

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

# WALTER G. KRIVITSKY

# PART 3 OF 4

**FILE NUMBER: 100-11146** 

Walter G. Krivitsky
100-11146 Sub A
(228 pages)

Part 3 of 4 parts
570 Total pages

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Nathan
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichola
Mr. Hendun
Mr. Bosen
Mr. Tracy
Mise Gundy

#### Hotel Guest Found Shot To Death; Gun in Bed

A may tentatively identified as Emuse Linsberg of New York City was found shot to death through the head in his room at the Bellevue Hotel, first block of E street N.W., early today. A 38-caliber revolver was found in bed with the body.

Identification was tentatively established through photographs and papers, described by police as resembling passports. They indicated the man recently had been in Canada. Several notes, which police said appeared to be written in Russian, were found in the room.

Motel spokesmen said the man resistered Saturday under the mans of "Walter Poret" of New York. Tre body was removed to the Ditrict Morgue.

Malter G. Krivitaky

NOT RECORDED 100 - 111 46 - A-

THE WASHINGTON EVENING STAR February 10, 1941

# Red and Nazi Lin

# Articles Told of OGPU Purges and Spying

#### Vast Network of Counterfeiting, Plotting and Murders Bared

The following excerpts from the series of sensational articles he wrote for the Saturday Evening Post in 1939 tell the story of the career of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, former Societ military in-talligence chief, found shot to death in a Washington hotel room

yesterasy. In his own words, reproduced here by special permission of the Saturday Evening Post, the former Soviet agent describes activities of Stalin's dreaded OGPU of which he lived in daily terror after his arrival in the United States.

#### By GEN. WALTER G. KRIVITSKY (As written by him in a series of articles in the Saturday Evening Post.)

rentional News Bervies by special permission of The Saturday Etraing Post.

In May, 1937, Stalin bestowed upon me the highest testimonial within his power. Within aix months I became the object of an intensive man hunt by Stalin's OGPU agents. How did it happen?

For nearly 18 years, until late tarily expected, I received my Department of the General Staff of the Red Army. the Red Army.

During that time I worked in Germany, in Moscow as head of the Central European Division. and finally from 1935 to 1937 as the-Chief of Boylet Intelligence for Western Europe.

My experience is a case history of a loyal Soviet officer transof a loyal Soviet officer transformed overnight into State prey to be ahot down wherever the shooting is good. It is typical of thousands in the Soviet Union who are glorified as heroes today and tomorrow denounced as traitors.

TOOK FRIEND AWAY.

TOOK FRIEND AWAY.

In Moscow I put up at the Hotel Bavoy. The purge (1937) was in full swing. One of my closest friends, Max Maximov-Unschillent, a nephew of the former vice-Commissar of War, occupied with his wife the room next to me.

For nearly three years Max had served as chief of our Military Infelligence in Nazi Germany.

One night, I returned to my

One night, I returned to my from very late. I went to bed without knocking at the Unschlichts door. In the dead of night I was awakened by a noise in the Soviet agents to leave his service. Spiegelgiass became very expendent mixed.

within the first five months of 12ED THAT MOMENT I REAL1937 350,00 politica) arrests were SERVICE TO THE SOVIET GOV. 
made by the OGPJ, according to official figure disclosed to me by the chief at the special section in charge of the purge.

The midst of the section of the

#### MEETS REISS.

...In July I saw my old friend and comrade, Ignace Ecias, in Paris, where I had gone to confer with some of my agenta. Raim and I were bound together by many years of perilous underground service, and there were few confidences which we did not share

I was awakened by a possess oversider outside.

It must be the OGPU coming for me, I thought.

But they did not come to my depended upon my conduct that But they did not come to my depended upon my conduct that they did not come to my depended upon my conduct that they did not come to my depended upon my conduct that they did not come to my depended upon my conduct that they did not come to my depended upon my conduct that they did not come to my dependent upon my conduct that they did not come to my dependent upon my conduct that they did not come to my dependent upon my conduct that they did not come to my dependent upon my conduct that they did not come to my dependent upon my conduct that they did not come to my dependent upon my conduct that my conduc oor. As I opened it I faced Mar's night. To his insistent suggestion of oor, as I opened it I faced Mar's wife, Regina, tears streaming down her cheeks, terror in her eyes.

"They took Mar away! They took Mar away! They took Mar away!" was all she could be eyes of Yeshov and Stain, I finally replied that I would have asy. thing to do with any such under-

in charge of the purge.

The midst of this tidal wave realised that my own situation was desperate. Stalin and Yezhov who doubted that I would be alpowed to leave the country...

About the middle of May I had before me now the choice from into an old acquaintance who from Stalin's formal executioners, had served as Soviet military attache in Rumanis. He was a lett from a sub-machine gun in towering and jolly fellow whose the hands of his informal assessment of humor did not desert him sins.



HOELZ WAS KILLED BY THE OGPU Three recent character studies of Gen. Krivitsky, whose mysterious death is branded as

## Miss LaFollette Says Ex-Spy Was Hounded

Asserts Krivitsky Knew He Was in Deadly Peril

If Gen. Walter G. Krivitaky killed himself, he was "hounded" to it by the OGPU, Suzanne La

It was to Miss La Pollette, well-known magazine writer and a family friend of the Erivitskys, that one of the three notes found beside his body was addressed.

Seated in her suite at the Hote Chelles, 7th ave. and W. 23rd st. the appeared obviously shaken as she said: "I'm reluctant to believe he took

his own life. He was deeply in leve with his wife and child and I know, too, that he told at least two people that some day he would be murdered and it would be made

#### CAPABLE OF MUCH.

She puffed at a cigarette nerv-ously, and lifted her shoulders helplessly.

"How do I definitely know was?" she asked. "But



sposed by Krivitsky



er by his friends. Among the motives for helieved, was Krivitsky's expose of Soviet are excurpts from his magazine articles.

without knocking at the Unsch-lichts' door. In the dead of night I was awakened by a noise in the et agents to leave his service. corridor outside.

me. I thought.

But they did not come to my her cheeks, terror in her eyes.
"They took Max away! They

took Max away!" was all she could **467.** 

#### **◇◆**◇

#### 350,000 ARRESTED.

1937 350,000 political arrests were SERVICE TO THE SOVIET GOVmade by the OGPU, according to ERNMENT WAS ENDED. official figures disclosed to me by the chief of the special section REISS ASSASSINATED. in charge of the purge.

of arrests and executions...there desperate. Stalin and Yezhov. were those among my associates would never forgive my refusal to who doubted that I would be al- participate in the crime. lowed to leave the country ...

ran into an old acquaintance who from Stalin's formal executioners. had served as Soviet military at- and, outside Russia, a rain of bultache in Rumania. He was a lets from a sub-machine gun in towering and jolly fellow whose the hands of his informal assassense of humor did not desert him sins. even now.

He stopped in his tracks when he saw me on the street.

Walter? What, they haven't ar- soliciting the protection of his rested you yet? Never mind; don't government. In my appeal to him feel hurt. They'll get around to I referred to my Soviet service Krivitaku you soon enough," and he roared from 1919 to 1937, and continued: with laughter,

iegelglass became very ex-

It must be the OGPU coming for in my mind that my own fate killed himself, he was "hounded" it. His words left little doubt depended upon my conduct that to it by the OGPU, Buzanne La door. As I opened it I faced Max's night. To his insistent suggestion Follette, cousin of Sen. Robert M. door. As I opened it I faced Max's that I take a hand in organizing wife, Regina, tears streaming down the "solution" of the Reiss case, so as to establish my own loyalty in the eyes of Yezhov and Stalin, well-known magazine writer and I finally replied that I would have nothing to do with any such under-

Within the first five months of IZED THAT MY LIFELONG LIFELONG

When I read of Reiss's death (assassination) on September 5, 1 In the midst of this tidal wave realized that my own situation was

I had before me now the choice About the middle of May I between a bullet in the Lubianka

French Socialist Minister of the "Am I seeing things, or is this Interior, revealing my identity and great deal. My feeling is this: if alter? What they haven't are soliciting the protection of high it is a suicide, then it is a mur-

"I know that a price has been put on my head. The assassins are after me, and they will not But on May 22, the day when the fate of War Commissar Vor-

oshilov himself was hanging in Continued on Page 9, Column 1.

## 'They'll Get Me This Year,' Krivitsky Said

"They Il get me this year!"

With those prophetic words, the man who once headed the several days by FBI men ... dread Soviet Russian military intelligence in Europe forecast his doom a few weeks ago in New York.

even as he was buying furniture and the day-to-day terror which for his New York home and plan-they use against their victims ning to become a useful American citizen, that Stalin's OGPU was drawing its dread network around FEARS FOR WIFE AND SON.

laborator in Shub's apartment at DESPAIRED OF ESCAPE.

"I haven't any hope of escape,

absolutely no intention of taking

which I think unlikely, he actually declared.

Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky knew said. "Their constant hounding

"Krivitsky was determined to lage, six weeks ago, Krivitsky said: to London and work for them to Washington if his mind were against the OGPU and Hitler's definitely made up."

She said she met

marked 38-year-old Antonia Kri-United States. She was then secre-vitsky and the son, Alex, for their tary of the commission headed by Shub, who also acted as transla- vitsky and the son, Alex, for the professor John Dewey to investi- former Governor A. He tor for Krivitsky, in recalling that vealing their whereabouts in New gate the Moscow trials. She said: Moore, of New Jersey, whose is the professor for the professor for the professor former Governor A. He was interesting in Jersey City, left last recommendations and the son, Alex, for the professor former Governor A. He was interesting in the professor former Governor A. He was i

"If he did die by his own hand, cure at this very moment," Shub that time I've been a good friend Moore said he has no desir hich I think unlikely, he actually declared.

#### Peril in Dear

If Gen. Waster G. Krivitsky La Follette, of Wisconsin, declared today.

It was to Miss La Follette, a a family friend of the Krivitskys, that one of the three notes found beside his body was addressed.

Seated in her suite at the Hotel Chelsen, 7th ave. and W. 23rd st., she appeared obviously shaken as abe said:

"I'm reluctant to believe he took his own life. He was deeply in love with his wife and child and I know, too, that he told at least two people that some day he would be murdered and it would be made to look like a suicide."

#### CAPABLE OF MUCH.

"Do you believe it was murder?" she was asked.

She puffed at a cigarette nervously, and lifted her shoulders helplessly.

"How do I definitely know what it was?" she asked. "But these I appealed to M. Dormoy, the people"—her voice was bitter— "these people are capable of He was hounded and

Krivitsky, she said, knew that Hans Brusse-described as one of Russia's "deadliest secret agents" -was in New York looking for him, and revealed that two otherwise unidentified men about a year ago walked up to a woman friend of the Krivitskys on the street with a polite:

"Mrs. Krivitsky?"

"The woman told them she wasn't Mrs. Krivitsky and started to walk away." Miss La Follette said. "But they began trailing her. Walter became quite pervous then and I understand was guarded for

"It was about that time, too, that Walter met three OGPU agents in New York and they

warned him:
"Stay out of the midlown section of the city."

Krivitsky's visit to Washington, Miss La Follette said, was "something of a surprise."

"I saw him in New York only a Bo as he was talking to Boris fight Communism to his last day before he left. He didn't tell Shub, his freind and magazine colbresth. He had even been invited first that was unusual. I think he the State highway fund for t 10 Monroe st., Knickerbocker Vil. by the British Government to come would have told me he was going

> She said she met Krivitsky in Fear that the OGPU might nave 1939, when he first came to the

"From what I know of Stalin's things to tell and so we were in- for Pheonix, Ariz., where he OGPU, their lives are none too we-troduced to one another. Since spend a vacation of about a me



SUZANNE LAFOLLE Krivitsky "Was Houn

# Edison Appe For Economic

TRENTON, Peb. 11.-Gov son last night called upor Jersey State officials and ployes for greater economy t ernment than in previous warning that a budget is n mandate to spend.

In his annual budget messa the Legislature, the Gov submitted recommendations the appropriation of \$40,662.0 from the general State fun the next fiscal year beging July 1, and \$49.537,356.89 present calendar year.

#### Ex-Governor Moore Leaves for Arizu

"I thought he'd nave interesting is in Jersey City, left last 1

-Բեր 13 - 5 գգթաղա

THE BODY OF A MAN KNOWN AS WALTER POREF, ALIAS SAMUEL GINSBERG, WAS FOUND IN THE BELLEVUE HOTEL TODAY. A CERTIFICATE OF SUICIDE WAS

OFFICERS WERE UNABLE TO SAY WHETHER THE DEAD MAN WAS GENERAL WALTER G. KRIVITSKY, A FORMER CHIEF OF THE SOVIET ARMY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE. KRIVITSKY.

ACCORDING TO POLICE, THE BODY WAS FOUND BY A CHAMBERMAID THIS MORNIN THERE WAS A GUNSHOT WOUND IN THE HEAD, THEY SAID.

2/10--W0537P

FER ID 5 19 PH WIT

popular

NEW YORK--GENERAL WALTER G. KRIVITSKY, WHO WROTE A SERIES OF MAGAZINE ARTICLES EXPOSING ALLEGED COMMUNIST WORLD INTRIGUE BASED ON INFORMATION GATHERED WHILE HE WAS A GENERAL OF THE MILITARY INTELLIGENCE OF THE SOVIET ARMY, WAS MURDERED IN HIS WASHINGTON HOTEL, HIS ATTORNEY SAID TODAY.

2/10--W0516P

ADD KRIVITSKY, NEW YORK.

THE ATTORNEY, LOUIS WALDMAN, SAID HE HAD BEEN INFORMED BY WASHINGTON POLICE THAT WALTER POREF, ALIAS SAMUEL GINSBERG, HAD BEEN SLAIN AND THAT HE WAS "POSITIVE" THIS WAS HIS CLIENT, GENERAL KRIVITSKY.

HE ADDED THAT HE WAS CONVINCED THE MURDER WAS THE WORK OF THE G.P.U., THE SOVIET SECRET POLICE. HE HAD NO FURTHER DETAILS.

WALDMAN SAID HE WAS LEAVING AT ONCE FOR THE CAPITAL.

2/10/41 Mkmo. Mh. E.G. Januar CHC

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Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Turmi
Mr. Ciegg
Mr. Foxworth
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ADD SUICIDE.

NUMEROUS PAPERS WRITTEN IN RUSSIAN, TOGETHER WITH A PASSPORT INDICATING USE OF AN ASSUMED NAME, WERE FOUND IN THE ROOM, POLICE SAID.

THEY ADDED THAT THE NAME "POREF" APPEARED ON SOME OF THE DOCUMENTS. 2/10--w0558P

ADD SUICIDE.

POLICE REPORTS SAID THAT IN THE MAN'S ROOM WERE NUMEROUS PAPERS WRITTEN IN RUSSIAN, TOGETHER WITH A PASSPORT WHICH INDICATED THE USE OF AN ASSUMED NAME. THE NAME OF POREF WAS ON SOME OF THE PAPERS, POLICE SAID.

POLICE SAID THAT THE NAME OF THE NEW YORK ATTORNEY, LOUIS WALDMAN, WAS ON SOME PAPERS FOUND AMONG HIS PERSONAL EFFECTS. WALDMAN WAS NOTIFIED AND SUBSEQUENTLY SAID IN NEW YORK THAT THE DEAD MAN WAS KRIVITSKY.

THE HOTEL MANAGER REPORTED THAT THE MAN ARRIVED AT THE HOTEL AT 6 O'CLOCK LAST NIGHT, REGISTERING UNDER THE NAME OF POREF. HE SAID THAT SO FAR AS THE HOTEL KNEW HE HAD RECEIVED NO CALLERS. THE HOTEL IS THE BELLEVUE, WHICH IS NEAR THE CAPITOL.

THE DOOR OF THE ROOM WAS LOCKED FROM THE INSIDE, THE MANAGER REPORTED, AND NO ONE WAS KNOWN TO HAVE HEARD THE SHOT WHICH KILLED HIM. IT WAS NOT DETERMINED IMMEDIATELY WHETHER THE PISTOL WHICH FIRED THE FATAL BULLET HAD BEEN FOUND NEAR THE BODY.

THE CORONER SAID THAT THE MAN DIED IN THE HOTEL ROOM THE BODY WAS TAKEN TO THE CITY MORGUE.

THE FBI REPORTED IT HAD NO INFORMATION ON THE CASE.

THE FEI CATEGORICALLY DENIED A REPORT THAT KRIVITSKY HAD BEEN WORKING

2/10--W0602P 20-0

#### GEN. KRIVITSKY DIE

As it must to all enemies of the OGPU, violent death came this week to Walter G. Krivitsky, the apostate general of Tsar Stalin's secret army.

Was it murder? Or was it, as it seemed, suicide?

Possibly the questions will not be answered positively, for the known evidence, as these lines are written, is entirely circumstantial.

In the manner of the better detective thrillers, the body of Krivitsky was found in a hotel room, with the door latched on the inside; with a bullet hole in his head; with the pistol on the floor; with suicide notes near at hand, apparently in Krivitsky's writing.

The circumstances appeared to be entirely conclusive. But the OGPU is reputed to be masterful at arranging circumstances. And only a month before his death Krivitsky had told a friend:

"Don't you ever believe that I will be a suicide. They have shot everyhody else, and they are going to shoot me."

From those basic facts two different conclusions might be drawn:

That the diabolically clever OGPU finally succeeded in erasing its most dangerous enemy, or

That the brilliant Krivitsky, broken by long years of fearful vigilance, decided to end his life in a way that would cause the greatest possible embarrassment for his old enemies.

Take your choice.

Krivitsky's testimony, first in the pages of the Saturday Evening Post and later before the Dies committee, was greeted with a greatly caterwauling in the American communist press. 'Tain't so, said the writers. 'Tain't so, echoed the masses of Stalin-lovers and fellow travelers. But in all their indignant writhings they failed to refute a single significant section of the Krivitsky story.

By the failure of the rebuttal, by the implicit corroboration of other refugees from the wrath of Stalin, it seems reasonable to believe that the basic points of the Krivitsky testimony are now established: That he was once a leader of the soviet secret police; that he was a witness to the great blood purges of 1936 and 1937; and that he was obliged to run for his life after his split with Stalin.

If those are, indeed, facts, then it follows that Gen. Krivitsky was not play-acting when he said the Stalin agents were on his trail, when he said "a dozen times in the last year" that he expected soon to be liquidated, when he reported that the sinister Stalin agent known as "Max" had reached New York.

If those are all facts, then the reasonable presumption is that Gen. Krivitsky was murdered on Monday last—either by Stalin or by the fear of Stalin.

The brief illumination of the Russian technique afforded by the Krivitsky tragedy should not surprise any American. We have known all along that the OGPU—or the NKVD, as it is now called—is operating in this country and we have ample evidence from many creditable sources as to its methods. We also know, without the testimony of the late Mr. Krivitsky, that the American communist party is a tool of Stalin, that it is supported by him, and that its "party line" is determined, not by its American members, but by its Russian bankers.

It's an old, familiar story. And not only ido we Americans tolerate the existence on our soil of a foreign political party and a foreign secret army, but, strange as it seems, we are now engaged in a diplomatic attempt to make friends with the country which was guilty of those insults to our sovereignty.

Our state department is actually trying to appease Stalin, to lure him to our side—the side of decency and good will—in the worlds conflict.

Perhaps the late Mr. Krivitsky, on the other side of life's curtain, can smile at that.

Evening World Herald Omaha, Nebraska February 11, 1941

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100-11146-A

'Another Trotsky Case'

# Krivitsky's Attorney Seeks FBI Action

Friends of the late Walter G. Krivitsky insisted today that he was assassinated by an agent of the Soviet secret police, and clamored for an FBI investigation.

Krivitsky's story of his past as head. STRICTLY POLICE CASE of the Western European Division of the secret police, a director of spies and assassins, is so well documented said they plan no investigation. State and detailed that few doubt it. He was found with a bullet in his head in his room in the Bellevue hotel at 15 Est nw, opposite Union Station.

#### SPOTTED AN AGENT

All evidence points to sulcide, but Krivitsky himself had described the methods of GPU assassions who often made their victims appear suicides. And only last week he saw in New York City a man he recognized thru previous associations, as one of the GPU's most clever assassins.

That man was trailing him, according to Krivitsky's attorney. Louis Waldman of New York City, who today formally asks the FBI to take over beicause "it is another Trotsky case." Leon Trotsky, associate of Lenin and a power in Russia until exiled by Stalin, was assassinated in Mexico City last sum-

Krivitsky's wife insists he was assassinated. So does Boris Shub, his inter-preter. They all say that for more than a year Krivitsky had lived in fear of his life.

#### 3 REASONS FOR SUSPICION

Mr. Waldman listed three reasons why police should not close the case as a suicide, but should seek an assassin.

1. Questionable authenticity of the "suicide" notes. He said the GPU has specimens of Krivitsky's handwriting "in every language" and that the GPU is recognized as "expert at forgery.

2. Krivitsky talked to him in New York last week of buying a farm in Virginia for himself and his family, Mr. Waldman said "all of his plans were of a man not inclined to self-destruction, suicide or even pessimism, but of a man arranging to start a new life."

Mr. Waldman said Krivitsky was convinced he could no longer live safely in New York and was especially eager to get away from industrial centers where GPU agents center their operation. He wanted the Virginia farm as a hide-away from his pursuers, Mr. Waldman said.

3. Within the past three weeks, Krivitsky had been informed that " special GPU agent named Hans had hard to write. Take care of him, and appeared in New York." Mr. Waldman said Krivitsky told him the man ways quiet and never get angry with was a "dread killer" and his life (Kri him.

FBI and State Department officials Department spokesmen-eaid it is strictly a case for the police.

Washington police had written the case off as a suicide, but reopened it for investigation. They asked it for investigation. Charlottesville, Va., authorities to find a man named "Dobertov," who, according to one of the notes found in Krivitsky's room in Krivitsky's handwriting, provided him with the revolver that ended his life.

Krivitsky's body was found yesterday morning. Beside the body was a 28caliber revolver. In the room were the three notes, one in Russian addressed to his wife; another in English to Mr. Waldman, the third in German to "Dear Suzanne"—identified by Mr. Waldman as Suzanne La Pollette. New York writer and cousin of Sen. Robert M. La Follette (Prog., Wis.).

Suzanne La Pollette is well known in New York literary and Trotskyite circles. She formerly was editor of the now defunct magazine Freeman, and was contributing editor of The Nation. She was a member of a committee which in 1938 held a "trial" in Mexico City of Soviet charges that Trotsky had plotted to overthrow the Soviet regime. Trotsky testified and was "acquitted."

#### SIGNATURES THE SAME

Ira Gullicson, metropolitan police handwriting expert, said there is no doubt the signature on the hotel register and the "suicide" notes were written by the same man. He said Krivitsky apparently wrote the note to his wife last because, unlike the other two, it showed nervous stress.

(To his wife he wrote in Russian, addressed to his wife Tanya and his son. Alek):

"Dear Tanya and Dear Alek: "It is very difficult. I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. I love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write, but think about me and then you will understand that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his father has gone. I believe that in time you will tell him, because it will best for him. Forgive, it is very

he a good mother to him and be a

.... وناهدى عملا

FEB 1 1 1941 WASHINGTON Do. I. News

#### WENT TO GET GUN

"He is very good and always very bale. Good people will help you, but not enemies. I think my sins are big. I see you, Tanya and Alek, I embrace

"Yours. Veia-

"On the farm of Dobertov, I wrote this yesterday, but I did not have any strength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington, I went to see Dobertov, because that is the oray place I could get the firearms." in German, to Suzanne La Pollette,

New York writer and second cousin of Sen. Robert M. La Pollettee (P., Wis.), he wrote:

"Dear Suzanne:

"I trust that you are/well, and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tanya and my poor boy. You were a good friend

"Yours, Walter.

"I also think about your brother and

#### LETTER TO WALDMAN

In English, addressed to Mr. Waldman, he wrote:

"Dear Mr. Waldman:

"My wife and my boy will need your help. Please do for them what you can. (Signed) Walter Krivitsky.

"I went to Virginia because I know that there I can get a gun. If my friends have trouble, please, Mr. Waldman, help them."

All three notes were written on plain paper headed only by "Charlottesville" -Charlottesville, Va., where Mr. Wald-man said Krivitsky planned to seek a haven for his wife and family.

#### PASS KEY POSSIBLE

The door to Krivitsky's fifth floor pass key could have opened it. A chambermaid did so when she received no response to her knock. She called botal officials after finding the called hotel officials after finding the

Other means of access to the comare discounted. There is no ledge on the outside of the building along which an assassin could have crept to enter the window. Nor is there a fire escape Possibility of anyone having descended to the window by a rope from a room above is not believed likely.

J. B. Matthews, special investigator for Rep. Martin Dies (D., Tex.), who knew Krivitsky well and identified the body, said Trotsky told him before his death that he feared both he and Krivitsky would be assassinated.

#### FOUND FULLY CLOTHED

He did not know whether the Dies Committee would investigate his death, but Rep Dies is en route here from Chicago to help steer a resolution extending the life of his committee thru the House today.

K:ivitsky registered for a \$2.50-a-day at the Bellevue Hotel Sunday night as "Walter Poref," which he frequently used. "Poref" is his wife's maden name. Hotel attaches said he apparently had no visitors. The night clerk thought he seemed nervous when he registered.

Hotel officials found his body—fully clothed except for coat and shoes—on the bed. Coroner MacDonald said death occurred "some time during the night." He issued a certificate of suicide but recalled it after Mr. Waldman made his charges.

#### SOUGHT FBI HELP

Only one shell of the revolver had been discharged and that bullet had entered Krivitsky's brain thru the right temple. Police could locate no one in the hotel who heard the shot.

one in the hotel who heard the shot.

Mr. Waldman said his client had sought his help to obtain protection from the FBI, which denied that it had been in communication with him at any time.

Knvitsky first came to this country in November, 1938, on a visitor's visa from Paris. Since then his visa has been extended several times.

Born Bamuel Ginsberg, he became prominent in this country in 1939 when he told the Dies Committee that he had broken a 20-year association with Stalin in 1937 after the Soviet purge and, in consequence, feared assassination by OGPU agents. He had written a series of articles for the Baturday Evening Post purporting to expose world-wide Communist intrigues.

When his magazine articles appeared in the spring and summer of 1939, there was some difficulty about renewal of the visa, Mr. Waldman said, but it was straightened out and after that he went to Canada where he remained until October, 1940. Since then he and his family have been living in New York City.



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Krivitsky.



Mr. Waldman with reporters



Mr. Tolson .....

Mr. Clegg .....

Mr. Foxworth ....

Mr. Lodd

Mr. Glavia

Mr. Hendon

Mr. Tracy

Miss Gandy.....

Mr. Rosen .....

Mr. Nothen

Mr. E. A. Temm

Mr. Matthews talks with a re-

# Red-Nazi Links

# Told in Articles

# By Krivitsky

Netwrk of OGPU Spying, Plots and Purges Revealed

Continued from Page 3

bave eften risked my life for my cause, but I do not with to die new fer nothing."

# EVEN TRAILED HERE.

Even in the United States Stalin's long arm of vengeance has tried to reach me.

On Tuesday, March 7, 1939, about four in the afternoon, in company with one of the editors of a New York labor paper, I went to a restaurant on 42nd st. in the vicinity of Times Square. Fifteen minutes after our arrival three men sat down at a table next to us.

I recognized one of them. In our secret service he was known by the nickrame of Jim, but his real name was Sergei Basoft. Originally a sailor in the Crimea, a veteran agent of the Soviet Militayr Intelligence, Basoff had been sent to the United States years ago. oserve as a permanent agent here, and for this purpose had become an American citizen.

# NAMES BORIS BYKOY.

Knowing the ways of Stalin, I had no doubt that he had entrusted the job of organizing a hunt for me on this side of the Atlantic to Colonel Boris Bykov. I knew that Bykov was in charge of the Soviet Military Intelligence in the United States, having been assigned to America in

# WHO'S WHO AT THE ZOO



Atlantic to Colonel Boris Bykev.

I have that Bykev was in charge
of the Borist Military Infaligames in the United States, havhad no doubt that he had entrusted the job of organizing a

the Summer of 1884.

My companion and I ruse to law the restaurant hastily, but have the restaurant hastily but have to caught up with me at the qualitar's deak. He greeted me in

mas to a nearby publishing house.

L-fold Search that I did not He had served as a diplomatic one-column head on Page I and With her is the Kritical interest of the Fursign Office. All the story stated that Krivitaky was publishing house in the OCIPU. He served in parenthetical inserts, the Red last in publishing house in COPU in the Tras News "hewspaper" wrote Stating active he had laft.

STRANGE RELATIONS.

STRANGE RELATIONS.

Stream and Germany have been characterized by secret multitary and political tites.

Stream and political tites by search they seemed.

Soviet Russia and Germany have been characterized by secret multitary and political tites.

aimed at the destruction of the Versailles system and, ultimately, of the British Empire and France.

I worked with the Cominters for the first time in 1930, during the Russo-Poits war. I was then at tached to the Boyet bellitary intalligence for the western front, talligence for the western front, ile headquarters in

During the Russo-Polish war ...member: of the Polish Com-numes Perty aload us in 07817-ising sahotage, in creating diver-sion and in impeding the arrival of munitions from France. 8

HALTED TRENCH ARMS.

to prevent the landing of French munitions for the Polish ermy. We organized a strike in Dansie

の情に重要になるというで、 197日 とこの情を含まっているのは見を変われていないというとしましていず

The life struggle rages ruthlessly in Darkest Africa. But this is the open really only a playful fight staged by lions enjoying a new freedom in bored. I

2

L KBOW 11. Ob.

180,000,000 peace-loving Russiand was trained and sur-licens School Recention was stated and sur-licens School Recention was watched. I know to Only a month ago, Mrs. Krivido vociosa her hundand was side

Travel

most friendly way and and are in the friends and the friends a

African Plains' at the Bronx Zoo. Other sit by looking rather he open space for the lions is surrounded by a great most.

Their last apartment was in the attorney, visited her and told bronz, where Mrs. Krivitsky, a the trade news.

Travel

STRANGE KELALIVNO. Bince 1915 relations between Soviet Rus 1 Germany have Red-baiter." Stalin will like that—as he liked the Daily Worker's alcofness about ton never been what they seemed. his "marriage" to Hitler, and the OG Daily Worker's headlines which NI screamed that 3,000,000 murder-They have been characterized by secret military and political ties ous Finns were trying to butcher ha aimed at the destruction of the fo 180,000,000 peace-loving Russians. Versailles system and, ultimately, wi of the British Empire and France. rid Lenox School Reception I worked with the Comintern for the first time in 1920, during the Russo-Polish war. I was then attached to the Soviet Military Intelligence for the western front, which had its headquarters in Smolensk. During the Russo-Polish War ...members of the Polish Communist Party aided us in organising sabotage, in creating diversion and in impeding the arrival of munitions from France. HALTED FRENCH ARMS. We organized a strike in Danzig to prevent the landing of French munitions for the Polish army, I traveled to Warsaw, Cracow, Lemberg, German and Czech Silesia and to Vienna organizing strikes to stop arms shipments. I organized a successful strike in the Czech railroad junction of Oderberg, persuading the Czech trainmen to walk out rather than handle Skoda munitions for the Poland of Pilsudski.  $\alpha = \alpha$ The years of 1928-32 marked the life of the first Five-Year Plan. They were the years of our heaviest purchases abroad of machinery and materials for the gigantic drive to industrialize Soviet Rus-One of the major consequences of that drive was an acute shortage of foreign exchange in Mostow. And this led to what may be called Stalin's Five-Year Counterfeiting Plan, a bold experiment launched with a printing of about \$10,000,000 in bogus United States currency. COUNTERFEITING PLANT. There was a special Valuta Department organized by the OGPU. which employed every conceivable method of terror to pump hidden foreign currency and other treasures out of the population. The headquarters of the counterfeiting industry was located in the deepest recesses of the Soviet secret service. The distributors of the fake currency were Soviet ARCDIA. Came January, 1933. I was الرافيطيها يروف

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FINAL

COMPLETE

Believe 'Judas' May Have Hounded Him to Suicide

FEARED 'SUICIDE' IFRICK

Frank St. 1 and 1941 | Argeber | 1974 | ACATEST STOCKS

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1941.

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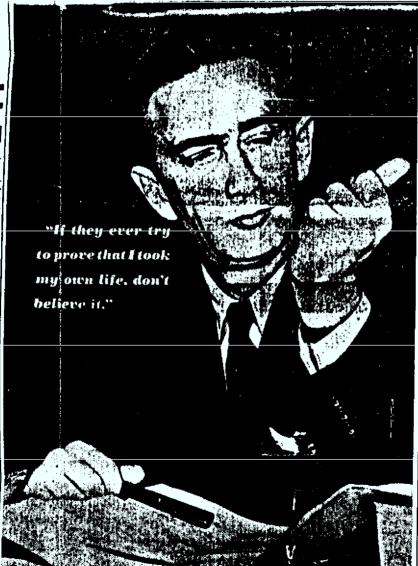
WASHINGTON, Feb. 11. -- General Walter G.

# Axis, Conant

ad Backs Full ritish Victory

. 11 (By United Press), ant of Rarvard University inted States pledge itself, insure defeat of the Axis

ration's rebuttal witnesses
supporting the British-aid billbefore the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Conant said
that if the United States follows
the advice of those who would
limit British aid or advocate a
negotiated peace the country
will be autorium.



#### Believe 'Judas' May Have Hounded Him to Suicide

By SYD BOERM.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—General Walter G. Krivitsky, arch-enemy of Josef Stalin, was a victim of "mental murder" at the hands of the vengeful Red OGPU, the Dies Committee concluded today.

Members of the committee, before which General Krivitsky gave sensational testimony, pointed out that a "Red Judas," identified as a Soviet killer named Hans Bruesse, had hounded his victim overtwo continents and tracked him in New York and Washington.

The fear of assassination, it was explained, actually may have led the General to put a bullet in his own brain.

Yet, pending further investigation of the strange case, Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald held up his certificate of suicide and conducted an autopsy to determine if the General had been poisoned or drugged before being shot.

#### Call'Suicide Setting' a Blind

And Inspector Barnard Thompson of the Washington police declared that, while the case seemed to be a suicide, "we are not passing up any possibilities."

A State Department spokesman declared flatly that the General was murdered by OGPU agents and the setting was craftily arranged to make his death appear a suicide. This was the view also held by members of the General's family and his friends.

by members of the General's family and his friends.
The one-time director of Soviet spying in Western Europe, it was declared, had no financial reason for suicide, since he was well-off; had planned to buy a farm in Virgina, taken out a driver's license and arranged for a gun permit in New York City.

#### Charges Police 'Bungled'

Although J. Edgar Hoover, chief of the Federal



Before Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky died, he answered his foes. He warned that he might be the victim of a faked suicide,

arranged by Stalin's OGPU. This picture was taken when he testified before the Dies Committee on Red spy work.

#### Olay Returning to U.S. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 11 (UP). -Crown Prince Olay of Norway is expected to leave for the United States today, He visited the Liverpool-Lunenburg Norwegian

#### THE QUESTION before the house

gunnery school yesterday.

One question always arises before a house is bought .... financing! That's another reason for the Journal-American's 1941 NEW HOMES EXHIBIT at 1834 Broadway, Columbus Circle. Trained F.H.A. experts are on hand to explain how home ewnership is now within the reach of almost all incomes. Drop in te-

Admission FREE!

# Gas Blasts Kill 5 Philadelphians

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11 (By United Press),-Three gas main explosions destroyed nearly a block of homes in a South Philadelphia Italian section today, leaving at least five persons dead and sending 40 others to hospitals.

Several other persons were re-4 ported missing and feared buried: in the debris.

A patrolman, James Clark, was among those killed. He had en tered a home in a hunt for sur vivors following the first explosion when a second blast leveled the structure.

The bodies of three persons. mangled beyond recognition, were found in the debris of an adjoiring dwelling.

The fifth body found was that Jersey. of a smal iboy with t toy clutched tightly in his seared arms.

injured to homitals

The second and third explosions came after rescue crews had reached the scene. The blasted homes became a mass of flames a few moments later.

The first blast occurred as most of the residents in the area still were in their beds.

The explosions shook a wide section of the city and were felt as far away as southern New

Three housewifes and several children were reported among All available ambulances in the those missing. Many firemen were city were summoned to take the injured by bricks falling from

determine if the General had been poisoned or drugged before being shot.

### Call 'Suicide Setting' a Blind

And Inspector Barnard Thompson of the Washington police declared that, while the case seemed to be a suicide, "we are not passing up any possihilities."

A State Department spokesman declared flatly that the General was murdered by OGPU agents and the setting was craftily arranged to make his death appear a suicide. This was the view also held by members of the General's family and his friends,

The one-time director of Soviet spying in Western Europe, it was declared, had no financial reason for suicide, since he was well-off; had planned to buy a farm in Virgina, taken out a driver's license and arranged for a gun permit in New York City.

### Charges Police 'Bungled'

Although J. Edgar Hoover, chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, said his organization was conducting no inquiry, Louis Waldman, attorney for the General, made a formal demand for such action and charged the police already had "bungled" the case.

Waldman asserted:

MOURLY TRMPREATURES

"General Krivitsky did not commit suicide. He was murdered by the OGPU. Only lastweek, he told me he was aware he was being shadowed and that his life was in great danger. He had particular reason for his fears because of the sudden appearance in this city of one of the deadliest agents of the OGPU."

It was, Waldman asserted, another Trotsky case, recalling the circumstances under which Leon

Centinued on Page 2, Column 1.

#### THE WEATHER TODAY'S INDEX Auctions ......27 | Obituaries .....18 Partly cloudy and warmer tonight Best Places to 5:26 p. m. High tide at Governors

Island, 7:40 s. m. and 8:05 p. m.

Radio ......28 Comics. . . . 28, 29 Ship News . . . . 18 Centest Answers, 7 Society .......10 Editorial Page...16 Sports....19 to 22 Horoscope . . . . 29 Theatres .. 12 to 14 Lost and Found, 2 Want Ads., 23 to 25

U. S. Tressury Floures In

Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tam. Mr. Nathan ... Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichola Mr. Hendon ..... Mr. Resen .....

## Gen. Krivitsky Found Dead; Suicide Finding Questioned

#### Notes Convince Washington Police He Shot Himself, but Friends Charge Former Ogpu Officer Was Slain by Reds

Special to THE NEW YORK TOWER

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10-General Krivitsky had moved in dread of Western Europe and member of the only Soviet general to survive Josef Stalin's tight inner circle, was the widespread Red Army purge. found dead on his bed in a fifth Only last week, the attorney insistfloor room of the Hotel Bellewie ed, he and his client got word that near Union Station, early today "one of the deadliest agents of the with a .38 calibre bullet in his right Ogpu" was in New York, looking temple. The death weapon lay near for the former Red general. his right hand.

ly set the death down as suicide. Krivitsky's death-"something be-They disclosed the contents of three youd routine investigation." notes found in the room that seemed to establish suicidal intenf. The handwriting, they said, ob- oceans and sought out isolated resiviously matched Krivitsky's writing in the hotel register. Friends of Krivitsky, however charged the general had been murdered by Stalin's "Red Judases"-men who had worked with Krivitsky when he was in Russia.

In New York tonight, Mrs. Tanya Krivitsky disclosed that her husband had left that city on Wednesday on two missions. He was to see Representative Martin Dies, before whose committee he had already given much startling information about Red spy activities in the United States, and he was to seek refuge for his family in Virginia. He had hoped, Mrs. Krivitsky said, that by moving his family-herself and their 7-year-old m/n, Alexander—out of New York, tries and in the United States. % might clude the Ogpu assassins. Louis Waldman, the dead man's attorney, told the police here that

Walter G. Krivitsky, former Red the "Red Judas" assessins since Army Chief of Intelligence for December, 1937, when he remained

Mr. Waldman said he would insist Police and the coroner tentative on a thorough investigation of

> Krivitsky had moved from one country to another, had crossed dence from the time he fled Stalin's anger. He had seen one friend after another, including several members of his own branch of the service and of the Ogpu, trapped and left for dead in Switzerland, in France and in the United States. When J. B. Matthews, investigator for the Dies Committee, identified the body in the morgue tonight he recalled that Krivitsky had told him:

"If they ever try to prove that I took my own life, don't believe it." Stalin's wrath against the exile increased last August when Krivitsky, in a series of articles in The Saturday Evening Post, disclosed in detail the inner workings of the Red system in neighboring sounthese articles he wrote "Stalin"

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. TIMES

FEB 1 1 1941

DATE

FORMARDED BY H. Y. DIVISIO

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long arm of vengeance tries to reach necessarin the United States."

Bernard Thompson, chief of Washington detectives, maintained tonight that he found no evidence of sourder.

Inspector Thompson said that both the door to Krivitsky's room and the room window were locked from the inside, precluding any possibility of a murderer's escape. There were no fingerprints on the pistol. They were washed out by stains from the wound. The notes indicated, according to the police, that Krivitsky had taken his own life.

Krivitaky had registered at 6 o'clock Sunday night as "Walter Poref." This was the name, socording to his attorney, that he had decided to adopt as his legal name in the United States. Application for legal permission to use this name was to have been submitted to the Supreme Court in New York City. Actually, Krivitsky was born Samuel Gineberg, the son of middle-class merchants in the Russian Ukraine, near the Polish border on June 28, 1899.

Chief Thompson said the Coroner estimated that Krivitsky had been dead about six hours when the body was found at 9:30 A. M. Thelma Jackson, a Negro chambermaid, discovered it. She had passed the door several times in the course of her morning duties on the fifth floor and had knocked each time she passed without getting an anawer. When she finally got in, she saw Krivitsky aprawled out with the automatic pistol near his hand. His shoes were by the bed, but his

when he reached the hotel, questioned other persons with rooms on the fifth floor. None, he said, could recall hearing a shot. Hotel employes could not remember that "Mr. Pore!" had left his room after he came in at 6 P. M.

to suicide." Thompson said. "If we get any further information that indicates it is any thing but suicide we shall certainly look into it."

#### Three Notes Found in Room

Coronar MacDonald made public the text of the three notes found You were a friend. in Russian, another in German and the other in English. All were



FOUND DEAD IN HOTEL General Walter G. Krivitsky Times Wide World, 1939

possible. I love you, my only one. "It is difficult to write, but think yet where his father is going. I him. Forgive, it is very hard to assassins' hands in Paris and in good mother to him and be always quiet and never got angry at him. He is very good and always very pale. Good people will help you, but not enemies. I think my sins and managed to shake them off by are big. I see you, Tanya and getting out of a side door. socks were still on his feet. are big. I see you, Detective Sergeant D. Guest, Alek I embrace you.

"Yours.

"VELLA. "P.S. On the farm of Dobertov have any stength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov, be- of every one in the room. "All the physical evidence points cause that is the only place I could get the firearms."

The note in German was as follows:

"Dear Suzanne:

"I trust that you are well, and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tanya and my poor boy.

Yours.

death at the hands of the Ogpu; to tell the tale." that he had sufficient funds to carry him on at least two to three years as a result of his writings, which nullifles any thought that he might have feared poverty; that he was eager to find a new home for himself and his family, which is not indicative of a man bent on destruction. When he left home last Wednesday, Mrs. Krivitsky said. he did not seem downcast or depressed. The "brutal assassin" to whom Mr. Waldman referred, it turned out, is a Hans Bruesse. This Red agent, Krivitsky had declared in his magazine writings, had liquidated some of the general's closest friends and associates, including Ignace Reiss of the Red Secret Service. who was machine-gunned to death in September, 1939, on the Chamblandes Road outside of Lausanne, in Switzerland. In his story Krivitsky dramatically referred to this killer as "Hans, the Red Judas," because the man had killed a number of former co-workers. Operating with the killer, according to Krivitsky, was a woman agent, Gertrude Schilbach. A strand of her gray hair was found in Rejas's hand when his body was picked up on the Swiss road.

Krivitsky was informed six weeks ago, through unidentifiable channels, that Brusse was in the United States and that his assignment was Krivitsky. The former Red general had spread this word among his friends. They all seemed to know of it tonight.

The story of Krivitsky's attempts about me and you will understand to get out from under the shadow that I have to go. Don't tell Alek of an assassin reads like an E. Phillips Oppenheim thriller. He disbelieve that in time you will tell closed in some detail, in his writhim, because it will be best for ings, how he slipped through the write. Take care of him and be a Switzerland, and of his brushes with them in the United States. On one occasion they trailed him from a restaurant in Times Square. He took refuge in a publishing house

Krivitsky was a small, thin man, exceedingly pervous, an incessant smoker. He were his dark brown hair severaly brushed back. His I wrote this yesterday, but I did not craggy eyebrows all but obscured his eyes. In public places he always seemed restless; scanned the faces

> When his exposes appeared in the Saturday Evening Post that magasine asked for his photograph. He apologized, saying he did not dare have it published.

#### Proved He Was Army Leader

Communists in this country charged that Krivitaky never had been an Ogpu leader; they said he was a mere adventurer. Krivitaky, ing the Spanish civil war to "P.S. I also think about your business Army lander. The tastified Coming on top of the ways

but resigned himself to eventual Krivitsky set down. "I have lived article published in The Saturday

Boris Shub, who translated the Krivitsky writings into English, told reporters in New York tonight that the former military Ogpu commander was not the suicidal type.

"I have worked with him and I own importance to consider suicide. that the Ogpu would eventually get sies here and abroad. him. He was realgned to it.'

General Krivitsky, who served in been twice decorated for espionage work-until December, 1937.

At that time, having broken fiand refused to return to Moscow from Paris, he threw himself upon came suspect in November, 1937. the protection of the French Government

His break with the Soviet, reported here on Dec. 7, 1937, attracting attention because it followed the disclosure that Alexander Barnot approve the Moscow trials that condemned many of his former associates as traitors and "Trotskyists."

He next came into international notice in March, 1938, when he gave an interview to a Russian emigrés' newspaper in Paris in connection with the death of Maxim Gorky.

Then he came to the United States, arriving here under the name of his birth. Samuel Ginsberg, having abandoned his legal Soviet name of Krivitsky, His arrival attracted no attention and he was seeking to avoid it, for he lived under the constant shadow of Ogpu vengeance. He made the acquaintance of Isaac Don Levine. one-time newspaper correspondent in Moscow, and with the aid of Mr. Levine and Mr. Shub, Russian writer and translator, he prepared his memoirs in secret, working behind drawn shades.

#### Memoirs Caused a Stir ..

Parts of the memoirs appeared as articles in The Saturday Evening Post. They burst like an incendiary bomb on New York literary circles. then under the domination of leftist writers and critics. The first in Spain," disclosing that Russis had linked its interven

the article were placed by the magazine in newspapers throughout the The following October he appeared

before the Dies committee to tell his story. He charged that Russian know his temperament," Mr. Shub spice engaged in kidnapping and said. "He was too convinced of his murder in the United States and said that the Soviet secret police Besides, he was a fatalist. He felt had control of the Russian Embas-

Evening Post the previous April 29.

Advertisements calling attention to

Often sent abroad on confidential missions, he was dispatched in 1923 the military intelligence department to Germany "to organize the Gerof the Soviet Red Army for eight. man revolution and to prepare the een years until November, 1937, was man-power for the German Red unknown outside high Russian Army." In May, 1933, he was called Communist circles-although he had back to Moscow to head the Soviet War Industries Institute. In 1935 he was sent abroad again, as chief of military intelligence in Western nally with the Soviet Government Euro, e, a post he held until he was superseded when his allegiance be-

He told of working with swindlers, murderers and pro-Fascists for many years without qualms, all doubts being resolved by his fanatical faith in communism. What i caused him to break with Stalin, mine, former Soviet charge d'af. he said, was the assassination of an faires in Athens, would not return old friend, Ignace Reiss, by Ogpu to Russia. General Krivitsky said agents. This frankness led to a new he knew a price had been set on storm of attack, his Communist enhis head because of his refusal to emies finding allies in conservareturn to Russia, but that he could tive Representatives and popular critics, who argued that his former callouaness impeached his testi-

> But his chief assertions found confirmation in the development of Soviet foreign policy and when his disclosures were brought out in book form in November, 1938, under the title "In Stalin's Secret Service," they were published simultaneously in England, Sweden and the Netherlands.

In recent months he had lived in self-desired obscurity, on infrequent occasions contributing an article to The New Leader, Social Democratic newspaper, discussing the background of Soviet foreign policy. He lived in a suburb with his wife and young son, coming in to town infrequently to see one of his friends or to use the public library.

He found relaxation in hiking along the Palisades or in walking across the George Washington Bridge, reading history and chatting with intimate friends of the same political beliefs. Sporadically he took up his writing, dictating for hours at a stretch to a stenographer, reciting events chiefly from memory, although occasionally looking up dates in voluminous article was about "Stalin's Hand notes and stacks of documents that he had brought from Europe.

she passed without getting an an- good mounes to ..... socks were still on his feet. are big. I see you, Detective Sergeant D. Guest, Alek. I embrace you.

when he reached the hotel, questioned other persons with rooms on the figh floor. None, he said, could after he came in at 6 P. M.

"All the physical evidence points to suicide." Thompson said. "If we get any further information that indicates it is any thing but suicide lows: we shall certainly look into it."

#### Three Notes Found in Boom

Coroner MacDonald made public the text of the three notes found in Mr. Krivitsky's room. One was in Russian, another in Garman and the other in English. All were written on sheets of stationery bearing the printed address of Charlottesville, Va.

The note in English read:

"Dear Mr. Waldman: "My wife and my boy will need your help. Please do for them what you can.

WALTER KRIVITSKY." "P.S.: I went to Virginia he-If my friends should have any trouble please help them, they did not know why I periett the gut. The note in Russian, addressed to

his wife, was translated as follows: "Dear Tanya and Alek: "It is very difficult but I want to live very badly. But it is im-

He is very good and always very a restaurant in Times Square. He was seeking to avoid it, for took refuge in a publishing house was seeking to avoid it, for the land of the l swer. When she finally got in, she quiet and never get angry at him. saw Krivitsky sprawled out with He is very good and always very His shoes were by the bed, but his but not enemies. I think my sins and managed to shake them off by are big. I see you, Tanya and getting out of a side door.

"Yours. "VELLA.

player could not remember that have any stength in New York. I his eyes. In public places he always the Poret' had left his room did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov, because that is the only place I could get the firearms."

The note in German was as fol-

"Dear Suzanne:

"I trust that you are well, and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tanya and my poor boy. You were a triend. "Yours.

brother and Dorothy."

Mr. Waldman later said the note to Suzanne was to Miss Suzanne La Follette, a New York editor, whose acquaintance he made while tigation. she was secretary of the John Dewey commission that investigated the Moscow trials.

"Dobertov" is a former political associate of Krivitsky.

Mr. Waldman refused to accept the notes as authentic.

"The case is too important to close on circumstantial evidence." he said. "The notes appear to be in his handwriting, but it must be remembered that the Ogpu had specimens of General Krivitsky's handwriting in several languages. The Ogpu is expert in forgery, including the counterfeiting of money which General Krivitsky also revonled in his articles."

Mr. Waldman said he would remain here for the present to press his plea for a continued investiga-

tion. tion. He added that walls the notes seemed persuasive of the theory of suicide he nevertheless thought the case should not be closed.

#### Had No Pistol, Wife Says

In New York City, Mrs. Krivitsky Insisted that her husbanc, in the first place, had never owned tol in the United States. Ti confirmed by Mr. Waldman said that Krivitsky had plann go to the New York police last day to apply for a pistol perni had remarked that he expected ficulty because he was not natural ized. One of his purposes in visi ing Washington, incidentally, was to try to get his naturalisation apeeded up.

Other reasons advanced by friends and relatives against the sulcide theory were that Krivitsky had all

Krivitsky was a small, thin man, exceedingly nervous, an incessant smoker. He were his dark brown hair severely brushed back. His I wrote this yesterday, but I did not craggy eyebrows all but obscured

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#### Proved He Was Army Leader

Communists in this country charged that Krivitsky never had been an Ogpu leader; they said he was a mere adventurer. Krivitaky, "P.S. I also think about your rugitive Army leader. He testified before the Dies Committee and also gave valuable information on foreign spies to the State Department and the Federal Bureau of Inves-

> He had entered the United States funder a temporary passport and in July, 1939, a deportation complaint was filed against him. It was said that the Soviet Government had brought pressure for his deportation. After his testimony before the Dies committee he saw his family safely domiciled in a remote part of Canada under the name of "Thomas" and slipped quietly out of the United States to spend some time in England. Here, his friends maintain, he gave vital spy information to the British, then already at war. As a recoult of his disland swooped down on several nests of fifth columnists.

Last March Krivitsky encountered three men coming his way down a New York street. One of them he recognized immediately as "Sergel Basoff," known in the Ogpu as "Jim." "Jim" was a former Crimean sailor, according to the general; labelled one of the top hatchet men for Stalin. Krivitsky on this occasion, managed to remain within well-lighted areas. The even walked up to Basoff. He d, "Did you come to shoot Basoff pretended to be "I "Not I," he told Krivit-

under the constant shadow of newspaper, discussing Ogpu vengeance. He, made the acquaintance of Isaac Don Levine, one-time newspaper correspondent in Moscow, and with tile aid of Mr. Levine and Mr. Shub, Russian writer and translator, he prepared his memoirs in secret, working behind drawn shades.

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Parts of the memoirs appeared as articles in The Saturday Evening Post, They burst like an incendiary bomb on New York literary circles, then under the domination of leftist writers and critics. The first in Spain," disclosing that B-Russia had linked its interv ing the Spanish civil war to . terests of its foreign policy,

Coming on top of the wave of illusionment caused by the Moscow trials, the Krivitsky disclosures caused many detections in the ranks of Communist intellectuals and their "fellow-travelers," who had been vociferous in their support of Republican Spain. The Communists were furious, The New Masses beginning a campaign against General Krivitsky, charging, 'General Krivitsky, you are Schmelka Gins-

berg!" The attempt to make capital out of Krivitaky's double identity failed, however, when it became generally known that he had himself disclosed his legal change of name in seeking French Government protection. Meanwhile his disclosures continued, causing new bomb bursts among the intellectuals here and abroad. In an article published June closures in Britain, authorities in 17, 1939, asking 'Why Did They London and in other parts of Eng- Confess?" he discussed the Moscow trials.

Students of Russian Communist psychology said that while his disclosures provided invaluable source material, they did not provide a complete explanation for the conduct of the prosecuted Russian revolutionists. He explained the paradoxes in their conduct on the basis of the hopeless situation in which they found themselves, as a "last desperate effort" to save communism from Stalin.

#### Predicted Stalin-Hitler Pact

The Stalin-Hitler pact of August, 1839, raised him to new stature and myself marked for the intensified the campaign against him, for he had predicted the y safely that time," change in Soviet relations in an

ground of Soviet foreign policy. He lived in a suburb with his wife and young son, coming in to town infrequently to see one of his friends or to use the public library.

He found relaxation in hiking along the Palisades or in walking across the George Washington; Bridge, reading history and chatting with intimate friends of the same political beliefs. Sporadically he took up his writing, dictating for hours at a stretch to a stenographer, reciting events chiefly from memory, although occasionally looking up dates in voluminous article was about "Stalin's Hand notes and stacks of documents that he had brought from Europe.

Krivitsky lay dead. Both, said police, spoke of suicide—but they admitted that the messages might have been forged.

The body of Krivitsky, once Chief of Soviet Military Intelli-gence in Western Europe, lay un-identified from morning until after 6 P. M. A tentative identification came earlier through an examina-

tion of correspondence.

This correspondence showed that Krivitsky also used the names of Samuel Ginsberg and Walter Porof, both of which aliases he used after fleeing Russia and forswearing the Communst Party. He registered last Saturday under the name of Porof. He had no known Visitors.

A maid, Thelma Jackson, opened the locked door of his room with a passkey this morning and found him dead. The lock on the door was of the type which can be snapped on from the outside. From the window, there was a straight drop of five floors. There was no

sign of a struggle in the room.

Despite the appearance of suieide, authorities did not discount the possibility that someone used a passkey to enter while Krivitsky alept, pressed the pistol to his head, wiped fingerprints from the handle, and left quietly.

No one in the hotel heard the fata) shot.

Krivitsky, jn a sa

for the Saturday Evening Post, described how former Soviet leaders out of favor with Stalin were hunted to the ends of the world

and slain, as was Trotsky.

He had led a similar hunted, furtive life since coming to the United States in 1937. He had hoped for safety here, but a friend warned him: "The OGPU has no frontiers."

In December, 1939, while he was in hiding, the Labor Department ordered him deported for overstaying his visitor's permit. Waldman obtained a series of extensions.

#### Left U. S. Last Year.

"In March, 1940," said Weldman tonight, "he left the country and went to a foreign land—not France—where he thought he would be safe. When Trotsky was killed, he realized he was not safe there, and came back in October, 1940."

In December, 1940, he applied for first papers, and then asked court permission in New York to change his name to Porof as means of throwing off pursuit. He had gone to Washington to look for a farm somewhere across the Potomac in Virginia, an isolated spot where he could be safe with his wife and son, 7. He stopped in Washington "on business' on the way back.

Murders of once-prominent Rus-

curred all y Once Bared

(Special to The News)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—The prophetic testimony of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky before the Dies Committee in 1939 rose up tonight to make his death a sinister mystery.

He told a wide-eyed audience Russian Army officers were liquiand killed a friend of his near Lausanne, Switzerland, in so subtle a fashion that the authorities wrote the death off as a suicide. That is also how police and the coroner here first wrote off Krivitsky's death.

#### Put Dead at 35,000.

He testified that Ignace Reiss, an old friend formerly in the Russian secret service, was trailed from country to country and finally dispatched by a gang of OGPU men under the leadership of an in-ditioual he identified only as "Spiegelglass, an OGPU agent."

Testifying through an in-

millions were interned in concentration camps.

#### Non-Citizens Shot

He told how Communist leaders in Germany, Poland and Hungary were recalled to Moscow and shot. though not citizens of Russia

He described how the OGPU network extends through the world, even to cover citizens of other lands, who oppose Moscow; how its agents kidnap and murder persons, some of them non-Russians, on for Bestifying through an in-eign soil because they are anti-terpreter, he declared that 35,000 Stalin.

dated by Stalin in 1937, the year Kriivitsky fled Russia; that 300,000 other persons were exiled; and that world during the past decision Paris, Tokio, Budapest and Zurie Krivitsky's death might easily 1

one of this chain, police felt.

"We are not passing up any posibilities," said Inspector Berna:
Thompson of the Washingto
police, "though on the face of it, it looks like suicide."

The handwriting on the suicid notes "appeared" to be that o Krivitsky, U. S. Attorney Edwar M. Curran said, but he added "The case is still open." Curral said there was nothing in the note to indicate a clear motive for sui cide.

#### Family in New York.

Matthews said Krivitsky was about 41, and that his wife and small daughter were somewhere in New York State. Police thought they were hiding in New York City.

There appeared, said Matthews, to be no financial reason why Krivitsky should take his life, because a year ago he received \$25,000 from the Saturday Evening Post, and was drawing royalties on a book co-authored by Isaac Don Levine.

It was believed here that Krivitsky entered the country about two years ago. Recently, he went to Canada to re-enter on a quota basis. A passport bearing the name

of Ginsberg was found.
The first intimation that the supposed suicide might be Gen. Krivitsky came from Waldman.

Among the man's effects were found papers indicating that Wald-

man was his attorney. Chief Thompson telephoned Waldman and asked if he knew anyone using the names of Porof and Ginsberg.

"Certainly I do," Waldman said. "Walter Porof is the name Gen. Krivitsky adopted when he came to this country early in 1939. He had retained me to have that name legally changed. That process is under way right now.

#### Menaced in N. Y.

"Furthermore, he told me that one of the most deadly of the OGPU agents-a man even more to be feared than Jackson, who murdered Trotsky-was in New York and was on his trail. He gave me the man's name, and I am going to turn it over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation when I demand a complete investigation of every

detail concerning this death."
Waldman said that the embittered Russian, last survivor of the old military clique and possessor of secrets unknown even to Stalin, was constantly in fear of his life.

"I remember several months ago," he said, "when Krivitsky noticed that he was being followed one afternoon while he was in the vicinity of Times Square. He knew the labor reporter on the New York Times, so he dashed into the Times office and stayed there for several hours until the man who was shadowing him finally left."
In his Saturday Evening Post

series, he was particularly vitriolic in his denunciation of Stalin. The Soviet dictator, he said, had murdered everyone who even threatened to get in his way, including most of Russis's most capable statesmen, financiers and military leaders.



# Krivitsky, Ex-Stalin Spy, Is Shot Dead; GPU Gets Blame

By SLOAN TAYLOR and JACK PURCELL. Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, hounded by the OGPU for exposing the bloody secrets he learned as a spy for Stalin, was found shot to death at 9:30 A. M. today in a quiet hotel-perhaps slain, as he feared, by

the same agents who engi-neered the Mexican assassination of Leon Trotsky.

tion of Leon Trotsky.

There was a bullet hole in Krivitaky's right temple. Under him lay a .38 caliber revolver with one shell discharged. Though the Coroner at first declared it to be a suicide, tonight he held up the death certificate while police and the FBI followed more sinister clues.

Under the glaring lights of the gity morgue, a Dies Committee in-



Walter G. Krivitsky pictured at the time he testified before Dies Committee.

vestigator peered at the body and asid:
"It's Krivitsky, all right, and it's
murder. I have no doubt of it."

'It Was Murder.'

The investigator was J. B. Matthews, who revealed that Krivitsky told him less than a month

ago:
"They'll get me, Are as hell.
When I'm dead, dou't ever believe
that I committed suicide."
And Louis Waldman, Krivitsky's

And Louis Waldman, Krivitsky's attorney, de-jared:
"It was murder. The OGPU had been trailing him."
K-vitsky had reason for this fear, according to Waldman, who said that a notorious OGPU man, Hans B-, strived in this country only a few days ago. He withheld the man's last name for the FBI, and said he would furnish other evidence that this was murder, not suicide.

other evidence that this was mur-der, not suicide.

Yet two notes, one in Russian and one in English, were found in the fifth-floor hotel room where



verify the identification Gen. Krivitsky yesterday.

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CLIPPING FROM THE NEW YORK DOTLY NEWS

FEB 1 1 1941

#### Investigative Committee's Chairman Promises New Evidence.

#### FORGERY OF NOTES ALLEGED

#### Attorney for ex-Red Agent Is Sure OGPU Faked His Client's Demise.

Washington, Feb. 11 (A. P.).—Representative Dies of Texas, chairman of the House committee investigating un-American activities, referred today to the death of Gen. Walter Krivitsky as "the biggest story of the year" and indicated that he would produce evidence later relating to the case of the former Russian secret agent. Gen. Krivitsky, a witness several months ago before the Dies committee, was found shot to death in the Bellevue Hotel here yesterday.

A certificate of suicide was issued, but the police are holding the case open pending further investigation, after a friend of the dead man speculated that "an assassin might have counterfeited" the apparent suicide notes found in the Russian's room, Mr. Dies was in conference with alds this morning, including J. B. Mattibews, investigator who identified the body as that of Gen. Kaivitsky, born Samuel Ginsburg.

The committee chairman told Reporters that he was are paring data to present to the House, which has under consideration a resolution to continue the committee's authority for another fifteen months at a cost of \$150,000. Mr. Dies indicated, however, that he had gone over the Krivitsky case with Mr. Matthews and others and said that he would have a statement to make as to what happened to Krivitsky and what may happen to a lot of others."

#### Investigation Pressed.

Louis Waldman of New York, a friend of the former Soviet secret agent, urged a searching investigation of the mysterious death.

Mr. Waldman, Krivitsky's attorney, hurried here after the body had been found in a \$2.50 hotel from yesterday, and disclosed that his glient told him only recently of the arrival in New York of a man named Hans.

"This man was known to Krivitsky as an assassin of the GPU (Soviet secret police)," Mr. Waldman said. "Since the arrival of Hans in the United States Krivitsky felt that his days were limited. He asked me to do certain things to get protection for him."

Bevolver in Hand.
The body, a .38-caliber bullet wound in the right temple, was taken to the morgue, but the re-

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sults of the autopsy will not be

known for several days.

Detectives said a blood-stainedrevolver was clutched in the Russian's hand when he was found,
and that his unpretentious room
showed no signs of a struggle.

Coroner Macdonald said, "We have been convinced that this was a suicide. But in view of the facts Mr. Waldman gave, we are going to keep the case open and run down all leads."

Mr. Waldman's theory of possible assassination was backed by the Russian's widow, Mrs. Tanya Krivitsky, who said at her New York apartment that her husband was warned a month ago that a man was in this country seeking to kill him.

Coroner Macdonald, however,

coroner Macdonald, however, said the handwriting of three notes found by the body—one in Russian, another in English and a third in German—was reported by police experts to be identical with that on Krivitsky's registration card at the hotel.

"It is very difficult and I want to live very badly, but it is impossible," read the police translation of a note written in Russlan and addressed to "Tanya and Alek," Krivitsky's wife and son.

#### Read Like Suicide Notes.

A note in English to Waldman asked the attorney to help "my wife and my boy." A third letter to "Suzanne" was written in German and likewise asked help for the widow and son. Mr. Waldman said Suzanne was one of the Russian's friends.

"The letters appear to be suicide notes," Waldman said, "but in the interest of the family and the public interest, I have asked the authorities not to close the investigation.

"Although the notes are in the handwriting of Krivitshe, it is well known that the GPU, of which Krivitsky had been an official, had specimens of his hand writing. The GPU is expert in counterfeiting handwriting and signatures of Krivitisky."

The little Russian with the grim, lined face gained national notice in October, 1939, when he declared in testifying before the Dies committee investigating unamerican activities that undoubtedly there were Russian secret agents in the United States Army and Navy. He told the committee that he broke with Josef Stalin's government in 1937 over the Russian purge carried out that year.

#### Convinced of Murder.

Before that, Krivitsky testifed, he served for two years as chief of Russian military intelligence for all western Europe.

Mr. Matthews asserted the Russian once told him, 'They'll get me sure as hell. The GPU is going to assassinate Tretsky and me. When I'm dead, don't ever believe that I committed suicide."

Leon Trotsky, anti-Stalinist leader, was alain with a pickax last year in Mexico.

Mr. Waldman said Krivitsky had complained recently of being shadowed. He said his client proposed to buy a little Virginia firm "out of sight of Russian agents," had taken out naturalisation papers and obtained an automobile driver's license.

"All these plans are not those of a man planning suicide," the attorney said. "They are the plans of a man who intends to start a new life in the Urated States."



93 Jan

The End of Krivitaky.

It is almost futile to debate the question whether General Krivitsky, found dead in a Washington botel yesterday, died by his own hand or was murdered by Stalinist agents. One of the most refined and least risky methods of homicide is that in which the victim pulls the trigger himself. Psychologists call it suicide by persuasion. A commoner phrase is hounding to death.

General Krivitsky was formerly Chief of Intelligence for the Red Army and an intimate counselor of Joseph Stalin. In that capacity he was familiar with the Soviet technic of assassination. He knew that once he had broken with Moscow and laid bare its secrets to the world his expectation of life had dropped far below that shown in the actuarial tables. The assassin was on his traces each hour of the day and the night, and he knew it.

If, as the superficial evidence indicates. General Krivitsky shot himself, it was only too plainly because he could discover no way out of the spare that had been set for him, the type of snare that he must often, in the past, have laid for others.

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## Murder? Suicide

THREE NOTES may prove that Krivitsky couldn't have committed suicide. Washington police say that one was in Russian, one in English, one in German. So far as is known, Krivitsky spoke but little English, had to use an interpreter for the writing of his magazine exposes, and for his Dies Committee testimony.

"SUICIDE?" said Krivitsky to J. B. Matthews, investigator for the Dies Committee, not long ago. "Don't ever believe I'll commit suicide. If I'm bumped off, it's murder."

A ROPE, had it been dropped from a window directly over Krivitsky's, could have permitted an assassin access to the room, and could have permitted a departure with the Krivitsky door bolted from the inside, and the window closed.

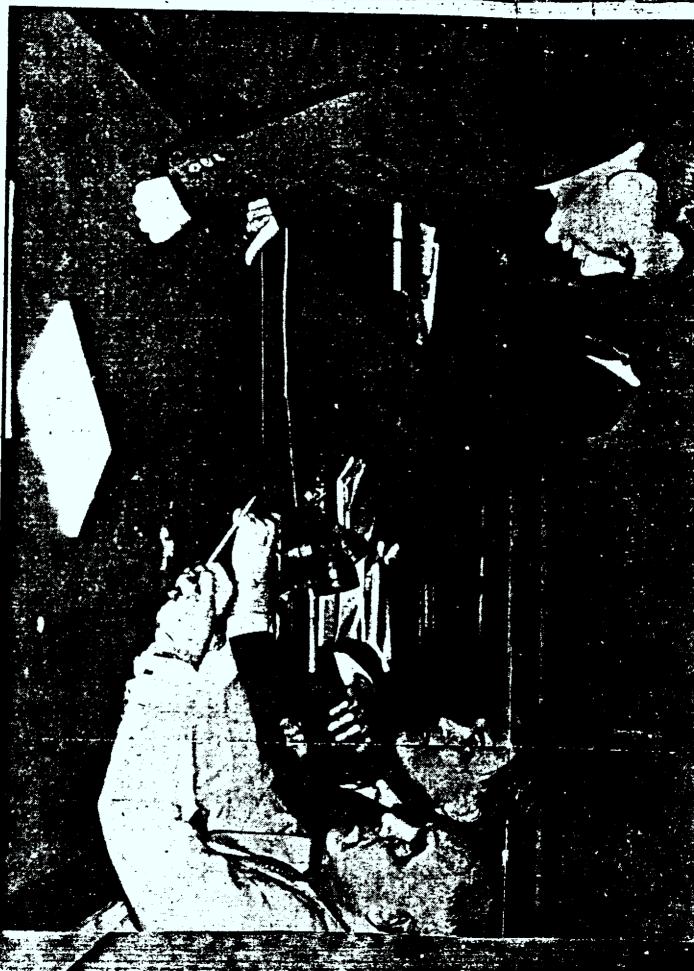
ALL FRIENDS who could be reached last night were unanimous in the opinion that Walter Krivitsky would not, and could not, have committed suicide. WASHINGTON POLI who examined the Krivi room carefully, are reluctant change their original verdic suicide. They point out one shot was fired from .38 automatic found by head, and that the room bolted from the inside. shot was fired from c range.

"NO VISITORS," says hotel management, "were nounced for Krivitsky from time he checked in Sun night until the body was covered at 9:30 yester morning."

NO FIRE ESCAPE outside Krivitsky's window aid an escape. And no le along which an assassin corawl. The room was stories above the street.

THE HANDWRITING the suicide notes, says U. District Attorney Edward Curran, matches the handwing on the hotel register. said he had no doubt that General shot himself.





# The Man Who Told

General W. G. Krivitsky (left), found dead yesterday, is shown with Chairman Dies (center) and Rep. J. Parnell Thomas as he told Dies Committee the story of Soviet espionage in U. S. Intimates believe he paid with his life for enmity to Stalin.

# He Predicted Nazi-Soviet Pact



GENERAL WALTER G. KRIVITSKY (International) Ex-spy chief as he looked on witness stand at Dies Committee

# Krivitsky Felt Tis Doom Near

Walter Krivitsky, the lean little ex-Red general in whose eyes death had been dancing for years, predicted only a week ago that the OGPU was drawing closer and ever closer. Yesterday the last of his amazing predictions

He told his attorney, one of the few men he could trust, that he was aware he was being shad-owed by the dreaded OGPU, and that the agent entrusted with the job of "eliminating" him was more deadly than Jackson, the man who pick-axed Leon Trotsky to death in Mexico.

"In my opinion," said Louis Waldman, the attorney, as he left last night for Washington, "Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky did not commit suicide." Waldman was most emphatic. "He was murdered by the OGPU.

"Only last week in this of-

fice he told me that he was being trailed and that his life was in great danger.

"Having already given Important information to the Federal authorities, and being in possession of a great deal more, he asked me to take up the question of protection with the

In the Bronx last night, Mrs. Tanya Krivitsky said that her husband went to Washington Wednesday. He had two missions: he was to see Martin Dies, and he

CLIPFING FROM THE NEW YORK DAILY MIRROR

FEB 1 1 1941 WARDED BY N.Y. DIVISION.



was to find a farm in Virginia for the family's refuge.

never owned a pistol. Last week he told Waldman that he would go to the New York City police and ask for a pistol permit, but that he expected to be turned down because he was an alien.

His widow argued against the suicide theory, and said that he wasn't downcast or depressed because of the OGPU. Besides, she pointed out, a man bent on U.S. by the OGPU. sulcide would not be out pricing farms in Virginia.

#### Followed Here

A few months ago, Krivitsky was walking in crowded Times Square when he noticed that he was being followed. He was in such deadly fear for his life that he dashed into The Times office to the desk of a labor reporter, whom he knew. He stayed until he felt it was safe to leave.

Krivitsky was born Samuel Ginsberg, in the Russian Ukraine. After the Red Revolution of 1917, when he assumed a place in the

Soviet hierarchy, he changed the name to Walter Krivite.

He rose in party and military councils until he became Chief of Soviet Military Intelligence for Wastern Funne. Western Europe. He established headquarters in Berlin, and did Stalin's bidding toward building a Red Army within Germany for the overthrow of Hindenburg, and, subsequently, Hitler.

After the purge trials of 1936, Stalin demanded a proof of loyalty from him. Krivitsky was to deliver one of his closest friends to Stalin. Krivitsky reneged. He fled, in 1939, with his wife and his son Alexander to America.

Once here, he created a sensation by exposing Stalin's despotism, not only over Russia, but over all Communists the world over, including the reputed 100,000 in the U.S. These articles vere published by the Satu∦day Evening Post.

Stung, the Communist Party of

the U.S. retaliated by calling him Ginsberg and denying he ever been a Red general. Krivitsky was then called to testify beshe asserted that her husband fore the Dies Committee, and not only substantiated his published articles, but asserted that Stalin's blood bath "destroyed" 35,000 Red officers, banished 300,000 Soviet Communists, and put millions of persons into prison camps.

He accurately forecast the Hitler-Stalin pact of August, 1939, and said that Stalin made outright gifts to Hitler of secret information ferreted out of the

Navy. He further said that Earl Krivitsky has been slain Browder, head of the Communist Russian Secret Service. Party in America, was little more than a dutiful office boy who takes his orders direct from Stalin.

Krivitsky and his family came here on visitors' permits. The Department of Immigration moved several times to deport them, but Krivitsky pleaded for a stay on the grounds that, to deport him would be to sentence him to death.

Later, he went to Canada and returned under the Canadian quota. He had recently applied

for his first citizenship papers.

After the death of Trotsky in Mexico, Krivitsky became doubly alarmed and seemed to feel that the OGPU, having eliminated Trotsky, could now concentrate on him.

He told the Dies Committee Last night, Boris Shub, who that OGPU agents were firmly served as interpreter for Krivit entrenched in the U. S. Army and sky, said he was convinued

Benjamin Stollberg, write

ulso translated for Kivitsky
"The thought of suicion nonsense. Krivitsky tole that he expected to be k and that his murder wou framed to appear a suicide

# **EX-RED SPY KRIVI** SHOT, CALLED SUICIDE. ENDS ACCUSE O

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, one-time chief of the Soviet Army Intelligence Service for Western Europe, who broke away to become an implacable enemy of the Stalin regime, was found shot dead in a

quiet side-street hotel, near the Capitol, this morning.

"Apparently suicide," was the tentative judgment of police, the coroner, and the U.S. Attorney, on the circumstantial evidence of a .38-caliber automatic pistol, which lay beside the body with one shell fired, in fifth-floor room, locked on the inside. This judgment was backed by the discovery of three "suicide notes," in English, Russian and

have been written by Krivit sky. Authorities, however left the way open for the possibility that:

ىر ئان

"It's definitely murder," as opinion expressed by J. B. Mat thews, investigator for the Die: Committee, before which Kri vitsky had appeared to give testimony which was cruelly damaging to the Red cause in this country. This opinion was stated by all the dead man's associates and acquaintances, who revealed that Krivitsky lived in constant fear of "The Red Judas, "assigned to assassinate him by the Sovie OGPU. A third possibility combined:

Murder AND suicide-in that it was suggested that Krivitsky had been told that he must de stroy himself—or see his wife and seven-year-old son slain.

#### Death Notes

U. S. Attorney Edward Curran, in the face of the objective evi-dence, said, "It looks like suicide but there seem to be plenty of grounds for murder."



LOUIS WALDMAN "He did not commit suicide. He was murdered."

they had definitely been written by Krivitsky, were made public late tonight by Coroner A. Milton Magruder.

The first, in English, was addressed to Louis Waldman, his notes, after being sub-litted to handwriting analysis New York when notified of the which authorities said established death. It said:

"lity wife and my boy will eed your help. Please do fol nem what you can . . I went o Virginia because I know hat there I can get the gun.
If my wife and my friends
hould have trouble, please elp them. They are good cople, and didn't know why I ought the gun."

One of the notes was to his ise, believed to be in or near life York. In it, Krivitsky said: "It is impossible for me e longer—I've got to go .

CLIPFING FROM THE NEW YORK DAILY MIRROR

FEB 1 1 1941 FORWARDED BY N.Y. DIVISION.

NOT RECORDED

Go to my friends and they will help you. Don't go to my enemies: You know who they

gre."
"Dear Tanya and Dear Alek, the son)," this note began:
"It is very difficult. I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. I love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write but think about me and then you will understand that then you will understand that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his father has gone. I believe that in time you will tell him, because it will...best for him. Forgive, it is very hard to write. Take care of him, and be a good mother to him and be always quiet and never set appry at him.

mm and be always quiet and never get angry at him.
"He is very good and always very pale. Good people will help you, but not enemies. I think my sins are big. I see you, Tanya and Alek, I em-brace you.

brace you.
"On the farm of Dobertov, "On the farm of Dobertov, I wrote this yesterday, but I did not have any strength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov, because that is the only place I could get the firearms."

The third note was addressed.

The third note was addressed to Susan LaFollette, who is re-lated to Phillip, former Governor of Wisconsin, and his brother Robert, Senator from that State, both of whom followed in the

boin of whom followed in the footsteps of their father, the late Senator, as Republican Liberals. This note asked Miss LaPoi-lett's aid for his family. It was addressed to her at the Chelsea

Hotel in New York City.

[Susan LaFollette, at the Chelsea Hotel in New York, said Chelsea Hotel in New York, said she spent most of last evening with Mrs. Krivitsky. She said that the widow is positive that her hushand was slain by the OGPU, and cited the fact tilat "six weeks ago someone photed skalter and told him that Hans was in America to get

see next page

save their falme to save their torture and death.

Tonight the police attempted to determine if Krivitsky went to his death, in Washington, 1941, under the same pressure. Whether he killed him, by proxy, or whether he didn't, Stalin had no cause to love the dead man. Krivitsky started blasting the Red boss in 1939, with a series of articles in the Saturday Evening Poat in which he exeries of articles in the Saturday Evening Post, in which he ex-posed the systematic campaign of murder, terror, forgery, black-mail and counterfeiting—all over the world—by which the Com-munist International strove to bolster and extend the rule of Stalle. Stalin

He put his name at the head of the articles—and the same name went down on the Krem-lin's black book, along with two aliases, by which he strove to remain alive.

remain alive.

He presented testimony to the Dies Committee, similar to that in his magazine stories—revealing the presence of Red cells in the U.-S. Army. Still more testi-

the U.S. Army. Still more testi-mony was to come—when Kriv-itsky died.

His head was half blown off by a single shot from the auto-matic. The door of the fifth-floor mauc. The coor of the inter-tho-room was barred from the inside. There was no ledge, no fire escape outside the window. "We are working on all the angles," said Inspector Bernard

Thompson.

"All the angles" could refer to a prediction by Leon Trotaky, before Leon Trotaky was murdered last Summer, that "Stalin will kill me and he will kill Krivitation."

Mast Summer, that "stain will kill me and he will kill Krivitsky."

Washington police tonight awaited the arrival of Louis Waldman, Krivitsky's attorney, hurrying here from New York, to lobtain a description of a sectet agent from the Soviet, who recen'ly arrived in New York, cording to Waldman.

The one-time Red General, whose real name was believed to be Samuel or Schmelka Ginsberg, had registered at the hotel as Walter Poref, a name he had frequently used as an alias.

Murder—If it was a murder—followed derision as the weapon of the Stallnists. In one of his articles, Krivitsky predicted the signing of a treaty between Germany and the Soviet. Earl Browder, secretary of the American Communist Party, commented at the time that:

can communist rarry, comment-ed at the time that:

"A German-Soviet accord is no more likely than my elec-tion as president of the Cham-her of Commerce of the United States."

The accord was signed a short time later. Browder is not presi-dent of the Chamber of Com-merce. Krivitsky is dead.

nim." Bruesse, she said, is an OGPU agent who once before threatened Krivitsky in Marseilles, France.)

One of the most bizarre features of the quondam Red General's death—described over his own signature as a suicide—was the fact that he had tord a half dozen associates and acquaintances:

"My murder will be framed to look like suicide."

With objective evidence indicating murder was impossible—and all the known facts of his life indicating suicide was impossible and murder imminent—police were driven tonight to the fantastic conclusion that Krivitsky may have executed his own death sentence upon himself.

death sentence upon himself.

When he quit being a Stalin accomplice and turned upon his one-time master, one of the first things Krivitsky did was to expose the methods used by the OGPU in extorting allegedly false confessions from suspects in the Russian "treason trials."

He contended that the defendants confessed—and went to certain

Continued on Page 23.





VOLUME C.-NO.

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TUESDAY, FEBRUA

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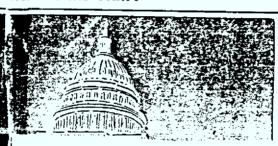
PRICE

TWO

CENTS

# i Seeks Spain's Help GEN. KRIVITSK

'AN LEADER COMES HOME IN RCH OF HIS PARTY



Claim Franco IS VICTIM OF GU Is on His Way IN WASHINGTO to See Il Duce

(Map on back page.)
BERNE, Switzerland, Feb. 10.—
Diplomatic dispatches reported tonight that Generalissimo Francisco Franco of Spain and his for-

Revelation by Widou

Sift Charge He Wa

Slain by GPU.

New York, Feb. 10 [Special]. Mrs. Tanya Krivitsky, whose hu band was found shot to death i Washington, D. C., today, di closed tonight that her husbar left here last Wednesday on tw missions. He was to see Repr sentative Martin Dies [D., Tex. before whose committee on us American activities he alread had given much information abou red spy activities in the Unite States, and then he was in see refuge for his family in Virginia He hoped, Mrs. Krivitsky said that by moving his family—her self and their 7 year old sor Alexander—out of New York, h might escape GPU assassins. Th widow, who is in hiding, said he husband was warned a month age that such an assassin was on hi trail. Mrs. Krivitsky said the sam man tried to kill her in Marsellle in 1837. She asserted, too, tha Krivitsky had never owned a pisto in the United States.

ry tonight enveloped the death middle Eur a Capitol Hill hotel room today Based upon the evidence of aping wound in Krivitaky's rig emple and the discovery of a aliber automatic pistol at his sid oroner A. Magruder MacDonald : rst issued a certificate of suicid his action was taken, however, whe e dead man was known only valter Poref, the name under which had registered at the hotel.

Certificate Held Up. Krivitsky's identity arned the coroner announced the would hold up the suicide cer ficate pending an investigation.

The lurid imaginations of murde tion writers hardly could summer

CHICAGO Daily Tribune 100-11146-A2-11-41



h middle Europe. He was found shot ha Capitol Hill hotel room terror Based upon the evidence is aping wound in Krivitsky's reast emple and the discovery of a 38 callber automatic pistol at his side, Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald at irst issued a certificate of suicide. This action was taken, however, when he dead man was known only as Walter Poref, the name under which he had registered at the hotel.

#### Certificate Held Up.

After Krivitsky's identity was earned the coroner announced that he would hold up the suicide cerificate pending an investigation.

The lurid imaginations of murder ction writers hardly could summon p more mystlfying circumstances han those which made police puzzle ver the death of Krivitsky. Against ill the indications that he killed himelf was the firm insistence of his itorney, Louis Waldman, and J. B. Matthews, chief investigator for the Dies committee, that he was slain for his forthright criticisms of Justicisms.

Krivitsky, who wrote a series of articles for the Saturday Evening Post criticizing the Stalin régime, repeatedly had predicted that he would be slain by agents of Stalin.

There were other items which made the investigators wonder.

#### Find Three Letters in Boom.

Three letters were found in Krivitsky's room. One was in English, addressed to Attorney Waldman, asking him to take care of his wife and son. Another in Russian, addressed to his wife and 7 year old son who are in New York, said "It is very difficult and I want to live very badly, but it is impossible." The third letter, written in German, was addressed to "Dear Suzanne."

Waldman said the "Dear Suzanne" letter was to a relative of Senator Robert M. La Follette and that she was a New York editor. Altho they appeared to be farewell letters, Waldman insisted they were forged by the Russian secret police. [Text of the letters appear on page 2.]

#### Events of the Day.

A chronological account of the incidents preceding and connected with the Krivitaky death follows:

At 10 o'clock this morning, Theima Jackson, a chambermaid, attempted to enter Krivitsky's room on the fifth floor of the Bellevue hotel, a modest hostelry not far from Washington's Union station, frequented mainly by tourists and elderly government workers. She employed her pass key when she found the door locked. A safety latch on the door inside had not been used and hotel employes admitted that a skeleton key would permit access to any room in the hotel.

The maid saw a body lying on the bed. It was fully clothed except for coat and shoes. The pistol lay beside the body. The maid's screams brought the manager, who notified police.

Joseph Donnelly, deak clerk, recalled that the man had registered



Dies committee investigator, identified the body. (AP Wirephoto) lieves former OGPU head was murdered. J. B. Matthews (left), Krivitsky, Atty. Louis Waldman (center) tells reporters he beon arrival in Washington to view body of client Gen. Walter Meeting at the morgue-Rubing to morgue

which he had once charged that repeatedly had warned her and other Miss La Follette sald Krivitsky

shout Krivitsky's death." think he may know comething "snicide notes", may have been coun- is very clever and most dangerous." Friends charged that even the try, This man is still at large, ite OGPU agent arrived in this counhandwriting in all identical to that Bruser, a deadly and notorious sign, English and German, the when Krivitsky learned that Hans "left" three notes, written in Ras- particularly scute tive weeks ago "These fears," she said, "became found dead some day.

would prove nothing. yesterday, Miss La Follette said, found beside his body in Washington KILALICHAR POOL WAS found yester Burganne La Pollette said today she handwriting on the first notes The authenticity of Krivitsky's

child, she said nuntdered, by threats to his wife and to write them himself before he was "It is very possible he was forced

CHICAGO DALLY THE Soviet regime. CHARGES OF LEYING to OVERTHEOW The Leon Trotsky and acquitted him of peld a "trial" in Menico City of a member of the committee which view "Freeman," in 1938 she was formerly edited the now defunct reliterary and Trotakyite circles, She Miss La Follette is well known in

come here to lend further aid to and addressed to her "was torced holel. He was believed to have side the body of Walter G. Krivitsky day in his room in a Washington was convinced the note found be-

bers of the United States army and committed suicide if he should be Russian secret agents were mem. friends never to believe that he had the Dies committee investigating from him before he was murdered."

Lin-American activities, before Miss Le Follette said Krivitsky

on the hotel ledger. Krivitsky, born Samuel Ginaberg

New York, Feb. 11 (LP). - Miss RRIVITSKY'S FRARS TOLD

> relating to the case of the former Russian secret agent. eroy of the water and indicated be short product as the second referred to the death of Gen. Walter Krivitsky as "the biggest the House committee investigating un-American activities today washington, teb. 11 (At').—Chaitman Dies (Dem., 1ex.) of

# Krivitsky's death FBI won't probe

attorney pleaded with the FBI to study the circumstances of G. Krivitaky, former chief Russian apy in west Europe, whose gation retused today to investigate the death of Gen. Walter Washington, Feb. 11 (UP). -The federal bureau of investi-

belief that he was a suicide. secrets. The police stuck to their because he had revealed alleged sign secret police whom he feared was murdered by agents of the Ruswhether Krivitsky was a suicide or cern in the case regardless of The FBI said that it had no con-.has gunshot wound.

lice. We are making no investigait is still a matter for the local po-Even if the coroner calls it murder. The coroner has called it suicide. Rosen of the intelligence division. Mexico, conferred with Inapector Al Trotaky, victim of an assassin in tor Krivitsky and the late Leon said after Louis Waldman, attorney ropolitan police," a FBI spokesman "It is a local matter for the met-

elnege teilele. clover inventions of what he called stances indicating suicide were the was murdered and that the circum-Waldman insisted that Krivitsky

dence pointed toward suicide. an autopay, that every bit of evilong investigation, which included police, however said after a nightchier of the District of Columbia Bernard W. Thompson, detective

RYMD CEALCHES BAN

HIS BRIN CIUCCHINS & revolver

14-11-6



#### That's Krivitsky!"

Dies Committe investigator J. B. Matthews forcibly asserts that body of man death in Washington hotel is that of Samuel Ginaberg, otherwise known as Gen Walter Krivitsky, former head of Russian secret po-lice. (AP Wirephoto)

# Soviet foe's death held open for quiz

Washington, Feb. 11 (AP),—Declaring that "an assassin might have counterfeited" apparent suicide notes found by the bullet-torn body of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, a friend of the former Soviet Russian secret agent today urged a searching investigation of his musterious death investigation of his mysterious death.

Louis Waldman, Krivitsky's New Krivitsky's registration card at the York attorney, hurried here after the body was found in a \$2.50 hotel.

Krivitsky, who told the Dies committee he was born Samuel Ginsheard and Alans.

Representation of his mysterious death.

Krivitsky, who told the Dies committee he was born Samuel Ginsheard Alans.

Pore to the Alans and Alans and Alans are was proved.

named "Hans."

This man was known to Krivitaky as a deadly assassin of the
OGPU (Soviet secret police)."

Waldman said. "Since the arrival
of Hans in the United States Krivitsky felt that his Gays were
simited. He asked me to do certain
things to get protection for him."

CASE HELD OPEN

#### CASE HELD OPEN

Although Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald earlier had issued a certificate of suicide, police and they would hold the case open.

would hold the case open.

The body, a 38 caliber bullet wound in the right temple, was taken to the morgue, but the results of the autopsy will not be known for several days. Detectives said a blood-stained revolver was clutched in the Russian's hand when he was found, and that his unpretentious room showed no signs of a struggle. Output MacDonald said "We have been convinced that this was a suicide. But in view of the facts Mr. Waldman gave, we are going to keep the case open and run down all leads."

all leads."

Waldman's theory of possible assassination was backed by the Russian's widow, Mrs. Tanys Kriwitsky, who said at her New Tork spartment that her husband was warned a month ago that a man was in this country seeking to kill him.

#### DIPOSSIBLE TO LIVE

Coroner MacDonald, however, said the handwriting of three notes found by the body—one in Russian, another in English, and a third in

"It is very difficult and I want to live very badly, but it is im-possible," read the police transia-tion of a note written in Russian and addressed to "Tanya and Alex." Krivitsky's wife and son.

Krivitsky's wife and son.

A bote in English to Waldman asked the attorney to help "my wife and my boy." A third letter to "Buranne" was written in German and likewise asked help for the widow and son. Waldman seid Suzanne was one of the Russian's friends.

"The letters appear to be suicide notes," waldman said, "but in the interest of the family and in the public interest, I have saked the authorities not to close the investigation.

authorities not to close the investigation.

"Although the notes are in the handwriting of Krivitsky, it is shell innown that the OGPU, of which Krivitsky had been an official, had specimens of his handwriting. The OGPU is expert in counterfeiting handwriting and signatures of Kri-Chicogo vitsky."

The little Russian with the grim, lined face guined national notice in October, 1939 when he declared in testifying before the Dica committee investigating un-American estivities that "andoubtedly" there were Russian secret agents in the United States army and may. He told the committee of House mempire that he broke with Josef Stalin's government in 1937 over the Russian "purge" carried out that year.

#### Capital Poly Accused as U.S. Aids Hunt Krivitsk Mr. tak

Continued from First Page.

is going. I believe that in time you will tell him became it will be best

"Forgive. It is very hard to wri Take care of him and he a good mother to him and be always quiet, and never get angry at him. He is very good and always very pale. Good people will help you but not enemies. I think my sins are very big.
"I see you, Tenis and Alec.

Yeurs VII.A "

#### POSTSCRIPT MYSTIFIES.

There followed a postscript which has aroused many questions among officials who believe OGPU agents dictated the letters for Krivisky to pen.

"I wrote this yesterday, but I did not have any strength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov because that was the soil value I agently and the for-

see Dobertov because that was the enly place I senid get the fire-arms."

In direct contradiction to this postscript, Waldman explained that Krivitaky, who registered at the Belleveu as Waiter Poref, the

water Poref, the country, came to Washington to seek the protection of the FBI.

TELLS OF SHADOWING.

Waldman stated:

"Envirolly teld me last Wadnes."

"Any that he was going to Virginia for the surpose of buying a Soviets, was released from prison farm. He had been stekering for the surpose of buying a Soviets, was released from prison this farm and he had complained to me several times about heing this farm we were informed any the vidence.

"Then we were informed arrival of a metal to the surpose of buying a Soviets, was released from prison farm. He had been stekering for the position in 1939.

Soviets, was released from prison this farm and he had complained to me several times about heing the past three weeks,

"Then we were informed arrival of a week the protection of the OGPU in this country and head of a hugh counterfeiting ring a soviets, was released from prison farm. Be had been stekering for the prison to 1939.

Soviets by the OGPU, that Dozenberg was convicted by the federal been was convicted by

"Then we were informed of the arrival of a special OGPU agent by the name of Bans, who is known as a deadly assamin. Erivitaky said that since Hans' arrival in the United States he felt his days were limited."

Meanwhile police here admitted that they have been unable to locate the "Dobertor" named in the letter to Mrs. Krivitaky.

ALLOGICAL CLAIM.

Waldman pointed out that he had already secured the promise of New York City police to give Krivitaky a special sun permit granted to allens. Waldman asked:

"Why sheeld Krivitaky have had to ge to Virginia to a get a gun to kill hisself?"

The third

"Why should Erivitely have had to go to Virginia to a get a gun to hill hisself?"

The third letter found in the hotel room was addressed to Susan La Follette, Hotel Chelses, Mew York City, a cousin of Sentator La Follette.

This note was written in Gero

ator La Follette.

This note was written in German and might have been written to Miss La Follette, J. B. Matthews, chief investigator for the Dies committee, explained, "because that was the address where Krivitsky received all his mail."

#### ASKS AID FOR WIFE, SON,

This letter read:
"I trust that you are well and I am dring with the hope that you will help Tonla and my goor boy. You were a good friend, Yours, Walden You we

Like the other two notes, this one also carried a postscript which

"I also think about your leether and Dorothy."

and Dorwing."

Matthews stated:

"The OGPU know that Krivitaky received has mail through
Susan La Fellede. They also knew
what close friends they were."

#### DOZENSERG HUNTED.

Falle Washington police refused aid in the search for Nicholas
Dozenberg, a notorious Communist
leader recently released from
prison, Dies committee investigators worked frantically to find

It was through the testimony of



#### SUSAN LA FOLLETTE.

The evidence which points away from the suicide theory, as compiled for the New York Journal and American by State Department officials with whom Erivitaky was in frequent communication, present this picture:

Erivitaky was well off financially.

#### WARNING RECALLED.

Matthew said:

"Less than a year age, Krivitsky, with whom I had become very friendly, told me that the (GPU was determined to assassinate Troisky and himself. He said to

"If I am ever found dead and "If I am ever found dead and it appears to be suicide, please, don't accept that belief. It will fast appear to be suicide. But it will really be murder. Trotaty to be murdered and I am, too. Please go to Mexico City and warn "waster."

Piense go to Mexico City and warn Trotaky.

"I went to Mexico City soon after this conversation, and saw Trotaky. I even had a letter from Trotaky, I told Trotaky what the general had said.

"Trotaky told me: 'Gen. Erivitisky is right, We are the two men the OGPU are sworn to kill'.

"It wasn't long after that that Trotaky was assassinated. And:

Troteky was assaulne now Krivitsky is doed." entrated. And NONE HEARD SHOT.

Other evidence which points t

يهدون تنتينان و

the setting in the hotel room amination of the where Krivitsky had checked in the Rotel Bellev last Sunday at 4:59 p. m., sixteen

hours before his death. Pirst, police admit, no shot was latter also plans heard in the hotel.

heard in the hotel.

Coronor MacDonald admitted that while the shot had been fired right from New recity to the mod into Krivitaky's right temple, the themselves had already gun, a 38 caliber revolver, was body as the ex-gr found lying at his left side.

Except for one telephone call to "room service," at 8:30 p. m. Sunday night, Krivitsky made no outside contacts. This one call resulted in his receiving one bottle of sparkling water.

#### FOUND BY MAID.

The general was discovered yes The general was discovered yesterday morning by Thelma Jackson, chamber maid, when she entered the room to clean.

The body was clad in a green
alipover sweater, gray trousers,
socks, a shirt and tie. His shoes
were under the bed.

The three letters, unsealed, were
found on the dresser, on the other
side of the room away from the

side of the room away from the bed. All the notes were written in beneit.

Pencil.
Points advanced by Dies investigators and other federal officials toward the probability that Krivitsky was compelled to destroy himself, were:
Krivitsky was followed constantly and openly by OGPU agents.
He knew, from an intimate knowledge and study of Soviet purges, the system of foreing as former follower to commit suicide after first confessing to wrong doing.

He feared death at the hands of Killer Hans and often, since the arrival of Hans, stated that death would be his lot.

Dies investigate

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CIRCLE COFFE



The Chicago American 2-11-41

# Fear Tracky Widow Next on Death List

#### Russians Here : Certain OGPU Killed Krivitsky

BY MEYER ZOLOTABEFF.

Chicago's Russian circles wer buzzing today over the tragic death of Walter Erivitaky, the short, wiry Russian general who knew all the secrets of Josef Stalin.

Krivitsky's death had been pre dicted here as long ago as killing of Leon Trotsky. Local Trotskyites, well acquainted with the machinery of the OGPU, Stalin's secret police, knew it was difficult

cret police, knew it was difficult for any "offender" to escape.
Today, following the death of Krivitsky, they made another prediction. They said the OGPU has not completed its job and has another prospective victim, who is probably as dangerous as the two has been apply of Busine's

probably as dangerous as the two who have joined many of Russia's best sons in death.

Chicago Trotskylies say the next victim of the OOPU will be Trot-aky's widow, Natalie, who was her husband's confidente for thirty-

eight years, While anxiety over the fate of Mme. Trotsky, believed here to be hiding somewhere in Mexico, grew hourly, local Trotskyite headquarters devoted most speculation to the manner in which Gen, Krivit-sky met his death.

aky met his death.

His body was found in a Washington hotel room. The coroner withheld a certificate stating the cause of death, but Krivitsky's numerous friends and associates here stubbornly insist he was mugdered. They say he met the fate of all those who dare concenn Stain and his doings. They maintain that the long arm of the OGPU, an important branch of which Krivitsky once headed, had finally reached him.

#### STALIN'S HAND SEEN.

But whether Erivitaky committed suicide or died at the hands
of an assassin, they maintained
one thing is certain—
Gen. Krivitaky died because
slive he was inconvenient to his
arch foe, Josef Stalin.

It does not matter, they say
here, whether Erivitaky himself
fired the fatal shot into his temple or whether Erivitaky himself
fired the fatal shot into his temple or whether it was done by one
of Stalin's agents. They believe
Stalin wanted to dispose of Erivitaky at all costs. His activity in
the United States annoyed the Red
dictator, His revelations and damdictator. His revelations and damaging charges hurled at Stalin and the Kremlin, the fortress of the Third International, had to be shut off.

Stalin's many efforts to silence Krivitsky failed. His articles in a national magazine annoyed the Russian dictator, especially. Stalin, it is said, even ordered Constantin Oumansky, his American ambassador, to use his influence to half the series of articles.

death at the hands of Russian Ugpu agenus,

When Oumansty failed in his
attempt he was called to the
Kremlin for an explanation and
at one time it was believed that
he would be ousted from his post,
scording to these across.

Oumansty, loca Russians say,
also tried to prevent Krivitsky's
appearance before the Dies Comamittee. Zhey maintain he used
all his diplomatic power, but despite Stalin and all his coherts,
the will still pressure, but despite Stalin and comments in the only person who knows their
for almost two decades in his
government, refused to be sileneed.
When Stalin failed to gag his
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government when the mands of the status down the say the world.

The only person who knows their
have been forced to send the builet
have been forced to send the

Mme. Leon Trotsky, with her late husband (left), and Diego Rivera, famous Mexican artist, pictured in and Diego Rivera, famous Mexican artist, pictured in Mexico, where Trotsky vainly sought refuge from the vengeance of Josef Stalin. Behind the group are two of the bodyguards whose presence failed to zave Trotsky from assassination. The mysterious death in Washington of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, critic of Stalin, has aroused fears that Mme. Trotsky may be marked for death at the hands of Russian Ogpu agents.

day.

It was to Miss Im Polietie, widely known magazine writer a a family friend of the Krivitak that one of the thrie notes for

that one of the thrie notes four beside his body was addressed. Seated in her suite in the Hot Chelses, Seventh av. and Yeventy-thrif st., she appeared o viously shaken as she said; ""In reluctant to believe I took his own life. He was fee by in leve with his wife and oh and I haw, too, that he teld least two people that some die would be marde to look like sticide."

MURDER ETTER WAY.
"Do you believe it was sender?" she was asked.
She puffed a cigaret nervous and lifted her shoulders helpies by as she replied:
"How do I definitely know with

"How do I derinitely know with it was? But those people...(b) voice was bitter? "these peop are expable of a great deal. It feeling is this: If it is a suited then it is a murder. He we hounded and hounded."

nounced and nomined."

Krivitaky, ahe said, knew the Ham Brusse—described as one e-Russia's "deadlist secret agent—was in New York locking fishm. She revealed that two midentified men about a year a walked up to a wuman frier of the Krivitaky on the stre with a politic:

"Mrs. Krivitaky on the stre with a politic:

"Mrs. Krivitaky and starped walk away, Miss LaFollette gal adding:

"But they began training he walter they began training he walter they began training he walter became quite mavage the and I understand was guarded for several days by FRI men.

TELLS OGPU WARNING. Krivitsky, she said, knew the

TELLS OGPU WARNING.
"It was about that time, to
that Walter met three OGP

that Watter met three OGP agents in New Fork and the warned him: "Stay out of the mis section of the etty," ". Krivitaky's visit to Washingto Miss LaFollette said, was "some thing of a surprise," She continued:

und:

"I saw him in New York only day before he left. He didn't is me he was isowing. I thought a first that was unesmal. I thin would have told me he we going to Washington if his min were definitely made up."

Else said she met Krivitsky I 1939, when he first came to it United States. She was then serving of the commission heade by Professor John Dewey to it vestigate the Moscow trials, Sheaid:

"I thought be'd have interesting things to tell and so we were in treduced to one another. Sinc that time I've been a good frien



government, refused to be allenced. knowledge of and communications world during the famous purge. When Stahn failed to gag his with the late general. He was never committed, but for which diplomatic pressure, pre-known as a brave man who was never committed, but for which dictions were made in Trotakutte again armer to make in Trotakutte again armer to make in the committee of the committee. the wiry little general who knew Belief that Krivitsky was killed and other great the short and chief general most and other greaten two lucus the lamous purse.

To simost two decades in his on Chicago Trotskyltes personal world during the famous purse. In the contract of the lamous purse. Belief that Kitritsky was killed hachevsky, Boucharin, Zinovier, spite Stalin and all his coherts, widow. All his diplomatic power, but de- exact whereabouts is Trotsky sirrotaky point to Marshal Touk-The only person who knows their Finally Thires. Pinally Chicago colleagues of mittee. They meintain he used appearance before the Dies Com- clites all over the world, According to these sources.

Ournansky, local Russians say, been, placed in hank yaults in his brain under threats of also tried to prevent Krivitsky's been, placed in hank yaults in his brain under threats of also tried to prevent Krivitsky's been, placed in hank yaults. Tuch even suggest he might scording to these sources. are still in existence, Moreover, death was anything but murder. he would be ousied from his post, But their deaths do not end the Chang these as a basis, they chapter. The original documents cannot conceive that Krivitsky's at one time it was believed that Kremiin for an explanation and documents supplied by Krivitsky, Paris. attempt he was called to the Soviet regime were obtained from Protety secretaries in Madrid and When Oumansky failed in his the series of articles. dor, to use his influence to halt death at the hands of Russian Ogpu agents. Oumansky, his American ambassait is said, even ordered Constantin Russian dictator, especially. Blalin, a national magazine annoyed the Krivitsky falled. His articles in Stalin's many efforts to slience be shut off. the Third International, had to and Diego Rivera, famous Mexican artist, pictured in and the Kremiin, the fortress of aging charges hurled at Stalin Mine, Leon Trotsky, with her late husband (left), dictator, His revelations and damthe United States annoyed the Red aky at all costs. His activity in Biglin wanted to dispose of Krivitof Stalin's agents. They believe ple or whether it was done by one thed the iatal and move ....

of the family." that time I've been a go treduced to one anether

things to tell and so we were th miseratal evad beed tageout I" vestigate the Moscow trials, retary of the commission headed by Professor John Dewey to in vestigate the Moscow triais, Sh

retary of the commission heads United States, She was then so 1939, when he tirst came to the She said she met Krivitaky b were definitely made up.

going to Washington if his mind

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aroused iears that Mme. Trotsky may be marked for ton of Gen, Walter G. Krivitsky, critic of Stalin, has from assassination. The mysterious death in Washingthe bodyguards whose presence failed to save Trotsky vengeance of Josef Stalin. Behind the group are two of Mexico, where Trotsky vainly sought refuge from the

clrcles that Krivitaly was living on ful enemies. His friends deny dictions were made in Trotskylte well aware he was fighting power-

BEAR death is closely connected When Yagods was removed from They believe now that Krivit- gods, tormer head of the OGPU. layorite emissaries of G. O. Ya-Kriviteky and Troisky as certain Switzerland, Reles was one of the begen linking the names of found in 1937 on a lonely road in tions, to escape the wrath of Stalin, whose bullet-riddled body was not be abie, despite all precau- Reiss, an important OGPU agent, all too well that their leader would They recall the death of Ignace Pollowers of Trotsky, who knew sort to suicide he was a coward who would re-

lives of many of Russia's best Soviet secret service knew Reiss evidence concerning the bloody this Relss is believed to have The two revealed documentary he was decorated in 1928. With demned Bielln and his regime Order of the Red Blar with which Trotaky had consistently con- He sent back to Stalin the in Mexico. Both Krivitsky and gether." States sin is tensua tasi nisis saw "We shall go no further towith the death of Trotsky, who his post, Reiss wrote to Stalin;

gade to him, but with no results, girl was selected to lead him to The Trotsky. Many threats were into a trap So a lovely Swiss Several attempts were made to with their methods to fall easily was too clever and too familiar purge trials which cut short the signed his death warrant,

was made on the home of Trot-24 when a machine-sum attack death. Harte disappeared on May Krivitaky also was threstened death last June of Sheldon Harte, They also recall the mysterious

the material used by Trotsky in The Chicagosas also pointed to It is believed here that much of sky.

DOCHWEATS STILL EXIST.

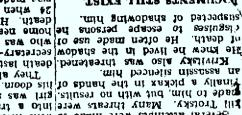
.min guiwobana to batasquing, teleguises to escape persons he home near Mexico City, shot to an assassin silenced him.

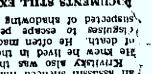
" death, He often made use of who was found in an abandoned He knew he lived in the shadow secretary-guard to Leon Trotsky

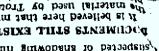
lighters for freedom.

victims of the OGPU.

borrowed time.







# NEWS

HE YOU playing the It is called "Sme

It is quite popular among the ar Henry Ford."

on see, Henry is that rara avis as American-extinct senius.

glad to make airplanes rica and without a delof profit either.

profit either, he does not want to make he for foreign countries one planes return to plagma ne day—lest our present hecome our future one-

has happened that way,

Tithin less than ten years

A merica had fought add by

With France against England

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fighting in hand to hand

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ference with our shipping,

it so matter if we continue to

berly affection with our pres
riends or if we quarrel over

har we paid them eanugh for

har the acodiess war.

fittes plance for America's

to his motto, but no Ford

after foreign wars.

Tought to please Americans; but Americans, as we mad, are getting kind of these days, is the land of the refugeoral always the kind of refu-becomming wants.

country wants. are three hundred thou-







AMBASSADOR OUMANSKY SLAIN GEN, WALTER KRIVITSKY (LEFT) WITH REP. N Failed to silence general. When former Russian espionage leader exposed Soviet secrets to con-

ways into the Americas from all to the United mk the Lord, but

on there are hundreds of ands of Communists of the that destroyed France ma-ring their underhanded m France into this land portunity—opportunity for machinations, Italian Camerra and Maria

ready arrived.

Evasian Bokhevists are
led as friends of freedom.
there are SOME Americans

VOL. XLI. NO. 186-P. M.

Seize U.S. Aid'

l Dead

GAS BLASTS Urges KILL 4, HURT Even

BY WI International New ...
WASHINGTON, F. S. lend bill entails risk cer dent of Harvard Univers tions committee today the hope of America to in defeat of Nazi Ger

Asked by Senator V (R) of Michigan if he so far as to urge this go to war to bring defeat, Dr. Conant reptie

e If ther torious they might con to kill off our way of hif

T would if it were at ary as a last st Dr. Conant gave his testimo as the committee began its

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TUE





vith Rep. Martin Dies. DICTATOR JOSEF STALIN secrets to congressional committee Furious at Krivitsky articles.



EFBRUARY 11-1941

3 Cents . S Cents 10 Cents DAILY SATURDAY SUNDAY

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BOFIA, Bulgaria, Feb. ding that the lease-ding that the lease-ding that the lease-ding that the lease-ding that the lease-diplomatic courier's passport tody and the United Senate foreign rela-tic executial bacquase

BY SYD BOEHM, Special to The Chicago Herald-American.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Two theories, both by considerable evidence, were advanced today by officials to account for the mysterious death of Gen One group, representative of the State Depu believed that the former Soviet Union chief of intelligence was murdered by OGPU agents and the arranged to make his death appear a suicide.

The other official group, members of the Dimittee, insisted that Krivitsky's death was "ment der," the ex-general being driven to self-destruction Effort to Drop Case Balke Meanwhile, local police, who had sought to c case with a suicide verdict, were forced, at the insis Krivitsky's attorney, Louis Waldman, of New Yo

KIVILERY'S attorney, Louis Waldman, of New Yo to keep the case open.

With the mysterious gun-death of Krivitsky follows than a year the assassination of Leon Tromesico, the Fill has been asked to look for member OGPU murder ring operating in the United Standard South America.

hargeKill

**Faked Suici** 

of Krivitsky

Considerable emphasis has been placed on "Dobertov," mentioned in one of the Krivitsky deat Since this man might be able to inform authorities the general's movements prior to checking into the

#### Accuses Police of Bunglin

Waldman and each of a half dozen federal who knew Krivitsky well state they have never h "Dobertov." Waldman said: "I telephoned Mrs. Krivitsky on the long of

"I telephoned Mrs. Krivitsky on the long of telephone and asked her whether she knew any i the name of "Dobertov." Strangely enough, althou name is mentioned in the letter to her from her h she insisted she had never heard of the name." Waldman, accusing police of "bungling," show no fingerprint tests had been taken of any of the notes left by Krivitsky in the hotel room where found shot to death. Waldman said:

"Material evidence, such as the blood-stained b removed from the room by the hotel, and no atten made to padlock the room. No fingerprints were "While Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald told

fore witnesses that Krivitsky had been dead sever when he was found in the Hotel Bellvue, the officia report of Inspector Bernard W. Thomsen stated ti vitsky was unconscious when he was found and died at the hospital about two hours later without ing consciousness."

you can. Yours, "Walter Krivitsky."

"Walter Krivitsky."
This posteript was added:
"I went to Virginia because I can get a gun. If my friends shall have trouble, please help them. They are good people and they didn't know why I bought the gun. Many thanks."

NOTE IN EUSSIAN.

The second letter, written in remain in his living queral's wife and son. Translated by the State Department, it read:

# One letter, penned in English and bearing the address. Charlotterville, Va., was addressed to Waldman. It read: "My wite and my boy will need your help. Flease do for them what Cold. Cuts V Cold, Cuts V

The threat of another head cold prompted Roosevelt today to hold ments to a minimum.

His physician, Rear Ross T. McIntire, aske THE TILTS-HERALD February 11, 1941

Finding & Edition

Mr. Clerg .....

Underwood & Underwood Pho

#### Believed Victim of Communist Plotter

Once chief of the Soviet Secret Service in middle Europ Gen. Walter Krivitsky (above) was found shot to dea yesterday under mysterious circumstances in a Washingt hotel. This picture was taken in October 1939 wh Krivitsky appeared before the Dies Committee to reve the work of Communist organizations in this country,

NOT REPORTED

10 0-11146 sub A

# **Soviet Agent Feared Slain** By OGPU

#### Probe Demanded by Friends Who Cite Threats of Death

A gaping wound in the right temple and a heavy caliber pistol at its side, the body of Gen. Walter Ginsberg Krivitsky, former chief of Soviet Russia's secrit service in Middle Europe, was found vesterday on a bed in the Bellevue Hotel, in the first block of E St. NW.

Although Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald issued a certificate of suicide, friends of the Russian secret agent insisted they would demand a complete investigation because of death threats which have hung over General Krivitsky's head for many years.

#### Identified By Dies Aide

Dr. MacDonald later announced that the suicide certificate world be held up pending developments in the case. He added that the body of the former Russian genbody of the former Russian gan-eral would not be released pend. hurrying to Washington last hight English found in the hotel room eral would not be released pend. hurrying to Washington last hight "substantiated the suicide vering further investigation.

American Activities, before which in New York. Krivitsky told him General Krivitsky exposed Stalin's he was "being shadowed and his bloody regime and brought down life was in great danger."

Attaches of the botel said rooms nists all over the world.

Immediately upon view the bony, Dr. Matthews said:

There can be no question about this being the body of the man pistol had bee ndischarged. known as Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky. I am absolutely certain of that. The last time I talked with General Krivitsky, which was about three months ago, he said. 'They are going to get me sure. Don't you ever believe that I will be a suicide. They have shot everybody else and they are going lo get me sure."

#### FBI is Intrested

While officials of the Federal Bureau of Investigation sild agents had not yet been assigned to the case, they were "very much interested in the case."

The body of the famed Russian soldier and secret agent was discovered about 10 a.m. by Thelma Jackson, a maid, at the Bellevue Hotel. She said she had knocked. and receiving no response, had entered the room with a pass key.

The body was clothed except for coat and shoes. A .38-caliber automatic pistol lay beside the body. The maid summoned the manager, who immediately notified polite

#### Registered as "Poref"

🖔 Joseph Donnelly, desk clerk, told deportation at Ellis Island and his the police the man had registered under the name of Walter Poref, Krivitsky's fears of OGPU agents. at 5:49 p.m. Sunday, and had not been seen nor heard after that by derstood the State Department hotel attaches. Donnelly said the this country from Canada with the man carried a small overnight bag of brown canvas, with a zipper top, had not seen Krivitsky for a year He said the man appeared nervous He understood the Russian still as he signed the register for a was in Canada and had no in-\$2.50-a-day room.

a passport made out to Samuel a Riverside Drive address: Ginsberg, which indicated he had was shortly before he testified been entered the United States from for the Dies Committee. Clinada

The first statement asserting that Krivtsky had been murdered sian were found in Krivitsky's afwas made in New York by Louis fects. Police were having the doc-Waldman, an attorney, who was uments translated, it was learned.

to take charge of a private in-Identification of the body was vestigation in the case. He said Donald. They refused, however, made at the District Morgue by he was convinced that Krivitsky Dr. J. B. Matthews, investigator of the Dies Committee on Unadded that last week while visiting

Attaches of the hotel said rooms on himself the wrath of Commu on both side sof th come occupied by Krivitsky on the fifth floor were occupied, as well as those directly across the hall. They frere mystified that no shot was heard. Cmly one shell of the .38-callber

#### Otdered to Canada "

Matthews said Krivitsky war ordired by the State Department to ge to Canada a little more than a year ago. He was then awaiting departure and destination were kept secret at the time, due to

T- F A Tan

Although Matthews sad he unregular quota of immigrants, he formation he was in this country.

Krivitsky, Matthews said, lived Found in the man's effects was for a while in New York city at

#### Bussian Letters Found

Several letters written in Rus-

Police announced that a note in to make public the contents of the note pending translation by the State Department of the notes written in Russian.

Matthews said he had difficulty in persuading Krivitaky to testify before the Dies Committee, be fore which he appeared October 11, 1939. He said he had heard Kirvitsky was hiding in this country and after several months localled him in New York ! about 100 miles from New York city. Matthews said he driven secretly to the place, where

Krivitsky was living with his wife and one of his children.

When the investigator urged Kr vitsky to testify, the Russian said:

'As sure as I do, they'll kill me." the world that the man you found the united States about three years ago after is Krivitsky, and that he was murhe had been expelled from the dered by OGPU, the Soviet sepret Communist party and lost his So-police. with Stalin, whom he had served as chief of the secret military po Wednesday, and he told me then lice in middle Europe.

Russian secret agents were active in the United States, Krivitsky wrote a series of articles for the Saturday Evening Post exposing Communist world intrigues.

been co-operating with the Fed going to turn it over to the Pederal eral Bureau of Investigation in Bureau of Investigation when I antiespionage work and had come demand a complete investigation to Washington to "discuss pro-visions for safety." Director J. wishins for safety." Director wishins for safety." Director Edgar Hoover, of the FBI, however, denied that Krivitsky was add to be living in New York city, employed or that the agency had while he had been hiding in a small up-State town to escape the small up-State town to escape the have no information regarding

the case.

The first intimation that the The first intination that the supposed suicide might be Krivitsky came from Waldman after investigators found documents
among the man's effects indicating
that Waldman was his attorney.
Chief of 'Detectives Bernard
Thompson telephoned Waldman
"Several months ago, Krivitsky
The property of the property of the control of the control

1931. He had retained me to have shadowing him finally left the his name legally changed to vicinity." Portf. That process is under way right now.

"I talked with him only last he was going to Washington and In addition to testifying that would be there several days in a hotel.

"Furthermore, he told me that one of the most deadly of the OGPU agentsa man even more FBI Denies Information

Attorney Waldman. in New York and was on his trail, He York, asserted that Krivitsky had been co-operating with the Fed. of every detail concerning this

#### Always Feared for Life

and asked if he knew anyone noticed he was being followed one using the names of Poref or Gins afternoon while he was in the vicinity of Times Square, in New York. He knew a reporter on the "Walter Poref is the name that Times, so he dashed into the Times General Krivitsky adopted when office and stayed there for several he name to this country early in hours until the man who was

rif. That process is under way the strict now.

"I havn't the slightest doubt in gency Hospital staff, when he reached the Bellevue Hotel in response to a summons at 11 a.m.

# FBI Won't **Probe Death** Of Krivitsky

#### Lacks Jurisdiction; Suicide Notes Forged. Waldman Asserts

The Department of Justice shortly before noon thay reflused to investigate the death of General Krivitsky on the grounds that the case was under the jurisdiction of Washington

#### By CARROLL PEAKE

The Federal Bureau of Investigation today was requested to investigate the death of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, once Western European chief of the Soviet Union's spy system, who was found shot to death late yesterday in the Bellevue Hotel here.

Louis Waldman, New York attorney, who insists Krivitsky was murdered, went to the Department of Justice this morning to ask the G-men's assistance in unraveling the bizarre mysters.

#### Charges Bungling

Waldman assailed the Metropolitan Police Department for i "terribly bungling" the case. After preliminary investigation yesterday, a certificate of suicide was issued. This certificate was later withdrawn by Coroner A. Magruder Macdonald, pending further investigation into the shoot-

Other developments in the mystery were:

 Virginia authorities asked to locate Eitel Dobert, or Dobertov, said to be a former German army officer living on a farm near Charlottesville. Dobert may have supplied the death gun, al cording to notes found in Krivi sky's hotel room.

Search was also under way for one "Hans," alleged to be an

Ogpu killer who was said be on Krivitsky's trail,

#### Murdered, Says Wife

Heavily guarded by friends who believe she may be next on the Ogpu deats list, Mrs. Krivitsky in New York insisted her husband would never have taken his own life but had been murdered.

4. Police were2 conducting bal-Matics tests on the .38-caliber automatic pistol found beside Krivitaky's body, and also took parafine tests of his hand to determine if there were any powder marks; ∮hich would indicate suicide.

5. District Attorney Edward M. Qurran asked for a complete police report on the case.

Waldman charged that Washington police had bungled the investigation by failing to take photographs of the room where the body was found and neglecting to search for fingerprints.

#### "Another Trotsky Case"

"This is not a suicide," Wald-man protested. "It is another

Trotsky case."
Leon Trotsky, former Soviet war commissar, was exiled when Josef Btalin came into power. He was assassinated in Mexico City last

After his visit to the Department of Justice, Waldman went to the Bellevue Hotel, where Krivi'sky had registered Saturday afternoon under the name

Walter Prokef.

The room had been cleaned after removal of the body, but Waldman

100-11146-14 FEB 1 | 1941

WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD

said he wisher with the "ph

Waldman posited out that from recent conversations he had with Krivitsky, the former Soviet in trigue was thrown about the ease telligence head had no intention by the delay in the announcement

Waldman explained.

"He was planning to go into at the District Morgue. Virginia.

last, and he told me he was on his foul play.

"Now a man who is so busy with house under an assumed name. such plans is not apt to suddenly end his life, in my opinion."

#### Leiters in Three Languages

were hindated. One was addressed the death shot was fired. to Wildman, one to Mrs. Krivitsky After an examination of the and one to "Dear Suzanne," identitiree notes, Ira Gullickson, handfied by Waldman as Suzanne La writing expert of the Police De-

lish?

#### Believes Letters Forged

"We know that the Ogpu has experts on forgery, who are able to counterfeit handwriting, and it is entirely possible these letters were forged and planted in the room."

Washington police handwriting

experts said however that in their opinion the handwriting of the letters is the same as that found on the hotel register.

Mrs. Krivitsk" revealed that her husband had expected to stop in Washington and confer with Representative Martin Dies (D.) of Texas, chairman of the committee investigating un-American activities.

General Krivitsky testified before the committee last year, giving sensational evidence of the working of the Soviet secret police and agents in this country.

Krivitsky told members of the Dies committee his life was in constant peril, and warned them that if he was ever found dead it would not be a suicide, but that he would have been murdered by Soviet agents. It a book he wrote last year.

Krivitsky related how in 1939 Soviet agents picked up his trail

situation." him. him.

All the mystery of Old World inof elding his life.

"About six weeks ago he told tion of the coroner, and the me he was planning to buy a charges made by Waldman and farm near Charlottesville, sort of the threats made on Krivitsky's a hideout for himself and his life as revealed by Dr. J. B. Matfamily, to escape the Ogpu agents," thews, investigator for the Dies worldman avalating

court and adopt the name of When Krivitsky failed to return Prokef, his wife's name. And he to New York last Friday to appear told me he was hopeful of perhaps before the Coudert-Rapp commit-getting a part-time teaching job on tee investigating subversive activithe faculty of the University of ties in the New York schools, Waldman said he became worried "About a week ago I saw him for fear his client had met with

way to Charlottesville to complete Waldman declared that Krivit the details f the purchase of the sky was in no financial difficulties farm. He was also planning to buy and that his wife and son were an automobile.

Meanwhile, Dr. Christopher Murphy, deputy coroner, ordered paraffin tests made of the .38-caliber automatic pistol, which was Waldman made a careful study found on the bed beside Krivitsky's of the letters found in Krivitsky's body when it was discovered at room, and then said these docu- 9:30 a.m. by Thelma Jackson, 21, ments added to the mystery. The a maid, at the Bellevue Hotel, letters, written in pencil, were These tests were expected to show headed "Charlottesville, Va.," but the position of the weapon when

Foliette, a second cousin of Sena partment, declared "there is no partment, declared united and question about the same man who "The note to me was written in signed the hotel register writing English." Waldman said. "That all three suicide notes." There were to Mrs. Krivitsky was in Russian. indications also, Gullickson said. But that to Miss La Follette was the three notes were written on fifin German.

"Now Miss LaFollette is not a ferent times. He said the handGerman scholar, but is an Ameriwriting showed the growing tencan, and Krivitsky knew that. If sion of the writer,
he wrote that letter, why was it in German rather than it Eng-

# Foe, Shot Dead Here Ex-Soviet Spy Assassinated By OGPU, Attorney Claims; Suicide Certificate Withheld

Russian General Came To Capital Seeking Haven, Says Lawyer

By FRASER EDWARDS

Hounded by the dreaded Soviet OGPU for exposing secrets of the Stalin regime, Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, erstwhile chief of the Russian military intelligence service for Western Europe, was found shot to death yesterday in the Bellevue Hotel, off Union Station Plaza, under circumstances which caused Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald to withhold a certificate of suicide.

Although the coroner had prepared a suicide certificate and Police Inspector Bernard W. Thompson, after a careful examination of the fifth floor hotel room where Krivitsky died, faid "I looks like suicide." Louis Waldmin, of New York, attorney for the Russian general, charged his client "definitely was not a suicide."

MOT RECOURAN

100-11146-sub A FEB 1 1941
WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD

#### Believed Victim of OGPU

Waldman expressed the beilef the mysterious figure of Russian secret service work was the victum of the OGPU (Soviet Secret Police) because of his activities in this country against the Stalin regime.

Waldman asserted he would ask the Federal Bureau of Investigation to co-operate with the Metropolitan Police in solving the entire affair. He said there were circumstances connected with the case which made an exhaustive investigation imperative.

After examining the three notes found in Krivitsky's room. Waldman was still unshaken in his opinion that the Russian general had been murdered. He declared the notes "could have been forged," but did declare that "everything was physically consistent with sulcide." He said:

"It is well known that the OGPU has specimens of Krivitsky's handwriting in every language. The OGPU is reputedly expert in forging, including the work of counterfeiting currency."

#### Intrigue Veils Case

All the mystery of Old World intrigue was thrown about the case by the delay in the announcement of the death by the police, the action of the coroner, and the charges made by Waldman and the threats made on Krivitsky's life as revealed by Dr. J. B. Matthews, investigator for the Dies committee on un-American activities, who identified the body at the District Morgue.

When Waldman arrived last night from New York, he insisted that his client was the victim of the OGPU and revealed circumstances which led him to that belief. He declared that Krivitsky had no motive for suicide, but on the centrary had every reason to live

#### Sought Refuge in Virginia

Waldman said the former Russian general left New York either Tursday or Wednesday of last week for Charlottesville, Va., where he was seeking a home for his wife and child. Krivitsky feared attack by the OGPU agents, whom he told Waldman had been trailing him recently in New York.

When Krivitsky failed to return to New York last Friday to appear before the Coudert-Rapp committee investigating subversive activities in the New York schools, the attorney said he became worned for fear his client had met with foul blay. After viewing the body at the Morgue, Waldman repeated his absertion that he was "convinced my client was murdered."

Waldman declared that Krisitsky was in no financial difficulties and that his wife, Tonia, and son, Alex 7, were living in a New York apartment house under an assumed name. The widow also was certain her husband had been assassinated and said only a month ago Krivitsky learned that a Soviet NKVD (former OGPU agent). named "Hans," had reached the United States to "eliminate" him.

#### Assassination Attempted

"Hans" was reputed to be the Stalinist killer who tried to assassinate Krivitsky in Marseilles in 1937, just after the general had broken with Stalin and was expelled from the Community aprity and was forced to flee from Russia; the widow said.

Pirst positive identification of the body was made by Dr. Matthews, who said:

"There can be no question about this being the body of the man known as Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky. I am absolutely certain of that. The last time I talked with General Krivitsky, which was about three months ago, he said. They are going to get me sure. Don't you ever believe that I will be a suicide. They have shot everybody else and they are going to get me sure."

While officials of the Federal Bureau of Investigation said agents had not yet been assigned to the case, they were "very much interested in the case."

Meanwhile, Dr. Christopher Murphy, deputy coroner, ordered paraffin tests made of the .38-caliber automatic pistol, which was found on the bed beside Krivitsky's body when it was discovered at \$9:30 a.m. by Thelma Jackson, \$1, a maid\_at\_the Bellevue Hotel. These tests were expected to show the position of the weapon whim the death shot was fired.

#### Three Notes Discovered

Despite the charges of Waldman and the strange circumstances surrounding the death of the Russian general, police were inclined to the theory of suicide. Three notes were found in the dead man's room—one in English, one in Russian and another in German. They were all addressed to different persons.

One note related that Krivitsky had obtained the pistol in Virginia and police immediately set out to trace the weapon.

A mysterious figure named "Dubertov" was brought into the case in the letter addressed to Krivitsky's wife and child. It was on "Dubertov's" farm, presumably near Charlottesville. Va., that the pistol was obtained. Waldman said he never had heard of such a person, and later a check by selephone with Mrs. Krivitsky revealed the man's name was unknown to her.

knewn to her.

Washington police asked Charlottesville authorities to check up on Dubertov and bring him to Washington for questioning provided they found such a person. Both city police and the sheriff's office declare Dubertov's identity was a mystery to them last night.

U. S. District Attorney Edward M. Curran was called into the case and held several long conferences with police officials at headquarters. He declined to state whether his office would take a hand in the case until the police investigation had been completed today.

#### Tension Seen in Writing

After an examination of the three notes, Ira Gullickson, handwriting expert of the Police Department, declared "there is no question about the same man who signed the hotel negister writing all three suicide notes." There were indications also, Gullickson sind, the three notes were written on different days or at least at different times. He said the hand-

4

writing showed the growing ten-

Early today, Coroner MacDon ald said that while he was convinced of suicide, he would not close the case until the charges of murder made by Waldman had been either proven or disproven. Waldman continued it was "a planned murder, which was made to appear a suicide."

While Dr. Matthews did not take the same adamant stand as Waldman, he said Krivitsky had told him in their last conversation about three months ago that "they," meaning the OGPU, "are going to get me sure" and warned him not to believe "I will be a suicide" if the Russian general was found dead.

While none of the notes left by Brivitsky made a definite statement of suicidal intent, one of the notes, addressed to Waldman, asked him to make provision for his family. It was not until after the police had communicated with Waldman that they learned the true identity of the dead man, who was first identified as Walter Poref and then as Samuel Ginsberg Krivitsky's real name.

#### Body Identified

Waldman was met at Union Station by Dr. Matthews and Inspector Thompson, chief of detectives, and driven directly to the District Morgue, where he identified the body and repeated his earlier charge that his client had been murdered.

Although the condition of the body did not hamper identification, it somewhat hampered the phlice investigation. The top of the head had been almost blown away by a dum-dum bullet and a thick coating of blood made it difficult to determine whether

difficult to determine whether there were powder burns on the face, which would indicate the weapon had been close when the fatal shot was fired.

Another circumstance which hampered the police investigation was the fact the maid had cleaned the room immediately after Krivitisky had been pronounced dead by Dr. Paul Elsberg of Emergency Hospital, who was summoned by the hotel management, after the maid had discovered the body, and the body removed to the morgue to await identification.

Police admitted last night that they had failed to photograph the room at the time the body was found or to have examined furniture in the room for finger-prints.

#### Asked Revolver for Safety

Waldman told police that Krivitsky feared he would be slain by Soviet secret agents in the same way they had engineered the assassination of Leon Trotsky in Mexico. He said during their last conversation, Krivitsky had asked how he could get a permit to carry a revolver for self-protection. The attorney said he understood that Krivitsky wished to hid an Virginia to be near Washington, where he could confer with the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the State Department. It had been reported that Krivitsky was employed in counter-espionage by the FBI, but this was denied by Director J. Edgar Hoover.

Another fact which Waldman held was evidence against the suicide theory was that Krivitsky had made formal application only five weeks ago to become a naturalized American citizen. He said Krivitsky was going to adopt the name of Poref, his wife's maiden name, to avoid the attention of secret Russian agents in this country.

#### Dies on Way Here

Representative Martin Dies, of Texas, chairman of the House committee on Un-American activities, was en route from Chicago to Washington last night. He is asking the House to make a further appropriation and extend the life of the committee and the death of the Russian general is expected to have an effect on the action of the House.

The body was clothed except for coat and shoes. A 38-caliber automatic pistol lay beside the body. The maid summoned the manager, who immediately notified folice

Joseph Donnelly, desk clerk told the police the man had registered under the name of Walter Foref, at 5:49 p.m. Sunday, and had not been seen nor heard after that by hotel attaches. Donnelly said the man carried a small overnight bag of brown canvas, with a zipper top. He said the man appeared nervous as he signed the register for a \$2.50-a-day room.

Found in the man's effects was a passport made out to Samuel Ginsberg, which indicated he had entered the United States from Canady

Attaches of the hotel said rooms on both sides of the one occupied by Krivitsky on the fifth floor were occupied, as well as those directly across the hall. They were mystified that no shot was heard. Only one shell of the 38-caliber pistol had been discharged.

#### Ordered to Canada

Matthews said Krivitsky was ordered by the State Department to
go to Canada a little more than a
year ago. He was then awaiting
deportation at Ellis Island and his
departure and destination were
kept secret at the time, due to
Krivitsky's fears of OGPU agents.
Although Matthews said he un-

Although Matthews said he understood the State Department was to permit Krivitsky to re-enter this country from Canada with the regular quota of immigrants, he had not seen Krivitsky for a year. He understood the Russian dill was in Canada and had no information he was in this country. Krivitsky, Matthews said, lived for a while in New York city at

a Riverside Drive address. That was shortly before he testified before the Dies Committee.

Matthews said he had difficulty in persuading Krivitsky to testify before the Dies Committee, before which he appeared October 11, 1939. He said he had heard Krivitsky was hiding in this country and after several months located him in New York State about 100 miles from New York city. Matthews said he was driven secretly to the place, where and one of his children.

When the investigator urged Krivitsky to testify, the Russian

said:

"As sure as I do, they'll kill me."

Krivitsky came to the United
States about three years ago after
he had been expelled from the
Communist party and lost his Soviet citizeaship following a brank
with Stalip, whom he had ser led
as chief of the secret military police in Western Europe.

In addition to testifying that Russian secret agents were active in the United States, Krivitsky wrote a series of articles for the Saturday Evening Post exposing Communist world intrigues.

#### Always Feared for Life

Waldman said the embittered Russian, last survivor of the old military clique and possessor of secrets unknown even to Stalin, was constantly in fear of his life. He added:

He added:
"Several months ago, Krivitsky noticed he was being followed one afternoon while he was in the vicinity of Times Square, in New York, the knew a reporter on the Times, so he dashed into the Times office and stayed there for several hours juntil the man who was shadowing him finally left the vicinity."



General Krivitsky With Rep. Martin Dies
This photo was taken in October 1939 when the former
Stylet agent (left), found shot to death yesterday, testified
before House Committee on Un-American Activities concerning Communist influences in the United States.

# Titerary Aide 6 Doubts Suicide Of Red Foe

#### Declares General Repeatedly Told Him He Would Be Slain

NEW YORK. Feb. 10 (U.P.). Boris Shub, who served as interpreter for Jen. Walter G. Krivitsky before the Dies Committee and collaborated with him on magazine articles, said tonight he was convinced that Krivitsky had been murdered in Washington by Boviet secret service agents.

"Krivitsky told me a dozen times in the last year that he would be murdered." Shub said.

#### Three Reasons for Doubt

The 28-year-old writer gave three reasons for his belief that Krivitsky's death had been faked

as a suicide.

First." he said, "Krivitsky was for much of an egoist to kill himself. He attached great importance to the value of work he could do in this war and in the future. When I saw him six weeks ago he was bursting with plans for his future.

"In the second place he had no financial reason to commit suicide. I know definitely that he had more than enough money to keep him going for a year or two

him going for a year or two.

"Third, he was almost fanatically devoted to his family, particularly, his 7-year-old son, with
whom he used to play by the
hour."

#### Noticed Reds in Lobby

Shub said that when he was in Washington with Krivitsky for the Russian's appearance before the Dies Committee two Russians were constantly in the lobby of the hotel where they stayed.

"I believe the secret police decided that Krivitsky was then too much in the public eye to kill him at that time," Shub said.

Shub said he collaborated with Krivitsky on two magazine articles—one on the Communist International and the other on the Red Army. He was introduced to Krivitsky by mutual friends in July 1939, he said.

#### Offered Post by British

"If Krivitsky had decided to die." Shub continued, "he could have done it much better and more easily by going into service with the British Intelligence. I know for a fact that he had received an offer from the British but turned it down. He was the sort of man who would have pie"ferred a useful death."

Br. Slogs

Br. L. A. Tunes

Br. Mathes

Br. Ladd

Br. Storie

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WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD

# Krivitsky's Attorney Says F. B. I. Should Investigate Death

Justice Unit's Refusal
To Enter Case Termed
'Extremely Regrettable'

(Earlier story on page A-1.)
Louis Waldman, attorney for the slam Russian becret agent, Walter Governitsky, said in a statement issued this afternoon that it "is the cleir duty of the F. B. I. to track down those malevoient forces which we're responsible for his death."

we're responsible for his death."

Je said the Justice Department investigators had refused to enter the case and termed this decision "extremely regrettable, to say the

least.

Stating that Krivitsky, who was found shot to death in his hotel room yesterday, had been furnishing information on espionage to Pederal departments, Mr. Waldman

said:
"If Krivitsky could be done away
with either by murder, or by being
driven to take his life, how can the
Prderal authorities expect co-operation in the fight against the fifth
column from people with lesses
strength of character than Kriviltaky?"

Says He Identified "Hear"
Mr. Waldman, a noted liberal
lawyer, said he had given the F. B.
I. the full name of-the mysterious
Tans" whom Krivitsky had named
as a Russian assassin. The arrival
of "Hans" in the United States a
short time ago put the former Russian officer in mortal fear of his
life

"I furnish the name and address of at least one man in New York who stated in writing that he had seen Hans within the last four weeks. In't that a matter for the F. B. I. investigate?

th investigate?

"Pailure on its part to act in this dise will leave the plain inference that any one exposing foreign espi-

onage in our country . . . acts at his own peril."

Police, meanwhile, were seeking to trace the gun with which Krivitsky was shot. It was said they had learned the name of the owner of the gun and were preparing to question him.

him.
"Dobertov" Believed Found.
From Charlottesville. Va where
Krivitsky had been visiting—came
word that newspapermen had apparently located the "Dobertov"
named in the death notes found in
the Russian's room.

It was reported that a man named Elic Dobertov had a farm 15 miles north of Charlottesville. Acquaintances in the neighborhood said Dobertov was a German and a former Nizi, who had been expelled from his homeland for criticizing the regime.

The notes found in the Krivijsky room said the Russian had visited the farm of "Dobertov" because he knew he could obtain firearms there.

tharlottesville police said fley knew of no efforts by Washington police to locate Dobertov or to trace the death gun to that area.

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Mr. E. A. Tarre Mr. Nathan Mr. Tracy .....

# Coroner MacDonald Reveals Texts of Krivitsky Notes

Notes which were found in the room in which Gen. Walter Krivitsky was shot to death read to newsmen at the Morgue last night by Coroner A. Ma-gruder MacDonald.

The letters, he explained, were written on stationery bearing the letterhead "Charlottesville, Va.," and nothing more. The first. written in English, was addressed to Mr. Waldman. It said: "Dear Mr. Waldman:

"My wife and my boy will need your help. Please do for them

"I went to Virginia because I know that them I can get a gun. If my friends gal in trouble please help them. They are good people and they didn't know why I got the gun."

Letter to Wife and Son.

The second letter was in Russian and addressed to his wife and their 7-year-old son, whose address in New York has been kept secret. It said:

Dear Ronia and Alek:

"It is very difficult, but I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. I love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write, but think about me and then you will understand that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his fa-ther is gone. I believe that in time you will tell him, because it will be best for him. "Forgive. It is very hard to write. Take care of him and be a good mother to him and be always quiet and never get anity at him. He is very good and al-ways very pale. Good people will help you, but not enemies,

My sins are very big.
"I see you Tonia and Alek. I

embrace you.

"Yours.

"On the Farm of Dobertov—I wrote this yesterday, but I did not have into strength in New York. I did not have any bud-ness in Walhington. I went to see Dobertor because that is the only place I could get firearms

Name Unexplained. No one was available last night to explain who Dobertov is.
Neither the man's wife nor Mr. Waldman had ever heard of such

a person.

The third letter was written in German. It was addressed to "Suzanne." who, Mr Waldman explained, is Suzanne La Pollette, a cousin of the Wisconsin polity ical family and a liberal writed It said:

"Dear Suzanne:

"I trust that you are well and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tonia and my poor boy. You were a good friend. "Yours, Walter.

and Dorothy."

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# Krivitsky Case Studied Closely; **Believed Suicide**

Dies Calls Shooting Of Ex-Soviet Agent Year's Biggest Story

While District authorities appeared ready today to list the case as suicide, the shooting of Gen. Walter Of Krivitsky in a hotel room here early yesterday was described as "the biggest story of the year" by Chairman Dies as he prepared to sak the House for new funds to coilask the House for new funds to colltinue the work of his committee investigating un-American activities

Representative Dies indicated he would produce "evidence" later relating to the former chief of Soviet military intelligence for Western

Europe.

Meanwhile, Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald has drawn up a suicide certificate which he is withholding until homicide squad detectives can sift every clue at the insistence of Louis Waldman, Gen. Krivitsky's New York attorney.

Mr. Waldman has tried unsuccessfully to enlist the aid of the Federal, Bureau of Investigation on the bejef that Gen. Krivitsky might have een assassinated by Ogpu agents or exposing alleged Soviet espionage in this country. The former agent, his friends said, lived in great fear of "liquidation" by the Soviets.

Was Dies Witness in 1939.

Gen. Krivitsky was a witness before the Dies committee in October of 1939. Mr. Dies told reporters he probably would have a statement to make as to "what happened to

to make as to "what happened to Krivitsky and what may happen to a lot of others."

The committee chairman was in closed conference today with his aides, including Dr. J. B. Matthews. an investigator, who helped identify the body as that of Gen. Krivitsky. Mr. Dies is preparing data for submission to the House in support of a resolution calling for \$150.000 and a resolution calling for \$150,000 and authority to continue the investigation for another 15 months.

inspector Bernard W. Thompson of the homicide squad said this merning he is seeking to trace the death gun to "the farm of Dobertov," believed near Charlottesville, Va., to which Gen. Krivitsky referred in one of three notes found in his room implying suicide.

Gen. Krivitsky who wrote ar-ticles for a national magazine exposing Soviet espionage in this country and claiming to be a former chief of Soviet military intelligence for Western Europe, was found shot to death at 9:30 a.m. yesterday in his fifth-floor room at the Bellevue Hotel, 15 E street N.W.

Three Notes in Room. inspector Thompson said three noise found in the room on "Char-lottsville, Va., stationery were in the same handwriting as the regis-tration card Gen. Erivitaky filled out at the hotel late Bunday afternoon. He said this circumstance checked last night by Ira Guillick-son, the department's handwrifing expirt.

gun was found beside (Centinued on Page A-4, Column 1.)

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Worth

## Gen. Krivitsky Case. Checked Closely; Believed Suicide

Dies Calls Shooting Of Ex-Soviet Agent Year's Biggest Story

(Continued From First Page.)

ine body on the bed. Fingerprints had been washed away by blood, it was said. The bullet had passed through Gen. Krivitsky's head. It penetrated the hollow tile of the wall and has not been recovered.

The death gun was a 38-caliber. "super-automatic," one of the most powerful known. It was loaded with cartridges containing hollow-ness bullets of high velocity. This explains the fact, experts said, that the bullet passed through Gen. Krivitsky's head and into the tile wall.

#### One Cartridge Fired.

The bullet fell into an opening inside the wall and could not be recovered. Identification experts said, however, it probably had been too badly battered for comparative purpooks. The ejected shell was recovered.

The clip inside the butt of the suromatic was full except for one

caftridge, detectives said.

Distrist Attorney Edward M. Curran, who aided with the inquiry last night, said he was "awaiting a more complete report" from police before deciding what course of action his office might take. He said he expected the full report later today.

Mr. Waldman went to the Federal Bureau of Investigation today to confer with Inspector Al Rosen on details of the case.

It was said, however, the F. B. I. will have no jurisdiction in the case even if police decide it was murder. Epokesmen for the Bureau said Gen. Erivitsky was not associated with their agents in any investigation, and that they knew nothing of his activities in the United States.

The New York attorney then went touths head, and was permitted to examine the room in which Gen. Krivitsky met his death. He was accompanied by Lt. George Darnell of the homicide squad and other detectives. Mr. Waldman said he would issue a formal statement later. He implied dissatisfaction with the F. B. I. for declining to enter the inquiry.

The attorney said he was especially puzzled by Gen. Krivitaky's allusion in his notes to "the farm of Dobertov." He said he had never heard of such a man, although he knew the deceased well, and the man also was unknown to Gel. Krivitsky's family

Krinisky's family.

"Why." asked Mr. Waldman, should the general go all the way to Virginia to get a gun—when ire could have found one much neargr—and then return to Washington

to shoot himself?
"Too, he might have been forced to write those notes. Such cases are common in Soviet liquidations. I know that Gen. Krivitsky had good reason to fear assassins from abroad."

Inspector Thompson said, however, that Gen. Krivitsky's door and windows were locked from the inside, there was no evidence of a struggle, and every reason to believe the notes were genuine

the notes were genuine.

An autopsy was performed late yesterday and the coroner's office is awaiting the result of a chemical analysis of the contents of the dead man's stomach.

#### "Dobertov" Is Puzzle.

Inquiries at Charlottesville of the chief, of police failed to locate any one who had heard of a man named "Dohertov" living in that vicinity.

It was the insistence of Mr. Wald-man, Dr. Matthews, director of research for the Dies Committee, and others who knew Krivitsky that brought a reopening of the investigation.

They pointed out that Krivitsky had said less than three weeks ago that a Russian assassin, whom he identified only as "Hans," had arrived in this country to kill him; that the slain man had been in mortal fear of his life—seeking a permit to carry a pistol and making arrangements to change his name and fee New York.

Had Planned for Future.
They insisted that he had been in the best of spirits, that he had made detailed plans for his future in the United States, that he had no reason

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to commit suicide. And they repeated again and again his warning that he might be slain in such a manner as to indicate he had killed himself.

Police were convinced that the death was a suicide. Their strongest point was the notes which were found in the dead man's room.

Mr. Weldman contended that it would be no trick for the OGPU. to which he attributed diabolical cleverness, to have forged the notes. He contended that there was a strange tone in the letters and said they did not sound like they had lear written by his close friend.

strange one in the letters and said they did not sound like they had been written by his close friend. When the suicide verglen, in New York City she faid that he had been happy in his home life, was well fixed financially as a good health.

He had come to Washington, Mrs. Krivitsky said, to see Representative Dies and to look for a home in Virginia.

#### Previous Attempt Claimed.

She confirmed Mr. Waldman's statement about the mysterious assassin who was feared by the former Russian agent. Mrs. Krivitsky said the same man had attempted to bill Mr. Krivitsky in Marseilles in 1937.

As Samue Ginsberg the slain man yesterday had been on the verge of pessing unnoticed into oblivion. A ce-tificate of suicide had been written for him. The gun which had killed him was en route to the police property clerk.

But the revelation that Samuel Ginsberg was Gen Walter Krivitsky put a new face on the matter. It was Krivitsky who, in a series of stories which appeared in the Bafurday Evening Post a short time before the outbreak of the European wir, had predicted that Stalin would sign a treaty with Hitleri

Committee to make other startling revelations. He described his position under the Russian regime of Stalin as chief of the Western European division of the Ogpu, dread secret police.

Ports of entry were canvassed today to determine exactly where Gen. Krivitsky entered this country, inmigration and naturalliation service records of incoming aliens being maintained in the offices at point of arrival. There was a report that Hrivitsky had come into the United Slates on a visa which had been renewed two or three times. He was quoted as saying recently, however, that no more extensions would be necessary.

#### Reconstruct Details.

Police, calling in translators to interpret notes which were found in the dead man's room and going back over the whole of their investigation of the "routine" suicide of Samwel (finsberg, pieced together the while story as follows:

In the early part of last week Krivitsky called at Mr. Waldman's office in New York. He asked Mr. Waldm help him get protection from the B. I. because he recred for his life. He said he was thinking of going to Virginia to look over a farm property he wanted to buy as a hiding place for his family.

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In Washington he appeared at 5:49 p.m. Sunday at the Bellevue Hotel, a small, quiet hostlry in the first block of E street N.W., and rigitized as Walter Poret. This was the name he had taken legal steps to adopt—hoping that it would deceive the assassins he believed were seeking him.

No phone calls went from the room nor to it and no visitors were known to have called. Krivitaky ordered a bottle of sparkling water from the room service—although nothing was found in his room with which he might have mixed it.

He was shot some time during the night. A maid, unable to get an answer when she knocked at the room in the morning, used her pass key to enter about \$:30 a.m.

She found the body on the bed. It was on top of the covers. Krivitsky was wearing a sweater and had taken off his shoes.

#### Pistel en Bed.

There was a gaping wound in the right side of his head. The right arm lay across the body, the right hand resting on the left arm. The pistol—covered with blood—was on the bed, to the left of the body.

A doctor was summoned and pronounced the man dead. Relice searching through the effects in the room, found three notes. One was in English addressed to Mr. Waldman in New York. The second was in German and the third in Russian.

There was a passport, issued by the Canadian government, which birs the name Ginsberg. There was nothing to indicate anything thit suicide. The room was in order; the door locked; the window—five floors above the street and neight no fire escape—was open a little,

Detective Sergt. Dewey Guest of the Homicide Squad, who handled the investigation, concluded that it was a routine case. He closed his investigation and a certificate of suicide was prepared.

Late in the afternoon, there came a call from Mr. Waldman. He told Igspector Bernard W. Thompson that Ginsberg was in reality Gen. Exivitsky. He said that there was no doubt that the man had been murdered and stated that he would come to Washington immediately to aid in the investigation.

Matthews Identifies Body.
Seeking identification of the body,
newspapermen located Dr. Matthews
and took him to the Morgue. It was
the Dies Committee chief investigator who had discovered Krivitaky
originally and persuaded him to tell
his gory.

Dr. Matthews viewed the body andr

"That's Krivitsky. And I'm sure he's been murdered." Talking to reporters, he told how

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He came to know Krivitsky well and to believe implicitly in the man's story of his experiences as a Russian secret police chief.

"He appeared before the committee on October 11, 1939," Dr. Matthews said. "I rode from Washington to New York with him after the hearings.

"He said then There are two of us they're after. Trotsky is one and I'm the other. Don't ever believe I committed suicide." I went to Mexico City a few weeks later to talk to Trotsky.

"Trotsky told me There are two of us they want to get. I'm one and Krivitsky's the other." Well, they get Trotsky. And now it looks like they got Krivitsky."

#### Returns to Hiding.

Dr. Matthews told police that Krivitsky had gone into hiding after testifying before the committee. The Dies investigator tried to talk Krivitsky out of his fear of assassination.

The Russian went to Canada about a year ago when immigration authorities told him his time as a visitor in this country had expired. He re-entered the United States some months ago, Dr. Matthews said, under a new passport and had made plans to become a citizen.

Police commanders went into conference a short time later. District Attorney Curran joined the conference and the foreign language letters were sent to the State Department for translation.

It was after 11 p.m. when Mr. Waldman reached Washington. He went to the Morgue and viewed the body. Reporters—representing local as well as out-of-town papers and press associations—congregated at the Morgue.

After some time, Dr. MacDonald emerged and called the reporters into the Morgue hearing room. He read them the notes found in the Krivitsky room.

#### Waldman Makes Statement.

When the coroner had concluded his reading of the letters and answered some of the questions which came from the score of reporters, Mr. Waldman stepped forward and asked permission to make a statement.

"I have looked at the body and I've been shown the notes," he said, "Physical appearance indicates suiciple and the notes are very permaxive."

l'As his attorney and for the public interest, I am asking, however, that the authorities not close this investigation, for the following rea-

"It is well known that the Ogpu has specimens of handwritings of Krivitsky—who was once in their amploy—in every language. They are experts at forgery, as Krivitsky pointed out in his writing.

I saw him in my office last week. He told me he was going to buy a small farm near a university town in Virginia. He complained that he was being shadowed and asked me to help him get a permit to carry a gun.

"He asked me to help him bet protection from the F. B. I. He wanted to change his name and I took steps to accomplish this in secret proceedings.

#### Planned New Life.

"There was nothing to indicate that this was a man about to commit suicide. All his plans were laid on the basis of starting a new life in the United States

in the United States.
"I strongly urge that both the local police and the F. B. I. be used to make sure this ian't another Trotsky case."

Dr. MacDonald replied that the case would remain open. The coloner said that he was certain that it was a suicide and had so certained. But if any new evidence was developed he would consider a change in his verdict.

During testimony before the Dies sommittee in October, 1939, Krivitsky testified he was born Samuel Ginsberg in the Russian Ukraine in 1899. He said his "official, legal Soviet government name" had been Krivitsky since 1919.

Krivitsky testified that he entered the military intelligence in 1820, and from 1921 to 1923 worked in the third bureau of the Red army general staff. He returned to general staff intelligence work in 1934 after holding several other positions, and said he was chief of Soviet military intelligence for Western Europe it 1935-7. He said he broke with Stalin over the 1937 purge. A short, wiry individual with a lined, grim face, he gave the committee much inside information of what he said was the working of the international Communist system.

#### Testimony Recalled.

Testifying in Russian through an interpreter, he declared that 35,000 members of the Russian Red army oprps were "destroyed" by Stalin in 1937; that 300,000 or 400,000 other persons were exiled or imprisoned and "millions" interned in concentration camps.

He also testified that: Communist party leaders in Ger-

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many, Foland and Hungary were recalled to Moscow and shot, despite the fact that they were not citizens of Russia.

Stalin is the absolute head of the Communist party in the United States.

"the great purge" of 1936-37 without "the great purge" of 1936-37 without "moral support" from other countries because so many elements were mainst him in his own country.

The Ogpu spies not only on foreign governments and on Boviet diplomats—"from Ambassadors to the lowest Embassy officials"—but on citizens of other lands who express displeasure with Moscow.

The Ogpu kidnaps and murders persons, some of them non-Russians, on foreign soil—in drives against persons "considered" anti-Staliniten.

#### Writer Says He Was Hounded.

Meanwhile, in New York, Mils Suzanno La Follette, writer for liberal magazines and a distant relative of the La Follettes of Wisconsin, said of Gen. Krivitsky's death:

"If it is a suicide, then it is a murder—he was hounded and hounded."

One of three notes found in the former agent's room had been written to her. She explained she had been a friend of the Krivitsky family since January of 1939.

At one time, she said. Krivitsky "has approached by three agents of the OGPU. One of them told him to stay out of the midtown area it be didn't want to get into trouble.

The man said, "We work in three

-we've been on the lookout for you constantly."

Miss La Follette, the Association Press reported, said Gen. Krivitsly had told at least two persons he would be disposed of by assassius who would "make it look like suicide."

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FRIENDS HERE TO PUSH KRIVITSKY DEATH INQUIRY—Louis Waldman (center), without here. New York attorney for Gen. Krivitsky, who rushed here last night to aid with the inquiry into the fetal shooting of Krivitsky, is shown at local Morgue conferring with reporters. J. B. Matthews. Dies committee investigator, is shown behind Mr. Waldman.

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Gen. Krivitsky shown as he testified before the Dies committee October 11, 1939, to tell his story of the 1936-7 purge of Russian Army officers.

A. P. Photos.

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# Police Report Shows How Delay Came in Identifying Krivitsky

First Hint Slain Man Was Ex-Soviet Agent Given After 7 Hours

The original police incidental shows how hours elapsed between the finding of the body of "Walter Poret" alias Samuel Ginsburg" and the time investigators discovered the dead man was Gen. Walter Giknivitsky, self-styled former Western European commander of the Soviet military intelligence magazine military intelligence. magazine writer and Dies Committee witness in espionage investigations.

The incidental follows:

"February 10, 1941. Death-Guil-

shot, No. 1. "About 9:30 a.m., Monday, February 10, 1941, Walter Poret, all as Samuel Ginsberg, white, 41 years, of New York City, was found in unconscious condition on bed in room 532 of the Bellevue Hotel. No. 15 E street N.W., by Thelma Jackson, colored, 21, of 131512 B street S.E., a maid at the above hotel. Walter Poret, alias Samuel Ginsberg, was pronounced dead at 11 a.m., February 10, 1941, by Dr. Elsberg of the Emergency Hospital staff. Death dae to gunshot wound in head. Cen-tial bureau, homicide squad and coroner notified. Investigated by Detective Sergt. D. Guest, who has possession of gun. Body ordered removed to the D. C. Morgue by the coroner. No known relatives. Reported by Pvt. E. R. Cox, No. 1. Signed by Engstrom at No. 1, 1:33

#### Attorney Gave First Hint.

The latter time was put on the incidental when Policeman Eng-strom put it on the teletype for headquarters.

Although the body was discovered at 9:30 a.m., it was not until police got in touch with Louis Waldman Krivitsky's New York attorney, about 4:30 p.m., that investigators got an idea as to the identity of the dead man. The identification was man. The identification was strengthened by Dr. J. B. Matthews, a Dies Committee agent, who knew Gen. Krivitsky. Mr. Waldman a rived here about 11 o'clock last night.

another reason given for the delay was the difficulty which homicije squad detectives had in reading Gen. Krivitsky's handwriting. Detectives saw the Russian and German notes were in some foreign language. The third note, in English, was written in such a difficult hand that detectives thought it also was in a foreign language.

Notes Given to Interpreter.

The notes, found in an envelope addressed to Mr. Waldman in New York, were given to a Federal intera theter.

On receiving the interpreter's report, detectives wired Mr. Waldman New York. Mr. Waldman the thephoned police, satisfied himself

dead man was Gen. Krivitsky, and made plans to hurry to Washington.

The note in English, the detective said, "looked like a coctor's pre-SCTintion "

Mr. Glavia ... Mr. Tracy ......

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# Police Still Checking ATT Krivitsky Angles, / But Believe Ex-Soviet Agent Killed Self

#### Verdict of Suicide Withheld Pending Further Study

Whether the former Soviet secret agent, Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, 41, was driven to death in a hotel room here by his fear of assassination or by the assassins themselves appeared an open question today, although Washington authorities are only "checking a few angles" before listing the case as suicide.

Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald has drawn up a suicide certificate which he is withholding until his aides and homicide squad detectives have sifted all physical clues at the insistence of Louis Waldman, Gen. Krivitaky's New York attorney, to whom the agent had frequently expressed fear he would be "liquidated" by the OGPU.

Inspector Bernard W. Thompson of the homicide squad said this morning he is seeking to trace the death gun to "the farm of Dobertov" believed near Charlottesville Val to Which Gen. Krivitsky referred in one of three notes found in his room implying suicide.

Gen. Krivitsky, a former Dies Committee witness, who wrote articles for a national magazine exposing Soviet espionage in this country and claiming to be a former chief of Soviet military intelligence for Western Europe, was found shot to death at 9:30 a.m. yesterday in his fifth-floor room at the Believue Hotel, 15 E street N.W.

#### Three Notes in Room.

Inspector Thompson said three notes found in the room on "Charlottsville, Va., stationery were in the same handwriting as the registration card Gen. Krivitsky filled out at the hotel late Sunday afternoon. He said this circumstance was checked last night by Ira Guillickson, the department's handwriting

The gun, a .38-caliber pistol, was found beside the body on the bed. Finderprints had been washed a day by blood, it was said. The bullet had passed through Gen. Krivitaly's heaf. It penetrated the hollow life of the wall and has not been recovered.



Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky shown as he testified before the Dies committee October 11, 1939, to tell his story of the 1936-7 purge of Russian Army officers.

—A. P. Photo.

purge of Russian Army officers.
Distrist Attorney Edward M. Gurrich, who aided with the inquiry last
night, said he was "awaiting a niore
complete report" from police before
deciding what course of action his
office might take. He said he expected the full report later today.

Meanwhile, spokesmen for the Pederal Bureau of Investigation said Gen. Krivitsky had no connection with any investigations by their agents. It was said nothing was known of the Russian at the F. B. I.

Mr. Waldman said he planned to ask the Federal Bureau of Investigation to trace the gun and chelk on what fingerprint evidence, if and head been found on the pistol. the door knobs and the windowsills of the room.

The attorney said he was espe-

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would be no trick for the OCPU. to which he attributed diabolical clevernels, to have forged-the notes. He contended that there was a strarge tone in the letters and said they did not sound like they had been written by his close friend.

Mrs. Tanya Krivitsky, wife of the general, scoffed at the suicide ver-sion. In New York City she said that he had been happy in his home life, was well fixed financially as a result of his writings and was in good health.

He had come to Washington, Mrs. Krivitsky said, to see Representative Dies and to look for a home in Vir**g**inia.

#### Previous Attempt Claimed.

Sire confirmed Mr. Waldman's statement about the mysterious assassin who was feared by the former Russian agent. Mrs. Krivitsky said the same man had attempted to kill Mr. Krivitsky in Marseilles in 1937.

As Samuel Ginsberg, the slain man yesterday had been on the verge of passing unnoticed into oblivion. A certificate of suicide had been written for him. The gun which had killed him was en route to the police property clerk.

But the revelation that Samuel Ginsberg was Gen. Walter Krivitsky but a new face on the matter. It was Krivitsky who, in a series of stories which appeared in the Saturday Evening Post a short time before the outbreak of the European had predicted that Stalin WAT. would sign a treaty with Hitler.

Later, he came before the Dies Committee to make other startling revelations. He described his posi-tion under the Russian regime of Stalin as chief of the Western European division of the Ogpu, dread secret police.

#### Reconstruct Details.

Police, calling in translators to interpret notes which were found in the dead man's room and going back over the whole of their investigation of the "routine" suicide of Samuel Ginsberg, pieced together the whole story as follows:

In the early part of last week Krivitsky called at Mr. Waldman's office in New York. He asked Mr. Waldman to help him get protection from the F. B. I. because he feared for his life. He said he was thinking of going to Virginia to look over a farm property he wanted to buy as hiding place for his family.

In Washington he appeared at 5:49 p.m. Sunday at the Bellevue Hotel ,a small, quiet hostlry in the first block of E street N.W., and registered as Walter Poref. This was the name he had taken legal steps to adopt—hoping that it would deceive the assassins he believed were seeking him.

No phone calls went from the room nor to it and no visitors were known to have called. Krivitsky ordered a bottle of sparkling water from the room service-although nothing was found in his room with which he might have mixed it.

He was shot some time during

an answer when she knocked the room in the morning, used her pass key to enter about 9:30 a.m. She found the body on the bed.

It was on top of the covers. Krivitsky was wearing a sweater and had taken off his shoes.

#### Pistol on Bed.

There was a gaping wound in the right side of his head. The right arm lay across the body, the right hand resting on the left arm. The pistol-covered with blood-was on the bed, to the left of the body.

A doctor was summoned and pronounced the man dead. Police searching through the effects in the room, found three notes. One was in English, addressed to Mr. Wald-The second man in New York. The second was in German and the third in Russian.

There was a passport, issued by the Canadian government, which bore the name Ginsberg. There was nothing to indicate anything but suicide. The room was in order; the door locked; the window—five floors above the street and near no fire escape—was open a little.

Detective Sergt. Dewey Guest of the Homicide Squad, who hamiled lt it the investigation, concluded th was a routine case. He closed his

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"Why," asked Mr. Waldman, "should the general go all the way to Virginia to get a gun-when he could have found one much nearer and then return to Washington

to shoot himself?

"Too, he might have been forced to write those notes. Such cases are common in Soviet liquidations. I know that Gen. Krivitsky had good reason to fear assassins from abroad.

Inspector Thompson said however, that Gen. Krivitsky's door and windows were locked from the inside, there was no evidence of a struggle, and every reason to believe the notes were genuine.

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It was the insistence of Mr. Waldman, Dr. J. B. Matthews, director of research for the Dies Committee, and others who knew Krivitsky that brought a reopening of the investigation.

They pointed out that Krivitsky had said less than three weeks ago that a Russian assassin, whom he identified only as "Hans," had arrived in this country to kill him; that the slain man had been in mortal fear of his life—seeking a permit to carry a pistol and making arrangements to change his name and flee New York.

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They insisted that he had been in the best of spirits, that he had made detailed plans for his future in the United States that he had no reason to commit suicide. And they repeated again and again his warning that he might be slain in such a manner as to indicate he had killed himself.

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"He appeared before the committee on October 11, 1939," Dr. Matthews said. "I rode from Wash-ington to New York with him after the hearings.

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went to the Morgue and viewed the body. Reporters-representing bocal as well as out-of-town paters and press associations—congregated at the Morgue.

After some time, Dr. MacDonald emerged and called the reporters into the Morgue hearing room. He read them the notes found in the Krivitsky room.

#### Waldman Makes Statement.

When the coroner had concluded his reading of the letters and answered some of the questions which came from the score of reporters, Mr. Waldman stepped forward and asked permission to make a statement.

"I have looked at the body and I've been shown the notes," he said. "Physical appearance indicates suicide and the notes are very persuasive.

"As his attorney and for the public interest. I am asking, however, that the authorities not close this investigation, for the following rea-

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#### Planned New Life.

"There was nothing to indicate that this was a man about to commit suicide. All his plans were laid on the basis of starting a new life in the United States.

"I strongly urge that both the local police and the F. B. I. be used to make sure this isn't another Trotsky case."

Dr. MacDonald replied that the case would remain open. The coroner said that he was certain that it was a suicide and had so certified. But if any new evidence was developed he would consider a change in his verdict,

During testimony before the Dies Committee in October, 1939, Krivitsky testified he was born Samuel Ginsberg in the Russian Ukraine in 1899. He said his "official, legal Soviet government name" had been Krivitsky since 1919.

Krivitsky testified that he entered the military intelligence in 1920. and from 1921 to 1923 worked in the third bureau of the Red army gen-eral staff. He returned to general It was after 11 p.m. when Mr. staff intelligence work in 1934 after Waldman reached Washington He holding several other positions, and said he was chief of Soviet military intelligence for Western Europe in 1936-7. He said he broke with

Stalin over the 1937 purge. A short, wiry individual with a lined, grim face, he gave the committee thuch inside information of what he said was the working of the international Communist system.

Testifying in Russian through an interpreter, he declared that \$5,000 members of the Russian Red army corps were "destroyed" by Stalin in 1937; that 300,000 or 400,000 other persons were exiled or imprisoned and "millions" interned in concentration camps.

He also testified that:

Communist party leaders in Germany, Poland and Hungary were recalled to Moscow and shot despite the fact that they were not citizens of Russia.

Stalin is the absolute head of the Communist party in the United States

Stalin could not have accomplished "the great purge" of 1936-37 without "moral support" from other countries because so many elements were against him in his own country.

The Ogpu spies not only on foreign governments and on Soviet diplomats—"from Ambassadors to the lowest Embassy officials"-but on citizens of other lands who express displeasure with Moscow.

The Ogpu kidneps and murders persons, some of them non-Russians, on foreign soil—in drives against persons "considered" anti-Stalinites.



Gen. Krivitsky (left) is shown with Chairman Martin Dies at a hearing before the Dies committee in 1939.

—A. P. Photos.



FRIENDS HERE TO PUSH KRIVITSKY DEATH INQUIRY—Louis Waldman (center), without hat, New York attorney for Gen. Krivitsky, who rushed here last night to aid with the inquiry into the fatal shooting of Krivitsky, is shown at local Morgue conferring with reporters. J. B. Matthews, a Dies committee investigator, is shown behind Mr. Waldman.



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Gen. Krivitsky (left) is show mittee in 1939.

# wash State

## Coroner MacDonald Reveals **Texts of Krivitsky Notes**

Notes which were found in the that in time you will tell him, be-room in which Gen. Walter Kri- cause it will best for him. vitsky was shot to death were read night by Coroner A. Magruder Mac-Donald.

The letters, he explained, were written on stationery bearing the letterhead "Charlottesville, Va." and nothing more. The first, written in English, was addressed to Mr. Waldman. It said:

"Dear Mr. Waldman;

you can.

"Yours, Walter Krivitsky.

"I went to Virginia because I know that there I can get a gun. If my friends get in trouble please help them. They are good people and they didn't know why I got the gun.

Letter to Wife and Son.

The second letter was in Russian and addressed to his wife and their 7-year-old son, whose address in New York has been kept secret. It said:

"Dear Tonia and Alek:

"It is very difficult, but I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write, but think about me and then you will understand that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his father is gone. I believe and Dorothy."

"Forgive. It is very hard to write. to newsmen at the Morgue last Take care of him and be a good mother to him and be always quiet and never get angry at him. He is very good and always very pale. Good people will help you but not

enemies. My sins are very big.
"I see you Tonia and Alek, I embrace you.

"Yours.

"Vela.

"On the Farm of Dobertov-I "My wife and my boy will need wrote this yesterday, but I did not your help. Please do for them what I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov because that is the only place I could get firearms."

Name Unexplained.

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No one was available last night to explain who Dobertov is. Neither the man's wife nor Mr. Waldman had ever heard of such a person.

The third letter was written in German. It was addressed to "Suzanne," who, Mr. Waldman explained, is Suzanne La Follette, a cousin of the Wisconsin political cousin of the Wisconsin political family and a liberal writer. It said:

"Dear Suzanne: "I trust that you are well and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tonia and my poor boy.

"Yours, Walter. "I also think about your brother

You were a good friend.

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Gen. Krivitsky (left) is shown with Chairman Martin Dies at a hearing before the Die mittee in 1939.

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# Police Still Checking All Krivitsky Angles, But Believe Ex-Soviet Agent Killed Self

#### Verdict of Suicide Withheld Pending **Further Study**

Whether the former Soviet secret agent. Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, 41, was driven to death in a hotel room here by his fear of assassination or by the assassins themselves appeared an open question today, although Washington authorities are only "checking a few angles" before

listing the case as suicide.

Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald has drawn up a suicide certificate which he is withholding until his aides and homicide squad detectives have sifted all physical clues at the insistence of Louis Waldman, Gen. Krivitaky's New York attorney, to whom the agent had frequently expressed fear he would be "liqui-dated" by the OGPU.

Inspector Bernard W. Thompson of the homicide squad said this morning he is seeking to trace the death gun to "the farm of Dobertov," believed near Charlottesville, Va., to which Gen. Krivitsky referred in one of three notes found in his room implying suicide.

Gen. Krivitsky, a former Dies Committee witness, who wrote articles for a national magazine exposing Soviet espionage in this country and claiming to be a former chief of Soviet military intelligence for Western Europe, was found shot to death at 9:30 a.m. yesterday in his fifth-floor room at the Bellevue Hotel, 15 E street N.W.

#### Three Notes in Room.

Inspector Thompson said three notes found in the room on "Charlottsville, Va., stationery were in the same handwriting as the registration card Gen. Krivitsky filled out at the hotel late Sunday afternoon. He said this circumstance was checked last night by Ira Guillickson, the department's handwriting expert.

The gun, a .38-caliber pistol, was found beside the body on the bed. Fingerprints had been washed away by blood, it was said. The bullet had passed through Gen. Krivitsky's head. It penetrated the hollow tile of the wall and has not been recovered.

Distrist Attorney Edward M. Curran, who sided with the inquiry last night, said he was "awaiting a more complete report" from police before deciding what course of action his office might take. He said he experted the full report later today.

Meanwhile, spokesmen for the

Federal Bureau of Investigation said Gen. Krivitsky had no connection with any investigations by their agents. It was said nothing was known of the Russian at the F. B. I.

Mr. Waldman said he planned to ask the Federal Bureau of Investigation to trace the gun and check on what fingerprint evidence, if any, had been found on the pistol, the door knobs and the vindowsills of the room.

The attorney said he was espe-



Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky shown as he testified before the Dies committee October 11, 1939, to tell his story of the 1936-7 purge of Russian Army officers.

cially puzzled by Ben. Krivitsky's allusion in his noies to "the farm of Dobertov." He said he had never heard of such a man, although he "Dobertov" living in that vicinity, heard of such a man, although he "Dobertov" living in that vicinity, heard the deceased well, and the It was the insistence of Mr. Waldman also was unknown to Gen. man, Dr. J. B. Matthews, director Krivitsky's family.

"Why," asked Mr. Waldman, "should the general go all the way to Virginia to get a gun-when he could have found one much nearer and then return to Washington to shoot himself?

Too, he might have been forced to write those notes. Such cases are common in Soviet liquidations. I know that Gen. Krivitsky had good reason to fear assassing from abroad.

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Police were convinced that the death was a suicide. Their strong-est point was the notes which were found in the dead man's room.

Wash. Star 2/11/41

Mr. Waldman contended that it

would be no trick for the OGPU, to which he attributed diabolical cleverness, to have forged the notes. He contended that there was a strange tone in the letters and said they did not sound like they had been written by his close friend.

(Mrs. Tanya Krivitsky, wife of the general, scoffed at the suicide version. In New York City she said that he had been happy in his home life, was well fixed financially as a result of his writings and was in goed health.

He had come to Washington, Mrs. Krivitsky said, to see Representative Dies and to look for a home in Virginia.

### Previous Attempt Claimed.

She confirmed Mr. Waldman's statement about the mysterious assassin who was feared by the former Russian agent. Mrs. Krivitsky said the same man had attempted to kill Mr. Krivitsky in Marseilles in 1937.

As Samuel Ginsberg, the slain man yesterday had been on the verge of passing unnoticed into oblivion. A certificate of suicide had been written for him. The gun which had killed him was en route to the police property clerk.

But the revelation that Samuel Ginsberg was Gen. Walter Krivitsky the investigation, concluded that it was Krivitsky who, in a series of stories which appeared in the Saturday Evening Post a short time before the outbreak of the European war, had predicted that Stalin would sign a treaty with Hitler.

Later, he came before the Dies Committee to make other startling revelations. He described his posi-tion under the Russian regime of Stalin as chief of the Western European division of the Ogpu, dread secret police.

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### Matthews Identifies Body.

Seeking identification of the body, newspapermen located Dr. Matthews and took him to the Morgue. It was the Dies Committee chief investigator who had discovered Krivitsky originally and persuaded him to tell his story

Dr. Matthews viewed the body and

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### Three Letter Of Krivitsky

The texts of three letters identified as in Krivitsky's handwriting follow:

The first, in English: "Dear Mr. Waldman:

"My wife and my boy will need your help. Please do for them what you can. Yours, (Signed) WALTER ERIVITSKY.

"P. S.—I went to Virginia because I know that there I can get the gun. If my friends should have trouble, please, Mr. Waldman, hap them. They are good people, and diln't know why I bought the gun."

The second, in Russian, and addressed to his wife, Tonia Ginsberg, and son, Alek, 7:

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"He is very good, and always very pale. Good people will help you, but not enemies. I think my sins are big. I see you, Tonia and Alek. I embrace you.

"P. S.—On the farm of Dobertov I wrote this yesterday, but I did not have any strength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov because that is the only place I could get the firearm."

The third note, written in German and addressed to a friend of Krivitsky, Suzanne LaFollette, of New York City, read:

### "Dear Suzanne:

"I trust that you are well, and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tonia and my poor boy. You were a good friend. "Yours,

"P. S.—I also think about your brother and Dorothy." NOT RECERDED

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Mudwell Easter

Ex-OGPU Chief Found Dead Here



WALTER KRIVITSKY,
refugee Bolshevist leader, has
keen identified as Samuel
Ginsberg, found shot to death
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Street Northwest

### Murder, Says His Lawyer; Police Call It Suicide

General Feared Russian Secret Agents Would Kill Him for Talking

Gen. Walter Krivitsky, wo claimed to be former western European head of the OGPU (Russian secret police), was found shot of death yesterday in his room in the Bellevue Hotel, 15 E Street Northwest,

Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald issued a certificate of suicide, but Louis Waldman, Krivitsky's attorney, said in New York that 'there is no doubt in my mind that this is the work of the OGPU."

Waldman, once the Socialist candidate for Governor of New York, told the Associated Press that Krivitsky—after his break with the OGPU—had been cooperating with the Federal Buresu of Investigation in antiespionage work and had come to Washington late last week to "discuss provisions for safety." This statement was denied by the FBL

### Feared Russian Agents

The body of the refugee Bolsheviet leader, whose real name was Samuel Ginsberg, was identified lay yesterday by Dr. James B. Mitthews, Dies Committee research director,

Matthews said that he had been acquainted for a long time with Krivitsky, who testified before the Dies Committee in 1939 and later wrote a series of articles in the Saturday Evening Post on alleged activity of Russian secret agents in the United States and elsewhere. Matthews said that Krivitskys on he appearance before the friest Committee, had told him that Coppulations were "after him."

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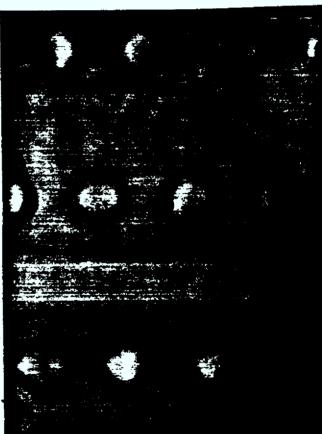
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### Bullet Through Head

skys body was found on the bed of his hotel room at 9:30 a. m. by a Chimbermaid, Thelma Jackson, 2 A .\$8-caliber automatic pistol lay beside the body, and in an envelop on a nearby desk were two letters to one in English and one in Russian and a passport issued by Canada.

The note in English was addressed to Waldman, asking him to take care of the Krivitsky family. The Russian note had not been translated at an early hour last night.

Krivitsky, police reported, registered Saturday at the Bellevue under the name of "Walter Poret."

Before leaving New York for Washington, Waldman said that Krivitsky lately had gone under the assumed name of "Walter Porof" because of his fear of Russian secret agents.

### Door Locked From Inside

Despite Waldman's expressed de-investigation," both Coroner Macterminatoin to demand "a thorough Donald and Detective Sergt Dewey Guest said there was no doubt in their minds but that Krivitsky had committed suicide. The door to his room, according to the hotel's manager, was locked from the inside, and the man apparently had not had visitors since he registered.

Before the Dies Committee and in his magazine articles, Krivitsky magazie New Magazie named idetnified himself as chief of the investity he was an Austrian named idetnified himself as chief of the Schmelka Ginsbrg and a habitue of Soviet military intelligence in west-ern Europe in 1935-37, a director of Paris night clubs. the Soviet War Industries Institute

## A bullet through the head, Krivit- Krivitsky Shot

SHOT, from Page L

n 1933-34 and for 17 years in the ntelligence service of Stalin.

His official connection with Rusis ended in 1937, he said, when he roke with Stalin over the purge of hat year. He fled to the United tates.

At the time of his testimony to he Dies Committee, he decrared hat OGUP agents would "spage othing to reduce me to silence ssassination."

Birn in 1899 in the Westeln Ikuline, Kriviteky told the commi-ce that "the OGUP has its agents planted in all institutions, governnental and industrial, in the United States.

During his testimony, the short, slender man, with black hair brushed straight back, understood puestions put to him in English, but nswered them in Russian, through an interpreter.

Left wing groups in this county harged in 1939 that Krititsky was in imposter who never had been a ineral in the Russlan army. The

### Krivitsky Revealed Tactics Of OGPU Before Dies Group?

murdering them, if necessary."

A campaign to discredit Krivitsky, it was recalled, was launched by Communist publications in this country after appearance of his country after appearance of

of the party and many of its leaders during the years preceding 1936 hoped "that the party or though the party we would gradually enter into a period of greater demogracy in the party and through the party in the country as well"

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In 1936 and 1937, Stalin, he said, that would have been the basis for democratization. He then told how the party's international branches are under the complete domination of Massaure and how the secret police. of Moscow and how the secret police not only act as international spies but keep in constant touch with Russians and others living abroad who are known to oppose Stalin

who are known to oppose Stalin During his testimony Krivitsky revealed the terrible thoroughness of the OGPU and thereby suggested a mason for his death, whether it was murder or suicide. Every members of the Communist Party in the United States is "potentially" available to the OGPU for assistance in its activities, he disclosed.

In other words, Krivitsky, an lobvious foe of Stalin because of his testimony before the committee and

testimony before the committee and his many writings in the spring of 1939, was subject to shadowing not only by OGPU agents but by hun-dreds of Communists in this country.

### Charges Terrorism

"I know that these people are re-cruited for the OGPU from the Com-munist Party and from organizations which are regarded as sympathetic with the Communist Party, and that often, for a particular job, it was more advantageous to use a person who was actually not a member of

who was actually not a member of the party."

Previously, the general had been asked by Rhea Whitley, committee counsel, if the OGPU ever takes, "postive action" in event an indi-vidual outside Russia "becomes suf-actently dangerous to the Sivist-Sciently dangerous to the Sivist-government and its interests?"

Yes sir," Krivitsky replied. "In addition to the passive role of explonage, there is an active role

Gen. Walter Krivitsky, the Rus-ian revolutionary figure whose ca-those people and discrediting them, and extending to kidnaping and

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WASHINGTON POST

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# en. Krivitsky, Former OGPU Leader Who Feared Assassins Shot to Death in Hotel Here



### Suicide Ruling Held Up After Friends Insist He Was Slain

(Pictures On Page 2.) Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, mysterious Stalin-hating refugee from Russia and former western European head of the Soviet Military Intelligence, was found shot to death yesterday morning in his room at the Bellevue Hotel, 15 E Street Northwest.

Coroner A. Magruder Mac-Donald first issued a certificate of suicide, then recalled it after acquaintances of Krivitsky expressed the belief that the former Kremlin agent was assau sinated by the OGPU (Russia Secret Police).

Krivitsky was known to have lived in fear of the OGPU sinte his disclosure in 1939 before the Dies Committee and in Saturday Evening Post articles of Russian espionage in the United States and throughout the world. He believed he was constantly pursued by Russian secret agents.

### Curran. Police Confer

District Attorney Edward M. Curran emerged from a conference at police headquarters last night with Chief of Detectives Bernard Thompson and declared:

"The case is not closed."

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Waldman identified Miss "Lafo" as Suzanne La Follette, who, he said, is a cousin of Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, and a magazine writer.

Waldman, after examining the three notes, said the notes made the case look like suicide, but there were still many things that made him believe, he added, that Krivitsky did not kill himself.

ha recently completed plans to thange his name legally to Prokef." He was also planning on buying a car, and to move his family to Virginia. All these activities led Waldman to the belief that Krivitsky was not contemplating death.

It was the note to Waldman, with whom Detective Chief Thompson communicated when It was found, that put an international aspect on the death of the man identified at first as merely Samuel Ginsberg, Krivitsky's real name.

Leaving New York for Washington to demand a "thorough investigation," Waldman deplaced, "there is no doubt in my mind that this is the work of the corte-

He said Kriviteky had some to Washington late last week to seek projection of the Bureau of investigation, with which he had been cooperating in antiespionage work. The FBI denied any connection with the man.

### "Always Feared OGPU"

Krivitsky's body was identified by Dr. James B. Matthews, Dies Compilities research director, who deplared:
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"This is fantastic and unbelievable. Krivitaky always feared that the OGPU would get him. He once fold me, "They'll get me, sure as bell. The OGPU is going to assazinate Trotaky and me. When I'm dead, don't ever believs that I committed suicide."

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Krivitsky had been dead about ix hours, Coroner MacDonald estimated, when his body was found at 130 a. m. by Thelma Jackson 21, solored chambermaid, in the other boor hotel room,

### isiol on the Floor

She had passed the door several limes during the morning and had mocked each time without getting an answer. When she finally enered with a passkey—the door was cocked—she saw the coatless and shoeless body on the bloodstained sed.

An automatic pistol, from which the shot had been fired lay on the floor beside his shoes. An envelope sontaining the three notes and a fanadian passport was on a nearby test.

The bullet had entered his head

hrough the right temple.
Carrying a light canvas the Carrying the Carry

### Fo Shot Heard

There were no outgoing telephone calls, no visitors and no occupants of the hotel heard a shot during the light, hotel employes said.

The possibility that an assauin might have entered a window, parmaps swinging down by a rope from another window, was discounted by detactives. Neither was there a fodge along which a killer could have crawled, nor a fire escape marry.

Inspector Thompson said that it floor and the window to Krivitsky apons were locked from the inside greekuding any possibility of a mustered a secape. There were a single prints on the pistol. The were washed out by blood stains. Krivitsky had signed the hot majster under the name of Walteroket, of New York City, a nan which his attorney said the Russia field decided to adopt legally. Waldman's statement before legaling New York said:

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On his arrival from New York, Waldman was met by Matthews and his first words to the Dies Committee agent were: "Well, you see what they do to your witnesses,

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The attorney told reporters that his client was to have testified Friday; before the Coudert committee, a New York State Selate body investigating subversive jactivities in New York schools, but had failed to show up.

Waldman was escorted to the City Morgue, where he confirmed Matthews' identification of Krivitsky.

Matthews and Waldman are the only persons who identified the body.

As investigation of Krivitsky death continued through the night, authorities maintained that 't was by all physical indications a sulcide.

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Krivitsky told friends some time ago that he had visited Leon Trotbefore the exiled sky in Mexico Communist leader was assassinated last summer and that Trotsky had beaufearful both of them would be killed by the OGPU.

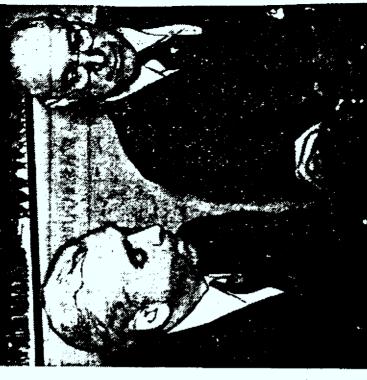
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"Gen. Krivitsky, the one legling survivor of the great purge in the where he and his wife and child Red Army, served in the Seviet military intelligence department for nearly 14 years, until May, 1933. He was often sent abroad on highly confidential missions. He was then appointed director of the Soviet war industries institute, a post be held in 1933,34. The following year he was entrusted with the office of chief of the military intelligence in Western Europe, in charge of the major secret operations of the Soviet abroad during 1935-37.

> "Krivitsky broke with Stalin at the end of November, 1937, after the wholesale executions of the topranking generals of the Red army, with whom he had been associated for 18 years. Two attempts were made upon his life by Stalin's OGPU agents in France. Escaping from Stalin's vengeance, Krivitsky recently came to the United States as a refugee, having determined to give up all political activity, though he is still a believer in the true communism of Lenin."

# Lawyer Views Krivitsky's Body --- D. A. Heads Investigators





D. A. TAKES CHARGE—Left—Louis Waldman (hatless, center), Gen. Walter Krivitsky's lawyer, talks to newsmen at the District morgue, where he viewed the former GGPU leader's body last night. He reiterated his conviction that Krivitsky was murdered. Behind Waldman is Dr. James B. Matthews (also hatless), Dies Committee investigator, who first identified the refugee Bolshevist's body. Right—District Attorney Joseph M. Curran (left) confers with Chief of Detectives Bernard W. Thompson. Although possibility of international intrigue was at first scouted by investigators, Curran said he would have all available facters hand by morning and then decide what action to take.

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Post Staff Photos -- Lawyer Views Krivitsky's Body

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NOT-RECORDED

### Soviet-Nazi Pact No Surprise-To the Late Gen. Krivitsky

Russian-German mutual nonaggresation and economic pact which preceded the outbreak of the war.

"The idea prevailing up to the rejent Russian-German pact that Hi, ier and Stalin were mortal enternies was pare myth." Krivitsky wrote in "In Stalin's Secret Servere" published by Harper & Brothers in 1939. "It was a distorted picture, created by clever camourlage and the vapors of propaganda. The true picture of their relations was that of a persistent suitor who would not be discouraged by rebuffs. Stalin was the suitor. There was enmity on Hitler's side. On was enmity on Hitler's side. On Stalin's there was fear."

One reason why Moscow might have wished to erase Krivitsky was his willingness to disclose Communist party methods in this country.

He had written in the same book:

"For all its long years of activity up to 1935, the American Communist Party had almost nithing to show. Drganized labor did not respond to papers a maneuver accomplished his slogans, and the mass of American people were bately aware of its label and stamping anti-Hitlerian existence. Even in those years, in its place."

walter G. Krivitsky, former topranking Russian secret foreign
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enlisted under the banner of democracy, the Communist Party
OGPU espionage ring in the United
States grew much larger and penetrated previously untouched territory. By carefully concealing their
identity, Communists found their
way into hundreds of key positions.
It became possible for Moscow to
influence the conduct of officials influence the conduct of officials who would not knowingly approach a Comintern or OGPU agent with a 10-foot pole.

More challenging perhaps than

this success in espionage and prise-sure politics, is the Comintern's penetration into labor unions, pub-lishing houses, magazines and news-

NOT RECORDED



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### Three Letters Of Krivitsky

The texts of three letters identified as in Krivitsky's handwriting follow:

The first, in English: "Dear Mr. Waldman:

"My wife and my boy will need your help. Please do fer them what you can. Yours. ' (Signed) WALTER KRIVITSKY.

esuse I know that there I can get the gun. If my friends should have frouble, please, Mr. Waldman, help them. They are good people, and didn't know why I bought the gun."

The second, in Russian, and addressed to his wife, Tonia Ginsberg, and son, Alek, 7:

This is very difficult and I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. I love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write, but think about me and then you will understand that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his father is gine. I believe that in time you will tell him, because it will be best for him. Forgive, it is very hard to write. Take care of him and be a good mother to him, and be always quiet and never get angry at him.

"He is very good, and always very pale. Good people will help you, but not enemies. I think my sins are big. I see you, Tonia and Alek. I embrace you.

"P. S.—On the farm of Dobertov I wrote this yesterday, but I did not have any strength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobirtov because that is the only piace I could get the firearm."

the third note, written in German and addressed to a friend of Krivitsky, Suzanne LaFollette, of New York City, read:

"Dear Busanne:

"I trust that you are well, and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tonia and my poor, boy. You were a good friend."

WALTE

P. S.—I also think about your brother and Derothy."

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The district attorney reported that three letters had been found on a table in Krivit-ky's room, one in English, one in Russian and a third in Garman. None of them made a definite statement of suicidal intent, but all hinted at it.

### Visit to Trotsky Revealed

One note, in English, was addressed to Louis Waldman, his New York Lawyer, and asked him to provide for Krivitsky's wife and son. Another, a long letter in Russian, was addressed to the dead man's wife. The third, written in German, was to "Susan Lafo," of New York City.

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See SHOT, Page 2, Column 1,

### Gen. Krivitsky Shot to Death In Hotel Here

SHOT, from Page 1.

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No Shot Hourd

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# Assassins



THE WASHINGTON POST February 11, 1941

NOT RECORDED 100-11146-subA

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1839, that the OGPU, Russian secret police, tracked down Stalin's foes in folieign lands and kidnaped and mirdered them "if necessary."

Ten. Krivitsky appeared before the committee on October 11 and related in detail the machinations of the Communist Party and the party's political leaders dominated by Stalin.

He revealed that the rank and flie

He revealed that the rank and file of the party and many of its leaders

of the party and many of its leaders during the years preceding 1936 hoped "that the party or through the party we would gradually enter into a period of greater democracy in the party and through the party in the country as well."

In 1936 and 1937, Stalin, he said, purged from his party all elements that would have been the basis for democratization. He then told how the party's international branches are under the complete domination of Moscow and how the secret police not only act as international spies but keep in constant touch with Rt ssians and others living abroad who are known to oppose Stalin.

During his testimony Krivitsky

while are known to oppose Stalin.

During his testimony Krivitsky revealed the terrible thoroughness of the OGPU and thereby suggested a reason for his death, whether it was murder or suicide. Every member of the Communist Party in the United States is "potentially" available to the OGPU for assistance in its activities, he disclosed.

In other words, Krivitsky, an obvious foe of Stalin because of his testimony before the committee and his many writings in the spring of 1839, was subject to shadowing not

1939, was subject to shadowing not only by OGPU agents but by hun-dreds of Communists in this country.

### Charges Terrorism

"I know that these people are re-cruited for the OGPU from the Com-minist Party and from organizations which are regarded as sympathetic with the Communist Party, and that often, for a particular job, at was more advantageous to use a person who was actually not a member of

the party. Previously, the general had been asked by Rhea Whitley, committee counsel, if the OGPU ever takes "positive action" in event an individual outside Russia "becomes suf-

vidual outside Russia "becomes suf-ficiently dangerous to the Soviet flovernment and its interests?" "Yes sir." Krivitsky replied. "In addition to the passive role of espionage, there is an active role

NOT RECORDED

'Another Trotsky Case'

### Krivitsky's Attorney Seeks FBI Action

Friends of the late Walter G. Krivitsky insisted today that he was assassinated by an agent of the Soviet secret

police, and clamored for an FBI investigation.

Krivitsky's story of his past a head of the Western European Division of the secret police, a director of spies and assassins, is so well documented STRICTLY POLICE. and detailed that few doubt it. He was found with a bullet in his head in his room in the Bellevue hotel at 15 Est nw. opposite Union Station.

### SPOTTED AN AGENT

All evidence points to suicide, but Krivitsky himself had described the methods of GPU assassions who often made their victims appear suicides. And only last week he saw in New York City a man he recognized, thru previous associations, as one of the GPU's most clever assassins.

That man was trailing him, according to Krivitsky's attorney, Louis Waldman of New York City, who today formally asks the PBI to take over be-cause "it is another Trotsky case." Leon Trotsky, associate of Lenin and a power in Russia until exiled by Stalin, was assassinated in Mexico City last summer.

Ktivitsky's wife insists he was assassina ed So does Boris Shub, his inter-preter. They all say that for more than r Krivitsky had lived in fear of a year E his Me.

### **# BEASONS FOR SUSPICION**

Mr. Waldman listed three reasons why police should not close the case as a suicide, but should seek an assassin.

1. Questionable authenticity of the "suicide" notes. He said the GPU has specimens of Krivitsky's handwriting "in every language" and that the GPU is recognized as "expert at forgery."

2. Krivitsky talked to him in New York last week of buying a farm in Virginia for himself and his family, Mr. Waldman said "all of his plans were of a man not inclined to self-destruction suicide or even pessimism, but of a man arranging to start a new life."

Mr. Waldman said Krivitsky was convinced he could no longer live safely in New York and was especially eager to get away from industrial centers where GPU agents center their operation. He wanted the Virginia farm as a hide-away from his pursuers, Mr. Waldman said.

3. Within the past three weeks, Krivitsky had been informed that "a special GPU agent named Hans had appeared in New York." Mr. Wald-man said Krivitsky told him the man was a dread killer" and his tile (Krivitsky's) was not safe.

### STRICTLY POLICE CASE

FBI and State Department officials said they plan no investigation. State Department spokesmen said it is stridly a case for the police.

Washington police had written the case off as a suicide, but reopened it for investigation. They asked Charlottesville, Va., authorities to find a man named "Dobertov," who, according to one of the notes found in Krivitsky's room in Krivitsky's handwriting, provided him with the revolver that ended his life.

Krivitsky's body was found yesterday morning. Beside the body was a 38caliber revolver. In the room were the three notes, one in Russian addressed to his wife; another in English to Mr. Waldman, the third in German to "Dear Suzanne"—identified by Mr. Waldman as Suzanne La Pollette, New York writer and cousin of Sen. Robert

M. La Follette (Prog., Wis.).
Sulanne La Pollette is well known in New York literary and Trotskyite cir-cles. She formerly was editor of the now defunct magazine Freeman, and was contributing editor of The Nation. She was a member of a committee which in 1938 held a "trial" in Mexico City of Soviet charges that Trotsky had plotted to overthrow the Soviet regime. Trotsky testified and was "acquitted."

### SIGNATURES THE SAME

Ira Gullicson, metropolitan police handwriting expert, said there is no doubt the signature on the hotel register and the "suicide" notes were written by the same man. He said Krivitsky apparently wrote the note to his wife last because, unlike the other two, it showed nervous stress.

(To his wife he wrote in Russian, addressed to his wife Tanya and his son, Alek):

"Dear Tanya and Dear Alek: "It is very difficult. I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. I love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write, but think about me a then you will understand that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his father has gone. I believe that in time you will tell him, because it will

... best for him. Forgive, it is very

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hard to write. Take care of him, and be good mother to him and be d-ways quiet and never get angry with him good mother to him and be

### WENT TO GET GUN

"He is very good and always very pale. Good people will help you, but not enemies. I think my sins are big. I see you, Tanya and Alek, I embrace

you. "Yours, Vela. "On the farm of Dobertov, I wrote

this yesterday, but I did not have any strength in New York. I did not have any business in Washington, I went to see Dobertov, because that is the only place I could get the firearms."

Le German, to Suzanne Le Policite,

New York writer and second cousin of sen. Robert M. La Pollettee P., Wis.), he wrote:

"Dear Buzanne:

"I trust that you are well, and I am dying with the hope that you will help Tanya and my poor boy. You were a good friend.

"Yours, Walter.

"I also think about your brother and Dorothy."

### LETTER TO WALDMAN

In English, addressed to Mr. Waldman, he wrote:

"Dear Mr. Waldman:

"My wife and my boy will need your Please do for them what you (Signed) Walter Krivitsky.

"I went to Virginia because I know that there I can get a gun. If my friends have trouble, please, Mr. Wald-

man, help them."

All three notes were written on plain
paper headed only by "Charlottesville" Charlottesville, Va., where Mr. Wald man said Krivitsky planned to seek haven for his wife and family.

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WASHINGTON NEWS

### PASS KEY POSSIBLE

The door to Krivitsky's fifth floor from was locked, but anyone with a plass key could have opened it. A clambermaid did so when she received no response to her knock. She called hotel officials after finding the body.

Other means of access to the room are discounted. There is no ledge on the outside of the building along which an assassin could have crept to enter the window. Nor is there a fire escape. Possibility of anyone having descended to the window by a rope from a room above is not believed likely.

J. B. Matthews, special investigator for Rep. Martin Dies (D., Tex.), who knew Krivitsky well and identified the body, said Trotsky told him before his death that he feared both he and Krivitsky would be assassinated.

### FOUND FULLY CLOTHED

He did not know whether the Dies Committee would investigate his death, but Rep. Dies is en route here from Chicago to help steer a resolution extending the life of his committee thru the House today.

Krivitsky registered for a \$2.50-a-day at the Bellevue Hotel Sunday night as "Walter Poref," which he frequently used. "Poref" is his wife's maiden name. Hotel attaches said he apparently had no visitors. The night clerk thought he seemed nervous when he registered.

Hotel officials found his body—fully clothed except for coat and shoel—on the bed. Coroner MacDonald said death occurred "some time during the night." He issued a certificate of suicide but recalled it after Mr. Waldman made his charges.

### SOUGHT FBI HELP

Only one shell of the revolver had been dischaiged and that bullet had entered Krivitsky's brain thru the right temple. Police could locate no one in the hotel who heard the shot.

Mr. Waldman said his client had sought his help to obtain protection from the FBI. which denied that it had been in communication with him at any time.

Krivitsky first came to this country in November, 1938, on a visitor's visa from Paris. Since then his visa has been extended several times.

Born Samiel Ginsberg, he became prominent in this country in 1939 when he told the Dies Committee that he had broken a 20-year association with Stalin in 1937 after the Soviet purge and, in consequence, feared assassination by OGPU agents. He had written a series of articles for the Saturday Evening Post purporting to expose world-wide Communist intrigues.

When his magazine articles appeared in the spring and summer of 1839, there was some difficulty about renewal of the visa, Mr. Waldman said, but it was straightened out and after that he went to Canada where he remained until October. 1940. Since there he and his family have been living in New York City.



Krivitsky.



Mr. Waldman with reporters.



Matthews talks with a re-

FER DECEIVE!

THE AASHINGTON-TIMES HERALD SAID TONIGHT THAT A MRS. MARGUERITE DOBERT, WHOSE HUSBAND WAS DESCRIBED AS A FORMER NAZI STORM TROOPER, MCTORED GEN. WALTER G. KRIVITSKY TO WASHINGTON FROM HER CHARLOTTESVI)
VA., FARM SUNDAY, THE DAY EEFORE HE WAS FOUND SHOT TO DEATH IN A HOT

HERE.

THE NEWSPAPER QUOTED MRS. DOBERT AS SAYING SHE LEFT KRIVITSKY NEA THE UNION STATION AFTER HE TOLD HER HE PLANNED TO TAKE A TRAIN TO NE THE NEWSPAPER SAID IT LEARNED THAT KRIVITSKY ARRIVED AT THE DOBERT FARM THURSDAY FROM NEW YORK IN AN AUTOMOBILE DRIVEN BY A "STRANGER;" THAT MRS. DOBERT DROVE KRIVITSKY INTO CHARLOTTESVILLE

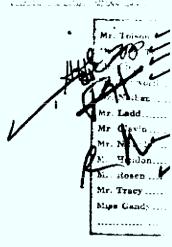
FRIDAY TO PURCHASE A PISTOL "FOR PROTECTION." THE WOMAN'S HUSBAND, EITEL WOLF DOBERT, TOLD THE TIMES-HERALD, H NEWSPAPER SAID, THAT HE AND KRIVITSKY ENGAGED IN TARGET PRACTICE LAS "I WAR

"HE WAS ALWAYS FOOLING WITH THE GUN," DOBERT WAS QUOTED. WEEK-END. HIM IT DIDN'T HAVE ANY SAFETY CATCH."

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THE FBI SAID TODAY IT HAD NO INTEREST IN THE KRIVITSKY CASE. IT SAID THAT WHETHER GEN. WALTER G. KRIVITSKY WAS A SUICIDE OR WAS MURDERED IS A MATTER FOR THE LOCAL POLICE.

"IT IS A LOCAL MATTER FOR THE METROPOLITAN POLICE," A FBI SPOKESMAN SAID AFTER LOUIS WALDMAN, ATTORNEY FOR KRIVITSKY AND THE LATE LEON TROTSKY, CONFERRED WITH INSPECTOR AL ROSEN OF THE FBI INTELLIGENCE DIVISION. "THE CORONER HAS CALLED IT SUICIDE. EVEN IF THE CORONER CALLS IT MURDER, IT IS STILL A MATTER FOR THE LOCAL POLICE. WE ARE MAKING NO INVESTIGATION."

WALDMAN INSISTED THAT KRIVITSKY WAS MURDERED AND THAT THE CIRCUM-ZTANCES INDICATING SUICIDE WERE THE CLEVER INVENTIONS OF WHAT HE CALLED STALINIST AGENTS.

BARNARD W. THOMPSON, DETECTIVE CHIEF OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA POLICE, HOWEVER, SAID AFTER A NIGHT-LONG INVESTIGATION, WHICH INCLUDED AN AUTOPSY, THAT EVERY BIT OF EVIDENCE POINTED TOWARD SUICIDE.

"UP TO THE PRESENT OUR INVESTIGATORS HAVE FOUND NOTHING TO SUBSTAN-TIATE THE THEORY OF MURDER, THOMPSON SAID. "EVERY PHYSICAL EVIDENCE POINTS TO SELF-DESTRUCTION AND WE HAVE NO OTHER INFORMATION THAN THAT FROM KRIVITSKY'S ATTORNEY TO SUPPORT THE THEORY OF MURDER." 2/11--R1104A

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## WASHINGTON CITY KEWS SERVICE

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ADD DIES, HOUSE.

THE RESOLUTION CONTINUING THE COMMITTEE TO APRIL, 1942, WAS PASSED 353 TO 6 ON A ROLL CALL VOTE. REPS. DICKSTEIN, FRANK HOOD, THOMAS H. ELIOT, RUDOLPH TENEROWICZ, THOMAS E. SCANLON, AND VITO MERCANTONIO, VOTED AGAINST IT.

THE HOUSE THEN APPROPRIATED \$150,000 FOR THE COMMITTEE, WHICH

PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED A TOTAL OF \$235,000.

SPEAKER RAYBURN APPOINTED REP. HARRY P. BEAM TO THE COMMITTEE TO SUCCEED JOHN J. DEMPSEY, OF NEW MEXICO, NOW A MEMBER OF THE U.S. MARITIME COMMISSION.

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U. S. DENT. CH. JUSTICE

Coroner MacDonald Reveals Texts of Krivitsky Notes

Notes which were found in the that in time you will tell him, be-room in which Gen. Walter Kri- cause it will best for him. vitsky was shot to death were read night by Coroner A. Magruder Mac-Donald.

The letters, he explained, were written on stationery bearing the letterhead "Charlottesville, Va." and nothing more. The first, written in English, was addressed to Mr. Waldman. It said:

"Dear Mr. Waldman:

you can.

"Yours, Walter Krivitsky.

"I went to Virginia because I because that is the only place I now that there I can get a gun. could get firearms." know that there I can get a gun. If my friends get in trouble please help them. They are good people and they didn't know why I got the gun."

Letter to Wife and Son.

The second letter was in Russian and addressed to his wife and their German. It was addressed to 7-year-old son, whose address in "Suzanne." who. Mr. Waldman ex-New York has been kept secret. It plained, is Suzanne La Pollette, a said:

"Dear Tonia and Alek:

"Dear Tonia and Alek:

"It is very difficult, but I want to live very badly, but it is impossible. I love you, my only one. It is difficult for me to write, but think about me and then you will understand me and then you will understand that Tour you will understand "Yours, Walter." that I must go. Don't tell Alek yet where his father is gone. I believe and Dorothy."

Nichola ...

Miss Gandy.

"Forgive. It is very hard to write. to newsmen at the Morgue last Take care of him and be a good mother to him and be always quiet and never get angry at him. He is very good and always very pale. Good people will help you but not

enemies. My sins are very big.
"I see you Tonia and Alek.

embrace you. "Yours.

"Vela.
"On the Farm of Dobertov—I "My wife and my boy will need wrote this yesterday, but I did not your help. Please do for them what I did not have any business in Washington. I went to see Dobertov

Name Unexplained.

No one was available last night to explain who Dobertov is. Neither the man's wife nor Mr. Waldman had ever heard of such a person.

The third letter was written in cousin of the Wisconsin political family and a liberal writer. It said:

"I also think about your brother

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REP. MARTIN DIES, IN A STATEMENT ISSUED THROUGH THE OFFICES OF HIS COMMITTEE ON UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES, SAID TONIGHT THAT THE LATE GENERAL WALTER KRIVITSKY HAD CONSIDERED IT INEVITABLE THAT HE WOULD DIE AT THE HANDS OF RUSSIAN POLICE AGENTS.

DIES SAID THAT FINAL JUDGMENT ON THE QUESTION OF MURDER OR SUICIDE IN THE CASE RESTED WITH DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AUTHORITIES, BUT THAT KRIVITSKY HAD CONSIDERED ASSASSINATION "AT THE HANDS OF STALIN'S KILLERS" TO BE THE INEVITABLE END OF HIMSELF AND LEON TROTSKY, WHO WAS KILLED IN MEXICO CITY.

DIES' STATEMENT SAID:

"THE FATAL SHOOTING OF GEN. WALTER KRIVITSKY RAISES MANY QUESTIONS THE GRAVEST MOMENT.

\*FOR ALMOST TWO YEARS OUR COMMITTEE HAS KNOWN THAT THE LONG ARM OF THE RUSSIAN TERRORISTS HAS BEEN STRETCHED ACROSS THE ATLANTIC IN AN EFFORT TO REACH AND DESTROY KRIVITSKY.

"WHEN THE FORMER HEAD OF THE WESTERN EUROPEAN DIVISION OF THE SOVIE MILITARY INTELLIGENCE (KRIVITSKY) WAS A WITNESS BEFORE OUR COMMITTEE, HE EXPLAINED TO ME IN GREAT DETAIL THE DANGER OF HIS ASSASSINATION AT THE HANDS OF STALIN'S AGENTS. HE WAS RELUCTANT TO APPEAR BEFORE OUR COMMITTEE, LEST HE BE MORE EASILY SPOTTED BY STALIN'S KILLERS.

"I AM NOT AT THIS TIME PASSING FINAL JUDGMENT ON THE QUESTION OF MURDER OR SUICIDE IN THE CASE OF GEN. KRIVITSKY. THAT IS A QUESTION FOR THE DISTRICT AUTHORITIES TO DETERMINE AFTER A THOROUGH INVESTIGATI OF ALL THE FACTS.

"BUT I AM PREPARED TO STATE THAT OUR COMMITTEE IS IN POSSESSION OF THE FULLEST INFORMATION ON THE METHODS OF ASSASSINATION EMPLOYED BY STALIN'S AGENTS, AND THAT THESE METHODS WERE DESCRIBED TO US BY NONE CTHER THAN GEN. KRIVITSKY HIMSELF.

"THE GENERAL EXPLAINED TO ME WHAT HE CONSIDERED THE INEVITABLE END OF HIMSELF AND LEON TROTSKY AT THE HANDS OF STALIN'S KILLERS. SHORTLY AFTER HE GAVE ME THIS INFORMATION, I SENT ONE OF OUR COMMITTEE'S AGENTS TO MEXICO CITY IN AN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN WHATEVER INFORMATION TROTSKY POSSESSED ON THE METHODS AND IDENTITY OF STALIN'S KILLERS IN THIS COUNTRY.

"BOTH TROTSKY AND KRIVITSKY WERE CONVINCED THAT THEY WOULD MEET VIOLENT DEATHS AT THE INSTIGATION OF STALIN HIMSELF. KRIVITSKY IN PARTICULAR CAUTIONED US AGAINST BELIEVING THAT HIS DEATH, WHEN IT CAME, WOULD BE A SUICIDE.

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THE SOVIET RUSSIAN SECRET POLICE EITHER DROVE GEN. WALTER G. KRIVITSKY TO SELF-DESTRUCTION OR ACTUALLY LIQUIDATED HIM FOR BETRAYING THE SECRETS OF JOSEF STALIN, THE FORMER SOVIET SPY CHIEF'S LAWYER SATODAY.

WHETHER IT WAS MURDER OR SHICIDE, ATTORNEY LOUIS MAIDMAN, SAID, HE GPU IS RESPONSIBLE FOR HIS DEATH.

IN ANY CASE, HE SAID, THE MANNER OF KRIVITSKY'S VIOLENT PASSING 1: TRANSCENDED BY THIS BROADER QUESTION:

TCAN A PERSON FURNISHING INFORMATION TO OUR GOVERNMENT ABOUT RUSS

ESPIONAGE, HERE AND ABROAD, BE SAFE FROM GPU TERROR?

WALDMAN CLAIMED THAT KRIVITSKY HAD FURNISHED "VALUABLE ESPIONAGE INFORMATION" TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND THE FBL. BOTH DEPARTMENTS DENIED THIS. KRIVITSKY DID EXPOSE TO A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE WHAT HE PURPORTED TO BE A COMMUNIST PLOT OF WORLD INTRIGUE.

WALDMAN ASSAILED THE FEI'S REFUSAL TO INVESTIGATE.

TIF KRIVITCKY COULD BE DONE AWAY WITH EITHER BY MURDER OR BY BEING DRIVEN TO TAKE HIS LIFE, HE SAID, "HOW CAN THE FEDERAL AUTHORITIES EXPECT COOPERATION IN THEIR FIGHT AGAINST THE FIFTH COLUMN FROM PEOPLE WITH LESSER STRENGTH OF CHARACTER THAN ARIUNTSAVE

WITH LESSER STRENGTH OF CHARACTER THAN KRIVITSKY?"
"GENERAL KRIVITSKY'S DEATH IS A DIRECT CHALLENGE TO OUR FEDERAL

GOVERNMENT AND TO THE FBI.

THE ATTORNEY SAID HE HAD FURNISHED THE FEI WITH DOCUMENTARY EVIDED THAT ONE HAND BRUESSE (WHOM HE IDENTIFIED AS A "NOTORIOUS GPU KILLER WHO CAST A DEEP SPELL OF FEAR ON THE GENERAL" AND WHOM KRIVITSKY HAD DESCRIBED IN HIS WRITINGS AS A "RED JUDAS" ASSIGNED TO LIQUIDATE FOR CO-WORKERS IN THE SOVIET SECRET SERVICE) WAS IN NEW YORK WITHIN THE IFOUR MONTHS.

WALDMAN DEMANDED TO KNOW WHAT BRUESSE WAS DOING IN THE UNITED SATE

HOW HE GOT HERE, WHO HIS ASSOCIATES ARE AND WHERE AND HOW HE FUNCTION "ISN'T THAT A MATTER FOR THE FBI TO INVESTIGATE?" HE ASKED. "FAIL ON ITS PART TO ACT IN THIS CASE WILL LEAVE THE PLAIN INFERENCE THAT ANYONE EXPOSING FOREIGN ESPIONAGE IN OUR COUNTRY, AND GIVING OUR GOVERNMENT INFORMATION AS TO THE GPU ACTIVITIES, ACTS AT HIS OWN-PERSON

THE RESPONSIBLITY AND DUTY OF THE FBI IS PLAIN. THEY MUST ACT

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ADD WALDMAN.

LATE TODAY, WALDMAN INJECTED A NEW DEVELOPMENT INTO THE CASE TO EMPHASIZE HIS THEORY THAT KRIVITSKY EITHER WAS ASSASSINATED OR DRIVEN TO SUICIDE. HE PRODUCED A LETTER SENT TO MISS SUZANNE LA FOLLETTE, A FRIEND OF THE KRIVITSKY FAMILY AND SECOND COUSIN OF SEN. ROBERT LA FOLLETTE OF WISCONSIN.

THE LETTER, SAID BY WALDMAN TO HAVE BEEN WRITTEN BY A "PAUL WOHL" WHO CLAIMED KRIVITSKY OWED HIM \$200, INSTRUCTED MISS LA FOLLETTE TO "TELL YOUR FRIEND THAT AN OMINOUS MAN IS IN NEW YORK -- HANS."

WALDMAN QUOTED THE LETTER AS ADDING THAT:
"HIS (KRIVITSKY'S) DEVIOUS PRACTICES JUSTIFY THIS WARNING.

"HIS (KRIVITSKY'S) DEVIOUS PRACTICES JUSTIFY THIS WARNING. I HESITATE TO SEND IT. IT MAY BE BETTER TO LET THE RATS DEVOUR THE RATS. WALDMAN DOUBTED THAT KRIVITSKY OWED ANY MONEY, SAYING HIS LATE CLIENT WAS FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT.

2/11--W0626P CJER

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# Reveals Working

BY MEYER ZOLOTAREFF.

Albert Goldman, for many years an intimate friend and legal advisor of the slain Leon Trotsky, told in Chicago today of the many instances in which men had been killed by agents of Stalin.

He believes Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky, found dead in a Washington hotel Monday, was also a victim of the Stalin killers. Gold-tim of the Soviet's murderers. man has long been a student of the secret police.

NAMES KILLERS.

was murdered just like Trotsky. FLEES IN FEAR. He said he believed Krivitsky was murdered just like Trotsky. As a result of the recent influx Another son of Trotsky, Serge, ally of Stalin, he later had Trotsky's son and prominent men of Stalin's agents to New York, had been "liquidated" during the misunderstanding with him in Germany and Spain. Goldman, Krivitsky began looking for a bloody purge trials in Russia. In lie was ordered to some this case, the OGPU stated, it Kremlin, but refused. Then

Goldman said he was positive!



ALBERT GOLDMAN Krivitsky was murdered . . .

that Krivitsky, former Soviet military intelligence chief, knew well that he was to be the latest vic-

Krivitsky knew Stalin's killers own son, who in 1938 was found operations of the OGPU, Stalin's were shadowing him, Goldman in Paris dead from poison. The OGPU can reach He said: said, and was well aware of their French police issued a verdict ability and their blind devotion to of suicide, but Goldman said he ensenberg, a prominent Go their master, Stalin.

anyone who sins against Stalin. You cannot resign, you cannot escape from its clutches. Krivitsky also fell its victim.

When told that evidence leads to believe Krivitsky had committed suicide, Goldman replied:

"Even if Krivitsky had killed himself because he got sick and tired of leading a bunted life, the world must consider him, just the ame, a victim of Stalin and his OGPU.

"As far as I am concerned, I will still believe it is murder artistically masquerading as suicide. For I know very well the methods of the OGPU, which often puz-zles the world by making a slaywhich often puring look like a suicide."

cases, where Stalin's foes had sister who lived in German been murdered and the world cently committed suicide. The Goldman recited many similar made to believe they had ended their own lives. He pointed to the case of Leon Sadoff, Trotsky's had documents proving agents of Communist. I met him year the OGPU had poisoned young in Berlin. Leon.

even named many of the expert city to another, in constant fear disposed of Berge because he had word he had hanged himself killers used by Stalin to wipe out to be caught in the trap set for been active in spreading disease. I have statements from people his commiss in all parts of the him by Stalin and his OGPU.

among Russia's population, by investigated the matter. im by Stalin and his OGPU. among Russia's population, by investigated the matter.

Mr. Goldman said: spreading contagious bacilli. A say Willie had been murde "The OGPU does not forgive daughter of Trotsky, and Serge's "Andrei Nin, head of the said of the sa



FRANK JACKSON After he slew Trotsk

cumstances leading to her have never become known.

Goldman related other stances of how far the arm

"Take, for instance, Willie When Hitler ca power he fled to France. A say Willie had been murdere

THE CHICAGO AMERICAN 7

# Slayers

sh 'Poum' party, a semi-Trotskyite group, was arrested by the loyalist government during the civil war in Spain. It was found later that he had been kidnaped by an OGPU agent and killed, because he was another of Stalin's important fore."

-It is the opinion of Goldman that Mexico City and New York are now prominent centers of Stalin's OGPU. He said:

"Most of the OGPU agents reide in Mexico, because this land s safest for them at present. The seads of Stalin's secret intellimce apparatus for the Western emisphere have made their headtarters in New York City. Bemurdering Tritsky, the slayer. k to get instructions.

GPU agents in America watch the Communist Party to e sure it doesn't break away n the Kremlin and become an at in some way or other be-ed by Stalin, such as laboreral groups. Stalin's agents & U. S. also devote much of activity to industrial and ary espionage."

ferring to Trosky's murder. man said he had proof that wer Jacson had been a of the OGPU. He said: to the United

LEON TROTSKY Assassin Jackson's victim.

nk Jackson, had to go to New tional Brigade, a Stallnist outfit man who joined the Interna in the Spanish loyalist army, who died subsequently in one of Gen. Franco's concentration camps.

"In one of his articles the slain Gen. Krivitsky disclosed that the ependent party. They also pen- OGPU came into posession of every organization which thousands of passports which were taken away from members of the International brigade. That proves conclusively that Jacson member of the OGPU."

On a recent visit to Mexico City

known as the most vicious killer of the OGPU, who had been swinging Stalin's ax during the Spanish way. Spanish war.

When asked about Trotsky's widow, Natalia, Goldman said she resides in her old home near Mexico with her 15-year-old grandson "Sieva." She is depressed since her husband's death. She is preparing for publication Trotsky's unfinished book on Stalin. Guards, secretaries and friends guard her against possible OGPU attemps to liquidate her, too.

### 2 Die as Canadian Trains Crash Head-on

TRENTON, Ont., Feb. 12.—(49) The engineer and firemen of a live for to commit suicide," Tu passenger train were killed today ney said. in the head-on collision with w freight train east of Trenton.

### 2 NAZI PRISONERS ESCAPE.

CALGARY, Feb. 12.-(F)-Two German prisoners of war escaped from a working party near prairie internment camp at dusk yesterday.

# Says Tunney

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 12.-(F) Gene Tunney, former world heavyweight boxing champion told a University of Minnesol audience last night he was cor vinced a slaying—not suicideplained the death of General Wa ter G. Krivitsky, former Sovi secret service agent who was four shot to death in a Washingto hotel room Monday.

Tunney said in his estimation the "suicide notes" found in Kr vitsky's room were forged.

"I knew General Krivitsky we







Mr. Don to.

### <del>FINDI</del>NG IS DELAYED IN KRIVITSKY DEATH

Waldman's Plea That General Was Ogpu Victim Puts Off Issuance of Certificate

POLICE SURE HE TOOK LIFE

Former Reich Officer Asserts Ex-Spy Chief Purchased Pisto! to Kill Himself

Special to TRE NEW YORK TIMES. WASHINGTON, Feb. 11-The metropolitan police remained convinced today that General Walter G. Krivitsky, former Red Army spy chief, took his own life yesterday in the Hotel Bellevue here.

Formal issuance of a suicide certificate was delayed only by the plea of Louis Waldman, Krivitsky's lawyer, that Ogpu agents might have driven Krivitsky to selfdestruction by terrorist tactics, or

that they might have killed him and made it look like suicide. In either case, Mr. Waldman contended, Krivitaky's death is a challenge to the Federal Government, which up to now has refused to enter the investigation.

The lawyer pointed out that the tense little man who had been Stalin's chief agent in Western Europe had given the United States valuable information about Red any activity in this country. Not spy activity in this country. Not to investigate his death, Mr. Wald-man said, would be to scare off other possible witnesses with val-

In Chicago, Albert Goldman, for-merly Sounsel for Leon Trotsky, who was assassinated in Maxico City last Summer by Soviet operativys, disclosed a motive for the possible murder of Krivitsky. He said he had recently negotiated with the general to help solve the Trotsky killing.

### Dies Sees Others in Peril

Representative Martin Dies, head of the House Committee which in 1239 heard Krivitsky give startling details of Ogpu operations in the United States, told reporters that "what happened to Krivitsky may happen to a lot of others." He said that both Trotaky and Krivitaky feared eventual death at Ogpu

notes that clearly showed suicidal intent. The dead general's friends, familiar with Ogpu tactics, insist the Red agents knew enough about the Red agents knew enough about Krivitsky's home life—of his affection for his wife and 7-year-old son—to have forged these notes, but the police handwriting expert, after comparing the notes with other specimens of the dead spy chief's writing to prefit the statement of the specimens. writing, is positive the notes were written by the general.

### No Sign of Struggle

Nowhers in Krivitsky's room did the detectives see any sign of struggle. The automatic pistol that fired the .38-caliber bullet into Kri-vitaky's right temple—and the wound was a "blast," or contact, wound-was not in the dead man's hand where assassins most likely would have placed it. The police rest their suicide finding on these facts

In the face of all this, Mr. Wald-nan said: "Whether suicide or man said: murder, the GPU is responsible for muraer, the GPU is responsible for this man's death. If it was suicide, he was driven to it by GPU hound-ing." The lawyer said he had turned over to the F. B. I., the name of a man in New York who had warned Krivitsky that Hans Bruesse, Soviet agent and former Krivitsky subordinate, was in New York City. The general had written of his fear of this man.

Mr. Waldman said: "What is Hans Bruesse, a foreign agent, doing in the United States? How did he get in? Who are his associates? Where and how does he function? Aren't these matters for the F. B. I. to investigate? Failure on its part to act in this case will leave the plain inference that any one exposing foreign espionage in our country and giving our government in-formation about GPU activities in the United States does so at his

### Wohl Issued Warning

The man who warned General Krivitsky that Hans Bruesse was in New York, it turned out, is Paul Wohl of 178 Lexington Avenue, who collaborated with Krivitsky in a series of exposé articles written in Paris in the Winter of 1939.

On Jan. 7 Mr. Wohl wrote to Miss Suzanne Le Follette, a friend of General Krivitaky's. His message said.

"My Dear Miss La Follette? you please inform your honorable friend, K, that an ominous person is in New York: Hans. This letter is in New York: Hans. This latter is addressed to you since K hides from me. . . . His devious practices hardly justify this warning. I hesitate to send it. It might be better to let the rats devour each other. . . . Yours truly, Paul Wohl."

The "K" referred to was Krivitisky. He and Mr. Wohl had had a falling out over money matters, something connected with their writings. Today, in New York, Mr. Wohl said he knew that Krivitsky

Wohl said he knew that Krivitsky -"a haunted and hunted man," called him-had contemplated sui-

CLIPPING FROM THE N. Y. TIMES

DATE ADED BY II.

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The lawyer pointed out that the
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Stalin's light in Western
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Krivitaky that Hans
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Webl of 173 Lexington Xea., who
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series of exposé articles written in
Paris in the Winter of 189.
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Summe La Follette, a friend of
General Krivitaky's, Elis message
said: to investigate his death, Mr. Wangman said, would be to scare off other possible witnesses with valgable information. In Chicago, Albert Goldman, formerly founsel for Lon Trotaky, who eras assassinated in Maxico City last Summer by Soviet operative, disclosed a motive for the possible murder of Krivitsky. His said be had recently negotiated with the guteral to help solve the Trotaky killing. MAPPING FROM THE J. Y. 711ES EEB DATE 15 Cac: Dies Sees Others in Porti Dies Seen Others in Pequi Representative Martin Dies, hand if the Honac Committee which is isse heard Krivtisky give estardings lessated Krivtisky give estardings lessated States, teld reportess that the properties that you have been a set of others. The properties that both Trotsky and Krivtisky feared eventual death at Ogpu hands. that both Trotaky and Krivitaky feared sventual death at Ospu hands.

In a speech in the House Representative Rankin of Missispip resentative Rankin of Krivitaky feared between suicide. Mr. Rankin declared their words place for it to have been suicide. Mr. Rankin declared their words place for it to have been suicide. Mr. Rankin declared their of their to kill off. The words of the suit their enemies.

In conversations with friends in new York recently Krivitaky declared he believed his end was near. He besed this statement, among other things, on the fact that his removal had become a practical nevently for Moscow. He pointed out cessity for Moscow. He pointed out costity for Moscow. He pointed out fait in recent months there had been an influx of Cominters agents into the United States from Mexico City and France.

These coming from Mexico City, he said, had migrated there after the collapse of the Loyslist regime in Spain. Those coming from France he characterized as agents and rank-and-file Communists who had been in Franch concentration had been in Franch concentration had been in Franch concentration had been on Franch concentration had been for Franch concentration had been for Franch concentration and the GPU."

In Feattion ts interfere

The purpose of the influx of these agents into the United States, Krivitikit told descent. called him—had contemplated suitcalled him—had contemplated suitdia. statement in New York KriInterest of the statement and most desperate agents of the Committers and the GPU."

In Position to Interfere

The purpose of the influx of these agents into the United States, Erististy told friends, was to set up a visity told friends, was to set up a visity told friends, was to set up a visit to help cripple this nation's signed to help cripple this nation's who knew him both in this country and abroad as the one man country and abroad as the one man country and abroad as the one man country and action to the least the tense that he organization in the sense that he organization in the sense that he organization in the shout their collapse.

It was pointed out that on his visit to England last year Krivitsky had given valuable information to the British Government that led to wholessle arrests of fifth columnists in England again. According to Krivitsky's friends, "he still had a great deal to tell," but he was disappointed in the failure or refusal of American authorities to pay serious attention to what he told them. The sole exception was Representative Dies, it was pointed out. The general's friends had made much of the fact that he had no pistol when he left New York for the Bouth new Wednesday. This was deared up today. Eitel Wolf Dobert, a former Genman Army officer, of Charlotterville and that he set up until 3 A. M. Sunday writing the suicide notes. Krivitsky came to his home last Thursday, that the senaral bought the suicide pistol in Charlotterville and that he set up until 3 A. M. Sunday writing the suicide notes. Krivitsky came to his neither of the fact of the fact that he set up until 3 A. M. Sunday writing the suicide notes. Krivitsky came at the heaves methods attributed to Red undercover a methods attributed to Red under-cover agents, on the other hand, stood on the bare physical facts they encountered when they en-tered Krivtaky's hotel room sarty yesterday.

The room was, roughly, about ten feet square. The one door to the corridor was locked from the in-side by a throw latch, which the maid opened from the outside with a master key. The wide window, by "go out past a ledgeless still, was from the unside also. There

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# awyer Asks

Inquiry

to Roosevelt; Dies
Hints at Own-Quiz

A Gen. Krivitaky's OGPUhaunted life are revealed today by his close personal friend and literary collaborator. Bo ris Shab, in an article on Page 4.

# By SYD BOEHM.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.— A Congressional investigation of the fatal shooting of Gen. Waiter G. Erivitaty was demanded today by his attorney, Louis Waidman, who indus Erivitaty was a Russian OGPU murder victim.

"It go to Freedomi Romavelt, if shoomary, to insure that this time is thereughly sitted by the Pointal authorities" Waldman and

The mystary of Erivitaly's vionot death was intensified when it became known that an investigation was under way to determine if the gun found beside the Genland was the taking one be pull chased

LAST TO SEE KRIVITSKY

Two of the last friends to see Gen. Walter Krivitsky alive were Eitel Wolf Walter Luthor and ex-Storm Trooper from Germany, and his Grecian wife, Mar-Germany, and his Grecian wife, Mar-

Krivitsky "could not have taken his life," but Dobert supported "mental murder" theory advanced by Rep. Martin Dies, theory advanced by Rep. Martin Dies, theirman of the House committee before which Krivitsky had given anti-Soyian

Congress Inquiry

May Make Appeal to Roosevelt; Dies Hints at Own Quiz

of Gen. Krivitsky's OGPUhaunted life are revealed today by his close personal friend and literary collaborator, Boris Shub, in an article on Page 4.

### By SYD BOEHM.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.— A Congressional investigation of the fatal shooting of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky was demanded today by his attorney, Louis Waldman, who insists Krivitsky was a Russian OGPU murder victim.

"I'll go to President Roosevelt, if necessary, to insure that this case is thoroughly sifted by the Federal authorities." Waldman said,

The mystery of Krivitsky's violent death was intensified when it became known that an investigation was under way to determine if the gun found beside the General was the same one he purchased on Thursday at Charlottesville, Va. DOUBTS ABOUT GUN.

Eitel Wolf Dobert, former Nazi storm trooper and friend of the General, raised doubts about the death gun by saying it was his impression that Krivitsky had purchased a .32-calibre weapon.

Because of the conflicting angles in the case, an official verdict of suicide still was withheld and charges were redoubled that Krivitsky, implacable foe of Dictator Stalin, either had been slain by the OGPU or driven to kill himself by "mental murder" methods, presumably involving threats to his wife and children.

Rep. Martin Dies, chairman of to the House Committee Investigating un-American Activities, sided po with the belief that the case was po



Two of the last friends to see Gen. Walter Krivitsky alive were Eitel Wolf Dobert, author and ex-Storm Trooper from Germany, and his Grecian wife, Marguerita, with whom he's shown above. Mrs. Dobert said today she felt convinced

Krivitsky "could not have taken his life," but Dobert supported "mental murder theory advanced by Rep. Martin Dies chairman of the House committee before which Krivitsky had given anti-Sovie testimony. International Soundphoto.

# inted by Dies



Here is a letter found among the effects of General Walter G. Krivitsky, who was found shot to death in Washington hotel, International Soundphoto.

# Ex-Spy's Lawyer Demands Congress United States in November. Probe; May Appeal to Roosevelt

Continued from First Page

By SYD BOLHM

uppe, had "died of a murderer's ed he would conduct an inquiry. is declaration followed a state- |country." ocrast, that Krivitsky, former the way up he exhibited keer for the Soviet in Western terest in the farms we passed. John E. Rankin, Mississippi Sunday afternoon," she said. on the floor of the House by

ray have had a hand in Krivitprities to New York, was of the bief that Hans Bruesse, alleged Red Judas" of the OGPU, who Waldman, transferring his ac- "He was a man who worried very items to Nam York was of the much and was terribly fearful of

of "mental murder" and indi- amazed at the case with which a of his identity. gun could be purchased 

the way up he exhibited keen in-"I drove him to Washington on

Dobert added:

# Friend Bares

# to England Ex-Spy's Visit

from the time of the general's ar-ripal in the United States in 1938 until shortly before Statin's for-mer aids left New York for his ings and acted as his interpreter when Krivitsky appeared before are told in the article below by Borts Shub. A magazine writer (Hitherto untold jacts about the Use of Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky and the activities of his last days ind close personal friend of the late Soviet peneral. Shub was also the translator of Krivitsky's writ-Krivitsky almost constantly

laborator for almost a year. as his translator and literary colworked with Walter Krivitsky

日子五

Soviet secret police which has been I knew the man as well as anyone possibly could. I do not know
whether the bullet which killed
him was fired by his hand or that day he broke with Stalin. on his trail constantly since the murdered, - murdered by he fired the shot himself, he w of an OGPU assassim, but even

TAIL JODE. the OGPU has never been off his Since the day he arrived in the Russian, in which he asked a

For a time, while he was in Canada from December, 1939, to

knew the man he was instructed to lion, and he dropped the idea H. Gagnon, Superintendent of the Canadian Royal Mounted Police, would not welcome his interp Winter and early Spring, only R. In Montreal, where he spent the killers.

assassination. I think be probably where he boarded a British vessel recognised Franchiscon which was escorted by convoy to frequented the Early in January Gen. Erivitalty Trockey's district Frontier in January Gen. Erivitalty Trockey's district Frontier in the feet that if Erivitalty had to England, by way of Nova Scotia, in Mexico,



was murdered. ticle, is convinced Stalin ? lator of Gen. Krivita HE WAS SLAIM

1938, communicate to hi tails I had on the affair and an etter from Krivitsky, write

November of last year, Krivitaky lirst attempt on Trockly's his seemed to be reasonably safe which Trockly's bodyguard Shall I recalled that in May, after they " The "I'm next, of opurse."

I told him at that time that I thought the Mexican authorities

recognized oper

## Self Tim Out Feared OGPU Agent Would

mes in which be would wri Although Erivitaty oman, is in English, the

# "S. Katvitsky M M Devoted

November of last year, party as a pouts seemed to be reasonably safe, which Trotaky's bodyguard Shall begins a Scotalist Party as a youth There were not more than four or don Harte was siain. Erretting of header, the There were not more than four or wanted to go down to Maxing of the header a visit to France, he live people in that country aware wanted to go down to Maxing of the header with the Nazis several country aware and help the police track down to be the best with the Nazis several country. Was a cadet in a Prussian

1 to Germany to

tal murder" and indihe would conduct an inquiry. declaration followed a statethe floor of the House by to E. Bankin, Mississipp t, their Erivitaty, former the shorthwist in Western that fifther of a murduser's

to New York, was of the that Hanz Brusse, alleged Indas" of the OGPU, who are had a hand in Erivitby death, still was at large in he metropolis. The attorney in-pole to have the handwriting of scide potes in the case anlysed to determine if Krivitsky and written them.

written trem. so mystery of the death gam ghed a feature of the inquiry. DN T. PD.

s dis. 1 the 38 calibra er found near Krivitakŷ en his body was discovered onday r ing at the Hotel ellevue his bren traced to Pri-ate Prancis McCourt of the 6th trmy Corps, Frovidence, R. L. a on of Frank H. McCourt, millionire Boston contractor.

Private McCourt had owned the

gun while a student at Georgetown University and, according to police,

lost it two years ago.

At the Charlottesville Hardware Company, in Charlottesville, Va., where Krivitaky purchased his gun, it was said he had bought a 38 calibre Colt automatic.

### CALIBRE DISPUTED

Yet Dobert, the ex-storm trooper, insisted the gun had been of smaller calibre.

### DOBERT'S STATEMENT.

Dobert is the "Dobertov" men-tioned in one of the suicide notes and lives near Charlottesville with his beautiful 30-year-old Grecian

wife, Marguerita.
"General Krivitsky bought a .32 calibre gun; I am positive of it be-cause I handled it myself," Debert declared.

declared.

And Mrs. Dobert explained:

"I drove the General to town last Thursday because he wanted to buy a gun for self-protection. He told us that Hans Breuze, a notorious OGPU killer, had been can't to this country to assayinate. sent to this country to assassinate him as Trotaky had been mur-

We went to a Charlotterville hardware store, where Walter bought a gun for \$15. He gave his name there as Walter Peref, the hame he adopted in this ur.

"CHEERFUL ALL THE TIME."

"He constantly asked my husband and me just how much damage this .32 catibre automatic could do. But he was cheerful all the time.

"On Saturday he asked me to

"On Saturday he asked me to drive to town and buy 150 cart-ridges for the gun. He would en-gage in constant target practice with the 32, and used the cart-ridges for that,
"My husband even let him try his heavier. 38 automatic.

his heavier 35 automatic

his heavier 38 autematic.

Dobert, a refuge from Garmany because he wrote a book
praising democracy, said he was
familiar with American firearms
and could not possibly have made
any mistake as to the calibre of
he gun Krivitaky bought.

### AW KRIVITSKY HERR

I saw Walter in New York abo haw wanter in New rest abou-week before he came to visit ra-shert said. "He asked me then acther my wife was aland to ty out here in the wasta alone, applained that she had a gun to tech herself and knew how to

the following we



PART, WORL Gave Warning of Danger

killed himself, but was driven to it

### WARNED BY WRITER.

It was Paul Wohl, a stocky free lance writer, of 173 Lexington ave., New York, who first warn Krivitaky that the alleged "R Judas" killer, Bruesse, was in that city. Wohl, however, was of the opinion that the General had killed himself.

Wohl explained that though a long-time friend of Krivitsky, he had broken with him—"in a . friendly manner"-over financial matters growing out of literary work he had done for Krivitsky in Paris.

"But I saw Brueme on 5th ave. one afternoon and decided to warm him. I could not be "in and to I wrote a letter to Min Sumano La Fellette, who I knew would know where he was."

of Walter The

mor River During the m During the next menth, I saw Gen. Erivitaky daily. We worked on the Réd Army article, discussed the situation abroad and its effect on his plans. Time and again he told me that as soon as he was certain that England intended to light the war "to the end, and against Stalin as well as Elitler," he would leave for England. But he said that he wanted his wife he said that he wanted his wife he said that he wanted me ware and 7-year-old son safely estab-lished in the United States before going abroad.

At the same time, he was always

on guard against any unexpected of the four or in meeting with one of his former agents. To my assurances that he krivitsky hung was safe in Canada, he invariable "It's no me."

repiled that he was certain that the OOPU knew every movement he made, and was hiding its time. "Of course," he said, "The eafer here than in the United States, hecause this country in on a war lasts, and OGPU agents don't walk freely through the streets the way they do in New York and Washington.
"But that decent mean they rem't watching me Stall means

scen't watching me. Stalin never forgets, and never forgives. Baseff tried to get me in New York."

Sergel Basoff was the Soviet op-erative who accosted Erivitaky and a friend on March 7, 1939, in a tand at, cafeteria. Sent to the United States years ago to act as a permanent agent in this country, he was working at this time

under Col. Boris Bykoff.
"What about Col. Bykoff?" I saked him.

asked him.

He turned white and shut up like a clam at the mention of Col. Bykoff, the Soviet agent sent to this country in 1936 to take charge of the Soviet spy network in this country.

### Revealed Col. Bykoff Had Been His Aide

But one evening, about a week later, in a Montreal hotel, he sud-denly began to speak of Bykoff. In his Saturday Evening Post ar-ticle entitled "My Flight from Stalin" he stated only that: "Knowing the ways of Stalin, I had no doubt that he had en-

trusted the job of arganizing a hunt for me on this side of the Atlantic to Col. Bykoff."

And that was all. But now, in the Spring of 1940, almost a year later, he suddenly told me that Bykoff had worked

told me that Byknff had worked under him in Italy, in 1930, when Krivitaly was in charge of Soviet Intelligence in that country.

Byknff, he told me, had been very devoted to him, but he was even more devoted to the Soviet system—a ruthless killer who would interfer his closest friend without hesitation if the organization ordered h, with a look of dread he said.

### Felt Unsafe De Assumed Name

About a week leter gain. Never was he ated than on this occasions had telephoned the tated th New York at which he ing and had saked for Poref," the name was registered.

The voice was not the of the four or five perso he had told of his whe

not escape."

A few days later

A few days man, was settled in a small apartment, the address of the settlement to more than was not known to mos persons, all completely

About six weeks ago I sav for the last time. Again tioned me about the Trote He told me for the first had received a letter from

sky written a few day assamination, in which the Soviet War Commisser h sed the conviction the presed the conviction the OGPU would soon kill him

aky). Miles." walking along an upp tan street at about 11 ning. And although I ha him say so many times I new detected a terrifying

confronted on a street by Hans aide, who dir street by Hang Bruesee, hi aide, who directed two on his life in the letter 1837 in France. Without examining Sp

1837 m France. Without examining She writing of the three notes for Erivitsky's room, it is diffi-express any definitet opinion their auth nticity. facts

1-The note to his

Mr. Telson Mr. E. A. Tanim
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Nathon
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichole
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

### KRIVITSKY VICTIM OF SUICIDE MANIA, SAYS CLOSE FRIEND

An intimate of the slain or self-destroyed Gen. Walter A. Krivitsky who sheltered him in Paris, planned his flight to He slso, according to Wohl, acted the United States and lived with him for nine months in New York, told The News last night that Krivitsky had frequently spoken of suicide and had a "persecution mania."

Paul Wohl, a writer and a close friend and collaborator of Krivitsky since 1937, said the death of the former Russian spy in a Washington hotel on Monday appeared to be "definitely suicide."

Doubts 'Hans' Incriminated.

Of a mysterious character called "Hans," sometimes referred to as Hans Bruesse, Wohl said, "It seems highly improbable that he had any-thing to do with it." Hans was brought into the picture Monday night by Krivitsky friends who branded Hans as one of the

of erasing Kravitsky and making

it appear as a suicide.
Actually, it was Wohl who brought Hans into the drama in the first place. He saw him in New York five weeks ago, getting on a bus on Fifth Ave., north of Madison Square, and passed the

word on to Krivitsky. "Since Hans remained in the OGPU when Krivitsky quit, I thought he would want to know,"

"Hans" a Lock Expert.

OGPU's most wily and bloodthirsty killers.

Some of the Krivitsky-ites went so far as to charge that Hans was sent here for the express purpose of the Krivitsky in Paris in 1937.

But far from being a brutish stark him—he could not stark him—he could

and political disciple prior to Krivitsky's break with the Soviet. Hans' specialty as an OGPU agent, Wohl said, was his skill as a lock expert. This may have caused the accusers to draw conclusions about the locked door of the room in which Krivitsky's body was found,

he pointed out.
Wohl said he had three reasons for doubting that Hans would have been assigned to liquidate Krivit-sky, even if the OGPU ever made

such plans.

Not Killer Type.

First, he said, Krivitsky knew Hans very well and would be on guard against him-he could not

opolitical enemies now-Hans v probably never harm him. Third, Hans was not the ty

agent unsigned to killings. a technical expert, and of too a tachnical expert, and of too a calibre for this work," Wohl Krivitaky, with whom he and worked for nine month 114th St., near Riverside I was portrayed by Wohl as a b ing individual who lived "world of super morals."

Often Talked of Suicide "I think he died just becau could not live unless he h cause. Since exposing the S he has felt that the whole was against him. When we together, he often talked of

He interpreted every mov Russian politics as somethin rected against him personally often told me men were follower him and he was obsessed wit notion that some one to kill him."

CLIPPING FROM THE NEW YORK IS ILY NEWS

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FUPTARDED BY N.Y. DIVISION

# Snicide Notes

The widow of Gen. Walter G. Krivitaky, through the writer friend to whom one of Krivitaky's "farewell" notes was addressed, last night expressed to the Daily Mirror her "absolute conviction" that the anti-Stalinist leader had not voluntarily ended his life.

"He was forced to do what he did, if he committed suicide," she declared. "But I don't bewrote those notes. That was not his way of expressing him-self."

Her statement was relayed and seconded by Suzmagazine writer and cousin of Sen. LaFollette. LaFollette aaid she and Mrs. Krivitsky agreed the General's three "suicide" notes had been dictated by his slayers under threat of killing his wife and son. The writer told of a recent conversation with Krivitsky in which he criticized efforts by "I saw him a week ago New York," she said in saite at the Hotel Chelsea, Ave. and W. 23d St. "talked about the war as eve body is doing these days. agreed that lifting the moemburgo against Russia is mistake and he added:

"I believe our Covernmi is mistake and he added:

"I believe our Covernmi is mistake and he added:
"I believe our Covernmi is mistake and he added:
"I believe our Covernmi is mistake in the lien it o prevent Stallin from play with Hitler."
"Miss LaFollette, who was retary of the John Dewey contains the bullet that he did not consulted. said she and Mrs. Krivitsky

icide. . "It was n "by the agents of the They could have forced write those notes by ting his wife and child. "The OGPU stores at

The OGPU stops at

"The OGPU stops at a in this country."

"I remember that, who sky was martered, Gen. sky said; "I will be next only a matter of time."

"He often warned his that he would be killed gould be made to look!"

hat one

and would this," she m himself Walter Kri-invariably signed his ly as Krivitsky. "In the letter addr



SUZANNE LAPOLLETTE

CLIPFING FROM THE NEW YORK DAILY MIRROR

Mr. Tracy ......

FEB 1 2 1941 FORWARDED BY N.Y. DIVISIO

### Kerensky Names Killer, Says Stalin **Doomed Krivitsky**

By BAY DOYLE AND WILLIAM FALVEY.

Alexander Kerensky, the man who freed Russia from the crushing yoke of the Czars only to see it shackled by Stalin, yesterday charged that General Walter G. Krivitsky-his recent ally-was murdered

on direct orders from the Kremlin by the OGPU's most brutal killer, whom he named.

In an exclusive interview at his New York home, Ke-rensky told the Mirror Kri-vitsky knew before Christ-mas that the assassin was here to kill him.

He revealed also that Krivitsky had notified Federal authorities of his danger.

of his danger.

"Krivitsky became more depressed daily. He confided to me that he felt his exposes of OGPU activities here were not being carefully considered. But he was not the man to commit suicide." Kerensky said.

In Washington, the death remained listed as a suicide, over protests of Krivitsky's attorney, Louis Waldman, and Congressman Dies, who called it the "biggest story of the year" and promised startling revelations.

Late yesterday Rep. Rankin

Late yesterday Rep. Rankin (D.Mis.) charged on the floor of the House that a "murderer's bullet" had killed Krivitaky. Dewas in the wi



ALEXANDER KERENSKY Krivitsky confided to me . . .

valuable esplonage information" them, which was promptly de-led by both departments. In obvious fear that his own is may yet be elaimed by Stalin, erensty spoke guardedly of his lowledge of OGPU operations to But he stall.

100-11146-4

CLIPFING FROM THE NEW YORK DAILY MIRROR

FEB 1.2 1941

FORWARDED BY N.Y. DIVISION.

vitaky soon found Trot-as no better than Stalin uit him in disgust," said

Krivitsky's fullure to awaken England, France and the United





When He Was a Dies Witness

a suicide. Krivitaky's caution

o recalled Trot-varning in Mexico first attempt was

Mr. Toleon
Mr. Clear
Mr. Clear
Mr. Fosworth
Mr. Nathan
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichole
Mr. Henden
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

### Roof Out the Ogpu!

Whether the death of Gen. Walter V. Krivitsky, former chief of the Russian intelligence, shall finally prove suicide or murder, the agents in this country of the Russian secret police should be founded up and lailed or deported. The probabilities seem to be that Krivitsky was assassinated, as Trotsky was in Mexico, by Stalin's messengers of personal revenge. Political assastination is rightly held in particular abhorence in this country; and the American government cannot afford to tolerate its agencies.

government cannot afford to tolerate its agencies.

It should not be too difficult for the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice to locate and identify the members of the Ogpu in this country and with them the agencies of the Gestapo, the similar wazi terforist organization. Neither the Ogpu nor the Gestapo can have any legitimate business in the United States; neither is here for our good.

business in the United States; neither is here for our good.
Determining who, if anybody, killed Krivitsky is the immediate problem, but tracing the Red and the Brown spy networks is even more important. So long as they are intact nobody in this country to whom Stalin or Hitler may take a dislike can be called safe; no industry can be protected from sabotage.

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FEB 12,194

### Levine Believes **Reds Murdered** Gen. Krivitsky

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Writer Warns of OGPU Web

Over America

cial to the New York Journal

and American.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fis., Feb., 12.—Gen. Walter G. Krivitsky was "probably" killed by OGPU agents in a carefully hatched Stainist plot, Isaac Don Levine, Krivitsky's collaborator, asserted today.

Deckaring he was convinced the OGPU has established "a network through North America." Levine warned that the U. S. Government must take strong measures to prevent "a wave of murders" by Stalinist assassins.

FEAR OF MURDAY.

### FEAR OF MURDER.

FEAR OF MURDER.

Erivitally lived in such mortal fear of assassination, Levine revealed, that when the Dies Committee sought to serve a friendly subpoena on him the server had to be driven by Levine to a secret rendenous 60 mile from Rew York and there personally introduced to Erivitally.

Levine discloses that a month

Erivitsky.
Levine disclosed that a month ago "a mutual friend" had seen Hans Bruesse, the so-called "Red Judas" OGPU agent, whom Erivitsky feared, walking on Pitth awe, near 22d st., in New York.
"I reported his prusence to Reported that was a than Paderal Televisian This and other Paderal

### LEFUGEE SPIES."

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