of the Civil Service Commission's investigation in this matter. It is pointed out in the attached letter that in view of this information in further action is contemplated by this Fureau in this matter.

And the transfer of the set

January 25, 1100

Director, ELI

CONT. MAL

URKNOWN SUFFECT
(COUPCE OF SENATOL JUMPH D. MCCALTAY'S
THE CHARTION BUGARNI'S VIRUTES OF TOTALTY
DEVILOR POARD'S METALUG OF FEMULAS 13-14, 1951)
VISCULLANDOUS INFORMATION CONCLUDED CO
TOY: LIY OF SOVERMENT PUPLOYING
(Tour file 146-200-0)

121-35707-41
Commission has been informal field the Civil Service
Commission has confucted an interview of Hiss History delicas. This Burers,
as you have then informed in by momerants of Jamuary 11, 1952,
January 15, 1952, and Jamuary 21, 1952, has conducted no investigation but has node a milable to the Civil Torvice Commission the
facilities of the Fol Laboratory.

Tending decime to obtain the divide Service Cormination of the month of the intestigation in the capture and, in view of the above, resemble a person require the capture in this multiple for the latter in this multiple matter.

101-35717

BIE:ray 🕏

J.M. C

85 FEB 11 1952

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Hon waste - trea Cinghe Chair an Loyalty Capiew Board U. S. Civil Service Corrisaten Tarbin bon 25, . C.

RESAL WAS MINUTES POUL BOARD'S MEETING S/19 11/01

The Town of More of the Anima:

Periodo is one recommendation of Jonner 1 the life of recentations of this great

This is to admiss that the classic and referred which you furnished from your files concerning thillen has hee been breated for takent fingerprints out nave out letent impressions Some finite set. (112 of the intent of the more emmared with the best of the office on and in the continue of the set of

1000 1000 1000  $-2\pi /L_{\odot}$ ar million of Toy of your office. James Francis 1, 1800 , St. Ober G. Common . . .

The copy of this latter is been furnished to Gal

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Margaretti Syn ... T 8 +

BECEINED BEYLARD ME HE

Or wanker, Wise Flear Mr. Hoover Enclosed a news clips which tells me the our illyamous senetar is sterping on your departments toes; Mr. Hooner o have in the past two years corresponded with you over how Religion is Toward Crime, I have gain juarious instruments that you sent telling about it all But 3 don't be liear one bit of it in some regroto, 200 still Any that religion the land that McCarthy is trying to such down one throat is a hinderance. To markind and only helps those Roman 5.0. B. s! I don't see any of these Comunical haracters called names by the Senatar To, well why are angeles or are they go laying the game together EXTEN Seeps your chin eye 100 25 - 121 SINDEXED - 40

# SEM. M'CARTHY 3ARES RESULTS OF FBI PROBE

### Use of Home by Spy Ring Is Charged

BY WILLARD EDWARDS

Chicago Tribune fere a Service]

Washington, Jon 29 - Charges of communism in both the White House and the state department seized the senate's attention de-

day. The developments:

Sen. McCarthy IR., Wis.1 revealed in a senate speech loyary blard files on Philled Nash, 42, an adviser to President Truman, that showed Nash had been accused as a member of the Communist party "in close contact with the communist inderground in Washington." He said the files showed that Nash's former home in Toronto, Ont., had been used by a Canadian spy ring as a rendezvous in the early 40's.

2. The senate internal security subcommittee heard Lawrence K. Rosinger, one of State Secretary Acheson's China policy advisers in 1949, refuse to answer the testimony of three previous witnesses that he was a Communist party member. Rosinger pleaded possible self-incrimination. He also refused to discuss his relationships with a number of individuals, in the government and out, on the ground he might involve himself in trouble with the law.

The second second

Holds Chleage U. Degree

Nash succeeded David Kr Niles as an assistant to the President in charge of advising on "minority problems." He was born in Wiscensin Rapids, Wis., was graduated from the University of Wisconsin, and received a Ph. D. from the University of Chicago in 1937.

Nash was a lecturer on anthropology at the University of Toron-



Nach tieff and Rosinger

to from 1937 to 1941 and then went to Washington, where he became special assistant to the director of the domestic branch of the office of war information. He was assigned to the white house June 7, 1941, from the OWI.

"The White House loyalty board cleared Nash some time ago," McCarthy declared. "Thereafter, the FBI conducted a thoro investigation. Ten separate reports were made and sent to the White Heuse loyalty beard and the loyalty review board.

#### Files Sent to Dawson

"After the White House cleared Nash, the relieve board asked for a hearing. Shortly thereafter, Donald Dawson [White House administrative assistant on personnel] called for the complete files, which were sent to the White House and never have been returned to the review board."

The FBI reports, said McCarthy, reading from documents, said Nash had been a close friend and close associate of one of the convicted Canadian Communists.

"During the early 40's," Mc-Carthy continued, "parts of the communist spy ring in Toronto were using his home as a point of rendezvous and some of them were living there. Nash was attending communist meetings and had officially joined the Communist party. The reports also show he had been in close contact with the communist underground in Washington."

McCarthy said he "assumed that Mr. Truman never had seen the FBI reports. He suggested that the President call upon Daw-

(Continued on rage & column 11

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The state of the s

SAN K

When 'No Comment' Is Murder

It seems to us that FBI chief Hoover ought to speak up when Sen. McCarthy (R-Wis.) uses his name as a shield. In his new (and privileged) attack on Philico Nash, one of President Truman's White House assistants, McCarthy flatly based most of his charges on alleged "FBI files." Let us skip the question of how he got access to any FBI data; the question is: Do such files exist and did he quote them accurately? When The Post put this question to the FBI last night, a spokesman replied: "No comment." That is the FBI's usual answer when McCarthy purports to quote from its archives. In such situations, a "no-comment" plays directly into McCarthy's hands.

rectly into McCarthy's hands.

This isn't the first time Jumping Joe has bretended to have seen FBI records. Each time that he makes the claim he is in effect using J. Edgar Hoover's name to promote his own crusade against President Truman. If the U. S. government were as overrun with subversion as McCarthy asserts it is, that in itself, would be a reflection on the FBI head; are we to believe Hoover would not resign if the President systematically ignored FBI evidence on sinister characters. If, as we believe, McCarthy is inventing or distorting FBI records, Hoover ought to say so, clearly and emphilitically. His silence is Joe McCarthy's secret weapon.

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Office Memorandum. United States Government

τo

Pr. Tolson

Kirr.

DATE: February 13, 1952

FROM

TT PLANNE CORNER to a. 64

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

he has still not heard from the Criminal Division on whether or not prosecution be initiated against Miriam deflass of the Civil Service Commission and that we were not to make any investigation unless he communicated with us further.

He stated that as he saw the matter.

he thought

it would be better for CSC to make the investigation. I told

him I knew this was correct, was in no way pert

was in no way pertinent as far as the matter of investigation - that the real reason why we should not do it was because the ground had already been plowed over by Civil Service.

cc - Mr. Ladd
Mr. Belmont

LBN:MP

Ved

OFGORDED 112 121-35707-43

MIDEXED - (1)

HAND BAR N

5/11/

4. 44.

Office Menior and um • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : 10. 11. LADDING DATE: February 11. 1950

FROM

A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT:

UNENOWN SUBJECT ()
(COURCE OF SENATOR JOSEPH R. MOCARTHY'S

INFORMATION RECARDING MINUTES OF LOYALTY

REVIEW BOARD'S MARTING OF FEBRUARY 13-14, 1951)
WISCELLANTOUS INFORMATION CONCERTING

LOTINTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYINS

You will recall that, with the Director's approval, the Bureau displayed to officials of the Loyalty Review Board

This discussion with the Localty Review Board was in conjunction with an alleged leak of information from Civil Service Loyalty Review Board to Senator Joseph R. McCarthy. You will also recall that the Bureau gave its approval to Mr. Bingham to discuss this matter with the White House.

Mr. Donald S. Davson, A ministrative Assistant to the Fresident, contacted Mr. Roach on February 8, 1952, and stated that Mr. Bingham had contacted him regarding this matter and had related a rather startling story that

Mr. Dawson's tated in order that he may draw his ann agnolusions, he would desire to either sec the information in question,

Fou will recall that we previously briefed Mr. Dawson on the facts in this mather. Dawson has now stated that he needs more details so that he may get a complete picture of the entire matter, and thus the reason for a king the above request.

RRR \* Im

May

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UNU NOWN CURJECT

(LOUNCE OF CHIATOR ROLLED B. 'cCAPTET'S

RUCCPIC TO BE CUGARDING TURBETS OF 10 Y/LTY

REVIE COMPLY MEETING OF FEBRUARY 10-14, 1951)

FIGURE TO BE CUVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

(Your 111e 196-200-11955)

RECORDED 159

Charles to rede to your memorards of February 19, 1957.

This is to refrise that if were concluded by the FBI Leberator that the type written release of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy cantioned "incompts in State Papertment, from transcript of menting of Leyalty Seview Poord, February 13, 14, 1951, Washington, P. C.," was prepared with two different makes of typewriters. The first three pages were prepared with a Royal clite typewriter, spaced 12 letters to the inch. The remaining pages numbered 4 through 9 were prepared with a Reminsten edite typewriter spaced 12 letters to the fact.

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COMM - FBI FEB 26 1952 MAILED 29 TO TO SUM STATE OF THE STATE OF

February 🕾, 1950

DENTIAL

# Office Memorandum · United States Government

MR. A. H. PESMONT

DATE: February 25, 1952

FROM :

IANDARD FORM NO. 84

C. H. STANLLYAN

SUBJECT:

UNKNOWN SUBJECT

(SOURCE OF SENATOR JOSEPH R. McCARTHY'S INFORMATION PEGARDING MINUTES OF LOYALTY

REVIEW BOARD'S MUETING OF FEBRUARY 13-14, 1951)
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

LOYALTY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

#### PURPOSE:

To advise that the February 8, 1952, issue of U. S. . News and World Report contains an article quoting excerpts from the February 13-14, 1951, meeting of the Loyalty Peview Board.

#### BACKGROUND:

The February 8, 1952, issue of U.S. News and World Report contains an article captioned State Department Lax on Loyalty Cases? Secret Minutes Reveal Criticism of Methods," which quoted from secret minutes of a meeting of the Loyalty Review Board of the Civil Service Commission held on February 13-14, 1951. A photostatic copy of this article is attrched.

As you have been informed, Miss Miriam M. de Maas was under investigation by the Civil Service Commission because she was suspected to be the source of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's information for his press release of January 5, 1952, which was allegedly based on confidential minutes of the Loyalty Review Board's meeting of February 13-14, 1951. Senator McCarthy also quoted from excerpts of this Loyalty Review Board meeting in a speech before the U. S. Senate on January 15, 1952.

#### STATUS:

The Pureau is not conducting any investigation in this

matter.

ACTION:

121-35707

Attachment

INDEXED - 73

RHE: je

None. This is for your information. 21. 3570 (MA)

10 10 10 10 EX-100

## State Department Lax on Loyalty Cases

Secret Minutes Reveal Criticism of Method

Has the State Department been lax in guarding U.S. against diplomats and officials of uncertain loyalty?

Senator McCarthy insists that it has. The Department claims a perfect record for loyalty, cannot find any Communist employes, It refuses to take any blame for loss of China to

Communists or for other diplomatic setbacks where questions of loyalty have been raised. Secret minutes of the Loyalty Review Board he Civil Service Commission, revealed in the Senate by Senator McCarthy, give an appraisa by Board members. Here are excerpts. from a meeting on Feb. 13 and 14, 1951.

In early 1951, just a year ago, the loyalty procedures of the Government were under attack in Congress. Not a single employe of the Department of State had been fired on the ground of disloyalty by its own Loyalty Board, though some had been ousted after this Board found them "unfit." Others resigned under investigation.

Standards for screening diplomats and other officials in highly "sensitive" positions required unquestioned proof of disloyalty before they could be removed as "loyalty" risks. In Congress, and in the Departments, pressure was building for a change in the White House standards to permit dismissal of employes where

"reasonable doubt" existed concerning

their loyalty.

The Board that has final say in pass-The Board that has final say in passing upon loyalty of Government workers met in February of last year. It then had a new chairman, Hiram Bingham, a former Republican Senator from Connecticut. Bingham brought up the question of changing the rules to permit discharge of Government employes where "reasonable doubt" existed concerning their loyalty. The chairman said that he was informed that if the President would change the standard to one of "reasonable doubt"—which President Roosevelt had used during the war—it would double the number of individuals who could be removed. He said that Secretary of Sta

removed. He said that Secretary of State Dean Acheson favored the change. (\*\*s.)
"I think it is fair to say," Chairman Bingham observed, "that the State Department, as you know, has the wors record of any department in the action of its Loyalty Board. .... The Loyalty Board, in all the cases that have been considered in the State Departments has not found anyone—shall I say, "guilty under our rules. It is the only Board which has acted that way."

Then followed this discussion among Board members as revealed by minutes.

Board members as revealed by minute

Chairman Bingham: The situation with regard to a few of the cases that I have had the opportunity of studying has led me to the belief that we should change [the rule]. For instance, in the State Department, there is a case of a man who might be said to be a rather "weak" sister. There is no evidence that he is a Communist. His wife, on the other hand, who is not in the State Department, has a very close association with Communists. She, at one time, saw a good deal of them in the days before they went underground in Washington.

"I came to this conclusion: that, living with his wife, he was undoubtedly loyal to this wife; and, from all the evidence, he could not be loyal to his wife and at the same time be loyal to the U.S. Government in the sense in which I think loyalty deserves to be used. There is no way in which you can get him out of 

concerned, I don't understand their posi-tion at all, because although their board has not held their people ineligible under the loyalty test, who should have



DEAN ACHESON, SECRETARY OF STATE He reassured the chairman

is held ineligible under that test, they plenty of power to remove them as sciulty risk. Why haven't they exert the They haven't exercised it, in of all the searchights that have turned upon them. It seems to me we should tlecide whether we are it to consider security risk. If we it to stick to loyalty [as a test], let's to loyalty as it is written down. In minds of the public there would be difference. Illierence , : .

here followed a discussion of the of a State Department employe who shown by the record to have been g for two years in a foreign country nan agent of the Russian Govern-th while in State Department employ. burence . Lee, Board member, in inchange with Frances Perkins, a pier of the Civil Service Commission. For say that he the State Demient employe who lived with the tan agent; can be loyal, perfectly to this Covernment, and he's a safe loye of the State Department.

hise Perkins: "I would say he was lituble for public service."

Ar. Los: "But under the present rules, Board is bound to report him as a

lemploye. "But you can report to the Civil Service Commission." It. Lee: "No, we are prohibited from g that And the status of it is that we been committing a fraud on the

heirmen Binghemi I am informed when the Civil Service Commission is a person suitable in the first place, he becomes an employe, that the is not in any position to go back on original action.

ingular action.

In a Mitchell, member of the Civil

The Commission: "That is correct."

The definition of the Civil

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The g to the attention of the employagency information which comes his and which we think they should hider as to the retention of the emthat and dismissed for unsuitable duct : , .

Mr. Lee! "It would take three or four this to get rid of employes that way."
Miss Perkins: "Not unless he's a vetrain It would be no trouble at all."
The Loyalty Review Board turned to declission of other loyalty cases in the fine Department. What follows is an hange involving one of those cases: Lowrence V. Meloy, executive secre-ity, "In the third case we found that the late Department had a hearing and that nly the chairman, Mr. Snow [Conrades Snow], sat through the entire hear-In fact, there was a series of hear-is-probably three—but the other mem-is of the Board changed and no

other than Snow, sat through the case . . .

nesses. After the first hearing or two, one Board member in the State Department was sent on a mission to Gibraltar. or some other place, and their after the Board was given some other duty. Also, in that particular case, there were several occasions, as I read the testimony, where the chairman of the State Department Board permitted remarks to be made off the record, which is all you have in stildying the case—what is said. In that case, also, he permitted the wife of the incumbent to be present during all the hearings and to coach her husband on what he had said in the affidatiff. That was against the rule.

James F. Twohy, Board member:

"He probably got off."

Chairman Bingham: "I called attention to the Secretary of State myself to the fact that You've got to tell the Loyals by Board thembers [in the State Department] to behave themselves."

The discussion took a new turns.

The discussion took a new turns of Mr. Meloy: "Item No. IX grows out of a practice which the State Department has pursued more vigorously than any other agency. In our regulations we provide that after the hearing the agency board, under mitigating circumstances and where intimed security. and where national security is hold in-volved, may permit the man to resign, rather than have a finding of ineligibility against him.

through the case.

Chairman Bingham: The lam far Now that, primarily, as I remember miliar with the case, having studied it it, at the time we put it in the regular myself. There was only one member of thous was so that the service records of the Board State Department Loyalty the Government would show a resignation, rather than a discharge for loyalty. but it has come to my attention that the State Department, throughout the program for two and one-half years, has not discharged a single person on the grounds next hearing, another member of the of loyalty. What they do is to bring the Board was given some other duty. Also, employe in and say: Now, we are going employe in and say: 'Now, we are going to file charges against you unless you resign,' so the man resigns, or they'll hold a hearing and bring him in and tell him, 'We are about to render a decision of ineligibility against you inless you resign. I have called their attention two or three times to the fact that that section was put in therefor the protection of the employe, but they have taken the opposite position, and say, Now, you folks put it in there. We're going to use it,' and they've used it that way, and have caused seven people to resign where they normally would have gone on through the hearing.

they normally would have gone on through the hearing.

"When they operate as they do-merely showing a resignation of the individual and he has this copy from the State Department—he immediately goes over to another agency and says, I have worked for the State Department for five years. Here's my Personnel Action Speek. I resigned a few weeks ago. There is nothing on the Personnel Action Speet to tell the personnel officer that there is un investigation on that person. He gets a fob, or the person may be interested in him



JOSEPH McCARTHY, SENATOR FROM WISCONSIN He read the secret minutes

for other employment, and has to go running around the Government to find that there is an investigation on that main.

"I think, in view of the fact that the State Department is taking advantage of our own regulations in forcing people to resign, we should revoke the regulation... The State Department hasn't had a single rating of ineligibility, and it is due to this one thing..."

Mr. Houg: "If you revoke this, why can't they follow the same procedure and say. If you don't resign, we'll hold a hearing?"

a hearing?"

Mr. Meloy: "They can, but they won't be laiding behind our regulation."

The provision regarding resignations was revoked.

Review Board members their volced other criticisms of the State Department:

about the State Department—their remarkable record of hever having fired anybody for loyalty, and yet we do nothing about it as far as the Board is concerned.

does all he can in the echelons that he can reach, but I have been troubled about whether or not we owe the duty of having somebody call the attention of the President, for example, to the fact that program singly does not work in that Departmer to the let him worry about it. It seeins to be a let him worry about it. It se

per cent. The average was about 6 per cent. The State Department, zero.

"The Secretary of State was very impressed by what I said. He received my remarks very kindly. He asked me one or two questions about resignations, etc. Fortunately, thanks to the document which had been prepared for me by Mr. Meloy, I had the facts with regard to all departments in connection with resignations and so on. When I showed him my confidential statement, he was greatly impressed. He said, 'I will take the matter up at once.' That was Friday afternoon.

"He obviously took it up Monday morning, because Monday afternoon at 2:30 one of his security officers, called to know whether anybody at the State Department had been up here to oppose any change in the regulations. I talked over with the Secretary of State the change which you authorized me to suggest to the President yesterday, and his was very heartily in favor of it and very anxious about it. He said no one in the State Department could possibly have said a word against it. It has now been called to their attention. There are quite a number of cases pending before that Board [State Department Loyalty Board]. I feel quite certain from the attitude of the Secretary of State that there was very great attention paid to what I told him.

"I hadn't been instructed by the Board to do it, but I thought it was my duty to do it, so it is known now to the Secretary of State, and as he is very close to the President, I presume it will be known to him . . . So the matter is known now to the Administration and I think will be taken care of . . . "

Soon after the Review Board meeting -on April 28, 1951-President Trumanchanged the rules so as to permit removal of employes where "measonable doubt" exists as to their loyalty.

Ten months later, on Oct. 25, 1951, Chairman Snow of the State Department's Loyalty Board had this to say concerning the operation of Department's

loyalty program:

"Since December 17, 1947, when the President's loyalty program was implemented by directive of the Loyalty Review Board of the Civil Service Commission, the Loyalty Security Board of the Department of State has had before it over 500 cases of State Department employes who have been investigated for loyalty by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and not one case has been found of a present Communist working in the State Department. Over that pet riod, eight employes have been held to be security risks, but not one of these admitted present membership in the Communist Party, nor was there evidence of present membership."



HIRAM BINGHAM, CHAIRMAN OF THE LOYALTY BOARD

He complained to the Secretary

John K. Clark, Board member: "What are you going to do when the attorney who is presenting the charges acts as though he were the attorney for the incumbent? I read 100 pages of a record where the three members of the Board were acting as attorneys for the employe. "."

Mr. Meloy: "Oh, you're talking about the State Department." They're taking the attitude that they're there to clear the employe, and not to protect the Government. We've been arguing with them since the program started."

Mr. Hoog: "That brings up a question that has been on my mind a little, and I have been accused a few times in connection with it. I have been disturbed of the Covernment, and I wonder whether we ought to say anything to anybody about it . . ."

Chairman Bingham: "Your present chairman thought about that for a couple of weeks and took counsel of two persons in whom he had confidence, and then asked for an appointment with the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State, who is a very busy man, very graciously gave me an appointment last Friday afternoon . . . I called his attention to the fact that his Board was out of step with all other agency boards. In the Post Office Department, 10 per cent of all persons examined were found to be worthy of separation from the Government. In the Commerce Department, 6½

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. A. H. BULMONT

DATE: February 29. 1952

FROM

MR. L. L. LAUGHLIN

SUBJECT:

UNKNOWN SUBJECT (SOURCE OF SENATOR JOSEPH R. McCARTHY'S INFORMATION REGARDING MINUTES OF LOYALTY REVIEW BOARD'S MEETING OF FEBRUARY 13-14. 1951) MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING LOYALTY OF GOVERAMENT EMPLOYSES

Mr. C. E. Nicholson of the Department called Mr. Hennrich on February 28, 1952, and referred to a memorandum from the Department requesting that the Bureau conduct on investigation of this matter. Mr. Nichelson inquired as to the status of the investigation.

I called Mr. Nicholson and told him that this matter had been discussed by a Bureau representative with Deputy Attorney General Vanech on February 7, 1952. at which time Mr. Vanech advised that no investigation should be conducted by the Bureau. Again, on February 13, 1952, Mr. Vanech was recontacted and he advised that he had not as yet heard from the Criminal Division as to whether prosecution would be initiated in this case and that pending further word no investigative action should be taken by the Bureau. I told Mr. Nicholson that on the latter date Mr. Vanech said that he thought it would he better for the Civil Service Commission to make this investigation.

When talking to Mr. Nicholson, he stated that Mr. L. V. Meloy, Executive Secretary of the Loyalty Review Board, had contacted the Criminal Division and explained that he was holding Misside Haas' room vacant for examination "by the FBI" and that if the Bureau wasn't interested in looking over her room within the near future, Mr. Moloy was going to release it since he needed the space. I told Mr. Nicholson that I did not understand why Mr. Meloy was awaiting action on the part of the FRI since during a conference had with Mr. Meloy it was specifically pointed out to him that the Bureau was not conducting any investigation inasmuch as the CSC had already gone into this matter.

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METORANDUM FOR MR. 10L30M MR. LADD

MR. BELMONT

On Merch 10, 1952, I saw former Senator Hirman Bingham, now Chairman of the Loyalty Review Board of the Civil Service Commission. Senator Binghem stated there were several matters he wished to discuss with me, one of these matters being the failure of the Attorney General to list additional subversive organizations on the subversive list. He stated that there, of course, had developed a number of new organizations which quite obvisouly were used as Communist fronts and that the Loyalty Review Board had before it cases of individuals who were members of these organizations, but under the rules under which they function they cannot take action against such employees matil the Atorney General has listed the organizations as subversive. He stated he had written several letters to the Attorney General about this problem and had been advised that no further organizations would be os listed until the courts had ruled the legality of the procedure which the Department of Justice has followed in the past in preparing such subversive lists. Senator Bingham felt that this was a very unsatisfactory situation in that while we had to wait maybe a year or more until the cases in court are disposed of by the Supreme Court, these employees, who obviously are members of Communist front organizations, would still be weeking in the Government and nothing could be done shout it.

I told Benator Binghom that I had likewise been concerned about this matter and had also written memorarda to the Attorney General about this problem and had received the same type of reply as Senator Bingham had received. I told him, of course, these matters were not handled by the Attorney General personally but by the Criminal Division. I suggested to Senator Bingham that he again address a letter to the Attorney General and instead of sending it to him that he arrange a personal appointment with the Attorney General to discuss the problem with him and In the meantime I would also address a memorandum to the Attorney General and would personally discuss the problem with the Attorney General and the Senator Bingham he might, if he cared to, say that he, the Senator, had discussed this matter with me and that I foward the same views as he, the Senator, did.

the Senator then took up the case of Miriem Welaas. The Amator stated that he, of course, knew I was familiar with the recent develorments in this case, that we had made certain laboratory examinations and hal found that Miss DeHaas's fingerprints were on certain official papers in the Loyalty Board Files, copies of which had later been furnished to Senator

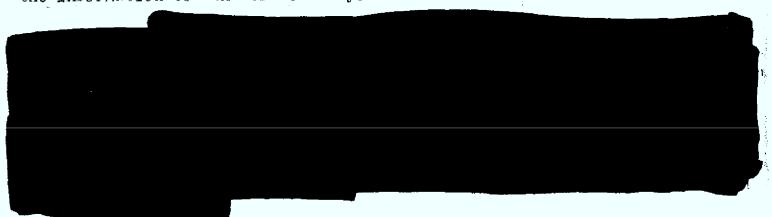
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McCarthy. He stated that he was somewhat surrrised and shocked when he had inquired into this matter to learn

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seid that had we so alerted him he believed that certain documents and papers which had been furnished to Senator McCarthy would not have been supplied him! He definitely believes that Miss DeHans was the individual supplying the information to Senator McCarthy.



Very truly yours

John Edgar Hoover Director







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March 12, 1050 DATE:

FROM :

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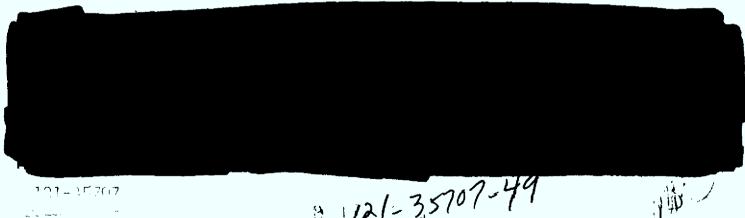
LOYSTRY OF COVERNOUT UNPLOSHED

PUFPOSE:

(2) Whether this was called to your attention.

BACK FROME:

Miriam V. do Haas has been under investigation by the Civil Service Commission because she was suspected to be the source of Senator Joseph F. Peforthy's information for his press release in January, 1952, Pased on confidential minutes of a Loyalty Peview Perud meeting on Vehrury 13-14, 1951.



PHI: je

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SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD (62-/107)

March 14, 1952

Director, FRI (121-35707)

UNKHOWN SUPJECT

(SOUPCE OF SENATOR JOSEPH R. MCCARTHY'S
INFORMATION REGARDING HINUTES OF LOYALTY
PEVIFU BOARD'S MEUTING OF FEBRUARY 13-14, 1951)
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCLUDING
LOYALTY OF COVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

PERS. VILES

Reference is made to your letter of February 29, 1952; captioned "Mirlam M. de Haas, Miscellaneous Information Concerning."

For your information, Miss de Haas has been under investigation by the Civil Service Commission because she was suspected to be the source of information which has "leaked" out of the Loyalty Review Peard.



RHE: je

COMM FIN MAR 1.8 1952 MAILED 27 RECORDED 59 1 /2/-35707\_5/

4 MAR 24 1952

DATE: March 15, 1972 ाम्, १५४ पुरस्या TO h: F. Jay.D FROM (M, THO AT MOJECT SUBJECT: Civil Service Commission because the var suspected to be the source of lenater McComthy's information for his press release based on the lenater McComthy's information for his press release based on the lenater McComthy's information for his press release based on the lenater McComthy's information for his press release based on the lenater McComthy's Involve Lord meeting. confidential minutes of a Legalty Pevicy Joans meeting. RECORDED - 100 - 121 - 35707-53 101-15707 /NV 1 INDEXED . LOD NUTT: je 65 MAR 31

## Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

ST PNOADE FOR BUT 64

THE DIRECTOR

DATE: March 20, 1952

FROM

D. H. IMPD

SUBJECT:

UNICHONN SU JECT (SOUNCE OF SEMATOR JOSEPH II. FOOM THY'S INFOLMATION REGARDING NIMULES OF LOYAUTY

REVIEW BOARD'S RELITING OF FEBRUARY 13-14, 1951)

MISCRULAMEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

LOY IY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYELS

#### PURPOSE:

(1) To report the results of a conference held this morning between Pureau representatives and I'r. Hiram Bingham, Chairman of the Loyalty Review Poard.

(2) To advise that Miriam Hi. de Haas appeared before the Grand Jury or March 18, 1952.

#### BACKGROUND:

Hiriam M. de Haas has been under investigation by the Civil Service Commission because she was suspected to be the sounce of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's information for his press release allegedly based on confidential minutes of a Loyalty Review Pound meeting on February 13-14, 1951. As you will recall, the fingernaints of Miss de Haas were identified by the Durous on the revised transcript covering this meeting of the Lovalty Pevice Board.

My memorandum of Narch 15, 1952, which is attached for your ready reference, advised that Miss de Haas <u>appeared</u>

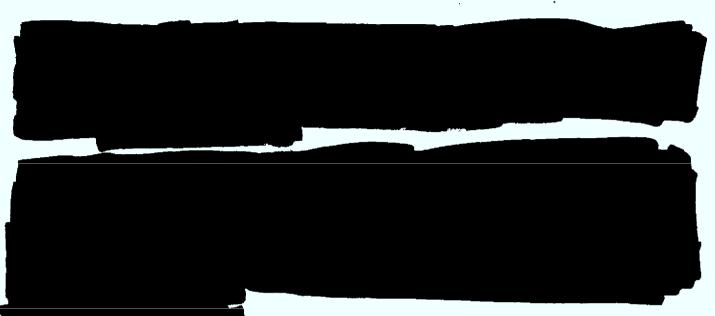
#### DEVELOPINATES:

In accordance with prior arrangements, Supervisors C. H. Stenley and of the Loyalty Unit met with Mr. Ringham this morning, at which time he was advised that in keeping with your desire to coperate with him wherever possible you wanted him to know on a personal and confidertial basis that Pisa de Haas

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related that Miss de Maas had been taken before the Grand Jury on March 18, 1992. He said that she had appeared hefore the Grand Jury on the norming of March 18, 1952. She was surposed to return to the Grand Jury that afternoon but failed to do so as a result of which two buited States Harshals had appeared at the Loyalty Leview Feard that afternoon Lecking for her. Hr. Bin; hem said that possibly Hiss de Haas had gone to contact an attorney or possibly Senator EcCarthy. He related that on March 19, 1952, Mics de Haas had appeared at the Loyalty Poview Foard to secure her personal possessions. He added that someone from the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice had looked over her room at the Loyalty Deview Board and when Miss de Haas saw that the room had been searched, she left without picking up her personal belongings. In this connection, you will recall that the Bureau has conducted no investigation in this matter and the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice has been so advised.

Ur. Linchem related that he had recently received a telephone call from Denotor McCarthy, at which time Tenator McCarthy told Mr. Pinghom that he had some of his confidential material and asked Mr. Pingham if he would give him the additional information he needed to

complete his records. Mr. Bingham commented that he appreciated this request was made by Senator McCarthy in a facetious manner. Senator McCarthy said he wanted to ask Mr. Fingham some questions which he did not have to answer if he did not desire to do so. Mr. Bingham said that he had his secretary on the telephone of the time because "Senator McCarthy does not always tell the truth" and added that McCarthy had given out some false information concerning him.

In discussing the transcript covering the meeting of the Loyalty Feview Board of May 4, 1948, which contained the comments of which were critical of the Bureau's work under the Loyalty Program, Mr. Bingham was informed that the Bureau had been informed of a reported remarks. The Bureau had tried to rundown the information concerning the remarks reportedly made by concerning this Bureau, at which time the Bureau was informed that lawrence V. Beloy of the Loyalty Review Board could find no record of the having appeared before the Loyalty Review Board although Mr. Beloy was actually present at this particular meeting, according to this transcript of May 4, 1948.

As a matter of information, during the conversation with Mr. Binsham, Mg. Lincham commented that the work under the Loyalty Program had been somewhat hindered because of the failure of the Attorney General to list additional organizations on the subversive list. He said that be had intended to see the Attorney General concerning this situation but has been unable to get an appointment as of this date.

Mr. lingham said that he wanted you to know that he was most appreciative of your consideration in this matter and asked that his deepest gratitude be expressed to you.

#### OF THRUATIONS:

Concerning the reported appearance of Miss de Haas before the Grand Jury, it is noted that the Eurepu has conducted no investigation in this matter other than to furnish technical assistance inasmuch as it was considered to be an administrative matter investigated by the Civil Service Commission.

ACTION:

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September 5, 1952

A. H. BELMONT

C. H. STANLEY

UNKHOME SUBJECT (SOURCE OF SUBJECT OF SOURCE OF SUBJECT OF SUBJECT

#### PURPOSE:

"Washington Post" of September 5, 1952, Miriam M. de Haas had been called before the Grand Jury on March 16, 1752, and April 8, 1952, and has been suspended by the Civil Service Commission for refusing to answer questions asked by Civil Service Commission representatives dealing with "leaks" of confidential data from the Loyalty Review Board.

#### BACKGROUND:

Miriam M. de Haas was investigated by the Civil Service Commission because she was suspected to be the source of Senator McCarthy's information for his cress release in January, 1952, containing excernts from confidential minutes of a Loyalty Review Board meeting on Petruary 13-14, 1951. These minutes disclosed criticism of the manner in which the State Repartment had conducted its loyalty review program.

The fingerprints of Miriam de Head were identified by the FBI Laboratory on the revised transcript concering this meeting of the Levelty Part is Board.

formished all information received by the Pureau in connection with this matter. Mr. Jemes M. McIncresy requested that the Bureau connect on investigation with a sign tensor possible criminal presecution of the quilty comby or contion. The Department was informations

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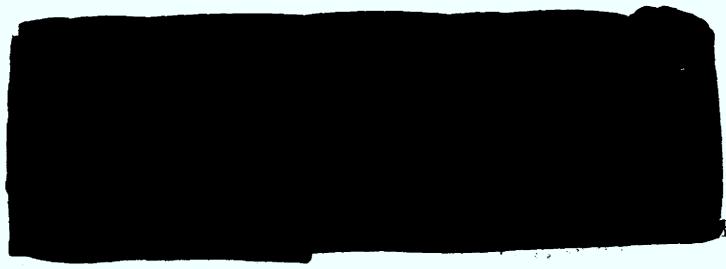
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that the divil Germico Commission had conducted an extensive investigation in this matter which included an interview of Miss de Hass, that the Bureau had conducted no investigation in this matter, but had made available to the Civil Service Commission the facilities of the FBI Laboratory. The Department was informed that in view of this, the Bureau contemplated no further action in this matter.



The "Times Herald" and "Washington Post" of September 5, 1952, roffeet that the Civil Service Cormission had announced that Miriam de Hace had been served with a notice of suspension for refusion to a rever mestions acked by its representatives dealing with "leaks" of confidential data from the loyalty Review Board. The articles stated that Miss de Hars had been called to testify before the Grand Jury on March 18, 1952, and April 8, 1952. The Civil Service Commission has petitioned the District Court for a copy of the testimony of Miriam de Hass before the Grand Jury which was investigating a leak of confidential information from the Loyalty Review Board.

- D -

The "limes Herald" in its article convented that the timing of the suspension was interpreted as another Administration attempt to emberrass McCarthy in his campaign for re-election. The article quoted McCarthy as saying that he positively got no accistance from the upman suspended in the Civil Service Commission mode of the eliged "leak" to him of confidential loyalty information. In commenting on the suspendion of limits de Heas, Sent to McCarthy seld "they're hanged the wring but in."

#### ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

WY. A. B. PELNONI

C. H. STARTEY

unamore Surject
(Source of Senator McCarthy's Information91119)
Regarding Jovernment Amployees)
RELIGITOR OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

#### PURPOSE:

To advise of a telephone vall from Mr. Lawrence V. Welvy of the Loyalty Review Board and to recommend that pursuant to his request the Loyalty Review Board be firnished with a photostatic copy of what purports to be a Civil Service Commission summary of the Eurenv's loyalty investigation of which was a leased by Senator ReCarthy to the Press in January, 1850.

#### BACKGROUNDI

Inquired of the writer as to whether the Buracu is in possession of the document supporting to be a Civil Bervice Commission summary as the Eureou's loyalty investigation of document Senator Seconthy had released to the Press in January, 1000. When Weloy pointed out that they desired a series of this document in connection with their inquiry conferning Times of this document in they have made a search of their files and se unable to locate a copy, even though they previously had copies of this document. Then he was advised that the Civil Service Commission undoubtedly could furnish him with a copy, Ur. Weloy stated he had contacted toleral Patcher's Office and they are also mable to locate a copy of the document in question.

Tou will recall that the document referred to is a document that Tenntar McCarthy released, which purported to be an official Civil Mervice Comminsten summary of the Bureau's investigation of and which quoted information in the Bureau's reports in that case. The formation apployed as an account with the State Department, but later mastered on November 14, subsequent to the localty investigation. For will also recall the

CHS: the

121-35707 Attachment

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withough the document was proven not to have been an official summary, it did contain considerable quotations from our loyalty reports. At the specific request of the Attorney General, the Bureau did conduct an investigation cancerning the source of Senator Melarthy's information and capies of the reports were submitted to the Devartment. The investigation did not establish the identity of the individual who purnished the naterial but information was developed indicating it was obtained while the file was in the passentian of the Loyalty Roylem Found.

As you know, the Civil Service Commission and the Loyalty Seview Board have for some time been conducting an impurity regarding the source of additional information which has been released by Senator Valurity and which came from the files of the Loyalty Routew Baard. The Aurecu, in cooperation with the Muil Service Commission, identified the singerprints of Hirlan de Haus, an employee of the Loyalty isview Board, on documents from which some of Senator McCarthy's information was obtained.

A review of the Bureau's files reveals we do have severel photostatic copies of the alleged summery requested in Ur. Helop and it is believed that in cooperation with the Loyalty Review Board, we should furnish them with a copy of this document. This document arisable the vill be used by the Loyalty Review Board in consection with their inquiry concerning binder de Hoas, who is suspected by the loyalty Review Board of firing information to Senctor belonter. (1.1-97-34, 191-87970-27, 2.0,241,244)

#### RECUMBER DATIONS

It is recommended that in comperation with the Loyalty Review Found, a choicatable copy of the above locument released by Senator McCarbby be furnished to Mr. below.

121-35107

## G-GIRL ORDERED TO KEEP QUIET IN 'LEAK' PROBE

JBy Associated Press

A woman employe under surpension by the civil service commission swore yesterday that a commission official told her not to give any information to the FBI about a leak of confidential loyalty board records.

In suspending the woman, Miriam Dehanas, the commission said last week that it also was petitioning federal court here for the release of testimony she gave a grand bury investigating the

Miss Dehaas was first questioned, the commission said, shortly after Sen. McCarthy (R). Wisconsin, made public minutes of a loyalty review board meeting at which several members criticized the way the State department had been handling its loyalty program. The loyalty review board operates under the civil service commission.

#### Tells of 3-Hour Quitz

In an affidavit filed with the Commission yesterday, Miss Dehaas said she was called to the office of L. V. Meloy, then executive secretary of the lovally review board, last Jan. 16. She said that present there were Hiram Bingham, lovalty board chairman: James E. Hotcher, chief of the commission's investigations division; and a shorthand reporter.

She said the interview lasted nearly three hours, and she continued:

"I answered all questions asked me by Mr. Hatcher. Among other things, we covered the various possibilities of information which had been made available to Sen. McCarthy, and the coddling of Communists under the President's loyalty program,

#### Given Edited Transcript

"When my requests for a copy of the transcript of this interview were finally granted, seven months later, a considerable portion of the interview had been deleted and certain other parts had been edited."

There was no immediate comment from the commission.

McCarthy said last week, when Miss DeHaas' suspension was announced, that she "positively gave me no information."

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## Suspended Employe Warned Not to Talk

By the Associated Press

pension by the Civil Service were Hiram Bingham, Loyalty Commission swore yesterday Board chairman; James E. that a commission official told Hatcher, chief of the commisher not to give any information ston's investigations division, to the FBI about a leak of continuous and a shorthand reporter.

In suspending the woman, the commission of th

ston said last week that it also "I answered all questions was petitioning Federal Court asked me by Mr. Hatcher, here for the release of testi-hor asked me by Mr. Hatcher, here for the release of testi-here warious possibilities of information which had been made

shortly after Sen, Joseph R. Mc-Carthy (R-Wis.) made public dent's loyally program. Board meeting at which several members criticized the way the State Department had been handling its loyalty program. The Loyalty Review Board operates under the Civil Service Commission.

A woman employe under sus 16. She said that present there

formation which had been made Miss Dellass was first questioned, the commission said, the commission said, the story of the condition of t

"When my requests for a copy\_ Board meeting at which several of the transcript of this inter-

ment from the commission.

In an affidavit filed with the commission, when Miss De Haas' suspension.

McCarthy said last week, when Miss DeHaas' suspension.

Mass and she was called to the other of L. V. Meloy, then tively gave me no information," executive secretary of the Loyand he added: "They've hanged alty Review Board, last January

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## Office Mem. and united st les government

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SUBJECT: 1 TRIA DE MAS

DATE: Septembe

in answer to your inquery as to what we know about the statement attributed to hime we Faas wherein she fallege, to have advised than a Civil Service Commission  $\int [a_j/ficinf]$  to  $C^{\dagger}$  her and to give any information to the Fig. the fallowing is submitted:

4t 18:51 PM today, Colonel antaber of the Civil Service Commission salled me and about the he had seen the mean elitim of the MSTINGTON OF ILE WIS in which Miss De Form is groted as above and wherein further the News intiva-that the transcript of the interniew with Miss De Hans of The civil Service Commission has term changed because mach a threat is not contain d in the transcript of testimory.

Julonel Hatcher stable he contel the Pureau to know hit Itals is incorrect; that the transmit of testimony max verbetin and had not been changed by anyone. Further, Golonel Ratager statel that the News quoted Piss De Haes has saying that Hatcher had given her a strong warning or in one the till. Collinel hatch r excited that this is incorrect, thit he never made any such statement to her t canting or to warn her? Ed greatsh one information director or indirectly and that no one elac in the Civil Service Commission had given her no such instructions.

Colonel Matcher stated he was adding because he thought on seeing this article in the paper the Bureau mich! have some questions in its nind in 'e manted to set the Burrow atrotolt.

is tall the Colonel that we had seen this article in the first  $x \sigma$  and mere a little relet to it that  $m\epsilon$  appreciated bis a Pling and furniting phis is a mation to the Purcay.

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#### SY PRIE:

Tokand Morgan in recent search in Milwankes, At coming ataked that to 181 Account Corned him that decument produced on Canato filone by Schator McCarthy was a formery. Incur at in a commary argume toy the Civil Service Commission, but one containing such of the information set forth in uncouts loyalty report or. interviewed during investigation of decement b SA and former SA 1 No, according to t addition to Mich 1 Office, made no scale and to Morgan that A commend on the bion of Corpory.

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#### Maring:

A recognition tipo Mr. Michela to Mr. Rolson dat i becomer by 175, reflects that former foccial Acent Edwar ther and a certily made a speech to Hill space, Misconsin, in traich be officeed that the Thi Leongreet exemplaed a docum which tenden in Curthy land of the dies the floor of the U. the the expectation to be a compared as it is from the Civil Service The minutes and the MMT exactablish Directored the date state out the convent to be a chony. The ested on that memorandam: "It was not so them if we are stanted to the client any information pathered by us covard no this mather we made available to Syr man 🚻

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G DEC 23 1972. Tremate.

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The followin is tak of from a account of this coasch of Horgan which conseared in the lovember 3, 1952, is one of the fillwaukee, (Historia's) commal:

"... With great reluctors; and only because I to I the mosple of Winconsin should hear, I must reveal as incident hours to be in confidence, Werran said, "It concerns the line when Websithy, in and effort to justify his charges of Communists in the state separtment, produced a thick document on the senals floor. It a meased to be a official document of one of our recurity anencies, and as Medarbly lead from it, senators he has doubted his charges said, in a hear has something the line knid of evidence active writes he has senating the produced that continues the main of evidence active writes he asc.!

"That within a week, to exemis of the bill came into my office and told so that the meat was an out and out formery. They are trying to find out who forged it."

"(For an said offer the process that the document freeported to be a civil service or Insion report on legalty clears." He mid that is the any of he is no the materials conserved there are insected to the first on the materials conserved there are insected to the first on the materials conserved there.")"

The grove fits the description of what corporte to be a Simil Gardee Gardssien summer vot the current's Loyalty investigation of the Cartee which Senater McCarthy bedge duced on the Theory of the U.S. Senate. Our investigation in help matter developed that the docur of the not action of the summer promise by the Sivil Service Gardission out contained and of the importance to the december of the summer reports on

the Percaute tile con nine for investigation condented a sacerni p this decreant was a dewed and no reference seconds to the fact that is Topcar has seen interviewed in this satter. The Parkinston Field delice was instructed by letter taked Percaute 12, 1994, to review its file in this matter to determine it forces one interviewed, the identiof the accept conduction the increase and the nature of to concept which in them to Mergers whose or furnished to the impean.

The Coshington bittle Office as advised by letter halfd the ventor 17, 1000, that deared erron was interviewed during the course of the Areauta investigation in this

From Port Spr SA March 1 Co. C. 1991. The Addington Field Office who resigned on adviged that Design was contacted for the surpose of determini a station a had reacted may information in connection with the codition as Counsel of the Traings Subcommettee which with borne to identity the come of from which Senature McCapthy reserved the information rund in his otatement or the Samate (John. Morean to a unable to furnish any informetion, out he stated that in the event he heard anything in shat record be rould be alad to file the to the Mireau. Not incorporate reverse heard from Maryon. The Washington Fig. 1 office stated blat not statement of any kind was made to Morgan that the document in question as a forcery and the interview with Torgan to not set out in a report in this on the common of its commissionly assert a character.

The ight be noted limit Collection his resignation from the opening world to the Office of Price Stabilization under Edward Morron.

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#### FEDURAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Date recorded: 1-31-52 2:00 F!!

#### Single Fingerprint Report

RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECT Case:

121-357074

(SOURCE OF SENATOR JOSEPH R. McCARTHY'S INFORMATION REGARDING MINUTES OF LOYALTY

REVIEW BOARD'S MEETING OF FIBRUARY 13-14, 1951)

Specimens:

MISCELLANDOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING LOYALTY OF GOVERNIUMT EMPLOYEES

Miscellaneous papers submitted for latent fingerprint examination.

Compary fingergrints named suspect, MTMIAN M. de HAAS, with laterly developed.

Examination requested by: Memo. Mr. Ladd; Answer by memo.

Date received: 1-30-52 bac

Date of reference esamunication: 1-30-52

Examination requested: fingerprint

Result of examination:

Examination by:

Evidence Noted by:

hx

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Date recorded:

5-20-53 9:00 11

Single Fingerprint Report

HIVETON STRJECT: Case:

Tampering with Rodistered Mail Records

Number:

Specimens:

2 postal Registration application contificates, form 3877 submitted for latent fingerprint examination.

Examination requested by: Mr. J. F. Carroll, Civil Service Commission, 4th Regional District, Temporary P. Pldg., Room 2033, Washington, D. C.

Date received: 5-39-53-61.

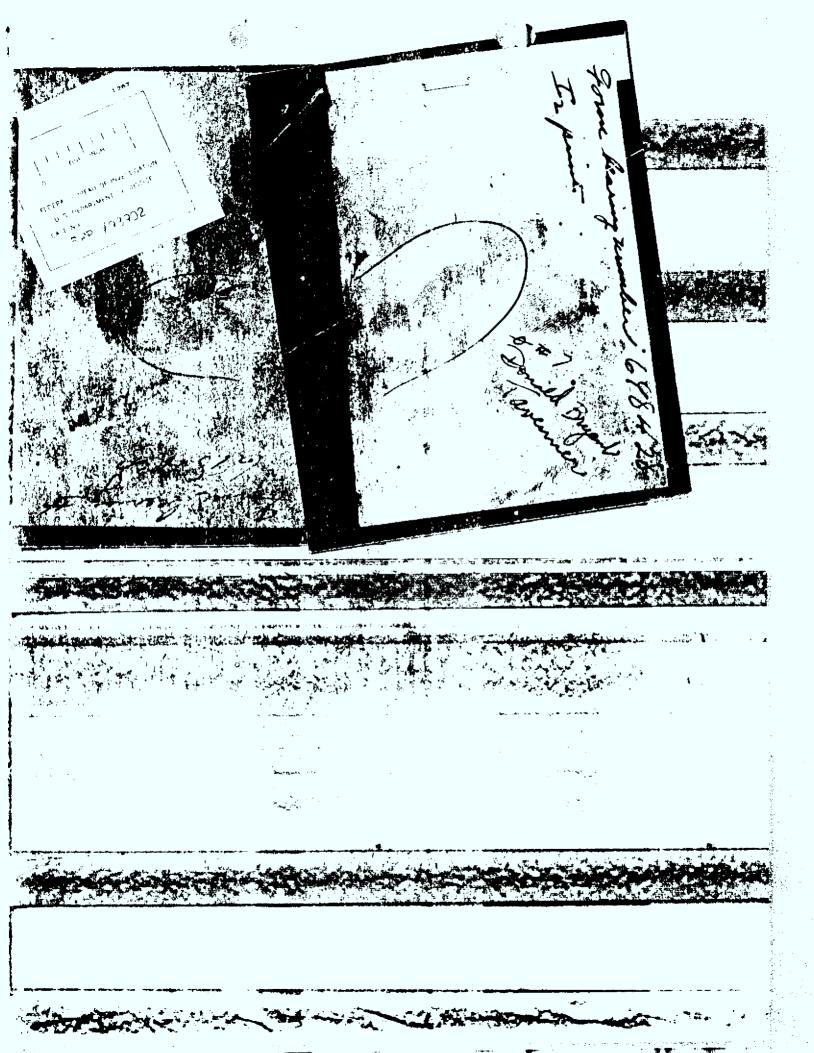
Date of reference communication: Delivered by to. J. D. Carroll 5-19-53

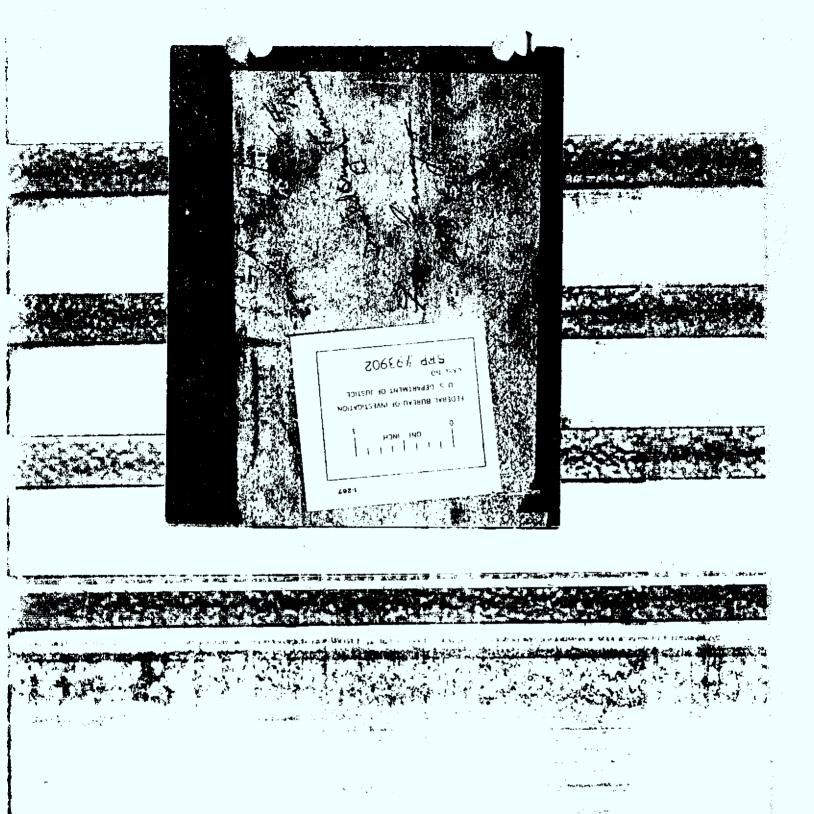
Examination requested: Fingerp to

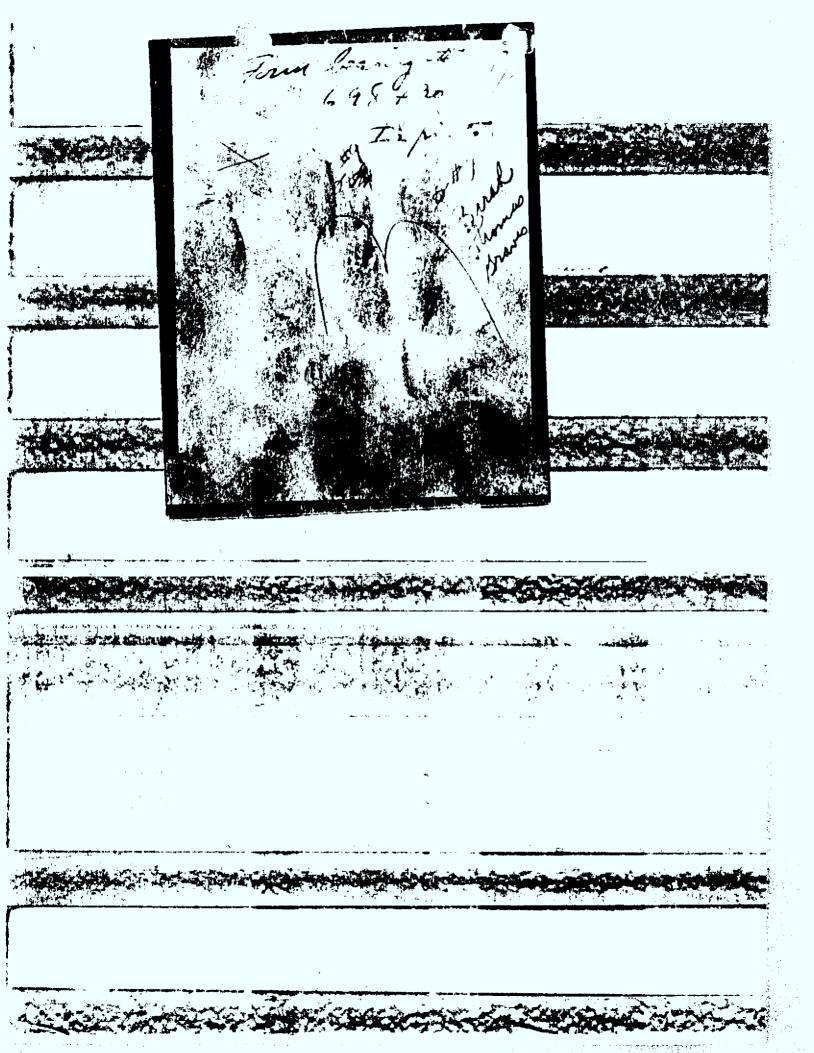
Result of examination:

Examination by:

To shot 5= 18 The State Noted by:







elivered by	Date
7ictim	Accepted by Communication
)ffense	Accepted by 6/2/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
uspects	
BRIE	F FACTS COVERING CASE:
Report to be directed to	
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	al or resson why expeditious handling is necessary
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V 14 12 1 2000	1 1 1 35707-60 July 8 1913
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	(over)

EVIDENCE RECEIPT FORM

121-35707

RIVISTERED

RECORDED-1:41 Date: May 29, 1952

> Pr. J. D. Carroll Tos Civil Corvice (omnission 4th Regional District Room 2033, Temporary R. Bullding Tashington, D. C.

John Edgur Hoovor - Director, Federal Eureau of Investigation Fromt

Subject: UNION an Supplict TATELETED SEEM REDICTED DUNIS FOORES

Reference is made to your visit to this Euroau's Single Fingerprint Section on May 19, 1953, at which time you submitted two Fostal Pagistration Application Certificates for examination in connection with the above-ontitled case.

Confirming the verbal report given you on May 19, 1953, two latent fingerprints of value for identification purposes were developed on the submitted form bearing the number 6:8428 and three latent fingerprints of value were div**eloped on the** ferm bearing number 698430.

Meference is also made to your telephone request of May 27, 1953. that the fingerprints of

be compared with the latent finger, rints previously developed in this case for climination purposes. The requested comparisons have been made and two latent fingerprints, on the form bearing the number 648h28, wave been identified as the fingerprints of two latent fingerprints on the form bearing the number 6981,30, have been identified as the fingerprints of latent finger; rint, on the form bearing number 6,0000, remains unidentiftod.

The submitted forms are returned herewith, photographic copies of the endentified 1 tent improssion of value having been made for our files where they will be available for any fulture comparisons you may desir**e.** 

Hoges be assured of my desire to be of assistance in these

matters.

Letson Ladd

Richestre 1716637

\*interresed 121-35707

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Date recorded: 5-27-53 2:00 PM

Single Fingerprint Report

Case: (mknown STRIFOT:

Tamporing with Registered Mail Records

Number: 121-35707- (///)

#### Specimens:

Compare latents previously devoloped instant case with finderprints of the following Civil Service employees for elimination purposes;



Examination requested by: Mr. J. D. Carroll, 4th Posional District, Temporary "P"

Building, Boom 2033, Mashington, D. C.

Date received: 5-27-53/ch

Date of reference communication: No letter. Then could.

Examination requested:

Result of examination:

Examination by:

Evidence Noted by:

The Description of the

121-35707 = 1

Date: June 15, 1953

91118

To:

Ur. J. D. Carroll

Civil Service Commission 4th "agional District

Rocu 2033

Temperary ? Building Mashington 25. D. C.

Fromi

John Edgar Boover - Birector, Federal Bureau of

Investigation

Subject:

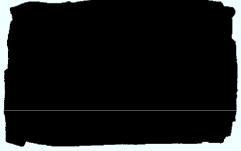
UPRIONE SUBJECT

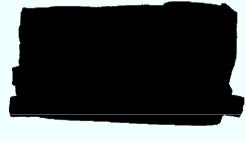
TANTERING WITH PROJECTERED

MAIL BECORDS

Reference is made to your visit to this Bureau's Single Fingerprint Section on June 4, 1953, at which time you submitted the names of fifteen individuals and requested that their fingerprints be compared with the latent fingerprint previously developed in connection with your investigation of the above-entitled care.

You are advised that the fingerprints of the followingnamed individuals were compared with the latent fingerprint proviously developed, but no identification was effected:





Po Pingerprints were located for rungested that the fingerprints of this Individual be forwarded. if possible. In order that the requested of sparisons may be concosted.

Please be assured of my lastral be of assistance in there mottere,

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Date recorded: 6-4-53 4:00 FM

Single Fingerprint Report

Case: UNKNOWN SUBJECT;

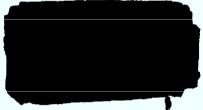
Tampering with Registered Mail Records

Number: 121-35707- 6/

Specimens:

Compare latents previously developed instant case with fingerprints of for elimination purposes.

Compare latents previously developed instant case with fingerprints of the following named suspects:





Examination requested by: Mr. J. P. Carroll, Civil Service Commission, Ath Regional District, Temperary R Building, Room 2033, Washington 25, D.C.

Date received: 6-4-53/ch

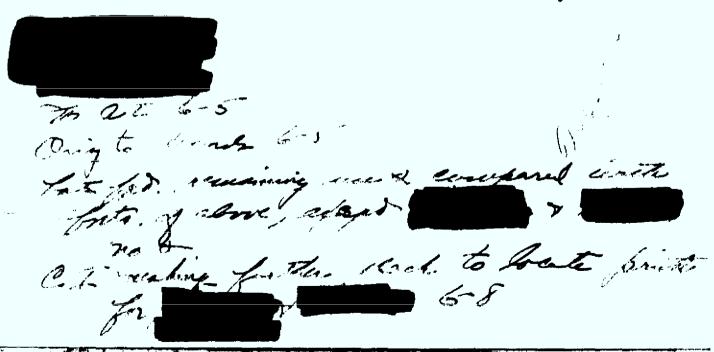
Date of reference communication: For visit Mr. J. D. Carcoll 6-h-53

Examination requested: Fingerprint

Result of examination:

Examination by

Evidence Noted by:



DED - 93 /2/ 20 /0: 62

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To: No. 1 woll coll city 1 works Consider on high heart of District of No. 1 work of the No. 2 work of

Promit John Mover Woover w Mineston, 1985 il Burcau of

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Single in the rial Section on June 19, 193, at which time you submit of the Cingorprints of ensure the comparison is the latent fingerprints of ensure the evicusty developed in the above, of illed on ex

to this can ben congred with the bingerprints of without officating an identification. I substitute finger-prints of prints or pattern I her with.

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JUN 2 1 1343

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#### FEDERAL BURFAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Date recorded: 6-19-53 3:00 !"

## Single Fingerprint Report

TATE BETTE TOTAL BESTERED TWO, BEST PO

Number: 121-35707- 602

#### Specimens:

Compare latents regulately developed inchast care with fingerprints submitted of suspect

Examination requested by: Mr. J. D. Carroll, Civil Service Commission, Ath Lecteur District, Easy Mr. Publisher, Room 2033, Washington, D. C. Date received: 5-10-3/ch Usilis and b. C. Carroll

Date received:

The Letter. Helis red by Date of reference communication:

Fingenerinb

Result of examination:

Examination requested:

Examination by:

Evidence Noted by:

(To be used in lieu of cr	EVIDENCE RE	CEIPI FORM ering evidence	en. Peione to th	e S. F. P. S.
Submitting agency Civi			•	
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Delivered by			Date_	6-19-53
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Place and date				
Suspects				
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•	BRIEF FACTS	COVERING CASE:		
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Report to be directed to			vice Commission	
lith Regional District, To	emp "R" Buildin	g, Room 2033,	ashington, D. C.	
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Date of hearing, grand jur	y, trial or re	eson why expedi	tious handling is	necessary
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$N_{i,j}$	No.	over)	121-3570	1 -

AN ESCREGA OF SERVICE JOSEPH R. HC CAHIBL'S INFORMATION REGARDING MINUTES OF LOYARTY REVIEW BOARD'S MESTING OF PERMUARY 13-14. 1951) MIRCELLARBOUS INFORMATION CONCERNATED LOYALTE OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

91118

In the early part of 1992 the Civil dervise Commission ecularized an investigation concerning Pins Miriss M. de Haus, who was employed by the Lovelry Review Loard, Decause she was suspected of being the source of Seprine Joseph R. McCartigis information for his press release of January 4, 1,52. This release was allegedly based on confidential minutes of the Landby Review Boards months of February 13-14. 3361.

By memorandum dated January 22, 1952, the Department requested this Buresu to conduct an investigation into this matter; however, on February 13, 1952, Mr. Vanech, the Deputy Attorney General, advised that he thought it would be better for the Civil Service Commission to conduct this insertigation. Therefore, to active investigation was conducted by the Cureau in this matter; howev r, the Bareau did coormists with the Goralty Review Roard and the Civil Service Commission in this case in that it conducted such latest finderprint examinations as were requested.

LFC: dlg/ 101-35207

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# Office Memorandum • united states government

ro : Mr. A. Rosen

DATE: March 22, 1954

g Gandy ...

FROM :

Mr. C. H. Stanley

SUBJECT:

ALFRED KOHLBERG:

MIRIAM MILLIKEN DE HAAS

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

New York teletype dated March 19, 1954, captioned Alfred Kohlberg, Info Concerning, reflects the results of an interview conducted by the New York Office of Alfred Kohlberg on that date. The teletype reflects that Kohlberg had stated that he had been interviewed in Washington, D. C., prior to his Grand Jury appearance. Supervisor of the New York Office, was telephonically contacted on March 21, 1954, concerning this teletype from the New York Office and asked who had interviewed Kohlberg. Telephonically advised on March 21, 1954, that Kohlberg had stated that he had been interviewed by a "representative of the Attorney General's Office."

#### ACTION:

For your information.

RHE: bab

121-3-707

medium 121-35707-64

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The Attorney General

March 23, 1954

Director, FBI

ALEGED KOMBERG: MIRIAM MILLIKENÝ CEZNAAS HISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCLUTING

Reference is made to my conversation with Mr. William P. Rogers, Deputy Attorney General, on March 17, 1954, at which time Ur. Rogers advised that Senator Fulbright had given him a clipping which appeared in the "Moston Ferald" for Monday, March 15, 1954, captioned "Group Warned of Diplomats 'Soft' to Reds" which reads in part as follows:

> "About 150 persons attended the New England Anti-Subversive Seminar of the American Legion at Cardner auditorium, State House, yesterday.

> "They heard Alfred Kohlberg, publisher of 'Plain Talk' declare the 'we shall go on losing the cold = war if the diplomats soft on Communism remain in the State Department.

> "'I have seen FBI files on several persons still operating in the department, he said. They are not Communists, but they take a fovorable attitude toward then. ""

For your information, Alfred Nohlberg, who is an importer of Chinese textiles operating under the firm Tiame of Alfred Kohlberg Incorporated, 1 West 37th Street, New York City, was interviewed on March 18, 1954. Rohlberg stated that he had not seen the press report in question but had definitely never made the statement that he had seen IBI files on any individual. said that he made the statement that he had seen individual FBI loyalty reports on certain Covernment officialism)

(1) Mr. William P. Hogers Deputy At**torney** Gen**eral** 

> (1) Assistant Attorney General Warren Clney III

121-95707 RHE: BBM 97-2660

RECORDED - 94

MAR 29

CONFIDENTIAL

5 1 MAR 30 1754

TP. A. H. ABIMONT TO

DATE: March 18. 1954

SUBJECT:

ALFRAD KONLBERG. Tublisher of Train Talk"

I called SAC Kelly at New York on the morning of March 18 regarding the article which appeared in the Easton Kerald for Honday, March 15, 1954, quoting Alfred Kohlberg, publisher of "Flein Talk," as saying, "I have seen FBI files on several versons still operating in the department (State Department). They are not Communists, but they take a favorable attitude toward them." I instructed that Kelly, together with a mature Agent, promptly interview Kohlberg for any facts which would support the statement attributed to him in the above article. I told Kelly to immediately submit the results of the interview with knallers by teletype to the Pureau.

## ACTION:

Upon receipt of teletype from New York Office, a memorandum vill be prepared for Deputy Attorney General Rogers.

CEH: LL

co-MR. BOAEDMAN

oc-KR. NICKCLS

oc-MR. F. W. GUANLEY

SAC Kelly called at 12:40 p.m. and advised that he has made an appointment to see Kohlberg at 10:30 a.m.. March 19.

The state of the s

121-35707-66

121-157.

50 ALRE

ro : Mr. A. Rosen

DATE: March 22, 1954

FROM :

STATIOARD TOPHING, 64

Mr. C. H. Stanley

SUBJECT:

ALFRED KOHLBERG;

MIRIAM MILLIKEN de HAAS

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

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Tele, Wm
Hellen

#### SYNOPSIS:

"Boston Herald" for March 15, 1954, quoted Alfred Kchlberg
"publisher of 'Plain Talk'" as stating in talk on March 14, 1954,
that he had "seen FBI files on several persons still operating in
the department"...they are not Communists, but they take a
favorable attitude toward them." On March 16, 1954, Senator
Fulbright gave this article to Deputy Attorney General who brought
it to attention of Director on March 17, 1954. Kohlberg interviewed
by New York Office on March 19, 1954, at which time De

CC: L. B. Nichols (encl.)
A. H. Belmont (encl.)
encl.)

\*(reference here in turstate
Department)
\*\*Kohlberg said interview was

"Representative of Attorney General's Office."

of Loyalty Review Board informed Bureau on March 20, 1952, that de Haas taken before grand jury on March 18, 1952. Washington newspaper articles reflects she also appeared before grand jury on April 8, 1952, in connection with inquiry into leak of confidential information from Loyalty Review Board. Civil Service Commission gave de Haas five days notice of dismissal and she

resigned November 3, 1952. Considerable publicity concerning this matter in local newspapers. "Times-Herald" for November 2, 1952, contained open letter of de Haas: "To My Dear Fellow-Americans" in which she admitted that she had endeavored to bring information concerning the Communist conspiracy in our Government "to the attention of our representatives in Congress" and had seen to it that pertinent information was made available to Senator McCarthy as well as to other members of Congress although McCarthy had no reason to know the source of his information.

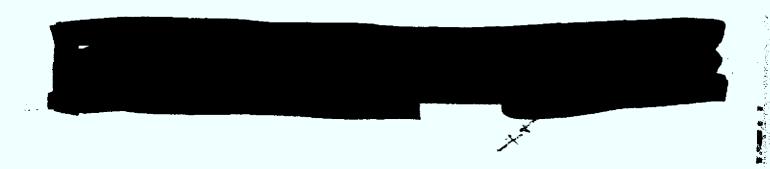
No indication from review of newspaper articles in de Haas mafter that de Haas had admitted sending information to Kohlberg.

Kohlberg apparently testified before the same grand jury as de Haas in April, 1952.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) In accordance with the Pirector's instructions, there is attached a suggested memorandum to the Attorney General, with copies for the Deputy Attorney General, Mr. William P. Rogers and Assistant Attorney General Warren Olney III, setting forth the results of the interview of Alfred Kohlberg and referring to the Department's files on Afred Kohlberg and Miriam de Haas. The Department's attention is being called to the fact that the results of the interview of Kohlberg are being sent to Mr. Kinhell Johnson, Chief, Investigations Division, U. S. Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C. Director, in his memorandum of March 17, 1954, pointed out that the Deputy Attorney General intends to show the memo to Senator Fulbright.

(2) There is attached a suggested letter to Mr. Kimbell Johnson, Chief, Investigations Division, U. S. Civil Service Commission, Mashington, D. C., furnishing him the results of the interview of Kohlberg.



#### BACKGROUND:

A memorandum of the Director dated March 17, 1954, reflects that the Deputy Attorney General, at a conference on that date, advised that on March 16, 1954, the Deputy Attorney General had visited with Senator Fulbright relative to Senator Fulbright's statement that it was his opinion that the FBI was furnishing information from its confidential files to Senator McCarthy's Committee. Senator Fulbright gave the Deputy Attorney General a clipping which appeared in the "Boston Herald" for Monday, March 15, 1954, which reads in part as follows:

"About 150 persons attended the New England Anti-Subversive Seminar of the American Legion at Gardner Auditorium, State House, yesterday.

"They heard Alfred Kohlberg, publisher of 'Plain Talk' declare the 'we shall go on losing the cold war if the diplomats soft on Communism remain in the State Department.'

"I have seen FBI files on several persons still operating in the department, he said. They are not Communists, but they take a favorable attitude toward them."

The Pirector instructed that Kohlberg be immediately intervieued for any facts which would support the statement which he is quoted as having made at Boston on March 14, 1954, and that a memorandum be prepared on this matter for the Deputy Attorney General who intends to show it to Senator Fulbright.

By telephone call on March 18, 1954, SAC Kelly of the New York Office together with a mature agent was instructed to interview Kohlberg. SAC Kelly advised on March 18, 1954, that an appointment had been made to see Kohlberg at 10:30 A.M., March 19, 1954.

#### INTERVIEW WITH ALFRED KOHLBERG

The New York Office advised by teletype March 19, 1954, that Kohlberg was interviewed on that date by SAC Kelly and an agent of the New York Office. Kohlberg stated



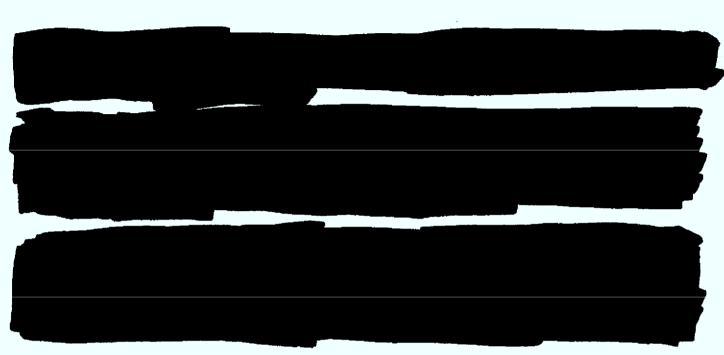
Hiram Bingham informed the Bureau on March 20, 1952, that de Haas had been taken before the grand jury on March 18, 1952. It was recommended in a memorandum to the Director dated March 20, 1952, that inasmuch as this Bureau had conducted no investigation in this matter other than to furnish technical assistance inasmuch as this was considered to be an administrative matter investigated by the Civil Service Commission, no further action be taken by the Bureau at that time. (121-35707-53)

This entire matter received considerable newspaper publicity. The "Times-Herald" and "Washington Post" on September 5, 1952, revealed that the Civil Service Commission had announced that de Haas had been served with a notice of suspension for refusing to answer questions asked by its representatives dealing with "leaks" of confidential data from the Loyalty Review Board. The articles. reflected that de Haas had been called to testify before the grand jury on March 18, 1952, and April 8, 1952. It was pointed out in these articles that the Civil Service Commission had petitioned the Bistrict Court for a copy of the testimony of de Haas before the grand jury which was investigating a leak of confidential information from the Loyalty Review Board. The petition of the Civil Service Commission to the District Court reflects that there were 15 instances of the release of unauthorized information and that Miss de Hoas had been questioned about each of them on July 29, 1952, at which time she either refused to answer or gave evasive replies. The "Times-Herold" in September, 1952, carried articles concerning de Haas captioned "Inquisitors Hid True Motives for Harassing Miss de Haas" and "U. S. Worker Harried After Blow at Reds." It was pointed out in the "Washington Star" for October 7, 1952, that District Judge Matthew F. McGuire had refused to open for Civil Service Commission examination the minutes of the Federal grand jury investigating leakage of the Loyalty Review Foord proceedings. The "Times-Herald" for October 25, 1952, reflects that the Civil Service Commission had given de Haas a 5 day notice of dismissal. The "Times-Herald" for November 4, 1952, reflects that de Haas had resigned yesterday (November 3, 1952) and that the Civil Service Commission announced that the resignation had been accepted.

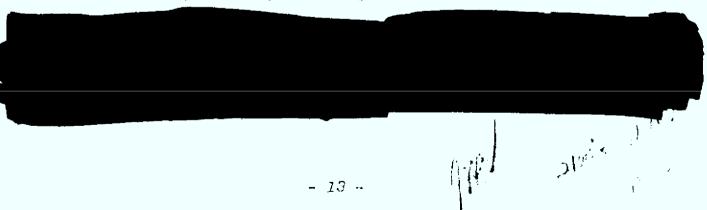
The "Times-Herald" on November 2, 1952, contains an open letter of de Hoas: "To My Dear Fellow-Americans" in which she stated that as an employee of the Loyalty Review Board she had endeavored to bring some of the information concerning the Communist conspiracy in our Government to the attention "of our representatives in Congress, in the hope that somehow the Communist termites could be cleaned out of our National structure before it collapses from within." The stated that she had seen to it that pertinent information was made available to Senator McCarthy as well as other members of Congress. She said that McCarthy had no reason to know the source of his information. She gave praise to "our wenderful FBI." She concluded her letter by stating "..... I have given out information concerning the infiltration of Communists into the Government of our beloved country as a last desperate expedient of alerting the citizenry. I gave it out deliberately, hopefully and prayerfully, ny own volition without

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request, pressure or acknowledgement from anyone...." The "Washington Star" for November 8, 1952, commented that "however well-intended her act, Miss de Haas committed a serious offense when, by her own admission, she gave confidential data of the Loyalty Review Board to unauthorized persons. Loyalty to the Government includes maintenance of the integrity of the employer-employee relationship. Miss de Haas betrayed the trust placed by her employer, the Loyalty Review Board, and hence deserved to be discharged....."



As act forth in the Times Werald for November 2, 1952, de Mass admitted that she had endeavored to bring "some of these matters to the attention of our representatives in Congress;" that she had seen to it that pertinent information was made available to Senator McCarthy "as well as to other members of Congress" although Jenator McCarthy "had no reason to know the course of his information;" that she had "given out information concerning the infiltration of Communism into the Government of our belonded country as a last desperate expedient of alerting the citizen "y"."



PATE:

`arch 03, 1954

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hr. At Ball Johnson chief, Investigations Sivision L. C. Cinil Service Commission eashington 25, r. C.

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John Tayar Hoover, lirector isseral Sureau of Investigation

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to nour information the took a levald for Bondon's aros le, last, contained an artiple contioned "Group Warned. of Otolometa to to term. " which reces in part as follows:

"About 130 persons attended the New England Anti-Subversive Sentaur of the American Review at Gardner auditorie. State Parce, mesterday.

"They heard Alfred Louis ry, "blisher of Glain Talk" deal re the two shall to an losing the gold war if the diplomats

one although the department, he said. They are not Courculates, but tray take a favorable attitude to ra them.

For your interpation offre! ohlberg

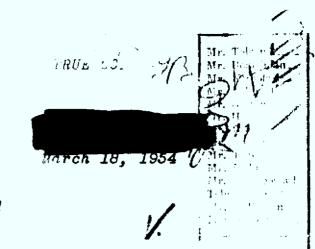
Nichols Clear RTE: b11 97-2660 Rosen CC: Gearty Mohr -

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EX. . 10% APRI) 2\_1950

VIA LIAINOR

SUBJECT TOSEPH McCarthy
FILE NUMBER 121-35707
VOLUME NUMBER 2



Office of the Attorney General Department of Justice Washington D. C.

Dear Sir:

The two enclosed clippings unfortunately appeared on page twelve of the March 15 Boston Herald. If Mr. Kohlberg was quoted correctly, it would seem to imply that some employees of the FBI may not be as careful as their superiors are. At any rate, the implications of the quotation are confusing.

Yours truly.

A. T. Mes.

3/20/5/

WASHINGTON, March 14 (AP)—Atty. Gen. Brownell to-day denied a statement by Sen Fulbright (D., Ark.) that the Senate Permanent Investigations sub-committee headed by Sen. McCarthy (R., Wis.) has access to confidential BFI files. Brownell said he has personally looked into the matter and that the Department of Justice. Including the FBI, "has permitted no such thing during my term as attorney general."

"Both Mr. J. Eddar Hoover, director of the FBI, and I are

1 71

Mr. A. Rosen

DATE: harch 31, 1954

Thr. C. H. Stent By

SUBJECT:

ALTER KOHLB AC; THOUGH ANEOUG TEFORE APTICL CONCERNING

Reference is made to the member naum from Er. Belront to Mr. Doardman dated Merch 26, 1954, captioned as above, which is attached for your ready reference. The Director asked in connection with that memorandum: "Have we notified A. (. and connection of tohlberg's statement reade Haas?"

This is to advise that by memorandum dated march 23, 195h, sollberg's statement regarding de Heas was furnished to the Attorney General with copies designated for hr. William F. mogers, Deputy Attorney General, and Assistant Attorney Coveral Warren Olney TII.

#### ACTION:

For your information.

ENCL

(1) L. B. Kichols A. H. Belmont

> 121-35707 97-2660

Attachment RiE:bbm

EX 104

A CALLEY

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Office Mea

Indum . UNITED S GOVERNMENT

MR. L. V. ROAR DIMAI

DATE: March 29.

FROM

4. H. Relmont

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SUBJECT:

ALFROD KOHLBERG;

MIRIAN MILLIKEN de HAAS

MINCELLAN HOUS INFORMATION CONCRENING

Reference is made to the memorandum from the Bureau to t Kimbell Johnson of the Civil Service Commission dated March 23, 1954, reflecting an interview by the Burran with

This memorandum was furnished to Johnson by Liaison on March 24, 1954. Johnson advised that this was quite a shock to the Civil Service Commission as they had not had any indication of this in the past. Johnson advised that he had personally interviewed de Haas at the time she was charged with removing files from the Loyalty Review Board and that she had refused to answer any quastions. He further stated that Civil Service had no indication from its files or from any of the individuals familiar with the de Haas case of the information furnished by the Bureau mearmandum.

After reading the memorandum, Johnson commented that evidently Kohlberg had been interviewed by Department of Justice representatives handling the grand jury investigation in the de Haas matter but that no information concerning the grand jury testimony had ever been furnished to Civil Service.

ACTION:

This is submitted for your incornation.

CYB:10

1 - Mr. Rosen

- Mr. Stanley

- Mr. Egan

91122

Walthow 51, Wassechusetta

Dear "tr:

this Eureau your letter of March 18, 1954, concerning two articles appearing in the March 15, 1954, issue of the "Boston Herald."

I want you to know that the flies of this Bureau ere confidential and that no employee of this Bureau is involved to the patter mouttoned in the articleswhich you enclosed with your letter. It is now and has been the policy of this Bureau that no employee of this organization shall furnish Feloral Bureau of Investigation files or portions thereof to unauthorized persons at any time.

Your interest in furnishing this information is approplated.

Very truly yours,

John Idgar Hoover

JEPT 10 10

121-35707 RRE: bbm >

(1) 97-2660

Note:

COMM FBI

MAILED 31

No record in Bureau files on Kohlberg interviewed concerning this matter on March 19.

1954, by the New York Office at which

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March 26. 195%

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Cont "tr:

this fureau your letter of Harch 19, 1954, concerning two articles appearing in the Harch 15, 1954, issue of the Boston Herald."

I want you to know that the files of this Bureau see confidential and that up employee of this Bureau is involved to the untter mentioned in the articleswhich you enclosed with your letter. It is non and has been the policy of this Gureau that in orphogoe of this organization shall furnish Feloral Eurenu of Investigation files or portions thereof to unnutherized persons at any time.

Your interest in furnishing this information is apprestated.

> John Idgar Hoover Pirector

Very truly yours.

Mer the La

121-35707 RHE: bbm 🖟

cd: (1) 97-2660

Nota:

COMM MAR 2 9 1954

MAILED 31 No record in Bureau files on

Kohlberg interviewed concerning this matter on March 19.

1954, by the New York Office at which

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Continued:

Grand Jury in April, 1952, and furnished this information to a "representative of Attorney General's Office." Information furnished to Attorney General, Deputy Attorney General and Warren Cliney III, Assistant Attorney General, with request that Bureau be advised what information is available in the Department's files concerning this matter. Besults of interview of Following also furnished by letter to Pr. Kimbell Johnson, Chief, Investigations Division, U. S. Civil Service Commission. Washington, D. C. Possibility exists that may release Bureau's answer to his letter and, therefore, it is recommended that he be answered in peneral language.

A copy of this acknowledgment is being forwarded separately to the Attorney General for his information.

The Boston Office is not being furnished a copy of this neknowledgment, since there is no interest to them.

121- 375707-71

17. ...

The Attorney General

Director, ISI

ALFRED ADHLBERG HIRIAN MILLIEFN DE RAAS THE CRILLINGOUS INTO AND THEN COLES ANING

Reference is made to the memorandum from this Bureou dated karon 28, 1954, captioned on above. Referenced nemorandum set forth injounation furnished by Alfred Kohlberg relative to his appearance before a grand jury in Washington, I. C., in 195°, incuiring into a reported leak in the Executive Branch of the lovernment. This memorandum noted that Kehlberg stated that he had been interviewed in Mashington, D. Co, prior to his grand fury appearance by a representative of the Attorney General's Office.

As set forth in my memorandum of March 23, 1954, I would preatly appreciate being advised what information is qualitable in the Department's lites concerning this matter.

121-35707

(C = (1) Mr. #1111cm P. Rogers Deputy Attorney General

> (1) Assistant Attorney General Rorren Olasu III.

97-2660

771-X3

CHS: jhe

Miriam de Maas, formerly with the Civil Serfice Commission NCTE: Loyalty Review Poard, investigated by col in 1952 for alleged leak of information to annator McCarthy from Loyalty heniew Board files.

The was taken hefore grand jury in 1952 concerning the alleged lead from LRB records and laker resigned from USB less less the later wrote letter "To My Dear Fellow Americans" indicating she had furnished pertinent information to representatives in Congress and had seen to it that pertinant information made available to Senator McCarthy. Upon tring requested to investigate de Haas re reported leak in 1952, the Department was advised (see page 2) (see page 2)

MAY 1.8 1954

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by Bureau it a peared to be an administrative matter.
Article in "Boston Herald" newspaper of 3/15/54, quoted
Alfred Kohlberg, publisher of "Plain Talk," as having
stated he had seen FBI files on several persons employed
by the State Department. Kohlberg inverviewed 3/19/54,
and stated

Some time later Miriam de Haas told Kohlberg she was the individual who sent the material to him, her reason being that she was disgusted with the lax treatment being accorded suspected Communists by the Loyalty Review Board.

Assistant Attorney General Uspren Clasy III

June 9, 1954

Director, FBI

1-35707-73

ALFRED KOHLBERG!

MIRIAM MILLIKEN DE HAAS MISURELL NEOUS INCOMMETICE CONCUENING

Reference is mede to your memorandum dated May 27,

1954.

Furnuent to your request thore are attached the three volumes of grand jury testimony which you made available to tids Bureau.

121-11797 9742660 oc:

RHE: beb

The grand jury transcript made available by Mr. Olney concerns testimony of Miriam de Haas and Alfred Kohlberg. Detailed memorandum is being prepared concerning these three volumes of testimony.

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SELECTION THE HOLES

Office Memorandum · United States Government

Mr. A. Rosen

June 24, 1954

FROM

Hr. C. H. Stanley

SUBJECT :

ALFRED KOHLBERG:

HIRIAH FILLTHEN de HAAS

HIPCLISARDOUS INFORMATION CONCERNATIO

Tolson

Nicholas

Balmont Glavin Harba

Timenaud Tele. Room

Holloman.

Purpose to set forth review of testimony of Alfred SYNOPSIS: Kohlberg and Hiriam de Hans before Grand Jury, Washington, D. C., Herch and April 1952, re de Haus' furnishing information from files of Loyalty Review Board.

"Boston Herald" for Harch 15, 1954, quoted Alfred Kohlberg as stating in talk in Boston on March 14, 1954, that he had seen FBI files on several persons still operating in the State Department who are not Communists but take a favorable attitude towned them. On interview on Marca 19, 1954, Kollberg stated that

Coneral advised of results of Kohlberg interview end informed that no information could be located in Bureau file concerning the information furnished by Kohlberg. Department requested to advise Bureau what information was available in the Department's files concerning this matter. Department made available for confidential information of Bureau three volumes of grand jury branscript covering testimony of deflias and Kohlberg. Volumes Photostated and returned to Department. The de Haas, former employee of Loyalty Review Board, testified before Federal Grand Jury in District of Columbia on March 18, 1952, and April 8, 1952.

In January, 1952, Senator McCarthy made press release containing excerpts from this transcript which disclosed criticism of the manner in which State Department had conducted its loyalty review program. Bureau conducted no investigotion concerning this incident although facilities of Laboratory made available and fingerprints of de Haar identified by FBI Lab . in the reviced transcript covering this moeting. All pertinents information concerning do Heas matter Curmished to Criminal \_ \* \*\* Elvision of Department. He Haas resigned from Government Service 1 hovember 3, 1952. Before Federal Grand Jury on Harch 18, 1952.

L - L. B. Hichora II. Belmont/

151-71968

#### DETAILS:

### BACKGROUND

As set forth in my memorandum of March 22, 1954 (121-35707-68), the "Boston Merald" for March 15, 1954, quoted Alfred Kohlberg, "Publisher of 'Plain Talk!" as stating in speech in Boston on March 14, 1954, that he had seen FEI files on several persons still operating in the State Department who are not Communists but take a favorable attitude toward them. On March 16, 1954, Senator Fulbright in support of his opinion that the FBI was furnishing information from its confidential files to Senator McCarthy's Committee, gave this article to Deputy Attorney General William P. Rogers who brought it to the attention of the Director on March 17, 1954. Kohlberg interviewed by New York Office on March 19, 1954.



Hirlam de Hees, a former employer of the Loyalty Review Board of the Civil Service Commission, was investigated by the Civil Service Countssion because the was suspected to be the source of Senator McCarthy's information for a press release in January, 1952, containing excerpts from confidential minutes of a Loyalty Eaview Board meeting on February 13 - 14, 1951, which disclosed criticism of the manner in which State Department had conducted its loyalty review program. Dureau conducted no investigation concerning de Haas incident although the facilities of our Laboratory were made available and fingerprints of de Hoas identified by FBI Lab on the revised transcript covering this meeting of the Loyalty Review Board. Criminal Division of the Department of Justice was furnished all information received by the Bureau in connection with Miriam de Baas. The Department on January 22, 1952, requested that the Bureau conduct an investigation of this natter and was informed by memorandum dated January 25, 1952, that this Bureau had been informed that the Civil Service Commission had conducted on extensive investigetion in this matter which included an interview of de Haas. It was pointed out that this sureau hed confucted no investigation but had made available the facilities of our Laboratory. The Department by memorandum dated February 5, 1952, again requested an investigation. The matter was discussed with Gus Vanech of the Department the stated he thought it would be better for the Civil Service Courission to conduct this investigation.

Commission were advised or this on Jamuary 30, 1952, and Denald Lauren of the Unite House was so informed on February 15, 1952. Hiram Binguam of the Loyalty Review Found informed the Burgau on Harch 20, 1952, that de Haas had been taken before a Federal Grand Jury on Harch 18, 1952. Washington newspaper articles reflect she also appeared before the grand jury on April 8, 1952, in connection with an inquiry into 1 also of confidential information from the Loyalty Review Board. Federal Judge Hatthew F. Heduire refused to open for inspection by the Civil Service Commission the minutes of the Federal Grand Jury investigating leakage of Loyalty Review Board information. The Civil Service Commission gave de Haad a five days mobile of dismissal and the resigned on Hovember 3, 1952. There was considerable newspaper publicity concerning this matter. For example, the "Times-Harald" for November 2, 1952, contained an open letter of de Haas: "To My Hardy Fellow-Apericans" In which she estaitted that she had?

To the state of

end-ryoned to bring information concerning the Communist conspiracy:in our Government "to the attention of our representatives in Congress" and had seen to it that pertinent information was made available to Senator ReCarthy as well as to other members of Longress although Lenator ReCarthy had no reason to know the neurose of his information. There was no indication from a review of newspaper articles in the de Haas matter that de Para had published sending information to Kohlberg. (121-35707)

Potailed me parandua of Harch Co, Ly 4, attached.

In accordance with the Director's instructions, a memoran has dated Harch 23, 1954 (121-35707-55) was cont to the Attorney General with copies for the Deputy Attorney General and Marron Olocy III cotting forth results of the Interview of Kohlberg and referring to the Department's files on Kohlberg and de man. The Importment's attention was called to the fact that the results of the interview of Kohlberg were being sont to Hr. Kimbell Johnson, Chief, Investigations Division, U. S. Civil Service Commission, Eashington, D. C. The Commission, Eashington, D. C. The Commission formed that no information could be located in the files of this Bureau concerning the information furnished by Kohlberg as set forth above. The Department was asked to advice the Dureau of information evaluable in the Department's files concerning this matter evaluable in the Department's files concerning this

A letter dated March 73, 1954, who cont to fir. Kimbell defined furnishing him the results of the interview of Kohlberg for 'de confidential information and consideration concerning the de final anthom. (121-35707-69)

The letter of March 23, 1954, who delivered to Kimbell Johnson via biaison, on March 24, 1954, at which time Kimbell Johnson stated that this was quite a shock to the Civil Service Commission as they had no indication of this in the past. Johnson advised that he had personally interviewed de Mass at the time she was oberged with removing files from the Loyalty Review Board and the had refused to answer any questions. He related that the Civil Service Commission had no indication from its files or from any of the individuals femiliar with the de Mass matter of the Information furnished by Bureau letter of Harch 23, 1954. Hr. Johnson added that the Civil Service Commission had no information concerning the grand jury testimony. (121-35707-70)

# DEPARTMENT BUIJORANDUR OF MAY 27. 1954

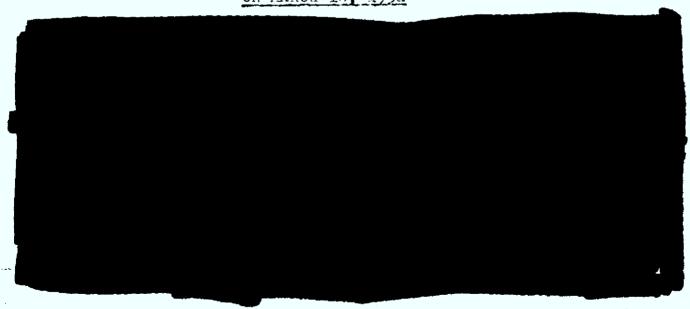
A memorandum of Warran Olney III dated May 27, 1954, after referring to the fact that the Burdau did not conduct any

invertigation concerning Hiriam de Hans advised that the Department had decided to institute a grand jury inquiry into the de Haas matter and this fact became public knowledge at the time of the suspension of de Haas by the Civil Service Commission in the Summer of 1952.

the Bureau's peasible interest in information of this kind had been overlooked at the conclusion of the grand jury proceedings. Or. Olney's memorandum stated that "Marke is nothing in our file to show whether this omission was due to inadvertence or may have been due to e belief that you are mare of the facts which were made of general notoriety and appeared in the general process." Wr. Olney transmitted for the Bureau's confidential information three volumes of the grand jury testimony and asked that after these transcripts had served our purpose they should be returned to the Griminal Division.

The three volumes of grand jury tentimony have been photostated and the original transcripts returned to the Department by memorandum dated June 9, 1974. Those Thotostats of grand jury testimony which include the besticony of Hiriam de Haas and Alfred Kohlberg are being retained in Turnau file 121-35707.

# GRAND JURY TESTEMONY OF MERIAN de HAAS ON MARCH 13, 1952



Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: Sept. 23, 19 Mr. Tolson TO L. B. Nichols FROM Lintertowe SUBJECT: called me on September 23, 1954. I was tied up at the time and subsequently returned his call. He was very much concerned over the disclosure of Kohlberg of receiving hundreds of FBI reports, and he wondered if this wasn't a very bad practice. I told him that it certainly was; that Kohlberg did not receive reports from the FBI; that it was not known whether he actually received FBI reports or whether he had received Civil Service reports; that this clearly shows that other agencies have misused FBI reports. stated he realized this and he is going to make some leditorial comment because he thinks it is very bad business. I told him that for once we could agree upon something. stated that I was wrong; that if we agreed on most things. I told him that life is too short to argue. cc: Mr. Jones LBN:arm RECORDED-48 121-35707\_ 75 **EX 130** 29 SHE 30 1951 S 100 7 100 8 ..

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

MR. BOARDMAN

MR. BELMONT

MR. NICHOLS

Atterney General Herbert Brownell called me today and mentioned he thought we had come out all right on the McCarthy Committee Report and stated they evidently had criticized McCarthy for urging Government employees to turn over classified information to him and also criticized him for possessing the two-and-a-hillrier-page document. The Attorney General commented he was glad they backed us up and I agreed.

Arthur Kohiberg matter and the delians woman and felt there should be some kind of prosecution; that I understood the Criminal Division was working on something concerning the delians woman but that I had heard nothing recent about it. I stated it seemed to me to be an intolerable thing that this woman could get by with it and I commented that Kohiberg seems to be boasting about it. I stated a number of people had spoken to me about the Kohiberg matter as they must have read the article too fast and were wondering why we send our reports to Kohiberg. The Attorney General stated he would check with the Criminal Division on this matter.

Very truly yoursel OC1 1 1954

EX-125

John Edgar Hoover/

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Tolson

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COTT PILED

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Director, FBI

Joseph R. M. Conthy

ALFHID KOHLBERG;

HIRIAH MILLIKEN de HAAS

HISCHALANLOUS INFORMATION CONCERNITEG

Reference is made to my conversation with you this morning concerning the publicity today regarding Alfred Kohlberg and his statement to the effect that he had turned over to the Benate Judiciary (Internal Security) Subcommittee "hundreds of FBI reports." The article appearing in the press indicated that this was material unde available by Miriam de Haas.

Alfred Kohlberg was interviewed on March 19, 1954, by

this Bureau at which time he stated The regults of this interview of altred tohiberg were thritshed to y to bull agrandum dated March 73, 1951, at which time It will noted that strtinent information concerning Alfred Kohlberg amearing in the files of this Bureau had been farmished to the Department. It was Nichols 1 Belmont i lat bo Nobe - -Parsoca. Rosen Tamm - 121-41668 (UNSUB; Removal/of Gd Sizoo

pointed out that no information could be located in the files of this Bureau concerning Kohlberg's appearance before a grand jury in Washington, D. C. The Department was requested to advise what information was available in its files concerning this matter which information was furnished to this Bureau in a memorandum of Mr. Warren Olney III dated May 27, 1954.

With regard to Miriam de Hass, mentioned above, complete information appearing in the files of this Bureau has previously been furnished to the Criminal Division of the Department.

The above data is being furnished for your information.

Mr. Rosen

DATE: Sept. 28, 1954

C. H. Stanley ( )

SUBJECT:

MIRIAM MILLIKEN de HAAS

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Tele. Room Hollomen . Gandy .\_

Tolses

Belmont

The Director has inquired as to what action was taken by the grand jury concerning Miriam de Haas, a former employee of the Loyalty Review Board (LRB), Civil Service Commission (CSC), who has admitted furnishing confidential information from files of LRB to individuals outside the Executive Branch of the Government. Miriam de Haas testified on March 18, 1952, and April 8, 1952, before a Federal Grand Jury in District of Columbia, which was inquiring into the "unauthorized disclosure of confidential information." Confidential transcript covering this grand jury investigation which was made available by Dept. of Justice reflects grand jury adjourned April 8, 1952, without any action having been taken. de Haas resigned from LRB 11/3/52. No investigation conducted by FBI although facilities of FBI Laboratory made available. Investigation was conducted by CSC.

#### BACKGROUND:

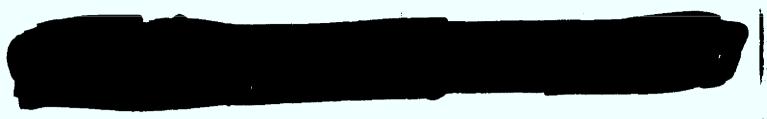
Miriam de Haas, former employee of LRB, CSC, was investigated by CSC because she was suspected to be the source of Senator McCarthy's information for his press release in January, 1952, containing excerpt from confidential minutes of a LRB meeting on February 13-14, 1951, which disclosed criticism of the manner in which the State Department had conducted its Loyalty Review Program. The Bureau conducted no investigation concerning the de Haas incident although facilities of our Lab made available and fingerprints of de Haas identified by Lab on the revised transcript covering this meeting of LRB. Criminal Division of Department has been furnished complete information received by Bureau in connection with de Hass. Department, on 1/22/52, requested Bureau conduct investigation of this matter and informed by memo of 1/25/52 that this Bureau had been informed CSC had conducted extensive investigation in this matter which included interview of de Haas. pointed out that Bureau had conducted no investigation but had made available facilities of our Leb. Letter to Department concluded "you may desire to obtain from CSC the results of its investigation in this matter and. . . reconsider your request for an investigation. . . . . Department, by memo dated 2/5/52, again requested an investigation. Matter discussed with Gus Venech of Department who stated he thought it would be better for CSC to conduct this investigation.

Attachment " cc-Mr. Belmont Bufile 121-35707 cc-121-41668

NT THEECTOR

121-357:07 - 7500

Memo to Mr. Rosen



CSC gave de Haas five days' notice of dismissal and she resigned 11/3/52. There was considerable publicity concerning this matter in local newspapers. "Times Herald" for 11/2/52 contained open letter of de Haas: "To my dear fellow-Americans" in which she admitted that she had endeavored to bring information concerning the Communist conspiracy in our Government "to the attention of our representatives in Congress" and had seen to it that pertinent information was made available to Senator McCarthy as well as other members of Congress although McCarthy had no reason to know the source of his information. She gave praise to "our wonderful FBI" and concluded this open letter with the statement "If this be treason, make the most of it."

As result of speech made 3/14/54 in Boston in which Alfred Kohlberg was reported to have said he had seen FBI files on several persons. Kohlberg was interviewed 3/19/54 and stated

## ACTION:

For your information. Detailed memorandum of June 24, 1954, (Bufile 121-35707-74) concerning this matter attached, 1907

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Mr. A. Rosen

September 23, 1960

1./₹

C. H. Stanley

FFILLEO NASA Lieutenant Governor of Wisconsin INFORMATION CONCERNING

Two letters received from private citizens requesting information concerning pumphlet being circulated in Wisconsin alleging past communist activities on part of Nash, former employee of White Home, on whom we conducted Loyalty investigation in 1951. The allegations against Nash appearing in the pamphlet (copy attack) were obtained from Senate speech made by late Senator McCarthy in 1952 in which he implied that his information came from FBI files. After McCarthy made this speech, we conducted inquiry and decided that based on information in the speech, McCarthy probably had according to the conducted of our loyalty investigation of Nash. We were unable to determine definitely identity of agency or person from whom McCarthy obtained his information, but believed probably obtained from loyalty Review Poard of Civil Service Commission.

McCarthy had obtained his information from FBI files; the other lett from the last (1) what was in FFI reports on Nash? and (2) did FBI give Nash "a clean bill?" Bufiles contain no record of either correspondent.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

furnished McCarthy by any FBI employee, and (2) we inform of confidential nature of our files, and of fact we do not grant or deny clearances to Government employees. Attached for approval are letters to

Attached for possible reference purpose is 1952 summary memorandum regarding Nash.

121-12291

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Leak of

1 - 121-35707 (UNSUB) Information to Late Senator McCarthy)

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Deleach

1 - Br. Stanley

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September 23, 1960

Mr. A. Rosen

C. H. Stanley

FFILLEO NASH Lieutenant Governor of Wisconsin INFORMATION CONCERNING

Two letters received from private citizens requesting information concerning pamphlet being circulated in Wisconsin alleging past communist activities on part of Nash, former employee of White House, on whom we conducted Loyalty investigation in 1951. The allegations against Nash appearing in the pamphlet (copy attacky were obtained from Senate speech made by late Senator McCarthy in 1952 in which he implied that his information came from FBI files. After McCarthy made this speech, we conducted inquiry and decided that based on information in the speech, McCarthy probably had according to the conducted inquiry and decided that based on information in the speech, McCarthy probably had according to the conducted of Nash. We were unable to determine definitely identity of agency or person from whom McCarthy obtained his information, but believed probably obtained from hogalty Review Poard of Civil Service Commission.

Our of the letters from asks whether McCarthy had obtained his information from FBI files; the other letters from the letters of the correspondent.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

That (1) we advise that no FBE reports for furnished McCarthy by any FBE employee, and (2) we inform of confidential nature of our files, and of fact we do not grant or deny clearances to Government employees. Attached for approval are letters to

Attached for possible reference Aurpose is 1952 summary memorandum regarding Nash.

121-12261

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1 - 121-35707 (UNBUB/Information to Late Senator McCarthy)

I - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Deleach

1 - Mr. Stanley

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GHL pam

121-12761