Rederal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Justice 607 U. S. Court House Foley Square

Mew York, N. Y.

RAG: AWT

October 14, 1940

Mr. Egus

Mr. Nichola

Mr. Treez

Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs

On October 10, 1940, at about 5:00 P.M., elled and furnished the contents of a telegram dated October 10, 1940, addressed to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

In addition he also outlined the contents of three other telegrams which are indicated below. These telegrams were read to the Receptionist in this office by

The telegram to Mr. Hoover is as follows: "You are buyable and sellable. O- D- you get off that chair you are sitting in or I will scalp you. Get going. This telegram was signed by

filed three subsequent messages. The first to Eleanor Roosevelt, Hyde Park, New York, from the Dixie Bus Termal at 7:49 A.W. The contents are as follows: "Get off that paper or I will crash Rockland on you. If I see your column in print again I will have you scalped for it." This was also signed

The second message was to Mayor LaGuardia. "At Rockland they told me they would see me later, see me now or I will take a scalp for it. The law has been here since 1776." Also signed рJ

RECORDED & IND The third message was to Commissioner and Coldwater Hew York City. Contents as follows: "Your Rockland, I will scalp you for it. God owns water and earth what right have you to to deny water to persons who want it. also signed 1), S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Fee Senny CONTRA DESTROY Get 88

Director

Merely for the purpose of determining the identity of the necessary inquiries will be made by this office and you will be subsequently advised.

l Agent in Charge.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

orm No. 1 'HIS CASE ORIGINATED /	BOSTON, MASSACHUSET	ቦታዊ	FILE NO.	100-6684 MEM
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR	REPORT MADE BY	
BOSTON, MASS.	12/5/45	10/15,16,24, 29; 11/6,7,8		
COLLUNIST INF	FILTRATION OF CIO INDUS	9/45	INTERNAL SECUI	HITY - C
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS /// /. REFERENCE:	Officers of Western reported. HERBERT's for public office. in Maine. Officers CIO woted to endorse Anti-Fascist Refugee ted a rally on Bosto Communists joined as Officers of Worceste Minutes of the CIO m FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVEL Citizens AO, Boston COMMUNICATION OF Special Ag 1945.	SALTER, alleged Shipbuilders Un of Massachusett Spanish refuge Committee. The n Common, Septe part of their or Industrial Un meeting in June Tapoke at meet	Communist, was onion joined CIO (to CIO listed. It is appeal of the ne Massachusetts ember 8, 1945, in Labor Day celebration Council reported.	endidate council lassachusetts Joint CIO conduc- which the ation. orted. Mrs. etts
DETAILS:	Special Agent persons are officers Union Council:	reporte	d that the follo	wing ndustrial
	President	Clothing	REENBERG, Amalga Workers of Amer	ica, CIO,
	Vice-Presiden	t JOHN C.). Electric	Massachusetts DINEEN, Jr., Uni al Workers, CIO, rchard, Massachu	ted (
FORWARDED	Bracial Agent to Change	100-32	111916 2	#a(U)
5 Bureau	OF THIS REPORT	SEC 8		1711/21 10 200

Special Agent reported that informants have advised him that the major activities of the Council do not indicate Communist or other radical character. However vice president, is reported to be a member of the Communist Party.

The Worcester Industrial Union Council sponsored a large outdoor outing on September 3, 1945, at which Congressman PHILIP J. WHILEIN was a guest speaker. The informant reported that members of the Communist Party in the audience were not in accord with PHILBIN's speech and were, in fact, critical of the way the affair was conducted.

AT BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

The Massachusetts Citizens Political Action Committee held a meeting at the Hotel Copley Plaza on October 31, 1945, at which Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT was a guest speaker. Other speakers included the Reverend STEPHEN H. FRICKMAN, an alleged Communist. Among the sponsors were J. WILLIAM BEIANGER, Reverend DONALD GOTHOTHROP, Mass FLORENCE H. INSCOMB, Professor H. O. MATHIESSEN, RICHARD L. ZEDSALL, Professor DIRK J. STRUIK, who are either members of the Communist Party or followers of the Communist Party line.

RITCHMAIL

- PRNDING -

Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Bepartment of Justice Washington, B. C.

March 3, 1943

Mr. Glavin_ Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols_ Mr. Carson

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Clegg_

Mr. Hendon_ Mr. Kramer . - > Mr. McGuire_

Mr. Barbo_

Mr. Quinn Tamm___ Tele. Room_ Mr. Nesss__

Mr. E. A. Tamm_

C-287

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE DIRECTOR

RE:

Miss Beahm_ In connection with the investigation relative to Miss Gandy___ which was initiated at the request of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt because of communications which Mrs. I feel that you Roosevelt received from would like to know the complete facts relative to the allegations in her most recent communication to and inferences made by

At the outset I would like to point out that the letter of February 25, from Miss Malvina C. Thompson, secretary to Mrs. Roosevelt, transmitted papers which had submitted to Mrs.

Roosevelt in connection with matter. These were transmitted in response to the Bureau's request of February 24.

At the top of the enclosures was an exact pencilled copy of the Bureau's letter to Mrs. Roosevelt dated January 6. A photostatic copy of the enclosures is attached as the originals are being returned. to Mrs. Roosevelt. Directly underneath the pencilled copy of the letter referred to are observations and inferences made by from one to fourteen. The substance of these is set out by number and the facts developed during the investigation are also set out to show the inaccuracy of the observation.

in substance states that she cannot understand the reply to Mrs. Roosevelt indicating that persons contacted during the course of the inquiry have expressed the opinion that the entertains no sentiments inimical to the internal security of our country. She alleges that Agents of the Bureau obtained affidavits from and carried them back to the Department of

Justice. She states this was admitted to her by of the body pinker in Philadelphia was admitted to was interviewed by Agents and advised that early called at his office and presented a letter which on separate occasions.

revictory Facts. in January

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Mrs. Roosevelt.

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she stated was signed by Mrs. Roosevelt. She arvised him she was a close friend of Mrs. Roosevelt and was calling as a representative of Mrs. Roosevelt to inquire concerning and the article that appeared in Westbrook Pegler's column concerning working conditions at the Baldwin Plant. told Agents that he advised that the FBI makes numerous inquiries of him on various occasions and any contacts made by the FBI with him are considered strictly confidential by him and, therefore, he told her he was unable to give her any information regarding her request. was interviewed in connection with the matter solely as to any knowledge of pro-Nazi activities on the part of and Lowenfels advised that he conducted no inquiries relative to the same but based his article in The Worker, Sunday edition of the Daily Morker, December 20, 1942, on affidavits turned over to him by union officials.

Mr. Hoover could make the statements that he did in the letter to
Mrs. Roosevelt since neither Mr. Hoover nor mentioned above
knew "where is working now." She stated that she had found
out that was working at the

Facts. Inquiries made by Agents at the disclose that is not employed there at this time nor has he ever been employed there. Investigation reveals that is, in fact, now employed at the

inquires why the Bureau did not oursue further the story that had been fired from the activities and that he was told "not to come back into Delaware" because of "Bund activity."

Facts. The investigation at the was employed there continuously from June 4, 1940, until January 20, 1942, when he resigned voluntarity. Personnel officials advise that the would be considered for reemployment. In this connection a notation appeared in the personnel file that would not be considered for reemployment; however, the personnel officials at the advise they cannot understand how that statement appeared in the files as they would consider in the event he reapplied. Further, there was no evidence of any bund activities of specifically developed during the complete investigation.

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13. asks "kny did I receive a registered letter from Gloucester, New Jersey, on the 17th of January when I never knew anyone in Gloucester? How did get possession of my name and address? Did Hoover have a photostat made of my second letter to Mrs. Roosevelt? Why did he suddenly send my name up to Philadelphia for income tax investigation within the last two weeks?"

Facts. intimates that sent her a registered letter from Gloucester, New Jersey. There is no evidence of this disclosed through the investigation and although Agents did not ask whether he sent such a letter stated, "I have never written any letters to any persons to the effect that I am being investigated by the FEI." stated the only letters he had written for months were the letter to Pegler and a letter to the "Runor Clinic" of the Philadelphia Enquirer. In addition it is pointed out that was never employed at the New York Shipbuilding Company in Gloucester, New Jersey, as claims she was advised but on the contrary he went from to the infers that this Eureau might have had a photostat made of her second letter to Ers. Roosevelt and the additional inference appears to be that it was made and transmitted to This is, of course, absolutely false and it is not believed that she has anything but a motive to discredit the investigation made by this Bureau in making such a statement. In addition, it is pointed out that confidential informant gave information that exhibited a copy or your letter to Mrs. Roosevelt dated at a meeting of prominent Communists held on the evening of at the home of in New York City and made derogatory statements concerning you wrich she attributed to the President and Mrs. Roosevelt. . With regard to the allegation that her name was sent by the Bureau to Philadelphia for income tax investigation, there is no foundation whatsoever for this allegation.

14. Response inquires why the Bureau sent the Washington column of Westbrook Pegler to the President instead of the column which appeared in the Philadelphia Enquirer.

Facts. This was sent because it was the one most immediately available and, of course, it is presumed that since his column is syndicated it will appear the same in all newspapers. In addition, there do not appear to be any variances between the material published in the Washington

also furnished Mrs. Roosevelt with a copy of the article of Pegler which appeared in the Philadelphia Enquirer and made

the remark that it is interesting to compare record (as she sets it forth) with the "superficial report of the Department of Justice." She also states, "The Department is undoubtedly efficient in catching men with bombs but not the men like this."

These observations are, of course, personal opinions of unsupported by any facts quoted by her, and the only conclusion that can be drawn is that she in this manner attempts to discredit the impartial and unbiased investigations made by the Bureau.

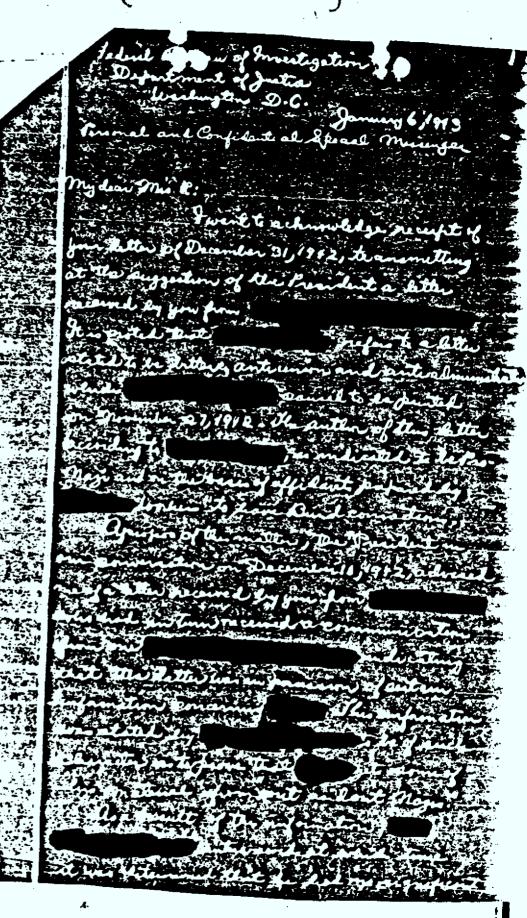
Respectfully,

D. M. Ladd

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Attachment

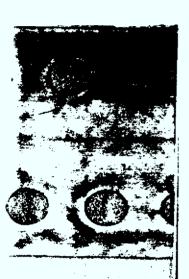


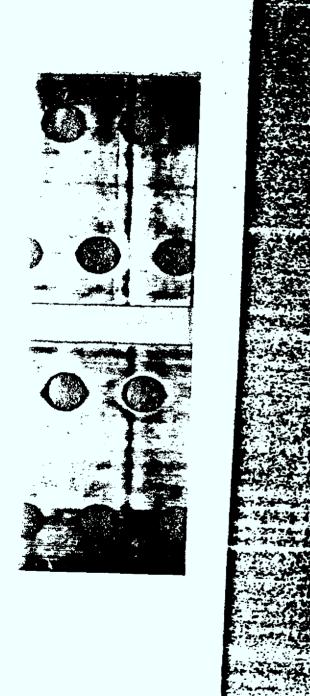


dete t offer apart from the fect that while employed by the in Kenle delflue Berne. some of the employees of the company indicated that another employer stated to be pro-nazi had boarted of leaving within a letter while seared in Roglin column observed that the particular article by Pagen which incorporated the letter rigned a Tank worker appeared during the latter port of november 1942 in a Kluba depli resident commideration a ca

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could be possed on production other parts of the plant. It might be noted that Harcha has ad mitted of uniter a letter to west brook

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THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS

INCOMMENT FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNAY OF JEHRAL MINUSEL BEROE

P. S. MCIAUGHLIN INTERVAL SECURITY

An individual advised to Arent of the Burcauts Caint Caul, Minnesota, Office that I had made the statement that Secretary of State Cordell Hull was responsible for the tragedy at Pearl Harbor, and that I'r. Hill should be jut up against the wall and shot. The informant had also stated that Vice Fresident further advised that Wallace is connected with a group of anarchists and that the. Franklin D. Recovered is a Communist. According to this informant, has been heard to state on several occasions that Har Bonds are no good and that a person is foolish to buy them.

Innamich as this individual is an employee of the United States Covernment, your advice is requested as to whether an investi-

Mr. E. A. Tamm_ Mr. Clegg	Very truly yours,
Mr. Coffey	# !!
Mr. Glavin	#E(%) #E(%
Mr. Nichols	John Edgar Hoover
Mr. Rosen	Director 200
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Barbo et de State HS as Charles	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Mr. McGuire	
Mr. Mumford (p. 9 p. 1943 F.M	
Mr. Piper	\sim
Mr. Quinn Tamm Contract Space and Track	The state of the s
Mr. Nosso Standy Miss Gandy	

Federal Bureau of Ann 🥣 United States Department of Instice 404 Hear To Building Sw. radi, inneseta July 7, 1943 Director, FDI Re: INTERIAL SECURITY PATTER Dear Sir: recently advised an Agent of this office has made the statement that Secretary HULL was responsible for the tragedy at rearl larbor and that eller should be put up against a wall and shot. The informant further advised that also stated that Vice President WALLIEE is connected with a group of anarchists and that Irs. FAMLIN D. CEEVALT is a Communist. The informant further stated that on several occasions stated that war bonds are no good and that a person is foolish to buy them. In view of the fact that the above charges involve an employee of the U. S. Government, no investigation is being conducted by this office in the absence of instructions from the Burcau. It should be noted that this information was furnished to this office by in the strictest of confidence and if at all possible, he should be protected in any investigation conducted in this natter: TECORMAN Very truly yours, 100-2/53/2-1 1,4

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HER:LEF

CHODES

Special Agent in Charge

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Op. 6

AMERICAN C ANIZATIONS REQUEST INVESTIGATION

Organizations which have officially requested a public investigation of the Youngstown, Ohio, office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service include:

National Union of Marine Cooks and Stewards; National Lawyers Guild; United Rubber Workers, Local 61, Erie, Pa.; American Slav Congress of Greater St. Louis, Ma.; Finnish American Mutual Aid Society, Berkeley, Galit.; United Packinghouse Workers, Local 11, Boston; United Automobile Workers, Local 208, Detroit; National Maritime Union; United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers, District Council 6, Pittsburgh; Joint Board Fur Dressers' and Dyers' Unions of New York: Lithuanian Women's Progressive Club. Detroit; National Council. Americans of Croatian Descent; Dalmatian Club, Detroit; Nature Friends of America: United Shoe Workers of America. Joint Council 13: Bulgarian Club, Detroit; Progressive Women's Club, Akron, Ohio.

YOU CAN HELP

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- 1. Write to Hon, Ugo Carusi, United States Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization. Philadelphia 2, Paprotesting the attempt to terrorize the Yugoslav-American community in Farrell, Pa.
- If you belong to an organization, have your organization go on record condemning this discrimination. (A Draft Resolution will be sent to you on request.)
- Order a quantity of this folder for distribution among your friends and the members of your organization. (190 for \$5; 200 for \$8; 500 for \$15.)
- 4. Contribute—and get your friends and neighbors and any organization to which you may belong to contribute to the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born to help the Committee carry on its work in defense of the democratic rights of foreign-horn citizens and non-citizens.

	American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born 23 West 26th Street, New York 10, N. Y.					
	☐ I have sent a Jetter to Commissioner Carusi pro- testing the attempted terrorization of the Yugo- day-American community in Farrell, Pa.					
	Delcase send me a Draft Resolution for my organization.					
	Enclosed find 8 for additional copies of your special folder on Farrell, Pa. (100 for \$5; 200 for \$8; 500 for \$15; 1,000 for \$25).					
	Enclosed find \$ as a contribution for the work of the American Committee in defending the democratic rights of passerdical cities and					
([[CETVED /-26-48	سرا				
<u>-</u>	RAPORESI IND 426	d				
-						
_	CITY, ZONE, STATE					
L	AG- Z					

ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

MARY MCLEOD BETHUNE

JOYCE BORDEN BALOKOVIO

ALICE STONE BLACKWEL

and others

PROTEST

ATTEMPTED TERRORIZATION

OF YUGOSLAV-AMERICANS

IN FARRELL, PA.

100-1046-324

What Does "Terrorization Of "Jav-Americans In Farrell, Pennsylvania, Mean To You?

Any attempt to deprive foreign-born Americans of their rights is an attack on American democracy. The attempted terrorization of an entire community of 18,000 people—by seeking to intimidate naturalized citizens and non-citizens—can establish a dangerous pattern for spreading hysteria and discrimination against all Americans.

THIS IS WHAT HAPPENED

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On January 16, 1947. Frank Berkovich, one of the leaders of the Yugoslav-American community in Farrell, was called to the Youngstown. Ohio, office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. On January 20, Anton Evakich was called.

CITIZENS THREATENED

In Youngstown, Berkovich—a citizen since 1940—and Evakich—a citizen since 1927—were each questioned for 3 hours. They were insulted by insinuating questions concerning their private lives. They were harangued. They were harangued that, unless they cease their progressive activities in the Yugoslav-American community, their American citizenship would be revoked.

NON-CITIZENS TERRORIZED

Other Yugoslav-Americans in Farrell also face difficulties and threats when they seek to become American

Many non-citizens are told plainly that they will not the content of their membership in the Aria Singing Society, the Croatian American Civic Club, or local branches of the Croatian Fraternal Union and the International Workers Order.

Applicants for citizenship are told that their membership in these organizations—which is their only social, chilingly and Iraternal activity—makes them ineligible for American citizenship. They are told that, if they contribute to Yugoslav relief (to help their own families in warsdevastated Yugoslavia), they will not become citizens. They are told that, unless they publicly oppose the present Yugoslav government, they will not become citizens.

The Immigration and Naturalization Service is seeking to terrorize the entire Yugoslav-American community in Farrell. This campaign violates the constitutional rights of those non-citizens seeking to become American citizens and endangers the democratic rights of all of the people in the United States.

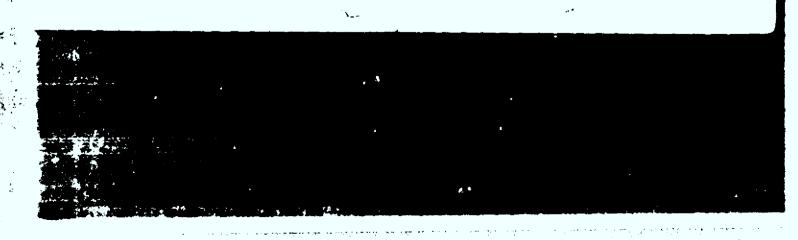
AMERICAN WOMEN ACT

From an Open Letter to the Hon. Ugo Carusi, United States Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization

"We, the undersigned, wish to protest the action of the Youngstown, Ohio, office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service in seeking to prevent the naturalization of Mrs. Catherine Jurenovic and Mrs. Bertha Cemeric. Mrs. Jurenovic is a widow who consented to the enlistment in the armed forces of her two sons, although they were both under age. One son was honorably discharged after 3 years' service in the air corps. The other son is still serving in the United States Marines. Mrs. Cemeric's son has just returned home after serving four years in the armed forces of the United States.

"Mrs. Jurenovic and Mrs. Cemeric are average American mothers, seeking peace and security for their families. They are part of the common people who have made our country great. We urge that you investigate the conduct of the Immigration and Naturalization Service in Youngstown, Okio, in the cases of Mrs. Jurenovic and Mrs. Cemeric, as well as the other cases in Farrell, Pennsylvania, who are being prevented from acquiring American citizenship."

ROBENIA ANTHONY * JESSIE W. ARMSTRONG * ELIZABETH F. BAKER * JOYCE HORDEN BALOKOVIG * CHARLOTTA A. BAKER * JOYCE HORDEN BALOKOVIG * CHARLOTTA A. BASS * MARY McLFOD BETHUNE * ALICE STONE BLACKWELL * HON JANE M. BOILIN * PROF. S. P. BRECKINRIDGE * PROF. DOROTHY BREWSTER * AUGUSTA F. BRONNER * DR. CHARLOTTE HAWKINS BROWN * VALEDA J. BRYANT * MARTHA CASAMAJOR * SARAH CLEGHORN CHERYL CRAWFORD * PROF. MAHGUERITE D. DARKOW JOSEPHINF * W. DUYFNECH * DR. BERTHA * W. ELLIS SONIA FINDLAY * MARS JANE GRINSFELD * UTA HAGEN MINNA HARKAYY * PLARL M. HART * PROF. GRACE M. HEIDER * ALICE HUGHES * MRS. HANNAH JOHNSON CAROL KING * KATHERINE LASSITER * RAY LEVELIMA EHRLICH LEVINGER * FLORENCE H. LUSCOMB PROF. HELEN MCMASTER * MARTHA OSTENSO * DOROTHY B. PERERA * HARRIET IDA PICKENS * MAHON H. POLLAK BERTHA C. REYNOLDS * PROF. MAHIA BICKERS-OYSIANKINA * MARY W. RITTENHOUSE * ELFANOR ROOSEVELT ROSE V. RUSSELJ. * LISA BERGIO * PROF. VIDA D. SCUDDER * ANTONIA SENTNER * PROF. VERA SHLAKMAN VIOLA BROTTERS SHORE * ELIZABETH W. SMITHE THELMA STEVENS * GENLYLEVE TAGGARD * PROF. ELLEN B. TALROT * CAROLINE TATUM * MARY CHURCH TERRELL DR. IL CLA TRENT * 117AN STAIR UNTERMEDER * FREDI WASBURGTON * ANNA B. YARNALL



FLJERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT THE YORK NYFILE NOULL: 0044 REPORT MADE AT DAYE WHEN PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE REPORT MADE BY NEW YORK 1/17,24-28,31; 2.3/15,17 IMERICAL COLMITTEE FOR YUGOSLAVIA4/11,12;5/4,5,10; RELIEF, II'C. INTERNAL SECURITY - C REGISTRATION ACT Icc to Alax On October 27,1944, Reverend STRAHINJA-MARKET Executive Secretary of the War Relief Functions of South Slavic Descent, adviced by the Control of South Slavic Descent, adviced by the Control of the Contr 2,4 -RAJHOVICH of International Workers Order, that the rugosis 9-6-49 Government had appointed TOM BABIN as "official organizer of all work connected with the purchase of goods and sending materials to Yugoslavia". Contents of set forth reflecting activity of A.C.Y.R. Report of MALATKO PALOMOVIC, President of A.C.Y.P. to final meeting of Board of Directors set forth as well as report on meeting. USA, SDMT, not inclined at present to authorize prosecution because of: 1. Demise A.C.Y.R. 2. The situation as has developed from the TITO-Cominform split. 3. The reading trial of the 11 members of the Mational Board of the Communist Party, U.S.A. National offices of A.C.Y.E. closed January Ng. 2/2/149 1949. Office equipment and poxes containing records taken to offices of Tugoslav Shipping Office, Voluntary Committee For Sending Packages to Yugoslavia and records placed in Manhattan Storage and herehouse Company. Remaining political tracts and novels sent to U.S. from Yugoslevia seized by U.S. Customs at the expiration of one year when consigned failed to claim eal) Reference: Report of SA dated February 18, 1949 at New York. OPIES DESTRUYED (6)- Burn geoples of this report 1 - USA, SDNY 1 - Col. W. Hayer, G.S.C, G-2, 1st Army 1 - Capt. D.C. Hamberger, DIO, 3rd MD 1 - Lt. Col. Wallace B. Scholes, 2nd OSI

4 - New York

1 - Pittsburgh (Info)

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"Many governors in the United States proclaimed March 27, 1945 Yugoslav Resistance Day. In New York the day was celebrated by a brilliant reception, at the Hetel Biltmere. Greetings came to that affair, held under the auspices of the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief, from General George C. Jarshall, later American Secretary of State; from former Gevernor Herbert H. Johnan, from Henry A. Wallace and from nine State gevernors, including Thomas E. Dewey.

"The day was also marked by calebrations conducted by our committees in other cities.

"Later the same year thousands of volunteers took to the streets, theaters and hotel lob ics to bring the story of Yugoslavia and the frightful needs of its people to the citizens of New York City in a most successful three-day collection campaign.

"In Los Angeles among many notable events held in behalf of the Yugoslav people by our Committee, a dinner honored the Yugoslav delegation to the conference which established the United Nations. Perticipants included Mayer Fletcher Powren, Stanojo Jimie, then Yugoslav ambassader to the United States, and Hollywood friends of the Yugoslav people such as Paulette Coddard.

Mayor Edward J. Jeffrice became honorary chairman of the Detroit chapter and in Pittsburgh Adyor Cornolius D. Soully spensored our chapter in that city.

"Burgess Deredith served as chairman of the clothing campaign launched by the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief in the winter of 1945—1946. Fore than a million pounds of clothing was collected in the cities, the towns and on the farms of the United States.

"The American Committee for Yugoslav Relief was made the official name of the Committee on December 21, 1945.

mers. Elector Roosevelt became honerary chairman of the Committee and participated actively in a Baby Food campaign undertaken early in 1946. Her advice at mostings of our board of directors and at other gatherings of the Committee has always been of great help to us. The people of Yugoslavia know Mrs. Roosevelt to be a warm and understanding friend. A children's home at Bunja Luka, Besnia-Hercegovina, one of the gifts of the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief, is named in her honor.

June 19, 1950

MEMO:

RE: For Your Selies

The attached clipping is from page "Men Without Faces" by LOUIS FRANCIS HUDENZ.

229 of the book

HPL:LJR

EDWARD SCHEIDT SAC NEW YORK, N.Y.

As editor of the Daily Worker, in 1944 I reported the formation of the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief. Under this innocent guise, the plan was to help Marshal Tito secure control of that unhappy land. But many persons who are conspicuous as non-Communists helped it along. Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt became honorary chairman, and among the sponsors were Senator (now President) Harry S. Truman, William Green and Philip Murray. There was also Rita Hayworth. These and other sponsors dropped out when in the course of time the Committee's domination by the Reds was learned. But the organization collected \$3,000,000 before it was disbanded. The end came in July, 1948, and then it was dissolved, not because Tito no longer needed help, but because he had fallen into disgrace with the Kremlin. The new Communist line all over the world was to denounce him and to starve out his regime—and this supposedly independent organization acted immediately to choke off the flow of dollars to his bailiwick.

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UNEAMERICAN ACTIVITIES IN CALIFORNIA



REPORT OF THE JOINT FACT-FIRDING COMMITTEE
TO THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE
SACRAMENTO TOAT

100-152 8 2

a thought for the benefit of others who may try to size up people who deny they are Communists but who follow the Communist

program in every detail.

Brother James Roosevelt abandoned his lucrative job of window dressing for the ICCASP when he came to the conclusion that even a Roosevelt might be misled. He didn't fight the organization but in switching his activities to the Democratic Party organization in California he announced that he was going to keep that organization out of the hands of the Communists.

At the time that James Roosevelt joined ICCASP he declared that he had investigated and held numerous conferences regarding the organization's aims and causes and decided that it was his duty

to support them.

Since it is apparent now that Roosevelts will admit that they can be taken in by Communists, other people shouldn't feel so badly if a legislative or congressional investigating committee should present findings that certain organizations, which they have been duped into joining are in fact Communist fronts.

The fact that the Roosevelts would walk unsuspectingly into organizations manipulated by Communists should convince other people that they themselves might not be so bright that they wouldn't be misled into joining a group whose front looked all right but whose

manipulators are not known to them.

Nor should innocent members of the Communist-front groups be opposed to investigating committees that provide information

about such groups.

The best material the Communists have had to work on in this Country has consisted of the sincere progressives who would not knowingly support a dictatorship of Communism nor destroy any of the democratic privileges which citizens of this Country possess.

By declaring themselves to be "progressives," and announcing their wholehearted support of causes in which real progressives believe, the Communists have in the past found it very easy to deceive many, including even the late President Roosevelt, whom

they now declare was their ideal.

Today Mrs. Franklin Roosevelt, Sr., is participating in an Eastern Democratic group which intends to keep the Communists out, while other "progressive" groups are being formed under the guiding hand of Communists who claim that they are working for the same things for which Mrs. Roosevelt is working.

The Communist-front leaders in this country are constantly schooled in the methods of controlling the action of groups in which

they may be a small minority.

They demonstrate their capabilities in labor unions as well as in political groups and speak in the name of people who are opposed to the Communium for which they stand

to the Communism for which they stand.

They believe that as they stir up race, religious and class prejudices they can eventually come into control of this Country of ours.

They will never do it if sincere progressives will do their own thinking and not be fooled into accepting the leadership of any persons who hide their real motives behind the "progressive" label. bent were worked out by the Communist Party leaders under Alexander Trachtenberg, member of the Communist National Committee.

Director of the "Jefferson School for Social Science" will be Dr. Howard Selsam, former Brooklyn College professor, fired two years ago after the Rapp-Coudert committee branded him a Communist.

Numerous "angels" have contributed toward the establishment of the Marxist institution, among them being Frederick Vanderbilt Field, great-great-grandson of Commodore Cornelius Vanderbilt and former executive secretary of the Communist American Peace Mobilization group which opposed United States entry into war until the Germans invaded Russia.

MILLIONAIRE BACKER

" Heller, known two decades ago as the "millionaire Bolshevist," is another "angel." Several years ago he became a backer of International Publishers, the Communist Party's publisher, headed by Trachtenberg.

The new school, it was learned, will be the center for the follow-

ing propaganda and financing organs of the Communists:

The workers school, formerly the official "educational" insti-

tution of the party.

The school for democracy, made up of city school teachers ousted because they were Communists. This group has denied any Communist affiliation. Doctor Selsam is head of this school for democracy.

OFFICIAL ORGANIZERS

Among the Communist leaders and members advertised as official organizers of the new school are;

Dr. Max Yergan, Negro Communist chieftain and president of the George Washington Carver School in Harlem, from which six directors recently resigned because of Communist control.

Lewis Merrill, president of the left wing United Office and

Professional Workers of America, C.I.O.

Prof. Henry Schlauell of N.Y.U., identified before the Rapp-Coudert committee as a member of the Communist Party's faction at N.Y.U.

Harry Sacher, attorney for the Transport Workers Union and other left wing unions and a former teacher at the workers school.

Prof. Lyman R. Bradley of N.Y.U., treasurer of the ill-fated American Rescue Ship Mission from which Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and other sponsors resigned because of its Red affiliations.

LLOYD LEYMANN

Lloyd Leymann is an admitted Communist. He was formerly employed by the Young Communist League at a salary of between \$20-\$20 a week. At the time of testifying at the committee's Oakland

clear about China. Brigadier General Carlson worked with the Chinese Communists and he worked with Chiang Kai-shek. He is convinced if we get out of there it will be settled, and he does not believe the Russians will go in there. Mr. Latimer says it is not so much a question of expansion, but contradiction to a country which has raised millions and millions of peasants. When you come to the question of freedom of speech, take Negroes shot down in the South, if you asked them tomorrow—I said this to Mrs. Roosevelt once, if there was a certain kind of centralized power to enforce this—ask the Negro if he would like to have this shadowy degree of freedom instead of material and actual equality, let alone, as I say, on this question as an average American. Ask the man who works for the newspapers. Ask him if he believes it. In private he says so, but if he goes out and says so he has no job. It seems to me to be a very shadowy freedom. Freedom is a very relative thing.

Q. You testified a moment ago about a comparison of the Soviet Union and other countries.

A. Yes

- Q. Is it your opinion that in October, 1917 when the revolution had its inception that it would have been impossible to find a better country to test the principles of Marxism than the Russia as it existed under the Czar?
- A. No. I would say the best country in the world to test the principles of Marxism might be the America of today, with its wealth and so forth.
- Q. Do you feel that Marxist theory as exemplified in the Soviet Union today is a dictatorship of the proletariat or a dictatorship over the proletariat?
- A. You have brought up two questions. I will go to the first question and quarrel with whether Marx thought it was the perfect type.
- Q. (By Chairman Tenney): By perfect type I think we had better modify it by saying highly industrialized.
- A. I am coming to the point. As a matter of fact, you know one of the great breaks among the Marxists was that a lot of what I would call destrinaire guys—you see it so happens, according to Marx, in the highest industrialized areas which these Marxists feel was Germany—so the Russian revolution did not exist.

Mr. Comba: I remember.

A. This was very extraordinary. So I would say no; that Marxist conditions were evolved where proletarians were strongest in aiding the peacentry in Russia, and led to one great struggle. But the peacent party of Spiradinova felt it should lead the peacent uprising. I think that is one of the weaknesses of Mr. Nehru in India of its peacents leading. It was Lenin who had to practically restate Marxism in order to justify that position or explain why it happened in Russia because by far from being the strongest link, it was the weakest link. So O.K. Today I would say

TES GOVERNMEN Director, FBI FROM MSAC, Detroit SUBJECT: INTERNAL SECURITY - C Reference is made to the attached report of Special dated June 6, 1945, at Detroit, Michigan, and This is to advise that placed on the Key Figure list maintained in the Detroit Field Division. As a complete summary of Subject's activities to date is reflected in the enclosed report and the report of Special Went with alias, dated July 7, 194 at Detroit, this case is being placed in a pending, inactive status. Enclosure JWR: WVB 100-9150 7 In Ky **《大学》** The same of the sa

MATIONALISTIC STAPATHIES, TENDENCIES AND ACTIVITIES

October 29, 1943 Subject was イーングラ イーション・グイ January 14, 1944 Subject contacted Control of the control of The state of the state of February, 1944 The February, 1944, issue of the publication, Top-State Michigan ATD Organiser, which is edited by Subject, reflected that he had enrolled thirty-four new members in a recent American Youth for Democracy drive. Subject contacted Mrs. EIKANOR ROCSEVELT while she was Pebruary 12, 1944 at Birmingham, Michigan, and said he was a representative of various campus organisations of the University of Michigan and desired to have Vice-President HENRI MALLACE speak at a rally regarding the Soldier Vote Bill at the University. Informant advised that Subject was given WALLACE's address in Washington and told that he should be contacted directly. March 8, 1944 A highly confidential source stated Subject's name was observed Subject, in the presence of Confidential Informant March 10, 1944 nformed

Werch 22, 1944 | Confidential Informant to the Bureau, observed

whose identity is known

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

BIRMINGHAL, ALABAMA FILE NO. 100-121 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT REPORT MADE AT REPORT MADE BY DATE WHEN MADE PERIOD FOR 2-3-42 KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE 1-5,7,31-42 CHARACTER OF CASE SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE INTERNAL SECURITY - R Council of Young Southerners meeting held SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: April 13, 1940, preceding Southern Conference for Human Welfare which was held at Chattanooga, Tennessee on April 15, 16, 1940. The Council of Young Southerners was told that the Dies Committee and the F.B.I. were eating away the civil liberties of America; increased efforts to secure a greater appropriation for the NYA and CCC was urged. The poll tax in the Southern states was assaulted, America was urged to keep out of war. At the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, the keynote as expressed by Dr. FRANK PORTARXGRAHAM stated that the purpose of the conference was to take a stand for equalization of educational opportunity for all children in all states, for the elimination of discrimination in trade rates, for the abolition of poll taxes, the prerequisite of voting, for the org nization of farmers into cooperative societies, for the self-organization and collective bargaining of workers, for social security against the hazards of modern society and for all those movements working for the public health, welfare and equal opportunities of our southern people. - RUC Reportbof Special Agent Birmingham, Alabama 5-Bureau 2-Birmingham

s. corrections relatives correct. 7—30;

2-Knoxville

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the children in the states, for the elimination of discrimination in trade rates, for the abolition of poll taxes as a prerequisite for voting, reorganization of famers in cooperative societies, for the self organization and collective bargaining of workers, for social security against the hazards of modern society and for all those movements working for the public health, welfare and equal opportunities for our Southern people."

"American democracy would preserve the precious liberties of worship, assembly, speech and suffrage and lawful process for person and property, regardless of race, creed, color or economic position, and would preserve the freedom to study and discuss the theological implications of the geologic structure of the earth, the biological implications of the physiological structure of the fish and also the human and spiritual implications of the economic structure of society."

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The conference program started at 9:30 AM, APril 15, with a brief business meeting followed by an address "Rural life in the South" by A. D. STEWART, Director of Farm Security Administration for Mississippi, Chairman, Dr. ROBERT H. MONTGOMERY, University of Texas, principal speaker; Dr. S. D. PATTERSON, President of Tukegee Institute, the Rev. WILLIAM J. CASTLE, New Orleans; Mrs. F. H. BLEVINS, Route #1, Jaspen, Tennessee; THAD, SNOW, plantation owner, Charleston, Missouri, HARRY, KOGER, Agricultural Workers Union, Longview, Texas; TOM, CHEEK president Oklahoma Farmers Union. The afternoon session, starting at 2:00 PM was devoted to "Industrial Life in the South". Speakers were MARK F. ETHRIDGE, General Manager, Louisville Courier Journel; JAMES T. POPS, Director, Tennessee Valley Authority, principal speaker; HARRY N. CLARK, industrialist, Cleveland, Ohio WILLIAM MITCH, president, District #20, United Mine Workers, Alabama; Dr. F. JUGENE MEIDE, Clark University, Worchester, Mass.; ROY REYNOLDS, President Printers Pressmen's Union, Chattanooga; Dr. IRA REYNOLDS, Atlanta University; the Hon. HALL SMITH, state senator, Little Rock, Arkansas; SAM CADDY, president Kentucky Indistrial Union Council.

The evening session, starting at 7:30 PM was on the program "Children in the South - their health and education". Miss GAY B. SHEPPERSON, McClain, Virginia, chairman.

Speakers were Dr. HORACE F. BOND, president, Fort Valley College, STANTON E. SMITH, Vice President AFOIT; AUBREN WILLIAM, administrator, NYA; VALCOLM T. DOEBS, Young Southerner; Dr. WILLIAM E. COLE, head, department of sociology, University of Tennessee; JOHN T. DAVIS; executive secretary, Nation 1 Negro Congress, Washington; MILES HORTON director of Highlander Folk School, Monteagle, Tennessee; WILLIS SUTTON, superintendent of Atlanta School; Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT, principal speaker.

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"his case originated at B IRMINGHAM, ALABAMA 100-92 MEN File No. Period for which made Report made by Feport made at Date made 4-19,20,21-42 HEMPHIS. TENNESSEE 4-27-42 Character of Case Title Southern conference for human welfare INTERNAL SECURITY - R SYNOPSIS: Third meeting of Southern Conference for Human Welfare held at Mashville, Tennessee April 19, 20, 21, 1942. Theme of Conference was "The South's Part in Winning the War" and the program was divided into four panels; which met separately. Subjects considered by each panel were "Industrial Production", "Agricultural Production", "Youth and Training; Civilian and Military" and "Citizenship and Civil Liberties" Conference attended by labor leaders, educators and those persons previously identified with organizations whose programs included improvement of conditions in the South. Organizations represented included the National Negro Congress, the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties. American Civil Liberties Union, National Association for Advancement of Colored People, Tennessee League of Women Voters, Southern Tenant Farmers Union, the Alabama Farmers Union, Communist Party, National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax, and the Workers Defense League. Main speakers included DR. FRANK PORTER GRAHAM, President of the University of North Carolina; MARY McLEOD BETHUNE, Director, Division of Negro Affairs, National Youth Administration and MRS. ELEANOR POOSEVELT. ACOPIES DESTROYED. 111 DEFERRED HAVE WOING DETAILS: AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE The information set forth in this report was furnished to this off fice by Confidential Informant, MD # 8, whose identity is known to the Bureau and supplemented by information obtained by Special agent attended Panels 2 and 4 and information obtained by Agent in Charge Copies of this report Oklahoma City 5 - Burcau Enc.2 - Jackson 2 - Savannah 2 - Atlanta 2 - Kensas City 2 - New York - Washington Field 3 - Birmingham 2 - Knoxville ENC. 2 - Richmond - Momphis 2 - Charlotte 2 p Little Rock - St. Louis 2 - Dallas

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EVENING:

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8:30 Cultural Program, Prosenting Paul Robeson, accompanied by Lawrence Brown - Auditorium*. In the performance of the 'Ballad for Americans', Mr. Robeson will be assisted by a chorus from Fisk University, Harold C. Schmidt, director; Robert N. Hemingway, accompanist.

Lirs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, introduced by Hon. Thomas L. Cummings, Mayor, City of Nashville, will present the Thomas Jefferson Award.

Tuesday, April 21

MORNING:

- 9:00 12:30 Reports from Panels to the Conference, discussion Auditorium
- 2:00 4:30 Conference Business Session and Election of Officers Auditorium.

Annual Membership in the Southern Conference for Human Wolfare is \$2.00. The Nashville Conference registration fee is \$1.00. \$2.10 covers a Year's Membership, the Nashville Conference, registration fee, and includes the PAUL ROBESON CONCERT.

*To the Public, the Concert tickets are \$1.10."

It is noted from an examination of the above program as set forth that on the afternoon of April 19, 1942, from 5 - 6 P. M., there were scheduled to be held meetings of Panel Consultants in various rooms of the Noel Hotel. While these meetings were not open to attendance by persons other than the Consultants, it was ascertained that no Panel Consultant meeting was held of those Consultants of Panel 3 which covered "Youth and Training: Givilian and Military".

For the sake of convenience in reporting activities in this conference, the program, speakers, and activities in connection with each of the four separate panels will be reported indivially.

PANEL I

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

DR. FRANK PORTER GRAHAM, President of the University of North Carolina, and a member of the War Labor Board, served as Chairman on the Panel I. The following individuals were appointed Consultants of Panel I:

is worth fighting for, that freedom of religion, freedom of speech, freedom from want and freedom from fear, and security in our homes are real and are to be saved through Victory.

This means that our young people, without discrimination as to class, creed or color, be given their part in our war effort, that they have the assistance and training they need to prepare themselves for that part."

Following this introductory statement by KATZ, each member of the Panel was requested to make a three minute statement on the questions.

The first speaker was MYLES HORTON, Chairman of the Highlander Folk School at Monteagle, Tennessee who stressed the importance of training the youth of the nation, both vocationally and in democracy. HORTON also stated that black youth should have equal opportunities with the white youth.

MUSS JUNE S. EDDY, Antioch, College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, expressed regret at the small number of negro representatives on the Panel.

SAMUEL BROWN, a representative of Black Mountain College, Black Mountain, North Carelina, arose and made the following statement:

"You can't win a war without a faith that something will arise out of the victory." I don't believe that we all understand that for which we are fighting."

LILLIAN SMITH, Editor of the South Today, Clayton, Georgia, stated that there seems to be an emotional impression among students and that fighting is a matter of feeling. She said that civilized people must believe that they are fighting for something and that inasmuch as the negroes had not experienced any participation in democracy, they could not be expected to eagerly fight for it.

MRS. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT spoke at the morning session of the Panel on Youth and Training.

The afternoon session of the Panel on Youth and Training was presided over by FRANK H. LEAVELL, Secretary, Southwide Baptist Students, Baptist Sunday School Board, Nashville, Tennessee. Upon the opening of the afternoon session, the following resolutions were proposed:

1. Win the War

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- 2. Promote Information as to the Causes of War
- 3. Need of Response of Youth to War
- 4. Enlistment of Student Groups for activities in War
- 5. Personal Interest of Youth Should be Aroused.
- 6. Be More Mindful of Minority Groups
- 7. Education of All Groups

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ference for Human Welfare and formerly Administrator, Defense Housing Administration, Washington, D. C.

E.Y.

The next General Session of the Conference was held on Monday evening, April 20, 1942 at 8:30 P. M. This session was known as the Cultural Program and presented PAUL ROBESON, noted negro singer, together with the Fisk University Choral Club. Although not announced as part of the program, ROBESON delivered an address during the program, which considered general problems of the Conference and made particular reference to the subject of racial equality. In closing ROBESON stated: "I hope that he will soon be free to take his place among the common people. I speak of EARL BROWDER." ROBESON further alluded to BROWDER'S being imprisoned in Atlanta, Georgia and described him as the foremost opponent of Fascism which we have in this country today. This statement met with great applause from the audience.

Following ROBESON'S concert, MRS. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT presented the Thomas Jefferson Awards to DR. FRANK PORTER GRAHAM, Honorary Chairman of the Conference and MARY MCLEOD BETHUNE, a member of the Executive Board of the Executive Board of the Executive Board of the Conference.

MRS. ROOSEVELT was introduced by Mayor THOMAS L. CUMMINGS of Nashville, Tennessee and the awards were based on outstanding service of GRAHAM and BETHUNE during the past year for their work in the betterment of general conditions in the South.

The next general session of the Conference was held at 9 A. M., on Tuesday, April 21, 1942 at which time reports were made from the Panels to the General Conference. At the opening of the session, a number of telegrams were read, which had been received from various individuals, among whom were THOMAS E. CASEY, Madison, Wisconsin; WILLIAM E. COLE, Sociology Department of the University of Tennessee; JAMES M. LANDIS, Office of Civilian Defense; Justice HUGO L. BLACK, who received last year's Thomas Jefferson Award at the Conference; THOMAS M. ROBERTS, United States Department of Agriculture; the Honorable HENRY WALLACE, Vice-President of the United States; BETTY RAY TAYLOR, President of the Tennessee League of Women Voters.

Later in the session, JUDGE LOUISE O. CHARLTON read telegrams of congratuation from PHILIP MURRAY and JOHN L. LEWIS.

It was apparently the plan that this session would hear individuals from each respective panel, at which time would be presented the proposals and resolutions as reached by the Panel Consultants. There was much confusion in the conduct of the program and much disorder resulted from attempts by various nembers of the Conference, to introduce new resolutions from the floor, rather than discussing those as presented by the Panel Representatives.

Group Asker Dies Funas Be Withheld

A resolution proposing that Congress withhold financial support from the Dies Committee on Un-American activities, also the launching of a vigorous offensive against all persons who stir up racial and religious bigotry and national disunity "such as Father Coughlin, the Ku Klux Klan and all subversive elements, was adopted by the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, in session at the War . Memorial Auditorium, this morning.

The resolution was offered by the conference's committee on "Citizenship and Civil Liberties." which report was submitted by Hollis Reid, of Memphis, chairman of the Tennessee Legislative Board, Brotherhood of Locomotive Fire-

men and Enginemen.

The resolution also recommended that "each delegate should return to his home and begin to get sentiment aroused to get their various legislatures to pass acts granting the right to vote, with-out restrictions, to all persons who are now serving or have served as members of the armed forces of the nation during the second World War."

It also recommended that each delegate shall urge strong support of the House and Senate antipoll

tax bills.

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The report further recommended that "each delegate shall make themselves guardians of civil rights in their communities by protesting police brutality and fight manifestations of race and religious higotry and intolerance, by protecting the rights of labor to organize

and bargain collectively."

In the discussion that followed the presentation of the report, it was auggested that the Governors of all the Southern Stefes be urged to appoint race relations committees to study the racial question. One speaker, however, arose and stated that if it were left to the Southern Governors, it would get nowhere, as most of them were unsympathetic toward the cause. It was also pointed out that there are already racial commissions which are functioning, and that committees appointed by the Governors would serve only to complicate further the situation and would prove of no actual benefit.

It was finally voted to indorse the present setup of racial commissions and to concentrate more heartily in seeing that they do

some heneficial work.

Before the discussion ended, William A. Mitch, president of he

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Alabama State Industrial Union Council, of Birmingham, said:

"Most of our time during this conference has been taken up with racial problems, and we can overdo it," advising that the conference consider other problems along with the racial questions.

Dr. Clark Foreman, former administrator of the Defense Housing Administration, reported on the "Industrial Production" panel, with Dr. Alva Taylor, chairman of the Nashville committee of the confer-

ence, presiding.

In the panel report, reforms of the New Deal were approved, because "they strengthen our posi-tion as an organization." Fascism should not be tolerated at home, the report said, and "will not be eliminated abroad until this is ac-complished,"

The report further advocated that more frequent meetings between labor and capital be held so that a more definite understanding could be reached between these two classes.

Another speaker urged a new war front in Europe, but was voted down when most of the assembled delegates felt that the operation of the war should be left to President Roosevelt, General MacArthur and

other leaders.

Dr. Arthur Raper, of the United States Department of Agriculture, presented the panel on "Agricul-tural Production," stating that "maximum crop production is necessary in the winning of the war, the welfare of the farm workers is of paramount importance and revision of the landlord and tenant laws are needed to help the tenant workers."

Following the discussion, Gilbert Hyatt, of Washington, representing the United States Treasury Department, appealed to the crowd in behalf of the purchase of War Bonds

and stamps.

Frank Leavell, secretary of the Southwide Baptist Students of the Baptist Sunday School Board of Nashville, presented the panel on "Youth and Training," reporting that "equal opportunities for the youth of the entire land, regardless of race or circumstances, should be provided to do their part in the war effort. The report said that it takes 18 men at home to keep one man at the front, and that all citizens of the nation must be utilized. The report further stated that "the conference agrees that no volunteers or draftees should be barred because of race or color."

In the discussion that followed, the general opinion was that all men of America, young and old, regardless of creed or color, should be used in the effort to win the war.

The meeting adjourned at noon, to resume its sessions at 2 o'clock, to elect officers. No place of meeting for 1942 will be selected at this session, with the executive board choosing next year's meeting place at a later date.

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Last night's session was featured i by the circuit of Paul Robeson, Negio haritone, and the presentation of duplicate "Thomas Jefferson awards for the Southerner who contributed the most outstanding service to the South in 1941" to Dr. Frank P. Graham, president of the University of North Carolina, and Mary McLeod Bethune, Negro. president of Bethune-Cookman College of Raytona Beach, Fla.

The presentation was made by Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of the President of the United States, following her introduction by Mayor Thomas L. Cummings, of

the City of Nashville.

Mrs. Roosevelt said in making the presentation that "these two people have rendered to the South and the nation the greatest possible services. Dr. Graham and the Bethune College president responded, expressing their appreciation of the award, and promising continued efforts on behalf of the South and the nation.

Mayor Cummings was introduced by Judge Louise O. Charlton, of Birmingham, United States Commissioner for Nothern Alabama.

The mayor followed with a brief introduction of Mrs. Roosevelt, who spoke for 10 minutes prior to a broadcast of the presentation of the medals over WSIX and the Mutual Broadcasting System. In part,

Mrs. Roosevelt said:

"I'm very fond of the South, as my grandmother was born in Georgia. Out of this conference comes the feeling that the majority of people want to do everything possible to win this war. Another thing this time we are determined not to make the mistakes we made before. We don't want another war if we can prevent it. We as a nation are ready to accept a greater responsibility than ever before. Both older and younger people are all enthusiastic as well as seriously determined that we are not only going to win this war, but that we will have a world of permanent peace in the future.

"I sense a realization that one of the reasons we must accept this responsibility is that we have a miniture world of all races right here in America. We are going to fight this war together. A free people may lose campaigns, but you can't lose a war when you believe in democracy. You must be sure that here at home you are practicing democracy. We must and will make democracy work."

Following the presentation and after the first half of his song program, Paul Robeson addressed the crowd, estimated at 2,500 of both whites and Negroes. Robeson

"I'm happy to see a gathering of

a péople of the liberal and progressive South. I realize the great importance of our problems in the South, and I shall do my best to help. These are serious times. I have seen Fascism at its worst and I know what a task lies before us. We are living on the edge of a changing world. Oppression not only has reached the peoples of Europe, but here in the United States are those who would oppress the one-tenth of our population. I realize that we must have a complete national unity to meet this crisis, with a maximum output of arms and munitions. The creative capacity of my people is needed, and the President should see that it is used in the war effort.

"The Negro must know his allies, and he must know that Hitler means our slavery. The grievances of my people are real ones, but we must see which way our freedom lies.

"We were warned about the dangers of Fascism a long time ago by a man who now is confined in an Atlanta prison-Earl Browder, And I hope that he may soon be free again," concluded Robeson. Browder is secretary of the Communist Party in America.

Robeson's concert consisted of eight songs, along with an encore of "Old Man River," one of the favorites of the audience, and "A Ballad for Americans," given by Robeson, assisted by the Fisk University Choir.

In yesterday afternoon's panel sessions, the conference heard two members of the National Maritime Union (CIO) demand that the United Nations open a western front in Europe against the Axis.

Frank Windrow, of Memphis, said the Maritime Union wanted a western front opened "because it will shorten this war and save many lives." He said over 1,000 members of his union had already lost their lives in the war.

Frank Hoffman, of New Orleans, who said he returned from Pearl Harbor only last week, declared that the American people "must forget our own petty fights and do our utmost to supply the boys on the battle lines."

The question of racial discrimination was injected into the industrial production and youth training discussion panels repeatedly, many of the speakers charging Southern industries had refused to hire Negroes.

However, Noel C. Beddow, of Birmingham, executive director of the Steel Workers' Organizing Committee (CIO) took issue with

this charge, asserting:
"I'm getting tired of hearing that the South is discriminating against Negroes. The Negro is getting the same treatment in the South that he receives in Pittsburgh, Chicago, and, in fact, all over the country. He may be discriminated against, but what about the poor white man? He's working for nothing and he's a problem, too," said Beddow.

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Defeat of Axi Said Paramount At Welfare Meet

Tariff Structure, Poll Tax Hit by Graham; Robeson Will Sing

The three main issues facing the American people today are the defeat of the Axis, the preservation of democracy and the organization of peace in the world, Dr. Frank P. Graham, president of the University of North Carolina, said in a keynote address last night at the opening session of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare.

Upon the success of the first issue, he said, depends the success

of the other two.

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Dr. Graham, honorary chairman. of the conference, was folicited on the program by Mary McLeod Bethune, Negro, program of Bethune-Cookman College nector of the Division on ...gro affairs of the NYA.

Five Severe Handicaps

Graham enumerated five things which he said were severe handicaps to the South and which he said constituted a national economic

"The tariff structure, by which the Southern and other agricultural propie have to buy their manufactured products in a highly pro-tected national market and sell their agricultural products on comparatively open markets of the world, lifts wealth out of the South," he said.

Poil Tax Discrimination

"The political structure, with its poll tax discrimination," he said, "is a set-back to the nation, and the discrimination against Negroes in the war industries is damaging to our section, our national morale and our democratic cause in the world."

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, here to present the Thomas Jefferson sward to the outstanding Southernor of the year at the conference tonight, sat on the platform, but was not introduced.

Approximately 1,000 persons, half of them Negroes, attended the ses-

Graham said that Southerners, both black and white, must look beyond the hour to the "deeper sources of democratic hope and spiritual faith.

Political Majority

"We must not mistake the poli-tical majority for democracy." he said, adding that the answer to a difference of opinion is not a denunciation.

"The test of the Bill of Rights," he said. "Is its effect on the classes the majorities may delest the

Dg. John R. Tr inpaon: Okla-homa City, presider of the conference, acting as mister of ce monies, said "the Sooth's probler. such as the poll to are national problems. Much has been revealed of the undemocratic motives of the poll tax."

He said he government today makes democracy more articulate while the people are fighting to preserve that democracy.

President Bethune of Bethune College said that "some of us, though loyal Americans, are denied the right to work for victory for no better reason than the color of our skins."

Ghosts of Prejudices

"There are those," she said, "who value the ghosts of old prejudices more highly than they do the freedom of our country."

Andrew J. Higgins, president of the Higgins shipbuilding works in New Orleans-whose firm President Thompson said had just received from the Maritime Commission the largest shipbuilding contract in the world's history-spoke

"We're going to tap that vast reservoir of Negro labor in the South in building our ships," he said, "and give them equal wages according to their position.

He said he understood this con-ference was concerned with "hu-man welfare," but he said there

(Continued on Page 10, Column 4)

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would be no human welfare unless the Axis was beaten.

The Conference sessions will continue through Tuesday. Today's principal program will be at the War Memorial Auditorium tonight at 8:30 o'clock when Paul Robeson, Negro singer, will be presented in a concert.

Mrs. Roosevelt, to be introduced by Mayor Thomas L. Cummings, will then present the Thomas Jefferson Award.

Robeson will be assisted by a chorus from Fisk University,

Panel discussions on industrial production, agricultural production. youth and training-civilian and military, and citizenship and civil liberties will compose the program for today.

Mrs. Roosevelt will participate in the panel on youth training this morning from 11 o'clock until 12:45 o'clock at the Y. M. H. A., 712 Union Street.

Admission to the panels, it was announced, will be granted only to registrants, who pay a fee of \$1. The registration also entitles them to admission to the Robeson concert tonight.

Tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock the annual business session and election of officers will be held in the War Memorial auditorium.

Last night's program was opened by a chorus from A. and I. State College singing "The Star-Span-gled Banner." Dr. Roger T. Noor. president of the Nashville Pastors Association and pastor of the Vine Street Christian Church, delivered the investion.

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Nation's First Lady Greets Nashvillians 20.42

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, right, yesterday ireeted Nashvillians as she arrived at the Municipal Airport. Beside the First Lady is Andrew Jackson

Higgins, New Orleans, La., ship builder, and next to him, Judge Louise O. Charlton, Birmingham, U. S. Commissioner for Northern Alabama.

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Atrs. Roosevell Lys TVA Should Not Be Hampered Statement Indicates Disapproval of McKellar

Bill; Opposition to Poll Tax Is Expressed

By EDWARD FREEMAN

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interview here last night said the TVA should continue its operations without congressional limitation, materials production.

that NYA and CCC should be re-Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt in an tained and perhaps combined, and the there have last night said the that the 40-hour week was the best method of insuring maximum war

> She said also that she had always been opposed to the poll tax as a prerequisite to voting and favored Congressional action in ridding the country of it, rather than waiting for "the proved slowness of states" in abolishing it.

Arrives By Plane

The First Lady arrived by plane vesterday afternoon to participate in a three-day session of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare which held its first meeting at the War Memorial Auditorium last night.

Mrs. Roosevelt, in her press conference at the Noel Hotel, said she favored a ceiling on prices, wages and profits, but said such a ceiling must guarantee that labor unions have certain safeguards, the most important of which she said is collective bargaining.

"The Tennessee Valley Authority," she said, "has done such a

Continued on Page 10, Coumn 2)

(Continued From Page One)

good job that it should continue just as it is without interence from Congress or anyone else. It has an important part to play in the winning of this war."

A bill has been introduced in the schate by Sen. K. D. McKellar of Tennesses which would place all TVA expenditures under direct congressional control, making necessary congressional appropriation before, normal expenditures could be made. TVA proponents have de-clared that passage of the bill would seriously hamper TVA's operation, despite its importance n war production power manufac-

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She said the NYA was "extraordi-bily useful even now," but said

WPA. was bound ange somewhat. Perhaps, she a combination of the NYA. she said trained youth in in-and speedy production, and C, which she said emphaessary outdoor work and ing of healthy bodies.

Alle A. Mrs. Roosevelt said. not to a group too young much to a group too young mustry, and by the cold enough for interesting they will be ready."

Brown amphasis in industry to the cold enough will just that.

Clipping from Hasbville Tennosse Mashville, Tennesses 8-20-42

"We are very anxious to preserve the nucleus of the NYA because we and never be sure if we shan don it, that we'll ever again have such a training machine for young people," Mrs. Roosevelt said. "We must use it now to its best possible purposes and give it to young people as long as it is needed."

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Responding to a question of whether it would be wiser to divert the money now used for the operation of NYA and CCC to war production purposes, Mrs. Roosevelt said the efforts of those agencies were directly concerned with the future prosecution of the war.

Even Discussion Said Help Concerning the poll fax, she said that even a congressional discussion of its merits or demerits might serve a helpful purpose in educating the people to the view that it was not consistent with democratic government.

Questioned as to whether the United States would have to become totalitarian to win the war, Mrs. Roosevelt replied: "We seem man-

aging very well as a democracy.

"We're sure our people will give
up many of their rights voluntarily in an effort for victory, and others may have to be curtailed temporarily, but our democracy will con-tinue."

She said she opposed the sales tax as a means of raising money, "because it reaches down to the poorer people.'

40-Hour Week Best

Relative to retaining the 40-hour week, Mrs. Roosevelt said, "If we are thinking in terms of the most rapid production, then the 40-hour week is best. If we think in terms of making money and saving it, then perhaps more hours should be the rule without extra pay."

She said she favored time and a half for overtime work, but not double pay for Sunday. "By staggering the time, each employe can receive one day off," she said. She said that if the working

week is extended, it is not believed that workers would be able to give their maximum efforts.

"After all, the government is the only one losing money in retaining the 40-hour week," she said. "But the government is concerned with production—the more the better. It is convinced it can receive much greater production under the present system."

She said England for awhile increased its work week, but had to reduce it when production dereased.

However, she said America need

not ja any case do as Britain did. The two cases were not parallely She compared Britain's 46,000,000 people with the United States' 130,-000,000-and cited the fact that England had been in the war for two years-and her problem of labor was much more acute than America's.

England, she said, had drafted women for war work, but she did not believe it would ever be necessary for America to do so. Use women as voluntary workers, but not draft them. However, she said it would be well to have a registration of all women.

She said the tide of the war, in her opinion, had now definitely changed in favor of the United Nations, and that it would continue favorable.

Politics Should Not Have Part

Concerning forthcoming congressional elections, Mrs. Roosevelt said it would be a question of which cendidate could more effectively aid in winning the war and said "politics should have no part in those races."

She urged boys and girls to coninue in college to train themselves est how to serve.

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President Urges

Southern Welfare Meet Opens Here Today; Mrs. Roosetelt To Appear

During wartime it is important that we have intelligent consideration of mutual problems by all segments of our population, President Franklin D. Roosevelt said yesterday in a message to Dr. Frank P. | Graham, honorary chairman of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, which will open a threeday meeting here today.

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"It is my hope that your conference will present tangible suggestions for the full utilization of our resources within the principles of our democratic faith," the message, released last night in Nashville, concluded.

Mora Than 1,000 Delegates

Meeting to consider the South's part in winning the war for democracy, more than 1,000 delegates from 16 Southern states are expected to arrive in Nashville today to participate in a full program of panel discussions on industrial and agricultural production, youth training, citizenship and civil lib-

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, the leading national figure among the panel consultants, will participate Monday morning and afternoon in a panel in the War Memorial auditorium. She is to arrive today.

First Meeting Tonight

The first general meeting of the conference is scheduled for tonight at the War Memorial Building at 8 o'clock when Mrs. Mary McLeod Bethune, president of the Bethune-Cook College, and Dr. Graham, president of the University of North Carolina and member of the War Labor Board will address the delegates on "What Are We Fight-The public is invited to

The program for the afternoon starts with the meeting of the Southern Council at the conference headquarters at the Noel Hotel at 2:30 o'clock followed by meetings of the panel consultants from 5 to 6 o'clock.

Tomorrow, the conference will divide into four panel groups, which will meet in the Y. M. H. A. auditorium and War Memorial

Panel I on industrial production meeting in the War Memorial auditorium has Dr. Graham as chair-

Lilienthal Hits Propaganda

David E. Lilienthal, board chairman of the TVA, in a statement to this panel said that "destructive propaganda attacks by one group avainst another under the guise of

(Continued on Page 8, Column)

(Continued From Page One)

speeding up production provoke and incite suspicion of motives . . Wholesale attacks upon entire groups for the lack of faith and fair play on the part of the few, brush the facts aside and give free rein to those who go their way on a prejudice-as-usual basis."

Enough To Go Around'

Chairman of panel II on agricultural production meeting in the Y. M. H. A. auditorium, is Dr. Arthur Raper, U. S. Department of

Agriculture, of Greensboro, N. C. Milo Perkins, executive director of the Board of Economic War-fare, stressed the great progress in agricultural science by saying in a statement to this panel: "In the days of the Pulgrims, the fight was to produce enough to keep body and soul together. . . The fight in recent years has been to put our abundance to use. For the first time in our history, there has been enough to go around. Science took care of that... The trouble was, we had not learned how to distribute what we had learned how to produce."

The problems of civilian and military training for youth will be discussed in panel III, headed by Dr. Homer T. Rainey, president of the University of Texas and former director of the American Youth Commission. It will meet in the War Memorial. Mrs. Roose-velt Judge William H. Hastie, Nego, civilian aide to the Secretary of Fuller of the Washington burrau of the New Republic Magazine; and Lillian Smith, editor of "The South Today," of Clayton, Ga., are among those on the panel.

Jennings Perry, associate editor of The Nashville Tennessean, is chairman of panel IV, meeting in the Y. M. H. A., which will discuss citizenship and civil liberties.

No Right to Betray

"We know that freedom of speech includes the right to criticise our own government," Francis Biddle, U. S. Attorney General, said in a statement to the panel, "but not the right to betray the nation at war. We know that freedom of religion is the right to worship God as one sees fit, but not the right to impose that worship upon others. We know that freedom from want is the right to live de-cent, healthy lives, but not the right to special privilege through the abuse of that which is earned by the labor of others."

The public may attend panel di cussions by payment of a registration fee of \$1 at the registration

tration fee of \$1 at the region.
desk, War Memorial Building.
Two Negro leaders prominent in the war program will speak for the war program will be warded to be a speak for the war program will be warded to be a speak for the war program will be warded to be a speak for the war program will be warded to be warded to be a speak for the war program will be warded to be warded t the panel discussions. Ty Mas the panel discussions. Aidge William H secretary address.

Military Training: Civilian Brief. fonday morning and

Employment and Training Branch of the War Production Board, will act as a consultant to the panel on "Industrial Production."

At the same time it was announced that Miss Elizabeth Christman would represent the Department of Labor at the conference, and Mrs. C. E. H. Daniels will come from the Department of Agriculture.

> Clipping from Bashville Tennessean, Mashville, Te 4-19-42

Office Mer.ndum • UNITED

Director, FBI (65-58957)

DATE: January 5, 1952

SAC, New York

SUBJECT:

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

dated

at Heu York, Reference report of SA , five copies of which are forwarded herewith.

the subject received a letter with the following return address: Mrs. FRANKLIN DA ROOSEVELT, 220 West 58th Street, New York 49, New York.

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B5JAN 23 1952

AVG: MTH /373 65-15243



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Toledo, Ohio April 7, 1946

The Yass Movement League held its annual membership meeting Sunday, 2:30 P.M. at the Douglas Community Center, 201 Pinewood, with the Pres. and Organizer Councilman J. B. Simmons acting chairman.

E. O. Halloy of Cleveland, Ohio was guest speaker, he paid a brief tribute to organization and its founder J. B. Simmons, complimenting him on his achievement during the pass four years. Stating that organization was now at the turn road to fight on and on until the Negro in Toledo receives full equality for jobs and to visit other public places that are granted to other citizens in the U.S.A. The house was packed to its capacity, mostly colored The membership drive committee turned in five hundred new memberships. Singing and speaking were the highlights of the day. The organization hopes to bring Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt here soon.

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FEDERA'- BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REPORT MADE BY

NEW YORK

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CONGRESS OF AMERICAN WOMEN, affiliated with

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SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Additional branches of CAll organized in MI area; Borough branches to be consolidated into Metropolitan Council of CAT. NYC. Activities of CAT in IT area set out. CAT Executive Board continues to holo periodic mentines and certinues interest in notional and international problems. Several members of subject organization present at Peekskill concert of Paul ROBESON. Delegates from CATT attended WIDF convention at "oscow in Movember, 1949. Act ties of "MOF convention at Moscow set out. CAN delegates also reportedly present at "IFW Helatic 'oren's Congress at Peiping, China, Decaher, 1949. Subject organization requested to register as foreign agent by Justice Department: CAll has indicated it will not register. On December 11, 1949, Executive beard of CAN reportedly disaffiliated organization from UTDF. Press releases of subject or anization from 1947 to 1949 obtained.

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REFERENCE:

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Hew York, 7/26/49

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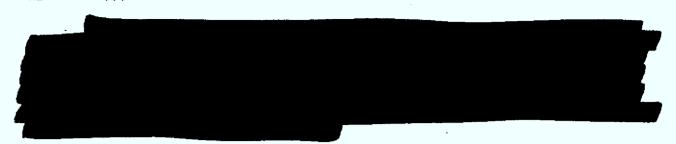
FROFERTY OF FBI - This confidential report and its contents are loshed to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

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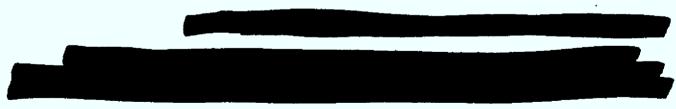
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The "Daily Worker" of September 28, 1949, page 3, column 1, states in an article that a delegation of American women, approached Mrs. ELYANT TOOSEVELT on September 27, 1949, regarding KETTY-ZEVGOS, Greek woman democratic leader sentenced to die by a court-martial in Greece. Among the delegates who approached Mrs. ROOSEVELT and who, according to the article, were rebuffed by her, were MRHEL DRAPER, president of the CAM; HHMELOA INGENSOL, member of the CAM, and AIP candidate for the City Council; MINELOA PHILLIPS, member of the CAM, and candidate for the City Council; STELLA ALIEM, national executive secret of CAM, and PEARL LAWS, CAM executive vice-president. Delegates also accosted MARRIMENTSTIN in the lounge and he also rebuffed their approach.

The "Daily Morker" of October 24, 1949, in an article on page 8 states that "the House Un-American Activities Committee action calling the Congress of American Momen "Communist" was denounced resterday as nonsense by Dr. ODER TELTHISH, honorary president of the CAM." The CAM Board declared itself "an organization of women...whose goal has been the furtherance of world peace. These common aims we share with the women all over the world through the Momen's International Democratic Federation. The validity of these aims is beyond question except by those who would characterize the struggle for world peace as subversive."

On January 17, 1950, Confidential Informant T-3 advised that the Congress of American Jomen was planning a National Bread and Butter Conference on child welfere which was to be held in Chicago in the Spring of 1950. This conference would consider all questions pertaining to the welfere of children of low income families and would initiate a legislative campaign on their behalf. The Informant further advised that a meeting was planned to be held on January 9 at the offices of the Hetropolitan Council of the CAT, 1133 Droadway, room 1115, to hear and discuss reports from all branches planning conferences and to initiate similar conferences in other areas.



al Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice

imonvilla, Palmassaa Pabruary 28, 1942

Director
Faderal Eureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

RE: HIGHLANDER FOIR SCHOOL INTERCAL SECURITY - C

Dear bir:

The Bureau's attention is directed to the attached newspaper clipping appearing in the Chattanooga Newspree Fress, Chattanooga, Tennessee, February 22, 1942, reflecting that a check in the amount of \$100 ms received by the Highlander folk School from irs. Franklin D. Roosevelt as the first contribution to the school's tenth anniversary scholastic fund. It should be noted further that the publicity indicates a proposal that the school be considered as a southern training center for civilian defense is under consideration by the director, Office of Civilian Defense.

Very truly yours,

W. A. Budhik Charge Special Agent in Charge

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MRS. ROOSEVELT PRESENTS \$100 TO FOLK SCHOOL

Tenth Anniversary Observed; Plant, Program Expanded

MONTEAGLE, Feb. 2.—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt's check for \$190, received this week, was the first contribution to Highlander Folk School's tenth anniversary scholarship fund. Ed Blair, who received the Roosevelt scholarship in 1940, is representing the Amalgamated Clothing Workers at Kingston, N. C., and Theo Vanlandingham, awarded the 1941 scholarship, is chairman of the Memphis CIO Coupeil and financial secretary of the United Automobile Workers' Union.

Highlander enters its tenth year with an expanded plant and program. The 1941 report shows the best record of achievement in the history of the school, with a total enrollment for the residence, community and extension classes of 475.

A proposal that the school be used as a Southern training center for civilian defense is being corsidered according to a letter from James M. Landis, executive director, Office of Civilian Defense.

THE CHATTANOOGA NEWS FREE FRESS CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE February 2, 1942

HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL; INTERNAL SECURITY - C

61-7511-84

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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DETAILS:

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publications received from the Highlander Folk School; and information obtained from

The following topics will be covered: Activities of the Washington Committee of the Highlander Folk School; Highlander Folk School and the Southern Conference for Human Welfare; Highlander Folk School participation in the Tennessee State CIO Convention; Report of the New Orders Extension Program made by

for the Highlander Folk School; New staff members of the Highlander Folk School; Members of the School's Executive Council; Past and contemplated school activities. There is also included a brief statement concerning RICHARD GOTHE, former member of the Highlander Folk School staff who has been reported as a possible German sympathizer.

This report reflects information received from

ACTIVITIES OF THE WASHINGTON COMMITTEE OF THE HIGHLINDER FOLK SCHOOL:

The following information was obtained from a publication put out by the Highlander Folk School quoting newspaper articles appearing in the Washington Times Herald, the Washington News, and the Washington Star under date of May 11, 1942:

The first big event in the celebration of Highlander's Tenth Anniversary was a concert by PAUL ROBESON given at Riverside Stadium on May 10, 1942 sponsored by Highlander's Washington Committee for benefit of the Highlander Folk School, Monteagle, Tennessee. The concert had an underlying note of patriotism and contained such songs as "The Bill of Rights," a song of the Soviet Red Army and another from workers in a German concentration camp. ROBESON sang in Russian, German, and Hebrew, as well as English. Washington sponsors for the ROBESON concert included: irs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, Mrs. AGNES, H.\STONE, Justice and Mrs. STANLEY F. REED, Mrs. HUGO L. BLACK, Mrs. FRANCIS BIDDLE, Senator ABE MURDOCK, Mr. and Mrs. EDWARD KEATING, Mr. JAMES B. C.REY, Mr. and Mrs. GIFFORD PINCHOT, Mr. CLARENCE PICKETT, Mr. FRED S. WALKER, Dr. FRANK P. GRAHAM, Mr. and Mrs. GERARD D. REILLY, Mr. MAURY MAVERICK, Mr. WALTER BRUCE HOWE, Hon. THOMAS H. ELIOT, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. FILLIUM, Mrs. MARY HoLEOD BETHUNE, Mrs. G. NSON PURCELL, Mrs. CLARK FOREILM, Mrs. CHARLES EDWARD WHETTS, Mr. and Mrs. CLIFFORD J. DURR, Mr. and Mrs. DAVID R. WILLIAMS, Hon. J. MARREN MADDEN, Mr. TELFORD TAYLOR, Licut. BARRY BINGHAL, Mr. DAVID E. LILIENTHAL, Miss HILDA SMITH, irs. DOCC. ROLLILY, Hr. and Hrs. MICHAEL STRAIGHT.

that M.LCOLM ROSS, former member of the Highlander Folk School, who is now a Publicity Director for the National Labor Relations Board, and CHARLIE HANDY, who is engaged in the Research Department of the Butchers' Union, MICHAEL STRAIGHT, who is in the Washington Bureau of the New Republic, and

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Rev. MULLIGAN, an Episcopalian minister residing at Alexandria, Virginia, were the most active members of the Washington Committee of the Highlander Folk School and should be given the most credit for the success of the concert. Further advised that, since this is Highlander's tenth anniversary, an effort is being made by the school to obtain national sponsors, and in this connection letters have been written to many prominent political figures in Washington and throughout the country; that so far FALNK GRAHAM, Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, and JAMES CAREY have given oral consent to have their names used as sponsors for the school; that written consent has been obtained from ROGER BLIGHTN, President AMDERSON of Antioch College, GEORGE WAYHEN of Vanderbilt University, Dr. LILLIAN JOHNSON and CARRIE MCWILLIANS.

Expected to have an imposing list of celebrities to sponsor the school in the near future.

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further advised that many of the sponsors of the school were not personally familiar with the school or members of the faculty, but gave their support to the school because they believed in the program as outlined by publications issued by the school.

HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL AND THE SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HULLAN WELFARE:

The Highlander Fling published by the Highlander Folk School at Monteagle, Tennessee for June, 1942 contains an article which states that at the third Conference for Human Welfare held in Nashville, Tennessee on April 19-21, 1942, JAMES DOMBROWSKI served as executive secretary and has been given a leave of absence and will continue with the conference throughout the year. The article further states that all of the school staff took part in the conference as panel leaders, office workers or delegates; that a large number of former students who were present at the conference as delegates net with the staff for dinner. Following the conference, some forty friends visited Highlander Folk School, among whom were RALPH TEFFERTELLER, CLARK/FOREMAN of Washington, ETHEL CLYDE and EDITH FIELD of Mew York, and several carloads of Black Mountain and University of Oklahoma students. The present address of JAMES DOMBROWSKI as obtained from C. H. FULTS, Postmaster at Monteagle, Tennessee, is Room 202, Presbyterian Building, Nashville, Tennessee. It is believed that this is the present headquarters for the Southern Conference for Human Welfare.

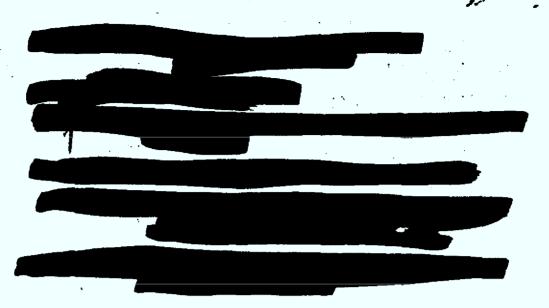
HIGHLANDER FOLK SCHOOL PARTICIPATION IN THE TENNESSEE STATE CIO CONVENTION:

The following publication indicates that the Highlander Folk School was active at the Tennessee State CIO Convention held in Memphis, Tennessee June 12, 13, 1942:

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Further information was received from T-1 to the effect that the National Sponsoring Committee, headed by Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT is joining the Executive Council and Staff of the Highlander Folk School in issuing invitations to the 10th Anniversary Celebration, to be held Sunday, October 25, 1942 at the Highlander Folk School, Monteagle, Tennessee. This celebration will include an address, "Unifying the Home Front for Victory," as well as music, games and a barbecue, according to the invitation, and will be an all day affair.

The National Sponsoring Committee is listed as follows, as set out on the reverse side of the invitation to this celebration:

Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

Mrs. HUGO BLACK

Miss HILDA SHITH, Consultant in Labor Education, Federal Norks Agency

Senator ELBERT D. THOMAS

CLIFFORD DURR, Federal Communications Commission

VIRGINIA DURR, National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax

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ROCER BALLTIN, American Civil Liberties Union

JAMES BY CAREY, Secretary, CIO

	FEDERAL BURE	au of investiga	TION	
Origin: NEW YORK			Balto. File	No. 100-428
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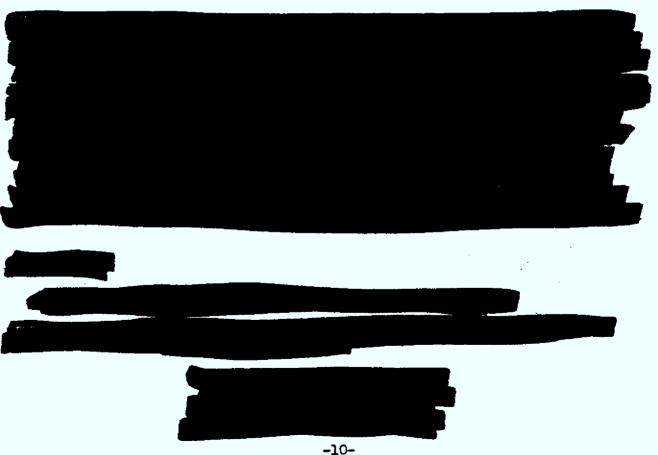
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The Committee also took this opportunity to communicate with Mrs. ELEANOR SCOSEVELT at Hyde Park to express their sympathies to her in her hour of bereavement. In this regard they took the opportunity to extend their thooks to her for how whole-hearted support in carrying out their beliefs by lighting intollerant Fascism and to end discrimination against progresssive elements in America.

On the same date they addressed a letter to President TRUMAN wherein they expressed their sympathy over the passing of President ROOSEVELT and urged him (TREEAN) to follow ROOSEVELT's ideas both internationally and on the demestic front. They also urged that he continue to support the Dumbarton Oaks agreements and the Bretton Woods agreements. In concluding, they pladged their full support to President TRULIAN.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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REFERENCE: Bureau Report	i file 61-7341 of Special A ary 25, 1946.	- P -	Portland,	
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interviewed

pointed out in his introduction that this committee eperates under the President's War Relief Control Board, license 538, and that the sponsor list included over five hundred names of such prominent Americans as Mrs. ELEANOP ROSEVELT, LOUIS ADAMIC, and ALATKO BALOKOVIC. advised that in his interview the discussion was limited to the physical devastation of Yugoslavia and its present struggle for rehabilitation and reconstruction, deliberately avoiding any questions of a political nature. advised that the information bulletin given him by stated is a Lieutenant in the Yugoslavian Army, who had fought with the partisans army in Yugoslavia and had worked with the underground liberation movement in occupied territory.

Bederal Bureau of knvestigation United States Department of Justice

New York, New York

100-59518 JJM:JR

March 28, 1944

Director, FBI

Re: WEST INDIAN NEGRO ACTIVITIES, NYC INTERNAL SECURITY (C)

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the enclosed report of Special Agent dated March 27, 1944 at New York City.

The Bureau's attention is respectfully directed to pages 3, 7 and 10 of said report, on which pages will be noted references to the name of Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT. The information in connection therewith was received from confidential informants, as indicated. To present the information properly, it has been considered advisable to make these direct references to Mrs. Roosevelt.

Enc.

cc San Juan

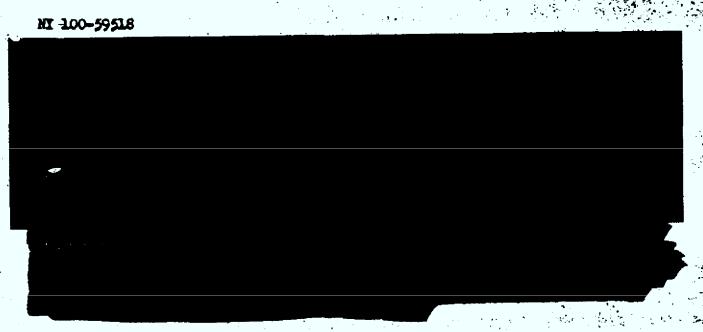
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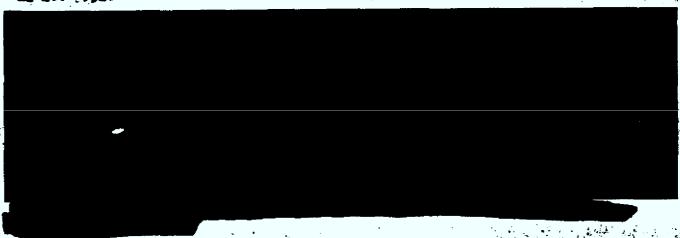
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NEW YORK, NEW YORK THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT DATE WHEN MADE REPORT MADE AT 3/16,20-25/44 3/27/44 NEW YORK, NEW YORK TITLE WEST INDIAN NEGRO ACTIVITIES. INTERNAL SECURITY - C MEW YORK CITY Confidential Informants advise 22 West Indian organisations operate in N.Y. area, of which three are politically inclined; namely, CARIBHEAN UNION WEST INDIES NATIONAL COUNCIL, and MAMAICA PROGRESSIVE LEAGUE. The CARIBEEAN UNION is interested only in American politics; the WEST INDIES NATIONAL COUNCIL in political activities outside the U.S., particularly in West Indies and in Pan-American affairs, working with COUNCIL FOR PAN-AMERICAN DEMOCRACY. Informants state both the WEST INDIES NATIONAL COUNCIL and the JAMAICA PROGRESSIVE LEAGUE are sending money to the PEOPLE'S NATIONAL PARTY in Jameica. Informants state WILFRED ADOLPHUS DOMINGO, Compunist, was brought to Jamaica from N.Y.C. by NORMAN MANLEY, leader of the PEOPLE'S NATIONAL PARTY OF JAMAICA, as an organizer and General Secretary and is presently residing with MANIEY in Jameice. Informents were unable to furnish any information concerning the WEST INDIES NATIONAL (Win) PARTY other than it was believed to be located either in British Guiana or Trinidad. stated that the PROPIE'S NATIONAL PARTY is the spearhead through which the Communists hope to gain control of the political situation in the islands with funds coming from small businesses there. H. P. CSBORNE and CHARLES A. PETIONI, alleged Communists, appear to be New York-West Indian leaders. AMERICAN-COPY DESTROYED VIRGIN ISLAND CIVIC ASSOCIATION at the present time does not appear to be involved in the political ac-13 2 JEC 9 tivities of the West Indies. RECORDE COPIES OF THIS REPO New York



The informant further stated that it is the present intention of the council to use Dr. GCDFREY NURSE to get Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, using his influence, to make speeches for the WEST INDIES NATIONAL COUNCIL. This is described as being a part of the cultural objectives of the council as distinguished from its political objectives, but in reality such a using of people of influence is designed solely for the purpose of enhancing the council's political prestige and otherwise furthering its interests. The council also planned to have NURSE get in contact with the State Department, working through him on the basis of such contact for securing white people in sympathy with the Negroes placed on the ANGLO-AMERICAN CARTBEEAN COMMISSION, and to secure Negro representation on that commission as well.



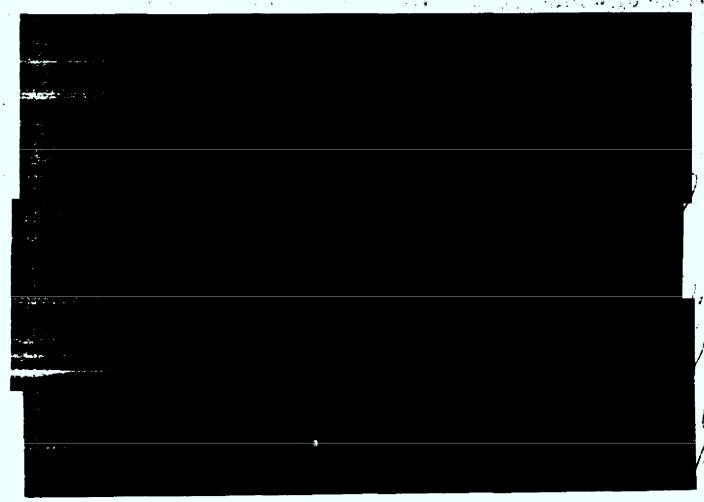


According to the informant, ANY ASHWOOD GARVEY, noted woman leader of Jamaica, British West Indies, and widow of the late MARCUS GARVEY, has only recently returned to this country. However, informant stated, she does not/fit at all into the picture inasmuch as she is known to him to be positively a conservative, anti-Communist. She is associated with the J. A. G. SMITH POLITICAL PARTY, which is known as an anti-Communist group. The sole purpose of this organization, according to the informant, is to perpetwate the life and philosophy of J. A. G. SMITH, who during his lifetime was known as a humanitarian. However, informant did say that Mrs. GARVEY is something of an adventuress and the exact part she might play in West Indian activities in the New York area was for that reason unknown to him. Mrs. GARVEY wants to bring domestic help from the West Indies and has interested Mrs. ROOSEVELT in the idea. However, informant understands that this move on the part of Mrs. GARVEY is not considered very popular in New York City.



MY 100-59518

Mrs. ANY GARVEY was in close contact with ADAN CLAITON POWELL, colored Minister, and editor of the "People's Voice", colored tabloid newspaper, and that she was furnishing POWELL with material and information to use in his speeches in the New York area. Informant also advised that Mrs. GARVEY was actively engaged in assisting unemployed women in Jamaica in obtaining working on the mainland, and was said to be seeking the cooperation of Mrs. KLEANOR ROCSEVELT in this venture. Informant believed that arrangements were to be made to transfer 25,000 Jamaica women, domestic and farm workers to this country to relieve unemploymentin the West Indies and likewise aid in solving the women shortage here. Mrs. GARVEY is alleged to have said, "Mrs. ROCSEVELT has promised to help us and the women of Jamaica have faith in her. Her presence in the Caribbean is ample proof of the fact that the First Lady understands quite clearly the problems of women generally".



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 FILE NO. 100-13515 MD THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK CITY REPORT MADE BY PERIOD FOR REPORT MADE AT 6/24/4% 5/31;6/21,22, **NEW YORK CITY** CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - R RUSSIAN WAR RELIEF, INC. R.W.R. held a bond rally 3/31/44 in the financial district of SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: NYC. Prominent officials of the organization spoke. On 6/22/44 Russian War Relief rally as tribute to the third anniversary of the invasion of the Soviet Union, held at Madison Square Garden. Prominent national figures were guest speakers and the program included a pageant having as its theme the fact that the Soviet Union has been friends with the U.S. for over 200 years; that the U.S. has been misinformed as to the true nature of the Russian people and their political ideologies. *--- -----Report of Special Agent dated May 16, 1944, REFERENCE: at New York City. On May 31, 1944, the writer attended a rally that was held on DETAILS: the steps of the Subtreasury Building, Broadway and Nassau St., New York City, sponsored by the Russian War Relief. The purpose of this festivity was the attempt to have kits filled by people of the financial district. This activity was held during the noon hour period, at which time a seventy piece band participated and prominent individuals participated. Mrs. J. BORDEN HARRIMAN, former Minister to Norway, did not attend in person, but sent a message in which she praised the Russian Army and spoke with high regard of the Soviet Union. RECORDING DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES H. (5)- Bureau (Enclosures 4) - New York COPIES

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The principal speaker of the occasion was Mr. EUGENE V.
KISSELEV, Consul General of the Soviet Union, who read a prepared statement in which he acknowledged the support which the American people had given to the Soviet Union, and that this support was acknowledged by JOSEF STALIN, the Premier.

Another important speaker was Mr. HENRY C. ALEXANDER, a member of the National Committee of Russian War Relief, who stated the persons gathered at the festivity were getting their first impression of Russian War Relief; therefore, he stated the organization was privately owned, had no political connections whatsoever, and did not connect itself in any way, nor was it interested in, any political "ism." He explained how the funds of the Russian War Relief were distributed and stated they were a part of the National War Fund.

EDWARD C. CARTER, head of Russian War Relief, was the next most important speaker. He stated that he had recently come back from a trip to the Soviet Union, at which time he had an occasion to visit Moscow and Stalingrad, where he visited the people in their homes, farms and factories, and stated that from one end of Russia to the other, the Russian people are aware of the fact that they are receiving support from the American people.

On June 22, 1944, Russian War Relief presented a rally at Madison Souare Garden, New York City. This rally was build as "Order of the Day" and was presented as a tribute to the armies of liberation on the third anniversary of the invasion of the Soviet Union. The rally was sponsored under the auspices of the Committee of Russian War Relief, consisting of the following persons:

Dr. ISRAEL GOLDSTEIN, WILLIAM GREEN, THOMAS W. LAMONT, PHILIP HURRAY, JAMES G. PATTON, Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, The Rev. Dr. RALPH SOCKMAN, THOMAS J. WATSON, A. F. WHITNEY, WENDELL WILLKIE, OWEN D. YOUNG

The writer attended this function and obtained copies of the programs that were distributed, two copies of which are being furnished as enclosures to the Bureau with this report.

The writer observed Madison Square Garden at the commencement of the festivities, and determined that all of the seats throughout this garden were occupied and in a very short time after the commencement of the program, harge numbers of people were standing to the rear of the isles. It was determined by the writer that the Garden will hold a capacity crowd of 20,000. Admission commenced at a price of 84¢ per person and some of the box seats were for sale at \$8.00.

The first major speaker of the evening was Brigidier General CHARIES M. WESSON, of the United States Army, Director of the Division of Soviet Supply of the Foreign Economic Administration, who traced the growth in the amount of war supplies sent to the Soviet Union by the United States, reciting numerous statistics.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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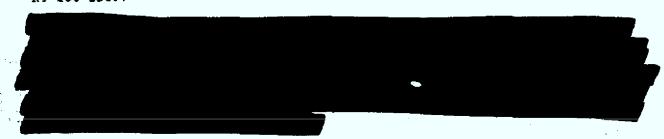
Activities

acted as Chairman at a dinner given by attended this dinner and noted that the number of negro people present was out of proportion to their usual number at political rallies, and that made expressions of opinion on negro discrimination of identical sense to those made in the Daily Worker.

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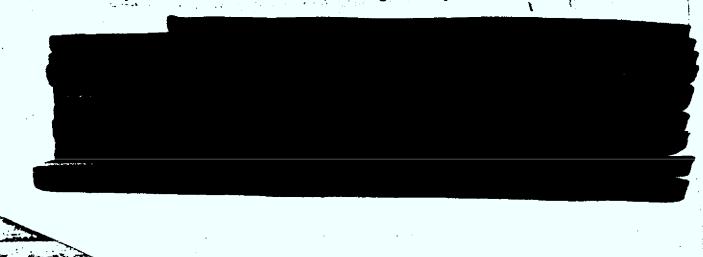
1000年では一番なるのである。



The members of the Executive Committee of the Council, according to informant, are looking for people in key positions throughout the world to assist it in its efforts. Informant stated that it is known that HCPT STEVENS, a colored attorney in Harlem and an alleged Communist, sometime during 1943 made a trip to the West Indies for the purpose of putting into effect a complete organization of the council there, and it is understood that he contacted W. A. DOMINGO, who is the party organizer and General Secretary of the PEOPLE'S NATIONAL PARTY OF JAMAICA. Expenses incurred by STEVENS in connection with his work in the islands were paid by the council.

The informant further stated that it is the present intention of the Council to use Dr. GODFREY NURSE to get Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, under his influence, to wake speeches for the WEST INDIES NATIONAL COUNCIL. This is described as being a part of the cultural objectives of the Council as distinguished from its political objectives, but in reality such a using of people of influence is designed solely for the purpose of enhancing the Council's political prestige and otherwise furthering its interests. The Council also planned to have NURSE get in contact with the State Injurtment, working through him on the basis of such contact for securing white people in sympathy with the Magrees placed on the NUGLO-AMERICAN CARIBBEAN COMMISSION and to secure Negro representation on that dom ission as well.

Informant said that the theme of the Council sceme to be that with careful planning and coordination of efforts "the post-war world will be ours", which statement is attirubted generally to HERMAN P. OSEONNE.



RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Federal Unrean of Investigation United States Department of Instice Mashington, D. C.

December 30, 1943

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CC-287

MEMORANDUM FOR THE LITE CYCH

RI: CHIME HITH JUINNY

It is felt that the following will be of interest to you.

furing September, 1941, information was received reflecting that the GIO was sponsoring a marical extravagance expressing laborators to the in winning the words approximately apply Uniform electron.

file writers and all are nembers of the Northwest Section of the Communist Part; in Hollywood, Unlifornia.

In view of the cove information, the keworm Office of alimetracted to ottal the opening of this show on to be on the chart to actemize the extent of to canist erospance contained in the serie, as well as the inentity of too and tuporty enough of the show.

Prior to the retail opening of the laby in wear map and direct, on woverber and two, the following Treatre, the title of the showing configuration to the actual opening of the show, the same received complete actual opening of the show, the same received complete actual opening of the show, the same received complete actually not seems.

The recent attending the show stated that it condicted of a surport of a politication review with many catchy congresses cance ensembles, his into a the rise time of a politic returning note on a furbouth at which time has received information are this life, that career, an her co-workers, on conditions on the none from from the view sint of 1 per. The physical parties a succession of skit, and ausical numbers cetting forth the 1spor viewpoint on the issues of the cay. It is stated that the Communist proper non-contained in the show may very eleverly disguisce and would not a readily apparent to one unfemiliar with the present Communist 2 rty lines.

one skit was cutitle, "Lette but Our Toniant," unless with her economic members of controls, heart, Senttor sublition, who we controls to a incomic of violator of OP, regulations.

Another skit has entitled "bet's do out in him Foore high the form that the bound the Buy theme that I can must vote and bust to out in a deliver solicity of the support its rooms.

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Another skip was entitled "Lincoin and Justez". This skip was resortedly built around the theme of labor solidarity between workers of the United States and those of Mexico and Latin America.

Another skit was catitled "Life with Grandfather". This was built around the labor-management committee idea. This skit portrayed an incividual who was opposed to the labor-management idea, but who was later converted to this type of management. The whole idea of this skit was an attempt to show the progress that the country had made through the efforts of labor.

another skit was entitled the sous attucks". This takit was built around racial discrimination and segregation. It was mainly directed at the cold tax states and their Congressional representatives.

Another shit was intibled "The Best Friend Labor Iver Hadr't." This shit consisted of an attack upon westbrook regler. The skit representation scene in Performs office, the background being a large kny of the works with downs sticking in the ranth of the world inhubited by America's Alaics. The action condisted of worldus that by Pegler's accretary containing the word "union", either asone or compounded that the word the word "union", Pegler would become progressively more insane. At the elect of his intuity alvoich one over a radio loudescaker system concerning a price bottoch the Brooklyn lodgers and the Cincinnati meds, at which time Pegler went complete becerk, telling his scored by that he must be we immediately for a rest. Pegler then told his secretary to s in the plane and put her finger on a spot which would be his untimate destination. her ringer finally rested on the Soviet Union, at which time Pegler co Littled spic Ve In their indicate of poison. Those present reportedly greatly approved of this action.

Other than the above, numerous other statements and situations took whice unich subtly partraged the attitude of the Communist Party on various sometic and International issues.

Mrs. Flornogy hoosevelt was present at the performance and ande a scort talk at intervission wishing success to the cast. Philip currey also year a speach pointing bet that the phownes a new venture for labor and that it was important for labor to have Its views presented through the medium of the theatre.

D. M. Ladd

F. XI.

Ers. Franklin D. Roosevelt Hyde Park Dutchess County, New York

Ly dear I'rs. Roosevelt:

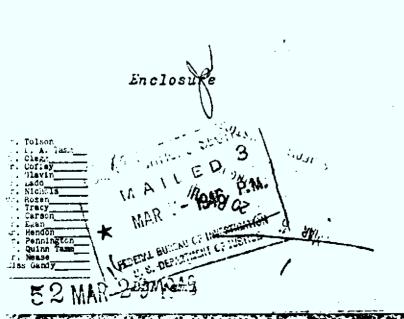
I am in receipt of a communication from Ur. T. V. Vlachos of Shanghai, China, with whom I corresponded prior to the war. His letter to me gave a rather vivid account of how he kept his family together under Japanese occupation and how he was able to further the musical education of his little boy. He transmitted with his communication to me a letter in an envelope addressed to you, which I am forwarding herewith.

Incidentally, I want to congratulate you for the grand account you gave at the UNO Convention. It must have been trying, but we have so much at stake and I do hope that with the passage of time the UNO will prove to be the media to bring about the peace we all hope and pray for.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

de militar a son



march 15, 1946

My dear Mr. Hoover,

Many thanks for your very kind letter and for sending me r. Vlachos' en-velope. It was very thoughtful of y

With all good wishes, I am,

Yours very sincerely,

Eleanor Romeneco

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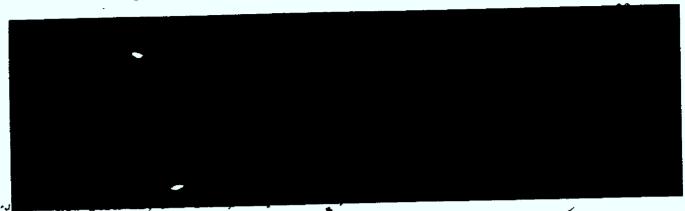
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Office Mem Indum • UNITED ! ES GOVERNMENT DATE: 10/19/50 DIRECTOR, FBI FROM SAC, KNOXVILLE SUBJECT: SECURITY MATTER - C (Bufile) Knoxville, dated 6/29/50. Rerep SA has shown that he has received and sent the below-listed correspondence. This correspondence has been broken down according to the field office covering either the addressee or the addressor, and it is requested that each of these offices check their indices and advise Knoxville of any information found in their files: (.JM: at RECURDE 117 33599-32 :> -500 Kansas City TT Atlan 16: Philadelphia Balt PCT 23 Portland Bo. on. Ŋ Buffalo New Haven Charlotte (100-6263) New York Washington Field Chicago Cleveland 65-33599-32 COPIES DESTROYED 80 SEP 15 1300

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THE PORTLAND OFFICE:



To from Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT*, Val-Kill Cottage, Hyde Park, Dutchess County, New York, post dated August 31, 1950;

THE VOLUNTEER FOR LIBERTY The Trams ran late in This policy has already aroused world-This policy has already aroused world-wide suspicion, and its reception by the democrats of Spain is all too aptly symbolised by the attitude of Pablo Casals, the great Spanish 'cellist, who has announced that he will never again give another concert in Britain while the policy of bolstering up Spanish Fascism **Amsterdam** Twenty thousand people met in Amsterdam on January 5 and unanimously demanded that the Dutch Government should break off diplomatic and economic relations with Franco. continues. Just one example of the sympathy for democratic Spain which is to be found among the Dutch workers: Trams in Franco's Health Service Amsterdam normally cease running at 6 p.m., but on the night of the "Free Spain" meeting the workers ran the cars There are 30,000 cases of tuberculesis in Bilbao alone, according to a reliable correspondent who recently visited the city. Hospital acommodation is insuffiuntil midnight to take the people home. The meeting was called by a Committee representing the trade unions, Socialists, Communists, Liberals and cient for even a tenth of these, and if you need to go into hospital in Bibao you have to obtain a certificate, not from many other organisations. There were speakers of every shade of political opinion and from every sphere of cultural your doctor, but from your parish priest. It is easy to imagine the kind of victimisation that can and does occur. I was present as representative of the British International Brigade Association and found a guard of honour of 150 LB. Inde and six LB. nurses waiting to receive me. British Brigaders will be particularly glad to know that our old Battalion doctor. Van Rheems, is well, despite years in concentration camps, including the months in Dacham Remember this when you next read Pranco prating about Hans Kable Hans Kahle, who commanded the 45th Division of the Spanish Republican Army and is well known in this country, six months in Dachau. The meeting was only a beginning and nation wide campaign against Franco now being conducted throughout where he spent the war years, has at last been permitted to return to Germany.

To him and the other German Inter-Holland. national Brigaders who have left Britain we send our warmest greetings. British Aid for Franco Britain bought £13,000,000 worth of First performance of the new opera goods from Franco Spain in 1945, according to the official figures. Six hundred and seventy-six thousand "THE PARTISANS" pounds worth of goods were exported by Britain to Franco Spain in the last by INGLIS GUNDRY (commissioned six months of 1945. The exports consisted of: machinery, £123,000; implements and tools, £11.000; by the Workers Music Association), motor vehicles, including chassis, £18,000; will take place in London at the end of chemicals, drugs, dyes and colours, May. Readers interested in seeing the £524,000. Britain has begun to supply the Franco Government with precision instruments, excavators, nautical and textile equipment. opera should write to the W.M.A. "Export or die," has been a familiar slogan recently. Here, however, it seems to be a case of "We export and the sanish demograts die," Great Newport Street, W.C.2

THE VOLUNTEER FOR LIBERTY . Z.

responsibility for my actions and, like Alvarez, I am ready to face the conse-Alvarez, I am ready to Iace the consequences. All we want is a fair trial and a chance to make ourselves heard. If it were a civil trial we should be able to choose our defence, but should the trial be military we shall not have time to present our case properly."

Knoblaugh says that according to the Another says that according to the official plans they will be tried together with ten others before the "Special Judge," Colonel Aymart, on charges of conspiracy against the regime.

During his interview with Alvarez and During his interview with Alvarez and Zapirain, both freely admitted they were members of the Spanish Communist Party. "What would be the use of denying it?" they said. "It cannot be considered a crime. We joined the Communist Party when it was legally recognised in Spain. Communist Parties function legally in all the demo-Parties function legally in all the demo-cratic countries."

In the presence of Franco officials they described the Franco regime as Fascist, and declared that "as good Spaniards they regarded it as their duty to do every-thing possible to re-establish democracy so that Spain could join the ranks of the United Nations."

They had been offered beds to sleep n. "But we refused them because there were not enough for all the other prisoners, and we did not want special favours.

At the International Women's Conread from the wife of Zapirain. "I appeal to you," she wrote, "as an anti-Fascist fighter, asking you to denounce before the world the suffering of the people which was first to rise against Fascist aggression—the people which has not spared its sacrifice or its blood in defence of world freedom. I appeal to you as a mother and I beg you, on behalf of the thousands of Spanish homes which are threatened by the Spanish murderers, to make heard the voice of anti-Fascist women who demand an end to Franco terror. . . Let the world know that while it celebrates victory over the Fascist aggressor, there are many of us, women and mothers, who are living in torment, and peace, so longed for, has not yet came for us."

Soledad Figueral, the wife of Alvarez, has gone to Mew York to urge action by the United States. She has seen Mrs. Roosevelt, who said that if a trial were to take place it should be in public, and who supported the idea of inter-

national lawyers being present, though she agreed that only public pressure would achieve this result.

Soledad also saw representatives of the International Lawyers' Committee who have written to the Franco Government demanding that their representatives be permitted to undertake the defence if a trial or court-martial is held.

Famous lawyers who have offered their services include Mr. D. N. Pritt, M.P., M. Moro Giafferi, and the American jurist, Mr. Bartley Crum.

The Falangist press has now received orders not to publicise political trials popular anger is too great and international repercussions too dangerous.

Mention of a few of the other Resistance leaders and outstanding personali-ties who are in danger of execution should be sufficient to show the need for great campaign against the Franco

Maria Teresa Toral is well known in Spanish scientific circles and worked at the Rockefeller Institute in Madrid. She has been accused of working for "National Union" and of membership of the Spanish Communist Party, and

of the Spanish Communist Party, and the has been subjected to torture. Ramon Via, leading engineering trade unionist, hero of the anti-Vichy resistance in North Africa and afterwards a guerrilla leader in Andalusia has been condemned to death.

Spanish heroes of the French Maquis now in danger of execution by the Falangists include:—

Joaquin Yufera, commander of the 204th Partisan Division, leader of the Resistance struggle in the Hérault region and one of the organisers of the famous rescue of anti-Fascist prisoners from the

rescue of anti-rascist prisoners from the Rempart Saint-Etienne in Toulouse;
Antonio Nufiez, commander of the 102nd Partisan Division;
Medina, an F.F.I. Captain with a fine record in action against the Germans;
Ricardo Escrig, now in Saragossa Prison, where he has been barbarously tortured:

tortured;

Ventura Marquez, in Pampiona Prison.

FOOTNOTE: Maurice Gabolde and Paul Neraud, each of whom held the post of Minister of Justice in the Vichy Government and were responsible for the deaths of many French patriots, have been released from Montjuich Prison at Barcelona and are living in a Barcelona boarding house "under police supervision." Abel Bonnard, Vichy Minister of Education, has also been released.

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30VERNMENT

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TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: July 5, 1951

SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

MISCELLANEOUS YUGOSLAVIAN ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES INTERNAL SECURITY - YU

The following information was obtained from Washington Field concerning the forthcoming Peace Conference to be held at Belgrade, Yugošlavia, during September or October, 1951.

Five copies of this information is being furnished to the Bureau by attached blind memorandum as the Bureau may wish to furnish same to the Department of State. One copy is being designated to the New York Office for information.

RAW:dtk Enclosures 105-1781 CC: New York (Fncl.)

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RE: PEACE CONFERENCE - BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA SEPTIMBIR OR OCTOBER, 1951

The following information was obtained from a confidential informant of known reliability.

Source advised that the Yugoslavian Ambassador VIADIMIR COPOVIC and ALES WHER, Yugoslavian UN Representative, have been attempting to persuade prominent American citizens to attend the forthcoming Peace Conference to be held in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, during September or October, 1951.

Among the people who have consented to attend this conference is Mrs. FLEANOR ROOSEVELT. She has consented to go to Yugoslavia only if the State Department approves and furthermore the conference must not commence before October 25, 1951. Source advised that Ambassador POPOVIC has assured BERLER that State Department approval of Mrs. ROOSEVELT's trip is guaranteed. Tentative plans were made for Mrs. ROOSEVELT to spend about one week in Yugoslavia and then she was to proceed to Paris for the General Assembly Session to be held November 6, 1951.

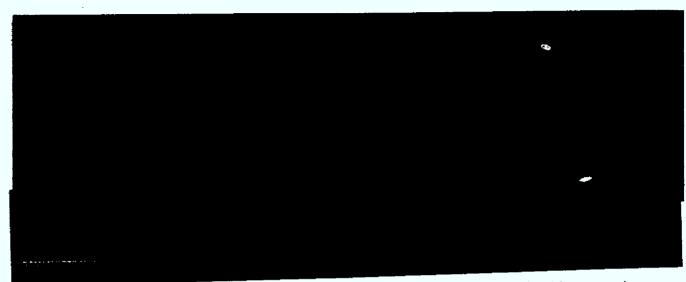
The above mentioned postponement of the convention to be held in Belgrade, as requested by Mrs. RUOSEVELT was considered advantageous by POFOVIC and BEBIER as it would not only permit Mrs. RUOSEVELT's presence at the convention but it would also give Belgrade more time to make the necessary arrangement.



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Source subsequently advised that due to many conflicting events it would probably be better to hold the Peace Conference in Belgrade in the early part of September rather than October. BEBLER planned on getting in contact with Mrs. ROOSEVELT concerning the matter of using her name as a sponsor even though she would not be able to attend the congress personally.

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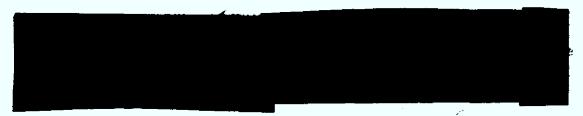
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The advised that on August 7, 1951, MIAIEN SOIC of the Yugoslav Information Center in New York, discussed with MIREC BRUNER the matter of the forthcoming Peace Conference to be held at Zagreb. Concerning this matter, SOIC advised BRUNER that the following individuals had endorsed the Peace Conference but were unable to attend.

DR. RADIE W. SOKKIN, a protestant elergyman.

MICHALE STRAIGHT, President of the American

Veterans Committee.

EHREST SIMONS, a professor at Columbia University.

FIGURETICK HEDEFER, Director of NYU School of Education.

HORMAN THORAS

INFORMAN Whom SOIC referred to as a well known
liberal.

UPTON SINCLAIR

CHARLES FOAZ

STRINGVELLOW BAIR, President of the Foundation for World

Government.

STANLEY ISLACS, a New York Councilman.

Dr. GEORGE BUCKNER, Editor of "Forld Cause".

JUNIONAREURGA whom SOIC referred to as a very well known protestant personality of the Community Church in New York

protestant personality of the Community Church in New York.
THOMAS TANGETON, a professor of law at Yale University.

individuals had authorized the use of their names as sponsors but would be unable to attend the conference.

John BIANNER

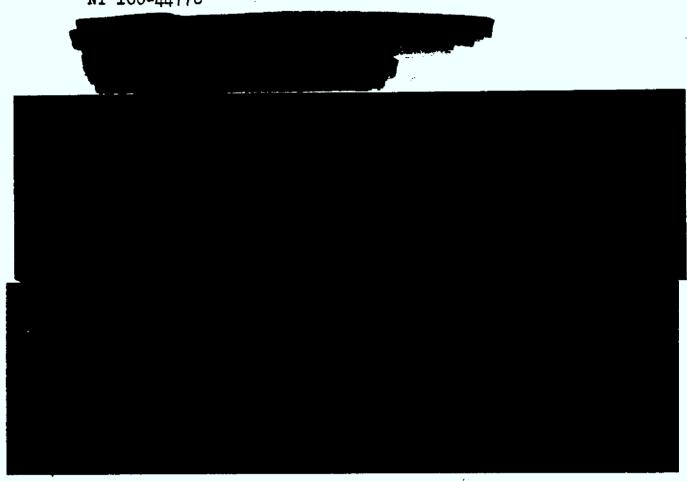
advised Congressman JOHN BLAINICK was assisting the Yugoslav Embassy in obtaining names of various prominent Americans who would be willing either to sponsor or attend this conference.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Yugoslav Information Center

With regard to the Zagreb Peace Conference, which was held in Zagreb, Yugoslavia from October 23 to 26, 1951, the Yugoslav Government enjoyed the support of prominent individuals and leading organized groups in the United States and other parts of the world.

The agenda for this International Peace Conference was as follows:

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- 1. Tendencies toward domination and lack of respect for the principle of equality among all nations, both great and small, as one of the fundamental reasons behind the danger of war.
- 2. Condemnation of all forms of aggressive pressure and every act of aggression.
 - 3. Reduction of all types of armament.
- 4. Struggle of the application of the principles of the United Nations charter.
- 5. Assistance to under-developed countries and the free development of the International Economic Cooperation.
- 6. Cultural cooperation on the basis of mutual respect for the culture of each nation.

individuals will represent the various other countries attending this conference:

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14

Great Britain

H. N. BRAILSFORD KONL ZILLIACUS HARVEY MOORE KINGSLEY MARTIN

France

JEAN PAUL SARTRE EMILE KAHN JEA<u>N CA</u>SSOU

Other countries who had accepted invitations are Scandinavia, Austria, Switzerland, Belgium, Western Germany, Italy, Greece, Egypt, Mexico, Chile, Indonesia,

NY 100-44776

and several other countries. Among the prominent persons from the United States who accepted invitations are the following:

Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT
ROBERT E./SHERWOOD
Dr. R/DPH W./SOCKWAN
MICHAEL/STRAIGHT
WILLIAM L. SHIRER
UPTON SHICLAIR
ERHEST J./SIMMONS of Columbia University
Dr. O./FREDERICK/NOLDE
NORMAN/THOMAS
Dr. DONALD/HARRINGTON
Dr. HENRY A./TKINSON
IRA/HIRSCHMAN
O. JOHN ROGGE
and several others.

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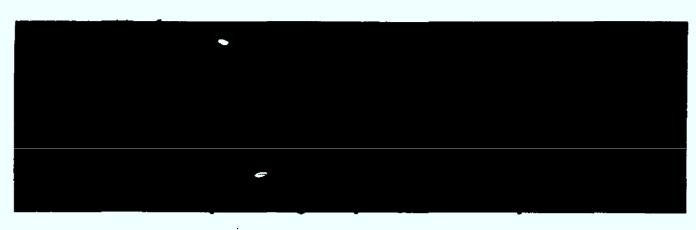
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THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON FIELD

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4. Yugoslav Information Center

Confidential Informant T-13 advised on July 18, 1952 that VLADIMIR DEDIJER, Minister of Education and Culture of the Yugoslav Government was scheduled to arrive in the United States on the following day.

T-13 on July 25, 1952 stated that he had received information that Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT expected DEDIJER to visit her in Poughkeepsie, New York on that date. T-13 stated that DEDIJER was to arrive at this meeting at approximately 6:30 that evening. T-13 stated that he was of the opinion that DEDIJER was to be intown for at least ten days and that he was in New York for the purpose of handling business matters in connection with a new book which he is writing.

It is noted that DEDIJER is the author of a recent book entitled "Through the War with TITO", which was presented in a series of articles in "Life" magazine.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	BOSTON, LASS.		BOS FILE NO. 100-16372	
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Literature and letterheads exhibited to the writer by

and Scientists who were members of the National Political Action Committee in New York City earlier in that week. He reported that he was much impressed by the progress these people were making in political action and also by therfirm grash of social problems despite the intricacies of their own work.

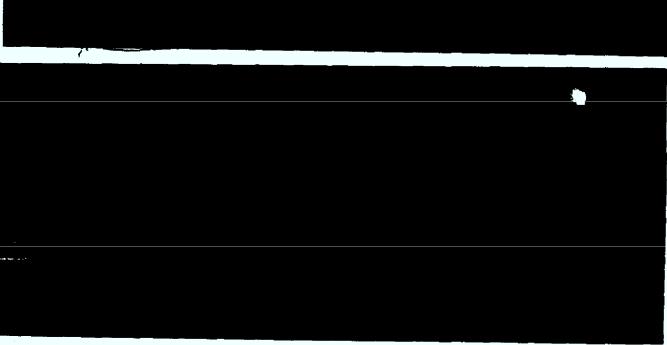
The concluding item of the meeting was an announcement by ir. CAMERON that he had secured from New York City Headquarters of the rolitical Action Committee a list of all of the citizens of Lassachusetts who had financially supported the Political Action Committee during the 1944 Presidential election. He indicated that these people would be recontacted for further solicitation.

a cinner sponsored by the lassachusetts Citizens Political Action Committee at the Copley Plaza Hotel, Hoston, Passa, on Cotober 31, 1945, in honor of Prs. ELEANOR-MADEVELT, widow of the laterPresidentFRANKLIN D. HOOSEVELT. CAMERON, as Chairman of the LCPAC, opened the evening and introduced the Toastmaster, HONARD NULLURINGUES. CAMERON attended the affair with ELLA WINTER among others. Niss WINTER

BOS 100-16372

introduced CALERON to the guests of the evening and as a result of a conversation with Mrs. ROOSEVELT, CAMERON agreed to publish a book presently being written by Brigadier Ceneral ELLIOTT ROOSEVELT, although he has not yet seen the manuscript and although Mrs. ROOSEVELT wasn't cure of the nature of the book. It was her best recollection that the Brigadier General's book would be concerning his war experiences.

noted that with the exception of Lrs. ROOJEVELT, Governor MAURICE TOBIN, and Senator TOBEY, of New Hampshire, the most active participants at the dinner were either known to him as Communists or Communist sympathizers. CANCRON, in his only remarks of the evening, briefly urged that the secret of the atomic bomb be made known to all responsible Governments for the benefit of all markind.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW	YORK		FILE NO.	PBA
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY	
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According to Confidential Informant T-5 applied for voluntary induction into the land forces of the United States on February 22, 1943 and was inducted into the United States Army on April 5, 1943. According to T-5, was reclassified 1-C discharged on March 13, 1946. At the time of his separation from service he was a 2nd Lioutenant in the Infantry. He was an Infantry Unit Commander and had served in the campaigns of Hormandy, Northern France, Remaind, Ardamos and Control Europe. He was warded the ELME Ribbon with five broaze battle stars.

()

Confidential Informant T-6, of unoun reliability, adviced that the following correspondence was directed to the RAYDS at their residence address, 27 Mast 4 Street, how york City, between Mry 16, 1952 and July 7, 1952:

Date	Sendor	Rosuma Address
May 16, 1952	Third Floor 125 West 72 Street New York City	
May 16, 1952	Room 707 114 East 32 Struct New York City	
May 17, 1952	216 West 58 Street New York City	
May 17, 1952	Worksons Compensation D 150 Leonard Street New York City	onrā

Date	Sender	Return Address
Ney 29, 1952	Mrs. F. D. ROOSEVELT 220 West 56 Street New York City	-
May 19, 1952	17 Murray Street New York City	
Hry 31, 1952	Greeter New York Negro 53 Weat 125 Street New York City	o Lahor Council
Way 31, 1952	715 North 6 Stroot Philadelphia, Pennsylv	van ie
June 5, 1952	Suite 1000 17 West 45 Street New York City	
June 7, 1952	82 Sucond Avenuo New York City	
June 7, 1952	Public Library 135 Second Avenue New York City	
June 7, 1952	Workmens Compensation 150 Leonard Street New York City	Board
June 7, 1952	224 West 58 Surget New York City	

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SHOPPING



Mrs. McQueen Returns From 20,000 Mile Good Will Trip

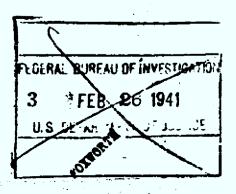
publics, Mrs. E. L. McQueen re-American air tour early last year, turned to Beverly Hills this week, Mrs. McQueen followed her own her homecoming hastened by the itinerary after completing the death of an only brother, J. Brad-scheduled chamber flight, and

brings assurances of solidarity in and of increasing understanding the neighboring American na between all Western Hemisphere tions, and asserts that Hemis nationalities. phere Defense takes precedence Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, over all other interests in Centhrough letters to Mrs. McQueen, and South American coun sent her good wishes to the wo-

Completing a 20,000-mile good| Leaving Los Angeles with the will tour to the Pan Americ Re Chamber of Commerce First Pan ley Lippincott of San Francisco. spent the remaining months in Better known for her activities contacting the women fliers, the in behalf of the Women' Inter-ruling heads and wives of the national Association of Aeronau various nations, inspecting flying tics, of which she is founder and and defense facilities, and partichonorary president, and the West ularly in urging an exchange of Coast head of the Pan American Latin. America and North Americangue, Mrs. McQueen, who reica students as a means of consider at 220 N. Doheny drive, solidating good neighbor gains

men of the Southern Republics.





Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Deptinis of Instice Washington De. (Percinal)

My Jeddan Hower, " (Samily so a Burnelle on Stand on the Dear sir; Enclosed Find some clipping which might Conce in handy for ready refuence : 52131 Also it might be were for you to loved onto that 3rd Party about Jim Thosewest, chartral some few mucho ago it the the in This Labor stuff of Domestic might tie in with Jamys little sakespe to glop our amenem Labor Party over mito the Commed Labor Party" as they did in Engline The Buttiel people Noted for The Labor Pouty, & next day after electric it was "The Commit Bolin Pa Ony way, Omenoa has had comple of the Romanto Il Then New Deals and Jomes Party many princes She has mit sight in the 21.21. O. and sheel total ant. She's mot in the Comail of her health They put the all homes and 30 agus an the

and if Congress, vales that 8 melien down for is keep of the place, she is han Ellet. as "Care toren Supenlander Demething, In he is to live in the Cottage, so the said in the speech. They should the people be taxed to mustin a thine for ADR. When The The Res. ham to small muney? " 1 3 12 PH W ford in Case They did not have sught inviery grees tellette cond borrow some. mor. The people are order the Would a The New Deal. No Darry, But fort halders even Dether of them. The speople jeel In Roosevill become he was siet and their sympathy led them to thouse he could do no wrong, and thus his Indgement was The best ever. Ikel, he was ransed to this and believe that some things so it was every to set up his africe as the Also please look up om Bies of Rights and see you do not agree with me That "Free assent dons mit gim Sveinhato, Committo vockus, freeden Organize politices parties overthow Democracy. The let them go on our National Ballot and if they & elected - Could they really sweam to wholed ben These gampsters more have they yobo in The Union and if And slot Them on the gree assumbly Brist They wies deals " I net as They ham Brittain.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	Newspaper Guild, CTO, is It has three units at the and is now in negotiation leader of a pro-Communist VICTOR PASCHE, a known Co Treasurer of the Guild, I Photographic copies of The and were found to indicate	Guild, an affiliate of the very active in St. Louis, I a three large newspapers in as at two of these. JULIUS t group within the local guidemmunist and former National has been local organizer unhelGuild Reporter for 1941 of the national attempt of Guild icers in 1941. Extent of Cours units set out.	dissouri. St. Louis KLYMAN is Ald. 1 Secretary— til 3-1-43. bbtained 1 to oust	
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REFERENCE: Bureau file 100-7326. Bureau letter No. 31, Series 1943, dated January 25, 1943. DETAILS: AT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI				
	THE ST. LOUI	S NEWSPAPER GUILD		
Street, St. Louis	RAY KRINGER - P. JOHN FIETCHER - F. MILTON FERMAN - S. RAIPH JOHANNING - S. ARTHUR/KUHL - T.	ffices in Room 422 at 317 No ation is the St. Louis Chapter. The present officers of the resident irst Vice President econd Vice President ecretary reasurer.	ter of the	
APPROVED AND	MEASE SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACE	s and	
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St. Louis	2)	A MAN CONTRACT	First .	
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At BROUN's call, representatives of fifteen local groups met at Washington, D. C. on December 15, 1933. The American Newspaper Guild was formed and BROUN was elected President. At that time the Guild had neither an A. F. of L. or a C.I.O. affiliation. The C.I.O. was then unborn.

The organization continued throughout the United States and on April 7, 1934, the first contract was signed between a local of the Newspaper Guild and J. DAVID STERN, publisher of the Camden Courier, the Philadelphia Record, and the New York Evening Post. During the next two years contracts were signed with the Cleveland Press and the New York Daily News. The number of Guild locals had grown from four to eleven and included locals in New York, Cleveland, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and Chicago. The Guild boasted of such prominent members as WALTER LIPPMANN, DOROTHY THOMPSON, WALTER WINCHELL, WESTBROOK PEGLER, and ELEANOR ROOSEVELT.

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JOHN L. LEWIS of the United Mine Workers of America donated \$2,000.00 to the American Newspaper Guild at a time when the financial cupboard was bare. Mr. DINNEEN expressed the opinion that this was the first major mistake of the Guild, as it placed the Guild under obligation to LEWIS "and chafed newspaper men who valued their independence."

There was a convention of the A.N.G. in New York in 1936. DINNEEN claims that it was at this convention that the A.N.G. became a labor union in fact. There were 4,200 members represented by 89 delegates who voted 84 to 5 for affiliation with the American Federation of Labor. JULIUS KLYMAN of the St. Louis Post Dispatch had urged affiliation with the C.I.G. and said, "The American Federation of Labor is a crumbling institution that will not survive another six months."

At a St. Louis convention of the Guild in 1937, the Guild went overboard for the C.I.O. and abandoned the A.F. of L. At the 1940 Memphis Convention of the Guild, the delegates voted an endorsement of a third term for Roosevelt, chastised Father Charles E. Coughlin as an enemy of labor, and pledged its support of Harry Bridges, then under investigation and in danger of deportation. At the Memphis convention of the Guild held July 8 to 12, 1941, the issue of Communism came out in the open. In the voting for international officers, JULIUS KLYMAN of St. Louis switched from the anti-Administration group to the pro-Administration group, and it was moved by a delegate that KLYMAN be elected by acclamation. The opposition offered no candidate, but ROBERT M. BUCK from Washington boomed out a dissent which was augmented by the full

In the issue for January 1, 1941, nothing of especial interest was noted except on Page 7 a letter to the editor entitled, "On Mrs. FDR'S VOTE." This letter to the editor was written by ALFRED HIRSCH of New York. In his letter HIRSCH commends Mrs. ROOSEVELT for her fine work in the sponsorship of the American Youth Congress.

In the January 15, 1941 issue of The Guild Reporter on Page 2 will be found a statement of financial condition of the Guild as of November 30, 1940. This statement purports to tell as to how the dues money of the Guild is spent. From Page 4 of this issue it is noted that a referendum vote was being taken nationally by the Guild to determine whether or not a resolution known as the "Youngstown Resolution" condemning Communism, Naziism, and Fascism should be adopted by the Guild in preference to the International Executive Board's resolution which merely condemned the insinuation that the Guild has been subject to outside control and stating that the Guild re-affirms its traditional independence of control by any political party or group, whether Communist, Socialist, Democrat, Republican, Nazi or Fascist. It appears from this that the battle for the adoption of one or the other of these resolutions was carried on at the 1940 convention of the Guild and that the membership has called for a referendum vote as to which of the motions should be adopted by the Guild.

On Page 5 of that same issue is a short article telling of the application by Mrs. ROOSEVELT for transfer of her membership from the New York Guild to Washington and of its approval on January 8, 1941 by the Executive Board of the New York local.

In the February 1, 1941 issue of The Guild Reporter is a first page article entitled, "'ISMS' Referendum Ballots go to all Locals in Week." This article discloses that ballots for the long-debated referendum would be mailed to all locals of the Guild by the International Secretary-Treasurer VICTOR PASCHE. This article disclosed that more than 10,000 members in 89 locals in continental United States, Hawaii, and Canada were qualified to vote on this referendum.

On Page 2 of this issue there is a special article entitled, "Disunity a Danger, Pasche Tells Locals." This article with a Boston dateline, tells of the fact that VICTOR PASCHE had been holding a series of conferences with officers and members of four leading New England Guilds within the past week. PASCHE had painted a picture of growing organisational strength and collective bargaining achievement by the Guild during the past year, but expressed alarm at inner trends bearing on the Guild's clarity and unity of purpose. PASCHE asserted in this article

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-21101 REPORT MADE AT DATE WHEN MADE PERIOD FOR REPORT MADE BY 11/6,10,20,25; San Francisco 1/8/47 12/4-6.9-11/46 CHARACTER OF CASE TITLE CHANGED UNITED CONSITTES OF SOUTH SLAVIC AMELICANS aka INTERNAL SECURITY - C WAR PARTER FUND OF ALERICANS OF SOUTH SLAVIC DESCENT, AFERICAN COULTTLE FOR YUGOSLAV HELIEF. REGISTRATION ACT SYNUFBIS OF FACTS: Activities of subject organization set forth chronologically including appearances at meetings of Yugoslav Red Cross Delegation members, MUBLET MEURAUR, NADA MEAICAGE, and GAJU JATKUVIC, in San Francisco Field Division territory. Sponsored reception for Mrs. LACA MAKIEDO, Yugoslav Embassy, Washington D. C., set forth. Bureau File 100-212166 -REFEI SNOE : Report of Special Agent at San Francisco, California. The title of this case has been marked changed in order to aud DETAILS: to the title, the information furnished by Confidential Source A, who reported that the United Committee of South Slavic Americans was known as the war nerief Fund of Americans of South Slavic Descent and the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief. which deve AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA . Confidential Informant advised January 15, 1946, that LUCY LOTENSTELL nee LUCY HANCOCK, a known Communist Party member, has been in charge of the Northern California Chapter of the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief since August 1945. This informant, at the time, advised that she maintained rooms at 135 Stockton Street, San Francisco, California. The present headquarters for the American Committee for Yugoslav helief is now located at 110 larket Street, San Francisco, California, and has telephone number Douglas 0900. COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5) - Bureau (enc) Ź - New York (enc 100-57994) 1 - Mashington Field (inf.) 2 - San Francisco

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disseminate propaganda which might be considered contrary to the best interests of the United States. An article appearing in the "Narodne Glasnik" of March 5, 1946, reflected that a collection of \$1,000.30 was taken up and of this sum, the local chapter of the South Slavic Committee (ave \$500 to the Red Cross delegation.

The Watsonville register—Lajarovian newspaper, dated February 23, 1946, commented on the Yuposlav Red Cross delegation meeting of the previous evening. In addition to the information reported above, this news item further called attention to the fact that the meeting was held in connection with the National Drive for Yugoslav Relief of which Mrs. ELEANOR 2005EVELT was honorary chairman.

AT SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Source C attended a meeting held at the Turn Verein Hall, parracento, California, on the evening of February 23, 1946. According to this source, approximately 400 persons of fugoslav descent attended the banquet and meeting which was sponsored by the American Tugoslav Council of Sacramento and the American Committee for Yugoslav relief. The purpose of the meeting, as announced, was in order to raise funds for Yugoslav Relief. One h. G. CULJIS, a leader in Yugoslav activities in Sacramento, acted as master of ceremonies. According to Source C, hiss BODNIE CLAIRE! of San Pedro, California, the director of the California Division of the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief, was also present and made a speech. This source also stated that each speaker stressed the plight of the citizens of Yugoslavia and pleaded for financial aid for them. Rajor GLUKEP of bacramento and Whillind wildly executive Chairman of the Jacramento red Cross, were also in attendance at the meeting but took no active part. This source also stated that no mention was rade of Russian matters nor of Communists during the meeting with the exception that mussia was praised for her great help to Yugoslavia during the war. This source further related that Dr. NEUBAUR passed out ked Star bulletins which bore a photograph of MARSHALL TITO to all persons who contributed at the meeting and who were recruited as new members of the Yugoslav Committee.

The "Marodne Glasnik" of April 12, 1946, reflected that conditions of approximately \$2,559 were collected at the Sacramento meeting referred to above. This article further stated that PETER CMINGIA, a leader of the Yugoslavs in Oakland, California, also made a speech at the Sacramento meeting. The following individuals were reported to have made donations of \$25 and more. A complete list of all donations was set forth in this issue of "Marodne Glasnik".

ANTICEVICH BEOTHERS	\$150.UO
Er. and Ers. PETE VIKACICH	100.00
HICK MULJAT & JIN BURICH	100,00
- I'r. Juill. Wilkowich	80.00
Mr. and Mrs. CAMAVATICH	50 . 00
Mr. and Mrs. WICK G. CULJIS	50 . 00
Mr. and Mrs. JOE VARKICH	50.00
MARKO BUENCICH	50.00
ANDRIA BUTIGAN	50.00

ED: BLW 100-21101

"The American Committee for Yugoslav helief, determined that the 'Parita Plan' will not succeed, is conducting a campaign for baby foods and will rush them to intants who now eat every other day.

"Mrs. Eleanor hoosevolt and Attorney Ceneral mobert W. Kenney have endorsed this campaign. Won't you help keep a baby alive? It takes so little! Ten dollars will feed a child for one month. Won't you give a month's life - a year's life - to a baby? Won't you telephone your Triends and have them contribute food or money for the children of Yugoslavia? Help defeat the 'Marita Phan'!

"Please read the enclosed and send what you can - all you can."

"Sincerely,

"/s/orach Welles."

This letter shows the following individuals as members:

Mrs. ELFANOR ROOSEVELT, Hon. National Chairman LOUIS ADAMIC ZLATKO DALOKOVIC, National Co-Chairman BORKIN CLAIRE, Director, California Division

LONTH CALIFOLDIA CHAPTER

NUBERT W. KERMY, Honorable Chairman
JUNGE BRADFORD BOLLEY, Vice Chairman
CYPIL MACRIN, Treasurer
LUCY HALCOCK, Executive Secretary
DI. MILLIAN J. KERM, Chairman, Medical Division
PRO. M. 5. ALUDARIS, Chairman, Momen's Division

Special Agent also obtained the leaflet entitled "I Am Phoning for a Baby" bearing the photograph of Ers. ELEANOR ROUSEVALT waking a telephone call. The reverse side is an appeal for contributions to the Baby Food Campaign of the American Committee for Yugoslav Relief, bearing the signature of EHEAROR ROUSEVALT. Both this leaflet and the previously quoted letter were put out under license #583, President's Mar relief Control Board, with an additional statement that all contributions are deductible from income tax. Both pieces of literature originated through the American Committee for Yugoslav Lelief, 135 Stockton Street, San Francisco, California.

Source D made available a letter written on the letterhead of the United Committee of South Slavic Americans, dated Parch 28, 1946, at San Francisco, California, and addressed "To All Yugoslav Organizatio:s and People of San Francisco."

WES: JLW

New York, N.Y. February 17, 1943

Director, F.B.I.

RE: APL-CIO ONEN'S COMMITTER ON CIVILIAN

Dear Sir: -

Transmitted herewith are the original and one copy of the report of Confidential Informant

This report, dated February 3, 1943, pertains to a recting held under the auspices of the above captioned committee at the Essex Fouse, Central Fark South, New York City, on February 2, 1943.

The enclosed newspaper clippings were obtained by informant Tom R from the New York Times, dated February 3, 1943.

This information is being retained in the files of the New York Office for information purposes only.

Very truly yours.

E. E. CONROY. SAC

ORIGIN.

C/C = 62-6806100-2936 UNDEXECT:

61-7562-1297 LUERAL BUREAU OF INVESTMATION FEB 22 1943 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTINE

AFL-GIO COSCALO COMMITTOS DE CIVILIAN DEFINAR

In Feb. 2, a secting to increase women's role in civilian detense was note at habes house, wontrai fork boute. The species were alean reas note, and sever, were alean a for sever, and some some of the C. S. Repertment of Lacor; marriet all dich, vice-chairmen of Jovo; muta/loon, exceptive secretary of United, district 4; exist deorge, soluted, executive search acaber of motel and with amplifies inion, Local or mose binnedderman, president of the owen's Train talon mangue; an autity darley monelly, vice-president of the other faceration of materials and president.

At 7:10, one half-mour before the meeting was especially to own, the rather small balinoon and pushes with about 1,000 women, forcing the police to close the cour on more than collapant the provided the element of the entrance. I was note to enter the balinoon for a few minutes, out could not result to hour the openess. About two-thirds of one above, I observed, were of the small stripe that appear at party, ISO and other frost westings, areo didests for this acting acre distributed to all women at ISO colges and early-satisated actions.

1000 61-7562-1297

2-9-43 B. w. z. S.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.-I filled three speaking engagements in New York City yesterday. At 1 o'clock I spoke at the Cosmopolitan Club, and



at 4 o'clock at the English Spraking Union. They have a busy workroom in their rooms at Rockefeller Center and they make very nice clothes for chil-dren and adults. I saw the results of their work in the storerooms in London ready for distribution. They read off a list of hours which people had worked and I must say some of the women must be very proud. for they have rolled up as many as two or three thousand hours.

Of course, they wanted to hear about my visit to their London headquarters.

At the British headquarters they have a room where American officers are received and assigned to British officers. They take them around, show them the sights, shop with them, or try to meet eny of the desires which an officer on leave, or en officer newly arrived and scarching how best to settle himself in a strange place, might have. In New York City the English Speaking Union has

Leanor Roosevelt

officers' club rooms where they try to gather in officers of all the United Nations.

I left there a little after 5 and had two appointments at my apartment, a very pleasant dinner with a friend and then a meeting at Essex House. where I spoke. I was surprised to find a crowd of women outside, and when I did get in, I discovered that this meeting, called as a joint meeting of the auxiliaries of the AFL, the CIO and the railroad brotherhoods, had reached unexpected proportions.

Miss Mary Anderson, of the women's bureau of the Department of Labor spoke, and then Mrs. Aldrich, of the OCD, and Miss Rose Schneiderman, of the New York Women's Trade Union League. read greetings from the AFL and the CIO New York leaders. A program which the women were going to adopt as a working basis, was read and adopted, and then I talked for a time.

I took the midnight train back to Washington and arrived three hours late, to find Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Sullivan, Admiral Woodward and several others awaiting me. I was glad to have the opportunity to thank Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan, the father and mother who have given five sons to our country and who are still anxious to do more.

SMK 24.43

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1943.

MRS. ROOSEVELT SAYS WAR IS TO AID WORLD

· Uplift to Our Standards Held Desirable by First Lady

Fifteen hundred women crowded into the ballroom of the Essex House on Central Park South last night to hear Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt discuss the part that the women of Great Britain are playing in the war. She was the principal speaker at a meeting sponsored jointly by the A. F. of L. and 7. I. O. Women's Committee on Civilian Defense.

The first lady declared that America must fight this war and win the peace "not for ourselves alone but for the world." If we lose for the world, she said, we lose for ourselves.

"We can't cut ourselves off from the rest of the world this time as we did last time," Mrs. Roosevelt said, "for it is self-preservation for us to see that the rest of the world does not go under. It is a long view to take, but selfishly, it is better for us if the rest of the world can come up to our standards."

She pointed out that many of the countries would need ravaged

have to continue imposing restrict tions on themselves.

"A great deal of the hope the world will be decided by the workers," she continued. "If they know the conditions and know what they want they can get it done. You can't have peace without justice. You must be willing to work for justice or you can't get anywhere working for peace."

Mrs. Roosevelt said that for the first time in Britain women union leaders were beginning to expect equal pay with men for equal work.

61- 7562-1297

Office Mem. UNITED & GOVERNME

TO Director, FBI

SAC, Chicago
SUBJECT:

Enclosed herewith is the report of SA dated March 17, 1951 at Chicago, Illinois.

It was reported by WILLIAM A. PATTERSON,
President of United Air Lines, that his company attempted to purchase Western Air Express in 1940 but permission to do so was denied by the Civil Aeronautics Board. PATTERSON later met JOSEPH H. ROSENBAUH, described as an Attorney with offices at Washington, D. C., who advised that approval of purchase could be secured by exerting influence on the Civil Aeronautics Board. The manner of exerting influence was not positively indicated but subject inferred his contacts included members of the White House Staff; offered to represent United Air Lines in all business relations for annual retainer of \$10,000. ROSENBAUM said to have assisted Bank of America, San Francisco, California, and unidentified Chicago department store in securing favorable decision from National Labor Relations Board.

ROSENBAUM intimated that influence would be exerted throught an exchange of favors which he indicated he had performed for Mr. CORCOMAN and Mr. COHEN and from whom he had in return received similar favors. One of the contacts mentioned by ROSENBAUM in Washington was Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVILT. In the spring of 1942 he told Mr. PATTERSON in response to a question concerning the names of some of his clients, that he held a Power of Attorney under which he represented Mrs. ROOSEVELT in all matters concerning her personal income tax payment. The foregoing information is reflected in the report of SA dated February 22, 1944 at Chicago, Illinois and cover letter dated the same.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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FILE NO. 100-1351/ THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT WASHINGTON, D. C. REPORT MADE BY PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE DATE WHEN MADE REPORT MADE AT JETHIS 3/24-26/47 3/29/47. "Gleron, D. C. CHARACTER OF CASE TITLE SECURITY LARTER - 0 STOTOTEM CONTROL TOBING TAX SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Subject has been described variously by acquaintances and references as an indefativable worker with a versatile and keen mind and a loyal citizen, whereas others regard him as biased, incompetent, an extreme liberal, and a Communist. Many of the subject's ac maintances and friends are members of alleged Communist dominates or wnizations. Subject is reported to be a member of alleged communist dominated or anizations and also the DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES HUSKED 4 - Mashineton Held

An economics professor at the University by the name of who was also an alleged radical and Communist sympathizer secured a position in Washington, D.C. in the United States Government and broatht the subject with him placing the subject in the fiter a short period the subject was discharged from this position and later secured a position with a Congressional Committee headed by investigating the according to the informant's friends the subject was well known as a draft dodger and made numerous attempts to be deferred from military service. His efforts were unsuccessful and he attempted to enlist in the Navy.

He was rejected and later inducted into the Army. Through political influence he managed to secure his release from the army after a slight period and since that time has been known to informant's friends in assimital, L.C. as a "radical" and "left wing sympathizer." According to note received by informant the subject in December, 1944 was reported to be a confidential investigator for Mrs. FRANKLIN D. HOOSEVELT.