service for Cleveland, Ohio, were obtained
on a confidential basis from the
and the
on October 18 and 19, 1973 respectively.
Inasmuch as the interviews of on October 18 and b71
19, 1973, as well as the telephone billing records furnished
by confirm and elaborate on the telephone records
confidentially furnished, the information and listings set
forth on the records are not being included
in the details of the report. Copies of the pertinent
telephone records are being maintained by the Cleveland
Office.
Cleveland indices reflect under CV 105-12979,
Bufile 105-193684, entitled IS-YU",
interviewed by Bureau Agents, Cleveland, in 1967 and 1969
regarding underground Croatian movements and possible
demonstrations. stated he was involved in the bro
publishing of a monthly newspaper having a circulation of
about 150 and advised that
permitted him to use his reproducing equipment to publish
a newspaper. At that time claimed a business affilia-
tion as of Surfathane Chemical Inc., 2060
Hamilton, Cleveland, Ohio.

Inasmuch as GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, through his attorneys, has apparently been maintaining contact with appropriate representatives of the Special Prosecutor's Committee or other representatives of the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., no apparent investigation remains outstanding at Cleveland and this matter is being considered RUC.

Copies furnished WFO in the event any prosecutive action is forthcoming.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:		
Report of: Date:	SA b6 b7C 10/24/73	Office: CLEVELAND, OHIO
Field Office File	#: 56-83	Bureau File #: 56-4737
Titlei	AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER	•
Character:	ELECTION LAWS	,
Synopsis:	•	•
state have havin othe state nume tele would a CO	residence regarding his associati for the Ame any, Cleveland, Ohio. stat rviewed as had told him of (phone of the Special Prosecutor's Ced any information he may have give merely been advice based on common any "source" anywhere or access than that he may have received feed while was in Washington	rican Ship Building ed he expected to be conversations between tic), and Prosecutor ommittee. en would n sense and denied to any information rom , DC, made d also stated he once ain whether or not it untarily appear before of a subpoena. pertinent telephone rvice and made avail-

RUC

DETAILS:

CV 56-83

	oartment. as	of the Record Room, Cleveland, Ohioreviewed on October 18, 1973, by revealed the following traffic white male, born
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	4/3/61	Prohibited turn
	10/10/61	Stop sign
~ _Y	2/10/62	Improper lights
4 4, \$	9/28/72 **	Prohibited turn
F	3/3/63	Speeding
Medina Co	Police Department	of the Identification Bureau, and retment, Brunswick Police Department, and record identifiable with

cy 56-83

The records of Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio as reviewed on October 18, 1973, concerning Protective Chemicals Inc., 2060 Hamilton Avenue, Cleveland, revealed the following:

Protective Chemical Inc. is described as manufacturing roof coatings for mobile homes and rust-proofing chemicals for automobiles and trucks and employing 13 people. In addition to the above listed location, it rents office space at 2123 Hamilton Avenue.

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7	FEDERAL	BUREAU	OF	INVESTIGATION	*

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		nothit	was or orth on an "I stated, "the you boys."	ally adviso aterrogation at do I hay	ed of on: 70 to
fol the vol be of	ve described A lowing the real Form and would untarily noted present while the FBI.	ding of same, d be willing that he has a discussing an thereafter	ts Form. which states to sign same. no need for a	h he did, a d he unders al ay actornes Epecial Ag	and stood so to gents
who for Clo the lea emp 196	the last ten he also refer	years. His a s to as a association at East 45th At that time operty at that Paint Compan le noted that this last nom	ding Company sociation wi with Fageman Street and Su to location who, which Compairm went out	th arose paint Compand of busines that	from iny, ing, ling was s in t due
_		*			ب بندر
jutétniemeg ou	10-18-73	of Brunswic	k, Ohio	File # <u>* Clè</u>	eveland 56-1
SAS		and b	6 7CDate dicto	nted 10-19	9-73

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	•	· ·	-
socially, and particular	, and he is asked comes somewhat fre habit of merely ually his business ly over the telepthat name because	to spell his name, ustrated and over the sing the last name name is	-
business association wou response to this, if the salary were a pos reason to the contrary, should not take the job.	INBRENNER at the for advice ld be in told him something the factor and he. knew is aware	as to whether such a best interests. In ng to the effect that had no negative of no reason why that had been rican Ship Building	<u>.</u>
personally and telephoni in many and varied matte	rs to the extent of business has business has business has business has business beauting.	to seek advice that phone ecome a nuisance and to tell that	.b6 .b7€
ing the campaign contrib Building Company, and GE continually discussed th resulting from the inves	outions by officer lorge M. STEINBREN e contributions a stigation. Over the that in his oper the STEINBRENNE legal, or violate intarily appear in Committee or any show would unneces eight employees.	NER, has has swell as the prosecut he last several months inion, if GEORGE STEIN. R, has not made any dany other law, washington, D. C., other investigative be sarily cause embarrass has	ody,

making of illegal campaign contributions, have not, in fact, violated any law there should be no necessity for them to have to voluntarily travel to Washington, D. C., or anywhere to merely tell someone that "I have done no wrong," explaining that doing so suggests implication of guilt and that something wrong has occurred.

To bring the matter up to date,noted that while was in Washington, D. C., during last week, October 8-12, 1973,telephoned on numerous occasions, particularly late on the evenings of Thursday
and Friday, October 11 and 12, and during the conversations,
got the impression that was under much pressure
because of the continuing proceedings in Washington, D. C.,
involving the American Ship Building Company. Specifically,
noted that had had almost gotten the
impression that was acting as a prosecutor rather be
than a defense attorney as had to take the polygraph
examination and had to furnish a 36-page statement to
also indicated his office might wish to have
take a polygraph examination. In addition, got the
impression that had been quite concerned concerning
his conferences with (FNU) pf the Cox Committee to the extent that in the event might have to report to
in the future concerning the Grand Jury inquiry he,
might feel compelled to "rescue" as according
was not in the best of health.
explained that approximately over a year ago, suffered
a heart attack and gave the impression thatis easily
agitated and even noted one can tell when is agitated
or nervous because the area above his nose on his forehead
becomes quite red.
also noted that during the evening phone
conversations from to him, gave the
impression that either he. or
during conversations with had told be
or implied to or nad inferred b7C
that was a source of information concerning GEORGE
STEINBRENNER and The American Ship Building Company's investi- gation by the Department of Justice. gave the
gation by the Department of Justice. gave the impression that he, was so "up-tight" by the Washington, D. C., proceedings that was not sure about what he might
D. C., proceedings that was not sure about what he might
have gold on not gold to

When asked to explain further what or might have implied or told stated that mentioned some things to him such as the Special Prosecutor's inquiry of the campaign contributions, the Antitrust action against STEINBRENNER by the Justice Department, something vaguely relating to an American Ship Building installation in another city, possibly Tampa. Florida, and to the references to the effect that may be a "source of valuable information."
On Saturday afternoon at approximately 1:00 p.m., October 13, 1973, following his return from Washington, D. C., personally contacted at his place of business, Protective Chemicals Incorporated, 2060 Hamilton Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. At that time repeated his concern that may have received the impression that may be some kind of "source" or have given some knowledge or information to which he normally would not have access.
When questioned as to why was telling all of this information, explained told that they would probably be contacting him, and questioning him concerning and conversations with explained that he presumed "they" to mean Special Agents of the FBI and that should prepare for such an interview. At this time, noted that he had expected to be interviewed earlier and stated specifically on Monday, October 15, 1973.
Concerning any information that

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information or knowledge simply appears to him and that often he attributes same merely to logic or sommon sense and also made reference to the fact that he is a naturalized citizen having been born and grown up under Communism, somehow survived the war, spent six years working in a camp for refugees and subsequently came to the United States and today has obtained financial comfort, and has many friends throughout the country and even throughout the world.

-
Concerning any implication that he, is
a "source" of any information he might have furnished
offered the following:
He has not been privy to any kind of information
relating to GEORGE STEINBRENNER or the American Ship Building
Company which he did not get from He noted
has told him much concerning the activities of the
American Ship Building Company, which information has not
solicited from and he claims he does not care to hear
it. Concerning the references that the door to the Special
Prosecutor's Office was still open noted it is his
belief that it would be in anyone's best interest to voluntarily
appear and testify before any court proceeding prior to any
subpoena being issued if that person had done no wrong.
Specifically regarding the date September 18, stated
he does not recall any particular date with reference to
GEORGE STEINBRENNER's appearance before the Cox Committee.
He stated that he still maintains that if STEINBRENNER is
really that confident that he has violated no law, then his
voluntary appearance would have been recommended, although at
this late date, he noted that the whole matter has gone so
far that it is unlikely that STEINBRENNER could take any
positive action as in opinion, it is likely STEIN-BRENNER will be indicted. noted that in his opinion,
BRENNER will be indicted. noted that in his opinion,
it would have been best if STEINBRENNER originally had
voluntarily offered his testimony before the Special
Prosecutor's Grand Jury.
Regarding any reference to his knowledge as to the
Antitrust action against the American Ship Building Company
by the Department, stated he vaguely recalls perhaps
as long ago as six months, specific month unrecalled, that
told him that some Antitrust action against American
Ship Euilding Company was likely. He noted later that same

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CV 56-83 day he, was told by some unrecalled person, someone like a Clerk of the Court or a policeman or some other person possibly having such information that a motion had been filed in Federal Court, Cleveland, Ohio, involving an Antitrust action against the American Ship Building Company. In this regard noted that conversation was specifically referred to by on Saturday, October 13, 1973, and that he recalls b7c that at that time made some mention about several ships owned by the company to which replied that he did not know was talking about and stated "that is not true." then attempted to have attempt to recall and stated, "Don't you remember, one or your friends must have told you about the Antitrust suit?" Concerning any reference to an American Ship Building Company yard somewhere else noted he recalled something vaguely referring to Tampa, Florida, or mentioned by possibly Nashville, Tennessee, or some other location. Other than that vague reference he could recall no additional details. Concerning the Grand Jury proceedings at Washington, noted that according to information furnished by accompanied to Washington, D. C., early in September of h3 b6 1973, and that sometime around their appearance before the h7C Grand Jury | (phonétic), recommended to that he obtain his own attorney as that would be in his best interest. recalled being told this telephonically by on one evening around that time and was also told by that had changed their stories from those furnished the FBT Agents and that when asked what he thought might be happening, he told him that "they," or STEINBRENNER, are attempting to "dump it in his lap" possibly referring to the responsibility for the change in testimonies or also possibly the remaining course of the investigation. noted that he believes that the attorneys

also recalled an instance that arose during be

confidence in

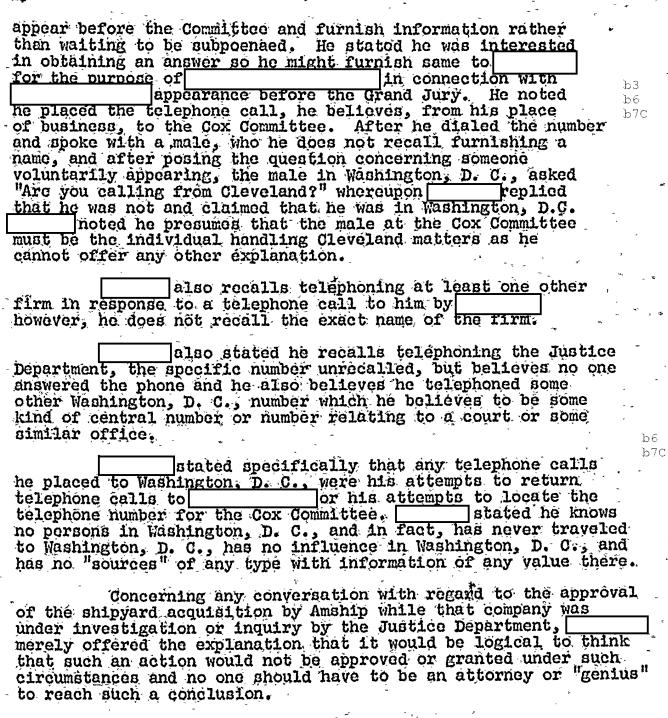
might be associated with the same firm utilized by

President RICHARD M. NIXON and he believes he telephoned at that firm's number in Washington, D. C.

a discussion with

STEINBRENNER and noted he believed that STEINBRENNER
Was being truthful with him as sternspenies and confided goment
Uning quite personal to that is the fack that
DIBLUBRERNER'S WIIE WOS reportedly in 411 hoalth modelhly
SULICING ITOM CANCER. TO this lownraged a degine
to meet STEINBRENNER so that he might attempt to tell whether
STEINBRIMMER was a man to be trusted. Accordingly,
set up a pretext meeting which was supposed to be suspected
as his competitors always seemed to be aware of his travel
Diang and guancated that his telephones wight he termina
noted that "I was supposed to know something about that kind of stuff." apparently referring to telephones. The
that kind of stuff." apparently referring to telephones. The
result was that met with STETNBRETNER and
an for The
American ship Building Company. The meeting lasted approxi-
mately one hour and general discussion was held among the four.
megand bire mean miss Benefich strackspartoit may itera simplify one toke,
Sometime after the meetingtoldthat
was asked by STEINBRENNER and/or if was
a and a site of the state of th
was a "con." offered this information voluntarily and cited same as an instance wherein or other persons
might have gained the impression thatmight have some
contacts or influence in Washington, D. C. He noted that
entire instance was never discussed further in any detail.
noted that he did not believe he had had enough contact
to arrive at any firm opinion concerning STEINBRENNER, but
merely based upon information from particularly
concerning proceedings in Washington, D. C., he is highly
suspect of STEINBRENNER although he readily admits STEINBRENNER's
- intelligence or organization aronousi he readily admire organization
intelligence and apparent ability as a corporation executive.
With regard to other contacts he had with
noted he vaguely recalls placing a number of telephone
calls to Washington, D. C., which were return calls to
and specifically believes he would have called the Hotel
Madison in Washington, D. C., where was staying, which calls would have been comprised of advice given to in
response to questions raised by him, also noted he made
several telephone calls including he believes to the Washington
"Post" and Washington "Star" in an effort to determine the number
for the Cox Committee. He stated the purpose in contacting the
Cox Committee was to ascertain or verify his belief as to whether
or not it would not be in one's best interest to voluntarily

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Concerning knowledge of the campaign
contributions of STEINBRENNER and his eight Amship officers,
moted governo of billinghaland and his eight Amship officers,
confident in the some of the circumstances surrounding the
was aware that
ORG GROUND WAS STUD COOL OF TOO FOR THAT I THE TOO TO THE TOO TO THE TOO THE T
nim that the contribution arose out of a dinner where Speth.
Mere present and appayont for
VILL THOINING MUO Shadated the amount of the section
characterized as a member of
one board of the American Ship Rididing componer a manhant
THE SAME ALLEGE AND LOCATED AND AND ANALYSIAN ANALYSIAN AND ANALYSIAN ANALYSIAN AND ANALYSIAN ANALYSIAN AND ANALYSIAN AND ANALYSIAN ANALYSIA
TOME CLATTER LAND OF RESOCIETION WITH ProgRESSING RETURNED NETWORTS
Washington, D. C., law firm.
With regard to the interviews of
stated that
venued in his contact with to the effect.
Uld U BEVERAL OI
Schooling some Tubuructions Irom and that dropping company
BREWNER Was actually telling them what to say when interviewed
Industrial Ind
the individuals he knows
and he added that told him that while in Washington
D. C., after had told the truth, several of
Not act as if he did not know what had actually happened and byc
PHON DIMINIONNER AND TOLD THEM What to say and that they folk
bomewhat competted to do what their boas instructed them to do
IGABO FUDORUGULY TOLO I ITHAT HA WAG TOLA KE
OTELINDREAMER in Washington. D. C., that he was to
stay away from the land he was to have no content
with and specifically recalls the phrase "to
SURY AWRY ITOM
have been around the time, according to when
was concerned as to what his role in the entire matter was
supposed to be and probably would have been around the time
unat autorneys and advised him to
obtain his own attorney. noted that he believes that
would not knowingly tell a lie and that gave
him the impression that he was not aware of anything illegal
A A DESCRIPTION OF THE SECOND

cy 56-83

or questionable concerning the contributions, or prior to traveling to Washington. D. C. the falsehood of the previous interviews

data ón	Sex Race Date of birth Place of birth Height Weight *Eyes Hair Complexion Marks	male white 5:10" 187 lbs. brown brown dark none	
- <u>1</u>	Marital status	married on at	
4	Wife Children		b6 b70
*			
· · ·			F.
2	Father		-
e.	Mother		ķ
± ′	Occupation Languages		-
	Foreign residences		,
	, u,		T
*			

Entered United States	at New York City	*
Destination		
	Cleveland, Ohio	
Organizations		
and the second s		-
Citizenship		
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

10/23/73 Date of transcription_ 1 During the course of the interview of at his residence at voluntarily made available to Special Agents Ohio, Northern Ohio and Telephone Company bills including the September 25, 1973, bill which includes the following telephone calls billed to telephone number 225-7677 to at that address: Date City Called Number Called 8/29/73 Washington, DC 872-4600 9/3/73 223-6000 9/4/73 298-5970 9/18/73 785-1000 noted that he believes the first telephone number listed, 872-4600, is the number of the American Chemical Society in Washington DC. He stated he believes 223-6000 is the number for the "Washington Post" newspaper or possibly the "Washington Star" newspaper. stated he believes that 298-5970 is the telephone number for a law firm in Washington, DC which number was furnished him by on a previous call a on a previous call and that had requested him to telephone him at that number. He believes 785-1000 is the telephone number for the Hotel Madison, the hotel utilized by while staying in Washington, DC.

Interviewed on 10/18/73 Brunswick, Ohio Cleveland 56-83

SAS and MVH/cac Date dictated 10/23/73 b7C

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

10/23/73

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	Clavel an	Brunswick Office of the	, Onio, Voluntar Federal Bureau o	ily appeared at the	
	(ERT) an	, eno to every base h	with Special Ag	ant	
	W.	as furnished a ""	Voluntary Appear	ances Advice of s	-
٠.	Rights"	from by SA	in the presence	of sa	-
ν ζ		The form was	read to the	v SA POLLOWING	
-	which	also read t	he form, stated	that he understood	
-	its cont	ents, and therea	fter signed the	form.	_
-		أفريدية أأأ	an filipana and an		
۶		Stated stated	he was aware tha	t SAs and	*
-	Miemed b	im on the bight	ar Agenta who ha	d previously inter- 973 at his residence.	b6 - b7C
	, ATCMCM T	Till our mic mrein.	or ochoner Tice T	312 ac ura Leargeuge.	, D/C
•	~ 34	Prior to	appearance a	t the Cleveland	
	Office o	f the FBI, he ha	d telephoned the	Cleveland Office	k
, 5	and ther	eafter a return	telephone call w	as placed to	, ,
*\$	by SA	who requested	that if availab	le bring with	-
ر ٠٠	nim any	records of any t	elephone bills o	r long distance calls	
-	wirren ife	may have in his	possession.	*	* .
	•	furnish	ed nhotostatic c	opies of telephone	ন -
	calls bi	lled to his tele	phone numbers at	his place of business	
- **	Protecti	ve Chemicals. In	c 2060 Hamilto	n Avenue, Cleveland,	
	Ohio, fo	r the months of	August, Septembe	r, and October, 1973.	
	and list	ed the telephone	numbers for his	place of business	•
	as:				ي.
		(216) 696-6030			,
	*		* _ •		. # <u>.</u>
	-	(216) 696-6031	in the second second	and the second s	
-					-
* -		(216) 696-6032	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- he	
-		, ,			•
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<i></i>	*	عمدانا فسنشدث	T Blandina dina dina dina dina dina dina din		. •
	nrivata	he noted that business numbers	the last number,	, is his	į.
	Try Track	ngerness nombers	,		. -
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ş	وط يوني	33 Amar			_
Ințervie	wed on 10/1	9/73 <u></u> Cle	veland, Ohio	FGleveland 56-8	3
•	SAS	and	·		b6
L	~~~ <u>~</u>	<u>laud</u>	MVH/cac p	ate dictated 10/23/73	b70
by	_ 	*	T	te dictated 10/23/13	<u> </u>

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noted that the interviewing agents can observe that numerous long-distance telephone calls are billed to his numbers from numerous states from Maine to Iowa and explained that his company employs approximately 27 company representatives and that most of the collect calls attributed to his business telephone numbers are comprised of such calls. was requested to and accordingly signed the front page of each separate photostatic copy of his telephone records and also noted the date, October 19, 1973, next to his signature. Thereafter. furnished the following additional information: He recalls that he placed two telephone calls from Cleveland, Ohio, to two separate Washington, DC law firms in returning previous telephone calls from his friend, . The telephone calls he believes would have been in early September when ____accompanied the other American Shipbuilding (AMSHIP) Company employees to Washington, DC. He believes would that time, in conversation with Attorneys |would have been, at and (phonetic). The second call that he recalls placing to a law firm would have been approximately several weeks later around the time that __had retained his own attorney. telephoned the law firm which attorney. First Name Unknown (FNU) Ls associated with and was informed by an unrecalled individual that tied up or in conference. Approximately ten minutes later returned the call. In addition stated he specifically recalls telephoning Washington DC and speaking with someone at the "Washington Post" or the Washington Star" on a total of

two separate occasions. He also recalls talking with an

unrecalled government agency and also telephoning the Justice Department once but stated he did not get any answer. He noted also that he telephoned the ARCHIBALD COX Committee and spoke with an unrecalled individual as he described during his interview on the evening of October 18, 1973.

reiterated that on Saturday, October 13, 1973, at approximately 1:00pm after flying back from Washington, DC on that date, visited at his place of business and discussed with him his, conversations with his Attorney and of COX's committee. also noted that tele- phoned him from Washington, DC late Thursday evening at approximately 10:00pm or 11:00pm and also called him early Friday morning at about 12:30am and repeated various parts of his conversations with his attorney and each occasion gave to understand the either he, or his attorney, had given the impression that may have been privy to or the source of some valuable information from Washington sources, unknown to
also noted that he subsequently learned from that following the meeting attended by GEORGE and himself. STEINBRENNER and asked regarding what is that guy, a con?" stated that he did not know the meaning of the inquiry, that is whether they referred to as an ex-convict, as a confidence man, or as a con-artist.
In summarizing his relationship with noted that told him what had transpired in Washington, DC and recalls saying specifically in regard to the conversation about AMSHTP and the divestiture of several ships in connection with an anti-trust case, "In case you are asked" apparently referring to an anticipated interview of also stated "All I know from is that he really cracked up.", explaining that apparently has been quite upset or pre-occupied with his legal activities in Washington, DC.
Concerning who he previously characterized as being the individual somehow responsible for obtaining the STEINBRENNER campaign contribution, stated that he believes was a member of the law firm which handled some work for President RICHARD M. NIXON, possibly the same firm that and are associated with or possibly the Mudge Rose Law Firm.
noted that has also told him that STEINBRENNER, and FNU have discussed moving the

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Cleveland AMSHIP office to Tampa, Florida, but they have not mentioned this at all to and when lapproached STEINBRENNER about this, STEINBRENNER told he would talk to him about it later. Concerning telephone calls billed to his business telephones at 2060 Hamilton, Cleveland, Ohio, that to the best of his knowledge no other telephone calls would have been placed to Washington, DC by any person other than himself and that with the exception of possibly one telephone call to the American Chemical Society, Washington, DC all of his telephone calls to Washington would have been attempts to obtain the number for the COX Committee or returning telephone calls to Regarding stated that following the interview by the interviewing agents on Thursday evening; October 18. 1973, he was advised by that had called his home twice during the time he was with SAs. and also noted that he expected to meet with later on in the day, Friday, October 19, 1973. He stated that during his phone calls with since being interviewed he had not received any additional information of any kind other than what he had already furnished the interviewing agents.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

10/23/73

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Date of transcription_

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alling number	Date	Number called
596-6032	9/4/73	223-6000
596-6032		737-8200
596-6031		655-4000
		,393-2300
596-6032 . ^{b6}	9/10/73	638-6565
-	9/18/73	785-1000

Inferviewed on_	10/19/73	- oi	Clev	ëlar) و di	Dhio		*	Cleveland 56-83
ŞA		cac	b6			-#	-		10/23/73
by	*	.	.b/C	<u> </u>			Dafe	-diclated	·

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Investigation conducted by the Washington Field Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on October 18, 1973, determined the below listed subscribers to the respective telephone numbers, all of which are for Washington, D.C.:

223-6000 Washington Post Newspaper

737-8200 Department of Justice

655-4000 Main US Government Telephone Number

393-2300 Special Prosecutor's Office (COX: Committee)

638-6565 Law Firm 839 17th Street, NW

785-1000 Hotel Madison

298-5970
Law Firm
Becker and Greenwald
1701 Pennsylvania
Washington, D.C.

Set forth below are names of attorneys listed as being associated with the respective Washington, D.C. law firms:

298-5970 - Becker and Greenwald 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue

638-6565	-	839	17th	Street,	NW

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	b6
1- Mr.	b7

52 - 47 3RE

October 30, 1973

BY COURIER SERVICE

SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS

Reference is made to the memorandum of Henry S. Ruth, Jr., to the Director, FBI, dated October 15, 1973, captioned which memorandum is believed to concern

Enclosed for the Special Prosecution Force are two copies of a report dated October 24, 1973, received from the Cleveland, Ohio, FBI Office, which sets forth the results of the requested investigation.

The were obtained on confidential basis from the **b**6 b7C b7D As the interviews of Mr. and the telephone billing records furnished by him confirm and expand on confidentially obtained, may be obtained upon issuance of subpoenas duces tecum,

The Special Prosecution Force is requested to advise this Bureau only if additional investigation is desired.

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Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Original and one forwarded with enclosures, to Special Prosecution Force by 0-14 this date.

J# (4)

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Legal Coun. Telephone Rm.

Director Sec'y ____

MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN, REG, NO. 27 UNITED STATES GO $\it 1emorandum$ TODATE: Mr. Gebhardt October 11, 1973 Laboratory FROM - Mr. Plan. & Evol. R. E. Long - Mr. Gebhar 1 - Mr. Long SUBJECT: WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION UNIT b6 OAMERICAN SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION b7C INVESTIGATION Reference is made to Executive Assistant memorandum to the Director dated 10/9/73 (attached) **b**6 captioned as above, which set forth results of his contact b7C with Henry Ruth, Jr., Deputy Special Prosecutor, and Associate Special Prosecutor, on 10/5/73. Messrs. Ruth and raised some concerns they had with regard to captioned investigation, and the delay b6 b7C experienced in the receiving of report from Los Angeles regarding an FBI interview which contained serious allegations relating to the scope of the Special Prosecutor's investigation The Director noted "What about This?" The matter concerning the delay in reporting the afore-S mentioned Los Angeles interview is being handled separately L by the Intelligence Division. a For the information of the Director, on 10/10/73. SAs [and visited with Henry Ruth at his office for the purpose of discussing the six points b3 he raised concerning captioned matter, and also to review in his presence the testimony of | who is now for captioned firm. employed as 91 page grand jury testimony was reviewed and each of the items was discussed and resolved with Mr. Ruth. Item-one concerned h3 b6 b7C Sent 10/23/73 NOUNITAINUED - OVER

Memorandum to Mr. Gebhardt
RE: WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION UNIT
AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION

	The	second	point	raised	was	that		
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	The	ne thrá	e fòu	r and	Five	in: +1	ne referenced memo-	b7C
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Memorandum to Mr. Gebhardt RE:

WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION UNIT AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION

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Memorandum to Mr. Gebhardt
RE: WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION UNIT
AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION

The last concern raised by Mr. Ruth was that statements	
	b3 b6 b7(
Mr. Ruth advised that he did not want to appear that he was a "complainer" and he really did not know if	
thought the investigation conducted by the Cleveland office had	ച 56 57C

RECOMMENDATION

1. That no further action be taken with regard to this matter, specifically in writing or contacting the Special Prosecutor's office.

GUOY J.

Memorandum to Mr. Gebhardt

WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION UNIT AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING CORPORATION

b7C A review of this matter discloses that the Cleveland office handled the investigation in an outstanding manner as stated by Mr. Ruth. It appears that indictments will be obtained for Steinbrenner for an Election Law for Obstruction of violation and Justice. It is recommended, with the Director's approval, Cleveland, recognizing the outstanding work by his personnel in this matter.

b6

(10-23-73) APPROPRIATE LETTER PREPARED, BG.

To: Mr. Clarence M. Kelley	October 9, 197	Ass Ac Cc E:	dminomp. Syst
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Director, FBI	Խ 6 Խ7c և բ	P	aboratory ——— Ian. & Eval. —
From:	beek p	K \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	raining
Executive Assistant /		T	lephone Rm.
Re: WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSEC		Dir	rector Sec'y
INVESTIGATION	PORATION	Jan M	2.1
		See M	b6
On Friday, October 5, 1973, have Henry Ruth, Deputy Special Prosecutor,			n of b7C
K) and at the request of Mr. Ruth, we w	ere joined by a	Ass	ociate()
Special Prosecutor. The entire discuss into American Shipbuilding Corporation			
The substance of their statement	s are as follows:		
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As a result of this testimony (Vol. III, 9-27-73) and he testified as fo		fore Grand Jury	CONDED CO
		fore Grand Jury	No. 2 b3
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(Vol. III, 9-27-73) and he testified as fo	ollows:		No. 2
(Vol. III, 9-27-73) and he testified as fo	ollows:		No. 2 b3 b6
	ollows:		No. 2 b3

Memorandum for Mr. Kelley
Re: Watergate Special Prosecution Unit
American Shipbuilding Corporation Investigation

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	Messrs. Ruth and also stated that the statements obtained were obviously "canned" but no challenges or reinterviews were conducted by Cleveland Field Office. Both Ruth and stated that the Headquarters liaison and candor with General Investigative Division, particularly Dick Long and were outstanding.	
	Mr. Ruth stated that this information was being provided to you as per Special Prosecutor Archibald Cox's assurances that such matters would be brought directly to your attention. I advised Mr. Ruth I would do so and was further advised that this was not urgent but this matter was for your attention only.	
The state of the s	Mr indicated that an indictment of is not probable but as a result of these developments stated that a separate and unrelated state-ment received from a Special Agent, Cleveland, which contained broad allegations of improprieties in the Cleveland Field Office, including U. S. Attorney disposition of cases, is given some credibility although previously discounted in toto. Upon further discussion, Mr seemed to rethink this matter as not having credibility. Mr. Ruth advised that a Bureau internal investigation into charges and personal conduct has been completed. Mr. Ruth also expressed some concern regarding an FBI interview in Los Angeles which contained serious allegations related to the scope of his Unit's inquiry. Although proven to be unfounded, he did express concern that over sixty days lapsed before the Unit received a report.	
	I advised both officials I would bring this matter to your personal	

attention.

1∸ FOF Airtel b6 1- Mr. b7C 12/3/73 TO: SAC, WFO FROM: Director, FBI (56-4737) AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -WATERGATE UNIT) 00: WFO The Special Prosecutor's Office (SPO) has requested the FBI to determine the present address and telephone number be of I who were connected with the b7c landL Public Relations firm of Neale Roach and Associates, whose address in October, 1967, was Suite 609, 1725 K Street, N.W., Washington, D. C. The telephone number of that firm was 296-8926. WFO should, through available sources, develop the present address and telephone number of these individuals in order that the SPO may be informed. No interviews of these individuals are requested at the present time. Please furnish investigative results in LHM form as soon as possible. Above request was received on 12/3/73 by SA b6 from Assistant Special Prosecutor b7C CAN/amm (5) umm Assoc. Dir. **5** DEC 4 1973 Asst. Dir.: Ádmín. MAILED-7 Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs DEC 3 1973 Files & Com Gen. Inv. **^FBI** Ident. Inspection Intell. Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. Training . Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. TELETYPE UNIT Director Sec'y ...

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	• e ,	Special Agent	in Charge			nent Printing Office:	1972 — 455-574

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS

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A physical check of a "new" building in the 400 block of First Street, Southeast, revealed that the American Trucking Institute will be located at 430 First Street, Southeast, Washington, D. C.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

QITED STATES DEPARTMENT QUETICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20535 December 13, 1973

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS

Pursuant to a request from the Office of the Watergate Special Prosecutor, to locate one the following investigation was conducted by Special Agent Washington Field Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI):
A review of the Polk Directory for the years 1969-1970 showed a Associates at Washington, D. C.,
A review of the 1971 Criss-Cross Directory reflected a residing in at
His employment was listed as Marketing Consultant.
On December 12, 1973, The Credit Bureau of Washington and the records of Dunn and Bradstreet, Washington, D. C., were checked with negative results regarding or Associates.
An examination of the file at the Washington Field Office of the FBI reflected the following information:
In October, 1971, was employed by the American Trucking Institute Associations, Inc., as with an office in Suite 201 of the
Old Congressional Hotel. He was formerly from 1966 to 1970. His
residence was listed as Washington, D. C.
On December 12, 1973, Congressional Hotel, Washington, D. C., advised and the American Trucking Institute are presently moving from this location, to a new building in the 400 block of 1st Street, Southeast, Washington, D. C.

56-4737-08

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CATCLOSURE

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UN QD STATES DEPARTMENT OF JOCICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Washington, D. C. 20535

January 25, 1974

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS

	Pursuant to a request to establish the where-	
	abouts of, the Washington Field Office	
	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation determined on	
	January 23, 1974, from a review of the Dunn and Bradstreet	
	records that a was listed as an	
	Engineering Consultant and resided at	
	Bethesda, Maryland.	
D.G	On January 24, 1974, the records of The Credit Bureau of Washington reflected no information regarding Walter.	
*	A review of the 1970 through 1973 directories in the possession of the Washington Field Office confirmed the above address for however, no employment could be located. A telephone number of was located in a 1972 Polk's Directory.	Ъ6 Ъ7С
	The above information was telephonically furnished to Assistant Watergate Special Prosecutor	

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

56-4737-29

FD-263 (Rev. 1-7-72)

FEDERAL SUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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CV 56-83

ADMINISTRATIVE

In view of the numerous charges appearing in the 15 count indictment of STEINBRENNER and his firm the American Shipbuilding Company and the complexity of those charges, the indictment as obtained from the Office of the Clerk of Courts, United States District Court, Cleveland, Ohio, is being set forth in its entirety.

B*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

4/8/74

CLEVELAND, OHIO Office: b7C

Date:

AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING

56-4737 Bureau File #:

Field Office File #:

COMPANY

Title:

GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER

Character:

ELECTION LAWS

Synopsis: -

Fifteen count indictment returned 4/5/74 at Cleveland, Chio, charging STEINBRENNER and the American Shipbuilding Company with violations of Title 18, Sections 2, 371, 610, 1001, 1503, and 1510, USC.

- DETAILS:

At Cleveland, Ohio

The records of the Clerk of Courts, United States District Court, for the Northern District of Ohio, Cleveland, Ohio, as reviewed on April 5, 1974, reflect that on that date a 15 count indictment was returned against GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, and the American Shipbuilding Company. The indictment, which lists STEINBRENNER and the American Shipbuilding Company as defendants, charges violations of Title 18, Sections 2, 371, 610, 1001, 1503, and 1510, United States Code.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

JUDGE BATTISTI

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Plaintiff,

CR74-174

No. 18 U.S.C. Sections 2, 371, 610, 1001, 1503 1510

GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, and THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY,

Defendants.

INDICTMENT

COUNT ONE

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

- 1. The defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY is and was, at all times material to this indictment, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey.
- 2. The defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, is and was, at all times material to this indictment, an officer, to wit, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer, of the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, and was acting in that capacity.
- 3. Robert E. Bartlome, an unindicted co-conspirator, is and was, at all times material to this indictment, an Ohio officer, to wit, the Secretary, of the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, and was acting in that capacity.

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- 4. Stanley J. Lepkowski, an unindicted co-conspirator, is and was, at all times material to this indictment, an officer, to wit, the Treasurer and Comptroller, of the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, and was acting in that capacity.
- 5. At all times hereinafter mentioned the term "election" refers to a general election held pursuant to the laws of the United States and of the several states at which, among others, Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors, United States Senators and Representatives in Congress were voted for, and a primary election, political convention, and caucus held to select candidates for any of the foregoing offices.
- 6. From in or about September, 1970, and continuously thereafter up to and including September, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, and THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, the defendants herein, and Robert E. Bartlome and Stanley J. Lepkowski, named herein as co-conspirators but not as defendants, with each other and with other persons to the grand jury known and unknown, did knowingly, willfully and unlawfully combine, conspire, confederate and agree to violate Section 610 of Title 18, United States Code, in that they did knowingly, willfully and unlawfully conspire and agree to cause THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY to make contributions and expenditures in connection with elections at which Presidential and Vice Presidential electors, United States Senators, and Representatives in Congress were to be voted for, and in

connection with primary elections, political conventions, and caucuses held to select candidates for the foregoing offices, and did so conspire and agree willfully to consent to the making of such contributions by THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY.

It was a part of the conspiracy that, among other means, contributions by the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, to candidates in said elections would be made in the following manner: the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, together with Robert E. Bartlome and Stanley J. Lepkowski, would select a group of trusted employees, who were to receive what appeared to be bonuses from THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY and who would be directed to contribute the net proceeds after taxes from these bonuses to candidates in said elections; STEINBRENNER would authorize the payment of such bonuses to the employees who had been selected; STEINBRENNER would also direct the submission of fictitious expense vouchers by employees of THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY to create a cash fund in order to reimburse employees for contributions; STEINBRENNER would instruct Bartlome what candidates were to receive contributions and STEINBRENNER would specify the amount of the contributions; Bartlome would direct the employees who had received the bonuses and those who were to be reimbursed from, the cash fund to make out personal checks for the contributions. specified by STEINBRENNER; the employees would write out their personal checks for the contributions.

8. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the source of these contributions would be disguised so as to conceal their illegal nature from federal investigative authorities and others by using, among others, the following means: In or about January, 1973, a company-wide pattern of giving bonuses would be established to camouflage the bonuses that had already been given. The defendant STEINBRENNER would cause the destruction and alteration of records and the creation of false and misleading records concerning the payment of bonuses by the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY.

In furtherance of the conspiracy and to effect the objects and purposes thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere:

OVERT ACTS

- 1. In or about September, 1970, the defendant GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, had a discussion with co-conspirators Robert E. Bartlome and Stanley J. Lepkowski
- 2. In or about September, 1970, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, authorized the payment of a gross bonus of \$5,000 before taxes were withheld to be paid to each of the following persons: Robert E. Bartlome, Matthew E. Clark, Jr., Robert L. Dibble, Erhard E. Eckert, Stanley J. Lepkowski, and Gordon Stafford.
- 3. On or about September 25, 1970, Stanley J. Lepkowski wrote on an attachment to a payroll register of the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY:

 "SPL_IAL Bonus Chargeable to CGC Claim--Reward for Extra Work & Effort Per Instructions GMS III."

- 4. On or about September 30, 1970, Robert E. Bartlome issued a personal check for \$750 payable to Mosher for Congress.
- 5. On or about September 30, 1970 Stanley J.

 Lepkowski issued a personal check for \$750 payable to

 Mosher for Congress.
- 6. On or about October 9, 1970, Robert E. Bartlome issued a personal check for \$1,000 payable to the Democratic Congressional Dinner Committee.
- 7. On or about October 12, 1970, Stanley J. Lepkowski issued a personal check for \$1,000 payable to the Democratic Congressional Dinner Committee.
- 8. In or about October, 1970; Robert E. Bartlome had a conversation with Gordon Stafford in which Bartlome told Stafford to issue a personal check for \$500 to the Bow for Congress Committee.
- 9. In or about October, 1970, Robert E. Bartlome, had a conversation with Matthew E. Clark, Jr., in which Bartlome told Clark to issue a personal check for \$700 to the National Tribute to Senator Hartke.
- 10. In or about October, 1970, Robert E. Bartlome had a conversation with Erhard E. Eckert, in which Bartlome told Eckert to issue a personal check for \$300 to the National Tribute to Senator Hartke.
- 11. In or about November, 1971, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, authorized a gross bonus of \$5,000 before taxes were withheld to be paid to each of the following persons: Robert E. Bartlome, Matthew E. Clark, Jr., Robert L. Dibble, Stanley J. Lepkowski, and Gordon Stafford.

- 12. On or about February 1, 1972, Robert E. Bartlome issued a personal check for \$1,000 payable to the National Democratic Congressional Dinner.
- 13. On or about February 1, 1972, Stanley J. Lepkowski issued a personal check for \$1,000 payable to the National Democratic Congressional Dinner.
- 14. On or about February 26, 1972, Robert E. Bartlome issued a personal check for \$2,000 payable to the Senate/House Majority Dinner.
- 15. On or about February 26, 1972; Stanley J. Lepkowski issued a personal check for \$2,000 payable to the Senate/House Majority Dinner.
- 16. On or about February 29, 1972, GEORGE M.
 STEINBRENNER III, gave A. David Baumhart, an employee
 of THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, a package of checks
 amounting to \$10,000 payable to the Senate/House Majority
 Dinner.
- 17. In or about April, 1972, the defendant GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, authorized a gross bonus of \$5,000 before taxes were withheld to be paid to each of the following persons: Robert E. Bartlome, Matthew E. Clark, Jr., Ian Cushenan, Robert L. Dibble, Danial A. Kissel, Stanley J. Lepkowski, Gordon Stafford, and Roy F. Walker.
- 18. On or about April 6, 1972, Robert E. Bartlome issued a personal check for \$3,000 payable to a committee organized to support the Presidential candidacy of Richard M. Nixon in an election held on November 7, 1972.
- 19. On or about April 6, 1972, Stanley J. Lepkowski.

organized to support the Presidential candidacy of Richard M. Nixon, in an election held on November 7, 1972.

- 20. On or about April 6, 1972, Robert E. Bartlome gave a package of checks, including \$25,000 in checks from Robert E. Bartlome, Matthew E. Clark, Jr., Ian Cushenan, Robert L. Dibble, Daniel A. Kissel, Stanley J. Lepkowski, Gordon Stafford, and Roy F. Walker, to Ronald Slater, an employee of THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, and told Slater to deliver the checks to an agent of the Finance Committee for the Re-Election of the President.
- 21. In or about November, 1972, the defendant GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, had a discussion with Robert E. Bartlome and Stanley J. Lepkowski in which he directed them to submit fictitious expense vouchers and make the proceeds available for contributions to candidates in elections.
- 22. In or about July, 1973, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, directed Robert E. Bartlome and Stanley J. Lepkowski to issue personal checks in a total amount of \$500 payable to a committee organized to support the Senatorial candidacy of United States Senator Daniel K. Inouye.
- 23. In or about April, 1973, the defendant GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER III, destroyed Robert E. Bartlome's records of bonuses paid to and contributions made by employees of the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY.
- 24. In or about June, 1973, Robert E. Bartlome signed a certificate that stated that his 1972 bonus of \$5,000 "was in no manner, either directly or indirectly,

conditioned upon or subject to the making by him of any contribution, whether charitable, political or otherwise."

All in violation of Section 371, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT II

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- The allegations contained in paragraph 1 and
 and paragraph 5 of Count I of this indictment are
 incorporated in this count.
- 2. In or about September and October, 1970, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, in his capacity as an officer of The American Shipbuilding Company, did willfully and unlawfully consent to the making of a contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress at the 1970 election, to wit: a contribution in the total amount of \$5,000 to the Mosher for Congress Committee.

All in violation of Section 610, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT III

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 and 2 and paragraph 5 of Count I of this indictment are incorporated in this count.
- 2. In or about October, 1970, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, in his capacity as an officer of The American Shipbuilding Company, did willfully and unlawfully consent to the making of a contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress at the 1970 election, to wit: a contribution in the total amount of \$6,000 to the Democratic Congressional Dinner Committee.

All in violation of Section 610, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT IV

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 and 2 and paragraph 5 of Count I of this indictment are incorporated in this count.
- 2. In or about February, 1972, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, in his capacity as an officer of The American Shipbuilding Company, did willfully and unlawfully consent to the making of a contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress at the 1972 election, to wit: a contribution in the total amount of \$5,000 to the Democratic Congressional Dinner Committee.

All in violation of Section 610, Title 18, United. States Gode.

COUNT V

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 and 2 and paragraph 5 of Count I of this indictment are incorporated in this count.
- 2. In or about February, 1972, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, in his capacity as an officer of The American Shipbuilding Company, did willfully and unlawfully consent to the making of a contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress at the 1972 election, to wit: a contribution in the total amount of \$10,000 to the Senate-House Majority Dinner.

All in violation of Section 610, Title 18, United

COUNT VI

THE GRAND JURY, FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraph 1 and 2 and paragraph 5 of Count I of this indictment are incorporated in this count.
- 2. In or about April 1972, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsehwere, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, in his capacity as an officer of The American Shipbuilding Company, did willfully and unlawfully consent to the making of a contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress at the 1972 election, to wit: a contribution in the total amount of \$25,000 to committees organized to support the Presidential candidacy of Richard M. Nixon.

All in violation of Section 610, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT VII

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 and 5 of Count I of this indictment are incorporated in this count.
- 2. In or about September and October, 1970, in the Northern District of Ohio and elsewhere, the defendant, THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, did unlawfully make a contribution of \$5,000 in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice-Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress at the 1970 election, by making said contribution to the Mosher for Congress Committee.

All in violation of Section 610, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT VIII

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

In or about August, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did willfully endeavor by means of misrepresentation, intimidation, and force and threats thereof to obstruct, delay, and prevent the communication of information relating to violations by The American Shipbuilding Company and its officers of criminal statutes of the United States, to wit, among others, Sections 371 and 610 of Title 18, United States Code, by Stanley J. Lepkowski to criminal investigators, that is, special agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who were authorized by the Department of Justice to conduct and engage in investigations of violations of said statutes and who were then conducting and engaging in such an investigation, as GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, well knew.

All in violation of Section 1510, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT IX

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

In or about August, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did willfully endeavor by means of misrepresentation, intimidation, and force and threats thereof to obstruct, delay, and prevent the communication of information relating to violations by The American Shipbuilding Company and its officers of criminal statutes, to wit, among others, Sections 371 and 610 of Title 18, United States Code, by Robert L. Dibble, to criminal investigators, that is, special agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who were authorized by the Department of Justice to conduct and engage in investigations of violations of said statutes. and who were then conducting and engaging in such an investigation, as GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, well knew.

All in violation of Section 1510, Title 18, United

COUNT X

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. On or about August 28, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, Matthew E. Clark, Jr., did knowingly and willfully make false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations to agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice which Department was then conducting an investigation into a matter within its jurisdiction, namely, possible violations by The American Shipbuilding Company and its officers, of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371, 610, and other federal statutes in that Clark falsely stated that he inquired of Robert E. Bartlome how Clark would go about making a contribution to the re-election campaign of Richard M. Nixon and that he chose one of the committees to which he would contribute from a list provided by Bartlome.
- 2. In or about late August, 1973, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did knowingly, willfully, and unlawfully aid, abet, counsel, command, induce, procure, and cause Matthew E. Clark, Jr., to make the false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations described in paragraph 1 of this count.

All in violation of Sections 2 and 1001 of Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT XI

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. On or about August 28, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, Ian R. Cushenan did knowingly and willfully make false, ficitious and fraudulent statements and representations to agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, which Department was then conducting an investigation into a matter within its jurisdiction, namely, possible violations by The American Shipbuilding Company and its officers, of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371, 610, and other federal statutes, in that Cushenan falsely stated that his contribution to the 1972 Presidential campaign of Richard M. Nixon was motivated solely by his own desire to make a contribution to Mr. Nixon and that he was in a financial position to make such a contribution.
- 2. In or about late August, 1973, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did knowingly, willfully, and unlawfully aid, abet, counsel, command, induce, procure, and cause Ian R. Cushenan to make the false, fictitious, and fraudulent statements and representations described in paragraph 1 of this count.

All in violation of Sections 2 and 1001 of Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT XII

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. On or about August 13, 1973, a federal grand jury of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia was duly empanelled and sworn and, at all times material to this count, was investigating, among other things, possible violations of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371 and 610.
- 2. From on or about August 31, 1973 to in or about early September, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did corruptly and by threats and force endeavor to influence, obstruct and impede the due administration of justice, in that the said GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, knowing that Robert E. Bartlome was to be a witness before the aforementioned Grand Jury, urged, advised, and counselled Robert E. Bartlome to give false testimony before the Grand Jury in relation to its investigation.

All in violation of Section 1503, Title 18

COUNT XIII

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraph 1 of Count XII of this indictment was incorporated in this Count.
- 2. From in or about the Labor Day Weekend, 1973 to in or about early September, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did corruptly and by threats and force endeavor to influence, obstruct and impede the due admistration of justice, in that the said GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, knowing that Stanley J. Lepkowski was to be a witness before the aforementioned Grand Jury, urged, advised, and counselled Stanley J. Lepkowski to give false testimony before the Grand Jury in relation to its investigation.

All in violation of Section 1503, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT XIV

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraph 1 of Count XII of this indictment are incorporated in this Count.
- 2. From in or about the Labor Day Weekend,
 1973 to in or about early September, 1973, in the Northern
 District of Ohio, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER,
 III, did corruptly and by threats and force endeavor to
 influence, obstruct and impede the due administration of
 justice in that said GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, knowing
 that Matthew E. Clark, Jr., was to be a witness before the
 aforementioned Grand Jury, urged, advised, and counselled
 Matthew E. Clark, Jr., to give false testimony before the
 Grand Jury in relation to its investigation.

All in violation of Section 1503, Title 18, United States Code.

COUNT XV

THE GRAND JURY FURTHER CHARGES:

- 1. The allegations contained in paragraph 1 of Count XII of this indictment are incorporated in this Count.
- 2. From in or about the Labor Day Weekend, 1973 to in or about early September, 1973, in the Northern District of Ohio, the defendant, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, did corruptly and by threats and force endeavor to influence, obstruct and impede the due administration of justice in that the said GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, knowing that Robert L. Dibble was to be a witness before the aforementioned Grand Jury urged, advised, and counselled Robert L. Dibble to give false testimony before the Grand Jury in relation to its investigation.

All in violation of Section 1503, Title 18, United States Code.

A TRUE BILL

Foreman:

LEON JAWORSKI

Special Prosecutor

ederal Bureau of Investigation COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
ADR 1.97974.

ØØ5 CV CODE

PM URGENT 4-19-74 SLO

TO DIRECTOR 56-4737

WASHINGTON FIELD

FROM CLEVELAND

56-83

(P)

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm... Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst Gerk Ident Inspection Intell, Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. Training Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

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AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER. ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION-WATERGATE UNIT). 00: WASHINGTON FIELD

U.S. AFTORNEY'S OFFICE, CLEVELAND, OHIO, ADVISED ON THIS DATE, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER APPEARED BEFORE US MAGISTRATE HERBERT T. MAHER, CLEVELAND, WITH HIS ATTORNEYS OF CLEVELAND. OF WASHINGTON, D.C. AND

STEINBRENNER ENTERED INNOCENT PLEA TO 14 COUNT INDICTMENT

AND RELEASED ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE AND PRELIMINARY HEARING

SET FOR MAY 22, 1974 IN USDC, CLEVELAND.

END

56-4737

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18 APR 23 1974

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Airtel 1- FOF b6 1- Mr. b7C 4/19/74 TO: SAC, WPO Director, FBI (56-4737) FROM: AHERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. OSTEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION -WATERGATE UNIT) 00: NFO Rerep of SA dated 4/8/74 at Cleveland. "The Washington Post" issue of 4/19/74 contained an article reporting that of American Ship Building Company, pled guilty in U. S. District Court, Washington, D. C., 4/18/74, concerning an illegal campaign contribution of \$25,000. Speculation is offered in this article that he will appear as a Government witness against Steinbrenner. b6 If not already done, WFO should ascertain the details of the charge and plea in this matter and follow prosecution 1- Cleveland (56-83) (info) EX-113 AGB/amn 5 APR 261974 MAILED 7 APR 191974 Director Sec'y 58 WMAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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4/30/74

TO:

SAC, Cleveland [56-83]

FROM: Director, FBI (56-4737)

DAMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY
GEORGE WESTEINBRENNER
ELECTION LAWS
(ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION ~
WATERGATE UNIT)

00: WFO

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ReButelcal to Cleveland 4/30/74.

The Special Prosecution Force has expressed concern that in future prosecution in this matter the defense may pose the objection that excessive local news coverage would prejudice successful prosecution. In order to evaluate the situation, the Special Prosecution Force requested it be furnished legible copies of the newspaper articles concerning this case appearing in the local Cleveland newspapers.

In accordance with retelcal, Cleveland should review its file and if it is believed the file contains a majority of articles with respect to this case, copies should be submitted in a form suitable for dissemination. The Special Prosecution Force requests that the period of 1/1/73 to the present be covered.

1- :WFO, (Info)

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NOTE: Above request of SPF was received by SP from Mr. SPF, 4/30/74; retelec	FBIHQ,
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TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (56-4737)

FROM:

SAC, WFO (56-311) (P)

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY
GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER
ELECTION LAWS
(ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION-WATERGATE UNIT)
(OO:WFO)

ReBuairtel to WFO, 4/19/74.

Enclosed for the <u>Bureau and Cleveland</u> is one copy of an Information charging with Violation of <u>Title 18, Section 610 of United States Code</u>.

For information of the Bureau the Information was filed in the presence of on April 18, 1974, at which time he entered a guilty plea) to the charge. The plea was accepted by U. S. District Court Judge GEORGE L. HART, who released on his own recognizance and ordered a presentence investigation.

WFO will follow disposition of this matter.

2) - Bureau (Enc. 1)
1 - Cleveland (56-83) (Enc. 1)
1 - WFO

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b7C

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	}
Plaintiff,	
· v.) NO
· .) 18 U.S.C. §§ 3, 610)
Defendant.	}

INFORMATION

THE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR CHARGES: . . .

- 1. The American Shipbuilding Company is and was, at all times material to this information a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey.
- 3. George M. Steinbrenner, III, is and was, at all times material to this information, an officer, to wit, the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of The American Shipbuilding Company, and was acting in that capacity.
- 4. In or about April, 1972, George M. Steinbrenner, III, in his capacity as an officer of The American Shipbuilding Company did willfully and unlawfully in violation of 18 United States Code, Section 610, consent to the making of a contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company in connection with the election of Presidential and Vice Presidential electors and United States Senators and Representatives in Congress, to wit: a contribution in the total amount of \$25,000 to committees organized to support the Presidential

b6 b7C candidacy of Richard M. Nixon in the general election held on November 7, 1972.

In or about August, 1973 and early September, 1973, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, the defendant, knowing that George M. Steinbrenner, III, had committed an offense against the United States, to wit, the violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 610, set forth in paragraph 4, did relieve, comfort, and assist Steinbrenner in order to hinder and prevent Steinbrenner's apprehension, trial, and punishment by using, among others, the following means: conveyed a false and misleading explanation of the \$25,000 contribution described in paragraph 4 to employees of The American Shipbuilding Company to enable said employees to give this story to agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who were then investigating possible violations of Title 18; United States Code, Section 610. Further, with the knowledge and consent of Steinbrenner, conveyed to an Assistant Special Prosecutor of the Watergate Special Prosecution Force, Department of Justice, a false and misleading explanation of the \$25,000 contribution by The American Shipbuilding Company at a time when said Assistant Special Prosecutor was conducting an authorized investigation into possible violations of Title 18, United States Code, Section 610 in connection with said contribution.

All in violation of Sections 3 and 610 of Title

LEON JAWORSKI
Special Prosecutor
Watergate Special Prosecution
Force
1425 K Street, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20005

KM.

REC.115 May 7, 1974

COURTER SERVICE

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS

In accordance with the request of Special Prosecution Force, on April 30, 1974, enclosed herewith are two copies each of newspaper articles concerning this case which appeared in the local Cleveland, Ohio, newspapers. While the enclosed material may not contain all the pertinent articles, it is believed the vast majority is represented.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Enclosures

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NOTE: Original and one forwarded with encs to SPF by 0-4 this date; one cc to WFO for information by 0-7 this date.

JJC/amm(5)

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	FBI
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FROM:	SAC, CLEVELAND (56-83)
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	(ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT)
	OO: WFO
k.	Re Bureau telcall to Cleveland, 4-30-74.
Compare	Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are four (4) copies WFO one (1) copy each of an LHM captioned above, sed of articles appearing in Greater Cleveland, Ohio, ewspapers concerning captioned matter.
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Special Agent in Charge

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Cleveland, Ohio

May 1, 1974

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER

Set forth below are photostatic copies of newspapers articles which have appeared in Greater Cleveland, Ohio, area newspapers relating to GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER of the American Ship Building Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

ENCLOSURE 56-4737-35

Pg.1-A

Eight officials of the American Ship. Huilding Co. here have been subpoenaed by the Watergate grand jury which is investighting corporate contributions to President, Nixon's re-election campaign.

The Washington Post reported that the Watergate special prosecution force is investigating \$25,000 in contributions by the eight to the Nixon campaign, all made April 6, 1972, the day before the stiff new federal disclosure law took effect.

Associate Special Prosecutor Thoma '. McBride disclosed, the Post said, that the eight men listed as having put up the money were "reimbursed by corporate bonuses" on the same day. McBride is a member of Special Prosecutor Archibald Cox's staff.

The eight were ordered to testify yesterday, but won a two-week delay from U.S. District Judge John J. Sirica in Washington to allow them time to tobtain lawyers.

In Cleveland, George M. Steinbrennen III, American Ship chairman and chief ex cutive officer, declined to discuss the mat-

A spokesman for Watergate special prosecutor Archibald Cox in Washington also declined to discuss what the eight men would be questioned about, the Associated Press reported.

The officials were identified as Robort E. Bartlome, secretary; Matthew E. Clark Jr.: Ian R. Cushenan; Robert L. Dibble, a division vice president; Daniel A. Missel, a division treasurer; Stanley J. Lep. kowski, a division treasurer; Gordon Stafford, and Roy F. Walker Jr.

The subpoenas were disclosed when he company lawyer, Timothy F. McMahon, filed a motion asking for the two-week delay.

Several major companies recently flave confessed making contributions the dixon's re-election campaign in violation of laws prohibiting corporate contributions.

McMahon said in his motion that he met on Tuesday with Cox's staff and was told "that a definite conflict of interest. would be presented" if McMahon continued to represent the eight men.

McMahon said American Ship officers first told him last month that the company might become involved in the Watergate investigation. He said he advised the officers to cooperate with the investigation.

All eight have been interviewed by the FBI, McMahon said. The subpoenas were served starting Aug. 31.

Two of the eight American Ship Building officials named at the hearing - Kissel and Walker - were listed earlier this year in a partial disclosure of pre-April 7 contributors to the Nixon campaign.

Kissel was recorded as having given 3,500 and Walker and his wife another \$3,500 for the President's re-election, both on April 6.

(Indicate pane as newspaper, other)

Cleveland | lain Dealer Cleveland, Thio

American Ship Building Company; George M. Steinbrenner

Date: 9-6-73

Edition: Final

Author:

Educ: Thomas Vail

SEE AROVE

Change Election Laws

Classifi ...

Submitting

Cleveland

How Steinbrenner's gift came to light

By ROBERT CRATER
Press Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — Disclosure that Cleveland shipbuilder George M. Steinbrenner III was on a hidden list of big donors to President Nixon's 1972 campaign telates to what newsmen there refer to as "Rosemary's Baby."

"Rosemary's B a b y," the mame of a best-seller and hit movie, depicted the mother, of a baby sired by the devil and who, because of her love, failed to destroy the blighted infant.

The story is likened to the failure of Rose Mary Woods, Nixon's secretary, to dispose of her copy of the VIP contributor list.

As a result, it was revealed this week that Steinbrenner, president of American Ship Building Co., and seven of his employees gave it total of \$100,000 to the Committee for the Re-Election of the President CCRP.

Here's how it all hapmened, according to Kemneth Guido, an attorney for common Cause, a self-styled people's lobby": a Common Cause lawyers took a sworn statement from Hugh Sloan, then CRP treasurer, on May 25. Sloan revealed the existence of the list of some 2000 big contributors to CRP prior to Apr. 7 when a federal law requiring disclosure of all such donations went into effect.

Sloan said former Commerce Secretary Maurice II. Stans, then CRP finance chairman, had a list, adding casually that Miss Woods had another.

Stans told Common Cause he destroyed his, and the lawyers turned to the White House. They asked Leonard Garment, then special consultant to Nixon, for Rose Mary Woods' copy.

After several days without action, Common Cause attorneys offered to subpoena the list as part of their action pending in Federal Court. Garment quickly sent the list to Common Cause.

Under court orders Common Cause cannot disclose names on the list, but the Watergate Grand Jury obtained it through a court order. This week an attorney for the eight employees of American Ship Building revealed their \$25,000 in contributions when the attorney obtained a postponement of their appearance before the Grand Jury until sept. 19.

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Pg.5-B Cleveland Press Cleveland, Ohio

American Ship Building Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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Classification Cleveland
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Steinbrenner has acknowledged he delivered the \$25,000 and his \$75,000 to the Nixon campaign, denyring he had done anything wrong.

"If it had not been for the Common Cause suit and the discovery that Miss Woods had the list, the it mancing of the campaign by hidden contributions might not have come to light," said Guido.

Guido said the names of all of the contributors will become public when the list is turned over to the clerk of the House of Representatives on Sept. 28.

"Until then, we cannot discuss any names on the list," he said.

Steinbrenner says he gave: to Nixon to help Cleveland

By ROY MEYERS

George Steinbrenner, president of American Shipbuilding Co., to 1 d. The Press today that a \$75,000 personal con-

tribution to President Nixon's 1972 re-election campaign was made to help the City of Cleveland.

felt that (Cleveland needed an input to the White House," said Steinbrenner. Boston has one of the most Demoratic mayors in



the country and it gets far more federal assistance than Cleveland."

Steinbrenner emphatically denied reports that he sought favorable treatment from the White House in a cost overrun dispute,

The dispute involved a \$5.4 million cost overrun on an oceanographic survey vessel built for the Government.

"That was a dead issue," said Steinbrenner. "The only recourse we had was to go to court. And that's what we did."

The \$75,000 contribution was in addition to \$25,000 donated by eight American Snip executives. The eight have been subpensed to testify before the Water gate Grand Jury.

The Watergate prosecutors are reported to be checking into the possibility that the \$25,000 was reimbursed to the? executives by American Ship, a violation, of federal law.

Steinbrenner declined comment on any aspect of the executives' donations.

Steinbrenner, I on g associated with Democratic fund-raising activities and a: close friend of Sen. Edward Kennedy, aid he had felt Nixon was a good prest dent.

the Washington Star-News yesterday reported that Steinbrenner had expressed his views on Nixon to the eight executives and said "I'll match you guysthree-to-one."

"I'm sure they were aware of my feelings about Nixon," said Steinbrenner. "But I don't recall saying anything about a three-to-one donation ratio."

Steinbrenner said he was approached. about the \$75,000 by a college classmate, Thomas Evans of the New York law firm of Mudge, Rose, Guthrie & Alexander.

Nixon and former Attorney General John Mitchell are former members of the firm.

Steinbrenner said E v a n s introduce him to Herbert Kalmbach, Nixons per sonal attorney, late in March of 1972,

He said Kalmbach referred to the coke overrun case by saying "I know you ha a problem. It's a difficult one."

I"I was told the money would be come sidered as a good-sized donation, sail Steinbrenner. "But later I fund out Rewas peanuts. Look at all the \$250,000 contributions made.

Steinbrenner verified that the money was donated before the Apr. 7 deadline requiring full disclosure. It was made in he form of 25 checks of \$3000 each to **45 different committees.**

"I thought Nixon had been a good." president, added Steinbrenner. "He was" the first president since 1930 to help the maritime industry."

Steinbrenner said he met Nixon only. once, in a reception line at a White-House dinner. The invitation came after the \$75,000 donation.

Asked if he still harbored the same feelings about Nixon's presidency, Steinbrenner replied: "No comment."

(Indicate page no newspaper, city

Pg.9-D Cleveland Press Cleveland, Ohio ..

American Ship Building Company: George M. Steinbrenner

Date: 9-7-73 Édition: Final

Author: Roy Meyers EditoriThomas L. Boardman

SEE ABOVE

Character: Election Laws

Classification:

Submitting Office: Cleveland

Being Investigated

Immunity is granted eight at AmShip in Nixon gift

By Robert J. Havel

WASHINGTON — Eight bifficers and employes of American Ship Building Co. of Cleveland who received corporate bonuses on the same day they made secret contributions to President Nixon's re-election committee have been granted immunity from prosecution by special Watergate prosecutor Archibald Cox.

The gifts were part of a secret \$100,000 donation by company officials given at the same time the firm was trying unsuccessfully to get payment of a \$5-million overrum on a government contract. The funds included a personal contribution of \$75,000 from Board Chairman George M. Steinbrenner III, who has been a top Democratic money raiser,

Cox has clamped a tight lid of secrecy on his investigations. However, Daniel Flannery, lawyer for two of the eight, confirmed that Robert E. Bartolme, company secretary, and Stanley J. Lepkowski, treasurer, had been granted immunity at their appearance before a special grand jury on Wednesday. Flannery said the two are not scheduled for further grand jury appearances at this time.

The lawyer for the other, six could not be reached, but other sources said they, too, had been granted immunity.

The six are Gordon Stafford, executive vice president; Daniel A. Kissel, treasurer for the firm's fleet of cargo ships; Ian R. Cushenan, Matthew E. Clark Jr., Robert L. Dibble, and Roy F. Walker.

The eight gave a total of \$25,000 in checks of \$3,000 and \$3,500 on the same day they received similar bonuses. The entire \$100,000 was delivered on April 6, 1972, the day before a stringent campaign reporting law went into effect.

Steinbrenner, who could not be reached for comment last night, has acknowledged giving bonuses to dompany officers but not for political purposes. He has denied any wrongdoing and has not been subpoenaed by Cox.

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Cleveland Pl	ain Dealer
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Date: 9-21-73	
Edition: Final	•
Author:	
Editor: Thomas	Vail
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Classification:	Cleveland
Submitting Office	,
Being Investigate	d

immunity given in Amship probe

By JAMES GROHL Press Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — Immunity f r o neprosecution on criminal or civil charges has been granted the employees and officials of the Lorain-based American Ship Building Co. currently testifying before the Special Watergate Grand Jury.

The jury is probing secret contributions to President N i x o n's re-election campaing.

Watergate prosecutors want to know if company bonuses paid to some employees intended to reimburse them for individuals campaign contributions, a long whispered practice in business circles that violates federal law.

Appearing yesterday before the Grand Jury in Federal Court were Gordon Stafford, the Lorain-based firm's executive vice president; Robert E. Bartolme, sectatary; Stanley J. Lepkowski, treasurers and employees Ian R. Cushenan, Matthew E. Clark Jr., Robert L. Dibble, Roy F. Walker and David A. Kissel.

George M. Steinbrenner III, the firm's chairman and an a c t i v e fund-raiser for most Democratic causes, has not been subpensed to testify.

It is not known if or when steinbronner will be sum, moned or if he too will be tranted immunity. He has retained Washington councel,

Although Special Waters at e Prosecutor Archibald Cox has clamped a tight served to the condition of the con

The eight who are known to have testified were subpenaed over the Labor Day weekend, but won a delay in appearing following a quick appeal to Chief U.S. District Judge John J. Sirica.

Steinbrenner has adknowledged delivering \$100,000 to Nixon's campaign fund shortly before April 7, 1972, when a new federal law requiring an accounting of all campaign contributions went into effect.

The amount, Watergate prosecutors believe, includant \$75,000 attributed to him and the remainder to employees. Prosecution sources have reported that the eight witnesses named e a r l i e r each received company bonuses about the same time their personal contributions were made.

Steinbrenner has acknowledged his company occasionally distributes bonuses, to employes, but has denie de any suggestions are made that they use the extra money for political purposes.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Pg.1-A
Cleveland Préss
Cleveland, Ohio

Pate: 9-20-73

Author:

Educa Thomas L. Boardwar, Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office Cleveland

🛅 Being investigated

2 AmShip Executives Given Immunity In Nixon Fund Case

By RICHARD G. THOMAS

Journal Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON — Two high-ranking American Ship Building Co. executives have been granted immunity from prosecution in the government's probe of possibly illegal contributions by AmShip officials to the 1972 Nixon reelection campaign, The Journal learned today.

They are Robert E. Bartiome, secretary, and Stanley J. Lepkowski, treasurer. Their lawyer, Washington attorney Dennis Flannery, confirmed that they have agreed to become government witnesses in exchange for immunity against any criminal charges brought in the case.

Bartlome and Lepkowski were among several company executives who testified yesterday before a federal grand jury empaneled by the Watergate task force headed by Special Prosecutor Archibald Cox. The grand jury is probing illegal financial activities related to last year's presidential campaigns.

Cox's task force is interested in the AmShip officials because of the backdoor method company officials used to contribute to President Nixon's reelection effort.



ROBERT BARTLOME

Eight executives, including Lepkowski and Bartlome. contributed a total of \$25,000 out of their own pockets in early April of last year, then were immediately reimbursed by the company in the form of "bonuses," according to court records.

CAMPAIGN donations by

law, but it is not known whether Cox's office is convinced that the AmShip contributions were actually corporate centributions:



STANLEY LEPKOWSKÍ

Court records also show that the \$25,000 contribution was accompanied by \$75,000 given to Nixon's campaign by. AmShip chairman George M. Steinbrenner III.

The \$100,000 is reported to have arrived in the hands of Nixon fund-raisers on April 6, the day before the new Federal Election Campaign Act became law. By getting in under the deadline the AmShip officials' contributions were not subject to public disclosure.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

The Journal Lorain, Ohio pg. 3

Date:

9-20-73

Edition:

Author
Editor: IRVING LERBOWITZ

Title:

Character:

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Classification: Submitting Office:

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Being Investigated

Steinbrenner has acknowledged that the \$100,000 was contributed after a meeting he had with Herbert W. Kalmbach, then the President's personal attorney. Steinbrenner has denied any wrongdoing.

The money was contributed at a time when AmShip was trying to get the government to pay it \$5.4 million in "cost overruns" on a contract it had to build the Researcher, an oceanographic research vessel. The company never obtained the government payment and, in fact, ended up paying about \$230.000 in penalities for late delivery of the ship.

The fact that Cox's office has granted immunity to the two American Ship Building officials suggests that government lawyers feel there is probably basis for prosecution, according to one source close to the investigation.

It could not be learned whether any company off-cials in addition to Lepkowski and Bartlome have been granted in funity.

50 Ohioans gave for Nixon just before disclosure deadline

By Robert J. Havel

"WASHINGTON — About 50 Ohioans, including sever- sal, Cleveland corporate officials, gave nearly half a million dollars to President Nixon's re-election campaign in the last few days before a new campaign disclosure law went into effect [April 7, 1972.

^4

Many of the donors were identified for the first time yet preday after Nixon's relection committee, under court order, made public at list of contributors of \$100. or more in the 27-day period-preceding April 7, 1972.

Several of the Ohioans are officials of corporations in a variety of industries dil, steel, construction, rubles, boar, broadcasting, banking wind publishing. The list could have special significance if any of the donors used corporate funds, which is illegal.

The Ohioan making the largest gift to Nixon in that period — \$100,000 — was Loren Berry, chairman of L. M. Berry & Co. of Dayton. The firm was identified by Common Cause, the people's lobby" that proced the disclosure, as a leephone directory advertising firm.

The largest gift from a Clevelander \$75,000 came from George M Steinbrenner, board chairman of the American Shipbuilding Co. The gift from Steinbrenner, 'a former contributor, Democratic had been previously identi-. fied, as was another \$25,000 from eight American Ship officials. The latter gift is. imder investigation by spe-t cial Watergate prosecutor. Archibald Cox.

Several Republic Steel Corp. officials were listed as \$1,000 donors for the period. They include Thomas F. Patton, former board chairman and now a director; Willis B. Boyer, chairman and chief executive officer; R. E. Waldo, vice president and secretary; E. A. Murray, senior vice president, and H. L. Allen, who retired in January as senior, vice president.

Other \$1,000 donors included Robert O. Bergen Jr., a Price Waterhouse & Co. accountant who headed the 1971 United Torch drive; E. Clare Weber, who retired April 1 as a partner in the former Weber-Alder Insurance Agency, 1 Erievie w Plaza, agent for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston, and Jerome Blonder, president of the former Imperial Wallpaper Mill Inc.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

.Pg.6-A

Cleveland Plain Dealer Cleveland, Ohio

American Ship Building Company; George M. Steinbrenner

Date: 9-30-73

Edition: Final

Author: Robert J. Havel

Editor: Thomas Vail

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Character:

Election Laws

Classification:

Submitting Office: Cleveland

Being Investigated.

The list of other Cleve-, landers contributing \$1.000. In more to Nixon in the March 10-April 6 period was topped by Mr. and Mrs. David Ingalls, who gave \$6,000. Ingalls is vice chairman of the Taft Broadcasting Co. A man identified as "G. Biddle" of the Oglebay Norton Co. gave \$3,000.

Elsewhere in Ohio, the Timken steel family in Canton and Marathon Oil Co. people of Findlay were active. On April 6, contributions totaling \$44,000 came in from five Canton residents. They were W. R. Timken; board chairman of the Timken Co., \$14,000; Louise B. Timken, \$12,000; William R. Timken Jr., vice president of the Timken Co., \$8,000; W. J. Timken, \$5,000, and Edith Toot, \$5,000.

On April 5, John C. Donnell, president of Marathon Oil, gave \$14,000, and on the same day, checks totaling '\$16,000 came in from 12. Findlay residents. The 12. were listed together in the 'Nixon committee report.

Mr. and Mrs. Russe'l De-Young of Akron gave \$5,000. He is chairman of the Goody e ar Tire & Rubber Co. Other gifts in that period from Akron rubber officials, previously reported by The Plain Dealer were Harvey Firestone Jr., retired chairman and president of the Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., \$48,712; Raymond Firestone, board chairman \$63,441, and "employes of Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.," \$40,000. bers of the Wolfe family, which owns the Columbus Dispatch and has extensive banking interests, gave \$25,000 in cash. Mr. and Mrs. Karl R. Bendetsen of Hamilton contributed \$7,500! He is chairman of Champion International Corp., a plywood, lumber and paperly products firm.

Cincinnati contributors included Louis Nippert, \$3,000; Roger Drackett, \$5,000; Louise P. Tate. \$1,000, and Louis R. Fiore, \$1,000.

50 Ohioans gave for Nixon just before disclosure deadline

By Robert J. Havel

WASHINGTON — About 30 Ohioans, including several Cleveland corporate officials, gave nearly half a million dollars to President Nixon's re-election campaign in the last few days before a new campaign disclosure law went into effect April 7, 1972.

Many of the donors were dentified for the first time years day after Nixon's received on committee, under court order, made public a list of contributors of \$100. or more in the 27-day period preceding April 7, 1972.

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F. Patton, former board
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president and secretary; E.
A. Murray, senior vice president, and H. L. Allen, who
retired in January as senior,
vice president.

Other \$1,000 donors included Robert O. Bergen Jr., a Price Waterhouse & Co. accountant who headed the 1971 United Torch drive; E. Clare Weber, who retired April 1 as a partner in the former Weber-Alder Insurance Agency, 1 Erievie w Plaza, agent for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston, and Jerome Blonder, president of the former Imperial Wallpaper Mill Inc.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Pg.6-A Cleveland Plain Déaler Cleveland, Ohio

American Ship Building Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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Edition: Final

Author: Robert J. Havel

Editor: Thomas Vail

Title:

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Being Investigated.

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Elsewhere in Ohio, the Timken steel family in Canton and Marathon Oil Co. people of Findlay were active. On April 6, contributions totaling \$44,000 came in from five Canton residents. They were W. R. Timken, board chairman of the Timken Co., \$14,000; Louise B. Timken, \$12,000; William R. Timken Jr., vice president of the Timken Co., \$8,000; W. J. Timken, \$5,000, and Edith Toot, \$5,000.

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MIXON CAMPAIG NAMES SECRET CONTRIBUTORS

L.A. Times/Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The Finance Committee to Re-Elect the President yesterday famed early contributors who gave President Nixon, \$19.9 million, many believing they would never be publicly identified.

The contributions included \$1,470,000 in cash, about one-third of which was contributed likegally by corporations and which has been refunded.

The state of the financial affiliates of the Committee for the Re-Election of the President in compliance with a court order by the court order by the court order by the court order to the court of the court or the court of th

A record \$60.2 million was raised to reelect the President, nearly twice what was raised to get him through both the primary and general elections in 1968, records of the finance committee showed.

The figure, which the committee said does not include money raised by the Republican National Finance Committee, its associated committees, Democrats for Nixon or the 1972 Convention Arrangements committee, compares to \$34.2 million said to have been raised in 1968.

Expenditures for Nixon's re-election also far eclipsed 1968 spending, \$56.1 million compared to \$33 million.

Whatever is Jetrof the 1972 campaign "in plus of \$4.1 million "after an itigation is decluded" in connection with the campaign will be turned over to national committees of the Republican party, the Nixon committee said.

Four Ohio corporate officials and a group of employes of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. in Akron secretly gave \$327,153.

George Steinbrenner, board chairman of American Shipbuilding Co. and an erstwhile Democratic fund raiser, gave \$75,000. The gift was previously disclosed.

Loren Berry, chairman of L.M. Berry, Co. of Dayton, gave \$100,000, in addition to \$2,000 that was previously reported.

Harvey Firestone Jr., retired chairs man and president of Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. of Akron, \$48,712; Raymond Firestone, board chairman of Firestone, \$63,441, and "employes of Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., \$40,000.

Kent H. Smith of Gates Mills, retired chairman of Lubrizol Corp., gave \$244,000. That gift was previously disclosed.

There were a few surprises insofar as top contributors were concerned. The leader, as expected, continues to be W. Clement Stone, the Chicago insurance tycoon who gave Nixon \$2 million before April 7, 1972, when a new election-financing disclosure law took effect.

The primary importance of the list dould prove to be in its naming of corporate executives, if some of them turn out to have given corporate funds disguised as personal gifts.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Pg.l-A
Cleveland Plain Dealer
Cleveland, Ohio

American Ship Building Company; George W. Steinbrenner

Date: 9-29-73
Edition: Final

Author:

Editor: Thomas Vail

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or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Cleveland

Being Investigated

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Special Watergate prosecutor Archibald Cox has been making an investigation of corporate contributions, forbidden by the federal criminal code.

Currency contributions have become suspect to the point that the Senate, in passing an election-financing reform bill in July, prohibited them in sums exceeding \$50.

The finance committee filed an audited statement of expenditures as well as income with the clerk of the House of Representatives, who administered the limited disclosure law in effect until April 7, 1972, the Corrupt Practices Act of 1925.

The clerk got the document 35 minutes, before the court-ordered deadline of 5 p.m. EDT. The committee said preparation of the paper was so difficult that it could be completed on time only with extra-ordinary effort.

The papers included a single-spaced, 100-page list of contributors who gave \$17.7 million in checks and stocks. The list gives no summary by name of contributor, is not in alphabetical order and identifies by ocquipation or principal place of business.

However, Common Cause provided a breliminary analysis, supplementing one made by the Washington Post.

Common Cause chairman John W. Gardner, in a press conference, said the information released should have been made public "as a routine matter well over a year ago. To withhold it from the American people was a violation of law."

The contributions included \$950,000 in trust funds handled by Herbert W. Kalmbach, the President's personal lawyer, fost had been left over from the 1968 campaign.

The committee, headed by former Commerce Secretary Maurice H. Stans, insisted that pre-April 7 transactions were excluded from the Corrupt Practices Act.

The list shows the Nixon campaign got a \$30,000 secret cash contribution from a convicted felon, Miami real estate developer Calvin Kovens, who was sentenced to prison along with then-Teamsters Union President James R. Hoffa for defrauding the union's pension fund.

Kovens was released on parole early as t year, before serving his complete, term. His parole came to public attention last summer, when documents obtained by the Senate Watergate Committee reportedly showed that White House counsel Charles W. Colson, President Nixon's friend Charles (Bebe) Rebozo, and former Sen. George Smathers of Florida had taken an interest in his early release.

The committee, in a surprise disclosure of large refunds, said without explanation that it had returned \$200,000 to C. Arnholt Smith, an old friend of Nixon, and \$250,000 to communications magnate Cornelius V. Whitney.

The Internal Revenue Service recently filed a \$22.8 million tax assessment against Smith, a San Diego banker and entrepreneur who controls the Westgate-California Corp.

The Smith gift was said to have been received and returned in March 1972. Whitney's was made in June 1971 and returned in December 1971. Neither man could be reached.

The secret contributions were made in a 5½-week period in March and April 1972 when it was widely assumed there was no law requiring the disclosure of financial contributions.

The last day of February was the end of the final reporting period of the Corrupt Practices Act of 1925.

The successor disclosure law now in effect, the Federal Elections Campaign Act of 1971, was not signed by President Nixon until the last day for doing so, Feb. 7, 1972. The effective date was 90 days later.

During this period, finance committee Chairman Maurice Stans and his aides made an all-out effort to raise funds. They assured prospective contributors that they identities need never be disclosed. (Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Campaign gifts probed

Watergate committee to call AmShip execs

By Robert J. Havel

WASHINGTON—Eight executives of the American Shipbuilding Eo. are expected to be called to testify before the Schlid Watergate Committee about their contributions to the Nixen re-election campaign.

"American Ship is going to be the 'guinea-pig corporation,' "American Ship is going to be used as the transition of how corporate officials are leaned of the political contributions."

The eight have been granted immunity from prosecution by the committee in return for their testimony. Similar immunity had been given them by special Watergate prosecutor Archibald Cox before he was fired by Presiden Nixon.

David Dorsen, head of the campaign-financing phase. of the Senate Watergate investigation, declined to say when the eight would be called. The public hearings are not expected to resume before Nov. 5.

However, the source said the panel was planning to call all eight for public testimony.

The eight employes contributed \$25,000 to Nixon's campaign last year in separate checks of about \$3,000 each. They were reportedly given corporate bonuses on the same day in amounts identical to their contributions.

Use of corporate funds for political purposes is illegall George M. Steinbreimer III, board chairman of AmShip; has denied the bonuses were for reinbursement.

Steinbrenner himself, a former Democratic fund raiser, gave a \$75,000 personal contribution to Nixon last year. He was reportedly the ultimate target of the Cox investigators in the AmShip case. Dorsen would neither confirm nor deny that Steinbrenner would be called before the Senate Gommittee.

Use of corporate bonuses has long been rumored as a ruse to make illegal corporate gifts to a political campagn. But the practice has never been prosecuted in the courts.

Last summer, Braniff Airways, Inc., admitted that it had reimbursed executives for \$40,000 they had given in campaign contributions to Nixon. No other firms have admitted such an arrangement, although other corporations have confessed to direct gifts from corporate funds.

Dorsen declined to say if any other Ohio firms were being investigated.

The eight AmShip employes are Robert E. Bartolme stanley J. Lepkowski, Gordon Stafford, Daniel A. Kissel Ian R. Cushenan, Matthew E. Clark Jr., Robert L. Dibble and Roy F. Walker. Cleveland, Ohio

American Ship Building Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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Author Robert J. Havel
Editor Thomas Jail
Title:

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Submitting Crice Cleveland

16

Law firm is reported hired by Steinbrenner

By ROBERT CRATER
Press Washington Writer

WASHINGTON — Clevelend shipbuilder George M Steinbrenner III reportedly has retained a top Washington law firm in connection with his N i x o n campaign troubles.

The firm of Williams, Connolly and Califano, acaded by Edward Bennett Williams, the famed criminal lawyer, is said to have been hired by Steinbrenner.

Steinbrenner, chairman of the board of the American Shipbuilding Co., and eight of the firm's executives gave a total of \$100,000 to the 1972 campaign of President Nixon.

The special Watergate Grand Jury, formerly head ed by Archibald Cox, is said to be investigating whether any of the contributions violate the Federal law against corporate campaign contributions.

The eight corporate employees were granted immunity from prosecution through efforts by Cox. Yesterday, the Watergate Confiitee obtained similar dourt orders for the eight from Chief U.S. District Judge John J. Sirica.

No such request was made for Steinbrenner.

The eight company executives granted the immunity are R o b e r t E. Bartlome, Stanley J. Lepkowski, Goton on Stafford, Matthew R. Clark Jr., Ian R. Cushenar, Robert L. Dibble, Daniel A. Kissel and Roy F. Walker Jr.

Cleveland Press

American Ship Swilding Company; George r. Steinbrenner

Date 10-30-73
Edition: Final
Author: Robert Crater
Editor: Thomas L. Joardman

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17

Kuhn probing Steinbrenner gifts to Nixon

By George P. Rasanen

WASHINGTON — Reports of illegal funneling of the corporate funds to President Nixon's 1972 re-election campaign by George M. Steinbrenner III, board chairman of American Ship Building Co. of Cleveland, are under investigation by Baseball Commissioner Bowie Kuhn.

Steinbrenner, 43, is a controlling partner of the New York Yankees baseball club.

Kuhn said in New York vesterday that he has been inquiring "for some time" into reports of illegal corporate political contributions and obstruction of justice against Steinbrenner.

"It's my policy not to comment further until our inquiry is complete," Kuhn told The Plain Dealer.

Two American Ship executives who were granted immunity from prosecution made the charges before the Senate Watergate committee.

One testified that Steinprenner ordered the chandeling of \$25,000 in corporate funds to Nixon's re-election committee and then destroyed records to hide the transactions and asked witnesses to lie to federal investigators. Kuhn said major league paseball has no specific regplation to deal with Steinbrenner's case, but he has broad powers to take whatever action is deemed in the best interests of baseball."

Kuhn reportedly has conferred with Steinbrenner in New York but declined to confirm or deny that. Steinbrenner, who had denied making illegal contributions earlier, has declined comment on the Watergate charges. He could not be reached for comment on the Kuhn investigation.

Kuhn declined to estimate when his inquiry will be

completed.

The Watergate committee has been told that Steinbrenner gave eight American Ship employes bonuses of \$25,000 which then went to the Nixon campaign. The bonuses were granted on April 6, 1972, the day before a strict new campaign fund reporting law went into effect, the company employes testified.

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AmShip exec did not plead 5th to panel

WASHINGTON (2) — A spokesman for the Senate Watergate committee has said he was in error when he reported the general counsel of American Ship Building Co. had taken the Fifth Amendment before an executive secsion of the investigative panel last week.

The company lawyer, John H. Melcher, was accused in public testimony before the committee of helping cover up illegal contributions by the company to the Nixon re-election campaign.

Assistant chief counsel. David Dorsen of the committee issued the following statement about what took place during the session last Tuesday:

"John Melcher did not, in fact, plead the Fifth Amendment. His attorney did state, however, that Melcher would plead the Fifth Amendment with respect to all questions if lasked about certain matters concerning the alleged illegal corporate contribution of American Ship Building Co."

Dorsen also said Melcher was not asked questions in this area but Melcher would be recalled for inture questioning.

This original report appeared in The Plain Dealer ant Wednesday.

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American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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Steinbrenner absent from Regents meetings

Press Ohio Bureau

COLUMBUS — Governor Gilligan's office is conderned about the continued absence of Cleveland industrialist George M. Steinbrenner III from meetings of the Ohio Board of Regents, a spokesman said yesterday.

Steinbrenner, under a cloud in connection with the alleged conversion of American Shipbuilding Connouses in to contribution to the Committee to Receive the President, has attended on 1 y one monthly meting of the Regents since May 18, 1973.

"I think it is a concern when any appointee fails to attend meetings," said Robert Tenenbaum, the governor's press aide. However, nobody in the governor's of ice has asked Steinbrenner for an explanation. ,"I think we just became a ware of it," Tenenbaum said.

Steinbrenner tells new amen he will decide next spring whether the Senate Watergate investigation and related events are interfering with his duties as a regent to such an extent that he should resign.

Gilligan named Steinbrenner to a nine-year Regents term starting in September, 1972, and the Ohlo Senate confirmed the appointment Dec. 14, 1972.

Steinbrenner attended his first nine meetings, Regents minutes, show. He was an active participant and helped engineer the selection of dievelander James Al (Dolph) Norton as chances for

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Cleveland, Ohio

American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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Steinbrenner faces quiz on Nixon gift

WASHINGTON — The Senate Watergate Committee still intends to question George M. Steinbrenner III of Cleveland despite the panel's postponement of additional public hearings, a spokesman said today.

"We had intended to resume the Steinbrenner hearings this month, but we may have to take a raincheck on that," said David Dorsen, assistant counsel of the committee. "I can't comment on the date, but it should be soon."

Steinbrenner was summoned here for a committee executive session Dec. 20. The hearing, with only Sen. I oseph M. Montoya (D.-N.M.) present, was recessed after 15 minutes. Dorsen's only comment then was that it would be resumed here in January.

Steinbrenner is alleged to have distributed bonuses to executives of A merican Shipbuilding Co., which he heads, with the understanding that the money would be contributed to President Nixon's 1972 campaign.

The eight employees were granted immunity from prosecution and testified about the reported contribution arrangement.

Steinbrenner reportedly is seeking to escape a criminal indictment by the Watergate federal grand jury by offering to testify about alleged pressure on him by Nixon campaign committee sources to make a substantial contribution.

Dorsen said Steinbrenper's executive hearing befibre the Senate committee was not directly related to the investigation by Special Prosecutor Leon Jaworski. Pg.14-A Cleveland Press Cleveland, Ohio

American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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AmShip, Goodyear sued over gifts

By Brian T. Usher -

CIT.UMBUS — Atty. Gen william J. Brown asked the office Supreme Court yesterday to stop American Ship Building Co. of Lorain and Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Akron from making additional illegal contributions to political campaigns.

Using information from the U.S. Senate Watergate hearings, Brown is charging American Ship officials gave \$25,000 and Goodyear officials \$40,000 in corporate money to the 1972 campaign of President Nixon.

Brown's suit is the first court action against Am-Ship, headed by George M. Steinbrenner III, board chairman. Goodyear and its board chairman, Russel DeYoung, pleaded guilty in U.S. District Court Oct. 17 to charges of illegal contributions.

Brown called his suit he're al kneeknocker" because it gives his office wide powers to look for any other improper political actions by the companies.

Officials of the two corporations had little comment, saying they had not reviewed the suits.

"I've heard it's been filed, but I don't know about the suit." Robert B. Bartolme, secretary of Anthip, said, "I can't comment," Goodyear officials issued this statement: "Since the attorney general has not given us information on the suit, it is not possible to make a significant comment. However, if the objective of the action is to assure compliance with the laws of Ohio, Goodyear is doing everything in its power to comply with all laws and will do so in the future."

Brown said he expects to widen his investigation into other alleged contributions by the two companies and contributions by other major corporations.

He is seeking injunctions against the two to prevent future giving of corporate funds to campaigns, a practice banned by both state and federal law.

The suits yesterday are pivil, not criminal, because the one-year statute of limitations has run out for criminal procedings under election law, Brown said.

But, he said, if the injunction is granted and further violations are found, the corporate charters in Ohio could be revoked by the court.

The suits provide investigating tools for determining whether the two submitted other contributions in 1972 or before, Brown said.

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Brown said he has asked State Tax Commissioner Robert J. Kosydar to help brobe other corporations which have admitted contributing to the Nixon campaign. These include American Airlines, Ashland Petroleum Co., Braniff Airways Inc., Gulf Oil Co., Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Co., Phillips Petroleum and Carnation Milk Co.

Kosydar is to investigate whether companies filed false affidavits swearing they had not made political contributions. He is also to determine whether Ohio has lost any tax revenue because of illegal contributions.

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STEMBRENNER

BY U.S.

By Richard G. Zimmerman and Christine J. Jindra

A federal grand jury here yesterday returned a 15-count criminal indictment against the American Ship Building Co. and Board Chairman George M. Steinbrenner III in connection with alleged illegal campaign contributions made to President Nixon and to various Democratic and Republican congressional campaigns.

Steinbrenner, 43, individually was charged with five counts of violating campaign contribution laws, two counts of alding and abetting the making of false statements to FBI agents, four counts of obstructing justice, and two counts of obstructing a criminal investigation.

Steinbrenner and the company were jointly charged under a combined count for

conspiracy. The company also was charged individually with one count of making illergal corporate campaign contributions.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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If convicted on all counts. Steinbren ner would face a maximum penalty of 55 years in prison and fines of \$110,000. The company would be liable to \$15,000 in fines.

The indictments were returned by a federal grand jury here on the basis of testimony carlier presented before the special Watergate grand jury in Washington. Announcement of the unprecedented criminal indictments was released simultaneously in Cleveland and in Washington by the office of special Watergate prosecutor Leon Jaworski.

The indictments were returned here because the alleged conspiracy and other.

illegal acts took place in the Cleveland

Two top officials in AmShip were named in the indictment as unindicted co-conspirators. They were among eight Am-

- Indictment says two GOP Ohio congressmen received illegal campaign contrigutions. Page 6-A.
- Steinbrenner passed up a possible opportunity to avoid a federal investigation.
 Page 3-B.

Ship employes who were granted immunity last September in return for their testmony before both the Senate Watergate Committee and the Watergate grand jury ,



ment against Steinbrenner and Amparaks the first time felony charge been brought by Watergate investigators against a corporate official in connection with illegal corporate campaign financing. A number of large corporations and their chief executive officers earlier were permitted to plead guilty to misdemeanor sections of campaign financing laws and were fined \$5,000 and \$1,000, respectively.

The severity of the criminal indictment returned against Steinbrenner and AmShip are thought to be related to his refusal voluntarily to admit to any wrongdoing and to allegations that he took part in an extensive coverup of the allegedly illegal contributions.

In a statement released through a Cleveland public relations consultant, steinbrenner said Watergate prosecutors had offered him the option of pleading guilty to a one-count criminal charge of willful conspiracy to violate election laws. Maximum penalty would have been a \$10,000 fine, two years imprisonment, or both.

"There was no way I could plead guilty to a charge involving willful conspiracy... because I just am not guilty of any such violations," Steinbrenner said in the statement.

"I feel it is very important that I state publicly why I have chosen to fight and it is also equally important to ask the public to remember that an indictment is not a conviction," Steinbrenner's statement added.

All counts returned against Steinbrenner and AmShip relate to the basic charge that Steinbrenner in 1970, 1972 and 1973 gave corporate bonuses to trusted enployes, or authorized phony expense vouclers with the clear understanding that the money was to be channeled to various political campaigns.

The particulars in the 22-page indictment list the following political committees as receiving corporate funds through Am-Ship:

- \$5,000 to a committee supporting the re-election of Rep. Charles A. Mosher, R-13, of Oberlin, in September 1970.
- \$2,000 to the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee in October, 1970.
- \$500 to a committee for the re-election of the late Rep. Frank T. Bow, R-16, of Canton, in October 1970.
- \$1,000 to a committee for the reelection of Sen. Vance Hartke, D-Ind., in October 1970.
- \$11,000 to the National Democratic Congressional Dinner in October 1970 and February 1971.
- \$14,000 to the Senate-House Majority **Democratic** Dinner in February 1972.
- \$6,200 to unnamed committees for the re-election of President Nixon in November 1972.

\$25,000 to the imance committee for ce-lection of the President in April

• \$500 to committee for the support of Sen. Daniel K. Inouve, D-Hawan, in July 1973.

Named by the indictments as Steinbrenner employes who served as conduits for the illegal contributions were:

Robert El Bartlome, company secre

Indictments spoil opener

Plain Dealer Special

NEW YORK — Associates of George M. Steinbrenner III said he was hopping mad yesterday, not so much because of the federal -indictments against him, which they said he expected, but for the timing of the indictments.

Steinbrenner also is president of the New York Yankees and had invited many prominent guests to the opening of the baseball season today, when the Yankees will play the Cleveland Indians. Among the guests are Sen. Ted Kennedy, D-Mass., and his son, Ted Jr., whose leg was removed in a cancer operation and who is scheduled to throw out the first ball for today's game.

Associates said Steinbrenner had expected the indictments to be returned next week. They said they did not know if he would show up for the game.

tary; Stanley J. Lepkowski, treasurer; Gordon Stafford, executive vice president; Daniel A. Kissel, treasurer for the firm's fleet of cargo ships; and employes Ian R. Cusheman, Matthew E. Clark Jr., Robert L. Dibble and Roy F. Walker.

Bartlome and Lepkowski were named as unindicted coconspirators. All eight were granted immunity and all eight are thought to have testified both before the Senate Watergate Committee and the special grand jury. Bartlome and Clark testified publicly before the Watergate committee last November; outlining many of the allegations contained in the indetment returned yesterday.

The names of AmShip employes Erhard Eckert, A. David Baumhart and Ronald Slater, not previously associated with the case, also were listed as playing a part in the funneling of contributions to various committees.

As part of the alleged effort to cover up the illegal corporate contributions, the indictment charges that:

- In April 1973, Steinbrenner destroyed Bartlome's records of bonuses paid to and political contributions made by AmShip employes.
- In June 1973, Bartlome signed a fraudulant certificate stating his 1973 \$5,000 tonus was not made "conditioned upon or subject to any contribution, whether charitable, political or otherwise."



- In August 1973, Steinbrenner "did, willfully endeavor by means of misrepresentation, intimidation and force of and threats thereof to obstruct, delay and prevent" Lepkowski and Dibble from "the communication of information" to FBI agents.
- In August 1973 Steinbrenner "did knowingly, willfully and unlawfully aid, abet, counsel, command, induce, procure and cause Mathew E. Clark Jr. to make false, fictitious and fraudulent statements" to FBI agents.

 In August 1973, Steinbrenner "urged, advised, and counseled" Bartlome, Lepkowski, Clark and Dibble to give false testimony before the Watergate grand jury.

During his public testimony before the Watergate committee, Bartlome said Steinbrenner suggested the "story" that he was to tell to investigating FBI agents. The story suggested that the eight company officials and employes met on their own early in 1972 and voluntarily decided to make the contributions because the Nixon administration "had been good for the shipbuilding industy."

Both Bartlome and Clark told the committee that they incorporated the story into the testimony they gave to FBI agents and that their testimony was false.

The two told the committee that he eight employes decided to tell the whole truth only after they were subpoenaed to apper before the Watergate grand jury. They said that Steinbrenner repeatedly told them not to worry during this period.

Bartlome also said he was told by Lepkowski that Steinbrenner had destoyed records involving the alleged phony bonus program.

Under rules creating the Watergate committee, the two witnesses could not testify to campaign gifts made prior to the 1972 presidential campaign. But the Watergate grand jury operates under no such restrictions.

The indictment did not indicate whether any of the contributions were made with the understanding that Steinbretner would receive political favors in return or where made as the result of political pressure.

AmShip has been involved in litigation before the Commerce Department and the company has won government contracts in the past.

Bartlome testified that Stembrenner to 1 d h i m that the contributions were "needed" and that he was being "pressured" to make a sizable contribution to the Nixon campaign.

Steinbrenner missed easy out

By Harry Stainer

George M. Steinbrenner II could have pleaded guilt last fall to arranging an illegal corporate gift to a political campaign, a misdemeanor.

Doing so, regardless of whether he felt guilty, might have avoided a federal investigation, and the felony indictments returned against him yesterday.

Other large corporations such as Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. and their executives did so. They were in cd on misdemeanor charges. And as far as they are concerned, the issue is now closed.

But for Steinbrenner, board chairman and chief executive officer of American Ship Building Co., this issue not only is still alive, it threatens to crack a financial empire built up in one lecade of whirlwind activity.

American Ship, sports such as the New York Yankees, Broadway shows, horse breeding, a bank and real estate was founded on his ability to form syndicates of investors and be invited to join syndicates of others.

And that ability stems from a carefully nurtured belief that anyone putting up money with Steinbrenner will not get hurt if things go wrong.

One man who has known him for more than 10 years said that Steinbrenner did not change his position, blead guilty and testify freely before the Senate Watergate Committee because it could kill the reputation that made him a millionaire.

"He's a standup guy," he said. "If he were forming a syndicate to invest in something, there would be a long line of people knocking on his door for a piece of the action. They know his repetation that no one gets hur.

"But if he talks now he could carry hundreds of people down with him. He would be testifying under oath. He was a fund raiser for both Democrats and Republicans," he said.

Steinbrenner now feels boxed in, an associate said recently. In October Archifold Cox, then special prosecutor, warned that corporate officials who fail to toluntarily confess or who were involved in improper influences on the government would face felony charges.

"He didn't take the easy way out then because he did not believe he was guilty," a friend said. "He had law-yers' opinions that he had nothing to worry about by not pleading guilty. And what he might have done was common practice."

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Others who know Steinbrenner repeat the same refrain: He was acting on advice of his lawyers. No one identified the lawyers who gave the advice.

American Ship did hire Nixon's old law firm of Mudge, Rose, Guthrie & Alexander in 1970, Steinbrenner said in an interview last year. But the advice that he had nothing to worry about may have come from elsewhere.

Steinbrener has not been granting interviews lately apparently to avoid prejudicing two probes he faces: the special prosecutor's and the Senate Watergate Committee's.

An associate implied Steinbrenner's confidence in h is October position was shaken in November after American Ship officials testified that eight of them were given \$25,000 in bonuses arranged by Steinbrenner with the understanding the money would be passed on to the Committee to Relect the President. Steinbrenner gave \$75,000. they testified.

Steinbrenner is 43 and a man in a hurry. A friend said he abhors golf as too slow and taking too much time. It was not until he was 33 that he began to build his money-making empire, win awards for civic endeavors and invoice himself in political fund raising. The decade made him a millionaire, he said last year.

He graduated from Williams College in 1952, served in the Air Force and then became an assistant football coach at a Columbus high school and later at Northwestern and Purdue universities.

His father, Henry G., in 1959 convinced him to return to the family business. Kinsman Marine Transit. It was a 100-year-old lake shipping company with five boats, a small but efficient force in the competitive lake hauling business.

A friend said the younger steinbrenner paid little attention to Kinsman and more to the old Cleveland Pipers, a basketball team, he formed in 1960 with about a dozen other investors. The team won championships but drew small crowds.

In an attempt to switch from the old American Basketball League to the National Basketball Association. Steinbrenner found he was undercapitalized. He had to sell his own stock in Kinsman Marine and reportedly lost \$250,000 when the Pipers folded.

He was 32, broke and depondent over being chalked off as a failure, according to a friend who found him holed up in a Cleveland hotel.

His chance came in 1963 when his father wanted to retire. Because of tax problems Steinbrenner could not just take over the firm. The company was up for sale.

Steinbrenner wanted to buy. An associate said Steinbrenner went to Cleveland banks but could not get a loan for a down payment. Shipping patterns were changing and the investment looked risky.

He found a New York bank that was willing to lend him the money after a convincing hard sell of the future of lake shipping "He was a supersalesman when he believed in some thing," an associate said.

"And he firmly believed hat ships could always ransport bulk cargo cheaper than the railroads."

A friend said that the loan had to be at arms length because of federal inheritence and gift tax regulations. Steinbrenner took over Kinsman and the firm made money.

What he did next gave it is me has reputation and opened more opportunities. He paid off creditors and stockholders of the Pipers although he was under no legal obligation to do so.

An investor in the Pipers recalls he received a check explanation. "That made him a standup guy, but the human feeling wasn't here," he said. "Even to day he'll nod in passing, but won't stop to make small talk."

In 1964 he made his first investment, a small one, in the road show of a Broadway play, "After the Fall." In 1965 he and two other former classmates at Culver Military Academy bought the road rights to "Funny Girl."

It made money and Steinbrenner invested heavily in 1965 in a corporation prodpicing touring musicals. In 1966 it went broke. Steinbrenner repeated the Pipers' act, paying off those who invested with him, according to a friend.

This action attracted the notice of James Nederlander, a Detroit theater promoter, who opened the right doors for Steinbrenner to later help angel such Broadvay moneymakers as George M!" "Cabaret." and "Applause." an associate said.

Also in 1966. Steinbrenner authored the Little Hooves Commission report on Cleveland's airports and helped organize Group 66, a group of 30 business and professional men of the same age promoting new programs for the area.

He was named its first chairman. "When Steinbrenner was chairman of a committee, it was a one-man committee," an associate said. "He has a tremendous drive to get things done, to accomplish. But he doesn't always take advice. It was just like when he was running the Pipers."

He remembers when Steinbrenner came into a meeting of Group 66 and announced that it would raise money for the Clevelland: NOW! program. No one else at the meeting had heard of it. It was 1968. Can B. Stokes was mayor. In a few weeks the group raised \$1.5 million from individuals.

In 1967 Steinbrenner led a syndicate of investors that took control of American Ship Building. Some subsidaries were spun off. Kinsman Marine was added and his father was brought back to run the subsidiary f

Subsidiaries include the major tugboat company on the Great Lakes, stevedoring operations in Cleveland and three other cities and about five shipyards, including those in Lorain and Tampa, Fla. Plan for the Tampa yard is for it to make ocean oil drilling rigs and repair oil tankers.

In 1969 and 1970 he was chairman of the national congressional conners which were \$1 million fund raisers. He became a personal friend of U.S. Sen. Edward M. Kenledy, D-Mass.

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He also raised \$20,000 for a Republican congressional candidates' dinner, contributed to campaigns of congressmen along the Great Lakes and supported Senthubert H. Humphrey, D-Minn., in his presidential bid. He also gave money to Gov. John J. Gilligan's campaign.

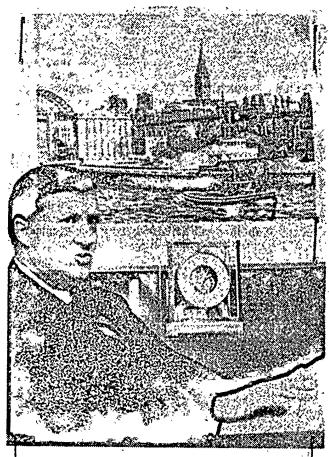
He continued his investments outside of American Ship, almost always as a member of a syndicate of investors and frequently controlling the group. For example, he bought only 10% of the Yankees early in 1973, but was responsible for putting together the group that bought 90% of its stock. In 1972 he and a group of investors bought the Chicago Bulls basketball team.

He and others also bought a share in Continental Bank last year and he sold an interest in a racetrack he had bought earlier.

But it was his activities in American Ship that brought h i m problems. In 1972 American Ship bought out i t s major grain hauling competitor, Wilson Marine Transit Co., from Litton Industries, Inc.

The Justice Department filed an antitrust suit on Aug. 16, 1972, the day after the sale. Later, the department agreed to a federal court settlement that left American Ship the dominant grain carrier on the lakes.

Steinbrenner denied there was any political influence in the settlement, although department officials said congressmen were actively supporting American Ship and the company had hired the former Nixon law firm to represent it. American Ship executives have testified the contribution to ixon's campaign was made April 6, four months before the suit.



George M. Steinbrenner III. pictured here in his office in 1972.

Steinbrenner, Am Ship | indicted

George M. Steinbrenner, board châirman of American Ship Building Co., was indicted in Federal Court here today for making illegal contributions to President Nixon's 1972 re-election campaign.

Amship also was named in them ulticount indictment.

The other top Amship executives, Robert E. Bartlome and Stanley J. Lepkowski, were named as co-conspirators but not indicted.

The indictment was returned by a Federal Grand Jury here.

The indictment also says Steinbrenner made illegal contributions over a three-year period, from September 1970 to September 1973.

Eight Amship officials were subpensed to testify before the special Watergate Grand Jury in Washington last September.

Steinbrenner is accused of selecting a group of trusted employees to receive what appeared to be bonuses from the company. They then allegedly were directed to contribute the net proceeds after taxes to various candidates.

The indictment covers senatorial and congressional campaigns during the period, including contributions in primary elections and for political conventions.

Steinbrenner also is charged with directing the submission of fictitious expense vouchers and directing Bartlome to decide what candidates should get finds and specifying the amount.

Those who allegedly received the illegal \$5000 bonuses include company extensives Bartlome, Lepkowski, Matthew Clark Jr., Robert L. Dible, Erhard E. Eckert and Gordon Stafford.

The jury also charged the scheme was isguised from federal investigators be inning in January 1973 by hiding bo nuses that already had been given.

Steinbrenner is accused of causing the destruction and alteration of records and creating false and misleading records. concerning payment of the bonuses.

Included among the specific campaign contributions cited were a \$750 check to Cong. Charles Mosher (R-Oberlin), an October check for \$1000 to a Democratic congressional dinner committee in 1970, and two checks in 1970 to Sen. Vance Hartke (D-Ind.).

Last year, Steinbrenner revealed he had donated \$75,000 to Nixon's 1972 campaign after a meeting with the President's personal attorney, Herbert Kalmbach.

Steinbrenner told The Press later he expected no personal or company benefits from the contribution, even though AmShip was involved in litigation with the Justice Department at the time.

"I only wanted access to the White! House to get civic projects for Cleveland," said Steinbrenner.

He said then he had no thought of getting favorable treatment from the Justice Department.

"My God, may I be struck down if there was," added Steinbrenner.

In all, the indictment contains 14 counts against Steinbrenner and the company.

The Press learned that evidence was brought to Cleveland by Justice Department attorneys in Washington and presented to a Grand Jury originally hearing testimony on organized crime.

An informant here said only a few people in the U.S. Attorney's office here knew that the Washington staff was in Cleveland.

Other contributions include a \$25,000 total to the Committee to Re-Elect the President, and donations to several Democratic committees totaling more than \$20,000.

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The most recent contribution was \$500 in Sen Daniel K. Inouye (Dillawaii), a neithber of the Senate Watergate Compittee. The contribution was made last July while the committee was investigating illegal campaign practices.

Named in another count was Amship itself as a corporation for conspiracy and executives who allegedly received illegal bonuses were Danial Kissel, Roy Walker and former Cleveland Baron hockey star Ian Cushenan.

Amship's main office is in Lorain with executive offices in Cleveland. It has been rumored recently the firm will move to Florida. Steinbrenner lives in Bay Village.

A surprise charge brought by the jury says Steinbrenner "corruptly and by threat of force" tried to obstruct justice by urging Bartolome to give false testimony to the Watergate Grand Jury last August.

Steinbrenner would face a maximum of \$110,000 in fines and 55 years in prison convicted on every count.

The Grand Jury indicted American Ship Building on one count of conspiracy to defraud the U.S. which carries a maximum \$10,000 fine; and one count of violating campaign contribution laws, which carries a maximum \$5000 fine.

Steinbrenner could not be reached for comment. Marshall Samuels, his public relations agent, said Steinbrenner left for New York early this afternoon, apparently to attend tomorrow's opening baseball game between the New York Yankees and Cleveland Indians.

steinbrenner is president of the Yan-

The indictment probably will not come as a surprise to Steinbrenner.

Samuels said: "We were anticipaiting the possibility and working on plans what to do. At this moment I really can't say anything. I want to talk to him first."

Bartlome, secretary of American Ship Building who testified against Stenbrenner, had no comment on the indictment loday.

le He is still employed by Steinbrenner.



(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Steinbrenner off Regents

Press Ohio Bureau

COLUMBUS — Governor Gilligan said today he has accepted the resignation of George M. Steinbrenner III, from the Board of Regents, Steinbrenner sent his resignation to the Governor Friday following the Clevelander's indictment by a Federal Grand Jury for alleged illegal, campaign contributions.

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No baseball now for Steinbrenner

DETROIT — (LPI) — George M. Steinbrenner II, general partner of the New York Yankees baseball club, said today he'is removing himself from the day today activities of the Yankees for the 1974 season.

Steinbrenner said he took this action in order to devote his time and attention to the defense of charges of alleged illegal campaign contributions returned against him Friday by a Federal Grand Jury in Cleveland. The announcement was made in Tiger Stadium where the Yankees were playing the Detroit Tigers.

(Indicate page, name et newspaper, city and idate. Pg.1-A Cleveland Press Cleveland, Ohio American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Stiebbrenner Date: 4-9-74 Edition: Final Hammas L. Boardman Title: SEF ABOVE Character: Election Laws Classification: Cleveland Submitting Office: Being investigated

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Steinbrenner quits regents

Plain Dealer Bureau
COLUMBUS — Gov. John
Gilligan's office yesterday received by man the resignation of George M.
Steinbrenner III from the Ohio Board of Regents.

A spokesman for Gilligan said the governor's office was expected to accept the resignation in a return letter to Steinbrenner this week.

Steinbrenner, board chairman and chief executive officer of American Ship Building Co., submitted his resignation last week after he was indicted by a federal grand jury for illegal corporate campaign contributions. Steinbrenner has said he did nothing illegal.

he did nothing illegal.

Gilligan appointed Steinbrenner in 1972.

Pg.3-B
Cleveland Plain Dealer
Cleveland, Ohio

American Shipbuilding Company; George E. Steinbrenner

Date 4-9-74
Edition: Final
Author:
Éditor: Thomas Vail
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Steinbrenner won't sell

NEW YORK (M — Clevelander George M. Steinbrenner III, general partner of the New York Yankees, said Tuesday he will not participate in the day-by-day activities of the baseball club so that he can concentrate on defending against charges he made illegal political campaign contributions.

However, he denied a published report that he was considering selling the Ameri-

can League team.

"I am innocent of the charges against me." Steinbrenner said in a statement. "I expect to be fully vindicated and cleared at trial. At such time I will resume my activitles with the Yankees."

The Yankees have won their first four games. Gabe Paul, ex-Indians' general manager is G.M. of the Yankees. Most of Steinbrenner's partners in the ownership of the Yankees are Clevelanders.

Steinbrenner chairman of the American Ship Building Co., was indicted last Friday be a federal grand jury of charges of making illegal contributions of corporate funds to political campaigns including President fixon's.

Baseball Commissioner Bowie Kuhn said he had received a copy of Steinbrenher's statement and added, "I think this is a commendable decision on his part."



(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) Pg.1-F Cleveland Plain Dealer Cleveland, Ohio American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner . Date:4-10-74 Edition: Final Author: Editor: Thomas Vail Title: SEE ABOVE Election Laws Glardathe about supmiring others Cleveland Boing Investigated

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Illegal Steinbrenner gift was returned, Inouye says

HONOLULU (?)—Sen. Daniel K. Inouye ays he returned two campaign donations dited in the recent indictment of a Cleve land ship-builder.

man of American Shipbuilding Co., was indicted for allegedly contributing company funds to the election campaigns of President Nixon, Inouye and other influential members of Congress.

Inouye, D-Hawaii, said he returned checks totaling \$500 at the request of the donors, Robert Bartolme and Stanley Lepkowski. They were named as coconspirators in the federal complaint but not indicted.

Inouye said his campaign staff also returned \$5,160 donated by American Ship building Co. executives and an additional \$5,000 in personal funds donated by Stein brenner.

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Steinbrenner bows from Yankee duties

NEW YORK — (UPI) — George M. Steinbrenner III, indicted in connection with alleged illegal campaign contributions, removed himself yesterday from his daily duties as general partner of the New York Yankees.

The decision by S t e i nbrenner assured organized baseball that the Yankees would not be encumbered this s e a s o n by Steinbrenner's legal difficulties. Baseball Commissioner B o w i e Kuhn called Steinbrenner's action "commendable."

The energetic Steinbrenner, although a partial owner of the Yankee franchise, had taken an active role in running the team last sea, son. The decision to vastly reduce his activities with the team does not affect his share of ownership.

A grand jury in Cleveland returned the indictment against Steinbrenner Friday, and there was some speculative talk about the possibility of Steinbrenner's suspension by Kuhn, although the Commissioner apparently would be reluctant to take such action on the basis of an indictment before conviction.

Steinbrenner said, "I am innocent of the c h a r g e s against me. I expect to be fully vindicated and cleared at trial. At such time I will resume my activities with the Yankees."

Steinbrenner made his annuncement of his status with the Yankees at Tiger Stadium in Detroit, where the Yanks were playing the Tigers.

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AmShip jolted by SEC suit charging false disclosure

By John E. Bryan

American Ship Building Co. officials here expressed surprise and puzzlement yesterday at Securities and Exchange Commission charges against the company and its chairman, George M. Steinbrenner III.

The SEC suit, filed in U.S. District Court in Washington, accused AmShip and Steinbrenner of filing false financial information because they did not publicly disclose illegal political contributions.

At the same time, according to wire reports and the Washington Star-News, the SEC asked the court to order Steinbrenner, principal owner of the New York Yankees, to pay back to the company political contributions made with corporate funds.

The total could amount to \$120,000.

The SEC case marks the first time the commission has moved against a company for alleged failure to disclose illegal political contributions.

Steinbrenner was indicted by a federal grand jury here two weeks ago for contributing corporate funds to the campaigns of Plesident Nixon and some influential congressmen.

American Ship Building Co. is the 11th corporation charged with illegal contributions during the 1972 campaign. Nine companies have pleaded guilty

A spokesman for AmShip said:

"It is extremely hard for us to understand why we, who have chosen to defend ourselves in court, should be treated more severely than the companies who have already pleaded guilty."

The money was given while AmShip was trying to win payment of a \$5-million caim for an overrun on a government contract, the indictment said.

The indictment said \$25,000 of \$100,000 in campaign contributions in Steinbrenner's name came from phony bonuses paid to eight employes who wrote campaign checks with the money left over after taxes.

A month ago, the SEC's division of corporate finance said any pending indictment or information alleging illegal campaign contributions—as well as any conviction, guilty plea or no-contest plea to such a charge—on the part of any officer or director of a company should be disclosed to the corporation's shareholders.

The disclosure, the division saids should be made in the company's annual report and in the proxy statement sent to shareholders to obtain their votes for directors at the upcoming annual meeting of the company.

The SEC said that, starting in 1970. Amship and Steinbrenner listed expenses worth more than \$120,000 on the company's books, including payments to employes and others. The SEC said these payments "were for purposes other than those on company books, including contributions to political campaigns."

The commission said Steinbrenner and AmShip failed to disclose these matters to stockholders. The result, the SEC contended, is that the company's financial statements are inaccurate.

The commission said Steinbrenner and the company also failed to disclose false entries had been made on the company's books to conceal the political contributions.

AmShip's annual report for the fiscal, year ended Sept. 30, 1973, carries no date of bublication. But the report of the auditors Arthur Andersen & Co., is dated Dec. 19, 1973. It makes no disclosure of political contributions.

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Cleveland Plain Dealer Cleveland, Ohio

American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner

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Submitting Office: Cleveland

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However, the company's notice of the sumual shareholders meeting March Land proxy statement, dated Feb. 11, 1974, noted that the Justice Department, through the special Watergate prosecutor, and the Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities of the U.S. Senate "are now investigating federal campaign contributions made by certain employes of the company."

The proxy statement adds that disclosures made in the course of the investigations indicate on three occasions between 1970 and 1972 bonuses totaling about \$97,500 were paid to certain employes who made rolitical contributions of approximately the net amounts of their bonuses.

The proxy statement also advises shareholders two employes testified before the Senate committee that they made their contributions from their bonuses and they were either instructed or requested to do so by company officials.

It is added that the special prosecutor was investigating whether the company and Steinbrenner violated the law. In addition, it says the company's 1970 and 1971 tax returns, when the bonuses were deducted as business expenses, were under audit by the Internal Revenue Service.

The SEC suit yesterday asked for appointment of a special master to examine Amship's books to report how much in corporate funds may have been used in political campaigns.

It also asked for an order that ultimately would correct the books and publicly disclose the exact amount of money that had been misused.

The government enforcement agency also asked for an injunction to stop the practice, and it called for an accounting on Steinbrenner's part.

An SEC attorney said the suit resulted from an independent investigation and was not related directly to the Cleveland grand jury action.

Another SEC spokesman told The Plain Dealer's Washington bureau the nine companies which pleaded guilty to charges of illegal contributions during the 1972 political campaign have had the money feturned to their treasuries.

But the spokesman said these companies also may be subject to SEC charges.

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SEC says Steinbrenner, AmShip filed false report

Press-Dow Jones Wire-

WASHINGTON — The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filed a complaint in Federal Court here against American Ship Building Co. and its chief executive officer, George M. Steinbrenner, alleging that the defedant filed false reports with the commission.

The complaint seeks to enjoin both Steinbrenner and American Ship Building Co. from further violations. The compission's complaint alleges that the defindants filed annual reports and proxy statement for the years 1970 to the present which were false and misleading and did not disclose that corporate funds were being used for contributions to political campaigns.

Amship and Steinbrenner were indicted last week by a Federal Grand Jury for illegal political contributions to President Nixon's campaign.

Steinbrenner also was charged with obstruction of justice obstructing a criminal investigation and helping an individual give false statements to the FBI.

Steinbrenner, of Bay Village, also is majority owner of the N. Y. Yankees baseball team. He could face a maximum sentence of 55 years in prison and \$110,000 in fines if convicted. The company could face maximum penalties of \$20,000 in fines.

The SEC seeks ancillary relief including appointment of a special master to examine books and records of American ship Building to render a correct account of the firm's financial position to the court and company stockholders.

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Pg.1-A Cleveland Press Cleveland, Ohio

American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner

Date 4-15-74
Edition: Final
Author:

Editor Thomas L. Boardman

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submitting Office: Cleveland

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AmShip officer | pleads guilty to election fraud

WASHINGTON — (UPI) — John H. Melcher Jr., executive vice president and counsel of American Shipbuilding Co., pleaded guilty today to concealing an illegal \$25,000 campaign contribution to President Nixon's 1972 campaign.

Melcher's surprise plea to the misdemeanor count reportedly means he will testify against the company's chief executive, George M. Steinbrenner III.

Steinbrenner, who is also president of the New York Yankees baseball team, had been indicted on a number of election law violations in connection with campaign contributions to presidential, vice presidential and congressional candidates.

Melcher faces a possible year in jail and a \$5000 fine. His guilty plea was acdepted by U.S. District Judge John Hart who delayed sentencing.

The guilty pica said that Melcher "did felieve, comfort and assist Steinbrenner in order to hinder and prevent Steinbrenner's apprehension, trial and punishment... by using a false and misleading explanation of the \$25,000 contribution."

Corporate political contributions are il-

Melcher said in the plea that Steinbrenner "wilfully and unlawfully" consented to make a corporate contribution on behalf of American Shipbuilding to the Nixon campaign.

According to testimony given by company officials at the Senate Watergate Committee hearings, the source of the money was conce a led by passing it through payrolls of various employees so they would appear to be individual contributions.

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Pg.1-A Cleveland Press Cleveland, Ohio

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AmShip official pleads guilty to wiff covering

WASHINGTON — John H. Melcher ir. executive vice president and general coursel of the American Ship Building Co. yesterday pleaded gullty to helping to cover up an alleged illegal campaign contribution to the Nixon campaign made by the company's board chairman.

Board Chairman George M. Steinbrenner III, indicted April 5 in connection with allegedly illegal campaign contributions, if due, to be arraigned today in Cleveland.

Assistant Special Prosecutor Thomas F. McBride, who handled yesterday's plea before U.S. District Judge George L. Hart Jr., said Melcher will be cooperating with the prosecutors in the Steinbrenner case.

The maximum penalty for concealing an illegal campaign contribution is two years in jail and a \$10,000 fine. But the penalty for being an accessory after the fact to such a crime is only half that.

Because Melcher faces no more than one year in jail, McBride explained to Hart, the prosecutors consider his offense a misdemeanor, not a felony.

Melcher was released without bond pending sentencing.

According to the charge to which Melcher pleaded, Steinbrenner made a \$25,000 contribution to the Nixon re-election campaign in April 1972 from company unds. Corporations are barred by law from making political contributions.

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Date 4-19-74
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Steinbrenner pleads innocent, is confident jury will clear him

By Christine J. Jindra

George M. Steinbrenner III pleaded innocent in U.S. District Court yesterday to charges that he made illegal campaign contributions to President Nixon and to various Democratic and Republican congressional campaigns.

Steinbrenner, 43, board chairman of the American Ship Building Co., was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Herbert T. Maher accompanied by his lawyers, Edward B. Williams of Washington, and Robert J. Rotatori, a former assistant U.S. actorney here.

A 14-count indictment returned April 5 by a federal grand jury here accused him of making false statements to FBI agents conspiracy, obstructing justice and a criminal investigation and violating campaign contribution laws.

Williams entered a plea of innocence for American Ship Building, which is charged with Steinbrenner for conspiracy and individually with one count of making illegal corporate campaign contributions.

Maher released Steinbrenner on peronal recognizance and set a conference for fly 22 for a discussion of a trial date, motions and other matters before Judge Leroy J. Contie Jr. Steinbrenner is free to travel in the United States. The case originally had been assigned to Chief Judge Frank J. Battisti who disqualified himself because he knows Stein brenner personally.

Steinbrenner, wearing a nautical-style navy blazer, arrived at the court 45 minutes early to be fingerprinted and booked before his arraignment.

He said he was fighting the charges because he "believes that in this country a person can get equal justice and equal protection under the law. I am confident I will be found innocent by jury of my peers."

On Thursday John H. Melcher Jr., executive vice president and general counsel of American Ship Building, pleaded guilty in Washington to helping to cover up an alleged illegal campaign contribution Steinbrenner made to the Nixon campaign.

Asst. special prosecutor Thomas F. McBride, who handled Melcher's plea and was here yesterday to note Steinbrenner's plea, said Melcher would cooperate with prosecutors in Steinbrenner's case.

Steinbrenner said he was not worried about Melcher's admission of guilt.

Steinbrenner is principal owner of the New York Yankees baseball team. Wiltiams is president of the Washington Red skins pro football team. (Inalizate page, name of newspaper, city and craice)
Pg.8-A
Cleveland Plain Dealer
Cleveland, Ohio

American Shipbuilding Company; George M. Steinbrenner

Date: 4-20-74
Edition: Final

Author: Christine Jindra

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Plain Dealer Photo/William A. Ashabit George M. Steinbrenner III leaves the Old Federal Building.

Steinbrenner says he will be cleared

By JIM DUDAS.

George M. Steinbrenner III pleaded innocent in Federal Court today to charges he illegally contributed to President Nixon's campaign and stoutly declared confidence that a jury will agree with him.

The board chairman of American Ship Building Co. was accompanied before U.S. Magistrate Herbert T. Maher by his lawyers, Edward Bennett Williams of Washington and Robert J. Rotatori.

Maher recorded Steinbrenner's innocent plea to a 14count indictment accusing him of obstruction of justice, falsifying company records and ordering company officials to make false statements to investigators.

Magistrate Maher ordered Steinbrenner's release on personal recognizance bond, told him he was free to travel in the U.S. and set May 22 for a preliminary hearing before Federal Judge Leroy Contie.

Dressed in blue and deeply tanned, Steinbrenner engaged in banter with newsmen after the hearing, reporting he was feeling trim because he recently lost 10 pounds.

He turned serious, however and, said, "This has been difficult for my family, for my friends and the company.

"I have decided to fight the charges because I believe every man is entitled to equal protection and justice. I am confident I will be found innocent by a jury of my peers."

Attorney Williams, nationally famous trial lawyer, had little to say during the proceedings.

His appearance here brought together two noted sports figures. Williams owns the Washington Redskins for football team while Steinbrenner is principle owner of the New York Yankees baseball team.

Williams also entered a plea of innocence for the Amb ship firm during the hearing.

John H. Melcher Jr., executive vice president and general counsel of American Ship, pleaded guilty in Washington yesterday and faces a year in jail and a \$5000 fine.

In his plea, Melcher alleged that Steinbrenner used company funds to make a \$25,000 contribution to the Nixon campaign in April 1972.

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Steinbrenner faces up to 55 years in prison and fines of \$85,000 if convicted on all counts.

Assistant Special Prosecutor Thomas F. McBride sails in Washington yesterday that Melcher will cooperate with prosecutors in the Steinbrenner case.

Steinbrenner said today he did not feel concerned because Melcher pleaded guilty, even though Melcher may testify for the Government.



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6/10/74

SAC, Cleveland (56-83) Cincinnati

FROM: Director, PBI (56-4737)

AHERICAN SHIP DUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBREHNER ELECTION LAWS COMSPIRACY: PAG: OOJ (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION vatergate unit) 00: WFO

ReduteIcal to Cleveland 6/7/74.

This is to confirm reButelcal wherein you were advised of the urgent request of the Special Prosecution Force received 6/7/74 as follows:

In preparation for pretrial motions, results of the below requested investigation are needed by Monday, 5/10/74. Cleveland and Cincinnati were instructed to obtain copies of newspaper articles bylined Joe Kraft (PH) concerning the Special Prosecutor's investigation regarding captioned company, which appeared in the "Cleveland Pross," 9/19/73, page B2, and in the "Youngstown Vindicator," 9/19/73, page 10. The following newspapers were to be reviewed for an article appearing on or about 9/19/73 on the same matter:

> "Cincinnati Post" "Dayton Herald Journal" "Athens Messenger" *Revena Kent Record"

If such article appeared in these

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The Special Prosecution Force also requested circulation statistics for the Cleveland area only of all of the six above-mentioned newspapers except the "Cleveland Press."

Results of the above requested investigation, in LHM form, should be submitted by facsimile to reach the Bureau prior to start of business 6/10/74. Cleveland was instructed to furnish Cincinnati any required background information.

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REC-4256-4737-37

June 10, 1974



AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBREHNER BLECTION LAWS; CONSPIRACY PRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE

This will confirm request of Mr.

Assistant Special Prosecutor, June 7, 1974, that he be provided with copies of an article prepared by Joseph Kraft, which appeared in the Cleveland Press, September 19, 1973, and the Youngstown Vindicator, on the same date. Mr.

also requested copies of Mr. Kraft's article appearing in the Cincinnati Post, the Dayton Journal Herald, the Ravenna Kent Cincinnati Post, the Dayton Journal Herald, the Ravenna Kent and the Athens Messenger be obtained. In addition, he requested the circulation figures for the Cleveland area for all the above newspapers except the Cleveland Press.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated June 7, 1974, at Cincinnati, Ohio, and a memorandum dated June 8, 1974; at Cleveland, Ohio, in answer to the above request. Also enclosed are two copies of the Joseph Kraft article appearing in the Messenger, Athens, Ohio, dated September 21, 1973.

A review of the Dayton Journal Herald, a daily Dayton, Ohio, newspaper for the period September 17 - 20, 1973, failed to reflect any article authored by Joseph Kraft pertaining to captioned individual and/or the Watergate matter.

Miss Circulation Department, Dayton Journal Herald, advised that this newspaper had a daily circulation of 114,000 and that 33,000 copies were distributed equally to counties north and south of Dayton. She was unable to furnish data relative to the number of newspapers actually distributed in the Cleveland, Ohio, area.

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American Ship Building Company 6/10/74

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THE SEPTEMBER 21, 1973, ISSUE OF THE ATHERS MESSENGER.
AN ATHENS, OHIO MEMSPAPER, CONTAINS AN ARTICLE PERTAINING TO
SUBJECT. THIS ARTICLE WILL BE FORWARDED TO THE BUREAU BY
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U.OED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Cincinnoti, Chio

RE: GEORGE M. STRIMBREMUER

The September 22. 1973, issue of the Cincinnati Post and Time-Star, a daily Cincinnati newspaper, contained the following article entitled. "Matergate In Not A Feding Issue," by Joseph Kraft, which is set forth in its entirety:

"Watergate has been made to seem a fading issue by the postponement and abridgement of scheduled Senate committee hearings.

"But in fact all that has happened is that the forcing role has passed from the Senate committee to special prosecutor Archibald Cox.

The special prosecutor, thanks in part to work done by the committee, is pressing possifully forward. He is on the trail of some sensational indictments, and he is hosping the leave of presidential ispeciment very such alive.

*The indictment possibilities oping from three sets of cases. First there is the entitrust settlement made with the International Telephone and Telephone and Telephone (ITT).

"The Senate investigators uncerthed a secondary from former White House special counsel Charles Colson mentioning his documents which implied a deal between the President and the company involving, among other things. ITT help to the city of San Diego as a possible spot for the Republican convention of 1977.

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ENCLOSURE 56-4937 37

RE: GEORGE M. STETMERENEER

"The big question is whether to go for the simple perjury indictments, or to review the whole case including the morits of the antitrust sottlement.

"A second big case involves the work of the plumbers, the special White House unit set up for security investigations. One of their activities was the burglary of Daniel Blisberg's psychiatrist.

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RE: GEORGE M. STEINBREUNER

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"What all thic means is that Watergote is a long way from being behind us. The major issues are yet to be resolved, and Mr. Mixon remains in deep trouble."

<u>On June 7.</u> 1974.

The Cincinnati Post and Times-Stat. advised that this newspaper has a sinical number of mailed subscriptions to individuals residing in the Cleveland. Ohio area and that in addition four daily papers are dispatched to the Erieview Kews, Cleveland, Chio.

> This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the PSI. It is the property of the FBI and is louned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be

distributed outside your namey.

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WATERGATE SPECITION FORCE emorandum

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Asst. Dir.: Comp. Syst.

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.-Inv.

Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv.

Training Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

: Clarence M. Kelley

Director

TO

Federal Bureau of Investigation Accounting and Frauds Section

FROM : Henry S. Ruth, Jr.

Deputy Special Prosecutor

Watergate Special Prosecution Force

SUBJECT: George M. Steinbrenner, III/The American Shipbuilding Company

In the course of our preparing our response to the pre-trial motions in United States v. George M. Steinbrenner, III, and The American Shipbuilding Company, No. Cr. 74-174: (N.D.O.) we have discovered that an article by Joseph Kraft concerning the work of the Special Prosecutor's office and which specifically mentions the American Shipbuilding Company and George M. Steinbrenner may have appeared in several Ohio newspapers. We have been informed that the article appeared in the Youngstown Vindicate on September 19, 1973. The article also appeared in the Cleveland Press on September 19, 1973 but did not refer to the American Shipbuilding Company and Steinbrenner.

Copies of the above articles that appeared in the Cleveland Pressmand the Youngstown Vindicate should be obtained. Please also determine whether the Kraft article appeared in the Cincinnati Post, the Dayton Journal Herald, the Revena-Kent Record, and the Athens Messenger. Please also obtain copies of the articles if they appeared in any of those papers. Finally, it should be determined what the circulation of each of the above-mentioned newspapers is in the Cleveland Metropolitan area.

Since our papers are due in Court on June 13, please expedite this investigative request. We need this information on Monday June 10.

If any clarification of this investigative request is needed, please contact Assistant Special

Prosecutor

18 JUN 13 197/

6/10/74 achieved.

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FD-36'(Rev. 5;22:64)	
FBI	
Date: 6-8-74	
Transmit the following in	
Via AIRTEL	
(Priority) j	
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (56-4737)	
FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (56-83) (P.)	
SUBJECT: AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT)	-
OO: WFO	
Re Bureau telephone call, 6-7-74.	
Enclosed for the Bureau are six (6) copies an WFO one (1) copy of an LHM as requested in referenced telephone call.	nd for
It should be noted that the article obtained the "Cleveland Press" was obtained from microfilm recommon and every effort was made to reproduce the best available copies for this LHM.	rds 🔭
In addition, the article obtained from the "Youngstown Vindicator" was a Xerox copy and again ever effort was made to reproduce the best available copies this LHM	for
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Special Agent in Charge U.S.Government Printing Office:	1972 — 455-574



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNIOD STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Cleveland, Ohio

June 8, 1974

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER

The following article appeared in the "Cleveland Press", Cleveland, Ohio, on September 19, 1973, page B-2:

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RE: AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER

The following article appeared in the "Youngstown Vindicator", Youngstown, Ohio, on September 19, 1973, page 10:

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The daily circulation for the "Youngstown Vindicator" is about 107,000 serving mainly Youngstown, Ohio, and not specifically circulated in Cleveland, Ohio.

The attached reproduction is the best reproduction available.

atergate

By JOSEPH KRAFT

Watergate has been made to seem a fading issue by the postponement and abridgement of scheduled Senate, committee hearings. But in fact all that has happened is that the forcing role has passed from the Senate committee to special prosecutor Archibald Cox.

The special prosecutor, thanks in part to work done by jury for their part in that operate committee, is pressing powerfully forward. He is on the much wider case, which also ments, and he is keeping the former special counsel Charles issue of presidential impeach. Colson. ment very much alive.

The indictment possibilities spring from three sets of cases. First there is the antitrust settlement made with the International Telephone & Telegraph Co. (ITT). The Senate investigalors uncarthed a memorandum from former White House special counsel Charles Colson mentioning six documents the President and the company involving, among other things, ITT help to the city of San Diego as a possible spot for the Republican convention of 1972.

Prosecutor Has Copies Of Colson Papers

The Cox office has obtained all six documents from the White House. They apparently provide material for perjury in-dictments against former Atty. Gen. John Mitchell, former Atty. Gen. Richard Kliendlenst, Atty. Gen. Richard Kliendienst, is, of course, at the center of former Asst. Atty. Gen. Richard the Cox inquiry. The President's McClaren, who is now a federal role is now bound up with the judge, and several top officers complex litigation over the of the company. The big question is whether to go for the simple perjury indictments, or in gthe merits of the antitrust settlement,

special White House unit set up of their activities was the burglary of Daniel Ellsberg's psy-House aides — John Ehrlich-Cox and the President's counsel man, Egil Krogh and David examine the tapes for possible Young — have already been in relevance to the Watergate in dicted by a Los Angeles grand

trail of some sensational indict- would include indictment of

A third set of cases grows out of the campaign contributions made illegally by large companies to the Committee to Reelect the President. A number of major company officers are going to be had up in court: for these activities. In at least one case — the case of George Steinbrenner of the American Shipbuilding Co. of Cleveland which implied a deal between the charge may include an at-

tempt to obstruct justice.
On top of all those actions, Cox is pushing the extradition of Robert Vesco, the former head of Investors Overseas Services, who has fled to Costa Rica with occasional side trips: to the Bahamas. The Vescocase seems to tle truly large, sums of money, perhaps raised; through the Teamsters and the, Mafia, with the members of the President's own family.

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(Continued on Page 11)

Watergate

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Expect Course to Rule Against President

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(Continued from Editorial Page) lident refuses to cough up the vestigation and report back to tapes no matter what the court say, the door to imposedment opens wide. Prof. Cox world almost certainly ask the Congress to begin impeachment process That suggestion clearly offers tags, blost stundings, indices a way to get at the tapes with that the definace of the court out touching the doctrine of corr by the President would swier fidentiality. The implication is away congressional reductable that, if the President refuses to impeach. One meess by an their suggestion, the judges will informed White Rosse official is probably rule against his claim, that the odds are about \$3.53 the While no one knows for sare issue will go to improcedured.

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The following article appeared in the "Record-Courier", Ravenna and Kent, Ohio on September 21, 1974, page $_{4}$

No article by JOSEPH KRAFT was located in this newspaper pertinent to this matter on September 19, 1974.

The daily circulation for the "Record-Courier" is about 25,000 per day, serving mainly the Portage and eastern Summit County, Ohio area and not specifically circulated in Cleveland, Ohio.

resident remain n deep trouble

By JOSEPH KRAFT

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What all this means is that Watergate is a long way from being behind us. The major issues are yet to be resolved, and Mr. Nixon remains in deep trouble.

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	Airtel 1- Mr. b7c
B	TO: SAC, Cleveland (56-83)(encs 2) Indianapolis (encs 2)
	FROM: Director, FBI (56-4737)— AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE H. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION — WATERGATE UNIT) 00: WFO
-	Enclosed for Cleveland and Indianapolis are two copies and for WFO one copy of a memorandum dated 7/15/74 received from the Special Prosecution Force.
	Mr, Assistant Special Prosecutor, advised 7/19/74 that the enclosed memorandum includes all that is known concerning Miss except that she is reportedly a friend of subject Steinbrenner and Robert Lyons Dibble, Vice President of Personnel, American Ship Building Company. Miss is not known to have been employed by captioned company and contact should not be had with either Steinbrenner or Dibble concerning the whereabouts of Miss
-	In view of the impending trial, this matter should receive expeditious attention to allow the Special Prosecutor ample time to interview Miss prior to trial.
-	1- WFO (56-311)(enc)
Assoc. Dir. Dep. AD Adm. Sep. AD Inv. Admin. Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Com, Gen. Inv.	NOTE: Above advice from was received by SA MAILED 3 AGB/alum(8) MAILED 3 A-FBI
Inspection Intell, Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. Training egal Coun.	PR3 PM

b6 b7С WATERGATE SPECIAL SOSECUTION FORCE EPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Memorandum Assoc, Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.I Asst. Di DATE: July 15, TO 1197A. Clarence M. Kelley, Comp. Syst. Director Ext. Affairs Federal Bureau, of Investigation Files & do Accounting and Fraud Section Gen. Inv. Henry S. Ruth Ident. Inspection Deputy Special Prosecutor Intell. ,.. Watergate Special Prosecution Force Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Campaign Contributions/George M. Steinbrenner, III SUBJECT: Spec. Inv. Training . Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. In the course of our preparation for trial Director Sec'y in United States v. George M. Steinbrenner, III, and The American Shipbuilding Company, CR 74-174 LJC (N.D.O.), it has become necessary for us to interview Miss All that we know Is that she lived in Cleveland in Ohio about Miss September, 1973. We believe that Miss since married, that her married name is (and probably Mrs. b6), that Mr. b7C is probably a travelling salesman, and that tney probably live in Indiana. We request the Bureau to locate Mrs. so that we can interview her. If any clarification of this investigative request is required, please contact Assistant Special Prosecutor. 56-4737-77 JIL 24 1974



7/19/74

To: SACs, Cleveland - Enc. Jacksonville - Enc. Los Angeles - Enc.

From: Director, FBI 56-4727-42

REC-3

ELSUR

GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, ET AL.

BUDED: 7/25/74 EX-117

Enclosed for your office is one copy of Department of Justice memorandum dated 7/15/74 requesting electronic surveillance information in accordance with specific questions set forth in the enclosed memorandum.

Conduct check in order to answer specific questions in enclosed memorandum and Criminal Division memorandum, 4/16/69, furnished field 5/2/69. Key answers to correspond with questions A through F. If results reveal positive information, insure microphone sources monitoring individuals involved are identified to the Bureau.

Cleveland check all subjects, noting surreptitious entry inquiry and two firms designated on Page 1.

Jacksonville and Los Angeles check Steinbrenner.

Sutel your response to reach Bureau by COB 7/25/74. If positive, submit logs and pertinent documents by airtel.

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WATERGATE SPECIAL PROSECUTION FORCE

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DATE: July 15,

Memorandum

TO

SUBJECT:

Clarence M. Kelley

Director

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Accounting and Fraud Section

Henry S. Ruth, Jr.

Deputy Special Prosecutor

Watergate Special Prosecution Force

Electronic Surveillance--United States v.

George M. Steinbrenner, III, and The American Shipbuilding Company, CR 74-174 LJC (N.D.O.)

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Ident. . Inspect

George M. Steinbrenner, III, and The American Shipbuilding Company are defendants in United States v. George M. Steinbrenner, III, and The American Shipbuilding Company, CR 74-174 LJC (N.D.O.). In accordance with representations made by the Government in its responses to pre-trial motions made by the defendants and in accordance with the provisions of 18 U.S.C. §3504, we request that you advise this office whether Steinbrenner has been overheard in the period September 1, 1970 until the present as a result of any electronic surveillance regardless of the basis for the surveillance. During the relevant period, Steinbrenner has resided in Ocala, Florida and Bay Village, Ohio. In addition we request that you report to us any instances of surreptitious entry into any premises owned, leased, or licensed by Steinbrenner or The American Shipbuilding Company, as well as any electronic surveillance directed at premises owned, leased or licensed by Steinbrenner or The American Shipbuilding Company During the relevant period, The American Shipbuilding Company had offices at 400 Colorado Avenue, Lorain, Ohio and 1210 Investment Plaza, Cleveland, Ohio. The Kinsman Marine Transit Company, a subsidiary of The American Shipbuilding Company, has had offices at 1508 Rockefeller Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

We also request that you addise this offsce 2 whether the following persons, who were employees or officers of The American Shipbuilding Company for all or part of the period September, 1970 through the present time, have been overheard during that period as a result of any electronic surveillance, and whether any premises owned, leased or licensed by them have been the subject of any surreptitious entry or electronic surveillance.

Airlel to CV, IK, LA 7-19-74 JEM: ds1

(1) Robert E. Bartlome resides at 274 Sunrise Drive, Amherst, Ohio.
Lorain, Ohio.
Westlake, Ohio, in September, 1970, and subsequently moved to Avon Lake, Ohio: (4) resides at N. Olmstead, Ohio.
(5) resides at Westlake, Onio.
(6) Robert Lyons Dibble resides at 27843 Detroit Road, Westlake, Ohio.
(7) resides at Walton Hills, Ohio.
(8) Daniel A. Kissel resides at 37849 Lake Drive, Avon, Ohio.
(9) resides at Lorain, Ohio.
(10) resides at , Shaker Heights, Ohio.
(11) Gordon Stafford resides at 20328 Park Lane, Rocky River, Ohio.
(12) resides at Olmstead, Ohio.

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We would appreciate your office conducting the search and having an appropriate official swear to an affidavit containing your findings as soon as possible. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION JUL 2 2 1974

NRØØ3 JK CODE

TELETYPE

PM NITEL JULY 22, 1974 GLB

DIRECT.OR TO

JACKSÓNVILLE (66-308) FROM

ELSUR, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III,

BUDED JULY 25, 1974. ET AL.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL DATED JULY 19, 1974.

IN REGARD TO CRIMINAL DIVISION MEMO DATED APRIL 16, 1969, AS IT PERTAINS TO GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, THE FOLLOWING IS SUBMITTED:

A. GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, WAS NOT PRESENT AT OR A PARTICIPANT IN CONVERSATIONS OVERHARD IN ANY ELECTRONICS SURVEILLANCE BY THE FBI.

B. AN ELECTRONICS SURVEILLANCE WAS NOT CONDUCTED ON ANY PREMISES WHERE GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER WAS THE OWNER, LEASEE, OR LICENSEE.

C. NA.

D. NA.

NA. E.

F. NA. 以则态.

REC-3 56-4707-43

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16 AUG 2 1974

END

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Assoc. Fir.

Admin. .. Comp. Syst. . Ext. Affairs-

Gen. Inv. Ident. ...

Inspection . Intell. Laboratory

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Dep.-A.D.-Adm .__. Dep.-A.D.-Inv._ Asst ir.:





*					
): Special Investigative Divis	sion				
ROM: Domestic Intelligence	General Ir	nvestigative 🔀 Speci	al Investigati	ve	
	REQUEST F	OR SEARCH OF SPECI	AL INDICES		
ate of request	Requesting Age	ent		o6	
July 19, 1974				57C	
lease complete following and retu CI & 0 Section		, Divisio	n - 🗀 Genera	stic Intelligence al Investigative al Investigative	
NAMES TO BE SEAR	CHED	KNOWN ALIASES	; (a	Results of Criminal and Securi Special Indices Search ttach separate sheet, if necesso	ty ary)
George M. Steinbre	nner, III	[5/4/62	b2
Robert E. Bartlome				N/R	
				N/R	
			,	N/R	
				N/R	
				n/R	
Robert Lyons Dibbl		3-6		N/R	
MODEL C MONO DIBBI	Ĭ	b6 b7C		n/R	
	J				
Daniel A. Kissel				N/R	
				N/R	-
				N/R	
<u> </u>	s.ag		Searched by		
Bufile <u>56-4737</u>	.4		Date	July 19, 1974	b
cc: 62-318					, b
,0,4 02−3±0 5		•			

Gordon Stafford

N/R

b6
b7c

N/R

American Shipbuilding Company

N/R

- 2 -





T0: Special Investigative Divi	sion			
FROM: Domestic Intelligence	SIDN 1 General Investigative	Special Inves	igative	
	REQUEST FOR SEARCH	OF SPECIAL IND	CES	
Date of request	Requesting Agent		b6	
7/22/74			b7c ·	
Please complete following and retu ORBANIZES CRIME + CRIM Section	••	, Division - 🔲 G	omestic Intelligence eneral Investigative Secial Investigative	
*	• •	± 1 ₄	Results of Criminal and Security	,,
NAMES TO BE SEARC	CHED. KNOWN	ALIASES.	Results of Criminal and Security Special Indices Search (attach separate speet, it necessar	у)
GEORGE M. STEI	NBRENNER, III,		N. R.	
ROBERT E BART	LOME	_	"	-
		-	<i>u</i>	
			N. J.	
			N.R.	
			h	
ROBERT LYONS	LIBBLE	 .b6	ıı	
		b7c	<i>II</i> :	
JANIEL A. KIS	SEL		11	,
	344		11	
			11	
CARAMI CTAGO			1/	
GOKDON STAFF	UKB,		<i>j</i> 1	
400000000000000000000000000000000000000	M		; i	b6 b7C
AMERICAN SHIP	BUILDING COMI	ANY		J) W
KINSMAN MARINE	TRANSIT COM	•		
		Searched	by	
Bufile		Date	7/22/74	

LL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 231974

TELETYPE

NR Ø13 LA CODE

612 PM NITEL JULY 23, 1974 LRS

ELSUR GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III; ET AL, BUDED JULY 25, 1974.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL, JULY 19, 1974.

A REVIEW OF THE ELSUR INDICES OF THE LOS ANGELES OFFICE REVEALED THAT GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER WAS NOT THE SUBJECT OF, NOR WAS HE A PARTICIPANT IN A CONVERSATION MONITORED BY THE LOS ANGELES OFFICE.

IT WAS ALSO DETERMINED THAT STEINBRENNER DID NOT HAVE A PROPRIETARY INTERST IN ANY PREMISES ON WHICH AN ELSUR WAS INSTALLED.

LOS ANGELES GENERAL INDICES NEGATIVE RE STEINBRENNER. THEREFORE, QUESTIONS IN ATTACHMENT TO REFERENCED AIRTEL ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

END

(16 AUG 2 1974

56-4737-

ICE

TO DIRECTOR

FROM LOS ANGELES (94-430B) IP

Dop-AD-Adm Dep. AlD. Inw. Acest. Dir.: Admin. .. Comp State. Ext. Affairs: Files & Com. Gen. Inv. . Ident. Inspection Inteli. Laboratory Plan. & E Spec. Inv. Training Legal Count Telephone Km. Director Secy

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84 AUG 1 6 1974

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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JUL 2 3 1974

TELETYPE

NR Ø12 CV CODE

8:30 PM NITEL 7/23/74 JSM

TO DIRECTOR

FROM CLEVELAND (66-5396) 1P

ELSUR, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, ET AL, BUDED: JULY 25,

RE BUREAU AIRTEL OF JULY 19, 1974 AND ACCOMPANYING DEPARTMENTAL LETTER OF JULY 15, 1974.

CLEVELAND ELSUR INDICES NEGATIVE RE GEORGE STEINBRENNER III, THE PREMISES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS LISTED ON PAGE 1 OF THE DEPARTMENTAL MEMO OF JULY 15, 1974 AND ALL TWELVE INDIVIDUALS LISTED ON PAGE 2 OF THAT MEMO. ITEMS A THROUGH F, DEPARTMENTAL MEMO OF APRIL 16, 1969, ARE THEREFORE NOT APPLICABLE.

END

GHS FBIHQ ACK FOR ONE CLR

A PARTIE OF THE
cc3 56-4/31-45

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Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Com. Gen. Inv. . Ident Inspection Intell. -Laboratory Plan. & J Spec. Infile Training Legal Cou Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATIONS COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 251974

CODE

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7:50PM NITEL 7/25/74 RJB

TO DIRECTOR

FROM CLEVELAND (66-5396) 2P

ELSUR, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, ET AL, BUDED: JULY 25, 1974.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL OF JULY 19, 1974, AND ACCOMPANYING DEPARTMENTAL LETTER OF JULY 15, 1974; AND CLEVELAND NITEL TO THE BUREAU, JULY 23, 1974.

CLEVELAND ELSUR INDICES NEGATIVE REGARDING ANY SURREPTITIOUS ENTRY INTO ANY PREMISES OWNED, LEASED, OR LICENSED BY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III, OR THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY, OR ANY OF THE PREMISES AND/OR PLACES OF BUSINESS LISTED ON PAGE 1 OF THE DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF JULY 15, 1974.

NO RECORD OF ANY SURREPTITIOUS ENTRY EXISTS ALSO WITH REGARD TO ANY OF THE EMPLOYEES OF OFFICERS OF THE AMERICAN SHIPBUILDING COMPANY OR ANY PREMISES END PAGE ONE

Assoc. Dir. . Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.-Inv.. Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Com. Gen. Inv. __ Ident. Inspection . Intell. ... Laboratory Plan. & Eya Spec. Inv. Training . Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

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56-4737-46

16 AUG 2 1974

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8 4 AUG 1 6 1974.

CV 66-5396

PAGE TWO

OWNED, LEASED, OR LICENSED BY ANY OF THE INDIVIDUALS LISTED ON PAGE 2 OF THE MEMORANDUM OF JULY 15, 1974.

ITEMS A THROUGH F, DEPARTMENTAL MEMORANDUM OF APRIL 16, 1969, ARE THEREFORE NOT APPLICABLE.

END.

HLD

LRF FBIHQ FOR THREE

White copy and the price of the bridge in 62 316

Deputy Special Prosecutor Watergate Special Prosecution Force July 26, 1974 b_{7C}

Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Gebhardt 1 - Mr.

1 - Mr.

GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III AND OTHERS ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE

Reference is made to your memorandum dated July 15, 1974, requesting electronic surveillance information on the above-captioned individuals and corporations.

A review of appropriate Bureau records reveals that none of the individuals or corporations set forth in your memorandum was ever the subject of a surreptitious entry or the target of direct electronic surveillance coverage by the FBI. Further, this Bureau has never maintained any electronic surveillance on premises which were known to have been owned, leased, or licensed by these individuals or corporations, nor were any of their conversations ever monitored by an electronic device of the FBI.

Attached is an affidavit regarding the foregoing information.

It is suggested that other Federal investigative agencies be contacted to determine if they had coverage of the subjects of your inquiry.

Enclosure

NOTE: The names of the above captioned individuals and corporations were cleared with SA of the Intelligence Division. Assoc. Dir. Dep. AD Adm. Dep. AD Inv. 1 - Bufile 56-4737 Asst. Dir.: 18 AUG 2 1974 BY COURIER SVC. Admin Comp. Syst. JUL 29 P.M. Ext. Affairs JEM:is Gen. Inv. Inspection Intell. ROOM 1535. RETURN TO MR.

TELETYPE UNIT

AFFIDAVIT

A P P I D A V I I
I, after having been duly sworn, do
hereby depose and state the following:
I am a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
and am currently assigned as a Supervisor at Federal Bureau of Investi-
gation Headquarters in Washington, D. C.
I have made a careful and diligent search of the appropriate
records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and have determined that
no one identifiable with the following individuals or corporations was
ever the target of direct electronic surveillance coverage nor were any of
their conversations ever monitored by the Federal Bureau of Investigation:
George M. Steinbrenner, III, of Ocala, Florida, and
Bay Village, Ohio.
Robert E. Bartlome, of Amherst, Ohio.
of Lorain, Ohio.
of Westlake, Ohio, and Avon Lake,
Ohio.
of North Olmsted, Ohio.
of Westlake, Ohio.
Robert Lyons Dibble, of Westlake, Ohio.
of Walton Hills, Ohio.
56-4731-41

Daniel A. Kissel, of Avon, Ohio. of Lorain, Ohio. of Shaker Heights, Ohio. Gordon Stafford of Rocky River, Ohio. of North Olmsted, Ohio. The American Shipbuilding Company, of Lorain, Ohio, and Cleveland, Ohio. The Kinsman Shipbuilding Company, of Cleveland, Ohio. I have also determined from this review that the Federal Bureau of Investigation did not maintain any electronic surveillance on premises which were known to have been owned, leased, or licensed by the above-named individuals or corporations and that no surreptitious entry was ever employed in connection with them. Special Agent Supervisor Federal Bureau of Investigation SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to me

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My Commission Expires Dec. 14, 1978

FD 6 (Rev	(y ₂ 5-22-64)	ę
	Ę B I	 -
	Date: 7/25/74	
Transmit t	he following in	
Via	AIRTEL	İ
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Priority)	
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (56-4737)	
1/1	FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (56-83) (P)	•
	AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION— WATERGATE UNIT)	
	OO: WFO	
X L	ReBuairtel, 7/19/74.	
	Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are and for IP and WFO single copies each of an LHM matter, specifically concerning	
	CV indices negative re	and
	A review of CV file in this matter in newspaper clippings also does not reflect any p above names.	
	As set forth on enclosed LHM, which B wish to disseminate to Special Prosecution Force Telephone White Pages, CV1 (thio, reflects residing at CV, phone credit info re set forth in enclosed LH	e, Ohio Bell Additional
	In view of lack of identifying data for it is not known if identical with 2 Bureau (Enc. 4 KNUM) I (INFO) (RM)	
	1-WFO (Enc. 1) (INFO) (RM) (56-311) 2-Cleveland MVH: jac (6)	29 1974 A
	4 AUG 12 1974 (2)	300
Appr	oved: Special Agent in Charge Sent U.S.Government Principles	rnting Office: 1972 — 455-574



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

OITED STATES DEPARTMENT O JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cleveland, Ohio July 25, 1974

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III

	$ML_{i} \times I$
	A review of Greater Cleveland, Ohio Area and
	Lorain, Ohio Area Street Directories did not disclose any listing for or
	The records of the Cleveland, Ohio Police Department, the Cleveland Credit Bureau, and the Lorain Credit Bureau also do not list any entries on any such persons.
	Inquiry through the Law Enforcement Automated Data System (LEADS), Bureau of Motor Vehicles for the State of Ohio, did not reflect any entry for driver's license registration or vehicle registration for or
	The White Pages of the Cleveland Telephone Directory, Ohio Bell Telephone Company, include a listing for Cleveland, Ohio, telephone
f	• (
•	The records of the Credit Bureau of Cleveland reflect a record for one current as of March, 1974, residing Cleveland, employed as an accountant representative for the Hertz Corporation since November, 1972, SSAN
	Previous addresses for with the Credit Bureau of Cleveland are listed as Parkridge, Illinois, and Arlington Heights, Illinois. is listed as single as of March, 1974 in the credit bureau records.

56-4737-48

RE: AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, III

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Court,	Cuyaho	ga Cor	unty	Marri	age	Lice	nse	Burea	au,	Cle	vel	and,	b70
Óhi <u>o,</u>	failed	to lo	cate	an <u>y r</u>	ecor	d of	an	<u>arria</u>	age	lic	ens	е	
for			and/	or				Ja					
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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.





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	` FBI	
	Date: 8/1/74	
the following in		
A Thoma I	(Type in plaintext or code)	
AIRTEL	(Priority)	
TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI (56-4737)	
FROM:	SAC, CLEVELAND (56-83) (P)	-
RE:	AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION- WATERGATE UNIT)	<
	OO: WFO	-
	The below-listed individuals were contacted in an effort to further identify eshore, CV:	<u>at</u>
	Hertz Corp. ' b6	
,	Apartment building complex at Euclid, Ohio	
knowledge not known	Each of the above advised that to the best of the single and to them as a female companion or associate of the single and REC-32 56 - 4737	is
2 Bureau	Property and the second second	

Sent Per.

U.S.Government Printing Office: 1972 — 455-574

CV 56-83

It is noted the above employment and residence	
were previously set forth in an LHM re	
specifically advised that resides in	_ .b6
	b70
female residing with him and also, it is unlikely that	
is married due to their strict leasing policy.	
Above for information of Bureau for possible	,
discussion with Special Prosecution Force.	•

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1882 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
UNITED STATES GCERNMENT

Memorandum

Director, FBI (56-4737)

DATE: 8/5/74

FROM

SAC, Indianapolis (56-281) (RUC)

SUBJECT!

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER ELECTION LAWS

(ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION

WATERGATE UNIT)

00 - WFO

ReBuairtel to CV, 7/19/74.

Enclosed to Bureau are two copies of an LHM.

Enclosed for Cleveland and Washington Field is one copy each of above LHM.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 2)) 1 - Cleveland (56-83) (Enc. 1)

l - Washington Field (Enc. 1)

l - Indianapolis

RJS:cdl/fjm

(5).

REC 27 56-4737-50

Control Management Property

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Indianapolis, Indiana August 5, 1974

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER

On July 23, 1974 and July 24, 1974, all telephone
directories in all Resident Agencies in the Indianapolis
Division were checked for the name
and with negative results.
All police agency record bureau checks for these cities
also proved negative. A review of the credit bureaus for
these cities also proved negative.
onese crores gran brosed neggorse.
Donostinout of Maton
On July 23, 1974, Department of Motor
Vehicles, Indianapolis, Indiana, advised she could find no
driver's license issued to an and that the
only record she could find was for an
Jeffersonville, Indiana. Davis advised she-
could find no driver & license for a
On July 23, 1974.
On July 23, 1974, Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised she has never heard of or
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised she has never heard of On July 23, 1974, Mrs. Bureau of
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised she has never heard of On July 23, 1974, Mrs. Bureau of Vital Statistics, Indianapolis, Indiana, was contacted and
On July 23, 1974, Mrs. On Statistics, Indianapolis, Indiana, was contacted and a review of their marriage records from 1969 - present were
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised she has never heard of On July 23, 1974, Mrs. Bureau of Vital Statistics, Indianapolis, Indiana, was contacted and
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Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised she has never heard of On July 23, 1974, Mrs. Bureau of Vital Statistics, Indianapolis, Indiana, was contacted and a review of their marriage records from 1969 - present were negative regarding .
Jeffersonville, Indiana, was contacted, and she advised she has never heard of On July 23, 1974, Mrs. Bureau of Vital Statistics, Indianapolis, Indiana, was contacted and a review of their marriage records from 1969 - present were negative regarding All major Resident Agency city directories were

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56-4737-5

This document contains neither recommendations non conclusions of the FPT. It is the property of the FBT and is loaned to your agency it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

b6 b7C FEBERAL BUREAU OF HAVESTIGHTION **COMMUNICATIONS SECTION**

NR ØØ4 CV CODE

3:55 PM NITEL AUGUST 24, 1974 PGC

TO DIRECTOR (56-4737)

WFO

FROM CLEVELAND (56-83) (P) 2P

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER, ELECTION LAWS, (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT), 00: WFO.

ON AUGUST 23. 1974. GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER APPEARED BEFORE U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE LEROY J. CONTIE, JR., CLEVELAND, OHIO AND PLED GUILTY TO A CONSPIRACY COUNT, A FELONY, WHICH OUTLINED THE SCHEME STEINBRENNER AND COMPANY OFFICIALS HAD DEVISED TO PAY EMPLOYEES PHONY BONUSES WHICH WOULD BE PASSED ON AS CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS. STEINBRENNER ALSO PLED GUILTY TO A MISDEMEANOR CHARGE THAT HE DEVISED A FALSE AND MISLEADING EXPLANATION FOR \$25,000 WORTH OF CONTRIBUTIONS AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY ILLEGALLY GAVE TO VARIOUS CAMPAIGNS AND THAT HE INTIMIDATED EMPLOYEES TO END PAGE ONE

18 AUG 27 1974

Assoc. Dir. Dep.-A.D.-Adm. Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Inspection Intell. ... Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. Training . Legal Coun. Telephone Rm. Director Sec'y

b7C

58 AUG 281974

b6

PAGE TWO

END

GIVE THIS EXPLANATION TO THE FBI AND THE GRAND JURY.

GUILTY PLEAS WERE ALSO ENTERED ON BEHALF OF THE AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY TO A CHARGE THAT COMPANY OFFICIALS CONSPIRED WITH STEINBRENNER AND TO AN IDIVIDUAL CHARGE OF MAKING ILLEGAL CORPORATE CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS.

U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE DELAYED SENTENCING AT THIS TIME.

CLEVELAND WILL FOLLOW AND REPORT SENTENCING.

FBIHQ REC'D TWO KLJ CLR

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

. AUU JL 1974

ANR ØØ5 CV CODE

3:34PM URGENT 8/30/74 PDS

TO DIRECTOR (56-4737)

-WFO

FROM CLEVELAND (56-83) (P)

AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY, GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER,

ELECTION LAWS (ACCOUNTING AND FRAUD SECTION - WATERGATE UNIT),

00: WFO.

RE CLEVELAND NITEL AUGUST 24, 1974.

ON AUGUST 30, 1974, USA, FREDERICK M. COLEMAN, CLEVELAND, OHIO, ADVISED THAT U.S. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE LEROY J. CONTIE, JR., CLEVELAND, OHIO SENTENCED SUBJECT GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER AND THE AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY, ON AUGUST 30, 1974, AS FOLLOWS: GEORGE M. STEINBRENNER RECEIVED \$10,000 FINE REGARDING VIOLATION TITLE 18, SECTION 371, USC., AND RECEIVED \$5,000 FINE FOR VIOLATION TITLE 18, SECTION 3, USC, A MISDEMEANOR, REGARDING ACCESSORY AFTER THE FACT; AMERICAN SHIP BUILDING COMPANY RECEIVED FINE OF \$10,000 FOR VIOLATION TITLE 18, SECTION 371, USC AND RECEIVED \$10,000 FINE FOR VIOLATION TITLE 18, SECTION 610, USC. REC-40 56 -4737

EX:103.

CLEVELAND WILL SUREP.

3 SEP 4 1974

ENDITTIT

PAW FBIHQ

CLR

57SEP 0 91974

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Assoc. Dir.

Admin. Comp. Syst.

Dep.-A.D.-Adm.

Dep.-A.D.-Inv. Asst. Dir.:

Ext. Affairs Files, & Com

Inspection

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

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Page 39 ~ b3, b6, b7C
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Page 178 ~ b3, b6, b7C
Page 179 ~ b3, b6, b7C
Page 180 ~ b3, b6, b7C
Page 181 ~ b3, b6, b7C
```