

NY 100-53054

It should be noted that the "Daily Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

ACTIVITIES

The "Daily Worker", issue of October 14, 1952, Page 8, Column 5, contains an article announcing that on the evening of that date a meeting was to be held in honor of KAREN MORLEY, an individual who had been subpoenaed to appear before the House Un-American Activities Committee. The meeting was to be in New York City and the subject was scheduled to be a speaker.

Confidential Informant T-1 on October 21, 1952 advised that subject had been a speaker at the above-mentioned meeting and had spoke along the lines severely critizng the McCarran Committee for using tactics of the "Witchhunters of Salem and more recently of HITLER and his Nazis".

Confidential Informant T-1 has advised on October 3, 1952 that an American Labor Party (ALP) Rally had been held on September 30, 1952 at Hunts Point Palace in New York City. According to the Informant this rally was in the nature of an election rally, and that the Informant was of the opinion the subject in his speech closely followed the Communist Party line, advocating such things as the fact that the United States had no business entering the Korean War and that the War itself was just to make money and big profits for Wall Street.

Confidential Informant T-1 further advised of an ALP Rally held on October 27, 1952 at Madison Square Garden, New York City. Informant stated that MARCANTONIO spoke as Chairman of the ALP and subject's speech stressed that the two major parties were anti-labor and anti-people. He said that it was a lie that STEVENSON (ADLAI STEVENSON) was good. He said that in Boston, STEVENSON had embraced "that loathsome creature and stoolpigeon, HERBERT PHILBRICK". He told of alleged testimony given by PHILBRICK in the McCarran Act Hearings in Washington, D. C. In this purported testimony, according to the Informant, he said that PHILBRICK had admitted recruiting youth into the Party and then reporting them to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is noted that at mention of the word "FBI" there were hisses and boos from the audience.

Confidential Informant T-3 advised on November 4,

NY 100-53054

1952 that he had been in attendance at an ALP Rally on November 2, 1952, which was a State Rally, on the corner of 110th Street and Fifth Avenue, New York City. According to the Informant, the subject as Chairman of the ALP had made a speech which was an attack on the war being conducted in Korea and, according to the Informant, was the usual "Peace" line of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-8 in April, 1953 furnished a publication entitled "Prisoners Relief", which was issued by the Prisoners Relief Committee of the Civil Rights Congress in New York City. This publication was dated April, 1953 and in its masthead lists VITO MARCANTONIO as Chairman of this Committee.

It should be noted that the Civil Rights Congress has been cited by the Attorney General under Executive Order 9835.

MISCELLANEOUS

Confidential Informant T-5 in January, 1953 stated that it was his experience that the Communist Party did not completely dominate the ALP, but actually VITO MARCANTONIO was the absolute head of the ALP. He explained that a situation where the political thinking of MARCANTONIO was contrary to that of the Communist Party, the ALP would follow the direction of MARCANTONIO. By way of illustrating this point the Informant stated that when war broke out in Korea, the Communist Party line was to blame the South Koreans for attacking the North Koreans. Informant recalled that the subject had felt that the ALP should take no stand on who started the war and MARCANTONIO won this point when it came to an issue with the Communist Party. The Informant noted, however, that the political thinking of MARCANTONIO seldom deviates from that of the Communist Party and for this reason in the Informant's opinion the ALP almost invariably follows the line of the Communist Party.

Confidential Informant T-2 in September, 1952 advised that he had learned from someone who he considered to be in a position to have information of Communist Party activity that the State Committee of the New York and Bronx County Committees of the Communist Party were "again" dissatisfied with MARCANTONIO. On this occasion the Party was dissatisfied because the subject

NY 100-53054

had rejected a proposed Chairman of the Bronx County ALP. Informant quoted his source as stating, "MARK is giving us a lot of trouble but we can't press too much. We need him".

Confidential Informant T-4 advised in December, 1952 that he had been in the company of EWERT GUINIER, who informant described as an official in the United Public Workers Union and also an official in the National Negro Labor Council as well as being very active in the ALP activities in New York City. According to the Informant, much of the conversation with GUINIER centered around criticisms of the leadership of the ALP and particularly VITO MARCANTONIO. According to the Informant, GUINIER stated that he was convinced that the ALP was not a party for the workers and that it was practically a dead issue in New York City.

Confidential Informant T-6 on February 24, 1953 advised that he had been in attendance at a meeting of the ALP held in Syracuse, New York on February 15, 1953. According to the Informant, subject was the main speaker at this meeting and laid down the new laws to be followed by the ALP, which, according to the Informant, are as follows:

1. Opposition to the extension of the war in Korea.
2. Opposition to the Smith Act.
3. Opposition to the McCarran-Walters Law
4. Opposition and repeal of the Taft-Hartley law and restoration of the Wagner Law.
5. Activity of local issues such as the transit hike in New York City and the sales tax in Syracuse, New York.

Informant stated that it was obvious from subject's remarks that he was out to oppose the Communist Party position of limited and reduced role for the ALP, and he frowned on coalitions such as those proposed by the Communists with other liberal political groups. According to the Informant, MARCANTONIO also stated that not only must the ALP confine itself to the minimum program as outlined, but that club officials must not be involved in canvassing for petitions for the ROSENBERGS.

It should be noted that the ROSENBERGS referred to above are ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, who are presently awaiting execution of the death sentence imposed after trial in the Southern District of New York on charges of Espionage under the War Time Statute.

NY 100-53054

Confidential Informant T-7 has advised during February and March, 1953 that it has come to his attention from sources whom he considers in a position of responsibility that VITO MARCANTONIO is being fought openly by the Communist Party as regards to utilization of the ALP for Communist Party aims. Informant stated that in Staten Island, New York City, all branches of the ALP were dissolved on instructions of local Communist Party leaders. According to the Informant, the subject was highly incensed over this dissolution since the matter had not even been discussed with him. Informant went on to say that he learned that subject is presently primarily engaged in the fight for "Peace", against the proposed rent increases and is opposing increased subway fares.

- P -

NY 100-53054

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent to Whom Furnished	File Where Located
T-1, NY-617-S	ALP Rally on 9/30/52	10/3/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	134-65-24
	[REDACTED] Rally 10/14/52	10/21/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	134-65-40
	ALP Rally, 10/27/52	11/3/52	SA ALEXANDER C. BURLINSON	134-65-53
T-2, NY-384-S	Subject and CP in disagreement	9/30/52	SA JOHN W. DOOLEY	66-6376, memo 10/31/52
T-3, NY-507-S	ALP meeting, 11/2/52	11/4/52	SA ROBERT K. STONER	134-98-79
T-4, NY-795-S	Subject criticized for ALP leadership	12/12/52	SA DONALD P. ADAMS	134-4-42
T-5, NY-816-S	Subject seldom deviates from CP line	1/29/53	SAS JOSEPH A CULLEN and JAMES N. JULIANA	134-153-14
T-6, AL-2864-S	ALP meeting, 2/15/53	2/24/53	SA JOHN D. MAHONEY	AL 134-27-1-1A217
T-7, CG-5824-S	Subject "upset" by CP leaders	2/26/53	SA CARL N. FREYMAN	CG 134-46-A
T-8, NYO Confidential Mailbox	Subject Chairman of "Prisoners Relief"	4/8/53	SA JOHN T. MURPHY	100-80075-1B1263

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NY 100-53054

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (CONT'D)

LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will continue to follow and report activities of subject through Confidential Informants and other investigative techniques.

REFERENCE Report of SA RALPH T. FISHBURN, New York, 10/6/52.

SAC, New York (100-53054)

November 13, 1952

Director, FBI (100-28126)

VITO MARCANTONIO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

By letter dated September 19, 1952, ~~classified secret~~, OSI furnished the Bureau with 2 files containing photographs of American contacts of Amado Hernandez and photographic copies of entries made in his autograph book. Hernandez was the leader of the now-defunct Communist-dominated Congress of Labor Organizations, a labor group of major importance in the Philippines.

The Office of Special Investigations, Headquarters Far East Air Forces advises that the photographs were obtained from [REDACTED]

According to [REDACTED] Hernandez in 1949 traveled through the United States and Great Britain en route to an International Labor Convention in Paris. During this trip many of the entries in Hernandez' autograph book were made.

OSI, FEAF further advises that photographs of the autograph book were made by [REDACTED] took the photographs of the various individuals whose pictures are included in the file. [REDACTED] advised OSI, FEAF that Hernandez' autograph book had not been confiscated.

Attached are 2 copies of an entry which appears to have been made by the above-captioned subject in the aforementioned autograph book. Where the data is illegible, it has been so indicated by question marks.

The attached item is being furnished for your information. In the event the information contained therein is set forth in report form the source should be appropriately protected.

Attachment

cc - 100-357825 (Amado Hernandez)

VHN:jgf

31 NOV 17 1952

MAILED 6

NOV 13 1952

70 NOV 24 1952 - FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
100-28126-8

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~SECRET~~

Best wishes for a genuinely independent
Phillipino people.

VITO Marcantonio

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~SECRET~~

100-28126-1

SAC, New York (100-81900)

May 12, 1953

Director, FBI

RE: PHOTOG. AND HANDWRITING SPECIMENS OF QUINCY GOLDBERG, AKA, VIA NY 100-81900, AND BUREAU FILE 100-352611 IN THE NEW YORK DIVISION. INTERNAL SECURITY - C, SWP, ISL, R

Bulet dated 4/3/53.

Bulet reflects that a photograph and handwriting specimens have been submitted to the Bureau relative to Quincy Goldberg but a review of the Bufile on Goldberg failed to disclose receipt of this material. Bulet dated 6/11/52 captioned "Leopold Goldberg, AKA, Secretary Matter - C" requested that New York advise of the caption under which the photograph and handwriting specimens may have been submitted. You are again requested to advise the Bureau of the caption under which the photograph and handwriting specimens may have been forwarded.

Bulet also indicated that handwriting specimens of Vito Marcantonio were submitted but review of Bufile at the Bureau does not reflect receipt of these specimens. You are, therefore, requested to advise of the caption under which these specimens may have been submitted.

2cc - New York File 100-81672 (Quincy Goldberg)
2cc - New York File 100-3054 (Vito Marcantonio)

cc - Bufile 100-352611 (Quincy Goldberg)

✓ cc - Bufile ~~100-32196~~ (Vito Marcantonio)

RGG:mar

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Gearty _____
Mohr _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
 Sizoo _____
 Gandy _____

NOT RECORDED

49

AUG 3 1953

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-2-4-7-11

SAC, New York (100-8900)

Director, FBI

RAY, PHILIP AND TO: FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE FIVE HUNDRED, FBI,
FIVE HUNDRED, FIVE HUNDRED,
FIVE HUNDRED, FIVE HUNDRED AND
NATIONALIST, FIVE HUNDRED AND
IN THE NEW YORK DIVISION
INTERNAL SECURITY - C, W, ISL, N

Re: New York letter 4/3/53.

1st: Reflects that a photograph and two copies
specimens have been submitted to the Bureau relative to
Quincy Goldberg and a copy of the Bufile on Goldberg
failed to disclose receipt of this material. Bufile dated
5/11/52 captioned "Quincy Goldberg, wa., Security Matter - C"
has advised that New York advice of the caption under which
the photograph and handwritten material have been
submitted. You are again requested to verify the accuracy
of the caption under which the photograph and handwritten
specimens have been forwarded.

Bufile also indicates that two copies of one
of Vito Marcantonio were submitted here. Vito Marcantonio
at the Bureau and reflect receipt of these specimens.
You are, therefore, requested to advise the caption under
which these specimens have been submitted.

2cc - New York Bufile 100-1177 (Quincy Goldberg)
2cc - New York Bufile 100-43054 (Vito Marcantonio)

cc - Bufile 100-352611 (Quincy Goldberg)
cc - Bufile 100-43054 (Vito Marcantonio)

RAG:mar

NOT RECORDED
15 MAY 21 1953

COMM - FBI

MAY 15 1953

MAILED 28

63 JUN 15 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-028126)

FROM : SAC, New York (100-53054)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa
IS-C

DATE: 6/12/53

In response to the Bureau's request that samples of subject's handwriting be submitted for inclusion in the National Security file there are enclosed herewith two signatures of the subject.

A thorough review of subject's case file has been made and no other handwriting specimens other than a signature were located. Selective Service Records Indexes covering all of Manhattan (in which Borough subject has resided for a number of years) were searched on 5/29/53 by SE [REDACTED] and subject was not found as a registrant.

Inasmuch as subject was a Congressman during the periods of Selective Service registrations the Washington Field Office, if it is deemed advisable, is requested to review local Selective Service registrations and if located obtain handwriting specimens of the subject for submission to the Bureau.

For the information of the Washington Field Office, subject is white, male, born 12/12/02 at NYC. His place of residence is 231 E. 116th St., NYC. The subject was a member of the US House of Representatives from the 18th Congressional District from approximately 1935 to 1950.

Enc. (1)

RECORDED - 73

REGISTERED MAIL

1 - Washington Field

RTP:JTC

JUL 8 - 1953

DATE	7/07
TIME	706

JUN 16 1953

Vito Marcantonio
M.C.

Rep. Vito Marcantonio

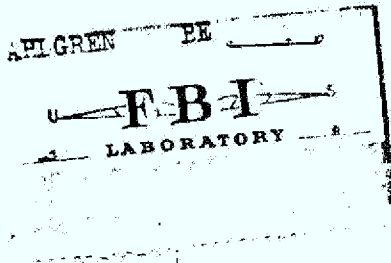
Handwriting specimens

MARCANTONIO, VITO 100-28126-85

DAHLGREN

EE

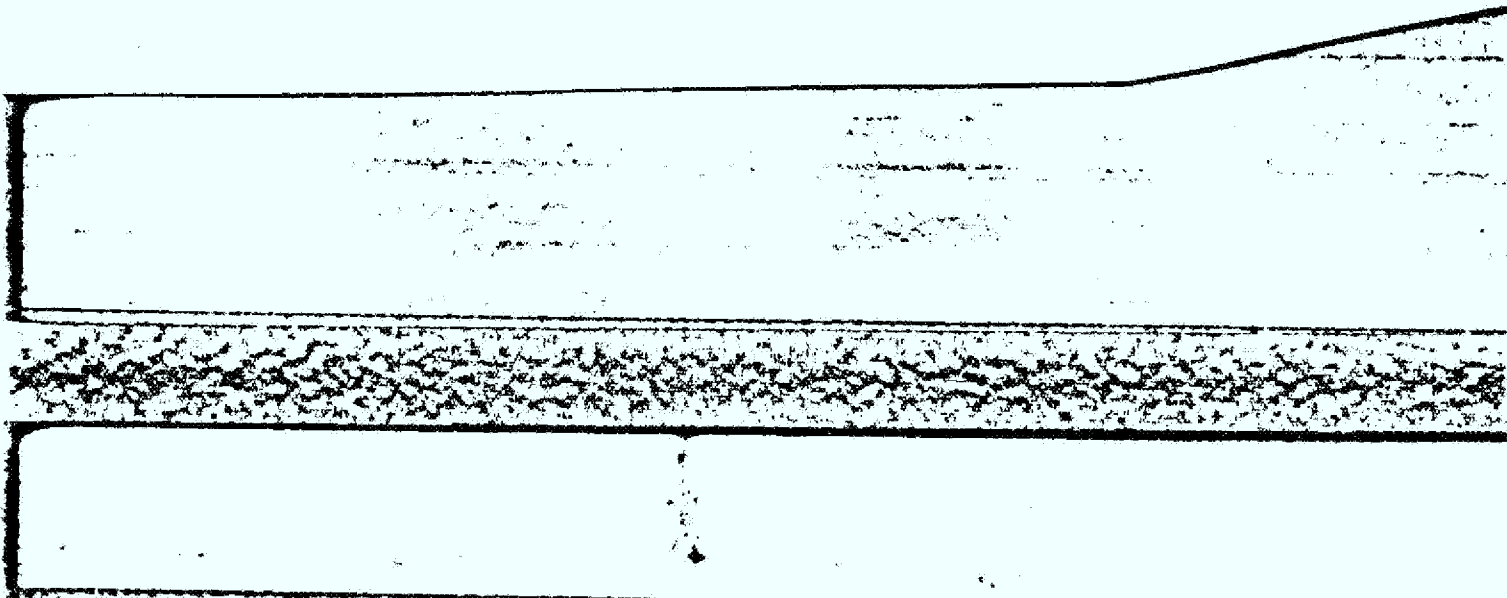
FBI
LABORATORY



Vito Marcantonio
M.C.

Vito Marcantonio
Rep. Vito Marcantonio

Handwriting specimens



Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

to : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-28126)

DATE: June 18, 1953

FROM : SAC, WFO (101-1556)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa.
IS - C

Re New York let to Director 6/12/53.

Mrs. [REDACTED], Office of Selective Service Records, 1721 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., advised that she had no record of subject as a registrant.

Mrs. [REDACTED] advised that subject's age group were required to register on 2/16/42, and that regardless where subject registered his Selective Service records would have been forwarded to the Local Board covering his residence in New York. In addition to registering, subject's age group would have completed a questionnaire and have been classified. Subject by virtue of his duties as a Congressman would have been classified as being exempt from service.

New York requested to ascertain subject's residence and/or business address as of the registration date set for the above, and thereafter make appropriate inquiries at the Selective Service Board covering same.

For New York information, Mrs. [REDACTED] advises that New York City utilizes a central locator index of names of registrants, but that she believed that this index had not been completed, at least for the Bronx, when she last had occasion to make inquiry there. - RUC -

RHP:PMT

2 - New York (100-53054) (RM)

RECORDED-39

100-28126-34
JUN 18 1953

50 JUN 25 1953

AA9

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-28126)

FROM : SAC, New York (100-53054)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa.
IS-C

DATE: July 9, 1953

Relet from WFO, Bureau dated 6/18/53.

Mrs. [REDACTED] Records Division, Selective Service Records, 1940 Act, 516 W. 34 St., NYC, advised SE [REDACTED] on 7/1/53 that, under Section 5(c) of the Selective Training and Service Act, 1940, as amended, elected officials of the United States were not required to register for draft classification.

It is noted that subject, according to the Congressional Directory, was officially a U.S. Representative from NYC during the period he was required to register under Selective Service according to his age group. Therefore, as Mrs. [REDACTED] advised, no records for subject and consequently no handwriting specimens would be found in files of the Selective Service System.

Inasmuch as subject was a Congressman for a period of years it is believed that adequate samples of subject's handwriting might be found in records of the Clerk's Office, House of Representatives. If deemed advisable, Washington Field is requested to obtain samples of subjects handwriting from the above or similar source for transmission to the Bureau for inclusion in the National Security file.

RECORDED - 109

JUL 18 1953

EX-110

Registered Mail2-Washington Field (101-1556) Registered Mail

RTF:ACK

63 JUL 17 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-28126)

DATE: August 5, 1953

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-1556)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa
IS - C

Re New York letter to Director 7/9/53.

The following investigation was conducted on 7/20/53
by SA ROBERT H. PAUL:

Records of the Clerk's Office, House of Representatives, were reviewed and no handwriting specimens other than numerous signatures of subject were located.

Records of the Sergeant at Arms, House of Representatives, which are now in the custody of the Clerk of the House of Representatives due to the recent death of the Sergeant at Arms, likewise contained no handwriting specimens other than signatures of subject.

Records of the Disbursing Office, House of Representatives, also contained no handwriting specimens other than signatures of subject.

New York letter to Director 6/12/53 reflects New York in possession of subject's signature, therefore, specimens of his signature were not obtained.

In a further effort to obtain handwriting specimens, inquiry at the Clerk's Office, House of Representatives, reflected that subject and Congressman ADAM CLAYTON POWELL served in Congress together as Representatives from New York, frequently voted the same way on many bills and were apparently good friends. It was suggested that Congressman POWELL be contacted as he might be in possession of personal notes or letters from subject which would contain handwriting specimens.

For obvious reasons, it is not felt that this suggestion is appropriate and this office will not contact Congressman POWELL. RUC

RHP:gm

2- New York (100-53054) (RM)

RECORDED

AUG 6, 1953

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58 AUG 12 1953

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NOV 4 1953

TELETYPE

WASH 10 FROM NEW YORK

4 3-55 P

DIRECTOR

U R G E N T

VITO MARCANTONIO., SECURITY MATTER DASH C. BUFILE, ONE HUNDRED DASH TWO EIGHT ONE TWO SIX. RENVAIRTEL TO BUREAU, OCTOBER THIRTIETH LAST, CAPTIONED QUOTE AMERICAN LABOR PARTY., INTERNAL SECURITY DASH C UNQUOTE, NY FILE ONE HUNDRED DASH EIGHT FIVE TWO TWO, NY INFORMANT SIX NINE THREE DASH ASTERISK ADVISED THAT ALAN MAX OF THE QUOTE DAILY WORKER UNQUOTE TOLD BETTY GANNETT HE HAD RECEIVED THE RESIGNATION STATEMENT OF MARCANTONIO FROM THE STATE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE AMERICAN LABOR PARTY AND FROM THE AMERICAN LABOR PARTY ITSELF. QUOTE NEW YORK WORLD TELEGRAM UNQUOTE STAFF CORRESPONDENT, ADVISED THIS OFFICE ON NOVEMBER FOURTH, FIFTYTHREE, THAT HE HAD CALLED VITO MARCANTONIO TO CONFIRM THE REPORT THAT HE HAD RESIGNED FROM THE AMERICAN LABOR PARTY AS MEMBER AND AS NEW YORK STATE CHAIRMAN. ADVISED THAT, IN RESPONSE TO HIS QUESTION RE RESIGNATION, MARCANTONIO SAID THAT HE HAD RESIGNED. ALSO ASKED MARCANTONIO IF HE WOULD STILL BE THE ATTORNEY FOR BEN GOLD AND ATTORNEY FOR THE CP BEFORE THE SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES BOARD. MARCANTONIO REPLIED THAT THE AMERICAN LABOR PARTY WAS HIS POLITICS AND THE OTHER HIS LIVELIHOOD.

52 NOV 16 1953
HOLD FLS

BOARDMAN

RECORDED-19

EX-103

Mr. Belmont

38 NOV 10 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-~~X~~38126)

DATE: 10/22/53

FROM : SAC, New York (100-53054)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa
IS-Cid U.T.D.
11-2-53, 11-2-53

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

X The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows: (Specify change only)

NAME _____

ALIASES _____

NATIVE BORN _____ NATURALIZED _____ ALIEN _____

COMMUNIST _____ SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY _____ INDEPENDENT SOCIALIST LEAGUE _____

MISCELLANEOUS (Specify) _____

TAB FOR DETCOM _____ TAB FOR COMSAB _____ RACE _____ SEX _____

DATE OF BIRTH _____ PLACE OF BIRTH _____

BUSINESS ADDRESS (Show name of employing concern and address) _____

Practices law at 11 Park Place, New York City, N.Y.

Also has business office at 1484 1st Avenue, New York City, N.Y.

NATURE OF INDUSTRY OR BUSINESS (Specify from Vital Facility List) _____

RESIDENCE ADDRESS _____

RLZ:EMM

100-257-1-1
OCT 23 1953

NOV 4 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

DATE: March 2, 1954

FROM : MR. A. H. BELMONT

SUBJECT: NATIONALIST PARTY OF PUERTO RICO
INTERNAL SECURITY (N)

Tolson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Went
Mohr
Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

With respect to the captioned matter, the Director recalls that former United States Congressman Vito Marcantonio visited Pedro Albizu Campos while the latter was confined to a hospital in New York City and possibly visited Albizu Campos in Puerto Rico subsequent thereto.

There is set forth below a brief summary of pertinent information relative to the relationship between Marcantonio and Albizu Campos which was obtained from the Brief on the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico (NPPR).

Vito Marcantonio began his active support of the NPPR in the early 1930's and actively participated in a campaign for the defense of Pedro Albizu Campos and 7 other NPPR leaders who were found guilty on July 31, 1936, of conspiracy to overthrow the United States Government.

At an NPPR banquet on February 21, 1943, Marcantonio was one of the speakers and aroused the crowd to a high pitch of emotion due to the inflammatory nature of his talk. He concluded with this statement: "Once blood is let loose for freedom, then we shall have freedom. Viva la Republica de Puerto Rico." (Long live the Republic of Puerto Rico)

On September 29, 1943, our New York Office first received information that Albizu Campos had discovered the existence of a microphone in his hospital room during a conversation which took place between him and unidentified individual. Subsequently, on October 11, 1943, information was obtained that Earl Browder and Marcantonio had visited Albizu Campos at Columbus Hospital on October 9, 1943, and removed this microphone.

In a letter dated August 19, 1949, from Julio de Santiago, then treasurer of the NPPR, to Oscar Collazo, secretary of the NPPR board in New York City, Santiago mentioned a visit of Oscar Collazo to Vito Marcantonio about which "we are very pleased." The letter further stated that a visit to Puerto Rico by Marcantonio would be a great thing for the Nationalist cause. No information was received to indicate that Marcantonio ever made this particular visit.

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WCT:an

RECORDED-92

INDEXED-92

NOT RECORDED

145 MAR 8 1954

21 MAR 4 1954

100-28121-12 96

It is noted that more detailed data relative to the relationship between Marcantonio and Albizu Campos is contained on pages 96, 112 - 113a, and 205 in the afore-mentioned NPPR Brief which the Director has. A review of the main file on Vito Marcantonio reflects many instances of cooperation with the NPPR and specifically reflects that according to a news clipping from the New York Herald Tribune of August 4, 1936, Marcantonio was in San Juan, Puerto Rico, arguing a motion for a new trial for the 8 Puerto Rican Nationalists convicted in Federal Court for conspiracy to overthrow the authority of the United States Government in Puerto Rico. This same file reflects that a news clipping from the New York Times of August 8, 1936, indicated that Marcantonio would return to New York to prepare an appeal to the Boston Circuit Court of Appeals.

On December 4, 1944, a reliable source advised that Marcantonio was planning to attend the Congress for the Independence of Puerto Rico to be held the following week. This informant further advised that Marcantonio was in constant contact with Albizu Campos from whom Marcantonio was taking all instructions.

On December 11, 1944, another reliable source advised that Marcantonio informed the executives of the NPPR that he was refused a priority to take a plane to Puerto Rico to attend the Congress.

Inquiry has revealed that it may be necessary to check as many as 2700 references to ascertain whether there is any additional information in our files relative to visits to Puerto Rico by Marcantonio. For the sake of expediency in furnishing this information to the Director, these references are not being checked at this time. In the event, however, this is desired, it will be done.

ACTION:

It is recommended that this memorandum be furnished to the Director for his information.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-28126)

DATE: 1/4/54

FROM : SAC, New York (100-53054)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO
IS-C

Reference is made to Bureau air-tel dated 10/26/53 in the case entitled "HARRY DEXTER WHITE, ESPIONAGE-R".

On page 44 of the book, "Out of Bondage" by ELIZABETH BENTLEY appears an item concerning the subject. This material does not materially add to or differ from information which has been previously furnished by [REDACTED]

1 - BU 134-435
1 - NY 65-14803

Handwritten notes:
7/2/53
from NY
not. by 3-12-54
0-1 7/2/54
Guep m
as one
not. by 4-24-54

RECORDED - 71

EX - 101

JFN:MAJ

51 JAN 15 1954
68 JAN 15 1954

JAN 6 1954

100-28126-90
INDEXED
FILED

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-28126-90

CONFIDENTIAL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Handwritten: 11-54
Olm

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 5/6/54	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 4/5,6,9,12-16, 19-23,26,27/54	REPORT MADE BY JOSEPH F. NALLY
TITLE VITO MARCANTONIO, wa			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Subject resides 231 E. 116th St., NYC. Self-employed attorney and is active politically. Subject reported to have paid CP dues 1934. Also reported to be an opportunist using the CP rather than a CP member. Informants, of known reliability, and "Daily Worker" article indicated that subject was angry at CP treatment of ALP and as a result resigned from the ALP. Prior to resignation, subject was very active politically in the ALP. Upon resignation, formed and incorporated the Good Neighbor Party. Reliable informants report that CP will support subject if he runs for Congress. Subject refused to represent IWO before SACB. Subject requested by CRC to lend his name for Prisoners Relief Appeal. Subject's name on mailing list of Polish Consulate. Subject reportedly contacts EARL BROWDER on legal matters. Subject defended BEN GOLD at Washington, D. C.

- P* -

DETAILS:

otherwise indicated.

All informants utilized in this report are of known reliability unless

I. RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT

According to available directories in the New York area, the subject continues to reside at 231 East

Handwritten: cy

AGENCY *Lab*
REC. REC'D
DATE FORW. *5-12-54*
HOW FORW.
BY *John R. [unclear]*

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <i>new</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau (100-28126) (RM) 3 - New York (100-53054)		27 MAY 7 1954
<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> COPY IN FILE </div>		RECORDED - 10 INDEXED - 10
		EX-125

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CONFIDENTIAL

NY 100-53054

116th Street, New York, New York, maintains law offices at 11 Park Place, and political offices at 1484 First Avenue, New York, New York.

II. SUBJECT'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE
COMMUNIST PARTY

Source:

T-1

On October 5, 1950, the source advised that the political activity of the Communist Party as of December, 1949 had been carried on under the name of the American Labor Party (ALP). The source advised that it is regarded as the political obligation of every Communist Party member in New York State to enroll and vote American Labor Party.

The source stated that the Party had worked conscientiously during past years for the election of the subject. The informant also advised that LOUIS SASS, identified by the informant as a Communist Party member, had told him that he (SASS) served as Manhattan Campaign Manager for the subject in the 1934 election and collected Communist Party dues from the subject at that time.

The informant stated that he was also advised that GEORGE BLAKE CHARNEY, New York County Communist Party official, is a personal friend and a Party contact or liaison link for the subject. The informant stated further that Communist Party member BERNARD CHESTER admitted to him that during the 1948 MARCANTONIO Campaign, CHESTER paid to MARCANTONIO, \$15,000.00 as part of a Party contribution towards the campaign.

The informant stated that he recalled CHESTER advised that one Saturday morning, MARCANTONIO contacted CHESTER and asked for the money in a very short period of time (in terms of hours). CHESTER advised the informant that at this time MARCANTONIO was very angry and upset and indicated that he was about to break with the Communist Party unless they could raise this amount of money for him immediately.

According to the informant, CHESTER advised that he was able to raise \$15,000.00 in a very short period of time and

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gave this money to MARCANTONIO as part of a Party contribution toward the campaign.

Source:

T-14

On March 9, 1954, this source, of unknown reliability, who is acquainted with the subject, advised that he was well acquainted with the subject and that it is his opinion that the subject was not a member of the Communist Party but was a follower of the Communist Party line. The informant stated that it is his firm belief that the subject is an opportunist and his following of the Communist Party line was primarily to use the Communist Party.

III. FACTORS LEADING UP TO THE
SUBJECT'S BREAK WITH THE
COMMUNIST PARTY AND HIS
RESIGNATION FROM THE ALP

Source:

T-2

On May 12, 1953, this source advised that the subject and SIMON W. GERSON (identified by the informant as Legislative Director, New York State Communist Party) were at odds over an article written by GERSON to the effect that the Communist Party will support whatever broad united forces needed to break the New York State "reactionary" vote.

The informant advised that there is "bad blood" between the subject and GERSON inasmuch as MARCANTONIO feels he is more experienced in politics having been active in the field of politics for a longer period of time and has held the office of Congressman for several terms, whereas GERSON has held no public office.

The informant stated that in his opinion, it is quite possible that the subject may not be a member of the Communist Party as evidenced by the fact that many times in the past he has followed a course of action directly opposed to that followed by the Communist Party. The informant further stated that it is a known fact that the Communist Party at

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times has been "peevish" over the course of action followed by the subject. The informant stated that MARCANTONIO is a political opportunist seeking aid from anyone and accepting it from everyone including the Communist Party. The informant advised that he has never heard anyone directly state that MARCANTONIO is or has been a Communist Party member.

On July 6, 1953, this source advised that the dispute between MARCANTONIO and SIMON W. GERSON has continued to grow and that in his opinion the ALP was "going on the rocks." The informant pointed out that shortly before the ALP held a Sunday afternoon rally at Randall's Island, New York, and publicly announced the following day that only four thousand persons had attended. He stated that in the past, such a rally would have attracted between ten and twenty thousand persons. The informant pointed out that this was a clear and open indication that the strength of the ALP in New York City had greatly diminished.

On October 30, 1953, this source advised that he had learned that the subject was going to announce his resignation from the ALP on November 4 or 5. According to the informant, MARCANTONIO was going to set up his own political organization in "his Congressional District" and will in all probability try for re-election as Congressman. The informant advised that the subject is "sore at the Communist Party and that is the reason for this action."

Source:

T-3

On May 20, 1953, this source advised that the Communist Party today feels that the ALP is a stumbling block in the way of the Communist Party and feels that in many ways the ALP almost duplicates the Communist Party and is keeping a good many Party people from places where they could do some good.

The informant advised that the subject is feeling the effects of this attitude and is very angry. The informant further stated that on April 29, 1953, there was a conference of New York State leaders of the ALP. At this conference, MARCANTONIO read a prepared speech which attacked those who were taking the position that the ALP had outlived its usefulness.

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MARCANTONIO, in his speech, stated that the ALP had received a small vote in the last election but only because it had ceased to be a political party and had become "a peace organization, a defense organization, a civil rights organization."

According to the informant, the subject is particularly angered with the Communist Party leadership for using the ALP and himself. One of his complaints, according to the informant, is the Communist Party has forgotten he is a lawyer. They go to him for speeches but overlook him when there is legal work to be done. The informant advised that MARCANTONIO is particularly angry that he was dropped as General Consul of the Jewelry Workers Union, "after the Communist Party got a foothold in the union a couple of years ago."

On August 19, 1953, this source advised that the Communist Party is at odds with the subject to withdraw his ALP candidate for Mayor of New York City so that all Communist Party forces can get behind RUDOLPH HALLEY, Liberal Party candidate for Mayor of New York City. The informant stated that the Communist Party does not particularly like HALLEY but is interested in pulling the "skids" out from under the ALP.

Source:

T-4

On May 27, 1953, this source advised that the subject conferred with CLIFFORD MC AVOY, ALP candidate for Mayor of New York City.

With regard to a television debate between MC AVOY and J. B. MATTHEWS, former investigator, House Committee on Un-American Activities, the subject lauded MC AVOY and stated that he was in favor of MC AVOY'S stand. In addition, the subject requested MC AVOY to appear at a club in Greenwich Village on May 28, 1953 to read a letter, "A House Divided Against Itself," which he said was an answer to a letter submitted to the "New York Times" by some "Communist Party stooge."

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Source:

T-5

On July 23, 1953, this source advised that a mass meeting of the ALP was called by the subject and the Communist Party membership was instructed not to attend as MARCANTONIO was expected to "red bait." On the following day, the ALP publicly admitted that there was an attendance of only four thousand people. (S)

The informant advised that the breach between the Communist Party and MARCANTONIO is a open one and in an effort at conciliation, WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, National Chairman, Communist Party, USA, contacted the subject only to come out on the losing end of one of MARCANTONIO'S "verbal lachings." (S)

On August 28, 1953, this source advised that in a recent contact with [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] he had been advised that "the Communist Party had succeeded in breaking alliance with the subject." (S)

On September 25, 1953, this source advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] had made statements to the effect that the subject had been a problem, but that the big problem for the Communist Party was to prevent an open break with them. [REDACTED] is reported to have stated, "As bad as he is, we need him." (S)

On October 1, 1953, this source advised that [REDACTED] had stated that the Communist Party was circulating lies about the subject in an effort to discredit him and hurt his chances in the 1953 elections in New York. (S)

On November 10, 1953, this source advised that [REDACTED] told him of the subject's resignation from the ALP and stated that MARCANTONIO intended to run for Congress. [REDACTED] further advised the informant that the Communist Party would support MARCANTONIO if he did not "red bait." The

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informant [REDACTED]

On November 17, 1953, this source advised that [REDACTED] advised that the subject had been contacted by WILLIAM Z. FOSTER who argued with MARCANTONIO regarding the Communist Party position on the ALP and its slate of candidates. MARCANTONIO was not responsive to any of FOSTER'S arguments. The informant stated that he has it on "good authority" that even though MARCANTONIO has left the ALP, it will continue to exist as a political party and the Communist Party will probably place "a new little man in charge."

On December 9, 1953, this source advised that [REDACTED] had advised him that the leadership of the Communist Party had sent a trade union delegation to the subject to urge him to take the leadership of the ALP. According to [REDACTED] MARCANTONIO was very harsh with the delegation and told them that he did not "play around with organizations."

Source:

T-6

On September 14, 1953, this source advised that the subject, in conversation with GEORGE BLAKE CHARNEY (a Communist Party leader convicted in Southern District of New York on January 21, 1953 for violation of the Smith Act), stated that he would do anything of a personal nature for CHARNEY but as far as politics was concerned, he would not even discuss the matter. At this same time, the subject advised CHARNEY to join up with RUDOLPH HALLEY or ROBERT WAGNER, both candidates for Mayor of New York in 1953.

The subject told CHARNEY that he would do anything in his power to help him in court but would do nothing for him politically.

On November 4, 1953, this source advised that the subject had submitted his resignation as chairman of the ALP and of the ALP itself to the "Daily Worker" for publication therein.

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Source:

T-7

On October 8, 1953, this source advised that an individual identified only as "MOISHE" conducted a meeting at which the political situation was discussed. "MOISHE" stated that if the top leadership of the ALP (the subject) could see eye to eye with the Communist Party leadership, an effort would be made to have ALP candidates withdraw in favor of the strong candidates, but because they are Realists and not Marxists "as we are," they will not give in to the demands of the Communist Party. According to the informant, "MOISHE" continued that the Communist Party could foresee the future much more clearly than the ALP which was the reason the top leadership in the Communist Party was endeavoring to have the ALP withdraw its candidates.

"MOISHE" also stated that although MARCANTONIO had helped the Communist Party before Congress and the "Special Committee," and is extremely liberal, he does not possess the Marxist knowledge that "we do" to see that the ALP candidate has no chance to win the election.

Source:

"Daily Worker"

On Page 3, Column 4 of the November 3, 1953 issue of the above publication, appears an article setting out in part the resignation of the subject from the ALP. This source reflected the following statements made by the subject:

"For too long now the ALP has been 'house divided' against itself between us who believed in the ALP as an effective political party nominating and electing candidates and those who I charged last April were attempting to force upon us the role of a pressure group. Throughout, we have been the representatives of the majority of the ALP."

According to the "Daily Worker," MARCANTONIO said, "The contest had reached a crisis during the past year and the crux of the debate centered around the issue of nominating or

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"not nominating candidates of the 1953 Municipal Election. The great majority of the representatives of the enrolled voters decided to nominate candidates on the sameness on issues of all of the opposing parties and of the forces behind them...

"I reject the course of a purge of the minority. It is repugnant to the democratic principles to which I have subscribed throughout my political career. At the same time, I must reject the concept of continuing an illusion of the ALP today being an effective political party when in effect, as a result of the conditions I have described, the ALP is and will continue to be nothing but a pressure group."

MARCANTONIO also stated that he would "continue to strive as an independent for the things for which I have striven so hard."

Source:

T-8

On November 4, 1953, this source advised that he had contacted the subject to confirm the report that he had resigned from the ALP. The informant advised that MARCANTONIO answered this question with the statement:

"I have resigned from the ALP." The informant then asked MARCANTONIO if he still intended to be attorney for BEN GOLD, International President, International Fur and Leather Workers Union, at that time under indictment for falsely signing the Taft-Hartley Non-Communist Affidavit, and the Communist Party before the Subversive Activities Control Board. In reply to this question, MARCANTONIO stated "the ALP was my politics, the other my livelihood."

Source:

T-9

On November 4, 1953, this source advised that the subject had resigned from the ALP and intended to form the Good Neighbor Party.

Source:

T-12

On December 7, 1953, this source advised that speakers at a forum sponsored by the Jefferson School of Social Science

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(designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450) held December 6, 1953, announced that the subject and five other top leaders of the ALP were resigning. The sponsors referred to MARCANTONIO as a "red baiter" because of the fact that he was placing the blame for the poor showing of the ALP in the New York City elections directly on the shoulders of the Communist Party.

IV. OTHER POLITICAL ACTIVITY

Source:

"Daily Worker"

Page 8, Column 1 of the June 25, 1953 issue of the above publication reflected an advertisement setting forth that the subject as State Chairman of the ALP would speak at an ALP Peace Festival and Rally Sunday, June 28, 1953 at the Triboro Stadium, Randalls, Island, New York.

In this regard, it is noted that informants, as set out above, have indicated poor attendance at this rally.

Page 6, column 3, of the July 24, 1953 issue under the heading, "MARCANTONIO Flays Lies at Police Trial," the subject denied all charges made against the ALP to the effect that a police officer had been promised the position of police commissioner if the ALP came into power in New York City. MARCANTONIO stated in part, "I would not have commented on the perjurious fiction uttered against the ALP were it not for the fact that a certain section of the press is now using these lies again to smear the political party that is making a fight against their increases and against political characters who are being forced on the people by other parties."

Page 6, Column 1 of the August 10, 1953 issue under the caption, "Elections," "VITO MARCANTONIO, State Chairman ALP took exception to the position of the 'Daily Worker' on the Municipal Elections." MARCANTONIO charged in his statement that the "Daily Worker," through a series of articles, had sworn to influence ALP members to support RUDOLPH HALLEY, Liberal Party Mayoralty Candidate, New York City. The ALP, said MARCANTONIO, will press its campaign for CLIFFORD T. MC AVOY for Mayor of New York and would oppose all others.

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Page 3, Column 1, of the February 4, 1954 issue of the "Daily Worker" under the heading "MARCANTONIO Gets Charter for Good Neighbor Party," the article reflects that the subject and two associates had incorporated the Good Neighbor Party at Albany and that this party would personally be a vehicle for the campaign to re-elect MARCANTONIO to Congress from the 18th Congressional District in Manhattan.

Page 6, Column 1, February 16, 1954 issue under the heading, "MARCANTONIO Challenges DEWEY to Let Voters Back Candidates," in which article reflected that MARCANTONIO made public a letter to Governor DEWEY of New York in which he called for the repeal of the "WILSON-AKULA Law" charging that said law was primarily intended to keep him (the subject) out of Congress.

Source:

T-2

On January 8, 1954, this source advised that according to SIMON GERSON, identified above, the subject will run for Congress in the forthcoming election in his "own district" but not on the ALP ticket. GERSON stated that the subject is building his own "machine" but the Communist Party will support him in his efforts to be re-elected Congressman no matter what ticket he runs on.

V. MISCELLANEOUS

Source:

T-10

This source advised on November 19, 1953 that the International Workers Order, designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450, had attempted to retain the subject to represent them before the SACB. According to the informant, MARCANTONIO refused to represent them.

Source:

T-11

On November 25, 1953, this source advised that on or about November 5, 1953 the subject was requested by the

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Civil Rights Congress to lend his name to the Prisoners Relief Appeal inasmuch as he had done so in the past.

The Civil Rights Congress has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

Source:

T-5

On February 5, 1954, this source advised that the subject sees EARL BROWDER, former General Secretary, Communist Political Association and Communist Party, USA, but only on certain legal problems.

[REDACTED]

- P -

CONFIDENTIAL

NY 100-53054

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent to Whom Furnished	File Number Where Located
T-1 CSNY 588-S	Subject Communist Party member 1934	10/5/50	SA BRUCE T. KREIGHBAUM (oral)	134-66-1-21
T-2 NY 779-S*	GERSON and MARCANTONIO at odds	5/12/53 7/6/53		
	Subject to resign ALP	10/30/53		
	Subject to run for Congress on Independent Ticket	1/8/54		
T-3 NY 559-S	Communist Party line re MARCANTONIO and ALP	5/20/53	SA JOHN W. DOOLEY (oral)	100-53054-964
	Subject at odds with Communist Party	8/19/53	SA RICHARD H. BLASSER (oral)	100-53054-989
T-4 NY 603-S	5/27/53	5/27/53		

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (Cont'd)

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent to Whom Furnished	File Number Where Located
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T-6
NY 693-S*

9/14/53

9/14/53

11/4/53

11/4/53

T-7
NY 359-S

Contact with top
Communist Party
leaders, New York,
New York

10/8/53


SA JOHN W.
DOOLEY
(written)

134-88-175

NY 100-53054

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (Cont'd)

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent to Whom Furnished	File Number Where Located
T-8 NELSON FRANK, Staff Correspondent, "New York World Telegram and Sun"	Subject's resignation from ALP	11/4/53	SA JOSEPH F. NALLY (Oral)	100-53054-1000
T-9 NY 719-S*		11/4/53		
T-10 NY 798-S	MARCANTONIO refused to represent International Workers Order	11/19/53	SA FRANK J. NOWLAN SA RICHARD H. ASH (Oral)	100-53054-1014
T-11 CSNY 58-S	Sponsor Prisoners Relief Appeal	11/25/53	SA MALCOLM J. BARRETT SE VINCENT H. MC PEAK (written)	100-53054-1017
T-12 CSNY 984-S	Subject's resignation from ALP	12/7/53	SA DONALD E. HARTNETT (Oral)	100-53054-1026
				
T-14 CONRAD LYNN	Subject not a Communist Party member	3/9/54	SA RAPHAEL J. WIK, JR. SA LAWRENCE W. SPILLANE (oral)	100-53054-1047

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE (Cont'd)

INFORMANTS

<u>Identity of Source</u>	<u>Date of Activity and/or Description of Information</u>	<u>Date Received</u>	<u>Agent to Whom Furnished</u>	<u>File Number Where Located</u>
T-15 CSNY 426-S	Documentation only			

LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will continue to follow and report activities of the subject.

REFERENCE: Report of SA RALPH T. FISHBURN, 6/4/53, New York.

CONFIDENTIAL

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-28126)

DATE: 8/31/54

FROM : SAC, New York (100-53054) ✓

Security Index Card Canceled
9-9-54SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa
IS-CEnclosed herewith are five copies of the report of SA JAMES
FERNAN, 8/31/54, at NY.

In view of the fact that the subject is deceased, the NYO has
destroyed Security Index cards maintained on VITO MARCANTONIO. The
Bureau is requested to destroy their Security Index cards on the
subject.

RM

Encs. (5)

RECORDED. 11

29 SEP 2 1954

CONFIDENTIAL
CANCELLED

JP:CD SEP 14 1954

A. L. ...

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK**

REPORT MADE AT NEW YORK	DATE WHEN MADE 8/31/54	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8/9, 17, 18, 24/54	REPORT MADE BY JAMES FERNAN cd
TITLE VITO MARCANTONIO, wa			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Wtr N B
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: **VITO MARCANTONIO** died 8/9/54; buried Woodlawn Cemetery, Bronx, New York, 8/12/54.

- C -

DETAILS: The records of the Department of Health, 125 Worth Street, New York City, were checked on August 18, 1954 by SE [REDACTED] and death certificate # 16691, maintained by this department, reflects the death of **VITO MARCANTONIO**.

The certificate reflects that **VITO MARCANTONIO**, born December 10, 1902 at New York City to **SAMUEL MARCANTONIO** and **ANGELINA DE BEVETIS DOVITIS**, died August 9, 1954 at the intersection of Warren Street and Broadway, New York City. **VITO MARCANTONIO**'s occupation was listed as "Lawyer." His residence is noted as 231 East 116th Street, New York City.

CASE
Medical examination notes #9529, as reviewed by SE [REDACTED] on August 18, 1954 at New York City Board of Health, reflects as the cause of death of **VITO MARCANTONIO**: coronary arteriosclerosis and thrombosis, myocardial fibrosis.

These records indicate that identification of the body was made by **MIRIAM MARCANTONIO**, the wife of **VITO MARCANTONIO**. **MIRIAM MARCANTONIO** advised the subject would be interred at Woodlawn Cemetery, Bronx, New York.

AGENCY *OR*
REQ REC'D
DATE FORW. *9-9-54*
HOW FORW.
BY *OTR*

*Records Adv
Office 12/5/54*

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5-Bureau (100-28126) (RM) 3-New York (100-53054)		100-28126-123	RECORDED - 71 INDEXED - 71
<div style="border: 2px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> COPY IN FILE </div>		<i>See NY letter 11/2/54</i> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> 1954 </div>	

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NY 100-53054

on August 12, 1954, per arrangements with Ralph Giordano Funeral Home, 2242 First Avenue, New York City.

The late city edition of the August 13, 1954 issue of the "New York Herald Tribune," a newspaper printed daily, contains an article which reports that funeral services had been conducted on the previous day for VITO MARCANTONIO and that he had been buried in the Woodlawn Cemetery, Bronx, New York.

- C -

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 2 -

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cc -

ley

SAC, New York (100-53054)

November 29, 1954

Director, FBI (100-28126)

VITO MARCANTONIO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

By letter dated August 31, 1954, you requested the destruction of the Security Index cards on the subject because of his death.

A check of the records of the Identification Division shows that a [REDACTED] is still outstanding for the subject. This notice has now been cancelled. The matter is being brought to your attention to remind you that in the future upon the cancellation of Security Index cards you should also request the Bureau to cancel any [REDACTED] that might be outstanding.

JJB:jeg

(4)

Ident. No. 744037A

Cancel Notice

gane

12/13/54

RECORDED - 28

100-28126-93

7 DEC 14 1954

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
 Sizoo _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

COMM - FBI

NOV 29 1954

MAILED 31

DEC 17 1954

One
573-1148
703
203

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI (100-28126)

FROM : SAC, New York (100-53054)

SUBJECT: VITO MARCANTONIO, wa
IS-C

DATE: 2/5/55

Re Bureau air-tel, 1/28/55, to NY, entitled "Former Security Informant" (Bufile 100-375988).

Enclosed are 5 copies of amended page 5 of report of SA RALPH T. FISHBURN, 10/6/52, NY. This page has been amended to show "of known unreliability" after the name [REDACTED] on page 5, line 1, paragraph 1.

These pages are to replace the original in the above report. NY copies of this report have been corrected.

Encs. (5)

ENCL.

RM

100-28126-✓
NOT RECORDED

27 FEB 9 1955

1 - NY 100-94014-Sub A

FCK:PHA

58 MAR -4 1955

CONSOLIDATION

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Nichols

DATE: April 5, 1955

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: CONGRESSMAN EMANUEL GELLER

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Nichols _____
 Belmont _____
 Harbo _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Sizoo _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

Per your request, there are attached four Photostats of the eulogy by Representative Celler concerning the death of Vito Marcantonio as it appeared in the Congressional Record for August 10, 1954.

RECOMMENDATION: None. For information.

DGH:kk
 (2)

RECORDED - 73

100-28126-95

INDEXED - 73

11 APR 14 1955

51 APR 23 1955

ENCL.



Congressional Record

United States
of America

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 83^d CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Vol. 100

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1954

No. 154

House of Representatives

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.
The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D. D., offered the following prayer:

O Thou great God, our creator and benefactor, whose blessings are abundantly sufficient for our many needs, show us how we may help mankind attain unto new and nobler standards of life and add to its richness and glory, its wonder and joy.

Inspire us with a greater concern for human rights and human welfare and may men and nations learn the art and the blessedness of living and walking together in peace.

We are daily praying that those who hold positions of leadership may be endowed with wisdom and understanding, faith and fortitude, patience and perseverance as they plan and labor to lead and lift humanity to the high plateau of brotherhood.

Hear us in the name of the Prince of Peace. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Tribbe, one of his secretaries.

THE LATE VITO MARCANTONIO

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, it is with a sense of sorrow that I announce the demise of the late lamented Vito Marcantonio, who formerly was a Member of this House from the State of New York.

One may have disagreed with him but one could never find any fault with his method of disagreement. He was a Member of this House who always fought hard for what he deemed right. He always fought fair. He had great courage and determination—a determination as firm as a rock you hold in your hand and a courage as fierce as lightning. He brought to bear upon his services in this House erudition, keen intelligence, hard

work, and what to him was a sincerity of purpose.

He may have been enthusiastically misguided in his espousal of certain causes. But that was his right. He ever stood for the preservation of fundamental liberties, and, using the words of our distinguished Chaplain this morning, he always sought the enhancement of human rights and human welfare.

He was, indeed, a redoubtable opponent. One had to bring up the best of his battalions even to meet him on equal terms. He easily found the chink in any opponent's armor. He knew long in advance the adversary's weakness.

He was one of the most skilled debaters in the Congresses he attended. He was an adept, artful parliamentarian. No one knew the rules better than he and he used that parliamentary knowledge and art with telling effect.

He was ever kind, modest, and just. I disagreed with him frequently—sometimes vehemently. We can no longer disagree and all scores are even.

Death is a mighty leveler. He now sleeps the sleep of death from which there is no awakening.

He was a Catholic by faith, and I presume a true disciple of his creed. I am sure, like David of old, he trusted in God's mercy and rejoiced in his salvation, for God was his shepherd and benefactor.

He had many setbacks; he had experienced many failures and frustrations, but one never found him bitter or rancorous or unduly condemnatory. There was no personal animosity about him; there was never self-pity. He was ever cordial and friendly. He was respected by his colleagues.

Our sympathy and condolence go forth to his dear wife and mother who survive him.

In closing, permit me to quote a verse of Stevenson's Requiem:

Under the wide and starry sky,
Dig the grave and let me lie.
Glad did I live, and gladly die,
And I laid me down with a will.

This be the verse you grave for me:
"Here he lies, where he longed to be;
Home is the sailor, home from the sea,
And the hunter home from the hill."

(Mr. HOFFMAN of Michigan addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Appendix.)

Mr. MULTER. Mr. Speaker, many of us had our differences with our late colleague, Vito Marcantonio. Many on my side of the aisle, when he first came here in 1934, having been elected to this House as a Republican, members of my party, differed with him politically. I did, too. Later when he led the American Labor Party, many of us on both sides of the aisle differed with him politically. But he was truly a good American. Despite his differences politically with us, he was always honest in his convictions. He was fair in his political warfare. As a man, we respected him in life and it is fitting that we pay respect to his memory today.

There were few who were as good parliamentarians in this House as was Congressman Marcantonio when he was with us. But, knowing all of the intricacies of parliamentary law, he never took unfair advantage of anyone; he always gave due notice of what he intended to do, and when he gave his word, it was his bond.

Mr. Speaker, I join our colleagues today in extending to his aged mother and his beloved wife our sincere sympathy. May his soul rest in peace.

Mr. CELLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. McCARTHY).

Mr. MCCARTHY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to join with my colleagues in saying a word in regard to the gentleman from New York, concerning whose death we have just received notice. I think most of us know that on many occasions his name was made a kind of byword; the fact that one had voted with him was used as argument that one was unfit to serve in the Congress. I knew him during only one term in this Congress, and I judge him only by his actions on the floor of this House and by things he said while I was a Member here with him. And, I say quite frankly that never did he support anything on the floor of this House or advocate anything which any good American, allowing for the great differences of opinion among Americans, might not have ad-

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13175

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

DATE: April 9, 1971

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

FROM: J. A. Sizoo

JUNE

SUBJECT: SURVEILLANCE OF SENATORS AND CONGRESSMEN

This is to advise that a review has been made of any investigative files recalled by personnel of this Division concerning members of Congress of whom we have had some investigative interest, and we find no indication that we have had a wiretap installation on any such Congressmen and none have been under physical surveillance with the exception of the following incident.

In reviewing those files today concerning Vito Marcantonio, who was a Congressman some years ago and who was considered to be an avowed Communist, New York advised that on October 25, 1947, information was received from another telephone surveillance that Eugene Dennis, General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA, and Marcantonio, were to meet at 3:00 that date at Marcantonio's residence. New York Agents covered the residence and observed Marcantonio arrive at the residence by automobile at about 3:00 p.m., and immediately thereafter Dennis also arrived. They shook hands outside the Marcantonio residence and entered the residence, remaining there for approximately an hour. Thereafter they left and went their separate ways, not under surveillance.

ACTION:

For information.

JAS:lrs (5)

- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. J. A. Sizoo
- 1 - Mr. A. W. Gray

100-28126
NOT RECORDED
APR 19 1971

54 APR 29 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-28126

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Schlesinger _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. J. P. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop

DATE: April 13, 1971

- 1 - Mr. J. H. Gale
- 1 - Mr. A. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. A. W. Gray
- 1 - Mr. R. D. Cotter

TO : Mr. C. D. Brennan

FROM : R. D. Cotter

SUBJECT: FBI SURVEILLANCES
ALLEGATIONS BY JACK ANDERSON

Jack Anderson's column in 4/10/71 issue of Washington Post insinuated that the Director had strained the truth in denying that no member of Congress had been under surveillance. Specifically Anderson referred to alleged surveillances of four Congressmen, namely the late Representative Vito Marcantonio (American-Labor, New York); ex Representative Roland Libonati (D-Illinois); Representative Cornelius Gallagher (D-New Jersey); Representative Peter Frelinghuysen (R-New Jersey). Marcantonio held blatant Communist sympathies.

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

TJS:kaf
(9)

NOT RECORDED
42 MAY 13 1971

42 MAY 12 1971

ENCLOSURE

55 MAY 18 1971

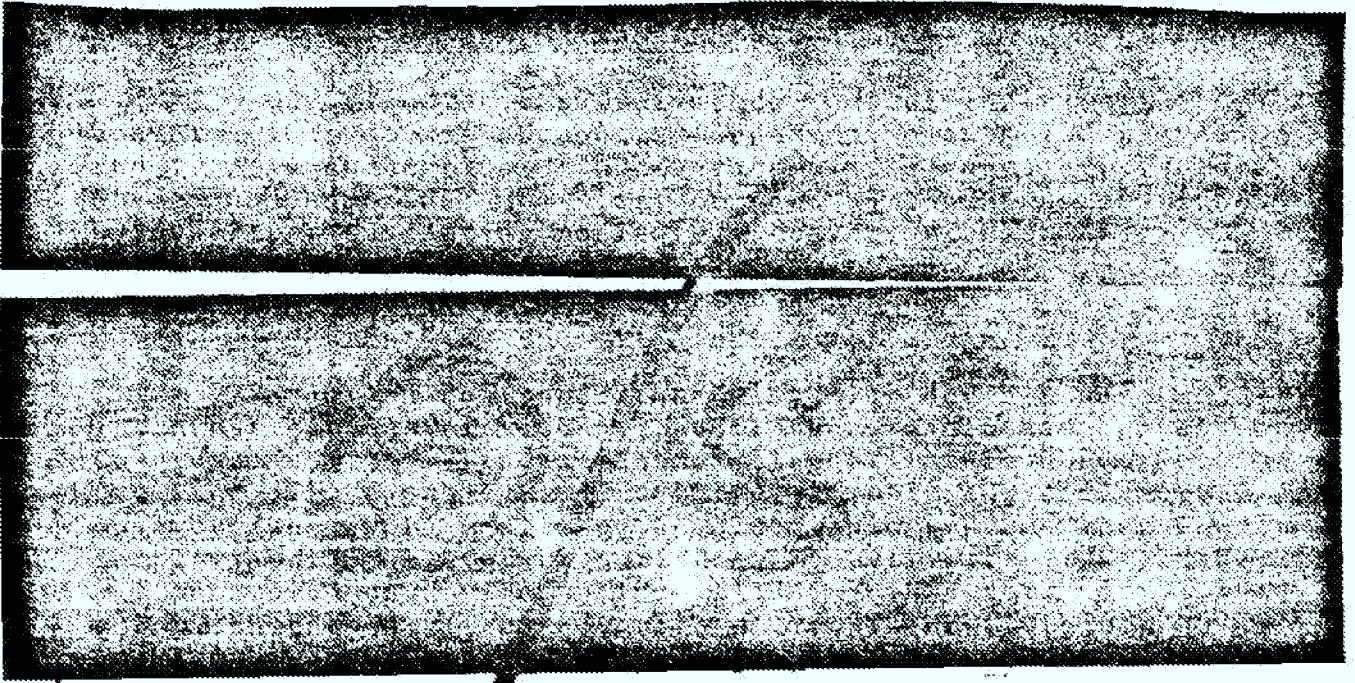
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EX-REPRESENTATIVE VITO MARCANTONIO

Case file on Marcantonio contains no information that he was ever subjected to electronic or physical surveillance despite his blatant communist sympathies. While Marcantonio was never subjected to electronic surveillance, he was monitored on other electronic surveillances on several occasions in the 30's and 40's during contact with Eugene Dennis, General Secretary of CPUSA, at CPUSA headquarters or at Dennis' home. Marcantonio was also monitored on a similar coverage on David Rein, Washington attorney, who has represented CPUSA members.

Electronic surveillances of Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) establishments revealed scheduled meetings in certain apartments or other locations. This resulted in FBI Agents occasionally observing Marcantonio entering these meetings during the course of their coverage to determine attendance of known or suspected CP members. Marcantonio was never surveilled either to or from any CP meetings covered by FBI Agents.

Our electronic surveillance indices reveal that Marcantonio's name was mentioned during coverage in Chicago in 1959 of a criminal case - Marcantonio had died, however, 5 years earlier in 1954.



The Strained on High School

House GOP leader Gerrit Lansing, covers page 300.

Ford, who leaped to the House floor to defend Hoover, from McGee's charges, has been caught up himself in more than one FBI investigation.

Ford Checked

been used in the investigations of Liberman, Gendner and other members of Congress. It would be difficult to prove, however, that eavesdrops have actually been installed on congressional phones.

Competent sources inside the Vohsheim-Sweig case, the FBI told us that Gamen the FBI learned that a third have shadowed at least four members of their fixt team, congressmen. They are: Robert Winterberger, repre-

In the Vohsken-Sweig case, the FBI learned that a third member of their fixt team, Robert Winterberger, sometimes operated out of Ford's office.

Earlier, the FBI had in-
terviewed lobbyist Fred Black's brother,
John, who picked up a telephone
conversation between AVCO's
Paul (Red) Black and Federal
Bureau agents, checking on their
monitored conversation, found
that Black had enlisted Paul's
aid in preventing a probe of
an AVCO defense contract.

and that Ford occasionally had
pitched free rides on AVCO
plants.

The FBI also overheard Black make a breakfast call over the telephone with Cld. Loma's Rep. Carl Albert and Sen. Mike Mansfield. Agents listened up to Capitol Hill and searching in

Albert is now being treated for a cold and working closely with the FBI.

Ex-Sen. Edward Long (D-Mo.), was embroiled in a Senate investigation of chicanery, only to find that his election to the Senate had made a career of federal recordings and had placed upon him an indication that the value of ex-Senators Ralph Thompson (Ind.) and Arthur C. Sawyer (D-Iowa) was much less than that of their offices, however, failed to uncover the hiding devers.

President Nixon glared in his TV talk with Revard R. Smith III. The media had given a distorted picture of the "tough invasion." The view was false, the President said, since it was a summary of news papers and television coverage.

Mr. Tolson, press secretary
Mr. Tolson explained that the
reference was referring to the
fact that the press secretary he re-
ferred to was dead.

We have now obtained access to most of these digests, which add up the daily papers of some two succinct, capsule and concise, to a rather short, rolled more than a later paragraph.

The Washington Post Times Herald _____

The Washington Daily News _____

The Evening Star (Washington) _____

The Sunday Star (Washington) _____

Daily News (New York) _____

Sunday News (New York) _____

New York Post _____

The New York Times _____

The Daily World _____

The New Leader _____

The Wall Street Journal _____

The National Observer _____

People's World _____

Date: 10-1-66
 100-7-116
 NOT RECORDED
 42-11111-1

The press coverage of the Laos invasion usually was summarized in one or two typewritten pages of short items. White House aide Pat Buchanan, who prepared the digests, selects both favorable and critical stories to keep press in presidential readiness.

The digest for March 23, 1971, for example, began with this item: "The U.S. command indicated the two-day air strikes on NVN were highly successful saying pilots destroyed three missile sites, touching off 100 explosions."

The next item reported: U.S. crews manning the fleet of 600 helicopters which supported SVN's Laos offensive began withdrawing from Khe Sanh as the campaign neared its end. Final units in the Saigon task force retreated under heavy Communist fire.

Next: "U.S. helicopter gunships battling in Laos proved for the first time they are more than a match for the tanks," said an Army officer just back from the war zone. Even more important, said Lt. Col. Robert Molinelli, U.S. helicopter pilots over Laos met "the heaviest anti-aircraft fire we have ever encountered" and proved they could survive it.

The daily digest devoted more space, in fact, to the coverage of Mr. Nixon's TV appearance with Smith than to the coverage of the Laos fighting.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
New York, New York

CFP:DM

March 23, 1943

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director, FBI

Re: VITO MARCANTONIO
INTERNAL SECURITY (C)

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith you will find two photostatic copies of the testimony of Congressman Vito Marcantonio before the Individual Exclusion Order Hearing Board, Second Service Command. He appeared as a witness before the board in behalf of one, ARMANDO GEMARAZZO, who was being considered by the board for exclusion from the Eastern Military Area.

It is noted that Marcantonio was questioned in detail regarding his attitude toward American Aid to the Allies and his change of attitude after Russia entered the war. This testimony was all under oath and is being submitted for the Bureau's information and interest.

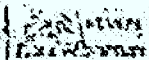
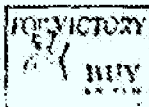
Very truly yours,

E. E. Conroy
E. E. CONROY
SAC

Enc. (2)

ENCLOSURE FILE
1 APR 2 1943

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MEMORANDUM

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76 008/3-

TO: THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY
FROM: THE CHIEF OF STAFF
SUBJECT: [Illegible text]
[The following text is extremely faint and largely illegible due to the quality of the scan. It appears to be a memorandum detailing military operations or administrative matters.]

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The first of these is the fact that the
 government has been unable to raise
 the necessary funds to meet its
 obligations. This is due to a
 combination of factors, including
 the high cost of borrowing and
 the low level of tax revenue.
 The second factor is the
 government's failure to implement
 effective fiscal policies. This
 has led to a large and growing
 budget deficit, which has further
 increased the government's
 borrowing requirements. The
 third factor is the government's
 lack of transparency and
 accountability. This has led to
 a loss of confidence in the
 government and its policies.
 The fourth factor is the
 government's failure to address
 the underlying economic problems.
 This has led to a stagnating
 economy and high unemployment.
 The fifth factor is the
 government's failure to reform
 the public sector. This has led
 to a large and growing public
 sector, which has further
 increased the government's
 borrowing requirements. The
 sixth factor is the government's
 failure to implement effective
 monetary policies. This has led
 to a high level of inflation, which
 has further increased the
 government's borrowing requirements.
 The seventh factor is the
 government's failure to implement
 effective social policies. This has
 led to a high level of social
 inequality, which has further
 increased the government's
 borrowing requirements. The
 eighth factor is the government's
 failure to implement effective
 environmental policies. This has
 led to a high level of environmental
 degradation, which has further
 increased the government's
 borrowing requirements. The
 ninth factor is the government's
 failure to implement effective
 foreign policies. This has led to
 a high level of international
 isolation, which has further
 increased the government's
 borrowing requirements. The
 tenth factor is the government's
 failure to implement effective
 defense policies. This has led to
 a high level of military spending,
 which has further increased the
 government's borrowing requirements.

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76 008/5

1. The purpose of this document is to provide information regarding the status of the project and the progress of the work. It is intended for the use of the project manager and the project team.

2. The project is currently in the planning phase. The project manager has identified the key tasks and the resources required to complete the project. The project team is working on the development of the project plan.

3. The project plan is a document that describes the project's objectives, scope, and schedule. It is a key document for the project manager and the project team. The project plan is used to track the progress of the project and to ensure that the project is completed on time and within budget.

4. The project team is working on the development of the project plan. The project manager is providing guidance and support to the project team. The project team is working on the development of the project plan and is making progress on the project.

5. The project manager is providing guidance and support to the project team. The project team is working on the development of the project plan and is making progress on the project.

6. The project team is working on the development of the project plan. The project manager is providing guidance and support to the project team. The project team is working on the development of the project plan and is making progress on the project.

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10. The project team is working on the development of the project plan. The project manager is providing guidance and support to the project team. The project team is working on the development of the project plan and is making progress on the project.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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ORDER SEC ARMY BY TAG PER

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1. The purpose of this document is to provide information regarding the activities of the [redacted] in the [redacted] area. This information is being provided to you for your information only and should not be disseminated to other personnel.

2. The [redacted] has been observed in the [redacted] area on several occasions. The [redacted] has been observed in the [redacted] area on several occasions. The [redacted] has been observed in the [redacted] area on several occasions.

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SECRET

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS FOR YOUR INFORMATION AND IS NOT TO BE DISCLOSED TO THE PUBLIC OR TO ANY OTHER PERSON WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

THIS INFORMATION IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

IT IS THE POLICY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO RELEASE INFORMATION TO THE PUBLIC TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE.

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TO THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY
FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY
SUBJECT: [Illegible]
[The following text is extremely faint and largely illegible due to poor scan quality. It appears to be a memorandum or official communication.]

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~~SECRET~~

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DO hereby certify that
the following is a true and
correct copy of the
original as the same appears
in the records of the
Department of the Army
at Washington, D. C.
this 1st day of May 1964
at Washington, D. C.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF
I have hereunto set my hand
and the seal of the
Department of the Army
at Washington, D. C.
this 1st day of May 1964
Major General
John W. ...

FOR THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY
Major General
John W. ...

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