Office Meniorandum Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation WO:AJK: HPS Warren Olney III, Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division Victory Carriers, Inc. Misa Gandy. Reference is made to the investigation being conducted the above-entitled matter. In connection therewith, your attention is invited to the following quotations taken from an article entitled "Monte Carlo"s Mysterious Millionaire" by one Ernest Leiser, which appeared in the July 25, 1953, issue of the Saturday Evening Post. *Omassis owns the world's largest private fleet of oil tankers - the second largest belongs to his brother-in-law. He is known to have more than ninety ships afloat or abuilding, with a deadweight tonnage of more than 1,250,000 - the figure may be even higher, since no outsider has been able to trace all his holding companies or the various durany corporations he has set up. His associates concede that he owns or controls some thirty assorted companies - = = = = = . *Those in the know were aware that Coassis interests had also managed to buy some of the Maritime Commission tankers. "I saw Onsssis, in the luxurious, modernistic & offices of his New York agents, shortly after the Monte Carlo deal became known. "Any bright young man, he encourages you to believe," can land penniless in a foreign country whose language he cannot even speak and parlay hard work, luck and good clean ambition into ninety-odd ships, thirty corporations and a fortune greater than the entire national budget of his Greek homeland. To AND THE STATE OF THE "One version circulated among his friends is that he and a friend, Constantine Konialidis, lent all their savings - \$1000 or to - to a Morvegian whaling-fleet owner who was desperately seeking funds in Buenos Aires for an Antarctic whaling expedition. RECORDED . 7

"Onassis incorporated in country after countrys in Sweden it was A. S. Onassis Aktieboladet; in Germany, the Olympic Marine Aktiengesellschaft; in Panama, Honduras, France, the United States, it was other firms with other names - all meaning Onassis."

"Nevertheless, the Senate hearings brought out that the United States Petroleum Carriers Corporation control of which is held by the Onassis interests paid a generous \$100,000 in legal fees to ex-Congressman Joseph E. Casey and his associate, Joseph Rosenbaum, for their help in obtaining four tankers from the Maritime Commission."

It is requested that Mr. Leiser be interviewed, with the view of developing the following:

- 1. Obtain the names and addresses of the associates of Aristotle Chassis so that they can be questioned regarding the "thirty assorted companies" which Mr. Obassis owns and controls.
- 2. Determine who furnished Mr. Leiser the information that Aristotle Chassis interests had "managed to buy some of the Maritime Commission tankers;" also, if possible, ascertain the names of said tankers.

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- 3. Where were the "luxurious, modernistic offices" of the Coassis' New York agents and what firm occupied said offices.
- 4. Where did he get the information that Chassis owns or controls "ninety-odd ships."
- 5. Who was the Horwegian whaling-fleet owner to whom Constantine Konialidis supposedly lent all their savings.
- 6. What are the names of the corporations which Chassis controls in the United States and what proof does Mr. Leiser have of Chassis' ownership and/or control.
- 7. What knowledge and/or proof does Mr. Leiser have regarding control of the U.S. Petroleum Carriers Corporation by Chassis.

It is also requested that
the U. S. Petroleum Carriers Corporation and
Wr. Laurence W. Keating, former Director and Treasurer of the same
firm, be interviewed for the purpose of determining whether they can
furnish any information which will lead to proof that Aristotle S. Omassis
controls and operates U. S. Petroleum Carriers, Inc.

SAC, Washington Field (46-2607)

RDED 7 NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND TRADING

NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND TRADING COMPANY,

INCORPORATED, ET AL FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

Attached to this memorandum and the copies designated for the New York Field Division is a copy of a self-explanatory memorandum from the Criminal Division dated September 10, 1953, requesting additional investigation in this matter.

The New York Division, through its contacts with the various literary agents will ascertain the address of Ernest Leiser, the author of the article in the Saturday Evening Post referred to in the Criminal Division's memorandum. When Mg, R. Leiser has been located he should be interviewed as requested by the Criminal Division but prior to such interview should be advised that this investigation is being conducted at the specific request of Assistant Attorney General Warren Olney III of the Criminal Division, Department of Justice. In the event Mr. Leiser is not located by the New York Division leads should be set forth for the appropriate field division setting forth sufficient background so that this interview may be intelligently conducted. The advice to Mr. Leiser that this investigation is being conducted at the specific request of Assistant Attorney General Olney should not be set forth in your investigative report.

The interviews of the former officials of United States Petroleum Carriers, as set forth in the last paragraph on page two of the Criminal Division's memorandum, should be conducted as requested.

This investigation must receive immediate and Entinuous investigative attention to insure that reports reflecting the completion of this investigation be submitted to reson the Bureau not later than October 6, 1953.

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eo; 2-Now York (46-2507) (Attended)

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERN

WOTO

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

(parin)

Warren Olney III, Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

SUBJECT: Victory Carriers, In

DATE: September 18

WO:AJK:HFS

146-20-596

Tele. Room Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy....

Reference is made to our recent memorandum in which, among other things, it was requested that Mr. Laurence W. Keating, former Director and Treasurer of United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc., be interviewed for the purpose of determining whether he could furnish any information which might establish that Aristotle S. Onassis controls and operates United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc.

Please be advised that Mr. Keating appeared before the Grand Jury which is inquiring into this matter on Wednesday, September 16, 1953. Therefore, it will not be necessary for the Bureau to interview Mr. Keating.

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SEPTEMBER 18, 1953 👺

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SAC, MEN YORK (46-2507)

46-2607) (BSM)

REBUNENO DATED SEPTEMBER 16, 1953. THE REQUEST CONTAINED IN DEPARTMENT'S MENO SEPTEMBER 10, 1953, TO INTERVIEW LAURENCE MANAGEMENT

HOOVER

CC: 2 - WASHINGTON FIRLD -(46-2607) (BSH)

Mr. Howard F. Smith. Department Attorney, telephonically advised SA that the request to interview that the is submitting a memorato the Eureau verifying this conversation.

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Office Memb. andum • united st. 123 GOVERNMENT

WAH

Director, FBI (46-17783)

DATE: 9/30/53

Attention: Investigative Division

Accounting and Fraud Section

FROM . SAC, New York (46-2507)

SUBJECT:

NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND TRADING COMPANY, INC., ET AL FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

ReBulet 9/23/53.

There are attached hereto copies of the following enclosures referred to in New York report dated 5/10/52:

Enclosures 1 through 16 and 21 through 27.

Copies of enclosures 17 through 20, 28 and 29 are not available.

Enclosures 17 through 20 consist of documents pertaining to the Olympic Trading Corporation loan agreement of 6/17/48 in the amount of \$22,400,000.00. Information concerning these enclosures is set forth on pages 148 through 152 of New York report dated 5/10/52.

Enclosure 28 is a copy of the indenture and related documents pertaining to the \$10,000,000.00 bond issue of USPC that was purchased by Metropolitan Life Insurance Company under Bond Purchase Agreement dated 9/12/51 in which National City Bank of New York acted as trustee under Preferred Ship Mortgage and Indenture dated 9/1/51.

Enclosure 29 is a copy of the Third Preferred Fleet Mortgage dated 5/27/49 between USPC and National City Bank.

Information concerning enclosures 28 and 29 is set forth on pages 198 and 199 of New York report dated 5/10/52.

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•	NEW YORK, N.Y., 10/2/53.	11/01	Mr. Waterowa
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SH .ITY INFORMATION - CONT. D. Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES

: pirector, FBI (46-17783)

DATE: 10/13/53

SAC, New York (46-2507)

WORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND SUBJECT: TRADING CO., INC.,; ET AL FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

RE: US PETROLEUM CARRIERS, INC.

By memorandum dated 9/10/53, WARREN OLNEY, III, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, requested certain investigation that would lead to proof that ARISTOTLE S. ONASSIS, an Argentine citizen of Greek origin, controls and operates United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc. (USPC).

The following background info is being set forth for the benefit of the Norfolk office for assistance in interviewing a former USPC employee, Norfolk, Va.:

USPC was organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on 9/27/47 with an organized capital stock of 1,000 shares of no par value stock. The original stockholders were as follows: Shares

HAROLD G. BOWEN

670

ROBERT W. DUDLEY

ROBERT L. BERENSON

BOWEN, DUDLEY, and BEKENSON are US citizens.

The original shares were issued for a consideration per share for a total amount of BERENSON purchased from DUDLEY and BOWEN their , and, on the same date, the stock for the amount of remaining shares of unissued stock were sold to Sociedad Industrial Maritima Financiera Ariona Panama, SA (Ariona) for an amount of \$100,000.00 or at the rate of \$250.00 per shar

-Morfolk (AM)

RECORDED - 58

7 OCT 27 1953

Arione, a Panamanian corp., is controlled by ONASSIS.

On 3/23/48, BERENSON sold shares of his stock to CLIFFORD N. CARVER per share.

On 6/17/48. BEHENSON sold shares of his stock to NICOLAS COKKINIS at the per share and shares to Ariona per share. COKKINIS received his US citizenship papers shortly before purchasing the above-mentioned stock.

BERENSON also sold shares of his stock to ARNE C. STOREN on 6/17/48 at per share.

The present stockholders are as follows:

ROBERT L. BERENSON

CLIFFORD N. CARVER

ARNE C. STOREN

NICOLAS COKKINIS

Ariona

190

Total 1,000

BERENSON, CARVER, STOREN and COKKINIS are US citizens which means that 51% of the stock is owned by US citizens. As set forth previously, Ariona, a foreign corp., owns 49% of the USPC stock.

Investigation reveals that USPC and affiliated companies purchased 24 vessels from the US Maritime Commission or US corps. The purchase of these vessels would not have been possible without the financial assistance of ONASSIS. Also in many instances, the charter arrangements between USPC or affiliates and ONASSIS controlled companies were such that most of the

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profits reverted to ONASSIS controlled companies.

USPC owned or controlled the following corporations:

American Marine Corp.

Victory Carriers, Inc.

Western Tankers, Inc. (formerly known as Pacific Tankers, Inc.)

Oceanic Transport Corp.

USPC also owns 40% of the stock of Trafalgar SS Co.

By memorandum dated 12/6/51 the Dept. pointed out that a corp. in purchasing a vessel from the US Maritime Commission or securing mortgage aid from the Maritime must, under Section 802. Title 46, USC, establish that the controlling interest in the corp. is owned by US citizens free from any control by non-citizens whether by contract, understanding, or otherwise.

Investigation has been conducted with a view of establishing that although US citizens own 51% of USPC stock, this corp. is actually controlled by ONASSIS.

In addition, investigation has been conducted for possible violations of Section 371, Title 18, USC, and Section 1001, Title 18, USC.

The following USPC officers are US citizens who have been active in the operation of USPC and affiliated companies:

ROBERT L. BERENSON, Chairman of the Board.

MICOLAS CORKINIS, Vice President.

HAROLD O. BECKER, Treasurer & Assistant Secretary

Dept. memorandum dated 9/10/53, also requests that the identity of the Norwegian whaling-fleet owner, to whom ONASSIS and CONSTANTINE KONIALIDIS supposedly lent all their savings, be determined.

that

by USPC and Victory Carriers, Inc. He stated that he believes

may be able to furnish info concerning the extent

of the control that ONASSIS exercises over USPC and affiliated
companies.

67c

570

Broadway, NYC, advised that told him that about 30 years ago ONASSIS and KONIALIDES, an ONASSIS associate, supposedly lent all their savings to a Norwegian whaling-fleet owner.

ANDERS JAHRE. He did not have further info concerning JAHRE.

confidential.

The Norfolk office is requested to contact

Norfolk, and question him along the following by

- 1. Obtain eriod of employment at USPC and the nature of his duties.
- 2. Obtain any info may have concerning the degree of control that ONASSIS exercised over USPC and affiliates.
- 3. Ascertain whether can furnish the present location of the Norwegian whaling-fleet owner, ANDERS JAHRE. Also obtain the details of the transaction whereby CONSTANTINE KONIALIDES and ONASSIS loaned all their savings to JAHRE.

It is requested that this lead be expeditiously handled since the Buded is past. Washington Field is the office of origin.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	WASHINGTON FIELD		
NEW YORK	COT 2-2 1953 10/21/53	RICH MADE REPORT MADE BY	
NORTH AMERICAL COMPANY, INC.	N SHIPPING AND TRADING , ET AL	FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT	
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:			
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address on Oc	tober 21, 1953. He ad	interviewed at his business vised that he has met BERENSON	
dealings with with ONASSIS to concerning but	BERENSON. He also ad who has contacted him siness matters.	advised that, to the.	678
best of his re United States	Petroleum Carriers, In		6
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United States opinion is ba	Petroleum Carriers. I sed on gossip and here:	hat ONASSIS controls	_
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to furnish information reference ONASSIS and his United States interests. He advised, however, that COKKINIS is "very cagey" and has never indicated to him that ONASSIS exercises either direct or indirect control over United States Petroleum Carriers.

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ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

REFERENCE: Report of SA (A)

New York, 10/15/53.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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		. USPC, after revising
		artering to <u>PETCAP</u> , had loss and draft copy of letter dated
7/12/48 from	BROKER to BERKISON A	ts forth computations of
		harter arrangements that may
have been ba	sis for final USPC-PET	CAP charter arrangements.
Letter state.	s "after you talk with	Mr. OHASSIS, you no doubt
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		on of your different problems.
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This investigation is predicated upon a departmental memorandum dated September 10, 1953 from MARKEN OLNEY III, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, to the Director. Instant memorandum requests that one ERNEST LEISER be interviewed concerning his article entitled, "Monte Carlo's Mysterious Millionaire," which appeared in the July 25, 1953 issue of the "Saturday Evening Post." Instant memorandum also requested that of United States Petroleum of United States Petroleum of United States Petroleum of determining whether he could furnish any information which will lead to proof that ARISTOTLE S. ONASSIS controls and operates USPC.

was interviewed at the New York

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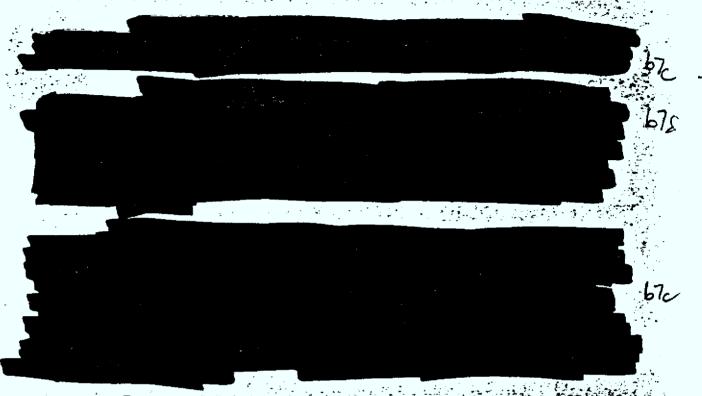
by USPC

USPC records with him. stated that he did not have permission to take these records, but did so because he was displeased with the treatment he had received at USPC.

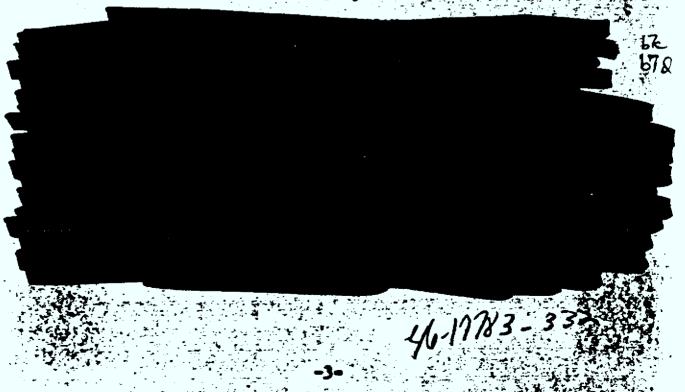
The USPC documents taken were examined and those containing information that might be of assistance to the department were identified and turned over to the writer.

prior to his employment
by USPC he was casually acquainted with BERENSON. whom he had
known
He stated mat he never prepared Balance process or profit and
loss statements during the period of his employment at USPC and
has no information concerning the actual earnings of USPC.

On October 7, 1953 executed a sworn statement, perthent portions of which statement are set forth below: 578



At this meeting BERENSON gave the impression that he was a key figure in the new company. However, he did not go into detail re this company.



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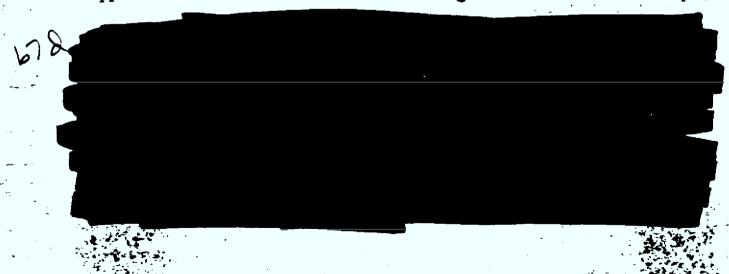
"I believe that BERENSON never made an important policy decision re U.S.P.C. without consulting ONASSIS. However, I can't give specific instances reflecting or illustrating this.

572

"Shortly thereafter BECKER set up the books and records. From Feb. 1948 until he became officially connected with USPC BECKER worked at USPC on the books and records nights, lunch hours and Saturdays. He received a salary of \$500.00 per month for this work.

I, worked under the supervision of BECKER during the period of my employment by U.S.P.C.

U.S.P.C. All expenditures had to be approved by COLKINIS whom I considered to be ONASSIS'S representative. On various occasions that I saw ONASSIS and COKKINIS together it appeared to me that COKKINIS was taking orders from ONASSIS.



Socony Vacuum Oil Company by U.S.P.C. on Consecutive Voyage Charter. The Camas Keadows was chartered to Groupement D'Achat des Carburants by U.S.P.C. on Consecutive Voyage Charter. The Arickaree was on Bareboat Charter to Socony Vacuum.

"According to the above-mentioned statement total revenue would have been \$10,431,787.00 and net profit before federal taxes would have been \$7,341,767.00.

"I have examined a rough draft copy of a letter dated July 12, 1948 from BECKER to BERENSON enclosing nine statements. I have examined the work sheets pertaining to these statements and noted that the writing on the nine statements is BECKER'S handwriting.

"Statement Number one entitled 'United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc.' 'Estimated Profit and Loss Account - Year 1948 - A shows that estimated loss for the year 1948 before depreciation was \$72,192.47 and \$386,964.62 after depreciation. According to this statement Charter Revenue before expenses amounted to \$1,442,112.75.

"Statement Number 2 sets forth the detail of previously mentioned Charter Revenue of \$1,442,112.75. This is based on revised charter arrangements between U.S.P.C. and Petroleum Carriers of Panama, based on Time Charters for the Fort Bridger, Lake George and Camas Meadows at a rate of \$2.70 per deadweight ton per month, and a bareboat charter for the Arickaree at \$1.00 per deadweight ton per month.

"Statement Number 6 shows the Profit and Loss Account of U.S.P.C. if the four vessels were chartered to Petroleum Carriers of Panama at \$1.00 per deadweight ton per month. This statement shows a profit after depreciation of \$26,235.20.

The other statements show estimated Profit and Loss for the American Marine Corporation years 1948 and 1949 and details concerning U.S.P.C. interest expense and overhead for the year 1948.

*After setting forth information concerning the nine statements BECKER in the rough draft letter dated July 12, 1948 makes the following statement:

*I believe the above fully explains the position of the two companies and after you talk with Mr. ONASSIS you no doubt will be able to arrive at a solution of your different problems.

. NY 46-2507

*I wish to state that all work sheets that I have examined and identified contain BECKER'S handwriting.

I have never seen the stock certificate book for U.S.P.C. I don't know whether ONASSIS was a stockholder in U.S.P.C. BERRNSON never told me whether ONASSIS had an interest in U.S.P.C.

The first four tankers purchased by USPC, that is, FORT BRIDGER, LAKE GEORGE, CAMAS MEADOWS and ARICKAREE, were originally chartered to Socony Vacuum Oil Company and Groupement D'Achat des Carburents as set forth in signed statement.

There was attached to BECKER'S worksheet, showing USPC estimated profit for the first year under the original charter agreements, a typed statement setting forth the data contained on this worksheet. A photostatic copy of this statement, Schedule A, captioned "UNITED STATES PETROLEUM CARRIERS, INCORPORATED, Statement of Estimated Profit and Losses," is attached to this report.

According to Schedule A, estimated net profit before Federal Taxes for the year 1948 was \$7,341,767.00.

SA (A) examined the books and brecords of USPC in May, 1952 after the original charter agreements had been revised, and determined from this examination that for the year ended December 31, 1948, USPC showed a loss of \$17,054.04. Further data concerning revised charter agreements will be set forth subsequently in this report.

Iso made available a typed copy of a memo dated February 11, 1948, captioned, "MEMO signed with the 178 initials "RLB, that he received this memo from ROBERT L. BERENSON.

The following portion of this memo is being set forth:

Wessels owned by United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc., and their wholly owned subsidiary, American Marine Corporation, are all to be chartered to Petroleum Carriers of Panama for periods of ten or twelve years. This is done simply for tax purposes - it does not change the registry of the vessels. As

a rate of two dollars - the Charter Party will be will be written between Petroleum Carriers of Panama and Socony Vacuum Oil Company.

Two dollars will be paid to Petroleum Carriers of Panama.

Same vessel will be bareboat chartered by United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc., for twelve years to Petroleum Carriers of Panama at one dollar. Therefore, one dollar revenue comes into the United States on which we pay taxes. Taxes on the dollar less expenses.

"All this, of course, is subject to approval of the Maritime Commission to whom we have made application."

Prom the above, it appears that it may have been the original intention of USPC on February 11, 1948 to organize Petroleum Carriers of Panama (PETCAP) for tax purposes. However, the USPC minutes reflect that PETCAP was sold to Sociedad Maritima Miraflores Ltd. (Miraflores) on May 10, 1948 for \$2,600.00, and, as will be shown subsequently, entered into charter agreements with Miraflores whereby most of the USPC estimated profit of \$7,341,767.00 for the year ended December 31, 1948 apparently was diverted to Miraflores.

As set forth in his signed statement, furnished the following rough draft typed copy of a letter dated July 12, 1948, from H. O. BECKER to R. L. BERENSON:

"July 12, 1948

"Mr. R. L. BERENSON

"Dear Bob:

"Mr. COKKINIS & myself have gone over the enclosed statements which I am giving you a detailed explanation of as follows:

"Exhibit #1 - U. S. Petroleum Carriers Inc. - Est. P. & L. for 1948

"This statement shows \$72,192.47 loss before depreciation and \$386,964.62 loss after depreciation.

*Exhibit #2 - Detail of Charter Revenue as shown on Exhibit

imibit #3

Detail of Overhead Expenses as shown on Exhibit

You will note a service charge credit of \$27,500, This amount represents ll months overhead of American Marine Corp. which is shown as a charge on their P. & L. statement. Also Detail of Interest as shown on Exhibit #1 amounting to \$229,594.41.

#Exhibit #4

*Detail of Interest Payable by month you will note that AUONA'S loan at December 31, 1948 will be \$3,580,000.00 if charter hire is according to Exhibit #2 and P. & L. according to Exhibit #1.

"Exhibit #5

This statement details the amount of loans which to U.S. Petroleum Carriers Inc. will owe on December 31st, amounting to \$6,686,666.74 and also shows payments which must be met in 1949. These amounts are in addition to the \$187.64.80 less \$14,334.11 for inventory or net of \$173,307.69 which is owed the Socony Vaccum Oil Co. for repairs to the S/T Arickarie. Also in addition to the Chase Loan by the American Marine Corp. there is the amount of \$241,292.91 owed the Socony Vaccum Oil Co. for repairs to their 3 ships less \$35,134.24 for inventories or a net balance due of \$206,158.67.

*Exh1b1t #6

This statement shows the Profit and Loss a/o of the U.S. Petroleum Carriers, Inc. if their four vessels were chartered to Petroleum Carriers of Panama at \$1 per ton Bareboat. This statement shows a profit before depreciation of \$341,007.35 and a profit after depreciation of \$26,235.20. If accounts are to be adjusted on this basis additional revenue of \$413,199.82 will have to be paid to the U.S.P. by Petcap for the year 1948. This amount could then be used to pay the interest due Auona and also balance due Petroleum Carriers of Panama.

*Exhibit #7 - Estimated P & L - U.S. Patroleum Carriers Inc. for the year 1949

This statement shows a loss after depreciation of \$253,071.20. This is based on \$2.70 Time Charter on 3 vessels

and \$1 - Bareboat on the S/T Arickarie.

*Exhbit #8 - Estimated P & L - American Marine Corp. - Year 1948

"This statement shows a profit of \$538,742.20 after depreciation:-

"Depreciation is based on 20 year life from time built, if we are allowed a five year life there will be no profit for the first five years. Please now that Revenue is at \$2 - Bareboat.

"Exhibit #9 - Estimated P. & L - American Marine Corp. - Year 1949

"This statement shows a profit of \$675,306.00 with Charter Revenue at \$2.00 - Bareboat, this profit is before taxes and would be ample to absorb the loss of the U.S.P. for 1949 which is \$253,071.20 or a combined profit of \$422,000 on which taxes would be paid.

"I believe the above fully explains the position of the two companies and after you talk with Mr. ONASSIS you no doubt will be able to arrive at a solution of your different problems.

"Trusting you are enjoying your trip, I am.

"Yours very truly,

"H. O. BECKER"

The following words in the next to the last paragraph were crossed out - "and after you talk with Mr. ONASSISE.

There was attached to this rough draft a copy of a typed letter dated July 12, 1948 from H. O. BECKER to Mr. ROBERT L. BERENSON; care of Agence Maritime, L. STRAUSS; 36 Rue De Chateauden, Paris IX, France.

The wording in this letter is identical with the

wording in the rough draft copy with the exception of the paragraph referring to ONASSIS. The name ONASSIS is omitted and the paragraph is changed to read "I believe the above fully explains the position of the two companies and you no doubt will be able to arrive at a solution of your different problems."

Exhibits #1 through #9 and also typed conies of the work sheets. As previously set forth, that BECKER'S handwriting is contained on the work sheet copies of the above-mentioned Exhibits. Before commenting on these Exhibits, the following remarks pertaining to the charter arrangements of USPC and American Marine Corporation are being set forth.

As previously noted, the original USPC charter arrangements for the Tankers CAMAS MEADOWS, FORT BRIDGER, LAKE GEORGE, and ARICKAREE would have, according to BECKER'S computations, resulted in an estimated profit of \$7,341,767.00 for the year ended December 31, 1948. However, USPC cancelled the original charter agreements and entered into the following agreements:

The CAMAS MEADOWS, FORT BRIDGER and LAKE GEORGE were time chartered to PETCAP at a monthly rate of \$2.70 per dead weight ton. In addition, Miraflores entered into a guarantee agreement with USPC whereby under the 3 time charters, the net of charter hire and vessel operation expenses would be at least equivalent to the revenue that would accrue to USPC under bareboat charters at the rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton per month. The ARICKAREE was bareboat chartered to PETCAP at the monthly rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton.

An examination of the USPC books and records by 57. SA in May, 1952 for the period 1948 through 1951, revealed that Miraflores was required to remit to USPC under the guarantee agreement for each of these years. Therefore, the operation of the 4 vessels over the 4 years was, in effect, a bareboat charter at a monthly rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton.

According to the information contained in Exhibits #1 and #2, if the vessels FORT BRIDGER, LAKE GEORGE and CAMAS MEADOWS were time chartered to PETCAP at a monthly rate of \$2.70 per ton and the ARICKAREE was bareboat chartered at the monthly rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton, the estimated losses for the year 1948 would have been \$72,192.47 before depreciation and \$386,964.62 after depreciation.

According to Exhibit #6, if the 4 vessels were bareboat chartered to PETCAP at the monthly rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton, the estimated profit for the year 1948 would have been \$341,007.35 before depreciation and \$26,235.20 after depreciation.

It is to be noted that the figure of \$26,235.20 is little more than a break-even figure.

It is possible that the above computations were the basis of the final charter arrangements between PETCAP and USPC for the period 1948 through 1951, whereby the CAMAS MEADOWS, FORT BRIDGER and LAKE GEORGE were time chartered to PETCAP at the monthly rate of \$2.70 per dead weight ton and Miraflores guaranteed USPC that the net of charter hire and vessel operation expenses would be at least equivalent to the revenue that would have accrued to USPC under bareboat charters at the monthly rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton.

Since, as previously set forth, Miraflores was required to remit to USPC under the guarantee agreement for each of the four years during the period 1948 through 1951, the operation of these three vessels over these years was in effect at a bareboat charter rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton per month.

the years 1948 through 1951 in May, 1952 and prepared the following schedule showing the profits from the operations by USPC of its various vessels.

NY 46-2	50 7 <u>s</u>	chedul e B	•
		Operation of CAMAS MEADOWS FORT BRIDGER LAKE GEORGE and ARICKAREE	Operation of STOMY POINT CAMP NAMANU and BATTLE ROCK

O

Federal Income Tax

1948 1949 1950	\$ (17,054.94) 293,612.30 469,726.53	72,865.14	1/13,828.46 632,350.82 662,917.1)	\$(17,236.09) (158,740.65) (235,489.43) (150.516.73)
1951	652,040.63	139,640.22	662,917.14	(150,516.73)

of

Other

Activities

Total 1948-51 \$1,398,325.42 \$221,211.90 \$1,739,096.42 \$(561,982.90)

method of allocation by Details pertaining to SA at arriving on the data shown in Schedule B is contained in his work papers.

The STONY POINT, CAMP NAMANU, and BATTLE ROCK were under bareboat charter to Socony Vacuum Oil Company at a monthly rate of \$2.00 per dead weight ton.

As set forth in Schedule B, most of the USPC earnings are attributable to these 3 vessels.

The above vessels were originally owned by American Marine Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of USPC. On March 3, 1949, American Marine Corporation was merged into USPC.

According to the records of USMC on April 17, 1948, American Marine Corporation applied to the commission for approval to charter the tankers BATTLE ROCK, CAMP NAMANU, and STONY POINT to PETCAP for a period of 12 years.

On May 17, 1948, G. H. HELMBOLD, Chief of Bureau of Operations, United States Maritime Commission (USMC) recommended approval of the charters.

This recommendation was disapproved by the USMC June 10, 1948.

made available a typed copy of a memorandum dated May 19, 1948 from R. L. BERENSON to A. C. STOREN The last paragraph of this memorandum is set forth below:

"Under the Time Charter with Petroleum Carriers of Panama, United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc., will receive \$2.70 per deadweight ton per month, for a period of ten years, on the FORT BRIDGER, CAMAS MEADOWS, and LAKE GEORGE. On the ARICKAREE, also owned by United States Petroleum Carriers, we have a bareboat charter to Petroleum Carriers of Panama for a period of twelve years, and on the American Marine vessels, CAMP NAMANU STONY POINT, and BATTLE ROCK, we also have a bareboat for a period of twelve years for one dollar per deadweight ton per month."

It appears from the above paragraph that BERENSON assumed that CAMP NAMANU, STONY POINT, and BATTLE ROCK would be bareboat chartered to PETCAP for a period of 12 years for \$1.00 per dead weight ton per month.

As shown on Schedule B, the net profit before Federal Income Tex from the operation of the STONY POINT, CAMP NAMANU, and BATTLE ROCK for the period 1949 through 1951 is \$1,739,096.42. The figure of \$1,739,096.42 is based on vessel revenue and various expenses as shown below:

Vessel Revenue Various Expenses \$ 3,390,103.99 1,651,007.57

Net Profit Before Taxes

\$ 1,739,096.42

The above vessel revenue in amount of \$3,390,103.99 is based on a bareboat charter between American Marine Corporation and Socony Vacuum Oil Company at the monthly rate of \$2.00 per dead weight ton. If American Marine Corporations request to bareboat charter its vessels to PETCAP at the monthly rate of \$1.00 per dead weight ton had been granted, vessel revenue would have been halved or reduced from \$3,390,103.99 to \$1,695,051.99. Since the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters would have been bareboat \$4.00 per dead weight to be the charters were the charters wer

charters, the expenses would have been about the same as the expenses under the \$2.00 bareboat charters between American Marine Corporation and Socony Vacuum Oil Company. Therefore, if American Marine Corporation's request to bareboat to PETCAP had been granted, profit before Federal Income Taxes for the period 1949 through 1951 would have been \$44,044.42 as shown below.

Vessel Revenue Various Expenses Net Profit Before Taxes \$1,695,051.99 1,651,007.57 \$ 44,044.42

The various documents furnished by have been numbered USPC-1 through USPC-45 and are being forwarded as enclosures to this report.

A photostatic copy of Schedule C, which lists enclosures USPC-1 through USPC-45, is attached hereto.

advised that

of USPC might be able to furnish pertinent information
concerning the extent of ONASSIS' influence in connection with
USPC and related companies.

. . ~

other ex USPC employees who might be able to furnish pertinent information.

was interviewed at his place of business, where he is employed in the liquidation of the a textile firm.

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by the USPC from

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He stated that although he felt that ONASSIS actually controlled USPC and related companies, he was unable to give information which would lead to proof of this. He stated that he had no contact personally with ONASSIS. Expressed the opinion that the following individuals might be able to furnish information concerning ONASSIS and his connection with USPC and related companies:

who was employed

USPC.

67c

He also advised that one might be able to furnish information in this matter. He stated that

had negotiations with ONASSIS and USPC about the time that USPC was organized. He stated that he obtained this information from conversations that he had had with whom he described as a close personal friend.

in the event that the that his name be kept confidential 570

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He stated that he had no direct contact with ONASSIS during the period of his employment by this company but that he knows that ONASSIS did contact of Tankers Company, Incorporated, about late 1947 or early 1948. He stated that it is possible that might be able to furnish information concerning ONASSIS! connection with USPC and related companies.

concerning any control that ONASSIS may exercise over USPC and related companies. He stated that he has just heard gossip and heresay to that effect and was not able to name a reliable source that might be able to substantiate this.

Inquiry at Tankers Company, Incorporated, revealed the will not return to his office until about October 15, 1953.

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writer at the office of Columbia Broadcasting System Museum of Natural History 79th Street and Central Park West, where LEISER is employed as a writer. He advised that he obtained material for the ONASSIS article from articles appearing in the "New York Times" and "Time" magazine. He also reviewed the testimony before the Senate Committee for reference to ONASSIS. In addition, one a free-lance writer, assisted him in the preparation of the article.

LEISER stated that he does not have informants in this matter and most of his information comes from one or more of the above-mentioned sources.

LEISER advised that he interviewed ONASSIS at the Office of Central American Steamship Agency, Incorporated, 655 Madison Avenue, New York City, about February, 1953. The offices of this company are the "luxurious, modernistic offices" of ONASSIS' New York agents. He also interviewed NICOLAS COKKINIS, President, and CREON BROUN, Treasurer of Central American Steamship Agency, Incorporated.

LEISER advised that he had read or heard something to the effect that ONASSIS owns or controls "thirty assorted companies." He cannot recall the original source of this information. When he interviewed BROUN, he asked BROUN a lead question as to whether ONASSIS owned or controlled thirty companies. BROUN said this was so. ONASSIS answered something to the effect that he did not know the exact extent of his holdings while COKKINIS was non-committal on this point.

Aside from BROUN, LEISER cannot furnish the names of additional associates of ONASSIS who may be able to furnish data re "thirty assorted companies" which ONASSIS owns ord controls.

In regard to the ninety ships owned or controlled by ONASSIS, LEISER advised that he cannot recall the source of this information, but believes it was obtained from an article he had read or from the stated that he also asked BROUN a lead question in regard to this matter to which BROUN replied in the affirmative.

67c

LEISER advised that ANDERS JAHRE was the Norwegian whaling-fleet owner to whom ONASSIS and CONSTANTINE KONIALIDES supposedly lent all their savings. He stated that he obtained this information from

670

LEISER advised that he has no knowledge or proof regarding control of USPC by ONASSIS. He also advised that he cannot furnish information concerning other United States corporations which ONASSIS controls or has an interest in.

the New York Office on October 6, 1953. He advised that his principal source of information was obtained by reviewing the Congressional Hearings on this matter.

The Maryland the Maryland Drydock Company, I Broadway, told him that ANDERS JAHRE was the Norwegian whaling-fleet owner to whom ONASSIS and CONSTANTINE KONIALIDES supposedly lent all their savings. He stated that he could not furnish further information concerning JAHRE.

He advised that told him that ONASSIS had an 1570 interest in the following companies but did not elaborate as to the extent of ONASSIS! interest in these companies.

USPC Victory Carriers, Incorporated; Olympic Oil Lines; Central American SS Agency, Incorporated; Western Tankers, Incorporated; Trafalgar SS Company.

He requested that his name be kept confidential in the b7d event the second was funtacted in this matter.

Drydock Company, I Broadway, was interviewed at his business address. He stated that he had general information to the effect that ONASSIS had an interest in the above-mentioned companies. He stated that he thought

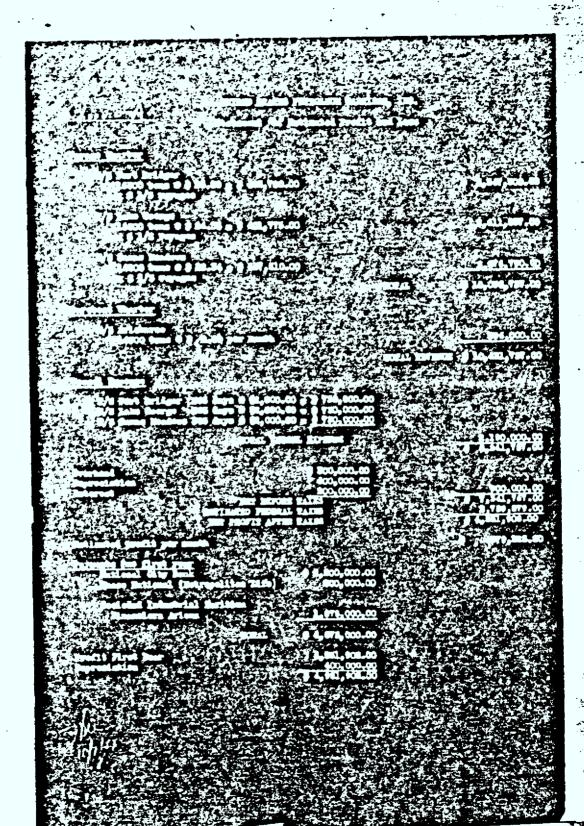
of USPC, might be able to give further information concerning ONASSIS! interest in USPC and related companies. He stated that his personal information was in the nature of heresay and gossip and he could not substantiate same.

JAHRE was the Norwegian whaling-fleet owner whom ONASSIS and KONIALIDES had loaned money to about twenty-five years ago.

he could not recall whether had given him additional details concerning this matter.

Enclosures to Bureau: - 45

documents obtained from the description of the Department of Justice.

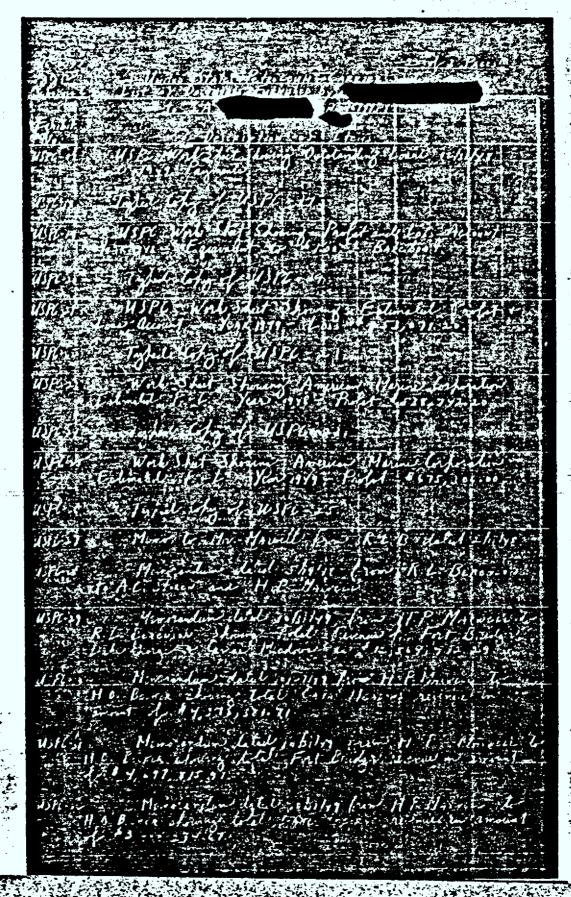


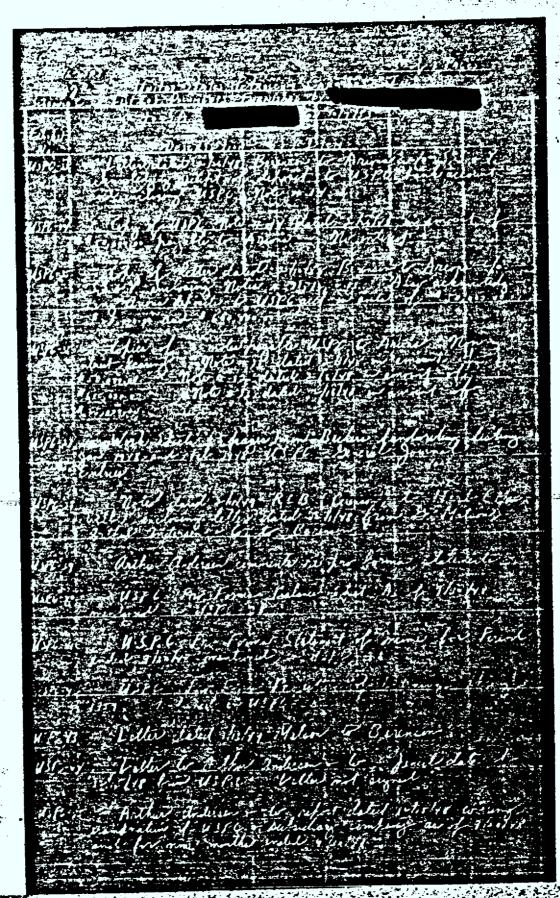
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NY 46-2507

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MISCELLANEOUS

The following lead was set out for the Norfolk Office by letter dated October 12, 1953.

LEADS

NORFOLK

At Hassler & Co., Norfolk, Virginia

Will interview

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- 2. Obtain any information may have concerning by the degree of control that ONASSIS exercised over USPC and affiliates.
- 3. Obtain the complete details surrounding the circumstances in connection with the loan by ONASSIS and KONIALIDES of all their savings to ANDERS JAHRE, Norwegian whaling-fleet owner. Ascertain whether the can furnish present location of JAHRE.

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

for any info he might be able to furnish concerning the extent to which ONASSIS controls and operates.

REFERENCE: Bureau letter to WFO, 9/16/53.

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE:

October 15, 1952.

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Glavin Mr. Harbon

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Gearty

Tie. Room .. Mr. Holleman.

Mics Gandy

Mr. R. sen N

Mr. Winterrowd_

157C

Mr. Belmont ... Mr. Clegg.

: Warren Olney III, Assistant Attorney General

Criminal Division

SUBJECT: Victory Carriers. Inc.

WO:AJK:HFS:

CONTRACTOR

Reference is made to our recent memorandum in which we advised that on October 13, 1953, a grand jury in the District of Columbia returned a sealed indictment in the above-captioned matter, in the charging violations of the conspiracy statute, 18 U.S.C. 371 and the false statement statute, 18 U.S.C. 1001. For your further information, the indictment contains eight counts - one charging the existence of a conspiracy to defraud the Government between all of the persons and corporations named in the indictment and the other seven counts charging substantive violations of the false statement statute. The following is a list of the persons and corporations named in the indictment:

> 1. Aristoteles S. Onassis, alias Aristotle S. Onassis (naturalized citizen of Argentina)

2. Robert L. Berenson (U. S. citizen)

Nicolas Cokkinis (naturalized U.S. citizen)

Joseph E. Casey (U.S. citizen)

Joseph H. Rosenbaum (U. S. citizen)

Robert W. Dudley (U. S. citizen)

Charles Augenthaler (U. S. citizen)

George Cokkinis (Greek citizen)

Harold O. Becker (U. S. citizen)

10. United States Petroleum Carriers, Inc., a corporation (U.S. citizen)

11. Victory Carriers, Inc., a corporation (U.S. citizen)

Central American Steamship Agency, Inc., a corporation 12. (U.S. citizen)

Sociedad Industrial Maritima Financiera Ariona Panama. S.A., a corporation (Panamanian corporation)

Sociedad Maritima Miraflores, a corporation (Panamanian corporation)

Transatlantica Financiera Industrial Panama, S.A., a corporation (Panamanian corporation)

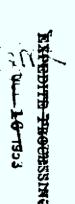
The above information is furnished pursuant to a request of the Bureau.

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Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

October15 1953

Mr. Belmont Mr. Clegg Mr. Clavin Mr. H rbe.

Mr. Rosen Ka

Mr. Tracy

Mr. Gearty .. Ar. Mobr

Mr. Winterrowe

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

WOLLEROM

Warren Olney III, Assistant Attorney General

Criminal Division

Victory Carriers, Inc.

DATE

On October 13, 1953, a grand jury in the District of Columbia returned a sealed indictment in the above-captioned matter charging violations of the conspirato statute. 18 U.S. 371 and the false statement statute, 18 U.S.Y. 1001.

Tele. Room Three of the principal defendants in this case, namely, Mr. Helioman... Aristoteles Societes Onassis, Robert L. Berenson and George Cokking Wiss Gandy left the United States while the investigation was in progress. According to our best knowledge and belief, Berenson is presently residing in Paris, France, and Onassis and Cokkinis are residing on the French Riviera. Berenson is a United States citizen. Onassis is a naturalized citizen of Argentina and Cokkinis is a citizen of Greece.

Bench warrants of arrest for all three men have been issued by the United States District Court for the District of Columbia and the warrants are now in the possession of Mr. Allen J. Krouse of the Criminal Division.

Because it is believed that these individuals are not presently subject to extradition, it is requested that the Bureau take steps to ascertain whether any of them have recently returned to the United States or, if not, when they may return. If the Bureau should develop information that any of them has returned to this country or is about to return, it is requested that the Bureau communicate immediately with Mr. Krouse, Mr. Frederick W. Becker or Mr. Howard F. Smith. During office hours these men may be reached at St. 3-5700 or Government Code 1204, ext. 451. After office hours Mr. Krouse can be reached by telephone at Ra. 3-2074: Mr. Becker at Tu. 2-1192; and Mr. Smith at 01, 2-8256.

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46-17/83-334 (46-17783)

October 22. 1953

NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND TRADING COMPANY, INC., ET AL. FRAUD AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

Attached to this memorandum and the copies designated Tor the New York Division is a copy of a self-explanatory memorandum from the Criminal Division dated October 15, 1953.

and the In the event that Aristoteles Socrates Onassis, Robert L. Berenson and George Cokkinis attempt to enter the country.

The New York Office should immediately ascertain through discreet inquiries the exact whereabouts of these three individuals. Every effort should be made to determine through confidential and sources the future itinerary of these three persons. Any information developed by the New York Office regarding their present and it whereabouts should be promptly communicated to the Bureau and the Washington Pield Office. Samuel Carlo Carlo

If your investigation should establish that any of the three above-mentioned individuals are located in the United States or their entry into this country is imminent this information should be furnished to the Bureau by teletype or telephone, depending upon the urgency of the situation. We arrests shall be made without prior Bureau authority.

It should be noted by both offices that warrants for these individuals! arrests are based on a secret indictment returned by a Federal Grand Jury in the District of Columbia on October 13. 1953. Therefore, all correspondence relating to the location of these individuals must bear the classification "confidential." Both offices should advise the Bureau not later than Movember 1, 1953, regarding the action taken in this matters

ect 2-New York (46-2507) (Attachment)

See Note 2nd Page.

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Note:

Allen J. Krause, Department attorney who is handling the Tanker Case, telephonically advised SA that he did not desire Robert L. Berenson to be arrested in one event that he entered this country by himself. Krause stated that by arresting Berenson it would be necessary to open the secret indictment thereby putting Onassis and Cokkinis on notice and they thereafter would never enter this country knowing that an indictment was outstanding against them.

Office Memo, ndum • united still government CONFIDENTIAL Director, FBI (46-17783) 10/30/53 DATE: TO 025AC, New York (46-2507) NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND SUBJECT: TRADING COMPANY, INC., ET AL ReBulet to WFO 10/22/53. he recently received a telephone call from HAROLD O. BECKER, USPC Treasurer, who told him that BERENSON was residing in Paris. BECKER did not indicate BERENSON's exact residence in Paris. It is to be noted that when interviewed by Bureau agents In 5/8/52 BERENSON advised that he spent most of his time in Paris where he operated the Continental American Travel, Inc., a travel agency. contacted on a confidential basis re this matter. He stated that in the past he has contacted ONASSIS on various occasions reference various business matters. \ to his knowledge, ONASSIS has not been in the United States for about one year. he has never met GEORGE COKKINIS. may be able to furnish pertinent information re GEORGE COKKINIS and ONASSIS. **C D 1** CALL HE - SE GE - EN LITA O 1 26 PH "53 MUSICIAL IVITABITABINE espington Field (46-2607)

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO : Director, FBI (46-17783)

DATE:

10/31/53

FROM ON SAC, Norfolk (46-540)

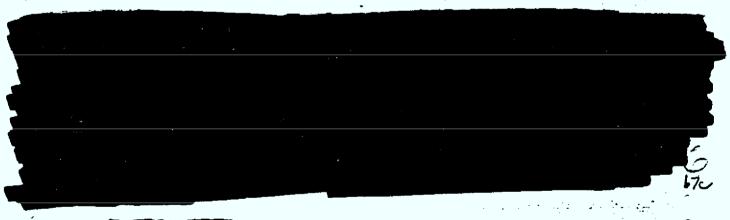
SUBJECT:

NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING, AND TRADING CO.; INC., ET AL

PAG

Re: U. S. PETROLEUM CARRIERS, INC.

any steamship agency business involves business with Greek ship owners either directly or indirectly. He advised that he feels that any information he might give could possibly affect his employer from a financial aspect. He therefore requested that any information that he might give be maintained on a confidential basis. He stated, however, that he would willingly appear in court or before a grand jury in any matter whereby he might be of assistance to the U. S. Government.



II. that he was in possession of no direct information 67& to his knowledge that might reflect that ONASSIS exercised control over U.S. PETROLEUM CARRIERS, INC. and/or any of its affiliates.

During the course of extensive interview he volunteered the following bits of information which he believed might suggest investigative leads in the Bureau's attempt to show that CNASSIS might have exercised control over the U.S. PETROLEUM CARRIERS, INC. and its affiliates:

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control over USPC and affiliates. He knew OKASSIS and NICHOLAS COKKINAS, Vice
President of USPC to have been exceedingly close; further, that COKKINAS on many
occasions
chartering of pierage and water depth in various ports.

that this information was being secured from him by COKKINAS for CNASSIS.

recalled that there was always a "battery of attorneys" at these meetings. He recalled that COKKINAS "ran the whole show." He stated that ROBERT BERENSON.

COKKINAS were in conflict
and that he specifically recarled on one occasion he got tired of COKKINAS'
petty orders and he mentioned same to BERENSON. He stated that shortly thereafter
was told by COKKINAS not to bring information to BERENSON, whom
believed to have had controlling interest in USPC, but to discuss matters
directly with him, COKKINAS. When BERENSON was told
order to report to BERENSON, BERENSON
should go through COKKINAS. that from that time he felt that
BERENSON had less say than his holdings in the company would have indicated.

heard that ONASSIS had borrowed several million dollars from METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., MYC. He stated that if his memory serves him right, shortly after one of the bigger loans by ONASSIS of the METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., all outstanding mortgages of USPC ships were taken up and the ships were remortgaged with the METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. HE stated that he recalled this remortgaging of ships since he performed the clerical duty of taking appropriate papers to U. S. Customs, while an international attorney who maintains office in MYC and who was secretary to USPC certified to Customs as an officer of USPC as to the remortgaging of USPC ships under the METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

that sometime in the fall of 1950 the USPC had planned that the USPC was going to get a to form a new whaling company. tanker and convert it for use as a whaling boat. that he contacted to write a letter International Seaman's Union, MYC, and requested to the U.S. Maritime Commission stating that ISU would not oppose transferring a ship of U. S. registry to a Panamaian flag. U. S. PETROLEUM CARRIERS, IRC. . . 5/8 at that time gave the whaling company the SS HERMAN F. WINTER and USPC in return received the SS OLYMPIC GAMES, the latter ship transferring her flag from that during the course of this transaction Monduran to American. he went to Washington, D. C., and talked with Admiral SHEPHERD, U. S. Coast Guard with the object of getting approval for this whaling company which he, thought was to be an American company and a subsidiary of USPC. He advised he made several visits to Washington, D. C., over a three-month period and conferred with Admiral SHEPHERD several times. He stated that on one occasion he made arrangements with Admiral SHEPHERD to meet a Mr. BROWN of the American Bureau of Shipping, MYC.

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He advised that when Admiral SHEPHERD came to NYC to meet with BROWN, NICHOLAS COKKINAS met with BROWN and SHEPHERD. Admiral SHEPHERD on this occasion refused to discuss any whaling arrangements without being present. recalled also that on one of his visits involving the whaling transaction he whom he believes to be presently foreman for ONASSIS at Hamburg, Germany, where he. is supervising the building of several super tankers is believed to be presently receiving his salary from Central for QNASSIS. American Steamship Agency, INc., MYC. During these same whaling arrangements, received his salary from USPC. that USPC could not get a whaling permit and that as a result ONASSIS formed a whaling company. this information to light since he believed that it tended to show that at least QNASSIS kept abreast of transactions of USPC.

ARIOMA for 10-year periods and further that CARGO PARIS of Paris, France, were operating agents for ARIOMA. He stated that to his recollection a few tankers were time-chartered to PETROLEUM CARRIERS OF PANAMA, which he believes to be owned by ONASSIS. The that he had no factual evidence of the earnings of USPC and its subsidiaries, but that on one occasion while employed there he heard that USPC had operated in the red. He stated that he merely surmised that the system of time-chartering tankers to ONASSIS-owned firms served as a means of permitting ONASSIS' companies to operate the time-chartered tankers at a tremendous profit while the USPC was absorbing the losses.

Interviewee advised that on one occasion he met an attorney from DUDLEY's office

He recalled having lunch

who appeared to have been chagrined about the failure of ONASSIS to pay one
million dollars to USPC for the exchange of the tanker SS HERMAN F. WINTER and
SS OLYMPIC GAMES.

CHARLES That the newly-formed whaling company of
ONASSIS had apparently overlooked paying approximately one million dollars to
USPC for a period of approximately nine months.

That the HERMAN

F. WINTER is now listed in Lloyds Register as the OLYMPIC CHALLENGER of Panamaian
registry.

That the attorney known to him as

track
of allminutes of the weekly meetings of the USPC.

USPC, This accountant, whose name could not recall, originally set up the books for USPC and thought he was going to become the comptroller. however, that BECKER became comptroller and this accountant was made to resign from USPC. He advised that this person whose name he could not recall was accused by BECKER of stealing \$900 from the company's funds.

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that it be general knowledge in the shipping business that ANDERS JAHRE is a successful Norwegian sailing fleet operator. He denied any knowledge of any financial transactions between JAHRE, KONIALIDES, and CNASSIS. He stated that ARNE STOREN, a stockholder of USPC, allegedly has a brother who was formerly Secretary of State under QUISLING in Norway. Heard from an unrecalled source that this brother escaped from Norway and went to Buenos Aires. He advised that the brother of ARNE STOREN and LARS ANDERSON, a whaling expedition leader for CNASSIS, were allegedly very close associates.

STOREN's brother and ANDERSON were affiliated with CNASSIS in the whaling business and since ARNE STOREN is a stockholder in USPC, there would probably be some connection between CNASSIS' whaling business and USPC.

67c

advised that should be recall any specific and factual information that would show whereby CMASSIS has any control over the USFC and

its affiliates, he would immediately contact this office.

RIIC.

SAC, NORFOLK (46-540) (AIR MAIL)

HOOVER

NORTH AMERICAN SHIPPING AND TRADING CO., INC., ET AL, PAG. REURIEMO DATED OCTOBER 31, 1953. YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO INCLUDE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN REFMEMO IN AN INVESTIGATIVE REPORT THAT SHOULD BE SUBMITTED TO REACH THE BUREAU NOT LATER THAN NOVEMBER 9, 1953. COPIES OF YOUR REPORT SHOULD BE DESIGNATED FOR THE NEW YORK DIVISION FOR THEIR INFORMATION, IF YOU DEEM IT DESIRABLE THAT THE INFORMATION FURNISHED BY BE ATTRIBUTED TO A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE, IT SHOULD BE QUALIFIED THAT THIS SOURCE HAS EXPRESSED WILLINGNESS TO APPEAR BEFORE I FEDERAL GRAND JURY OR IN ANY COURT WHEREBY HE MIGHT BE OF ASSISTANCE TO THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

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•	•	Mr. Lade
TO :	: Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: October	
CON STORE .	Norman Olman TTT Annatabant Ass	Mrs. Classic
	Criminal Division	S: en. Harbo
SUBJECT	Victory Carriers Inc 146-20-59	Mr. Tracy
. /		Mr. Gearty
ν	CONF	IA Mr. Winterrowd
<i>!</i>	This is to further clarify our recent memorandum in	Tele. Room Mr. Holloman
•	which we advised that warrants of arrest had been issued by the	Miss Gandy
4.2	United States District Court for the District of Columbia for	**************************************
iN .	Aristoteles S. Onassis, Robert L. Berenson and George Cokkinis.	
	It is not the desire of this office that any of these	
1	men be arrested or detained immediately upon their return to thi	s
	country, but it is requested that the Bureau immediately notify Mr. Krouse, Mr. Smith or Mr. Becker if, and when, they return.	
	Upon receipt of this information, the Bureau will be given	
	instructions as to what further action should be taken.	
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