Paper with

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

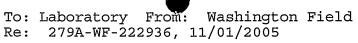
Prece	dence:	ROUTINE		Date:	11/01/2	005	
To:	Countert	errorism	Attn:	WMDOU			
	Inspecti	on ·	Attn:	IIC			
	Washingt	on Field	Attn:	SSA SSA A/SSA			b6 b7С
From:	Am∈	ngton Field erithrax-2 ntact: SA					b6 b7C
Appro	ved By:		.1				
Draft	ed By:		,				b6 b7C
Case	ID #: 27	9A-WF-222936-DUGWAY	(Pendi:	ng)• 7.			
Title	AMERI MAJOR	THRAX; CASE 184	v			•	
labor Groun	ratory no nd, initi	summarize the invest tebook of ated on 04/07/1997 anthrax spore prepara	u in resp	.S. Army Du onse to Dr.	gway Pro Bruce I	vins'	b6 b7C
		Three page summar ed to compile RMR 10		am of produ	ctions r	runs	
Refer	2	279A-WF-222936 Sub U 279A-WF-222936 Sub U 279A-WF-222936 Sub D	SAMRIID	Serial #88	2		
Army on 01 that of 3. purif anima	Medical 1/17/1997 it took 0x10 <sup>12</sup> to fied spor al challe	a communication set Research Institute 7, entitled "SPORES, 13 anthrax spore protal spores (approxi res). Ivins went on enge experiments, 10 ded. Subsequently	of Infe SPORES eparati mately to exp	ctious Dise, SPORES," on runs to three (3) clain that f	ease, USA Ivins ex produce grams of for upcom	MRIID, uplained a total dried, ning es	Ъ6 Ъ7С
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To: Laboratory From: Washington Field

Re: 279A-WF-222936, 11/01/2005

to produce spores for Ivins under the project entitled "Procedure for Anthrax Spore Preparation in Bench Top Fermentors." On 03/25/1997, received four (4) 1ml polypropylene tubes containing Bacillus anthracis Ames for use in fermentor production runs. On 04/07/1997 began the first spore production run of the 19 total runs that would be initiated for shipment to Ivins/USAMRIID between 04/23/1997 and 09/03/1997. Summary of Fermentation Production Runs On 04/12/1997, completed the first fermentation production run, which resulted in 6.3x1012 total spores or 70ml of 9.0x1010 spores/ml. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus qlobigii contamination was On 04/14/1997, completed the second fermentation production run, which resulted in 9.5x10<sup>12</sup> total spores or 150ml of 6.3x10<sup>10</sup> spores/ml. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted. On 04/18/1997, aborted the fermentation run that began on 04/15/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination. According to notebook this batch was autoclaved on 04/18/1997. On 04/22/1997, completed the fourth fermentation production run, which resulted in 7.0x10<sup>12</sup> total spores or 280ml of 2.5x10<sup>10</sup> spores/ml. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted. On 04/25/1997, completed the fifth fermentation production run, which resulted in 7.5x1012 total spores or 250ml of 3.0x1010 spores/ml. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted. On 05/19/1997, completed the sixth fermentation production run, which resulted in 4.8x1012 total spores or 120ml of 4.0x1010 spores/ml. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted. On 05/22/1997, completed the seventh fermentation production run, which resulted in 5.3x1012 total spores or 155ml of 3.4x1010 spores/ml. During dilutions both

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before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted.

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dilutions after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate.  On 07/29/1997, aborted the fermentation run that began on 07/24/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination.	On 06/23/1997,aborted the fermentation run that began on 06/19/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination. According tonotebook this batch was autoclaved (contamination and autoclave notation was not dated, but appeared under the 06/23/1997 entry).
On 07/11/1997, completed the eleventh fermentation production run, which resulted in a reported 5.34x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores or 175ml of 3.6x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 175mls at 3.6x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 6.3x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted.  On 07/17/1997, completed the twelfth fermentation production run, which resulted in reported 5.2x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores or 325ml of 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 325mls at 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 5.5x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted.  On 07/21/1997, completed the thirteenth fermentation production run, which resulted in 250ml of 2.0x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml (approximately 5.0x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores). During dilutions after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate.  On 07/29/1997, aborted the fermentation run that began on 07/24/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination.	of 5.8x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. During dilutions titers of raw spores two (2) colonies of <i>Bacillus globigii</i> were noted on a single plate of nearly confluent <i>Bacillus anthracis</i> . During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no <i>Bacillus globigii</i> contamination was noted.
5.34x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores or 175ml of 3.6x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 175mls at 3.6x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 6.3x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted.  On 07/17/1997, completed the twelfth fermentation production run, which resulted in reported 5.2x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores or 325ml of 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 325mls at 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 5.5x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted.  On 07/21/1997, completed the thirteenth fermentation production run, which resulted in 250ml of 2.0x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml (approximately 5.0x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores). During dilutions after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate.  On 07/29/1997, aborted the fermentation run that began on 07/24/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination.	According co nocebook this bacen was addoctaved on
total spores or 325ml of 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 325mls at 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 5.5x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted.  On 07/21/1997, completed the thirteenth fermentation production run, which resulted in 250ml of 2.0x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml (approximately 5.0x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores). During dilutions after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate.  On 07/29/1997, aborted the fermentation run that began on 07/24/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination.	5.34x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores or 175ml of 3.6x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 175mls at 3.6x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 6.3x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no <i>Bacillus globigii</i> contamination was
dilutions after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate.  On 07/29/1997, aborted the fermentation run that began on 07/24/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination.	total spores or 325ml of 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml. Calculations using 325mls at 1.7x10 <sup>10</sup> spores/ml are actually 5.5x10 <sup>12</sup> total spores. During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no
began on 07/24/1997 due to Bacillus globigii contamination.	dilutions after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus
(contamination and autoclave notation was not dated, but appeared under the 07/29/1997 entry).	According to notebook this batch was autoclaved (contamination and autoclave notation was not dated, but appeared

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\_\_completed the fifteenth On 08/02/1997, fermentation production run, which resulted in 200ml of 3.4x1010 spores/ml (approximately 6.8x1012 total spores). During dilutions both before and after heat shock procedures no Bacillus globigii contamination was noted. On 08/04/1997, \_\_\_\_\_completed the sixteenth fermentation production run, which resulted in 180ml of 3.1x10<sup>10</sup> spores/ml (approximately 5.6x1012 total spores). During dilutions before heat shock procedures three (3) colonies of Bacillus globigii contamination were noted on one (1) dilution plate. On 09/09/1997, completed the seventeenth fermentation production run, which resulted in 170ml of 4.6x1010 spores/ml (approximately 7.8x10<sup>12</sup> total spores). During dilutions before heat shock one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate at two (2) separate dilutions, and after heat shock procedures one (1) colony of Bacillus globigii contamination was noted on one (1) dilution plate. On 09/15/1997, completed the eighteenth fermentation production run, which resulted in 180ml of 2.7x1010 spores/ml (approximately 4.9x10<sup>12</sup> total spores). During dilutions after heat shock procedures three (3) colonies of Bacillus globigii contamination were noted on one (1) dilution plate. On 09/23/1997, completed the nineteenth fermentation production run, which resulted in an unknown quantity and an unknown concentration. No Bacillus globiqii contamination was noted during the concentration assay. The disposition of this fermentation run is unknown, however, 70ml of irradiated spores, concentration 5.0x107 spores/ml, dated 09/23/1997 were recovered in a consensual search of the Lothar Salomon Life Sciences Test Facility at the Dugway Proving Ground, Dugway, Utah on 06/30/2004. Summary of Bacillus globigii Contamination Bacillus globigii contamination was noted in five productions runs dated 06/28/1997, 07/21/1997, 08/04/1997, 09/09/1997, and 09/15/1997. All five (5) of these runs were sent to Ivins at USAMRIID of which three (3) were added to a stockpile compiled by Ivins call RMR 1029. Additionally, four (4) productions runs, (04/18/1997, 06/23/1997, 07/01/1997, 07/29/1997) were aborted and autoclaved due to Bacillus globiqii contamination. There is no explanation in notes as to a

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To: Laboratory From: Washington Field

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threshold for *Bacillus globigii* contamination of which, if exceeded, should call for aborting and autoclaving the production.

#### Summary of Samples Recovered

Samples labeled with dates consistent with production runs form the project entitled "Procedure for Anthrax Spore Preparation in Bench Top Fermentors" were recovered in a consensual search of the Lothar Salomon Life Sciences Test Facility at the Dugway Proving Ground, Dugway, Utah on 06/30/2004. Irradiated samples bearing dates 04/12/1997 (0.5ml), 04/14/1997 (0.5ml), 04/22/1997 (0.3ml), 05/22/1997 (0.25ml), 07/11/1997 (0.25ml), and 07/21/1997 (0.25ml) were all recovered from the above search. One (1) sample bearing the date 08/03/1997 (0.25ml) was also recovered in this search, however, this date falls directly between production runs from 08/02 and 08/04, and therefore may or may not be correlated with the material shipped to USAMRIID for this project.

Additionally, 19 scanning electron microscopy (SEM) stubs were also collected during this search. Ten (10) of SEM the stubs can be associated by dates with production runs from this Dugway/USAMRIID project. SEM stubs correlated with production dates 06/28/1997 and 08/04/1997 were not recovered. All SEM stubs that were recovered and believed to be associated with this production project were analyzed using SEM/energy dispersive x-ray spectroscopy (EDS) by the FBI laboratory's Chemistry Unit, Quantico, Virginia. No silicon, tin, or iron signatures were identified in these specimens.

Of the material recovered from these searches, no live spore material bearing production dates from this Dugway/USAMRIID project was reclaimed.

It should be noted that there are erroneous
calculations and inconsistencies in volumes when comparing
notebook with the Quality Assurance/ Quality Control
paperwork affiliated with these production runs. Understanding
these inconsistencies along with the level of Bacillus globigii
contamination in materials shipped from Dugway to USAMRIID is
critical for furthering investigation into genotypically
compelling anthrax materials at USAMRIID. Based on genetic and
forensic signatures pertaining to the RMR 1029 spore material,
further exchange with Amerithrax investigators and may be
warranted.

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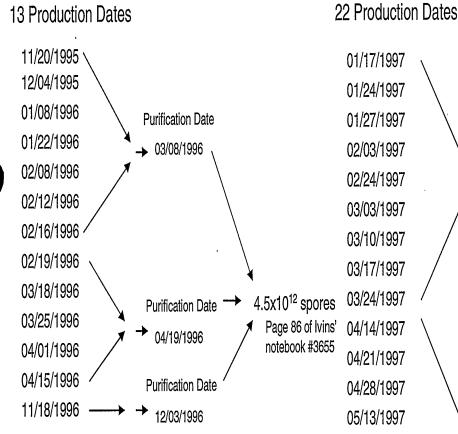
\* \*

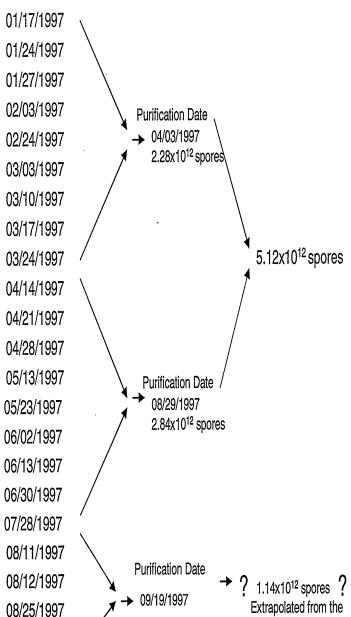
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11/21/2005



RMR 1029 (includes 22 production dates from USAMRIID and 12 from Dugway)





USAMRIID Anthracis Production of RMR 1030 and 1029

USAMRIID batches were combined with Dugway batches resulting in a total of 3.6x10<sup>13</sup> spores

09/08/1997

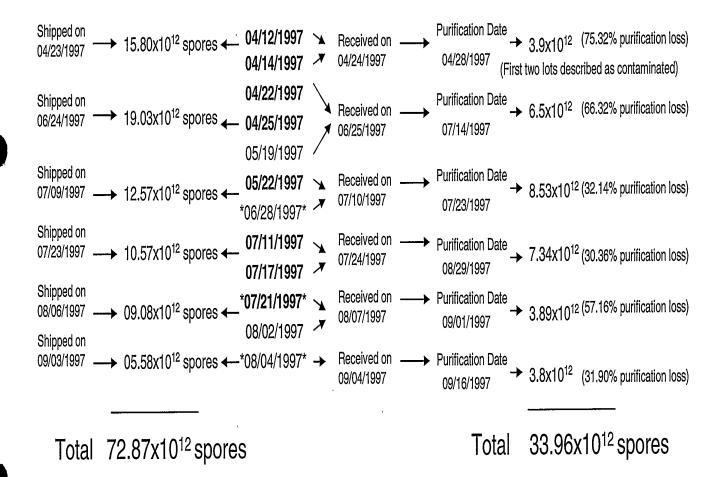
average yield of the 18

previous batches

# RMR 1029

### 12 Production Dates

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Combining production runs from USAMRIID and Dugway yielded approximately **4.02x10**<sup>13</sup> **spores** (reported by Ivins as 3.6x10<sup>13</sup> spores) without the 7<sup>th</sup> lot.

\*Positive for *Bacillus globigii* colonies during dilutions \*
Bold **dates** correlate with samples recovered from AMX search of the Life Sciences Facility

Dugway Proving Grounds Anthracis Production of

1029

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12-09-2008 BY 60324 C BAW/RS/VCF

# Dugway's 7th Lot

\*Positive for Bacillus globigii colonies during dilutions \*

# Additional Dugway Production Dates:

4/18/1997 — Bacillus globigii contamination noted, production aborted and autoclaved

FD-302 (Rev. 10-6-95)

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

On December 7, 2006,	
U.S. Army, Dugway\Proving Ground, Dugway, Utah 84022, telephone number: date of birth: SSN: was interviewed at Washington Field Office, 601 4th Street, N.W., Washington, DC. After being advised of the identity of the interviewing agents and the purpose of the interview, provided the following information:	b6 b7c
The events of September 11, 2001 on Dugway personnel was effected four fold. The general route that Life Sciences employees take into work was changed, rerouting individuals away from the Chemical laboratory for safety purposes. Fences and checkpoints were erected. There was an increase in the overall number of guards on base. And, scrutiny of individuals coming and going from the facility increased. Although could not recollect, suggested that September was historically a good time of year for field trials, which would require access to the laboratory during off hours. does not recall a non-essential personnel lock-down of Dugway facilities following the attacks of September 11, 2001.	
Subsequent to the FBI's inquiry into access of their Biosafety Level-3 (BL-3) facility and general anthrax letter inquiries, plans for increasing security over the biological program facility were fashioned. The new security was to replicate or overlay the Chemical Program assurity plan.	
explained that the	Ъб Ъ7С Ъ7F
	<b>-</b>
Investigation on 12/07/2006 at Washington, D.C.	_
File # 279A-WF-222936-DUGWAY - O Date dictated 12/08/2006	_
SA by SA	b6 b7c

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

### 279A-WF-222936-DUGWAY

Continuation of FD-302 of		, On <u>12/07/2006</u>	, Page2
exercises		, was a facility used for training y used only mock equipment and was	non-functional
(USAMRIID occasions from 1992 October, polypropy viewing s	cal Research Inst.), in the past, confirm that the first 1992. This materies screw capper thipping records	from 1997 that second transfer from March, 1997. This transfer inclu	b7c ls ls
1990's as	1997 Dugway-USA the Chemical B	ed two major Dugway growth projects MRIID project that took place in th iological Mass Spectrometer (CBMS) , High Temperature Incendiary proje	ne
Sterne, a tularensi Leighton-harvest of phase. To concentral lyophilizirradiate as the Images restandard required in the formatters.	ed a host of dif- and Ames) as wells. In the case Doi (media) was cells from log portion These products wated slurry and Dugway used (dried) the ed AMES for this related to this Coperating Procefor quality assorm of SEM image The Battelle,	turned over to by sees scanning electron microscopy (SEMS project, explained that dure (SOP) for this CBMS project turance/quality control (QA/QC) measures from each growth batch be taken.  High Temperature Incendiary Project	lum, la id nary or ving f) the sures
<u>were ace</u> t	only the Vollum	strain of Ba. Spores from this project strain of Ba.	roiect
	search in 2004,	of vials recovered from a FBI condition identified picture labeled the four (4)	‡72-7 <b>4</b>

### 279A-WF-222936-DUGWAY

Continuation of FD-302 of	, On <u>12/07/2006</u> , Page <u>3</u>
identifies picture #72 original spore stock in USAMRIID bulk spore growin picture #74 labeled seed stock tube ambiguo additionally identified	November, 2003 for another Dugway- wth project. identifies the tube "B. ant Ames" as an original March, 1997
beads described in pict	bed the process by which produced the ure #72 as streaking spores for colonies, and adding them to the bead
stock was used in the 1 RMR 1029. expla either Blood Agar Plate multiple, three (3) to inoculate BAPs for conf inoculate the Leighton- fermentation vessel. for inoculation in orde added Antifoam A did not control believes that controlli	r to assure a heterogenous population.  to the media before sterilization for pH during fermentation of Ba.  ng for pH is unnecessary in that a all (acidic), and rise (basic) profile is
USAMRIID batches as eit count plates, post ferm USAMRIID), or contamina suitable to send on to were destroyed by autoc Bacillus subtilis (Bs) interchangeable, with teasily distinguished cu	bed the <i>Bg</i> contamination of 1997 Dugway- her environmental contamination of the entation (suitable to send on to tion within the fermentation (not USAMRIID). Unsuitable fermentation runs claving. described the noted 2003 contamination as one in the same, or the <i>Bg</i> contamination describe earlier as estard orange colonies. has never lation colony in any fermentation run.
entries and QA/QC testi production runs dated 0 which were described by	hable to explain, based on notebook of the notebook on notebook on notebook on notebook on notebook on notebook on notebook of the not

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Continuation of FD-302 of	, On <u>12/07/2006</u> , Page4
on 09/23/1997, but did n fact that had already fulfill the original con	ot ship this to USAMRIID based on the shipped more than enough product to
for a long period of time unable to be cleaned. He immediately purified by the fact that spores produtilizable after several	eed that a batch or spores stored in water he can seep DNA and become "gooey," and lowever, the fact the 7th lot was IVINS without unnecessary storage and oduced for this project were still years made this "DNA seepage" scenario nion.
collected items i i	led listings of the 2004 consent search dentified the SEM stubs as well as the the same dates as 1997 production runs, and SEM stubs from the 1997 production
(salts) concentrations is completion of the 1997 seconfirmed that the concentration called for	ed that there were mistakes in additive in the August of 1997 SOP, generated upon spore production project.  Entration for FeSO <sub>4</sub> was higher than the in the original Leighton-Doi protocol. The this mistake may have carried over oduction runs.
at Dugway's Life Science	es that shipping records for AMES samples es Division are accurate in that there on or undocumented AMES shipments.
study at Dugway, and the Principle investigator f	recall any 2004 envelope aerosolization erefore could not provide a client or for this project.
suite at Dugway as completed the personal roughleted a mentoring property.	pes contractor clearances to work in the needing a secret clearance, having reliablility program (PRP), having rogram, and having the proper pers were escorted within the suite.

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Continuation	of FD-302 of
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	described as an eager to please oddball and a capable scientist with fermentation
	experience. described as a
	reliable old timer and a capable scientist with little fermentation experience.
	provided a list of contact information for personnel. This list, the original interview notes, and a
	packet of visual reference materials used during the interview