

WHERE I STAND

By HANK GREENSPUN

I've never been one to make predictions but when a thing is inevitable, even I can foresee the future.

Sen. Joe McCarthy has to come to a violent end. Huey Long's death will be serene and peaceful compared with the demise of the sadistic bum from Wisconsin.

Live by the sword and you die by the sword! Destroy people and they in turn must destroy you! The chances are that McCarthy will eventually be laid to rest at the hands of some poor innocent slob whose reputation and life he has destroyed through his well-established smear technique.

The poor victim will feel he has little left to live for, so he'll get a gun and blast Joe to Hades. It might be a bit messy but Joe is used to messiness. He has created enough of it.

Really, I'm against Joe getting his head blown off, not because I do not believe in capital punishment or because he does not have it coming, but I would hate to see some simpleton get the chair for such a public service as getting rid of McCarthy.

It would be more befitting the dignity of Joe's position in society if he leaped from a 29-story building as one of his predecessors, Marion A. Zlonchek, did two decades ago. The insane congressman from the state of Washington, and the Mad senator from the state of Wisconsin had a great deal in common—namely, softening of the brain.

Joe's Republican buddies plus some Democratic opponents have decided to cut his appropriations off if he doesn't get out of the Red-hunting racket. They object to his stealing the headlines at the expense of other investigating phonies in the congress.

Even his comrade in pilfering the United States treasury, Sen. Pat McCarran thinks it's time Joe was cut down to size. Most likely, the McCarran statement will earn a retort from McCarthy, and if I can add any fuel to the fire, I would like to suggest that the ideal situation would be for McCarran and McCarthy to investigate each other. The results must end in a dead heat. Both must wind up in the penitentiary.

Information from Washington
(Continued on Page 2)

WHERE I STAND

(Continued from Page 1)

from a source very close to McCarthy—in fact one of his investigators—has tipped me off to a possible investigation that McCarthy intends to conduct and in which he thinks I can be involved.

I would like to save the senator from Wisconsin some effort and money, purely in the interests of the taxpayer who must foot the bills for these personal investigations.

I am as innocent as a new born lamb; and if I were not, I would be the first to admit it, because there is nothing bad he can say about me that others haven't already said and more forcefully. I'm ready to plead guilty to anything, but does this excuse the disreputable pervert from answering for his crimes against society?

I would like to refer McCarthy to his colleague, Sen. Pat McCarran, for advice before he starts his probe. McCarran investigated me until his senile old brain turned to jelly, and he couldn't come up with anything. I've been interrogated by the Post Office department, Internal Revenue bureau, F.B.I., P. D. Q., O. G. P. U., and all the other alphabetical agencies of government, and they all left talking to themselves.

Even Westbrook (I see snakes in my typewriter) Pegler, thinks I am a model citizen; that is, compared to some of the other figures he writes about; like Franklin Delano Roosevelt, Harry Truman and Ike Eisenhower.

Westbrook was supposed to do a job on me on orders from McCarran. In fact, Pat had one of his senatorial colleagues insert one of Pegler's columns in the Congressional Record, telling what a snake I am and what a fine man McCarran is.

In senate circles, the Pegler column about McCarran is known as Pegler's fable. The Pegler strategy backfired because my column on him was also inserted in the Congressional Record and if I admit it myself, I out-Peglered "Polson Pen" himself.

McCarran also fared badly, because his efforts to link me with the underworld only showed up his own affiliations with the criminal element; and his deposition, taken in connection with The Sun's anti-trust suit, forever on file with the Federal court, tells the whole sordid story.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Save your strength, McCarthy, for someone much more vulnerable than I. Nevertheless, a summons from any of your committees will bring me post-haste to Washington. I wouldn't mind traveling at government expense every time I visit friends, the way the McCarrans and McCarthys do.

The only condition I make is that the hearings be televised so the world can know the type of immoral scoundrel who represents the state of Wisconsin. I have the facts to expose you, which is more than the McCarthy investigators can boast they have against me.

You even can dispense with serving a subpoena, Joe! Just send airplane fare. I'd even pay my own expenses, if I had a crack at the federal treasury for as many years as you have had.

This challenge is being mailed to you today!

Las Vegas Sun
Las Vegas, Nevada
January 8, 1954

ENCLOSURE 62-97007-116

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: January 31, 1952

FROM : Mr. Rosen *RR*

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

BRIBERY

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

While SAC Hood was interviewing Senator Joseph McCarthy in connection with the current Maryland Election Law investigation, the Senator confidentially advised that [REDACTED] of [REDACTED] was going to have his committee inquire into an alleged bribery case involving former Bureau Agent [REDACTED] and four unidentified Senators.

On the basis of the information furnished by Senator McCarthy, it is obvious that the case referred to is that involving [REDACTED] with aliases. You will recall that we conducted a full investigation of these bribery allegations at the request of the Department in 1950. The investigative reports prepared were submitted to the Department and the Criminal Division advised by memorandum dated November 29, 1950, that no further investigation was desired.

There is attached a detailed memorandum originally submitted on October 23, 1950, incorporating the details of this bribery investigation.

The latest information concerning subject [REDACTED] received by the Bureau, was furnished by the San Francisco Division who advised in December, 1951, that [REDACTED] was then in the custody of the Sheriff's Office at San Rafael, California, for passing a series of fictitious checks totaling approximately \$500.

Attachment

✓ CAE:HJK

INDEXED - 111

RECORDED - 111

62-92991-21

[Handwritten signature]

TRANS. FILES

... into
mistake of no
signature.
Please pray
- concerning real p
in this war.

August 23, 1950.

Dear Mr. Hoover;

For the love of God, will you help me with something?. It con-
cerns a wonderful man, Senator ^{James H.} McCarthy. His past campaign was
a good fright for others stooping to embrace communism, in high
places. And all that you might know was profitable for him to act
thus. I can act blindly; but may have to suffer the remorse of it.
You see why I need your assistance in this request. You may detest
me for bothering you on this matter; but it doesn't concern me as I
am trying to help my country also, in little things. and I am only
a trifle in your big life. I know where I can help Senator McCarthy;
but something has disturbed me. The Senator stated an FBI member
spoke to him concerning resks in State Department; but placed his job
as shakey though the Senator assured him it would not be. Could it
be one of the FBI that Clark wished publicly to be stated of the
twelve whom left your servecas; that may of been lousy Clarks side.
Could it be one of them that spoke to him, is my worry and stumbling
block to help McCarthy in Wisconsin.

I met the Senator personally and think he is wonderful in every way
as far to my knowledge. Please let me know on a card, yes, or no
if I should help him. If he be harming your organization, I have no
part. You must help me. This is between you, God and me. Please
state yes or no. I am sending you a card that was sent to me, that
was not private so it prooves I am on the level. Discard it immediat-
-ely after reading.

I will not trouble you any more, your ^{friend}

RECORDED
Rak

62-92707-3
SEP 1 1950

37
Respectfully

55 SEP 11 1950
St. Albans, Vt

uh

81
110

1/24

Inasmuch as Senator McCarthy is so completely tied up in the current investigation of Communism in the State Department, it is impossible for him to personally answer all the mail he receives daily. The Senator has requested me to acknowledge receipt of your recent communication and to tell you that he deeply appreciates your interest and support. As soon as the session is over and the Senator has time to go through the thousands of letters he has received on this subject, he will write to you personally.

Sincerely yours,

George Greeley
George Greeley

Administrative Assistant to Sen. McCarthy

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON EXPENDITURES IN THE EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS
FREE



WRITE THE HANDWRITTEN
IT'S GOOD BUSINESS
U.S.S.V.

PLEASE
give me a ~~reply~~
soon.



Albans, W. Va.

my

P.S.
When the Senator goes home he has to
make friends with a certain main party.

by George E. Sokolsky, November 19, 1950

GOOD EVENING. THIS IS GEORGE SOKOLSKY, MEMBER OF THE SENATE AND
EVENTS OF THESE DAYS. BUT FIRST MAY I PRESENT ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT

Mr. C.
Mr. E.
Mr. G.
Mr. H.
Mr. I.
Mr. J.
Mr. K.
Mr. L.
Mr. M.
Mr. N.
Mr. O.
Mr. P.
Mr. Q.
Mr. R.
Mr. S.
Mr. T.
Mr. U.
Mr. V.
Mr. W.
Mr. X.
Mr. Y.
Mr. Z.

The Role of Congress

The special session of the Senate called to try to impeach Joseph McCarthy got off to a very bad start. Thus far, it has been a bad one with no high level display of intelligence.

A man in Sarasota, Florida, wrote me a long letter in which he asked "What makes you think your judgment, or information from what source, is superior to members of the Senate of the U.S. in judging the actions of one of its members? What business of yours is it to tangle into a talker who promoted Peress? What is it to you -- or me? Don't put your hands in my official life."

This represents a total misunderstanding of the role of the Senate. It would have been correct to ask that question in Hitler's Germany, or even still be correct to ask that question about any country in the Soviet Union or any State. It is not a correct question in the United States. And my only answer to this man would be to read the Constitution of the United States.

In this country, the sovereign is the people. The very basic concepts of the Constitution are, "We the people."

The Declaration of Independence declares that every people has a right to a government of their own choice. Let us quote the words of the

"...That to secure these Rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just Powers from the Consent of the Governed."

The power is in the people -- in each individual citizen. The members of the Senate and the House of Representatives are the delegates of the people. They have no particular rights superior to those of the people that elected them.

The Sarasota inquirer asks: "What makes you think your judgment or information from what source, you are superior to the members of the Senate? Apart from the rather sloppy language, this question can be answered simply. The Constitution makes it so. It makes every voter a member of the Senate. The members of the Senate are only there because we elected them to be there. If we thought they should not be there, we could defeat them in the next election."

For instance, in South Carolina, the voters elected a certain number of members for the United States Senate. The people did not elect any one else. The name of a second candidate, J. Strom Thurmond, was not chosen. The people of this country can do anything they are minded to do. If they are minded to elect

By the people, in this country, is meant each individual citizen, each acting as an individual. Each one has a right to his say. Each American is free to express himself according to his own judgment and conscience. He may be wise or foolish, but he need not be silent.

The lowliest American citizen has as much a right to express his opinion as the President of the United States or the Chief Justice of the United States.

That does not mean that his opinion will be accepted by the majority. More Americans are likely to accept the opinion of President Eisenhower than of Joe Doake, but the President does not need to be silent or that he is wrong.

Once every four years what the citizens do is not very important. If enough of them disagree with the President, they can vote him out. He then becomes a plain citizen, usually a plain citizen of the time, our people pay small attention to ex-presidents. The only exception being Herbert Hoover, who is listened to more today than he was when he was President.

The trouble with this man in Sarasota is that he is not going to study and analyze the American system of government. It was made, you know a boy, and when many of you were boys and girls, that they taught of in the elementary grades. These days, the children are taught the rights and duties and many grow up without much knowledge of the Constitution, the structure of our government, the rights of the individual. So many of our people, and a person holds a government job, he belongs to the public. He is not to do that job because he does not know what else to do. He would do it at what his living at anything else.

###

But we need to go further with this man. He says: "What is it to you -- or me?" What are the duties and obligations of citizenship? What are the responsibilities of a public business. He says: "Don't you have faith in our officials?"

My answer, of course, is, no. I am not a citizen of any country and I am not a citizen of the United States. I am a citizen of the world and I am obligated to see to it that our public officials perform their duties under the Constitution and do nothing which will impair the Constitution. The old saying, "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," which was used as it did when it was first said by John Philip Stowe in 1830.

If all the citizens of this country wanted the attitude of the Sarasota man does, we should soon lose our freedom.

Dr. Irving Peress, a dentist concerned with the open door, is not important. What is important is to find out who opened the door. The question of the open door. Some high officials made it possible for Hiss to rise rapidly in government service. Some of the high officials were from 1939 to 1948. It was in 1939 that Hiss was first mentioned in connection with Alger Hiss but it was not until 1948 that the Hiss case was brought to the attention of two members of the House of Representatives, who then brought Hiss to book. Who opened the door? Who opened the door? Who opened the door before we can be sure that the door is closed.

Dr. Klaus Fuchs, working with Harry Gold, is not important. He got a 14-year sentence in Great Britain. That is not important. What is important is to know how it happened that Dr. Klaus Fuchs, a plain Communist, was able to work at top secret levels at Los Alamos without being caught. How did he know how David Greenglass got there. Who opened the door? Who opened the door? How to deal with this problem until we know who opened the door.

The same is true at Fort Monmouth where Julius Rosenberg stole the proximity fuse. How did he get in? You could not get in. I could not get in. How did Rosenberg get in? Who opened the door? Until we know that, we shall never have real security in this country.

That is why the question, "Who promoted Peress?" must be answered. It is not the little guys we need to go after; it is the big shots, the stuffed shirts, the men of power that we must expose to inquiry because they can open the door.

General Zwicker knows who promoted Peress. Secretary of the Army Brown knows who promoted Peress. And they must be made to tell because we need to know "Who promoted Peress?"

Whoever insists upon keeping that a secret is imperilling not only one of us and our children. He is imperilling the real security of the United States. He is not a man in whom I can have any faith no matter what political office he holds.

#

This is the issue and I am happy that a man in New York wrote me a rude letter because it has made it possible for me to speak on this subject.

This has nothing to do with whether one is pro or anti-McCarthy. It has to do with America and its future. And when we think of the United States of America, all officials, no matter how mighty they may appear, be you a king, even picayune. Our sons give their lives for our country; we ought to expect a few blundering officials to give up their jobs for their country.

#

IN JUST A MOMENT, I'LL BE BACK WITH YOU

#

Eternal vigilance is the price of freedom.

When citizens cease to be vigilant, when they turn their backs on the affairs of their day to reading and thinking about their country, they leave the country to professionals to control its affairs. Soon an official class will be established -- masters of free men; later, masters of enslaved men.

God gave us our freedoms. Wise men, rich men, great leaders, men of letters and sacred honor, put those freedoms into words in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution.

Are we less wise, less courageous, less patriotic than our fathers? If so, our country will soon be lost. I do not believe it. I believe that our country is still free and that freedom is dead in America.

#

THANK YOU. THIS IS GEORGE SEKOLSKY. GOODNIGHT.

-cc-

By George F. Scholten, Editor

GOOD EVENING. THIS IS GEORGE SCHOLTEN'S REPORT ON THE RECENT AND
EVENTS OF THESE DAYS. BUT FIRST, MAY I PRESENT OUR ANALYSIS OF THE SITUATION

Who Won The Fight?

Whenever there is a fight, we look for a victor and a loser. Who won
the fight on Senator McCarthy? Who is the victor? Was it the Democrats?

It looks to me as though everybody lost. What has happened is that
establish that a Senator may not say that another Senator is a communist, or
or is senile or stupid or is a handmaiden of Communism. For such instances, and
even correct appraisal, he may be condemned but not censured. It has become
to call a general or a colonel or a plain citizen any foul name, and he will be
neither condemned nor censured. That is now the procedure that is to
follow.

In fact, so seriously do Senators take such proceedings that the respect-
able Senator Ralph Flanders apologized for comparing Joe McCarthy with Hitler.
McCarthy did not stay to accept the apology.

Who won by this queer act of censure?

The Republican Party did not win. It had been split, especially on
the rock of Joe McCarthy. Among the Republican Senators, a vote of 22 to 22.
The leadership of the Republican Party in the Senate voted in favor of McCarthy.
The President Pro Tem of the Senate, Styles Bridges; the Majority Leader, William
Knowland; the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, William Jenner; the Chairman
of the Rules Committee, William Jenner, were among the 18 who voted for McCarthy.

This leaves President Eisenhower with a majority in the Senate,
split in two, evenly divided, and all sides blaming him for the split. There have
been differences between the White House and Senators before, but there are
few instances that can be cited in which anything has been held a scandal.
There is not a Senator on the Republican or the Democratic side who does not know
that the White House staff has been working since the election to discredit
Senator.

The end result is that the Republican Party is split in two and
split is not of a nature that is easily healed.

The split in the Republican Party over Joe McCarthy is the result of a
long developing situation involving principally the removal of leadership
leadership to the ear of the President. At least that is the way it was
morning conferences whenever the President is in the White House, and
at best, minature mass meetings and men do not speak freely in such
such circumstances.

The President has set up a General Staff system in the White House
like in the Army. That is the way he is accustomed to work. Senator
ton is accustomed to work that way. Senators are accustomed to work
the President through channels, like a General Staff system. The
channel is the President's Chief-of-Staff. Sherman Adams is a pain in the neck;
Adams is a pain in the neck; others say that he has been a
leading personality likes to discuss matters with the President
through Sherman Adams.

That technique had never been employed in any other country in the United States. Nobody, not a Republican or a Democrat, had ever had an experience with Presidents Truman, Roosevelt or Eisenhower. Not even a member of a President's own party has had such an experience.

Then again, the Republican leadership has been a "backstabber" to the President's ear against his "old friends," men like Sen. Flanders, Sen. McClellan, Jack Clay and there are a number of others who are "old friends" of the President. Many of these are former New Dealers. Many of them are "political playboys." None have ever had any standing in the Republican Party.

So it is a real fight between the "backstabbers" and the "old friends" and there is real hatred for some of these "old friends" which has been growing over the past Summer when every Republican leader expected that the Democrats would be defeated. The Republican defeat in Congress is like a "kick" from the professionals on the door-step of White House.

This does not mean that their followers are "backstabbers" but that the Republican leaders put the blame on the "old friends" of the President, Eisenhower's old and influential friends.

#

Another reason is fundamental in the Republican Party.

For 20 years, Republicans waited to get a chance to office. They promised the policies which Franklin D. Roosevelt had followed in 1933, and Republicans lost elections; in 1932, they won. Their promises were: to end Communism, subversion and Communism. They promised to run the Government out of government office. They promised to get rid of the "old friends" of the President, George Marshall and Dean Acheson. They promised to get rid of the "old friends" of the President, the crimes of Teheran and Yalta. They promised that they would get rid of the "old friends" of the President, the crimes of Teheran and Yalta.

None of these promises have been kept.

Senator William Jenner, supporter of the "old friends" of the President, and Senator William Knowland, states the Republican Party's position on the "old friends" of the President.

"The Chinese Communists boast that they have captured two American citizens and two civilian employees of the Defense Department. They claim that they have them as spies, in violation of the rules of war. They claim that they have them in violation of the Korean cease-fire agreement. We have been told that the people of China, several hundred civilians who cannot get out of China, that the rights of the United States is perilously close to being violated. We must meet by all measures necessary, whatever the cost, to free the people of China and to free all Americans now held in captivity in China."

"I wish to offer my full support to the resolution of the Senate (Senator Knowland) that the United States should send a fleet to the coast of the China coast by the American Navy, to capture the "old friends" of the President, captive by the Reds, are free."

He then said:

"A nation which will not give every effort to free its unjustly imprisoned citizens, and which will not exercise its sovereign power."

The President, on the other hand...

"This struggle we now are in, as well as the whole world, is a struggle of hope of mankind is that we can find methods and means of peace in the future. Peace of by little steps, toward a true or real peace, and not toward a false peace, or toward war.

"Now, on our side we must make our... are not interpreted as appeasement or any... of principle, but we must, on the other hand... into actions that would be unwise...

"...So far as I am concerned, if... that a step of war is necessary, it is going to be... of my own, but I am going... constitutional method set up in this country, and... with my recommendation as to whatever it may be.

It is obvious that there can be no... ject between these men in the same political party.

And

The Democrats voted 100 percent... tion then arises whether they will, in... sident Eisenhower. It must be remembered... Party of Treason." Any Democrat, there... to admit that his party is the Party of Treason... as they did. Eliminate the McCarthy issue... son to believe that the Democrats will be...

And

IN JUST A MOMENT, I'LL BE BACK WITH YOU.

And

The 13 Americans held in Red China... of American prisoners in that... tive since 1948. Some are prisoners-of-war... All of the latter group should have been...

What kind of a Government... Communists to violate a truce and to hold... ment do we have that wants the UN to attend... States?

Where is our sense of national... propriety?

And

THANK YOU. THIS IS GEORGE STEINER.

And

WEEKLY SUNDAY NIGHT BROADCAST OVER
AMERICAN BROADCASTING COMPANY STATIONS
By George E. Sokolsky, August 15, 1954

Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Sizoo
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

GOOD EVENING. THIS IS GEORGE SOKOLSKY TRANSCRIBING ON THE FORCES AND EVENTS OF THE DAY. BUT FIRST, MAY I PRESENT OUR ANNOUNCER FOR A MOMENT.

WHAT GOES WITH MCCARTHY?

It has rarely happened that a United States Senator has been investigated once. It has never happened that a United States Senator has been investigated twice. It has never happened that before the report is in on the first investigation the second one is started.

In a word, it begins to look as though the enemies of Senator McCarthy are intent on keeping him on the witness stand all the time to prevent him from investigating the infiltration by communists into the government of the United States.

The Mundt Committee set up a show with an open courtroom, the hearings duly televised and the public getting a clear picture of what went on. Those of the public who saw the entire show on television know that the newspaper reports were not always objective. The public became conscious of the fact that condensation can lead to distortion.

The televising of the McCarthy-Stevens Hearings either produced sentiment in favor of McCarthy or it raised a reasonable doubt as to the bona fides of the witnesses.

Some time this week, the Mundt Committee is going to file its report. My guess is that the report will be a very mild one. That must also be the guess of Senator McCarthy's opponents. They would not have pursued the matter further.

The new Committee, appointed largely through the efforts of Senator Flanders of Vermont, who is reputed to be a Republican, and Senator Fulbright of Arkansas who was educated in Great Britain as a Rhodes Scholar, is headed by Senator Watkins of Utah, who is a conservative Republican, a Bishop of the Mormon Church, and is generally regarded as a very fine person.

This new investigation is not going to be televised. It will not be on radio. It will be an open session with the press reporting what goes on. But, as Fulton Lewis said, when he read some of the newspaper reports, he wondered if what he read was what he saw and listened to. We shall have to wait until the transcript of the record appears before we shall really know the truth of the hearings is. Unless these hearings are televised and on radio, so that the public can hear the voices of the witnesses, we shall not have the whole truth of what is said and done by the Watkins Committee.

There is also a report that this Committee has decided that if they do not like the way the hearings go, they will order the press out and hold the entire business behind closed doors. Then the public will know nothing except some small abstract of the testimony given as a handout to waiting reporters. This will not be good enough and will undoubtedly lead to a public protest.

###

Precisely what do the charges against Senator McCarthy amount to? If one adds up the charges of the Flanders, Fulbright and Morse charges, it comes to some fantastic number. Most of the charges will have to be thrown out as unworthy of consideration because they occurred before when the sovereign state of Wisconsin re-elected Joe McCarthy to the Senate after most of the charges had been heard.

SENT DIRECTOR
8/15/54

INDEXED - 3

SEP 9 1954

EX-100

And that brings me to another point:

A United States Senator is elected by the people of a sovereign state to represent it in the national Congress. A Senator does not speak for the entire American people; he speaks only for his constituency which is his own state. The Constitution is perfectly clear on the subject and I shall read the provisions:

The Seventeenth Amendment reads:

"The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote..."

There is a further article that is pertinent to this subject which reads:

"Each house shall be the Judge of the Elections, Returns and Qualifications of its own Members..."

I find nowhere in the Constitution a direct statement that the Congress, in either House has the right to censure a member, although that has been done. After all, if Congress could exercise that right freely, a majority could censure all the members of the minority. Or to a special case, Wayne Morse, Senator from the State of Oregon, is an independent, belonging to no party. There have been occasions when his one vote could have prevented the Republicans from organizing the Senate. How easy it would be for a combination of Republicans and Democrats to censure Wayne Morse?

The courts have held:

"The right to expel extends to all cases where the offense is such as in the judgment of the Senate or House is inconsistent with the trust and duty of a Member. A Member, for example, is expelled for treason, for conspiracy against the Government, or for a high misdemeanor."

No one has accused Joe McCarthy of any of these crimes. The most that has been said is that he has conducted himself in a manner unbecoming a Senator. What is a manner unbecoming a Senator? That will be very difficult to define. For instance, it is my view that Senator Flanders acted in a manner unbecoming a Senator when he put on a show at the McCarthy-Stevens Hearing of doddering into the Hearing room, interrupting the session, silently handing McCarthy a note, and dramatically talking out, disturbing everybody. If a private citizen did that, he would probably have been arrested.

The question that arises here is who is the paragon of virtue in the United States Senate whose conduct is so pure and holy that he can throw stones at Joe McCarthy? Maybe, if these fellows gang up on Joe McCarthy, they will set a precedent that could be used against them. It might prove very interesting and add to the gaiety of this nation to check on some of these Romans -- and perhaps we shall catch the noblest of them all. Who knows?

The court has established it in *Burton v. The United States* that "Congress has authority to make it an offense against the United States for a Member of that body, during his continuance in office, to receive compensation for services before a governmental department in relation to proceedings in which the United States is interested..."

No one has accused Senator McCarthy of engaging in such activities. The rule does not

###

The question then arises: Suppose the Watkins Committee should decide to censure Senator McCarthy, what will it really mean? Probably nothing at all. As long as the people of the sovereign state of Wisconsin choose to keep McCarthy in the United States Senate, he will remain here and as long as he chooses to fight Communism and Communists, he will find a way to do it even if his colleagues insist upon keeping him engaged in a personal defense of his public and private conduct.

Leroy Gore, a newspaper publisher in Wisconsin, started a movement to recall Joe McCarthy. I am told on good authority that this movement was financed by a group in New York that recently also spent money to defeat such able Senators as Pat McCarran and Styles Bridges. The recall movement against McCarthy failed because the people of Wisconsin would have nothing to do with it. They refused to be dictated to by a little crowd in New York that happens to have money to spend. I was once told that this same crowd spent money in Arkansas to defeat Senator John McClellan and he also won. The rest of the United States is not accepting dictation from a self-appointed group of moneyed people in New York.

This same crowd is interested in an organization called the "National Committee for An Effective Congress," which has set out to destroy Senators and Representatives who displease it. It is time now for Congress to inquire where this Committee gets its money and how it spends it. Let us have a real investigation to discover if we have a secret group seeking to control America.

###

IN JUST A MOMENT, I'LL BE BACK WITH YOU.

###

I do not make the point that Joe McCarthy or any other Senator should not be investigated. I am all for investigating everybody and everything. Let's have more and better Congressional investigations. Let's clean out the dirty stables wherever they exist.

But the constant investigation of McCarthy, whose only real crime is that he lost his temper while investigating Communists, begins to look like persecution. It is all part of a "Joe McCarthy" movement. Well who wants Joe to go? Let us find out who wants Joe to go? Do you? Do the Americans? Do the people of Wisconsin? Who wants Joe to go?

###

THANK YOU. THIS IS GEORGE SOKOLSKY. GOOD NIGHT.

-ooOoo-

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont

DATE: November 21, 1954

FROM : G. A. Day

SUBJECT: 
INFORMATION CONCERNING (SECURITY MATTER)

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Nichols	_____
Belmont	_____
Harbo	_____
Mohr	_____
Parsons	_____
Rosen	_____
Tamm	_____
Sizoo	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Gandy	_____

By referral from the Director's Office, the writer spoke to  when the latter telephoned from Lebanon, Pennsylvania, on 11/20/54, at 5:02 p.m.  who lives at  in Lebanon, stated that since the press had carried no statement from Senator McCarthy in four days, and since he had read that an armed guard had been posted outside the Senator's hospital room, he feared that McCarthy was being forcibly "brainwashed." He believes this is the result of McCarthy's objection when (Senator) "Lehman proposed to eulogize Davies, the known Communist" (probably , recently separated Foreign Service officer).

 went on at some length, expounding his views concerning the Senate and claiming that certain Senators are Communists although not naming them. He was told that his observations would be made a matter of record.



ACTION:

None. This is for information.

62-87263

GAD:fjm
(4)

cc - Mr. Belmont



62-87263-5
RECORDED-62
INDEXED-62
NOV 21 1954

INT SEC

BSM

January 22, 1948

62-86224-2

Honorable Joseph E. McCarthy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

Reference is made to your telephonic conversation with Mr. D. E. Ladd of this Bureau on January 19, 1948, at which time you requested any information appearing in our files relating to [redacted]

I desire to advise you that on the basis of information furnished by you, it was not possible to identify any information contained in the main investigative files of this Bureau with [redacted]. For your confidential information, however, the records of our Identification Division reflect the following data as to one [redacted] who resides at [redacted] New York. This individual was born [redacted] New York City, and is an [redacted]. He is described as being 5'4" tall, weighing 296 pounds, and has brown hair and brown eyes. Two fingerprint cards are on file which were furnished by the New York City Police Department. These fingerprint cards reflect that [redacted] was arrested [redacted] for grand larceny and again [redacted] for the same offense. There is no disposition for either of these arrests. There is also a notation reflecting that [redacted] was arrested March 22, 1947, for grand larceny and he was discharged March 24, 1947. It should be noted that although this individual might be identical with the subject of your inquiry, it is not possible to definitely determine this fact.

I trust that the above information will be of assistance to you.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

RECEIVED - DIRECTOR
FBI
JAN 23 1948

FBI

RECEIVED - CIVIL RIGHTS

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
JAN 22 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

- Tolson
- E. A. Tamm
- Clegg
- Glavin
- Ladd
- Nichols
- Rosen
- Tracy
- Egan
- Gurnea
- Harbo
- Mohr
- Pennington
- Quinn Tamm
- Nease
- Gandy

JLS:lp
44-155-55
1-22-48

Handwritten signature and initials

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: MR. TAMM
FROM: D. M. Ladd
SUBJECT:

DATE: January 16, 1948

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. E. A. Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Carson
- Mr. Egan
- Mr. Gurnea
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Pennington
- Mr. Quinn Tamm
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Holmes
- Miss Gandy

I took a call from Joseph R. McCarthy (R. Wisc.) on January 15 by reference from the Director's Office.

Senator McCarthy stated that a man named [redacted], was presently testifying before the Committee. He first inquired whether the Bureau would make a check of [redacted] for him. He then said, "Well hold it, that he would wait until [redacted] had finished testifying and if he wanted the Bureau to make a check, he would again communicate with us."

DML:da

RECORDED
INDEXED

62-86224-1

JAN 29 1948

FEB 9 1948

since [redacted] left his post in London, the United States' diplomacy has not had a single statesman in Europe, let alone a prophet whose voice the Europeans would have listened.

Political Intelligence

Joseph 1. SENATOR Mc CARTHY'S FLOP:

The intelligence and common sense of patriotic Americans deplore that it should have been erratic and talkative Mr. McCarthy (R.-Wis.), who took up communist infiltration charges where the Hiss-, the Coplon, and the Fuchs cases left off.

Washington observers will not soon forget Mr. Kravchenko's ominous warning that the Fuchs case was but a "prelude" to the future revelations of how disastrous the Red espionage has been to American security, American military preparedness and American world policy. Mr. Kravchenko knows what he is talking about. So does Mr. Ed. Morgan, the F.B.I. expert on communism, who has been appointed counsel to the Tydings' subcommittee examining the McCarthy accusations against the State Department.

Intelligence experts warn that the fact that the Junior Senator from Wisconsin is politically inept should not be permitted to cover up the real danger of Communist penetration in our government. We may be in for some of the "many bitter surprises" which Mr. Kravchenko predicted we would meet, when the story is told.

2. EMBASSY ROW IS SHOCKED.

The European embassies have been shocked by Admiral Leahy's recent revelations of how Ambassador Joseph Davies, Zionist author of the Soviet propaganda book, "Mission to Moscow", went as a special emissary for the President to London in 1945 and permitted his own pro-Soviet fanaticism to lead him to insulting Mr. Churchill, the greatest statesman of a Europe which had just survived the tyranny of a Nazi Germany which Mr. Churchill so early had warned against.

3. COFFEE PRICES AND EUROPE'S BLACKMARKET.

When Senator Gillette (D. Iowa) accused foreign coffee traders on the New York exchange of having reaped enormous profits, he was threading on politically dangerous ground. As chairman of a senate agriculture subcommittee, Senator Gillette had just heard a witness, Mr. Leon Israel of New York City, importer of green coffee, describe the international coffee market situation. Recalling how most of the German coffee market is under black market control, it was obvious that the Iowa Senator was showing extraordinary political courage in discussing the enormous profits, which an international organization makes on the world black markets.

Those who know the back stage setting of the post-war world trade deals do not take seriously the beautiful humanitarian myths produced by the different government propaganda machines. They were surprised, however, by the recent blunt attack on the so-called Marshall Plan, by none other than the Chairman of the House Rules Committee, the Honorable Adolph J. Sabath, who said:

INDEED. ON 62-83432-17
"TWO YEARS AGO I POINTED OUT HOW THE MARSHALL PLAN WAS BORN, HAVING BEEN CONCEIVED BY A GROUP OF WALL STREET BANKERS AND WAR PROFITEERS 1950 AND THOSE CONNECTED WITH, AND INTERESTED IN THE I. G. FARBER CARTELS OF GERMANY"

06 APR 15 1950

1950

In facing the social and political anarchy of the postwar era, at home and abroad, it is well to ponder the truth expressed before the International Christian Leadership in Washington, D.C. on February 3, 1950, by the Honorable John E. Peurifoy, Deputy Under-Secretary of State:

"THE GREAT NATIONS OF THIS WORLD, THOSE THAT HAVE EXERTED MOST MARKED INFLUENCE FOR GOOD ON THE HISTORY OF MAN, ARE THOSE NATIONS WHOSE LEADERS WERE MEN OF VISION WITH GREAT SPIRITUAL QUALITIES. THE DICTATORS, THE TYRANTS HAVE THEIR BRIEF INNINGS, FALL, AND ARE REMEMBERED ONLY FOR THE EVIL THEY WORKED. THE WORK OF MORAL LEADERSHIP LIVES ON."

"OUR UNITED STATES, THE RICHEST COUNTRY IN THE WORLD IN PHYSICAL WEALTH AND MATERIAL RESOURCES, MUST BE GREAT IN SPIRITUAL LEADERSHIP IF WE ARE TO PLAY OUR GREAT ROLE IN THE DESTINY OF NATIONS. WE MUST HAVE A LIVING SPIRITUAL PHILOSOPHY TO FIGHT THE MATERIAL FORCES OF COMMUNISM."

Very sincerely yours,



AMERICAN WORLD INTELLIGENCE is furnished bi-weekly to subscribers by first class mail. Annual fee in USA, \$10.00. Address all correspondence to: AMERICAN WORLD INTELLIGENCE, Suite 1214, 135 So. LaSalle St., Chicago 3, Ill., Telephone: Randolph 6-2677 and Albany 2-7998.

RECEIVED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E.A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following ~~Teletype~~ ^{AIR-TEL} message to:

DIRECTOR, FBI

FBI, MINNEAPOLIS

6/7/54

DIRECTOR, FBI

RE: ~~REDACTED~~ CARRY - INFORMATION CONCERNING. THE FOLLOWING TELEGRAM WAS RECEIVED BY ~~REDACTED~~ CITY OF SIOUX FALLS, JULY 7, 1954: "REQUEST YOUR AID IN GETTING CERTAIN STATE FEDERAL SECURITY COPIES, U.S. SERIAL NO. ~~REDACTED~~ RE: ROBERT ROSEY JAY OF LA-COMMUNIST ~~REDACTED~~ TO ASSIST IN SEARCHING FOR ~~REDACTED~~ CARRY AT COM. UNIT ~~REDACTED~~. BEWARE INFLUENCE OF ~~REDACTED~~ CARRY'S CONNECTIONS ~~REDACTED~~ COMMUNIST. REQUEST ~~REDACTED~~ ~~REDACTED~~ AT HIS HEARING. I HAVE FOUND ~~REDACTED~~ OF 1950". THE TELEGRAM WAS SIGNED ~~REDACTED~~

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WAS NOTED ON THE REVERSE OF THE TELEGRAM: "R.A.C. 11, R.C.A. 214, U. I. T.D., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 6". THE FOREGOING INFORMATION IS BEING SENT TO THE BUREAU FOR THEIR INFORMATION. A COPY IS ALSO BEING FURNISHED TO THE CHICAGO DIVISION FOR THEIR INFORMATION.

Mr. Belmont

HOWARD

62-80356-4

CO: SAC, MINNEAPOLIS
AND STATE INSURANCE
DEPARTMENT DIVISION

JLA:BJB
100-0

CC: SAC, CHICAGO (RM C)

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

That is, the power of basic law is given only to the people, not anyone else. In this analysis that I hope you will concur you can readily see the illegality of various investigating committees, not in the formation of said committees as Congress has a perfect right to establish as many committees as they approve of, but in the operation of these committees in regard to the people.

The Committees of Congress when desiring to look into any condition that in their opinion may affect the well being of the Union, they have to apply to the Secretary of State so that this office may apply to the same Offices of the States involved and not until permission has been given by the Office of the various States the Committee of Congress can travel to the desired point, and then when arriving to that State, they can merely be spectators, as the duty of investigation rests solely on the Office of the State or States under investigation. Again, our Union of 48 States is a voluntary Union, all States participating with absolute equality.

These explanations bring us to our international problem and before we enter in them let us consider our fountains of wealth:

- 1 - Natural Resources
- 2 - The Constitution
- 3 - Education
- 4 - The Independence of 48 States united for common action.

These are our basic virtues and abundant wealth, all others are temporary and of condition.

By the virtue of these God given benefits and wisdom we became the world's first power but in our blindness instead of guarding and protecting these virtues we became easy victims to influences, mostly due to the fact that these influences presented themselves with large checks on sight; thus many of us thought and accepted the weak fact that money was all.

In other parts of the world other people lacking our virtues decided that money was an inert item, that unless human hands did move it and human heads negotiated, money for all practical purposes was zero. Instead they considered that labor and only labor was the creator of all material things and accordingly they went to work.

These are the results: By 1953 half of the world adopted their system of wealth by labor and the other half of the world gradually finds itself opening one door to another, all leading directly to the same "hall".

Specifically you can see that even such a conservative Empire as the British have, unable to control corporative practices, decided to nationalize them. France in spite of the ultra saving qualities of the French maintains a powerful, duly elected communist force. In Italy we find that the government in order to be in power has to socialize degree by degree. Even law abiding Scandinavia recognizes socialism as a dire necessity to them. I shall not mention Africa, Asia and the oceans because even high school students sense the conditions.

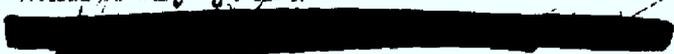
This is our predicament and nothing of practical economical force

2nd page - May 12, 1953
To Senator McCarthy of Wisconsin.

being done on a degree that will reestablish our position in the world.

I think that by shouting "red" the economic force is going to deviate
run - of all the people in the world we should be the ones to fall
such a silly theory.

Education made possible the discovery of many sciences, the latest
call Commercial Science and when we measure the world economic forces
find that Communism at its best can only produce $66 \frac{2}{3}\%$ economic
ce; in like manner we find that a Corporative State can only produce
 $1/3\%$ of economic force. We also find that Free Economy produces 100%
economic force, thus scientifically, here lies the solution of our
ld problem.

Sincerely yours



As being an open letter copies have been forwarded to the proper
ices.

July 7, 1953

62-60527-34662

RECORDED - 68

INDEXED - 69

Honorable Joseph R. McCarthy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 2, 1953, requesting a name check on [redacted], who is being considered for a position on your office staff.

I wish to advise you that based on the information furnished, no record of [redacted] could be located in our files.

This is the result of an FBI file check only and should not be considered as a clearance of the above-mentioned individual.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

SHR:lae
SNA

MAILED 2
JUL 7 1953
COMM. FBI

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gearty _____
- Mohr _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Sizoo _____
- Nease _____

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
E. B. I.
SEC. 10-101 REG. OFFICE

62 JUL 15 1953

JUL 7 1 17 PM '53
RECEIVED READING ROOM
F B I
RECEIVED DIRECTOR
F B I
JUL 7 2 04 PM '53
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

V. G. ...
ALB

RECORDED-130

INDEXED-130

June 3, 1953

62-60527-34131

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Honorable Joseph E. McCarthy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My Dear Senator:

Reference is made to your letter dated May 23, 1953, requesting a name check on [redacted] who is being considered for a position on the staff of the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations.

I wish to advise you that based on the information furnished, no record of [redacted] could be located in our files.

This is the result of an FBI file check only, and should not be considered as a clearance of the above-named individual.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

HR:mkj

SAR

VPK

JUN 3 3 37 PM '53

DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FBI

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
FBI
JUN 3 11 23 AM '53
REC'D-10120M.2 OFFICE

- Tolson
- Ladd
- Nichols
- Belmont
- Clegg
- Glavin
- Harbo
- Rosen
- Tracy
- Egan
- Gurnea
- Hendon
- Pennington
- Quinn
- Nease
- Gandy

MAILED 6
JUN 3 - 1953

VO

J. P. McCARTHY, SEN., CHAIRMAN
 W. B. DICK, SEN. JR.
 J. W. FORTNEY, SEN.
 J. W. WADSWORTH, SEN.
 J. P. McCARTHY, SEN.
 MARSHALL BUTLER, SEN.
 ALICE E. POTTER, SEN.
 WALTER L. REYNOLDS, CHIEF CLERK
 JOHN L. McCLELLAN, SEN.
 ELYSE R. HOEY, SEN.
 ROBERT M. MARSHALL, SEN.
 HENRY M. JACKSON, SEN.
 JOHN F. KENNEDY, SEN.
 STUART SYMINGTON, SEN.

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

May 23, 1953

Mr. Tolson ✓
 Mr. Ladd ✓
 Mr. Nichols ✓
 Mr. Belmont ✓
 Mr. Clegg ✓
 Mr. Glavin ✓
 Mr. Harbo ✓
 Mr. Rosen ✓
 Mr. Tracy ✓
 Mr. Gearty ✓
 Mr. Mohr ✓
 Mr. Winterrowd ✓
 Tele. Room ✓
 Mr. Holloman ✓
 Mr. Sizoo ✓
 Miss Gandy ✓

Dear Mr. Hoover:

[redacted] ⁰ *plane checks -*
 [redacted], who was born in Toledo, Ohio, [redacted]
 [redacted] and whose present address is [redacted] Street, N.W., Washington,
 D. C., is being considered for a position on the staff of the Senate
 Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations.

It would be appreciated if you would check her name against
 your files and advise us whether they contain any information bear-
 ing upon her loyalty, character, or integrity, which information would
 be of assistance to us in considering her application. Any information
 furnished us will be treated in strict confidence.

Thank you for your cooperation in this matter,

Very truly yours,

Joe McCarthy
 JOE McCARTHY
 Chairman
 Senate Permanent Subcommittee
 on Investigations

B.R.C.

*let to McCarthy
 6-3-53
 H.R.*

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
 Director
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Washington 25, D. C.

RECEIVED
 MAY 26 1953

*Request being
 handled Spec. Memo Unit.
 JTB 5/27/53*

RECORDED-130

62-60527-34131
 MAY 26 1953
 4-3

Am...

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: January 16, 1954

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

ROY A. ROBERTS

- Tolson _____
- Board _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Conroy _____
- Mohr _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Slone _____
- Miss Gandy _____

[Redacted] gave me the attached story released by the North American Newspaper Alliance by Roy Roberts of the Kansas City Star under date of December 29, 1953. At the end of this release, Roberts states it is a pity that a bipartisan commission of three outstanding Democrats and three outstanding Republicans, without bias on the issue of Communists in the Government, could not be set up to go over the great mass of material the FBI is gathering; that this would keep both the probe itself and the FBI out of political implications. Roberts then observed that the Loyalty Board set-up did not work and Congress certainly is not going to surrender the power of investigating this Communist topic.

I am wondering if sometime it would not be well to talk to *[Redacted]* about this rather than have the office take it up with Roberts.

Attachment
LBN:arm

*I suggest
Nichols do
this*

1-19

RECORDED
INDEXED - 82
EX-126

62-100742-1
FEB 2 1954

ADDENDUM: LBN:arm 1-27-54. I talked to *[Redacted]* about the foregoing. He had not seen the story. He said that Roy Roberts had gone far out of line; that what Roberts has been talking about is a Joint Committee of Congress and that Roberts is against the commission idea and had opposed Truman's Nimitz Commission. He will straighten Roberts out on this.

I say he has. His suggestion is more extreme than any the ultra left wing @ DA has ever suggested.

THIS STORY OBTAINED THROUGH COOPERATION OF KANSAS CITY STAR.

MCCARTHY MAY BE OVERZEALOUS;
HE CAN'T BE CALLED HYPOCRITE

PRECEDE:

THE WRITER, PRESIDENT OF THE KANSAS CITY STAR, IS AN ACUTE
OBSERVER OF THE NATIONAL POLITICAL SCENE.

END PRECEDE

BY ROY A. ROBERTS

NORTH AMERICAN NEWSPAPER ALLIANCE

KANSAS CITY, MO., DEC. 29.--THE MOST AMAZING PHENOMENON IN WASHINGTON
TODAY IS JOE MCCARTHY AND THE CONTROVERSY THAT RAGES AROUND HIM.

THERE HAS BEEN NOTHING LIKE IT IN DECADES OF AMERICAN POLITICAL
HISTORY, EXCEPT POSSIBLY THE METEORIC BUT SHORT CAREER IN THE NATION'S
CAPITAL OF HUEY LONG.

NO SHRINKING VIOLET, MCCARTHY DOESN'T ATTEMPT TO RUN FROM THE
GLARING CONSPICUITY. PROBABLY INWARDLY HE MAY ENJOY IT A BIT. WHETHER
HE DOES OR NOT, HE IS NOT GOING TO SUBSIDE, FOR HE DEFINITELY FEELS
HE IS A MAN WITH A MISSION, THAT JOE MCCARTHY HAS A JOB TO PERFORM
FOR HIS NATION. HE THRIVES ON OPPOSITION.

IF EVER A MAN HAS BEEN MADE BY HIS FOES, IT IS MCCARTHY. LET
MCCARTHY OPEN HIS MOUTH, AND IT IS A SCREAMING HEADLINE.

ABROAD, NEXT TO THE PRESIDENT HIMSELF, MCCARTHY PROBABLY COMES IN
FOR AS MUCH ATTENTION, EVEN THOUGH IT BE WITHOUT UNDERSTANDING OF
THE REAL SITUATION.

MCCARTHY MAY BE AMBITIOUS, BUT THE WHITE HOUSE, WHICH HIS FOES
CLAIM IS HIS GOAL, CERTAINLY IS NOT IN HIS SIGHTS. HE IS TOO MUCH A
REALIST IN POLITICS FOR THAT. HE KNOWS THAT ANYBODY AROUND WHOM HAVE
SURGED SUCH BITTER PASSIONS WOULD NEVER BE PICKED BY A NATIONAL
CONVENTION.

HE IS A CATHOLIC, AND SINCE THE AL SMITH CAMPAIGN IN 1928, NEITHER
PARTY HAS TAKEN A CHANCE ON BRINGING A RELIGIOUS ISSUE INTO A NATIONAL
CAMPAIGN; EVEN THOUGH THERE IS FAR MORE RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE TODAY.

TO MCCARTHY, SOVIET RUSSIA IS A GODLESS SYSTEM. HE ISN'T A HYPO-
CRITE. HE BELIEVES IMPLICITLY, WITH ALL HIS SOUL, IN THE CRUSADE HE
IS MAKING TO DRIVE THE REDS OUT OF OUR GOVERNMENT. HE FEELS SO KEENLY
ON THE SUBJECT THAT HE IS ALMOST COLOR BLIND. HE OFTEN GETS PALE
PINKS MIXED UP WITH THE DEEPER HUE.

MCCARTHY HAS LEARNED THAT EXTREME STATEMENTS GO A LOT FURTHER IN
GETTING ATTENTION THAN CONSIDERED ONES. BUT THERE IS GENERALLY SOME
PURPOSE BEHIND EVEN HIS WILDEST STATEMENTS.

(MORE)

UNQUESTIONABLY, THE DEMOCRATS WOULD JUST AS SOON SEE THE COMMUNISTS-IN-GOVERNMENT ISSUE DROPPED. THE RECORD AS IT IS BEING UNFOLDED, IS AMAZING. IT WAS A MATTER OF COMPLACENCY, NOT TREASON OR DISLOYALTY. THE FAMOUS "RED HERRING" REMARK TYPIFIES THE THINKING. BUT THE REPLY WAS: DENOUNCE THE ACCUSERS.

MCCARTHY WASN'T EVEN A PIONEER AT THE JOB. DICK NIXON, NOW VICE PRESIDENT, WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR UNCOVERING THE ALGER HISS CASE. MCCARTHY WASN'T EVEN IN THE SHOW THEN. HE WAS HUNTING FOR AN ISSUE THAT WOULD HELP RE-ELECT HIM IN WISCONSIN. HE DECIDED THE RED ISSUE OFFERED POSSIBILITIES AND THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT HARBORED A NEST OF REDS.

SO HE STARTED BLASTING, OVERSTATING HIS CASE, UNQUESTIONABLY, ON WHAT HE THEN HAD. THAT STARTED THE TORRENT OF ABUSE OF MCCARTHY. THERE HAS SELDOM BEEN ANYTHING LIKE IT. THE "LIBERALS" SOUGHT TO DESTROY HIM. INSTEAD, THEY MADE HIM. MCCARTHY BEGAN SWINGING BACK AND HE WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO. HE ENJOYS HIS ROLE.

POLITICALLY, MCCARTHY, OR "MCCARTHYISM," AS THE DEMOCRATS CALL IT, PRESENTS QUITE A PROBLEM. AROUND NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON AND OTHER SPOTS, HIS NAME MAY BE POISON. BUT IF CONGRESSMEN AND OTHER POLITICOS ARE TO BE BELIEVED, CERTAINLY HE ISN'T ANATHEMA IN THE MIDDLE WEST, ESPECIALLY.

THE LOCAL DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES DON'T WANT HIM ON THEIR TRAIL, AND THE REPUBLICANS, ~~WHETHER THEY APPROVE THE MCCARTHY TACTICS OR NOT,~~ SAY OPENLY HIS SUPPORT IS AN ASSET.

AROUND MCCARTHY THERE IS A GROUP OF SENATORS THAT GENERALLY STICK WITH HIM AND THINK WITH HIM. IF THEY EVER BROKE WITH THE ADMINISTRATION, THERE WOULDN'T EVEN BE A DEADLOCK OF THE PARTIES AS EXISTS TODAY. SOME SHREWD DEMOCRATIC POLITICIANS HAVE BEEN TRYING TO DRIVE A COMPLETE WEDGE OR SPLIT BETWEEN THE MCCARTHY GROUP AND THE WHITE HOUSE.

CURIOSLY, DESPITE ALL THE STORIES TO THE CONTRARY, MCCARTHY DOESN'T WANT TO BREAK WITH IKE. HE WANTS TO STAY INSIDE THE REPUBLICAN PARTY. ON MOST OTHER ISSUES, MCCARTHY GOES ALONG WITH THE ADMINISTRATION. HE THINKS THE ADMINISTRATION CROWD OUGHT TO LEAVE HIM ALONE AND LET MCCARTHY, AS HE ALWAYS REFERS TO HIMSELF IN THIRD PERSON, CONDUCT HIS OWN CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE REDS. BUT IF THEY SWING ON HIM, HE IS GOING TO SWING BACK.

WHEN BOTH THE PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY DULLES ATTEMPTED TO SLAP MCCARTHY DOWN FOR INVADING THE FIELD OF FOREIGN POLICY, IT TOOK A GOOD DEAL OF PERSUASION, SO WASHINGTON GETS IT, TO KEEP MCCARTHY MODERATE.

(MORE)

N-A-N-A--3. ADD TW. ROBERTS--MCCARTHY.

AS FAR AS IKE HIMSELF IS CONCERNED, THERE IS NO LOVE LOST BETWEEN HIM AND SENATOR MCCARTHY. THAT IS PUTTING IT VERY MILDLY. THEY ARE ABOUT AS UNLIKE AS THE POLES.

IT'S A PITY A BIPARTISAN COMMISSION OF SAY THREE OUTSTANDING DEMOCRATS AND THREE OUTSTANDING REPUBLICANS, WITHOUT BIAS ON THE ISSUE OF COMMUNISTS IN GOVERNMENT, COULD NOT BE SET UP TO GO OVER THE GREAT MASS OF MATERIAL THE FBI IS GATHERING. THAT WOULD KEEP BOTH THE PROBE, ITSELF, AND THE FBI OUT OF POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS. BUT THE LOYALTY-BOARD SETUP DIDN'T WORK WELL. AND CONGRESS CERTAINLY ISN'T GOING TO SURRENDER THE POWER OF INVESTIGATING THIS COMMUNIST TOPIC. IT'S ENTIRELY TOO HOT.

MEANTIME, MCCARTHY GOES HIS WAY. THEY SAY IN WASHINGTON HE HAS ADVOCATES SPOTTED IN EVERY DEPARTMENT WHO FEED HIM INFORMATION AND GOSSIP.

THE NEXT BIG MOVE BY MCCARTHY, AS WASHINGTON GETS IT, WILL BE AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT AGAIN. WHEN ACHESON HEADED IT, THAT FACT WAS MCCARTHY'S CHIEF FUEL AND FORAGE. HE HAS HAD CLASHES ALREADY WITH SECRETARY DULLES. BUT HE IS REALLY GUNNING, THEY SAY, FOR GEN. BEDELL SMITH, UNDERSECRETARY, ON THE SCORE THAT HE HAS KEPT TOO MANY OF THE ACHESON-TRUMAN-ROOSEVELT DIPLOMATS IN KEY SPOTS.

END ROBERTS--MCCARTHY--NANA-53 MG729P

November 22, 1954

62-101697-1

Mr. Maurice Tishman
President
Maurice Tishman, Inc.
607 Fifth Avenue
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. Tishman:

Your letter of November 14, 1954, with enclosures, has been received.

The interest which prompted you to write is sincerely appreciated, and I want to thank you for sending me a copy of the communication you sent to all United States Senators and a copy of your letter dated September 23, 1954, to the Honorable Harold E. Stassen.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Note: In a communication from correspondent to all U. S. Senators he discusses the merits of Senator McCarthy and his efforts to combat the Communist menace. He most emphatically does not favor censure of Senator McCarthy. In his communication to the Honorable Harold E. Stassen dated 9-23-54 correspondent points out, in his opinion, the inconsistencies in the recent lifting of the embargo on platinum which "will result in a net advantage to the free world of expanding peaceful trade and more effective control of war potential items."

[Redacted]

Black letter-head paper has been used in the past in writing to Tishman.

- Tolson _____
- Boardman _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Harbo _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Sizoo _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

BAUMBARNER

81 DEC 8 GEM:es
(3)

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Maurice Tishman Inc.

MAKERS OF FINE DIAMOND JEWELRY
DIAMOND IMPORTERS

MAURICE TISHMAN
PRESIDENT

607 FIFTH AVENUE
New York 17
PLAZA S 7807

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

October 17, 1951

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Dept. of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I feel sure you will find the enclosed letters of interest. One, I have sent to every member of the United States Senate before the debate on the Watkins Committee's Report on the McCarthy Commure Resolution began. The other is a letter I have sent to Harold L. Stassen, U.S.A. Director in Washington, and is self-explanatory.

I had hoped to pay you a special visit on November 15th, when I was in Washington attending the "Rally for Liberty" being held at Constitution Hall but regret that my limited time would not allow this.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely,

Maurice Tishman

MT/rb
Encl: 2

NOV 1 1951

10 17

62-101697-1

ENCL

Handwritten notes:
ack
6 F

INDEXED

Maurice Tishman Inc.

MAKERS OF FINE DIAMOND JEWELRY
DIAMOND IMPORTERS

MAURICE TISHMAN
PRESIDENT

607 FIFTH AVENUE
New York 17
PLAZA 5-7837

November 4, 1954

Dear Senator:

Some time ago, for your interest, I sent to you a copy of a brochure I have published, "Will Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's Method Save or Destroy America?" In this pamphlet, based upon a twenty year study I have made of the Red conspiracy, you will find some revealing facts of how Communism operates and how successful its methods have been in destroying many of the freedom-loving nations of the world.

In the present congressional "tempest in a teapot" over this question, the decision of the honorable members of the Watkins Committee, recommending censure of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy for trivial expressions of anger and exasperation against obstinate witnesses and senatorial foes of his investigating committee, reflects the thinking processes of the Nineteenth Century rather than the realities of today.

These six elder statesmen, sincere and honest though they are, arrived at their decision in the light of an age of diplomatic courtesies and parliamentary decorum, an age now passed into history, when the world was at peace and life flowed along as placidly as the Old Mill Stream.

They represent the Rip Van Winkles of our American leadership, who may awaken too late from their long sleep of complacency to find the world crashing about their ears.

These six senators seem, in their report, to be completely unaware of the fact that a savage and ruthless force is loose upon the earth, that it has captured the imagination of half the peoples of the world and that America, the last oasis of freedom left in a half slave world, is the only nation that stands between this force and the total destruction of civilization.

While this cancerous growth is spreading, we talk of senatorial dignity and a proper respect for the rank and prestige of an army officer who, suspected of covering up for his superiors, showed nothing but disdain for the Chairman of a legally appointed Congressional committee investigating the Red menace, which threatens the very existence of our Army.

We summon Congress to a special session to consider the technical propriety of a Senator's language but on the real question, to which the Senator was seeking an answer--as to who promoted and gave an honorable discharge to the Communist suspect, Peress, both congress and the American people are still in the dark.

Who is better qualified to understand the dangers which beset us than those Congressional leaders charged with a study of the Communist conspiracy and delegated to expose this evil that like a deadly poison is spreading within the American democracy?

Do not these men, who have given years of their time to this problem and been in actual contact with the subversives, know more about the proper methods of handling them than the members of the Watkins' Committee, whose experience is limited to a few weeks in a committee room, talking among themselves on a trifling matter of investigatorial procedure?

Who are better qualified to know than the members of the McCarthy Senate Sub-Committee, the Velde Committee, the Jenner Committee (and before them) the Dies Committee, who were all unanimous in their decision, that the methods finally evolved by Senator McCarthy are the only methods that will throw the pitiless light of publicity on these Red conspirators who always work in the dark and under false banners, to deceive and mislead the American people.

Since the late thirties, just before the outbreak of World War II, when Congress--alarmed at the extent of Red infiltration--constituted the House Committee on Un-American Activities, headed by Congressman Martin Dies, down through all the Congressional investigating committees to the present day, the story has been the same. The investigators have found the Communists dangerously entrenched at every level of our government, with their agents and fellow travelers often holding key positions in those departments where government policy is made.

And when the members of these committees, of both political parties, have sought to alert the country to the extent of this evil infiltration, they have immediately become the target of not only the Communist conspirators themselves but the American fellow travelers, the leftist press, our misinformed intellectuals and our misled spiritual leaders, who spearheading a "vested interest in error" have by misrepresentation and smears sought to belittle the investigators and undo their work.

When dealing with such traitors and subversives, you cannot use the kid glove approach. Senator McCarthy, in his methods, has but followed the change of methods apparent in our military and diplomatic approach, meeting force with force, and challenge with challenge. And because of these methods, Senator McCarthy has at last struck "pay dirt": goaded the government into action, alerted the American people, and united the enemies of Communism into a formidable force that holds the

to the Communists' defeat.

A dramatic note of warning to America of her danger was sounded by Senator Pat McCarran just before he died. He had waged a campaign against the Reds for years and was preparing to attack the findings of the Watkins' Committee, even before election. But, addressing an audience on the dangers of Communism, the heart of the old warrior was stilled only a few moments after he had said: "At no time in our history has the United States been in such jeopardy as it is today."

And yet some of our political leaders of both parties say that the Watkins' Committee's report is satisfying.

Satisfying whom? The New York Post, whose editor, a self-confessed ex-Communist, gives the leftist slant to its news reports and daily editorials with which it seeks to poison the minds of its misinformed readers--the paper that on the day the report was released splashed its entire front page with but two huge words, "McCARTHY GUILTY."

Guilty of what? That he didn't always speak softly when dealing with those who are trying to wreck America?

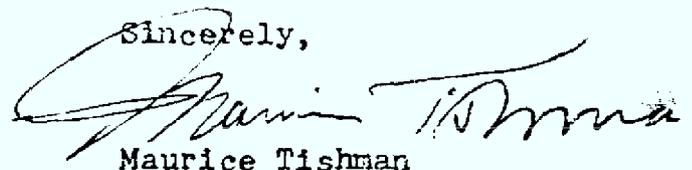
By such inflammatory words as "GUILTY", does the New York Post misconstrue the news, painting an untruthful and misleading picture for its uninformed readers, and by implication, dressing up a simple report of senatorial censure to sound as if the honorable Senator from Wisconsin had committed some serious crime against the people of America.

Another "American" newspaper, the Communist Daily Worker, headlines its report of the Watkins' Committee's findings with "GOOD NEWS FOR AMERICA" and starts its editorial under the caption "THROW THE BUM OUT."

It is my sincere opinion, Honorable Sir, that from the facts at hand, if the United States Senate votes to uphold this report, it will not be "throwing the bum out," it will be letting the bums in, and that will be "GOOD NEWS" indeed for the Kremlin, but black news for America.

If McCarthy deserves censure, then every God-fearing, loyal American in our beloved land deserves censure too.

Sincerely,



Maurice Tishman

MT/rb

P.S. If you have mislaid the brochure referred to above, I shall be happy to send you another copy.

Maurice Tishman Inc.

MAKERS OF FINE DIAMOND JEWELRY
DIAMOND IMPORTERS

MAURICE TISHMAN
PRESIDENT

607 FIFTH AVENUE
New York 17
PLAZA 517 267

Hon. Harold E. Stassen
F.O.A. Director
Washington, D. C.

September 23, 1954

Dear Mr. Stassen:

As reported in the New York Times of August 26th, the Foreign Operations Administration has added platinum to the list of permissible American exports to the Soviet Union and the Iron Curtain countries.

In a statement accompanying this lifting of the embargo on platinum and other products, you said:- "I am convinced that this revision will result in a net advantage to the free world of expanded peaceful trade and more effective control of the war potential items."

I am rather surprised at this statement, Mr. Stassen. Has not platinum (which you are now adding to the list of permissible exports) always been considered a war potential, a strategic metal used in a score of ways in the manufacture of weapons of war, including the hydrogen bomb? Has it not been so defined, protected and stock-piled by our government, as necessary for our war effort since World War II days? Was it not froze by order of our War Munitions Board through both World War II and the Korea War as a measure of military necessity? And after our government had stock piled far more than was needed for the war effort, did not the War Munitions Board in both these wars refuse the urgent plea of the American jewelry industry (a strong segment of the American economy supporting this war effort for a small amount of this excess metal to keep its manufacturing plants going?

Do you know that for three long years after the start of the Korea War our industry was prohibited from buying an ounce of platinum, and yet every manufacturer of fine platinum jewelry kept his full force working? Where did this supply of platinum come from? The black market was the only source.

During all these years, who supplied this black market, and more important, who is now responsible for offering this war potential metal for export to our enemy, the Soviet Union, which is the largest producer of platinum in the world and whose avowed purpose is not only to destroy the American economy but the American democracy itself?

Russia, since the Korean War, has consistently refused to sell a single ounce of platinum to the United States directly, while freely selling this metal to our own Allies, who are themselves producers of platinum. Why?

I am respectfully enclosing, for your interest, a brochure on this

September 23, 1954

first part of this question that I published in 1951. The whole sordid story is there.

You will observe, from the facts in this brochure, that agents of the two English and Canadian corporations (that are the largest producers of platinum in the Western Hemisphere) were appointed to authoritative positions on the War Munitions Board in Washington, through both these wars, and denied the American jewelry industry a single ounce of platinum to keep its plants going.

The excuse, of course, was to protect the Allied war effort. You will observe, however, that during this time, England placed no restriction on the use of platinum by the English jewelry industry and that Canada placed no government restriction on the use of platinum by the Canadian jewelry industry, but that the American jewelry industry and the thousands of workers it employs, - was put in jeopardy to build up this segment of the failing Canadian and English economy and, more important, these foreign corporations through their representatives on our War Munitions Board, sought to force American jewelers to use the worthless metal, palladium, as a substitute (which it had an unlimited supply and no market) or go into the black market for their platinum and pay the exorbitant prices this well supplied source could command.

However, Mr. Stassen, this is all water over the dam. The shocking thing to me now, is something far more important to the free world than the life of an American industry. It is the life and future of the American nation.

Is the American Foreign Operations Administration following the appeasement policy of the English government, whose former Labor premier and representatives of the Churchill government were recently being wined and dined by the Reds of Russia and China? Are we, too, about to join Male picking flowers and drinking Vodka to each other's futures, in a garden of "Peace" in Moscow? With one hand we completely outlaw the Reds and with the other freely offer them the strategic materials to destroy us.

Is this the travesty we make of the ideals for which our youths have given their lives to uphold? Is this the way to the "free world of expanded peaceful trade?" Or is this the way to the destruction of our American nation and the christian principles upon which it was founded? I am sure the millions of fathers and mothers and young wives of those boys who have made the supreme sacrifice would like an answer.

Respectfully,


Maurice Tishman

MT/rb

P.S. I am enclosing for your interest a prize winning slogan of mine for Foreign Affairs in a contest held by the National Republican Club, of which I am a member.

September 21, 1953

RECORDED-49
INDEXED-49

94-1-5971-86

EX-124

Commander A. J. ~~Belfi~~
Wall Street Post Number 1217
The American Legion
Federal Hall Memorial Building
Wall and Nassau Streets
New York 5, New York

G. L. R. 43

Dear Commander Belfi:

Thanks very much for your kind letter of September 15, 1953. I deeply appreciate your thoughtful remarks and your generous invitation for me to attend your "Bill of Rights Day" program on September 25, 1953.

It would indeed be a pleasure to be with you on that occasion if it were at all possible. I regret, however, that a prior commitment will prevent me from attending.

I am grateful for your friendly good wishes, and I would like to take this opportunity to express my hope that the program will be a thoroughly successful and enjoyable one.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

COMM - FBI
SEP 22 1953
MAILED 28

cc-New York, with copy incoming.

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gearty _____
- Mohr _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Sizoo _____
- Miss Gandy _____

MLL:ajd:gaw

7:00 OCT 12 1953

NOTED

RECEIVED READING ROOM
SEP 21 8 04 PM '53

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
SEP 21 4 06 PM '53

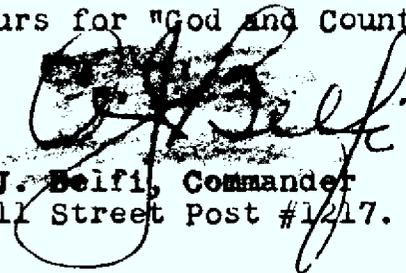
Hon. J. Edgar Hoover.

-2-

I sincerely hope your recent physical check up in the hospital in California was favorable and that you will honor us with your presence on the 25th of September.

With best wishes for your good health and in anticipation of an early acceptance, I remain sincerely

Yours for "God and Country"



A.J. Beifi, Commander
Wall Street Post #1217.

April 18, 1954

RECORDED - 93

94-5-4171

INDEXED - 93

[Redacted]

Faverhill, Massachusetts

Dear [Redacted]

Your letter of April 7, 1954, has been received.

While I would like to be of service, I must advise that data in FBI files are confidential and available for official use only. I know you will understand the reason for this rule and will not infer either that we do or that we do not have any information of the type you desire regarding the individuals you mentioned.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

NOTE: Correspondent desired to know if there are any Communist Party affiliations on the part of Mr. Edward R. Murrow or Senator Joseph McCarthy.

GEM:grs

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gearty _____
- Mohr _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Miss Gandy _____

MAILED 4
APR 19 1954
COMM. FBI

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

I.R.-8

April 27, 1954

RECORDED - 23
INDEXED - 23

94-8-19-548

[Redacted]
Columbus 14, Ohio

Dear [Redacted]

I have just received the copy of your letter to the Editor of the Columbus Dispatch, Columbus, Ohio, which you sent me in your envelope postmarked April 19, 1954.

Your thoughtfulness in making this communication available to me is indeed appreciated and your very kind comments concerning my efforts, and the work of this Bureau, are certainly gratifying. I hope that our endeavors will continue to merit your support.

It is a pleasure to enclose some material concerning the subject of Communism which I thought you might like to have.

Sincerely yours,

[Redacted Signature]

- Enclosures (6)
- How to Fight Communism
 - Communist Virus
 - Communist Threat to the U. S.
 - Breaking the Communist Spell
 - Where do we Stand Today With Communism in the United States?
 - 100 Things You Should Know About Communism in the U. S. A.

MAILED 4
APR 28 1954
COMM-FBI

RECEIVED READING ROOM
APR 27 7 00 PM '54
FBI

Handwritten signature/initials

- Tolson
- Ladd
- Nichols
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Glavin
- Harbo
- Tracy
- Nease
- Winterrowd
- Tele. Room
- Holloman
- Gandy

NOTE: FBI files contain no record of correspondent.

BET: jas: cps

Handwritten signature

Editor - Columbus Dispatch, Columbus

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. Boardman
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Belmont
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tamm
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Winterrowd
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Holloman
- Miss Gandy

There is one point in Mr. Whithead's report of April 17 on McCarthy that I vigorously dispute. In bold-face type Mr. Whithead makes the following point:

But McCarthy is an heroic figure to millions of Americans who see in him--and not FBI chief J. Edgar Hoover or the President--the real leader of the fight against Communism"

As one of McCarthy's admirers I wish to make it clear that J. Edgar Hoover is just as heroic to me. There is plenty of hunting ground to go around and it is needless to start a jealous feud over who bags the most Communists.

J. Edgar Hoover's dogged determination in successfully investigating thousands of Communists over the years commands my reverent adulation. It is amazing that he has been able to do it for so many years without permitting his hide to be nailed to the wall by the Communist inspired smear artists who are now harassing McCarthy.

It takes the qualities of both men to cope with the Communists: the patient brilliance of J. Edgar Hoover to hunt them down; and the courageous voice of McCarthy to arouse public opinion to do something about it after they are hunted down.

It is my opinion that McCarthy's disclaiming receipt of any reports directly from the FBI is intended to keep the rest off the FBI which will criticize them as it has the Congressional Investigative Committees. If they learn these reports they can be sure that the FBI will be next in line to target for the big game of the Communist smear artists.

Mr. Whithead seems to have walked a pretty straight wire with his McCarthy reports. I cannot accuse him of being one of the Washington divide and conquer newshawks who never give up trying to split the Republican party. Nevertheless, I do not appreciate the constant barrage of McCarthy vs. the reports coming out of Washington.

EXP. PROC.
APR 21 1954
A



RECORDED - 23
INDEXED - 23

94-8-19-548

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: April 26, 1950

FROM : SAC, Memphis

SUBJECT: EDITORIAL
NASHVILLE TENNESSEAN
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Attached hereto is an editorial entitled "It's No Use Senator", which appeared in the Nashville Tennessean, Nashville, Tennessee, on April 22, 1950. This editorial concludes with the following sentence, "In spearheading this program, the F.B.I. can be credited with knowing what it is doing and having the situation well in hand."

DSH:FJ

EX-125

(enc)

no return in view of past correspondence.

EX-125

74-8-155-61

RECORDED - 109
INDEXED - 109

103
E.S.M.

Use, Senator

Public respect for Sen. Joseph McCarthy, never anything to brag about, is due for a further decline in view of that gentleman's reaction to collapse of his blanket charges against the state department.

True to the cabled prediction of Mr. Owen Lattimore, the case against that Far Eastern expert has failed, causing the Wisconsin prosecutor to fall on his face.

Ex-Communist Louis F. Budenz did not convict Mr. Lattimore as a cell member and leading Russian spy. All he could do was to repeat hearsay evidence, none of which was convincing and some of which has already been branded untrue. Of his own knowledge, the former writer for *The Daily Worker* cannot back up the charges, upon which, he once said, he was willing to rest his case before the people.

What does a man do when thus exposed as one who goes after headlines on the basis of rumors and half-truths with little regard for the reputations of men as good, and often better, than he?

If he is the right sort, he confesses error and seeks to make amends. If not, he does just what Senator McCarthy has done, which is to hide behind a smoke screen while seeking to persuade gullible people that he himself is a fit candidate for martyrdom.

The tack which the senator took in his talk before the convention of newspaper editors in Washington, immediately after Mr. Budenz has testified, was shot through with demagoguery. Now he is the man who is smeared and vilified; he is the one who deserves public sympathy! "I know," he cries, "that it would be thus". In his own mind, at least, he is the great patriot who has suffered in behalf of the purest principles—one who is in immediate need of sympathy and support.

This is not an unfamiliar tactic when one is looking for an out. But it fails to obscure the fact that the man at the wailing wall would not be in that position but for the fact that he has been splattering mud right and left for many weeks, inciting suspicion, abusing trusted public servants, and shouting treason with no justification.

Listening editors could not but have been struck by the fact that self-pity has not altered Senator McCarthy's basic behavior pattern. He could not refrain from assailing another citizen, this time one of the most eminent ones of all.

He dared not apply the epithet of "Communist", for his target was none other than Gen. George C. Marshall, war hero, former secretary of state, and present head of the American Red Cross. But in Senator McCarthy's eyes, General Marshall is also an object of suspicion and contempt because of his alleged "unfitness" to deal with the complicated problem of China immediately after the war.

At his Pinehurst, N. C., home, the general disposed of his detractor with two words: "No comment." They were quite sufficient.

For Senator McCarthy's benefit, we would point out that it is far too late to cry himself out of the situation in which he now finds himself. He has done his country a disservice by impairing the efficiency of the state department at a critical time in history, yet at the same time he has unwittingly brought home to all the injustice of scatter-shot witch hunts of political motivation.

With the senator in his prone position, the movement against Communism influence in government and elsewhere can now proceed in its orderly way. In spearheading this program, the F.B.I. can be credited with knowing what it is doing and having the situation well in hand.

94-8-155-61

EDITORIAL:
RE: SENATOR JOSEPH MCCARTHY
FROM: THE NASHVILLE TENNESSEAN, APRIL 22, 1950

From Post-Hall Syndicat
342 Madison Avenue, N York 17, New York
FOR RELEASE ON RECEIPT

INSIDE LABOR

By Victor Riesel

6/8/54
 Mr. Belmont
 Mr. Harbo
 Mr. Mohr
 Mr. Parsons
 Mr. Rosen
 Mr. Tamm
 Mr. Tolson
 Mr. Winterrowd
 Tele. Room
 Mr. Holloman
 Miss Gandy

Just
Eyes

Unless Sen. Joseph McCarthy's reflexes are not what they were a few hours ago the Senator may be taking on the CIO next.

A mighty important section of Walter Reuther's Political Action Committee has just passed on hints to both Democratic and Republican political candidates that they may get no aid from CIO unless they pledge themselves not to vote funds for the Wisconsin Senator's investigating committee with which to "probe alleged subversion in the Armed Forces."

Had these seeming threats been issued by any other section of the CIO's PAC they probably would have gone unnoticed in this day of the telethon. But the source was the successful CIO Political Action Committee in New Jersey, the state containing the battleground known as Fort Monmouth, which started more feuding than Fort Sumter.

Furthermore, the New Jersey CIO-PAC has openly thrown its weight behind the Army in the war between Mr. Stevens and Sen. McCarthy -- an action the solon from Wisconsin will undoubtedly take as a personal insult.

It all developed over the past weekend when the Jersey PAC asked, among other questions, what the two Senatorial candidates there will do about voting more funds for the probe if they are elected. The PAC also wanted to know if the Republican and Democratic nominees believe the Army or the Senator handled the Fort Monmouth investigation "well".

These queries were part of a questionnaire dispatched to the candidates by Paul Krebs, head of both the New Jersey CIO and its Political Action Committee. The questions reflect CIO's irritation over the large number of Democratic Senators who joined with the Republicans in voting funds earlier this year for Sen. McCarthy's investigating committee -- funds which are considerably depleted by this time, with only about \$75,000 left in the committee's kitty.

INDEXED - 40

102-82195 - 263
NOT RECORDED

19 JUN 11 1954

--MORE--

36 JUN 22 1954

The New Jersey PAC, because of the significant role it played in helping Gov. Robert Meyner defeat the powerful Republican Party in that state, is considered a political weathervane in CIO. This state section of Walter Reuther's national political committee was the first to put its campaigning on a thoroughly scientific basis. It not only has every ward in the state covered, and not only is a powerful part of the new Governor's braintrust, but it also hopes to build Mr. Meyner into a running-mate for Adlai Stevenson in '56.

Further evidence of its importance was demonstrated some months ago when Gov. Meyner made the former head of the state CIO -- Carl Holderman -- his "Secretary of Labor" by naming him Industrial Commissioner over the strenuous and loud objections of the AFL. His CIO successor, Paul Krebs, originated the current drive to get from candidates in his state some definitive answer as to whether they would vote to cut Sen. McCarthy's funds as soon as the investigating committee runs out of its present appropriation.

It would come as no surprise to me if the rest of CIO's Political Action Committees followed Mr. Krebs' lead. For it is not too illogical to assume that the actions of this CIO official have, or will soon get, the approval of Walter Reuther.

Although Krebs is one of CIO's younger generation, he has been one of Mr. Reuther's veteran organizers, having worked for the United Auto Workers Union across the country from New York to Texas. He was, in fact, a United Auto Workers' organizer until he was selected, with Reuther's approval, of course, to succeed Holderman when the latter went into Gov. Meyner's cabinet.

With CIO actively on the side of the Army and its Secretary in this bitterness, it is likely that the Wisconsin Senator will strike back. If he does, he will, for the first time, be thrown into open conflict with a powerful section of organized labor. For the moment this may not sound as startling as it is. But the fact is that there has not yet been any real, nation-wide open war between the two forces.

CIO has, of course, been sharply critical of the Wisconsin Senator. It opposed him during the last Senatorial election. Its press and its president, Walter Reuther, have blasted him. But the Senator, to date, has not taken on either Reuther, the CIO, or the AFL, for that matter, despite the fact that the leadership of both CIO and AFL is for the most part deep in the Democratic Party.

However, that truce (or perhaps it was just an "oversight" on a very hectic front) appears to be over.

Neither Joseph McCarthy nor the aides of Walter Reuther can back down from this one if it develops into a serious public fight. The Senator can survive an adverse decision by the committee sitting for television. But he can't survive an adverse decision by the committee sitting on the Senate's money bags.

This one will be a real war if it gets rolling.

(Copyright 1954, Post-Hall Syndicate, Inc.)

January 19, 1953

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL AGENT

Honorable Joseph P. McCarthy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

My dear Senator:

In connection with your interest in the activities of [redacted], I thought you would like to know the results of our inquiry concerning him while he was in Chicago, Illinois.

[redacted] had checked into the Conrad Hilton Hotel in Chicago, Illinois, on [redacted] room [redacted]. At the same time, one [redacted] of Seattle, Washington, [redacted] checked into the hotel in room [redacted] and [redacted] registered as representative of [redacted] Boulevard, Inglewood, California. From information obtained at the hotel, including the record of telephone calls, it appears that the afore-mentioned individuals as well as [redacted] were all associated with the [redacted].

On January 13, 1953, [redacted] checked out of the hotel. The exact time and date of his return to the hotel is not known inasmuch as he was discovered by the hotel management to be rooming with [redacted], room [redacted] and was requested to register which he did at 1:15 p. m. on January 17, 1953. He listed himself as a representative of [redacted] and furnished an address of [redacted] Los Angeles, California. As of 2 p. m. on January 19, 1953, he still resided with [redacted] in room [redacted].

65-279-X

- Tolson
- Ladd
- Nichols
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Glavin
- Harbo
- Rosen
- Tracy
- Laughlin
- Nease
- Tele. Rm.
- Holloman
- Gandy

JAN 30 1953
WRH:dwl
JAN 21 1953
COMM - FBI

[REDACTED]

You might also be interested in knowing that our Los Angeles office has learned that [REDACTED] while in Los Angeles, lived with [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] Avenue and [REDACTED] appeared to be [REDACTED] in the [REDACTED] 48 [REDACTED] St., 1952, [REDACTED] lived with [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] tract, San Francisco, California. In December 17, 1952, [REDACTED] went to Newark, New Jersey.

While in Los Angeles, California, on January 7, 1953, [REDACTED] was reported to have contacted a [REDACTED] at [REDACTED] tract, Apartment A-5, Newark, New Jersey, at which time he was said to have professed his love for her and to have told her to stay away from one [REDACTED]

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Laughlin _____
- Mohr _____
- Tele. Rm. _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

The above is for your confidential information.
with expressions of my highest esteem and best
regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: December 13, 1951

FROM : SAC, Albany

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT: SYRACUSE POST-STANDARD, POSSIBLE SALE OF NEWSPAPER FOR COMMUNIST PARTY PROPAGANDA DISSEMINATION PURPOSES

Reylet 12/10/51 in captioned matter.

The December 12, 1951 issue of the Syracuse Herald-Journal carried a news item reflecting that Senator JOSEPH R. MC CARTHY had on that date caused a summons and complaint to be filed upon newspaper publisher S. I. NEWHOUSE, alleging civil damages of \$500,000.

NEWHOUSE was described as the owner of the Syracuse Post-Standard. Damages arose, according to MC CARTHY, from an editorial published in the October 19, 1951 Syracuse Post-Standard entitled, "McCarthy and the Davis Incident."

A review of this editorial establishes that it described MC CARTHY as a "disgrace to the United States Senate." The editorial referred to the trial of CHARLES E. DAVIS by a Switzerland court during which it was developed that DAVIS, under orders from MC CARTHY, sent a telegram to JOHN CARTER VINCENT, United States Minister to Switzerland, signing the telegram with the name of a Communist, one STAEMPFELI. The editorial commented that this was to give MC CARTHY ammunition to prove that VINCENT had Communist connections.

Among other references in the editorial calling MC CARTHY's reputation into question, was one charging that MC CARTHY framed Senator TYDINGS by a false photograph showing TYDINGS in the company of WILLIAM E. BROWDER.

A clipping of the editorial will be forwarded to the Bureau as soon as one can be obtained. An initial inquiry, however, has developed that the editorial is available immediately only through the newspaper itself, and I have been reluctant to approach them directly relative to this matter.

It does appear that MC CARTHY's first accusation reported in my letter of November 23, 1951, may well be baseless, and due to his ire over the matter herein reported.

FVB:VA

DEC 18 1951

RECORDED 111
INDEXED 111
94-8-201-4
DEC 18 1951
31

ORIGINAL COPY FILE

badge.

Senator McCarthy Sues Newspaper

S. I. NEWHOUSE, as owner of the Syracuse Post-Standard, today was served with a summons and complaint in behalf of U. S. Senator Joseph R. McCarthy (R-Wis.) alleging civil damages amounting to \$500,000.

McCarthy stated the damages resulted from publication of an editorial in the Post-Standard on Oct. 19, this year. The editorial was entitled "McCarthy and the Davis Incident."

Harold J...
TRAFFIC SAFETY
109 13131

PH
C
S
A
W
A
P
H
U

94-333

TITLE _____
CLASSIFICATION _____
CLIPPING FROM THE "HERALD JOURNAL"
SYRACUSE, N.Y.

DATE, 12/12/51

94-8-261-45

ENCLOSURE

O'Connell
M-Miscellaneous
F *V*

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Gearty _____
- Mohr _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Blum _____
- Miss Gandy _____

July 23, 1953

MR. TOLSON:

JOSEPH R.

While talking to Senator ~~McCarthy~~ on other matters, the following items came up:

WILLIAM P. 1. Senator McCarthy stated that he is going to try to get *JAMES M.* Mr. Rogers to make available to the Committee instances wherein McInerney failed to initiate prosecutive action against subversives. He stated that no doubt there were numerous cases which McInerney squelched and that by investigating these cases, he would not be investigating anyone connected with the Eisenhower administration. I told McCarthy that I doubted if he could possibly expect to have any success inasmuch as his associate Mr. Flanagan was very close to Mr. McInerney and likewise was close to Rogers. McCarthy then stated he had talked the matter over with Nixon and Nixon thought it was a good idea. I then inquired if Flanagan was not also very close to Nixon. McCarthy stated they, of course, did know each other.

2. The Senator commented on his staff and the Committee and stated that he now feels very good over having former Special Agent [redacted] on the staff and that he was very glad the Director finally approved [redacted] coming with the staff. I inquired of the Senator if I understood him correctly, that it was his view that the Director had approved [redacted] coming on the staff. The Senator stated this was his understanding, that he had deliberately not contacted the Director as he wanted to be in the position of saying that he had not been in touch with the Director but that he had been led to believe the Director had approved [redacted] from comments from *Jean Kerr* and *Roy Cohn*, in fact the Senator stated he had *Jean Kerr* see the Director as he wanted to avoid the position of talking to the Director. *He had both Jean Kerr & Roy Cohn see the Director.*

I told the Senator I happened to be very familiar with the Director's position on [redacted] and the Director's position had never wavered from that which I had personally conveyed to him some weeks ago, namely, that we would not give [redacted] a leave of absence, we would not release him, we would not ask him to go to the Committee, we would not approve his going with the Committee, that obviously if [redacted] resigned and wanted to go with the Committee this was his business. I further told the Senator that I knew this was the position the Director had taken with *Jeannie* as well as *Roy Cohn*, that in essence the Director's position was that he would neither approve nor disapprove, that the Director had stated out of deference to him, the Senator, he would not make any public protest.

LBN:FML

62-116607-1
62-16607-1

The Senator stated he was terribly sorry to hear this and he thinks he can understand what happened, namely, the day the Director saw Roy Cohn, he told Cohn if Cohn could not get a clearance for [redacted] he, the Senator, was going to appoint his friend, Professor McGovern from Northwestern Law School, and that to forestall this, Cohn had intimated to him the Director would not protest. I told the Senator there was a lot of difference between the Director's not protesting and the Director's giving approval for [redacted] to come with the Committee.

I further told the Senator I expected the next time he saw the Director, the Director would literally and figuratively "give him hell."

I told the Senator that the appointment of [redacted] was bad because it now placed a very tight restriction upon the Bureau, that we would have to lean over backwards because if at any time the Committee came up with something having an FBI angle, the charge would be made that [redacted] was a pipeline and that it would have been so much better to have had an outsider. The Senator stated he understands this, that he hopes the Director will not be too angry.

I am wondering if it would not throw a little more consternation in the ranks if I would take Roy Cohn to task for telling the Senator the Director had approved [redacted] going with the Committee.

I see no need to do this. I agree with Tolson. Cohn will find doubtless [redacted] H.

3. In the course of the conversation I told the Senator that we were worried for fear that the cause had suffered and that there was a very definite reaction setting in against Congressional Committees and he would be smart to get off on some other subject. The Senator stated he agreed, that he wanted to wind up the Voice of America situation, he had some good information on the effect that our stockpiling program was bad on American mines, namely, that we have been buying metals from foreign countries and have closed down our mines with the result that our mines are flooded, have not been kept up and are becoming worthless.

A clipping from the Washington Post of July 24 concerning this is attached.

4. In discussing information the Committee had on the smuggling of guns to Latin America, which is the subject of a separate memorandum, I told the Senator I had to ask him directly for the information as we had previously asked Conn, Conn's secretary had referred the matter to ~~Flanagan~~, Flanagan in turn had told us we could come down and review what information he had. I told the Senator quite frankly that we would not embarrass any Agent of this service by sending him to that ~~Flanagan~~ to secure anything. The Senator personally got the file and gave it to me.

The Senator then stated Flanagan was out of the way and was completely off in a corner and that he was arranging to get Flanagan the job as counsel for a shipping company in which Clint Murchison owns an interest. The Senator then stated that he just couldn't fire Flanagan inasmuch as he has seven children. He further stated that he had adopted the practice with the staff of trying to take care of each staff member as a means of building loyalty. I told the Senator he was shadow boxing, that certainly Flanagan was not loyal to him and that he ran the risk of having Flanagan alienate his chief financial support. I don't know how much effect this had on the Senator.

V. L. B. NICHOLS

JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARIZ., CHAIRMAN

JAMES T. EASTLAND, MISS.
CLYDE R. HOPE, N. C.
GLEN H. TAYLOR, IDAHO
HERBERT R. O'CONNOR, MD.
RUSSELL D. LONG, LA.
HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, MINN.

JOSEPH R. MCCARTY, N. Y.
IRVING M. IVES, N. J.
KARL E. MUNDT, S. I.
MARGARET CHASE SMITH, MAINE
ANDREW F. SCHOEPPEL, KANS.
ARTHUR H. VANDENBERG, MICH.

WALTER L. REYNOLDS, CHIEF CLERK

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON
EXPENDITURES IN THE EXECUTIVE
DEPARTMENTS

November 7, 1949

Mr. Clyde Tolson
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Clyde:

Thought you might be interested in the enclosed, which I am
returning to one of the Madison papers, which explains the rea-
son for my request for information on [REDACTED]

*no
enclosures*

I hate like the devil to be in a position of becoming a nuisance
in requesting information. However, I know that your failing is
not being coy or bashful, so I know that you will not be embar-
rassed by refusing any information which cannot properly be given.
This matter of the Capital Times is important beyond words to me.
I am firmly convinced that they are following the Communist line
just as definitely as the Daily Worker is. For that reason I
would appreciate it very very much if you could let me know
whether you have anything in your files on any of the following
which is of such nature that I could get the information. I do
not have any desire that you conduct any kind of an investiga-
tion, but thought perhaps you might have something in the files
on them. The following are editorial employees of the Capital
Times:

[REDACTED]

The following are editorial executives:

[REDACTED]

Sincerely yours,

62-60527-15895

JOE MCCARTY

McC:d

January 25, 1954

RECORDED-97

INDEXED-97

Honorable Joseph R. McCarthy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator:

Reference is made to your letter
dated January 19, 1954, in which you requested
a name check concerning [REDACTED]

I have not been advised of any
arrangements made with Mr. William L. Rogers,
Deputy Attorney General, providing for our
making name checks for your committee.
Accordingly, your letter is being referred to
Mr. Rogers for handling.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

JWB:fjb

1 - Mr. William P. Rogers
Deputy Attorney General

- Tolson _____
- Ladd _____
- Nichols _____
- Belmont _____
- Clegg _____
- Glavin _____
- Harbo _____
- Rosen _____
- Tracy _____
- Laughlin _____
- Nease _____
- Tels. Rm. _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

MAILED 6
JAN 25 1954
COMM - FBI

under special

RECEIVED
JAN 25 12 12 PM '54
FBI

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

62-98810-266

JOHN F. MCCARTHY, WIS., CHAIRMAN	JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, TENN.
KARL E. CONRAD, IOWA	HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, MINN.
MARCARET CLAY SMITH, MAINE	HENRY M. JACKSON, WASH.
HENRY C. OWLBY, IDAHO	JOHN F. KENNEDY, MASS.
EVAN C. AKKINLY, ILL.	STUART SYMINGTON, MO.
JOHN MARSHALL BUTLER, MD.	ALTON A. LENNON, N. C.
CHARLES L. FOTTER, MICH.	
FRANCIS D. FLANAGAN, CHIEF COUNSEL	
WALTER L. REYNOLDS, CHIEF CLERK	

United States Senate
COMMITTEE ON
GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

January 12, 1954

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
 Director
 Federal Bureau of Investigation
 Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I understand from my conversation with Mr. Rogers that our committee will be given the same type of name check when requested as has been given the Jenner Committee.

I would, therefore, very much appreciate a name check on [redacted] Springfield, Massachusetts.

With kindest regards, I remain

Sincerely yours,

Joe McCarthy
 JOE MCCARTHY
 B.R.C.

McC:df

EXP. PROC.
 JAN 21 1954

RECORDED-97
 INDEXED-97

62-98810-266
 JAN 15 1954
[Handwritten initials]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 5, 1956

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

[REDACTED]

DEROGATORY REMARKS CONCERNING DIRECTOR

- Tolson
- Nichols
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mason _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Nease _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

BACKGROUND:

As the attached memoranda will reflect, [REDACTED] on 6-4-56 identified [REDACTED] as the originator of the rumor that the Director and Senator Joseph R. McCarthy were known to be sexual perverts. The Director instructed that [REDACTED] be interviewed immediately.

INTERVIEW WITH [REDACTED]

Upon first contact, [REDACTED] office, [REDACTED] N. W., advised that she was out of town. DeLoach and Hanning left their names and telephone numbers. [REDACTED] called at 5:00 p. m., 6-4-56, and advised that she had just returned to town and did not desire to be interviewed at that time. She spoke of the extreme urgency of her duties and stated that she could only tentatively arrange an appointment for 1:00 p. m., 6-5-56. She was contacted at 9:00 a. m., 6-5-56, and at that time stated she had a field report to write and had to prepare for an out of town trip; that she would probably be able to allow 15 minutes at 4:30 p. m. At this point, she was advised very emphatically that it was absolutely necessary to speak to her concerning a matter about which the FBI was concerned and which involved her personally; and that the matter should not be delayed. She then stated she did not know when she could allow an interview inasmuch as she contemplated leaving for Quebec and Ontario as expeditiously as possible. After pressing further, she reluctantly stated that she would be in her office and could possibly squeeze a few minutes in this morning.

After arriving at her office, Messrs DeLoach and Hanning were advised that unfortunately [REDACTED] was tied up and it might be some time that afternoon before she could be interviewed. The receptionist was firmly advised that the FBI representatives would wait until she was available, whereupon

CDD:hpf
 (2)
 Enclosures

SL-32

62-103344-43

RECORDED - 91

INDEXED - 91

ys

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson

[REDACTED] sent word that she would see the FBI representatives immediately.

After brief introductions, [REDACTED], who is a fat, rather repulsive looking woman of middle age, immediately stated that she knew why she was being interviewed by the FBI. She then explained that [REDACTED] had contacted her on the evening of 6-4-56 and advised her that he had executed a signed statement admitting his participation in the mentioned matter. At this point it became perfectly obvious that [REDACTED] had been attempting to evade an interview with FBI representatives.

The interview with [REDACTED] was brief, firm and to the point. She was visibly nervous and her hands shook throughout the entire time she was being interviewed. She attempted to steer away from being asked any questions concerning the subject in point and at all times tried to rant and rave concerning the so-called "misdeeds" of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy. She spoke of the McCarthy "hysteria" and of the fact that she felt that McCarthy got what was coming to him. Eventually, after some bluntness, she was pinned down to answering the question of whether or not she had told [REDACTED] "that it was known that the Director and Senator McCarthy were sexual perverts." [REDACTED] then took off on [REDACTED]. She stated he had no right to repeat a statement out of context which had been made to him in the private sanctuary of her home. She then attempted to explain that several years ago at the time when Time Magazine had an article concerning the censure of Senator McCarthy, she had remarked to [REDACTED] that she had heard numerous remarks regarding the possibility of McCarthy's being a sexual pervert.

She told [REDACTED] at that time that people even make these remarks about J. Edgar Hoover, mainly because Mr. Hoover is a bachelor and lives alone. She emphatically denied stating to [REDACTED] "that it was known that the Director and Senator McCarthy were sexual perverts." She stated that [REDACTED] obviously drew this remark out of context.

[REDACTED] denied making this remark to any other person. She stated she had not received this gossip from any one individual, but had made it up herself after reading the article concerning Senator McCarthy. She added that she dislikes Senator McCarthy intensely and so did all her "crowd."

DeLoach and Hanning told [REDACTED] that her unjustified and completely unfounded remarks were deeply resented and that regardless of her intentions, she had committed an unpardonable error of judgment. She then

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson

attempted to apologize and stated that she was well aware of Mr. Hoover's good reputation. She next adopted the role of a "name dropper," advising of her close association with previous assistants to the Attorney General and of the fact that she once held a high position with the [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] refused to sign a written statement, which was prepared for her. She stated that if a sworn written statement was entirely necessary, she would be glad to consult her attorney regarding the matter. Nevertheless, a statement was prepared in her presence, quoting her verbatim and then signed in her presence by Messrs. DeLoach and Hanning. [REDACTED] read the statement and indicated the facts therein were completely correct.

OBSERVATION

[REDACTED] appears to be a completely irresponsible type of individual who professes to be an extreme liberal. She undoubtedly prefers people believe that she is a Georgetown socialite, although frankly, her untidy appearance would certainly never win her any honors. Her apologies were not made in a serious vein and it is felt that she was completely insincere. On 2 occasions throughout the interview, she expressed considerable concern over the fate of [REDACTED], despite the fact that [REDACTED] identified her to be the originator of the rumor. There obviously is a very close connection between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

RECOMMENDATION:

Now that we have run this rumor completely to the ground, it is felt advisable to tell [REDACTED] and possibly [REDACTED] who originally furnished the information to us that the matter has been run down, has no foundation, and the originators have admitted the fact that the entire matter was a figment of the imagination. This should completely wrap up this matter.

The statement prepared in [REDACTED] presence is attached.

✓
OK.

June 5th, 1956

I, [REDACTED] volunteer the following remarks to Inspector C. D. DeLoach and Special Agent D. G. Hanning, who have identified themselves to me to be representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made to me to induce the remarks mentioned below.

Several years ago in my home I remarked to [REDACTED] that remarks had been made regarding the possibility of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy being a sexual pervert. I also stated that people make these remarks even about J. Edgar Hoover because he is a bachelor and lives alone. I did not make this remark to anyone else other than [REDACTED]. I do not have any information whatsoever bearing upon Mr. Hoover's character and [REDACTED] later remarks were taken entirely out of context. My remarks were precipitated by the article in Time Magazine regarding Senator McCarthy at the time publicity regarding Senator McCarthy was at its height.

The above remarks are true to the best of my knowledge and belief, although I refuse to sign the statement without the advise of counsel. I have witnessed Messrs. Hanning and DeLoach placing their signatures at the bottom of this statement.

C. D. DeLoach
Inspector - FBI
6-5-56

D. S. Hanning
Special Agent - FBI
6-5-56

COPY:hmb (1)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 6-4-56

FROM : L. B. NICHOLS

SUBJECT:

[REDACTED]

DEROGATORY REMARKS CONCERNING DIRECTOR

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mason _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

BACKGROUND:

[REDACTED] employee of [REDACTED] advised [REDACTED] that she had heard captioned individual, [REDACTED] United States Information Agency Employee, make statements that Director and Senator Joseph R. McCarthy were sexual perverts. [REDACTED] told [REDACTED] of the House Committee on Un-American Activities. [REDACTED] told her to tie information down and for [REDACTED] to reduce it to writing. [REDACTED] prepared statement which [REDACTED] gave [REDACTED] and which [REDACTED] turned over to us 5-29-56. [REDACTED] emphatically denies making this statement. (Memorandum dated 5-31-56 regarding interview with [REDACTED] attached.) Captioned individual out of town until Monday, June 4, 1956, on which date he was interviewed.

INTERVIEW WITH [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] is of slight build, speaks somewhat effeminately, and adopts the attitude of an intellectual. The question was put to him rather bluntly as to whether or not he had made statements concerning the Director and Senator McCarthy. [REDACTED] immediately began to beat around the bush and evaded answering the question. After some discussion, he eventually admitted that approximately two years ago at the time when there was considerable publicity concerning Senator McCarthy, he heard what he described as a "socialite" and "dowager" make the statement that "It is known that Senator Joseph R. McCarthy and J. Edgar Hoover are sexual perverts." [REDACTED] states he doesn't recall when he repeated the statement but that soon after he learned of this information he thinks he may have told it to several individuals. He did not recall any of these individuals. He was pressed for the identity of the so-called "socialite" and "dowager." After some discussion, he identified her as [REDACTED]

CDD:mcg
 (2) 3
 Enclosure

RECORDED - 21

62-103344-4

Memo to Mr. Tolson

5-4-56

Re: [REDACTED]

Place Northwest.

After admitting the above facts, [REDACTED] began to weaken somewhat in his attitude. He attempted to explain that he was not the type of individual who repeated such statements and that he regretted this matter very much. He was told that certainly it didn't reflect much character to be spreading slime and gossip of a definite untrue nature, that he should know once and for all that his information and statements were deliberate lies and furthermore he should be man enough to recall the identity of every individual he had mentioned the statement to and then go see those individuals for the purpose of admitting his previous statements were lies. [REDACTED] stated he would be glad to do this, but he doubted seriously if he could recall to whom he had made these statements to.

[REDACTED] rather reluctantly gave a signed statement admitting the above facts. After executing this statement, the question was asked if he desired to add anything to this statement. He then wrote a personal note to the Director further admitting his guilt and expressing regrets. Both statements are attached for purposes of information.

[REDACTED]

- An attempt was made to immediately contact [REDACTED] following a check of files. She is not in the city but will return to her residence at 9:00 p. m. tonight and will be in her office Tuesday morning at 8:30 a. m. I have instructed Messrs. DeLoach and Hanning to contact her first thing in the morning.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Do so promptly

[REDACTED] denied that [REDACTED] had told him that the State Department had positive evidence that the Director and Senator McCarthy were sexual perverts. He stated he did not believe he had made this statement. He advised he could not recall whether he had ever heard this statement or not but that he believed many of his so-called "crowd" felt that Senator McCarthy was a sexual pervert. He was advised that we, of course, were principally interested in his remarks directed against Mr. Hoover, and that he and his "crowd" should try thinking twice before they went around uttering such statements.

[REDACTED] appeared to be a weak type individual and although his background is not known, it appears to be a safe bet that his job was obtained through a great deal of influence rather than on the basis of merit.

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson

6-4-56

Re: [REDACTED]

Although he expressed regret and chagrin, it is believed such feelings are only skin deep.

The files fail to reflect any information identifiable with [REDACTED]

ACTION:

This matter will be followed closely. Signed statement taken from [REDACTED] is attached.

K *V* *---*

Handwritten text, possibly a signature or date, located at the top of the page. The text is faint and difficult to decipher.



I, [redacted], he [redacted]
sound mind and body, make
the following signed statement to
Inspector C. D. Leland and
Special Agent L. G. [redacted]
have identified themselves to me
to be representatives of the
Federal Bureau of Investigation.
No objection was made to my
making a statement to them
in my capacity as a [redacted]
agent, or when the publicity
regarding the [redacted]
case [redacted] was to be [redacted].

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]

[redacted] said [redacted]
that [redacted] from [redacted]
Joseph [redacted] and
F. [redacted] [redacted]
[redacted] [redacted]

I am not sure if you have
the other side of the paper
had a part of it or if you
was a mistake. The side we
stick to is Jensen's or Co. It
is a matter of record here in
the records of the company of the
history of the place.

- To the best of my knowledge
I do not know how many
individuals have accepted
[redacted]

The [redacted] [redacted]
[redacted] [redacted] [redacted]
[redacted] [redacted] [redacted]
[redacted] [redacted] [redacted]
[redacted] [redacted] [redacted]

To send:
[redacted]
[redacted]

[redacted]

COPY

June 4th, 1956

I, [REDACTED], being of sound mind and body, make the following signed statement to Inspector C. D. DeLoach and Special Agent D. G. Hanning, who have identified themselves to me to be representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made to me to induce me to make this statement.

Approximately two years ago, or when the publicity regarding Senator Joseph R. McCarthy was at its height, [REDACTED] told me that it was known that Senator Joseph R. McCarthy and J. Edgar Hoover were sexual perverts, or words to that effect. I do not recall her stating that the State Department had proof that Mr. Hoover was a pervert. She did not state the Senator McCarthy's associates forced him to get married in order to remove the stigma of his being a pervert.

To the best of my knowledge I do not know how many individuals I have repeated [REDACTED] statements to.

The above statement has been given of my own free will and accord and I affix my signature willingly to the bottom of this statement.

[REDACTED]

Witnessed:

/s/ Cartha D. DeLoach

FBI

/s/ Donald G. Hanning

FBI

edm - 1 copy

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Nichols	_____
Mr. Boardman	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mason	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Parsons	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Tamm	_____
Mr. Nease	_____
Mr. Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Boardman _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mason _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Parsons _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Mr. Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____

COPY

Mr. Hoover:

The fact that I have been guilty of repeating something heard and discussed at perhaps a hectic time of publicity does not relieve me of such responsibility.

It only proves that even I who does not believe in repeating heard statements, can be sincerely sorry for having done so and hope that such will not go farther.



edm - 1 copy

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: 5-31-56

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

[REDACTED]

DEROGATORY REMARKS CONCERNING DIRECTOR

- Tolson
- Nichols
- Boardman
- Belmont
- Mason
- Mohr
- Parsons
- Rosen
- Tamm
- Nease
- Winterrowd
- Tele. Room
- Holloman
- Gandy

The captioned individual and [REDACTED] have allegedly made extremely derogatory remarks concerning the Director. We were advised of this fact by [REDACTED] of the House Committee on Un-American Activities on 5-29-56 and my memorandum to you as of that date reported this fact.

DeLoach and Agent Hanning talked with [REDACTED], who is in charge of [REDACTED] at 3:00 p.m. 5-31-56. [REDACTED] was advised that we merely wanted to express our appreciation for her attempts to nail down this information and that we additionally, of course, wanted her to know that the allegations were most definitely ridiculous and untrue. [REDACTED] stated that it was the most shocking false statement she had ever heard and that she, of course, branded it immediately as being on the ridiculous side. She spoke at quite some length concerning the high esteem in which the [REDACTED] holds the Director and the FBI. [REDACTED] then contacted [REDACTED] who wrote out the original statement in this matter, and obtained the fact that [REDACTED] who reportedly made one of the allegations is currently employed by the U. S. Information Agency at 1776 Pennsylvania Avenue.

It was next ascertained that [REDACTED] was a Grade [REDACTED] employee of the U. S. Information Agency. She has been with this organization for a number of years and has a good record. She was contacted by DeLoach and Agent Hanning at approximately 3:45 p.m. today. In view of the crowded conditions of her office, [REDACTED] was telephonically contacted and requested to meet DeLoach and Hanning in the lobby of her office building where some privacy was afforded. She was advised that a source had indicated to the Bureau that on one occasion approximately a year ago she had asked that individual if that individual knew that Senator Joseph P. McCarthy and the Director were sexual perverts. [REDACTED] immediate reaction was one of great surprise and chagrin. She immediately denied ever making or hearing such a statement and requested permission to return to her office to procure a Bible so that she could make an oath upon the Bible. She then spoke of deep attachment to the Christian Science religion and stated she was not in the habit of speaking negatively regarding any

Enclosure
 CDD:nl
 (2)
 (See Addendum, page 2)

RECORDED - 31
 INDEXED - 31

5-31-56

individual. Upon being questioned, she claimed that she had discussed Mr. Hoover with only one individual and that this individual was a most unstable person with whom she had once been friends but ^{the} individual developed such instability that she ~~came~~ ^{OPTSA} came to her [redacted] apartment and used a great amount of profane language and obscenity. [redacted] claims that she ordered this person to leave her apartment and has seen very little of her since then.

When asked for the identity of the unstable individual, [redacted] declined to give this information. Throughout the conversation this particular question was raised twice more. She refused to give this information but admitted that the so-called unstable person had never spoken derogatorily concerning Mr. Hoover despite the fact that this individual did not seem to care too much for the FBI. She could not enlarge upon the latter remark. After some questioning, [redacted] admitted that the unstable individual in question was an employee of the [redacted] and that no trust whatsoever could be placed in her. [redacted] seemed to be a rather gabby but a rather nice looking person of approximately 40 years of age and impressed Hanning and DeLoach as having at least average intelligence. She seemed sincere when speaking of her religion.

When referring to an unstable individual, [redacted] undoubtedly had in mind [redacted] who is the person who made the original allegation in this matter and who wrote the attached statement which [redacted] later gave to [redacted]. It may be entirely possible that [redacted] is imagining things or for some reason is spreading these rumors herself. At any rate it seems entirely necessary for us to further nail this matter down by interviewing [redacted] who additionally was reported by [redacted] to have made derogatory remarks concerning the Director. After the interview with [redacted] we will then be in a better position to determine whether or not [redacted] should be pressed for information.

* ACTION:

We will follow this matter closely.

* The [redacted] woman is emotionally unbalanced. I know her.

LBN

ADDENDUM: LBN:fc, 6/1/56

[redacted] many years ago was an [redacted]. She also worked for the [redacted] at one time and featured in covering Congressional hearing involving subversives. She then developed a tremendous suspicion against the [redacted] and made all kinds of recriminations and charges which could not be supported which probably had a kernel of truth to them based upon our own experiences. She has been in touch with us from time to time and a few years ago found it necessary to wish her off on McGuire. He finally was able to get rid of her. There is no question but that she is thoroughly unreliable, emotionally unstable and I can further elaborate if necessary.

COPY

Approximately a year ago an employee of USIA - [REDACTED] met me on the street in front of the White House. She was excited about Joe McCarthy and asked me if I knew Joe McCarthy & J. Edgar Hoover were a couple of "queers." I mentioned her statement to two people only - one my father - & the other [REDACTED] who had told me she had a connection with an intelligence agency. (I doubt this statement now) My father, an admirer of both Mr. Hoover & Mr. McCarthy, said it was a typical Communist smear. Sometime either in December or January of this year, [REDACTED] it is only fair to add that [REDACTED] has since been very complimentary about Mr. Hoover. Sometime early this year - I believe in February - this year - 1956, [REDACTED] came to my office - I think in reference to a story in a Wisconsin newspaper - which he had said was a Mc Carthy paper - and said during his conversation with me words to this effect, "Well of course you know McCarthy and his friend J. Edgar Hoover are a couple of perverts. The State Department has positive evidence of that. Why the scandal was so bad McCarthys friends had to beg him to get married. They got in a terrible state of excitement about it & fairly forced marriage upon him. They told him he just had to get married."

I replied that in all my years of covering Capital Hill I never heard such an accusation against McCarthy - (or anything much else about him) until he started fighting Communists & that on my part I did not believe the charge about either man. (I said I had seen Mr. Hoover many times and would not believe such a story, although I had not met him.) But I felt I could speak rather positively about Mr. McCarthy, who had something of a reputation as a ladies man before he married. Shortly after that I put up a routine letter from Mr. Hoover's office in my office.

[REDACTED] noticed it - as did many others - that was the last I heard of any such conversation from [REDACTED]. I would normally have reported such a statement on to [REDACTED] but [REDACTED] appeared personally very friendly there and it did not seem advisable.

From the start, [REDACTED] appears to be violently concerned about McCarthy. When the request for material for the Wisconsin newspaper first came in sometime in November - for picture & intended for George Washington's Birthday story. [REDACTED] immediately said "Oh, I see Joe McCarthy wants to have a look at the interior of the [REDACTED] I did not know whether it was a pro or anti McCarthy."

COPY

newspaper but made a call to McCarthy's office to find out. Ordinarily I could have made no such check since we treat all publications alike but a comment had aroused my interest. The paper was, it seems, not unfriendly to Mr. McCarthy. It got the same service any other newspaper would have received --- a fine job for us. [REDACTED] my assistant, was aware of the conversation although she was not present when it was made.

Other than that, I felt it was unwise to repeat it.

[REDACTED]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson.

DATE: September 3, 1955

FROM : L. B. Nichols *[Signature]*

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Boardman	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nichols	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input type="checkbox"/>
Harbo	<input type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input type="checkbox"/>
Parsons	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tamm	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sizoo	<input type="checkbox"/>
Winterrowd	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holloman	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input type="checkbox"/>

SUBJECT: **[REDACTED]**
REPORTER FOR "NEWSDAY"
[REDACTED] NEW YORK
ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING THE DIRECTOR

Mr. McGuire today at noon saw **[REDACTED]** at his office. Mr. Wick in my office accompanied Mr. McGuire on the interview. Mr. McGuire advised **[REDACTED]** that the effectiveness of the Bureau's work depended on public confidence and that when statements of a derogatory nature are made against officials or employees of the Bureau affecting public confidence, we had every right we felt to inquire into the truth of the statements and charges made against our personnel. **[REDACTED]** nodded in understanding but made no comment.

He was told that word had come back to the Bureau that the story had been spread that the Director was a homosexual and that his name had been linked with having spread such a story and that we desired to know whether he had at any time made any such statement concerning the Director and if so what his basis was for such a statement.

[REDACTED] immediately denied that he had ever made any such statement regarding the Director, advising that he would not make a statement of that nature. He stated that he could refer us to many former Agents of the Bureau and other persons who could verify his veracity and he again repeated that he categorically denied having ever made such a statement. Mr. McGuire observed that the statement regarding the Director which we understood had been made by him was vicious, definitely false, and, in fact, was criminally libelous, that it was the most vicious type statement which could be made against any man. **[REDACTED]** agreed that it was vicious statement. He stated he had handled too many cases himself not to know that it was criminally libelous and that he would not make such a statement of this nature about the Director or anyone else because of its nature.

[REDACTED] was then asked if he had ever discussed this matter with anyone else. **[REDACTED]** leaned back in his chair and believed that he had talked about it with Hank Greenspun of Las Vegas several years ago right after McCarthy had

JJM:gjm

(2)

RECORDED - 54

INDEXED - 54

62 - 102520 - 9

27 SEP 9 1955

EX-107

PERM. FILES

SEP 13 1955

Mr. Tolson

September 3, 1955

been in Las Vegas and had called Greenspun an ex-Communist. [redacted] stated he believed McCarthy had a slip of the tongue and had meant to call Greenspun an ex-convict but he had been calling so many people ex-Communists by habit that he slipped when he called Greenspun an ex-Communist. As a result of this situation, Greenspun wanted to take out after McCarthy. [redacted] stated he suggested to Greenspun that he use the Anderson and May book on McCarthy as a basis for writing stories on McCarthy showing guilt by association utilizing the same technique used by Anderson and May in their book. He said he believed during these conversations Greenspun suggested that the same technique could be used against anyone including the Director of the FBI.

[redacted] recalled the articles written by Greenspun and particularly the one in which Greenspun stated that McCarthy was a homosexual. [redacted] stated that there was nothing in the book or in the files of the law firm which show that McCarthy was a homosexual; that there were no affidavits or material in the files which supported Greenspun's statement. [redacted] stated he believed he discussed the Director in this connection also with a reporter from the Denver Post about the same time after he learned there had been some publicity about McCarthy and the Director staying at the same hotel in California. However, in both these discussions the main issue was McCarthy and he had no recollection whatsoever of ever in these discussions making a statement that the Director was a homosexual. [redacted] again stated he had never made any statement to anyone regarding the Director of a derogatory nature like that alleged.

[redacted] was then told that we had direct word that he did in fact make such a statement to a reporter from a Long Island newspaper who had immediately on his return reported it to his editor. [redacted] again denied ever making such a statement. It was observed by Mr. McGuire that this was odd as the reporter was [redacted] of Newsday, [redacted] stated he did not know anyone named [redacted] then jumped up in his chair stating [redacted] was a G--D--- liar. Mr. McGuire observed [redacted] told us he had called at [redacted] office and had even gone to lunch with [redacted] in early June of 1953. [redacted] then stated that it did occur to him that a reporter and another representative of a Long Island paper did talk to him about McCarthy. Mr. McGuire said there was no question about it as Hank Greenspun had referred [redacted] then stated he recalled that they came down to talk to him about Senator McCarthy. He then got out his date book from the files and on checking it found an entry for May 28, 1953, showing that he had talked with [redacted] and [redacted] of Garden City regarding McCarthy - time spent one hour. [redacted] was the photographer who accompanied [redacted] to Washington and he was not engaged in any of the discussions.) [redacted] then recalled the matter of their visit stating that they had been referred to him,

Mr. Tolson

September 3, 1955

according to [redacted] by Greenspun as they were interested in doing a story on McCarthy. They were also interested in the full background they could get on McCarthy and [redacted] told them he had nothing in his files showing that McCarthy was a homosexual and he denied having had any discussions with [redacted] concerning the Director whatsoever.

[redacted] was advised that this was perfect example of how vicious, evil, false stories injuring the reputation of a man can get mouthed around and he was emphatically told of the complete and absolute falsity of such an allegation and its viciousness. [redacted] then made the observation that he would not make such a statement as he agreed with the observation concerning its viciousness even though he did not like the Director personally. He was asked what the basis for this was and he stated he thought the Director was a publicity hound. This was immediately challenged and the falsity of that observation pointed out to [redacted] who stated that he had only made that observation as his personal opinion and that he certainly was entitled to his own personal opinion even though he does not like the Director personally, he would not make any derogatory statement against Mr. Hoover personally.

During the interview [redacted] appeared to be nervous, his hands shook visibly when checking his files and date book. While he made overtures of being cooperative by checking his files and date book, his denials were very quick and his statement early in the interview about not knowing [redacted] and then immediately recalling the interview when he was hit with the full ~~of the~~ source of our information/gave Mr. McGuire and Mr. Wick the impression that he was a poor liar. [redacted] is a case hardened attorney and is a hard boiled character. I think his hand has been called and he knows it. Accordingly, I will have ASAC Simon in New York go back to [redacted] and tell him that we have seen [redacted] and that [redacted] has categorically denied making any statement regarding the Director to [redacted] in order that [redacted] can be on guard in the future in any dealings with [redacted] and in giving any credibility to his statements.

Wong

[redacted] is a no good scoundrel.

*9/7
ASAC Simon instructed
to handle today's
Wong*

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Nichols *[initials]*

DATE: August 26, 1955

FROM : M. A. Jones *[initials]*

SUBJECT: **[REDACTED]**
REPORTER FOR "NEWSDAY"
[REDACTED], NEW YORK

- Tolson _____
- Boardman _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Parsons _____
- Rosen _____
- Tamm _____
- Sizoo _____
- Winterrowd _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

12-1
11-2
RC 7-2

SYNOPSIS:

On August 24, 1955, SAC Dallas telephonically advised Mr. McGuire that on same afternoon **[REDACTED]** had told an Agent of the Dallas Office that some time last fall one **[REDACTED]** a reporter for "Newsday," was at the Air Force Base doing a story. While at **[REDACTED]** home one evening, **[REDACTED]** made remark "Thank God we have the FBI" to which **[REDACTED]** responded he did not think FBI was so hot since Director was the head of it, and **[REDACTED]** indicated he knew or had knowledge of alleged affidavits which claimed the Director was a homosexual. **[REDACTED]** dropped the subject when **[REDACTED]** protested. SAC Dallas advised **[REDACTED]** a former **[REDACTED]** from Fort Worth, Texas, not considered too reliable and is known to drink heavy. SAC making further check on **[REDACTED]** and **[REDACTED]** and will furnish additional information by personal and confidential letter. **[REDACTED]** and **[REDACTED]** not identifiable in Bufiles. "Newsday" with circulation of over 213,000, published by "Newsday, Inc.," of which Harry Guggenheim is President and Alicia Patterson is Editor and Publisher. Bufiles reflect friendly relations with this newspaper since 1943. It has published a number of articles and cartoons which have complimented Bureau and Director. On several occasions, groups of news boys from this paper have been conducted on Bureau tours. May 3, 1954, issue of "Newsday" carried article alleging we had cleared an individual for Civil Air Patrol duties. This was not true, but we took no action. In July, 1955, (exact date not known) "Newsday" carried article critical of Government's Security System and informant program. In commenting on Harvey Matusow, it stated "He served an apprenticeship as an FBI informant before deciding to make it a lucrative full-time career." On same page appeared a cartoon of two nondescript individuals seated on a sofa over which was a sign with the words "paid informers wait here." One of the seated parties was asking whether the other had "booked any good Reds lately." Upon floor to inner office were the words "Federal Bureau of Investigation." On June 7, 1955, **[REDACTED]** of "Newsday" spoke with Mr. Nichols and advised a committee was being organized consisting of prominent newspaper personalities. Purpose of committee to strengthen Civilian Crime Commissions and to secure for Civilian Crime Commissions the principle of inviolability of confidential informants. Requested whether Director approved of Crime Commissions and whether Director would endorse inviolability of informants even if

Handwritten notes and stamps in left margin.

cc - Mr. Nichols

DGH:nma
(6)

SE 2A 73
INDEXED 73
SENT DIRECTOR
8-21-55

27 SEP 9 1955

102520

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols
JJM:fc

8/26/55

local legislation would be required. In regard to first question was advised Director had spoken well of specific crime commissions and in regard to second question he was advised Director would not comment since to do so would inject him into local situations.

On 8/26/55, ASAC Simon, New York, instructed to immediately locate [redacted] and nail down the allegation [redacted] located at his home and interviewed advising that in Spring, 1953, was intensely interested in McCarthy case and was told by free-lance writer [redacted] New York, that Hank Greenspun, Las Vegas, Nevada, had information that McCarthy was a homosexual. [redacted] called Greenspun and was referred by the latter to his attorney in Washington, [redacted] who is also [redacted] attorney. [redacted] had obtained photostat of front page, Las Vegas Sun story, 10/25/52, containing column "Where I Stand" written by Greenspun which in part stated it was common talk among homosexuals in Milwaukee who rendezvous at the White Horse Inn that Senator Joe McCarthy has engaged in homosexual activities. [redacted] states he came to Washington early in June, 1953, and contacted [redacted] a staff reporter of Drew Pearson's, and a journalist named [redacted]. In discussing Senator McCarthy, while talking to these three men, one of them made comment, not as a casual statement but as a definite fact, that Director is a homosexual. [redacted] is not sure which of the three it was but does not feel it was [redacted] as the latter was not friendly to [redacted] on the day of the visit. [redacted] states he jumped when comment was made and that arguments given in support of the comment were that the Director was not married, was not seen in public, and that this was the best kept secret in Washington since the atom bomb. [redacted] alleges he thought the comment ridiculous and to best of his recollection this is the only information he ever heard regarding the Director of this nature. [redacted] states he returned to New York the same day, reduced his visit to a memorandum which he exhibited to ASAC Simon which contained no information regarding the FBI or Director but was entirely concerning McCarthy. [redacted] has no affidavits and disclaims ever having any concerning the allegation regarding the Director. [redacted] reported the comment concerning Director to his boss, [redacted] "Newsday," Garden City, New York, who considered it ridiculous and an impossible situation advising 'Newsday' would not waste any time on any story like that.

ASAC Simon advises [redacted] disclaimed ever repeating story elsewhere at which time [redacted] confronted with allegation that he told this story

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols
JJM:fc

8/26/55

to persons in Texas. [redacted] denies ever telling anyone else and would swear that he never has told anyone else although admits that in discussing McCarthy it is entirely possible but not probable that he might have mentioned incident to show how far people will go to besmirch others. [redacted] apologizes if he did unwittingly ever repeat this allegation claiming he does not condone malicious and vicious statements; that his professional reputation as a writer is at stake and he guards his reputation himself. Further, that he does not drink nor go popping off. Expressed highest admiration for Director and FBI claiming personal experience in dealing with New York Office on press matters and commending efficiency of Bureau. Understands Bureau's concern in protecting its personnel whether it be Director or newest clerk. Advises since he informed his boss of incident originally he was going to advise [redacted] of interview by agents. ASAC Simon instructed to arrange appointment with [redacted] tomorrow, Saturday, 8/27/55, to inform him of interview with [redacted] and to be assured [redacted] understands viciousness and untruthfulness of allegation concerning Director.

Not available AS OUT
OF TOWN.

RECOMMENDATION:

memos
ATTACHED
+ +

Bureau files are being reviewed on [redacted] and [redacted]. Background of [redacted] well-known to Bureau officials. Consideration should be given to going directly to [redacted] and [redacted] to emphatically nail down the allegation against Director since one of the three made the statement to [redacted] and in any event all three of them should be impressed with the falsity and maliciousness of such gossip.

We will
go ahead
Monday
m

Now with
[redacted]
[redacted]

August 26, 1955

DETAILSBACKGROUND:

On the evening of August 24, 1955, SAC Murphy of the Dallas Office telephonically contacted Mr. McGuire and advised that on that same afternoon [REDACTED] had told an Agent of the Dallas Office that some time last fall one [REDACTED] a reporter for "Newsday" [REDACTED], New York, was at the Air Force Base doing a story on the [REDACTED]. In connection with this story, [REDACTED] had [REDACTED] at his home one evening and after having had some drinks and discussing various Congressional investigations, [REDACTED] made the remark, "Thank God we have the FBI," to which [REDACTED] responded that he did not think the FBI was so hot since the Director was the head of its organization indicating that he knew or had knowledge of alleged affidavits which claimed the Director was a homosexual. [REDACTED] stated that he told [REDACTED] that this could not be right and when he protested, [REDACTED] statements, [REDACTED] dropped the subject.

Mr. McGuire, who received the call, asked Murphy why [REDACTED] had waited so long to let someone know and what was his reason for doing so now. Murphy stated that [REDACTED] is not considered by his office to be too reliable, that he is a former [REDACTED] from Fort Worth, and is known as one who drinks considerably. Murphy likewise advised that he asked the same question and does not have any information as to why [REDACTED] is just coming forward now. Murphy did advise, however, that [REDACTED] was told in no uncertain terms that [REDACTED] crack was an absolute lie and there is no doubt in Murphy's mind that [REDACTED] has been completely set straight. Murphy stated he was making a further check of the indices of his office on both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and was sending in a letter concerning this incident which will be marked "Personal and Confidential."

INFORMATION IN BUREAU FILES:

[REDACTED] is not identical in Bureau files. It is pointed out that there are numerous references in Bureau files to this name; however, a review of them reflects that they are all concerning one [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols
JJM:FC

8/26/55

[REDACTED]

On 8/26/55, Mr. McGuire instructed ASAC William Simon, acting in the absence of SAC Kelly at New York, to locate [REDACTED] and nail down the allegation concerning the Director he allegedly made to [REDACTED]. Simon was furnished background data concerning the incident. Simon was instructed to take a mature agent with him as a witness.

At 7:05 p. m., the same date, Simon called Mr. McGuire from Far Rockaway, Long Island, New York, advising that he and ASAC E. J. McCabe, had just finished interviewing [REDACTED] at his residence,

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised agents that he was interested in the McCarthy case as a matter of official assignment in 1953, and he had been told by [REDACTED] a free-lance writer living in [REDACTED] Long Island, that Hank Greenspun, of Las Vegas, Nevada, had information that Senator McCarthy was a homosexual. [REDACTED] advised that he called Greenspun concerning the matter and was referred by Greenspun to his attorney in Washington, one [REDACTED] of the law firm, [REDACTED] in Washington, and was furnished the telephone number, [REDACTED] understood, was also [REDACTED] attorney. [REDACTED] advised that he had a photostatic copy of the front page of the Las Vegas Sun for 10/25/52, containing the column "Where I Stand" written by Hank Greenspun which alleges among other things

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols
JJM:fc

8/26/55

"It is common talk among homosexuals in Milwaukee, who ~~rendezvous~~ at the White Horse Inn, that Senator Joe McCarthy has () engaged in homosexual activities. (ASAC Simon was shown this photostat and believes the blank word in the foregoing quotation which is partially obscured is "often.")

advised agents that during the early part of June, 1953, he came to Washington for one day when he contacted , a staff reporter for Drew Pearson, whose address he understands was N. W., telephone and one of N. W., telephone , whom he understands was a journalist but he had no idea for whom worked. advised that while talking to these three men the discussion dealt entirely with Senator McCarthy and in the midst of this discussion one of the three made the comment, not casually but as a definite fact, that the Director was a homosexual. advised he jumped when the comment was made and that arguments ^{were given} to support the position taken including (a) that Mr. Hoover was not married, (b) that he was not seen in public, and (c) that this was one of the best kept secrets in Washington since the atom bomb. does not recall which of the three men made the comment but feels it was not as did not appear too friendly to recollection being that , as another newspaperman, might have been resentful at coming in for a story of this nature and, accordingly, best recollection narrowed down to or

stated he thought the allegation was ridiculous and the subject matter was dropped. He advised agents that this, to the very best of his recollection, is all of the information he has ever heard concerning the charge made against the Director. further advised that on his return from Washington he prepared a memorandum on his visit which he exhibited to agents. Simon states the memorandum deals entirely with McCarthy and there is nothing in it regarding the Director and further, the only reference to the FBI is some information on alleging his having shacked up with a prostitute. denied having any affidavits that would prove the charge against the Director claiming that he never did have any and does not now have any. further states that in reporting his trip to Washington to his superior, editor of "Newsday," he mentioned the statement made against the Director and

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols
JJM:FC

8/26/55

that [redacted] immediately pointed out to him how ridiculous the allegation was as the Director had long been the head of the FBI and ^{it} would be impossible for any truth to be in the allegation. [redacted] further advised [redacted] at the time that "Newsday" was not going to waste time on any story like that. [redacted] alleges that he has no recollection of ever repeating the story elsewhere claiming he had always had confidence in the Director and the FBI; that he felt the FBI was a very efficient organization and had personal knowledge of this as he had called the New York Office on press matters and always got a full and complete response to his inquiries.

[redacted] admits that some time he might have talked but he cannot recall ever repeating the story elsewhere. At this point, ASAC Simon states he confronted [redacted] with information that we understand [redacted] had repeated the story concerning the Director in Texas. [redacted] immediately denied ever repeating the story again swearing that to the best of his recollection he has never said it and that if he did ever say it he certainly now apologized as he does not condone malicious and vicious statements such as this one. [redacted] further advised he does not drink; that his professional reputation as a writer is at stake and that he makes more money now than most reporters and he just does not go about popping off like this. [redacted] further forthrightly stated that in discussing the McCarthy case, while he has no recollection of ever having done so, he might have mentioned the item concerning the Director as an example of how far some people will go to injure the reputations of others. [redacted] told interviewing agents that he understands perfectly the Bureau's concern over charges made against personnel whether it be a charge against the Director or one of the newest clerks. He further advised agents that he intended to mention the interview to his superior, [redacted] as he felt his professional reputation as a writer warranted his going back to his boss as he had originally told him of the statement made against the Director.

ASAC Simon advised that from the very start of the interview, [redacted] gave every appearance of being forthright, cooperative, and appeared sincerely to give honest answers to the best of his recollection. ASAC Simon was instructed to arrange an interview with [redacted] tomorrow, Saturday, 8/27/55, in the event he is at his office, in order to inform him as a

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols
JJM:fc

8/26/55

courtesy that we had interviewed [REDACTED] regarding an allegation made against the Director and to make sure that [REDACTED] understands the viciousness and untruthfulness of the allegation.

Bureau officials are well aware of the proclivities of [REDACTED] Drew Pearson's legman. We are having the Bureau's files summarized on [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] in order that consideration can be given to interviewing all three since we have the allegation against the Director definitely pegged by [REDACTED] to one of the three and in any event to go on record with all three regarding the untruthfulness and maliciousness of the charge made against the Director.

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols
JJM:FC

8/26/55

that [redacted] immediately pointed out to him how ridiculous the allegation was as the Director had long been the head of the FBI and ^{it} would be impossible for any truth to be in the allegation. [redacted] further advised [redacted] at the time that "Newsday" was not going to waste time on any story like that. [redacted] alleges that he has no recollection of ever repeating the story elsewhere claiming he had always had confidence in the Director and the FBI; that he felt the FBI was a very efficient organization and had personal knowledge of this as he had called the New York Office on press matters and always got a full and complete response to his inquiries.

[redacted] admits that some time he might have talked but he cannot recall ever repeating the story elsewhere. At this point, ASAC Simon states he confronted [redacted] with information that we understand [redacted] had repeated the story concerning the Director in Texas. [redacted] immediately denied ever repeating the story again swearing that to the best of his recollection he has never said it and that if he did ever say it he certainly now apologized as he does not condone malicious and vicious statements such as this one. [redacted] further advised he does not drink; that his professional reputation as a writer is at stake and that he makes more money now than most reporters and he just does not go about popping off like this. [redacted] further forthrightly stated that in discussing the McCarthy case, while he has no recollection of ever having done so, he might have mentioned the item concerning the Director as an example of how far some people will go to injure the reputations of others. [redacted] told interviewing agents that he understands perfectly the Bureau's concern over charges made against personnel whether it be a charge against the Director or one of the newest clerks. He further advised agents that he intended to mention the interview to his superior, [redacted] as he felt his professional reputation as a writer warranted his going back to his boss as he had originally told him of the statement made against the Director.

ASAC Simon advised that from the very start of the interview, [redacted] gave every appearance of being forthright, cooperative, and appeared sincerely to give honest answers to the best of his recollection. ASAC Simon was instructed to arrange an interview with [redacted] tomorrow, Saturday, 8/27/55, in the event he is at his office, in order to inform him as a

Memorandum for Mr. Nichols
JJM:fc

8/26/55

courtesy that we had interviewed [REDACTED] regarding an allegation made against the Director and to make sure that [REDACTED] understands the viciousness and untruthfulness of the allegation.

Bureau officials are well aware of the proclivities of [REDACTED] Drew Pearson's legman. We are having the Bureau's files summarized on [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] in order that consideration can be given to interviewing all three since we have the allegation against the Director definitely pegged by [REDACTED] to one of the three and in any event to go on record with all three regarding the untruthfulness and maliciousness of the charge made against the Director.