Sept. 1—No Refiler
what others say, to his wife. Jim Jones
is a Marxist social philosopher and pastor
to whom "service to my fellow man is
the highest service to God."

But in a flord of recent publicity, Mr.
Jones has been pictured as a charletan
who yelculies those whose religious
faith he captures, taking their preperty,
physically alusing them and using them
so course in his political power games.

Mr. Jones, 46 years old, resigned his
sam Francisco Housing Authority after
the criticism began, District atterneys in
San Francisco and Mendocimo Counties
are checking allegations of irregularities
in property transfers. The California Secretary of State's office is checking allegations that notaries public improperly
endrated some transfer documents.

These are the most serious charges

endorsed some transfer documents.
These are the most serious charges
made to date, although there have also
been allegations of physical mistreatment, such as disciplinary paddlings, and
the use of shoddy tricks to impress members of his congregation.

Former Members Quoted

Former Members Quoted
The trouble for Mr. Jones and his 9,000member church was made public two
morths ago in an article in New West
magazine. The article quoted former
members who told about their disaffection. Then both San Francisco dallies, The
Chronicle and The Examiner, printed articles on the matter.

Throughout all this, Mr. Jones, a Butler
University graduate and United Church
of Christ minister for 25 years, has been
unavailable. Marceline Lones, his wife of
28 years, said in an interview this week
that he was at the church's agricultural
mission, a 27,000-ace jumple tract on the
northeast coast of South America at
Guyana.

mission, a 27,000-scre junge tract on the contress coast of South America at Gayana.

Beyond issuing blanket dentals of strongdoing, Mr. Jones has not discussed the charges, nor have members of his congregation.

A registered nurse, Mrs. Jones worked for 10 years for the California State, Board of Health until resigning Aug. 1 for reasons, she said, of health and because of pressing duties at the temple, in the interview, and described her housed as a Marxist who holds religion's trappings to be useful chiefly for social and economic upilit.

"Jim has used religion to try to get some people out of the opiate of religion," he said She quoted him as saying to her, "Marcie, I've got to destroy this paper ido!" as he stammed down the libble he held in his hand.

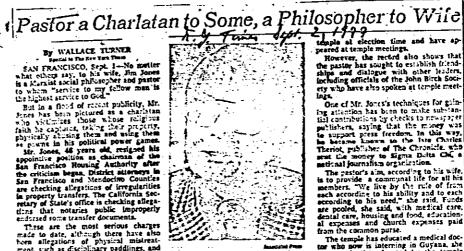
They were married him as saying to heart of the control of the

ago.

In an interview a year ago, Mr. Jones asid that his congregation was 40 percent caucasian, 40 percent black and 20 percent a mixture of Oriental, Indian and Chicano. He is of Weish and Indian extraction, and Mrs. Jones is Caucasian.

The congregation is activist. A year ago 1,200 members picketed the Fresno

.



County Courthouse while four employees among the former members whose of The Fresno Bee were held in juil for refusing to identify their news sources. If you identify their news sources, the said of the Fresno picks supported many causes to protect newspaper sources. He said of the Fresno picks paper sources, the said of the Fresno picks paper sources, the said of the Fresno picks with the said that the tong to the sound take a stand? Our duty is to be here."

Mr. Jones's alleged political strength has been emphasized in the newspaper accounts of temple affairs. The published names have been mostly those of liberal persons of the process of the pick of the said strength has been emphasized in the newspaper accounts of temple affairs. The published names have been mostly those of liberal Democrata such as Mayor George Moscione, who appointed Mr. Jones as chattern of the housing authority, Assemblyman willie Brown, and Sheriff Richard Hongisto. All have been supported by the least legal counsel."

ety who have also spoken at temple meetlags.

One of Mr. Jones's techniques for gaining attention has been to make substaning attention has been to make substaning controlled to the substantial controlled on the substantial controlled on the substantial controlled on the substantial for the substantial formation or the Christs. Thereof, publisher of the Chronida, who sent the money to Sigma Delta Chi, a
methical fournaists organization.

The pestor's aim, according to his wife,
is to provide a communal life for all his
members. "We live by the rule of from
such according to his need," she raid. Funds
are pooled, she said, with medical care,
denial care, housing and food, educational expenses and church expenses paid
from the common purse.

The temple has educated a medical doctors who now is interning in Guyana, she
said. A dentist educated by the temple
to among the former members whose
to smoog the former members whose
the supple and avoid publicity, she said.

Mr. Jones's Marxist twist to religion
came to him when he was about 21 years

Strong Support Shown For Peoples Templo

Peoples Temple was attacked . by New West magazine two · issues ago. Rev. Jim Jones snoke to members of his congregation and supporters here by a telephone relay from Guy-. ana. South America, during lasi Sunday's temple services. ...

"I know some of you are wanting to finht but that's exactly what the system wants. It wants to use us as sacrificial lambs, as a scapengal. Bon't fall into this trap by yielding to violence, no matter what kind , said the temple was being perof lies are told on us or how many." Jones urged the sayeral thousands listening.

"Peoples Tompia has helped gractically every political prisoner in the United States. We've reached out to everyone who is oppressed, and that's what is botherion them. We've promized poor people and riven ourselves a voice. The system doesn't mind corporate power for the fuling stile, but for the first time wa've given some corporate power to the little man, and that's an uning-

For the first time since givable sin, And that's the whole orablem to a pulshell." Jones said

> Strong and impressive support was extended by a wide range of community groups and leaders to Rev. Johns and Peoples Temple in the wake of publicity promoted by the New West attack, Virtually all of the speakers at the church's Sunday service emphasized the theme of a political allack on Jim Jooes and his ministry

Assemblyman Willie Brown seculed for being a symbol of equal rights and equal justice, When somebody like Jim Jones comes on the scene and talks about Annela Davis, for example and the Black Panther Party having a right to function and survivo, and when he constantly siresses the need for freedom of speech and couplinglice under the law for all ocopies, that absolutely scares the helt out of almost everybody occupying positions of power in the system..... will bo here when you are under

system quant to be allowed?"

Another assemblyman. Art Agnes, spoke up his live terrible and its work. "I am proud to Have seen Vine wherever desire have needed nein it is clear VINI JIE CHECTIVE, DEUDIE WING are the silective don't out at-

tacked?**

Gay leaders Harvey Mark and Dward Wallace both voted Support, Wallace the head of Gay Action, told the congregation, "Pumples Tem-S pie has sent shock- waves through the pay community. fley. Jones has set an example, for averybody who believes in human rights, Great numbers " and betrang forcing students of Cary Debutio 218 well aware of a lotal offices with Carrie and Dol your sland, and we won't for a "standed

Civil rights activist Yvunne tiologn, who heads Doport . male II High School, said sha consulated the attack on Peoples Temple an allack on herself because she and that lemma Marial for the same funtanistic casais. "I have ten the final of sharing and research and implify displayed every day in the namy children. II vinitionally in Droce new Tirult School Ms Goldon

Peoples Lemma has been believe on let let vans." Human Hathis Commissioner Entile Maswell bold the aud-Hora She idialor low the Historia helped many Depute was tame to the Pattern Hill nonphiestand by lucture ' them, define there and all each

Museus others who attended the service with they Could Williams Thomas monds Carte massage Sylvaster Hermon fol Dulantay Streets MAACH President toe that and San-Francisca School Hoard ramm

hat Pater Metry Smit Land money unless at Personers Hinds, People Assert Nacical Power, and the International Hotel were also well result-

Commonstry Loaders Medily වල්ස්කත් වන්තුවේ සම්ජාප්ථ වූමට ලංකකර වැ

REV. JIM. JONES

(Speaking publicly to members of his congregation and supporters via telephone relay from Guvana, South America)

"Peoples Temple has helped practically every political prisoner in the United States, We

have reached out to everyone who is onpressed, and that's what is bothering them, we've organized poor people and given them a voice. The system doesn't mind corporate power for the roline clite, but for the first time we've given some corporate power for the firtle man and that's an unforgivable sin. And that's the whole problem in a mushell."

The following are a selection of excerpts from statements made in recent days by a wide earlest of civic, community, and religious leaders in response to a sensationalistic smear campaign directed at Peoples Temple and its minister. Rev. Jim Jones.

"And all that believed were together, and had all things common and soltheir possessions and goods; and parted them to all men, as every man had need.

Acts 2:44,45

Peoples Temple has built an economic and social structure patterned after the Christian ethical teachings of sharing; an apostolic, socialistic life that guarantees all members of the church family, the "household of the faith, an equal standard. Because we have taken literally the Acts of the Apostler where the disciples of Christ pooled their resources and had ALL THING COMMON, the members of Peoples Temple enjoy an abundance of health an well-being. There is no exploitation; there is no poverty or want. On the contrary, we have found in sharing and living equally, a profound humanization reflected in the care and concern shown to every individual. The equalitaria lifestyle in Peoples Temple has developed in the membership compassion courage, and liberation, as opposed to the visions of brutality, fear an oppression that lock in the minds of those few former members who would only live for self.

The Temple is targeted for destruction because it represents a determine effort to deal with the most fundamental problem of our society: oppression of the poor. The charges made against us are an inevitable result of the succes of the work the Temple; is engaged in. We represent the power of ordinal people to come together and "do-for-self." We represent the antithesis of the profit-greed system of ruthless exploitation of the poor. We represent an answ that the real power-brokers do not want, because if it succeeds, they fear the power will be taken out of their bands and returned to the people.

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MERVYN M. DYMALLY Lieutenant Governor:

"Not surprisingly, the metropolitan metha have singled out Peoples Temple for scrutiny and criticism. This unusual attack or the Church is the cause of great concern and anguish among the friends of Peoples Temple. However, I am pleased to report that those of us who have it lanked at the great work of Rev. Jim Jones will continue to have strength in our commitment to him."



WILLIE L. BROWN, JR.

Calif. State Assembly: "When somebody like Jun Jones comes on the scene and talks about Angela Davis, for example, and the Black Panther Party having a right to survive and function, and constantly stresses the need for freedom of



speech and equal justice under the law forall people, that absolutely scares the hell outor most everybody occupying positions of power in the system... I will be here when you are under attack, because what you are about is what the whole system ought to be about!"

CONNIE WILLIAMS

President, West Coast Caribbean Association: "This church, for many years, has been a refuge for literally thousands of poor people, lainty black but consisting of all racial backprounds in the country. Because Jim Jones has holdly defended the rights of the poor and oppressed in this racist society, he has suffered continuous harassment and persecution. It is not only difficult but dangerous, as you might well imagine, to stand for . egalitarian principles in our society. This automatically results in attacks by reactionary forces. But Jim Jones has always remained undacented"

MICHAEL SNEDEKER

Attorney, Prisoners Union.

"I believe (Peoples Temple) is one of the most important organizations in California. It seems to me that their efforts to combine the material and the spiritual into real existence, to effectively recognize the humanity of all races and ages, to realize the capabilities of everybody, to take care of each other and to take responsibility for the world in which they live, follows the grain of what must be done to build a fully human world."

ART AGNOS



California State Assembly

"I am' proud to Standi with you.' I have seen. you wherever people have needed help. It is clear you are effective; people who are not effective are not attacked."

STRONG COMMENITY SUPPORTFOR

IOSEPH E. HALL

President, Sun Francisco Branch, NAACP:

"Rev. Jim Jones has been a friend to hundreds of youth in the city, and his church has rehabilitated many from drog use, belped young people out of legal difficulty and anti-social patterns, and brought not the finest potential in people who were held back due to the hardships and oppression of their lives. He has established intorial and educational programs, opportunities for youth to receive tree hob training, and legal and method services for the indigent. His clouch has taken in senior citizens cast uside by their relatives, and children abandoned by parents and unwanted by agencies. He has provided a wholesome environment where people are accepted and made to feel needed and productive regardless of race, sex, age or educational or religious background."



ENOLA MAXWELL

Commissioner of Human Rightsu

."The Peoples Temple has been helping me for 10 years. I was being investigated as a minister of the Olivet Presbyterian Church, and it was the help, the letters of encouragement, and the donations from Peoples Temple that gave me the strength and the courage years ago to keep going. You've helped many people, who came to Portrero Hill, by feeding them, getting them out of jail, and even helping foreign students and others who came to us and not stranded. Thank you for all you've done."

DONNETER LANE

A ventive Director, San Francisco Council of

"It is a privilege that liwe have the opportuoity to express a word of concern for the Christian ministry of the Rey, Jim Jones,

"Thranghout Christendom there have always been those who rejected those who would be tollowers of Christ. The Scriptures say: "Feed the hungry -clothe the naked heal the sick." (Heshas, the Spiritual gift of healing and provisions, provided for those seeking, help.).

"Rev. Jones has contributed spiritually to the Son Francisco Council of Churches Board of Directors kinee becoming a member. His members have shown concern in the issues related to Council work. Theirs is a true spiritual commitment and voluntarily rendered. Rev. Jun Jones' philosophy is a chaltone to the crizens of San Francisco and consequence to Caratinas who are not connect.

IOAN A. BRANN

"I am a member of San Francisco's black community. Rev. Jones is being multipled by the press. This man is sincerely committed to the poor, the elderly, and to those whose spirits have been worn down by the vicisstracts of racism."

YVONNE S. GOLDEN



Pres. Bluck Teacher's Cancus, said she considered the attack on Peoples Temple an attack on herself because she and the Temple stand 107 who same ideals. "I have seen the kind of sharing and

played every day in the children that you send to Opportunity II High School...

"We who support Reverend Jim Jones will continue to stand by him."

REV. LYNN HODGES

former Executive Minister of No. Calif. Ecumenical Council and the S. F. Council of Churches:

"I have had many opportunities to work with and observe Im Jones and his people," In every instance they displayed an enormous amount of integrity and commitment to the poor and the oppressed. I can only wish that all churches did as much to help those who need help,At this point it would appear that a conspiracy has formed for the purpose of hurting the ministry of Peoples Temple."



CHARLES BRIODY

Bay Area Ecumenical Committee of Concern for Chile;

"I hope that you understand that the media attack on Rev. Jones is part of what appears to be a coordinated right wing propaganda offen sive aimed at dividing working people that currently is sweeping our scountry and is characterized by a restrigence of the Nazi Party. Ku Khis Klan, anti-Semitic "New Right" and racist organizing in a period of extreme economic crisis when such periods classically appear in many capitalist societies.

to ago to the citizens of San Francisco and "Knowing of the internationally coordinated fascist plot which overthose accounts to Caustians who are not committee, the government of Salvadur Allende in Clide, I cannot but be sensitive to the totally continue

x-4-c-77

JIM JONES AND PROPLES TEMPLE

JOE JOHNSON

"Concerning them I say without qualification that this church has been second to none in preventing crime in the city. They have domated thousands of dullars to, city-sponsored find drives for the purpose of creating summer jobs for youth and programs for cultural enrichment.

"For often elever and cyrtical newswriters, skilled in the art of withering sarcasm and satire can capture the imagination of people, take statements violently out of context and create an atmosphere where violence and harasonent result. On two occasions that I know of, this vehirch has been burned, its members physically attacked, its youngsters attending school humibated and terrorized. In spite of these discouraging incidents Peoples Temple has remained a vital force for decency and dignity for us all.

"The article printed by New West and others are typical of the forces of evil who would destroy a good thing."



HOWARD WALLACE Gay Action Labor Committees

"They (Peoples Temple) are now an object of right-wing attacks because they practice what they preach -solidarity with the oppressed and exploited of the earth. The Temple's consistent struggle on behalf of democratic rights and against social and economic inequality is without, parallel, even in San Francisco, historically a center of progressive movements. I am one of many thousands in this city who take pide in counting Rev. Jim Jones and Peoples Temple among my friends."

DENNIS BANKS American

Indian Movement:



When you beam to stringle and when you herin to win battles, when you begin to be ineard. they turn around and they come after you. The American Indian Movement to defend Jim Jones

and the Peoples Temple, no matter what type of artack is made against this temple, no matter how many vicious lies and distortions are made against Rev. Jim Jones."

JOHN-MAHER

Delancey Street:

The Rev. Itm Jones and this congregation have done as much good in the Western Addition privately as all the government agencies put together have done publicly—at great-cost to the favgayer.

CHRISTINA VASQUEZ

National Rep., Equal Rights Congress:

"I for one have seen the fruits of your work, and have seen that you practice what you teach. There is no doubt in my mind, that when an issue of justice or human rights has come to your attention, you have always a responded in every way possible to help.

"I would like to express that although it outrages me to see what the news media is doing, it does not surprise me. In my life I have seen that we are always played against each cother schurch against clurch, blacks against fatnos, latinos against blacks, every minority hand working people blaming each other for their problems and failures because that way they can keep us apart, not seeing that the

MARGIE BAKER. Supervisor, S.F. Public Schools:

"Rey. Jones and his congregation have done so much for young people who; otherwise, would be wasting their lives away."



CARLTON B. GOODLETT, Ph.D., M.D.

President of the National Newspaper Publishers Association

"An institution that feeds the poor houses the homeless, rescues young and old from the wretchedness of despair and drug addiction, thurshals the political potential of, a people, and husbands the economic puttance of the poor masses into a powerful instrument for justice, freedom, and equality, while building a just and humane society, by its very nature will have many enemies hidden, lurking in the shadows of greed, quorance, neurosis and hallucinations." If such an institution becomes powerful, then it must expect its enemies to become powerful.

"Surely many good men and women of courage, steadfastness, and fundamental belief in the power of the organized masses will see in Jim Jones and Peoples Temple not a contet that momentarily lights up the darkness, but another reminder of the meanings of Edmund Burke's prophetic words, uttered before the hirth of the nation 200 years ago: 'All that is necessary for

22 San Traideit Chrisidt & Thurs., Aug 11, 1977

Pecples Temple — Families Complain

By Marshall Kilduff

At least six families have complained to the San Francisco District Attorney's office about the treatment and whereshouts of some dozen relatives who are members of the controversial Peoples Temple.

Deputy District Attorney Daniel Weinstein said his office has found no grounds for a criminal complaint set, but he said the families may have grounds to file said against the church to seek a return of their challen or an explanation of their location.

An additional half dozen individuals have visited the District Attorney's office in the past two weeks to be interviewed about their experiences as members of the church whose pastor is the Rev. Jim Jones.

Peoples Temple came under official scrutiny following a New West magazine article last month that accused Jones of beating his followers to maintain discipline, faling healings to win new believers, and consincing church members to turn over large sums of money and property.

The magazine story also claimed that the children of temple members, as well as other youngsters whose guardient beloared to the church, were seat overseas to the agricultural mission run by Jones in Guyana in South America.

In at least three of the cases before officials in the district automet's office, families complained their children had traveled to Guyana without permission.

Larry Tupper said he was awarded legal custody of his son Larry II., but he charged that the boy is now in Guyenz with his mother, who is a member of the shurch.

A second incident involved Neva Sh, who left the church within the past week and who now charges that her son. Mark, 16, may have been sem to Guyana spainst his will.

She said that she and her husband Donald were required to live apart in communes run by the church, and were eaked to sign over guardianship of their son to another temple family.

The district attorney's office is also weighing the case of Vincent Lopez, a Hayward youth in his midteen who was a ward of a former church member who has requested anonymity.

At the time the youth left the country about a year aro, his guardian approved. But, because of the reports about bestings and mind control tacties resembling brain, washing, Lopez's guardian has now asked authorities to assist him in securing the boy's return. A fourth incident involves two small children.
Patricia and Paul Petitt, aged 5 and 7 years, whose guardians are Jeannic and Al Mills, two former leaders in the church who left it in 1975.

The Mills said yesterday they had obtained custody of the two youngsters when the natural mother was in legal trouble over a child abuse charge. Now, the Mills charge that temple spokesman have refused to divulge the location of the two children or atknowledge the Mills' guardianship rights.

Charles Garry, who is the attorney for the Temple, said that church leaders have told him the Petitt children are living with their natural mother in the Mission district in San Francisco.

Two other families have also talked with authorities, in both cases grown children asked officials to declare their mothers incompetent so as to obtain guardianship of brothers and sisters who are temple members and below legal age.

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Temple children back with guardians

Patricia and Paul
Petiti, two children involved in Peoples Temple members custody
disputes, were reunited
with their legal guardians Thursday afternoon.

Private investigator
Joseph Mazor said he
was put in contact with
the children and their

guardians of these chil-

Joseph Mazor said he was put in contact with the children and their mother late Wednesday afternoon after a story

guardians of these chil-

Literature put out: on their case appeared under the Temple name r in The Progress. Tefers repeatedly to.

Mazor had charged temple foster homes, the temple with centeal and the temple rehability. ing the whereabouts of the youngsters from tainneenter in Guyena. Their lawful guardians, indicates that many if charges that Temple attorney. Charles Garry total temple homes were, in called "en outright lie." fact, licensed by indicated "en outright lie." fact, licensed by indicated temple members those children." Garry whooften received state took The Progress Wednesday. "We told Mazor." Assistant District Althe mother had those torney Dan Weinstein children. They are with said parents or legal her right new out in the guardians who permittingson District." L. Garry said he did not in the custody of either

Mission District."

Garry said he did not in the custody of either have the mother's additionable the temple or its meanderess.

Peoples Temple also bers can petition to have denies responsibility for from Guyana.

Children who have cell if the youngalers are portedly been sent to the Continued on Page 2.

Temple children back with guardians

(Continued from Page 1) not sent home within a reasonable time, the parent / guardian could then ask the courts to order the children re-turned, Weinstein said.

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Until and unless such a definite court order is violated, the temple practice of sending chil-dren to Guyana does not violate any criminal law, Weinstein said.

The authorities have no right to investigate conditions in Guyana unless children have been sent there by direct order of an official government agency, Weinstein said. He said the district attorney's office has no evidence that the courts have ever sent any children to the remôte South American

A Peoples Forum newspaper dated Aug. 1 states that some young people at the Peoples
Temple agricultural

mission in Guyana were sent there by the authorities.

thorities.

We quote: "Kenny R. got into trouble with bargiary. Juvenile hall dropped charges against him on the condition that be be sent overseas to the Temple mission." A picture of a teenager identified as Kenny Reid accompanies the story.

"Charles W. was probationed for three years on condition that

years on condition that he go to the Temple agriculture mission," the

temple paper states.
The newspaper also makes reference to makes reference to legal efforts on behalf of two adults identified as "Jerry L." and "Ruthie" who the temple says were "put on probation to the People's Temple agricultural mission in South America." "The Progress inquiry into Guvana was

into Guyana was

prompted, in part, by a May 18 letter sent to Supervisor John Barbagelata by temple i member Timothy L.

Clancey. It states:
"Many judges have even turned youthful offenders over to our program as an alternative to their going to prison. Our agricultural project in South America is cur-rently providing a new life for over 100 people who were involved in a life of crime and drugs

Some of the "little band of mislits," as described in Temple literature, have been tentatively identified by former temple members from photos or from printed descriptions accompanied by first names and initials. which match those of people known to be in: Guyana. If these identitles are correct, quite a few of the "misfits"

have been temple members since early child-hood and their alleged criminal lifestyles would have had to be developed while they were under temple influence.

-By E. Cabill Maloney



Willer i.. ml

San Francisco residences identified as Peoples Temple communes by a former member, appear to be emptying out fast.

Concerned about recent allegations that youngsters might be shipped to Guyana in South America without full and informed parantal consent, the Progress attempted to track down the wherehouts of minors believed to be in Temple custody.

According to former ifollowers of Rev. Ulin Jones, youths attached to his Peoples Temple are under constant succeillance by counselors and are subjected to beatings, abusive "catharsia"

under constant surveiting by counselors and jare subjected to beatings, abusive "catharsis" sessions, and other bizarra psychological presentation, and other bizarra psychological presentation induces fear and emotional insecurity.

Reports about Jones' control of the minds and projectly of Temple members, which appear in the current issue of New West Magazine have been denied by Temple spokesmen. Jones himself is in Grynon, where is he reportedly suffering from an ear infection. ear infection.

Documentation of Temple moves to get custody of its members' children date back to 1971, What happered to such children?

An exedus?

Linda Mertle, a young woman who left the Temple eight months ago, pointed out flats and apartment houses where she said groups of teenagers lived with non - related Temple coun-

Nobody was home.

Thaven't seen anybody around here for two or three days," a neighborhood child replied in anywer to inquiries about a vacant flat at 281 Davisadero St.

A storefront and flats at 1810-12 Divisadero have substituted a closed sign for what Mertle said had been bustling youth operations "just a little while ago."

No activity was apparent at Fillmore, Fell, Sutter, and Steiner Street addresses that Mertle said young Temple members used to occupy in large

'ON THE FLOOR'

Linda, who is 18 now, was a minor when she lived in a Temple commune. "Nine of us stayed in a one-bedroom apartment," she said. "I slept on the floor for one-half year and did not question it."

Linda refused to leave the temple in October 1975 when her parents, Deanna and Elmer Mer-tle, became disillusioned with what Linda calls "sadastic and sick practices."

Some of the under-age youths living in the? communes had been brought up from Los Angeles, by their grandmothers, she said. Others had apparently been left in Temple custody when their parents fied the church.

"Jim (Jones) told us to break family ties Linda said. "Lots of the little children lived in the Temple, but mostly we lived in crowded com-munes. You're never allowed to be alone it will

Although it is against the law for unlicensed. individuals to have unrelated minors in their con-sistent care, none of San Francisco's youth Ser-vice agencies have checked up on youths under \$ Temple control.

The Department of Social Services and Youth Guidance Center has not referred any court. wards or dependent children to the Temple for .. placement Cepartment spokespersons say STATE CHECKS UP

Reports that as many as 75 children were living m the Peoples Temple at 1259 Geary St. led the State Department of Health to visit the premises

Licensing bureau director Marion Vought said Temple attorney, Gene Chaikin, denied that any

The determined the Temple.

We determined the Temple was being used as a day care center. Yought said. The basis for this determination was Chalkin's say-so.

The Health Department has no authority to in-spect the Temple unless an application for licensg is made, she explained.

The Temple has been notified it is required to

apply for a day care beense. If it poes not no so, the health department will petition the district attorney for cease and desist orders. Yought said.

Robert Graham, chief of the district attorney's special prosecutions division, said he had no authority to check up on how Temple members are "I don't have one single name of one single child. The allegations being made against the Temple are not specific in nature," Grahamsaid.

Toon't have any information that people who are not in lawful custody have control of children," he said.

Superior Court Judge Joseph Kennedy recently ordered Temple member Esther Dillard to return ber 16-year-old granddaughter. Ernestine Glazier to Lanie Martin, Ernestine's mother.

Martin took the matter of her run-away daughler to court when she heard the child was going to be sent to Guyana. She said her 13-year-old half sister and 18-year-old brother are in Guyana. "My mother has to work like an indentured servant to pay for each child," Martin said.

She characterized her mother as someone who has always "believed in voodoo and witchcraft.

The Mertles are concerned about the whereabouts of a little girl who was in their care when they were Temple members. That child's mother, another ex-Temple member, is in Los Angeles, but the youngster is reportedly somewhere in San

According to several former Temple members, inple who quit the church are pressured to leave children behind.

"In my own case I heard they had voted to cut off my ear," Mrs. Mertle said. "It took more than" a year for me to lose my fear of what might hap-

pen io us for Icaring the Temple."

Grace Stoen, estranged wife of former assistant district attorney Tamothy Stoen, and Lick. Schroeder are lighting to get custody of their children away from spouses who still belong to

Materials gathered in connection with a 157 story on Peoples Temple activities by Progress columnist. Lester Kinsolving Include copies of custody petitions sent to Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Johnson of Indianapolis, Ind.

The covering letter from Timothy Stoen states:

Enclosed is a form to be signed by each of you consenting to the appointment of Rheaviana Bram as the guardian of your daughter. Gwendelyn Please take this document to a notary public.

Joznne Key, sister of Maxine Harpe, a Temple member who hanged herself in March 1970, has attested to the difficulties one and her brother-inlaw Damel Harpe faced trying to get the three Harpe children away from Temple members.

The Johnston and Harpe youngsters were re-

turned to their parents.

Mrs. Merile claims not all parents are so persis-

Signed custody forms do not constitute lenal guardianship if there has been no formal ever action, according to protective services workers. However, not all parents know this Questions are not likely to be asked by outsiders unless there is a specific complaint.

An adult who registers "group home" or "fos-ter home" youngsters in school is not normally asked to prevent or she has authority ever them.

Bill Carpenter, Potrero Hill Junior High dean et boys, said about a dozen Temple youngstors with registered last term by two adults, one of them a parent of two of the children.

x-4-6-83

On one occasion a note home to a "parent" re-sulted in a visit from two Temple counselors who represented themselves as social workers, Car-nenter said

Penier said.

We did not provide any information because they were not authorized individuals," he added.

they were not authorized individuals," he added.

The address given for a couple of the youngsters turned out to be a vacant lot, Carpenter said. "We usually ran into a great deal of difficulty locating a parent," he added.

Earlier, Temple spokesman Mike Prokes told the Progress he would hold a press conference and show that allegations being made against

and show that allegations being made against

Jones are politically motivated.

This past week calls to the Temple elicited the response that all questions concerning the charges are being referred to attorney Charles

Garry, who is best known as a criminal attorney, said he was studying what had been published about Jones to see whether a libel suit was in order. He said he was not partial to such suits. No legal action is pending against Jones of Descriptions of the said he was not partial to such suits.

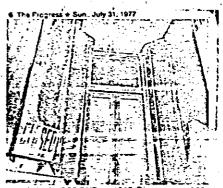
Property and the Property and the Property and the Property and the Confirmed According to Garry. his employment by the Tempie is not related to any specific matter. Tempiesent the Tempie. The said. "If anyone starts pushing the Tempie eround, I will represent them."

them.

Garry said he instructed Temple members not to make any comments to the press. He said Jones is still unable to travel but that Jones wife remains in San Francisco and that Temple activity is continuing as normal. "The membership is very supportive (to Jones)," Garry added.

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at 1612 Divisagero once housed Peoples Temple youth communes according to ex - member Linda Mertla:

Ex-Peoples Temple Member

Grim Report From Jungl

By Marshell Kildseff

The Peoples Temple jungle outpost in South America was portrayed yesterday as a remote realm where the church leader, the Rev. Jim Jones, orders public bestings, maintains a squad of 30 armed guards and has involved his 1100 followers in a threat of mass saicide.

This description was provided by Deborah Layton, 25, who was a top aide of Jones until she asked American consular officials knooth to safeguard her departure from Guyana, where the temple has its nericultural mission.

Peoples Temple officers in San Francisco last night relayed — via shortwave radio from Guyana — a sedutation of the charges from two of the South American mission's residents, identified a Lisa and "arry Lavian, the mother and rother of Deborah Layton.

"These has are too ridiculous to refute." Lisa Layton said. "... We are treated beautifully here...."

Larry Layton said, "We are treated beautifully."

San Francisco temple officer Bra Chancy added, "We absolutely refute all the charges This just makes us believe more than ever that there is a conspiracy against the church."

Junes became the center of a worm of controllersy last similar when he shipped out of San Francisco with his followers for Guyana, public charges were made by former followers that Jones had performed false medical cures to wan converts, that he occrssaw bestume of thurch members in closed meetings and that he anasced more than 85 million in donations.

According to Layton, Jones has become a "furtismed" obsessed with "trantors" in his own ranks who useston him or do not work hard lough in the farm fields and with an outside world that has publicized in critics.

The lever-patch emotions of temple members that allowed Jones to dispatch their to mult rights causes and literal political rullies in



DEBORAH LAYTON, A FORMER AIDE TO JIM JONES She told of armed guards and savage discipline

Californie has now termed to a military-style vigilance against an imminent attack by unspecified "mercenaries." Layton said.

The temple fields are particled by two rings of khak-tuniformed armed guards, men and women members of "security alert teams" who have access to 200 to 300 rifles. Es pastes and a bomemade baseoka, Layton said.

Discipliners be said, is handled at public gatherings of the entire thurch remaining. On one occu-

sion an elderly woman was humiliated by heim; forced to strap, younger members are 'knuckled' by herung first ground into their forcebeads, and others are ordered to an underground "box" where they must six for day at a time. Leyton said.

Jones has rimed the work fields with boids peakers and talks for strenches of up to six hours, she added Farmhinds are expected to work from 500 am in 6 p.m. with an hour for lunch and another hour.

for dinner before esting until midnig

The diet consist purchased in the G Georgetown becaused to be for another three y

She said that or visits from outside wished to impress hers are treated vegetables. Other to the claimed were optimistic opinious mission, called Jone

Jones, who ofte rate lengths to pr image in San Fre mained at the m even to venture in she reported.

Among his conpending child cust Guyana capital.

She said the were told to drink liquid potion, at supposedly would then be shot by Jo rehearsal went as f community drink before Jones calle added.

Layton said s leave Guyana by w Georgetown. After secretly arranged consular officials empergency pesspo New York on May living in San Franc

"Everyone the leave I'm sure of the you never get a chill Everyone is told a people."

Layton, who we church finances being the Guyana colors to counts in Europe. Guyana containing million.

x-4-c-85

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OF CONTROL! DOMALD L. A. MARON COLLEGE G. MARA

May 27, 1978

Editor San Francisco Examiner 110 Fifth Street San Francisco, California

Re: Libel and Misrepresentation of the Peoples Temple

Dear Editor:

This is a demand for a retraction of your headline at page 5 friday, May 26, 1978, your three-star edition, which states: "REPORT OF PEOPLES TEMPLE TERROR." This entire headline, which in itself is libelous and scandalous, has been reported in a very careless and reckless manner. It is malicious per se. You completely ignored what the actual and true facts were.

On Friday afternoon a representative from the Temple called your paper and asked for Mr. Reiterman, and when she was told that he was not in, the representative from the Temple said "give me a reporter." A reporter responded and would not give his name, and he said "I'm a reporter." We attempted to give him the following quote by Minister Vibert Mingo, Minister of Home Affairs of Guyana:

"We investigated and found her statements to be totally untrue and that she lied to gain entry into the country, which is a violation of our law."

The representative from the Temple told the reporter, who did not seem to be interested, that the above information was received by telephone from Georgetown, Guyana.

Report of Peoples Temple terror

A freelence reporter who went to Guyana to whit the Peoples Temple mission there was interrogated twice by temple members, then was placed under armed guard by local officials out of concern for her safety, her husband said today',

Ukish Daily Journal Executive . Editor George Hunter said in a , told him during a guarded teletelephone interview from Uklah that his wife, Kathy, has spent seven of her nine days in the South ! American country confined to her hotel room in Georgetown.

"It's a weird clock and dagger story," he said.

liunter said his wife, a former Dally Journal reporter-photogra-pher who now freelances, flew to the Guyanese capital on May 17 after receiving a telephone invitation from what she bolleved to be

Bridge tolls: District seeks to block ruling.

The Golden Gate Bridge District has asked a state appollate . court to block contempt proceedings arising out of the dispute over its increased toils.

After the district decided to raise bridge tolls from 78, cents to \$1 Nov. 1, Marin and Sonoma countles and an individual commuter filed a lawsuit challenging that action. Last month San Mateo County Superior Court Judge Melvin Cohn ordered the increase rescinded, but the day before the rollback was to

the government there. He said there was no reason to doubt the authenticity of the invitation because Kathy had met Guyana's prime minister, Forbes Burnham, and wrote a story about him several years ago during a visit to Mendocino County.

However, Hunter seld, his wife phone conversation from Guyana: The invitation may have been a houx."

He said she had been invited to visit thetemple's agricultural mission and was essured that a government plane would fly her to the jungle outpost where about 1,000 followers of The Roy. Jim Jones are reported to be living and working.

Jones, former head of the San Prancisco Housing Authority, went there about a year ago. Since then, former members have alleged that they were physically and mentally abused and forced to give their property to the church headquartered here.

liunter said church members learned somehow that his wife had landed in Georgetown because a group of them showed up at her hotel room there the same day.

"She was subjected to harassment by a squad of interrogators from the church at her hotel," he said. "They wanted to know her reasons for being there."

The next day, Hunter said, There was an odd coincidence. There were five false fire alarms at the hotel that involved clearing everyone out.

"Then she began to share the view of officials there that she should have concern for her safe

fluster said he spoke three times by phone with his wife, "She's all right," he said, "Hernerves are a little shattered, of

He said she was appreached a second time by temple members who offered to allow her to visit the mission, but she has remained in protoctive custody.

Hunterr said he spoke twice by phone with Richard McCoy, an official of the U.S. consulate in Guyana, "McCoy said she will got armed guards to the airport," he said. "I don't know why they foul she is in danger. Everyone is so guarded.

"I can only conjecture that the government there and the State Department are concerned about avolding an incident." .

llunter speculated that his wife received such a welcome from the temple because they may be displeased with a story she wrote recently about a paternity dispute between Jones and Tim Stoen, of former temple member who was an assistant district attorney in Alendocino and San Francisco countles'

Both Jones and Stoon claim in be the father of a young boy, John Victor Stoon. Stoon and the hoy's mother. Grace Stoon, have been awarded legal custody by the Cali-fornia courts, but there also are legal proceedings pending in Guyana. The boy reportedly is with Jones in Guyana.

Hunter said his wife is expected back in California tomorrow or J

Cops spot poppy crop

Martines police aren't saying the Contra Costa County Hospital was trying to economize on its oplate supply - but they are wondering about a small field of oplum poppies they found growing between F and E wards.

Working on a tip from a nursing supervisor, the officers began searching the grounds around midnight last night and discovered between 15 and 20 opium popples flourishing on the bospital grounds.

Detective Richard Dowling said the 3%-foot tall plants seemed to be their souds is a felony.

growing naturally and did not appear to be cultivated. He said a lukowarm investigation is under way, but finding the popples is not an uncommon occurrence this time of year.

"We might look into it," he said. "The problem to it's a public place and there's no one you can really charge. It's like marijuana, Someone could just dump an ashtray with some seeds in it and the Stuff starts growing."

Possession of the popples or

The in the Peoples Temple was founded in California less than 12 years ago and the najority of its members are poor blacks, the church has amassed a eacts, the caured has amasted a fortene of property, other essets and crish estimated to be at least 31 million, according to former-members.

In interviews with 85 formin interviews with 85 form-er followers, many of them continue top sides, Peoples Tem-ple was pritrayed as a church where minory was an obsession and also a tool for binding numbers closer to their leader, the Fey. Jun Jones.

So much money was collected from church members that temple leaders opened more than 15 bank accounts and also began taking large sums of cash, ranging up to \$50,000, via musted church couriers to Guyana where the temple has an agricultural mission, according to

Nearly every aspect of church life was designed to return a profit to the temple, the former members said.

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Proporty was signed over to the church as gifts from mem-bers, large sums of cash were collected during services, and church members were assigned special duties such as street corner soliciting mail appeals and bile sales.

Followers were expected to contribute a quarter of their salary — a figure that later rose to 40 per cuat for some — as well as departe their time and talent for special chores such as main-tenance of the bus fleet or repair of church buildings.

Church leaders encouraged members injured in traffic accidents to allow temple attorneys to try their court cases, while other church sides peddied pho-tos and drawings of Jones de-signed to ward off highway mishaps.

Once a member had turned over most of his possessions and money, it was very difficult for him to have.

"The temple ended up with everything I had," said Deanna Morde, a member along with her hisband and family from 1970 to

That's what made it so bard for us to kerve. We had nowhere to go and nothing to fall back on, Mertle said.

The church has reported publicly that its yearly budget is \$20,0.5. The temple is not required to report is finances to either the Internal Revenue Service of state officials.

But such expenditures did not match the enormous sums that accumulated, according to former members.

"h the moont became almost a joke with Jim," said one woman who was a top adviser and notary who witnessed scores of church legal documents.

"We used to wonder what to do with it all. But we never spent, it on much," she said.

Questions about the tem-Questions about the temple's finances were raised in carlier press investigations of Jones, a Disciplus of Christ minister who indeed to Redwood Valley from Indianapolis with a group of about 100 followers in 1965.

Jones reportedly built 2 Jones reportedly built a large following, especially among immercity blacks in San Fractices and Los Angeles, with his abilities as a fatth-heller who proclaimed a vision of an integrated and socialist so, jety.

Former members said Jones ordered beatings of his followers to maintain discipline, fales the healings and devoted most of his time to collecting money and cultivating politicians. cultivating politicians.

Church spokesmen claim Jones built up a 20,000 member | congregation in the state, but former members said the true figure was closer to 25 0.

5 San Michaelte Chrande - Fil., Aug. 19, 197

This lower number of serious followers along with the fact that many of them are elderly and on small lucomes have suggested to observers that the church could not have accumu-lated very much money."

But those members interviewed said the temple used a variety of techniques to gather money from its followers and to raise substantial sums beyond its man hership. membership.

Members were asked to contribute a quarter of their incomewithin several months of juling the church. This portion was raised to a third and finally 40 per cent for some, former members have said.

Other members lived in communes set up in the Ukish, Redwood Valley and San Francisco arcas.

Jackie Swinney, a former member who handled commune finances, said the living arrangements, were designed so that members turned over paychecks and received living expenses in return.

"We were clearing SSXO to \$10,000 per month when we were just in Redword City." the said.

The church is believed to have at least 12 such communits, many with upwards of a dozen

Salting the supervised the prencyclement who total up the receipts during maration veillend services that Jones held in Refavood Volley, San Warnises and Lot Andeles. Francisco and Los Angeles.

"On a good day in Los Angeles during 1973 and 1974, and handle \$20,000 to \$25,000," the said.

San Francisco was some times as good. It was all small bills and change, Now and then we'd have some Jewelry 100," Si Inney added.

"We had a stries of banks we used from Ukish to Like said one woman who port, said one woman who frequently handled the bank deposits.

Sandy Parks, a former memher who worked in the church's legal and financial office, said that termile leaders were careful to spread their money among the accounts so as to avoid a huge sum in one or two that tank or government officials would judge as suspicious.

Farlis also said the typed up "maybe 50" applications from church men ters seeking to cash in their life insurance policies.

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Deanna Mertle and Ler husbeans Merite and her hus-band Emer ran the church's publications. It was their job, they said, to study religious mailings from other faith heal-ers and recommend a new monthly mailing to solicit contri-

h, so that I through we have averaged that a sold and the death of the day, and that is a very concess. the figure," she sud.

Other publication sidelines included photographs of Jones, introded for such things as warding off burglars, illness and traffic accidents

Birdie Marable sold nice different kinds of Jones pictures from a tray that she carried during weekend services. "I made \$50 to \$100 a meeting," she

Aside from such routine methods there were larger sums that acrued to the church through property transfers.

Between 1967 and the present the church or its offi-cials were involved in 32 recorded real estate transactions. Ten of these amounted to gifts of property to the church.

The church has reportedly been putting out of the Mendoci-no area and has placed some six pieces of property on sile for \$1.25 million.

In San Francisco, church has sold two pieces of property this year—a three-unit spartment at 1600-54 Page street for \$127,600 on June 21 and a gair of flats at 228 Howth for \$22,500 on May 12.

In addition there are sales in which temple officials sold prop-erly owned by church members.

For example, a rest home owned by James and Irene Edwards at 27048 21st street was James and Irene said on July 1 for \$30,000.

The Edwards couple left San Francisco last spring on short notice, their family told. The Chronicle, and the two are believed to be in Guyana with the church

Thus, their property sold in their absence. Temple secretary Jean F. Brown had power of attorney and signed sale documents prepared by temple lawyer Gene Chailin.

But the average temple member is not in any position to offer the church such wealth, former members claim. One ex-ample is Jesse Boyd, an eiderly black worran who lives in a studio apartment run by the San Francisco Houstine Authority at Francisco Housing Authority at US EE'S STORE

She pays a quarter of her income of \$450 per morth as rentand paid another quarter to the church until the left in February of this year-

ान्द्रहरू a follow-हांद्रुपार्थ ,checks In her 616. In her 6%; ursigs a follower of Jones, she signed, checks people to the Church totaling \$2597.10. These checks were deposited into four different church bank accounts Bank of Upper Lake, Eank of Ainerica and Wells Fargo, all in Utlah, and the Bank of Montreal in San Proporties. Francisco.

She also baked seven or eight cakes every week. "I bought 20 the fixings myself, and the church would take it over to the Safeway or Albertson's and sell each one for \$5.

Team't tell you how much I may have given in little bits of cash," she said.

Temple spozesmen contend that such contributions go to-ward a wide array of free church services such as legal counseling, medical care and ... meris.

Jones himself has stated the Greens mission has cost his church upwards of \$1 million since he first established the settlement in 1973.

The Guyana outpost, to which Jones has retreated since the controversy began about a month ago, apparently has been the destination of much of the

church's money.

Five members confirmed that temple leaders were recuterly dispetched with cash to deposit in Guyana banks, pay temple bills and often to bury the money for safekeeping.

On several occasions these couriers carried as much as \$50,000, according to former Etmbers.

Dan Phillips, who went with Jones and about a dozen top church leaders to Guyana on the femple's first visit in December of 1973, said a large sum was transferred at that time. I

"Each of us had \$5000 on os in cash. There was also a bank Graft for \$500000 from Barclay's of Canada to deposit in the bank's branch in Georgetown the capital of Guyanak."

Upish, Ca. Journal (Cir. 5xW. 7.500)

TV station probes .. 7-year-old suicide

District Attorney Duncan James has been quartied by a San Francisco television station as to whether there were any doubtful circumstances surrounding the death of Maxine Harpe, 30, on March 28, 1970.

Hirpe, 30, on March 23, 1970.

Mrs Harpe, a member of the Peoples
Temple, was found hanging from a
rafter of her garage on Foster Court in
Talmage. According to the coroner's
report, she had knotted a heavy duty
cord around her throat then stood on a
trunk. Death occurred at 1:30 a.m. that
day and the body was discovered about
seven hours later.

James has referred inquiries on the official suicide to a deputy attorney

general in San Francisco since the attorney general's office has twice investigated the People's Temple and the official report in each case has indicated insufficient evidence that any criminal wrongdoing had taken place.

The inquiries from the television station and from the cowriter of a People's Temple "expose" in the Aug. I issue of New West magazine, a recently hunched publication, are apparently the result of the magazine article which liberally quoted dissident former members of the People's Temple who were critical of the pastor, Jim Jones.

Jones, who is visiting a People's Temple youth facility in Guyama, South America, is suffering from a severe ear infection, according to Michael Prokes, assistant pastor. With Rev. Jones is Tim Stoen, former Mendocino County assistant district satorney, who is a strong supporter of and legal counsel for the church.

Prokes did not indicate as to when Rev. Jones, who has been described as a potent religious and political figure in San Francisco and Los Angeles, would return to California to answer his accusers.

I Joseph Mazor

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PARTV

FEDERAL FILE OF

JOSEPH A. MAZOR VS.

CALIFORNIA ADULT AUTHORITY

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- I. INTRODUCTION

 BACKGROUND TO INVOLVEMENT OF JOSEPH A.

 MAZOR WITH THE FORMER MEMBERS OF

 PEOPLES TEMPLE
- II. EXCERPT FROM THE FEDERAL FILE "JOSEPH A.

 MAZOR VS. CALIFORNIA ADULT AUTHORITY, ET. AL"

INTRODUCTION

We have found the "investigative" work of Mr.

Joseph Am Mazor to be most questionable. He has been hired by a number of people who are former members of Peoples Temple and antagonistic to the church.

He has made several television appearances and submitted his copy to the local press. He has called the Ambassador to the United States from Guyana trying to cause trouble. His remarks are inflammatory and without basis in fact. We question his role in this "investigation." The excerpt from his file included here speaks for itself.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Section	n 552	Section 552a		
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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF FACTS

A. Conviction; Parole and Revocation

Petitioner is presently incarcerated in the California Medical Facility at Vacaville pursuant to the Judgment and Commitment of the Superior Court of Los Angeles County entered on June 25, 1965, sentencing him to state prison for the term prescribed by law (6 months to 14 years), following conviction on his plea of guilty to violation of Penal Code section 476 (Fictitious checks). 1/ Exhibit A. Petitioner was parole on May 22, 1967, with his term set to expire on July 7, 1970. This parole was suspended and his term reset at maximum on May 2, 1969 and he was returned to prison where parole was revoked on June 27 1969. See Exhibit C (Summary of Sentence Data - 1965 Conviction)

On November 19, 1969, petitioner's term was rest at seven years, to expire on July 7, 1972, and on February 15, 1970, petitioner was parcled to the Riverside Unit, Los Angeles County See Exhibit C. Petitioner was released to a parole program which included employment as a research law clerk for John C. McCarthy of the law firm of Young, Henrie and McCarthy in Pomona, California. Petitioner's parole release had been advanced from March 10, 1970, to accommodate the needs of this employer. See Exhibit D at 2. At his initial interview with petitioner the parole agent explained to petitioner that he could neither open a checking account nor sign any contracts without permission. Petitioner informed the agent that he intended to divorce his wife and continue his relationship with Madelynn Beth Boyum, also known as Mazor and Williams. Id. at 3. The parole agent's

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^{1.} This offense was committed while petitioner was on parole for a 1963 Los Angeles County conviction for violation of Penal Code section 476a (insufficient funds check). The sentence on this conviction expired as fully served in March, 1968. See Exhibit B (Judgment and Summary of Sentence Data - 1963 Conviction)

continuing summary (2-19-70 to 6-30-70) indicates that petitioner received an interlocutory decree of dissolution April 16, 1970.

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The report further notes that petitioner was, at one time, considered near totally blind but had received eye refraction and could read with little or no difficulty. 2/
Petitioner changed his employment to the law firm of Jaffee and Mallory on May 5, 1970, and Mr. Jaffee indicated he would sponsor petitioner in taking the bar exam. Id. at 5. The agent's summary (7-1-70 to 12-14-70) discloses that petitioner was arrested on November 30, 1970, at the request of the parole agent Id. at 6.

On December 16, 1970, a parole violation report was submitted, recommending parole suspension and revocation on the basis of eleven charges as follows:

- Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 10 of the Conditions of Parole as evidenced by his obtaining a passport without the knowledge or permission of the Parole Agent.
- 2. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 10 of the Conditions of Parole as evidenced by his making reservations on a United Airlines flight to New York, without the knowledge or permission of the Parole Agent.
- 3. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 10 of the Conditions of Parole when he bought a 1965 Jaguar without the knowledge or permission of the Parole Agent.
- 4. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 12 of the Conditions of Parole as evidenced by his forging the signature of his fiancee to her income tax refund check

2. It should also be noted that petitioner obtained an

in the amount of \$693.62.

- 5. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 12 of the Conditions of Parole by making a fictitious automobile purchase draft in the amount of \$450.00.
- 6. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 12 of the Conditions of Parole by writing and depositing a \$300.00 check on a closed account.
- 7. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 12 of the Conditions of Parole by attempting to sell furniture which he had rented from another firm.
- 8. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 12 of the Conditions of Parole by drawing welfare assistance while he was employed.
- 9. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 12 of the Conditions of Parole by misrepresenting an automobile, and consequently causing his employer a loss of \$1,795.00.
- 10. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 11 of the Conditions of Parole as evidenced by his being charged by the District Attorney's Office with failure to provide (270 P.C.).
- 11. Joseph Allen Mazor violated Condition 13a of the Conditions of Parole by establishing numerous credit accounts without the knowledge or permission of the Parole Agent. 1d. at 9/10.

The report also set forth supporting evidence for each charge, Id. at 10-13, a resume of parole adjustment, Id. at 14, and reasons for the recommendation, Id. at 15.

On the basis of this report, petitioner's parole was suspended and his term reset at maximum on January 8, 1971. See Exhibit E. Petitioner was returned to prison on January 14, 1971 to and was received at the California Wedical Facility at Vacaville

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on January 25, 1971. See Exhibit C. On March 5, 1971, petitioner appeared at a parole revocation hearing. The panel then found him guilty of charges 5, 6, 7, and 11, dismissed charges 1, 2, 4, and 9, and submitted charges 3, 8 and 10 for investigation. See Exhibits F and G. On March 10, 1971, additional information was submitted pursuant to this investigation. See Exhibit H. In addition this report provided supplemental information indicating that petitioner cashed a check indorsed by the named payee and himself, but the named payee returned the check to the firm which cashed it, denying by affidayit, that she had indorsed it; and that petitioner had purchased a typewriter on a 90-day conditional sales contract, had paid no money (one year had elapsed), and was believed to have sold the typewriter. See Exhibit H at 2.

Subsequently, on April 14, 1971, while at the California Institution for Men at Chino, petitioner made an unscheduled appearance before an Adult Authority Panel.

As a result, his case was submitted for review on April 20, 1971. No change was made in his status, the Authority resolved the three charges which were submitted, finding him guilty of charge 8, and dismissing charges 3 and 10, and his case was scheduled for consideration again by the entire board on May 17, 1971. Documents relevant to this meeting are, or will be when received, attached as Exhibit J.

B. Medical Condition and Treatment.

 As stated above, petitioner was returned to prison on January 14, 1971, and on January 25, 1971, was received at the

from the Los Angeles Office were observing Adult Authority hearings conducted at Chino for informational purposes. They had no particular interest in nor any connection with petitioner's case. Petitioner was informed that they were visitors and gave his x4-1-9

California Medical Facility at Vacaville. By letter dated January 26, 1971, Riverside Ceneral Hospital forwarded a summary of petitioner's examination and treatment. The report recommended an investigation by neurology staff and consideration for angiogram studies. The "final diagnosis" set forth in the report is "Rule out Leptomenigeal cyst, meningioma, vascular disorder." See Exhibit I.

Reports dated March 1, 1971, (Dr. Prout) and March 2. 1971 (Dr. Wright, Consulting Neurosurgeon), see Exhibit I, reveal that petitioner was under the care of the medical staff almost immediately upon his arrival at Vacaville. For instance, skull x-rays were taken on January 27, 1971, an EEG was made, an ophthalmolgist was consulted on February 10, 1971, and a neurosurgical consultation took place on March 2, 1971. Dr. Prout's letter notes "Our consulting radiologist, R. F. Chambers, M.D., interprets the recent skull x-rays of January 27, 1971, as abnormal skull evidence of atrophy involving the right hemisphere with probable vascular malformation. Contrast studies would probably be informative." Subject had contrast studies in Fall, 1970, at UCLA Hospital but refuses to sign a release for these records upon advice of his attorney." Dr. Wright's report also indicates that petitioner refused to make the September studies available to the doctor despite being told no meaningful opinion could be rendered without them. Petitioner also refused to consent to angiography in the institution. Dr. Wright recommended further tests. A report dated March 4, 1971, indicates that Dr. Prout concurred in this recommendation. See Petition, Exhibit A.

By letter of March 22, 1971, to the California Supreme Court, Dr. Carter Noland of Riverside General Hospital stated) had team anhedeled for Edditional etudine and

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that, "We have since learned that further studies have shown a need for immediate surgery in order not to endanger his life."

Petition, Exhibit B. By letter dated April 1, 1971, addressed to the chairman of the Adult Authority, Dr. Prout indicated that neurological studies should be undertaken, that they could be performed within the Department of Corrections, but only with petitioner's consent, which he refused to give, and that petitioner was willing to be hospitalized at Riverside General Hospital. Out of concern for petitioner's health status, the doctor recommended that the Adult Authority review his parole status and reinstate parole to permit petitioner to return to Riverside General Hospital. See Exhibit I; Petition, Exhibit C.

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No change was made in petitioner's parole status, but after consultation, the Department of Corrections, pursuant to Penal Code section 2690, arranged for his treatment at Riverside General Hospital, and on April 9, 1971, transferred him to the California Institution for Men at Chino, where he was housed in the institution hospital. Petitioner was available for whatever studies or surgery staff at Riverside General Hospital wished to undertake.

The report of the studies conducted at Riverside

General Hospital indicates that petitioner was uncooperative

during the physical examination, and, refused to release to the

hospital the angiograms done at UCLA. The report shows that

SNA, CBC, and EKG tests or studies were within normal limits.

Skull films reveal multiple radiolucent defects in the right

cranial vault, and subtle abnormality, but no gross abnormality.

Apparently, further surgery was unnecessary because petitioner

was discharged with the recommendation that skull films be done

in two years. The report is attached, or will be when received,

as Exhibit K.

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Petitioner was returned to Vacaville on April 27, 1971. He is presently under a "medical hold" which means that he cannot be transferred to an institution without medical clearance. He will be transferred back to Chino when approved by that institution's medical officer as space becomes available.

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ARGUMENT

PETITIONER'S PAROLE WAS PROPERLY REVOKED AND THERE HAS BEEN NO DENIAL OF ADEQUATE MEDICAL TREATMENT; THUS, NO CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTION IS PRESENTED.

Petitioner has filed in this Court a petition for writ of habeas corpus which, although emphasizing his physical condition and apparently objecting to the medical treatment afforded him, seeks only a determination that California procedures for in revoking parole are unconstitutional, in that/his parole revocation, he was denied counsel, the right to confrontation, the right to present witnesses. See Petition at 12.

From the facts as stated above, it is obvious that there is no present issue concerning petitioner's treatment. Petitioner does not even suggest what test or procedure is presently necessary and unavailable. There is simply no federal question presented.

Cf., Haggarty v. Wainwright, 427 F.2d 1137 (5th Cir. 1970).

It is also clear from the records submitted herewith that no federal question is presented by Adult Authority action in revoking petitioner's parole. There is no right to counsel, to confrontation of witnesses, or to call witnesses. All that is constitutionally required is cause for the revocation. See Allard v. Nelson, 423 F.2d 1216 (9th Cir. 1970); Mead v. California Adult Authority, 415 F.2d 767 (9th Cir. 1969); Dunn v. California Department of Corrections, 401 F.2d 340 (9th Cir. 1968); Eason v. Dickson, 390 F.2d 585 (9th Cir.), cert. denied, 392 U.S. 914 (1968). Ample cause is shown here.

4. On March 26, 1971, petitioner filed a nearly identical petition in the California Supreme Court. The Court denied the petition on April 22, 1971. The Court had been informed that petitioner had been transferred for treatment pursuant to Penal Code section 2690, and had available the documents submitted herewith as Exhibits A-I. 10.

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Potitioner was found guilty of five of the eleven violations charges. The supporting evidence provided for these charges discloses conduct clearly in violation of parole. (Ex.D 10, 13; Ex. H.)

Petitioner alleges that he was unable to present documentary evidence of his innocence because of his blindness, that the Adult Authority would not consider this evidence and that counsel now have possession of this documentary evidence of his innocence of all charges.

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We submit that this record clearly shows that the Adult Authority did consider most carefully the evidence presented to it including petitioner's story and his documents, if any. At the time of the hearing four of the charges were dismissed. Three charges were submitted for further investigation. This conclusion is supported, even by petitioner's allegation that Mr. Valachi stated, "I hate this damned paperwork We cannot support the charges and we will investigate." See Petition at 5. It is a mere conclusion unsupported by facts that because the panel returned the documents they did not consider them.

Although petitioner claims that he has documentary evidence that he is not guilty of any of the charges, he has not provided this Court with this evidence nor indicated what it is or to which specific charges it may be relevant. Moreover, although the Adult Authority will not permit counsel to be present at a revocation hearing, counsel is free to present written argument and documentary support to the Adult Authority for their consideration. Apparently, no effort has been made even to do this.

Finally, The Adult Authority is routinely provided with a Readmission Summary which includes a medical report. The report in this case, we are informed, included information on both

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petitioner's blindness and possible brain tumor.

CONCLUSION

It is obvious from this record that the allegation of the imminence of petitioner's death is overstated, as is the allegation of total blindness. His claim of denial of due process in his parole revocation hearing lacks both legal and factual substance. In fact, the record shows that petitioner has had a most thorough consideration and review of both his condition and his status. In the circumstances shown, no federal question is presented." We respectfully request that the petition for writ of habeas corpus be denied, that the order to show cause be discharged, and that the proceedings be dismissed.

Dated: May 10, 1971.

EVELLE J. YOUNGER, Attorney General of the State of California

EDWARD P. O'BRIEN Deputy Attorney General Hour & DeHact

(Mrs.) GLORIA F. DeHART Deputy Attorney General

Attorneys for Respondents.

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JUDGMENT

Department No. 100											
lune 2	5		10 65	Present I	ion	DAVID	W	AILL	IAMS.	Ju	ı
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	OPIEO	THE STA	TE OF CAL	TEORNIA	V.						

Daputy District Attorney James Johnson and Defendant with counsel Daputy Public Defender L. Behoenheit present. Probation denied. Sentenced as indicated.

Whereas the said defendant having duly pleaded guilty in this court of the crime of ISSUING FICTITIOUS CHECK (Sec 476 PC), a felony, as charged in the information

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It is Therefore Ordered, Adjudged and Decreed that the said defendant be punished by imprisonment in the State Prison for the term prescribed by law.

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURTINE THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES G.C. ADMITTANTE JUDGMENT

Department No. 100

Farch 8 .1963 Present Hon. THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

DONALD R WRIGHT Judge

JOSEPH A MAZOR

Deputy District Attorney Malcom Harris and the Defendant in propria persons, present. Each count: Probation denied. Sentenced as indicated.

Whereas the said defendant having duty_pleaded_gully in this court of the crime of ISSUING CHECK WITHOUT SUFFICIENT FUNDS (See 476s PC), a felony, as charged in each of the Counts 1, 2 and 3 of the information ___duly_Dlead@d

It is Therefore Ordered, Adjudged and Decreed that the said defendant be punished by imprisonment in the State Prison for the term prescribed by law, on said Counts. Sentences as to Counts 1, 2 and 3 are ordered to run CONCURRENTIN with each other.

It is further formation to of Los #

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CAROL MCCOT'S VISIT WITH MAIOR: 10:00 - 10:45 a.m. 10/24/77

M: YOU BAVE TWO CHILDREN IN CUTAMA! C: NO, FOUR CHILDREN

HE WEAT ARE TEXTS MAJES & ACREST C: PAT-13 Lowell- 11

M: YOU DID NOT GIVE PERMISSION FOR THEM TO GO?

M: WHEN DID THEY GO TO GEVARA!

C: JULY

M: WEAT IS YOUR MOTHERS HAME?

C: EDITH CORNELL (ME STOPPED WRITING AND LOCKED AT ME FOR A COUPLE OF SECONDS AND SAID ON: IS THAT MAROLD OR RICKS WIFE?) (I SAID MRITER, ITS THEIR GREAT AUST)

Not a transcript - roles const wrote out at returning of

M: You said your win had guardiarship over the crilines. What eved of guardiamship?

C: WEAT BO TOU MEAST?

ME WAS IT FILED IN COURT?

C: I GUESS I LEFT THAT UP TO THE (STORM)

WHO DID THE GUARDIAUSHIP?

C: THE STORE- THAT'S WHY I DIDN'T WORKY ABOUT IT OR THINK ABYTHING ABOUT IT

R: WHO BUTABLEED IT!

C: I BON:T KNOW, IT WAS DONE IN HIS OFFICE

M: WAS ANYOUR RESE IN THE OFFICET. THE D.A.'S OFFICET

C: I THINK HIS SECRATARY

Te JOSE (2001)

C: NO, I KNOW JUNE, IT WASH'T MIR

ME PAUSED FOR A WEILE AND WE STAFED AT RACE OTHER. THERE HE ASKED HE IF I RAD READ THE CHARDIANSHIP PAPERS AND IF NOW HAD PERMISSION TO SEND THE KIDS OUT OF THE STATE? I TOLD WIN THAT I CLANCED AT IX BUT BOW'T MEMBERS WHAT IT SAID BECAUSE I MEALLY DIDN'T CARE. I TOLD ETH THAT I HAD THUSTED ONE. HE SAID THAT THAT WAS NOW THE TRUTLE GOT THE mold on 80 hart children and other proper as well. Fine said there was several theres the COULD BE DOME. THE PIRST THING WAS TO FIND OUT IF THE CHARDLANSELY HAD MEET FILED. (ME BOURTED THAT IT SAD). IF IT SADE'T THEN THE WEXT MOVE SHOULD BE TO MOTIFY THE FTATE REPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON AND GET PAPERS. HE SAID THE CHILT WAY I COULD GET THE KIDS BACK WAS TO PRESSURE JIM WITH ABBUCTION CHARGES. IF THE PAPERS WERE FILED TREE THE PIRST STEP WOULD BE TO RESOLVE THIM AND GET BACK MY RIGHTS. I TOLD HIM I DIDN'T

WANT TO MURT HOM, AND THAT I HAD AN OUTSIDE INVOLVEMENT THAT KNEW MOTHING OF THE CHUNCE OR WHERE MY LICHILINES WERE, AND THAT I WAS HOPING TO GRI THEM BACK WITHOUT MOUGH PURS. HE SAID THAT WOULD BE HARD TO BO: THAT I BIDM'T HAVE TO WORKY ABOUT HITTING THE PROWN PAGE OF THE PAPERS, BUT THAT I WOULD HAVE TO MURT MON, THAT IT COULDN'T HE AVOIDED.

WE SAID THAT IF PAPERS WERE FILED (SINCE I DIDN'T ELAD THEM) THERE HIGHT BE SOME OF CLAUSES IN THEM THAT GAVE HOM PERMANENT CUSTOUT, AND IN THAT CASE I WOULD HAVE TO GO TO CIVIL COURT AND THEM I STILL WOULDN'T CHY ANYWHERE WHILL I PRESSED CHARGES OF KIDNAPPING AGAINST THE TEMPLE. I ASKED IV NOW WOULD BE ARRESTED, AND HE SAID NO, THAT IT WOULD BE JUN. HE SAID THAT IT WOULD FINALLY COME DOWN TO JIM BEING TOLD TO SEED THE CHILDREN BACK OR FACE EXTRADITION FOR ABBUCTION. HE SAID JIM WOULD SEND THE CHILDREN BACK PIRST.

HE SAID PARENTS HAD GOME OVER ON THEIR OWN AND HAD NOT COTTEN PAST GRONGSTOWN.

(IN TELLING IT, CAROL SAID HE MENTIONED A PATHER WHO HAD RECENTLY GOME, AND HAD PIXED HAD DEALD NEEDLE SEE WS CAMILD ROPEM.

IT SO THAT CHIME PHONESS WHILD HAVE DESIREMENT IS SHOWN HE HAD RAISED SO NOCE HELL AND HAD BEEN UNSUCCESSFUL. TA) HE SAID THE GOVERNMENT IS VERY PRO-REMER HOW, NOT THERE.

ARE A FEW WHO HAVE BOURTS. HE SAID FOUR CHILDREN HAVE HELD SENT RACK, AND THE LAST CHE HAS A WEEK AND A HALF AGO. (THAT'S WHEN I TOLD HIM I HAD THOUGHTS OF GOING OVER THEIR ON HY OWN, BUT FIGURED I WOULD GET NO WHERE SINCE AS FAR AS I KNEW NO ONE HAD COTTEN THEIR CHILDREN BACK.) HE SAID THAT'S NOT THOSE, THAT IT'S MARD TO GET THIN BUT THESE IS BOOFS. HE SAID JUMES HAS SHART, AND FOR NOST OF JOHES' MOVES HE (MAZOR) HOVES BACKHARD TO AVERT THEM, AND HAS BEEN PRETIT SUCCESSFUL AT DOING THIS.

WE SAID THAT THERE HAS A PERSON IN CUTANA THAT HAS ACCESS TO HOMOGRATION PAPERS AND WERN MANES COME UP THIS PERSON EMEPS A CLOSE STE CUT. BAZOR SAID THAT WE ALREADY HAD NOT MANE. HE SAID HIS CONTACT BORS THIS SO THAT MAZOR CAN BE MOTIFIED RIGHT AWAY OF THOUSELED CHILDREN LEAVING THE COUNTRY, IP JIM SHOULD PULL THEN CUT.

HE SAID THAT IT WOULD TAKE A LOT OF HOMEY IN OUDER TO GET MY C TLIMER BACK, BY
SAID HE WOULD NOT THY TO EMCOURAGE OR DISCOURAGE ME. BUT IT'S GOING TO COST, AND THERE.
ALMAIS A CRANCE I MAY NOT GET THEM, " I THINK YOU STAND A GOOD CHANCE, THOUGH, ABOUT A
SEVENITY PER CENT CHANCE OF IT." ME WOULDN'T GOOTE ANY PRICES. HE SAID THAT THAT WOULD
BE ACCORDING TO WHAT HAD TO BE BOME.

HE SAID THAT SEVERAL PASSPORTS HAVE COME UP RESSING. AND THAT THEY THINK ITS
SKILLING THEM OF THE BLACK MARKET. HE SAID THAT SOME HAVE ALKRADY TURNED UP IN TIBERIA
(WHITE OF THIS HAME) AND SOME OTHER PLACE.

HE SAID THEY HAD HAD TROUGHTS OF GETTING A PLANE LOAD OF PARENTS TOCKTHER AND GO NOWN THEKE AND MOMAND THE CHILDREN TO BE GIVEN BACK. NOT IT WAS ARABDOMED BECAUSE THEY WOULDN'T GET PARTHER THAN GEORGEOUN AND THE MOMEY WOULD BE SPENT DISCLESSLY. HE SAID GHE PATHER THIED IT JUST RECENTLY. HE (MAZOR) HAD TOLD HIM NOT TO GO, BUT HE BID ANYWAY AND GOT MOMERIE AND AS A RESULT WILL PROBABLY MEVER SHE HIS CHILD AGAIN. HE SAID THAT PICTURES OR HOWIES AND TAKEN OF PORT MAINTURAL OF AN AGRICULTURAL MISSION OWNED BY THE GOVERNMENT. HE SAID HE HAS SIGNED APPURAVITS OF A PROTOGRAPHER THAT TOOK THE MOVIES. HE SAID THE CHILD THAT JUST CAME BACK SAID THAT THERE WAS NO SCHOOL THERE. SO THEREFORE THERE ARE NO EMPCATIONAL PACILITIES THERE. HE SAID HE HAD TAPES OF BAROLD AND RICK THEREALMENING PROPILE AND ASSESS HE IF MY MON MOMEN ABOUT ANYTHING LIKE THAT. I SAID I

THE CAVE HE A LECTURE ABOUT SON THE RIDG WERE AMERICAN CITIZENS, AND IF I BIDM'T BE FIGHT TO GET THEM BACK THEY WORLD LOSE THAT: THAT THE GOVERNMENT WAS EPOLITICAL. AND THAT THEY COULD CHARGE AT A HOMESTS NOTICE. HE SAID HE LOOKS FOR JOHES TO GET TIRED OF MIX THOSE THOUSAND PROPLE THERE AND PICK UP AND LEAVE WITH THE HOMEY AND LEAVE THEM STRANDED WITH HE PASSPORTS OR AMTHEIRG. I TOLD HIM HE HAD CHRIAINLY GIVEN HE SOME THIM TO THINK ABOUT AND THAT IT WOULD TAKE A FEW DATS.

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I TOLD HIM I WOULD SEE IF HOM HAD A COPT OF THE GUARDIANSHIP PAPERS AND IF SHE DID I WOULD GET THEM, HE SAID IF I COULD GET A HOLD OF THEM TO CALL HIM. THAT HE WOULD BE BACK IN HIS OFFICE AFTER 4: 50 AND THAT HE COULD TELL HE HOW MY CHARGES STOOD.

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ME DID SAY IT WOULD TAXE A LOT DEEPER BACKGROUND TO GO IN TO THE CASE IF I DECIDED TO GO AMEAD. AND HE FELT I WOULD HE MEMPLY WRONG IF I DIEM'T, HE SAID HE'D GET STARFED BLICHT ANAT. HE SAID EVERYTHING HAD TO BE DONE LEGALLY. THAT BOING IT ANY OTHER WAY WAS NO GOOD.

HE BID IN THE COURSE OF THE CONVERSATION SAY SCRETNING ABOUT COING IN AND KIDNAPPING.
THE CHILDREN, I ASKED WIN NOW COULD ONE GET IN THERE WITH THE GUARDS AND WIRE VENCE AND
ALL THAT WAS SUPPOSED TO BE THERE, HE SAID " ON. THERE'S A WAY, BUT IT HAS TO BE DONE
LEGALLY".

AL MAN STAY AND TAKE OVER THE COUNTRY SOME DAY, OR SOMEBODY HAT END UP
EMONTING HIM, THEN THE PROPER WOULD BE WITHOUT A LEADER. AND THEY WOULD WAKE UP
TO MOTHING.

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