

HK

ASIAN AMERICAN POLITICAL 12/73 ~~MAN~~ 105-19-31 p.2
ASSOCIATION (AAPA)

FBI

Date: 12/18/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-9746)(C)

RE: WAI KIT QUON aka APARTMENT 3, SAN FRANCISCO

HAWAII Paul Quan

CA/HA Paul Quan

COLO. Paul Wai Kit Kwan

QUON Sai-kit

KWAN Wai-kit

QUON Wai-kit

KUAN Wei-chieh (M)

CTC 7070/0251/0267

IS - CH

OO: SF

Copy to: CIA/STATE/RAO/ZNS
ONI/OSI/ACSI/

By routing slip for info.

Date 12/23/68 by VER/RS

b6 per
b7C FBI

Re Los Angeles letter to Bureau, 12/6/68,
entitled HEMISPHERE CONFERENCE TO END THE
WAR IN VIETNAM, MONTREAL, CANADA, 11/28/68 -
12/7/68; IS - INFORMATION CONCERNING; OO: NY
(NY File 105-97379; Bufile 105-179625)

Enclosed for the Bureau are nine copies of
LHM dated and captioned as above.

b7D per FBI

Referenced airtel set out information from _____
as to the names and addresses appearing on the manifest of a
chartered flight from Los Angeles 11/27/68, to attend mentioned
conference in Montreal, Canada. Subject's name and address
was included. Referenced airtel also set forth Bureau instructions
that a LHM suitable for dissemination to the Legal Attache,
Ottawa, and to interested U.S. Government Agencies should be
prepared on persons traveling from the United States to attend
this conference.

- 4 - Bureau (Encs. 9)(RM)
(1 - 105-179625)
3 - San Francisco
(1 - 100-61299 - AAPA)

JES:ay
(7)

Approved

54 JAN 6 1969

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

11-CV-2131-4b-716

SF 105-9746
JES:ay

Four persons who have been active in the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA) at the University of California, Berkeley, California, were included on the manifest of the flight from Los Angeles on 11/27/68. These were FLOYD HUEN, WAI KIT QUON, VICKIE WONG and LILLIAN FABROS, on each of whom a LHM has been prepared. The AAPA now includes students at several colleges but, according to SF 2496-R, who is an active member of the AAPA, it continues to be directed from the Berkeley campus, by FLOYD HUEN and YUJI ICHIOKA, both of whom oppose the use of violence as a means of protest.

Sources listed in the enclosed LHM are identified as follows:

SF T-1 is

b7D per FBI

SF T-2 is SF 2496-R

In September, 1960, just after his entry into the U.S., Subject was considered for investigation under the Bureau program concerning Chinese Aliens entering the United States for permanent residence, but investigation was discontinued since it was determined he did not fall within that program.

Information concerning the Subject and his activities has been assembled in enclosed LHM. He does not appear to present any present danger to the security of the United States which would warrant his inclusion in the Security Index, and this case is being closed.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Francisco, California

December 18, 1968

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

On December 5, 1968, SF T-1 advised that WAI KIT QUON, 2400 Dana, Berkeley, California, was among those, whose names and addresses appeared on the manifest for American Flyers, Inc., North Hollywood, California, chartered flight November 27, 1968 from Los Angeles, California to Montreal, Canada, to attend the Hemisphere Conference To End The War In Vietnam, Montreal, Canada, November 28, 1968 to December 1, 1968.

The 1967-68 Student Directory for the University of California, Berkeley, listed WAI KIT QUON as a fifth year (graduate school) student in Biophysics, with residence at 2400 Dana, Apartment 4, Berkeley, California. The 1966-67 Student Directory for the University of California, Berkeley, listed WAI KIT QUON as a fifth year student in the College of Letters and Science, with local address at 845 Adams, Apartment 3, Albany, California and with home address at 1230 Jackson, Apartment 4, San Francisco, California.

In September, 1968, SF T-2 advised that captioned individual was one of about 30 persons present on September 22, 1968 at a general meeting of the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA), held on campus at the University of California, Berkeley. According to SF T-2, it was recommended at this meeting that the AAPA remain primarily concerned with persons of Asian origin, but also continue cooperation between the AAPA and Afro-American organizations. SF T-2 advised that at this meeting, the AAPA leader, FLOYD HUEN, who is a member of the Senate of the Associated Students of the University of California, expressed the hope that the AAPA would work through that

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

105-179625

72

11-CV-2131-4b-718

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

organization rather than becoming involved in militant demonstrations which might lead to violence.

In an undated manifesto which was distributed in October, 1968, the AAPA is self-described as "a peoples alliance to effect social and political changes" and states its belief that".... the American society is historically racist and is one which has systematically employed social discrimination and economic imperialism both domestically and internationally exploiting all non-white people...."

The above mentioned manifesto was signed by W. K. QUON and V. WONG. According to SF T-2, W. K. QUON refers to captioned individual.

In a manifesto dated September 30, 1968, the AAPA declared that "The Board of Regents of the University of California is racist and illegitimate." and demanded "... that the Academic Senate liberate itself from the Board of Regents, and support all student-initiated courses...." In a list of "Perspectives" attached to the manifesto dated September 30, 1968, the AAPA stated: "We Asian-Americans support all non-white liberation movements....", and declared: "We Asian-Americans oppose the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government."

An undated manifesto of the AAPA distributed in July, 1968 set forth the same declarations as appeared in the above mentioned "Perspectives", and gave the address of the AAPA as 2005 Hearst Avenue, Berkeley, California, which address was that of YUJI ICHIOKA, a University of California graduate student, who according to SF T-2, was the leader or president of the AAPA. The undated manifesto distributed in October, 1968 listed

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

the address of the AAPA as 509 Eshleman Hall, University of California, Berkeley, California. The manifesto dated September 30, 1968 listed the AAPA address as 510 Eshleman Hall.

According to SF T-2, captioned individual is known by the name PAUL QUAN in the AAPA, and has been associating closely with FLOYD HUEN, who is the second in command of the AAPA. At the AAPA general meeting held on September 22, 1968 at Eshleman Hall on the University of California campus, Berkeley, California, captioned individual joined with HUEN in presenting a report concerning youth problems in the San Francisco Chinatown, and in presenting a report concerning a conference held at Los Angeles, California between AAPA representatives and an oriental student club in the Los Angeles area which was considering affiliation with the AAPA.

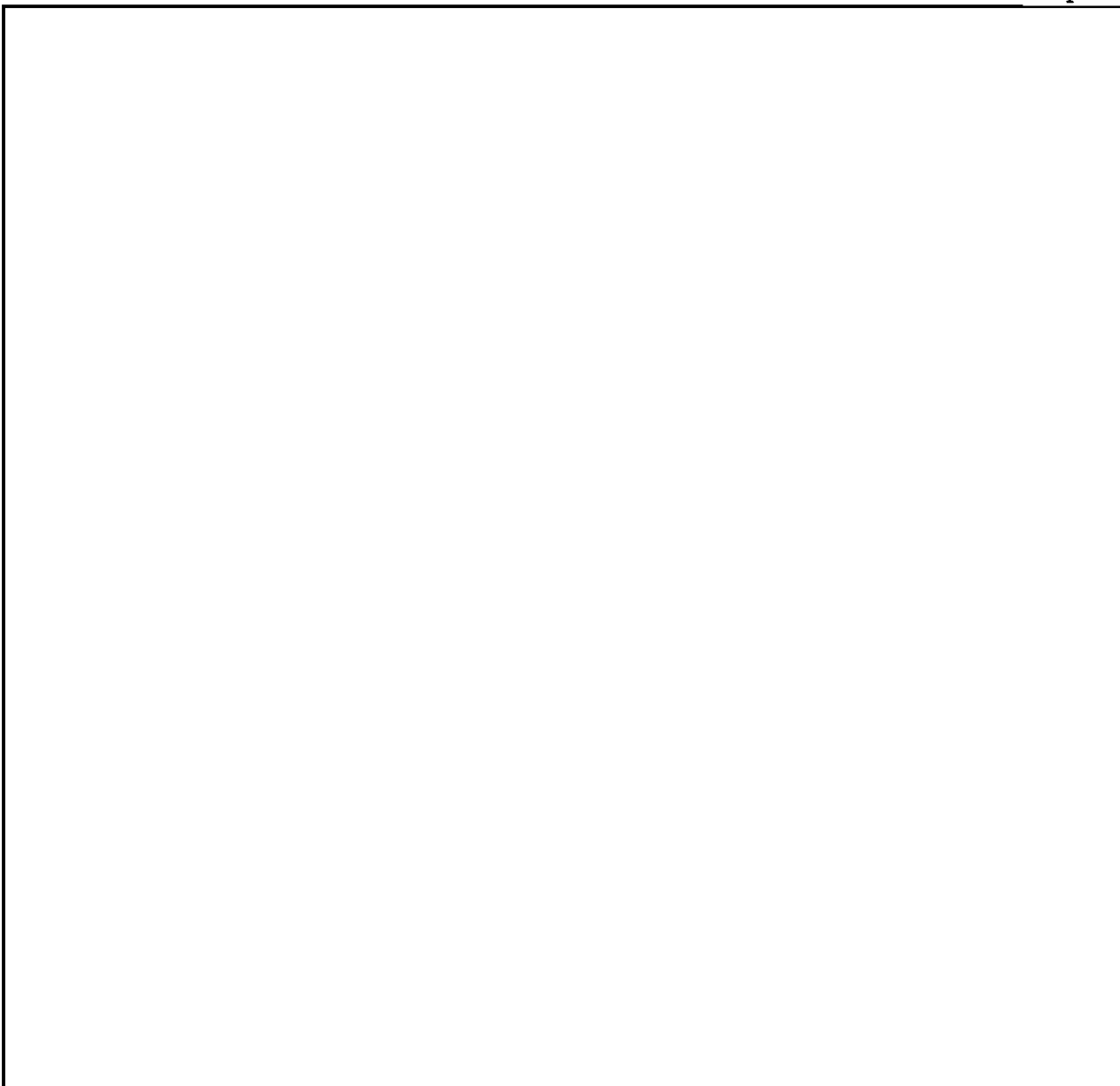
SF T-2 in November, 1968, reported captioned individual present at an AAPA meeting when the group discussed the possibility of participation in the Hemisphere Conference To End The War In Vietnam scheduled for November 28, 1968 to December 1, 1968 at Montreal, Canada. Most of the group decided not to attend that conference, and no one attending announced definite plans to attend. SF T-2 learned, however, that captioned individual and three other AAPA members, including FLOYD HUEN, did fly to Montreal to attend that conference on Vietnam. As of December 16, 1968, SF T-2 had not had an opportunity to talk personally with WAI KIT QUON after his return from that trip.

On December 17, 1968, Mrs. LOIS SMITH, Records Section, San Francisco District Office of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) made available INS file [redacted], which concerns captioned individual. This file reveals he was born [redacted] in [redacted] and was admitted to the United States [redacted], as the b6 per USCIS

[redacted]

WAI KIT OUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

b6 per USCIS



WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

b6 per USCIS

WAI KIT QUON listed his Selective Service Number as [redacted] and indicated he was classified II-S. He gave his mailing address as 1230 Jackson, Apartment 3, San Francisco, California.

b6 per USCIS

The April, 1968 Directory for the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory at Berkeley, California lists WAI KIT QUON as being in the Health-Physics Department, Building 72, Room 104, under the Guest Participant Program.

Mr. [redacted] Security Officer at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory advised on December 18, 1968, that WAI KIT QUON was employed by that institution from October 18, 1965 to June 16, 1967 as a graduate student research assistant, for which employment he received pay. Mr. [redacted] further advised that since that date, WAI KIT QUON has been under the guest participant program, receiving no pay, but able to use the facilities of the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory in connection with his graduate research study.

b6 per
b7C FBI

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

The following discriptive data was secured from
SF T-2 and from the files of the United States INS:

Name	WAI KIT QUON
Other names	Paul Quan, Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan, KWAN Wai-kit, QUON Sai-kit, QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M) CTC 7070/0251/0267

Birthdate
Nationality

Residence

Home address

Occupation

INS File Number
Ethnic Descent
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Father

Mother



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

December 18, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

Character

Reference

San Francisco memorandum
dated and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Francisco, California

COPY

December 18, 1968

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

On December 5, 1968, SF T-1 advised that WAI KIT QUON, 2400 Dana, Berkeley, California, was among those, whose names and addresses appeared on the manifest for American Flyers, Inc., North Hollywood, California, chartered flight November 27, 1968 from Los Angeles, California to Montreal, Canada, to attend the Hemisphere Conference To End The War In Vietnam, Montreal, Canada, November 28, 1968 to December 1, 1968.

The 1967-68 Student Directory for the University of California, Berkeley, listed WAI KIT QUON as a fifth year (graduate school) student in Biophysics, with residence at 2400 Dana, Apartment 4, Berkeley, California. The 1966-67 Student Directory for the University of California, Berkeley, listed WAI KIT QUON as a fifth year student in the College of Letters and Science, with local address at 845 Adams, Apartment 3, Albany, California and with home address at 1230 Jackson, Apartment 4, San Francisco, California.

In September, 1968, SF T-2 advised that captioned individual was one of about 30 persons present on September 22, 1968 at a general meeting of the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA), held on campus at the University of California, Berkeley. According to SF T-2, it was recommended at this meeting that the AAPA remain primarily concerned with persons of Asian origin, but also continue cooperation between the AAPA and Afro-American organizations. SF T-2 advised that at this meeting, the AAPA leader, FLOYD HUEN, who is a member of the Senate of the Associated Students of the University of California, expressed the hope that the AAPA would work through that

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

COPY

organization rather than becoming involved in militant demonstrations which might lead to violence.

In an undated manifesto which was distributed in October, 1968, the AAPA is self-described as "a peoples alliance to effect social and political changes" and states its belief that".... the American society is historically racist and is one which has systematically employed social discrimination and economic imperialism both domestically and internationally exploiting all non-white people...."

The above mentioned manifesto was signed by W. K. QUON and V. WONG. According to SF T-2, W. K. QUON refers to captioned individual.

In a manifesto dated September 30, 1968, the AAPA declared that "The Board of Regents of the University of California is racist and illegitimate." and demanded "... that the Academic Senate liberate itself from the Board of Regents, and support all student-initiated courses...." In a list of "Perspectives" attached to the manifesto dated September 30, 1968, the AAPA stated: "We Asian-Americans support all non-white liberation movements....", and declared: "We Asian-Americans oppose the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government."

An undated manifesto of the AAPA distributed in July, 1968 set forth the same declarations as appeared in the above mentioned "Perspectives", and gave the address of the AAPA as 2005 Hearst Avenue, Berkeley, California, which address was that of YUJI ICHIOKA, a University of California graduate student, who according to SF T-2, was the leader or president of the AAPA. The undated manifesto distributed in October, 1968 listed

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

COPY

the address of the AAPA as 509 Eshleman Hall, University of California, Berkeley, California. The manifesto dated September 30, 1968 listed the AAPA address as 510 Eshleman Hall.

According to SF T-2, captioned individual is known by the name PAUL QUAN in the AAPA, and has been associating closely with FLOYD HUEN, who is the second in command of the AAPA. At the AAPA general meeting held on September 22, 1968 at Eshleman Hall on the University of California campus, Berkeley, California, captioned individual joined with HUEN in presenting a report concerning youth problems in the San Francisco Chinatown, and in presenting a report concerning a conference held at Los Angeles, California between AAPA representatives and an oriental student club in the Los Angeles area which was considering affiliation with the AAPA.

SF T-2 in November, 1968, reported captioned individual present at an AAPA meeting when the group discussed the possibility of participation in the Hemisphere Conference To End The War In Vietnam scheduled for November 28, 1968 to December 1, 1968 at Montreal, Canada. Most of the group decided not to attend that conference, and no one attending announced definite plans to attend. SF T-2 learned, however, that captioned individual and three other AAPA members, including FLOYD HUEN, did fly to Montreal to attend that conference on Vietnam. As of December 16, 1968, SF T-2 had not had an opportunity to talk personally with WAI KIT QUON after his return from that trip.

On December 17, 1968, Mrs. LOIS SMITH, Records Section, San Francisco District Office of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) made available INS file [redacted], which concerns captioned individual. This file reveals he was born [redacted] in [redacted] and was admitted to the United States [redacted] as the [redacted]

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

COPY

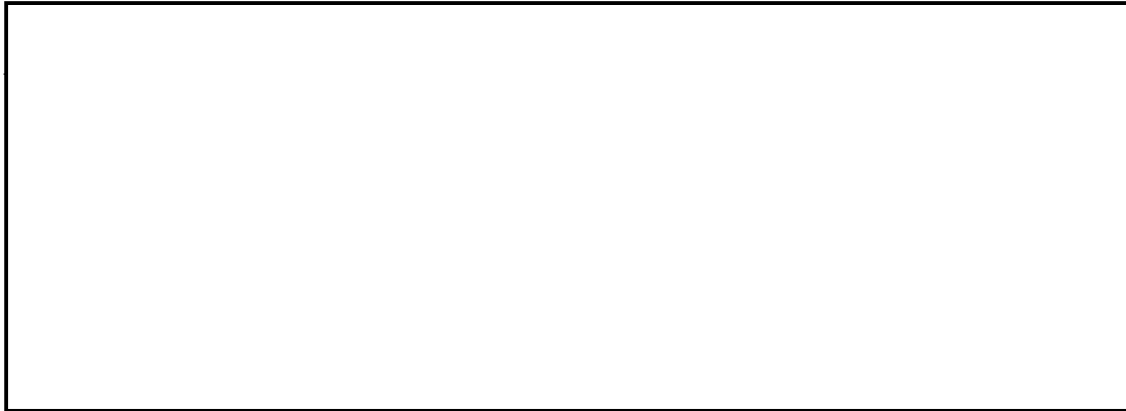
b6 per USCIS



WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

COPY

b6 per USCIS



WAI KIT QUON listed his Selective Service Number as [redacted] and indicated he was classified II-S. He gave his mailing address as 1230 Jackson, Apartment 3, San Francisco, California.

b6 per
b7C FBI



The April, 1968 Directory for the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory at Berkeley, California lists WAI KIT QUON as being in the Health-Physics Department, Building 72, Room 104, under the Guest Participant Program.

b6 per USCIS

Mr. [redacted] Security Officer at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory advised on December 18, 1968, that WAI KIT QUON was employed by that institution from October 18, 1965 to June 16, 1967 as a graduate student research assistant, for which employment he received pay. Mr. [redacted] further advised that since that date, WAI KIT QUON has been under the guest participant program, receiving no pay, but able to use the facilities of the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory in connection with his graduate research study.

b6 per
b7C FBI

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

COPY

The following descriptive data was secured from
SF T-2 and from the files of the United States INS:

Name	WAI KIT QUON
Other names	Paul Quan, Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan, KWAN Wai-kit, QUON Sai-kit, QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M) CTC 7070/0251/0267

Birthdate
Nationality

Residence

Home address

Occupation

INS File Number

Ethnic Descent

Height

Weight

Hair

Eyes

Father

Mother

b6 per USCIS



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

December 18, 1968

COPY

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title

WAI KIT QUON,
Also Known As Paul Quan,
Paul Quon, Paul Wai Kit Kwan,
QUON Sai-kit, KWAN Wai-kit,
QUON Wai-kit, KUAN Wei-chieh (M)
CTC 7070/0251/0267

Character

Reference

San Francisco memorandum
dated and captioned as above

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

from a "peace in Vietnam" convocation to a "stop U.S. imperialism" organizing session. This AAPA newspaper also praised the Viet Cong as valient people struggling against the weaponry and might of U.S. imperialism.

D. Not applicable.

USA
E. No close relatives of the Subject have been reported active in any subversive or militant group. Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, is cooperative toward the FBI and indicates he is opposed to Subject's militant activities. [redacted]

USA
[redacted] states that Subject's brothers and sisters are proud of American citizenship and unhappy about Subject's activity in the AAPA. One brother, JIMMY HUEN, was recently released from active duty as an officer in the U.S. Navy; another, TONY HUEN, holds a Security clearance as an electronics engineer at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory in Livermore, California. (X) u

b7D

F. [redacted] that he has no intention of doing anything against the law and that he is opposed to the use of violence in protest demonstrations. (X) u
Subject, according to SF 2496-R, was hesitant about placing the AAPA on record as supporting the lecture series by Black Panther Party leader, ELDRIDGE CLEAVER in the Fall of 1968, after that series had been limited by UC. According to SF 2496-R, the Subject in 9/68 expressed the hope the AAPA would work through the Student Senate, of which he is a member, rather than become involved in militant demonstrations which might lead to violence. b7D

G. It is believed that an interview of the Subject should be attempted, since his family [redacted] will cooperate in attempting to arrange such an interview. It is contemplated that an ethnic Chinese will be one of the two SAs conducting the interview, to demonstrate that the interviewers do not represent a "racist" society. Since Subject is reportedly opposed to the violence advocated by the Black Panther Party, he might be induced to cooperate with the FBI in preventing the spread of violence on the college campuses. To avoid any allegation that the interview was for the purpose of investigating campus activity, questions will first be directed toward his knowledge of any Viet Cong influence upon the persons who (X) u

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

met Viet Cong representatives at the HCEWV which he attended at Montreal, Canada, during November 28 to December 1, 1968. Even if he is not fully cooperative, it appears possible that through the interview and the influence of [redacted] [redacted] Subject may agree to furnish limited amounts of information concerning possible violence by individuals or groups participating in protest demonstrations. (S) u

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

9-18-64
NO. 10
ON
NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/28/69

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

8/24/84
Classified by SP-8 [signature]
Declassify on: OADR

Re: San Francisco letter and LHM 12/13/68

Bureau authority is requested to interview subject in accordance with existing instructions relating to interviews of security subjects. If this subject is cooperative, no affirmative steps will be taken during the initial interview to direct his activities and complete background investigation required by Section 107C of the Manual of Instructions will be conducted and Bureau will be requested to authorize recontact with subject as a PSI. (X)(u)

The following is submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Manual of Instructions:

A. Subject resides with his parents at 1737 Francisco Berkeley, California, and is a fourth year student at the University of California (UC), majoring in Sociology. He is of Chinese ethnic descent and was born [redacted] in China, but received American citizenship through his father who was naturalized 11/14/45 while serving with the U.S. Navy. He has resided in the U.S. since he was a small child.

B. Subject is single

C. Subject is the most active leader of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), which he helped to organize at UC, Berkeley, in 6/68, and which describes American society as "historically racist", declares its support for all non-white liberation movements, and opposes what it terms: "the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government." Subject has participated in several demonstrations protesting alleged mistreatment of minority people, and he is active in the current student strike at UC, Berkeley. Subject and other AAPA members attended the Hemisphere Conference to End the War in Vietnam (HCEWV), held at Montreal, Canada, from 11/28/68 through 12/1/68, and the AAPA newspaper for 1/69 disclosed they had helped to force that conference to change

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - San Francisco
JES/cmp
(5)

REC-15
SEP-103
MCT-39

105-190736

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PUL/1203
ON 11/24/87

b6
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

let bsf
VER:ec
3/28/69

4 MAR 3 1969

NAT 11-CV-2131-4b-734

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/28/69

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

Classified by *SP-8 J. J. H. J.*
Declassify on: OADR

Re: San Francisco letter and LHM 12/13/68

Bureau authority is requested to interview subject in accordance with existing instructions relating to interviews of security subjects. If this subject is cooperative, no affirmative steps will be taken during the initial interview to direct his activities and complete background investigation required by Section 107C of the Manual of Instructions will be conducted and Bureau will be requested to authorize recontact with subject as a PSI. *(X) u*

The following is submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Manual of Instructions:

A. Subject resides with his parents at 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California, and is a fourth year student at the University of California (UC), majoring in Sociology. He is of Chinese ethnic descent and was born in China, but received American citizenship through his father who was naturalized 11/14/45 while serving with the U.S. Navy. He has resided in the U.S. since he was a small child.

B. Subject is single.

C. Subject is the most active leader of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), which he helped to organize at UC, Berkeley, in 6/68, and which describes American society as "historically racist", declares its support for all non-white liberation movements, and opposes what it terms: "the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government." Subject has participated in several demonstrations protesting alleged mistreatment of minority people, and he is active in the current student strike at UC, Berkeley. Subject and other AAPA members attended the Hemisphere Conference to End the War in Vietnam (HCEWV), held at Montreal, Canada, from 11/28/68 through 12/1/68, and the AAPA newspaper for 1/69 disclosed they had helped to force that conference to change

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - San Francisco
JES/cmp
(5)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-735

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

DECLASSIFIED BY *3042 PWC/MS*
ON *11/24/87*

b6
b7c

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

from a "peace in Vietnam" convocation to a "stop U.S. imperialism" organizing session. This AAPA newspaper also praised the Viet Cong as valient people struggling against the weaponry and might of U.S. imperialism.

D. Not applicable.

E. No close relatives of the Subject have been reported active in any subversive or militant group. Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, is cooperative toward the FBI and indicates he is opposed to Subject's militant activities. [redacted]

b7D

[redacted] states that Subject's brothers and sisters are proud of American citizenship and unhappy about Subject's activity in the AAPA. One brother, JIMMY HUEN, was recently released from active duty as an officer in the U.S. Navy; another, TONY HUEN, holds a Security clearance as an electronics engineer at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory in Livermore, California. (S) u

F. [redacted] that he has no intention of doing anything against the law and that he is opposed to the use of violence in protest demonstrations. Subject, according to SF 2496-R, was hesitant about placing the AAPA on record as supporting the lecture series by Black Panther Party leader, ELDRIDGE CLEAVER in the Fall of 1968, after that series had been limited by UC. According to SF 2496-R, the Subject in 9/68 expressed the hope the AAPA would work through the Student Senate, of which he is a member, rather than become involved in militant demonstrations which might lead to violence. (S) u

b7D

G. It is believed that an interview of the Subject should be attempted, since his family, [redacted] will cooperate in attempting to arrange such an interview. It is contemplated that an ethnic Chinese will be one of the two SAs conducting the interview, to demonstrate that the interviewers do not represent a "racist" society. Since Subject is reportedly opposed to the violence advocated by the Black Panther Party, he might be induced to cooperate with the FBI in preventing the spread of violence on the college campuses. To avoid any allegation that the interview was for the purpose of investigating campus activity, questions will first be directed toward his knowledge of any Viet Cong influence upon the persons who (S) u

b7D

11-CV-2131-4b-736

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

met Viet Cong representatives at the HCEWV which he attended at Montreal, Canada, during November 28 to December 1, 1968. Even if he is not fully cooperative, it appears possible that through the interview and the influence of [redacted]

[redacted] Subject may agree to furnish limited amounts of information concerning possible violence by individuals or groups participating in protest demonstrations. (S) w

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/28/69

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

8/24/84
Classified by *SP8 Ljt/Hcy*
Declassify on: OADR

Re: San Francisco letter and LHM 12/13/68

Bureau authority is requested to interview subject in accordance with existing instructions relating to interviews of security subjects. If this subject is cooperative, no affirmative steps will be taken during the initial interview to direct his activities and complete background investigation required by Section 107C of the Manual of Instructions will be conducted and Bureau will be requested to authorize recontact with subject as a PSI. (C) (U)

The following is submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Manual of Instructions:

A. Subject resides with his parents at 1737 Francisco Berkeley, California, and is a fourth year student at the University of California (UC), majoring in Sociology. He is of Chinese ethnic descent and was born [redacted] in China, but received American citizenship through his father who was naturalized 11/14/45 while serving with the U.S. Navy. He has resided in the U.S. since he was a small child.

B. Subject is single.

C. Subject is the most active leader of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), which he helped to organize at UC, Berkeley, in 6/68, and which describes American society as "historically racist", declares its support for all non-white liberation movements, and opposes what it terms: "the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government." Subject has participated in several demonstrations protesting alleged mistreatment of minority people, and he is active in the current student strike at UC, Berkeley. Subject and other AAPA members attended the Hemisphere Conference to End the War in Vietnam (HCEWV), held at Montreal, Canada, from 11/28/68 through 12/1/68, and the AAPA newspaper for 1/69 disclosed they had helped to force that conference to change

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - San Francisco
JES/cmp
(5)

DECLASSIFIED BY *3042 PWT/MS*
ON *11/24/87*

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-738

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

from a "peace in Vietnam" convocation to a "stop U.S. imperialism" organizing session. This AAPA newspaper also praised the Viet Cong as valient people struggling against the weaponry and might of U.S. imperialism.

D. Not applicable.

E. No close relatives of the Subject have been reported active in any subversive or militant group. Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, is cooperative toward the FBI and indicates he is opposed to Subject's militant activities. [redacted]

b7D

[redacted] states that Subject's brothers and sisters are proud of American citizenship and unhappy about Subject's activity in the AAPA. One brother, JIMMY HUEN, was recently released from active duty as an officer in the U.S. Navy; another, TONY HUEN, holds a Security clearance as an electronics engineer at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory in Livermore, California. (S) u

F. [redacted] that he has no intention of doing anything against the law and that he is opposed to the use of violence in protest demonstrations. Subject, according to SF 2496-R, was hesitant about placing the AAPA on record as supporting the lecture series by Black Panther Party leader, ELDRIDGE CLEAVER in the Fall of 1968, after that series had been limited by UC. According to SF 2496-R, the Subject in 9/68 expressed the hope the AAPA would work through the Student Senate, of which he is a member, rather than become involved in militant demonstrations which might lead to violence. (S) u

b7D

G. It is believed that an interview of the Subject should be attempted, since his family [redacted] will cooperate in attempting to arrange such an interview. It is contemplated that an ethnic Chinese will be one of the two SAs conducting the interview, to demonstrate that the interviewers do not represent a "racist" society. Since Subject is reportedly opposed to the violence advocated by the Black Panther Party, he might be induced to cooperate with the FBI in preventing the spread of violence on the college campuses. To avoid any allegation that the interview was for the purpose of investigating campus activity, questions will first be directed toward his knowledge of any Viet Cong influence upon the persons who (S) u

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

met Viet Cong representatives at the FEWV which he attended at Montreal, Canada, during November 28 to December 1, 1968. Even if he is not fully cooperative, it appears possible that through the interview and the influence of [redacted] [redacted] Subject may agree to furnish limited amounts of information concerning possible violence by individuals or groups participating in protest demonstrations. (S) u

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Records Branch

3/11

, 19 69

RHN ☐ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
☒ ~~Service Unit - Room 6524~~
☐ Forward to File Review
☒ Attention V. E. RUEHL
☒ Return to RM 742 9&D EXT 584
Supervisor Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:

☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)
☐ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
☒ Subversive References Only
☐ Nonsubversive References Only
☐ Main _____ References Only

Type of Search Requested:

☐ Restricted to Locality of _____
☒ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
☐ Buildup ☐ Variations

Subject FLOYD HUENBirthdate & Place ☐ China b6Address 1737 Francisco Berkeley, Calif, b7c

Localities _____

R# _____ Date 3/12 Searcher Initials RHN

Prod. _____

FILE NUMBER

SERIAL

MAIL
SI I 105-190736
SI I 100-452260-1P.2
SI I 105-177944-9
SI I 105-179625-73; 82 CP.10
SI I 105-0-14050; 1906 *[not applicable to this case]*
Cons/BW 4-3-69

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/24/84 BY SP8 utf/Hcy

11-CV-2131-4b-741

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F B I

Date: 12/13/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (C)
SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
HSUAN Te-hui (M)
CTC 8895/1795/6540
IS - CH

00:SF

Re Los Angeles letter to Bureau dated 12/6/68,
entitled "HEMISPHERE CONFERENCE TO END THE WAR IN VIETNAM,
MONTREAL, CANADA, 11/28/68 - 12/1/68; IS - INFORMATION
CONCERNING; 00:NY" (NY File 105-97379; Bufile 105-179625).

Enclosed for the Bureau are eleven copies of an
LHM dated and captioned as above.

b7D per FBI Referenced airtel set out information from
[redacted] as to the names and addresses appearing on the
manifest of a chartered flight from Los Angeles 11/27/68,
to attend mentioned conference in Montreal, Canada. Subject's
name and address was included. Referenced airtel also set
forth Bureau instructions that an LHM suitable for dissemi-
nation to the Legal Attache, Ottawa, and to interested U.S.
Government Agencies should be prepared on persons traveling
from the United States to attend this conference.

ENCLOSURE

- 6 - Bureau (Encls. 11) (RM)
(1 - 105-179625)
(1 - 116-442663)
[redacted]
5 - San Francisco
(1 - 100-61299; AAPA)
[redacted]
(1 - 116-52242; TONY HUEN)

Copy to: 3 Legal Attaches
by routing slip for
☒ info ☐ action
date 12/20/68
by [redacted]
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF [redacted]
DATE 10/5/84

b7D

b7D

b6
b7C

JES/cmp
(11)

AGENCY [redacted]
REQ. REC'D [redacted]
DATE FORW. 12/20/68
HOW FORW. [redacted]

Sent

M Per

61 JAN 9 1969

APR 7 1969

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-742

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Four persons who have been active in the ~~Asian~~ American Political Alliance (AAPA) at the University of California, Berkeley, California, were included on the manifest of the flight from Los Angeles on 11/27/68. These were FLOYD HUEN, WAI KIT QUON, VICKIE WONG and LILLIAN FABROS, on each of whom an LHM has been prepared. The AAPA now includes students at several colleges but, according to SF 2496-R, who is an active member of the AAPA, it continues to be directed from the Berkeley campus, by FLOYD HUEN and YUJI ICHIOKA, both of whom oppose the use of violence as a means of protest.

Sources listed in the enclosed LHM are identified as follows:

SF T-1 is [redacted]

SF T-2 is SF 2496-R

[SF T-3] is [redacted] (S) u

It is noted that [redacted]

[redacted] has offered his full assistance in the investigation of the latter and the AAPA. (S) u

It is further noted that FLOYD HUEN's older brother, ~~TONY HUEN~~, (Bufile 116-442663; SF File 106-52242) is employed by the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory at Livermore, California, as an electronics engineer. However, according to [redacted] TONY HUEN supports the policies of the American Government and does not agree with the viewpoints which FLOYD HUEN has been expressing through the AAPA. (S) u

Information concerning the Subject and his activities has been assembled in enclosed LHM. He does not appear to present any present danger to the security of the United States which would warrant his inclusion in the Security Index, and this case is being closed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California
December 13, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
b6
b7C

FLOYD HUEN
Also Known As
HSUAN Te-hui (M)
CTC 8895/1795/6540

Born [Redacted]
Tsingtao, China

On December 5, 1968, SF T-1 advised that FLOYD HUEN, 1737 Francisco Way, Berkeley, California, was among those whose names and addresses appeared on the manifest for American Flyers, Inc., North Hollywood, California, chartered flight November 27, 1968, from Los Angeles, California, to Montreal, Canada, to attend the Hemisphere Conference To End The War In Vietnam, Montreal, Canada, November 28, 1968 to December 1, 1968.

In June, 1968, SF T-2 reported that FLOYD HUEN was second in command of a newly organized "Yellow Power" group which had been formed at the University of California, Berkeley, California, and which would be known as the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA).

In an undated manifesto which was distributed in October, 1968, the AAPA is self-described as "a peoples alliance to effect social and political changes" and states its beliefs that "the American society is historically racist and is one which has systematically employed social discrimination and economic imperialism both domestically and internationally exploiting all non-white people..."

In a manifesto dated September 30, 1968, the AAPA declared that "The Board of Regents of the University of California is racist and illegitimate" and demanded "that the Academic Senate liberate itself from the Board of Regents, and support all student-initiated courses..." In a list of "Perspectives," attached to the manifesto dated September 30, 1968, the AAPA stated: "We Asian-Americans support all non-white liberation movements..." and declared: "We Asian-Americans oppose

Classified by 8-24-84 P.86/ty
Declassify on: OADR

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11-CV-2131-4b-744
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE

105-190736-X

105-0-19050

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PUL/MS
ON 11/24/87

XEROX
DEC 30 1968

FLOYD HUEN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government." The address of the AAPA is 2005 Hearst Ave., which is also the address of its chairman, YUJI ICHIOKA, a graduate student at the University of California.

According to SF T-2, FLOYD HUEN, in addition to being vice-chairman of the AAPA, is also chairman of the Chinese Students Association and a member of the Senate of the Associated Students of the University of California.

By letter dated August 22, 1968, the Office of the Registrar, University of California, Berkeley, advised FLOYD HUEN, born [redacted] in Tsing Tao, China, was an undergraduate student in the College of Letters and Science, admitted in February, 1965. He was graduated from the Berkeley High School June 19, 1965, and was residing with TAK PING HUEN at 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California. b6 b7C

In August, 1968, SF T-3 advised he had recently talked with FLOYD HUEN concerning his activity in the AAPA. According to SF T-3, FLOYD HUEN stated he was vice-president of the AAPA, an organization which he and a few friends had started at the University of California, Berkeley. FLOYD HUEN told SF T-3 the AAPA was founded to work for equal rights for persons of Asian origin living in the United States, but also supports equal rights for all non-white minority groups. According to SF T-3, FLOYD HUEN stated the AAPA does not advocate violence as a method of protest, but feels that the violence displayed in the recent encounters between negro extremist groups and the police has not been the fault of the negroes but has been caused by the discriminatory attitude of the white community toward the negro community. (P)u

SF T-3 said that FLOYD HUEN's father, TAK PING HUEN, is retired from the United States Navy and is a very patriotic American, proud of the citizenship he received by naturalization while serving in the Navy. SF T-3 added that PAK PING HUEN is very upset about FLOYD HUEN's activities in the AAPA and had to be dissuaded by other family members from ordering FLOYD HUEN to leave home unless he was ready to abandon such activities. SF T-3 said FLOYD had no apparent interest in social problems when he entered the University of California, and his family expected him to prepare himself for a career in science. SF T-3 said that at first FLOYD HUEN applied (P)u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FLOYD HUEN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

himself to his studies, but then under some influence at the University, he changed to a sociology major, began to spend most of his time in campus politics, and began to neglect his studies. SF T-3 stated that FLOYD HUEN has three older brothers and one older sister, all of whom are proud to be Americans and none of whom would support the activities of FLOYD HUEN in the AAPA. He said the older brothers and the sister do not live at home and have had no regular association with FLOYD HUEN. He added that one brother, JAMES HUEN, is an officer in the United States Navy. SF T-3 remarked that FLOYD HUEN was born in China in [] but derived United States citizenship from his father who had been naturalized in 1945. SF T-3 added that the family came to reside permanently in the United States in 1948 when FLOYD HUEN was very small. (S) u

b6
b7c

In December, 1968, SF T-3 advised he had learned that FLOYD HUEN attended a conference at Montreal, Canada, the first part of December, which was held to oppose the American position in Vietnam. SF T-3 said that FLOYD's father, TAK PING HUEN, was very disturbed about this travel by his son, and has again given thought to asking FLOYD to leave home. SF T-3 remarked that TAK PING HUEN and FLOYD HUEN are diametrically opposed in their viewpoints as to Vietnam, and the former feels that FLOYD has disgraced the family by attending the Montreal conference. SF T-3 said that FLOYD's brother, JAMES HUEN, has now been discharged from the U.S. Navy and is attending some school in the midwest, possibly in Chicago, Illinois. He said an older brother, TONY HUEN, works for the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory at Livermore, California. Source added that FLOYD's sister works for the city government. SF T-3 said that to the best of his knowledge all of these relatives of FLOYD HUEN feel much a part of the American way of life and would not agree with FLOYD's contention that the American way of life is racist in nature and exploits minority groups. (S) u

The following information concerning FLOYD HUEN was secured from records of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service, from records of the University of California, [and from SF T-3:] (S) u

Name:

Chinese Name:

FLOYD HUEN
HUEN Tak-foy
HSUAN Te-hui (M)
CTC 8895/1795/6540

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FLOYD HUEN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Racial Descent:
Citizenship:
Birth Date:

Residence:

Occupation:

Father:

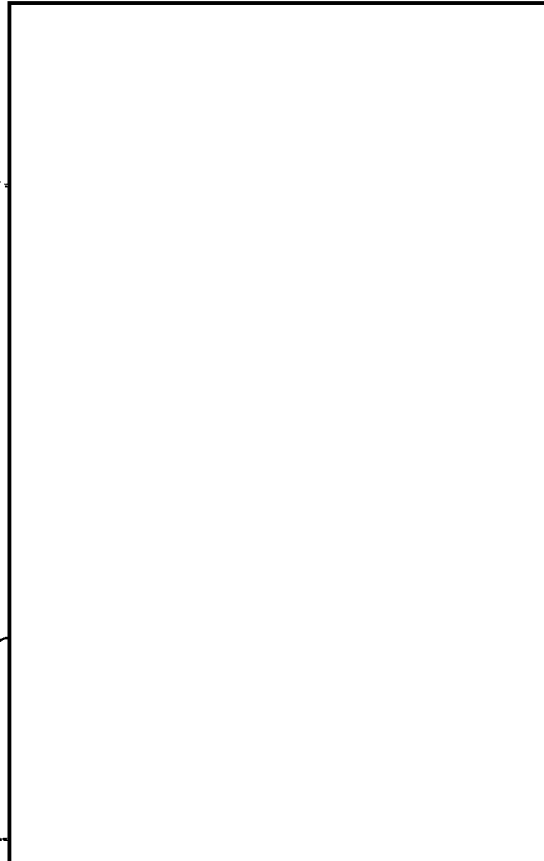
Mother:

Brother:

Brother:

Sister:

Brother:



b6 per USCIS

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) - P

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN
IS - CH
DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWT/HAB
ON 11/24/87
00:58

DATE: 6/12/69

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

Re Bureau letter dated 3/28/69.

Subject's father and [redacted] advised they were unable to influence the Subject to voluntarily appear for an interview. (S) u

b7D

On 5/4/69, Subject spoke at a rally held in Portsmouth Square, San Francisco, where Chicom posters, photographs of MAO Tse-tung, and flags of Red China were displayed. More detailed information concerning this rally is set out in San Francisco letter to Bureau dated as above and captioned "ASIAN-AMERICAN POLITICAL ALLIANCE; IS-CH."

REC-41 Subject, after the above appearance, refused to [redacted] or to discuss his relationship with or opinion of the Red Guard (SF File 105-23956; Bufile 105-189989) which took part in the rally. [redacted] expressed the opinion that Subject may be influenced by persons with Chicom sympathies and/or connections and expressed great concern over the fact that Subject was recently elected First Vice President of the Associated Students of The University of California, since he may use that position against the best interests of the United States. [redacted] will continue to follow Subject's activity [redacted] (S) u

b7D

In view of the above information, it is believed no further efforts to arrange an interview with Subject are warranted, and a communication will be prepared recommending him for inclusion on the Security Index.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - San Francisco
JES/cmp
(4)

REC-71

105-190736-21

5 JUN 16 1969

SI-100

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

54 JUN 26 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

11-CV-2131-4b-748

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-452260)

DATE: 6/12/69

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-61299)

SUBJECT: ASIAN-AMERICAN POLITICAL ALLIANCE
IS - CH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

OO: SF

Re San Francisco report dated 1/23/69 and Los Angeles letter to Bureau dated 4/16/69, captioned as above; San Francisco report dated 5/12/69, captioned "RED GUARD; IS-CH" and Los Angeles letter to Bureau dated 5/7/69, captioned "NATIONALITY GROUP COVERAGE - CHINA; IS-CH."

Referenced Los Angeles letter captioned "Nationality Group Coverage - China," [redacted]

b7D

On 5/4/69, a rally was held in Portsmouth Square, San Francisco [redacted]

The rally was to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the May 4th Movement in China and public announcement indicated it was planned by the Bay Area Asian Students for Community Actions. It was, in fact, initiated by the AAPA leadership at Berkeley, California, and it was AAPA member ALVIN JA (SF File 105-24491) who made the contact with the Republic of China Consulate at San Francisco asking for a speaker and for help in securing a permit to use the square for a rally. According to [redacted]

b7D

[redacted] decided against any participation in this event. (4)u

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/5/84 BY 105-190736-

- 6 - Bureau (RM)
(1 - 105-189989; RED GUARD)
(1 - 105-190736; FLOYD HUEN)
(1 - 105- ; WAI KIT QUON)
(1 - 100- ; VICTORIA DIANA WONG)
2 - Los Angeles (105-26223) (RM)
6 - San Francisco
(1 - 105-23956; RED GUARD)
(1 - 100-59859; VICTORIA WONG)
(1 - 100-62891; ALEX HING)
(1 - 105-9746; WAI KIT QUON)
(1 - 105-23692; FLOYD HUEN)

141 JUN 17 1969

Classified by SP-8 bty/tey
Declassify on: OADR
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD (11-CV-2131-4b-749)
ADVISED BY SLIP(S) *class*
DATE 10/5/84 *ef*

CONFIDENTIAL

JES/cmp

0 JUN 14 1969

324

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-452260-14

DECLASSIFIED BY 3942 PUL/LOS
ON 11/24/87

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On May 4th, the advertised speakers did not appear at the rally, and principal speakers were AAPA leaders. A pageant was presented against a background of Chicom posters and portraits of MAO Tse-tung, and members of the Red Guard stood at attention before the stage, holding Red China flags and wearing field jackets and fur hats similar to those worn by Red Chinese volunteers in Korea during the Korean war.

On 5/29/69 [] expressed concern about the possibility that leaders of the AAPA may be closely involved with the Red Guard. Source said that the Red Guard Minister of Education, ALEX HING (SF File 100-62891), is a very close friend of AAPA leader FLOYD HUEN (SF File 105-23692) and associates with other AAPA leaders and members.

b7D

[] stated that with the exception of ALEX HING, Red Guard leaders are not capable of organizing and sustaining a real revolutionary program, but he added that with AAPA leadership, through ALEX HING, the Red Guard could become a real threat to the peace of Chinatown. [] said that undoubtedly the May 4th rally at Portsmouth Square was put together under the direction of the AAPA. Source pointed out that FLOYD HUEN was a principal speaker and that other AAPA leaders and members were present in a leadership or participant capacity. He said that the dramatic presentation or pageant was certainly an AAPA production.

In view of the above, it is requested that [] be contacted concerning the AAPA and the Red Guard and that he particularly be asked for any information he may have concerning Red Guard leader ALEX HING and AAPA leaders FLOYD HUEN, PAUL WAI KIT QUON, VICTORIA (VICCI) WONG, and ALVIN JA, all of whom were concerned in the May 4th rally described above.

b7D

Attention of the Bureau and Los Angeles is directed to the fact that FLOYD HUEN, VICTORIA DIANA WONG (aka VICCI WONG) and WAI KIT QUON (aka PAUL QUON) all attended the Hemisphere Conference to End the War in Vietnam, Montreal, Canada, 11/28/68 - 12/1/68 (Bufile 105-179625; LA File 100-72170).

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, San Francisco (105-23692)

3/28/69

Director, FBI (105-190736) - 1

1 - Mr. b6
1 - Mr. Ruehl b7C

FLOYD HUEN
IS - CH

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/20B
ON 11/24/89

Reurlet 2/28/69.

Classified by SP8/ty/ty
Declassify on: OADR

Bureau authority to interview subject being held in abeyance.

As you are aware, interviews of individuals connected with institutions of learning continue to be a very sensitive area. Before authorizing interviews with such individuals Bureau desires, if possible, some assurance as to whether possibility exists of embarrassment to FBI. In view of cooperative attitude on part of other members of family, you should endeavor to ascertain whether subject will be amenable to interview. Explore possibility of having subject, through intercession of members of his family, present himself voluntarily at your office for an interview. If this is not possible, advise where you intend to conduct interview of subject.

In the future when submitting requests for interviews of security subjects, do not use such a communication to initially report results of investigation. The current format authorized by Bureau for use when recommending interviews of security subjects was designed to present brief, concise background data which Bureau officials could quickly review and decide whether interview is warranted. A lengthy three page communication such as relet defeats this purpose and requires separate communications be prepared at Bureau.

In the event it is not possible to have subject's family prevail upon him to voluntarily appear for an interview, resubmit your recommendation in accordance with observations set forth above. Be certain title sets forth all names by which subject is known, in order that a complete indices search can be accomplished at Bureau and your office advised of results.

1 - 100-452260 (Asian-American Political Alliance)

VER: erer
(6)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

11-CV-2131-4b-751

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

APR 7 1969

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

MAILED 23
MAR 27 1969
COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-452260-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Letter to SAC, San Francisco
RE: FLOYD HUEN
105-190736

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NOTE:

Subject is fourth year student at University of California, majoring in sociology. He was born [redacted] in China, but received American citizenship through his father. He has resided in U.S. since he was small child. He is described as most active leader of Asian-American Political Alliance, which he helped to organize at University of California and which opposes imperialistic policies being pursued by American Government. Subject has participated in several demonstrations protesting mistreatment of minorities. He has attended rallies to end the war in Vietnam. His family, including father and cousin, appear to be loyal American citizens. Father has been cooperative in past [redacted]

b6
b7C

[redacted] San Francisco requested authority to interview. (S) u

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 12/4/69

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

OO:SF

Re Bureau airtel dated 11/25/69, and San Francisco airtel to Bureau, with LHM, dated 12/13/68.

A Summary Report is in preparation concerning Subject, but will not reach the Bureau on 12/5/69 as requested in Bureau airtel. It is noted that Bureau airtel requested appropriate recommendations be made relative to placing the Subject on the Security Index and pursuant to this request, the San Francisco Office has been endeavoring to determine whether Subject has given any indication by public or private statement that he would condone or advocate the use of violence. Sources [redacted] have consistently indicated that Subject has insisted that only peaceful and lawful means of protest should be used by the Asian American Political Alliance which he heads at the University of California, Berkeley, California. It is noted that Subject recently (10/27/69) resigned as Executive Vice-President of the Associated Students of the University of California, Berkeley, so as to have more time to devote to his new responsibilities as Administrative Custodian of Asian Studies at that institution.

Summary report in preparation should reach the Bureau by 12/12/69.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - San Francisco
JES/cmp
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/04/84 BY SP8 RGT/STC

REC-33

105-190736-3

DEC 8 1969

NAT. INT. SEC.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONFIDENTIAL

Reporting Office SAN FRANCISCO	Office of Origin SAN FRANCISCO	Date 12/12/69	Investigative Period 6/5/68 - 12/10/69
Title of Case FLOYD HUEN, aka		Report made by JAMES E. SHERRIFF	Typed By: rlg
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE		Character of Case IS - CH	
		DECLASSIFIED BY: 3042 PWT/103 11/24/87	

REFERENCES: San Francisco airtel with LHM, dated 12/13/68.
 San Francisco letter to the Bureau, 2/28/69.
 Bureau letter to San Francisco, 3/28/69.
 San Francisco letter to the Bureau, 6/12/69.
 Bureau airtel to San Francisco, 11/25/69.
 San Francisco letter to Bureau, 12/4/69.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE

By separate communication, the Bureau is being requested for authority to interview the Subject. Pending results of that interview, Subject is not being recommended for inclusion in the Security Index at this time, since relatives and acquaintance express belief Subject is opposed to the use of violence.

Classified by **SP-8**
 Declassify on: **OADR**

Approved [Signature]	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below	per FBI
Copies made: 7	Bureau (RM) (1 - 116-442663) (TONY HUEN)	105-190736-4	REC-1
5	San Francisco (105-23692) (1 - 116-52242) (TONY HUEN)	DEC 17 1969	ST-116

Notations:

AGENCY **RAO**
 REQ. REC'D **100-244M**
 DATE FORW. **1-6-70**
 HOW FORW. **R/S**
 BY **J.D.M. / b.c.**

STATE, US83

8-7 TOSF WITH THE FOLLOWING CORRECTIONS
SN 123-Subj's
brother states rather than mother
TO coincide with Page 93
Per 2 foot sentence
P. 13 Par. 2 line 2 - Jan. 15,
P. 21 1ST Par foot sentence 1969
curriculum

Correct SF Copies
J.D.M./B.C.
11/7/69

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR ADD. DISSEMINATION

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR DISSEMINATION

11-CV-2131-4b-754

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

It is noted that the Subject's relatives have suggested that the Subject should be interviewed, and have indicated they will encourage the Subject to speak freely in such an interview.

This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" because it contains considerable data from SF T-1, who is a source of continuing value and unrestricted dissemination of the information could lead to the disclosure of his identity and adversely effect the security interests of the United States.

Sources concealed in this report are identified as follows:

SF T-1 is
SF 2496-R

170-570

SF T-2 is

[REDACTED]

(S)u

[REDACTED]

(S)u

SF T-3 is

[REDACTED]

(S)u

[REDACTED]

(S)u

SF T-4 is

[REDACTED]

b7D

SF T-5 is

[REDACTED]

SF T-6 is

[REDACTED]

- B -
COVER PAGE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-755

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

SF T-7 is [REDACTED]

b7D

SF T-8 is [REDACTED]

SF T-9 is [REDACTED]

UC Police Department
covered by request

b6
b7C
b7D

SF T-10 is [REDACTED]

UC Police Department
Covered by request.

LEADS:

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will take appropriate steps upon receiving advice from the Bureau in line with Bureau instructions regarding the request for interview of the Subject being submitted to the Bureau by separate communication.

- C* -
COVER PAGE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-756



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

December 20, 1969

Title	FLOYD HUEN
Character	INTERNAL SECURITY - CHINESE
Reference	San Francisco report of SA JAMES E. SHERIFF; dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: JAMES E. SHERRIFF
Date: 12/12/69

Office: SAN FRANCISCO

Field Office File #: 105-23692

Bureau File #: 105-190736

Title: FLOYD HUEN

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWT/AB
ON 11/24/87

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - CHINESE

Classified by SP-8 hty/ty
Declassify on: OADR

Synopsis: FLOYD HUEN is an American citizen of Chinese descent, born [redacted] at Tsingtao, China. His father was naturalized as an American citizen on 11/14/45, while serving in the U.S. Navy at Shanghai, China. FLOYD HUEN resides with parents at 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, Calif., and is a graduate student in sociology at the University of California, Berkeley (UC-B). In June, 1968, he was reported as a leader of a new "Yellow Power" group, the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), which group distributed a manifesto expressing support for "all non-white liberation movements." FLOYD HUEN and other AAPA members attended a conference sponsored by the Communist Party, at Montreal, Canada, 11/28/68 to 12/1/68, called the Hemisphere Conference to End the Vietnam War. Subsequent issue of the AAPA newspaper carried praise for Viet Cong representatives at that conference and devoted full page to text of Viet Cong statement. Subject was involved in Third World Liberation Front student strike at the UC-B, 1/22/69-3/14/69, serving on the Legal Defense Committee to assist students arrested during the strike. In April, 1969 FLOYD HUEN was elected First Vice President of the Associated Students of the UC-B (ASUC). On 5/4/69 FLOYD HUEN represented the AAPA at a May Fourth Movement rally in San Francisco, at which Chinese Communist (Chicom) flags and posters were displayed. HUEN's brother states he claims he left the rally when he realized the Red Guard was in control. On 10/27/69, FLOYD HUEN resigned as Vice President of the ASUC so as to devote more time to new duties as Administrative Custodian of Asian Studies at the UC-B. On 7/18/69 and 7/20/69, HUEN was reported present at the United Front Against Facism Conference, sponsored by the Black Panther Party at Oakland, Calif. In September, 1969 he participated in demonstrations against Japan

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-758

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JFS/rle

Week"
and the Security Pact between the U.S. and Japan. On 11/21/69, HUEN spoke at a rally in Berkeley, calling for a demonstration against the Japanese Premier when latter arrived in San Francisco 11/23/69. Relatives and sources acquainted with FLOYD HUEN all described him as an advocate of peaceful and lawful means of protest and as opposed to the use of violence.

- P -

DETAILS:

Investigation in this matter was predicated upon information that FLOYD HUEN is a leader of a "Yellow Power" group, the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA) at the University of California, Berkeley, California (UCB), which group was engaging in protest activities supporting demands by the Black Panther Party (BPP)

A characterization of
the BPP is contained
in the appendix.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Birth

Records of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) indicate FLOYD HUEN was born [redacted] at Tsingtao, China. b6 b7c

per FBI

B. Citizenship

Records of the U.S. INS indicate FLOYD HUEN is a

[redacted]

b6 per USCIS

- 2 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-759

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

C. Marital Status

FLOYD HUEN is unmarried according to his father, TAK PING HUEN.

D. Residence

FLOYD HUEN resides at 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California, with his parents, according to his father, TAK PING HUEN.

E. Education

FLOYD HUEN was graduated from Berkeley High School, Berkeley, California, June 19, 1965, and entered the College of Arts and Sciences of the University of California, Berkeley, California. As of the period ending June, 1968, he had completed a total of three semesters and seven quarters, according to the Office of the Registrar of the University. The 1968 - 69 Directory of the Associated Students of the University of California at Berkeley (ASUC) lists FLOYD HUEN as a Fourth Year (Senior) student, majoring in sociology. The "Berkeley Daily Gazette" issue dated April 22, 1969, carried an article indicating that in the elections of the preceeding week, FLOYD HUEN was elected First Vice President of the ASUC. According to his father, FLOYD HUEN is now a graduate student at the University of California, Berkeley, California.

F. Employment

The "Daily Californian" issue dated October 30, 1969, which is published by the ASUC indicates that on October 27, 1969 FLOYD HUEN, a first year graduate student in sociology, resigned from his elected position as Executive Vice President of the ASUC in order to devote more time to his new appointment as Administrative Custodian of Asian Studies at UCB. His brother, TOMMY HUEN, has advised that FLOYD HUEN has received a five year Fellowship from the UCB to receive both pay and tuitions while studying for a PH D in Sociology.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105- 23692
JES/rlg

G. Military and Selective
Service Status

According to his father, FLOYD HUEN has had no military experience, but is properly registered for Selective Service and is presently deferred as a student.

H. Credit and Law
Enforcement Checks

Records of the Credit Bureau Metro, San Jose, California, which covers the Greater San Francisco area including Berkeley, California, were checked on November 28, 1969, and no record identifiable with FLOYD HUEN was located.

Records of the Identification Section of the Berkeley Police Department were checked on December 5, 1969, by Sergeant who advised he was unable to locate any record identifiable with FLOYD HUEN. b6 b7c

Records of the University of California Police Department (UCPD) disclose that FLOYD HUEN, 1737 Francisco Street, Berkeley, California, a student at the University of California, was arrested by the UCPD on March 3, 1969, charged with violation of Section 647 C of the California Penal Code (blocking a pedestrian access) while participating in a picket line on the south steps of the Student Union Building, at the University of California. The records indicate this charge was dismissed on the recommendation of the District Attorney "in the interest of justice." FLOYD HUEN's father and brother have advised the arrest was a result of mistaken identity, so the charge was dismissed.

II ACTIVITIES

A. Asian-American
Political Alliance (AAPA)

In June, 1968, SF T-1 reported that FLOYD HUEN was second in command of a newly organized "Yellow Power" group which had been formed at the University of California, Berkeley, California, and which would be known as the Asian-American Political Alliance.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JFS/rlg

SF T-1 further advised that to demonstrate their solidarity with "Black Power" groups the AAPA intended to participate in a protest demonstration which the Black Panther Party (BPP) had scheduled at Oakland, California.

The "San Francisco Chronicle" in its issue dated July 16, 1968, carried an article entitled; "Why I'm marching to Free Huey." This article concerned a demonstration staged by the BPP in the vicinity of the Alameda County Courthouse on July 15, 1968, protesting the trial of the BPP Minister of Defense, HUEY P. NEWTON, who was on trial for the killing of an Oakland Police Officer and the wounding of another. The newspaper article stated that a group of young people, members of the Asian-American Political Alliance, carried posters with "Free Huey" inscriptions in Chinese, Japanese, Tagalog, and English. The article quoted remarks of a Japanese-American student and a Filipino-American student, who were participating in the demonstration as members of the AAPA. Although FLOYD HUEN was not identified by name in the article, information subsequently received from SF T-1 indicates he was with the AAPA group taking part in this demonstration.

During July, 1968, SF T-1 made available a copy of a one page leaflet which members of the AAPA had distributed on the campus of the UC-B. This leaflet bore a large stylized Chinese character, Tung (M) CTC 2639, surrounded with a wreath formed by the words: ASIAN-AMERICAN POLITICAL ALLIANCE, at the top of the page, and at lower right a symbol made by the four capital letters, AAPA, with the second A superimposed on the first A and P. At lower left was printed the following manifesto describing the position of the AAPA:

"We Asian-Americans believe that American society has been, and still is, fundamentally a racist society, and that historically we have accommodated ourselves to this society in order to survive.

- 5 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-762

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

"We Asian-Americans believe that heretofore we have been relating to white standards of acceptability, and affirm the right of self-definition and self-determination.

"We Asian-Americans support all non-white liberation movements and believe that all minorities in order to be truly liberated must have complete control over the political, economical, and educational institutions within their respective communities.

"We Asian-Americans oppose the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government."

In August, 1968, SF T-1 furnished information concerning the symposium sponsored by the AAPA at Berkeley, on July 28, 1968. According to SF T-1, this symposium was held at 155 Dwinelle Hall, at the UC-B and was attended by approximately 125 persons, of which 90 percent were Oriental, while three were Black and the others were Caucasians. He said the master of ceremonies was the AAPA leader, FLOYD HUEN, who is also Chairman of the Chinese Students Association at the UC-B.

According to SF T-1, there were outside speakers representing Mexican-American and Filipino-American groups but he added that the BPP leader, BOBBY SEALE, did not appear, as advertised. SF T-1 said FLOYD HUEN announced that due to a BPP rally and his busy schedule, SEALE was unable to attend. SF T-1 indicated that speakers representing the AAPA discussed the program of the AAPA to oppose racism, to support the preservation of the cultural identities of Oriental peoples, and to work for the repeal of that portion of the McCarran Act which provides for detention camps in time of national emergencies.

In August, 1968, SF T-2 advised that an open forum was planned to be held Saturday, August 17, 1968, at the Cumberland Presbyterian Church of Chinatown, 865 Jackson Street, San Francisco, under the sponsorship of a number of Chinese student organizations, including the AAPA. Source made available a leaflet headed "Open Forum," which gave the schedule of the meeting to be held at that church, indicating it would last from 9:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m. (S) u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg/cmp

At a later date in August, 1968, SF T-2 advised that during the above meeting on August 17, 1968, protest signs were prepared and plans made for a protest march in Chinatown that was held on the evening of August 17, 1968. SF T-2 also made available a copy of a mimeograph paper called the "Voice of Youth" dated August 25, 1968, published by the Summer Youth Program of the Chinatown-North Beach Office of the EOC. This paper contained an article concerning the protest march held in the San Francisco Chinatown on the evening of August 17, 1968 and the speechmaking afterwards in Portsmouth Square. The article indicated there were approximately 150 marchers who had participated in the march through Chinatown. Another article in the "Voice of Youth" dated August 25, 1968, discussed the Open Forum held at Cumberland Presbyterian Church prior to the protest march and indicated that FLOYD HUEN of the AAPA was one of the two speakers who summed up the activities of the day. (S) u

In August, 1968, SF T-1 confirmed that FLOYD HUEN was one of several AAPA members who participated in the Open Forum and the protest march in the San Francisco Chinatown on August 17, 1968, but SF T-1 pointed out the affair was not under the direction of the AAPA.

In August, 1968, SF T-1 advised that a meeting of the AAPA had been held on August 25, 1968, in Eshelman Hall in the chambers of the Senate of the Associated Students of the UC-B in which group FLOYD HUEN was serving as a Student Senator. According to SF T-1, FLOYD HUEN reported to the group concerning AAPA participation in a national annual convention of the Japanese American Citizens League (JACL) held at San Jose, California, on August 21, 1968. HUEN reported that approximately 20 AAPA members went to the JACL convention in San Jose, where they were joined by six more AAPA members who were also members of the JACL. According to SF T-1, HUEN stated the objective of the AAPA in attending the convention was to instill a spirit of militancy in the Japanese civil rights movement, and the AAPA strategy was to have members of the AAPA attend and attempt to dominate the proceedings of the six workshops into which the convention was divided.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

In September, 1968, SF T-1 advised that a general meeting of the AAPA, held at Eshelman Hall of the UC-B on September 22, 1968, had been attended by some 30 persons. According to SF T-1, FLOYD HUEN and WAI KIT QUON, also known as Paul Quon, reported about a meeting which they had had at Los Angeles, California, with an Oriental Student Club which contemplated affiliation with the AAPA. Among other reports made at this AAPA meeting, according to SF T-1, was a report by FLOYD HUEN and others concerning the problems of youth gangs in the San Francisco Chinatown. This report indicated the AAPA hoped to assist those youths who are recent-immigrants and who have been involved in assaults, burglaries and other crimes. This report also attacked the Chinese Six Companies (Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association of San Francisco) as a reactionary, repressive organization which was seeking to label the AAPA as a communist dominated group. SF T-1 advised that reports were also made at a meeting on September 22, 1968, concerning the status of the AAPA at various Bay Area colleges. Source indicated that FLOYD HUEN, reporting for the situation at UC-B recommended that the AAPA remain primarily concerned with Orientals but that it should also continue to work with Afro-American organizations. According to SF T-1, FLOYD HUEN, who is a member of the Senate of the Associated Students of the UC-B, recommended that the AAPA work through that organization rather than becoming involved in militant demonstrations which might lead to violence.

In October 1968, SF T-1 advised that FLOYD HUEN was one of several AAPA members who met in the Student Senate Chamber at the UC-B to draft a position paper on the controversy as to whether the BPP leader, ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, should be permitted to lecture at the UC-B. SF T-1 said the group arrived at a compromise which was printed with the date September 30, 1968, and which was distributed at a press conference on the UC-B campus on October 2, 1968. SF T-1 furnished a copy of this position paper dated September 30, 1968, which declared, "The Board of Regents of the University of California is racist and illegitimate"

- 8 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-765

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

and stated: "We demand that the Academic Senate liberate itself from the Board of Regents and support all student initiated courses, including Social Analysis 139X as originally conceived." (Course 139X is the course on racism which had scheduled the BPP leader CLEAVER to give a series of ten lectures.) The AAPA paper declared in part: "The racist mechanisms of oppression are accelerating. To avoid racial holocaust, we must begin to politically educate ourselves and our respective communities to the real nature of the system which controls this country and much of the world; an illegitimate and hypocritical interlocking directorate of political-economic, and psychological exploitation. This system oppresses people of all races, but especially deprives non-whites of their livelihood. But we have not lost our humanity; on the contrary, we, as Asians in America, have a unique perspective - - exploited, yet not sucked into the system. It is our goal to liberate ourselves from this de-humanizing system by redefining ways of life so that we can be ourselves."

In October, 1968, SF T-1 advised that the Afro-American Student Union, the Mexican-American Student Confederation and the AAPA had cooperated to form Third World organization which would give these groups a united voice in campus affairs at the UC-B. SF T-1 said that at a meeting of the Senate of the Associated Students of the UC-B, held on October 10, 1968, FLOYD HUEN of the AAPA, in his capacity as a member of the Student Senate, introduced a motion calling for the Third World Board to be given \$3,000.00 to carry on campus activity. This motion proved very controversial, but finally the Student Senators voted to give \$1,850.00 to the Third World Organization.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:ay

In October, 1968, SF T-2 made available three one page leaflets which had been issued by the AAPA. One leaflet, dated October 25, 1968, concerned the Chinatown involvement of the AAPA and was prepared over the name: "FLOYD HUEN, AAPA Chinatown Group, 509 Eshleman Hall, UC Berkeley, Calif." The leaflet states, in part: (4) u

"Although many individuals have been personally involved in Chinatown activity, AAPA as a group first made the scene on August 17, 1968, forming a large portion of the March line. With that beginning, AAPA formed a Chinatown Work Group, which was to serve as the coordinating center for AAPA involvement The Concerned Chinese for Action and Change (CCAC) has served as an overall identity for ourselves and some of the veterans of Chinatown activism. We have retained our identity in the CCAC and have resolved to take more independent action in the future.... We view what is happening in Chinatown as symptomatic of a larger whole, that whole being American society.... In order to understand Chinatown's problems, we feel that we must come to understand America.... We view our role in the current struggle as an educational one.... We will continue to support moves to alleviate suffering and secure minimal rights for all people. However, the vital role we can play is to focus on, and shed light upon, the nature of American Society. That society is an advanced, technological, capitalistic society, which tends toward monopoly of definition of the self.... We have limited time and energy. We have decided to work with the young, the still-to-be-educated. We feel the hope of Chinatown lies in youth. We have already met and befriended some of the youth of Chinatown; we will continue this activity. We want young people not to be confused about the environment in which he lives. He should understand that democracy and freedom have become catch words, rather than realities.... He should know why his mother must work for measly wages in a garment factory, and not accept the reality because it is real. Then, he can operate intelligently and not ignorantly. This is why we are in Chinatown." (4) u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/jes

Another of the leaflets furnished by SF T-2 was entitled: "An Understanding of the AAPA". This was an undated leaflet which was printed over the names of two persons, who, according to SF T-1, are closely associated with FLOYD HUEN in the leadership of the AAPA. This leaflet included the following statements: (S) u

"The Asian-American Political Alliance is ... a peoples alliance to effect social and political changes. We believe that the American society is historically racist and is one which has systematically employed social discrimination and economic imperialism both domestically and internationally, exploiting all non-white people in the process of building up their affluent society. (S) u

"They did so at the expense of all of us. Uncontrolled capitalism has pushed all of the non-white people into a social position (such) that only manual jobs with subhuman pay are open to them.... (S) u

"AAPA is only a transition for developing our own social identity, a multiplication of efforts. In fact, AAPA itself is not the important link but the ideas generated into action from it -- that we Asian-Americans are no longer going to kowtow to white America in order to gain an ounce of respect; that we must begin to build our own society alongside our black, brown and red brothers as well as with those whites willing to effect fundamental social, economic, political changes; that we have the right for determining our own lives and assert our yellow identity as a positive force in a new life based on human relationships and cooperation." (S) u

This particular leaflet also described the membership and structure of the AAPA as follows: (S) u

"Furthermore, there is no membership in AAPA in the strict sense of the word. There are workers who for common interests join together with one or more people to intensify the effectiveness of an action. (S) u

"The basic unit in this non-structure, in which there is a conspicuous lack of presidents, chairmans, and the like, are the small communications-work groups. Volunteers coordinate the activities...and informal meetings of the coordinators and general body are held periodically...." (S) u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:jb

In November 1968, SF T-3 advised he had recently conversed with FLOYD HUEN concerning the latter's activities in the AAPA. According to SF T-3, HUEN claimed that the AAPA does not advocate the use of violence, and although it sympathizes with efforts of Afro-American groups to gain civil rights and to end racial discrimination, the AAPA has no intention of participating in any violent demonstrations such groups might initiate. HUEN told the source he was a leader of the AAPA at the UC-B and has insisted the AAPA work through the Associated Student's Senate of which he is a member. According to SF T-3, HUEN stated that the AAPA advocates the use of available political avenues of change, and peaceful protest by orderly demonstrations and the distribution of informative material. (S) u

In November 1968, SF T-4, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised he has been concerned about the AAPA at Berkeley, California. SF T-4 said when he and other persons concerned about youth and other problems in Chinatown, joined their efforts in a loosely organized group under the name Concerned Chinese for Action and Change (CCAC), and decided to hold an orderly march in Chinatown last August (August 17, 1968) to protest the community's lack of concern about delinquent Chinatown youth and other social problems, the AAPA provided the largest segment of support from outside Chinatown. SF T-4 said he was gratified to see this interest on the part of students from the University, but noted that they seemed to have an almost professional ability in protest activity, and that some of the AAPA members who participated in the Chinatown march used terms and phrases which were quite derogatory concerning white Americans and American society in general. SF T-4 said that since that time he has had several contacts with members of the AAPA and has wondered whether it might have been influenced by some communist action movement, although he has no facts to prove such influence. SF T-4 stated that he had recently seen several AAPA leaflets or broadsides which indicate the AAPA believes that American government policies are racially inspired and must be confronted. Source identified FLOYD HUEN as one of the leaders of the AAPA. b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

In January, 1969, SF T-1 advised that the AAPA had initiated a "Yellow Identity" conference to be held on Saturday, January 15, 1969, in the Pauley Ballroom of the Associated Students University of California building at the UC-B. SF T-1 furnished an invitation and agenda, printed on yellow paper, and an AAPA newspaper dated January, 1969, both of which advertised the conference as "The Asian Experience in American/Yellow Identity." The invitation and advertising notice indicated the conference was sponsored by the Chinese Students Club and by the Nisei Students Club at UC-B, but according to SF T-1, it was actually initiated by AAPA members who are also members of those student clubs.

The San Francisco weekly bi-lingual newspaper, "East-West" in the issue dated January 15, 1969, carried a report entitled: "Student Throng Jams 'Yellow Identity' Meet," which indicated that at least 900 persons, students of Oriental descent from all over the West Coast, assembled at UC-B on January 11, 1969, to attend a conference on "The Asian Experience in America." According to the article, the conference had "all the ingredients of a typical American political convention: radicals and conservatives, sober intellectual discussion, and spontaneous heated exchanges, caucuses among different student groups and unexpected takeover by the radicals." According to the article, a scholarly lecture on the anti-Chinese and anti-Japanese sentiments and the "Unjust legislation" which Orientals have experienced in America, was followed by a "fiery denunciation of white racism and yellow passivity by a militant from San Francisco Chinatown."

The article summarized remarks by a third speaker who expressed fear that minority groups in the U.S. might be turned into scapegoats and by a fourth speaker who discussed "Asians in a Melting pot," and "cited extensive evidence to shatter the myth of assimilation and to prove how the racist, colonialist majority exploited the minorities and how the imagery of the Oriental success has been used to justify white racism and systematized oppression of other minorities."

- 13 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-770

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

According to the "East West" article, these speakers were supposed to be followed by group discussions but the meeting was thrown into confusion by member of the audience, a religious minister and social worker of Chinese descent, who walked to the rostrum and called upon the audience to "take appropriate and immediate actions."

The "East West" article indicated that these remarks were followed by confusion and chaos, with militant students demanding the adoption of resolutions. The Master of Ceremonies withdrew to caucus with other leaders of the sponsoring clubs, and relinquished his position to FLOYD HUEN. According to the article, the subject matter of the conference was then shifted to the student riots at San Francisco State College (SFSC) and a resolution was proposed supporting the demands which the Black Student Union and the Third World Liberation Front at SFSC had made against the administration of that institution. By the time that leaders of the sponsoring clubs had returned from their caucus, many representatives of the sponsoring clubs were demanding that the conference either return to its original agenda or adjourn. According to the "East West" article, the master of ceremonies read a statement disassociating the sponsoring clubs from any resolutions that might be adopted, while another sponsoring official declared the conference adjourned. The article further indicated that the conference was then left to the control of FLOYD HUEN and many of the audience departed, although others stayed to fight against the resolution. According to the article, about 100 persons eventually voted for the resolution and the meeting dispersed about 5:30 p.m.

In January, 1969, SF T 1 advised that FLOYD HUEN is considered a principal leader of the AAPA, since the Japanese-American graduate student, YUJI ICHIOKA, who joined with FLOYD HUEN in organizing the AAPA, is no longer at the UC-B,

- 14 -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-771

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg/cmp

but had moved to New York City in the fall of 1968. SF T-1 said he had learned from FLOYD HUEN on January 12, 1969, that leaders of the Afro-American Students Union at the UCB had requested the cooperation of the AAPA in a student strike, which the Afro-American Student Union planned to initiate later in January. However, according to SF T-1, the AAPA has no regularly elected officers and policy is decided by majority vote of the active members present at any meeting.

SF T-1 advised in January, 1969, that there had been considerable discussion at a general meeting of the AAPA, held on December 11, 1968, to discuss what action should be taken to force the Chancellor's Office of the UC-B to approve a certain course in Asian studies. According to SF T-1, the AAPA was split into three groups in this discussion. One group was willing to "sit tight" and wait patiently for action by the Chancellor's Office. Another, which according to SF T-1 was led by FLOYD HUEN, wanted to take some sort of direct action such as sitting down in the Chancellor's Office, while a third group wanted to use measures between the two, whereby some members would take direct action by a sit-in, while the majority would just wait for the word from the Chancellor's Office. SF T-1 commented that this particular problem was never resolved, because a call came from the Chancellor's Office stating that official approval of the Asian Studies Course had been given and requesting that a delegation from the AAPA discuss the matter with the Vice Chancellor of the University. SF T-1 commented that 11 members of the AAPA, nearly half of those present, were selected for the delegation to meet with the Vice Chancellor.

In April, 1969, SF T-1 advised that under chairmanship of FLOYD HUEN, the AAPA met on February 1, 1969, in Berkeley, California; to select a new steering committee to handle AAPA participation in the student strike underway at the University of California. SF T-1 listed six members who were chosen to compose the new steering committee, which group did not include FLOYD HUEN.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:jb

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In April 1969, SF T-1 advised FLOYD HUEN presided at a membership meeting of the AAPA held at Berkeley, California on March 24, 1969 at which the main topic of discussion was a recent AAPA trip to Delano, California, where a "wild party" was alleged to have taken place.

In May 1969, SF T-1 advised that FLOYD HUEN was one of several speakers who presented their views during a student mass meeting held at the UC-B on May 12, 1969, attended by 35 to 40 persons. According to SF T-1, the purpose of the meeting was to discuss a crisis brought about by the lack of adequate funding for a Third World college at the UC-B and the refusal of a certain individual to accept a position as head of that proposed Third World College. According to SF T-1, FLOYD HUEN was one of this group who expressed the opinion that negotiations with the University authorities should be continued while others wanted to cut off negotiations. SF T-1 said that the discussion ended in a deadlock and a committee was set up to look into alternatives.

In June 1969, SF T-1 advised that a group consisting of less than 20 members of the AAPA met in the Student Senate Chambers at the UC-B on June 19, 1969 to discuss the revision of the program of the AAPA. According to SF T-1, it was agreed that the program should be more specific and still broad enough to encompass the large variety of interests. No revision was adopted but the matter was sent to a committee for the study. According to SF T-1, FLOYD HUEN reported to the group on the status of the Third World College negotiation indicating there had been no further progress since his last report.

In July 1969, SF T-4 made available a copy of a handbill advertising the showing of a film called "The Chinese Story, 1/4 of Humanity" to be shown on July 25, 1969, and July 26, 1969, at the United Filipino Association Hall, 832 Kearny Street, San Francisco under the sponsorship of the AAPA. The film was advertised as a feature length documentary, consisting of film footage collected by the well known writer on China, EDGAR SNOW.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

SF T-4 stated he had received this handbill from FLOYD HUEN, whom he knows to be a leader of the AAPA and had observed other AAPA members distributing handbills.

In July, 1969, SF T-1 advised that the leaders of the AAPA met in the Student Senate Chambers of the UCB on July 12, 1969, to discuss the purpose of the AAPA regarding the Third World College plans at the UCB. According to SF T-1, it was decided that faculty member of the AAPA should deliver an ultimatum to the Chancellor, stating that he would resign his appointment in the Asian American Student department unless certain persons were hired and a budget immediately established.

In August, 1969, SF T-1 eight leaders of the AAPA met on August 8, 1969, in an attempt to stop an impending split of the AAPA. A UCB faculty member, sympathetic with the AAPA was present as a moderator, but the meeting adjourned without a settlement of the differences. According to SF T-1, FLOYD HUEN and certain other leaders of the AAPA felt that an AAPA faculty member serving as coordinator of the Asian-American Studies Department of the UCB was not properly representing the AAPA policies.

Later, in October, 1969, SF T-1 advised that an emergency meeting was held at the University on August 11, 1969, so that a spokesman for FLOYD HUEN and others could officially ask the mentioned AAPA faculty member to resign as coordinator of Asian-American Studies.

It is noted that the "Daily Californian", published by the ASUC at Berkeley, California, carried an article on October 30, 1969, concerning FLOYD HUEN, indicating he had resigned from his position as the Executive Vice President of the ASUC in order to have more time to promote Third World interests through his new position as the coordinator or Administrative Custodian of the Asian Studies Department of UCB.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:jb

B. Hemispheric Conference to End
the Vietnam War,
Montreal, Canada
November 28-December 1, 1968

In November 1968, SF T-1 advised that the AAPA and other minority student groups at the UC-B had received an invitation to attend a conference to be held at Montreal, Canada from November 29 through December 1, 1968. According to SF T-1, this invitation had been extended by the Los Angeles Organizing Committee for a Hemispheric Conference to End the Vietnam War, which has the address 555 North Western Avenue, Room 3, Los Angeles, California. Later in November 1968, SF T-1 advised that four members of the AAPA, including FLOYD HUEN, were planning to attend the conference in Montreal. According to SF T-1, the organization at Los Angeles, through which AAPA received an invitation to attend, was the Peace Action Council (PAC) at Los Angeles, California.

A characterization of the
PAC is contained in the
Appendix.

On November 29, 1968, SF T-5 made available a copy of the manifest of a chartered flight of American Flyers Airline, North Hollywood, California, which departed Los Angeles at 11:00 PM, November 27, 1968 for Montreal, Canada. According to source, this flight was chartered by the PAC to transport California area persons to the Hemisphere Conference to End the War in Vietnam (HCEWV). Included in this manifest was the following name and address:

FLOYD HUEN, 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California

Regarding the above mentioned Montreal Conference, it is noted that SF T-6 has advised this conference was organized almost entirely by the Canadian and the American Communist Parties for the specific purpose of discussing the war in Vietnam. According to SF T-6, the Communist Party leaders were forced to broaden the scope, by representatives of Black

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:jb

militant groups who wanted to discuss racism in America and its relationship to American imperialism, by representatives of the so-called "New Left" who felt the Hemisphere Conference should be against American imperialism rather than just against the war in Vietnam and by representatives from Quebec who wanted the conference to deal with the issue of independence for Quebec. According to SF T-6, the delegates from North Vietnam and from the National Liberation Front of South Vietnam appeared before the conference and a resolution was adopted sternly condemning what was termed "the criminal war the U. S. government has been carrying out ... against the Vietnamese people," and wholeheartedly supporting the "heroic Vietnamese people's struggle for their fundamental rights ...". The resolution called upon opinion in the Western Hemisphere "to sternly condemn the U. S. government for its continued war of aggression in Vietnam and to demand that the U. S. government ... withdraw ... from Vietnam."

In January 1969, SF T-1 furnished an AAPA newspaper, dated January 1969 which devoted a full page to a statement by the Central Committee of the South Vietnam National Liberation Front dated November 3, 1968, which declared in part: "For 14 years...the U. S. imperialists have carried out a policy of aggression, most ruthless in history, against the Vietnamese people, grossly violating the independence, sovereignty, unity and territorial integrity of Viet-Nam..." The newspaper also carried an article concerning AAPA attendance at the above-mentioned Hemispheric Conference to End the War in Vietnam (HCEWV). The article stated "For the AAPA people, the Vietnamese were the focus," and pointed out that the statement of the National Liberation Front of South Vietnam was reprinted on an adjoining page. The article declared that the unifying factor of the conference was the "presence of the Vietnamese, and what they represented: the long long struggle, of a valiant people for self-determination and one Vietnam, against the weaponry and might of US imperialism." According to this newspaper article,

"Four AAPA-Berkeley people attended the Hemispheric Conference...in Montreal, Canada on November 28-31. They joined with 19 others from the Bay Area in protesting the format for the

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF L05-23692
JES/rlg

Conference....and with the aid of New York and California Black Panthers, promptly rushed and seized the podium during the progress of the meeting. The Radical Caucus demanded that funds be raised to allow BOBBY SEALE (BPP leader) to come and address the conference; and that the 'Young Turks' be allowed representation on the steering committee. After a brief scuffle and hooting from the audience of peaceniks and assorted old left people, the demands were granted...keeping in mind the sensitivity of the Conference, due to the presence of Democratic Republic of Vietnam and NLF Delegates, the Radical Caucus demanded that the thrust of the Conference change from a 'peace in Vietnam' convocation to a 'stop U.S. imperialism' organizing session..."

In April, 1969, SF T-7, [REDACTED] furnished information regarding the Red Guard at San Francisco, which he described as a small group of Oriental-American youth who claim to follow Chinese Communist (Chicom) ideas and who express militant opposition to American social institutions.

b7D

(A characterization of the Red Guard is appended to this report.)

SF T-7 expressed the opinion the Red Guard had copied its Chicom-oriented political program from the Black Panther Party (BPP) but added he had observed at Red Guard headquarters, a Chinese-American girl who is a member of the AAPA at the UC-B and who reportedly attended a communist-controlled conference at Montreal, Canada late last year. SF T-7 stated he has heard that several AAPA members, including the AAPA leader, FLOYD HUEN, attended that conference.

(See also remarks of TONY HUEN page 42 of this report.)

C. Third World Liberation Front, UC-B
Student Strike, 1/22/69 - 3/14/69,

In January, 1969, SF T-1 advised that FLOYD HUEN, as AAPA leader, had been approached by leaders of the Afro-American Students Union at the UC-B, who were seeking AAPA support for a strike.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

According to SF T-1, HUEN indicated that the AASU expected "sufficient support from other ethnic minority groups on the UCB campus so as to show the strike as a Third World Liberation Front movement. According to SF T-1, the issues causing the proposed strike grew out of alleged modifications which the Chancellor's Office of the University had made in the program for Black studies curriculum, particularly, the refusal of the Chancellor's Office to grant authority to the AASU to hire and fire the faculty instructors for the curriculum.

In February, 1969, SF T-8 made available literature which had been distributed on the campus of the UCB during January, 1969. These included a list of the strike demands, dated January, 1969, by the Third World Liberation Front of the UCB and statements from various Asian-American students and groups at the University. Included was a statement from the Chinese Students Club Cabinet, signed by six officers, including FLOYD HUEN who was described as the immediate past president of the Chinese Students Club. The statement declared in part, "we the undersigned member of the CSC Cabinet support the goals of the Third World Liberation Front Strike... and urge other students to support the strike." The Third World Liberation Front strike began at UCB January 22, 1969 and ended March 14, 1969. During that period, 180 arrests were made by the police for activities related to the strike.

Records of the UC Police Department disclosed that FLOYD HUEN, 1737 Francisco Street, Berkeley, a student at UCB was arrested on March 3, 1969, charged with blocking a pedestrian access while participating in a picket line at the University. The police records showed this charge dismissed on a recommendation of the District Attorney.

The "Daily Californian", published by the ASUC, at Berkeley, in its issue dated March 5, 1969, carried an article concerning the student strike organized by the Third World Liberation Front. The article stated that on March 4, 1969, 150 demonstrators marched to the Civic Sciences lecture hall, where the Academic Senate was meeting to discuss a proposal for a Third World College. The article indicated that leaders of the strike spoke and that FLOYD HUEN was introduced as a member of the Legal

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF L05-23692
JES/rlg

Defense Committee of the Third World Liberation Front. According to the article, HUEN stated that not enough people who had witnessed arrests were filing reports with the committee and he asked for financial contributions to the Legal Defense Committee.

Although various sources and newspaper accounts listed members of the AAPA as serving in the leadership of the Third World Liberation Front, FLOYD HUEN's name was not included in any such report, except for the one mentioned in the above newspaper account, where he was described as a member of the Legal Defense Committee.

The AAPA newspaper, Volume One, Number Three, made available by SF T-4, in February, 1969, devoted its center pages to reproductions of pictures including photos of Orientals participating in the Third World Liberation Front strike at the UCB. FLOYD HUEN, appears in one of these photos, taking part in picketing activities.

The "San Francisco Examiner" a daily newspaper published in San Francisco, California, in its issue dated March 15, 1969, carried an article concerning the mentioned student strike, indicating the strike was called off after the faculty of the UCB voted to support the establishment of a Department of Ethnic Studies, or Third World College. The article indicated that another factor in terminating the strike was that the students were starting to prepare for their final examinations.

The San Francisco "Examiner" in its issue dated April 21, 1969, carried an article entitled, "Third World Activist Wins Key UC Post." This article stated that a student who was active in the recent Third World Liberation Front Strike won a key post in the elections at the UCB. The article stated that FLOYD HUEN, a Sociology Senior who took part in the strike, polled 2964 to 832 for the closest of the two opponents so as to receive the election as the first Vice President of the Associated Students at UCB (ASUC)

D. May Fourth Rally
Portsmouth Square,
San Francisco, California

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

On April 29, 1969, SF T-2 made available a flyer which described a "May 4 Commemorative Rally" to be held May 4, 1969, in Portsmouth Square, San Francisco, California. The flyer indicated there would be cultural events and listed the following speakers: (A) u

JOSEPH CHEN, Professor of History;
"GORDON LAU, Senior Consul of the Republic of China; (A) u
"FRANKLIN CHOW, etc."

(JOSEPH CHEN is a professor of history at the University of California, Los Angeles, GORDON LAU is an attorney, active as a Chinatown leader of one of the major political parties and was recently an unsuccessful candidate for the post of Supervisor of San Francisco. FRANKLIN CHOW is a social worker, employed by the Chinatown-North Beach Office of the Economic Development Agency) SF T-2 stated he had contacted [redacted] b7D [redacted] and learned the Consulate had received an invitation from ALVIN JA, a student at Berkeley, California, requesting the Consul General to appear and speak at a rally but that the latter would not be able to accept. SF T-2 later advised that none of the scheduled speakers appeared at the rally on May 4, 1969, and that the affair appeared to be under the direction of the Red Guard, a small, militant, pro-Maoist group in the San Francisco Chinatown, largely composed of American-born Oriental youth with a history of juvenile delinquency. (A) u

It is noted that the "Daily Californian" published by the ASUC at Berkeley, in its issue dated May 2, 1969, carried an article titled "Asian cultural revolution", which advertised a rally May 4, 1969, at Portsmouth Square, San Francisco, commemorating the 50th Anniversary of the May Fourth Movement in China. The article commenced with a discussion of the historical significance of the May Fourth Movement, in which a protest started by Chinese students on May 4, 1919, grew into a Chinese national movement which prevented the Chinese Government from signing the Versailles Treaty which would have given Japan the territorial concessions which Germany had held in China. Then the article indicated the May Fourth Movement had relevance to Asian student movements today, first in that the May Fourth Movement led students to insist

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

upon an "education that related beyond the security of jobs", so they "abandoned the isolation of classics" in favor of "the study of human problems." Second, according to the article, "their protests evoked a self-examination of the structure of their society, just as the Vietnam war provokes intellectuals to re-examine American Society."

The article further declared: "May 4th is also symbolic to Asians in their assertions of cultural identity and heritage. Fifty years ago Asian students moved to liberate themselves from the control of Western political domination; today Asian American students seek psychological liberation from the mass media image of the apathetic, insensitive, and unchanging Oriental." This article indicated the rally was planned by the "Bay Area Asian Students for Community Action", and that it would include "live music, free food, and speakers from the Taiwan consul(sic) and Chinatown."

(According to SF T-7, the Bay Area Asian Students for Community Action does not appear to have been an organized group, but simply included any youth of Oriental descent who were interested in helping with the rally.)

In May, 1969, SF T-7 advised he had observed the rally at Portsmouth Square on May 4, 1969, and noted that it appeared to be under the direction of the Red Guard of San Francisco. SF T-7 said the rally had been advertised as an activity of Asian students at Bay Area colleges, but the principal speakers were Red Guard leaders and Red Guard members stood around in North Korean Army style uniforms holding Chicom flags. He added that Chicom posters were spread around and the whole rally appeared to be propaganda in favor of the Chicoms. SF T-7 said that several persons were introduced as guest speakers, including FLOYD HUEN of the Asian-American Political Alliance, and that he also noted two or three other AAPA members taking part in a skit intended to show how Chinese students began the downfall of foreign intervention in China through the May Fourth Movement. SF T-7 said that none of the persons advertised as speakers appeared, and the whole affair appeared to be a Red Guard Rally. SF T-7 described the Red Guard as a relatively small group of Oriental-Americans, most of whom were born or raised in America and most

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES/rlg

of whom have been in trouble with the police. He said the group has patterned itself after the BPP and has printed up a political program that follows the BPP program with a few minor changes, such as the substitution of "Yellow Power" for "Black Power". SF T-7 said the Red Guard has almost no support in the Chinatown community of San Francisco, being disliked by almost all Chinese, whether conservative or liberal in background. SF T-7 could not recall any specific remarks by FLOYD HUEN but said they were brief and mostly amounted to a call for Asian-American youth to follow the pattern of the students who initiated the May Fourth Movement long ago in China.

In May, 1969, SF T-3 and SF T-4 furnished comments similar to those of SF T-7 concerning the Red Guard rally held on May 4, 1969, at San Francisco, and both identified FLOYD HUEN as having been introduced as a guest speaker. Both added that in the writeup of the rally, which appeared in the "Chinese Times" a Chinese language daily published at San Francisco, FLOYD HUEN was mentioned by his Chinese name, as one of the speakers.

The issue of "Red Guard Community Newspaper" dated June 25, 1969, designated Volume I Number 3, bearing a picture of the Chicom leader MAO Tse-tung, on its first page, carried an article on page 5 entitled, "May 4th Rally". (According to SF T-2 and SF T-7, this paper is published by the Red Guard at San Francisco).

The Red Guard newspaper article stated as follows:

"On May 4th 1969, the Red Guard held a rally in Portsmouth Square commemorating the May 4th Movement of 1919 in China.

"On May 4th 1919, 3,000 students in Peking started a seven-day strike in opposition to the Versailles Treaty, which gave up the Shantung Peninsula to Japan. Demonstrations and strikes spread to other cities, as the people

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JFS/rlg

became in favor of students. This movement was successful because it had the Power of the People! China never signed the treaty. This was basically what the May 4th movement was.

"The rally started with the National Anthem of the Peoples Republic of China. The purpose of this Rally was to meet and communicate with our people in the community and to let them know that the Red Guard is the Vanguard Party for all Asian and Oppressed people; that the Red Guard is going to lead Asian and Oppressed people into the struggles of revolution, and that we are going to win because we will have the Power of the People; all Oppressed people, and that the pigs and racist dog oppressors will go down in defeat..."

The article then went on to discuss the speakers naming three Red Guard leaders as principal speakers and naming as guest speakers a leader of the Black Panther Party and three leaders of a militant Mexican-American group. The Berkeley AAPA is also listed as a guest speaker and it is obvious that something, possibly a name, was deleted at that point, after the article was set up in type, but before it was printed.

(See also comments by FLOYD HUEN's relatives regarding latter's participation in the May Fourth rally, 5/4/69, as set out on pages 34, 35, 37 and 43 of this report.)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692 .
JES/rlg

E. United Front Against
Fascism Conference,
Oakland, California
July 18-20, 1969

In July, 1969, SF T-1 advised that FLOYD HUEN and several other members of the AAPA were among the approximately 2500 persons who attended the United Front Against Fascism Conference in the Oakland Auditorium at Oakland, California on July 18, 1969 under the sponsorship of the Black Panther Party. According to SF T-1, most of the speakers at this conference were members of the BPP but a discussion concerning the "Role of Women Against Fascism," included an AAPA member on the panel.

SF T-3 advised that FLOYD HUEN and various AAPA members were also present on July 20, 1969, among the approximately 1500 to 1700 persons who were present in the Oakland Auditorium that date, at the United Front Against Fascism conference. (S) u

F. Japan Demonstrations,
San Francisco
September, 1969

In September, 1969, SF T-1 advised that FLOYD HUEN and other AAPA members from Berkeley, California, participated in a demonstration held at Pier 39, on the San Francisco Embarcadero on September, 5, 1969, to protest the arrival of the Japanese destroyer at Pier 39, which was bringing representatives to participate in the Japan Week program. According to SF T-1, this demonstration was sponsored by the Asian Coalition, a group consisting of Asian-American students and youth. SF T-1 indicated that about 35 to 50 persons participated in this demonstration, which consisted of peaceful picketing.

SF T-1 made available a pamphlet issued under the name of the Asian Coalition which called for opposition to the Asian policies of the present administration of the U.S. government. The leaflet stated in part "Death to the U.S. Japan security pact

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

which allows Yankee imperialism to maintain over 200 bases in Japan and Okinawa. Return Okinawa which is being used for U.S. aggression in Asia." The leaflet included a schedule of protest activities for the Japan week, running from September 4 to September 18, 1969.

Later in September, 1969, SF T-1 stated that HUEN and other AAPA members were among the approximately 30 to 35 persons who picketed the entrance to the Masonic Auditorium in San Francisco, protesting the scheduled appearance of the California Governor at a Japan Week banquet luncheon.

G Protest Demonstrations
Against the Visit of the
Prime Minister of Japan
November, 1969

On November 21, 1969, SF T-9 and T-10 advised that a rally was held that date at the Sproul Plaza of the UCB at which one of the speakers was FLOYD HUEN, who stated he was representing the Asian-American Political Alliance. According to the sources, HUEN stated he would like to read a report from the "AMPO" a Japanese New Left paper. According to these sources the report read by HUEN contained background regarding the Japanese New Left Movement and the efforts of Japanese New Left students to break the security pact between Japan and the United States and to prevent the Japanese Premier, ESIKU SATO, from coming to the U.S. The sources indicated that the report as read by HUEN was addressed from the New Left Japanese Students to their American brothers and stated in effect, "we in Japan were unable to prevent Premier SATO from leaving Japan for his trip to America and were unable to prevent SATO from entering the U.S. Therefore, it is up to our brothers in the U.S. to prevent SATO from leaving the U.S." According to the sources, HUEN at this point without further comments, invited those present, numbering about 150, to come to the Mark Hopkins Hotel in San Francisco, at 3:00 p.m. on November 23, 1969, for a demonstration against Premier SATO.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/rlg

Observation in the vicinity of the Mark Hopkins Hotel San Francisco, on November 23, 1969, disclosed that approximately 100-125 persons, including 25-30 persons of Oriental descent demonstrated on the sidewalk outside the hotel, protesting the arrival of Premier SATO and his party at the Mark Hopkins Hotel. The demonstration was generally orderly and dispersed after a time.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/crv

III. PUBLIC STATEMENTS BY
FLOYD HUEN, OCTOBER, 1969

The "Daily Californian" in its issue dated October 6, 1969, carried an article entitled: "Third World Orientation," which stated that ASUC Executive Vice President FLOYD HUEN was one of the featured speakers at a "Third World Community - Student Orientation Session" held on October 4, 1969, in King Hall at the University of California at Berkeley (UCB). The article stated FLOYD HUEN told the 150 people who attended: "Some saw the Third World Strike as a defeat, but a Third World consciousness is just beginning to emerge in this country, and for the leaders, it is dangerous." Commenting that the small turnout was possibly due to the fact that the Rice-California football game was that same afternoon, the article quoted FLOYD HUEN as stating: "More people are concerned about a goddamn football game than they are about Third World studies." According to the article, FLOYD HUEN criticized the University Administration for making contracts with "white-owned" and "white-hiring" corporations, but he said the corporations are "the real enemy." The article described HUEN as a graduate student in Sociology and indicated he commented that a college degree shows an individual has been "trained to follow rules", but often he is not conscious of the needs of his community.

The "Daily Californian" in its issue dated October 30, 1969, carried an article entitled: "HUEN Quits Post, Denounces ASUC." This article indicated FLOYD HUEN resigned on October 27, 1969, from his elected position as Executive Vice President of the ASUC, stating that his reasons for doing so were the same as those which prompted him to run for the position, namely, to promote Third World interests and to promote student control of the University. The article quoted HUEN as stating: "When I ran for the position, I ran mostly with Third World interests in mind, trying to get the ASUC to support community projects and ethnic studies. Now there is enough support that I don't have to be there anymore." According

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

to the article, HUEN named three persons as representing Third World interests in the Senate of the ASUC and indicated his new post as Administrative Custodian of the Asian Studies Department gives him a larger hand than he would have had in the ASUC Senate. According to the article, HUEN stated: "When I ran, I didn't care about titles; I wanted information and institutional backup. My resignation isn't giving up a post that students trusted me to defend, because the students don't support the ASUC Senate." The news article stated that FLOYD HUEN declared the "paternalistic, racist, and illegitimate administration" of the UCB had created a powerless student government and disinterested students, so that in practice the University Chancellor is the student government. In addition to his criticism of the Administration of UCB, FLOYD HUEN cited the system of ASUC elections as another reason why the student government was impotent. According to the article, he cited his own election as an example of how "elections can be won by a small group of people." HUEN said that once elected, a student senator is not answerable to the people who elected him and he called for a change to a system where specific interest groups rather than an undefined electorate, would be represented in the ASUC Senate. This he stated would promote self-determination and real student power in the University. The news article said that as Administration Custodian of Asian Studies, HUEN said his main effort would be directed toward "the smooth functioning and expansion of the Asian Studies Department," and added that resigning his post in the ASUC would allow him to be more effective in that area.

The "Daily Californian" in its issue dated November 3, 1969, carried a letter to the editor, signed by FLOYD HUEN, dated October 31, 1969. In this letter, HUEN stated he wanted to correct the direction of the article which had appeared about his resignation from the ASUC. He wrote: "If it is true that I criticized the ASUC for a lack of representation, but the blame and causation rests on the Administration and the rest of the campus and political community for their paternalistic actions toward not only students but everybody else in the United States

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

and the rest of the world. . . .It was certainly not in bitterness that I left the ASUC, but in hope of continuing the struggle from another position. And more importantly, the solutions to the problems mentioned in the article are not mass resignations and apathy in the ASUC, but an expansion of the debates to more and more students, and organizing within the student community on the basis of student self-interest. Only with mass base support will students be able to grab the power that is rightfully theirs, and not that of the Chancellor."

IV. COMMENTS BY RELATIVES AND
ACQUAINTANCES OF FLOYD HUEN

On November 24, 1969, Mr. BUDDY HUEN, 758 Santa Ray Avenue, Oakland, California, employed as Administrative Assistant at the Chinatown - North Beach Office of the San Francisco Legal Neighborhood Legal Assistance Foundation, 755 Commercial Street, San Francisco, advised that he was sponsored by FLOYD HUEN's father, to come to the United States in 1956 with his family under the refugee program. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that as a relative and as beneficiary of action by FLOYD HUEN's father, he has been very close to the family of FLOYD HUEN and has watched FLOYD grow and develop. Mr. BUDDY HUEN said that FLOYD was at the top of his class in high school and then went to the University of California at Berkeley on scholarship looking forward to a career in medicine or science. He added that after two years of pre-medical work, FLOYD HUEN disappointed his family by switching his major to sociology, after which he became more and more involved in campus politics, and began to advocate social reform. Mr. HUEN said that FLOYD has always been kindhearted toward persons handicapped by poverty, lack of education, minority status, or physical disability, and after switching to the study of sociology, he began to advocate social action to provide for ways of helping such persons. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that in the summer of 1968, FLOYD became involved in the organization of some sort of "Yellow Power" group at UCB, called the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) which was disturbing to the family because the organization was alleged

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/crv

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

to have cooperated with the Black Panther Party (BPP) in helping to man a picket line calling for the release of a BPP leader who was on trial for killing a police officer. Mr. BUDDY HUEN said he talked with FLOYD HUEN about this report and the latter admitted he was a leader of the AAPA and had joined with friends to found this organization as a student group which would work for equal rights for Americans of Asian descent and which would cooperate with other groups to work for equal rights for all non-white minority groups in the United States. According to Mr. BUDDY HUEN, FLOYD told him the AAPA does not advocate violence as a method of protest, but nonetheless feels that the violence displayed in encounters between Negro extremist groups and the police has not been the fault of the former, but has been caused by the discriminatory attitude of the white community toward the Negro community.

Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that FLOYD HUEN advocates pacifism and opposes American involvement in Vietnam. He added that FLOYD and his father differ in this respect because the latter, TAK PING HUEN, is proud of his long years of service in the United States Navy and is very patriotic. Mr. HUEN said that about a year ago, FLOYD HUEN made a trip to Montreal, Canada, to attend a conference which was held to oppose the American presence in Vietnam. Mr. BUDDY HUEN said that at that time, FLOYD's father was very upset with FLOYD for fear he might bring some disgrace to the family by such action. He added, however, that now TAK PING HUEN seems more pleased with FLOYD, since the latter was graduated from UCB with high grades and honors and received appointment to a fellowship in which he will coordinate Asian Studies at the University and will be able to study toward a Ph.D. in Sociology. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that he is certain all of the brothers and the sister of FLOYD HUEN are patriotic Americans and that they would not agree with the contentions of the AAPA that the American way of life has failed to provide rights and advancements for Americans of minority racial descent. Mr. BUDDY HUEN remarked that the American way of life has done well by all of FLOYD HUEN's family and that two of his brothers are highly paid engineers, one working in electronics at the Lockheed

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Missile and Space Corporation in Sunnyvale, and one employed at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory in Livermore, California. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that some time ago, he suggested to FLOYD HUEN that the latter should contact the FBI to explain his viewpoints. He said that FLOYD replied that if the FBI wanted to talk to him, they should come to him and he would answer any questions he thought were proper. He added that FLOYD indicated he feels he is doing a good job in stimulating Asian-American students to feel their importance as persons who are members of a proud racial group, and that FLOYD HUEN stated he feels that student protest activities are proper and legitimate expressions of opinion in line with the American principles of free speech and freedom of assembly.

Mr. BUDDY HUEN said that last May, he became very disturbed, when FLOYD HUEN appeared as one of the speakers at a May Fourth rally held by the Red Guard of San Francisco on May 4, 1969 in Portsmouth Square, San Francisco. Mr. HUEN said he was so disturbed that he furnished the Chinese character name of FLOYD HUEN to the "Chinese Times" newspaper to use in the article which appeared in that Chinese language daily concerning the rally. Mr. BUDDY HUEN said that he was not personally present at the rally but added that FLOYD HUEN appeared in a television report, standing on the speakers platform with Chinese Communist (Chicom) posters behind and with flags of Communist China displayed on either side, in front of the platform. Mr. BUDDY HUEN said that so far as he knows, FLOYD HUEN made no remarks attacking the United States or praising Red China, and added that it is very possible FLOYD HUEN confined his remarks to the historical May Fourth movement, which was an honored event in Chinese history, when Chinese students at Peking started a protest that grew among the Chinese people until the Chinese Government had to follow the will of the people and refuse to sign the Versailles Treaty which would have given Japan the territorial rights in China which Germany had lost as a result of the First World War. Mr. BUDDY HUEN said his deep concern was the fear that FLOYD might become involved

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

with the Red Guard which is definitely considered a pro-Chicom and which allegedly advocates militant violence. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that FLOYD's father was very upset about the incident but was almost as much upset at him for giving FLOYD's name to the newspaper as he was at FLOYD for appearing in such a rally. Mr. HUEN stated that subsequently, FLOYD HUEN gave assurances to his father that he did not support the militant ideas of the Red Guard and had appeared only as a representative of the AAPA, and only to give honor to the memory of the May Fourth Movement and to point out the power of student protests as exemplified in that movement.

Mr. HUEN stated that since that time, he has heard of no further contact between FLOYD HUEN and the Red Guard at San Francisco. He added that FLOYD is now busy as the Coordinator or Administrator of the Asian Studies Department at the UC-B and probably does not have as much time to devote to protest activity.

On December 3, 1969, Mr. BUDDY HUEN advised he had eaten Thanksgiving dinner with FLOYD HUEN's family, and added that during this visit, remarks were made that showed there were differences of opinion between FLOYD HUEN and his family over FLOYD's outspoken opposition to American involvement in Vietnam. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that although he did not talk directly with FLOYD about it, he gained the impression FLOYD is probably participating in the protest marches and demonstrations which call for an end to American intervention in Vietnam. Mr. BUDDY HUEN stated that from his long and close connection with the family of FLOYD HUEN, he is certain that FLOYD HUEN does not advocate the use of violence, and would not engage in violent methods of protest.

On November 25, 1969, Mr. TAK PING HUEN, 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California, a chef at the Chief Petty Officer's Club, U. S. Naval Station, Treasure Island, San Francisco, California, the father of FLOYD HUEN, advised the latter has never advocated violence to his knowledge. Mr. HUEN said that since he is himself a former Chief Steward retired from the U. S. Navy, he does not agree

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:cae

with FLOYD's pacifist ideas, but he respects their sincerity and believes his son is basically loyal to the United States and American ideals. Mr. TAK PING HUEN stated his next oldest son, JAMES HUEN, was recently separated from the U. S. Navy after serving as a Naval officer, and he indicated he is proud that one of his sons followed in his footsteps by joining the U. S. Navy.

According to TAK PING HUEN, his son, FLOYD HUEN, has always been sensitive to human needs and problems. He said that as a small boy, youngest in the family, FLOYD HUEN received the small change and kept it in a can to use to help poor children whom he knew in the neighborhood and in school. Later, in high school, FLOYD HUEN would tell the family about some problem or condition that was hurting a schoolmate and would seek ways in which he could help that person to overcome the problem.

According to TAK PING HUEN, his son, FLOYD HUEN, as been a leader and popular with his schoolmates, but has still remained close to his family and has studied hard enough to keep at the top of his class in school. Mr. HUEN stated that during the past two years, since becoming active in student politics, FLOYD has spent more time away from home and for a while he was afraid FLOYD was neglecting his studies, but this proved an unwarranted fear, because FLOYD was graduated from the University with high grades and was given a position in which he can earn while completing an advanced degree. Mr. HUEN said FLOYD HUEN is in charge of developing a University program to study the culture and problems of Chinese and other racial groups.

Mr. HUEN said that about a year or so ago, he had been worried about reports that FLOYD was mixed up in some "Yellow Power" organization at the University, which was supposed to be like the "Black Power" groups which have made trouble in many places. He said he asked FLOYD about this and FLOYD assured him that his group, the Asian-American Political Alliance, only wanted to bring changes by peaceful and lawful methods, and was not looking for trouble. According to Mr. TAK PING HUEN, his son declared he had done nothing against the law and did not intend to do anything against the law.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Mr. HUEN remarked that although his son was arrested during the student strike at the University of California, charged with blocking an entrance, the charge resulted from a mistaken identity and so it was dismissed. Mr. HUEN said that he had wanted FLOYD to study medicine and science, and at first was disappointed when he switched to sociology, but now feels good about it, since FLOYD has done well in school.

Mr. TAK PING HUEN stated that despite reports that FLOYD spoke in the San Francisco Chinatown on May 4, 1969, at a rally where the Red Guard displayed Chinese Communist (Chicom) flags and posters, he is sure that FLOYD is not sympathetic towards the Chicoms, because FLOYD knows from friends and relatives that the Chicoms have often been cruel towards persons who disagreed with them. Mr. HUEN said that the date, May Fourth, commemorates a Chinese national event when Chinese students protested unfair parts of the Treaty which ended the First World War, and were successful in getting the Chinese Government to refuse to sign the Treaty. He pointed out that this was not a communist action and, therefore, FLOYD could speak at a rally commemorating it, without there being any indication he supports the Chicoms.

Mr. HUEN said that nevertheless, he was quite upset by reports that FLOYD HUEN had spoken in public where Chicom flags and propaganda posters were displayed. Mr. TAK PING HUEN stated that FLOYD HUEN has never spoken out at home in favor of the Chicoms or against the American Government, although he has made it clear that he thinks American involvement in Vietnam is wrong and American troops should be brought home right away. He stated FLOYD claims that he and his friends are only interested in making Asian-Americans proud of their racial heritage, and in helping them to learn the things, such as the English language, which will make them better able to have successful lives. He said FLOYD HUEN has frequently mentioned some sort of program for tutoring uneducated Chinese, which he and his friends have set up in the Chinatown area. Mr. TAK PING HUEN said FLOYD does not have any Chicom propaganda displayed in his room and he is sure that FLOYD would never intentionally do anything to harm the United States or to assist its enemies.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:cae

On December 2, 1969, Mrs. SUSAN YEE, nee Susan Huen, also known as Mrs. JOHN D. YEE, 1306 Montgomery Avenue, Berkeley, California, sister of FLOYD HUEN, stated she had never had any reason to consider the latter prone to violence or disloyal to American ideals. She stated FLOYD HUEN has always been a friendly, peaceable person, interested in helping persons and added that the family has been proud of his scholastic achievement and his prominence in campus affairs at the University of California. Mrs. YEE stated that her brother, FLOYD, was elected Vice President of the Associated Students of the University of California and is also administrating or developing an Asian Studies course at the University of California.

She stated that some time ago, her parents were quite upset by rumors that FLOYD HUEN was involved with some Asian-American group which was alleged to be in sympathy with the Chinese Communists (Chicom) but she added she does not believe this allegation is true, because FLOYD HUEN has never, to her knowledge, given any indication of sympathetic interest in communism. She stated that FLOYD HUEN has express concern about minority group rights in America and feels that Chinese and Japanese have suffered from discrimination such as when the Japanese were interned during the Second World War. She stated that FLOYD wants to help Chinese and other minority groups and has joined with friends to set up a program to tutor poor and uneducated Chinese, teaching them the English language and telling them about their rights as citizens and resident aliens.

She added that FLOYD HUEN is also very concerned about the Vietnam situation and feels that as a first step to peace, American troops must be withdrawn from Vietnam. Mrs. YEE said she also wants to see the fighting stop in Vietnam and believes that FLOYD HUEN is in no way disloyal to the United States when he expresses himself against the war in Vietnam. Mrs. YEE said that she does not feel that FLOYD HUEN would knowingly take any action to endanger the security of the United States or to try to overthrow the United States Government.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:cae

She said that she has never known FLOYD HUEN to advocate violence as a means of settling disputes and added she is sure that he would not be active in any group which did advocate violence. Mrs. YEE stated that FLOYD HUEN is very concerned about the disadvantages suffered by poor and uneducated people no matter what their race or origin and declared she is sure that whatever action he may take is designed to help such people and not to harm the United States.

On December 8, 1969, Mr. TOMMY HUEN, 570 Rockport Drive, Sunnyvale, California, an engineer employed by Lockheed Missile and Space Corporation at Sunnyvale, who is the eldest brother of FLOYD HUEN, advised the latter is a peaceable individual, who to the best of his knowledge, has always avoided violence as a means of settling disputes. TOMMY HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN has always been a leader and a good student, graduating from the top of his class at Berkeley High School. Mr. HUEN said that upon graduation, FLOYD received a number of scholarship offers and considered going to Princeton University, but decided to accept a scholarship at the University of California so as to please his parents by remaining at home. According to TOMMY HUEN, the family wanted FLOYD to become a medical doctor, and FLOYD followed this plan during his first two years at the University of California, at Berkeley. Then, according to Mr. HUEN, FLOYD told the family he wanted to go into a field where he could help to solve some of the problems facing society, particularly those involving Chinese as a minority group in America, and those involving elements of the population handicapped by poverty or other disadvantages. Mr. TOMMY HUEN said he tried to persuade FLOYD to continue to prepare himself for a medical career, but FLOYD changed his major course of study to sociology.

He added that FLOYD HUEN did quite well in his studies, graduating with honors from the University of California, while at the same time he took an active part in campus activities. He further stated that FLOYD HUEN received a five year fellowship from the University of California to receive both pay and tuition while studying to earn his Ph.D. in Sociology. According to TOMMY HUEN, FLOYD is now employed by the University of California as Coordinator (or Administrator)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:cae

of the Asian Studies Department. TOMMY HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN has always been popular with his peers and was a leader even when in junior high school and in the Boy Scouts. He mentioned that FLOYD HUEN continued in the Boy Scouts, even in high school, so as to assist his Scoutmaster, Mr. HENRY POY, an attorney practicing in Berkeley and Oakland, California. At the University of California, FLOYD HUEN was elected in his Sophomore year as President of the Chinese Students Club, and then in his Junior year, was elected to the Student Senate of the University. In his Senior year, he was elected Vice President of the Associated Students, and according to TOMMY HUEN, these honors were appreciated by the family and compensated for their disappointment at his decision to change from medical studies.

TOMMY HUEN stated he knows that FLOYD HUEN has been interested in social action to better the conditions of uneducated Chinese in the San Francisco Chinatown, because FLOYD talked to him recently about a tutorial program which he has helped develop, designed to assist uneducated Chinese in learning to read and write English and to understand their rights and duties as residents or citizens of the United States. Mr. TOMMY HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN never mentioned any revolutionary political ideas to him or in his presence and added he never has suspected FLOYD HUEN of harboring any antagonism towards the United States Government or toward American ideals. Mr. HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN is opposed to American involvement in Vietnam and has participated in activities protesting this involvement, including some sort of meeting held in Montreal, Canada, about a year ago. He stated he has felt this activity by FLOYD HUEN arose out of the latter's concern for peace and nonviolence, and added he has never had any idea that it might involve support for enemies of the United States. TOMMY HUEN stated he himself is rather conservative in his viewpoints, and he feels that FLOYD HUEN has ideas which are a bit visionary and impractical, such as the idea that social ills can be cured by spreading the wealth and by educating the disadvantaged. TOMMY HUEN added, however, that he feels these viewpoints are sincerely held by FLOYD and that they will change as the latter grows in experience and maturity.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:cae

TOMMY HUEN said he had heard a rumor that FLOYD HUEN has taken part in activities such as the Red Guard rally at Portsmouth Square in the San Francisco Chinatown on May 4, 1969, but he added he had never questioned FLOYD about this because he did not believe it was factual. He said that he would pay more attention to such rumors in the future and would try to find out what facts might be back of such stories. Mr. HUEN said that even though FLOYD HUEN may have actually participated in the mentioned Red Guard rally on May 4, 1969, as a speaker, he is sure that he would not have made any remarks advocating revolution in America or violent changes in the American government, because FLOYD has always stressed belief in peaceful nonviolent discussion as the proper way to bring about reforms. TOMMY HUEN said that if he should learn that his brother FLOYD was advocating violence and the overthrowing of the American government, he would be the first to condemn him. He stated he knows FLOYD is active in a University organization called the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) which advocates the rights of Americans of Oriental racial descent. TOMMY HUEN said he is sure this organization cannot be oriented toward the use of violence, or FLOYD could not be active in it.

He added that recently his wife's mother was shot by Negro bandits who were robbing her store, and there was some indication these bandits may have been affiliated with the Black Panther Party (BPP). Mr. TOMMY HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN has heard him speak out against the racist policies of the BPP but said nothing to defend the BPP or to indicate that the AAPA was in sympathy with the BPP.

On December 10, 1969, Mr. TONY HUEN, 1115 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California, requested he be contacted concerning his brother, FLOYD HUEN, and arrangements were made to contact him at his home in the evening. Mr. HUEN stated that in view of his own status as an electronics engineer employed in atomic research at the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, Livermore, California, he wanted to go on record as wanting to cooperate fully with the Federal Bureau of Investigation in any investigation of his brother's activities.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

During the contact with Mr. TONY HUEN, the latter stated he has been aware that FLOYD HUEN has been active in student politics at the University of California, Berkeley, and that FLOYD has also participated in demonstrations and meetings in protest of American involvement in Vietnam. He said he has also been aware that FLOYD HUEN is deeply concerned about the problems of minority groups in the United States and is active in a college centered group, the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), which is supposed to be carrying on activities to help Oriental minority people and to make them proud of their cultural and racial heritage.

Mr. TONY HUEN added, however, that he had never heard FLOYD make statements favoring Communist China or communism. Mr. HUEN said he knows that his brother, FLOYD, made a trip to Canada about a year ago to attend a conference which was held in opposition to the Vietnam war and added that he has heard that communist elements, including representatives of the Viet Cong, were active at this conference.

Mr. HUEN was shown a copy of the AAPA newspaper for January, 1969, which devotes a full page to the text of a statement of the Viet Cong, dated November 3, 1968, which denounces the United States and alleges that for 14 years "the U. S. imperialists have carried out a policy of aggression, most ruthless in history, against the Vietnamese people...." It was also pointed out to Mr. TONY HUEN that the AAPA paper carried an article stating that four AAPA-Berkeley people attended the conference in Montreal and helped to change the thrust of the conference "from a 'peace in Vietnam' convocation to a 'stop U. S. imperialism' organizing session." Mr. TONY HUEN indicated he was shocked by such a statement in the AAPA paper and expressed the sincere hope that FLOYD HUEN had not written the article and that it was the other AAPA persons and not FLOYD who were responsible for AAPA attitudes toward the Viet Cong at the conference. Mr. TONY HUEN stated he had never previously seen an AAPA newspaper and added he hopes this means that FLOYD HUEN is not much involved with the newspaper. Mr. TONY HUEN stated he is sure that FLOYD HUEN is

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

essentially loyal to the United States and would not intentionally give aid to enemies of the United States such as the Viet Cong.

Mr. TONY HUEN described his brother, FLOYD, as a sensitive person, who has long expressed deep concern about the problems of poor people and minority groups. He said it has been his understanding that the AAPA group in which FLOYD HUEN is active, has been doing constructive things, such as painting the Senior Citizens' Center in the San Francisco Chinatown and conducting a tutoring program there. He stated that FLOYD HUEN has always impressed him as a peaceable person who would not resort to violence as a means of social protest. Mr. HUEN said he knows that his brother, FLOYD, is alleged to have participated in a Red Guard rally held in San Francisco on May 4, 1969. He said that this allegation was very upsetting to FLOYD's parents and that FLOYD told them the rally was supposed to be a student rally honoring the May Fourth Movement and calling for a campaign to rename Portsmouth Square in honor of the Chinese statesman, SUN Yat-sen. He added that according to FLOYD's account, he did appear at the rally, but left when he saw it was a Red Guard affair with Chinese Communist flags and posters.

FLOYD HUEN's mother, Mrs. TAK PING HUEN, who has only a very limited knowledge of the English language, was present during the interview. Speaking in Chinese, Mrs. HUEN stated that when they learned that FLOYD HUEN had been present at the Red Guard rally in San Francisco on May 4, 1969, she and her husband demanded that FLOYD tell them what this meant and whether he supported the Red Guard's communist ideas. Mrs. HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN told them he was opposed to the ideas of communism and violent revolution and does not support the Red Guard. She added that FLOYD HUEN said the rally was supposed to be a student affair and he went to make a speech praising the May Fourth Movement and the value of student action and to suggest that the name of the Chinatown square be changed from Portsmouth, which honors a U. S. battleship, to SUN Yat-sen, to honor the Chinese statesman who worked for

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

Chinese liberty both in China and in the United States. Mrs. TAK PING HUEN stated she is sure her son, FLOYD HUEN, would never do anything intentionally to harm the United States and that he opposes the use of violence.

Mr. TONY HUEN said that FLOYD HUEN feels that the government should make laws to insure that no one becomes very wealthy and no one remains in poverty. He said that the family has a relative who married his employer and recently inherited great wealth when his wife died. He said that in a joking way, the family asked FLOYD what he would do if this relative should die leaving him this fortune, and FLOYD replied that he would give it all away to the poor.

On November 26, 1969, SF T-7, [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

Open Forum on Chinatown problems and the protest march and rally held in the San Francisco Chinatown on August 17, 1968. SF T-7 stated that HUEN was one of the two principal speakers who summed up the conclusions of the Open Forum held at the Cumberland Presbyterian Chinese Church in Chinatown, and in his remarks HUEN called upon Asian-American youth to speak out against all forms of discrimination and pointed out that it was the collegeage youth of China who successfully led the May Fourth Movement in 1919 and moved the Chinese government to resist the demands of Japan for control of the Chinese land which had been controlled by Germany before the First World War.

SF T-7 said that in January, 1969, he attended the "Yellow Identity Conference" which Asian-American student groups sponsored and held at the University of California at Berkeley, California (UC-B). SF T-7 said that as a leader of one of the sponsoring groups, the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), FLOYD HUEN was one of the moderators of that meeting and was left in control after other leaders walked out when militant demands were made by persons from the San Francisco Chinatown, that the conference should take action to support striking

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

students at San Francisco State College and to condemn the administration of that college. SF T-7 said the group who remained at the conference, after the walkout by the moderate leaders, passed such resolutions while FLOYD HUEN acted as chairman.

SF T-7 stated he next observed FLOYD HUEN as one of the speakers at the May Fourth rally held May 4, 1969, at Portsmouth Square in the San Francisco Chinatown. SF T-7 said that this rally was advertised as an activity by Chinese students of Bay Area colleges, with a wide spectrum of speakers, to honor the May Fourth Movement, but it was actually a Red Guard operation and was boycotted by the scheduled speakers. SF T-7 stated the Red Guard in the San Francisco Chinatown consists mostly of delinquents and youthful criminals who pattern themselves after the Black Panther Party and who are disliked by almost all of the Chinese in San Francisco, whether liberal or conservative in viewpoint. SF T-7 said FLOYD HUEN appeared only as a guest speaker, representing the AAPA, and made only a short speech about the May Fourth Movement and the need for student action to solve problems today. SF T-7 added, however, that the very fact he did appear where Chinese Communist (Chicom) flags and posters were displayed, was a shock, because he had not previously thought of associating FLOYD HUEN in any way with such militants. SF T-7 said that HUEN has taken part in various protest demonstrations denouncing the American involvement in Vietnam, but the source added he does not consider this of any significance, since many other Americans, including he (the source) would like to see American forces withdrawn from that conflict.

SF T-7 stated that at present FLOYD HUEN is a graduate student at the UC-B and has responsibility for developing the Asian Studies Department. He said that in his recent contacts with FLOYD HUEN, he has seen no evidence that the latter desires violent revolution to change the American government or social system and added he believes HUEN is sincere in his concern for poor and minority group people. SF T-7 said that HUEN is a very likeable person

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

and dynamic as a speaker, so it is possible some persons hearing him denounce racial injustices and social inequities, might be stirred to take direct action against persons they felt were responsible for such conditions. However, SF T-7 stated he is convinced that FLOYD HUEN does not advocate violence as a means of protest.

On December 4, 1969, SF T-4, [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] FLOYD HUEN [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] took an active part in a Day of Protest,
[REDACTED] in the

San Francisco Chinatown and which was held on August 17, 1968. SF T-4 stated he was quite impressed with the ability of FLOYD HUEN as a speaker, when HUEN summed up the Open Forum which had been held at the Cumberland Presbyterian Church in Chinatown and called upon the group to all join in the protest march through Chinatown to Portsmouth Square. SF T-4 said this march was designed to waken the solid citizens of Chinatown, the conservatives who control the Chinese Six Companies (Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association), to the problems of poor living and working conditions in Chinatown and to the special needs of uneducated Chinese immigrant youth and elderly persons.

SF T-4 said that subsequently he learned that FLOYD HUEN was among Bay Area college youth who went to a conference in Montreal, Canada, about a year ago, to protest American involvement in Vietnam. SF T-4 said that although that conference was allegedly communist controlled, he does not feel that attendance there was especially significant since the main idea was to register protest against American action in Vietnam, a protest which he, the source, also supports. SF T-4 said he was concerned to note that after FLOYD HUEN and his associates in the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) returned from that conference, the AAPA newspaper carried an article expressing praise and sympathy for the Viet Cong. However, source said he has no idea whether FLOYD HUEN, or some other member of AAPA who went on the trip, was responsible for the article.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:cae

SF T-4 said that what really disturbed him regarding FLOYD HUEN was the fact that on May 4, 1969, FLOYD appeared at a May Fourth Movement rally in Portsmouth Square, where Chinese Communist (Chicom) posters and flags were displayed. SF T-4 said that rally was originally advertised as a student activity in which Bay Area college students of Chinese descent would honor the May Fourth Movement, which took place in 1919 when Chinese students began a national protest against unfair provisions of the Versailles Treaty which would have given the former German concessions in China to Japan.

SF T-4 said [redacted] b7D
[redacted] he sensed that something was amiss and that the meeting would not be controlled by legitimate Chinese student groups, so he warned some of the scheduled speakers against making an appearance. He stated that the actual rally on May 4, 1969, was practically a propaganda rally in favor of the Chinese Communists (Chicoms), with speeches condemning American policies and praising Communist China and North Vietnam, with display of Chicom posters and flags, and with the members of the Red Guard of the San Francisco Chinatown in charge.

SF T-4 said FLOYD HUEN appeared briefly as a speaker representing the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) and while HUEN said nothing to praise the Chicoms or to attack the United States, the very fact that he appeared gave an indication that he and his group at the University in Berkeley were sympathetic to the Chicom ideas of the Red Guard.

SF T-4 said that [redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] b7D

SF T-4 stated that so far as FLOYD HUEN himself is concerned, he has no fear that he would personally engage in violence designed to overturn the American government or to damage American society. SF T-4 said that the suggestions which FLOYD HUEN has made in speeches and conversations,

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES:cae

advocating social changes, appear to be such as can be effected by peaceful negotiation and legislation. SF T-4 said that in his personal estimation, FLOYD HUEN is a non-violent type, but nevertheless a stirring speaker, who might influence an audience emotionally to the point where some excitable types might decide to take direct and violent action against institutions which they felt were holding up the social progress advocated by HUEN.

SF T-1, contacted on December 1, 1969, advised he has been associated with FLOYD HUEN in Asian-American student activity at the University of California, Berkeley, California, throughout the time that FLOYD has been active as a leader of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA). SF T-1 stated that FLOYD HUEN has consistently advocated negotiation and peaceful protest demonstrations in the conflicts which the AAPA has had with the university administration. SF T-1 describes FLOYD HUEN as a "moderate" but it should be noted that SF T-1 has indicated that he feels the term "moderate" includes anyone who is neither an advocate of violent revolution nor a defender of things just as they are.

V. DESCRIPTION

The following description of FLOYD HUEN, and information concerning his family, was secured from his relatives and from the records of the University of California Police Department:

Name	FLOYD HUEN
Chinese Name	HSUAN Te-hui (M)
	[REDACTED]
Racial Descent	Chinese
Citizenship	United States citizen
Birthdata	[REDACTED], at
	Tsingtao, China
Occupation	Graduate student at University of California, Berkeley
Residence	1737 Francisco Berkeley, California

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/crv

Height	5'7"
Weight	150 pounds
Build	Medium
Complexion	Medium sallow
Hair	Black
Eyes	Brown

Relatives

Father, ~~TAK PING~~ ~~HUEN~~, B. APPROX 1910
age 59, residence 1737
Francisco, Berkeley,
California. Retired
from U.S. Navy as Chief
Petty Officer, Navy
Serial Number 4985121,
naturalized 11/14/45,
employed as chef at
Chief Petty Officer's
Club, U.S. Naval Station,
Treasure Island, San
Francisco, California;

China

Mother, ~~LAI KEN~~ ~~HUEN~~,
nee ~~TONY~~ Lai-Ken, age B. APPROX 1911
58, housewife, residing
1737 Francisco, Berkeley,
California;

Brother, ~~TOMMY~~ ~~HUEN~~, born
[redacted] in China,
residing 570 Rockport
Drive, Sunnyvale, California,
employed as engineer by
Lockheed Missile and Space
Corporation, Sunnyvale,
California. Married, with
two children;

b6
b7C

Brother, ~~TONY~~ ~~HUEN~~, born
[redacted] in China,
residing 1115 Shattuck
Avenue, Berkeley, California,

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/crv

employed as engineer by
Lawrence Radiation Lab-
oratory, Livermore,
California. Married, no
children. Wife employed
by Division of Highways,
State of California, at
San Francisco;

Sister, Mrs. SUSAN YEE,
nee SUSAN HUEN, also known
as Mrs. John D. Yee, born
[redacted] in China.

Residing 1306 Monterey
Avenue, Berkeley, California;
employed by school district,
husband is an engineer;

Brother, JAMES HUEN, also
known as Jimmy Huen, born
[redacted] in China;

served as officer in U.S.
Navy. Now an insurance
agent for New York Life
Insurance Company, 415 -
20th Street, Oakland,
California.

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, aka
Black Panther Party for
Self Defense

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by Bobby George Seale, BPP Chairman, and Huey P. Newton, BPP Minister of Defense. Newton is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, George Mason Murray, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX~~CONFIDENTIAL~~PEACE ACTION COUNCIL.

The "People's World", a weekly west coast communist newspaper, in its issue of November 5, 1966, in an article on Page 3, describes the Peace Action Council (PAC) as, "a coordinating agency for peace activists" which conducts emergency mobilizations and demonstrative actions against the war in Vietnam.

On July 22, 1966, a source reported that the PAC, which has also been known as the Greater Los Angeles Peace Action Council (GLAPAC), was formed during the early summer of 1966, for the express purpose of protesting the war in Vietnam during the National Governors' Conference held in Los Angeles, California from July 4 to July 8, 1966. Following the conclusion of that conference, the PAC members decided to continue as a coordinating group to sponsor similar protest demonstrations at later dates.

This source was recontacted on May 8, 1968, and reported that the PAC continues to operate under the same basic concept.

APPENDIX~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RED GUARD
Also Known As
Red Dragon Party

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On March 20, 1969, CLIFFORD TOM, self-admitted Chairman of the Red Guard, advised FBI Agents the Red Guard was formed in March, 1969, to "bring about better conditions for the Chinese people." TOM has admitted to the FBI that Red Guard members possess firearms and regularly study the writings of Chinese Communist Party Chairman MAO Tse-tung.

According to its official newspaper, "Red Guard Community News," the Red Guard advocates that Orientals arm themselves against "racist police oppression," that Orientals be allowed to determine their own destinies, that all Orientals be freed from incarceration, and that the United States recognize the People's Republic of China and Chairman MAO as "the true leader of the Chinese people." The March 12, 1969 edition of this publication contains the following, which is addressed to the "revolutionary people of Chinatown":

"You will not be powerful until you have an ideology common to the revolutionary people of the world. So, you know that the reactionary pigs are your enemies, politically and militarily. Arm yourselves and dare to struggle and dare to win."

The Red Guard is currently headquartered at 615 Jackson Street, San Francisco, California.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 12/12/69

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: *Bnd*
FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

DECLASSIFIED BY *3042 PHS/AB*
ON *11/24/87*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

Classified by *8/24/84*
Declassify on: OADR

Re report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF dated 2/12/69 at San Francisco.

105-190736-101
Bureau authority is requested to interview Subject in accordance with existing instructions relating to interviews of security subjects. If this Subject is cooperative, no affirmative steps will be taken during the initial interview to direct his activities and complete background investigation required by Section 107C of the Manual of Instructions will be conducted and Bureau will be requested to authorize recontact with Subject as a PSI. *(X)(u)*

The following is submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Manual of Instructions:

A. Subject resides with his parents at 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California, and is a graduate student at the University of California, Berkeley, California, (UCB), majoring in Sociology. He is employed at the university as Administrator of the Asian Studies Department. He is of Chinese ethnic descent and was born in China, but received American citizenship through his father who was serving with the U.S. Navy. Subject has resided in the United States since he was a small child. b6
b7C

B. Subject is single.

1737
C. Subject is active as a leader of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA), which he helped to organize in 1968. In its statements, the AAPA describes American Society as "historically racist," declares its support for "all non-white liberation movements," and states its opposition to what it terms: "the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American government." Subject has participated in demonstrations protesting American involvement in Vietnam and alleged mistreatment of minority groups in America. He was involved in a student strike at the UCB and appeared at a Red Guard rally on 5/4/69 at San Francisco and was active in recent protest demonstrations.

2 - Bureau (RM)

2 - San Francisco *1/2/70*

JES/cmp

(4)



REC-30

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

against the President of Korea and the Premier of Japan when same visited San Francisco. During late 1968, he attended a communist organized conference at Montreal, Canada, and subsequently the AAPA newspaper praised the Viet Cong and its representatives at that conference.

D. Not applicable.

E. No close relatives of the Subject have been reported active in any subversive group. As indicated in referenced report, Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, who is returned from U.S. Navy and now a chef at a CPO club at the U.S. Naval Station, San Francisco, and Subject's older brothers, TOMMY HUEN and TONY HUEN who hold Secret clearances in connection with their employment as electronics engineers, all have been cooperative when contacted.

[REDACTED] *TCU*

F. Subject's parents and relatives have suggested that the Subject should be interviewed and have offered their cooperation to try to insure that the Subject will cooperate during the interview. Subject's relatives and acquaintances have all indicated they believe the Subject is opposed to violence and would not advocate violence as a method of social change. According to Subject's relatives, Subject claims he does not support the Red Guard of San Francisco and that he opposes its ideas of communism and violent revolution.

G. It is believed that an interview of the Subject should be attempted in the near future, since rapport has been established with his family and it can be expected that FLOYD HUEN will not bring a hostile attitude to the interview. It has been stressed in contacts with Subject's relatives, that the FBI is not interested in legitimate student activities. If interview is authorized, this will also be stressed with him and he will be advised the FBI is interested in any knowledge he may have of foreign communist groups, such as the Viet Cong representatives at the Montreal Conference and the Japanese militants who called upon their "brothers in America" to make sure that the Japanese Premier, SATO, did not return to Japan. He will also be asked about the Red Guard at San Francisco, since he allegedly told his parents he disagrees with its ideas. It is expected the interview of the Subject may clarify who is responsible for the news in the AAPA paper, where praise of the Viet Cong was set forth and that it will establish Subject's attitudes, and possibly lay the basis for future productive contacts.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Records Branch

7/8/70

, 19__

☒ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527☒ Service Unit - Room 6524

b6

b7C

☒ Forward to File Review☐ Attention ☐☐ Return to ☐

922 D 702

Supervisor

Room

Ext.

Type of References Requested:

☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)☐ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)☐ Subversive References Only☐ Nonsubversive References Only☒ Main ☐ References Only

Type of Search Requested:

☐ Restricted to Locality of ☐☐ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)☐ Buildup☐ VariationsSubject VIETNAMESE PATRIOTIC UNION IN
Canada & U.S. CANADA, aka Union of
Address Vietnamese Patriots in CanadaLocalities ☐R# ☐ Date 7/8

Searcher

Initials ABProd. ☐

FILE NUMBER

SERIAL

NRALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/24/84 BY SP-8 utj/hcyUnion of Vietnamese Patriots
in CanadaNR

11-CV-2131-4b-813

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~**TREAT AS YELLOW**

FBI

Date: 11/22/69

105-190736-

☐ IMMEDIATETransmit the message that follows by coded teletype: ☐ URGENT☒ PRIORITY

TO: ☐ THE PRESIDENT☐ THE VICE PRESIDENT☐ ATT.: _____☐ WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM☐ ATT.: HENRY A. KISSINGER☒ SECRETARY OF STATE☒ [REDACTED]

b3

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/MB
ON 11/24/87☒ DIRECTOR, DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY☐ AND NATIONAL INDICATIONS CENTER☐ DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY☐ DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE☒ U. S. SECRET SERVICE (PID) ☒ ENCODED ☐ PLAINTEXT☐ ATTORNEY GENERAL (BY MESSENGER)☐

From: DIRECTOR, FBI

Classification: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~Subject: VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF HIS EXCELLENCY EISARO
SA 1 FORM MINISTER OF JAPAN, NOVEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTYNINE

(Text of message begins on next page.)

Approved WCS

M Per

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____

51 DEC 19 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☒ Sent

11-CV-2131-46-814

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-194185-26

VZCZCFBI027

PP RUEHOC

DE RUEHFB/027

ZNY CCCCC ZZH

BT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1135AM 11-22-69 HWL

PRIORITY

TO: WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM 01

ATT.: DR. HENRY A. KISSINGER

TO: SECRETARY OF STATE

TO:

b3

TO: DIRECTOR, DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY 01

TO: U. S. SECRET SERVICE (PID) ENCODED

FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI

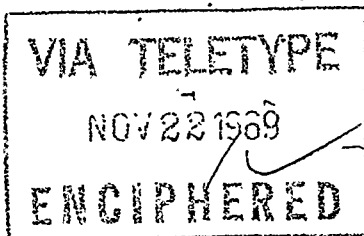
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF HIS EXCELLENCY EISAKU SATO,
PRIME MINISTER OF JAPAN, NOVEMBER NINETEEN, SIXTYNINE

SOURCE ONE ADVISED THIS DATE THAT A RALLY WAS HELD
AT NOON AT SPROUL PLAZA WHERE A VARIETY OF SPEAKERS INCLUDING
FRANK BARDACKE AND PAUL GLOSMAN SPOKE ON BEHALF OF THE
"CHICAGO EIGHT TRIAL" DEFENDANTS. THE RALLY WAS NOT SPONSORED
BY ANY PARTICULAR GROUP. ONE OF THE SPEAKERS WAS FLOYD HUEN
WHO STATED HE WAS REPRESENTING THE ASIAN AMERICAN POLITICAL
ALLIANCE (AAPA). HUEN STATED HE WOULD LIKE TO READ FROM A
END PAGE ONE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-815



PAGE TWO C O N F I D E ~~X~~ T I A L

REPORT FROM THE "AMPO", A JAPANESE NEW LEFT PAPER. THE ESSENCE OF THE REPORT READ BY HUEN PURPORTED TO BE FROM THE NEW LEFT JAPANESE STUDENTS WAS ADDRESSED TO THEIR AMERICAN BROTHERS. REPORT STATED IN EFFECT, WE IN JAPAN WERE UNABLE TO PREVENT PREMIER SATO FROM LEAVING JAPAN FOR HIS TRIP TO AMERICA AND WE WERE UNABLE TO PREVENT SATO FROM ENTERING THE UNITED STATES. THEREFORE, IT IS UP TO OUR BROTHERS IN THE UNITED STATES TO PREVENT SATO FROM LEAVING THE UNITED STATES. AT THIS POINT WITHOUT FURTHER COMMENTS, HUEN INVITED THOSE PRESENT, WHICH NUMBERED ABOUT ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY, TO COME THE THE MARK HOPKINS HOTEL AT THREE PM SUNDAY FOR A DEMONSTRATION AGAINST PREMIER SATO.

SOURCE ONE NOTED THAT THE REPORT READ BY HUEN WAS LENGTHY AND CONTAINED BACKGROUND REGARDING THE JAPANESE NEW LEFT MOVEMENT AND THEIR EFFORTS TO SMASH THE SECURITY PACT BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES AND THE EFFORTS OF THE JAPANESE NEW LEFT STUDENTS TO PREVENT SATO FROM COMING INTO THE UNITED STATES.

END PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE THREE C O N F I D E N T I A L

SOURCE TWO ALSO IDENTIFIED HUEN AND FURNISHED
SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME INFORMATION AS THAT SET OUT ABOVE
FROM SOURCE ONE.

SOURCE THREE ADVISED THAT ACCORDING TO FLOYD HUEN
THE AAPA WAS FOUNDED TO WORK FOR EQUAL RIGHTS FOR PERSONS OF
ASIAN ORIGIN LIVING IN THE UNITED STATES, BUT ALSO SUPPORTS
EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL NON-WHITE MINORITY GROUPS. (S) u

GP-1

BT

NNNN

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-817

WH PLS ACK

QSL Ø1

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b3

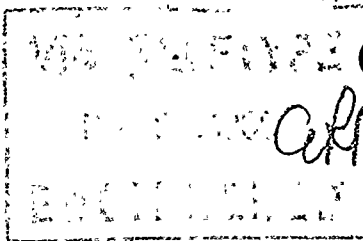
RRRR ACK RECPT UR Ø1 ON 22 NOV ZUB 221638Z AR

DIA PLS CK VIA PHONE

DE DIA QSL FBI Ø1 DM

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-46-818



Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. W. R. _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

WASHINGTON --11--

8:58 PM DEFERRED 11-21-69 KCK

TO DIRECTOR --CODE--

FROM SAN FRANCISCO (105-25254) 3P

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/10B
ON 11/24/87

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES OF HIS EXCELLENCY EISAKU SATO,
PRIME MINISTER OF JAPAN, NOVEMBER, NINETEEN SIXTYNINE,
IS - JAPAN.

Classified by 8/24/84 SP-8 ltp/tyj
Declassify on: OADR

SOURCE ONE ADVISED THIS DATE THAT A RALLY WAS HELD
AT NOON AT SPROUL PLAZA WHERE A VARIETY OF SPEAKERS INCLUDING
FRANK BARDACKE AND PAUL GLOSMAN WHO SPOKE ON BEHALF OF THE
"CHICAGO EIGHT TRIAL" DEFENDANTS. THE RALLY WAS NOT SPONSORED
BY ANY PARTICULAR GROUP. ONE OF THE SPEAKERS WAS FLOYD HUEN
WHO STATED HE WAS REPRESENTING THE ASIAN AMERICAN POLITICAL
ALLIANCE (AAPA). HUEN STATED HE WOULD LIKE TO READ FROM A
REPORT FROM THE "AMPO," A JAPANESE NEW LEFT PAPER. THE ESSENCE
OF THE REPORT READ BY HUEN PURPORTED TO BE FROM THE NEW LEFT
JAPANESE STUDENTS WAS ADDRESSED TO THEIR AMERICAN BROTHERS.
REPORT STATED IN EFFECT, WE IN JAPAN WERE UNABLE TO PREVENT
PRIME MINISTER SATO FROM LEAVING JAPAN FOR HIS TRIP TO AMERICA AND
WE WERE UNABLE TO PREVENT SATO FROM ENTERING THE UNITED STATES.

END PAGE 3096

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

105-190736-
NOT RECORDED
184 DEC 14 1969

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 10/5/84

105-174185-26
105-190736-
105-174185-26
ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-174185-26

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE TWO

SF 105-25254

THEREFORE, IT IS UP TO OUR BROTHERS IN THE UNITED STATES TO PREVENT SATO FROM LEAVING THE UNITED STATES. AT THIS POINT WITHOUT FURTHER COMMENTS, HUEN INVITED THOSE PRESENT, WHICH NUMBERED ABOUT ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY, TO COME TO THE MARK HOPKINS HOTEL AT THREE PM SUNDAY FOR A DEMONSTRATION AGAINST PREMIER SATO.

SOURCE ONE NOTED THAT THE REPORT READ BY HUEN WAS LENGTHY AND CONTAINED BACKGROUND REGARDING THE JAPANESE NEW LEFT MOVEMENT AND THEIR EFFORTS TO SMASH THE SECURITY PACT BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES AND THE EFFORTS OF THE JAPANESE NEW LEFT STUDENTS TO PREVENT SATO FROM COMING INTO THE UNITED STATES.

SOURCE TWO ALSO IDENTIFIED HUEN AND FURNISHED SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME INFORMATION AS THAT SET OUT ABOVE FROM SOURCE ONE.

SOURCE THREE ADVISED THAT ACCORDING TO FLOYD HUEN THE AAPA WAS FOUNDED TO WORK FOR EQUAL RIGHTS FOR PERSONS OF ASIAN ORIGIN LIVING IN THE UNITED STATES, BUT ALSO SUPPORTS EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL NON-WHITE MINORITY GROUPS. (S) u

END PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2181-4b-820

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE THREE

SF 105-25254

SOURCE ONE IS [REDACTED] UCPD.

b6
b7C

SOURCE TWO IS [REDACTED] UCPD.

[SOURCE THREE IS [REDACTED] (S) u

b7D

LOCAL AUTHORITIES ADVISED.

END

RDR

FBI WASH DC

GA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-821

1 - Mr.

b6
b7c

11-25-69

gtr
Airtel

To: SAC, San Francisco (105-23692)

From: Director, FBI (105-190736)

FLOYD HUEN

IS - CH

BUDED: 12-5-69

ReSFlet 6-12-69 and SFTel 11-21-69 captioned "Visit to the United States of His Excellency Eisaku Sato, Prime Minister of Japan, November, 1969; IS - Japan."

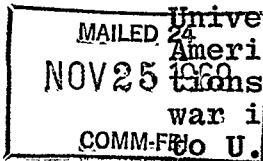
San Francisco immediately submit initial summary report concerning subject to reach Bureau no later than 12-5-69 with appropriate recommendations relative to placing subject on Security Index.

LLA:ljw
(4) *ljw*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/24/84 BY SP-8 Bjt/ty

NOTE:

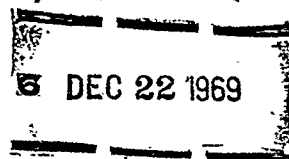
San Francisco has previously initiated investigation concerning subject, a fourth year student at University of California, majoring in sociology. He is a U.S. citizen of Chinese background and has been described as leader of Asian-American political alliance which he helped to organize at University of California and which opposes policies of American Government. He has participated in several demonstrations and rallies protesting mistreatment of minorities and war in Vietnam and recently spoke at rally protesting visit to U.S. of Prime Minister Sato of Japan.



Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Walters _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

EX 104

REC-22



DEC 22 1969

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

11-CV-2131-4b-822

1 - Mr. b6
b7c

SAC, San Francisco (105-23692)

1-7-70

REC-128

Director, FBI (105-190736)-5

EX-109

FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

Reurlet 12-12-69.

Bureau authority to interview subject denied at this time in view of his current status at the University of California, Berkeley. You should set up appropriate administrative ticklers in captioned matter and at the end of the spring semester resubmit your request for interview of subject. However, if additional information is received prior to that time indicating subject would be amenable to interview or desires to be interviewed by the Bureau, you should immediately resubmit your request.

In the meantime, subject should be placed on Reserve Index A in your office.

JDM:ljw
(4) *ljw*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/10/84 BY SP8 lit/ky

NOTE:

Subject is a graduate student at the University of California, Berkeley, majoring in sociology and is employed at the University as Administrator of the Asian Studies Department. He is an active leader of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) which he helped to organize in 1968. AAPA describes American society as "historically racist," declares its support for "all non-white liberation movements," and states its opposition to what it terms "the imperialistic policies being pursued by the American Government." Subject was involved in a student strike at the University of California and appeared at the Red Guard rally on 5-4-69 at San Francisco and was active in recent protest demonstrations against the President of Korea and the Premier of Japan when same visited San Francisco. San Francisco has requested authorization to interview subject based on rapport San Francisco has established with other members of subject's family. Interview not being authorized at this time in view of subject's current enrollment at the University of California and his employment there.

MAILED 20

JAN 7 - 1970

COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Walters _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

51 JAN 10 1970 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

11-CV-2131-4b-823

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

Memorandum

AD FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF Classification
DATE 9-6-79 OAH

TO :

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 6/29/70

CONFIDENTIAL

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692)

SUBJECT:

FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP2 TAP/CG/ulw
REASON - FCIM 11, 1-2.4.2, 3
DATE OF REVIEW 6-29-90

Re summary report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF dated 12/12/69 and Bureau letter dated 1/7/69. 70.

In accordance with referenced Bureau letter, captioned case is being reopened at San Francisco to consider re-submission of a request to interview the Subject. (X) released

Attention of the Bureau is called to the fact that (as indicated in LHM dated 3/11/70, captioned TERUMASA HATANO) that Japanese student organizer stayed with FLOYD HUEN when he visited Berkeley, California, in January, 1970. It is noted that HATANO has been identified as MASAMICHI KOMATA, aka, leader of SEKIGUN-HA (Red Army Faction), a small but highly militant Japanese student extremist group. (X) (u)

Included as a part of this communication is a two page notice dated 3/31/70 entitled "This is an urgent appeal for help for the Vietnamese patriotic union in Canada." This notice was distributed by the American Committee for Solidarity with the Vietnamese People (ACFSWP) from its headquarters at 4945 California Street, San Francisco, California, is set out as follows:

12 - Bureau (RM)

- (1 - Legat, Ottawa)
- (1 - 97-4925; NGUYEN VAN LUY)
- (1 - 100-444419; USCANLF-SV)
- (1 - 100-445230; TEAGUE) released
- (1 - 100- ; ACFSWN)
- (1 - 100-452260; AAPA)
- (1 - 100-456437; KOMATA)
- (1 - 100- ; SEKIGUN-HA)

3 - New York (Info) (RM)

- (1 - USCANLF-SV)
- (1 - 100-153767; TEAGUE) released
- (1 - 100-161993; KOMATA)

9 - San Francisco

- (1 - 97-382; USCANLF-SV) (1 - 100-61891; ACFSWN)
- (1 - 100-61299; AAPA) (1 - 100-65372; KOMATA)
- (1 - 100-66456; SEKIGUN-HA)
- (1 - 105-7245; NGUYEN VAN LUY)
- (1 - 176-132; TEAGUE)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

CONFIDENTIAL

b6
b7c

EXP. PROC.

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

11-CV-2131-40624

March 31, 1970

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THIS IS AN URGENT APPEAL FOR HELP FOR THE
VIETNAMESE PATRIOTIC UNION IN CANADA

There are about 200 organized Vietnamese students among the 500 who have come from the South of Vietnam to study in Canada. Most of them are on scholarships supplied by the Saigon puppets or by certain foundations created by them with the financial support of the U.S. government.

Many of these Vietnamese students are patriotically refusing to go back to Saigon after graduating and have succeeded in organizing a Union of the Vietnamese Patriots in Canada, which stands for peace, independence and neutrality in accordance with the political program of the National Liberation Front and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam. These students raise the demand for complete withdrawal of all U.S. and satellite troops from South Vietnam.

In the face of the Nixon administration's obstinate continuation and intensification of the war in their fatherland, these patriots in Canada, according to our advisor, Nguyen Van Luy, who is in close and direct contact with them, are preparing to organize a big conference in Montreal to be held in July. Representatives of Vietnamese all over North America will be there and the NLF, the PRG and DRV have agreed to send delegations to unite in a discussion of plans to end the war of aggression in their country once and for all.

Invitations have gone out to the government (in exile?) of Prince Sihanouk of Cambodia, and to the Pathet Lao (Hakset) in Laos. It had been their intention to hold this conference the end of March but due to certain dissident elements, three out of the 200 organized patriots in the Union walked out and set up another group called the Association of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada, raising some basic objections to plans for the conference. However, the independent Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada, still the great majority is going ahead with plans for the conference.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OVER

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A preparatory conference is called for April, when a delegation of the Union of Vietnamese Residents in France will come over to join with Vietnamese patriots and sponsors in North America to promote the July conference to make it as broad and productive as possible. Support and sponsorship by peace organizations in both Canada and the U.S. is urgently needed. A few peace organizations in New York are acquainted with the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada, according to Walter Teague, chairman of the U.S. Committee to Aid the NLF of South Vietnam, who, along with Hatano, Japanese student organizer, who has just completed a long tour of this country, strongly supports the Canadian conference and urges other groups to follow suit.

The American Committee for Solidarity with the Vietnamese People meeting in joint session with the Asian Studies in the Bay Area and the Asian-American Political Alliance, have agreed to sponsor the July and April conferences and are making plans to send much needed financial help, in response to an appeal from Tran Que Phuong, one of the responsible Vietnamese Patriotic students who is working hard to make the Montreal meetings successful. The three organizations here mentioned plan to send delegates in July and possibly in April also, and urge that all peace and justice loving Americans join in lending support to these patriotic Vietnamese students in their efforts to advance the struggle to bring an end to the war of aggression in their native land.

Please send letters of support and financial contributions directly to Tran Que Phuong or to the local groups for forwarding.

Addresses are as follows:

Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada
Tran Que Phuong
4710 Fulton, Apt. "A" Phone: (514) 735-3398
Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Asian-American Political Alliance
Floyd Huen Phone: (415) 845-5589
2414 Telegraph Ave Apt. 308 642-6555
Berkeley, Calif.

ACFSWVN - 4945 California St, San Francisco, 94118. Phone (415)
621-9731
221-9939

11-CV-2131-4b-826

-3- ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

The notice states that the ACFSWVP meeting in joint session with the Asian Studies of the Bay Area and the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA) agreed to sponsor a conference organized by the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada, a preparatory conference in April (1970) and a "big" conference at Montreal, Canada, in July (1970). (X) released

The notice lists two San Francisco area addresses to which letters of support and financial contributions can be directed, one being the ACFSWVN and the other being:

Asian-American Political Alliance
Floyd Huen Phone: (415) 845-5589
2414 Telegraph Ave. Apt. 308 642-6555
Berkeley, Calif.

Regarding the address, 2414 Telegraph Avenue, Apt. 308, Berkeley, California, this, according to [] is an apartment shared by Subject and Miss JEANNE QUAN, a student at the University of California, Berkeley, to whom Subject intends to be married on 9/20/70. (X) u b7D

Copies of this letter are designated to the New York file of WALTER DORWIN TEAGUE inasmuch as the notice states that according to WALTER TEAGUE, Chairman of the U.S. Committee to Aid the NLF of South Vietnam (USCANLF-SV), peace organization in New York are acquainted with the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada, and adds that TEAGUE and HATANO strongly support the Canadian conference.

NGUYEN VAN LOY, mentioned in the notice, is on the SI and is subject of SF File 105-7245; Bufile 97-4925. (X) (u)

Bureau is requested to search indices regarding the Vietnamese Patriotic Union in Canada, aka Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada and to furnish any available information regarding the July conference at Montreal of which the Subject appears to be a sponsor, both as leader of the AAPA and as Administrator of Asian Studies at the University of California, Berkeley. (X) released

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, San Francisco (105-23692)

9/10/70

AX 106

REC-122

Director, FBI (105-190736) - 8

1 - Mr.

b6
b7C

FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

ReSFlet 8/31/70.

Authority granted to interview subject. Interview should be conducted by two mature Special Agents at a secure location but not on or near the vicinity of the campus of the University of California at Berkeley. Interviewing Agents should make certain that subject clearly understands that we are not interested in the normal academic pursuits of the institution that he is attending.

If subject proves to be cooperative, do not direct or guide his activities without Bureau authority. Submit results of interview in form suitable for dissemination together with your recommendations concerning any future contacts.

JEM:jlm
(4)

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/HOB
ON 11/24/87

8/24/84
Classified by *[signature]*
Declassify on: OADR

NOTE:

Subject, born in China, is a naturalized U.S. citizen. He is a graduate student and administrator of the Asian Studies Department, Berkeley, California. He was active in the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) which he helped organized and which was described as supporting "all nonwhite liberation movements." Reliable sources advised AAPA is defunct. [A reliable confidential source

claim subject is loyal to basic American ideals and that subject would be amenable to an interview. *[initials]*

b7D

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Woyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAILED 22

SEP 9 1970

COMM-FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

11-CV-2131-4b-828

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 8/31/70

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Classified by *P. Stutz/tey*
Declassify on: OADR

Re San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 6/29/70.

Referenced letter enclosed literature of the American Committee for Solidarity with the Vietnamese People (ACFSWVP), (SF File 100-61891), indicating a conference was to be held in July, 1970, at Montreal, Canada, by the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada at which there would be delegations of the National Liberation Front and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam and of the Hanoi Government. The literature further indicated that sponsoring organizations would include the ACFSWVP, the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA) and Asian Studies in the Bay Area, all of which planned to send representatives to the conference. The literature indicated letters of support and financial contributions should be sent to TRAN QUE PHUONG of the Union of Vietnamese Patriots at Montreal, Canada, or locally to the ACFSWVP in San Francisco or to the AAPA addressed to FLOYD HUEN, 2414 Telegraph Avenue, Berkeley, California.

To date no information has been received indicating above mentioned conference was held, and SF 2496-R, who has been active in campaigning for Asian Studies at the University of California at Berkeley, and in the AAPA there, advised on 8/26/70 that he had not heard of above mentioned conference and knows of no one from the Berkeley campus who may have attended such a conference. SF 2496-R previously advised on 4/8/70, that the AAPA was totally inactive at the University of California at Berkeley, and appeared to be defunct. SF 2496-R added that FLOYD HUEN was the only individual who continued to claim a relationship to the AAPA, this being the result of his having been excluded by other members of the Asian American Students group at the university. (u)

EX-110

Class. & Ext. By *7858-38/ef/ndc*
Reason-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
Date of Review *8/31/90*

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
(1 - 100-452260; AAPA)
7 - San Francisco
(1 - 100-61299; AAPA)
(1 - 105-24447; JEANNE QUAN)
(1 - 100-64975; BRUCE OCCENA)

REC-10

SEP 2 1970

(1 - 170-570A; SF 2496-R)

b7D



5010-108-01

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

11-CV-2131-4b-829

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-452260

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On 8/26/70, SF 2496-R reiterated his previous statement that the AAPA was inactive on the Berkeley campus and that FLOYD HUEN is about the only person who appears to be concerned with it. SF 2496-R said that HUEN is considered something of a moderate in that he seems to feel student activism should be confined to argument and non-violent protest and that violence should be avoided. (S)(u)

[redacted] has advised he is certain that the latter did not travel to Montreal during July, 1970. Source commented that HUEN is to be married in September, 1970, to JEANNE QUAN (SF File 105-24447), a student at the University of California at Berkeley, [redacted]

b7D

[redacted] According to [redacted] the Subject's family and JEANNE QUAN's mother, who lives at Livermore, California, have been much disturbed by the fact that Subject has been sharing JEANNE QUAN's apartment at 2414 Telegraph and are anxious to see this relationship regularized by a formal marriage. (S)(u)

Subject's father, ~~TAK PING HUEN~~, his brother, TONY HUEN, and his sister, Mrs. SUSAN YEE, all residing in Berkeley, California, have recently advised that they believe the Subject would appreciate an opportunity to clarify his position through an interview by the FBI and all claim that the Subject is opposed to violence and is loyal to basic American ideals. However, each of these persons added that they did not want to arrange such an interview. ✓

Although Subject continues to be a graduate student in sociology at the University of California at Berkeley and to be connected with the Asian Studies Department there, it is believed that he should be interviewed to determine his present attitudes, the current status of the AAPA and to possibly secure his cooperation to help prevent violence from erupting on the Berkeley campus.

In particular, it is noted that BRUCE OCCENA, SF File 100-64975, Bufile 100-457047, with whom Subject was associated in the AAPA, is now reported to be in the violence-prone Weatherman group. An interview of the Subject could produce information concerning OCCENA and possibly other former members of the AAPA who may have become associated with that group.

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

REQUEST OF BUREAU

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Bureau is requested to approve an interview with the Subject. It is noted that Bureau letter to San Francisco dated 1/7/70, which denied authority for the interview requested in San Francisco letter of 12/29/69, instructed that San Francisco should resubmit the request for interview of the Subject at the end of the Spring semester. The resubmission of the request to interview was delayed, as noted in referenced San Francisco letter dated 6/29/70, because of the indication that Subject as AAPA leader, was sponsoring the above described Vietnamese conference at Montreal, Canada, and it was felt additional data regarding the conference should be obtained prior to interviewing the Subject. Since there is no indication Subject attended such a conference or even that the conference was held, there is no longer any reason to delay an interview of the Subject.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.
1 - Mr.

b6
b7c

10/2/70

Airtel

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

To: San Francisco (105-23692)

From: Director, FBI (105-190736) - 9

FLOYD HUEN, aka
SM - AAPA
BUDED: 10/15/70

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042PWL/AB
ON 11/24/87

Classified by SP-8 lty/ky
Declassify on: OADR

ReSFlet 9/21/70.

Hold interview in abeyance until facts are fully
ascertained concerning subject's possession of firearms.
Do not interview subject upon authority of Bureau letter
9/10/70 but resubmit request.

Submit an up-to-date report concerning subject
incorporating information, if determined it is identifiable
with subject, which appeared in San Francisco "Examiner" on
9/17/70 concerning individual who purchased .38 caliber pistol
and 9 mm. Browning automatic pistol. Also include information
concerning the pro-Maoist literature and the seven loaded
ammunition clips reportedly found in the trunk of the auto-
mobile owned by the State of California and utilized by the
subject. Information furnished voluntarily to your office
by State Assemblyman Don Mulford concerning handguns pur-
chased by the subject is of extreme importance, particularly
in view of subject's past association with Bruce Occena,
SF file 100-649750, Bufile 100-457047, who formerly was
associated with the subject in the Asian-American Political
Alliance (AAPA) and who is now reported to be a member of
the Weatherman group.

The report should also include in the synopsis the
fact that the subject is armed and should be considered
dangerous. Submit recommendation to include subject on the
Security Index. This case must be handled expeditiously
and thoroughly. You should determine if subject has license
for the handguns and if he does, on what basis he was granted

JEM:bkr

(6)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-832

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

MAILED 12
OCT 2 1970
COMM-FBI
Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
Bishop
Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

55 OCT 14 1970

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Airtel to San Francisco
Re: Floyd Huen
105-190736

the license. Furnish copies of report locally to Secret Service. Recheck your source concerning the subject's activities as well as current status of his activity in the AAPA.

Report and recommendation for inclusion on the Security Index should reach the Bureau no later than 10/15/70.

NOTE:

Subject is leader of AAPA. He was born in China, is a naturalized U.S. citizen and a graduate student as well as an administrator of the Asian Studies Department of the University of California, Berkeley. [Information furnished by source earlier indicated that AAPA is defunct and that subject is loyal to basic American ideals and would be amenable to interview.] Information appeared in San Francisco "Examiner" (daily newspaper) without naming subject but indicated that University of California campus police were investigating individual who had used state-owned car which contained flight bag full of ammunition and Maoist literature. State Assemblyman Mulford contacted San Francisco Office to advise he was contemplating investigation of Huen and that he received information that Huen had purchased two handguns. San Francisco requested interview of Huen 9/10/70, however, in view of subject's recent activities, appears he should be in Security Index and further penetrative investigation conducted.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS - CH

DATE: 9/21/70

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re Bureau letter to San Francisco dated 9/10/70.

Included in this letter is a xerox copy of a newspaper article from the "San Francisco Examiner" issue dated 9/17/70. This article indicates that California Assemblyman DON MULFORD has requested a police examination into the fact that ammunition and Maoist literature had been found in a flight bag in the trunk of a state-owned vehicle assigned to the University of California and into the activities of the graduate student who had driven that vehicle 1176 miles in two days just before the ammunition and Chicom literature were discovered. The article further stated that according to information in the possession of Assemblyman MULFORD, this graduate student purchased a .38 caliber Chief Special pistol from a Berkeley, California, gun shop on 12/17/69 and one week later purchased a 9mm caliber Browning automatic at an Oakland, California, gun shop.

100 - 452260 -
100 - 151646 -

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF Class.
DATE 10-9-79 bj

DECLASSIFIED BY SP-8 ltp/ky
ON 8/10/84

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-2 top/bj
REASON - FCIM 11, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 9-21-90
10-15-79

REC 18
ST-111

105 - 190736 - 9

5 - Bureau (RM)

(1 - 100-151646; University of California, Berkeley) SEP 23 1970
(1 - 100-452260; AAPA)

4 - San Francisco

(1 - 100-34204; University of California, Berkeley)
(1 - 100-61299; AAPA)

JES/cmp

(9)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

Classified
b6
b7c

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

11-CV-2131-4b-834



(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Faculty Aide

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Ammo Probe For UC Auto

By Ed Montgomery

University of California campus police are seeking to establish ownership of a flight bag containing ammunition and Maoist literature found in the trunk of a State-owned car.

The car pool vehicle, bearing tax exempt license plates, was used by a number of students and at least one faculty member during August, according to William Beall, who heads the university's statewide police.

On Aug. 26 an attendant in the campus garage in Berkeley discovered the bag containing seven carbine clips loaded with .30 caliber bullets, together with a quantity of revolutionary literature.

"Representatives of at least three student groups and one faculty member from San Diego used the car during August," Beall said.

"We are awaiting the receipt of credit card purchases during the month to determine precisely where the car had been driven and who signed for gas."

A graduate student employed as a teaching assistant who is a leader within the Third World Liberation Front is known to have used the car for a three day period during which he drove 1176 miles.

A former member of the Student Senate, he was arrested during the Third World Liberation Front riot

on Telegraph Avenue in Berkeley in March of 1969.

He signed for use of the car in the name of the Asian Ethnic Study Group, which qualifies for car pool transportation.

Assemblyman Don Mulford, author of legislation barring guns from campus, informed Beall of a complaint he had received that the teaching assistant had made recent gun purchases.

"In light of the information brought to my attention and in view of the violence which has occurred on campus at various universities around the state, I am deeply concerned that a teaching assistant is buying guns and driving a state car at taxpayers' expense," Mulford said.

"I would like to know if those guns were taken on campus — what they were purchased for.

"I have asked Chief Beall for a report once the investigation is completed."

The teaching assistant referred to purchased a Smith & Wesson .38 caliber Chief Special pistol from Earl E. Buchanan Guns at 2934 College Ave., Berkeley, on Dec. 17, 1969, The Examiner learned.

A week later the same individual purchased a 9 mm caliber Browning automatic at Siegel's Guns, 508 W. McArthur Blvd., Oakland.

In one instance he gave a Telegraph Avenue address and on the second purchase listed a Francisco Street address, both in Berkeley.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

9 S.F. Examiner

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 9-17-70

Edition: 9 Star Final

Author: Ed Montgomery

Editor: Edmund J. Dooley

Title: FLOYD HUEN;
UNIVERSITY OF CALIF.,
BERKELEY, CALIF.

Character: INFO. CONCERNING
or (IS) SF 105-23692
SF100-34204

Classification: 105-100
Submitting Office: SF

☐ Being Investigated

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In regard to this newspaper article, it is noted that Assemblyman DON MULFORD contacted the San Francisco Office on 9/16/70 to advise that he was contemplating an investigation of FLOYD HUEN, a graduate student and teaching assistant at the University of California, Berkeley, who had recently driven a state-owned vehicle 1176 miles in two days. Mr. MULFORD added that seven loaded ammunition clips were found in the trunk of the vehicle after HUEN returned it, and that he was also concerned because he had received information showing that HUEN purchased two hand guns during 12/69. Assemblyman MULFORD indicated he was contacting the FBI because he did not want to interfere with any investigation that the FBI might be conducting concerning HUEN. Mr. MULFORD was advised that any investigation he might cause to be conducted concerning these activities of HUEN would not interfere with the FBI and he thereupon advised that he would request [redacted] [redacted] of the University Police Department to initiate investigation concerning HUEN.

b6
b7C

In view of the above information, the interview with HUEN, approved by referenced Bureau letter, will not be conducted at this time. Upon the completion of the investigation by [redacted] the Bureau will be advised as to the results, and a re-evaluation will be made of the advisability of an interview with the Subject.

A copy of this communication is designated to the Bureau and San Francisco files concerning the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA) in view of the fact that Subject, according to SF 2496-R, is now more or less the sole leader of that organization. X(u)

LEAD

SAN FRANCISCO

AT BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA: Will follow investigation of the Subject by [redacted] of the University of California Police Department.

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN SAN FRANCISCO	DATE 10/14/70	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/26/70 - 10/12/70
TITLE OF CASE FLOYD HUEN, aka <i>11/24/87 3042 PWS/AB</i> <i>Classified by</i> <i>Declassify on: OADR</i>		REPORT MADE BY JAMES E. SHERRIFF	TYPED BY sad
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - AAPA	
		CONFIDENTIAL	

REFERENCES: San Francisco summary report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF dated 12/12/69.
Bureau letter to San Francisco dated 1/7/69.
San Francisco letter to the Bureau dated 6/29/70.
Bureau letter to San Francisco dated 9/10/70.
San Francisco letter to the Bureau dated 9/21/70.
Bureau airtel to San Francisco dated 10/2/69.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE

San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 9/21/70, advised that interview of Subject authorized by Bulet dated 9/10/70, would be deferred pending results of investigation by the University of California Police Department (UCPD) into report that loaded ammunition clips had been found in State owned vehicle which Subject had driven and that Subject had purchased two hand guns in December of 1969.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

8/28/84
Classified by
Declassify on: OADR

APPROVED <i>RE 9/27</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE
COPIES MADE: ⑤ - Bureau (105-190736) (RM) 4 - San Francisco (105-23692) (1 - 105-24447) (JEANNE QUAN HUEN)	
Dissemination Record of Attached Report	
Agency	USAIL, DSE, ONE, SS, DAO, FSD, CI
Request Recd.	
Date Fwd.	10/29/70
How Fwd.	1215
By	H. J. FEM

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
105-190736-10	REC-1
OCT 19 1970	
CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRS) DATE: 2/10/88 3042 PWS/AB 84-19684-2384-1969-18/88 NAT. SEC.	

53 NOV 3 1970

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR
ADD. DISSEMINATION.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

As indicated in this report, the seven ammunition clips found in the State owned vehicle on 8/26/70, were actually empty, and there is no evidence to prove any connection between them and the Subject, since other persons also used the vehicle during the month prior to the time it was serviced on 8/26/70.

With respect to the report that the vehicle was driven over 1,000 miles in a three day period (8/1-4/70), while signed out to the Subject, it is noted that he claimed to SF 2496-R that he made no such use of the vehicle, and also that the charge-out practice of the University garage was such that it is quite possible someone else could have used the car and charged it to the Subject, if he had knowledge of the charge-out number assigned to the Asian Studies group. With respect to the handguns reported to have been purchased by the Subject, SF 2496-R advised the Subject states he still has these guns at home and that he obtained them for self protection. Both SF 2496-R and the UCPD noted it was not unusual for students at Berkeley to own weapons.

In view of the above considerations and since SF 2496-R states that Subject is opposed to the use of violence and is considered conservative by more militant members of the Asian-American community at the University of California, it is believed he should not be placed on the Security Index at this time, but should again be considered for interview.

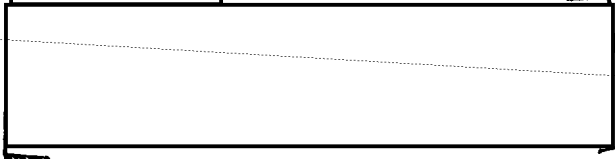
UACB, he will not be recommended for inclusion on the Security Index at this time, and a separate communication will be sent to the Bureau again requesting permission to interview him.

Sources mentioned in this report are identified as follows:

<u>Informant</u>	<u>Located in File</u>
SF T-1 is SF 2496-R	170-570

SF T-2 is

SF T-3 is



b6
b7C
b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES:sad

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



b7D

SF T-4 is



SF T-5 [is



This report is classified ~~Confidential~~ because it contains considerable information from SF 2496-R, a source of continuing value in the racial and security fields, and unrestricted dissemination could possibly lead to the disclosure of this source and adversely affect the security of the United States. In addition, the information from SF T-3 was so classified.

LEAD

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, Will submit appropriate request for authority to interview the Subject, UACB.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: JAMES E. SHERRIFF
Date: 10/14/70

Office: SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Field Office File #: 105-23692

Bureau File #: 105-190736

Title: FLOYD HUEN

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

Character: SM - AAPA

Synopsis:

In January, 1970, a Japanese student organizer, later identified as MASAMICHI KOMATA and his wife, both active in the Red Army faction of ultra-radical students in Japan, stayed at Berkeley, California residence of FLOYD HUEN and his girl friend, JEANNE QUAN. An open notice by the American Committee for Solidarity with the Vietnamese People, dated 3/31/70, indicated Vietnamese group in Canada to hold conference in July, 1970, and listed FLOYD HUEN as person through whom support could be forwarded. Source advised the Asian American Political Alliance, which HUEN helped organize, is now dead issue and indicated HUEN is excluded by some of the Asian-Americans because of his moderate, non-violent attitude. Police investigation concerning empty ammunition clips found in State owned vehicle at University of California, Berkeley, disclosed HUEN was one of the persons who used that car, and that HUEN had purchased two hand guns in December, 1969. HUEN claimed to source he had no knowledge of clips and that guns were purchased for self-protection. HUEN was married on 9/20/70, to JEANNE QUAN, University student from Livermore, California.

- P -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP I, Excluded from
automatic downgrading and declassification

DETAILS:*MAS AOKI HI KAMATA*~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

III
WASH
HU

SF T-1 advised on January 26, 1970, that TERUMASO HATANO, believed to be a student at Tokyo University in Japan, was visiting the United States and staying at the residence of FLOYD HUEN in Berkeley, California. SF T-1 added that HATANO had been in the United States about a week, accompanied by his wife, and that upon his arrival in the United States, he had contacted DAVID HILLIARD, Chief of Staff of the Black Panther Party (BPP), and asked to be put in touch with militant Japanese-American students in the San Francisco Bay Area. According to SF T-1, HILLIARD referred HATANO to RICHARD AOKI, leader of the Third World Liberation Front (TWLF) at the University of California at Berkeley (UCB).

A characterization of the BPP is contained in the appendix pages.

According to SF T-1, the TWLF is a coalition of non-white student groups, namely Black, Chicano (Mexican-American), Filipino, Chinese and Japanese.

Its stated purpose is to initiate discussion and to develop programs pertinent to the needs of Third World (non-white) students, and to promote the political, economic and cultural welfare of Third World peoples. A spokesman for the TWLF expressed the Third World idea as follows:

"The first world is the capitalist world, the second world is the Communist white world, and the third world is the non-white world composed of people from Asia, Africa and Latin America."

SF T-1 indicated that when HATANO attempted to contact AOKI through the Asian Studies Office, he was put in touch with FLOYD HUEN, who had been associated with AOKI in the direction of Asian Studies at the UCB and in the leadership of the Asian American Political Alliance (AAPA) at the UCB. According to SF T-1, HUEN was one of the organizers of the AAPA, which he described as a student alliance for protesting racism in America and "American imperialism."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

According to SF T-1, HATANO indicated that he was seeking to organize opposition to the renewal of the Japanese-American Security Pact and that he planned to visit Seattle, Washington, and Chicago, Illinois, to contact national leaders of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS).

A characterization of the SDS is contained in the appendix.

It is noted that according to information received from SF T-2 on January 20, 1970, HATANO, in contacting SDS leaders, left word that he could be reached at telephone number 845-5589, a telephone listed to JEANNE QUAN, 2414 Telegraph Avenue, Apartment 308. The mailbox at this address was observed to bear the names: JEANNE HUEN and FLOYD QUAN, and SF T-1 advised HUEN and QUAN were living together at that Berkeley, California address.

b6
b7c

Regarding JEANNE QUAN, it is noted that according to SF T-1, she was attending meetings of the AAPA at Berkeley, California, on several occasions during the period December, 1968 through August, 1969, and participated with other AAPA people, including FLOYD HUEN, in demonstrations at San Francisco, opposing the visit of the Japanese Premier to the United States, and renewal of the Japanese-American Security Pact. It is also noted that the February 23, 1969, issue of the "Independent", a newspaper published at Livermore, California, carried an article in which Miss QUAN was described as a leader of the AAPA at the UCB and as a graduate of Granada High School, who was actively involved in the student strike at the UCB. In this article Miss QUAN was quoted as condemning police violence against striking students and as claiming that many students who were beaten up and arrested were simply spectators who happened to be standing in the wrong place. Miss QUAN admitted some students had thrown rocks, but she claimed this tactic was not condoned by the strike leadership.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

She declared the striker's tactic was supposed to be non-violence, but added, "we can't control everyone." According to UCB records, Miss JUANNE QUAN was born [redacted] and entered the UCB from Granada High School in September, 1967.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~b6
b7c

On April 8, 1970, SF T-1 advised that HATANO had been in Berkeley, California, on March 18, 1970, at which time he indicated he would depart the United States for Japan on March 20, 1970. According to SF T-1, HATANO related that he had contacted some Asians in Chicago and New York City as well as in the San Francisco Bay Area and hoped to exchange information with these persons following his return to Japan. HATANO indicated to SF T-1 that he had failed to make contact with SDS leaders in Chicago, because the Weatherman faction of the SDS had forceably closed up the National SDS Office there. SF T-1 advised that HATANO gives the impression that he follows the political thinking of the Chinese Communist leader, MAO Tse-tung. SF T-1 added that HATANO claimed to be a leader of the Left Wing faction of the Japanese student organization, Zengakuren. On May 6, 1970, SF T-1 identified a photograph of MASAMICHI KOMATA as identical with the person known to him as HATANO and a photograph of AKIYO SHIRAI as identical with the person known to him as HATANO's wife.

It is noted that SF T-3, a confidential source abroad, advised on February 20, 1970, that MASAMICHI OMATA, a graduate student of Kyoto University in Japan, accompanied by AKIYO SHIRAI, had departed Japan on November 12, 1969, destined to the United States, with plans to set up an international coalition of radical students. According to SF T-3, both were identified as activists in the Sekigun-ha (Red Army) faction of the ultra-radical students in Japan.

On February 17, 1970, SF T-1 advised that the Asian Studies Division of the Ethnic Studies Department at the UCB had been the subject of much discussion and dissension among the Asian-American students at the University. SF T-1 said that as a result of this dissension, the AAPA has become completely inactive. SF T-1 said that within the Asian Studies group, FLOYD HUEN has been an advocate of a conservative position which looks for development of an Asian Studies program within the framework of the UCB, while others have espoused a radical position,

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-843

seeking the creation of a community college independent of and separated from the University. Subsequently, on April 8, 1970, SF T-1 advised that the AAPA at the UCB is totally inactive and appears to be defunct. SF T-1 said that FLOYD HUEN is the only individual who continues to claim a relationship with the AAPA and source expressed the opinion that this is due to the fact that HUEN has been excluded by other members of the Asian-American student group on account of his more conservative attitude.

SF T-1 indicated that as a member of the staff of the Asian Studies division of the Ethnic Studies Department at the UCB, HUEN continues to be included in meetings of the teaching and administrative staff and was one of some 20 to 25 persons who attended an "invitation only" meeting held for the staff at the Asian Studies San Francisco Office, 834 Kearny Street, San Francisco, at which the guest speaker was DAVID MILTON, who had recently returned to the United States after teaching in Communist China for several years.

On various occasions during 1964 through 1968, sources disclosed that DAVID HEPBURN MILTON was residing and teaching in Peking, China. Sources have advised that MILTON was a member of the Communist Party in New York City, East St. Louis, Illinois, and St. Louis, Missouri, during the period 1944 to 1959, when he moved to San Francisco, California.

On April 15, 1970, SF T-4 made available a copy of the April, 1970 issue of "Solidarity", a publication of the American Committee for Solidarity With the Vietnamese People (AMFLWVP), 4945 California Street, San Francisco. Included in this publication was an open letter or notice dated March 31, 1970, entitled, "This Is An Appeal For Help For the Vietnamese Patriotic Union In Canada." This two page notice indicates that the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada who demand "complete withdrawal of all U.S. and satellite troops from South Vietnam", intended to hold a conference in July of 1970 at Montreal, Canada, to discuss plans to end what is termed "the war of aggression" in Vietnam. The notice mentions that such a conference was strongly supported by HATANO, described as "a Japanese

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

student organizer who has just completed a long tour of this country." The notice indicates that the ACFSWVP meeting in joint session with the Asian Studies in the Bay Area and the AAPA agreed to sponsor the conference and planned to send financial help and delegates. The notice closed with a statement that letters of support and financial contributions could be sent directly to Tran Que Phuong, 4710 Fulton, Apartment "A", Montreal, Quebec, Canada, one of the responsible leaders of the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada or locally either to the ACFSWVP at 4945 California Street, San Francisco, or to FLOYD HUEN, 2414 Telegraph Avenue, Apartment 308, Berkeley, California, representing the AAPA.

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR Solidarity with the Vietnamese People
 Regarding the ACFSWVP, it is noted it uses the address of its secretary, MARGARET DRIGGS. During interview by Special Agents of the FBI on January 25, 1955, Mrs. DRIGGS advised that she and her husband became active in the Communist Party during the 1930's at Tacoma, Washington, and continued membership and activity in the Communist Party or the Communist Political Association, until they were expelled in 1964. When contacted on December 13, 1968, regarding the ACFSWVP, Mrs. DRIGGS advised she had initiated this group by putting out a leaflet in October, 1968, but had been unable to spend any time to develop it into a going organization. 4945 CALIFORNIA ST. SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

During August, 1970, relatives of FLOYD HUEN, including his father, TAK PING HUEN of 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California, were contacted to determine whether FLOYD HUEN might have travelled to Montreal, Canada, during July, 1970, to attend the above mentioned conference of the Union of Vietnamese Patriots in Canada. They advised they were sure that FLOYD HUEN did not travel to Canada during July, 1970, and expressed their conviction that the latter is opposed to violence and loyal to basic American ideals. All indicated that FLOYD HUEN's plans for marriage to JEANNE QUAN set to take place in September, 1970, has entailed family conferences at which any travel by FLOYD to Canada would certainly have become known.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On August 7, 1970, SF T-5, who has known HUEN for years, said that HUEN's family and the mother of JEANNE QUAN, who lives at Livermore, California, have been much disturbed by the fact that HUEN has been sharing JEANNE QUAN's apartment at 2414 Telegraph Avenue in Berkeley and are anxious to see this relationship regularized by a formal marriage. (A) u

On August 26, 1970, SF T-1 advised that he had no knowledge of any conference which FLOYD HUEN might have attended at Montreal, Canada during July, 1970. SFT-1 reiterated that the AAPA was entirely inactive on the Berkeley campus and added that FLOYD HUEN now appears to be about the sole member and the only person concerned with it. SF T-1 remarked that FLOYD HUEN has somewhat isolated himself from other Asian activists because of his moderate attitude. SF T-1 said HUEN is considered a moderate because he seems to feel that student activism should be confined to argument and non-violent protest and that violence should be avoided.

The San Francisco "Examiner", in its issue dated September 17, 1970, carried an article stating that the UCB campus police were seeking to establish ownership of a flight bag containing ammunition and Maoist literature found in the trunk of a State owned car. The article stated that on August 26, 1970, an attendant at the campus garage in Berkeley discovered a bag containing seven carbine clips loaded with .30 caliber bullets, together with a quantity of revolutionary literature. The article indicated that among those who had used the vehicle during August, 1970, was a graduate student employed as a teaching assistant, who is a leader within the Third World Liberation Front, and added that during the time the car was signed out to this person in the name of the Asian Ethnic Study Group, it was driven 1176 miles. The article described the graduate student as a former member of the Student Senate and indicated he was arrested during the student strike at Berkeley in March of 1969. The article further stated that California Assemblyman DON MULFORD, the author of legislation barring guns from California campuses, informed Chief WILLIAM BEALL he had received information that the mentioned teaching assistant had made recent gun purchases. According to the article, Assemblyman MULFORD stated, "I am deeply concerned that a teaching assistant is buying guns and driving a state car at taxpayers expense. I would like to know if those guns were taken on campus ---." The article stated that the mentioned

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

teaching assistant had purchased a Smith & Weston .38 caliber Chief Special pistol from Earl E. Buchanan Gun at 2934 College Avenue, Berkeley, On December 17, 1979, and one week later had purchased a .9 mm caliber Browning automatic at Siegel's Guns, 508 West McArthur Boulevard, Oakland, California, in one instance giving a Telegraph Avenue address and in the second listing a Francisco Street address, both in Berkeley. ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In connection with the arrest mentioned above, it is noted that during the student strike at the UCB, FLOYD HUEN was arrested by the University of California Police Department (UCPD) on March 3, 1969, on a charge of blocking a pedestrian access while picketing. The charge was dismissed "in the interest of justice", and according to HUEN's father and brother, this dismissal took place because the charge resulted from a mistaken identity. Regarding the two addresses used in the gun purchases, it is noted that FLOYD HUEN has been residing at 2414 Telegraph Avenue and also uses his parents address, 1737 Francisco, both in Berkeley, California.

Contact with the UCPD at Berkeley disclosed that the ammunition clips found in the State car were not loaded and were in a paper shopping bag when found. UCPD Sergeant [redacted] advised that the investigation of this incident was being conducted by Officer [redacted]. Sergeant [redacted] advised that FLOYD HUEN, a teaching assistant in Asian Studies, was one of the persons who had driven the vehicle but he added there was no evidence to connect him with the ammunition clips found in the vehicle.

b6
b7c

On October 6, 1970, Lieutenant [redacted] of the Berkeley Police Department advised that his department had never issued FLOYD HUEN a license to carry a weapon. Lieutenant [redacted] stated that HUEN never applied for such a license and that if he had done so he would not have been given a license since there appeared to be no reason why he would need to carry a weapon. Lieutenant [redacted] added that it was entirely legal for a citizen to own a hand gun provided he did not carry it concealed without proper authorization.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On October 7, 1970, SF T-1 advised he had immediately recognized that the above mentioned San Francisco "Examiner" article referred to FLOYD HUEN. He said that out of concern for the reputation of HUEN and the Asian Studies group on the campus he had discussed the article at length with HUEN and is convinced that HUEN knows nothing of the ammunition clips which were left in the vehicle. SF T-1 added that HUEN claims he has not used any University vehicle for long trips during 1970 and has no idea who may have used his name and that of the Asian Studies Division to charge out the State owned vehicle, which was driven more than 1,000 miles in three days while charged to him. SF T-1 remarked that it has been very easy in the past to charge out a car at the University Garage, since all that one needed to do was to give a name and to know the number assigned to any group or division authorized to sign out a car. SF T-1 said that any person who knew the number assigned to the Asian Division of the Ethnic Studies Department could have gone to the garage and used HUEN's name to sign out a vehicle. SF T-1 said that he questioned FLOYD HUEN regarding the two hand guns he was alleged to have purchased in December, 1969, and that HUEN readily admitted these purchases, saying he had obtained the guns for "self-protection", and still has them at home, but does not carry them. SF T-1 remarked that to the best of his knowledge, it is common practice for students at the UCB to own weapons and added that there is no offense against the law if such weapons are not carried concealed. SF T-1 commented that FLOYD HUEN is presently employed as a Research Assistant in the Asian Studies Division of the Ethnic Studies Department at the UCB on a university salary. SF T-1 added that the AAPA which was formerly headed by HUEN is now a dead issue and not even mentioned by HUEN.

On October 13, 1970, Lieutenant [REDACTED] UCPD, advised that the UCPD was unable to determine who was responsible for leaving the empty ammunition clips and/or the three posters praising Communist China, which were found in the trunk of a State owned vehicle when it was serviced on August 26, 1970. He indicated that there was no evidence to connect HUEN with these items other than the fact that he was one of the persons to whom the vehicle was signed out during the first part of the month. Lieutenant LUDDEN further indicated that the UCPD was making no investigation concerning the two hand guns allegedly purchased by HUEN, since no crime was involved. He added

b6
b7c~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

that measures had been taken at the UCB garage to tighten procedures for charging out vehicles so that in the future responsibility can be more accurately assessed when there is possible misuse of a State-owned vehicle.

On October 13, 1970, Officer [] of the UC Police Department, advised that he had investigated the matter, when a mechanic at the UCB garage reported on August 26, 1970, that he had found seven empty ammunition clips and three paper posters of a Chinese communist nature in the trunk of a State-owned vehicle which he was servicing. Officer [] displayed the seven empty ammunition clips, but added that the three posters have evidently been destroyed. He said there were no identifiable fingerprints on the ammunition clips and that he had been unable to ascertain who was responsible for placing them in the trunk of the car. He added that no crime had been committed and his investigation was simply for informational purposes.

b6
b7C

Officer [] said that during the course of his investigation he discovered that according to the mileage charts some 1,176 miles were placed on the State-owned vehicle in question, while it was charged to the Asian Ethnic Study Group under the name of FLOYD HUEN during a period of three days, starting August 1, 1970, and ending August 4, 1970. He added that he had also ascertained that FLOYD HUEN's driver's license, which had to be renewed before his birthday, [] was apparently not renewed, so that if he was driving a State-owned vehicle as the garage files show, he was doing so without a valid license.

b6
b7C

Officer [] said the garage attendants are supposed to check driver's licenses to make sure they are valid and to establish the identity of the person taking the vehicles. He said he discovered that this has not been done in all cases in the past and noted that it was certainly not done when the car was charged out to FLOYD HUEN, whose license expired last May. Officer [] expressed the opinion that FLOYD HUEN or some of his associates in the Asian Studies Division were probably responsible for leaving the empty

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/pae

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ammunition clips and the communist posters in the State-owned vehicle, but he added that there is no way of fixing responsibility and no further investigation of the matter is contemplated by the UC Police Department.

On September 30, SF T-5 advised that he has no knowledge of the two handguns which FLOYD HUEN purchased in December, 1969. He said that FLOYD has always claimed to be non-violent in his philosophy and actions, so he is at a loss to explain these purchases. SF T-5 expressed the opinion that FLOYD HUEN may have purchased them for self-protection in view of the fact that robberies and burglaries in the Berkeley area seem to be on the increase. SF T-5 remarked that FLOYD HUEN and JEANNE QUAN were married on September 20, 1970, at Berkeley, California. *(S) u*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)
 also known as
Black Panther Party for Self Defense

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

According to the official newspaper of the BPP, the BPP was started during December 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY G. SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, Minister of Defense, BPP.

The official newspaper, called "The Black Panther," regularly states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to as "pigs" who should be killed.

The newspaper, in its issue of September 7, 1968, had an article by the then Minister of Education, GEORGE MURRAY. This article ended with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

The BPP newspaper, issue of October 5, 1968, had an article introduced with the following statement: "We will not dissent from American government. We will overthrow it."

DAVID HILLIARD, Chief of Staff, BPP, in a speech at the San Francisco Polo Field on November 15, 1969, said "We will kill Richard Nixon."

DAVID HILLIARD, in the "New York Times," issue of December 13, 1969, was quoted as follows: "We advocate the very direct overthrow of the government by way of force and violence."

In the issue of April 25, 1970, the BPP newspaper had an article by Minister of Culture EMORY DOUGLAS as follows:

"The only way to make this racist US government administer justice to the people it is oppressing, is...by taking up arms against this government, killing the officials, until the reactionary forces...are dead, and those that are left turn their weapons on their superiors, thereby passing revolutionary judgement against the number one enemy of all mankind, the racist U.S. government."

The BPP Headquarters is located at 1046 Peralta Street, Oakland, California. Branches of the BPP, and Committees to Combat Fascism, under control of the BPP, have been established in various locations in the USA.

*APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) as commonly known, came into existence at a founding convention held during June 1962, at Port Huron, Michigan. From an initial posture of "participatory democracy," Marxist-Leninist ideology of various shadings became predominant during 1968-1969 with debate centering on how best to create a revolutionary youth movement. SDS moved from involvement in the civil rights struggle to an anti-Vietnam war position to advocacy of a militant anti-imperialist line linking up the oppressed peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America with the black liberation movement in the United States. All major factions within SDS embrace Marxism-Leninism and identify internationally with China, Cuba and North Vietnam as countries leading the world-wide struggles against the United States. However, the Soviet Union was regarded as imperialist and with the Communist Party, USA, "revisionist" in nature.

SDS operated under a national constitution which called for an annual National Convention (NC) and quarterly National Council meetings wherein programs were initiated and debated. Three national officers were elected annually with a National Interim Committee to run the organization. Regional offices and college chapters elected delegates to the national meetings but each functioned independently on local matters. Its official publication "Fire" (formerly "New Left Notes") last appeared in December 1969.

Internal factionalism of serious proportions developed during 1968-1969 and the following three factions evolved as a result of a split at the June 1969 NC: Weatherman, Worker Student Alliance, and Revolutionary Youth Movement. The effect of the split on SDS chapters throughout the country was divisive. Some aligned with one or the other of the three major factions. Others, unable to identify with any faction, disassociated with SDS completely and changed names.

The SDS national office in recent years was located at 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois. It was closed in February 1970.

The Weatherman and Revolutionary Youth Movement groups no longer consider themselves associated with SDS and the Worker Student Alliance group refers to itself as the true SDS.

• APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Francisco, California
October 14, 1970

Title FLOYD HUEN

Character SM - AAPA

Reference Report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF
dated and captioned as above
at San Francisco, California.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (105-190736) DATE: 10/14/70

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
SM-AAPAALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/24/84 BY SP-8 [signature]

This case will be delinquent.

Date of Bureau deadline: 10/15/70

Reason for the delinquency: Police Officer [redacted] who investigated allegations against Subject, on behalf of the University of California Police Department, could not be contacted until 10/13/70, so as to include his findings and comments in the report concerning the Subject. b6 b7c

Date ☐ airtel ☒ report ☐ letter ☐ LHM will reach the Bureau: 10/16/70

AEC zone designation; e.g., OR, CH, etc.:
(This applies only to 116 cases.)

☒ No administrative action necessary.

- ① - Bureau (RM)
1 - San Francisco

11-CV-2131-4b-854

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/UB
ON 11/24/87

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 12/4/70

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN
SM - AAPA

Re report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF dated 10/14/70 at San Francisco.

Bureau authority is requested to interview Subject in accordance with existing instructions relating to interviews of security subjects. If this Subject is cooperative, no affirmative steps will be taken during the initial interview to direct his activities and complete background investigation required by Section 107C of the Manual of Instructions will be conducted and Bureau will be requested to authorize recontact with Subject as a PSI. (X)(u)

The following is submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Manual of Instructions: (X)(u)

A. Subject resides at 2414 Telegraph Avenue, Apt. 308, Berkeley, California, and is not presently employed. Subject, according to [redacted] now hopes to become a medical doctor, and is devoting most of his time to study, preparing for entrance examination to medical school. He hopes to be admitted to the medical school of the University of California, but is also making application to other schools. Subject is of Chinese racial descent and was born [redacted] at Tsingtao, China, while his father was serving with the U.S. Navy there. He derived United States citizenship from his father, TAK PING HUEN, who was naturalized a United States citizen on 11/14/45, while serving in the U.S. Navy. (X)(u)

B. Subject was married on 9/20/70 at Berkeley, California, to JEANNE QUON, a native born United States citizen born [redacted] whose widowed mother resides at Livermore, California. She is presently a student at the University of California, majoring in Sociology. (X)(u)

C. Subject in 1968 was one of the founders of the Asian-American Political Alliance (AAPA) which issued manifesto pledging support of all non-white liberation movements and

3 - Bureau (RM APPROVED)
2 - San Francisco
1 - [redacted] (15)

DEC 17 1970

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2 DEC 7 1970

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

DEC 17 1970
COMM-FBI



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

JES/cmp

condemned American imperialism. Subject was principal leader of the AAPA and his differences with other AAPA personalities caused AAPA to become inactive by summer of 1970. In late 1968, Subject was one of AAPA representatives at Hemisphere Conference to End the War in Vietnam and subsequent issue of AAPA newspaper praised the Viet Cong representation there and condemned American involvement in Vietnam. During Third World Liberation Front Student Strike at University of California, Berkeley, Subject served on Legal Defense Committee, and appeared on picket line. Subject represented AAPA at rally in San Francisco 5/4/69, but allegedly left rally after finding it was Red Guard controlled. During 7/69 Subject attended United Front Against Fascism Conference sponsored by Black Panther Party at Oakland, California. Subject participated in demonstrations against Security Pact between Japan and United States and spoke at rally in Berkeley, 11/21/69, calling for demonstrations against visit of Japanese Premier. Subject purchased two handguns in 12/69, allegedly for self-protection. In 1/70, Japanese radical student organizer, leader of ultra-radical student group in Japan, stayed at apartment of Subject and JEANNE QUON in Berkeley, California. In 3/70, Subject was listed as AAPA person to contact regarding support or attendance at proposed Canadian conference of Vietnamese group in Canada opposed to present government of South Vietnam. In 8/70, several unloaded ammunition clips were found in trunk of University of California vehicle which several persons, including Subject, had driven, but Subject reportedly denied knowledge of the clips.

D. Subject's spouse has been reported at several meetings of the AAPA starting in 12/68 and in the Fall of 1969, she participated with other AAPA people, including the Subject, in demonstrations opposing the visit of the Japanese Premier to the United States and the renewal of the Security Pact between Japan and the United States. Her hometown newspaper at Livermore, California, on 2/23/69 carried a report of an interview with her concerning the student strike at the University of California, Berkeley, in which she condemned police violence against striking students, but admitted that some students had thrown rocks, claiming such student action was not condoned by the strike leadership.

E. Relatives of Subject and his spouse have never been reported as involved or interested in any subversive group. Subject's parents, brothers and sister have been contacted and indicated desire to cooperate with the FBI.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-856

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F. SF 2496-R, who was active in AAPA leadership, and other sources indicate the AAPA now defunct, partly because of antagonism between Subject and other AAPA leaders who considered Subject to be too moderate. Subject has withdrawn from active participation in the Asian Studies Program at the University of California, Berkeley, and has changed his study interest from Sociology to Medicine. [redacted]

[redacted] expressed opinion that Subject fundamentally opposed to violence as means of effecting social change, and that because of radical stance of other Asian-Americans active in the Asian Studies Program at the Berkeley campus and particularly because he was suspected of leaving ammunition clips in vehicle which other students had also used, Subject has decided to disassociate himself from those radical elements. J(x) u

b7D

G. It is believed that an interview with the Subject would be logical at this time, while Subject is at odds with radical Asian-American elements at the University of California, Berkeley. It is felt interview should not be delayed unnecessarily, since the militant graduate student, WAI KIT QUON, who led opposition to Subject's more moderate stance, has now gone to Hong Kong to do research for the University of California, and his absence may bring some Asian-American students back to the influence of the Subject. Subject's change of major from Sociology to medicine indicates he is acceding to parental desires and would be possibly ready to accede to his parents desire that he cooperate with the FBI. His former position as Acting President of the Student Body at the University of California, Berkeley, and his leadership in Asian-American protests against American involvement in the Far East, give him a background where he can associate with student and Asian-American radicals. Some of his former associates in AAPA, such as BRUCE OCCENA, SF File 100-64975, have been to Cuba with the Venceremos Brigade and may be in touch with Weatherman fugitives. Subject's alleged opposition to violence may dispose him to be cooperative with FBI investigation of such persons. [redacted]

b7D

[redacted] it is felt that it will be useful to conduct the interview right away, before the Subject is accepted for medical school. Subject is temporarily not a student but this situation is only temporary. It is noted that Bureau previously authorized an interview of the Subject by Bureau letter to San Francisco dated 9/10/70,

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

but this was held in abeyance pending inquiry regarding the episode of the finding of the ammunition clips in the University vehicle which Subject (among others) had driven.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) (P)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
SM - AAPA

DATE: 2/18/71 3042 PWS/AB
DECLASSIFIED BY
ON 11/24/87

Declassify on: OADR

Re San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 12/4/70, copy returned to San Francisco by Bureau routing slip dated 12/17/70, approving request for interview of Subject.

Efforts to contact the Subject for interview during December, 1970, and January, 1971, were unproductive, since Subject was temporarily in the New York City area, staying with his brother, JIMMY HUEN, and seeking admission to Medical School. On 1/27/71, Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, was contacted at the Non-Commissioned Officers Club, Treasure Island Naval Station, San Francisco, where he continues employment as a chef. Mr. TAK PING HUEN stated that Subject had returned from New York City and had resumed work as a teaching assistant at the University of California. Mr. HUEN said Subject will definitely attend medical school next fall, either at the Eastern University where he has been assured of acceptance, or at the University of California, where he has applied and is waiting approval. TAK PING HUEN said that he and Subject's mother are very pleased that Subject has decided to give up social action work in favor of medical study and they hope he will attend the University of California Medical School. TAK PING HUEN commented that Subject and his wife, JEANNE QUON HUEN, have given up their Telegraph Avenue apartment and are now staying at the family home, 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California.

On 2/10/71, during an attempt to contact the Subject for interview, Subject's wife, JEANNE QUON HUEN, was contacted at 1737 Francisco Avenue, Berkeley, California. She advised that neither she nor the Subject are presently active in any social action activity and that they have nothing to hide from the FBI, but she added that she is not sure whether the Subject would be willing to talk with representatives of the FBI. She explained that she and the Subject feel they have done nothing that should cause them to be investigated by the FBI since they are interested only in such things as world peace and the welfare of Chinese-Americans and other minorities in

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - San Francisco

JES/cmp
MAR 2 1971

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEB 22 1971

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

America. Subject's wife stated she would advise the Subject that the FBI desired to talk with him, but she added she did not know whether he would respond.

On the evening of 2/10/71, Subject telephonically contacted SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF. Subject stated he has been aware for some time that the FBI has had an interest in his activities and he wondered why he had not been approached in 1969 when his relatives were interviewed concerning him. It was explained to the Subject that the inquiries made in late 1969 arose because of a report that he had read a message from a Japanese student group to students at the University of California, and had reportedly commented upon the message in such a way that a threat to the safety of the visiting Prime Minister SATO of Japan was implied. Subject was informed that he was not interviewed at that time, because other investigation, including interview of his relatives, made it appear that no threat to the life of Prime Minister SATO was intended, so it was not necessary to interview him. It was further explained that the FBI avoids unnecessary interviews with students and University personnel, out of respect for academic freedom. Subject was told that the FBI does not concern itself with student activities unless some clear violation of Federal law is involved.

With respect to his own activities, Subject was informed that the FBI was interested in the extent to which he may have been involved with the Japanese student leader, MASAMICHI KOMATA, who traveled in the United States about a year ago under the name, TERUMASO MATANO, and who used as a local address, the Telegraph Avenue apartment in Berkeley, California, where Subject and JEANNE QUON were living. Subject stated this was about a year ago and he would have to collect his thoughts and consider the matter before he could discuss the visit of that Japanese student. Subject was also informed that several persons with whom Subject has been associated in Asian workshops, demonstrations and similar activities are of interest to the FBI, because they have visited in foreign countries controlled by communist governments such as the CASTRO regime in Cuba, or because they are leaders in groups such as the Red Guard of the San Francisco Chinatown, which advocates violent methods of expressing support for Communist China and disapproval of the American government. Subject indicated he does not approve of persons who advocate violence or who would support the enemies of the United States, but he added he could not say whether he might be willing to discuss such persons with the FBI. In terminating the contact with

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692
JES/cmp

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SA SHERRIFF, the Subject stated he would consider the possibility of talking with the FBI about such matters and would advise of his decision in the near future.

It is noted that no information indicating social action activities on the part of the Subject has come to the attention of the FBI for several months, and that his parents, and [redacted] believe he has every intention of avoiding further involvement in such activities. (A) u

b7D

Subject was politely cordial during the contact on 2/10/71, but he did not furnish any information of security value and only indicated he would consider whether he would furnish information. In view of these considerations this case will be retained in a pending status awaiting Subject's decision as to whether he will furnish any information to the FBI. If no word is received from Subject, he will be re-contacted and results furnished to the Bureau.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 5/27/71

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) -G-

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/HOB
ON 11/24/87

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS-CH

8/28/84
Classified by SP-8 BTJ/Hcy
Declassify on: OADR

RE: SF Letter to Bureau 2/18/71.

Subject did not recontact the FBI at San Francisco to advise concerning the results of his promise to consider whether he would furnish information. During April, 1971, attempts to locate him at his home, 1737 Francisco Avenue, Berkeley, Calif., failed to find him at home, and although his father, TAK PING HUEN, said he would ask the Subject to call the FBI, he did not do so.

On 5/18/71, Subject's wife, JEANNE QUON HUEN, was contacted at 1737 Francisco and was questioned as to whether she or the Subject had been in touch with anyone else from Japan, since the time that the Japanese student leader, MASAMICHI KOMATA, aka TERUMASO HATANO, stayed with them in Berkeley, Calif. last year. (This question was asked her, in view of the information received in Bureau Airtel dated 4/22/71 captioned IKEHARA MASAO, indicating the latter, like HATANO, was a leader in the Sekigun-Ha (Red Army) faction of the Japanese radical left, and that he had gone to the United States in November, 1970, and was in San Francisco.) Mrs. HUEN stated she and the Subject had not entertained any Japanese visitors since the visit of HATANO, but added she did not know whether the Subject might have met visiting Japanese students more recently, in his position as an instructor in the Ethnic Studies Department of the University of California at Berkeley.

The sudden death of Dr. CHEN Shih-hsiang, Director of the University of California Center for Chinese Studies, and [redacted] provided an opportunity for an unofficial contact with the Subject, during which the latter was superficially friendly, but still uncooperative.

No notice of the Subject has come to the attention of the FBI recently, other than remarks by Former [redacted] who advised [redacted] an Asian Studies class which the Subject was teaching in the Ethnic Studies Department

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - San Francisco

(3)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JUN 3 1971

NAT. INT. SEC.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

11-CV-2131-4b-862



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 105-23692

of the University of California at Berkeley, Calif. Source stated this class deals with medical and social services from an Asian-American viewpoint and that the Subject does not express pro-Chicom sympathies in his remarks to his students. Former [redacted] b7D said that the Subject makes remarks critical of the "Establishment" in the Chinatown of San Francisco and Oakland, Calif. and of the relationship between White Americans and persons of minority racial descent, but also indicates that conditions are improving. Source expressed the opinion that Subject's principal disagreement with American government policy today, regards the war in Vietnam, and source added that he is himself in agreement with HUEN that American troops should be withdrawn from Vietnam without delay.

Subject and his wife continue to reside with Subject's parents at 1737 Francisco Avenue, Berkeley, Calif. His father claims that Subject is now avoiding involvement in political controversy and intends to concentrate upon study to become a medical doctor. It is apparent that the Subject has no desire to provide information to the FBI and it is believed that further efforts to talk with him would produce little of any value and might be a source of embarrassment in view of Subject's connection with the University of California. It is noted that Subject's former close associate, SF 2496-R, has advised Subject lost support of militant Asian-American students, because he was too moderate, and had been excluded by others in the Asian-American group at Berkeley, on account of his more conservative attitude. [redacted] b7D [redacted] has expressed opinion Subject is fundamentally opposed to violence as a means of effecting social changes. J(2) u

In view of the above considerations, no further efforts will be made to talk with the Subject, unless he initiates such a contact. He has been fully identified and his activities of interest have been fully set out in previous communications suitable for dissemination. His present activities do not appear to warrant further investigation, and this case is being closed.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~INTRECEIVED~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 3/30/72

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) -P-

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN, aka
IS-CH

DECLASSIFIED BY 3942 PWS/AS
ON 11/24/89

RE: SF Letter to Bureau dated 5/27/71.

Classified by 8/28/84
Declassify on: OADR

Enclosed for the New York Office are the following:

Summary Report of SA James E. Sherriff dated 12/12/69 at SF.
Report of SA James E. Sherriff dated 10/14/70 at SF.
SF Letter to Bureau dated 12/4/70.
SF Letter to Bureau dated 2/18/71.
SF Letter to Bureau dated 5/27/71.

some of the

(It will be noted that earlier enclosures listed carry the classification as IS-AAPA.) (Bureau advised by communication dated 3/2/71, that the classification should be IS-CH.)

On 3/22/72, [redacted]

b7D

advised that the latter is now in the New York City area, attending the Albert Einstein Medical School. (X) u

NEW

LEAD: New York Office:

Will check records of the Albert Einstein Medical School of Yeshiva University, for verification that Subject is now residing in New York.

- ② - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (Encl. 5) (RM)
3 - San Francisco
(1 - 105-24447; JEANNE QUAN HUEN)
JES/jes
(7)

REC-29

105-190736-14

APR 3 1972

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

53 APR 6 1972

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

11-CV-2131-4b-264

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-116910) (RUC)

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN aka
IS-CH

DATE: 5/4/72

ReSFlet to Bureau, dated 3/30/72.

Relet requested NYO to verify subject's presence in NYC.

NYO indices contain no information identifiable with subject.

On 4/7/72, records of Yeshiva University, were caused to be checked by SA WARREN A. GORTON and reflected that FLOYD HUEN presently resides at 140 Claremont Ave., NYC, Apartment 2F, and is a student at Albert Einstein Medical School studying to be a medical doctor. He began his studies in August, 1971. He was born [redacted] at Tsingtao, China. He is a US citizen and formerly resided at 1737 Francisco, Berkeley, California. He received a BA degree in 1969 from University of California at Berkeley.

b6
b7c

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8/28/84 BY SP-8 [signature]

REC-103

- 10 2 - Bureau
2 - San Francisco (105-23692)
1 - New York

RAM:kap
(5)

105-190736-15
MAY 9 1972

NAT. INT. SEC.



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

11-CV-2131-4b-865

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DATE: [6/29/73] (S)(u)

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-24447) (RUC) (S)(u)

SUBJECT: JEAN QUAN HUEN, aka
IS - CH
OO: NEW YORK (S)(u)

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWS/AB/12/84
ON 11/24/87
Classified by SP8 hty/ty
Declassify on: OADR

Re San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 6/5/73 (S)(u)

Relet disclosed that the New York Office had determined that Subject and her husband, FLOYD HUEN, are residing at 40 East Broadway in New York City. Office of Origin, therefore is being changed to New York and captioned matter is considered RUC to the new Office of Origin. (S)(u)

Enclosed for the New York Office is one xeroxed copy of each of the following items: (S)(u)

1. Newspaper clipping from the 2/23/69 issue of the "Independent", published at Livermore, California.
2. Memorandum of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF to SAC, San Francisco dated 5/19/69.
3. Report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF dated 10/14/70 at San Francisco, captioned "FLOYD HUEN, aka, SM - AAPA".
4. Legat, Hong Kong letter to Bureau dated 8/31/72, captioned "JEAN LAI QUAN, aka, IS - CH".
5. WFO letter to Bureau dated 11/7/72, captioned "LAI JEAN QUAN, aka, IS - CH".

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
(1 - 105-190736) (FLOYD HUEN)
3 - New York (105-126731) (RM)
(1 - 105-116910) (FLOYD HUEN)
2 - San Francisco
(1 - 105-23692) (FLOYD HUEN)

JES:nb
(8) APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF Class

DATE 9-10-81

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NOT RECORDED
49 JUL 3 1973 (S)(u)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE
GPO 2131-4b-866

AUG 23 1973

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ORIGINAL FILED IN

[SF 105-24447
JES:nb]

(S)(u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Attention of the New York Office is called to the index of the report of SA JAMES E. SHERRIFF dated 1/29/70, at San Francisco, captioned "ASIAN AMERICAN POLITICAL ALLIANCE (AAPA), IS - MISCELLANEOUS", copies of which were designated to New York file 105-100715. That report includes all available information concerning Subject's participation in AAPA activities. (S)(u)

Interview of the Subject concerning her trip into Communist China is left to the discretion of New York as the new Office of Origin. (S) u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

11-CV-2131-4b-867

105-24447 (S)(U)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Subject, in her passport application dated 6/29/71, had indicated she had never been married, replied that Subject and FLOYD HUEN were certainly married and that Subject must have filled out her passport application a long time ago, before they were married. (It is noted that according to sources [redacted] b7D Subject and FLOYD HUEN, their marriage took place at Berkeley, Calif. on 9/20/70.) TAK PING HUEN has refused to furnish the present residence address of the Subject and FLOYD HUEN, claiming on one occasion that he had "lost" the address, and more recently, that Subject and FLOYD HUEN have moved and he does not have their address. TAK PING HUEN did state, however, that Subject and FLOYD HUEN are residing in New York City, where FLOYD HUEN continues to attend the Albert Einstein Medical School of Yeshiva University. (It is noted that as of May, 1972, per NY Letter to Bureau dated 5/4/72, captioned, FLOYD HUEN, FLOYD HUEN was residing at 140 Claremont Avenue, Apartment 2F, New York City.) (S)(U)

[redacted] has advised that Subject returned to the United States in the Fall of 1972, after a lengthy visit in Hong Kong and Communist China. [redacted]

[redacted] Subject [redacted] had spent several months in Hong Kong studying Mandarin Chinese, but source expressed the opinion that Subject had actually been b7D in Mainland China for much of the time. Source recalled that in late 1971, he had reported the Subject's departure from the United States for what source believed to be a visit to Communist China, possibly in company with other young people from the United States. [redacted] expressed concern lest Subject may have received some revolutionary training from the Chicoms while she was in Communist China. (S)(U)

In this connection it is noted that as indicated in referenced SF Letter dated 7/25/72, by which the case concerning FLOYD HUEN was RUC'd to the New York Office, TAK PING HUEN admitted when contacted that Subject had visited his home briefly in the Fall of 1971, while passing through the San Francisco area, en route to the Far East, on a trip being made with other young people, but he added he did not believe Subject intended to visit Communist China. TAK PING HUEN stated at that time that when he took Subject to the San Francisco airport in late 1971, he had the impression she was taking advantage of some cut-rate tour for students and would visit Hong Kong and other Far East locations, but not Communist China. (S)(U)

On 2/28/73, Mr. SHIH LAN TENG, aka TENG Shih-lan, who is a retired Chief Petty Officer of the U.S. Navy and who is the Chef in charge of the kitchen at the Chief Petty Officer's Club of the U.S. (S)(U)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

U.S. Naval Station, Treasure Island, San Francisco, Calif., advised that TAK PING HUEN is employed under his supervision and that he has known him and his family for a great many years, ever since they were both in the United States Navy as Chief Petty Officers during the Second World War. Mr. TENG stated he met the Subject briefly during her stay in Berkeley after her return from her visit to China. He said that from her remarks and from what he has heard through his wife, who is a very close friend of Mrs. TAK PING HUEN, he believes that much of the time while Subject was in the Orient, she was studying Mandarin Chinese. Mr. TENG said he assumed her study of the Chinese language was in Mainland China, but that he really does not know where the Subject spent her time while she was abroad. Mr. TENG remarked that as a close friend of FLOYD HUEN's parents, he watched FLOYD grow up, and was aware that FLOYD was something of a problem because of his aggressive attitude, and especially after he went to the University of California and began to associate with radical agitators there. Mr. TENG said one of his own sons was in the University at that time and was careful to avoid association with FLOYD HUEN and the latter's radical associates. Mr. TENG said that after FLOYD and the Subject were married and FLOYD HUEN left to study medicine in New York, he and his wife felt very happy because they felt that FLOYD HUEN would no longer be such a problem to his parents. (S)(u)

[redacted] address at which the Subject and FLOYD HUEN presently reside in New York City. Source added however, that he feels reasonably sure he can obtain this address before long [redacted] (S)(u) b7D

LEADS:

NEW YORK OFFICE (S)(u)

Will through the Albert Einstein Medical School of Yeshiva University, attempt to secure the current residence address of the Subject and her husband, FLOYD HUEN. (S)(u)

[SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE] (S)(u) b7D

Will through continued contact with [redacted] attempt to secure present residence address of the Subject and her husband, FLOYD HUEN, in New York City. (S)(u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (105-190736)

DATE: 7/25/72

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (105-23692) - RUC -

SUBJECT: FLOYD HUEN

IS-CH

OO:NY

DECLASSIFIED BY 3042 PWT/AB
ON 11/24/87

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

RE: SF Letter to Bureau 3/30/72, NY Letter to Bureau 5/4/72.

Referenced NY Letter advised Subject resides at 140 Claremont Avenue, Apartment 2F, New York City and is a student at Albert Einstein Medical School, Yeshiva University, studying to be a medical doctor.

Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, 1737 Francisco Street, Berkeley, Calif. advised on 7/24/72 that Subject and his wife continue to live in New York City, where Subject is taking an accelerated medical course, going to school during the Summer months as well as during the normal school year.

In view of the above, the New York Office is considered the Office of Origin and this matter is considered RUC at SF. All pertinent serials, including a summary report concerning the Subject, were forwarded to NY with referenced SF Letter.

SF has also a file concerning Subject's wife, JEANNE QUAN HUEN, SF File 105-24447. Pertinent information concerning her is included in serials previously furnished to New York with re SF Letter, specifically, the Report of SA James E. Sherriff dated 10/14/70 and the SF Letters dated 12/4/70, 2/18/71 and 5/27/71, all captioned FLOYD HUEN, IS-CH.

JEANNE HUEN flew to the Orient late in 1971 and in opinion of source, might have gone to Communist China for a visit. Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN, stated JEANNE visited them briefly while passing through San Francisco area en route to the Far East, on a trip with other young people, but added he did not believe JEANNE HUEN intended to visit Communist China. He said he took

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
- 3 - New York (105-116910) (RM)
 - (1 - 105- JEANNE QUAN HUEN)
- 2 - San Francisco
 - (1 - 105-23692)
 - (1 - 105-24447)

JES/jes

(8) 58 AUG 1 1972 221

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REC 43

EX-116

JUL 28 1972

NAT. SEC.



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JEANNE HUEN to the airport at San Francisco, when she left the area on the trip to the Far East and his impression was that she was taking advantage of a cut-rate trip for students which would tour Japan, Hong Kong and other Far East locations, but not Communist China.

SF File 105-24447 will remain in a closed status at SF, and is not being RUC'd to New York, in-as-much as NY has not specifically determined that she is actually residing in New York City with her husband as is stated by Subject's father, TAK PING HUEN. In the event that NY determines she is actually residing there and has become of some investigative interest to the New York Office, her SF file can be re-opened and RUC'd appropriately. However, three copies of instant communication are designated to NY, so that one copy can be utilized to create an index file there concerning JEANNE QUAN HUEN.

It is noted that Subject was previously carried on the Reserve Index-A by the SF Office, because of his activity as the leader of the Asian American Political Alliance at the University of California at Berkeley. No information of activities by the Subject which might be of investigative interest in the security field has come to the attention of the SF Office since 1970 and his Reserve Index Card has been destroyed with no recommendation that he be placed on any category of the ADEX. Such recommendation is left to the discretion of the NY Office based upon any current activities by the Subject which may come to the attention of the New York Office.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LEGEND Insert N/A to the items below which are not applicable

PERSONAL DATA	1. LAST NAME - FIRST NAME - MIDDLE NAME [REDACTED]		2. SERVICE NUMBER [REDACTED]		3. a. GRADE RATE OR RANK ATTN2 (E-5)		b. DATE OF BIRTH (Day, Month, Year) 16 OCT 65	
	4. DEPARTMENT, COMPONENT AND BRANCH OR CLASS NAVY - USN		5. PLACE OF BIRTH (City, State and Country) [REDACTED]		6. DATE OF BIRTH [REDACTED]		7. a. RACE MALE	
	7. b. SEX MALE		c. COLOR HAIR BLACK		d. COLOR EYES BROWN		e. HEIGHT 72"	
TRANSFER OF DISCHARGE DATA	8. U.S. CITIZEN [REDACTED]		9. MARITAL STATUS SINGLE		10. a. HIGHEST CIVILIAN EDUCATION LEVEL ATTAINED [REDACTED]		b. MAJOR COURSE OR FIELD ACADEMIC	
	11. a. TYPE OF TRANSFER OR DISCHARGE TRANSFERRED TO RESERVE		b. STATION OR INSTALLATION AT WHICH EFFECTED U.S. NAVAL STATION, TREASURE ISLAND, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA		c. EFFECTIVE DATE 31 AUG 66		d. TYPE OF CERTIFICATE ISSUED [REDACTED]	
	12. LAST DUTY ASSIGNMENT AND MAJOR COMMAND LIGHT PHOTOGRAPHIC SQUADRON SIXTY THREE		13. a. CHARACTER OF SERVICE [REDACTED]		14. SELECTIVE SERVICE NUMBER [REDACTED]		15. b. DATE INDUCTED NOT APPLICABLE	
SERVICE DATA	16. SELECTIVE SERVICE NUMBER [REDACTED]		17. DISTRICT OR AREA COMMAND TO WHICH RESERVIST TRANSFERRED COMMANDING OFFICER, U.S. NAVAL RESERVE MANPOWER CENTER, NAVAL TRAINING CENTER, PATERBRIDGE, MARYLAND		18. TERMINAL DATE OF RESERVE OBLIGATION 13 AUG 67		19. a. SOURCE OF ENTRY <input type="checkbox"/> ENLISTED (First Enlistment) <input type="checkbox"/> ENLISTED (Prior Service) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> REENLISTED	
	20. PRIOR REGULAR ENLISTMENTS ONE		21. GRADE, RATE OR RANK AT TIME OF ENTRY INTO CURRENT ACTIVE SERVICE SA-EEF		22. PLACE OF ENTRY INTO CURRENT ACTIVE SERVICE (City and State) LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA		23. HOME OF RECORD AT TIME OF ENTRY INTO ACTIVE SERVICE (Street, RFD, City, County and State) LOS ANGELES, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA	
	24. STATEMENT OF SERVICE a. CREDITABLE FOR BASIC PAY PURPOSES (1) NET SERVICE THIS PERIOD: 04 00 10 (2) OTHER SERVICE: 01 00 08 G. TOTAL (Line (1) + line (2)): 05 00 18 b. TOTAL ACTIVE SERVICE: 04 00 10 c. FOREIGN AND/OR SEA SERVICE: 01 11 00		25. a. SPECIALTY NUMBER AND TITLE ATN-68374		b. RELATED CIVILIAN OCCUPATION AND D. O. T. NUMBER ELECTRONICS TECHNICIAN (profess & kin)		26. DECORATIONS, MEDALS, BADGES, COMMENDATIONS, CITATIONS AND CAMPAIGN RIBBONS AWARDED OR AUTHORIZED ARMED FORCES EXPEDITORY MEDAL NATIONAL DEFENSE SERVICE MEDAL	
VA DATA	27. WOUNDS RECEIVED AS A RESULT OF ACTION WITH ENEMY FORCES (Place and date, if known) NONE		28. SERVICE SCHOOLS OR COLLEGES, COLLEGE TRAINING COURSES AND/OR POST-GRADUATE COURSES SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED SCHOOL OR COURSE: ATN "A" AFU "A" DATES (From - To): 4/8/63-6/14/63 11/12/62-4/5/63 MAJOR COURSES: [REDACTED]		29. OTHER SERVICE TRAINING COURSES SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN BMR ATN 3&2 ETR		30. a. GOVERNMENT LIFE INSURANCE IN FORCE <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO	
	31. a. VA BENEFITS PREVIOUSLY APPLIED FOR (Specify type) [REDACTED]		b. AMOUNT OF ALLOTMENT [REDACTED]		c. MONTH ALLOTMENT DISCONTINUED [REDACTED]		d. VA CLAIM NUMBER C- [REDACTED]	
	32. REMARKS [REDACTED]		33. PERMANENT ADDRESS FOR MAILING (Street, RFD, City, County and State) [REDACTED]		34. AUTHORIZING OFFICER [REDACTED]		35. SIGNATURE [REDACTED]	

b6 per Navy
b7C

11-CV-2131-4b-1404

SEP OFF BY DIR OF TTPC.O.

ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE: 25X(1,6)
DATE 12-07-2015 BY: C87W44B73

~~SECRET~~ (U)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

b6
b7C

Date: 8/24/72

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile :)

Attention : _____

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(105-4194)

Title [redacted] (U), aka 1728/2194/5478 IS - CH PERSONS IN CONTACT WITH CHICOM ESTABLISHMENTS IN CANADA	Character Reference
--	----------------------------

b7D

IS - CH (Bufile 105-214716)
Enclosed are the following communications received from the [redacted]

b7D

Original and four copies of [redacted] letter dated 8/22/72,
together with five copies of enclosure thereto

b7D

Remarks:

b7D

[redacted] letter 5/10/71 was forwarded by Ottawa airtel 5/18/71,
captioned "PERSONS IN CONTACT WITH NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY
(NCNA) - CANADA, IS - CH." [redacted] letter 5/8/72 was forwarded
by Ottawa letter 5/15/72, captioned [redacted] (U)." b1
b3
b6
b7C

[redacted] (S)

Dissemination

- ☐ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
☒ May not be made without further clearance with [redacted]

b7D

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

New York, San Francisco, Honolulu

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
☐ Pending
5 - Bureau (Enc.10)
(1 - New York)
(1 - San Francisco)
(1 - Honolulu)
MLI:cae
(5)

105-29589-1 Do not write in space below	
SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
SEP 13 9 56 AM '72	
[redacted]	[redacted]
11-CV-2131-4b-330	

b6
b7C

~~SECRET~~ (U)

(S)

~~SECRET~~

b7D



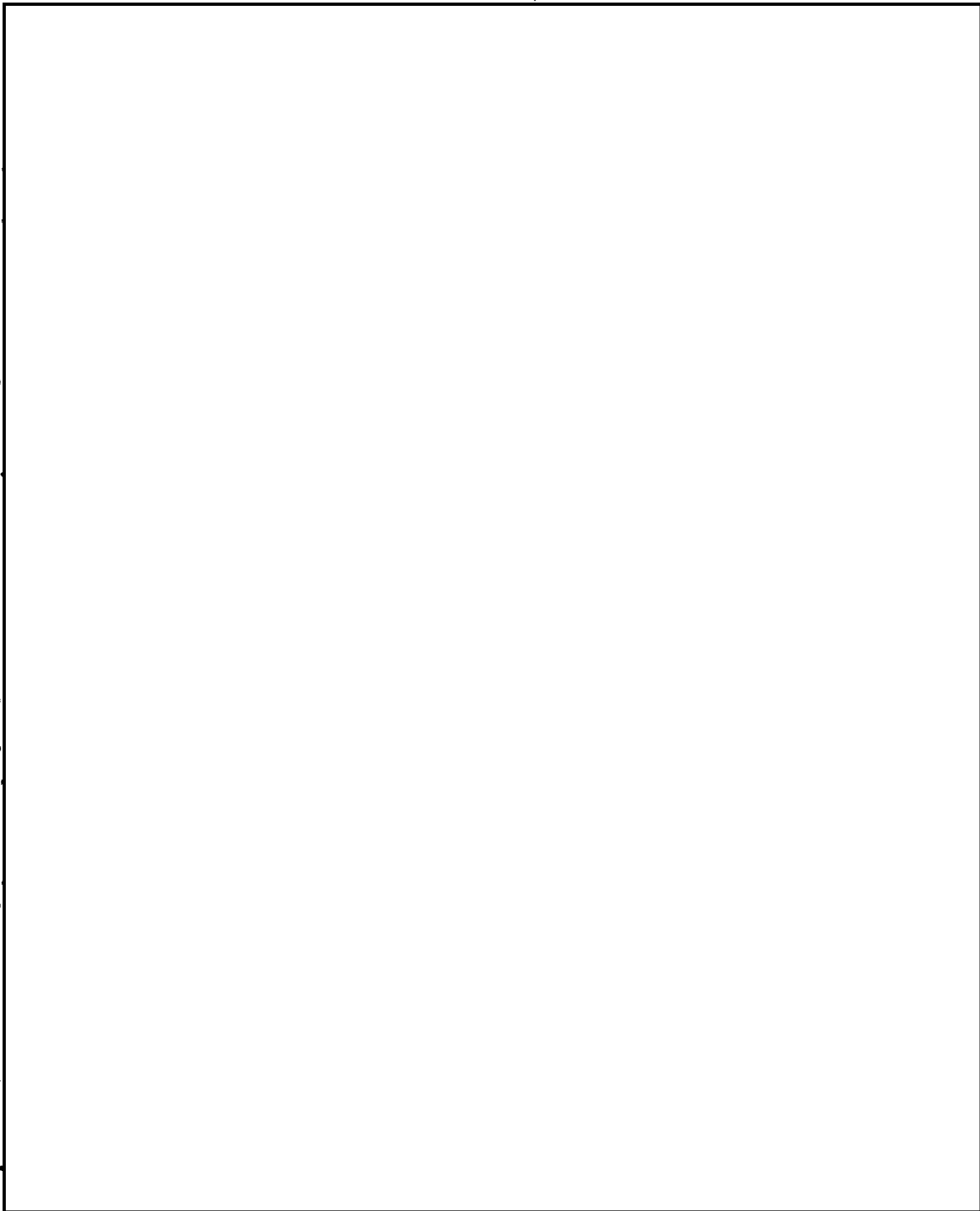
③

11-CV-2131-4b-332

~~SECRET~~

- 2 -

b7D



~~SECRET~~ (U)

(4)

11-CV-2131-4b-333