the twelve expelled spies from the PMW Union, and at the most did not include over fifteen to twenty members. On September 27, 1937, Elshoff announced that he would reopen Mine B. When the miners reported for work, Oscar Felcetti, the Mine Superintendent, refused to hire anyone except UMW Union members, stating that Elshoff had signed a closed contract with that Union on August 18, 1937. As a result it was impossible to reopen the Mine as only approximately twelve men admitted being UMW members. Thereafter the PMW Union picketed Mine B.

The National Labor Relations Board hald an election at Mine B on December 15, 1937, to determine which Union the employees desired. The PMW Union won this election by a wote of 404 to 25.

On December 13, 1937, just two days prior to the MIRB election, Elshoff again unsuccessfully attempted to reopen Mine B under the same circumstances as stated above, that is, on the basis of hiring only UMW members.

On January 4, 1938, just prior to the date the NIRB certified the PMW Union as the bargaining agent for Mine B, Elshoff again attempted to reopen Mine B, and as before, Oscar Falcetti refused to hire any except UMW Union members, with the result that there were not enough workers to operate the Mine. The UMW contended that the election of December 15, 1937, was fraudulent, however, and although the majority of the miners had been interviewed during this investigation, no evidence was uncovered to indicate that this was true.

On November 6, 1939, Elshoff reopened Mine B on an open shop basis. Investigation has disclosed that although members of both Unions were hired, it appears that UMM members were hired generally and as a matter of course, while many PMM members were turned down. Both prior and subsequent to the opening of the Mine, the officials of the PMW Union made frequent contact with Elshoff in an attempt to negotiate a contract. These conferences accomplished absolutely nothing, and it does not appear that there were any specific differences claimed by either the PMW Union or Elshoff with the exception of the former's demand that the alleged spies be prohibited from working at Nine B.

Investigation has also developed considerable evidence indicating that Elshoff and Oscar Falcetti, the Mine Superintendent, allowed UMW Organisers to openly solicit union membership on the premises of Mine B during working hours; however, they denied the same privilege to PMW Union Organisers, having previously obtained a court injunction during the time the Mine was closed prohibiting the PMW from entering Elshoff's property without permission. This injunction was secured at the time Elshoff attempted to reopen Mine B in December, 1937, and the mine was picketed by PMW members. No violence took place during this picketing, however.

R. Decline of Progressive Mine Workers Union Subsequent to November 6, 1939

As indicated above, evidence has been obtained to indicate that favoritism was employed in hiring UNW members in preference to PNW members by Oscar Falcetti, Superintendent of the Mine, at the time it reopened on November 6, 1939. Also, it was indicated above that Elshoff and Falcetti allowed the UNW Union to organize on the premises during the working hours, but the same privilege was denied the PNW Union. Under these circumstances the UNW Union constantly gained in membership, and after the middle of 1940, both Elshoff and the UNW Union changed their former attitude and indicated they desired the NIRB to hold another election to determine the bargaining agency for Mine B. The NIRB held an election to determine the bargaining agency on February 21, 1941, with the result that the UNW won the collective bargaining rights by a vote of 259 to 108. On March 6, 1941, the NIRB certified the UNW as the bargaining agent at Mine B. On March 14, 1941, just eight days later, Elshoff signed a closed contract with the UNW, having accomplished in eight days with that labor union what he had refused to do with the PNW Union.

A majority of the miners employed in Mine B on May 11, 1937, have been interviewed and a substantial majority of those interviewed indicated a present preference for the PMW Union and stated that they woted for the UMW Union at the last NIRB election on February 21, 1941, because they believed, in light of past experience, that in order to be able to work they had to belong to the UMW Union, it being clear that Elshoff would not sign a contract of any sort with the PMW Union. This would indicate that a great many employees at Mine B in 1937 were aware that they had suffered a deprivation of their rights, which it will undoubtedly be necessary to show in the trial of this case.

F. Mine & Transaction

On September 2, 1941, subject Elshoff purchased Nine A for \$60,000. It was common knowledge that this money was furnished by the UNW to Elshoff, Mine A is adjacent to Mine B and was owned by Milliam H. Hyan. It was temporarily shut down at the time of the sale. Prior to the opening of Mine A, rumors were prevalent that Elshoff would never reopen the Mine unless the employees changed from the PMW Union to the UNW Union. The employees did affiliate with the UNW and Elshoff immediately opened Mine A.

A majority of the employees of Mine A in 1941 have been interviewed in connection with this investigation, and a substantial majority indicated that they voted to change Union affiliation to the UMW believing that it was the only way to hold their jobs and keep Mine A in operation, in view of the fact that Elshoff had purchased the Mine with UMW money.

In this connection it is interesting to note that William H. Ryan

stated upon interview that early in 1937 subject Ray Edwardson, President of the UNW local at Springfield, approached him with a proposition to freese the PNW Union out of Mine A, but that he turned the proposition down flatly.

At the time Elshoff purchased Mine A he announced his intention to operate the Mine through a subterranean passage connected with Mine B, which would enable him to use employees of Mine B to operate the Mine. Many miners will be able to testify that this was a substantial factor in convincing the employees of Mine A that they should affiliate with the UNW of America.

G. Panther Creek Coal Mines Transaction

In the early part of 1942 Klahoff attempted to purchase the Panther Creek Coal Mines, Springfield, Illinois, which were operating under PAN contract, for \$400,000 cash. Mr. Robert C. Solomon, President of the Panther Creek Coal Mines, stated that although the negotiations were unsuccessful, it was assumed that inasmuch as Elshoff had no money of his own, the cash would be furnished by John L. Lewis and the UNN Union. The negotiations were unsuccessful

H. Miscellaneous Incidents

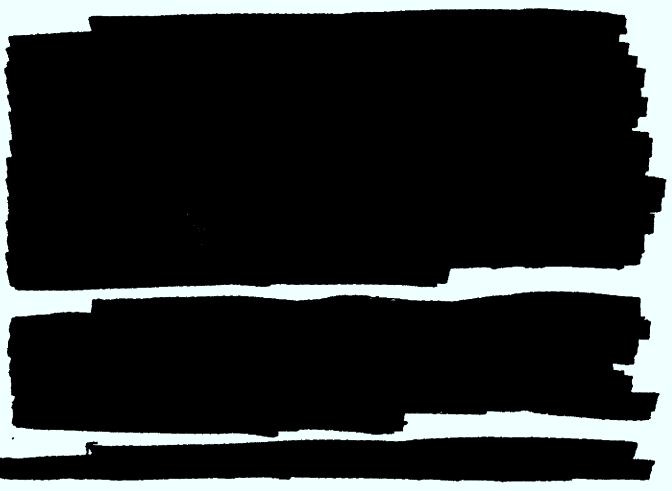
Numerous witnesses have been developed in this case who will be able to testify to numerous other incidents bearing on the alleged unfair labor practices indulged in by Elshoff against the PMW Union during the time he received from John L. Lewis. For example, it has been established that Lewis and a number of officials of the UMW Union are personally very friendly with Elshoff and met with him on numerous occasions. Also, during the time Mine B was shut down Elshoff bought brokerage coal from the Peabody Mines, Springfield, Illinois, at a very advantageous price arrangement. George W. Reed, Vice President of the Peabody Mines, has admitted that Ray Edmundson, President of the UMW Local at Springfield, suggested that the Peabody Company, which was organized under the UMW Union, take steps to sell brokerage coal to Elshoff in 1937; however, he denies that there was anything out of the way in the transaction. In selling brokerage coal, Elshoff had an outside source of income at the time Mine B was not in operation.

63

II. APPRAISAL OF CASE

A. Favorable Aspects of the Case

regarding Elshoff's attempted negotiations with the PMW Union from May, 1937 until 1941. It appears that the establishment of the facts regarding these negotiations and the attempts by Elshoff to reopen Mine B, as set forth above, will of themselves show that Elshoff acted arbitrarily in favor of the UNW Union and that the result of these transactions amounted to the freezing out of the PMW Union at Mine B, Springfield, Illinois. It is the Department's intention, of course, to contend that the activities of Elshoff from 1937 to 1941, constituted unfair labor practices in that they were a violation of the NIRA, which requires employer neutrality in union elections.



The fact that Elshoff accepted substantial payments from the UNE Union, granting what does not appear to be the case - that these payments were legitimate loans, will lead to the natural inference that Elshoff would not be unbiased in a labor dispute between the DAW and the PAW, which is required of him under the NIRA.

The fact that Klahoff purchased Mine & in 1941 with \$60,000 furnished by the UMW and attempted to purchase the Panther Creek Coal Mines in 1942 with UMW money, will land credence to the Department's contention that Elshoff acted as a front for the UNW in an attempt by that Union to gain control of key mines organized under the PMN Union in order to freeze out that organization.

Aspects Possibly Unfavorable to the Case

in this case took place between 1937 and May The payment 18, 1941. Unless it is said that the conspiracy in this matter extends through the Kine A and Panther Creek Coal Mines transactions, the Statute of Limitations will run in June, 1944. It is also noted that there have been very les cases of this type prosecuted under the Civil Rights Statutes. This fact, coupled with the age of the alleged Illegel activities, will undoubtedly be used by the defense to their benefit.

The defense will also undoubtedly stress the fact that from 1932 to 1937, members of the PMW Union engaged in violence with the UMW Union and the majority of the individuals convicted in Federal Court, as referred to above, during 198, were Par Manbers. In this regard the delense in this case will be able to point to many instances of violence and wrong doing on the part of the PMW members, who, the Government now alleges, have suffered a deprivation of their rights under the laws of the United States.

It should also be noted in this regard that the Department has recently indicated

the FBI will have to reconduct the investigation, and it is were possible that any of the individuals Awho talked freely

may claim the right to remain silent, claiming possible self-incrimination

with regard to the violation in this case.

Dates

To: Mr. Tom G. Clark Assistant Attorney General

From: J. Bigar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subjects JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL CIVIL RICHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Reference is made to our previous correspondence in the above-entitled case.

There are transmitted herewith for your information four copies of the report of Special Agent dated October 5, 1963, of Detroit, Michigan, in the above-entitled matter.

Inclosure

hy.

RECORDED

44-845 -154

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OCT 16 1943

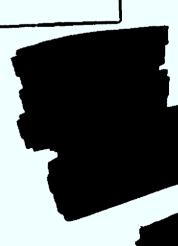
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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14-845 10/18/43 Date: Assistant Attorney General Ten C. Clark J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Buresu of Inv To: From JOHN L. LINIS, ET AL CIVIL RIGHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE Subjects Reference is made to our previous correspondence in the above There are transmitted herewith for your information four copies entitled case. 1943, at Springfield, Illinois, in the above entitled matter. it F.CORDE 44.845. FEDERAL BUREAU OF !"VESTIGATION 007 20 1343 U. S. DEP. ATMENT OF JUSTICE Mr. E. A. Tamm.
CURN.URB. ATIONS SECTION. W. 6.4 13031 S DEPT OF MISTICE PLEAT Mr. Coffey_ Mr. Glavin_ Mr. Rosen FEDERAL BURGAT OF BASE MATION Mr. Nichola U. S. DEFARIATION OF 108" Mr. Carson_ Mr. Harbo_ Mr. Hendon_ Mr. Mumford_ Mr. Starke__ Mr. Quinn Tamm_ Mr. Nesse_ Miss Gandy_

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Sustice

Springfield, Illinois October 15, 1943

Director, FBI

Re: JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL. CIVIL RIGHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

Dear Sir:

Transmitted herewith are the Bureau's copies of the report of Special Agent dated at Springfield, Illinois October 15, 1943.

On several recent occasions Special Agents have conferred with United States Attorney HOWARD L. DOYLE at his request. These conferences were in the nature of informal conversations concerning general aspects of the case. On one occasion Er. DOYLE advised that while he was in Washington, D. C. about two weeks ago the Attorney General informed him specifically, in the presence of various attorneys of the Department, that this was DOYLE's case and that he was entirely responsible for the case.

hevertheless it appears that any action DOYLE may intend to take will be contingent upon instructions he receives from the Department. On October 11, 1943 DOYLE advised that he had received a letter over the signature of FRANK COLEMAN, Special Assistant Attorney General, advising that COLEMAN would be in Springfield on October 12th or 13th to assist DOYLE in proceeding with prosecution. However the letter indicated that COLEMAN was to have a final conference with TOM CIARK, Assistant Attorney General, before leaving Washington and DOYLE telephonically contacted CLARK on October 11th to ascertain the results of this conference. He stated CLARK informed him that the case was still under discussion in the Department and they were trying to arrive at a conclusion as to whether the evidence warranted proceeding with prosecution. DOYLE said that CLARK suggested to him that he discuss with Agents of this office the statements which had been made under oath

A discussion was had with DOYLE concerning these statements. The, wie, \$610RECORDED

Mr. DOYLE has not thus far requested this office to take any! investigative steps in this matter but in the event he should make any Id requests for investigation he will be informed that instruction 22 nished this office require that requests for investigation be cleared, through the Bureau headquarters in Washington, D. C. It is suggester

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Director, FBI

that in the event it is the intention of the Department that Mr. DOYLE should have authority to request investigation, this office should be advised immediately to that effect.

Very truly yours,

FRED HALLFORD SAC.

Encl.

RECURDED

44-845 - /5 (Date: October 20, 1943

To:

....

SAC, Springfield

From:

J. Migar Moover - Director, Pederal Bureau of Investigation

Sobjects

JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL CIVIL RICHTS AND DOMESTIC VEGLANCE

Reference is made to your letter dated Detober 15, 1943, in the above entitled matter, advising that Mr. Howard L. Doyle, United States Attorney, Springfield, Illinois, stated he was responsible for this case.

In this regard, in the event you receive a request for certain investigation from Mr. Doyle, you should accept the request for investigation; however, it id desired that you immediately inform the Bureau in order that the Bureau can promptly advise the Department of the request made and the fact that investigation will be conducted in accordance with the desires of Mr. Doyle unless advised to the contrary.

AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY

Mr. To	lson	_		
Mr. E.	A. Tamm	a		
Mr. Cl	est	_		
Mr. Co	ffey			
Mr. Gl	avin			
Mr. La	dd Loc	MINUNICATIO	WE SECTION	1
Mr. Ni	chol#	miniontox HC	MO SECTION	1
Mr. Ro		_ MAIL	ED 15	1
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44-845 10/22/43

rested in the attached espice (I thought you would be inte paper articles which appeared in the Bashington Times Herald and the New York Daily Mirrer on October 19, 1943. You will note that the nompeper articles allege that Bay Schumdson, President of the Illinois United Mine Workers, Springfield, Illinois, charged that seasons in Washington was tapping the telephones of the United Mine Werkers Union and his home telephone. The articles also indicate Educadeco stated that as a result of this practice, it was necessary to establish an "underground year express" system of sommunication among United Mine Workers officials.

As you know, this Bureau has conducted an investigation at your request of the allegation that John L. Lewis and curtain other officers of the United Mine Workers of America, and Carl E. Lishell, owner of Mine B, Springfield, Illinois, conspired during the years 1937 to 1941 in violation of the civil rights statutes to injure and oppress Elshoff's employees in the free exercise of the rights secured to them under the Mational Labor Melations Act. to Elshoff during It was also alleged that Louis paid the years 1937 to 1941 with the intent to impose Manori to impose unfair labor practices upon his employees, who were at that time members of the rivel union, the Progressive Mine Northern Union.

I thought the allegations unde by May Educations, as set forth in the attached copies of nempeper articles, should be brought to your attach tion so that there would not be any misunderstanding in the matter, immunica as there has been no technical surveillance of any kind employed by this Bureau in the investigation of this case.

Mespectfully, BENT PRON D. O. **EECORDED** INDEXED

Harbo_ Mr. Hendon_ Mr. Mumford Mr. Starke_ Mr. Quinn Tamm Mr. Nesse Miss Gandy

New Deal Accused 2 Of Tapping UMW Wires TP.S.) Charging that "somebody in Washington is tapping our office telephones and my home phone."

Ray Edmundson president of Himois United Mine Workers. Index he will establish an "un cround pony express" system of cials.

He declined to explain the "pony sthed but asserted that

express" method, but asserted that it would be used to transmit important messages.
"Washington Gestano force has compelled the mine workers in so back to the pony express." Ed. muridson charged.

1001 1 1 1943 ENCLOSURE

44-845-15 HERALD

WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD

Strikers Claims,
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 18
UP).—Illinois officials of the
United Mine Workers said today they have an "underground"

system of communication because the Government has
tapped our phone wires.

Ray Edmundson, Illinois
UMW president, said the
Washington gestapo has compelled the mine workers to go
ack to the pony express sysem.

He declined to disclose demils.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clogg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Acers
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Humford
Mr. Starke
Mr. Cuivu Tamm
Mr. Neese

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The New York Daily Mirror October 19, 1943 2,1

ENCLOSURE 44-845 1:



44-845

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice **Bashington**, **B. C.**

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Mr. Tolson_ Mr. E. A. Tamm_

Mr. Clegg_

Mr. Glavin

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Carson_ Mr. Coffey

Mr. Hendon_ Mr. Kramer

Mr. McGnire_ Mr. Harbo

Tele. Room_ Mr. Nesse

Miss Beahm_

Miss Gandy__

Mr. Quinn Tamm

October 22, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL CIVIL RIGHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

There are attached for your information articles which appeared in the Vashington Times Herald and the New York Daily Kirror on October 19, 1943. These articles bear the date line Springfield, Illinois, October 18, 1943, and set forth the allegation made by Ray Edmundson, President of the United Mine Workers Union, Springfield,

Illinois, that "somebody in Washington is tapping our office telephones and my home phone." Edmundson continued by stating, according to these articles, that as a result of this practice, the UMW will establish an *underground pony express" system of communication among UNW officials. The article in the Times Herald newspaper also contained the statement attributed to Edmundson that "Washington Gestapo force has compelled the mine workers to go back to the pony express."

The allegations of Edmundson, as set forth in the attached newspaper articles, are, of course, absolutely false, as there have not been any technical surveillances of any kini employed in the investigation of this case and none are contemplated. In view of the nature of the allegations made by Edmundson, I thought the Attorney General should be appropriately informed of the falsity of Edmundson's charges.

As you know, the Bureau has conducted an extensive investigation in the captioned matter at the express request of the Attorney Ceneral to determine if John L. Lewis and officials of the UMW Union, together with Carl H. Elshoff, owner of Kine B, Springfield, conspired in violation of the civil rights statutes to injure and oppress Elshoff's employees in the free exercise of the rights secured to them under the National Labor Relations Act. As you to Elshoff during the know, it was alleged that Lewis paid years 1937 to 1941, with the intent to induce Elshoff to impose unfair labor practices upon his employees who were at that time members of the rival union, A the Progressive Mine Workers of America COORDED

ACTION RECOMMENDED:

(-35INDEXFD There is attached for your approval a menorandum to the Attorney General, giving him copies of the attached newspaper articles sand 26 daming him that absolutely no technical surveillances have been used in this case.

Respectfully

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FOR VICTORY BUY

Consideration of a first that the second of the second

D. M. Ladd

44-845 10/25/43

ž,

Date:

Assistant Attorney General Ton C. Clark

J. Edgar Moover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation To: From

JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL Subject:

CIVIL RICHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Reference is made to the previous reports submitted to the Criminal Division in the above entitled case, your file number 144-10.

10 3410E

For your information, there are transmitted herewith four copies 1943, at San Francisco, California, in the above entitled matter.

To closure !

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EECORDER FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION OCT 27 1943 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

THINIUNICATIONS SECTION AILED 11 OCT 25 1943 P.M. HAL BURFASS OF INVESTIGATION

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44-845 10/29/43 Dates

Assistant Attorney Denoral Tom C. Clark

Promi

J. Edgar Moover - Exrector, Pederal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL

CIVIL RIGHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

heference is made to our previous correspondence in the above of titled matter, your file number 144-10.

there are transmitted becarith for your information four copies of the report of Special Agent dated October 28, 1943, at Washington.
D. C., together with four sopies of the report of Special Agent dated October 29, 1943, at Indianapelia, Indiana, in the emptioned matter.

Investigation is continuing in this matter, according to your request, and it is anticipated that who is mentioned in the enclosed report of Special Agen! will be interviewed in the very mear future. He is reportedly at present attending a CIO Convention at Philadelphia. Pennsylvania. Spon the receipt of a report reflecting the interview of sopy will be promptly forwarded to you.

Englos

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION MA LED OCT 29 1943 P.M. COLRAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION D. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Michail Tracy Harbo

T. DEKE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION OCT 30 1943 U. S. DEPATTICHT



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT NUMBER OF JUNE 1CE

MOVEMBER 1, 1943

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to: SPRINGFIELD

JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL, CROV. HE REPORT OF SA OCTOBER PIFTERETH LAST, AT SPRINGFIELD. EXPEDITE COMPLETION OF UNDEVELOPED READS AND SUBMIT REPORT PROMPTLY.

DOVER

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Mr. Tolson_ Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Closs. Mr. Coliny_ U. S. HEPASTRENT OF JUSTICE Mr. Harbo_ COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Mr. Henden Mr. Mumferd Mr. Starke_ Mr. Quinn Tamm

44-845 11/2/43

Dates

To: Mr. Ton C. Clark
Assistant Attorney General

Prom: J. Migar Moover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Wibject: JOHN L. LEXIS, et al

GIVIL RIGHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Reference is made to previous correspondence in the above-entitled matter, your file, lik-10. There are transmitted Executin for your information, four copies of the following reports:

Report of Special Agent dated Ostober 28, 1943, at Springfield, Illinois, in the above ease.

Report of Special Agent dated October 29, 1943, et Kansas City, Missouri, in the above case.

Investigation is continuing concerning G. Love Grant, an attorney employed by UNCF, in accordance with your recent request. A report covering this matter is expected in the very near future and upon its receipt by this Bureau it will be promptly forwarded to you.

COMMODIFICATIONS SECTION

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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Mumford
Starke

38 NOV 9 1943

44-845 11 11/1/43

Date

To: Assistant Attorney General Tom C. Clark

From: J. Highr Mover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subjects JOHN L. TEWIS, ET AL CIVIL RICHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

Reference is made to our previous correspondence in the above entitled matter, your file number 144-10.

There are transmitted herewith for your information four copies of the report of Special Agent dated October 29, 1943, at Eashington, D. C., in the above entitled matter.

Enclosure Bu

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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The

IDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ALITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTI

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Movember 2, 1943

Transmit the following message to:

SAC, LITTLE ROCK

JOHN L. LEWIS, ET AL, CHOV. HE REPORT OF SA DATED OCTOBER THENTY-EIGHT, MINETERN MUNDRED FORTY-THREE, AT SPRINGFILLD, ILLINOIS. DESIRED THAT LITTLE ROCK COVER LEADS IMMEDIATELY AND SUBMIT REPORT.



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44-845 10/22/43

TON C. GLAN

CIVIL RIGHTS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent dated October 15, 1943, at Springfield, Illinois, in the above captioned matter, copies of which were forwarded to the Department on October 18, 1943.

Ton will note that this report indicates that Arents of the Springfield Office of this Bureau contacted

for any information he might have regarding this ease, and once he certified to answer any questions whatevever, stating that he had been ordered by attorney Arthur Pitsgerald of Springfield to say nothing to any Agent of this Bureau. The above mentioned report indicates that have had a special deputy sheriff at the time of the strike at Kine B, Springfield, Illinois, in 1937, and was reported to have had his commission card taken easy from him by his superior afficer upon the receipt of complaints that the favoring the United Kine Workers Union. The report also indicates that this allegation is apparently correct.

In view of plantance to give information voluntarily in this case, it is suggested that you might desire to have subposensed before a grand jury in this matter in order that the information in his possession might be secured.

Tolson

M

Movember 5, 1943

44-845

SAC, Springfield

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RE: JOHN L. LEVIS, RT AL GIVIL RICHTS AND DOWNSTIC VIOLENCE

Dear Sire

Reference is made to our previous correspondence and to the reports that have been submitted in this case.

For your information the Griminal Mivision of the Department of Justice has submitted a manorandum to the Sureau advising that the facts involved in the above entitled matter have been theroughly considered and no further investigation is presently necessary. In view of the epinion empressed by the Department, further investigation in this case will not be necessary and the matter should be placed in a closed status.

Perry truly yours,

John Edgar Hover Mirestor

ec Little Rock

ATR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIBATION
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II. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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JOHN EDGAR HOOVER



Sederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Mashington, B. C. October 21, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. D. M. LAD John L. Lewis et al Civil Rights and

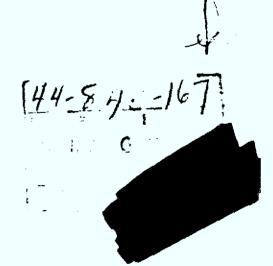
At this time SAC Hallford while talking to the Bureau on other matters also talked to agent h my office relative to this case and asked whether there were any new developments inasmuch as the Springfield Office had completed everything except a few very minor and inconsequential leads. SAC Hallford said he had been keeping two men special on the case.

Domestic Violence

In response to his question, I indicated to him that we could see no reason for disagreeing with him, that if he felt he could take the Agents off the case and utilize them to better advantage on other cases he should do so. They are assigned to the Springfield Office. He indicated he would proably do this.

In addition, he indicated that USA Doyle has not received any specific instructions from the Department, although he has been told indicated to that he is in complete charge of the case. Agent Mr. Hallford that no advice had been received from the Department relative to what action would be taken by it and the case as far as the Bureau is concerned at present is in status quo.

Respectfully,





CC-287

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Glavia_ Mr. Ladd

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Tracy_

Mr. Carson.

Mr. Coffey_ Mr. Hendon Mr. Kramer Mr. McGuire_

Mr. Harbo_ Mr. Quinn Tamm,

Tele, Room

Mr. Nease_

Miss Beahm

Mr. R. A. Tamm Mr. Clege_

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Springfield, Illinois THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT 10/29/43 INITANAPOLIS, INDIAN TE IE, PAY ED THUSOF, TALTER J. STAMES. CIVIL RIGETS AND DOMESTIC Officials of the United line Norkers of America; CATL H. GRLSHOFF, owner of ine "B", Springfield, VIOLENCE Illinoise JOHN L. LEIS was president of the United Labor ank and Trust Company, Indianapolis, Indiana. SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: This bank was incorporated under the laws of Indiana and voluntarily liquidated in November of 1932. Articles of dissolution filed with the secretary of state 4/18/45. - RUC -Letter from the Springfield Field Division PEFF'E'C: dated 10/25/43. The Indianapolis Field Division was advised by DETAILS: reference letter that JOHN L. LETS appeared in Incianspolis, Indiana between August 9, and August 15, 1943 in connection with the voluntary liquidation affairs of the United Labor Bank and Trust Company

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of which he was president. It was requested that this office determine if instant trust company was doing business between 1937 and 1941.

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was interviewed on Uctober 28, 1943. He advised that the United Labor Bank and Trust Company of which JOHN L. LEWIS was president was sold to the Indianapolis Clearing House Bank on October 51, 1932 and went into

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liquidation on November 23, 1932.

produced records regarding the United Labor Bank and Trust Company, incorporated under the laws of the State of Indiana.

The records reflect that on November 23, 1932, on receipt of a petition filed by more than 80% of the stock holders of the United Labor Bank and Trust Company the Directors were ordered to liquidate their affairs. One Hundred Thousand Dollars was loaned by the Indianapolis Clearing House association for this purpose. By Povember 30, 1912, all the liabilities of the bank except liabilities to stockholders and all depositors had been paid in full.

On October 7, 1935, the Union Trust Company, as trustee for the Clearing House notified the United Labor Bank and Trust Company that the \$100,000.00 loan had been paid in full, and returned certain unliquified assets to the United Labor Dank and Trust Company.

On October 7, 1915, FLOYD C. BELL, 1514 merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Indiana, was appointed as agent to receive unliquified assets and to distribute them equally to stockholders. Articles of dissolution were filed with the secretary of state April 13, 1945.

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