

~~SECRET~~

up with him. One is to see to it that he takes the matter seriously and puts it on the Council agenda. The other is to get the list of the chapter chairman, and secretaries for which we asked or to have him accept the alternative proposal mentioned in the letter.

If you have any questions about this I can be reached this afternoon (until 6) at Gr. 3-2709. About 9 o'clock I will be back in the office. Mo. 2-5620.

Sincerely yours,

64719

"From the same source, a memorandum in longhand signed R. S. Lynd, appears to be the answer to the above memorandum:

"In re Georgia matter:

I breakfasted with Frank Graham 10/9/41:

(1) He is decidedly interested and helpful. We can count on him.

(2) But following very frank, and he asks that we not use his name. Watch this 100 o/o.

(3) S'n Ass'n has set up a committee of follow's to report at mtg. in Dec:

- (a) ~~_____~~
Vanderbilt Univ.
- (b) ~~_____~~ check if
~~_____~~
The Univ. of the South, Sewanee, Tenn.
- (c) ~~_____~~
Univ. of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Ala.
University

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(4) He suggests a letter from us to each of these 3, worded along this line.

"We are glad that they have been aff'd to investigate and report on the Georgia matter. In so doing, they are performing a service to entire ed'l world, and the country will await their recommend'ns, for this a matter of national concern. The Amer. Com., despite the national concern, does not desire at this pt. to confuse the sit'n by enabling Gov. T. to plead sectional interference; but it hopes that the Comm. of the S'n Ass'n will call upon it if it can be of assistance.

"The Amer. Com. earnestly hopes that their Com. will meet the issue squarely, as, for the sake of the Univ. of Georgia and all Amer. public ed'n, decisive action appears to be called for. The Am. Com. hopes particularly that a minority report will not be necessary; but that the Com. of the S'n Ass'n will stand nor does it seem to the Amer. Com. that a temporizing step, such as the recommendation simply to put the Univ. of Ga. on probation, will be most constructive."

(Note: Preceding is recalled only roughly from the form of letter Graham suggested. It sh'd not be taken too literally as a form. He did speak specif'y of our saying "No minority report." Graham believes Univ. of Ga sh'd be put off the recommended list, i.e. no half steps, as that the quicker way to remedy the sit'n and eventually get them back on. RSL not sure whether Graham said to include in letter pt. re not merely putting Univ. of Ga. on probation. Graham did say, tho, that this w'd be a mistake. We obviously sh'd be careful not to seem to be dictating to the Com. what it sh'd do.)

"(5) Graham says w'd help if we c'd get someone -

(a) to see each of the 3 men on above committee and talk matter over. (If this done promptly c'd take place of letter

~~SECRET~~

(b) have someone see quietly, without publicity, following, all in Atlanta:
[redacted] of Georgia, League of Women Voters.

[redacted] A.F. of L., Washington, D.C.
[redacted] TWA, C.I.O., 198 Whitehall St. SW

[redacted] Atlanta Constitution
(Graham said he had article on case in the Survey.)

[redacted] Agnes Scott College, Decatur, Ga.

In seeing them, suggest:

(a) Since South itself moving and w'd resent interference from North, each of them write each member of S'n Ass'n's committee of 3, urging:

(1) Comm. meet issue head-on, no temporizing probation.

(2) No minority report.

(b) Graham said nct to use foll'g in letter to 3 members of the Committee and I have marked "Don't use" in my notes, but it might be worth while to throw out hint quietly to above 5 people that, in case a minority report is brought in by the Com. of 3, the issue sh'd be fought out on the floor at Dec. mtg in hope of getting action by S'n Ass'n that w'd not leave issue hung up with a split recommend'n. Graham says these 5 people sh'd be seen unoffic'y and confidentially.

"(6) In re a person to see above 5, Graham says there's a Gov't prof. named [redacted] (brother of [redacted] at Chi) at Emory Univ who might be a good man to do this. (Tho, here'as elsewhere, don't say Graham suggested him).

(6/7/62)

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~~SECRET~~

(7) An especially good man to contact if we want further advice is [redacted] of Agnes Scott, listed among above 5. He knows the sit'n. A letter to him sh'd be marked "Pers'l & Confidential."

(8) The issue has to come up at next mtg of S'n Ass'n in Dec.

(9) Graham says better to meet issue on a South'n basis before on a nat'l, as Talmadge will use outside (Northern) interference to whip up a popular case vs. action-

(10) A final pt., which we must not mention in letters as a rumor:

Graham has heard (I think from [redacted] the AFL man) that the S'n ass'n Com. intends to bring in a minority dissenting report, possibly [redacted] being the dissenter [redacted] of Vanderbilt) told Graham over long-distance phone there's no chance of this; Graham hopes he's right, but it's still a possibility.

Sorry this is so sprawled out. Graham must be kept out of it, i.e. not be a source of rumors, etc. He is emphat'y for giving the South a chance to clean house before thing made a Nat'l issue.

I have all the correspond'ce you sent here in my office.

R. S. Lynd

The same source provided a Committee letterhead showing the executives of the National Committee for 1941, which included Professor Robert S. Lynd, Columbia University.

New York report 12-24-41, Re: American Committee for Democratic and Intellectual Freedom, Internal Security - C
100-7063-84
(12, 13, 5, 18)

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The 1942 edition of "20th Century Authors" reflected Leo Rosten's comments in his autobiography concerning Hollywood:

"I was aching to do a serious study of the film colony, and the motion picture industry. A Carnegie grant in 1939 made this possible, and with an excellent research staff we began our labors."

The 'excellent research staff' was composed of Herbert Blumer, Harold D. Lasswell, Robert S. Lynd, and Louis Wirth.

Robert Lynd is mentioned in the following pages of Appendix IX, Communist Front Organizations, (edited by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 78th Congress, Second Session, 1944): 326, 329, 332, 334, 354, 364, 388, 452, 576, 635, 564, 664, 709, 770, 980, 1096, 1125, 1200, 1207, 1210, 1212, 1215, 1229, 1379, 1388, 1648. He is a member of the American Committee for Democracy and Intellectual Freedom (329); a Communist Front Organization, a signer of a petition to discontinue the Dies Committee on Un-American Activities (p.332); a sponsor of the Fifth National Conference of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, an organization founded by the Communist Party in order to exploit racial divisions in the United States (p.354); he supported the American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union, a Communist-front organization (p.364); is a member of the Board of Directors of the American Investors Union, a Communist-front organization (p.388); and was a member of numerous other Communist-front organizations.

(b)(7)(c)

SA Clyde R. Thompson, CIC, MWW
Los Angeles Report 7/14/49,
Re [REDACTED]
AEA-A
116-144766-1X6
(2, 11)

[REDACTED] (b)(7)(c)

84 ~~SECRET~~

~~(b)(7)(c)~~

Hermann R. Habicht, who was employed by the Foreign Economic Administration on February 16, 1942, in his application for employment gave as references:

[REDACTED] New York City, Robert Lynd, 75 Central Park West, New York City, a professor, and [REDACTED] New York City.

Personnel files, Foreign Economic Administration, Washington, D. C.

T - 1 (Confidential files, Civil Service Commission) advised that Mr. R. S. Lynd of Columbia University, New York City, advised T - 1 by memorandum dated 11-7-41, that he unequivocally vouched for Habicht. He added, "Habicht can see the whites and blacks in the Soviet situation without getting them scrambled."

T - 1 advised that the subversive files of the Civil Service Commission reflected the following:

"R. S. Lynd, signer 'Golden Book of FSU.' Sponsor of the Consumers Union of U. S. 1938. Signer of the letter supporting the right of Communists to hold city jobs. Signer of petitions sponsored by the American Committee for Democracy and International Freedom to discontinue the Dies Committee, 1939."

Washington D. C. Report, 10-5-44, Re: "Hermann Rollemann Habicht, Pelageya D. K. Habicht, aka., Internal Security - R." 65-34416-111 (11, 13, 18)

[REDACTED] (b)(7)(c)

~~X~~

(b)(7)(c) X

On February 28, 1942, the Newark office forwarded to the Bureau documents furnished by [redacted] of Consumers' Research, Inc., Washington, New Jersey. It was stated that [redacted] had expressed his willingness to cooperate in every way with the Bureau.

Included in these documents was a typewritten copy of an advertisement, source unknown, of "Science in Society, a Marxian Quarterly", listing editors and contributors, with marginal notes by [redacted] indicating those connected with the Consumers Union. Among the contributors listed was Robert S. Lynd who was identified by a marginal notation as a "C. U. sponsor".

Newark letter 2-28-42, no
subject,
100-7324-11
(5)

[redacted]

(b)(7)(c)

~~SECRET~~

The "New York Times" for September 28, 1942, carried an advertisement on page nine bearing the caption "India-The Time for Mediation Is Now".

The following is quoted from the text of this advertisement:

"We therefore urge upon President Roosevelt and upon Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek that they recognize the interest of the United Nations in the Indian dilemma and that they use their good offices to ask the British Government, the National Congress of India and other leaders to open new conferences, with mutual determination to find that way of action which will most speedily bring India into the ranks of our allies by beginning now the program of her independence."

Below this advertisement appeared the names of a number of individuals including Professor Robert S. Lynd, Columbia University, N. Y.

A box in the lower right hand corner of this advertisement states that the advertisement is being paid for by individual American citizens and that contributions would be greatly appreciated. Checks were to be made payable to Richard J. Walsh, "Asia" magazine, 40 East 49th Street, New York, New York.

100-143822-1
(7)

(6)(7)(c) [REDACTED]

87 [REDACTED]

(b)(6)
(b)(7)(C)

PER OPM

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED] U. S. Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C., furnished an application dated [REDACTED] in which [REDACTED] had applied for a position as [REDACTED]. Among the references given in this application was Professor R. S. Lynd, Professor in Sociology, Columbia University, New York City.

This report states that because of information set forth therein [REDACTED] was being added as a subject in this case.

Confidential files of the U. S. Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C. reflected the results of investigations conducted by that agency from March 23 to March 31, 1943.

The report mentioned that [REDACTED] gave as references [REDACTED] and Professor Lynd of Columbia University. The report further set out an interview with Professor Lynd as follows:

"Professor Robert S. Lynd, Department of Sociology, Columbia University, New York City, advised that he had considerable contact with [REDACTED] having had him as a student and having had tea at [REDACTED] home on several occasions. He did quite a bit of work under [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] As you may know [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] I was with the OPA myself for a time and probably if I had stayed longer, Dies would have classed me as a Communist also; that is because I am interested in the Consumers' Union myself. If that is a sign of Communism I am sorry to hear it. I would be surprised if [REDACTED] were a Communist. I feel quite sure he is not a party member. [REDACTED] is definitely a left-winger. Just where you would take him along the line I don't know. He is extremely interested in labor and social changes. However, if you mean a true Carl Marx theorist, I would definitely say that he is not. It is possible that [REDACTED] would be classified as a Socialist."

(b)(7)(C)

88 ~~SECRET~~

616 } PER OPM
617101 }
~~SECRET~~

"I am fast coming to the point where I must call myself a Socialist although I hate to do it. I know [redacted] wife better than I know him. [redacted] They could come from well to do families. She is from [redacted] and is somewhat of a liberal herself. However, she is younger than [redacted] and immature in her ideas. She is now working in Washington, D. C. for some government agency."

The files of the Washington Field Office contain the following information concerning Robert S. Lynd. The report of Special Agent [redacted] dated May 17, 1946, reflects that Bela Gold, a subject in the case entitled, "Gregory-Espionage-R," received a letter from Robert S. Lynd, 75 Central Park West, New York City, dated April 25, 1946.

The report of Special Agent [redacted] dated April 10, 1946, entitled as above, sets forth that Professor Robert S. Lynd was contacted on an unknown date by Bela Gold, a subject in the Gregory case.

The report of Special Agent [redacted] dated March 28, 1946, entitled as above, reflects that Professor Robert S. Lynd, of Columbia University, New York City, was given as a reference by Sonia Gold in her Civil Service Application at Washington, D. C.

Washington Field Office files also reflect that Professor Robert S. Lynd and his wife, Helen Merrell Lynd, were listed as members and sponsors of the National Council of American Soviet Friendship and members of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee. Robert Lynd is also listed in the Dies Committee report of 1941.

Washington, D. C. report
9/17/46 Re: "Nathan Gregory
Silvermaster, with aliases
et al, Espionage - R"
65-56402-1673 Pgs. 42, 43,
45, 49, 50.
(2, 13, 18)

[redacted]

617101

89 ~~SECRET~~

(6)(2)
(6)(7)(D)

~~SECRET~~

On April 2, 1943, Confidential Informant [redacted] furnished information concerning the officers and sponsors of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated, whose names were to be publicly announced on April 6, 1943. The following is quoted from this report:

"Among the sponsors are a number of reported Communist Party Members including . . .".

"Also included in the list of sponsors are the following well known active fellow-travelers : . . . Prof. Robert S. Lynd . . .".

New York Report 10/21/43
Re: "National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated, Internal Security-C"
100-146964-95
(8)...

[redacted] (6)(7)(C)

~~SECRET~~

~~6/17/41~~

The following is quoted from a letter dated Tuesday, April 14, (1943 or prior thereto) from Donald Ogden Stewart to [redacted]

"Incidentally I got a letter from [redacted] today and I quote 'spent an hour with [redacted] Tuesday evening, talked over your script. She has concluded it was kept from the air because it was not a very good script, too radical, too political! Which serves to emphasize the good lady's muddle-headed menocausation, if I may make a word'. Also he said 'I'm seeing [redacted] in Washington on Tuesday and am going to ask him point blank to ask OFF to put your show on the air. [redacted] tells me that [redacted] told him that OCD was not consulted about it. But Robert (Middletown) Lynd told me that he had talked with [redacted] last week and that [redacted] rather pooh-poohed the idea of people functioning in that (Morrow County) way. There is a powerful lot of lying going on in relatively high places. Lynd, by the way, is hot for this plan. He's ready to help get Muncie-his place - organized for the war, which will be a good plug for the plans'."

6/17/41
6/17/41
6/17/41

Confidential Source [redacted] (highly confidential source having access to the residence of the subject in Upper Jay, New York). Albany report 4-11-44. Re: "Donald Ogden Stewart, was. [redacted] was.; Int. Sec. - C." 100-18610-56 (11)

[redacted] 6/17/41

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1

Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

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Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-76201-3 PAGE 92

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX




The "New York Times" for May 18, 1943 published a full page advertisement entitled, "On American Soviet Friendship - an Open Letter to the American People". The following is quoted from this advertisement: "Every patriotic American has reason to be alarmed over the new wave of anti-Soviet propoganda that has arisen in the United States during the first part of 1943. This campaign against Soviet Russia, reviving old fears and prejudices, threatens to undermine American Soviet Friendship, and to divide us from our great Russian ally in war and in peace.

"With our country's own freedom and security at stake in these vital issues, we believe that every patriotic American will join us in calling for enduring American-Soviet friendship; the defeat of every attempt to disrupt allied unity; the earliest possible invasion of Europe; the speedy victory of the United Nations over the Axis."

A partial list of signers set forth at the bottom of this advertisement included the name, "Prof. Robert S. Lynd."

In the lower right hand corner of this advertisement there was printed a coupon for the purpose of forwarding contributions to the National Council of American Soviet Friendship, Inc., 232 Madison Avenue, New York, New York.

100-146964-A-New York Times
5-18-43
(6)

 (6) (7) (10)



~~SECRET~~

The "Daily Worker" for May 18, 1943, contained an article entitled "700 Noted Citizens Hit Anti-Soviet Plot" which stated that an open letter to the American people, vigorously protesting the current wave of anti-Soviet slanders and calling for complete national unity to win the war, was issued on the previous day by the National Council of American Soviet Friendship. The article stated that more than 700 leading Americans from all sections of the country had signed the letter. Set forth was a partial list of the signers which included the name "Prof. Robert S. Lynd."

100-146964-A-DW 5-18-43
(6)



(6)(7)(C)

94
~~SECRET~~

(b)(7)(C)

~~SECRET~~

On May 24, 1943 [redacted] filed an application for Federal employment giving as one of his references the name of Robert Lynd, Columbia University New York City, Professor of Sociology [redacted] entered on duty on July 6, 1943 as a Research Analyst with the Office of Strategic Services.

Note: A previous report in this file sets out a lead to investigation based on the allegations of the estranged wife of [redacted] that [redacted] and [redacted] were both important members of the International Institute for Social Research, which organization was believed by her to be Communistic.

Washington, D. C., report 2-8-49
Re [redacted]
International Institute for Social
Research, Security Matter - C.
100-106126-27
(12)

[redacted]

(b)(7)(C)

~~SECRET~~

In May 1945, Robert S. Lynd, was a member of the Board of Directors of the American-Russian Institute for Cultural Relations with the Soviet Union, Inc., 58 Park Avenue, New York City.

No source reported.

This report indicates but does not definitely state, that the subject of the investigation had received correspondence from Suite 300, 58 Park Avenue, New York City. It was determined that the building at that address was owned by the American-Russian Institute for which reason, apparently, background information of the American-Russian Institute was obtained and reported.

(b)(7)(c)

New York report 6-20-45
Re: [REDACTED]
Internal Security - R.
100-292259-150
(9)

[REDACTED]

(b)(7)(c)

~~SECRET~~

According to an MID report dated June 3, 1943, Baltimore, Maryland, the much advertised Soviet rally held at Carnegie Hall on Thursday evening, May 20, could be considered a failure. The audience was told that there was a conspiracy in the United States to alienate America and Russia. (S)

Lyman Stowe, a war correspondent with radical tendencies, was the chief speaker and Corliss Lamont acted as chairman. (S)

The report lists a number of individuals who permitted their names to be used as sponsors of this affair, some of which were characterized as just pink while others marked with an X were out and out Reds. The list of sponsors includes the name of Professor Robert S. Lynd which is not marked with an X. (S)

100-146964-64

(8)

The same information is set forth in an unidentified typewritten document dated at New York, New York, May 21, 1943, and bearing the caption "National Council of American - Soviet Friendship, Incorporated, 232 Madison Avenue, New York, New York."

100-146964-56

(7)

SI 100-146964-52

(7)

(6)(7)(C)

~~SECRET~~

The report designated below sets out a lead for New York City to, if deemed advisable, contact the subject's references [redacted] Columbia University, Dr. Robert Lynd, Columbia University [redacted] Columbia University, and Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, Union Theological Seminary, for information in their possession concerning the subject, his background, activities, and loyalty.

Washington, D. C. report
6-14-43. Re: [redacted]
was [redacted]
Custodial Detention-J"
100-58019-28
(10)

(6)(7)(C)

6/17/44

~~SECRET~~

Form 57 filed with the Civil Service Commission on June 23, 1944 by Sonia Steinman Gold listed as references, four individuals including Professor Robert S. Lynd, Columbia University. An additional application filed by Bela Gold December 14, 1943 listed as references:

Professor Robert S. Lynd, Columbia University, Professor [redacted] Columbia University, [redacted] Bureau of Agriculture Economics, Washington, D. C., [redacted] of Division of Program Surveys, [redacted] Kilgore Committee (on leave to U.S. Army), [redacted] Senate Office Building, [redacted] Kilgore Committee.

Washington, D. C. rpt. 3/28/46
Re: "Nathan Gregory Silvermaster
with aliases et al, Espionage-
65-56402-811, P. 27, 29
(9)

6/17/44

~~SECRET~~

The following is quoted from the report designated below:

*ROBERT STAUGHTON LYND

*Mr. Lynd exhibited United States special passport 30431 issued June 28, 1943, at Washington, and indicating that he was born on September 25, 1892 at New Albany, Indiana. He advised he is a consultant for the Office of War Information, and produced a letter dated June 15, 1943, appointing him and signed by Irving G. Juliber, personnel office. He stated that his home is at 75 Central Park, West, New York City, and that he was formerly a Professor at Columbia University, and is registered for Selective Service at Local Board 2, New York City".

New York report 10/9/43
*Passengers arriving Pan Am
NC-18606, Trip 3-182, New York
9/29/43, Foreign Travel Control
100-1403-358
(16)

(16)(17)

~~SECRET~~

A mail cover placed on July 17, 1943, indicated that Gerrard Eisler, 48-46 47th Street, Woodside, Long Island, received a piece of mail dated July 22, 1943, New York City, from American Investors Union, Incorporated, 10 East 40th Street, New York City.

The files of the New York Office indicated that the American Investors Union was then issuing a publication and in soliciting subscriptions for its publication had been supported by the Consumers Union, and that an indication had been received that this publication was backed by the Communist Party.

(b)(2)
(b)(7)(D)
The report further stated that the American Investors Union, Incorporated, was formed six or seven years prior to 1943 and according to information received from Confidential Informant [redacted] on September 30, 1942, the organization was Communist controlled.

Members of the Board of Directors of the organization were: John Bauer, Robert A. Brady, Paul Kern, Robert S. Lynd, Bernard [redacted], George Selnes, Robert K. Straus, and Colston E. Warne.

No source reported.
New York report 9/24/43, re: Gerrard Eisler, Internal Security - Security Matter".
100-32520-18
(8)

[redacted] (b)(7)(C)

~~SECRET~~

The report designated below states that there was attached a folder listing the aims and purposes of the National Officers of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated. Following this attachment is a list of persons under the caption "Sponsors" including the name Robert S. Lynd.

Original Source not reported
Los Angeles report 9/4/43
Re: "National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Incorporated"
Internal Security-R"
100-146964-84
(8)

617

(b)(7)(C)

X

In the latter part of 1943 or early 1944 Haakon Maurice Chevalier had in his possession a letter, a portion of which reads as follows:

"43 5th Avenue
New York
November 22, 1943

"Dear Bob:

"It is exactly three months since I left San Francisco, and I am still waiting around for that war job. The OWI is still a possibility. I have been cleared by the FBI, the Civil Service, the New York and Washington offices but there is an [redacted] (?) who has a final check who is holding me up. Elmer Davis is supposed to go to him directly to find out what the obstacle is, but weeks go by without any action. Meanwhile I have been busy working on a novel of Dali's, which is a tremendous job, and on a few things of my own.

"But I still want to turn all the turnable stones. I am going down to Washington next week, and I am wondering if you have any new ideas about people I should see. What about [redacted] and [redacted]. You mentioned writing one or both of them. I suppose I should look up [redacted] and [redacted]. I understand both the OSS and [redacted] Committee are developing and want people. If you have anything that would be helpful, would you write me either at this address, if there is time, or care of [redacted] Washington, D.C. I plan to go down there the 30th and stay about a week."

The remainder of this letter consists of comments about personal problems.

This report thereafter sets out in full the letter which is quoted in the following reference, dated November 27, 1943, addressed to "Dear Haakon" which, the report states, is believed to be in answer to the first letter.

New York report, 2/9/44,
Re: "Haakon Maurice Chevalier,
Internal Security-C".
100-18564-20
(18)

[redacted] (b)(7)(C)

X

~~SECRET~~

Teletypes from the San Francisco Office dated December 14 and 18, 1943, reflected that the Military Intelligence Service had advised that J. Robert Oppenheimer named Haakon M. Chevalier as the "professor" who approached Radiation Laboratory Project personnel at the University of California for secret information in behalf of George Charles Eltenton for the Russian government.

A confidential source furnished a letter, a portion of which is quoted as follows:

Berkeley, California
November 27, 1943.

"Dear Haakon:

"You should by all means look up [redacted] and [redacted]. I doubt if [redacted] will take many chances, but he might. Also, you might try looking up [redacted] over at the Food Distribution Administration of the Department of Agriculture. Watch your step with him - he talks more liberal than he is, but he will do something for me. Use that if you can. I would also look up [redacted] will know where he can be found. I believe he is with the Small Business Committee of the House. As you will go back to N. Y., look up: Bob Lynd at Columbia - you can talk very frankly with him. Also [redacted] who used to be with the Rockefeller group. Also, Bob Wohlforth of the Anti-Trust Division of the Department of Justice.

"I am a wee bit surprised at you. You seem to have put much stock in locating a Govt. job. But if you will recall I told you when the matter first came up that I thought it a rather forlorn hope - the reasons why, we need not discuss here...."

"Yours,
[redacted]

This letter was written on the letterhead of the University of California, Department of Economics.

104

~~SECRET~~