

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

# JOSEPH McCARTHY

# **PART 19 OF 28**

BUFILE NUMBER: 121-23278 (SUB A)

SUBJECT COSC MCCOTTHY
FILE NUMBER 121-23278 - A
SECTION NUMBER

108 pages

# **Democrat Say** McCarthy Case May Be 'Hoax'

Warsten of Missouri Calls Many Charges Old, Asks Inquiry

By Cecil Holland

Representative Karsten, Demoonat, of Missouri today urged an : (See COMMUNISTS, Page A-3.) investigation to determine whether a 'boax, a deceit or a fraud" ht. been practiced on the Americ' people in the charges of Cormunism in the State Departmei

all of them" were investigated t years ago.

tacted communisir as much ato the American people that these and on and hated "the decenceses Senator McCarthy has in the fraud and the intellectual dis mind are of recent origin." the nonecty that are inveterate hand Missourian continued. "Any imbialder of communism.

Karston to Speak in House.

He as ed:

"But for these very same reasons I would have complete contempt for any one who, through Mr. Karsten added that in view deceit is fraud, would seek to in of strained work conditions it was figure and hoodwink the American of "vital importance" to deter-People with the assertion that the mine whether the McCarthy partment of their Gov. charges were rehashing old cases. ernment has harbored or is sat. and he said: mated tith Communists." "I cannot in good conscience sit

from Senator McCarthy, who is in ple confused with distrust of their Phoeni Ariz, for treatment of a own Government at a time when ment in advance of a speech he meet the world menace of Soviet planner to give on the House floor Russia and the slavery and deafer in the day.

ow hable material" may be tained and disclosed." enlosed soon.

he out came rom Chairman e-man commitquestion Miss iblic session this lwen Lattimore

ar Tomorrow.

Senator McCarthy has accused Mr. Lattimore, Far Eastern affairs expert, of being a Communist and a Soviet agent who has influenced American policy in the Orient. He has indicated Miss Utley, who he has identified as a former Communist, will support his charges.

Mr. Lattimore, who has denied all the accusations, is scheduled the Senate group tomorrow.

In his statement, Mr. Karsten policies.

Communists

(Continued From First Page.)

Mr. Forsten said he had exar said many if not all of the cases med the cases cited by Senat cited by Senator McCarthy were Carthy, Republican, of Wiscoi investigated by a House Expendisin in his attacks on the State Ditures Subcommittee, or which he partmens. He added that h was a member, and a House apanalysis shows that "many, if no propriations group more than two

House committees two years age "The allegation has either been The Misseurian said he demade or the impression conveyed pression that the American people might have that this is a matter of recent origin is completely erroneous."

### Karsten Calls for Facts.

There was no immediate reply idly by and see the American peondition. Mr. Karsten's our Nation needs the greatest uggestion was made in a state-unity of purpose in its history to gradation which it would impose It came as the Senate Foreign on all mankind. It is important on the interests of the country aling the McCarthy charges bean a busy week with a hint that! be looked into and the facts ob-

The hint of new material in the inquiry came from Senator :Tydings in his weekly broadcast. Saying he had accumulated "a vast amount" of valuable material to be turned over to the committee, the chairman added:

". . . There are some things I happen to know that have never fully come out to the people and to the Senate and even to the committee In view of those things which may come to notice this week, it might be well for everyour to be a lttปิง อัติเรียก), includ-

g our our 1 self, on reach conclusions abo in this whole i

McCarthe 1

Senator Tydais gave no hint of the material he has accumulated or on what phase of the committee's investigation of the McCarthy charges that they will

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Senator McCarthy had a quick retort, meanwhile, for the weekend denials by former Secretaries of State Hull, Byrnes and Marshall, and by Dean Acheson, present Secretary, that Mr. Lattimore for a second appearance before had been "the principal architect" of this country's Far Eastern

> Their demals, disclosed by Senator Tydings Saturday, covered the period from 1932 except the span when the late Edward Stettinius was secretary between the terms of Mr. Hull and Mr. Byrnes.

> "If Mr. Lattimore was not the salesman for the Communist Party," the Associated Press reported Senator McCarthy as saying, "then I ask Mr. Acheson and his friends who did the selling

> > "Almost Gone Bankrupt."

In a separate transcribed radio program broadcast here over the week end, Schator McCarthy renewed his criticism of President Truman and the Democratic members of the committee for the way the inquiry has been conducted.

He said he has "almost gone bankrupt" hiring former Federal Bureau of Investigation agents to' develop facts which already are in Government files and which he should not have to develop. He alluded to FBI files which President Truman has denied the com-

"I believe Mr. Truman honestly,

thinks that the real criminal is ot the Communist in Government but the man who tries to get him out." Senator McCarthy said.

He also charged that Senators Tydings and McMahon of Connecticut, another Democratic member of the committee, were playing politics in the inquiry. He added that committee investigators under Senator Tydings have "done nothing so far as investiga; ting is concurred."

Tolson Ladd Glavin Nichols Rosen Tracy\_ Harbo Tele. Room\_\_\_ Nesse\_\_\_\_ Gandy\_\_\_\_

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Times-Herald \_

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TULK

# 81 'Red', Cases 21/2 Years Old, House Is Told

Representative Frank M. Karsten (D., Mo.), yesterday provided. documentation to show that the fimous '81 cases' of Senator Me-Carthy (R. Wis), are two and one hulf years old and were previously investigated by two House sub

committees.

Karsten showed further that the second subcommittee inquiring into the question, with a Republican majority in the Eightieth Congress concluded its investigation did not even warrant a report. bccause 'it was felt the State De philment was handling the situston in a satisfactory manner."
The 81 cases of individuals a

ligedly employed by the State Del

partment and allegedly pro-Com-vestigation by the FBI and were mutist or at a minimum poor approved by the State- Depart security risks, were outlined to the ment. As of March, 1948, Karsten Senate in a speech by McCarthy said, this was true with respect to more than half of the 57. on February 20.

Taken From List of 108

Then, on March 10 and 12, 1948 dent's Loyalty Review Board. the same 108 cases were studied by Said Karsten:
a House Subcommittee on Expendi"The allegation has either begin

their summary in the 108 list given mentioned by Senator McCarthy. to the two House Subcommittees. Karsten's analysis also provided ican people might have that this is the first suggestion of how Mc a matter of recent origin is com-

present investigation of Commu-the 108 cases investigated. nist infiltration—of "57 card-carry-ing Communists in the State De-

Hearings Showed 57 Employed

the second House Subcommittee, American people." Karsten said, "hearings developed that 57 of the individuals were em- munism "as the most sinister, Godployed in March, 1948, and 51 were less concept ever conceived to et not employed. Of the 51 not em-slave mankind," and that he hated ployed. 23 had never worked for "the deceit, the fraud, the intethe State Department but were applicants for positions." The replicants for positions." The repremaining 28 had resigned or were nism." discharged.

2½ years ago.

And when he said that there were "now" 57 Communists in the department, he was referring to the fact that two years ago there partment who, in preliminary in- people confused with distrust of vestigation by the department's security division, were thought to be poor security risks.

Investigated and Approved

Many of these, however, ware subsequently given a full field in- all mankind."

As of today, The Washington

The majority, if not all of them, Post learned yesterday, 40 of the Karsten said yesterday in a state-original 108 (and by the same ment and a House speech, are token, of the 57 and of the 81) are taken from a list of 108 cases con-still employed by the State Desidered during the making of fiscal partment. All have received full year 1949 appropriations for the security clearance through the State Department by a House Sub-State Department's loyalty procommittee on Appropriations cedure, and the postaudit of Presi-

tures in Executive Departments. made or the impression conveyed Karsten presented a parallel to the American people that their column analysis on nine of the cases Senator McCarthy has in cases to show similarity and often mind are of recent origin. . . . identity in language between Mc-There is nothing new about the Carthy's statement of the cases and majority, if not all, of the cases

"Any impression that the Amer-Carthy arrived at a figure—used in various of his Lincoln Day these cases shows that many, if not speeches that precipitated the all of them, were included among

"If so, inquiry should be made as to whether or not a hoax, a deceit or a fraud has been practiced Of the 108 cases considered by somewhere, by someone, upon the

Karsten said he detested com-

But, he said, for the same Thus, it appears that in discussing reasons, "I would have complete 81 cases in February of this year, contempt for anyone who, through McCarthy was actually talking deceit or fraud would seek to in-about employes or applicants for flame and hoodwink the American State Department jobs as of a date people with the assertion that the State Department of their Government has harbored or is saturated with Communists.

"I cannot, in good conscience, sit idly by and see the American when our Nation needs the greatest unity of purpose in its history to meet the world menace of Soviet Russia and the slavery and degre-<del>latio</del>n which it would impose upon

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THE WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS, WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1930-3

# Amerasia Judge Wasn't Told of Jaffe's Red Ties

(NOTE: Almost five years ago the Amerasia case came to an obscure end in a rare Saturday session of District Court here, remarkable for the fact that the judge learned as little about the case as the public has before or since. Today Scripps-Howard Staff Writer Frederick Woltman, who has investigated the bewildering facets of the case which produced more stolen Government documents than Whitlaker Chambers, tells of this strange legal climax in the third of a series of

By FREDERICK WOLFMAN Scripps-Howard Statt Writer

Philip J. Jaffe's Communist record was not mentioned by the Government in the court hearing that wound up the Amerasia case of the stolen State Department docu-

Not a single reference to it appeared in the 15-page transcript of the court record.

Nor was the judge told that Amerasia magazine, which used confidential data from rifled State Department files on the Far East, was dedicated to the promotion of the Communist Party line on China.

This would have been of the utmost importance to the court. For, the punishment to be meted out depended on Mr. Jaffe's motives and the use he made of the hundreds of secret State Department and Military and Naval intelligence records found in his office as editor of the magazine.

The Government recommended against a jail sentence. Consequently the key figure in the Amcrasia case escaped with a \$2500 fine after pleading guilty. the sensational evidence painstak ingly dug up by the FBI was kept

from the public.

Mr. Jaffe pleaded gund, .... Washington on Sept. 29, 1945, be-fore Justice James M. Proctor, a Mr. Jaffe pleaded guilty here in respected member of the Federal bench who now sits on the U.S. Court of Appeals,

The charge was "violation of Section Title XV888, United States Code, which is conspiracy to embezzle, steal and purloin property, records and valuable things of rec-ord and property of the United

Conduct of Case Was Unusual From Outset



JUDGE PROCTOR Make it brief

guides the court in fixing the penaltv.

When Albert Arent, defense attorney, asked permission to make a statement, Judge Proctor re-

"Please make it brief because I do not expect to hold any extended session here this morning."

Later, when the judge suggested the Government explain where it stood and asked how long that would take, Mr. Hitchcock replied: "Less than five minutes."

Not 'Disloyal Purpose'

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OFFICE STATES он местек жылы тырда ne at and Military and Nac at intel-Igence records found in his office as editor of the magazine

The Government recommended against a jail sentence. Consequently the key figure in the Am-Consecrasia case escaped with a \$2500 fine after pleading guilty. And the sensational evidence painstak-ingly dug up by the FBI was kept from the public.

Mr. Jatte preaded grows Washington on Sept. 29, 1945, be-Mr. Jaffe pleaded guilty here in @ fore Justice James M. Proctor, a respected member of the Federal bench who now sits on the U.S. Court of Appeals,

The charge was "violation of Section Title XV888, United States Code, which is conspiracy to embezzle, steal and purloin property, records and valuable things of record and property of the United States.

# Conduct of Case Was Unusual From Outset

The hearing took place on a Saturday morning, when the District Court rarely sits. It got little attention.

Robert M. Hitchcock, Special Assistant Attorney General, permitted Mr. Jaffe's lawyer to make the "statement of facts." Ordinarily, in a guilty plea, that's the job of the prosecutor since it



MR. HITCHCOCK Got a new job. ..



JUDGE PROCTOR Make it brief

guides the court in fixing the penalty.

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## Not 'Disloyal Purpose' but 'Journalistic Zeal'

Mr. Arent described his client as "for many years a student of Far Eastern affairs"; a graduate of Columbia with A. B. and M. A. degrees; a lecturer at Harvard, Vassar, Yale, Dartmouth and other schools.

Among co-founders of his magazine Amerasia, the defense counsel said, "were distinguished academic people, scholars, political scientists like Owen Lattimore, head of the Walter Hines Page School of Di-plomacy and International Relations at Johns Hopkins . .

For eight years, he went on, Mr. Jaffe edited Amerasia "without compensation and at considerable sacrifice.

It circulated "amongst scholars and specialists in Far Eastern affairs and has found a place in the leading libraries and educational institutions of the country.

The Government does not contend that any of this material was used for any disloyal purpose," said

Mr. Arent.

"If Mr. Jaffe has transgressed the law, it seems he has done so from an excess of journalistic zeal . .

Judge Proctor, interposing, remarked: "There is no doubt but what he has."

The indictment, declared Mr. Jaffe's attorneys, "charges a rela-

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(Continued from Page 3)

tively minor violation which arose out of his anxiety to be accurately informed in the field of his scholarly and journalistic interest.

He urged that Mr. Jaffe's case be disposed of that morning because of "the very grave illness of his wife."

Asked by the court if that was "a correct statement," the special assistant attorney general answered: "In substance, yes, Your Honor."

## No Probation Officer Saw Jaffee 'Jacket'

Then Judge Proctor proposed that the probation officer investigate and report so that the case "take the usual course of such cases with a view to possible probation . . ."

Had that been done, the probation officer would have access to the Jaffe "jacket" in the United States Attorney's office. This in-cludes the FBI "prosecutive sum-mary report" as well as Mr. Jaffe's vast Communist background and that of Amerasia.

Here Mr. Hitchcock told the court: "I assume that prior to the imposition of sentence, which I

think counsel hoped to be dispos of today inasmuch as we have t facts pertinent to the subject, th perhaps even a probation offic would get not only from this c trict but would have to go to Ne York for, Your Honor may wish hear what the Government has say."

Mr. Jaffe, he went on, charged with conspiracy in taki and removing from Governme files, primarily the State Depa ment, Office of Naval Intelligence Strategic Services and War Info mation, certain documents that t long to these various agencies,

"The use to which they were p was, as I understand it, large background material that Mr. Jaf in the conduct of his Ameras magazine used to assist him in pu lishing articles and preparing arg ments that would lend to its weig and, perhaps, its circulation. The magazine, we know as a matter of fact, was a losing proposition in nancially."

Asked if the documents we: used in such a way as to embarra: the Army or Navy in the condu-of the war, Mr. Hitchcock sai there was no such evidence.
"To us," he went on, "i



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# Americans Shower McCarthy With Praise for Commie Fight

50,000 Messages of Encouragement Pour in From All Sections of Nation

(This is the first of a series of articles disclosing public reaction to the fight waged by Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin against Communists and Communist influence in the State department. The articles are based upon letters and telegrams deluging McCarthy since he began the one-man campaign.)

### By JOHN FISHER

From all walks of life, from all sections of the nation, the neople are standing solidly behind Sen McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin in his demand for exposure of Communists in the

State department.

A random examination of the estimated 50,000 letters, cards and telegrams received by McCarthy since he made his charges of Communists in the department reveals a spontaneous upsurge of public sentiment in his behalf.

Most of the writers had no other wish than to give McCarthy encouragement in facing tremendous odds. They told of praying for him. They inquired if there is anything "ordinary citizens can do to help.

## Many Contribute Money

Many, hearing that McCarthy was hard-pressed to finance his part of the investigation, and forced to cut his investigating staff, contributed money. The honations aren't large, usually a fiollar or two, sometimes 10. They said they gave what they could afford to help him carry on the fight.

McCarthy has acknowledged spending about \$7,500 of his personal funds to date on expenses incurred in connection with his search for evidence to be furnished the Senate investigating committee, which has a staff and \$25,000 for probing McCarthy's

Although McCarthy has made no appeal for help, he has accepted the donations in the spirit in which they were given.

in which they were given.

Following are some of the explanations given by the people
who contributed.

Haba (39)

### Disabled Vet Helps

A disabled veteran of World War I, described himself as nauper, sent a money order for it from Liberty, Mo., saying "the Democrats are leading us to war," and he would have sent McCarthy more money if not so poor.

From Mount Vernon, N. Y.:

"I'm a Democrat but I'm for you 100 per cent in this effort. The present Democratic leaders don't seem to realize that what's bad for the country is had for the party. Enclosed please find check for \$10 to help in defraying the expense of this very urgent patriotic effort."

From a Chicago couple describing themselves as "Mr. and Mrs.

From a Chicago couple describing themselves as "Mr. and Mrs. Democrat" came \$10 with the wish "hope you have a million more converts to your cause."

converts to your cause."

Enclosed in a United Nations envelope, McCarthy received 22 with the explanation "this is the best I can do at this time; with repeat again in two weeks."

### "Yankee Green Buck"

"Here is a Yankee green buck to lick a Communist Red buck," declared a donor from Aberdeen, and.

A government employe in Washington sent a dollar with an unsigned letter, saying "if my name were signed, and through any reason it would become known, my means of making a living would be abruptly terminated." But the letter said: "In my opinion, you and the few on your side of the aisle who have the guts to assist you are performing one of the greatest services to the country ever performed. Keep at it! It is way past time for America to wake up, so keep the alarm ringing."

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Twenty-three other persons signed a joint letter, enclosing 23 crumpled dollar bills, "which e hasten to send today, realizing that under Truman's profligacy they may be worth less tomorrow." The letter continued:

"The undersigned, realizing the pressure under which you as a loyal, patriotic American, are laboring to bring to light the subversive activities of traitors and spies on our government pay rolls, consider it a privilege to be able to make this small contribution to help you carry on the fight."

### "Token of Appreciation"

One of the most unusual letters ame from Chicago, and read:

"I am sending you herewish five dollars for your personal use—some good cigars, a box of candy, or anything your pleasure desires. No acknowledgement is necessary.

"I am a poor man, 65 years old today, and since my social security benefits start today, I feel I can afford this little token of appreciation of your splendid service to our country. Your unseen friend."

"I heard last night on the radio program that you are having financial trouble after all the good you have done this country," said another letter from "working family of three." "I therefore pledge \$1 to help fight the elements that threaten this country and hope that more of my fellow-countrymen shall do the same."

### Acheson Criticized

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A Connecticut man sent a dollar in behalf of his grandson, saying: "Sent in the hope that what you are attempting to do will succeed, and that my grandson may grow up in the same sort of a country that I grew up in. A man that will stick by Alger Hiss and permit a convicted Russian spy to return t Russia should not be Secretary of State—we need comeone about thom there is not the slightest doubt of his loyalty and love of this country."

A terse penciled note on white

wranning paper said: "A humble contribution for expense connerted with your excellent effort." It was unsigned and enclosed a dollar.

"Kindly accept this small contribution of \$3 that you can use to help pay the private investigators on your pay roll." said a man from Staten Island, N. Y. "I wish it could be more," he added. "God bless you and keep you in good health. Please keep of fighting for what you believe is worth while."

### D. C. Woman Contributes

A Washington woman sent \$10 "as a slight token of appreciation of what you are undergoing it your patriotic, courageous efforts in behalf of our beloved country. If the Reds win it will mean not only we of this generation, but our children's children's grand-children will be under the Soviet

yoke."

"Another group of five local citizens sent \$35, saying: We wish to express to you our congratulations and deep appreciation for your courageous efforts in behalf of all real American citizens." A Wisconsin couple said "hur-rah for McCarthy—the people of Wisconsin sure must be proud of you. Keep up the good work. They enclosed a dollar.

# Iruman Release 81

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# Probe to Get Information Demanded By M'Carthy

Sees No Precedent Set by Action; Bielaski Testifies tOn Amerasia Case

> By Alfred Friendly Post Reporter

The State Department loyalty files on Senator McCarthy's "81 cases" will be made available to Senate investigators, it was announced yesterday.

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the investigating subcommittee, said that President Truman finally had agreed to let the subcommittee examine the files.

Mr. Truman felt, Tydings explained, that because of the past history of the 81 cases-the data in those files were examined two years ago by four Congressional committees-no precedent will be violated by letting a fifth committee look at the information,

The agreement applies only to the Sate Department loyalty liles. and not to the FBI files, which McCalthy has also demanded be disclowed to the investigating

Rut since a full FBI "field inves-tigation" had been run on most, if not all of the 81 persons, and since the data from those investigations are included in the State Department files, presumably all the pertinent FBI information will thus be included. The main omission will be only the actual names of the informants, contained in the FBI "raw files."

### Some Not Included

The files that will be opened to the subcommittee, being confine to the 81 cases McCarthy discussed . on the Senate floor the night of February 20, will not include those repating to persons he later named publicly.

There were ten of these, including the "key case" of Owen Lattimore, and the important cases of John S. Service and Haldore Han-

McCarthy has repeatedly demanded that the files be made available, and insisted that if they were, his charges of Communist infiltration of the State Department would be proved.

He has further insisted, again nd again, that one could be sure that if the files proved him wrong; Ir. Truman would have made them available long since.

### Bielaski at Closed Session

Earlier in the day, before Tydings' unexpected announcement, his subcommittee heard in closed, session its first witness on the 1945 Amerasia case, allegedly involving the "wholesale theft" of secret Government documents, and linking the theft to a man since de-

The witness was Frank Rielaski, former Office of Strategic Selvces employe who led a raid bu the Amerasia magazine offices, 🖥 McCarthy, barred from the subcommittee secsion, reteased statement giving what he asserted were to be the highspots of Bielaski's testimony. Of these, the most startling was that six months before the A-bomb drop on Hiroshima, "the people who operated Amerasia, with the assistance of State Department personnel, were collecting and transmitting to Soviet Russia the secrets of the atomic bomb."

Bielaski, caught by reporters between sessions of the hearing, and shown that statement, commented:

"I can't say that. That word, 'transmitted' - there are some words there I should have to qual-

He said, however, "there was something to the atomic aspect.' Last night the Department of

Justice said in a statement: "When the FBI made their investigation and their scarch of the Amerasia headquarters there was no information contained in any documents or otherwise relating to the a-bomb."

And if the OSS had gotten any such information, it was "never made available to the FBI or the criminal division of the Department of Justice."

Hitherto, the President has refused to release the files on the persons McCarthy accused, on mes-Herald grounds that disclosure of FBI data would breach promises made by FBL agents to persons who inwould be kept secret.

Might Hamper FBI Further, the Chief Executive argued, release of the files might smear the reputations of innocent ash. Star men, hamper the FBI in future work and open up the possibility of irresponsible interpretation of .Y. Mirror the contents of the files.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoove and Attorney General J. Howard McGrath was adamani on the points in testimony before th Tydings subcommittee.

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But earlier this week, heptesektorre—Karsten (D., Mol disclosed that all of McCarthy's 81 cases were taken from a list of 108 cases, compiled more than two years ago by an investigator from a House Subcommittee on Appropriations.

At that time, for reasons unexplained, the State Department permitted the investigator to examine its loyalty files, and to abstract them. The list he brought back to the Capitol caused a small

furore.

The summary of the investigator. Robert Lee, ultimately was seen by the members of four Congressional Committeer, in 1948. State Department personnel officials were called on to explain and did presumably, to the satisfaction of the Congressman. No further action was demanded, and no adverse reports were given to Congress.

Subsequently, the President established the Loyalty Review procedure and ordered that never again should departmental loyalty files be opened to Congress.

From the Administration's point of view, an ample illustration of the damage that comes from letting a congressional agent lee the files is the fact that McCarthy apparently got hold of the did Lee list, whittled it down, and made his charges from it.

In the cases he cited, he repeated the 108 list, allegation for allegation and often word for word.

### Why Truman Agreed

Tydings said yesterday that when Mr. Truman learned the facts that four committees and their attaches had seen the files two years ago, he agreed to make them available to the present subcommittee feeling that no precedent would be set thereby.

But for the time being, at least, he will not make available any

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other files, for that, presumably, would set a precedent.

aiready been given what was de- McCarthy said in the letter. scribed as a complete and detailed He said Bielaski conducted the for another session in the aftersummary of the FBI file on Latti- first night raid on Amerasia maga-noon. more, prepared by Hoover.

dozen White House conferences to stepped into the case—and found ment was an "enlargement. work out a procedure by which the a vast number of "top secret" docfiles could be made available. He uments allegedly stolen from the he continued: added that the agreement was State Department. reached Thursday.

In his statement he said:

outcome which will permit the jury. The charge was conspiracy the evidence in the case "closely committee now to see the very files to illegally remove Government shows a wholesale, well-established which Senator McCarthy asked the documents. The Government later theft of Government secrets. committee to examine when he dropped the charge against one of imade his charges on the radio, the three indicted. through the newspapers and on the Senate Coor.

the coming week the committee Sigurd Larsen, a State Depart. of the evidence he presented.

May begin its examination of the ment employe, pleaded no defense the said he didn't know McC work and in due time make a full and was fined \$500. report to the Senate and the country about their contents.'

McCarthy himself could not be would testify as follows:

Wherry (R., Nebr.) jibed that Presi-atomic bomb was dropped on dent Truman was forced by public pinion to make the files available. Amerasia, with the assistance of and that he should have done it State Department personnel, were iong before.

face the people with his argument atomic bomb. for secrecy."

he files available on the other per-'moral perverts" in the State Department.

committee were close-mouthed yes- in the Amerasia office. terday on what they heard from Bielaski, the former OSS director of investigations.

hearing began, McCarthy made public a copy of Relations were undermining the Before the a letter he wrote to Tydings. He Chinese Nationalist government wrote that he felt compelled "to and were collecting minute degive the Senate and the American tails of the anti-Communist arpeoble a brief resume of the high- mies. ligh's of what yesterday's testi-mony" by Bielaski would be.

ther files for that, presumably, "The chartcan people have quiry committee did reach any walled to long to hear the avisuch testimony as McCarthy had dence in the Amerasia case," predicted would be forthcoming.

zine headquarters in June, 1945-Tydings said he had had half a three months before the FBI mented first that McCarthy's state-

Six persons were arrested in the Six persons were arrested in the mittee, of my own knowledge Amerasia case, but only three there something to it." "I am happy, therefore, at the were indicted by a Federal grand

Philip Jarre, editor of Amerasia, pleaded guilty and was fined \$2500, been warned by the Senate inquiry "It is to be hoped that during Another, defendant, Emmanuel committee against disclosing any

In his letter to Tydings, Mc-Carthy declared that Bielaski

reached for comment last evening. in the Amerasia office which cializing in investigations and pub-The minority leader, Senator showed that six months before the lie relations. collecting and transmitting He did it. Wherry went on collecting and transmitting to foublless because "he could not Soviet Russia the secrets of the

"2. That top secret State Depart-Now he must make the rest of ment reports were found in the

"3. That an extremely secret reficer-messenger only to director of mayal intelligence' was found

"4. That reports were found in, the Amerasia office showing that the interlocking directors of Amerasia and the Institute of Pacific

§"5. That reports were found in the Amerasia office which dealt with the intimate family relationships of the family of Generalis-

simo Chiang Kai-shek. "6. That the immensity of this espionage operation was so great and the number of stolen secret documents so large that Mr. Bielaski took away 15 copies which were never even missed by Amerasia personnel before the FBI came back to conduct the raid three months later.

That Mr Bielsski had diffi-. By Sam Zagoria

To Consider Proposale Meeting of Producers Commissioners Call

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However, Bielaski was recalled

Emerging later, Bielaski com-

Then, in carefully chosen words,

"Without regard to McCarthy or the evidence I've given the com-

The witness said, however, that

"The evidence is serious, very serious," he said.

Bielaski made it clear he had

He said he didn't know McCarthy and had been called before the committee by subpena. He is now

president of the Research and Se-"1. That reports were discovered curity Corp., New York, a firm spe-

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Secs No Precedent Sei by Action: Bielaski Testifies On Amerasia Case

By Afried Friendly
out Reporter
The State Department loy-

alty files on Senator McCarthy's "81 cases" will be made available to Senate investigators, it was announced yes-

Senator Tydings (D., Md.), chairman of the investigating subcom-mittee, said that President Truman finally liad agreed to let the

man finally had agreed to let the slibcommittee examine the files.

Mr. Truman felt, Tydings exitained, that because of the past history of the 81 cases—the data in those files were examined two years ago by four Congressional committees—no precedent will be violated by letting a fifth committee look at the information.

The agreement applies only to the State Department loyalty files, and not lot the FBI files, which McCarthy has also demanded be disclosed to the investigating Senators.

But since a full FBI 'field investigation' had been run on most, if not all of the 81 persons, and since the data from those investigations are included in the State Detartment files, presumably all the jertinent FBI information will thus be included. The main omission will be only the actual names of the informants contained in the FBI 'ray tiles. of the informants, contained in the FBI "ray files."

Some Not Included

The files that will be opened for e subcommittee, being confined the 81 cases McCarthy discussed the Senate floor the night of February 20, will not include those relating to persons he later named.

There were ten of these, including the "key case" of Owen Lattimore, and the important cases of John S. Bervice and Haldore Hanson.

McCarthy has repeatedly despended that the files had

manded that the files be made available, and insisted that if they were, his charges of Communist infill ation of the State Department

would be proved.

The has further insisted, again and again, that one could be surfather if the files proved him wrong Mr. Truman would have made ther available long since.

Bielaski at Closed Session

Earlier in the day, before Ty-dings unexpected announcement, his subcommittee heard in closed session its first witness on the 1945 Amerasia case, allegedly involving the "wholesale theft" of secret Government documents, and linking the theft to a man since described as a Communist.

The witness was Frank Bielask a former Office of Strategic Services employe who led a raid on the Amerasa magazine offices. McCarthy, barred from the sub

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committee session, released state asserted what he asserted were to be the highspots of Biglaski's testimony. Of these, the most startling was that six months before the A-bomb drop on Hiroshima, "the people who operated Amerasia, with the assistance of State Department personnel, were collecting and transmitting to Soviet Russia the secrets of the atomic bomb."

Blelaski, caught by reporters between sessions of the hearing, and nown that statement, commented: "I can't say that. That word ransmitted" — there are some lords there I should have to qual

He sald, however, there w something to the atomic aspect."

Last night the Department of

Justice shid in a statement:
When the FBI made their investigation and their search of the Amerasia headquarters there was no information contained in any documents or otherwise relating to the a-bomb."

ing to the a bonning to the any And if the OSS had gotten any And if the ose the control of the

And if the OSS had gotten any such information, it was "never made available to the FBI or the calminal division of the Department of Justice."

Hitherto, the President has refised to release the files on the persons McCarthy accused, on grounds that disclosure of FBI fats would breach promise made by FBI agents to persons who fif formed them that their identification would be kept secret.

would be kept secret.

Might Hamper FBI

Further, the Chief Executive argued, release of the files might smear the reputations of innocessit men, hamper the FBI in future work and open up the possibility of irresponsible interpretation of the contents of the files.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover and Altorney General J. Howard McGrath was adamant on their points in testimony before the fydings subcommittee.

But earlier this week, Representative Karsten [D. Mo.] disclosed that all pf McCarthy's Bickes were taken from a list of the cases, compiled more than two years and proportitions. Appropriations.

At that time, for teasons are expressioned; the State Department permitted the investigator to examine its loyalty files, and to abstract them. The list he brought back to the Capitol caused a small

The summary of the investiga-tor, Robert Lee, ultimately was seen by the members of four Con-gressional Committees, in 1948. State Department personnel offcials were called on to explain and did presumably, to the satisfaction of the Congressman. No farther action was demanded, and no adverse reports were given to Con-

Subsequently, the President established the Loyalty Review pro-ordure and ordered that never igain should departmental loyalty liles be opened to Congress.

From the Administration's pold the damage that comes from letting a congressional agent see the files is the fact that McCarthy apparently got hold of the old Lee list, whittled it down, and made his charges from it. a

In the cases he cited, he repeated the 108 list, allegation for allega-tion and often word for word. Why Truman Agreed

Tydings said yesterday that when Mr. Truman learned the facts that four committees and their attaches had seen the fies two years ago, he agreed to make them available to the present subcommittee, feel in that no precedent would be set the reby.

But for the time being, at least he will not make available my

other files, for that, presumably

would set a precedent.
The subcommittee however, has already been given what was described as a complete and detailed summary of the FBI file on Lattice more, prepared by Hoover.

Tydings said he had had half a

dozen White House conferences to work out a procedure by which the files could be made available. He added that the agreement was reached Thursday.

In his statement he said:

"I am happy, therefore, at the outcome which will permit the committee now to see the very files which Senator McCarthy asked the militee to examine when he made, his charges on the radio ough the newspapers and or the Senate floor.

"It is to be hoped that during the coming week the committee may begin its examination of the files in connection with its other work and in due time make a full report to the Senate and the country about their contents."

McCarthy himself could not be reached for comment last evening.

The minority leader, Senator Wherry (R., Nebr.) jibed that President Truman was forced by public opinion to make the files available, and that he should have done it

long before.

I e did it. Wherry went on doubtless because "he could not take the people with his argument."

for secrety."

Now he must make the rest of the files available on the other persons named, and also all those of "moral perverts" in the State De-

partment.
Members of the Tydings Subcommittee were close-mouthed yes-terday on what they heard from Biglaski, the former OSS director of investigations.

tor of investigations.

Before the hearing began,
McCarthy made public a copy of
mode to Tydings. He a letter he wrote to Tydings. I wrote that he felt compelled 's we the Senste and the Americ people a brief resume of the his lights of what westerday's tes giony" by Bielaski would be.

"The American people have wanted two Jong to bese-the evidence in the American case," McCourthy said in the letter. He said Bielanki conducted the first night raid on American magazine theadquarters in June 1945—these mouths before the FBI

. . . . .

ine headquarters in June, 1945—
three, months before the FBI
stepped type the case—ind found
a Vaist number of "top secret" documents allegedly stolen from the
State Department.

Blix persons were arrested in the
Americal case, but only three
virus indicted by a Federal grand
my. The charge was conspiracy
Miegally remove Government
bouments. The Government later
dropped the charge against one of

comments. The Government later dropped the charge against one of the three indicted.

Philip Fairs, editor of Amerasia pleaded gulity and was fined \$2500. Another, defendant, Emmanuel Signed Larsen, a State Depart ment employs, pleaded no defends and was fined \$500.

In his latter to Tydings, McCarthy declared that Blelaski would testify as follows:

"L. That reports were discovered

carry declared that Blelaski would testify as follows:

"I That reports were discovered in the Amerasia office which showed that six months before the atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima the people who operated Amerasia, with the assistance of State Department personnel, were collecting and transmitting to Sives Russia the secrets of the bunic bomb.

"That for secret State Department reports were found in the Amerasia office.

"I, That an extremely secret report marked for delivery by offices messenger only to director of naval intelligence was found in the Amerasia office.

"A. That reports were found in the Amerasia office showing that the Interlocking directors of Amerasia and the Institute of Pacific Relations were undermining the Chireke Nationalist government

relations were undermining the Chinese Nationalist government and were collecting minute desires of the anti-Communist armies.

"5. That reports were found not be Amerasia office which delite the intimate family relationalist of the family of Generalisting Chiang Kai-shek.

"6. That the immensity of this espionage operation was so present and the number of a secret documents so large that Mr. Bielash took away 15 copies which were never even missed by Americal personnel before the FBI came back to conduct the raid three months later.

"I. That Mr. Bielaski had difficulty gaining entrance to the Americal

That Mr. Bielaski had diffirulty gaining entrance to the Amerasia office because crews were
working all night in its huge photo
lab inhotographing secret Government documents.

"He That the scope of this operations was such that when the FBI
seenis raided the office three
months later, the documents seen
tiere by Mr. Bielaski were no
limper there, they having been
copied, removed, and replaced by
others. 317

others.

A Senator in a position to knew what happened told newsmen that during its forenoon session, the figury committee did not reach always such testimony as McCarthy had predicted would be forthcoming.

However, Bielaski was recalled for another session in the afternoon

noon,
Emerging later, Bielaski commented first that McCarthy's statement was an "enlargement."

mented first that McCarthy's statement was an "enlargement."
Then, in carefully chosen words, hi continued:
"Without regard to McCarthy or the evidence I've given the committee, of my own knowledge there's something to it."
The witness said, however, that the evidence in the case "closely shows a wholesale, well-established theft of Government secrets."
"The evidence is serious, very serious," he said.
Bielaski made it clear he had been warned by the Senate inquiry committee against disclosing any of the evidence he presented.
He said he didn't know McCarthy and had been called before the committee by subpens. He is now desident of the Research and I secretaring the committee of the Research a resident of the Research and for dirity Corp., New York, a firm specializing in investigations and principles. it relations.

# McCarthy Drafts **Blast at Partial** Release of Files

President Truman's decision and over some Government loyity files to Senate Communist investigators out Senator Carthy to work today on a

enough" protest. In another development Office of Strategic Services support charges that Amerasia marazine officials and State Depariment employes were shipping atomic secrets to Russia in 1945.

Senator McCarthy, Wisconsin Republican, has said a former OSE would testify that A-bom te did find its way to the Sovie ion in the Amerasia case.

rate did find its way to the Soviet union in the Amerasia case. The seent, Frank Bleiaski, said yestray there is some substance to what Senator McCarthy asserted but he did not entirely back ultime Benator.

Mr. Bleiaski made if clear him had been warned by the Senaturinguiry committee against disclosing any of the evidence he presented.

He said he didn't know Senator McCarthy and had been called before the committee by subpoens. He is now president of the Research and Becurity Copp. New York, a firm specialising in investigations and public relations.

Lodge Calls Picture, Berlous, Senator Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetti, who heard Mr. Rielaski testify at a secret session that the olicities Mr. Bleiaski portayed "is very serious." But a senator Lodge refused to comment on the A-bomb angle.

Reversing his earlier refusal to resense Government loyally file for 17 main agreed later for ign Relations subcommittee examine secret State Department files on \$1 persons cited by Senator McCarthy in his charges on communism in the Government.

estigating committee said in announcing the President's decision that the approval does not apply the FBI's se-called "raw" files enator Tydings added, however there will be FBI material some of the State Departm the committee gets

Sentator Mocami at the department is with Communists and Red ava pathizers. He has contended a long that to obtain proof of h accusations, the committee mu rave access to the FRI files

McCarthy to Speak Temorr Senator McCarthy told orter "I'm going to hold my fire until tomorrow night when he is of young Republicans in Chicag on a Nation-wide radio pelviowas learned that he intend to blast the administration for no making the FBI files available and for confining access to are Department recoma to this cases he outlined in a Senate

eech February 20. Mr. Truman refused in March the truman refused in March to turn over any loyalty files on the ground it would cripple the FBI, smear innocent people and wreck the Federal loyalty program. He took that position diadvice of FBI Chief J. Edgar Hoover and Attorney General McGrath. "I'Slice Benator Tydings said the President changed his mind about the

dent changed his mind about the I State Department files efter learning that those records were examined 216 years ago by four

pramined 2/2 years ago by four pther congressional committees.

No Adverse Report Made.

On the basis of the earlier investigation. Senator Training declared, "No adverse report contention from the House of the floor of the House of the floor of the Senate and no was sell to the State Department." Senator McCarthy

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nimself temporarily under wraps on the flex issue, Senator Wherry of Nebraska, the Republican floor leader, spoke out promptly in sharp criticism of the President.

Senator Wherry demanded that the committee be given access to the FBI files. He said Mr. Truman was afraid to see the people on his forthcoming Western tour without permitting the committee to get at the State Department documents.

"Public opinion is beginning to blow the lid off the scandals of the Truman administration." Senator wherry declared.

The Nebraska Senator complained that a Senate Appropriations subcommittee of which he is a member had been denied the files of State Department and other employes alleged in police records to be moral perverts."

That is cases Senator McCarthy out ined to the senate do not include the major one he later presented to the inquiry committee—that of Owen Lattimore.

Senator McCarthy has argused Mr. Lettinore, Far Eastern arguses specialist and Johns Hopkins University professor, of being Russla's No. 1 spy in the United States. Mr. Lattimore has denied that under oath. He also swore he never was a Communist—as charged by ex-Communist Louis Budens.

Senator McCarthy has said he is willing to let all of his charges against the State Department stand or fall on the Lattimore case. He has demanded repeatedly that the committee given a look at the FBI's raw file n Mr. Lattimore. So far the mmittee has seen only an FBI

dominitée has seen only an FBI summary.

JAISO not included in the Bi cases are Senator McCarthy's secusations against John S. Service, career diplomat. Senator McCarthy said he does not believe Haldorn Hanson, State Department official, was among the 8i either.

Both Accused by McCarthy.

Both Mr. Service and Mr. Hanson have been accused by Senator McCarthy of having Communist sympathies. Both men have denied the charges.

Two days ago a group of Senate Remocrats headed by Majority I ader Lucas launched an attack of Senator McCarthy.

Senate officials in a position to know said round two of the Democratic counter-attack probably will get underway Monday with alternative of Senate speeches Meanwhile the Civil Service Loyalty Review Board Teyeal Loyalty Review Board revealed that a total of 202 persons have been released from Government ervice on loyalty grounds during

he last three years.
Approximately 2 million persons are employed by the Government A total of 7,708 cases have been finally passed upon by lovalty Of those, 7,258 resulted

n clearances. Some 451 persons were ruled inthose the ana and dismiss were restored to service at appeals, and the balance of ases are still pending.

# Flood of Telegr sters McCarthy in Anti-Red Battle

# Public Response Includes Contributions To Meet Expense of Senate Crusade

This is the second of two articles on public reaction to Sen. Mc-Carthy's fight against Communist influence in the State department.

Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin has been holstered in his fight against Communist influences in the State depastment by whole hearted support of people "back home."

The schator is urged "to keep up the light no matter how strong the opposition.

Many persons sent contributions of a dollar or two to help, "Give them both heart defray his personal investigation a Milwaukee wire. One from Jop-

Apart from the contributions, the moral support expressed by sus Truman arrogance." these people has been tremendous and widespread.

### Telegrams Are Pointed

The telegrams cary a pointed message Here are a few samples

A former FBI agent w Some of the letters are long. of the wires:

"God love you," wired a Balti-

more doctor.

amans.

### Please Carry On'

"Keep belting them." said a Los Angeles wire. "Please carry on, said another from Abbeville, La."
"The people are behind you,"
"Even a large majority of the assured a wire from St. Paul. "The Democratic voters are on your side." wrote a Wisconsin man. Angeles wire. "Please carry on,"

"Give them heck; millions are with you," said a telegram from Madison. Wis. "Don't get discouraged," read one from Boston. "The Halls of Montezuma ring with your praise," a resident of Bellevue, Wash., told the former Marine officer.

A Texas preacher and "We need a man like you for President," said a Democrat from Memphis, Tenn. Similar sentiments came from other writers. Former Gov. John C. Vivian of Colorado wrote that: "On every hand, I hear favorable comments on your campaign... More power to you. The poonle with the proposed of the poonle with the proposed of th

A Texas preacher asked Mc-Carthy to demand the resigna-tions of President Truman and case McCarthy were sued for libel. State Sccretary Acheson, declar-ing "I charge them with incompetence and with giving inspira-tion and consolation to sworn enemies of this government,"

"Give them both barrels," said expenses after they heard he lin, Mo., read: "American people was hard-pressed financially." extend gatitude for your courageous defense of Americanism ver-

McCarthy also received encour-agement from such groups as Presbyterian women in California, the Elks, clfizens committees, American Legion posts and Vet-

A former FBI agent wrote that his experience as a G-man con-vinced him "the Democratic party "Congratulations on being an has become infiltrated by radicals, american and not a politician."

Wired a Pittsburgh couple.

Vinced him the Democratic party has become infiltrated by radicals, socialists, Communists, crackpots and warped-minded intellectuals." wired a Pittsburgh couple.

"Real Americans are all for He urged McCarthy to "carry on you," said a wire from Sacrather in fight until you clean out the mento, Calif.

A Baltimore couple wrote: "As registered Democrats in Mary-"Your fearless courage renews land, we want to commend you our confidence in the govern- for your courageous fight against ment." said a group of Ala-communism in the State department. Although we have the utmost respect for our Sen. Tydings, we do not agree with the way he has whitewashed your charges."

case McCarthy were sued for libel. A Texan offered financial help in case of a likel suit.

From Port Carbon, Pa., a 16year-old girl wrote that: "I say a prayer for you every day so you win." From Urbana, Ill., came this one: "I am just an old lady but you are a young man and so I hope I can encourage you in your present ellorts to prove a few 'salts of the earth' still remain, to try to regain some of our

lost dignity and honor in the eyes of the world. God and his people are with you."

"The writer is ill and barely able to write but wanted you to know she is 100 per cent for you and it is a scandal the way our so-called representatives soft-pedal the investigation." wrote a Phoenix, (Ariz.) woman in shaky scrawl.

A Brooklyn woman wrote: "It just burns the women up to think with all the 'big men' there are in the United States, the President has to pick so many for high office who are so red."

"It seems mighty good to think someone has gumption enough to keep this United States of ours a decent place to live and not give it over to dictatorship," wrote a Minnesota farmer.

### Keep Pounding Away

A naturalized citizen høre told McCarthy: "Keep up the good fight and with God's help true Americanism will win out." An Oklahoma minister cautioned Mc-Carthy against possible Communist attempts on his life, but said:
"Keep pounding away along
same lines and even harder because it is not possible to accuse those Pendergast plunderers down in Washington of anything too dirty and too dishonest for any-body to commit."

"We ordinary people are not so easily fooled as the 'higher-ups' claim they were." said a Brooklyn woman. "We believe you are honestly working for our best interest," wrote a Milwaukee secretary, "one of the working girls."

as "one of the working giris.

"We need more men like you,"
wrote 29 Philadelphia citizens. A man in Exeter, N. H., said: "I assure you that the man on the street feels as I do that you are doing a big job. The lack of support the Republican senators have given you is appalling."

"It's a shame that more Repub-licans and southern Democrats in the Senate aren't backing you," wrote a Los Angeles man. "You are so right, go after them, urged a woman in New Orleans,

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# State Dept. Morale Hurt By McCarthy

Milwauker, May 5 (NYHT).—George E Kennan, counselor of the State Department, warned tonight that the department might lose most of its "quiet, sensitive and gifted" top officials if the present atmosphere of "abuse and derision" continues.

Speaking in the home State of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy, Republican, who has charged that there are Communist, sex perverts and poor security risks in the State Department, Kennan told a meeting of the Institute on United Nations Foreign Policy that the mental strain of fighting the cold war left ton officials with very stender margin of physical and spiritual energy to absorb ridicule. "I must tell you," he said, "that

"I must tell you," he said, "that the atmosphere of public life in Washington does not have to deteriorate much further to produce a situation in which very few of our more quiet and sensitive and gifted people will be able to continue in Government."

He warned that unless the United States could mobilize its best brains for prosecution of the cold war there could be no promising assurances of the outcome. It was "not fair" to these men.

It was "not fair" to these men, he said, to make them scapegoats of whatever dissatisfaction and be-wilderment the country might feel concerning its international position. Neither was it fair to the great body of citizens, he added.

Perhaps only those who have lived many years in totalitarian countries can feel how vitally important it was to preserve "the spirit of tolerance and liberality in our relations with each other and the readiness to give the other fellow the benefit of the doubt, where doubt exists," Kengan said,

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# Small Business Aid Causes Rift

## By Drew Pearson

White House advisers sat up late by noted this attention and asked, irying to get a final decision on the President's asked before he left on his western "Well, do you know," continued reaction has been most harmful

trip. A highly important is-\* ue was involved with advisers split wide open over it.

The issue was whether to promote G overnment loans to small business through the



Pearson

RFC, or to set up new private banks for loans to small business.

Joint Committee on the Economic revolt. Report, was consulted.

what's happening to small busi-from the West, was expected to rope, Secretary of State Acheson

year money. Furthermore it can't and that the United States would Copyright, 1950, The Bell Syndicate, Inc. borrow from most insurance companies, which frown on speculative ventures and also want to deal in large amounts. In addition, the private capitalists of the old days are gone, and the investment bankers won't undertake to float stocks or bonds unless the issue runs into several millions.

To remedy this, it was proposed to put the RFC in the Commerce Department and let it specialize on loans to small business. However, Secretary of Commerce Sawyer, Senator O'Mahoney and others felt that Government should not subsidize business; also should not be in the position of having life and death loan powers over

hustitess. Therefore a plan was worked out with shie Chairman Tom Mc-

Care in the Valeral Reserve Rurd whereby private banks could be act up, with the backing of Federal Reserve Government money, for the express purpose of lending money to small business.

It was admitted that this plan would be more complicated, but in the leng run would be better than builtight clays immentions at the mail Business .....

down the street. A curious passer-Albanian side.

President to the Senate aide, "is grown to new heights. People in the reason why I'll go out in the these once Nazi-occupied counlobby to see my friend."

Few people realize how badly American foreign policy has been undermined by the McCarthy-Communist campaign. Here are a few samples of what's happening abroad:

In China: The name "McCarthy" State Department, which to poorly to propose the transposition of the same that the middle of another war, would much rather be neutral. That has been one reason for opposition to the North Atlantic Pact.

Now, on top of this neutrality abroad:

State Department, which to poorly the proposition of the McCarthy charges of Communists in the state Department, which to poorly the proposition of the middle of another war, would much rather be neutral. That has been one was a state of the middle of another war, would much rather be neutral. That has been one was a state of the neutral would much rather be neutral. That has been one was a state of the neutral was a

Lined up against RFC loans were is pronounced exactly as if it were informed Europeans means that Secretary of Commerce Sawyer. "MacArthur," and the impression the United States is likely to go Senator O'Mahoney of Wyoming has spread that General MacArthur over to Russia leaving western and Federal Reserve Chairman was waging a near-revolt against Europe out on a limb.

Tom McCabe. the State Department. In fact, the Therefore, it's not difficult to Lined up for RFC loans were impression has been created in Stephen Springarn, White House some parts of the Far East, where ment and opposition to the North assistant, and Senator Taft, who, the public is not well informed, Atlantic pact has grown more as ranking GOP member of the that the United States is near than ever.

In Albania: The Communist Report to Senate Both sides, however, agreed on government, after long pressure Prior to his departure for Eu ness. It's can't borrow long-term do a Tito. But it hasn't. And a told the Senate Foreign Relations risk capital. Small business can get plenty propaganda that the State Depart-that the United States is prepared of short-term money from comment was full of Communists—to fight rather than retreat from mercial banks, but not 10-and 12-"an American Senator says so"—Berlin.

looking lady and a dog moseying soon come over to the Communist,

"Well, do you know," continued reaction has been most harmful the Vice President, "O' Jake, he of all. For some time these counsaid, 'the dog, of course. I can tries had experienced a wave of always get away from him.' "And that," concluded the Vice "neutrality," which has now tries have argued that they did not want to get in the middle of

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# The 81 Files

The President's decision to let the Tydings Subcommittee see State Department loyalty files reflects, no doubt, a conviction that these files will show no carelessness in respect of security and a hope that they will at last silence Senator McCarthy's howling. Even assuming, as we do, that the President is right in his conviction, the hope is unlikely to be realized. If Senator McCarthy and the little clique of colleagues that has rallied to his dubious standard were open to reason, he would have been silenced long ago. Whatever the files contain, they will not satisfy Senator McCarthy. He will invent new charges and new excuses for being unable to substantiate pem.

The files to be made available to the ubcommittee are not the so-called "raw files of the FBI; they do, however, include FBI reports. Disclosure of them is therefore open to many of the same objections that the President expressed so vigorously less than a fortnight ago in his address to the Federal Bar Association. "The preservation of the strictest confidence with respect to loyalty files is the single most important element in operating a loyalty program which provides effective security for the Government and justice for the individual employe," he said . . . "Opening these files would reveal FBI procedures and methods. It might reveal highly secret information vital to our national security and of great value to foreign nations. Disclosures of these files would result in serious injustice to the reputation of many innocent persons."

All this might be said in a slightly smaller degree of the FBI reports contained in the State Department files. Information conveyed in them could well be of such a nature as to make the source apparent or to reveal the techniques by which it was procured. It does not seem to us that this danger is appreciably altered by the President's belated discovery that the files in question were shown to four congressional committees two years ago. The more they are shown, the greater is the risk of leakage.

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The strictest confidence will be incumbent on the members of the subcommittee. If this is observed, Senator McCarthy will not/ be privy to the contents of the files. Before this appears in print he will doubtless have complained that the President's action deprives him of the means to prove his points. He has already raised a clamor that he be given access to FBI files. And this in spile of the fact that he himself declared in his Senate speech of February 20: "When call for a disloyalty file I do not mean tha I am calling for the source of information. do not think any intelligence agency can work and do a good job if the Senate or the House or any other body is entitled to make public the source of the information." The only hope that the President's surrender of the vital State Department documents can prove genuinely effective lies in the possibility that the Senate of the United States, including members of Senator Mc Carthy's own party, will decide to put an end at last to his exceedingly dangerous buffconery,

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Date: MAY - 7 1950

# McCarthy's Victims By Joseph Alsop

# An Open Letter To Se<del>nator</del> Tydings =.

AFTER long hesitation, I am impelled by the appalling effects in Europe of the McCarrhy witch hunt to oner my lestimony to vour committee, for what it may be worth.

I do so for two reasons. First, I have already sharply criticized the conduct of our affairs in China on several occasions. Second, I was intimately involved in the events which led to the loss of China, whereas Senators McCarthy, Wherry and Taft and their informants are offering second-hand evidence This evidence is so obviously forrupted by political and other pressures that it is a duty to cor ject the impression conveyed. Stating the case as briefly as possible, I think it fair to say that the really crucial years in China were those when Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell commanded the China-Burma-India theater, from 1942 to 1944. In this period, Professor Lattimore, who was always at best a fringe figure, played his most important role in our China policy, as a personal adviser to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek. In this rather brief assignment, he accomplished nothing, but he was quite obviously loyal both to the American Government and to Generalissimo Chiang.

Professor Lattimore had no part whatever in the real debale about China policy, in which the different points of view have been fantastically misrepresented by Senator Mc-Carthy and his friends. No informed person ever supposed that offering blank checks to the National government of China would accomplish anything. Those who advocated a strong policy of aiding the National government only did so with the proviso that the aid given would be closely controlled by American representatives on the spot ad it was during the short and saccessful period of General ' Wedemeyer' command. It should that the congressions! advocates of postwar aid, to China specifically rejected the responsibility involved in this sort of local, on the spot control, in the first major bill appropriating funds for the purpose during General Marshall's Secretaryship of State.

RETURNING to the vastly more important war period, the other school of thought was composed primarily of General Stilwell and his political advisers. General Stilwell, so far as one dould judge, was chiefly an mated by his personal detestar tion of Generalissimo Chians, arising from their disagreements His political advisers, among whom was Mr. John Stewart Service were operating on a more reasoned theory, however,

They asserted! first, that the National government was too feeble and corrupt ever to be reformed, even with direct American help and under direct American pressure. They said, second, that the Chinese Communists were therefore bound to win in the end, no matter what measures might be taken by the United States. In the hird place, they argued that the Soviet Union, insofar as it had intervened in China at all, had given all its assistance to the regime of Generalissim Chiang Kai-shek rather than to the Communists, who received no tangible Russian aid whatever until the war was over. Fourthly, they suggested that the Chinese Communists might be induced to declare their independence of the Kremlin if they were treated as friends and allies by the United States.

Opening friendly relations and offering aid to the Chinese Communists was frankly admitted, at the time, to be a bold gamble. The gamble now looks better than it did then. On the one hand, the Yugoslav Communists whose experience was precisely that the experience of the Chil ther Communists would have Belmont iv Tele. Room

been if they had received American aid, have www belled against the Kremlin, On the other hand, the recent behavior of the Japanese Communist leader, Nosaka, a wartime refugee at Yenan and intimate friend of Mao Tse-tung, clearly suggests that the idea of independence of the Kremlin must have been in the air in Communist China in wartime.

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MY RIGHT to speak, if I may be said to have a right to speak, derives from the fact that in warume I was one of the chief merican opponents of the school of thought I have sum marized above. As a member of the staff of the American Volunteer Group, as chief of the Lend-Lease Mission to China, and finally as an assistant to Dr. T. V Soong, I did everything in my power to present the pro-Nationalist point of view in influential quarters in Washington.

Those who wished to develop an American policy of friendship toward, and aid to, the Chineso Communists were finally and decisively defeated with the dis missal of General Stilwell, it October, 1944. This occurred

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many months after 1 had finally sugmested in getting into uniform, as a member of Gen. C. L. Chennault's staff in the Fourteenth Air Force. But although I had long before become a mere junior officer in the Air Force, the effect of my letters to Harry L. Hopkins and the other representations 1 had made was acknowledged by implication in General Marshall's first instructions to General Wedemeyer,

These are, so to speak, my credentials. Having known the situation in wartime China fall hore intimately than any of the pro-McCarthy witnesses you have yet heard, I think it my duty to say that while I disputed the judgment, I never had the faintest doubt of the loyalty of any of the American officials or others whom Mc-Carthy has attacked. They were serving the United States to the best of their ability, with courage and fidelity. This should be sufficient to protect them from the kind of vulgar attack Mc-Carthy has made, even if their judgment was incorrect.

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ALTHOUGH our views clashed sharply, I was particularly well acquainted with Mr. Service. To the best of my knowledge, although I thought then, and think now, that he was gravely in error, he was a most conscientious and decent American public servant. It is difficult, of course, to offer hard evidence to support such contemporary im pressions. But I may cite one fact, at least, to show how erreneous it can be to judge situtions from the viewpoint of a later time.

Former Vice President Henry A. Wallace has been, in effect, a pliable stooge for the American Communist Party for more than two years. From this, many people have inferred that Wallace was a Communist stooge in wartime. In fact, however, nothing could have been more contrary to the party line in wartime than to urge the dismissal of General Stilwell: yet Wallace recommended the dismissal of Stilwell and his replacement by Wedemeyer in a telegram from China to President Roosevelt in the late spring of 1944. lacidentally, the telegram way sont with the full knowledge of Alt. John Carter Cincent, who entered no protect whatever, all though he too has been under at tack as a Communist stooge.

In conclusion, there are two points which I feel I thuse make. First, I do not think I was wrong. in opposing the policy of gambling on winning the friendship of the Chinese Communists and inducing them to declare their independence of the Kremlin. I do not think I was wrong, simply because I, and the others who took the same view, could not possibly foresee that when this policy of winning the friendship of the Chinese Communists hall been defeated with the dismissal of General Stilwell, there would be a long period after the wat during which we had no China policy at all.

None of the men now under attack by Senator McCarthy had any important responsibility, to my knowledge, for this singular hiatus. Speaking for myself, if I could have foreseen that the only alternative to a policy of gambling on the friendship of the Chinese Communists was a kind of vacuum of policy. I should have been on the other side in the struggle in China The gamble on the Chinese Communists, although unnecessary in my opinion, was at least a

reasonable gamble, such as could, be reasonably advocated by entirely loyal Americans.

SECOND, I should like to suggest to your committee that, if the test of loyalty is following the line of the Communist Party.

the line of the Communist Parly, you had much better launch investigation of Senators Mc. Carthy, Wherry and Taft, then an investigation of Messrs, Lattimore. Service and Vincent. Let the test be a tabulation of the key votes of the three Senators above mentioned on the great postwar measures of foreign policy, and especially of their votes on key amendments by which bills can be nutlified.

Unless I am gravely mistaken, such a tabulation will show that these three Senators, and most of the others who have joined them in the present clamor, have voted the straight Communist Party line on every major issue of foreign policy, as laid down in the Daily Worker, ever since the end of the war. If temporary agreement with the party line, is to be made the test of loyally, let these men be called to the bar to explain their records.

In summary, I do not attempt to excuse or palliate the grave American mistakes in China, which I have often before denounced. But I submit that we may as well abandon all hope of having honest and courageous public servants, if mere mistakes of judgment are later to be transformed into evidences of dilioyaity to the state. And I submit further that the members of the Senate who are now persecuting these men who made, as I think, mistakes in China, have far more to explain, excuse, and rationalize in their own records. I still believe that the loss of China was unnecessary. But I hink it far more important that we should not destroy the decept. raditions of American political life. These now seem to be endangered.

# Employe Under Suspicion 'o Separate From Job

Communish in the government, by reason of the agreement last week by the President to turn over to the Tyd-ingle Committee loyalty files on 81 employes, can be easily over estimated.

e are loose-leaf files, it has been pointed out, from which the removal of damaging data would present no problem. It is entirely likely that nothing of any great importance will found in them. Truman was probably assured of that before he agreed to make them available to the com-

What is really nee ded is to have information in the files of the Federal Bureau of Investigation made available to the Tydings committee or any other which may later become engaged upon an investigation like the one in hand.

The country is mindful of FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover's position that turning over the files of his bureau to ny committee would shortly destroy he usefulness and effectiveness of his gency. Respecting Mr. Hoover as post of us do, we are willing to take his word that his position is justi-

However, it does appear to be a tragic situation if one agency of the government is at any time in posses-sion of information sorely needed by stake, and yet the one fears it would destroy its own usefulness by turning ver that information to the other.

Sitzely, there prist he notethe erma **10. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19.** 

The extent of the victory for Sen. the FBI and to omit any information oseph McCarthy and others fighting not completely verified. As a man of not completely verified. As a man of probity and judgment, we think most committees would be willing to accept such a summary from Mr. Hoover without question.

It has already been established to the satisfaction of most Americans that through procedures established by Congress and methods followed throughout the government service, the scales are loaded altogether in favor of any employe suspected of disloyalty.

Where any question of doubt exist as to the lolyalty of an employe, h rather than the nation, gets the bene fit of it. So deeply ingrained is the conviction of all of us that a citizen is to be presumed innocent until he is proven guilty that unquestionably in source way MANNER many instances in the past, where matters of loyalty were concerned, the nation has been imposed upon unconscionably.

In a private business, if the question is raised as to an employe's honesty and there is substantial, even though not positive, evidence to support the suspicion, the employer usually finds a way to rid his organization of the individual. Nobody blames him for so doing, because honesty is one of the fundamental requirements of most em ployment.

Where the question of loyalty to enother, with national security as the one's country is in question, however, the government employe under suspicion, even though well justified, is surrounded by such safeguards -that the proceeding one would take in ou

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Rublic Means Public

By Ted O. Thackrey

President Truman's belated agreement to make "public" the loyalty board files on 81 persons under fire by Senator McCarthy does not mean quite what it seems to mean.

The files are not to be made "public," but are to be made available to the Senate Judiciary subcommittee so that the committee may make public what portions of the files it chooses to make public.

committee may make public what portions of the files it chooses to make public.

This is a whale of a difference.

It will serve only to deepen the mystery and the hokuspocus atmosphere in which McCarthy is given a chance to make suspicion and slander substitute for fact and evidence; where a half truth, or no truth at all, is clothed in the garments of truth.

The only completely healthy means of cleaning out the filthy files is to make them really available to the public; to open these and FBI "loyalty" files completely to the public gaze, so that the public record can be made in individual cases.

In many cases - and at present no one knows how many except that the list is large—the only thing significant in these files is that there has been a file made and tabbed with

the name of some citizen.

The McCarthy lovers thus can join him in alleging that the

The McCarthy lovers thus can join him in alleging that the FBI or the loyalty board has a "file" on So and So; and Since the "file" is secret—so secret that the last person able to look into it and thus discover the charges against him if any is the victim of the attack—the innuendo stands.

If it were possible to drag out the mess of gossip, rumor and plain unsubstantiated guess which fills a large number of these files, it would be easier to make hash of the implication and easier, also, to come to the sensible conclusion that we are paying out far too much tax money for hog wash in brib's to our citizens to spy on their fellow citizens and come up with the wildest and most profitable bunk. up with the wildest and most profitable bunk.

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to remember in these furid witch-hunt days: Senator McCarth, has thus far not been able to produce one single pied of remaile evidence to back up a single defamatory state and he has made since his witch-hunt began to hit the front pages. Lattimore is not his only smeared victim: the Lattimore case served only to prove that McCarthy is a weicher as well as a liar—if that's news. McCarthy promised to "stand or fall" on the Lattimore case—to get out of public life if his charges should prove in error. They stand exposed as wholly false. But McCarthy blithely continues to pursue his scandalous, slanderous way.

McCarthy is a liar, tax-dodger, welcher and a cheat. These words are written by me without benefit of the immunity under which McCarthy hides to smear his fellow man. Moreover, they are provable fact. If McCarthy will accommodate may ith a lit for libel, I shall be pleased to prove these assertions in court. It would be a pleasure.

# Senators Hope to Start Study of Files Today; McCarthy Hits Delay

Field Denies Contempt In Spurning Questions, Asks Reconsideration

By Cecil Holland

Senate investigators today hoped

begin a study of State Depart

the begin a study of State Department loyalty files on 81 persons accused of being Communists, fellow travelers or security risks.

The files are those of persons accused by Senator McCarthy. Republican, of Wisconsin in a February 20 Senate speech.

Chairman Tydings of the Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee making the investigation said he hoped the files would be available during the day.

The committee had expected to start the study yesterday after President Truman had directed that these, and only these files, be nade available to the investigators. But the State Department said it had not yet assembled the records for examination.

McCarthy "Not Surprised."

"I'm not surprised." Senator Mc-Carthy said through an aide. "I knew they had not yet finished their spring housecleaning of the files."

Meanwhile, Frederick Vanderbill Field, wealthy New Yorker, denied that he was in contempt of Congress in refusing to answer some of the questions asked him by the Senate investigators of the McCarthy charges.

The denial was made through his attorney, Harold I. Cammer of New York, in a letter made public by the committee.

Mr. Cammer, asking that Mr. Fold be given a chance to reconsider the questions, said a contempt citation would be incon-

sistent with observance of the privilege against self-incrimination guaranteed by the fifth amendment to the Constitution."

Contempt Action Considered.
The investigating committee is considering a recommendation by its chief counsel. Edward P. Morgan, that Mr. Field and also Earl Browder, tormer Communist leader, be cited for contempt in refusing to answer committee questions

Both men were called as witnesses as the committee looked into the Owen Lattimore case as art of its investigation.

They denied testimony of Louis F. Budenz. a former Communist, that they told him Mr. Lattimore was to be considered a Communist. However, they refused to answer many other questions about their associations and activities, and Mr. Field refused to say whether he is or was a member of the Communist Party.

Mr. Lattimore, widely known Far Eastern affairs specialist, has been accused by Senator Mcarthy of being a Communist and tussia's top spy in this country. He ha sdenounced those charges

as "lies" as well as the testimony of Mr. Budenz.

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Tydings Uncertain of Action.
Senator Tydings said he did not know when the committee would act on Hr. Morgan's recommendation.

As the committee prepared to look into the loyalty records, two committee members - Senators Green, Democrat, of Rhode Island, and Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts, began a study of the State Department's loyalty and security procedures. They nterviewed five department dedurity officials and said they would pursue their inquiry, a part of the overall investigation, to Europe, where, Senator Green explained, security operations are somewhat different from those in this country.

As the investigation went on, the Senate had a request from Senator Flanders, Republican, of New Hampshire, that the committee be instructed to hold no more public hearings. He said they were doing "much harm" at home and abroad.

Senator Tydings said no furher public hearings are planned and doubted if there would be any. But he pointed out there was "no har dand fast ruld" against them.

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# Today and Tomorrow

By Walter Lippmann

# McCarthy And The Constitution .

THE McCARTHY affair has posed the question whether senators and Representatives are above all the laws which regulate the



freedom of speech of other American citizens. The question has heen posed before, never however in so extreme a form.

MR. McCAR

Lippinann THY, being Smater, enjoys the privilege which are described in Article 1. Section 6, Clause 1 of the Constitution. During his attendance at a session of the Senate, and while he is going to or returning from the Capitol, he cannot be accested except for treason, felony, and breach of the peace. Furthermore, as a member of Congress he enjoys the privilege that "for any speech or debate in either House they shall not be questioned in any other place."

I have put the word "other" to italies, because it is the key word both to our understanding of this great and historic privilinge and to the abuse of that privilege by Senator McCarthy and his senatorial assistants.

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THE LANGUAGE of this sentence was at least a hundred years old when the Foundant Fathers used it in the American Constitution. It is taken from the English Bill of Rights which was enacted by Parliament after the revolution of 1689. Section 9 of this famous English statute declared that freedom of speech and debate or proceedings in Parliament, "ought not to be impeached or questioned in any court o rplace out of Parliament."

Neither the American Constitution of 1789 nor the English Bill of Rights of 1689 says that a legislator shall not be questioned—that is to say held accountable—for what he says in the Congress or in the Parliament. The American document says he cannot be questioned "in any other place" and the English document says he cannot be questioned "out of Parliament."

THE MEANING of these words becomes quite clear when we look into the events which preceded them. During the struggle between the Stuart kings and their Parliaments, the King often attempted to intimidate members of the House of Commons. The great test case came in 1629 when three leaders of the opposition—Sir John Eliot, Denzil Hollis, and Benjamin Valentine-were arrested, brought before the Hing's Bench, and given severe penalties for their speeches in the House of Commons. For the next 60 years Parliaments fought the precedent established in this case. Nearly 40 years later, in 1667, the House of Commons passed a resolution, and then had a conference with the House of Lords which resulted in reversing formally on a writ of error, the judgment of 1629. Twenty-two years after this reversal another Parliament in the Bill of Rights reaffirmed the principle of parliamentary immunity from prose-cution in the courts or in any other place outside of Parliament.

THE PRINCIPLE of congressional immunity then is not that Senator may not be "questioned"—that the laws of libel r any other laws, for example, becently, do not apply to him. There is not the fainlest indication that the English Parliament or the American Founding Fathers ever imagined or intended that legislators should be above and beyond the laws of the land. The great principle is that for what a legislator says or desin the Legislature only one Legislature, not the courts or the executive, may judge him.

The mainfest intent of the English Bill of Rights and of the American Constitution was not to make Senator McCarthy immune to the laws of the land. He is subject to all the laws of the land—the traffic laws, the income tax laws, the libel laws, the obscently laws, and all the rest. He limself has no special privileges whatsoever. The special privilege is in the Senate-to be the only body which can question, judge and punish senator for a speech which vidales the law.

The Constitution does not suspend any of the laws for the benefit of a Senator. The Constitution says that when the alleged offense is a speech in the Senate, the Senate and not the courts have jurisdiction of the offense.

THE PROOF that the Senate has jurisdiction in regulating the speech of Senators is to be found in the Rules of the Senate. Rule XIX says that "no Senator in debate shall, directly, or indirectly, by any form of words impute to another Senator or to other Senators any conduct or motive unworthy or unbecoming a Senator" and also that "no Senator shall refer offensively to any State of the Union."

It is true that in Rule XIX the Senate has limited the freedom of speech of Senators only to protect Senators—that under the rules as they now stand Senators may say anything they like about anybody on earth except only about another Senator.

BUT IT CANNOT be the claim of the Senate, or the intention of the Senate, to make of Senators a race apart, unbound by the laws of the land, or the rules of justice, or the canons of decency. If that were to become the practice, if McCarthyism were to become recognized as legitimate or even tolerable senatorial behavior, then the great principle of the Constitution would be in jeopardy.

Liberty, having degenerated into license, would again oring forth lyranny, "where blind and laked ignorance delivers brawling judgments unashamed on all lings all day long,"

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# Senators May See -Some of Files Today

By Alfred Friendly Post Reporter

The State Department loyalty Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) will he was a "hit and run" propaganprobably be made available to dist "of the Soviet type. Senate investigators at the White House, it was learned last night. (D., Conn.). In a speech urging

ready for examination some time today, it is hoped. Delay in getting "McCarthy doesn't argue, he all of them, it is believed, comes doesn't answer, he doesn't reason, from the fact that most were in He hits and runs," Benton said. the hands of the President's Loy-

## Party Zeal Threatens Prestige, Says Jackson

Supreme Court Justice Jackson, in his opinion Monday on the Taft-Hartley non-Communist oath, discussed at length the role of political parties in the United States. At one point he said:

"All parties, when in opposition, strive to discredit and embarass the Government of the day by spreading exaggerations and untruths and by inciting prejudiced or unreasoning disconten, not ven hesitating to indure the Nation's prestige among the family of nations.

with an order of Mr. Truman for his No. 1 case, Owen Lattimore that body to give them a postaudit.

that one or more officers of the April 28.

State Department and the FBI will Through his attorney, Harold I. special Senate Foreign Relations queries which he had turned aside Subcommittee.

AlcCarthy has charged that the ing on his constitutional rights.

State Department has "raped" one of the files and is engaged in against Field would be "inconspring housecleaning" on the sistent with observance of the

While these examination to deter- Morgan recommended citations

that agency are still included in the files.

Meantime, Democratic drumfiles on 81 persons accused by fire against McCarthy continued

The accuser was Senator Benton The first of the files will be approval of a part of the contro-

"Senator McCarthy knows alty Review Board, in accordance can count on a vague distrust of the State Department and, like the Communist propagandist, he is doing his best to exploit it by any and every means."

In another development yester day, wealthy Frederick Vanderbilt Field asked Senate loyalty investigators for another chance to answer questions in the McCarthy inquiry and thus save himself from a possible citation for contempt of Congress.

Field's unusual request for a refiearing to avoid contempt charges was made in a letter to the Senate Subcommittee.

The New Yorker, a reputed millionaire, has been described by McCarthy as an avowed Communist and an important link in Mc-Carthy's chain of evidence against

Field denied he was in contempt when he refused to answer a numidit.

It was also indicated yesterday before the Tydings inquiry group.

be available to aid in the exam-tuation, which will be made by the for a chance to reconsider the with the reply that he was stand-

rest, to remove derogatory mate- privilege against self-incrimina-The subcommittee, however can tion guaranteed by the Fifth call on FBI personnel during the Committee Council and State of State

mine whether all the data from against both Field and Earl Brow der, former United States Com munist Party chief, after they tell tified in the current probe.

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# McCarlhy Threatens To Name 'Spy' Envoy From Senate Floor

Says He Will Put Case Before Members Unless Subcommittee Acts

### BULLETIN

Chairman Tydings announced that a Senate subcommittee today will begin its study of State Department loyalty files on 81 persons accused of being Communists, fellow travelers or security risks. He declined to say immediately where the files would be examined.

### By Cecil Holland

Senator McCarthy, Republican, of Wisconsin, today threatened to take the Senate floor and name an American envoy he has accused of being a foreign agent.

He said he would do this if the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee investigating his charges of communism in the State Department fails to go thoroughly into the case.

VII I get resistance from the committee," the Wisconsin Republican said, "I will present the case as best I can on the Senate floor and name the man."

His charge of "foreign agent" against the unidentified envoy was made Sunday in a speech at Janesville, Wis. Previously, Sen ator McCarthy said, he had outlined "only a minor part of the case" in a February 20 Senate speech.

### Subcommittee to Mect.

In that speech Senator McCarthy discussed the envoy as a top ease in a total of 81 persons he accused of being Communists, fellow travelers or security risks. Hel said the envey had supplied material to Russian agents and getting rid of him would "help to break the back of the espionage ring within the State Depart-ment."

Benator McCarthy's statements were made on his return yesterday afternoon from a Midwest trip and as the Senate investig gating group prepared to look into the State Department loyaity files on the 81 persons accused by the Wisconsin Republican.

The subcommittee, headed by meeting today to plan for the aganda purposes." study of the files that President Truman ordered made available to the investigators.

McCarthy Answers Benton. President Truman last week reversed a stand he had taken previously and agreed to let the committee see the State Department filles. He acted after being informed that four other congressional groups looked into the same files more than two years

Senator McCarthy also had a sharp retort for Senator Benton, Democrat, of Connecticut who said in a Senate speech yesterday that the Wisconsin Republican was "a very talented propagandist of the Soyiet type.'

Senator Benton departed from the text of a prepared speech on the Fair Employment Practices bill to attack the McCarthy charges of communism in the State Department.

He said Senator McCarthy knows he can count "on a vague djstrust of the State Department and, like the Communist propagandist, he is ding his best to exploit it by every means.'

'Voice of America' Attacked.

"He doesn't argue, he doesn't answer, he doesn't reason," Connecticut Senator said. "He hits and runs."

Senator McCarthy said that Senator Benton would be doing the people "a great favor if he would stop sniping at those of us who are trying to get rid of those who endanger this Nation.'

He noted that Senator Benton, former Assistant Secretary of State in charge of the Voice of America broadcasts, had recently called for a big expansion in that grogram.

"Therefore," Senator McCarthy

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added, "he should be interested in the names of two Voice" of America employes whose names (1) recently gave the subcommittee. Senator Tydings, Democrat, of Those individuals have been using Maryland, scheduled a closed the program for Communist prop

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# Capitol Hill Hears Tydings Will Get Whitewash Payoff

By WALTER TROHAN

fast in the Capital on the reward associates that he has reached an Sen. Tydings (D) of Maryland understanding with the White will receive for his services in at House. tempting to whitewash the Administration in general and the ings has been promised the post State department in particular of of chief justice of the Supreme splotches of communism.

white House for an ambassador ship, the Supreme court or the been offered an ambassadorship. presidential nomination in

Others are indignant over the suggestion that Tydings has made a deal. These Administration mem-bers believe, however, that Tydings will be rewarded for his protection of the Administration.

Tydings is chairman of the Senate foreign relations subcommittee which was named to investigate charges of communism in the State department. Many members feel that Tydings is more intested in protecting the Admin-istration than in investigating sabotage of foreign policy by the

The senator is a candidate for re-election next fall. He has received many letters from Maryland constituents criticizing him for defending the Administration.

The heavy protest mail, according to Capitol Hill reports, has prought some concern among his supporters that he may be deleated. Tydings has snown no

concern over this possibility. Rumors are flying thick and which has convinced some of his

> Some congressmen believe Tydcourt.

Many congressmen make no Other members say Mr. Trumen secret of belief that the 60-year. has promised Tydings the vice Other members say Mr. Truman

possibly to Moscow, where his father-in-law. Joseph E. Davies, once represented this country.

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# 26 Documents in Amerasia Case Listed

Seized by OSS Agents

(See editorial, Page 52.)
By FREDERICK WOLTMAN Scripps-Howard Staff Writer

A list of 26 Government documents recovered by agents of the Office of Strategic Services (OSS) in their wartime raid on American magazine came into possession of The News and other Scripps-Howard Newspapers today.

The list was presented last week to an executive session of the Tydings Senate Foreign Relations sub-committee investigating charges of Communism in the State Department. It has never been made public by the Government.

The very titles refute claims that the Amerasia documents,

stolen from the State Depart ment, mostly contained incon sequential gossip.

These claims have been advanced by spokesmen for the Justice Department to explain its failure to press the prosecution of Philip J. Jaffe and his associates on Amerasia.

Many of the reports are marked "restricted," "confidential" or "se cret" and deal with political and economic conditions in the Fairless.

In the hands of Mr. Jaffe, a

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Communist, they gave him inside knowledge of Government wartime and postwar policies not available to any but top Government officials. Mr. Jaffe used this data in his magazine which was dedicated to promoting Communist aims in Asia.

The contents of the 26 documents were not learned. But their titles follow.

Policy Toward Japan." Secret

No. 2756 Regarding T. V. Soong and H. H. Kung, Secret Japanese to Organize for Political Worlard Against Japan. 3/8/45,"

Secret. Policy Toward Lenan 1/6/45." Secret.

- Japan, 1/6/45." Secret.

  "Report to Secretary of State No. 2761 Regarding Relations Be-tween Chiang Kai-shek and Madam Chiang Kai-shek." Se-
- cret. \*"India, April, 1944."
- stricted.
   "Report No. 2730 Regarding a Speech Delivered by Dr. Huang Yin-pei on 5/29/44." Restricted.
  • "Chinese Views Regarding the Postwar Treatment of Japan,
- 2/22/45." Secret.

   Transportation Conditions in China." Confidential.
- of Pacific Relations Conference, 1/25/45." Confidential.

  of An OSS Report Regarding Relations to Activities of Indo-
- References to Activities of Indonesia, Japan and Occupied Areas Confidential.
- "Preliminary Survey of the Economy of French Indo-China State Department.

Preliminary Survey of Indus-try and Mining in China." State Department.

· "Preliminary Survey of the Economy of Thailand."

· "Preliminary Economic Survey of Korea."

 "OSS Report Re Gen. Fang Chien-chueh." Stamped by State Department.

· "Report No. 1486 to Secretary of State from American Ambas-sador at Chungking."

• "Report of OSS Regarding the PPC as Viewed by a Chinese Liberth"

eral. "Importance of Reconstruc-

"Importance of Reconstruction of Agriculture. China."
 "Military Intelligence Summary. Europe."
 "State Department Policy."
 "There are Intelligence. Far

· "Personal Intelligence-East."

 "Personal Intelligence—Near and Middle East." "China's First Public Opinion Dorls

Poll with Source as the OSS, Research and Analysis Branch, areport No. 78."

· "Report to Secretary of State No. 2914."

· "Official Japanese Broadcasts, North American Affairs."

## HUNDREDS OF OTHERS

The Feb. 22, 1945 secret report of the post-war treatment of laps was dated just 17 days before it was found in Mr. Jaffe's office by the OSS raiders.

Frank Brooks Bielaski, OSS chief rrank Brooks Bielaski, OSS chief investigator who led the raid, found hundreds of similar documents, some of a military character. Fraining the superiors in Washington might doubt the magnitude of his fine lie seved the 26 as a sampling.

It was OSS's discovery of these

In was OSS's discovery of these documents that led to the cubes quent FBI investigation and raid or Amerasia which uncovered folder

# Commie Probers **Split on Worth Of Loyalty Files**

Senate investigators of State department Communism, studying loyalty files under guard at the White House, yesterday split concerning the future course of he inquiry.

Four members of the Senate foreign relations subcommittee ended a second day of perusing State department records on 8 employes named as security risks by Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wis

This preliminary investigation convinced the Republican minority, Sens. Hickenlooper of Iowa and Lodge of Massachusetts, that the files alone could not form a basis for conclusions.

## Tydings Wants Quick Report

But chairman Tydings of Maryland and his Democratic colleague, Sen. Green of Rhode Island, expressed the opinion that the records could be examihed in a two-week period and a leport rushed through.

Sen. Hickenlooper, absent Wednesday, joined the White House study group and looked through three files. He later told the through the study because the later told the study is the later told the study in the study because the later told the study is the study in the study in the study in the study is the study in th reporters that he disagreed vio-lently with Tydings statement that the State department rec-ords would prove the truth or falsity of McCarthy's charges.

This matter goes far beyond the McCarthy charges he said The resolution under which we are acting demands that we examine the broad question of whether disloyal employes, past or present, were employed by the State department. I am being sent much information which i independent of the material furnished by Sen. McCarthy.

Theread Study Favored

"We are just beginning on these 81 files and it will be a number of weeks, at least, before we can make a thorough study of

"You cannot get a complete picture of an employe just by studying a file on him," agreed Lodge. "You must summon wit-Lodge. "You must summon wit-nesses who can be questioned about information in the records. Both Republican senators complained of the "strings" attached o President Truman's opening of he files which reversed his previous stand. The barring of com-mittee staff members was protested. And the refusal to permit senators to take notes, made during the file examination, out of the White House, was criticized as making an adequate study im-

## Files Called Incomplete

No State department recordare available, it was charged, on spme of the most important offi dals accused by McCarthy. Among these are Owen Lattimore, a conspliant on Far East policy; John S. Bervice, a foreign office executive, now under investigation by a loyally board, and Haldore Ham-son, chief of the staff making plans for Mr. Truman's "Point 4" program for spreading American dollars in far corners of the

In the House, the un-American activities committee recommended citation of 39 witnesses for contempt in connection with the recent inquiry into communism in Hawaii.

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Cattimore and Jessup

By the Associated Press MOSCOW, May 12.—The Com-bassador, was accused by the Sehmunist Party newspaper Prayda ator of Red leanings. Both have today depicted Owen Lattimore and Dr. Philip C. Jessup, both charged by Senator McCarthy, Republican, of Wisconsin, with Communist leanings, as "delib-erate, true servants of American reactionaries."

In a New York dispatch, headlined "Total Hysteria," Pravda ridiculed American reaction to Senator McCarthy's charges communism in the State Depar

Of course," said Prayda, "fe McCarthy and the section of the

Republican Party backing him, it is no secret that the persons selected by him for scapegoats, such as Jessup, Lattimore and others are deliberate, true servants of American reactionaries.

"The fact of the matter," the paper added, "is that regular elections to Congress are going to be held this autumn. Therefore, a group of Republican Senators staged this comedy in Congress against the Democratic party."

Mr. Lattimore, expert on the Reactionary, Reds Say Far East, was accused by Senator McCarthy of being the No. I So-Far East, was accused by Senator viet spy in the United States. Dr. Jessup. American roving Ap-

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# Committee Surprised at FBI Data Found in Loyalty File Holland Holland

files and were reported as getting much more PBI information from records than they had ex-The files, being studied in strict

ecy at the White House under prisidential restriction, cover the sidential restriction, cover the sidential restriction, cover the sidential restriction, cover the sidential restriction of Wisconsini of being Communists, fellowers of the second restriction restriction of the second restriction restriction

persons abcused by believed and believed by the Cariby. Republican, of Wissin, of being Communists, feltravelers or security fisks.

However, Senator Hickenlooper, However, Senator Hickenlooper, indicated the examination may not give a final answer.

Files May Produce Leads.

He said the files may produce leads, which the investigating of the control of the contro Maryland, said the records con-tals a year amount of informalog collected by the Federal Bu-call of Livestigation and added: We'te go from the PBI every:

1. Legar Roover has got.

Many Material Excluded. This, however, does not include one thing seemed certain: The seemed fertain of the informants.

One thing seemed certain: The vestigating group?

Senate Trivestigation likely will group on for weeks.

The two Senators have been questioning State Department of the informants.

Committee members said it would take two or thre weeks at ficials in charge of the loyalty and least to complete the check of security programs. They plan to

He said the files may produce leads, which the investigating group may want to pursue further by questioning some of the FBI

Still another phase includes study of the State Department's loyalty and security procedures. This is being conducted by Senators, Green. Democrat, of Rhode Island, and Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts, members of the investigating group.

The tight restrictions also quire that the files be exa nin only in the White House. O member said the committee who even permitted to take no on the cases.

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## State's Reply Full of Error, McCarthy Says

Senator Finds Facts 'Misstated' in Letter To Nation's Editors

New York, May 14 (U.P.,-Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) said tonight the State Department's white paper implying he is a premeditated liar "contains at least several glaring and appara ently deliberate missiatements of

He said he had not seen the department's document on his igcent speech before the American Society of Newspaper Editors. But he added, "from the brief reports in the newspapers, however, I note that it contains . . . a number of deceitful attempts to play upon words."

McCarthy disputed the department's statement that Ambassador-at-Large Phillip Cl Jessup was "merely one of 50 trustees" and never chairman of the research advisory committee of the Institute of Pacific Relations.

He said Jessup in 1944 was its "chairman of the research advisory NDEXED - 40 committee (which controlled the publication in question)." Carthy said the department is "painfully aware" of "Jessup's syorn testimony" about his connection with the institute and the

Communist-front organizations." McCarthy said. "I gave photostatic proof to the (Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee) committee that he was affiliated with five organizations listed by the Attorney General or congressional commitlees as fronts for the Communist

McCarthy said the department's remarks about George Wheeler were "another example of the department's playing upon words in an attempt to defeive." McCarthy had asserted that Wheeler, who reneunced democracy to live behind tre Iron Curtain, had been cleared the department's Loyal This the department nied.

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## Disaster in Asia\

By E. FATOMPKINS I—THE McCARTHY DISCLOSURES.

O MATTER WHAT THE Tydings Committee says, Senator McCarthy's indictment of the State Department has been a very successful "fishing expedition."

It demonstrated to the American people the furtive way in which our "foreign policy" is concocted and conducted.

It showed that much of this "policy" has hewn to the Communist Party line; yet that—in order to obtain the facts—it is not necessary, nor perhaps relevant, to detect Communist Party members at work.

The expose compelled publication of A SECRET STATE DEPARTMENT DOCUMENT which has made OTHER documents comprehensible, and has clearly indicated that the United States is being decoyed into global disaster.

Senator McCarthy himself delved up the aignificant names of PROF. OWEN J. LATTIMORE and of the "career man" JOHN STEWART SERVICE revealing—AND INTERRUPTING—their latest activities.

THE FOREGOING DEVELOPMENTS, which have hardly been exploited, apparently contain the key to several post-wer Oriental mysteries; among them being—

1-The incredible fall of China to the Communists.

- 2—The persistent embarrassments of General MacArthur in Japan.
- 3—The withdrawal of our occupation forces from Korea.
- 4—The impending Bolshevization of India and Southeast Asia.

There is now available a mass of PRINTED EVIDENCE

bearing son these precarious situations.

Much of this evidence has actually been assembled in the. State Department's own White Book on China, issued in. August, 1949.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Lodd
Mr. Clery
Mr. Clevin
Mr. Clevin
Mr. Pols
Mr. Pose
Mr. Trary
Mr. Hollo
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The evidence includes:

(A)—The indignant letter written to President Trum n by Gen. Patrick J. Hurley in resigning as our frustrated Ambassador at Chungking.

(B)—The repressed reports on the defense of China submitted by Lieut. Gen. Albert C. Wedemeyer.

(C)—The Pauley report on Far Eastern reparations.

(D)—Vice President Wallace's defeatist report on China—probably written by Owen J. Lattimore and John Carter Vincent, a State Department "career man."

(E)—Sundry reports by John Stewart Service and other diplomatic "career men" whom General Hurley denounced.

(F)—Lattimore's secret report on Asian policy, which coincided in time and tone with the White Book and was obviously an instruction to Prof. Philip C. Jessup, the State Department's "Ambassador-at-Large."

PATRIOTIC INQUIRY INTO the McCarthy charges should NOT be merely another "Red hunt."

It should be a drastic investigation of the tragical failure of our Far Eastern policy.

A genuine inquiry would show that American agents—whether "Communists" or not—have COLLABORATED IN A PROGRAM FOR THE COMMUNIST MASTERY OF ASIA

The inquiry would show that the program has been divided into two phases.

The first phase culminated in the loss of China.

The second phase is now commencing in South and South-eastern Asia.

The record will show that OWEN J. LATTIMORE and JOHN STEWART SERVICE were "present" during the first phase—IN CHINA.

And SENATOR McCARTHY has shown that, when the second phase was getting started IN SOUTH ASIA, Owen Lattimore and John Stewart Service were already there.

(To be continued.)

## Myers Denounees-McCarthy Call for Acheson's Ouster 5

By the Associated Press

Senator McCarthy's demand that Secretary of State Acheson be fired drew a counter blast today from Senator Myers of Pennsylvania who said the Wisconsin Republican is just talking politics.

Senator Myers, the assistant Democratic leader of the Senate denounced Senator McCarthy's de mand as a "deliberate and mali cious attempt to undermine America's leadership in foreign af

He accused Senator McCarthy of being "more interested in the next election" than "in the future well being and peace of the world."

Senator Brewster, Republican, of Maine, on the other hand, gave support to Senator McCarthy's criticism.

Brewster Sees Loss of Confidence.

"For the good of the country." Senator Brewster said in an interview, "it ought to be possible to secure men (as Secretary of State) who would command more general confidence and do the job that is required in this very critical time.'

Senator Brewster, chairman of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee, said he thought both Republican and Democratic Senators had shown a lack of condence in Mr. Acheson's foreign policies.

Senator Myers' statement was dictated to reporters in answer td an Atlantic City (N. J.) speech yesterday in which Senator Mc-Carthy called on President Truman to fire the Secretary of State as "the headmaster who betrays us in Asia."

Lincoln White Attacks McCarthy.

Senator McCarthy said the President also should relieve United States Roying Ambasador Philip Codessup of his duties and oust "those prancing mimics of the Marcow party line in the State Department."

incoln. Senator **IcCar**thy rape of he facts, declared hat Dr. never "sponsor" of an-Russian institutt Carthy charge In a second b night Mr White revived the of Senator McCarl by's conpery of the ment came pret court, says had ordered the destruction of the court of of the cour record of his own oral remarks live a court case.

"Acheson-Lattimore Axis." Mr. White said Justice Rosen-

berry referred to Sen. McCarthy's action as "destruction of evide re" and a highly improper "abuse of judicial power."

In his speech before a convention of the Sons of the American Revolution, Sen. McCarthy linked Mr. Acheson with Owen Lattimore what he called a "Acheson-Hattimore Axis" in shaping Amelican policy in the Orient.

Sen. McCarthy has charged Mr. Lattimore, a Johns Hopkins University professor, with being the "top Soviet espionage agent" in the United States. Mr. Lattimore has sworn before a Senate investigating committee that Sen. Mc-Carthy is a liar, and that he is not and never has been a Communist. The committee is looking into charges by Sen. McCarthy that the State Department harbors Communists.

Dr. Jessup, too, has been under attack by Sen. McCarthy as In "unwitting but very willing stoog" of Mr. Lattimore, and as friendly to the Communists. He has denied the allegations.

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## Disaster in Asia

By E. FXTOMPKINS

#### II-The Lattimore Program

CENATOR McCARTHY "LOCATED" Owen J. Lattimore Depart "career man" John & Service in South Asia just as the Tydings Committee was about to squelch his charges of Communist influence in the State Department.

Consequently, the inquiry had to continue.

Lattimore was in Afghanistan, a strategie area-re-

portedly not as a U.S. employe.

He was there for the United Nations, which this country supports, on behalf of President Truman's "Point Four," which this country will finance.

Service was on his way to India as a Consul General when Senator McCarthy divulged that Service was being quietly recalled to undergo a fourth inspection of his

loyalty record.

Before either of them could appear before the Tydings Committee, Senator McCarthy compelled Lattimore to "release" the secret statement made by him last August to "guide" Ambassador-at-Large Jessup in formulating Amerlean policy in South Asia-THE NEW ZONE OF COMMU-NIST INTRIGUE AND EXPANSION.

BECAUSE OF THE ASSIGNMENT of these two "Far Eastern experts" to South Asia at such a time, the Lattimore statement is of major importance.

ment is of major importance.

For not only is it a prospectus for Jessup to follow in India and Southeast Asia; it is also a lineal continuation of our Left-Wing "policy" in China.

Superficially, the Lattimore document deplores Soviet 1 aggrandizement.

Beneath the camonflage, it is a doctrine of American

surrender in the "cold war."

It implies that we must yield to Communism in the wat because we are confronted by Communism in Europe.

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It was the period in which Vice-President Wallace an ideological captive of the Left-Wing—was sent to China to re-write our policy.

In his report, made in 1944, Wallace followed the Communist Party line.

"Chiang," he said, "at best is a SHORT TERM invest-

The Vice-President's advisers in China were Owen J. Lattimore, John Carter Vincent, State Department "career man," and John Hazard, the State Department's Chief Liaison Officer for its Division of Soviet Supply.

Some other activities of Lattimore's merit cursory attention.

On October 15, 1945, Lattimore became a member of the Pauley Reparations Mission to Japan.

Also detailed were John Carter Vincent and John Hazard.
On October 30—after protests—Commissioner Pauley
announced Lattimore's demotion, BEFORE THE MISSION
HAD DEPARTED.

In an interview published in September, 1945, Lattimore opposed MacArthur's policies in Japan, proposing that the Emperor be interned in China—among the Communists, presumedly

In an article in *The Nation* on September 2, 1949, Lattimore condemned U. S. "intervention" in China, praised Soviet "non-intervention" and ADVOCATED RECOGNITION OF THE COMMUNISTS.

Lattimore also opposed the Truman Doctrine in Greece and Turkey, and wanted the United Nations to operate the Marshall Plan, with Russia "assisting."

In conclusion, it may be noted that two of Lattimore's recent books—one especially anticipating A SOVIET ASIA—have been enthusiastically praised in the Moscow press.

(To be continued)

Accordingly, it calls for-

1—Complete desertion of Nationalist China.
2 Admission of the Chinese Communist Government to the United Nations.

3-Withdrawal of our last interest in Korea.

4—Abandonment of Japan—with a suggestion that Japan become allied with the Chinese "Reds."

5—A benevolent attitude—including "economic support"—toward the Communists in Indonesia and Indo-China, and even in Mongolia.

Undoubtedly, if the Lattimore chart be followed, COM-MUNISM will soon command the boundless populations and the vast resources of all Asia.

AS A CONGRESSIONAL WITNESS on his own behalf, Owen Lattimore has testified under oath that he has never been a Communist spy, a Communist Party member or a Communist sympathizer.

Accusations that he ever was are not the subject of this discussion.

This is simply a review of American foreign policy, of which Lattimore has undoubtedly been an effective architect.

The report made last August for Ambassador Jessup, and Lattimore's recent assignment in Afghanistan, were merely THE LATEST EPISODES in his public activities.

For background on these affairs, it is necessary to refer to Lattimore's previous record in the Far East.

(To Be Continued)

## Ex-Boss of Lattimore Wields State Dept. Lash on McCarthy

By WILLARD EDWARDS

The "master mind" of the State department's revenue cambaign against Sen McCarthy (R) home State, it was learned. Thought Wisconsin was identified of women are writing to

Barrett was wooed from his st as an editorial director of Newsweek magazine three months ago to accept the State depart. As members of the Senate for ment post. He had served in high eigh relations subcommittee head OWI posts from 1942 to 1946 and was for a time the superior of Owen Latimore, China policy consultant named as a Communist agent by McCarthy and Louis F. Budenz, former Communist editor. Communistic in filtration of the OWI was re peatedly exposed in Congress.

#### Attacked by Brewster

Soon after he took office. Barrell was attacked on the Senate floor by Sen. Brewster (R) of Maine for an apparent attempt to intimidate a Newsweek editor whose attitude on the McCarthy charges of State department companyers of State department companyers of State department companyers. Soon after he took office. Barcharges of State department communism was questioned by Bar-

The 39-year-old Barrett, it was learned with the co-operation of Sens. Tydings (D) of Maryland and Lucas (D) of Illinois, is stage managing the Senate attacks on McCarthy and his witnesses, which began May 3 but have

salaried experts but the repercus. expression of ideas."

Jons were so painful that no addiFortas suggested that Senate

Sen. Chavez (D) of New Kexico, this immunity.

a Catholic, like Budenz, who was induced to read a speech May 12, attacking the "depravity" of Budenz, is under severe attack in his home State, it was begread. Thou sands of women are writing to Chavez and to the Catholic bishop Capitol Hill yesterday as Assist Chavez and to the Catholic bishop ant State Secretary Edward W. of New Mexico, it was reported, Barrett, a veteran older of Var information propagandist, bis were born out of wedlock. The that three of Budenz' children were born out of wedlock. The women assailed this assault upon "innocent children."

As members of the Senate fored by Tydings continued their White House study of loyalty files relating to 81 individuals accused by McCarthy, an exchange of letters between committee counsel Edward Morgan and McCarthy was made public.

Morgan asked McCarthy supply him with evidence backing up a charge that the files had been stripped of damaging data before they were shown to the

the files.

#### Immunity Assailed

Atty. Abe Fortas, representing Lattimore, told an American Vet-erans' committee meeting that Congress should take teps to dis joy under the Constitution. He Three Democratic senators assailed McCarthy's charges against Lattimore as "a victous state department corps or 30 mgh and dangerous" threat to "free salaried experts but

ional spokesmen have been found and House rules be revised to per-and House rules be revised to per-mit either chamber by majority eady-made orations.

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Date: MAY 1

Letter to Editors

## Taft Denies **Urging Steps** By McCarthy

Senator Robert A Taft (R., Ohio) in a form letter to Ohio newspapermen has flatly denied that he ever usged Senator Joseph R. McCarthy Wis.) to keep on presenting names of alleged Communists in the State Department "no matte w little evidence he had."

"Apparently this story arthinated in a column by Mr. Drew Pearsort and it is not true," Taft said in his letter to the Ohio press.

Asked for comment on the denial Pearson told The Post-

"When my column about Senator Taft's encouragement of Senator McCarthy appeared the Senator substantiated the general facts as I reported them. Apparently he has since had a change of heart Very bad public reaction may have been the reason.

Senator Taft's letter denving the story inclosed two copies of Tatt's own column, "Washington Report, released for publication April 12 and April 19, Taft said these showed "my exact position on the McCarthy investigation."

You will note that of Senator charges before he made them, and that he had never received or sought advice from me; but that I think the committee should thoroughly investigate those Taft's letter continued,

"Should the matter arise again, I should be glad if you would correct any misapprehension which still exists," the letter said.

Pearson's column of March quoted Tatt as telling other Re-publican Senators at luncheon. told Joe to keep telking dun't think he's got anything. But the langer he talks the more people will think he has something."

Pearson told The Post that when his column appeared the New York Times of March 23 quoted Tait as saying that while Senator Mc-Carthy's charges were not a maj-ter of party policy he (Mr. Taff) had personally urged the Wisconsin Senator to press his charges.

Senator Taft's April 19 "Washington Report" column, to which newsmen were referred in his Ohio letter, had this to say on his position:

"I notice that some commentators credit me with being back of the McCarthy charges and advising Senator McCarthy. As a matter of fact, I never heard of the charges until he made them. He has never consulted me about his churse, and I have given him no advice. It does seem to me that he should present his evidence to the committee and that, if the committee considers evidence on Mr. A inadequate, he should present his evidence on Mr. B. In my opinion the committee should receive this evidence in secret and only call for public hearings if it NDEXED - 40 feels that the case is substantial,"

Taft's April 12 "Washington Report" said:

"Senator McCarthy did not consult the Republican Policy Committee before making his charges, and the evidence in the individual cases has not been available to But we have insisted that in accordance with the Senate resor ution a complete investigation instituted and should be made with out prejudice and with a sincer of fort to obtain the real facts."

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## -Sen. McCarthy--Misquoted Data, Says State Dept.

The State department charged last night that Sen. McCarthy had deliberately misquoted a congressional report to imply falsely that loyalty files were wide open to anyone in the department.

Actually access to the files is "strictly limited," the department said. It accused McCarthy of a "crude misquotation" in which he substituted the name of the de-partment itself for the name of its security division.

This was done in a Chicago speech May 6, the department said. It made public its second point-by-point analysis of an address by the Wisconsin Republican senator who has carried on a running attack against the department as a hotbed of communism.

#### 14 Points Cited

The department statement picked the speech apart in an attempt to show McCarthy wrong on 14 points. These included a number of previously denied and 'refuted" charges, which drew a new broadside of replies.

It led off with a blow aimed at McCarthy's assertion that State department loyalty files furnished to a Senate committee investigating his charges were "phony."

The Senate investigators now are going through these records which deal with the cases of 81 persons whom McCarthy has labeled as Communists or fellow travelers. The records were re-leased to Congress by President Truman. McCarthy immediately charged the files had been "raped" and "purged."

To get the truth about his charges, the senator said, Congress needs the files of the FBI, the Army and Navy intelligence services, the secret service and the central intelligence agencies.

Files Declared Complete

The State department observed that "the facts" about its files given the committee are that they are "full and complete . . . current as of the date transmitted. They contain all information relevant to the determination of employe loyalty or security."

It noted that under the federal loyalty program the FBI is

the agency which conducts loyalty investigations of State department personnel. It added:

"The files made available to the committee contain the ma-terial collected by the FBI and transmitted to the State department."

The department analysis said that McCarthy's "misquotation" of a Congressional report in his Chicago speech dealt with one made by House appropriations committee investigators dated Jan. 27, 1948. This report accompanied a list of cases forming the basis for McCarthu's articles. basis for McCarthy's original blast against the department in the Senate Feb. 20, the statement added.

#### McCarthy Is Quoted

It quoted McCarthy as saying at Chicago:

"Now from page 37 of the House report I quote the following: Almost anyone and everyone in the State department. had access to the files . . . "
But what the report actually

said, according to the State department, is:
"... Most everyone and any-

one in the division has access to the files . . ."

The department added:
"The division that the House investigators were talking about was the division of security... charged with the physical and personnel security program of the department and the foreign service, and it is therefore essential that its staff have access to the files when needed."

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Herman Aright

the Government service since July 1942. The picture is pretty much the same as in the last case, except that he is in a nigh-salaried position at the present time in the Office of Information and Education. This man, I know definitely, is in the Office of Information and Education of the State Department. He signed an affidavit in 1940 that he was a member of the Communist Party. He has been in the Government service since 1942. Apparently no check was made on him as to his other Communist activities and I have no further information about him.

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## THESE DAYS

By George Sokolsky

To understand the present confusions concerning Mc-Carthy-Lattimore-Tydings-Budenz, et al. one must go back far into the record.

I have before me the proceed-ings of the special committee of the committee on military affairs of the Hame of Renre-sentatives, dated Feb. 27, 1945. It is a record of confusion. Here is a desire, during actual war. to discover subversive elements in our armed forces.

The witness is John J. Mc-Cloy, then assistant secretary of war, now our representative in Germany, a man of brilliant mind and devotion to his country.

IN this testimony is an in-struction from Brig. Gen. Robert H. Dunlop which states:

" . . . No action will be taken . . . that is predicated on membership in or adherence to the doctrines of the Communist party unless there is a specific finding that the individual involved has a loyalty to the Communist party as an organization which overrides his loyalty to the United States. No auch finding should be based on the mere fact that the individual's views on various social questions have been the same as the views which the Com-munist party may have ad-

This instruction does two things:

TIRST, it eliminates any consideration of the history of the Bolshevik movement since 1903, which proves that no Communist can place his country above his party. No person in the world can be a member of international communism who does not accept party shove country.

To eliminate that from consideration of a Communist's affiliation is to give the case

Secondly, it eliminates proof by association. As usually no other proof is available, it bemmes hopeless in most cases to establish the fact by rules of evidences

> MR. McCLOY commented: "In dealing with individhals suspected of communism or communistic beliefs, obvious

difficulties confronted the Army. In the first place, it was necessary (assuming the Hatch act to apply) to prove membership in the Communist party (which the attorney general found administratively to advocate the overthrow of our government by violence) in order to har service in the Army. There is some doubt whether the Hatch act does apply.

"Experience demonstrated the virtual impossibility of developing actual legal proof of such membership on the part of persons desiring to conceal their membership . . ."

Precisely. As long as proof by association was eliminated. there could be no evidence. All a man had to say was, "it ain't so." That established his position. Mr. McCloy further said:

". . . There was evidence that the Communist party took action to prevent the application of the Hatch act to its members in the Army by giving them leaves of absence in such manner as to constitute at least a suspension, if not an annulment, of membership . . ."

UNDER this curious and weak procedure, all a man had to do was to withdraw from active membership for a 24-hour period and during that time, he could swear that he did not belong,

Communists rarely do things that are crimes under our laws no matter how harmful then the may be. For instance, slanting a textbook to corrupt the minds of our children is neither a felony nor a misdemeanor.

THINK the entire subject was summed up in the colloauy between Congressman Thomason and Mr. McCloy:

"Mr. Thomason: Then . if a man said he was a Communist, or there was some evidence that he was affiliated with the so-called Communist party, you would not necessarily hold that that man belongs to a political party that favors overthrow of our present form of government?

Mr. McCloy: We cannot take that position in the light of the great confusion that exists in the judicial tribunals of the country as to whether that is tenet of the Communist parts or not."

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## **Ex-OSS** Agent **Links Big Shot** To Amerasia

#### Raider Discloses Memo on 'Bomb'

By International News Service Frank Bielaski, who made the. original Amerasia raid, charged yesterday that the case involves an "internationally famous" figure who "towers head and shoulders" above any individual yet named in the affair.

Bielaski, former agent of the Office of Strategic Services, declared that the "Hiss-Chambers affair is mere chicken feed compared with Amerasia."

#### Dafa on "New Bomb"

Scores of secret government documents were found by Bielaski in the office of the magazine Amerasia, which has been charged with supporting the Communist

The ex-OSS official declared, in a televised "Meet the Press" interview, that among documents he found in Amerasia's office at the time of the raid, was a typewritten memorandum on the "new bomb."

He sald this memo was unsigned and on regular rough copy paper, along with two others-one describing the bombing pattern for Japan and the other outlining the rocition of the Japanese fleet before the battle of Levte.

Six persons, including career diplomat John S. Service, were at rested as a result of the Ameresic case, but only editor Philip Jaf: ; and his assistant, Emanuel Larfined \$2,500. Larsen \$500 2 000 Sielen Papers . .

Service, who is currently undergoing a new federal loyalty check, was arrested but was not indicted.

Bielaski said he found 3,000 stolen documents in the Amerasia magazine office, and they had been stolen in a period of three months. He said:

"At that rate, it was posssible for Amerasia to have a copy of every document the State wrote in connection with the Far East."

The former OSS official said the "internationally famous" individual he described as linked with Amerasia "does not work for the government." Bielaski de-

(Turn to Page 2, Col. 2)

## Ex-OSS Agent Links Big Shots To Amerasia

(Continued from First Page)

clined to say whether the individual ever had been a government official.

Bielaski has appeared at a closed-door session of the Tydings Senate committee probing the charges of Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin that Communists have

infiltrated the State department. He declined yesterday to divulge any of his testimony before the Tydings group, which at the time shed no light upon what he told the committee, although Mc-Carthy-not a committee member-said the testimony dealt with the atom bomb.

Bielaski said that if the Amerasia case were reopened in a congressional investigation or otherwise it would "expose and drive" Communists out of the State department.

#### FBI Agents Not Called

Bielaski listed six active and former G-men he said were not called before the grand jury when it probed Amerasia. He said that all would be "glad" to testify at any time.

Those he listed were J. Lewis Ames, William Dunne, of New York: Joseph Garvey, Robert Brownell, of Washington, Eugene Calder, of Ypsilanti, Mich., and Daniel O'Connor.

Bielaski was asked why the Amerasia case was "hushed up"

by the government at the time it was broken. He replied:
"There are too many people who believe a pledge of silence to a government department is more important than the oath of allegiance to the government."

Bielaski said that 40 stolen FBI documents were found in the Larsen's apartment.

#### Cites Fingerprints

He also stated that fingerprints on at least one of the Amerasia documents were enough to convict a government official of per-jury."

In discussing the "new bomb" memorandum, Bielaski said he did not remember its contents too clearly, but could recall no reference to the ator; bomb, which at the time of the raid had not yet blasted Nagasaki and Hiroshima.

Bielsaki was askai whether convicted perjurer Alger Hiss had any connection with the Amer-

He replied that Hiss was not connected with this case but added:

"I had determined for myself that he was a Communist, however, about the time of the United Nations charter meeting in San Francisco in 1945."

Hiss was secretary of the conference which drew up the charter of the United Nations.

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## Why Not A REAL Investigation?

STHL, the Tydings committee shows no inclination to investigate properly Senator McCarthy's charges against the State Department.

Instead, we see Administration supporters—including New Deal members of the committee—participating in a vindictive vendetta against Sen-

ator McCarthy on the floor of Congress.

But their intimidatory effort DISCREDITED ITSELF when Senator Chavez of New Mexico impugued his own religious faith—which is also Senator McCarthy's—in a refuted attempt to damage an important witness.

A CTUALLY, there is not much mystery behind

the McCarthy charges.

The Wisconsin Republican alleged that the State Department continues to hurbor Communist sympathizers, and that the FBI files contain documentary evidence thereof.

The State Department, and the White House,

too, derided this charge.

Rut the public remembered Alger Hiss-and

was not impressed.

President Truman, withholding the FBI data, gave the committee some old files of the State Department itself.

Plainly, the New Deal tactic is to BELITTLE THE McCARTHY CHARGES as merely an ill-

informed and futile "Red hunt."

What the Tydings committee seems to ignore is that such a maneuver WOULD LEAVE THE REAL INDICTMENT UNANSWERED.

Moreover, it would leave the nation exposed to A MORTAL DANGER with which Congress should be gravely concerned.

The Baltimore News Post Baltimore, Md. May 23,1950 SENATOR McCARTHY'S real charge is not just the persistent employment of left wingers by the Government.

Mr. Tolson n. Mr. Ladd

Mr. Nichols

His real charge is that a pro-Communist policy contrived our diplomatic defeat in China and the military adversities of the Nationalists; that consequently our defensive position in the Pacific has been jeopardized; and that a prospective Communist conquest of South Asia will deprive us of strategic materials and isolate us from natural allies.

Senator McCarthy alleged that Prof. Owen Lattimore has been a "chief architect" of this de-

reatist policy.

He alleged that others in and around the State

Department collaborated in our undoing.

These are matters that can be readily inves-

tigated.
Documentary evidence is PUBLICLY

AVAILABLE in the State Department's "White Book" on China and in other official papers.

The requirement is a drastic inquiry into the State Department's Far Eastern methods.

And the Tydings group, belonging to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, has jurisdiction to conduct A GENUINE INVESTIGATION.

SO FAR, the subcommittee has made HARDLY A GESTURE in this direction.

This is not the way for a committee of the

United States Senate to demean itself.

It is certainly not the way for the representatives of the sovereign state to safeguard the security of THE UNITED STATES.

Condition of the

### Hobbs Sees Link to Russia

## Secret Record of 1946 Probe Of Amerasia Case Made Public

By The Associated Press

disputed Amerasia case of 1945 in Congress yesterday. It came amid disputed talk of a "cover-up" in the case that prompted Representative Brown (R., Ohio) to declare there were House rumors that "the fix has been put in again."

Brown spake out of the hotly-but Ross was "commissioned in spite of that."

2. Testimony that documents found cached in Amerasia magazine headquarters in New York included secrets from British Intelligence, U. S. Naval Intelligence, the State Department and other Government sources.

Brown spoke out after Representative Hobbs (D., Ala.) told here the stamp that possession of the House he believes there was the documents is a violation of the the House he believes there was a connection between the now-defunct magazine Amerasia and Russia. Hobbs made public the long-secret record of a 1946 House investigation into the Amerasia episode, including:

The latter testimony, given by a witness named "Brooks," the undercover name used by former convertigation into the Amerasia episode, including:

episode, including:
If Testimony by a Naval Intelligence officer that Naval Lieut.
Andrew Roth, one of the principals
Andrew Roth, one of the principals
Arrested in the Amerasia case and later cleared, was "suspected or See LOYALTY, Page 2 Cal 2"

The seals were ripped off the alleged to be a fellow-traveler"investigation record of the hotly-but Ross was "commissioned in

And that "every one of them

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## secret Record of 1945 Probe Of Amerasia Case Made Public

investigated, and he declared:

pertinent question which has been security. Dondero later denied asked about this case is going to this to newsmen. be answered fully."

subcommittee investigating State Department would have been charges by Senator McCarthy (R., in up to its head. Wis.) that the State Department is infested with Communists and that, the Amerasia case is the key to a Red network in the Govern nent.

Department records and the sub-task of exposing alleged Com-cause they are potential targets seement arrest of expersons. In munists in the Government for blackmail. Senator Wherry sequent arrest of Ex persons, in manists in the Government for blackmail. Senator Wherry cluding two State Department of As alternatives, he proposed R. Nebr., said impounded records ficials and editor Philip Jaffee of the Proposed R. Nebr., said impounded records ficials and editor Philip Jaffee of either a Federal investigation di- of the Washington Police Departthe magazine Ameraisia.

fee paid \$2500. The other four koetter, head of the United States tion's Capital, will be available for were cleared.

#### Some Statements "Unwarranted"

Representative Hobbs, who headed Medina of New York.

asia and Russia, Hobbs did not Amerasia case. elaborate. He did say that when his subcommittee investigated the made in a broadcast yesterday by case, none of the material brought Bielaski, chief investigator for the to its attention appeared signifi- wartime Office of Strategic Serv-

For the first time, the Alabama Amerasia's headquarters: legislator made the record of the House investigation a matter of man involved in the Amerasia case public record. He did so by throw- "up to his ears" had not been made ing on the table a thick file of public. He said the individual was photographed typewritten pages of greater fame nationally and the official House record.

Amerasia hearing," Hobbs said. But Tydings told newsmen that Representative Brown inter-Bielaski had given the name of

rupted Hobbs to declare:

recently there have been dirty, sly tion with the Amerasia case.

little rumors floating through the "We asked Bielaski if he was thing will be covered up once said. more, and the whole thing white-washed again." Probe to End in Three Weeks

#### No Attempt to Hide Facts

chips fall where they may.

by his subcommittee in 1946 to Expenditures Committee consider

Amerasia case is being thoroughly was sealed at the request of Represenative Dondero (R, Mich.) to "When a report is made, every avoid endangering the national

Representative Cox (D., Ga.) Tydings is chairman of a Senate had been properly developed, the

The Wisconsin Senator said the denied it. The wartime case involved the Senate inquiry group is "deliber- Perverts of both sexes are realleged illegal removal of State ately" falling down on its assigned garded as poor security risks be-

rected by FBI Chief J. Edgar ment, listing about 3750 homo-Two of the six were fined; Jaf-Hoover and Admiral R. H. Hillen-sexuals in Federal jobs in the Na-Central Intelligence Agency; or, study. an independent inquiry guided by The committee is expected to On the House floor, the Amer-such men as former President assign the investigation to a subasia incident cropped up when Herbert Hoover and Federal Judge committee headed by Senator Hoey

spoke out in reply to what he called "a large number of unwarmen his subcommittee knows the ranted statements which won't bear the light of day."

In declaring he believes there was a connection between American and the subcommittee knows the part in the inquiry.

Bielaski and that the man involved has no connection with the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not take the subcommittee but he told newsmen that in view of his charges he would not held the subcommittee but he was a connection between the subcommitt

Tydings disputed statements ices, who led the first raid on

Bielaski said the name of one internationally than anyone who "This is the sealed record of the has been mentioned in this case."

But Tydings told newsmen that the "famed" person in secret testi-"There is a feeling throughout mony behind closed doors, and he the Nation there has been a coverup in the Amerasia case. More asked if the man had any connec-

cloakrooms that the fix has been suggesting that we investigate this put in again and that the whole man and he said 'No,'" Tydings

The Maryland Senator said the committee's investigators are work-Brown demanded that Congress ing on the Amerasia case now and 'go to the bottom of this—let the the inquiry may be completed in about three weeks.

Hobbs said he agreed, but he 3. Vice President Barkley disaid there had been no attempt rected that the Senate Executive facts. He said the record an inquiry into charges that hun-

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Department. The department has

(D., N. C). Senator McCarthy is a member of the subcommitted

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## Tydings Promises Full Report When/Amerasia Probe Ends

Sen. Tydings (D) of Maryland, Had Bombing Plan assured uneasy legislators today, that he plans to tell "the full and complete story" of the mysteryshrouded Amerasia case.

It became apparent that the Senate itself must decide if it is to investigate sex perversion as well as communism in government.

As for the Amerasia case, Tydings told newsmen that "a lot of people are drawing conclusions people are drawing conclusions included a memorandum on "the about things they know nothing new bomb," testified in 1946 that

#### Promises Complete Report

"I will tell the full and complete

Tydings is chairman of a Senate foreign relations subcommittec investigating charges by Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisconsin, that the State department is riddled was a statement by Capt. J. W. with Communists.

The Amerasia case has been a cause celebre since 1945 when six staff members of the magazine of that name were arrested on charges of stealing top secret government documents. In most instances, the charges were dropped.

#### Rumors of 'Fix' Heard

Rep. Brown (R) of Ohio de-manded in a House speech yesterday that an investigation be made of rumors that a "fix has been put on." He said that "high officials of the government" may be involved in the alleged attempt to prevent reopening the case.

Hundreds of official documents were discovered in the offices of Amerasia magazine in a raid in 1945. Philip Jaffe, editor, and Emmanuel Larsen. State depart-ment official, paid fines then for illegal possession of official papers, but nothing was done about any espionage charges. Four others arrested in the case were freed.

The uproar in the House came; chairman of a judiciary subcomwhen Rep. Hobbs (D) of Alabama, mittee which investigated the Amerasia grand jury, filed a heretofore secret report of his committee's findings. Hobbs denied any whitewash or coverup.

He said the bulk of the case

was based on evidence seized without a search warrant and which could not be used in court. He aded there was "not enough evidence to sustain a charge of espio-

had a cepy of a U. S. plan for bombing Japan and that an al-leged "fellow traveler" arrested in the case had been "forced" on naval intelligence.

The testimony included sworn statements of Frank Bielaski, former OSS employe who conducted the raid on Amerasia.

Bielaski, who said Sunday they the documents contained one detailing in substance, "the bombing pattern for Japan."

Bielaski in 1946 "knew nothing"

story as soon as my committee of the atom bomb and could not completes its investigations." he recall any other information no reference to the mystery fig-which might link his find with ure he described as of "greater atomic material.

#### "Forced" on ONI

Also entered in the testimony

. Whitfield, a naval intelligence offigur, that Lt. Andrew Roth one of the six arrested in the Amerasia case, was "forced" on ONI. Whitefield testified that Roth was "suspected or alleged to be a fellow traveler" but was "commissioned in spite of that."

The report said the magazine was an ally and "the fact that an officer was a Communist was not a bar to a commission." He did not state that Roth was a Communist.

Bielaski also testified in 1946: 1. Documents found in the Amerasia office were from "British intelligence, naval intelli-gence, G-2, State department, of-fice of censorship, OSS and probably others."

2. Shortly after the OSS raid, another OSS officer named Van Buren went to a meeting "where the stuff was shown to the Secre-

tary of State."

Bielaski's secret testimony made fame" than anyone yet named in the case, and as "an international figure."

Over in the Senate, McCarthy denounced the Tydings committee for "doing a foul job" of investigation. He demanded creation of an independent commission of "high-minded men" to probe his charges.

This commission, McCarthy said, should be appointed by Congress and should have complete access to all government person-nel files, including those of the FBI, to get at the facts.

McCarthy made this suggestion informally while the Tydings sub-committee was at the White House, going over more of the 81 State department loyalty files made available by Presidential order.

Wisconsin senator has claimed 81 departmental employes are bad security risks. The committee probably will need several more weeks to finish its work on the files.

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McCARTHY: "A-REAL ONE" GOLLY! HEARSAY EVIDENCE

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#### The Washington Merry-Go-Round

## Mystery Man Story Fizzles Out

#### Ry Drew Pearson

to trank Ble- mys. Jaski, former OSS agent, this week.

H made headlines all right, but Sonator Tydings of Maryland immedia(elv counfered that the n 🕍 – mintland trip to nething to do with the case.



rearson

In order to clear up the mystery, this column has investigated exhind closed doors, also has done tained 12 to 15 documents. some checking upon Bielaski him-

international celebrity. v hom Birlaski claims "towers head and shoulders" above anyone else in the Amerasia case, is John Hersey, author of the book upon which was based the famed war picture, "A Bell for Adano" and the graphic story "Hiroshima." However, Bielaski's total recollection was that he had seen Hersey's name sombbled on an envelope in the Amerasia office, and he admilited to Senators that no link could be found between Hersey and the Amerasia magazine.

Hersey, incidentally, was never employed by the State Department or any other Government agency. It is also only fair to report that Bielaski himself was formerly an investigator for the Republican National Committee, that he now operates his own private detective agency, which is thriving on the Amerasia publicity, and that he was also involved in the famous Rhode Island wire-tapping scandal of 1940.

Finally, it is important to note that the newspaper chain which has been constantly and paraset ent over consisting and properties of the first first that the first fir by black Gayn of the Chicago bun, one of those originally involved in the Amerasia case.

With this background in mind, A mysterious "internationally here is Bielaski's closed-tioor sestifamous" figure supposed to be in- mony before the Tydings Subcomvolved in the Amerasia case was mittee. First, he described his iltossed to newsmen as headline ball legal told on the American magarine offices, told how he broke into the library and saw the table covered with documents.

> "This is something I have never repeated in public or anywhere, but which I think must be told here." Bielaski confided. "An envelope in the middle of the table was there, and written across the iop of it catercornered was the name John Hersey."

much that was addressed to him, but as you might write your name on an envelope belonging to you," continued Bielaski.

The former OSS agent estimated actly what Bielaski testified be- that the "Hersey envelope" con-

> "Did your investigation show that Hersey was connected in any way with the (Amerasia) magazine?" inquired Tydings.

"No, sir," Bielaski admitted.

"Or that he contributed to the magazine?" pressed the Maryland Senator.

"No, sir, not a thing that showed he had any connection with the magazine at all except for dochments in the envelope with his name on it," repeated Bielaski,

the private detective also backed down when Tydings asked him for information on the "disloyalty of persons in the State Department."

"Well, as to that," hedged Bielaski, "I have no firsthand knowledge of disioyalty of persons in the State Department in connection with the Amerasia case."

It was also pointed out that the Justice Department couldn't prosecute the Amerasia case, because Bielaski seized the documents illegally. This led to a clash be-tween Republican Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Democratic Senator McMahon of Connecticut.

Lodge brought it up by asking Biclaski; "Under what authority

din you maduel the raid on the probably in this war it would be Amerasia office?" Tight to suspend them for

laski. "But since, I have thought "I realized we were at war, sor over the legal position, and I un-one had stolen valuable secr derstand that the OSS was created from us, and I had to try to ; by executive order (which) pro-them, and I did," Bielaski read vided that it should take care of its agreed. own security."

cuse and Lodge tried to be more Tydings. helpful.

corpus had been suspended, and copyright, 1950. The Bell Syndicate, In

"I didn't ask for authority at the security of the country?" sugges moment. Senator," confessed Bie-

"You can't set aside the Cons This appeared to be a weak ex-tution in time of war," counter

"I think they did it in time "Did you realize that in wars in war. He did it and got away wi the past the normal safeguards of it," shot back Lodge. "I would have search and seizure and habeas done it myself," he added.

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N.Y. Mirror

# **Keport on McCarthy**

Senator Ferguson (R., Mich.), named in the memorandum. charged yesterday that the report on the McCarthy Communist-in-the next few days," Peurifoy wrote, most "intemperate and abusive" "Of the remaining 55 cases of such document ever filed in the individuals employed in the de-Senale.

propaganda minister, or Andrei or are being terminated by a re-

week the Republican criticism of been made in eight cases, which the report, which called the are still being considered. The charges by Senator McCarthy (R., remaining 44 cases will be investibles.), a "hoax and a fraud" and gated further." said McCarthy had utterly failed Touches on Alger Hist to prove his allegations. McCarthy will talk today.

by the Democratic majority of a he did not turn over secret gov-Foreign Relations Subcommittee, ernment data to a Soviet courier. "used soft words to shield those Hiss is at liberty pending action who have been careless with naon his appeal.

tional security." He wondered Ferguson presented a confidenaloud who wrote it, saying it could tial memorandum written. March not have been written by Senator 7. 1946, by J. Anthony Denuch, Tydings (D., Md.), subcommittee State Department security officer. chairman, or his two Democratic In it. Panuch vigorously opposed associates, Senators McMahon of Connecticut or Green of Rhode plan attributed to Hiss. He said plan attributed to Hiss. He said Island. (All three signed it.)

#### Asks Probe of Staff

thy's charges. Ferguson said there gation to the United Nations. not only ought to be a new inves- "The security hazard of such a tigation of communism in the Gov-setup, if eventually accomplished, ernment, but also an investigation would seem to warrant the conof the Tydings subcommittee staff tinuing interest of the FBI and

informed Gen. George C. Marshall. Ferguson said he fears the Mcthen Secretary of State, of a "de-Carthy investigation report is apt liberate, calculated program to to "lull the State Department into protect Communist personnel in a false sense of security, high places" in the State Depart-

Replying to the memo on June but which it didn't.

Senator McKellar (D., Tenn.)

Live of State John E. Peurifov tried fruitlessly to get the Senate told the subcommittee that 10 em-headed back to debate on the \$34. had been fired, including five priation bill.

partment, concerning whom de-Its phrasing, he said, was remi-niscent of Joseph Goebbels, Nazi made, three are either resigning Vishinsky, Soviet foreign minister. duction in force, and recommenda-Ferguson carried into the second tions for security clearance have

Ferguson touched on Alger His ill talk today.

Ferguson said the report, issued convicted of lying when he swore

it would give Hiss "working con-trol" over documents moving to Attacking dismissal of McCar- and from the United States dele-

He disclosed that in 1947, a Sen-other security intelligence agenate Appropriations subcommittee cies," Panuch wrote.

Senator Lodge (R., Mass.), one high places" in the State Depart- Senator Lodge (R., Mass.), one ment. The same memorandum define two Republicans on the clared that another purpose of the that the printed record of the asserted intrigue was "to reduce hearings omitted 45 typewritten recurity and intelligence protection to a nullity."

Republication to the memo on June 1.

ployes, regarded as security risks, 700,000,000 single-package appro-

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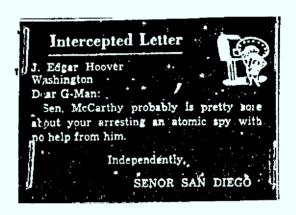
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## Amerasia Case Fell Apart, Says Ex-Federal Prosecutor

By JERRY GREENE

Robert M. Hitchcock yesterday testified before a Senate investi-gating committee that the government's Amerasia spy case fell apart at the seams and he was to pay nominal fines.

a fair way to beat the rap completely.

#### Defense Finds Loophole

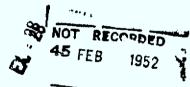
Philip Jaffe, editor of Amerasia magazine, and Emmanuel Larsen, lucky to get two of six defendants State department official, were to pay nominal fines. Hitchcock, Buffalo lawyer who for illegal possession of classified was in charge of the prosecution government documents. An inwas in charge of the prosecution government documents. An inof the Amerasia case in 1945, said
there was no evidence of any
there was no evidence of any
there was no evidence of the
finally dismissed. A grand jury
prefendants. There was a flimsy
rase against another and the
final two, who were fined, were in
Stewart Service, State depart. ment foreign officer.

Larsen found the loophole in the government's case when he filed a motion to suppress evidence 🗀 obtained in a search of his apartment without a warrant. Hitchcock said the government hastily got an agreement for Jaffe to plead guilty before he or his attorney learned of the Larsen move.

#### Thinks Sentence Inadequate

"I have never believed that Jaffe's sentence was adequate," Hitchcock told the committee headed by Chairman Tydings of Maryland. "I know that had we not disposed of Jaffe's case as we did, there would have been no conviction of Jaffe, and, of course, no punishment, even to the extent of a fine."

Hitchccck candidly told the committee how the FBI tapped telephones of the suspects for weeks and how the Amerasia offices and Larsen's home were searched several times. The Justice department hoped the defendants would not learn of these activities, he said, but Larsen's landlord inadvertently tipped him off and the motion to suppress the ewidence was filed at onde.



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Taft Says Tydings Unit Falls Short in Inquiry 4

Senator Robert A. Taft (R., Onion vesterday said a special Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee has failed to conduct a "complete investigation" of Senator McCarthy's charges of communism in the State Department.

Taft was asked on the "Meet the Press" television show what he thought of the Wisconsin Republican's allegations and the investigation of them by the subcommittee headed by Senator Tydings (D.,

"There is a prima facie case arising out of the [Alger] Hiss conviction, the [Julian] Wadleigh confession, the Amerasia case and Secretary [Charles] Sawyer's request for [William W.] Remington and [Michaell Lee to quit." he said.

Taft said he has "no way of knowing whether the McCarthy charges are right or not." He said that McCarthy "never asked my advice and I never advised him."

that McCarthy "never asked my advice and I never advised him."
"There ought to be a complete investigation." he said. "I don't diffink the Tydings committee has dene it."

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# 'Amerasians' Can Be Tried

By International News Service
Sen. McCarthy (R) of Wisonsin told the Senate today that
infendants in the 1945 Amerasia
ase still can be prosecuted under

federal espionage law which provides penalties up to and induding death.

McCarthy's assertions were nade during debate marking a meech by Sen. Knowland (R) of California, who demanded that ill documents seized in the America case be made public immediately.

McCarthy contended that the fatute of limitations has not run out on the Amerasia case. He said the case comes under section 794 of the U.S. criminal code, under which wartime violations may still be prosecuted.

(Earlier Story on Page 4)

## Hull's Amerasia Cable Reveals •• Pro-Red Slant

#### By WILLARD EDWARDS

A secret wartime cable, one of the top exhibits in the Amerasia stolen documents scandal, came to light last night. Dated July 28, 1944, and hidden for six years by the Truman administration for obvious reasons, the document bares pro-Soviet influence in the State department at top levels.

State department at top levels. The cable is marked "Hull to Chungking" and is a confidential message to the American ambassador in China. Cordell Hull, then state secretary, resigned in November 1944. Now ailing, he was not available for comment on whether he authorized the dispatch, which bord his name, with its startling implications.

At the time the message was sent, John Carter Vincent, now minister to Switzerland, was head of the office of Chinese affairs. Alger Hiss, convicted reinformation from Chinese Communists which he passed on to the late President Roosevelt.

The message also shed light on testimony before a House committee in 1946 that Amerasia was circulated in the State and other departments as "an important textbook."

The Hull message was one of 1,700 secret government papers locked from the public gaze since they were seized by the FBI in 1945 in the offices of Amerasia in New York City. A huge photostating apparatus was discovered and investigators reported there was no doubt that the magazine was being used to funnel a constant stream of confidential papers to Soviet Russia.

Jaffe and five others, including two State department officials, John S. Service and Emmanuel Larsen, were arrested in what the FBI termed an "airtight" case. Seven months later, all six were free. Two had been fined and the four other cases were dropped by the Justice department.

This paper learned the text of the Huil document shortly after James M. McInerney, character the Justice department's criminal division, told reporters he had studied all the documents in the Amerasia case and denied they included one, bearing the signature of Hull, plugging Amerasia cently of perjury to conceal espionage, was deputy director of special political affairs. Dean Acheson was assistant secretary of state.

The dispatch quoted the pro-Soviet magazine, Amerasia, in outlining policy for China and Japan. Earl Browder, then head of the Communist party, had a hand in the founding of Amerasia. Philip Jaffe, its editor, was arrested less than a year later for the theft of hundreds of secret documents from government departments. He finally pleaded guilty but received the light penalty of a \$2,500 fine in a deal with the Justice department into which an investigation was recently reopened.

The contents of the cable supports Communist leader Browder's boast before a congressional committee recently that he was a war time White House agent, securing as an authoritative policy source. The "Hull to Chungking" calle

follows:
"July issue of Amerasia suggests possibility of using Japanese Susomo Okano in the rule of 'Tito of Japan' to help Japanese people to establish a government which will discard aggression and the present ruling oligarchy.

"The magazine however voices uncertainty as to whether the United States State department will support the program advocated by Okano and his followers or will prefer to favor the so-called liberal elements in Japan's present ruling class.

#### Red Tieup Plan Cited

"The same issue proposed that the opposition to Japan throughout eastern China should be atrengthened by the Allies through establishing a close working relationship with the guerrilla Communist forces now operating behind the Japanese lines and to bolster the activities with material and financial aid.

"Amerasia advocates that the allies follow the policy adopted toward the guerrilla group of Yugoslavia where political considerations were eventually superseded by military necessity.

"Amerasia claims to have information proving the northern guerrilla forces (Communist) have carried on their resistance

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to the Japanese and bove per-sistently contributed to the work of educating the people to participate in that resistance.

"Amerasia contends the time has passed when internal political considerations can be allowed to supersede military necessity and insists the immediate reformation of the potential strength of the guerrilla (Communist) forces, involving the dispatch of liaison ofvolving the dispatch of haison of-ficers, technical aid, and muni-tions, has become of primary im-portance for the success of the United States future offense against the Japanese."

The effect of this message, backed by the prestige of Hull's name, veteran diplomats said, name, veteran diplomats said, would have been to impress upon the recipient that the policy advocated by Amerasia was one which was receiving favorable consideration. There were no comparable messages, quoting any other publication, in the file of confidential dispatches.

Asst. Atty. Gen. McInerney also denied that the secret Amerasia documents disclosed the wartime disposition of U.S. submarines in the Pacific. On of the documents in the file is dated November. 1944, and discloses the contents of a "confidential talk by Grew" to State department personnel."
(Joseph C. Grew was then State undersecretary.)

This paper, apparently copied for espionage use, states definitely that the Navy would continue blocking a certain Japanese strait (named in the document) and that "25 submarines" were stationed there. Grew also disclosed, according to the document, that "island-hopping for bomber bases" was continuing and discussed the was continuing and discussed the use of the Japanese emperor after the war as "an instrument for orderly peace."

Both the military and policy information in this document would have been of invaluable aid the state of the tiefs.

to reussia at the time, it was noted.

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## Text of Hull's 44 Pro-Soviet Note Revealed

## Truman and Aides Kept Secret 6 Years

By WILLARD EDWARDS

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#### Was State 'Textbook'

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(Turn to Page 4, Col. 1)

## Secret Hull Cabie Bares Amerasia State Dept. Sway!

(Continued from First Page)
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