2 Same of the second of the se and it is not properly by the second bad points - hotele about house and ford some times - beloved out now and then Finally - Kept up chose of laundy good point organised with work in Kitcher I cleve Survives 1 Cleve Surming bad poits I didn't speak up about almost brighing - seemed like he just lived there. good point - good attitude, helped around home fixed store and waster. 10 Charlie Vonohetterfor the radio and not being able to talk to BR3 hight along about his good sont - got out of house early -accomplished alot in one day compared to other even when or foot lelped out all the time and gave advice -11 " Bobbie Thands - sometimes regative and hostile asked Clandin to do things for his and & wonted more medication. Upset about flie Tothering him good points - volunteered to do things sometimes, Helis feel some quilt stant what happened it when he was series about how sorry he was

The second second second

rchuck Kirkindals: bad point - botile, seemed to express wonting to go home - got initated with me - he disaprel on something and I granted each one has right to oppose what a coordinator says or their maturations but he was very hostile on o asked to be sent home if he was going to do what I said the said he came to drive the truck and that was all de was going to, do -I gave him plenty of opportunity to try and find outside gobs - he could not me yet to a suggested Manylon make contacts for gobs - went on security to boat and left early to see - "they say a steel band"? good points he is hard worken, get out of house on time, fine attitude 13 Tony Walker: but be didn't seem to like to be told to do work around the house or go procuin and he would take time about do these things. good point - follow-then on PR jobs -Le world good in this area - as for as for things, apple -14 Joan Pursley:
ford prints - slow evorking on file she had
it was a boring of . good sont notwiting new people 0-12-6-160 of the second of with the state of the second o and the second s والمراسين والمعالمين أأراد والمور

17 - Commence of the star of the TO UD I 15 Tarik Baken: fad frit - slow sometimes, got mad with felen once and asked her why she didn't He later moderatored Charles fort problem and sid what she and of good point - had worken ; positive , willing to do what ever asked must of the time except for above instance. 16 Em Watkingbud formto - seemed to get an attitude hear the wind of her time - told me to go to Edith about every thing - Edith about a bed - they both water warted to sleep in the same aport good points - good worker, postio 1 Edith Bogue :- she seemed to forget this told to do the next day she wouldn't sure she we what they and slow some good points - posture, willing to do what asked, good worken, 18. Rhond Fortam: C-12-6-150 true for her to train Claudia about and she finally showed Chandia of 2

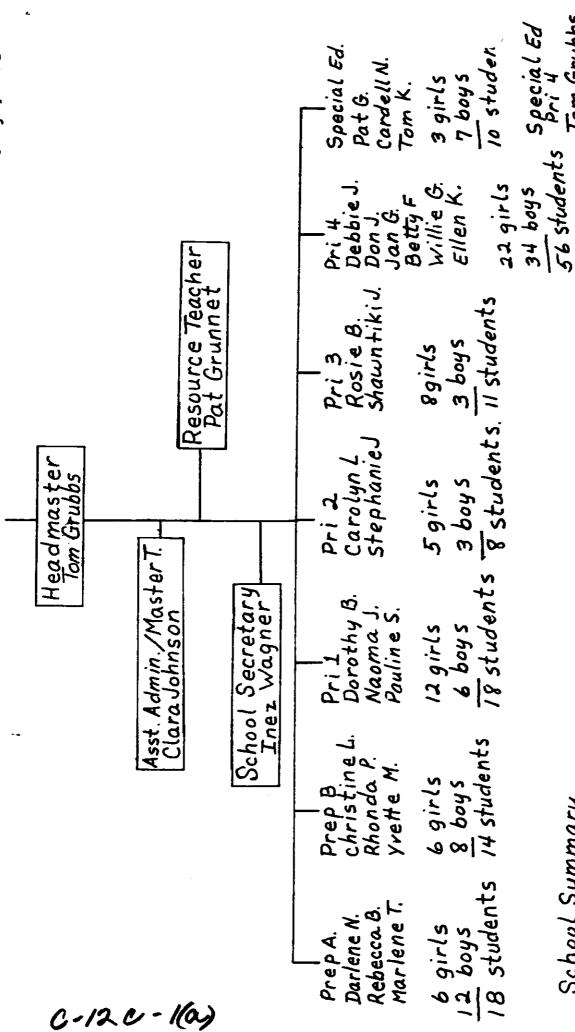
nites before Rhonda left,

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Ellmeniary & xicomuning

E L M D N T A R Y

Jonestown Community School
Primary Division
Report of July 7, 1978



School Summary

62 girls 73 boys 135 students

4girls 8boys 12 students

Tom Grubbs

21 Teachers 2 aids

STAFF RESPONSIBILITY STRUCTURE AND JOB DESCRIPTIONS

Position/title: Headmaster of the Jonestown Community School, Primary Division Person holding position: Tom Grubbs Job Description: as follows:

- 1. Attend and chair one teachers' meeting each day.
- 2. Teach special education classes $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours per day, 8:30-11:00.
- 3. Assisting teachers to assess student needs:
 - a. develop simple diagnostic tests for all skill areas of the elementary and Jr. High.
 - b. administration and analysis of standardized tests to determine weaknesses in the school program and individual student skills.
 - c. assist teachers to analyze test results for use as foundation for prescriptive teaching.

THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR HELPING TEACHERS TO ASSESS STUDENT NEEDS IS SHARED WITH CLARA JOHNSON.

- 4. Develop specific programs for remediation of weaknesses in these areas:
 - a. academic skill proficiencies.
 - b. study skill proficiencies.
 - c. study habits.
 - d. school/social behavior
- 5. Help teachers to plan lessons and units: interpret diagnostic tests, curriculum guides, select and/or adapt materials to meet student needs.
- 6. Develop goals, objectives, and behavioral objectives consistant with OUR values.
- 7. Administrative coordinating of 11 classes with 27 teachers and aids with approximately 146 students.
- 8. To teach and promote sound principles of child developmental psychology to teaching staff.
- 9. To read/study, evaluate, modify and adapt methods, systems and proceedures to meet our school's needs.
- 10. To develop a thorough and comprehensive checklist for teacher observations to serve for structuring observations and for reporting.
- 11. To function as disciplinarian/child councilor. This responsibility is shared with Clara Johnson.
- 12. To design and make teaching aids and materials.

RESPONSIBILITIES NOT RELATED TO TEACHING

- 1. Initiate and maintain a silent weapons training program for 43 persons.
- 2. Maintain and teach maintenance of the equipment and targets.
- 3. Scissor sharpening.
- 4. Occassional repair of eye glasses which are too difficult for the regular repairman.

C-12-C-16)

Position/title: Assistant Administrator, Master Teacher Person Holding position: Clara Johnson Job Description as follows:

As master teacher Clara is not assigned to any particular class but is free to visit at will or respond to requests by teachers to observe, assess, assist and suggest.

Her time is flexible though accounted for. She has time to search and select materials, ideas and methods suitable for the particular classes which ask for help or she and/or the administrator deem needing help.

Specifically, her duties include:

- 1. Assuring that teachers are in their classes 15 minutes before instruction time.
- 2. Assuring that teachers are adequately prepared to teacher, are using methods and materials appropriate to the ability levels of the students.
- 3. Observing classes during periods of instruction for the purpose of evaluating and critiqueing the teacher's methods, selection of materials and preparation.
- 4. Clara is charged with the responsibility to confront teachers following procedures or methods which have been rejected by the community or the teachers in faculty meeting.
- 5. Clara is charged with the responsibility to council, dicipline or refer disobedient students to teachers' meeting, student council or general council as she deems appropriate.
- 6. Clara is active in the training of teachers on-the-job and and in classes specificly designated for teacher training.

Tom and Clara work closely together on all of the above listed responsibilities. Good communication does exist and both parties are aware of the necessity of maintaining good communication.

Position/title: School Secretary Person holding position: Inez Wagner Job description as follows:

- 1. Inez functions as school typist.
- 2. maintains a record of minutes of the afternoon teachers' meetings.
- 3. maintains school records required by the Ministry of Education.
- 4. maintains an inventory of supplies and equipment.
- 5. dispenses supplies and materials and maintains a record of borrowed materials until they are returned.
- 6. maintains the school office/resource center in a clean and orderly manner.
- 7. endeavors to repair and maintain games and materials in a usable manner.

NOTE: Inez needs a helper. The task is too large for one person. She has had several temporary helpers assigned while convelescing, but the tasks require some one that can be trained and relied upon.

C-12-0-16)

Position/title: Teacher in the Jonestown Community School, Primary Division
Job description as follows:

It is the duty of each teacher to provide:

- 1. a safe environment at all times
- 2. a physical enviornment condusive to learning.
- 3. by precept and example the character qualities of a good socialist.
- 4. by discussions, presentations, examples and analysis, rewards and recognition the enhancement of understanding of Socialism/Communism as economic theory, economic practicality and lifestyle of cooperation.

Each teacher is responsible to:

- 1. assess the functional levels of his/her students in academic, study, social and work skills.
- 2. to establish goals consistant with the Guyanese curriculum guide, the ability of the student and the values of the community.
- 3. to present opportunities for adequate practice of skills taught/learned and opportunities to apply knowlege aquired.
- 4. to maintain such dilligence and awareness as will prevent problems and injuries.
- 5. to function as translater for the information, evaluations and instructions of the leader.
- 6. to teach good conservation practices and instill in each child the personal responsibility for conservation and preservation of the peoples property.
- 7. to instill in each child by precept and example a deep respect for all living things.
- 8. to instill in each child an awareness of, respect for and thoughtfullness to all young children, seniors and infirmed persons or handicapped persons.

AREAS OF STUDY INCLUDED IN THE GUYANESE CURRICULUM INCLUDE:

Language Arts including reading, English grammar, spelling and composition

Arithmetic and Math

Health Sciences

Physical Education

Social Studies

Music

Arts and Crafts

0-12-0-10)

PROJECTED PLANS FOR REORGANIZATION OR PROGRAM CHANGES

1. By the beginning of the next school term beginning in September we plan to expand our courses of study for the primary level to include music, crafts, health/science and physical education to bring us into conformity with the Guyanese guidlines. We intend that our expanded physical education program will include the lower primary classes in order to provide opportunities to develop perceptuemotor efficiency, participate in FUN group activities, encourage group activity, teach good sportsmanship and teach/learn games which the children can organize themselves during free time play.

The proposed alterations in program will undoubtedly produce changes in the present staff assignments, but as yet the exact changes are not known.

Another factor quite likely to affect the staffing of the school is the expected arrival of trained and experienced teachers and teacher sids from the states. Among those known or believed to be arriving soon are: Carol Stahn, credentialed and experienced primary level teacher; Don Beck, credentialed and experienced Kindergarten (Prep A) teacher; Jaquilla Wetzell, 5 years experience as a primary level teacher's aid; and Deloris Wilson, credentialed teacher with a Masters Degree and administrative credentials.

- .-2. Recently the Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills was administered to the Jr. High students.

 On the basis of this test 13 students will be advanced to the Community High School in the fall and other students will be regrouped into four ability groups and collectively take the Guyanese designation 'Primary 4'. The designation 'Jr. High' will be dropped.
 - 3. The CTBS test indicated more than a need to regroup the students. It showed that we need to change our mode of teaching. We have been using too much of the lecture and lecture/discussion approach with the result that the ability to conceptualize and verbalize has been developed far beyond the academic skills. The results glaringly indicate that we must provide more involvement on the part of the student in activities which call for the utilization and development of the academic skills. With few exceptions, agreed upon in advance, the lecture format should be abandoned for the primary level.
 - 4. The new school offices and teacher resourse library is planned to occupy one end of the pre-school building planned for near-future construction. It is anticipated that the school offices will move to that location when construction is complete.

PROBLEMS AFFECTING OUR EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM AT THE PRIMARY LEVEL

C-12-C-1(e)

1. We have of course been functioning with teachers who had no prior training nor experience as educators. This, along with insufficient materilas for several levels, has resulted in the domination of the lecture mode of teaching. However, I desire to focus upon the teacher situation.

We have suffered a serious teacher turn-over problem. On a number of occassions when the teacher got to know the students, developed a raport with them, gained some experience with their needs and ability level, learned what materials and methods were appropriate for their needs — they were reassigned to another area of function. Examples are: Joan Persley, Corlis Boute', Sandy Jones, Karen Layton, Daisy Stroud, Shanda James, Tricia Cartmell, and Liane Amos.

Each time a teacher was removed the students floundered while the teacher tried to get to know the students, materials, curriculum and methods. Also, each time the students had their emotional raport disrupted they were more hesitant to re-establish it with another teacher. The result was that the teacher did not have a good raport to use as a behavior control, disipline problems were more frequent and more severe for long periods following a change of teachers.

On the basis of the preceeding paragraph, I recommend that a concerted effort be made to select teachers who desire to make teaching their life work and train them adequately for the job. However, even with a good training program it takes the average teacher two

years to become an effective teacher. Unfortionately, teaching is still an art to be learned before it can be successfully applied. Teaching methods can not be applied as simply as a recipe.

At this time I know of three present teachers who have expressed that they do not want to make teaching their life work. One of them even expressed that she did not want to study to become a good teacher because whe did not want to be 'frozen' in teaching, being considered to valuable to let go.

The tree teachers who have expressed a desire not to remain teachers are: Stephanie Jones, Yvette Muldrow, and Dorothy Brewer. I suggest that as soon as practical that replacements be chosen to begin training as understudies to replace them. * Olso Shawahki Johason

- 2. The children have out-grown the existing playground across from the dining tent. I suggest that since the beans have been harvested from the field formerly designated as the new children's playground, it be prepared to begin construction of the new playground.
- 3. There are insufficient arts and crafts materials with which to teach the arts and crafts classes proposed for next fall to fulfil that area of the Guyanese curriculum. We need to find what, where and how the school in Port Kaituma acquires the materials with which to operate its arts and crafts classes.
- -4. As of this time there are insufficient materials for the Prep A&Blevels.
 - 5. The school is still functioning under conditions of excessive noise and visual distractions.
 - 6. There is a serious problem scheduling and adhering to schedules when the teachers do not have any means of telling time. Too few teachers have watches; clocks are not available. The result is that some classes go too long, some are too short, recesses are allowed to go too long at the expense of instruction time and teachers can not coordinate well the exchange of students in some of the classes. It would be helpful if there was some Community-wide time announcement system. Such a system could announce the time by voice or bell tone on the hour and half-hour.

Another related problem is that cottage supervisors not knowing the time do not collect their students on time for maps nor get them back to school on time after maps. The result is the afternoon program is disrupted and delayed waiting for 'enough' students to return to warrent beginning the class. A similar problem again occurs in the afternoon after school. Several cottage supervisors are late collecting their students after school necessitating teachers to be late to faculty meetings.

- 7. Several of the present teachers are also cottage supervisors of primary age children. This poses several problems.
 - a. those teachers are usually late or absent to morning teachers meeting.
 - b. those teachers are not available for effectiveness training classes.
 - c. those teachers are frequently not available for late afternoon or evening teachers meetings or training workshops.
 - d. those teachers do not have adequate time to prepare lessons or do do necessary reading of the teacher resource materials.
- 8. There is still an insufficient number of tables in the community. Other depts, take the tables normally used by the school and in the mornings the teachers must locate the tables, sometimes endure conflicts, and arrange transportation of the tables back to their class spaces. Even at best, most of the tables are too high for the students and the spaces between the boards cause the pencil leads to break necessitating excessive sharpening of the pencils raising the replacement cost. It is desireable that at the first opportunity that the present school tables be replaced with plywood-top tables that are designed and constructed to meet the needs of the students.

C-12-C-14

- 9. The School Pavillon near Sojourner Truth hall leaks badly because of the numerous holes in the tamp. When it rains, all education materials must be collected and protected from the water. Needless to say, this time of year the classes under that Pavillon are frequently disrupted. Either a new tarp is needed or the numerous holes need patching.
- 10. When the Guyanese textbooks arrive there will be approblem of storage. Nearly 650 books will be added to our stock of books. Even more important will be the problem that they need to be located in the class area to prevent transporting them in the rain.

The construction of 8 more book cabinets which would be located near the classes each serves would provide a satisfactory answer.

FINANCIAL PROJECTION

With the purchase of the supplies ordered as the two year projection the Primary School will be in fairly good supply. Because of the manner in which the materials are used_ (wax lead markers on plastic over-covers) the consumption rate for materials for the Primary School is very low.

Our system of control and records permits us to keep an accurate account of the rate of materials consumption and by whom. Any use rate that seems unusually high is investigated and admonition or suggestion for changes given.

For the most part, the operation of the school need not be a further drain on the project

economy. The Ministry of Education will supply consumable items.

A major expense item, however, will be the construction of the permanent school structure It is unlikely that construction on this project will begin for another 18 months. It is quite difficult to determine the cost of the buildings as the construction design and seze has not yet been determined.

Items for construction in the near future.

17 smooth-top tables, preferably topped with plywood or masonite. Tables to be made to the size specifications for children. 17 X \$120 = \$2040

8 Book cabinets to house the new Guyanese textbooks. 8 X \$100 =\$800

Estimated cost of materials needed for the new children's playground \$600.

Estimated number of feet of shelving required for the new school office/resource center 300 board feet at an estimated cost of \$300. It is quite likely that the shelving can be made of lumber harvested from our land.

Sum of projection: costs of this report: \$3,740.

C-12-C-19

JONESTOWN COMMUNITY SCHOOL STAFF SCHOOL, AND COMMUNITY FUNCTIONS

NAME	SUBJECT(S)	SPECIALLIES	EXTRA CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES
Beikman, Rebecca	Writing, Science Distar Reading Program	Writing, Distar Reading Program	Socialist Teacher, Bird Care Sewing, Apt. #1 Supvr.
Brewer, Dorothy	Math, Language Arts, Social Science		Supervisor, Apt. #1
Burgines, Rosie	Math, Language Arts, Social Science		Councilor, Sewing, Needs
Fitch, Betty	Math, Language Arts, Black History	Mathematics	Socialist Exams (Oral)
Grady, Willie	Basic Math, Language Arts, Physical Education	Sports Training, Remediating Learning Disa- bilities	Playground Maintenance
Grubbs, Thomas	Headmaster SEE SUMMARY OF ADMINISTRATION	N RESPONSIBILITIES	AND ACTIVITIES
Grunnet, Pat	Reading, Language Arts, Math, Social Science	Reading, Learning Disabilities	Apt. #1 Supervisor (Full Time) Pre-School Advisor
Gurvich, Jann	Math Language Arts, Black History, Socialism	Socialism Language Arts	Grade Coordinator/Socialism Tests, Socialist Teacher, Legal Aide to Terry Buford and Carolyn Layton, WRSM(Steerin Committee)
Jackson, Donald	Math, Language Arts, Socialism, Black History Spanish, Political Enlight-	Spanish, Black History	Photography, Socialist Teacher, Barber
Jensen, Debbie	enment Math, L a nguage Arts, Socialism	Crafts, Embroi- ery	Socialist Teacher, Co- Chairman of Steering Committee (WRSM)
Johnson, Clara	SEE STANTRY BER MASHERISTRATION	ON RESPONSIBILITIES	

6-12-0-116)

NAME *	SUBJECT(S)	SPECIALTIES	EXTRA CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES
Johnson, Naoma	Math, Language Arts	Typing, Hand- writing	Socialist Teacher, Child Care
Johnson, Shawntiki	Math, Language Arts, Social Science		Child Care
Jones, Stephanie	Math, Language Arts (High School Student)	Art, Math	Dentist
Looman, Carolyn	Math, Language Arts, Social Science	Crafts	Apt. #1, Supervisor(Full Ti) Letter Writing
Lucientes, Christine	Math, Language Arts Handwriting		Admimistration Secretary
Muldrow, Yvette	Phonics, Reading	Typing, Sewing	Child Care
Neal, Cordell	Math, Language Arts, Socialism, Black History	Spanish, Black History	Photography, Socialist Teacher, Barber
Newman, Darlene	Math, Language Arts, Social Science		Socialist Teacher and Test Grader, Needs Committee
Page, Rhonda	Creative Writing, Math	Typing, Sewing	Councilor, Child Supervisor
Simon, Pauline	Language Arts, Math	Typing, Music, Sewing, Cooking	Socialist Teacher(plus Addi- tional classes)
Stroud, Daisy	English, Math	Typing, Sewing, Chinese	
Wheeler, Marlene	Math, Language Arts Perceptual Skills	Perceptual Train- ing	Perceptual Train- WRSM Teacher, Student Council, ing
Wothersnoon, Peter	Language Arts, Math Science, Spanish	Crafts	Macrame, Grafts

Elementary + Ferminas
Medical Records

PEDIATRIC OPTHAMOLOGY REFORT

The following students are those that need glasses. I have found that most of the children that have behavioral problems also have visual p roblems. Most of the Baisey children have visual problems.

Mark and Issac Rhodes both have bad vision. However so does their mother. The following ar e definitions describing the different problems entailed.

Exophoria-Abnormal turning of one or both eyes outward.

Esophoria- Abnormal turning of one or both eyes inward.

Strabismus- Lack of muscular coordination

Visual acuity*- chart test, normal vision 20/20

Visual Fields- The space within which an object can be seen while the eye remains fixed on some one point.

Cupping- an early sign of glaucoma(increased int raouclar pressure)

Bilat- In both

The followin are a list of children and their various problems;

Wanda Baisey. The Dr's int the states told her mother that she had a retinal or optic nerve disease which will cause her to go blind. Her visual aduit y is 20/100 bilat. How ever it changes at times. Her visual fields are greatly decreased, she now has tunnel vision. Upon examination I nor Dr. Schacht found and optic nerve or retinal disease. However we still have to do a more thourough exam. The Dr. in the states also that hada is to wear sunglasses at all times. Since she has been here she has never worn the glasses I reccently gave her a pair to wear. Her visual acuity has decreased greatly sin she has been here. We have not yet decided what we are going to so about rida. We need an opthamologists consultation.

Ra ymond McKnight was found to be blind in his right eye. The cause not really known. We think it may be due to a fall he had from an examining table at 6 weeks old. Fr m the fall he obtained a skull fracture. His retina appead to be degenorating. Iter consultation with row Grubos we found Raymond to be oriented to the right hand and foot. In order to deep Raumon from having more coordination problems and mental confusion she will have to be trained to use his right left hand and feet. I fell that his present coordination problems may be due to his left eyed and right handedness. I have talked with Tom on various way of going about thes. We should have an opthamologistationsult ation.

Mark thodes A child with many behavioral problems has a significant eye problem. He has cupping in his eyes. This was also not d in his in there eyes. Is a c also has be found to have a bad visual problem. Marks visual aduity is 20/50, 20/40

Issac Rhodes Visual acuity 20/400 Bilat. His visual fields are greatl, constrited.

Derrick Walker Visual acuity 20/100. 20/ 35 with decreased vi uh fields. Exoph noted on conver gerce (looking cros. eyed)

Alfreda March Visual acuity 20/100 bilat. She was born nearsigh ted.

Alfred March lso born nearsighted. His last pair of glasses were obtained in GT. They were sent in to get remired and were lost there.

Teresa Cordell Visual acuit y 20/50, 29/100 Her last pair glasses were lost in the states.

Judy Houston Visual acuity 20/20, 20/800 with glasses. Her present glas es are badl scratch ed and the personip tion is too old.

"awabLawarence Visual actity 20/5 0 20/40 He also has muscle weekness Ronald Campbell Visual actity 20/40, 20/50

Tina came Christian 20/40, bilat. with glasses. 20/50 bilat without glasses. Her present glasses are not stronge enough.

Trinadette Baisey Visual acuity 20/40 bilat. Visual fields greatly decreased Intermittent exo and esophoria noted bilaterally

Julie Runnels Visual acuity 20/50 bilat. Medial Rectus muscles unable to work symultaneously(-pt. unable to look cross eyed)

James Baisey Visual acuity 2 0/30 bilat. Slight esophoria noted

Betty J. Gill Visual acuity 20/40 bilat. Strabismus noted in the left eye with exophoria. Visual fields decreased greatly.

Loretha Buckley Visual acuity 20/30. 20/50 Visual fields greatly decreased.

Joyce McIntyre Visual acuity 20/30, 20/25

Anita March visual acuity 20/25, 20/30

Dominque Gardfrey Visual activity 20/50, 20/40

Kecia Baisey Visual acuity 20/30 bilat. Strabismus noted in the right eye to be exotropic. C up ping also noted bilat. Present glasses were lost in route to Guyana.

Sonya Evans Visual acuity 20/30 Bilat. Strabismus noted to be esophoria two burney Chris Buckles Obrisc Euckles Obrisc Euckles Derrick Johnson Visual acuity 20/30 bilat. Slight strabismus noted to be esophori Glenell Johnson Visual acuity 20/30 bilat Present glasses lost Glenell Johnson Visual acuity 20/40 bilat

Shiron Johnson Visual acuity 20/35, 20/30

Stephannie Smith Visual acuity 20/75, 20/35 With decreased visual fields.

Kim Rochelle Visual scuity 2 0/35 bilat with esophoria noted

Thanny Garciaround to have strabismus in her left eye. there is a slight decrease in the visual acuity in that eye. Srt bismus in uncorrected will cause blindness in that eye. I think tiffany should see an opthamologist. The treatment for strabismus is surgery.

C-12-c-26

cont pg5

NAME	AGE	PARENT
Derrick Johnson	8	Ira Johnson
Glenell Johnson	7	Patsy Johnson
Shiron Jonhson	11	Patsy John s on
Stephannie Smith	13	Barbara Smith
Kim Rochelle	11	₩ anda -B
Wanda Baisey	14	Shirley Baisey

***This lis is as of 7/7/78 I would imagine that this list will groww daily.

THAND DAD,

CorlisD Boutte

TO: A VA JONES

Medical Broods

FROM: JUDY IAJMES

RE: SCHEDULE, DUTIES, HEALTH CARE OF JUNIOR HIGH AND HIGH SCHOOL

I have been assigned as the practitioner for the junior high school and high school students. My duties related to them are as follows;

- 1. Responsibility for following the health and progress of these students.
- 2. To do complete physical examinations on all of these students at least once a year hopefully twice.
- After seeing each student it will be my responsibility to refer them to the appropriate people for exams in their speacial area, i.e., Shanda for dental check up, Corlis for eye exam, to Sharon, Joyce or Larry for problems which need further evaluation. I also will be responsible to see that this is followed up.
- 4. Weekly body checks of the junior high students for sores, athletes foot, live, etc. and problems that might otherwise go undetected and untreated for long periods of time.
- 5. To do weekly weights on all students and watch for weight loss or excessive gain and present to the diet committee (of which I am a member) for appropriate diet therapy.
 - 6. To do specific treatments not done in the nurses office, i.e. ear treatments, wound treatments, etc.

7. To give all immunizations required

Routine schedule _ as follows:

6:30 - 7:30 review charts of the patients being seen that day

7:30 - 12:00 physical exams & write up, special treatments

12:00 - 12:30 Lunch

12:30 - 2:00 Follow up on problems

2:00 - 4:00 Meeting or class time

4:00 - 5:00 Break

5:00 - 6:50 Study material involved in Practitioner course

Variations from this schedule:

Monday - weigh high school girls 7:00p - 9:00p

Tuesday - Medical staff meeting 2000 - 4000

Wednesday - Practitioner class with Joyce and Sharon 2:00 - 4:00

Thursday - 10:30 - 1:00 Supervising nurse in nurses office

Friday - Peer review with Larry

Saturday - Check Jr. High School weights and body check 1:00
4:00 Break 4:00 - 6:00 Supervising Nurse in
nurses office 6:00 - 10:00

Sunday - 1 Day Morning used for follow up and paper work

Monday - Supervising nurse in nurses office from 6:30a-10:00p with a break from 11:00-2:00

- THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL AND HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR SEFING AND FOLLOWING THE HEALTH CARE OF:

AMOS, CHRISTA.
AMOS, MARTIN

AMDESON, MARCUS

AMDRESON, MARCUS

CORDELL, JIMMY

CORDELL, GIARD

CORDELL, MAREL

CORDELL, RITAR

CORDELL, MAREL

CORDELL, RITAR

CORDELL, RITAR

CORDELL, RITAR

CORDELL, RITAR

DANNES, REMANN

DANNES, REMANN

DANNES, REMANN

DANNES, REMANN

DANNES, RAMNY

DENNIS, PAPTY

DENNIS, ROMALD

DOUGLAS, CALVIN

DENNIS, ROMALD

DOUGLAS, CALVIN

DENNIS, ROMALD

JONES, TIM (MARCUS

JONES, TIM (MIGHT)

MARCUS, JONES

JONES, REMANN

JONES, TEVEN

JONES, TIM (MIGHT)

JONES, TIM (MIGHT)

JONES, TIM (MIGHT)

MARCUS, MARTUN

JONES, TEVEN

JONES, TIM (MIGHT)

MICHALLE

MICHAEL

JONES, MARCUS

JONES, TRACT

JONES, TIM (MIGHT)

JONES, TEVEN

JONES, TRACT

JONES, MICHALL

JONES, T

The state of the s

POLK, JOYCE
PONTS, DONNA
RAMEY, DARLENE
REED, KENNY
ROEINSON, ORLADO
ROCHELLE, KIM
RODRIQUES, AURORA
SANTIAGO, ALIDA
SLY, MARK
SMITH, KELLY
SMITH, KIRTAS
SMITH, KRISTA
SMITH, OLLIE
SMITH, STEPHANIE
SMITH, YOLANDA
SOLOMAN, TINY

STONE, TRACY
SWANEY, STEPHANIE
THOMAS, WHILITA:
TRUSS, CORNELIUS
TUPPER, JANET
TUPPER, LARRY
TUPPER, LARRY
VICTOR, LILLIE
WADE, KEITH
WAGNER, MARK
WALKER, DERRICK
WALKER, NEWHAUNDA
WAREEN, BRENDA
TRREN, GLORIA
WARREN, JANICE

WHEELER, JEFF
WHITMORE, LISA
WILSON, BURRELL
WILSON, EZEKIAL
WILSON, JERRY
WRIGHT, KEITH
WRIGHT, LISA
WRIGHT, STANLEY

TOTAL OF 190 STUDENTS.

- R. If you were going to die in a week, what would be the ultimate thing you would take care of?
- J. That's a pretty hard question, being that I have an enormous commitment to people, a large number of people that I would be responsible for. That would be enormously hard for me to answer. I want to give as much time to the people I love, not just limited to my "nuclear family;" it's a much larger scope. There would be a priority. My children. I have adopted many, and have one natural born. I try to live every day as if it might be the last. Death is a reality. To a controversial person, it's a vivid reality all the time, so I try, when I pass people, my children, my companion, others...I try to extend as much love as I can every day because I would want to be sure that they knew I loved them as much as humanly possible to love. I deeply want them to know that. I try to do that on a daily basis because sometimes one doesn't have a week. So I guess built into me is the thought I could die anytime.

R. What's love?

- J. It's genuine concern for people. I've tried to overcome needing people; it's a terrible burden. I haven't overcome it but I try not to impose my needs on others. There are a lot of people who are needy, so I try to be one of those persons who can respond to need as much as possible. And you never do it as adequately as you feel it should be done.
- R. Don't you think that somebody can be an (asset?) to somebody else as far as needs are concerned?
- J. Not totally, but you can help them. You can LIVE to help them. Help them in terms of finding solutions <code>kextheir</code> within themselves. I don't believe in building very strong dependencies. I don't want to build any dependencies at all, if I can avoid that.
- R. How can you escape them? Thousands of people depend on you, I mean, a good many...
- J. I don't escape it. But I would like to, because, if I died, I wouldn't want anyone to suffer hurt or pain any more than necessary. That's why I am trying to develop an institution that greatly functions without my presence.
- R. How is the ideal country that you would dream about?
- J. A country that has a great sharing of the wealth. Thank you for asking that. You're sensitive. I would consider ideal a country where race made no difference, where whether a person believed in God or didn't believe in God would be irrelevent. A country where there was equal opportunity, but a great deal of sharing of the resources...that's idealistic and Utopian, I'm sure. But that would be my ideal. I would be happy to live in a society where I had a lot less than anyone else if I could see everyone else having enough.

- R. How do you see yourself in ten years?
- J. Probably dead. I think at the pace I go, it's a possibility. I work very extensively, have threats on my life from the Nazis, and threats on my life from the Ku Klux Klan, threats on my life from even certain militants of the far Left as well as the far Right. I think it's plausible that sometime, someone will get me.
- R. (?)...unselfish attitude you must look after yourself because people need you.
- J. I try to do that and yet I am not doing it well enough. And yet when someone comes with needs, so many crises come from every angle, you don't know where to say "no." It's very difficult to develop boundaries, but you're quite right...I have no argument for that. I think I get by with a lot less rest than most people can. I think that's been proven.
- R. You get two hours...
- J. But two hourse are not enough, not now. I think earlier in my life it was not that important, but now, I am beginning to feel it.
- R. If a good fairy came to you with a magic wand, and said you could have three goals, what would they be, right now?
- J. Three goals. Oh, my,...idealistic goals or realistic goals?
- R. Realistic.
- J. First, I'd like to see a world that would not have to live underneath the shadow of nuclear war, the sword of Damocles; Second, a world free from hunger; Third, a world where there's happiness. And I don't think that comes from material things alone. Genuine happiness would have to develop out of tolerance, understanding....
- R. Do you ever make mistakes?
- J. Not every minute.
- R. What was the biggest one?
- J. That's very difficult when you make many.
- R. But what was the worst thing you ever did?
- J. That was probably not to stand up publicly and denounce Senator McCarthy earlier than I did. For the sake of the family....not to protect myself. But I let him get by with too much. Even though I was one of the earlier ones to denounce him, it wasn't early enough. That was the worst thing, because he almost led the nation into a menacing, cruel kind of fascism.

- R. What about I was saying, just for the storybook, how do you see what will happen with the Indian people in this country?
- J. It depends. If we continue to build, to evolve into a more democratic society, acceptance will take place. If we have an economic turn for the worse I can see that we could have fascism. We have a rising trend of racism. You mentioned seeing 63 Nazis gathered together in the most liberal area of America. It's been clea fy presented what Hitler did. But we even have a faculty member of Northwestern University who publishe a book that denies that the Holocaust ever took place. It's called The Hoax of the Twentieth Century. This book is in popular demand, and is being circulated by many right wing groups. It just depends upon which way things go. I have a feeling that no nation is immune to fascism. No nation is immune to the kind of things Hitler did, partially as a result of public apathy. Germans right next door to the concnetration camps said they didn't know what was happening. It's hard for me to conceive of that, but I think it's possible for people to rationalize...
- R. I was wondering with the Indian...I did not see any answers when I came back from (name of reservation). It was very heavy...
- J. Very heavy. When we helped Dennis Banks, we did what we could, but it was only a drop in the bucket. Even \$20,000 is a drop in the bucket.
- R. Well, still it's a big thing.
- J. Kind of you to say so. But in terms of the many Indians living on reservations, living in a paternalistic society, it's very difficult. It could be that we will see the disappearance of the Native American as we're seeing in Brazil and many other parts of the world.
- R. What is happening in this city that makes you really mad?
- J. Racism makes me very mad. Indifference by those that have so much property. The International Hotel situation, where people for 40 years have lived in one place. It's owned by a corporation that's been rumored to receive their funds from tax dollars that were given to aid people in the Far East, then that money ends up in the hands of people it was not intended for. They come over here and buy property, dispossess elderly, then go to the extent of using the machinery of the law and the courts to uphold it. I guessII am more incensed that there's still a prevalent attitude that we should put property rights above human rights.
- R. If you'd like to go somewhere else, away from America, where would you go?
- J. South America, carve out a little community there. Far away from civilized society. Impossible, really. An island in the sea someplace that hasn't been noted on any particular map, if you could find it.
- R. But at least you would recreate what you have here; at least I hope you would.

- J. I would. I didn't mean I would go it alone.
- R. Who was the most impressive person you ever met?
- J. The one that comes immediately to mind is Laura Allende, because she's the most recent. It deeply inspired me to see her give of herself so freely here when she was in much obvious pain. It was very touching to realize that she had three speaking engagements the day she came here, and yet, when she found that she could speak to over 3,000 people, she insisted that she must take that opportunity for the sake of her fellow countrypeople who were being tortured in Chile. She touched me very profoundly. She's a very committed human being.
- R. What do you think of woman's lib?
- J. I think it's important that women be liberated. I would have liked to have seen some of those middle class women work a little harder to have liberated some black people, some poor whites, some Indians, too. I think it's all very important. The liberation of women leads to the liberation of men. I think the woman has a right to be freed from the image the man's world has created for her.
- R. You mean, no dependency at all?
- J. Well, if that's her choice. She has the right to be what she wants to be. I believe a person has a right to their own sexual preferences, their own sexual orientation.
- R. Should be aware of what she wants to be...
- J. Right, to be what she wants to be. That's what I mean by her emancipation. She has a right to be what she perceives as her role -- not what men project on to her.
- R. If she knows, if she is going to find out what she wants to be, how do you suggest that she go about knowing what she wants to be?
- J. Well, I duess it helps to talk with others.
- R. Women's education...
- J. It's very difficult; it's quite a man's world still. So I think that the liberation movements are very important, for women to get together and decide their own types of programs to study. This would be true for every society. It's not only Western society that has this problem. It exists in the non-Western, socialist world. There's an overemphasis on the male in all facets. Religion. Even making God a "he," Who knows if that is so? Deity could be feminine, though an even greater question, beyond the Gender of God, is the question of the very existence of Deity.
- R. Did you ever think about writing your memoirs?
- J. I'm not a good enough writer to write memoirs. No, not a sufficient writer to do that. I think that a lot of people have written well about their lives, and history has plenty of good guidelines if we would study and follow them.

- R. But what about good people writing about uninteresting lives? It's not because they're good that they can write a good book. You've had a fascinating life; you could write a fascinating book.
- J. You have to have the skill to write, though.
- R. I know, but aren't you scared of writing a book?
- J. Well, I couldn't write a book that would be worth reading.
- R. Oh, but you would write it with someone, but don't you think you have a lot to give people at the level of a book?
- J. I don't know. You'd have to know that. I think that we have Martin Luther King. We've done very little to emulate him. We have Cesar Chavez. Very few people know him though he is so widely exposed. Dennis Banks is a good man. There are a lot of people we could start with before me. I'm not that widely known. I'm thinking of utility; too. I think it's a shame that more wasn't exposed of the life of a person like Dennis Banks, because his commitment (and his wife's), is very tremendous. A book about them would be really fascinating. I'm more isolated in one area of the nation, though I minister in other places. I wonder how many people are reading, though. I hope they're reading more than I anticipate.
- R. You mean, in a general way?
- J. Yes, in a general way.
- R. Well, the world is reading.
- J. Well, it may be in France. I don't know.
- R. Yeah, I don't know the average. I think the world reads a lot.
- J. I hear different newspeople, and they give me different answers-perspectives. Most I've met lately are wondering about it, at least. The "boob tube," the television—it's almost created an addiction. I notice that reading is decreasing. I've seen some statistics, I can't quote them offhand, but reading has significantly decreased since the age of television.
- R. IN France, they become, they start to ε et addicted to TV, but it's not as bad as here.
- J. Children watch 4-5 hours a day...
- R. What do you think irritates you when you meet someone? Sometimes we get one feeling outs of somebody. What stand out in your mind?
- J. I've overcome that. I don't make immediate reactions to people anymore. I've learned, from too many mistakes, that it is very bad business to make an initial judgement. We can't know all our own subjective reactions. I may react to a person because they subconsciously remind me of a teacher I had in school. XXX I'm careful not to let that bar me from going on. I don't think I'm critically irritated.
- R. But deep down, there must be somethins, even if you overcome it, I'm sure you do. C /2 d /0

- J. Well, it's not looks or appearance. When a person opens his mouth and comes out with crass insestivity about people, about the aged, or race, or shows intolerance that bothers me. I think we need a great deal of tolerance in our society. I'm motivated heterosexually, and I don't have any homosexual need that I am aware of, but recently someone made a crack about a gay person that infuriated me. I don't think that sexual persuasion or orientation has a damn thing to do with what a person is. I don't think that it should enter in. I don't like these jokes about people. And there's a lot of it in America. Particularly some males are so insecure about their own sexuality that they have to make commends.
 - R. In this country, I've seen females insecure. If I was a man, I could not stand the general...they x just present xx them so dumb, they just emasculate them. This was my general, I've been here three years.
 - J. You've got a better perspective than I because we're insulated. Here it is not the case. The church is sort of a world within a world. The women are not that way in this congregation, so you would see more of that than I.
 - R. How do you relax?
 - J. With my children, with my wife. A little reading. Sex. I don't like television very much. Occasioafily. Roots was interesting, and a documentary or xxx two.
 - R. I gave Tim Carter the address of a kind of friend of mine who is Vice President of Walpole production company, who produced <u>Roots</u>. He also <u>am</u> made this movie about Chief Joseph. American producer, very wealthy, warm, sensitive guy. I suggest you send every kind of material you have about the church here, and I shall write him. He's always a good...a good man. If someday he is here, I really wish he stop by and say hello. Who knows? As I was saying, this place could make a tremendous documentary.
 - J. It could. I was asking because if it could, it would be worthwhile How had you heard of us, but the way? I dign't realize we were...
 - R. Cecil.
 - J. Oh. Cecil. I like Cecil.
 - R. I was here for Martin Luther King Day.
 - J. Well, you know my philosophy. You've heard it.
 - R. You have a very scary person.
 - J. I'm scary? Oh, dear, I don't want to be scary!
 - R. I don't know if you know it or not, but you are.
 - J. K what way? Elaborate. I'm interested.
 - R. Strength. Realm genuine strength. It's scary. It's a huge tood...
 - J. It can be used for good or for evil.

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- R. You are sensitive. But, it's beautiful.
 - J. You're quite correct. Strength is beautiful. But, of course, Hitler had strength. too.
- R. Yeah, but his sickness was as big as the amount of strength that he had. You could feel that.
- J. I don't understand German but I could sense it in his delivery. It's very hard at least for me to determine a good persoix from a bad person, Xexxexxexexexexexexexexic unless I understand the language. Fidel Castro is a strong person, I think a good person. He may be more authoratic than some would prefer. I can't ascertain that. I know Cuba...it!s a good solution for the Cuban people. There's a general state of well being there. But Castro, when he's wound up, and Hitler when he was wound up it was very hard if you didn't understand the language to know the enormous difference.
- R. But still you get some vibration from them...
- J. I was just thinking that the general public would have some difficulty with strength -- so I'm "scary," I suppose. I don't like to be. It's too bad.
- R. Wellm I think it's about power, and you're a very powerful person.
- J. I wish people could see me as a godd person, because I am a good person. Power...
- R. Goodness is scary too. It's rare and evrything rare to me is scary.
- J. I love to find good people and I'm sure your're not scared of finding <u>food</u> people. You must find so many that are not; you're glad thind good people.
- A. What's a good person?
- J. Well, a person that's got their ego under some control, you know, and is willing to live and let live. Some people have such insatiable ego, a desire for power. I think the only person who's capable of leading is someone that doesn't like leading. Really doesn't basically like it. Then that person may be capable of being a representative of the people. I wish to see people someday moving on one level. I'm afraid of strong leaders. Strong leaders can be very dangrous. They can lead us to demagoguery. You've got to know your own mind. You've got to be aware of what's going on in your ego. Know yourself.
- R. How can you protect yourself against a huge ego trip that logically everybody can expect to find and obviously you don't, I mean you're not on it.
- J. I'm glad you're sensitive to that. Beacuse so many people—it troubles me when they come here, they expect me to be on that kind of trip. I think it's very difficult for us to see in someone else what's not in ourselves. Most difficult. Many, people have difficult envisioning that I'm not getting something out of a leadership role. All I'm getting out of this is pain, which $C_{-1}Q_{-1}d_{$

I'd like to be free of. I can honestly say, if I had anyone who could take my place today, I would welcome it, that would be my greatest ambition. To just get relief from this sense of being needed, I want to be needed, but not so much. Too many needs coming at me from too many directions, and I can't cope with all of them. I try but I know I'm not coping with them as well as I should. How do you prevent ego trips? Well, you look at history and see people who've done the geatest good, they all end up in the same place—the grave. Life's very short, at the best. I don't know how people can feel so important. The greatest souls have been wiped out. The most pwerful people have been wiped out. I really can't imagine... the greatest movements, the most popular leaders, popular one day and in disfavor the next. Take Jesus Christ: one week they were going to crown him king of kings and god of gods, and the next week they crucified him. I think if anyone would look at history, it would be easy to stay out of an ego trip.

- R. That's easy for you... Is there anything you miss, anything that you did not do yet that you would like to do?
- J. Travel. I'd like to see a lot more of the world. Meet more people, as long as they didn't need me too much. I get involved, evryth get someplace. I think in America we should have some guilt beacuse we are living in the affluence that the Third World, the less privilege have helped to create, and that has also been somewhat brought about by multi-nationals that have not handled their responsibilities in the kindliest, in the fairest manner.
- R. Where do you think about travelling, you say you miss travelling...
- J. A number of places. Europe, China, Scviet Union, Scandinavia, the Arab Republics, Israel. Not in that order necessarily. The whole world. I don't want to see more people hungry. India. I don't think I could handle that right now. I see enough pain, enough suffering. I don't want to see any more pain for a little while. Maybe later I 'll go to India if I have to.
- R. Describe to me one of your day---what did you do today? Seven a.m. on...
- J. What did I do today? Counseled a woman going to commit suicide; talked to someone who was on drugs; talked to someone else who wanted to leave her husband; dealt with a host of problems I couldn't go into. Tried to get the newspaper distribution worked out. I went on a radic show for an hour. I interviewed with five reporters. I talked with the Public Advocates on what we could do about a number of problems, discrimination in the police department, discrimination on the various levels of the community, International Hotel, which seems to still not have a legal resolution; we got a postponement but there are a lot of things left to be done. I met with a group of trucke who felt they were not getting fair treatment in the mayor's office. I met with another group, NAACP, and Cecil Williams, on another matter to talk to the Mayor about. I met with a group of Commissioners on housing. I wrote letters from one til six and have not been tobed since some time Monday night. I didn't lay down last night. Numb. Not the best time for you, I'm sorry that you have to interview me now because I'm not as quick . you know. I'd be upstairs dealing with business otherwise. But that's alright, you're a nice person, so it's no problem. I like to be probed. It's good: for the mind to have

- people ask you questions. Introspection, self-analysis is good, but others asking their very pointed questions... and you ask very second questions.
- R. What did you say to the woman who wanted to commit suicide?
- I. Well, it was a pretty complex situation. Children involved, husband involved, so I had to put a little bit of responsibility on her, she didn't feel she was needed. She felt like he could live without her, which was grossly ridiculous. Her husband too busy, and the children making their natural growth; it just appeared that they were getting along without her. I agreed to meet with the family and help to have some interchange so that she could better realize. That' just the basic thing, I put her in the hands of three other counselor to follow up on the situation. So I!m really not in touch with what's happeneing right now. But that's initially what I told her I could do. I assured her from things I knew about the man, he is not a member of the church, that he did care for her very much but that he was very preoccupied with business and pressures.
- R. What is from your point of view the Number 1 problem of American people?
- J. I see the general problem of apathy, unwillingness to get involved I also see the pressure of economics being severe. Yet, we're not as pressured in that sense, as many cultures which seem to have more warmth for each other, more cordiality. Our big problem, dangerous for the future of democracy, is that we're an apathetic people.
- R. How do you expect people to be 'able to be awakened?
- J. Media has a great responsibility. There has to be more stimulation from the media. Television's got to be filled with something more than just action serials. In television, a nice word for violence is "action serials". Religion is to futuristic, too involved in speculation about what the next world's going to be, irrelevant to the problems here and now.
- R. And losing the real...
- 3. Humanism. The humanism is lost.
- R. How do you see young people, under twenty, how do you picture them?
- J. I have a great deal of pain for them because the future is be very bleak. Many world scientists think we are not going to make it through the Thermonuclear Age. I don't know one nuclear scientist who doesn't say we are somewhere in the eleventh, near the midnight hour. We've got overpopulation and food shortages before us. It's vey difficult, not to mention that some 90% of the world is under one form of dictarship or another. I have a great deal of compassion for young people. It's not easy being young.
- R. Is there anybody in the world that's political, actor, writer, whatever, that you would like to meet?

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- J. Sartre.
- R. Why?
- J. Well, I've just heard many good things about the man from a dis In recent times. I've been too involved, my reading is not up to what it ought to be because of just beinginvolved so much in human service work, but he fascinated me. He's taken very important sta on behalf of oppressed people. When you mentioned "writer" he came to mind. I don't know that he would be the most important person I would want to meet.
- R. Who would you like to meet?
- J. I guess I refuse to testify on the grounds that it might tend to incriminate me.
- R. Let's talk a little bit about your family, your children.
- J. Had 10, most adopted, some are grown. We have four still in the home, the others are grown, one was killed in a very tragic accident in 1960.
- R. How old is the oldest?
- J. I think 27. My wife and I adopted her when we were very young.
- R. And how old is the youngest?
- J. About 16.
- R. What do you wish for your children?
- J. The same thing I mentioned for the world. Peace. To be able to live in a society where they could plan for the future, with no dangers of oppressive government. To have enough to sustain a good life. To be able to pursue the kind of education or career they wished to. But I wish that for the whole world.
- R. Yes, that's right. Peace. To be able to live in a society where there would be planning for the future, with no dongers of oppressiv government. To have enough to sustain a good life. To be able to pursue the kind of education or career one wishes. But I wish that for the whole world.
- R. Yes, that's right. There's a heavy drug problem in America, a lot of kids who have used dope. What kind of direction would you give a kid who came to you with that problem?
- J. I would try to get them involved in the sense of community that we have. If they're really involved with the pusher, we often suggesthat they get clear away, and one means of setting away is our agricultural project which is in South America.
- R. Yeah, they mentioned that to me. It sounds beautiful.
- J. It is. There we've had the most difficult cases -- they seem to find a new life, 100 per cent. We've had no recidivism.

R. Not at all? Not one?

- J. I'm an environmental determinist. I'll tell you why. We have had the most difficult cases you could ever imagine in your born days, some of the more impossible. The courts had given up on them. EXE Social service agencies had given up on them, and said "get them out of here or we're going to put them in jail." One was a kleptomaniac, one a child molester, another so psychotic than he was even labeled psychotic. I'm not a psychologist, and I don't know exactly what the dynamics of it are, but new opportunity, new horizons, being away from old associations, and being given love and support have just made all the i difference. I'm talking about people who have gone two years without recidivism. I'm not including those people who we've sent in the past 3 or 4 months. It's too soon to make a jusgement on them, though the signs are that they all are going to come through beautifully.
- R. How do you see the influence of psychoanalysis here in this country? Everybody goes to the psychoanalyst. How do you feel about that?
- J. I thenk that they ought to get a heavy indoctrination of some of the people who are giving much of their life for others. When listening to Laura Allende a few weeks ago, I was experiencing a little heart trouble a fibrulation. I looked at her, and sugdenly, I said to myself "Why, damn you, Jim Jones, you're worrying too much about your problem." My ulcer disappeared in 9 %% or 4 days and my heart went back to normal, regular best. I think we contemplate our navel too much in this country. All his occultism, interest in yoga...
- R. The gurus...
- J. Curus, yeah, bullshit.
- R. So glad I got my hour. Some mentioned Delancey St.
- J. I like Maher.
- R. I've justm met him five minutes.
- J. He's the wittiest, one of the most brilliant minds you'll ever run into. Very bright. The results of his work are fantastic.
- R. Right, oh yeah! You get a precling of an old house...really trying to make it...in France if you are a dope field you can die. Boody will give you help to try to get yourself together.. You can be in the hospital, maybe spend two weeks getting detoxifica on, and so what, then go back to the streets and start again. Here your operation is like delancey St.
- J. We have the same kind of service. When people come in, then we don't put them back on the street.
- R. If they want our help, we will so the length, even if it means getting them across the sea to a new opportunity, away from the situation. We don't, as you say, detoxify and then leave them alone. Because, as you say, they will only go right back to their old patterns. $C |\mathcal{Q} \mathcal{A}| = 1$

- R. Hormally, that's right. Do you feel real physical fear sometimes thinking that somebody can...well, get you?
 - J. Only for those that need me, my children and my companion, and anyone where who \underline{may} feel they need me. Only for them. I have no personal fear anymore. That's gone. Totally.
 - R. When did it go?

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J. It's been so long I don't remember. I'm not afraid. To live the kind of life I do, is with its great demands, is pain, physical pain. It's pressure, the body feels pain. Forture. I would hold up well in terture.

Much tension.

If there was a dictator I would hold up very well; because I can endure a great deal of pain. I know from experience. I was in an attempted assassination once. A truck struck me and I had to drag my-self one mile to get home. It struck me and threw me off into the ditch, and I had to drag myself. My leg was so badly wounded I didn't know whether it was broken, what the trouble was, and it turned out the knee is somewhat stiff, but I had to drag myself for a mile. That's one experience. I've had other experiences of pain and, living in pain. I don't have any fear of death. None. Other than the effect my death might have on others. That does pain me, terribly. In fact, one time it kept me alive. The doctor recommended that I take a penicillin shot. Some doctors foolishly do this (I won't say who). He said give it to yourself or have the nurse administer it. I didn't want to bother by wife, who is a nurse, and very busy in her own right. She's always working hadd for people. She is an inspector with the State Health Department, and she investigates these nursing homes. <u>iikentrikkinkiarehxantarkeiixixkkknäkeikafiixkkäxiizkkerekeheregai</u> EXIXI (My wife's name is Marceline). She heard me. Then, of course. I couldn't do anything more than barely breathe! The numbness had crept up my torse, and when it got to my chest, I couldn't breathe. Then, my wife said, I stopped breathing. But if I hadn't had a wife who knew what she was doing, I would have been sone. She gave me mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. My son, one of my sons, Lew, a Korean American, fathered by an American serviceman, was standing in the hall, saying "Daddy Don't die, daddy, don't die." Somehow it was so easy, it was just like going through a tunnel. I was just drifting, it was such peace. But I heard that child saying "Daddy, don't die" ... the doctor really wondered how in the hell I made it.

- R. You heard the boy, you were needed...
- J. I heard his voice. I could hear him crying. My wife said during that time she thought I was unconscious. She couldn't get any pulse. But even when you're unconscious, when the vital signs are removed, evidently the mind is still conscious, because I heard him <u>distinctly</u>. That was pain, hearings that. I didn't know whether I was going to make it back. The pain of going...no pain at all...that was just like...

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all I could see was just like drifting into the center of a hurricane, all around me was a physical sensation that I was drifting into a kind of quiet place. And then I heard him. I began to fight in my mind. Who can say, it's subjective. But I think that fight made the difference The doctor didn't know how the hell I made it.

R. How do you feel about Gilmore?

J. In had such mixed feelings. The precedent of capital punishment disturbes me because it is only imposed upon the poor, or those who are of modest means at best. It has been said that anyone who has \$50,000 of assets has never been executed. I think it's very brutal that we allowed the state to give a man his wish who wasn't courageous enough to commit suicide and who wanted someone where to do it for him. I think it was a mistake. Even from a standpoint of humajity, it was wrong. From a standpoint of giving a lesson to others, it was was wrong because there are ar lot of people who want to commit suicide, but are fearful of doing it. So if they can then go out and shoot two or three people, and the state takes over and does the suicide for them...I thought it was gross. But when Gilmore got so close to doing aways with himself, I also thought it was gross to bring him back and sentence him to death.

C-12-d-1 &

Committee

Jerri Buford

BUSINESS AUDIT COMMITTEE Meeting of 2 July 78

Attending: Troika -- Johnny Jones, Carolyn Layton and Harriet Tropp

Jack Beam, Kay Nelson, Tish Leroy, Gene Chaikin, Terri Buford, Rheaviannia Beam Called in: Tim Swinney

AGENDA: 1) Tax laws of Guyana -- Tish to study

2) Purchases abroad to be scheduled

3) Downriver money -- business and procurement

4) Tax Receipts

5) R& P DO-Drop-In -- instructions to Rheaviannia and Patty and questions for Terri to ask of counsel.

6) Neville Shaw, Guysucro Agronomist-coming in 7) Possible boat lease for Cassava Mill

8) Cudjoe business operation

9) Kaw's assistant

Tax Laws of Guyana--Tish to get these from library and study them: are found under INLAND REVENUE, under LAWS OF GUYANA

PURCHASES ABROAD -- to be considered soon. The price of gabardine in Gtn is \$39 per yard --very high. If we go to Tai Wan and do the purchasing there, will save us much money. Cannot afford this price for pants and garments we will be making for sale. Kay mentioned that in the overseas purchasing their price breaks are determine by the quantities you buy --if only small quantity is more, but at most is much cheaper than states. Object of course is to get large as possible orders on as much as we can per trip, crate it and ship and ensure it before leaving the area.

DOWNRIVER MONEY -- Rheaviannia was instructed to turn the cash she makes down river into Maria and the records into Kay. The procurement money is also to be sent home weekly with whoever comes home. This is on orders from Dad.

TAX RECEIPTS -- It is vital for them to keep the receipts on all purchases, eve the fruit since this is COST OF OPERATION of the farm.. and the receipts may become a very critical part of our tax returns at one point in the future. The receipts must have excise stamps on them or are not valid.

> The tax man says will see us in court, said Rheaviannia.. but Harriet says we checked it out in Gtn and he is out of his depth: in this. Harriet says will get his superior on him. Is a legitimate store and can sell anything but liquor. We have hucksters 1. ense until May 1 of this year, from last October. The taxing authorities, said Gene Chaikin, will eventually follow around on this and will expect a tax return.

R & P DO DROP IN.. Store is licensed same as the hucksters license was, to Rheaviannia and Patty personally. Wait until Terri talks with attorney to make any change. May want to change it to the name of Peoples Temple. Rheaviannia told tax man was owned by the cooperative and he wants our cooperative number. This is a very

specific tax position in Guyana -- and we are a church and NOT A COOPERATIVE BECAUSE WE DID NOT WANT UNDER THE COOPERATIVE TAX LAWS AND SUBSEQUENT "AUDITS" THAT AFFECT THEM.

1) Rheaviannia is to get a copy of the license so that we can show the attorney.

2) Give basic layout:
\$80 mo rent plus \$20 for lights;
License valid May 1, 1978 through 12/31/78;
Taxes --do not know. The tax man very upset with us...Harriet handling the Selling clothing and used items over and under the counter;
Rented in name of R & P;
Started with trading, now totally cash transactions;
No credit extended; no employees --but they argue we have...
Patty and Rheaviannia run store, Chuck and Tommy are guards, Joan and Patricia do procurement outside in the town.
Technically we are NOT A COOPERATIVE.

At this time they are not to say anything. We can say we are "part" of the People's Temple, it is a non-profit religious corporation. However do not change status until we consult with attorney.

Need to know gross and net ...

3) Terri to ask attorney what is the legal position of "thrift shops" in this country? Say we HAVE a pretty popular store, he will find this out anyway we sell used items and clothes we make, toys, etc. Do not mention any "odd" items we might sell. Told the insurance man who our attorney. was. Store is located in Kumaca.

Ask if any way we can put the revenues of the business into the total farm writeoff? Ask about investment vs expenses, which constitute which, under Guyana laws -- is it like traditional bookkeeping methods of the US for profit and loss? What are the major differences?

ALBATROSS -- Tell our attorney we are leasing the Albatross; he is to keep this confidential; someone on crew might ask for raise if know we are leasing said Ron Bron... Tim said Charlie wants to unload 21 hrs a day and Capt will not work more than 8 hours a day.. Said crew knows we are leasing the boat..does not know we own itl

Richard will tell us a lot when he gets here.. JCHNNY TO HAVE A BLACK SPOKESPERSON, HIMSELF OR SOMEONE RISE, TO TALK WITH THE CAPTAIN WHEN HE GETS HERE --we will try to get him to let us take responsibility for the unloading out of the 8 hours they work..

Tell Eris we are non-profit; does it make any difference?

Mheaviannia is to go to Post Office and buy tax stamps. Get a small book of them.. Terri to check with attorney or rather with the stamp tax booklet and see if there is a violation if we do not give them the stamps. Also, Terri to pick up two information booklets on the stamp tax and how it is operated, the do's and don't's. TELL THE NATIONAL INSURANCE SERVICES MAN that you have contacted our attorney and he will be contacting your agency, or you.. Mother talked to them and said attorney will be sanding a letter; just confirm this.

NEVILLE SHAW OF GUYSUCRO--Carolyn talked with him and he is an agronomist; Says Guysucro is taking over the Kaituma Cassava Mill in September. Plans to buy from everyone around here and downriver as well. Wants to come and visit us on WEDNESDAY in afternoon; wants to know how much cassava we can supply. They likely want to use CUDJOE.. What will our freight fee be?

We do not make even \$300 per week for many of the weeks said Carolyn.. Cassava costs us 12-13¢ per # to grow; cannot sell to government for 9 or 10¢.. If it is Guyaucro ASK AROUND TOWN AND SEE IF THEY PAY TILIR BILLS. If it is Matakai that is taking it over, is different story. See if Guysucro pays their bills in N. W. District.

They have a cassava planter; would like someone like State Farm to grow it en-masse. MUST DRIVE A HARD BARGAIN WITH THE BOAT. Considered leasing it but since we do not want to restrict passengers, not such a good idea. Better to charge them freight. Going rate is 25¢ per box or 1¢ per#, whichever is more. We do loading and unloading and charge 20¢ per crate or bag more. We carry 32 tons. They will use 8 ton a day; or at least they can work this much through the mill.

We can make 3800 going down river with freight and passengers --must keep this in mind. Will still have to carry passengers --Tim does not want to do two runs per week.

GENERAL CUDJOE OPERATION:

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we Leaves Mondays around 510:00 AN; Charge \$5 per passgnger; we are not insured.

--Clifford is starting books; he turns in to someone --is to get paper work in to Kay and money in to Maria.

Once a year must go into Gtn and get a certificate. We just passed inspection for this year.

--Philip is licensed to run the boat; Ujara also licensed.
--Mr. Roman is the harbor master; told Tim Swinnay okay for Tim to operate off of Philip's license, and he will help us all he can.
--Said just get lantern and hang it up if we have to for a deck light. We have electricity problems on the boat. Need an electrician out there next time in.

KAY NELSON--Need to talk with her to see who will be her assistant. Who will she need on her staff?

NEXT MEETING to meet with entertainment committee. Johnny was going to work on that --Patricia and Joan to set up for dance down river, and must get one set up for Ridge. Band says their amplifiers are falling apart.

Robin Tschetter to help Kay by doing record keeping for her. Ask Maria about this. Will have to clear it with Dad. She has to go to Georgetown with Vincent soon...

MEETING ADJOURNED ..

BUSINESS AUDIT COMMITTEE Notes from initial meeting

Dad on Derri

--Notes by Tish Leroy

28 June 78 -- Wednesday 7:30 PM

Attending: Johnny Jones, Gene Chaikin, Tish Leroy, Kay Nelson, Jack Beam and Terri Buford

Agenda:

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- 1) Patty & Rheaviannia's store 2) Albatross
- 3) Retail vs Wholesale operation
- 4) Outside counsel
- 5) Cudjoe business operation
- 6) Industry vs Farming
- 7) Clearing Terms for Provisional land-lease and possible forfeiture with 50 new family neighbors coming in.
- 8) Entertainment for PR vs Economic considerations
- 9) Hiring local guyanese as possibility
- 10) Stateside Presses
- 11) Future ventures

1) STORE DOWN RIVER

Problems to be considered -- We do pay taxes and as a church in Guyana we are taxable.. Gene feels farm operating at such a loss that it will be long before we owe taxes. Tish disagrees: when we separate the invest ment from operating costs and revenues, which is the portion considered for taxation purposes -- this year we may come under a different pattern and should be looking into it.

All agreed council should be visited. Terri and Richard see Clark and Martin, Attorneys. He has a tax man in his office -- talk with him on how to proceed. Gene thinks hire Guyanese auditor to set up system; Tish disagrees -- thinks talk with them on tax law and government record keeping requirements. Tish hears from Charlie that they use relatively standard international bookkeeping practices; Tish read this in a mamual also; Gene says they have own method -- latter could be told us if the case, cannot be too different said Tish.

Gene said before when message went ut to talk to attorney, the tax man was hostile about what he heard of our operation.

VERY CRITICAL what our books reflect; must know what we can and cannot sell -- radios and watches are being swapped for fruit -- is still, said Gene, LIKELY A VIOLATION OF THE LAW. While it may not be an issue now, if the books reflect it -- at a later time it could be an issue.

Rheaviannia keeps many detailed records -- better if she keep her back up records here in Jonestown rather than downriver.

2) ALBATROSS -- John Fernandes handling our rice deal charges us 5% as agent fee; the Trinidad agent charges 7% and guarantees to get us a return shipment. Plan is to put Helen on to hold the purse. Ron Bron told Jack and Richard he is not telling the crew that the boat is ours because the would not work for us at same rate as they will for East India or Guyanese. We must keep our confidence about ownership or will get hit by government and others.

With ana utomatic pilot on boat for \$500 will automatically cut two people off the helm. Must consider keeping crew or hiring our ow --it is doubtful that Helen's personality is suitable to boss the crew --not felt they would work for her temperament.

Jack feels that maintenance should be done daily on the boat and steadily to prevent deterioration. Ron Bron has meat three times daily for the crew, also. He spends \$10,000 a year for complete refurbish of boat annually, and we cannot insure without this procedure. We make \$25,000 Guyanese per trip of rice, average of \$8-10,000 in profit one way. Return load is guaranteed us. WE SHOULD AVOID HAUDING CAUSTICS SUCH AS FERTILIZER, HARD ON BOAT. Payroll is \$3000 mo but Ron Bron says crew will not feel they should work for this money for yangees and will up their fee. TRINIDAD DOLLARS HAVE VALUE OVERSE AND GUYANESE DOLLARS DO NOT: Time of the standard of the standar

R Radio Richard to bring out with him all paperwork.

Should Albatross be used on regular run from Gtn to Kaitum Need regular supply vehicle as Cudjoe is too small. There is a paying market here — but mostly dependent on government for money and they are notoriously hard to collect from.

Gene thinks buy a 180 ton sloop for Gtn run and use this for the Gtn run — then use Albatros for overwater or out of country runs.

Question of buying a fishing boat? Not feasible for the price we pay for fish—better to buy the fish.

Boat is an escape hatch for us --can interrupt run every 6 weeks or so to run up here. Only 3000 storage fuel on albatross. We can tie up the booze in NW district if want to.. but a lot of headaches involv Difficult keeping track of the bottles unless we had a beer garden.

RETAIL BUSINESS -- Should we concentrate on retailing?

Credit system in Port or Ridge is the problem. Johnny had an idea of dealing direct with payments and voucher system. Johnny says people pop quarters in the machines and DO have \$\$\$ but nothing to buy. \$1.50 for bar of soap..

Guyana se commodity deprived that you can harrant sell anything. Thought should get store in area with beer, pool table and juke box --concessions and feed--and maintain them. KAY EROUGHT OUT THE GUYANESE VERY CARELESS WITH PROPERTY AND OUR STUFF WILL GET BUSTED UP...

Gene thinks run wholesale business with more of a partner-ship business with them.. Jack said if we do that have to buy another

boat. SUMMARY NEEDED: Must each gather questions to put to attorney and accounts on the tax issues..

CUDJOE BUSINESS: What is happening with our books on Cudjoe? we are alread in business.

T SHIRT VENTURE .. also need books on this as government knows about it ..

Cudjoe is unensurable --what is the law with respect to common carrier? Do we have the licenses we need? What is our personal liability in case of passenger injuries and lawsuits? GENE SAYS BASICALLY LAW ON COMMON CARRIER CARRIES FOR HIRE.. We do not have admunate life preservers, training and shields. If not enough to cover passengers, we are probably liable.

Tish asked if the US Tax structure was totally spun off from our Guyanese Corporation sufficiently that we would not have US liability for sales here Gene assured not --Tish not totally convinced they have checked this out sufficiently relative to the business venture since we are still U. S. Citizens abroad, etc.

Cudjoe liability may be high especially with reference to Amerindians.

0-12-0-20

This is true, even if they are drunk and fall in, said Gene..

CUDJOE--we are limited without a major overhaul. Need to find out if we can ensure it, and what must be done to ensure it. It is true that in the U. S. you cannot get insurance without many specifics, here the restriction are not so rigid, probably because the people are not suit-happy as in state

LLoyds requires audio tests for boat ins in states-- no such requirement $h \in they have little simpler way of testing boats.$

Gene doubts w would be sued, but if did go to court without adequate safety measures, would be int rouble. Is very expensive down here.. MUST GET THE BOOKS STARTED AND UNDER RESPONSIBLE CONTROL.

TERRI BUFORD POINTED OUT THIS COMMITTEE IS TO FUNCTION AS THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR EVERY BUSINESS IN THE CHURCH.

ENTERTAINMENT, BRICK FABRICATION & MACHINE SHOP SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ON FUTURE AGENDAS.

Consider Industry vs the farm..
Must train our young people and avert big disasters.

Must do like the army and sign up for certain period of time as a "HITCH" that you cannot get out of till that time is up. Let people make shifts, but with time limits at each post.

Gene brought out that some years are very wet and allow for little producti -- that in 1974 they only had two dry months.

SAWMILL, SEWING, ONE RETAIL STORE (Patty's) and CUDJOE are present business

Johnny feels great need to pull reins in on Agriculture.. Even our least productive people can be more effective in factory work, and when not in fields, should be brought in and trained in factories.

CLEARING--Another serious issue is clearing for our provisional lease..

We are supposed to clear 300 acres per year under our provisional lease and we have not done this. May be necessate forfeit some of our land if we do not do this.. and we have not.

Near our front gate is a settlement coming in of 50 familie and it may mean will have to forfeit some land. We have to pay lease bill every year about .25 per acre in rent.. 3700 or 3900 acres on provisional lease and up to 27,000 acres on the long term lease. Gene Chaikin feels we should give back some of the land and be done with it --Tish did not agree --others not particularly specific..no conclusion on this, just that we should advise Dad that the issue exists.

ENTERTAINMENT -- Has PR value said Johnny, gives certain integration into the community. Gene felt discontinue it. Others non-commital.

Economically, all agreed we lose money unless we cut record or do some other forms of money making from band.

EMPLOYING LOCAL GUYANESE should be considered, all decided. Could do the Cassava mill work, other things they know well.

C-12-2-26

Might consider hiring Guyanese for more farm work and kee our own people largely in the factory production and industrial operations.

Consider having Guyanese run sawmill and our own men to do the logging?

SHOPPERS-- will have to send out shoppers too --more and more, will be diversifying and it all takes people.

PAYOFF PEOPLE IN STATES WITH TRUST DEEDS WE HAVE HELD BACK was one suggestion -- good if we could convert the TD's to cash or payoffs...

PRESSES --Tish felt strongly they should be brought down. While there is problem with smearing, this is a moisture problem and usually this is technical and the people who manufacture presses have technicitions that could be consulted on this

Said we were probably selling presses—questioned bringin Clancy and others down and putting them straight into Gtn — but we did Richard and will have to do this on some others very likely. NO RECOMMENDATION of the committed—a wait and see attitude.

CONCENSUS:

We must tie down the single businesses we have going AS WE START THEM and set up procedures that must be followed --the audit committee responsible to check them out and see that details are handled.

LABOR ISSUES--determine who is available and the needs of the business.

EQUIPMENT ON HAND--what investment have we made and what must be purchased in order to operate.

MARKET--we must know our dollar potential on the business before can decide if investment is warranged.

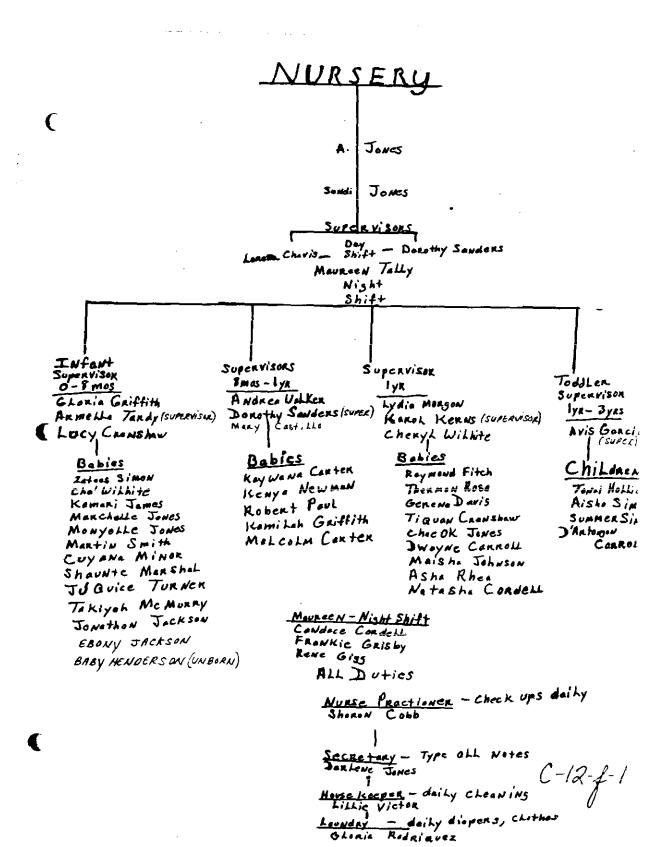
STAFFING--Unless enough expertise and adequate staffing, must think twice before beginning a business.

BOOKKEEPING--initiate standards and require that all of our businesses conform, keeping their books internally and being cost conscious in the operations.

--Meeting adjourned.

every mursery

C-12-f



BABY NURSERY ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE

- Three days aweek each worker takes their own children on a nature walk.
 - a. Go see gnimals thru garden an point out different food plants.
 - b. Should identify bird, butterflies, dogs cats, an crawling insects.
 - c. Go to citrus nursery let them touch tree leaves if trees aren't to small an smell the leaves.
 - d. wo thru Geriatric Center only 3 at a time. Check with person in charge. We plan to have children take the seniors pictures they draw.
- 2. Reminding days of week go out as a group
 - a. Always see animals (we have several that are afraid of cats, howses an dogs).
 - b. Play kickball an other ball games.
 - Play with parachute.
- Check with charlie for rides on tracter an truck. (they like tractors and truck better than anything in Jonestown).
- 4. when road dries trips to piggery.
- 5. At least one day a week vidio (they were movies)

Comments: In the process of makin kits for babies if we can get scrapa of materials from nuby.

- 6. Children from 12 mos. to 3 yrs.
 - a. Sing to them
 - b. nead various types of stories time due to their attentions span.
 - c. laught parts of body
- Will consult with Tom Grubbs on games an activity that will help stimulate motor an sensory perception all age grows in nursery.

C-12-1-2

Nursery Inventory List

# 1 Crate:	<u>Furni tur</u> e:		
55 breast pads	6 bunk beds		
100 ctton balls	10 crib beds		
10 face masks	4 walkers		
6 tubes diaper rash oitment	7 chairs		
1 bottle multi vit (chewable)	1 rocking chair		
2 " " (liquià)	10 mattress		
18 boxs of jello	3 tables		
10 packs chiken soup	5 benchs		
1 jar baby cream	1 play pin		
1 case of similar formula (12 can)	1 porterble washer		
4 boxs baking soda	Misc. Items:		
2 bottles lyso disinfectant	1 incubator		
2 tubes A & D oitment	3 strollers		
2 bottles shampoo (28oz)	1 suction machine		
3 can of Nutramigen formula w/iron	1 wash board		
3 cans of apple juice	5 diaper pails		
1 bottle vaselin intensive care	2 hot plates		
3 bottle liq. asperin	! high chair		
1 bottle phisohex	14 back packs		
2 used jars used baby cream	6 infant seat rockers		
2 bars organic soap	1 flash light		
2 sets of breast cups	1 kerosine lamp		
1 infant feeder	6 candles		
	50 safety pins		
3 toothbrush	4 teething rings		
2 bottles vi-daylyh vit w/iron (16 oz)	26 bars neutragena soap		
O better - of lotton (wood)	20up		

2 bottles of lotion (used)

C-12-9-3

75 bottles, 15 bowls, 15 cups

3 stools

10 plates, 18 spoons, 15 takk forks

Nursery

Sanitation, nousekeeping and Daily Care are well organized and under good supervision.

Problems areas and solutions are as follows:

Problems! Need of more space for beds and space for activities and living mewborn infants and expected arrivals from USA are causing over crowding of beds and lack of space, lackof space in the living

(lmonth) quarters. Lack of storage space, lack of place to isolate extremely sick babies and possible Guyanese babies.

Solution: Eventually, expand and takeover entire borm 3 for nursery and move Obstitrics ward to another place. (There are only 2 expectant mothers at this time. Sharon Jones to have - office space included in this plan.

(3-6mor) Expand patio area to a larger play, activity and eating area outdoors, (this was already measured, cleared serveral months ago and were only waiting for wood.) to include bathing an wash sinks (3 sinks like pot washers)

Problem 2 Lack of trained staff in infant activites and Baby Education Solution: Staff has been re-evaluated and personell have been rotated to

other areas of work. Unes who show interest and enthusiasm and potential towards stimulating and educating babies (ages 1-3) are being to be placed in these areas.

Plan to have in-servive training of staff.

Problem3 Laundry-laundry clothes have become a huge job requiring 2
people to keep laundry done- it needs 24 hour duty. a washer
and dryer is badly needed to be installed at the Nursery and
run seperate from the regular Jonestown laundry.

Solution Add 2 staff members to do laundry only. Need porch built in back of nursery and washer and dryer installed.

Problem 4 Babies autritional meeds— are not being met because of the way food is prepared for the general community, roods are often tee spicy, too greasy, and too sugered for a baby, we often end up serving plain rice and butter or bananas and rice.

Solution: We prepare the babies food separately at the sursery. Small amounts of the food that the kitchen is preparing for the day

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could be set aside for the babies and prepared so that they can eat the meats, vegetables and desserts that they can tolerate. Vegetables could be steamed instead of fried. Heats could be cooked in mild sauces. Lellos and fresh fruit desserts prepared from some of the smaller quantities that can't be served to the general community could be served.

We also propose that the ground directly in front of the Nursery be prepared for a small vegetables garden that would serve the babies vegetable needs. Things such as spinich, carrots, eggplants, etck, could be grown in small quantities just to feed the babies. Leorgia Lacy is very interested in preparing this special baby Diet and were sure some senior citizens would be very interested in co-centrating on a small garden for the babies. Many nursery workers are already interested in working the garden on their off hrs

C-12-f-4a

Night Shift

Supervior arrives at 1830 to take report. This report includes the number of urinations, B.M's, milk and water intake and special comments on medical treatments, falls, medications, etc. This is the <u>Staff Report</u>.

Supervisors Report - Day supervisor will give report on thefollowing and give the night supervisor a check out list for all rooms:

1) disper and laundry status 2) night medications and any new medications that have been ordered 3) any special medical situations or reports such as temperatures check, DPTshots or other immunizations given, change in fomula or feedings, etc.

By 1900 most babies have been picked up by parents and the day staff is gone; responsible at this time: 1) take a head count of the babies that are left 2) check to see that each one has on shoes and socks, that deapers and underwear are dry, and there is a stack of clothes for each one. Note: Make sure everyone knows where all babies are check beds, toddler room and infant room.

Staff mainly concentrates on supervising who is left and getting them ready as parents arrive. Other duties: 1) pick up toys, clother, and do general straightening up while waiting on parents 2) add items to check out list if extra things are given out - espcially bottles and jackets. Note: Notify all parents of any special situations regarding their baby-if there is an elevated temperature, sores, or new medications, any new progress reported by day staff - especially positive remarks.

Whenerver meetings are held in the evenings and staff does not know the time they will be arriving back to the nursery, everything should be ready for the babies to be put to bed.

- 1) clean out all toys, clothes, etc. from all beds
- 2) smell and feel the sheets and change them if necessary
- 3) make beds neatly
- 4) all gates on beds should be in open position
- 5) each bed must have a sliding rail (with both bolts). The rail should be right in front of the bed, on the floor, leaning against the bed.
- 6) shut all windows
- 7) put a small stack of diapers on tops of each bed
- 8) put a bag at the door for dirty laundry at 2200 (or whatever time meetings are out) there should be three people available one in the main room. One in the toddler room each child to use potty seat before going to bed; one person in the infant room should help with the babies in the main room.

Chores are assigned to each person and rotated each week. The following are the ways the chores can be divided:

- # 1 Person Responsible for Toddler Room
- 1) put toddler to bed and check in clothing etc.
- 2) wash mud off shoes if necessary.
- 3) sweap and mop main room, infant room, woddler room and porch.
- 4) get toddlers out of bed every two hours and put on potty chair.

C-12-1-5

- 5) bag laundry when can fills up andput bag on porch.
- 6) keep toddler room neat and clean.
- 7) help fold laundry when necessary.
- 8) normal potty times are 2200, 2400, 0200, 0400, and 0630.
- 9) after last potty times at 0630 empty seats and was down with disinfectant solution.
- 10) start charting at 0600.
- 11) you are responsible for treatments, temperatures, and watching babies close for signs of illness, diarrhes, cough, congestion, new sores, bites and rash etc. Give toddler report to day shift.

2 Person Responsible for Main Room

- 1) diaper changes are 2200, 2400, 0200, 0400 and 0630.
- 2) keep nets down on beds, bottles out of beds when not being drank.
- 3) check in clothing items, etc. wash mud off shoes if possible.
- 4) bag laundry.
- 5) you are responsible for reporting any illness, coughs, sores, rashs, and bites etc.
- 6) start charting at 0630 and note any water or milk they drank, report if any bottles are left in the morning and include water inta ke.
- 7) wash B.M. diapers around 0500.
- 8) empty trash can andmake sure there is no dishes, and the sink is clean and both plugs are there.
- 9) wash dishes all night and clean refrigerator.

3 Person Responsible for Infant Room

- 1) check in infants, clothing. Mothers will usually breastfeed their babies just before putting them to bed.
- 2) all infants are on stomach for sleep. Make sure they are dry, clean and pajamas are on.
- 3) check infants often for wetness and change every two hours at the least check more often if body has rash or irritation.
- 4) feeding bottles out of the beds may take place in infant rocker or in infant seat. Note: do not leave infants alone while they are drinking. Do not leave infants room unless you have someone replace you and listen for babies.
- 5) bag laundry from yellow pail and wipe pail out with disinfectant.
- 6) chart at 0600.
- 7) put hot water on for babies baths for A.M.
- 8) giveinfant report to day staff at 0700.
- 9) leave room neat and clean.

C-12-8-5a

Meeting 7/9/78

DOWNSTAIRS PATIO

The second control of the second control of the

Much improvements since Carol and Cheryl been here. Everybody will stop screaming at children aid calin tone of voice. Needs to be more activity on patio. There will be no more job changes for 2 weeks. Frankie Grisby is pleasd with working nights. Only problem is that the people in dorm 1 keep her up during the day.

CHANGES

Patio: Carol, Cheryl, Lydia-6:30am-7:00pm

Toddlers: Avis Garcia-6:30-7:00pm

lyr.old: Andrea Walker-8:30-7:00pm Dorothy Saunders-6:30-7:00pm

Nights: Frankie, Maureen permanet 6:30-7:00am Renee trail 10:30p-10:30am

Candance 9:30-3:30a

Ifant: Gloria,Armella,Lucy-6:30-7:00pm

Laundry: Gloria Carter-6:30-7:00pm

Loretta and Dorothy rotate every so often to see how areas are going in each dept.

Gloria and Carol should'nt pick up children by arms. Hue Fortson noted this.

Gloria Carter will pick who kepps Malcom when she gos to G. town

Evert area has own soap at end of day Loretta will pick soap up and keep till next day

Nobody takes Bandaids or Medicines for themselves or Multi-Vit.

C-12-f-6

Househeeping

Floors - swept and scrubed twice a day.

Patio - swept and scrubed after each meal.

Main floor of mursery, porch, and infant mursery are swept and scrubed after each meal. Dust in cracks and remove as much dirt as possible.

<u>Dishes</u> - Mashed after each mediand imbetween media as needed. Not water is used, soap powder, detergent or disinfectant. Dishes are then left to air dry.

Sterilizers - Washed after each use.

<u>Linen</u> - Changed as needed Sheets changed daily Touels as needed

Refrigerator - Defroseted bi-weekly and cleaned daily

<u>Cobingable</u> - Cleaned once weekly

Lods - Underneath beds swept and cleaned monthly

Formulas

In the nursery we use the following types of formulas.

- Sovelec Emporallergenic, milk free. This is given to Keywend Corter, Jonathon Jackson, Tiquan Grenchay and Paish: Johnson.
 Similar Elanced infant feeding made from cows milk. Vitamines
- 2. <u>Similes</u> Dianced infant feeding made from cows milk. Vitamines are included. Newborn babies that are not being breastfeed are put on this formula.
- <u>Carnation Sterilo</u> Given to babies 5 to 12 months. Does not included vitamines. Carnation unsterile given to babies 12 months and older.
- 4. Low-Fit Milk Is offered to babies who are more than two standards deviations overweight for height. We have 5 labies at the present that are overweight.

C-12-1-7

Routine Care

The skin may be oiled after each bath is the baby has dry skin.

Teeth are brushed after breakfast and after dinner on all babies who have one or more teeth. Toothpaste is used for babies twelve months and older.

Weights and temperatures are taken weekly.

Length and head circumferences are taken monthly.

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Nails are clipped weekly as needed.

Charting is done on each baby for a total of 20 hours daily. (Babies are with their parents or supervisors four hours daily).

Physical exams are given by the PNP. They are given at one day of age, two days of age, one week, one month times three, and then every month thereafter.

Layette

One to three weeks before a mother has a baby, the mothrs are given the following item:

3 dozen diapers

1 tube baby cream

3 gowns

1 bar soap

1 outfit (girl or boy)

alcohol

safety pins

breast cup

3 pairs booties

powder

2 pairs socks

Q-tips

5 urine pads

vaseline

1 medium blanket

shampco

5 reiving blankets

breast cream

5 sleepers

diaper pail

3 crib sheets

2 packs of newborn pampers

C-12-17

Baby Rusery Daily Report

7/16 Sun- Babies spent right with parents [sat + sun) workers had day off. Supervisions Came en and gave out medication, clothes, backs + bottles cleaned up newsing for guest. 7/17 mon- Children tired from Sunday on monday they always sleep alot even a. walk is a lot for them on mondays. 1/18 tues - one(1) worker in Scawhich makes us short. (Carol allende) Talk to Bob Rice about taking Raymond Litch and or Newsuyne Canall as this extra Project. 7/19 wed Late morning starting times 9Am Those reported at Regular teme was Dorothy Sanders, Bloud Griffith meeting Cancelled centil thursday 1/20 thus - Varnell Franklin came in from state, Typo 6 mos. porty trained, will be going to pil- School Program. Having problems with worken Coming to work late, say they had to go to bathin anyone Coming in late well receive warring 701 Fri - Very hettie day Got place clean for quest + they didn't show up Bob christian sent Public Services over to cect gress & clear areat plan flowers. To problems with babies or workers. Carol allende back in SCU. Suans Smoth taking our babies

1/22 - But ass to clean for guest + again delid show but place looks new (2) babies had temp because of colds, being giving sudafed + UH C + being worth. Public Service return today to complete sob. Spent more time doing Jumping Jacks for descipline then working Pennie Barryman asked to betransferred to our department. He was not guest premission to leave sob site & come ask as. Maurien Jally Days she can use him at right as a replacement for Candance Ingram I think it should be discussed further

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C-12-f-8a

26. June 1978 NURBERY DEPAREMEN Submitted by S. cosb L. Chavis

Items	<u>Allount</u>	<u>ಅಂದ ಕಿ</u>	Parchese
. Hycostatin Oral Suspension	25 125 10	£5.00es.	<u>from</u>
. yeostetin cream (30 gram tub)	50 2.6060	4.00 ea.	
Liquid tylenol (generic) 1 pint	100 111 40		el Hiam fo
Liquid Vitamin C 16 fl. oz.	20 110 00	5.00 ea. ih	
Diepers (heavey duty) 12/okg	100 800 0	800	Par.a save
/ Vascline 1 lb. jar	25 47.25		ray n Savo
. Desitin Cintment 12 oz.	100 221.0		Long ûru s
. And Cintment 1 lb.	200 658.66	5.29	Pay n Save
abb 011 32 oz.	100 166.40	1 -69	ionas
2 acifiers	25 .5 6.25	1.05	wall wreens
Laigh too shoes sizes 3-6	25 of ea.	15:00	Seers
¿ Ivory seap	600 /25 00	, 23	art
E Nipples	100 54.00	•\$9	/ r ess
# Safety rins (large)	2000 118	pkdof	30 TOT 2
ips	5000 1353	27 A 1300	[£a/ n se/c
Lant les - plastic 8 oz.	290 178.63	1	K-mart
ayesquiro nots	12 120 00	10. 0 0 '	Ca.pin~ {oods
. hot plate	2 (0.00-	5.00 7	K- ert
Simalac with iron 350 cans.			7
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C-12-f-9

Babies Nursery

The Nursery has a 24hr program consisted of a day shift and a night shift. The day shift has 13 workers and the night shift has 4 workers. We have a total of 29 babies in the Nursery. There are 14 of them born in Guyana and 11 in Jonestown and 4 born in Georgetown.

Day Shift Workers

Loretta Chavis (Supervisor)

Dorothy Sanders (Co-Supervisor)

Lillie Victor

Avis Bridenback

Karol Kerns

Gloria Griffith

Andrea Walker

Lydia Morgan

Lucy Creasnaw

Gloria Garter

Armella Tardy

Cherly Wilhite

Mary Castillo

Night Shift Workers

Maureen Tally (Supervisor)

Rene Gigg

Frankie Grisby

Candace Ingram

Day Shift

Arrive at nursery for report from night crew.

Wash hands. Start baths.

On patio eating breakfast.

Get ready for morning activity.

End of morning activity.

Lunch time.

End of lunch.

1215 Get ready for maps.

Nursery staff meetings and reports (weekly report on child care).

End of meetings and reports.

Start afternoon baths.

Get ready for dinner.

Assemble children upstairs to get ready to go home with parents for the eneming.

1700 Offer fluids. 1830 Start report for night shift.

make note night obist. need sob related & non ratia skille.