FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

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FILE NO.	100-107111	
VOLUME	NO. 32	
SERIALS	1426	
	1432	

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FEDERAL BUREAU

of

INVESTIGATION

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formation from this file to any outside agency without the consent of Supervisor

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BUREAU (REGISTERED MAIL) NEW YORK (RECISTERED MAIL)

CONSITTED TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS, C. DAYLET

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TYPEWRITER BLDG., 10TH AND CHESTNUT STS., PHILA. FRANTJIS HAD

unsuccessfully attempted to obtain space at a number of other locations.

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RB THIS, FRANTJIS' REQUEST FOR RESERVATION AT WHITTIER HOTEL FOR the property agent agent agent

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HAB/tgm 100-37667

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SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1431 DATE 3.10.54

CONSISTING OF 7 PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

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FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE FILE FILE FILE VOLUME NO. 33 SERIALS 1432

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FILE DESCRIPTION NEW YORK FILE

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34. REVIEWED BY SALMI NEW YORK FILES Inventory Worksho FD-503 (2-18-77) File No: 100-107/11 ROINAT'L COMM. TO SECURE JUSTICE/ROSENBURG No. of Pages Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited) Description Serial Date (Type of communication, to, from) Actual Released SAC, MIAMI TO HA MEMO SE TO SAC, NY MEMO ARTICLE FROM " PORNING FREINEIT" SA to SAC, LA MEMO 2 \bigcirc COPY OF LETTER 125 F81/D01 A. S. Department of Austice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

Bufile 100-387835 INVESTIGATION

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DIV.1 DIV.2 DIV. 3 FEI RADIOGRAM DIV. SEC.1 EEC.2 3/10/54 SZC.8 DIRECTOR, PBI SAC, LOS ANGELES No-107111-1315 ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE, IS-C, DAYLET, ADVISES THAT THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE IN **SEC. 18** SEC.14 LA IS QUOTE STAGNANT UNQUOTE SEC. 16 SEC.16 The committee is also contemplating a roseneerg menorial MEETING ON JUNE NIMETERN MEXT. MALONE WNP:BAJ 100-41648 cc:1 - 100-43372 (Daylet) 1 - 100-23717 (CRC) 1 - Sen Francisco (Reg.) D- New York (Reg.) to BA R. STEWART, 3/2/54 SOURCE: ond

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the second state of the second EW YORK DIVISION MEN YORK POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT Specialist in Ch INSPECTION SERVICE OFFICE INSPECTOR IN CHARGE TO ST The second secon NEW YORK 1, N. Y. Ly to file with the first of the والمراوع الإستان والمناز والمناز والمناز والمنازع NewYORK 7. Merch 10, 1954 RE: FRANK G. MERSON Pr. Stephen R. Allen, Jr. 100-93572-1817 Illenia Eurseries and Stad House. 10-107111-1391 Ceneva, Ohio Dear Kr. Allen: Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of Earch 3, 1954, transmitting literature of The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, which was enclosed with an order received by your nursery from one F. C. Herson, Keuka Park, E. T. Inastruch as subversive matters are under the/investigative jurisdiction of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, we are taking the liberty of forwarding your complaint to the Special Agent in Charge of that organization, 290 Broadway, New York, N.Y. Thank you for bringing the matter to attention. Sincerely yours, mile destroy H. B. Montag Post Office Inspector in Charge. FBI - NEW YORK

.: Chat. A. Allen ... Financial Referen ... DUN & BRADSTIS ET -- GENEVA SAVINGS &

TELEPHONE 5433-

Aller'S NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSE
WHOLESALE-RETAIL PROPAGATORS AND GROWERS OF
NURSERY STOCK AND SEEDS

March 3, 1954

Geneva, Ohio

Postal Inspectors Office United States Post Office Cleveland, Ohio

Gentlemen:

. Strolen A Allen . . BECRETARY & TREASURER

Stephen R. Allen Ja.
ABBISTANT BECRETARY

. Wm. A. Allen II . .

SUPT. SHIPPING DEPT.
. Robert L. Allen . .

RETAIL SALES MANAGER

We are enclosing literature received from a F. G. Merson, Keuka Park, U. Y.

This was received by us, with an order from this person. It goes without saying, that we object strongly in this type of thing.

We are not familiar with postal regulations governing this sort of thing, and we trust that our name will be held in strict confidence.

Respectfully yours,

ALLEN'S NURSERIES & SEED-HOUSE

STAPHEN R. ALLEN, JR.

I larneste, wesh that Some one in your office would take I read the enclosed à leaflets on The Rosenberg Case which willfort doubt will be checked against ven Comeron Courts & bour sustice unless our country clan setrieve itself after this young man rivornan had been tilled, a physicists aid. to me, "Of course they were inno-Cent- anyone who endudands phespies knowythy But individuals will positions do not done, atthis mount to say out lond the foods as they know them. Heave of fend to my tord as a Linten Hing my time and of fort to avour lawabiding young scientist is in aleating lawabiding young scientist is in aleating for 20 recurs on the

Sole Charge fichter met the on 5 oceasing after they graduated. no enduce of whiting said. Only one man to say that there had hem any consusations The judge specifically said that there was 200 Charge that he was a Shy be had ever in committed any start and anything to do with spijing !! get he was put in prison for 30 years, just because bur nepospuljus were baying for blood and no other beobly could be found who were the Lord have the Southwarf influence that something like to be without about the Lord have the could be done to them. May the Lord have their could be mercy or our souls. Frankie? Merc

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK, N.Y.

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU -- URGENT NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR THE ROSENBERGS; ISR. A MISS O'CONNOR, SUPERVISOR AT CHILDREN'S COURT, NYC, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED NYO 3/12/54 AND REQUESTED INFORMATION IN THE FILES OF THIS OFFICE CONCERNING ANN AND ABEL MEEROPOL, WHO ACTED AS GUARDIANS FOR THE ROSENBERG CHILDREN. SHE WAS ADVISED OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S REGULATIONS PROHIBITING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IN THE FILES OF THE BUREAU AND TOLD THAT NO INFERENCE SHOULD BE DRAWN THAT THIS OFFICE DOES OR DOES NOT HAVE INFORMATION ON THE MEEROPOLS. MISS O'CONNOR INDICATED A POSSIBLE INTENTION OF ADDRESSING A REQUEST FOR INFORMATION TO THE EUREAU AT THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

KELLY

TJM:MFB (#6)

ABOVE FOR INFORMATION.

TO

: SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 16, 1954

FROM

: SA E. K. DEANE

SUBJECT: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE

CONFIDENTIAL

JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN

Date information received March 15. 1954

THE ROSZNBERG CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

() CSNY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 80 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Norker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers Bookshop; F & D Printing Co. 12th - 12th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National States and N.Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished

Identity	of	employee	who	can	testify	as	to	the	receipt	of	the exhibit	,

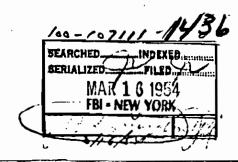
SA E. K. DEANE AND SE P. G. MITCHELL

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(XX) Placed in MY file 100-107111 Serial Exhibit#

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A press release, dated 3-9-54, issued by the captioned organization, entitled "Public Opinion in France Aroused at Attempts to Seize Rosenberg Children".



100-107111

PUBLIC OPINION IN FRANCE AROUSED

AT ATTEMPTS TO SEIZE ROSENBERG CHILDREN

Appeals Made to U.S. Embassy and Eisenhower

NEW YORK, March 9--Reports reaching the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case indicate that French public opinion is aroused to a high pitch against the attempt to take the Rosenberg children away from their grandmother and foster parents.

throughout France have addressed appeals to the U.S. Embassy in Paris and to President Eisenhower. The appeals are urging that the children be allowed to stay with their grandmother and that attempts to take them away be ended.

Trade unionists, housewives, clergymen, and children from cities

Public meetings are being held throughout the country. Thousands of petitions of signatures were collected at a public meeting in Paris on February 24th.

One appeal to President Eisenhower was sent by an organization of French orphans.

The French press has been critical of the court action instituted by the New York City Department of Welfare against the children.

Le Combat, an anti-communist paper, headlined a story, "Is it necessate to kill the Rosenberg children?"

The Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case has received copies of messages sent from France to the Surrogate's Court asking that the children remain with their family.

Appeals against the attempt to seize the children have also been voiced in many other countries including England, Sweden,

Ttalv and Germanv.

FILE #	100-107111	2,
SUBJECT	ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMM	ITTEE
SERIAL _	1436 A DATE	3-22. 54
CONSISTIN	G OF	PAGES

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

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March 23, 1954

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SAC, Cloveland (100-20243)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSSUMERIG CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re report of CA JOHN B. O'DONOGHUE dated 5-5-52 at Cleveland.

Information was contained in referenced report which was received of from This informant has since been determined to be defined in the substitution of unknown reliability. Accordingly, there are forwarded to the Burbou six copies and to the Now York Office four copies of amended page one of referenced report roflecting who is T-1, as being of unknown reliability. This amended page should be substituted in your copies of referenced report.

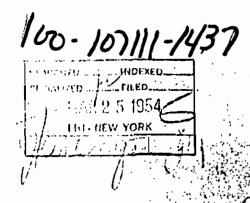
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Enclosures: 6

cc: (1) New York (100-107111) (Erlot - 4) (RM)

Registried hall



Memor rdum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

SAC. New York

DATE:

3/25/54

In allitut 185

FROM

Joseph F. Radigan, Jr. SA (100-115413)

SUBJECT:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO AID MORTON SOBELL

IS-C

01 3/9/51

advised that the following literature was

discovered by a rellow employee of the NYC Omnibus Company on the 11th Street Crosstown line during the week of 3/1/54:

"Why is MORTON SOBELL in Alcatraz?"

Feature Article, For Immediate Release, (3 page mimeographed sheet with certain sentences underlined in red pencil).

said he could furnish no additional information concerning the circumstances of finding this literature but thought the FBI would be interested, so he mailed it to this office.

It is recommended this material be filed for reference.

1-NY 136-635 1-NY 136-0

. JFR:EEC

SEARCHED. MODERED SERIALITED FILED WAY. 39 1504

TO

SAC, NEW YORK

DATE:

March 25, 1954

FROM:

SA D. K. DEANE

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT:

FOR MORTON SOBELL, IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address. Prior to 2/1/3 the State and Estional Offices of the Civil Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space in the building has been occupied by CRT Publications, Inc., publishers of "New World Review" formerly known as "Coviet Russin Today" which has been cited as a Communist Front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date	inf	ormation received March 22, 1954	_
Iden	tity	of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit	_
		SA E. K. DEAME AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY	
The	fell	owing disposition is being made of the original exhibit:	
poxx)	Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial Exhibit#	_
()	Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deer	n
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Description of exhibit: A letter, dated 3-11-54, issued by /00-/07/1/2 the captioned organization, denouncing the court action involving the ROSENBERG children.

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED FI

100-107111

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR LORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CA

D50 Sixth Avenue low York 18, N. Y. 1.0 4 - \$585 Farch 11, 1954

Dear Friend:

The shameful attack against Nichael and Robbie Rosenberg is part of the special "Rosenberg Justice" that is being foisted upon our country. It is not enough that a mother and father were executed despite world-wide protests and dissents of three functions. It is not enough that scientist Morton Soboli was sentenced to 10 years in Alcatraz on the word of an admitted perjurer, or that little Nichael and Pobbie were hounded from their New Jersey school. Now, just when the children had found a happy home, a brazen attempt is made to continue the case against their executed parents by persecuting two innocent children.

Publicly the attempt to tear the children from their grandmother and foster parents is being carried out by the Few York City Welfare Department. But the filing of papers in Surrogate's Court by the Groonglass family through Hrs. Tossie Greenglass, member of David Greenglass and Ethel Rosenberg, raises questions of what role the U.J. Attorney General's office is playing in this case.

Mrs. Greenglass while not asking custody of the children, filed papers through the G. John Rogge law firm asking that the children be raised in a proper Jewish home. Each is the hyperitical request of the woman who communited Michael and Robbie to a public institution when their papents were in prison, and who since that time has never so much as visited them, sent them gifts, or shown any interest whatsoever in their well being.

The danger of the Rosenberg children being taken from the custody of Mrs. Rosenberg is great. The status of court action is as follows: Judge William T. Collins of Surrogate's Court has arranged with the Children's Court to defer action and permit the Surrogate's Court to move on the appointment of a guardian and to attempt to seize control of the trust field. The Welfare Department is pressing for the appointment of a guardian outside of the family. On March 18th the court will consider the Welfare Department's bid to move in on the trust fund which Emanuel Bloch raised for the children and which is under adequate and responsible protection now. On April 5th Judge Collins will conduct hearings on guardianship.

This gives only a few precious weeks for nation-wide public opinion to be expressed against the unprecedented effort to take the children away from their blood relatives and place them with strangers. In every community there are civic leaders, ministers, rebbis, trade unionists who will speak out if the facts are brought to them.

The New York Times reports that Surregate Judge Collins has asked that persons interested in the guardianship of the children write to him. We are sure that many will want to write expressing their belief that the best interests of the children require that this be taken out of the courts and that Mrs. Sephia Posenberg's rights as grandmother be respected. Letters should be sent to Men. William T. Collins, Surregate Court, 31 Chambers Atreet, New York Cit, communications should also be sent to Mayor Robert Wagner, City Hall, New York City, insisting that the Welfare Department cease its harrassment of the children.

It will be to America's lasting shame if Michael and Robbie Resemberg are not permitted to grow up free from public limelight, safe in the warmth of those who loved thom.

Robert and Michael were happy in this privacy before this latest outrageous invasion of their rights by a city agarey. We must help them to restore this. The justice that was denied their percents must not be denied their childrens

Therena arouson

TO

SAC. NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROM:

SA E. K. DEAME

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

CONFIDERTIAL

SUBJECT:

FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CSNY 48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26 Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy offices at this address. Prior to 2/1/3 the State and National Offices of the Civil Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space in the building has been occupied by SRT Publications, Inc., publishers of "New Yorld Review" formerly known as "Soviet Bussia Today" which has been cited as a Communist Front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44.

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Date inf	ormation received March 22, 1954
Identity	of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit
	SA E. K. DEANE AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY
The fello	wing disposition is being made of the original exhibit:
(x x.)	Placed in NY file 100-107111 Serial Exhibit//
()	Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem
appropria	L U(; p

Description of exhibit: Copy of a letter, dated 3-12-54, issued by the captioned organization, calling attention to an article - a 42-page study of the ROSENBERG-SOBELL case - appearing in the February issue of the Columbia Law Review.

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED MAR 25 1954

-FBI - NEW YORK

100-107111

1050 Sixth Avenue New York 18, N. Y. LO 4 - 9535

March 12, 1954

Dear Friend:

We would like to call your attention to a significant article in the February issue of the Columbia Law Review. The distinguished law journal published a 42-page study of the Rosenberg-Sobell case, which it called "the outstanding 'political' trial of this generation."

The study recognizes strong merit in argument for a new trial for Morton Sobell, and concludes that the rights of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were not given full consideration in the final stage of their case. Morton Sobell was condemned to 30 years in Alcatraz and the Rosenbergs were executed on June 19th.

The Columbia Law Review cites the lack of evidence linking Sobell to any atomic conspiracy, and sees merit in the argument that Sobell should have been tried separately, or that the jury should have at least been given a choice as to whether it wanted to consider the case as two separate conspiracies. The Review also cites Sobell's affidavit that he was "kidnapped" by the F.B.I. The study points out that had the issue of the "kidnapping" ! been litigated, Morton Sobell might have won out with the argument that "a judgement cannot stand when the jurisdiction is obtained through federal officers' violation of the anti-kidnapping law."

On the question of the Rosenbergs, the study concluded: "The inevitable conclusion is that in this last stage of an extraordinarily protracted litigation, the rights of the Rosenbergs did not receive the precise and extensive consideration that must cheracterize the administration of the criminal law. Whether the Rosenbergs were in fact guilty is beside the point. In the vindication of their rights they were entitled to the equality of treatment afforded by the technical safeguards of the law."

While not challenging the legal procedure in the trial of the Rosenbergs, the article criticized the haste with which the Supreme Court acted in its unprecedented reversal of the stay granted by Justice Douglas. The Review also said that the Supreme Court appeared to have overextended its powers in reversing the stay.

The Review took the position that the point on which Justice Douglas had acted was a substantial one which required much more time for careful consideration. This point was whether the Rosenbergs should have been tried under the Atomic Energy Act instead of the Espionage Act. It should be noted that this issue has never been litigated with respect to Morton Sobell. Under the Atomic Energy Act, 20 years was the maximum sentence Sobell could have received.

We call this article to your attention because we feel it has tremendous importance to American justice. Within a matter of months after two pursons were rushed to the electric chair, it is found that the rights of the defendants were not observed. After Morton Sobell has pent nearly a year and a half in Alcatraz, and two and one-half years in other prisons, there is recognition for grounds for a new trial, for which Morton Sobell has been fighting since his conviction.

The responsibility for this state of affairs rests clearly on the shoulders of the United States Attorney General. It was at the insistance of the Attorney General's office that the Supreme Court was called back into session in order that the Rosenbergs might be rushed to the chair that week. It was the Attorney General's office that opposed every move of the Rosenbergs' to present new evidence in their behalf. It is the Attorney General's office that is now opposing a new trial for Morton Sobell and using Alcatraz to pressure from him a "confession" to a crime of which he swears his innocence.

There are unresolved questions in this case which must be answered. A request for the investigation of the conduct of the Attorney General office in this case is now pending before the Senate Judiciary Comme mittee. Such an investigation would be an important step in getting at the truth. We hope that you will write in favor of the inquiry to Senator William Langer, Chairman, Senate Judiciary Committee, U.S. Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

Sincerely yours,

Emily Alban

National Executive Secretary

P.S. - Copies of the Columbia Law Review article may be obtained from our Committee at 30ϕ each. You may also see the article at your local library.

CE LEHORANDUM - UNLTED STATES (PRIMENT

s Priment

OT

: SAC, NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROH

: SA E. K. DEANE

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE

SUBJECT: JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN

CONFIDERITIAL

THE ROSENBERG CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

() CSMY 425, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office, evidence concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 50 Fifth Avenue, New York City. This building is occupied by National Headquarters of the IWO.

(XX) CSNY 426, of known reliability made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Co.; 12th - 13th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National, State and N.Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received	March 22.	1954
Identity of employee who ca	n tostify as to	the receipt of the exhibit
SA E. K. DEANE ANT	SE K. F. BUC	CLEY
The following disposition i	s being made of	the original exhibit:
(X) Placed in MY file 1	100-107111	Serial Exhibit#
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() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A copy of a feature article entitled "Why is MORTON SOBELL in Alcatraz?".

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED A FILED MAR 25 1954

FBI - NEW YORK

100-107111

WHY IS MORTON SOPELL IN ALCAPRAZ?

When the Attorney General's office imprisoned scientist
Morton Sobell in Alcatraz, it violated all legal and moral precadent.

This fact is revealed by the statements of leading authorities on American prisons.

Morton Sobell, who was convicted in the trial with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, has steadfastly maintained his innocence. He has done so under constant pressure to *confess*.

While his appeal for a new trial was still pending, Morton Sobell was sudenly transferred to Alcatraz, 3000 miles away from his wife, his children, and his defense attorney. This act was carried out on Thanksgiving day, 1952.

Alcetraz, located on a rocky island in San Francisco Bay, is America's toughest prison. It is called "The Rock" and is known as America's Devil's Island.

For whom was Alcatraz intendect

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Edition :

Former United States Attorney General Homer Cummings, the man on whose recommendation Alcatraz was established in 1933, wrote in the July 29, 1939, issue of Collier's magazine:

I had long had the idea that we needed in the Federal prison system a particular type of institution that would be devoted to incorrigible and long term offenders who impair discipline at the other institutions, and who need what the Bureau of Prisons now calls 'supermaximum security'.

enforcement system could be incarcerated. We needed a place for ingenious 'escape artists', and for those who are intractable or break down discipline in, or seek to maintain contact with the underworld...

Another authentic description of Alcatrag was given by Sanford Bates in the book <u>Prisons and Beyond</u>:

Something drastic needed to be done with the new type of gangster and gunman, the kidnapper and interstate racketeer, that was being brought into the Federal penal system under the new crime

laws passed by Congress in 1934 at the reques of Attorney General Homer Cummines.

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

*Nothing but stern discipline and a securely built institution would be appropriate for the punishment of such individuals. There were in the existing penitentiaries a small but dangerous group of prisoners all guilty of serious crimes, who would not accomodate themselves to the ordinary discipline, and who made it difficult to apply the routine measures of education, rehabilitation, etc., to the larger protion of inmates.

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Or as it was put in a brochure on Alcatraz published by the Federal Bureau of Prisons itself:

"It has been amply demonstrated that grouping and segregating murderers, psychopaths, assaultive and aggressive types and constitutional trouble makers is preferable to attempting to house them in several penetentiaries.*

Conditions at Alcatraz are so outroded that a recommendation for replacing the prison was made in the annual report issued by the Federal Bureau of Frisons in 1953. Commented the New York Times: "Yet the symbolism of Alcetraz is had. Where the hardened offender is the invariable rule, the standard of harshness is the rule also.

Morton Sobell is not the type of person for whom Alcatras was designed. Sobell who is fighting for a new trial to prove his innocence, has no criminal record. He never even had a conviction for a trafic violation.

Before his errest he was a scientist who contributed much to the welfare of his country. Mr. Sobell sacrificed a fellowship so he could do war work against the Axis. He was registered on the National Roster of Scientific Personall for the War Manpower Commission. He cooperated in 1944 with the Senate Committee investigating the National Defense program.

In a letter to the court requesting a reduction of sentence, Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell wrote: -

I know Horton Sobell as a husband, father, son and brother. As my husband he has loved and cherished me, helped me at every turn of the road in performing my duties as a woman, a wife and a

mo or. Before his incarceration, his obtion to the children found expression in loving care and attention with no thought for his comfort or well being. As a son he helped his parents from the time it was first possible for him to do so, and continued to bring them comfort and honor in his work and in his life.... We who are his family believe in his innocence of the crime with which he is charged."

Why has the Attorney General's office imprisoned Morton Sobell on *The Rock?

From the start Morton Sobell has been under pressure to "confess". The pressure started when he and his family were kidnapped from Mexico on orders from the United States Attorney General's office. Mr. Sobell was beaten into unconsciousness. The kidnapping, which revealed the lack of any evidence on which to legally extradite Mr. Sobell, failed to terrify him into making a "confession".

He has maintained his innocence throughout his three and one half years in prison,; he has repeatedly said that he would not "confess" to a crime he did not commit, and he is conducting a vigorous campaign for a new trial.

The National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case has charged that Eorton Sobell was put in Alcetraz by the U. S. Attorney General's office in a windictive attempt to force a false confession from him.

The committee has pointed out that the Attorney General's office desperately needs such "confession" to whitewash its conduct in the case and to head off the world wide elemor for the truth.

Furthermore, the committee said, the entire Rosenberg-Sobell case was being used as a base for attacks against American liberties.

The U. S. Senste Judicairy Committee has been asked to investigate the conduct of the Attorney General's office in the case. Persons throughout the United States are writing to Senator William Langer, Chairman of the Senate Committee, in favor of such an investigation.

A nation-wide petition campaign is under way urging the Senate Committee to investigate the imprisonment of Norton Sobell in Alcatraz.

* * * * * * *

TO : SAC. NEW YORK

DATE: March 25, 1954

FROL

: SA E. K. DEANE

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE

SUBJECT: :

JUSTICE FOR MORTON SORELL IN THE

CONFIDENTIAL

ROSENBERG CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

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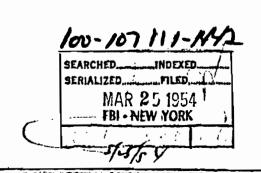
(XX) CSNY 426, of known reliability made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th St., N.Y.C. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Co.; 12th - 13th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951, the National, State and N.Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

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Date information received	March 22, 1954
Identity of employee who	can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit
SA E. K. DEANE	AND SE K. F. BUCKLEY
The following disposition	is being made of the original exhibit:
(XX) Placed in NY file	
•	Exhibit#

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem appropriate.

Description of exhibit: A copy of a statement issued by the captioned organization commenting on a report in the New York Times of a speech by Dr. JAMES ERCKERLY. director of the Atomic Energy Commission Classification Office.



100-107111

N ational Committee to Secure Justice for Horton Sobell In the Resemberg Case 1050 Sixth Ave., N.Y. 18, LO 4 9585

FOR INSTEDIATE RELEASE

"WAS A-BOMB STOLEN, OR WASHIT IT?"

ASKS ROSENBERG-SORELL COMMITTEE

Cites Atomic Energy Official's Statement
That A-Bomb Wesn't Stolen by Spies

MEW YORK, March 17--The National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Resemberg Case today issued the following statement commenting on a report in the New York Times of a speech by Dr. James Beckerly, director of the Atomic Energy Commission Classification Office:

"Less than nine menths after Ethel and Julius Resemberg were executed for allegedly giving the secret of the atomic bomb to Russia, a leading atomic energy official says the bomb was not stolen by spics.

"The New York Times reported today (March 17) on a speech by

Dr. James Beckerly, director of the Atomic Energy Commission Classification Office, before a conference of the Atomic Industrial Forum. The

Times story said:

'Soviet scientists developed the atom bomb in 1949, and a nuclear weapon, presumably a hudrogen bomb in 1953, because the leaders of Russia ordered progress in their drive to dominate the world, he said. The atom bomb and the hydrogen bomb were not stolen from us by spies, Dr. Bookerly emphasized. Espionage played minor role in the attainment of successful weapons by the Soviets, he said.

"The final paragraph in the Times story read as follows:

(continued)

*Atom bombs are not matters that can be stolen and transmitted in the form of information, Dr. Beckerly said, in emphasizing the relative unimportance of spying in nuclear physics. The Swiss watchmaker, for example, does not export all his secrets when he exports a watch, Dr. Beckerly declared.

"These statements by Dr. Beckerley are in direct contradiction to the statement by Judge Kaufman, who said in sentencing the Rosenbergs - That they had put the A-Bomb into the hands of the Russians, 'years before our best scientists predicted Russia would perfect the bomb'.

"Or compare Dr. Beckerley's statement with the final denial of elemency by President Eisenhower, who said that the Rosenberg's had "measurably" increased the chance of atomic war.

Was the atomic bomb stolen, or wasn't it? If there was indeed no theft of the atomic bomb, why were the Rosenbergs executed?

"We believe that the nation must have a second-look at the Rosenberg-Sobell case. Lorton Sobell, who Judge Kaufman said did NOT have any role in the alleged theft of atomic secrets, was sentenced to 30 years, which he is serving in Alcatraz. Mr. Sobell, a young scientist, has steadfastly maintained his innocence and is asking for a newtrial.

"Justice demands that hr. Soboll be given this new trial, and that he be transferred from the living death of Alcatraz pending a review of his case".

DIRECTOR, HII (100-387635)

March 20 . 1954

SAC, MITT (100-12292)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

He Bureau letter to Miami dated Lorch 17, 1954.

Enclosed horewith are six copies of amended page 7 of the report of Special Agent MELVIN A. THOMPSON, Miami, dated March 10, 1954, on captioned subject.

Also enclosed are three copies of smended page 7 for the New York Office.

Enclosure
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2 - New York (100-107111) (Encl.) (RM)

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SAC, NY

HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ. SE (100-21)

MORNING FREIHEIT INTERNAL SECURITY - C

The "Morning Freiheit" of February 4, 1954, on page 4, column 1-2, contained an editorial entitled: "The Second Refusal By The Supreme Court To Receive Sobel's Appeal", which stated, in part:

"Last Monday, for the second time, the Supreme Court rejected the appeal, by Morton Sobel, to review the trial as a result of which he was sentenced to 30 years in jail, which he is now doing in the Alcatraz fortress. This is actually a death sentence against Sobel, who was tried together with the martyrs Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

"Millions, in all parts of the world, consider that trial a frame-up, which was based on the testimony of David Greenglass and his wife Ruth. Recently the Department of Justice actually admitted that these two were liars, but they do not permit Morton Sobel to get a new triall. As in the case of the Rosenbergs, the Supreme Court refuses to even receive the case. To this very day there are people who say: "the Supreme Court acted on the Rosenberg Case". Yes, it "acted" - by not acting!

"Since the Supreme Court has refused to act in this case, which has aroused the world, the question arises: why is this so? What should be done by a defendant like Morton Sobel who received such a gruesome sentence? Where should he turn? How can he prove that he was unjustly torn from his wife and children and placed in a living tomb?

"... The same thing happened with the Rosenberg appeal. These martyrs - parents of two small children - were burned in the electric chair. They cannot be brought back to life; but Morton Sobel is alive and he must be exonerated. Together with his exoneration we shall be exonerating the names of the Rosenbergs. All those who love justice must fight for this:

Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOWITZ

1 - NY 100-107111 (COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBEL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE)

Harrington

HNR: RMB

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1445 DATE 3-31-54

CONSISTING OF _____ PAGES

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SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE. FILE NO. 100-107111 VOLUME NO. 35 1446 SERIALS THRU

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FEDERAL BUREAU

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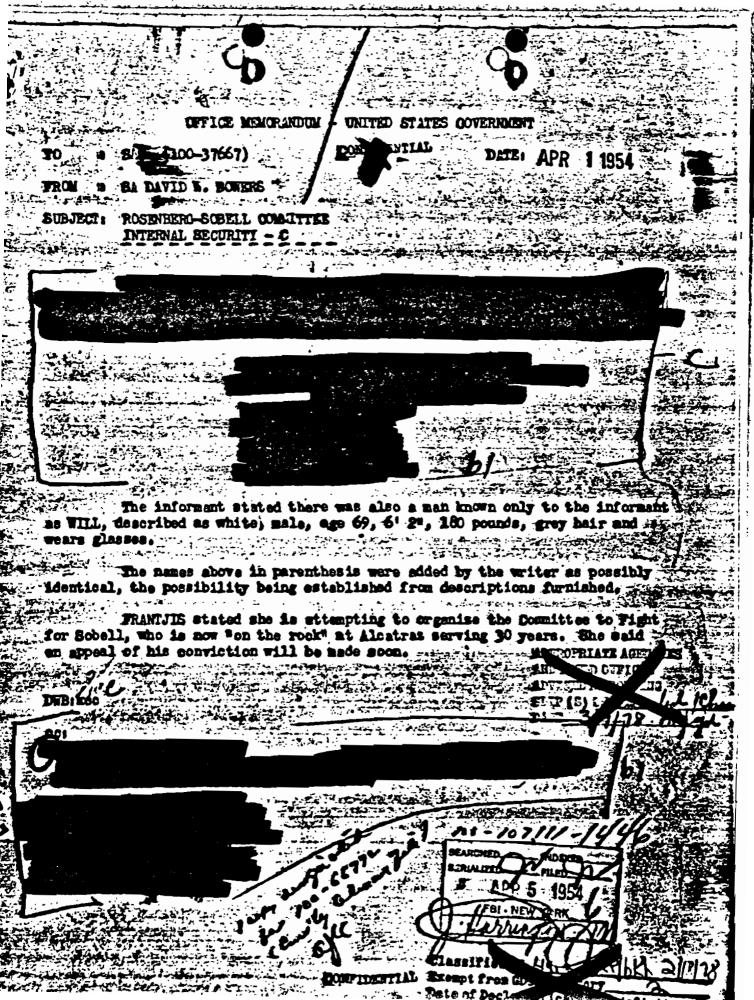
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PROM BASELD T. BOWERS

SUBJECT: ROSINBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE

internal security — c

The informant stated there was also a man known only to the informant as WILL, described as white, male, age 69, 6' 2", 180 pounds, grey hair and wears glasses.

The names above in parenthesis were added by the writer as possibly identical, the possibility being established from descriptions furnished.

FRANTJIS stated she is attempting to organise the Committee to Fight
for Sobell, who is now "on the rock" at Alcatras serving 30 years. She said
an appeal of his conviction will be made soon.

DWB, roc SILP 19

Eospi from US.

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FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

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SERIAL 1448 DATE 4-2-54

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is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to whom an expressed promise of confidentiality has been given. This information includes dates and places of meetings which were attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal this identity.

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Page 2

SCHMUTIST BELIEFS. BOWARD FAST IN HIS SPEECE RENDERED BISTORICAL BACKGROUED OF THE PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRACY AND Its inception in ancient greece.- Past Stated that their True Denocracy has crumbled and condensed the Prince?! Boverencet. Dr. Boyal prance gave his autobiography. Highlighting he pact that be becketly had oobe to orerce to depaid the eriek computat esamen condecend to drate by that covernment er also compensed the government of oresce and praised the 🚟 Political Pribovers for Brlief in Their Cause. Messages in 🕾 monor of the 25th of March (Greek Independence Day) were BENT BY THE PEDERATION OF GREEK MARITIME UNIONS AND WERE MEAD PO THE GATHERING. WELRY PLORATOR RECITED A FORM ABOUT THE SECOND marce 25th revolution in greech and the celebration 🕬 Permitated approximately 11:00 Pm. rinoptely magazine (name tinkeche) was introduced at this appair and ter pirst copy sold for \$100. Approximately 6600 TO \$700 WAS COLLECTED FOR THIS MAGAZINE, THE ONLY collection of the ryining. An entrance per of 6.75 Val COLLECTED AT THE BOOK. THE INFORMANT ESTIMATED APPROXIMATELY

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OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

RAC. NEW YORK

April 14, 1954

SA E. K. DEALE (100-107111)

MATIONAL CONNITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN

THE ROSENBERG CASE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ASM SI, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject; obtained from the building located at 6 East 17th Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the Civil Rights Congress, an organization which has been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purviow of Executive Order 9835. ...

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to a ... be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

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E. K. DEAME AND SE V. H. MC PEAR The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

Placed in MY file 100-107111 Serial Echibit #

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you deem action appropriate.

Description of exhibits A copy of a two-page memorandum from social workers concerning the persecution of the two ROSAIBERG children.

APR 1 1 1954 FEI - NIETY YORK

100-107111

A Momorandum From Social Workers

orphan children and produced a court order demanding that they be forthwith re- the moved the forthwith re- the moved the forthwith re- the moved the second the forthwith re- the moved the second the second the most the most the procedures of child care and simple humanity.

Why did wix adults and a cordon of policemon surround the home of ten and six year old brothers? Why was the order for removal made without prior investigation and psychological preparation of the children? Why this departure from the susual procedures?

Social agencies, dealing with children, have learned that months of careful investigation must be done to determine the necessity of removing a child from his home. A child must be carefully prepared for such drastic action to insure his future mental well being. A child must be told why he is being taken out of his home, where he is going to live and who will take care of him. This is the usual procedure. Why were these children treated so inhumanely?

the executed Rosenbergs. These children have already suffered one of the greatest imaginable shocks. How much more can a ten and a six year old take? Is this a calculated attempt to destroy them because of their parents?

The World-Telegram headlines Its news report, Mysterious Court Action Trails

The background: From the summer of 1950, when Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were in prison, to the present, their children have been uprocted time and time again. They were snatched from their parents and brought to the Greenglass graminother. The City Welfare Department removed them soon after and for a year they betwelf the city institution, a "shelter" — evercrowded and understaffed. In the fall of 1951 they were discharged to Grandmother Fosenborg. Grigi-stricken the fall of 1951 they were discharged to Grandmother Fosenborg. Grigi-stricken the fall of 1951 they were discharged to Grandmother Fosenborg. Grigi-stricken the fall of 1951 they were they could establish new and friendly roots. Their report eards reflected excellent progress. After a year and a half, the local School Superintendent orders the children removed from school as non-residents agrounds rarely invoked. Again the persecution took its toll. The children had to be moved.

berg!s attorney, Emanuel Bloch, which offered renewed hope of a real home and family life. The foster parents were economically able to care for the children, who were further protected by a fifty-thousand dollar trust fund.

With this protection gone, ignoring the closest next of him, their paternal grandmother Mrs Sophie Rosenberg, the government moved in overnight, demanded the children, and without a single public warning or investigation stop, or consultation with the family on the pretext of "protecting them", placed them back in the same, over-

Mat are the government charges?

B- The children have been moved too often.

B- They have been exploited for fund raising and propaganda.

The home wasn't suitable -- it was "left-wing"

These charges have nothing to do with the basic needs of the children for security and stability. The children have been forced by government actions to Imove twice in two and a half years. The movement of the children from home to whome was not desired by Grandmother Rosenberg but forced upon her. Noving them again in this way can only add further suffering and untold damage.

They have not been exploited by their guardians or the Committee. Every effort was made to protect the children's privacy and the children themselves were mot involved in any fund raising. The children's pictures were publicly on the Jacket of the book containing their parents' last letters. It was their parents' saish that this be done. Michael Rosenberg appealed in the last hours of his parents lives to the White House for mercy for his parents. It was generally recognized that a ten year old had a right to do something on behalf of those he loved, and his rupsychiatrist assented.

The charge that the home is unsuitable and is "left wing" is part of the general present hysteria. The husband is a Harvard graduate, a successful song writer; both husband and wife are former school teachers. The suitability of the home has not been investigated and the political opinions of foster parents have never before become criteria of suitability. The soundness of the family relations ship is the basis of social work and child care planning. Hrs. Sophic Rosenberg their closest kin; she should not be denied her grandchildren.

TO PROTECT THE CHILDREN:

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WRITE OR WIRE MAYOR ROBERT F. WAGNER

CITY HALL, NEW YORK

URGING THAT THE CHILDREN BE INDMEDIATELY RELEASED TO GRAND MOTHER ROSENBERG

file #	100-107111
	ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE
Subject _	The state of the s
SERIAL	145 PATE 4-14-54
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is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification Officers number

DIRECTOR, FBI; SACS NEW YORK, WASHINGTON FIELD (AIR MATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR THE ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS-C. OF MOWN RELIABILITY, ADVISED THAT TH ON 11/26/51 CHICAGO ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE IS FRESTRIEUT DISTRIBUTE EAFLET CAPTIONED WHY IS SOBELL IN ALCATRAZ." TRAZ TB SPECIAL INSTITUTION OF MAXIMUM SECURITY AND MINIMU PRIVILEGES FOR CONFINEMENT OF RUTHLESS INDIVIDUALS. locording to leaflet, has no criminal record, as a scient PROPESSION, AND ALLEGES NO REASON FOR HIS CONFINEMENT AT AI LET TROES RECIPIENTS TO WRITE SENATOR W. LANGLE, CHAIRMAN GOODITIES; WASHINGTON, URGING AN INVESTIGATION OF OF SOBELL IN ALCATRAZ LEAFEST FUF

OFFICE LETO ANDUM - UNLIED STATES COVERNITY

To: SAC, MY Date: 4/16/54

From: DANON W. PITCHER, SA (100-94577)

Subject: BEATRICE KOORHAN

SM-C

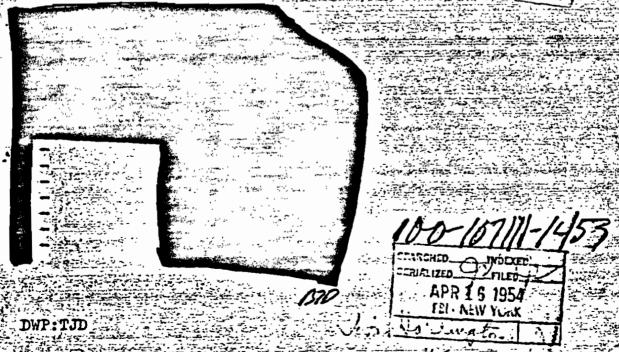
On 2/23/54 the writer was orally advised by

that on 1/27/54 she had attended a luncheon at the residence of the subject at 35% Brindridge avenue, Bronx, New York, apartment 57. The admission charge was \$1.00, the proceeds being raised for the ROSPIBERG Committee. There were three hostesses at the luncheon that MARTH SOBELL had been railroaded and asked for funds to aid him. BRATRICT ROSPIM reported her attendance at a recent brunch given by the ROSPIBERG Committee and reported the apperance of the wife of SOBELL there and stated that some 300 people had been present. One hundred and forty dollars was announced as being collected in behalf of SOBELL from those present.

The offair lasted from approximately 1 2.1. to 3:30 F.

An announcement was made that Dr. MILTON
HELIMAN had sent a contribution of 10.00. The source
observed a plaque in the apartment reflecting that
RICHARD MOORHAN, apparently BETRICE's musbane, and been

و مداره في المرابع الم



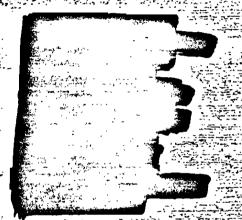
#;5



100-94577

swarded same for 27 years service as superintendent in the composing room of Conde Nast Publications.

Persons present as recognized by the source



It is to be noted that a monormation was been dictated this date

TO - BAC, KEY YOUR

DATE: April 16, 1954

FROM . . SA B.K. DEAKE (100-107111)

SUBJECT: EATIONAL COMMITTER TO SECURE JUSTICE TO NORTON SORELL IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

FOR ROPEON SCHOOL IN THE ROSENES INTERIAL SECURITY — C

CSNY-48, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building located at 23 West 26th Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the American Committee for Proctection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Pascist Refugee Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathisers occupy effices at this address. Prior to 2/1/53 the State and National Offices of the Civil Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space in the building has been occupied by SRT Publications, Inc., publishers of "New World Review" formerly known as "Soviet Russia Today" which has been cited as a Communist Front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received April 12, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA E. I. DEANE AND SE E. T. BUCKLEY

The following disposition is being made of the original exhibit:

(xx) Placed in MI file 100-107111 Serial Exhibit

() Forwarded to you for your information and whatever action you does appropriate.

Description of Exhibit: A copy of a Bill of Particulars in the matter of the application for Letters of Guardianship of the Person and Property of MICHAEL ALLEN ROSENBERG.

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FBI-NEW-YORK

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111-117/11-10

In the Matter of the Application for Letters of Guardianship of the Person and Property of

37

MICHAEL ALLEN ROSENBERG, an infant under the age of fourteen years. BILL OF PARTICULARS

The Petitioner for his Bill of Particulars herein alleges upon information and belief as follows:

ITEM 1. The authorizations to the Commissioner of Welfare of the City of New York to commit the infant herein as a public charge, executed by Julius Rosenberg and Ethel Rosenberg, were in writing. A copy of the form upon which said authorizations were executed is attached hereto. The original authorizations have been lost, destroyed or stolen. Appropriate evidence will, however, be given at the hearing of the due execution of said authorizations.

ITEM 2. The property and estate of the said infant consist of:

- 1. A sum in excess of \$40,000 on deposit in the Chase Fational Bank, North Street Branch. The derivation and origin of the said money are matters of which the respondents herein and their attorneys have full knowledge, as appears in the "Answer and Objections" filed herewith by Schhie Rosenberg, Ethel Goldberg, Lena Cohen, Abel and Ann Meeropol at Pages 23, 24 and 25 thereof.
- 2. The proceeds from the publication and sale of a book entitled "Death Bouse Letters of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg". The reference to the said proceeds is made in the said "Answer and Objections" at Page 25 thereof, and the amount therein mentioned is \$9,508.32.
- Machine Products Incorporated, the stock of which was solely owned by Julius Rosenberg. Part of the said proceeds may be wailable for the benefit of the said children.
- Canada and elsewhere and which are for the benefit, support, maintenance and education of the Rosenberg children.
- ITEM 8. It is alleged in the petition heroin that "this infant has been exploited and made the subject of propaganda by persons seeking to raise funds". The persons referred to are those who constitute the organization known as the "Mational Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case", and the members of the so-called Board of Trustess of the "Rosenberg Children's Trust Fund" and by their friends, agents, representatives and associator, including the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Soboll", the "Bronx Rosenberg-Sobell Committee", and others.

The names of these children have been exploited at meetings and by the distribution of literature in the United States and in Canada, in East Germany and France at which the United States government has been attacked and defamed and at which the role of the United States in the Korean War has been misrepresented and additionable and at which the motives of the United States government in the prosecu-

tion of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg have been attacked and misrepresented. While funds have been raised at those meetings for the ostensible benefit of the Rosenberg children, the names of the said children and their plight has been used as a vehicle for the vilification of the government of the United States and for the dissemination of anti-American propaganda. The said public meetings were held in New York, Detroit, San Francisco and other places in the United States and in In New York, Detroit, San Francisco and other places in the United States and in Canada during the year 1953 and 1954. The paternal grandmether, Sophie Rosenberg did not prevent the exploitation of the children by these un-American elements in the manner described above, but on the contrary completely surrendered the control of the children to these elements and left them without any protection whatsoever against such exploitation.

Abel and Ann Meeropol were selected as custodians of the Rosenberg children by and are identified with the same group or groups which have exploited the Rosenberg case and plight of the Rosenberg children for the dissemination of anti-American propaganda.

ADRIAN P. BURKE, Attorney for Petitioner

By: Philip Sokol

Special Assistant Corporation Counsel

Office and Post Office Address

250 Church Street

Hew York 15, P. Y.

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OLCRIA ACRIN, ESQ.

Attorney for Respondents

Bophie Rosenberg, Ethel Goldberg, Lena Cohen,

Abel Meeropol and Ann Meercpol

220 Broadway

New York, N. T.

ROGGE, TABRICANT & GORDON
Attorney for Tessie Greenglass, Respondent
401 Broadway
Test Tork, N. Y.

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FFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES COVERNOEN

O SAC, WEV YORK

ATE: April 16, 1954

FROM _- SA E. E. DEARE (100-107111)

SUBJECT: MATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE TOR MORTON SCRELL IN THE ROSENBERG CARE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C

CSNI-UB, of known reliability, made available to the New York Office
information concerning the above-captioned subject, obtained from the building
lecated at 23 West 26th Street, New York City. This building is occupied by the
American Committee for Proctection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee
Committee and Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, all of which have been
declared by the Attorney General of the United States to fall within the
purview of Executive Order 9835. In addition, other Communist Party front
groups and individual Communist Party members or sympathizers occupy effices
at this address. Prior to 2/1/53 the State and National Offices of the Civil
Rights Congress were located at this address. Subsequent to that date space
in the building has been occupied by SRT Publications, Inc., publishers of
"New World Review" formerly known as "Soviet Bussia Today" which has been cited
as a Communist Front by the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House
of Representatives, 6/25/42 and 3/29/44.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of evidence will not become known to any outside agency. It is also to be noted that because of the nature of this source of information it will be impossible to recontact the source regarding information furnished.

Date information received April 18, 1954

Identity of employee who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit

SA E. K. DEARS AND GE T. P. BUCKLEY

(XX) Placed in MT File 100-107111 Serial Exhibits

The following disposition is being made of the original

Torearded to you for your information and whatever action you does appropriate.

And the second s

Description of Exhibit: A copy of a statement, dated April 2, 1954, issued by the captioned organisation entitled Charges Of Exploitation of Rosenberg Children Exposed As Phony Issue?

market in the language of the language of the state of the

DECLASSIFIED BY 4913

60 ITTEE TO SECURE VETICE FOR

2050 Sirth Avenue Ecw York 18, N. Y. April 2, 1954

CEATERS OF EXPLOITATION OF ROSENUERG CHILDREN EXPOSED AS PROBY ISSUE

The Surrogate's Court today threw out the so-called Bill of Particulars that was submitted by the New York City Welfare Department in its attempt to seize hichael and Robbic Rosenberg. The Surrogate said it did not constitute a Bill of Particulars.

Thus on the eve of the trial which begins honday, April 5, the forces persecuting the children have suffered a set-back. The rejected Bill of Particulars reveals that all protense of concers for the selfare of the children has been dropped.

Why then does the Department of Welfare propose to take away the children from Grandmother Sophic Rosenberg?

We quote their main argument in the rejected Bill of Particulars:

The names of these children have been exploited at meetings and by the distribution of literature in the United States and in Canada, in Bast Germany and France at which the United States government has been attacked and defaned and at which the motives of the United States government in the prospection of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg have been attacked and misrepresented. (See anclosure)

The Welfare Department has the responsibility of dealing with the welfare of the people in New York City. Any venture into the field of international relations is clearly beyond its functions and must be suspect of having other origins.

These suspicions are confirmed by other evidence which indicates that the U.S. State Department is behind the action and is using the children as political pawns.

A letter prejudging the ease on the basis of political considerations was mint on larch 4th by the American Bebassy in Zolland in answer to a protest on the treatment of the whildren. The protest was made by ir. Three Wan Baaren of the Hague, who named their baby after the Rosenbergs.

The letter says in part that the cildren were unsormulously used as propaganda vehicles to further certain forcign communists political interests. On this basis, the letter prejudges the case before it could be litigated in the liew York Courts and supports the move to take away the children. The arguments in the letter, which was signed by Robert Donhauser, Public Affairs Officer, parallel the arguments advanced at a later date in the Bill of Particulars submitted by the Wolfare Department.

The Few York Sournal American reported on February 18th that the action to take Michael and Robbie away from their foster parents was instituted on information from the State Department that the children allegedly were to be spirited abroad to be used for Communist propaganda purposess.

In the liarch 1same of the magazine Tempo, Mashington solumnists deck Anderson and Fred Bluementhal states The State Department was so concerned about the way the U.S. Communists and fellow-travelers were 'promoting' the children of executed spies. Bethel and Julius Rosenberg that it suggested low York City's Welfare Department put the boys in a foster home and change their names.

One question stands out for all thoughtful people. What sinister forces are operating here and 11th what motive? That do they want to do with the Rosenberg children?

For to orush the world-wide sentiment in this case.

The oustodianship of these children should have remained a family matter, and not a court-room spectacle. These outside agencies and committees that desire to assist the children financially and made a trust fund possible should be respected for the practical manner in which they substantiated their humane inclination.

I PLICIT IN THE LIFGULGE AND WEASCHING OF THE PERSCRED BILL OF PARTICULARS IN THE TIPLAT TO THE TROSE 'HO CRITICIZE OFFICIALDO: OF ANY LASTE.

The National Committee to Secure Justice for Lorton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case is confident that the Americans who are truly interested in the welfare of these children want them to be accorded the same rights as other children. This means that they must not be torn away from their loved ones, but must be permitted to remain with their beloved grandmother, large Sophic Rosenberg.

We urge you to redouble your efforts immediately to see that telegrams and letters go to Surrogate William T. Collins, Surrogate's Court, which is the surrogate of Court, Bis decision may be forthcoming at any time. Your voice and the voices of your acquaintances and leaders in your acquainty is erupial at this account.

811/1/2011

Canal Control

MEMORAND U'M OFFICE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-41648) DATE: SA LEON J. MEYE SUBJECT: LOS ANGELES ROSENBERG SOBELL COMMITTEE urnished a typewritten -report by mail to SA HARRY H. WHILDBEE dated 1370 رولانة طيليده ب HELEN SOBELL stated that MORTON (SOBELL) was not allowed newspapers, not allowed to see the children, and is doing work winding armatures. She stated that MORTON was convicted on LJM:MAK - New York (REG) (ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE) 55-5082 (M.SOBELL) 100-45973 (H.SOBELL)

IA 200-1176118

standing nearby and someone points a finger at you and says that you were that is conspiracy.

There was supposed to have been a brunch sponsored by the New York Committee on January 19, 1954, at Manhattan Towers at which 500 add people were supposed to have attended.

BREN

Office Memorandum - United States Government

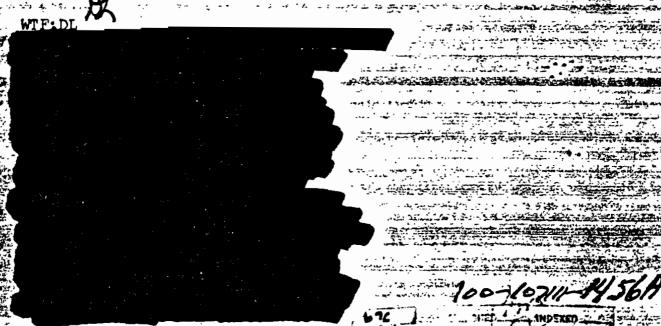
'SAC, NFO (100-25474) WILLIAM T. FORSYT!.

> ROSENBERG - SORELL COMMITTEE OF LASHINGTON, D. C. INTERNAL SECURITY - C 100-107111-13/5

Rememo to SAC dated 4/1/54, and captioned COMINFIL OF THE PP OF D. C., wherein information was set forth from a newsletter of the Progressive Party dated March, 1954, to the effect that the ROSENBERG - SOBELL Committee would sponsor a speech by Dr. ROYAL W. FRANCE at Odd Fellows Hall, 9th and wow T Streets, N. W., Washington, D. C., on 4/7/54, at 8:30 r. M.

On 4/7/54, at 7:45 P. K. a surveillance was instituted in the vicinity of 9th and T Streets, N. z., Washington. D. C. The participating agents were EUGENL J. GARBUTT, EICHARD B. LAVIN, J. WILLIAM MUNCY and WILLIAM T. FOR YTE. For the purpose of documentation this memorandum may be considered as the original source. (100-25474-885)

During the course of the surveillance, the aforementioned agents of erved the following individuals enter the Odd Fellows Hall at 9th and T Streets, N. h .:



(SEE PAGE TWO FOR ADDITIONAL COPIES)

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MPO 100-25474

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NORMAN LICHENSTEIN WILLIAM BAYES BETTY HAYES ARLENE HAYES AL UNDERWOOD ---EMMA ROBINSON GERTRUDE EVANS HELEN WINIK IRVING WINIK ARE BLOOM LOUIS PEARLMAN REBECCA PEARLMAN BEATRICE A. SMITH JOHN RUDDER DORIS RUDDER MORRIS SOLOMON WILLIAM SHONICK HELEN SHONICK Julius Kaplan 🙊

MARY IRVING GEORGE GOLDSTEIN LOIS GOLDSTEIN SHELDON DRESSLER JOSEPH BELSER ELEANOR BELSER Charley Gift 🗠 JOHN B. STONE MEYER KRAUS MONNIE MAJCHRZYK Franciscopie CASEY GUERWITZ SELMA REIN LARRY ZIECHECK EDDIE MAJCHRZYK MEYER SAMOLS SELMA SAMOLS BURT FELTER

ROYAL W. FRANCE

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(COPIES CONTINUED)

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An unidentified young colored man was recognized by SA LAVIN as a man who works in the dry goods section of the R. MARS Store. His name was unknown.

In addition to the above information, the surveilling agents noted people either entering or leaving the Hall via automobiles bearing the following license tags. The information following the license numbers was ascertained from registration records for this license number.

		• •
File Number	D. C. Tag	Registration
	9-9862 (Ford)	OLIVER B. CASSELL
	5-3315	1311 Hamlin Street. N. E. DOUGLAS and MAYME FECHLING
-	2-6719 (Buick)	3133 11th Street, N. W. ALBERT PEARLMAN
100-23258	8-77 80	1217 Irving Street, N. W. MEYER KRAUS 700 1st Street, S. W.
101-439	9-7952	JOSEPH FORER 1107 Trenton Place, 3. 2.
and the state of t	A 7990	EDWARD UMANS 3919 U Street, S. L.
100-18954	4-9298	JACOB S. HYAMS
121-389	7-9 537	MARIE SIEGRIST
121-3642	8-1049	1431 Iris Street, N
		(Unidentified due to new &
	FB 85-62 FH 61-69	issue of registration numbers.)
e mijerister (der Konstruktur (dijerister) bli diserter (der bester (dijerister) bli diserter (dijerister) bli diserter (dijerister) Bli dilike officer (der bester (dijerister) bli dijerister (dijerister) bli dijerister (dijerister) bli dijeris	ED 78-42 FD 43-55 FE 48-33	The second secon

were in a position to observe activities within the aromentioned Odd Fellows Hall and noted that about 115 persons

والأراز والكوم كالمعارد كالمنا تفاحره عنفتنك بالالمصارية المهبيف والالملكاك أأراك المجيدون أراري

NFO 100-25474

were in attendance. A collection was taken up by one JOSEPE SACKS, who was introduced as a former UPk organizer. It was announced subsequent to the collection that they had collected \$302.00.

ROYAL W. FRANCE, who was introduced by DLOOM. Tormer College Professor. According to presenting a one act play entitled the Acck, which depicted the arrest and conviction of MORTON SOEELL. idvised that an actor who protrayed an FBI Agent attempts to "3rd-degree" DAVID GREENGLASS amid hisses from the audience.

The following individuals were recognized by

JAKE HYANS

مريوان كالتحر المنات

MARGARET SHIPMAN

JOE FORER, who delivered a short eulogy on MANUEL BLOCK.

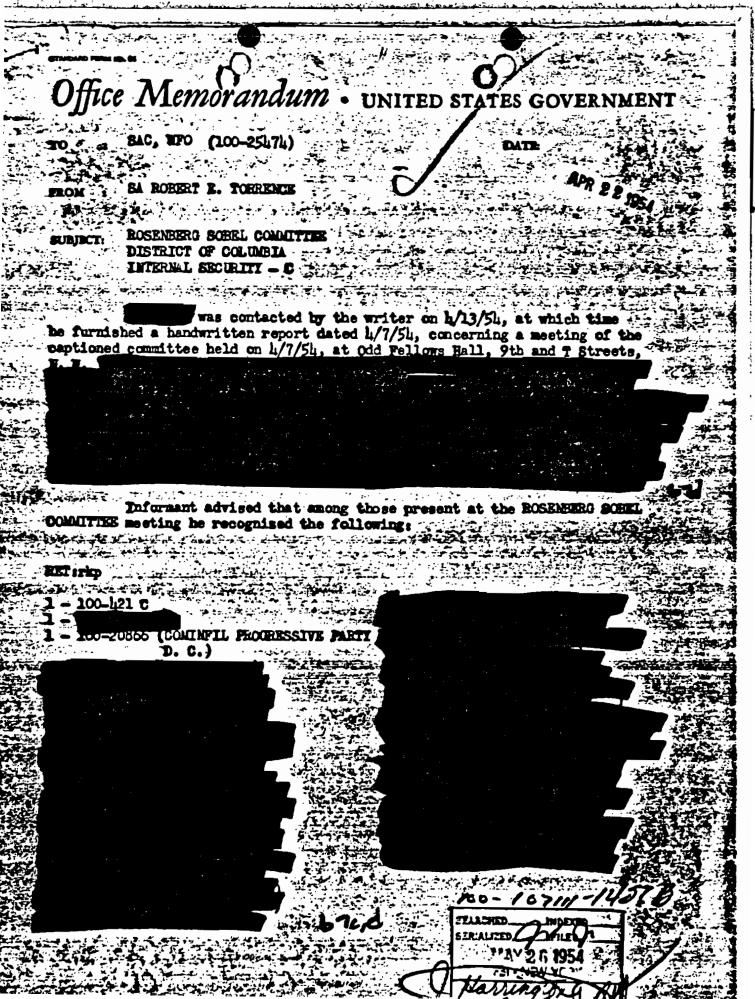
the following pampulets.

further furnished the writer

- (1) A six page mimeograph "reply brief in support of petition for with a certionari" in Case #497.

 MORTON SOBELL vs the United States of America in the Supreme Court of the U.S., October term, 1953.
- (2) A booklet on MORTON SOBELL Petitioner vs the U.S. of America, a petition for a writ of certiorari to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the second court.
- (3) A seven page printed leaflet "Did the ROSENB-RGs have Full Measure of Justice?"

the aforementioned meeting and will be rotalled in 100-24/4-18.



WFO 100-25174)



Informant advised that ABE BLOOM acted as chairman, and EDDIE MAJCHRZYK as usher. Speeches were given by JOE FORER, ABE BLOOM, and JOE SACHS, from Baltimore. The main speaker was ROYAL FRANCE.

According to the informant, ROYAL FRANCE told a personal story about a friend of his in New York by the name of ALEXANDER FREDERICKS, whose son had is committed highway robbery. FRANCE related how he took the boy to a ball game and later became acquainted with the boy's father whose hands had been amputated because of burns by electricity. FRANCE related that some of the things about peoples that he had learned from FREDERICKS, could not be learned from books.

According to the informant, ROYAL FRANCE them spoke about his going to Florida to be a college professor, and stated that he knew of a college there which was headed by a "liberal" who was a friend of his. FRANCE stated that he wrote to this friend and invited himself to be a college professor at this "liberal" college. He continued that he had been a lawyer for twenty-three years and a professor for twenty-three years; and intended to go on for twenty-three more years then retire.

Communist Party, and stated that the United States is more excited than the rest of them. FRANCE stated that if the United States is afraid the handful of Communists in the United States will overthrow the government, then the government should be overthrown.

that when he heard of the meeting he came down to Washington. He stated he did not some down just to return the favor to MORTON SOREL, who helped him when he was in prison, but to get people to help MORTON SOREL. SACHS stated "what's it worth to help MORTON SOREL" He then asked for a contribution.

WFO 100-25174

4.全主:十七

According to the informant, they had a dramatization of SOBEL in prison called, "The Rock."

SOL TABOR asked everyone to pledge \$30.00—one dollar for each year in prison given to BOHEL, for his birthday. It was stated that BOHEL had sent money home to his family from the money he had earned while in D prison.

ARE BLOOM spoke on the ROSENBERG children, and talked as if there had been a discussion about sending the ROSENBERG children away, and changing their names, however, he stated that it had been decided that it was best for the children to stay with their foster parents.



PBI: BAC MEY YORK (AIR HAIL Consiting to secure justice in rosenberg-bosell case, is-c. daylet. CAMPAIGN TO SECURE ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR CARE OF ROSENBERG Contract to the وهوا المرابع والمرابع والمنافي والمنهور والمنافي والمنافي والموارية والمواري والمرابع والمرابع والمنافع والمناف CHILDREN, SAID CAMPAIGN TO BE MADE IN CONJUNCTION WITH PURD RAISING FOR SOBELL CASE. PERSON RECEIVING A LETTER IS TO RAISE \$30. to great sign of the control of the are being circulated to propie in chicago arth and THEREWITH ENCLOSURES WILL BE PRINTIONS CALLING FOR MELEASI OF SOBELL PROM ALCATRAZ. to compendrate drate of rosemberos. 100-25530

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birector. FBI And BAC, NEW YORK

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSEMBERS - SOBELL CASE, IS-C. A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE DALEY, BA 919-30 AND A PISUR OF THE BALTIMORE OFFICE ASCENTAINED The state of the s and the state of t 1/25/54 THAT CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION HELD & MEETING AT 1703 GHINES PALLS PARKVAY THAT DATE. DAVID ALMAS, MATIORAL SUBCTIONARY, ROSENBERG COMMITTEE, WAS GUEST SPIAKER. DETAILS OF MEETING MO?

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April 26, 1954

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF

MAN H. BABINOVITZ, SE (100-21)

OREING PREINCIT INTERNAL SECURITY -

The following editorial appeared in the Morning Freiheit" of

February 20, 1954, on page 4, columns 1-2;

The Outrageous Act Against The Rosenberg Children

Base, inhumane, unashaned and outrageous - this is what millions of people will stamp the black act of vengeance against the Rosenberg children which reging reaction has fust committed.

For a year and a half the two children were with the Bach family was in Tons River, Boy Jersey. There the children had a warm home and concern for their health and well-being, but the reactionary beasts would not leave then alone. They made it impossible for them to attend school in Tons River. The school officials decided that there was no room for the children because they are not 'local inhabitants'

A home was provided for them with a famous composer in New York, which The composer, Abel Mirapol, who is known professionally as Louis Allen, mand his wife encompassed the children with love and faith.

But did the dark forces leave the children alone after they were are provided with a new, warm and fitting home, these two exphans whose parents were killed so brutally?

wove a net - to take revenge on the children. Speaking for the organization Society For The Prevention Of Cruelty To Children, the greesom act of tearing the children away from their new home was committed. Also involved in this disgraceful act are the 'providers' of the "Jewish Board of marking .

A whole squad of police were sent to take away the children, who were already in the pajamas ready for bed. would be a server

The consistee to becure Justice for Morton Scheil in the bosemberg CASE stated that this was an act which is unequalled in history. The terror COMMITTEE Generals, Justly, that - "the inhumans persecution of the Rosenberg, Land the Section of the second and the second second the second second second second

MY 100-107111 (ROSENBERG CASE)

FBI - NEW YORK -

Commence of the second O assessment of the second of DESCRIPTION OF STREET children must be stopped. Every honest person should, and will join in this demand! The state of the s Translated by SE HIMAN N. RADIECTIZ The state of the s BAC, NY

April 26, 1954

Mykan n. rabinovitz, Re (100-7786)

The state of the s

Inving Greenerg Security Matter - C

The "Morning Freibeit" of February 22, 1954, on page 5, solumns
1-5, contained an article by 'Ber Green' (IRVING GREENBERG) entitled:
"A Crime Which The World Will Not Forgive!". This article concerned the Act of the New York Children's Court in taking the Rosenberg children away from Abel Mirapol.

Greenberg pictured the act as: "licentious, brutal, hypocritical, arrogant and torture of orphans of martyrs". The entire article is of the same nature.

Translated by SE HYMAN N. RABINOVITZ.

1 - MY 100-21 - (MORNING FREIREIT)

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Office Memorandum - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SAC, New York (100-107111)

DATE: 4/27/51

SAC, Philadelphia (100-37667)

COMMITTER TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IN THE POSENBERG CASE

IS-C

on 3/18/54 furnished SA CARLTON V. the following material from the Committee to Lecure Justice for Morton

sobell in the Rosenberg Case, 1050 6th Avenue, NY 18, NY:

1. A letter signed by NORMA ARONEON, regarding guardianship for MICHAEL and ROBBIE ROSENBERG.

. . A letter from EMILY ALMAN dated 3/12/54, setting forth material which appeared in the February 1954 issue of the Columbia Law Review.

These letters have been made into en exhibit and placed Fin Philadelphia Tile 100-37667-1E-22 [17].

The above is furnished to the MYO for their information.

CHW: CMW

SECULIZED.

FILE # 100-107111

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 1461 A DATE 4-27-54

CONSISTING OF 2 PAGES CARE

exempt from disclosure, in its entirety.

under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in
this serial would identify an informant to
Whom an expressed promise of confidentiality
has been given. This information includes
dates and places of meetings which were
ettended by a limited number of people known
to the informant and/or information from these
meetings and situations in which an informant
was in close contact with members of these
organizations, disclosure of which would reveal the

his identity.

FILE DESCRIPTION
NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 36

SERIALS 1462

THRU

1467

Inventory Worksheet VOLUME 36 NEW YORK FILES REVIEWED BY NEW / which PD-603 (2-18-77)					
File Not 100	-10711	1 Ren ROSENBERG / SOBEL	ر (ommi	TEE Detet 1/78 (mont //year)
Sortal	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)		Released	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
1462	4-29-54	BA REPORT TO HO	80	64	
1463	4-29-54	HO AIRTEL TO NY	1	1	
1464	4-29-54		3	3	
1465	4-30-54	NYSA TO SAC MEMO			
1466	5-5-54	HO LETTER TO NY		12.5	
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FEDERAL BUREAU

Bubile 100-387835 VESTIGATION

Do not furnish any information from this file to any cuttide agency without the consent of Supervisor of Section **£**.

DE THE MEMO OR ANY CORRESPOND

NPC General- Let File A

NPC Daily Norther Jul 7, le B

NPC national further fut File C

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Prosecutive fummaire fut File &

4 Informants - Lyb File 7

berling Rept

FILE # 100-107111

his identity.

SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

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SERIAL 1462 DATE 4.29.54

CONSISTING OF

PAGES OF WHICH

PAGE S5, 56, 57, S8, S9, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66

67, 68, 69,17 are

exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in
this serial would identify an informant to
whom an expressed promise of confidentiality
has been given. This information includes
dates and places of meetings which were
attended by a limited number of people known
to the informant and/or information from these
meetings and situations in which an informant
was in close contact with members of these
organizations, disclosure of which would reveal

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM No.			
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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO		21,22,25-27;2/	INTERNAL SECURIT	Y - C;
SECURE JUSTICE IN THE	≅ 8 ′-	12,16;3/8,11,	INTERNAL SECURIT	Y ACT
ROSENBERG CASE		30,31;4/1,2,	0 F 1950	
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	5-	7,12,14-17,21-		
	23	3, 26-28/54		•,

Confidential Informants advised of variations of names used by organization in publicizing on behalf of JULIUS and ETHEL FOSENBERG. advised that additional subcommittees of local ROSEMBERG Committee designated (Informants advised NCSJRC and local committee aided and supported by Progressive Party of Md., Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims, Maryland Civil Rights Congress, Union Club, and Maryland Peace Council. advised that local Committee continued efforts on behalf of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSE/BERG by distributing literature, appealing to the President and other Government officials for clemency, participating in picket lines in Washington, D.C., and raising funds. Informents. advised that PAULIME BOYLR, LILLIAM FIMM and LIBBY GOULD, CP members and/or sympathizers, continue as leaders of local Committee. formants advised of CP support and attitude re ROSEMBERG case. Aims and purposes and implementation of CP Line as reflected by organization's literature set forth.

Pu

DETAILS: AT EMPTHORE, MARYLAND

All informants mentioned herein are of known reliability, unless otherwise noted.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE	IN THESE BPAC	1-1462
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The Mational Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case will be referred to as the MCSJRC hereinafter for the sake of brevity.

I. ORIGIN, SCOPE, AND GENERAL ACTIVITIES

A. Origin

The October 10, 1951 issue of the "National Guardian" contained, at the end of an article captioned, "MacLetters of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg", an announcement as follows: "... Last week the formation began of a National Committee to Secure Justice for the ROSENBERGS. WILLIAM A. REUBEN, noted author of the Guardian series on the case, will act as provisional chairman. The formation of this committee was stimulated by the Guardian series on the case, and at the Guardian's suggestion, every effort will be made to enlist the committee from among rank and file people who are concerned over the case".

On Innuary 3, 1952, furnished a copy of a press release dated December 31, 1951 which announced the formation of the NCSJRC with offices at 246 Fifth Ave., New York, New York.

The California Committee on Un-American Activities in its 1949 report, page 394, cited the "Mational Guardian" as "a publication launched in New York in 1946, aimed at national circulation, which, from its inception, was notoriously Stalinist in its staff, writers, management, and content".

On March 29, 1951, JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were convicted in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York of conspiracy to commit espionage. They were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951 and were electrocuted at Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953.

on June 19, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that a Baltimore Committee to Save the Rosenbergs was organized by an unidentified woman representative from the New York Committee to Save the Rosenbergs in charge of setting up Rosenberg Committees throughout the United States.

The Communist Party, hereinafter referred to as the CP, has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

During 1953, Confidential Informants furnished literature distributed in the Baltimore area which reflected that the MCSJRC and its local affiliate used the following variation of names in publicizing on behalf of the ROSEWBERGS:

National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs 1/8/53)

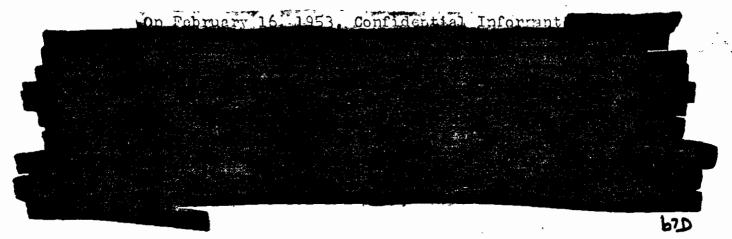
Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs (1/8/53)

Baltimore Clemency Committee for the Rosenbergs 4/23/53)

Baltimore Committee for Clemency for the Rosenborgs 6/17/53)

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case 11/3/53)

Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell > 12/3/53)



HELEN SOBELL is the wife of MORTON SOBELL, who was convicted on March 29, 1951 in the U.S. District

Court for the Southern District of New York of conspiracy to commit espionage. On April 5, 1951, he was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment.

During July, 1951, Confidential Informant advised that he was unable to state whother PAULINE BOYER was, or was not, a member of the CP; however, informant stated, at the time; that she frequently attends meetings on CP dominated or infiltrated organizations and associates with CP members. On July 24, 1951, advised that PHILIP BOYER, husband of PAULINE BOYER, was a member of the CP in 1951 and attended CP meetings.

On Ju 'S, 1953. Confidential Informant advised that

On September 30, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Baltimore Committee to Secure Justice in the Mosenberg Case changed its name to the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case and was working to have the Attorney General not oppose notions for a new trial for MORTON SOBELL and was urging the Attorney General to transfer SOBELL from the "inhumane conditions at Alcatraz."

B. Scope

1. Progressive Party Activity

On November 30, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Progressive Farty of Maryland was dominated and controlled by District #4, CP, and was used to further the aims of the CP; however, all members of the Progressive Party of Maryland were not necessarily members of the CP.

On October 31, 1952, Confidential Informant advisod

On December 2, 1952, Confidential Informant advised

of Maryland was now concentrating its efforts in working on the Rosenberg case among other issues such as winning the peace and anti-discrimination cases.

on August 7, 1952, advised that MILTON BATES was a member of District #4, CP.

t On Decomber 10, 1952, Confidential Informant revised

Confidential Informant addisco on December 12, 1952

On January 7, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that literature issued by the NCSJRC was being mailed in Delaware. Informant advised that in his opinion the mailing list of the Progressive Party of Delaware was being used for this literature distribution.

On August 25, 1950, Confideral Informant advised that the Progressive Party of Delaware was a working ally of the CP and was controlled and dominated by members of the CP.

On January 21, 1953, Confidential Informant advised

On February 6, 1953. Confidential Informant

adviscd

letters and telograms to President EISEP AOWE and Congress must continue and that everyone must give and solicit as much money as possible.

> During 1952, Confidential Informant that ETHEL WEICHBROD was active in the Progressive Party of Maryland and held meetings of the Princo Georges - Montgomery Counties Section of the Progressive Party at her home. Informant also advised that WEICHBROD attended two meetings of the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights during 1952.

On June 24, 1952, Confidential Informant that the Washington Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights was dominated and controlled by the CP of Washington, D.C. Informant based this opinion on the fact that all members of this organization were-Gither Communists or in sympathy with the CP program and policy.

On March 23, 1953 and February 24, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants and furnished a copy of a onopage mimeographed "Bulletin" issued by the Progressive Party of Maryland. This "Bulletin" urges the reader to communicate with President EISEMHOWER, respectfully asking that he recall his decision against executive elemency in the Rosenberg Case.

ton May 25, 1953, Confidential Informant

advised

On June 10, 1953, Confidential Informant

the period June 14 to 18, 1953.

On June 13, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a copy of a mimeographed letter from the Progressive Party of Mary-land, 2632 Pennsylvania Avenue, Baltimore, and signed by MILTON BATES, Executive Secretary. This letter contained an urgent appeal to the recipient to protest to the President of the United States 17D in behalf of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG.

On June 29, 1953 and July 1, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants and furnished copies of "The Maryland Progressive" dated June, 1953, published by the Progressive Party of Maryland, which states that although JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG are tragically dead, the Hosenberg Case must remain alive until the whole truth is revealed to the people of America and the world. This leaflet is further quoted as follows: "The Eisenhower administration and its 'Justice' Department proved to themselves that they would ignore the cries of millions who had pleaded for clemency. They proved to the world, however, that their shocking haste can only have been motivated by fear, fear that the Rosenbergs alive might be able to prove the innocence they asserted thru two tortured years in the death house and up to the moment of their bypolent death."

On July 14, 1953, Confidential Informant advised

On September 29, 1953 and September 22, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants and Idvised that the Progressive Party of Maryland was selling books entitled "Death House Letters" for \$1.00 per copy. Informants advised that this book was a collection of the letters of JULIUS and ETREL ROSEMBERG and that a portion of the profits is supposed to be devoted to the support of the Rosenberg children.

2. Activities of the Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims

The Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims has been designated by the Attorney General of

The United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

During January, 1953, Confidential Informant whose identity may be revealed only upon insuance of a subposed duces tocum, advised that the Families of the Baltimore Smith Act Victims contributed \$5.00 to the NCSJRC on December 16, 1952.

3. Civil Rights Congress Activities

The Civil Rights Congress has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

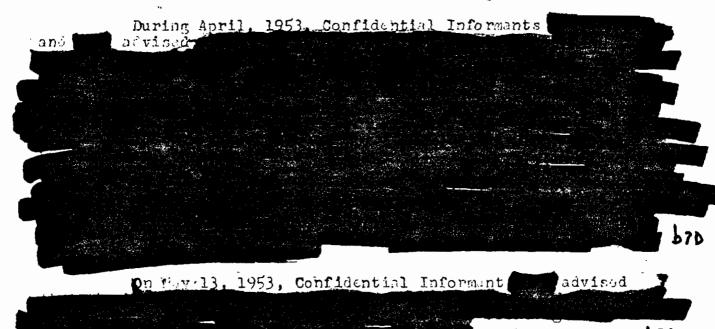
On January 12, 1953 and January 13, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants and furnished copies of The CRC Bulletin", #3, December, 1952, issued by the Maryland CRC. This Bulletin relates that a vigil before the White House will be set up shortly after? Christmas to urge clemency for the ROSENBERGS and that all readers are urged to wire President TRUMAN to spare the lives of the ROSENBERGS.

On Parch 1), 1953 and April 4, 1953, respectively, ConFidential Informats and advised.

On March 17, 1953 and March 16, 1953, respectively, Confidential Informants and furnished copies of the "CRC Bulletin", March, 1953 issued by the Maryland CRC. This Bulletin contained an article under the caption "Rosenbergs Can Still Bo Saved" as follows: "It is not yet too late to save the lives of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG. The two men most responsible for the discovery of the etomic bomb, Dr. ALBERT EINSTEIN and HAROLD UREY have grave questions concerning their conviction. The Pope in answer to thousands of pleas has urged EISENHOWER to commute the death sentences. EISENHOWER can still grant clemency! If the people speak loudly enough, he will reconsider. Send yourwire today to the President urging him to grant clemency!"

BA 100-152L1

On April 15, 1953, Confidential Informants advised that members of the CRC distributed approximately 500 leaflets on April 8, 1953 in the East Baltimore area surrounding Broadway, Gay and Preston Streets. Informants advised that the leaflets were entitled "Fact Sheet in the Reschberg Case" and were distributed in doorways of houses in response to a request from 610 the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.



670 On June 10, 1953, Confidential Informant that members of the Maryland CRC distributed four hundred leaflets entitled "Mow Evidence in the Rosenberg Case", issued by the CSJRC

in the East Baltimore Section of the city.

Confidential Informant PID

On June 11, 1953, Confidential Informant advised tha NADYA SCHWARTZ, Secretary of the Maryland CRO,

PID

930

During February, 1954; Confidential Informant advised that he observed MADJA B. SCHWARTZ in close association during January and February, 1954 with an "individual identified by Confidential Informant as a high-ranking District #4, CP,

During June, 1953, Confidential Informants and advised that

Informants advised that the CRC members picketed the White house for approximately two hours, carrying signs urging elemency for the Rosenbergs, and then returned to Baltimore. On June 29, 1953, advised that four members of the Maryland CRC marched in the picket line for the Rosenbergs at Washington, D.C. on June 18, 1953.

During the period August to October, 1953, Confidential Informants and advised that the Maryland CRC was urging the sale of the book "Death House Letters of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg". Informants advised that the book was sold for \$1.00 per coly and that the profits, or a portion thereof, were to be used in setting up a trust fund for the Rosenberg children.

BA 100-15241 DLM:pom

4. Activities Of The Union Club

On February 2, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that the Union Club was formed in Baltimore, Maryland during January 1952 to deal with the problems of labor in the State of Maryland, and that the organization was affiliated with the National Negro Labor Council. Confidential Informants and advised that three of the four officers of this organization were members of District 4, CP.

Confidential Informant advised that the National Negro Labor Council was a CP front 67D organization.

On March 5, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that

670

Rosenberg rally to be held on March 7 and 8, 1953 at New York City.

Confidential Informant,

advised on April 2, 1953 that here

620

During the reriod, June 15-18, 1953, Confidential Informants, and advised that

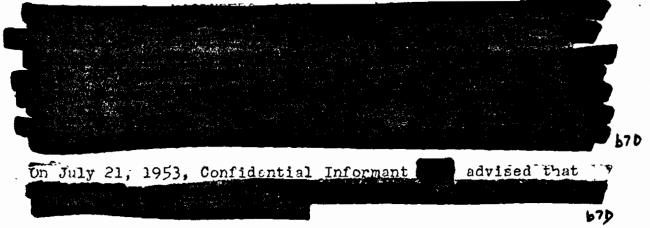
P5D

On June 26, 1953, Confidential Informent

advised that he

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BA 100-15241 DLM:pom



5. Maryland Peace Council Activities

On November 25, 1953 and November 23, 1953 respectively, Confidential Informants and advised that the Maryland Peace Council was formed during the latter part of 1949 by members of District 4, CP, as a new CP front organization to propagate the peace line of the CP. Advised that the organization has always been completely dominated and controlled by members of District 4, CP, and that many reputable individuals and organizations originally approving of the organization subsequently withdrew their support.

On March 16, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that

During September 1952, Confidential Informant advised that LILLIAN FINM was a member of District 4, CP.

200

6. Attempts To Secure Support Of Negroes

On April 2, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a leaflet captioned "The Negro People Speak Out On The Rosenberg Case", BA 100-15241 DLM: pom

distributed by the MCSJRC, which sets forth the statements of "a few representative Negro leaders who have spoken out in an effort to defend American justice by saving the KOSENEERGS! lives". The leaflet lists the names of several prominent Negro leaders and urges the reader to write the President and Attorney General asking for clemency for the HOSENBERGs.

On April 14, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a copy of the above leaflet and stated that

b7D

On September 24, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that MARGARET DOCKIMS was formerly Group Captain of the Sojourner Truth Section, District 4, 610

General Activities C.

On November 30, 1952, Confidential Informant and the second second PID

On December 23, 1952, Confidential Informant furnished a copy of a mimeographed letter dated December 11, 1952 and

BA 100-15241 DLM:pom

distributed by the Baltimore Committee To Urge Clemency For The Rosenbergs. This letter states that the Committee has been active for the past several weeks publicizing the ROSENBERG case and urging people to write and wire President TRUMAN for executive clemency. The letter states that thousands of pieces of literature are to be mailed and distributed throughout the city and closes with an appeal for contributions to help carry on the work of the Committee.

During December 1952 and January-February 1953, Confidential Informants and advised that the Baltimore Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case organized groups of people to travel to Washington, D.C. on December 27-29, 1952 to participate in the vigil for the ROSENBERGs at the White House. Informants advised that these people from Baltimore were assigned duty in the picket line at the office of the Rosenberg Committee, 1867 Kalorama Road, NW, Washington, D.C., and usually returned to Baltimore after completing their tour.

During January 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the following people contributed money to the MCSJRC in amounts and on dates as indicated below:

Name	Amount	<u>Date</u>
L. TEITELBAUM 1412 University Lane	\$325.00	July 15, 1952
HAROLD BUCHMAN	\$ 10.00	July 29, 1952
ETHEL WEICHEROD	\$ 20.00	August 18, 1952
ELSIE B. REEVES	₫ 3.50	November 5, 1952
LILLIAN FINN	\$ 68.00	November 5, 1952

On May 27, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that LENITA TEITELBAUM was a member of the CP in Washington, D.C. 67D

EA 100-15241 DLM:pom

On October 19, 1949, Confidential Informant advised that HAROLD BUCHMAN was a member of the White Collar Section, District 4, Claim Baltimore prior to his entrance into the United States Navy in February 1944 and a member of the Civic Club, District 4, CP, in Baltimore following his return from military service during April 1946. Informant stated that because of his position as State Director of the Progressive Party of Maryland (1948-1949), BUCHMAN has been extremely careful not to be linked with the CP although informant was of the opinion that he was still a CP member.

During January 1953, Confidential Informant of unknown reliability, who has furnished information in the past, some of which has been reliable, and Confidential Informant of unknown reliability, advised that EISTE B. KEEVES received a bundle during November 1952 which contained approximately thirty to fifty copies of the book Daily Worker."

The 'Daily Worker' is an East coast Communist newspaper.

On January 5, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that a group

On January 9, 1953 and January 10, 1953 respectively, Confidential Informants and advised that

over ten thousand

pieces of literature had been distributed by the Baltimore

BA 100-15241 DLM:pom

Committee, and that some degree of success had been achieved in securing prominent people in the Jewish neighborhoods and among the clergy to support the clemency efforts. Stated that there were

The January 4, 1953 edition of the "Sunday Star", Wilmington, Delaware, contained an article captioned "Clemency Plea for Spy Pair Mailed Here", on page 1, column 4, which stated that an anonymous source in Wilmington was mailing out pamphlets published by the NCSJRC in New York asking clemency for JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG.

On January 12, 1953, Confidential Informant T-30 advised that MARCELLA AVRET recently stated that the local Rosenberg Committee had been able to raise only \$\pi\$120 of the \$500 needed to advertise urging executive clemency for the ROSENBERGs.

On November 12, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that MARCELLA AVNET was a Section Organizational Secretary of District 4, CP, and was a member of the Organizational Secretaries Commission, 670 District 4, CP.

On February 2, 1953, the Honorable SAMUEL N. FRIEDEL, House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., advised that MARCELLA AVNET, LUCILLE NICHOL, and MARY ROBERTS visited his office on January 31, 1953 to intercede for the ROSENBERGS.

On February 18, 1949, Confidential Informant advised that LUCILLE NICHOL was a member of District, 4, CP, 670

On October 28, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that MARY ROBERTS was known to him as a CP member.

During February 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Baltimore Committee To Urge Clemency In The Rosenberg Case

BA 100-15241 DLM: dmt

On February 18, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that a group

On March 6, 1953, Confidential Informant

advised

bID

On March 12, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that leaflets in behalf of the ROSETDERES were distributed in the "Little Italy" section of Baltimore, on March 10, 1953. Informant advised that the picket line in Washington, D.C., had been discontinued but that the local Rosenberg Committee was continuing its efforts in Ealtimore by distributing leaflets.

During March, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Bultim ro Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case

PAULINE BOYER was in New York during March, 1953, to attend a tremendous banquet for the ROSEVEERGs and that thousands of people attended from all parts of the country.

During March, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the following individuals contributed funds to the MCSJAC: ::

Name	Amount	Date
DOYALD STEPHENS	\$30	2/5/53
JOSEPH SCHEK	\$ 5	2/20/53
PAULITE BOYER	\$ 25	3/18/53

()

BA 100-15241 DLM:dmt

On January 22, 1954; Confidential Informant T-32 advised that

On Fobruary 17, 1947 and March 24, 1952, a reliable source

for the PBI

nember of the Youth Club of the CP at Washington, D.C., during 1946, and b71 that he was listed as Press Director of the Youth Club of the CP.

On April 2, 1953, Confidential Informant advised

67D --

On April 9, 1953,
Chevrolet Plant, Broening Lighway, Baltimore, advised
that four women had distributed pamphlets to workers changing
shifts at the Chevrolet plant on that date.

furnished
several copies of the pamphlet "Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case"
issued by the MCSJRC, 1050 6th Avenue, New York 18, New York.

On April 13, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Committee to Save the Rosenbergs

On April 21, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that a delegation from the local Resemberg Committee was auroposed: to go to Washington, D. C.

BA 100-15241 DLM: dmt

On April 29, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that a small group of people representing the Baltimore Resemberg Committee and the Maryland CRC, distributed approximately 1500 copies of a "Mational Guardian" reprint reluting some of the witnesses and evidence in the ROSEMBERG case, in the northwest section of Baltimore. On April 28, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a copy of this reprint, captioned "The Missing Table; The Proof that Key Rosenberg Case Witnesses Lied" and advised that he observed numerous other copies which had been distributed in doorways and on porches in the northwest section 170 of Baltimore.

During May, 1953, Confidential Informant [7-3] advised that GERT SWOGELL was handling arrangements for a meeting of the Rosenberg Committee to be held in Washington, D.C. on May 10,. 1953, and that she was attempting to secure a local group from Baltimore to at and this meeting.

During October, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that GERT SWOGELL was known to him as a Communist farty member.

On May 19, 1953, Plumber's Union, Local 48, 1133 Harford Road, Baltimore, furnished copies of two loafleto issued by the NCSJRC and the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clamoncy for the Rosembergs, and stated that labor unions throughout the Baltimore area were receiving this type of literature through the mail.

On May 27, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case was planning

67D

On May 27, 1953, Confidential Informant T-34 advised that GERT SWOGELL stated that a great deal of activity was planned by the local Rosenberg Committee for the next few weeks. According to T-34, SWOGELL stated that leaflets, petitions, and postcards were being printed and that leaflets would be distributed in downtown Baltimore on May 28 and 29, 1953, as well as in the outlying sections of Baltimore.



BA 100-15241 DLM: dmt

On June 4, 1953, Confidential Informant T-34 advised that GERT SWOGELL stated that a huge delegation from 50 cities was to be in Washington, D.C. on that date to see their representatives and senators as well as President HISENHOWER in connection with the Resembers case. Informant advised that Baltimore delegates were to assemble at the hone of PMIL BOYER in order to go to Washington, D.C., for this activity and to attend a large meeting there.

During June, 1953, Confidential Informants

On June 3, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case

b7D

was not only to raise funds for the defense of the ROSENEERGS but also to stimulate and report on local 676 activity in behalf of the ROSENEERGS.

On November 12, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that JANETTE FINO was a member of the Organizational Secretaries Commission, District 4, Communist Party, USA.

During June, 1953, Confidential Informants, and advised that the Baltimore Committee to Irgo Clemency in the Rosenberg Case organized a group of approxinately 60 people to travel to Washington, D.C, by automobile and train on June 14, 1953 to participate in picketing activities and a mass rally on behalf of the ROSENBERGS. Dadvised that the group marched in the picket line until approximately 3:45 when everyone adjourned to a building at 9th and Constitution. Avenues, Washington, D.C, for a meeting.

BA 100-15241 DIM:dmt

estimated that there were 5000 people picketing in the vicinity of the Waite House, 2000 of them came from New York City by special train.

On June 16, 1953, Confidential Informant T-34 advised that the local Rosenberg Committee was urging people to call SANUEL FRIEDEL, U.S. Congressman from Maryland, and request that FRIEDEL contact President EISENHOJER and U.S. Attornoy General BROWNELL to urge executive clamency for the ROSET ERGS.

On June 17, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that delegates from Ealtimore, consisting groups of four to eight individuals, traveled to Washington, D.C., by auto, for picket duty at intervals of every two to four hours, during the period June 14-18, 1953. Informant stated that GIRT SWOGELL related that the domonstration around the White House would be "stepped up" on June 18, 1953, particularly in the evening near the hour at which the ROSETTERGS were schoduled to be executed.

During June 18-22, 1953, Confidential Informants and T-30 advised that the Baltimore Resemberg Committee continued to send individuals to Washington, D.C, by auto to participate in the ROSENBERG vigil around the White House on June 18, 1953. Stated that upon arrival in Washington, on June 18, 1953, the picketers were sent to 1867 Kalerama Road, NW, to receive instructions and were then placed in the picket lines around the Treasury Building and the White House for two hour shifts.

Confidential Informant estimated that there were approximately 6000 individuals participating in the vigil and that there was no disorder.

During June, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that during May and June, 1953, LILLIAM FI N contributed \$290 to the NCSJRC at New York City.

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On August 17, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished information concerning the

purpose of the above meeting was to assemble the people of the pastern scabourd to exchange appriences and to discuss the tier did not save the MOSE BERGS. Informant also advised that it was planned to discuss methods to get the support of the labor movement in order to secure justice for MORTON SOBELL.

On Soptember 28, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG - 808ELL case, was circulating a letter urging the reader to write to the Attorney General urging him not to oppose the motion for a new trial for NONTON SOBELL. On September 30, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that this leaflet was being widely distributed by the local committee and that the leaflet was urging the transfer of SOBELL from the "inhuman conditions of Alcatraz".

During September, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that PAULITE TOYER paid \$52.82 during September, 1953 to the NCSJRC at New York City, and that JOSEPH SCHEK contributed all during July, 1953.

On October 8, 1953, Confidential Informant advised the the local Rosenberg Committee was handling the sale of the book entitled "Death House totters of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENLERG" in Baltimore. Informant stated that the book was supposedly a compilation of the letters of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG written to each other while they were confined in prison prior to their execution.

II. LITERATURE DISTRIBUTED

Set forth below is a list of literature concerning the Rosenberg Case which has been distributed in the Maryland and Delaware area during 1952-1953. The column headings below indicate respectively the source from which the FBI received the literature, date received, the title or headline of the literature, and the author and/or publisher of the material. In most instances additional copies of the material have been received from other sources but for the sake of brevity only one source is being listed herein:

SOUACE	DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER
	1/3/53	"The Rosenberg Case", reprint from "The Nation," 11/8/52	Author: ARTHUR GARFIELD HAYS
	1/3/53	"The Facts in the Rosenberg Case"	NCSJRC, 1050 Avenue of Americas, New York 18, N. Y.
	1/3/53	"A Fact Sheet on Anti-Semitism in the Case: News- paper Comment"	NCSJRC 246 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
	1/8/53	"FOI Affidavit admits Witness Lied in Rosenberg Case"	Issued by: National Labor Committee for Classancy for the Rosen- bergs, 1050 Sixth Ave. New York 18, N. Y.
620	1/8/53	"Comments from the Jewish Press on Clemency for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSEN BERG"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Ave., New York 18, N. Y.

SOURCE	DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER
	1/8/53	"Rabbis of Jerusalom Call for Clomency for the Rosenbergs."	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	1/8/53	"The Rosenberg Case"	Author: D. F. PRITT Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	1/8/53	"To Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case"	Author: WILLIAM A. REUBEN Issued by: NCSJRC, 246 Fifth Avenue, New York 1, N. Y.
	1/9/53	letter requesting contributions, 12/16/52	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case, P. Q. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	1/30/53	"Appeal for Executive Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg"	National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
	1/31/53	"Morey for the Rosenbergs," reprint from "The Nation", 1/10/53	Author: FREDA KIRCHWEY Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	2/11/53	"Must the Rosenbergs Die?", announcement of a meeting, 2/11/53.	Auspices: Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P.O.Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.

SOURCE	DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER
	2/13/53	"Four Good Reasons," .mprint from "The Afro-American," 1/31/53	Roprint by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N.Y.
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	2/13/53	letter requesting action to save the Rosenbergs, 2/12/53	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
_k T-39	2/16/53	"Do Not Let the Rosenbergs Die!" announcement of Union Square meeting, NYC 10/29/52	Auspices: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	2/16/53	"Comments From the Jewish Press on Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	3/6/53	"The Electric Chair Can't Kill the Doubts in the Rosenberg Case	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	3/9/53	"All Faiths Ask Clemency for the dosenbergs"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	3/12/53	"If You Knew"	Issued by: National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

SCURCE	DATE	TITLE	PUBLISHER -
	3/12/53	"Sister of Vanzetti Appeals to the President for Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	3/18/53	"Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case."	NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	3/18/53 ¢	"Court of Appeals Grants Rosenbergs Stay of Execution"	Issued by: National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	4/1/53	"Amicus Brief in the Rosenberg Case"	NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	4/14/53	"The Negro People Speak Out on the Rosenberg Case,"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, Now York 18, N. Y.
	4/23/53	America's Conscience, Clemency Bulletin	Issued by: Baltimore Clemency Committee for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
PJD	5/7/53	"Excerpts from Petition of Ethel Rosenberg for Executive Clemency to the President of the United States"	Published by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

SOURCE	DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER
Plurbers Hall, 112 Harford Rd., Saltimore 2, Md.	5/19/53	"Text of Green- glass Document"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 16, F. Y.
Plumbers Hall 1131 Harrord Hd. Baltimore As Md.	5/19/53	"Clemency for the Rosenbergs," Reprints from "New York Times", May 4, 1953, and Cleveland Plain Doalor," 5/7/53	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 16, N. Y.
	5/20/53 \$		Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	6/2/53	"New Evidence in the Rosenberg Case"	Issued by: Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
Agency, Agency, Baltimore, Md.	6/6/53	"Parents to Die on Wedding Anniversary, Rosenberg Children Plead with President."	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
T-14 ,	6/8/53	"Rally to the Defense of the Rosenbergs"	(Invitation to a meeting on 6/6/53 at 3444 Auchentoroly Terrace, Baltimore, Maryland)

SOURCE	DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER
	6/16/53	Reprint of a letter of MICHAEL ROSENBERG to President EISENHOWER	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	6/17/53	Postal card Announcing vigil at Washington, D. C., 6/14/53	Sponsors: Baltimore Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs
	6/17/53 o	Letter regarding contradictory testimony of David Greenglass, 6/11/53	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for theRosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	6/24/53	"Address by Stephen Love, Triborough Stadium, Randall's Island, Now York, Sunday, May 3, 1953."	Unknown
	7/23/53	"To the Scamen and Dock-laborers of the United States"	Unknown
	8/20/53	"The Vatican and the Rosenberg Case"	Reprinted by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 16, N.Y.
	8/20/53	"Memorandum Discribing Lawyer's Interview with Ruth Greenglass"	Reprinted by NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

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SOURCE	DATE	TITLE	AUTHOR AND/OR PUBLISHER
	8/20/53	"Clemency Potition," Addressed to President DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER	Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	10/8/53	"Doath House Betters of Ethel and Julius Rosen- berg", book	Jero Publishing Co.Inc 401 Broadway, New York 13, N. Y.
	c ^{11/3/53}	"America's Conscience Speaks on the Rosenberg Execution"	NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.
	11/3/53	SOBELL and dissent-	Committee to Secure Justice in the ge Resemberg - Sobell Case, P.O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Md.
	11/3/53		National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg - Sobell Case, 1050 Sixth Ave., New York 16, N. Y.
	1/14/54	"Einstein Supports Rosenberg Appeal"	Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, Now York 18, 7. Y.

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TITLE

AUTHOR AND/OR
PUBLISHER

1/27/54

"Did the Rosenbergs Have Full Measure of Justice?" Issued by: NCSJRC, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

III. OFFICERS

On December 23, 1952, Confidential Informant furnished a copy of a letter dated December 11, 1952, headed Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Maryland, which stated that any contributions to the Committee by check should be made out to Mrs. PAULINE 57D BOYER, Secretary of the Committee.

On January 15, 1953, Confidential Informant a

advised that

During August, 1951, Confidential Informant advised that LIBBY GOULD was not known to him as a member of the Communist Party although she participated in activities of Communist Party controlled and dominated groups.

On February 6, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that

PAULINE
BOYER, was a member of the Committee to Secure Justice in the
Rosenberg Case and that LILLIAN FINN was Chairman of this

On February 16, 1953. Confidential Informant aivised that

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furnished a copy of a printed letter dated between 12, 1953, under the heading of the Beltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Beltimore 15, Meryland, which was signed by PAULINE BOYER, Secretary.

On February 16, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that PAULINE BOYER held an important position in the local Rosenberg Committee.

On February 16, 1953, Confidential Informant T-42 advised that LIL FINN recently stated that she was very busy with Rosenberg Committee work at that time.

On March 18, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that he recently the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency in the Rosenberg Case through PAULINE BOYER, Secretary,

on April 15, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that he recontly observed

On June 11, 1953, Confidential Informant T. dvised that

On June 17, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a copy of a printed letter dated June 11, 1953, under the heading of the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs and signed by PAULINE BOYER.

On June 6, 1953, Railway Express Agency, Baltimore, Maryland, advised that LILLIAN FINH, 3444 Auchentoroly Terrace, Baltimore, Maryland, received a bundle of leaflets captioned "Parents to Die on Wedding Anniversary, Rosenberg Children Pleaf with President" from the NCSJRC, Box 2, 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York City.

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On October 6, 1953. Confidential Informant advised that PAULINE BOYER, was scheduled to attend a large Rosenberg Committee meeting in Philadelphia or New York City the weekend of October 3, 1953.

IV. AIMS AMD OBJECTIVES

On January 9, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a printed letter dated December 16, 1952, from the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs, P. O. Box 2521, Arlington Station, Baltimore 15, Maryland, over the signature of PAULINE BOYER, Secretary. This letter was addressed to "Dear Friend" and stated as follows:

".... The Beltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs is participating in a National Campaign to appeal to President Truman for Executive Clemency. We believe that the question of innocence or guilt should not be the important issue. The important issue is that the punishment exceeds the alleged crime in view of the sentences given to the confessed Atomic Soys.

"In order to reach thousands of our neighbors and friends, funds are urgently needed. It may interest you to know that we attempted to purchase newspaper ads and were refused. Consequently wo must publish thousands of pieces of literature, leaflets, etc., and have money for mailings.

"We are also preparing to participate in the National Clemency and Prayer Meeting in Mashington, D. C., on January 4, 5. We wish to send people to see President Truman personally and to also participate in the Vigil at the White House.

"Your cooperation and money is needed. We can save the Rosenbergs from death if thousands do speak out and if we are able to pierce the black-out of the press and bring the facts to the public.

"Please send us your contribution by return mail...."

on January 10, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that he attended a mass meeting of the NCSJRC at 1867 Kalorama Hoad, Washington, D. C., on January 4, 1953, and that DAVE ALMAN from the Mational office of the NCSJRC was the principal speaker. According to ALMAN stated that the outlook in the fight for clemency was not as bright as it might seem to be and that everyone must fight even harder if the Judge grants time for an appeal to the President. ALMAN urged all the people to triple their efforts to secure clemency for the Rosenbergs because if the President failed to review the case practically all hope would be lost.

On March 18, 1953, Confidential Informant stated that

On April 15, 1953, Confidential Informant furnished a leaflet captioned "1.... A Case on America's Conscience' Clemency Bulletin issued by the Baltimore Clemency Committee for the Rosenbergs, Box 2521, Arlington Station, which contained the following statement:

".... We urge the following steps:

- "1. Write to the President and Attorney General Herbert Brownell WHETHER OR NOT you have written before.
- "2. Circulate the fact sheet and other material to everyone you know; urge them to write.
- "3. Help this committee reach tens of thousands more Baltimoreans by making a financial contribution. The committee exists only for one purpose to bring the truth of the Rosenberg Case to the larger number of people."

On July 8, 1953, Confidential Informant

advised that

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V. SUBVERSIVE RAMIFICATIONS

A. Connection of the Organization with the Communist Party

On December 23, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that GERT SEIF, a Section Organizational Secretary, District 4, Communist Party

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GEORGE MEYERS, Chairman, District 4, Communist Party, had instructed that the Communist Party in Baltimore should support the Rosenberg vigil at Mashington, D. C., by having as many 670 members as possible attend.

On January 9, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that GERT SEIF

On January 15, 1953 advised that GERT SEIF's Communist Party section had distributed 15,000 petitions for the Rosenbergs and that her group had responded very well in attending the vigil for the Rosenbergs in Washington, D. C. 67)

On January 16, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that District 4, Communist Party leaders had issued instructions that Communist Party members not already known as "progressives" should not appear on the picket lines in the Rosenberg Vigil at Washington, D. C.

On February 27, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that MAX GORDON, Staff member of the "Daily Worker" and "The Worker"

advised that GORDON stated that the "Daily

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Worker" and the "Sunday Worker" are the only papers that give the true facts about the Rosenberg trial, and how they were framed and sentenced to die for a crime that they never committed. GORDON stated that the FBI and other government agencies, and even the Trotskyites, have planted agents within the Rosenberg Committee to disrupt its work and keep the facts from being presented to the people.

On February 19, 1952, Confidential Informant advised that the

was to

make efforts to increase subscriptions to, and distribution of "The Worker" and "Daily Worker", East coast Communist newspapers.

On February 17, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that

Party to go all out for the Rosenberg case and that the capitalists and war mongers are attempting to put the Rosenbergs to death because they hate the Communists and the Communists protest egainst the death sentence. On March 3, 1953, advised that the Communist Party would continue to fight for the ROSENBERGs and that the Communist Party had friends in the government who will do everything to influence president EISENHOWER on the ROSENBERG issue.

Stated that Communist Party members must urge people to send telegrams and petitions on behalf of the ROSENBERGs to President EISENHOWER.

Confidential Informant advised that instructions had been received from the District Board, District 4. Communist Party, that all Communist Party members should work on the ROSENBERG case if doing so would not jeopardize their jobs and that each Communist Party section should organize a campaign of letters to the President asking for clemency for the Rosenbergs. On April 14, 1953.

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On June 19, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that

the Vigil and conference for the ROSENBERGS at Washington, D. C., on June 14, 1953. On June 25, 1953, advised

the June 14, 1953, me ting was an all-out drive to save the ROSENBERGS

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on June 15, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that information was received in the Waterfront Section, District 4, Communist Party that the Communist Party was asking as many members as possible to go to Washington, D. C., on June 14, 1953, to demonstrate for clemency for the ROSENBERGS.

On June 25, 1953, Confidential Informant advised of the reaction of District 4, Communist Party leaders to the execution of the ROSENBERGS.

capitalistic war mongers that murdered these innocemt people and that this was only one example of Hitlerism within the United States. He stated that the Communist Party showed its strength in the United States, but not enough in the Rosenberg Case, and that the reactionaries had to act fast and murder them because of the terrific fight the Communist Party was putting up. GERT SEIF stated that the lynching of the ROSENBERGs has focused the eyes of the rest of the world on the United States and that the Soviet Union and her satellite countries are not pleased about the frame-up and gangster style murder of the ROSENBERGs. She stated that the Communist Party is very angry about the Rosenberg Case and that under socialism the ROSENBERGS would have lived.

Party National Center at New York City.

On June 30, 1953; Confidential Informent Communist Party's reaction to the execution of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG was that they had been murdered.

On July 8, 1953, Confidential Informant advised that the District Board of District 4, Communist Party had accepted criticism for not acting in the Rosenberg Case any sooner than it did. Informant advised that GERT SEIF stated that it was not the fault of the National Office of the Communist Party because they did not want it known publicly that the ROSENBERGS had any Communist connections. She stated that when the lawyers could not win the case on its merits, the Party stepped in, but that it was too late to gain a stay of execution because the depitelists had already made up their minds to kill the ROSENBERGS. She stated, however, that the Communist Party gets credit for its ability to appeal to the masses and that over a million people responded to the Communist Party's (a) 170 campaign.

advised that the Communist Party plans to continue to work with the Rosenberg Committee and agitate regarding the innocence of the ROSENBERGS and to win amnesty for MORTON SOBELL

stated that the Communist Party has learned from the Rosenberg Case that a broad appeal to the people works most effectively.

> Connection of Officers with the Communist Party and Other Subversive Organizations

PAULINE BOYER -

On May 21, 1952

advised that PAULINE THAW whose married name was PAULINE PRINCE, was a member of the Communist Party and was active in the Young Communist League 💝 🦠 in Baltimore, Maryland, during the early 1930's. He also stated that PAULINE THAW was a member of the Communist Party assigned to the Chelsea District Communist Party, also known as the Third Assembly District of the Communist Party, in New York City and was active in the Young Communist League there.

On Mry 22, 1953 was reinterviewed and advised that its LEEP THAT

a oney daughter named ANGELA.

It is noted that PAULINE BOYER's maiden name was PAULINE THAU, aka Paulina Thau, and that she has a daughter, named ANGELA, born December 10, 1935, of a previous marriage.

The Young Communist League has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

During July, 1951, Confidential Informant advised that he was unable to state whether PAULINE BOYER is, or is not, a Communist Party member. The has advised, however, that PHILIP BOYER, husband of PAULINE BOYER, was a member of the Communist Party during 1951 and attended Communist Party meetings.

During March, 1954, Confidential Informant advised that PAULINE BOYLR attended numerous meetings of the Progressive Party of Maryland and the Maryland Pasce Council during 1953 and 1954.

2. LILLIAN FINN

on May 2, 1947, former reliable source of information for the FBI advised that LIL FINN was the Secretary of the District 4 Communist Party May Day committee which maintained offices at 1019 West North Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland.

On March 30, 1948,

a former reliable source of information for the FBI

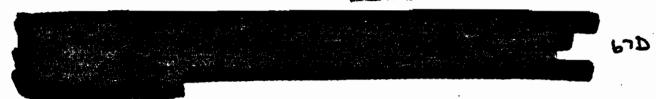
District 4, Communist Part/,

at 1834 Pennsylvania Avenue, Baltimore, identified LILLIAN FINN as Chairman of that Club.

On April 11, 1950, confidential Informant, advised that LILLIAN FINN attended a meeting of District 4, Communist Party. Club Chairmen held

on May 2, 1950, Confidential Informent advised that LILLIAN FINN attended the Third Session of the District 4, Communist Party Plenum held at 4402 Georgia Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., on April 23, 1950.

On October 28, 1952, Confidential Informent advised that LILLIAN FINN was known to him as a Communist Party member.



3. LIBBY GOULD

During September, 1950, Confidential Informant advised that another individual known by informant to be a member of the communist Party, had identified Dr. DAVID MARSHALL GOULD, husband of LIBBY GOULD, as a member of the communist Party in Baltimore.

On August 13, 1951, Confidential Informant advised that LIBBY GOULD was a member of the Civil Liberties Committee of the Progressive Party of Maryland and that this committee was appointed by the Progressive Party to raise bail money for the six Beltimore Communist Party leaders arrested for b70 violation of the Smith Act.

On Jugust 22, 1951, advised that LIBBY. GOULD

was to raise funds for the defense of the six Communist Party
leaders arrested in Boltimore for violation of the Smith Act,

On Movember 23, 1951, Confidential Informant advised that LIBBY GOULD was one of the Baltimore delegation which attended the Middle Atlantic States Regional Conference of the Progressive Arty held at the Adelphia Hotel, 13th and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on November 17 and 18, 1951.

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Implementation of the Communist Party Line

Set forth below is a comparison of the Communist Party line concerning the Rosenberg Case as reflected in pertinent articles and editorials appearing in the "Daily Worker," "The Worker" and "Political Affairs" with statements contained in literature distributed by subject organization:

> During the trial of the case of "United States vs. ELIZABETH CURLEY FLYNN, ETAL ", FLYNN testified on Octobor 20, 1952, that "Political Affairs" has been the theoretical organ of the Communist Party since its boginning in 1945.

The sources of this literature, where not stated, have previously been set forth under Section III.

Communist Party Line

"The Supreme Court's refusal, with " (2) The jury arrived at Justice BLACK dissenting, to review the death sentence of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, is a monstrous decision. It comes as a climax to a fraudulent prosecution by the Dopartment of Justice and a trial rigged in an atmosphere of hysteria ... "

"The Rosenbergs, the first Americans ever to be given the death sentence in peace time on such charges, were the victims of a plot to whip up a war drive and promote repression and anti-Semitism here at home.

Organization Line

its vardict in the atmosphere generated by the introduction of the evidence as to Communism, an insurmountable obstacle to the defense in the present spirit of hysteria and fear:

> (Address by STEPHEN LOVE. Triborough Stadium, Randall's Island, New York Sunday, May 3, 1953)

".... They asked for clemency bucause the Rosenburgs are the first and only Americans over sentenced to death on such a charge -- in poace time or war time" ("If you Knew...")

Communist Party Line

"Even those who are not certain of the real facts in the case, are nevertheless herrified by the treatment given these two Jewish parents of small children.minority group. This feeling Virtually the entire Jewish community has condemned the savagery of the sentence.

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"Nazis, who were landed on these shores during the war to spy for the enemy, were given sentences of 10 years. But the frame-up charge against Julius and Ethel Rosenberg was not in connection with an enemy but a country which was our wartime ally at that poriod. And they are sentenced to die! ... "

> (Editorial, "Daily Worker," 10/15/52, 2. 1)

Organization Line

".... The feeling is inescapable that the severe sentences would not have been passed had not this couple been members of a is bolstored by the fact that never before in the history of the United States has a Civil Court given a death sentence for espionage...."

> (Reprint from the "Afro-American", 1/31/53)

"••••(13) The infliction of a death penalty upon the two defendants, one of whom is the mother of two small boys, is out of all proportion to the 10-year sentences imposed upon Axis Sally and Toyko Rose, traitors directly serving our enemies in time of our war with them, and to the 5 to 15 year sentences imposed upon the 4 men who sold vital Air Force socrets to Germany in the fall of 1941: ..."

(Address by STEPHEN LOVE, Triborough Stadium Randall's Island, New York, Sunday, May 3, 1953)

"... The truth is, Judge Kaufman denies any validity to the extenuating sircumstance of our war-time alliance with Russia by citing as a precodent the case of the German spys and saboteurs who slipped into this country in

Communist Party Line

Organization Line

1942. Few protests were heard, he says, against the execution after a military trial. He makes nothing of the fact that these spys were working for an enomy with which we were at war our major enemy.

"He ignores completely a further fact which would demolish this procedent even were it a legitimate one. There were other German Saboteurs who slipped into the United States after the lot he refers to. They were also tried and sentenced to death. But they were not executed while the war lasted and when it ended and the problem of dealing with them erose, the sentence was commuted and they were sent to Federal prison. The complete stor/ of the Gorman spys would provide an excellent precedent for reducing, not confirming, the sentence against the Rosenbergs..."

("Mercy for the Rosenbergs," reprint from "The Nation", 1/10/53)

".... A death-sentence on the charge of 'conspiracy' has never before been meted out in the United States - in peace time or war time. The death penalty was 'justified' on the grounds that the alleged conspiracy was committed in wer

Communist Party Line

Organization Line

time. However, the USSR was an ally during the war, not an enemy. None of those charged with Treason against the United States during world War II have been executed. ..."

(Fact Shoet in the Rosenberg Case", page 7)

"No human being with a spark of conscience can remain silent in face of the threatened cold blooded murder of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

".... ONCE YOU LEARN THE FACTS,
YOUR CONSCIENCE WILL FORCE YOU
TO ACT and if only enough
Americans learn these facts before
the executioner acts, they will
prevent this ultimate injustice
to the Rosenbergs and this
ultimate disgrace to our
nation. ..."

("1...A Case on America's Conscience' Clemency Bulletin ...")

".... They have read the court record in the Rosenberg Case - and they fear the jury was influenced by newspaper stories and the general atmosphere of tension that exists today. ..."

("If you Knew ...")

"The whole judicial proceedings against them has been a terrible mockery. They were tried by headlines and hysteria ..."

("Samuel Sillen Assails Plot to Electrocute the Rosenbergs." Daily Worker, 10/16/52, p. 7)

Communist Party Line

"Commute the Death sentence! The Resembergs Shall Not Die!"

(Editorial, Daily Worker, 11/19/52, p. 5)

Organizational Line

".... We appeal to your conscience - THEY MUST NOT DIE WHILE DOUBT REMAINS.

"Write - wire President Eisenhower to reconsider! Commute the death sentence!"

("The Electric Chair Can't Kill the Doubts in the Rosenberg Case")

c

"The President should be urged to act now! Commute the Rosenberg's death sentence! Our country's honor and simple justice demand it!"

(Editorial, Daily Worker, 11/30/52, p. 5)

You can save their lives. We urge you to write to President again and ask him to reconsider his decision...

"NOW! NOW! IS THE TIME TO ACT.
MAKE KNOWN YOUR VIEW TO THE
PRESIDENT. GET YOUR FRIENDS,
NEIGHBORS, CLUBS, UNIONS, CHURCH,
FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS TO DO THE
SAME ..."

(letter dated 2/12/53 from the Baltimore Committee to Urgo Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

".... The Defense of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg last month presented Federal Court Judge Sylvester Ryan, 1,200 newspaper items printed during the 13 months prior to and

".... These were introduced in support of the government's claim that the Rosenbergs were 'Communists' and were inclined to commit espionage for Russia.

Communist Party Line

including the Rosenberg trial. Each of these items either referred to the Rosenbergss as 'Soviet spics' or to the myth that 'Communists are spies' or to the unproved allegation that the Rosenbergs were members of the Communist Party.

"The press taught that 'Seviet spics' had 'stolen' what was called 'the atomic secret' a fraud which Judge Kaufman repeated from the bench when he said that the Rosenbargs were responsible for the Korean War."

> (Daily Worker, 12/18/52, p.1, col. 4, "Judge Who Doomed Rosenbergs Frets About 'Fair Trial' for Goon." by Milton Howard)

Organizational Line

"But the government did not offer any more evidence to prove that the Rosenbergs were Communists than it did to prove that they were spys. ..."

> ("Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case", p. 5)

".... Do you believe that the whole Korean War was actually started by these two people as the Judge said? Is it not fantastic? Is it not hysteria which convicted these two people who have at all times proclaimed their innocence?"

> (letter dated 2/12/53 from the Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rose: bergs)

".... We believe this crusade for ".... It is late - BUT NOT TOO clemency can be won as the hours LaTE. The clock ticks away the tick by"

(Editorial, The Worker, 1/11/53, n. 1)

lives of two people who are todie on the eve of their lith wedding anniversary. ..."

> (letter dated 6/11/53 from Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

Communist Party Line

"WITH DR. ALBERT EINSTEIN, the world's most noted atomic scientist, asking President Truman to save the lives of the Rosenbergs, this modern 'Dreyfus Case' takes on new meaning. It means that every honest American, every man and woman of good will, no matter who he is or what his policies may be, now faces a duty of conscience.

".... Will death solve this case? Will death contribute one iota to the security of the U. S.? Can death be recalled if new evidence, new facts, arise to support the Rosenbergs who reaffirm their innocence in the shadow of the electric chair?

".... Let all unions act now!
Let the veil of fear be broken
by the demands of conscience.
Let every local, international,
every individual member, wire or
write to President Truman, visit
Congressmen and Senators, write
to and visit the local papers.

Organization Line

"... PROF. ALBERT EINSTEIN pleads for 'CLEMENCY' ..."

(letter dated June 11, 1953, from Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

".... Now President Truman must ask himself that question, and we profoundly hope he will find a different answer, otherwise his conscience and that of the American people will be heavily burdened. ..."

("Mercy for the Manhergs," Reprint from "The Nation", 1/10/53)

".... (11) If Greenglass should recant his testimony, or the future more clearly show its utter falsity, a terrible and irreparable injustice would have been done;"

(Address by STEPHEN LOVE, Triborough Stadium, Randall's Island, N. Y. Sunday, May 3, 1953)

".... The Appeal For Clemency Is Now Before the President.

" . Write or wire the President today, asking him to grant executive clemency and commute the death sentence of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

Communist Party Line

For America's honor and her health as a nation, the Rosenbergs must not die! "

(Editorial, Daily Worker, 1/14/53, p. 1, col. 1)

"... If President Truman denies the plea, five days alone will any ki watch with horor the first duced peace-time execution for alleged story. espionage in the history of the United States. The victims "Not a will be a mother and father of two small sons against whom the settlere is not one single, not one solitary item, of tangible to the evidence in any shape or form.

".... THE WORLD is shocked. Top atomic scientists, like Dr. Albert Einstein and Dr. Harold Urey, flatly say that the government's story about an elloged 'atomic secret' and alloged transmission of this 'secret' to another power is simply not believable.

Organization Line

". Have your local union send a request for elemency to the President."

("If you know ...")

".... No documentary evidence of any kind whatsoever was introduced to support the Grounglass story.

"Not a single photograph, photostat, sketch or carbon copy of the secret information that Greenglass claimed he turned over to the Rosenbergs was put into the records. ..."

("Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case", Page 4)

".... The imposition of the death sentence for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg has shocked public opinion throughout the world because of its unwarranted severity. ..."

("Appeal for Executive Clemency for Ethol and Julius Rosenberg")

".... Prof. Albert Einstein and Dr. Harold C. Urey, two of the top scientists in the world say they aren't convinced that the Rosenbergs are guilty.

("If you knew")

Communist Party Line

"But Millions more, who do not take a stand on their guilty or who ever are ready to accept the court's vardict, are still horrified that these two shall die, while proven and admitted traitors get jail sentences, and the Nazi killers of millions are pardoned almost every day under Washington's policy in West Germany.

Ç

"....Anti-Semites, labor-haters, and the most fascist-minded cliques in the country are savoring the blood of these two people in advance.

police, copying the torture methods of the medieval screw and rack. 'The plain truth is that were innocurt and have nothing to confess, cry back the Rosenbergs with the purest courage and sincerity.

Organization Line

".... People like Prof. Harold C. Urcy, atomic scientist, who said it was not possible for the Rosenbergs to have passed this 'secret' information since there was no secret attached to the scientific discovery of the atom bomb.

> (Letter dated 2/12/53 from Baltimore Committee to Urge Clemency for the Rosenbergs)

".... Millions of Americans, through letters to the President, through prayers, special resolutions in their unions and fraternal organizationa, churchos and synagogues, have asked that the death sentence be commuted, while taking no stand on the in locence or guilt of the Rosenbergs"

("If You Knew")

".... Why wore the Rosenbergs sentenced to death at a time when we were showing liniency to traitors to our country? (Axis Sally and Toyko Rose got "'Make a deal,' cry the political 10-year sentences). Our government forgave those who killed millions of Jows and murdered our boys in World War II! Rosenbergs are the only Americans ever sentenced to death on this charge in the Federal Courts! ... "

> ("Do Not Let the Rosenbergs Dic1 ")

Communist Party Line

".... Every hour counts now.
Every message urging clemency,
every delegation, every vigil,
every phone call, will help to
save the Rosenbergs and America's
honor before the world. Wire
to President Truman now as he
prepares to lave office
tomorrow noon."

(Editorial, Daily Worker, 1/19/53, p.1, col. 1)

Organization Line

".... In rejecting, 'now and forever more' the offer of the Government deal - clemency in return for admission of guilt and naming of names - the young couple states:

'By asking us to repudiate the truth of our innocence the government admits its doubt concerning our guilt. We will not help to ourify the foul record of a fraudulent conviction and a barbaric sentence Our respect for truth and dignity is not for sulc. History will record, whether we live or not, that we were victims of the most monstrous frameup in the history of our country.... If we are executed, it will be the murder of innocent people and the shame will be upon the government of the United States!"

(Confidential Informant T-1 on 6/8/53, PP of Md. letter dated 6/4/53)

".... They asserted therabsolute innocence of any crime as they do to this very day...."

("Fact Sheet in the Rosenberg Case")

Communist Party Line

"Once more the Rosenberg case is moving toward a climax."

"But the moment is filled with danger for the Rosenbergs and for the American people. The clique which prepared the Rosenberg frameup is afraid that the truth is marching fast; that the clemency movement will stop the killings and thus enable the doomed couple to vindicate themselves as Tom Mooney vindicated himself. This clique in high places is prepared to murder the Rosenbergs in the hope of burying the case for good."

"The time is growing short. Revive the campaign for clemency!"

(Editorial, Daily Worker, 4/6/53, p. 5)

".... The fight to get Morton Sobell, innocent victim in this same frame-up out of alcatraz, the fight to get him a new trial must go on...."

(Editorial, "Daily Worker" 6/29/53, p. 5)

Organization Line

"....The money you contribute will buy precious time for this couple end their two young sons...."

("Rally to the Defense of the Rosenbergs!")

"....Morton Sobell, the third defendent in the case and the father of two children, sits in a cell in Alcatraz under a living death sentence of thirty years. Sobell swears that he is completely innocent....

"Morton Sobell must receive the full measure of justice that the Rosenbergs were denied. Justice to Sobell means the vindication of the Rosenbergs....

Communist Party Line

Organization. Line

A new trial would be a step toward guaranteeing that the injustice suffered by the Rosenbergs will never again stain the conscience of America.

> ("America's Conscience Speaks on the Rosenberg Execution")

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"... Now, many are turning to the astounding case of Morton Sobell, sentenced to 30 years in Alcatraz, as one of the defendants in the Rosenberg frame-up. As with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, there never existed a single iota of evidence connecting Sobell in any way with soying, atomic or otherwise.

"So fragile was the 'link' cooked up against Sobell by even the lying government stoolie, Greenglass, that the death-hungry judge did not dare to doom him to die. But they doomed him to a living death. Now, many ask whether the shipping of Sobell to the notorious Alcatraz dungeons is not a new effort by the Washington authorities to torment Sobell into making the sordid deals - 'fingering' innocent people for the FBI -

".... The Rosenbergs were subjected to this type of third degree by electrocution; Sobell is getting it now by isolation in the nation's roughest prison with a life sentence to contemplate.

"Ethel and Julius Rosenberg died rather than !cooperate!. But Sobell still lives and can still be saved.

"The Sobell case will be fought to the Supreme Court which, as Justice Hugo Black has said, thas never reviewed this record and has never affirmed the fairness of the trial!..."

> ("Has an Innocent Man Been Sentenced to Living Death in Alcatraz because of 'A-Spy' Hysteria")

Communist Party Line

Organization Line

as they tried to do with Ethel and Julius Rosenberg."

(Editorial, "Daily Worker", 7/1/53, p. 5)

"Sobell, a friend of the Rosenbergs, has now become the world-wide symbol of the campaign for their vindication. Like the Rosenbergs, he has persistently proclaimed his innocence."

(Daily Worker, 7/24/53, p. 2)

".... Sobell swears that he is completely innocent....

"Morton Sobell must receive the full measure of justice that the Rosenbergs were denied. Justice to Sobell means the vindication of the Rosenbergs..."

("America's Conscience Speaks on the Rosenberg Execution.")

"Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were brutally murdered in an act of fuscist violence by a ruling class that is desporate, in the face of rising forces of peace and democracy. murderers of the Rosenbergs hoped they could intimidate the fight for peace and democracy by hurling into its face the murdered bodies of Ethol and Julius Rosenberg. But these rulers, who try to cover with brutality and arrogance their fear of the peoples of . America and the world, were never more mistaken.

"Your country has fallen to the hands of the representatives of a social class which is scared out of its wits by the advance of the forces of progress and Democracy.

"That's why Ethel and Julius ROSE BERG died on the chair. They were innocent!

"THEY HAVE BEEN MURDERED!

"They were the victims of redbaiting, witch-hunting; HITLER also murdered democrats and jews whose only crime was to oppose



Communist Party Line

"The Rosenbergs died innocent - heroes of democracy.

"They gave to America and to the world an example of heroism and self sacrificing patriotism which tore the mask off the vile frame-up concected against them personally, and against the American people as a whole."

".... The truth about the Rosenberg case, their innocence, the ghastly forgeries of the prosecution, and the enormous impact which the Rosenbergs made in rousing the tidal wave of world protest, must now be brought to every union local, community, church and to the public generally. "

"National Committee, C.P., USA, "The Rosenbergs: Heroes of Democracy", "Political Affairs," 7/53, p. 3)

Organization Line

his nazi-policy of preparing war.

"The murder of the ROSEMBERGS was a plot to establish the reign of fascist terror, of MacCarthy to scare the people of America and break their resistance to the progress of fascism in the States.

"From every country in the world, protests against the murdering of Ethol and Julius ROSENBERG have reached washington, from the French people in perticular; the French Poople as a whole didn't cease begging for mercy and for a revew of the Rosenberg case. The Rosenbergs have fallen, the victims of cold-blooded cruelty, the victims of a monstrous attempt to persuad you that a man is a spy because he op oses the policy of war-mongers.

"Now, we ar going to fight to restablish the name of the ROSEN PERGS in public Esteem!"

("To the Seamen and Dock-Leborers of the U.S.")

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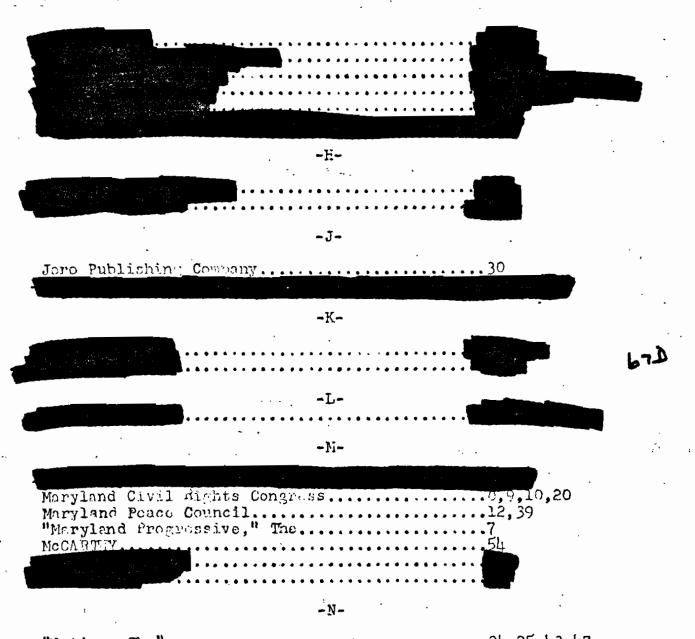
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BA 100-15201 (Index Continued)



BA 100-152hl (Index Continued)

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Mashington	Committee	to Defend	the Bill of	•
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Identity of Source	Date of Activity And/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent to !!hom Furnished	File Humber there Located
			MARTIN J. JONES	
1	Strategy and the strate		MARTIN J. JONES	
			MARTIN J. JONES	
			RUSSELL D. JONES	٠.
(Doomed adv	risable)		ROBERT G. EMOND & JOSEPH L. CROTTA	670
(Deemed adv	isable)		ROBERT G. B.OAD & DONALD: L. MILLER	
T-30, BA 915-S:	Activities, Raised \$120	1/12/53		
	Activities, 6/18,19/53	6/18,19/53		
			Russell M. Gyynn	

Identity of Source	Date of Activity And/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent to Whom Furnished	File Number Whore Located
			DONALD L. MILLER	
T-34, BA 923-S*	ictivities, 5/10/53	5/53		
	Activities, 5/28,29/53	5/27/53		
	Activities, 6/1/53	6/4/53		67D
	Activities, 6/11/53	6/12/53		
	Activities, 6/16/53	6/16/53		
	wys-1		ROBERT D.	
T-36, 3K-1698-s*	8/15.16/53	€/9/53	. •	•
			CHARLES A. FARGUSON	
(Deemod adv	isable)			
			THOMAS G.	
Requested)			JAMES H. SANDUSKY	

Identity of Source	Date of Activity And/or Description of Information	Date Roccived	Agent to Whom Furnished	File Number .here Located
T-39, CS BA 8-S	Literature List	.2/16/53	ROBERT L. LANPHLAR	
			John W.	
(Requeste	d) Literature List	5/2/53	John W. Leyden	
	Literature List	6/17/53	JEAR W.	
	Officers, 6/11/53	6/17/53	JEAN.W. OJEN	
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T-1,2, BA 917-S#	2/16/53	2/16/53	· · · · · · · ·	
PERSONAL PROPERTY.			ROBERT L. LANPHEAR	
			ROBERT L. LANPHLAR	

LEADS:

At Maltimore Will follow and report future activities of subject organization.

REFERENCE: Report of S. DONALD L. MILLER, Peltimore, 3/13/53.

AIRTEL

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. APRIL 29, 1954

Transmit the following message to: SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

"ATIONAL ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE, IS - C. RE CHICAGO AIRTEL."

DATED APRIL 23, 1954, CAPTIONED "COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN ROSENBERG-SOBELL CASE, IS - C," A COPY OF WHICH WAS DIRECTED TO SECURE
THE NEW YORK OFFICE. YOU SHOULD ALERT YOUR INFORMANTS TO KEEP SECURE
YOU FULLY ADVISED OF ALL PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS RELATIVE TO THE

DEMONSTRATION BY THE CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION IN WASHINGTON, D. C.,

WHICH IS TENTATIVELY SET FOR JUNE 19, 1954. KEEP BUREAU ADVISED.

HOOVER

Dufile 100-387835

2cc - Chicago (100-25530)

100-107111-1463

KNI

SENT VIA _____M Per ____

SA DOWLD L. MILLER

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG - SOMELL CASE

On April 24, 1954, BA 919-S* advised that PAULINE BOYER statud that there was to be a meeting at her home at 8 PM on April 25, 1954, with a speaker from the National Committee of the Resembergs.

At 7:45 PM on April 25, 1954, SA LOUIS S. LEAR and the writer instituted a physical surveillance of 1703 Gwynns Falls Parkway, Baltimore, the residence of PHILIP and PAULINE BOYER.

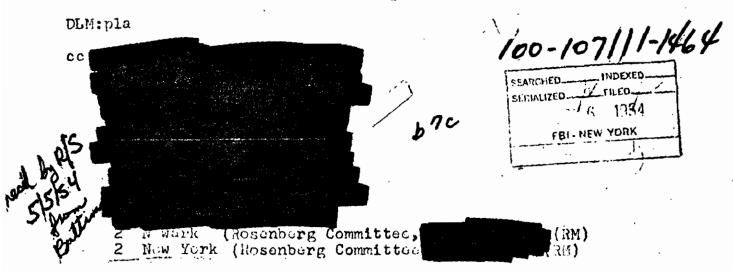
During the period from 7:45 PM to 12 midnight, agents observed activity in the vicinity of 1703 Gwynns Falls Parkway. It is noted that visibility was poor during part of this period inasmuch as thecentrance to this residence was poorly lighted and it was raining. Tentative identifications below are set forth in parenthesis:

8:05 PN Woman, white, arrived on foot and entered.

8:06 PM Man, white, came out of house, stood on porch looking around and re-entered.

8:20 FM Aged stoop-shouldered man, white, in shirt sleeves arrived on foot and entered.

8:30 PN Woman, white, age 30-35, 5:3"-4", 140-145, short black curly hair, round face, dark hern rimmed glasses, black rain coat, arrived on foot from drug store at corner of



31 100-15241

	Hoistorstown Road and Gwynns Falls Parkway and entered. (MARY ROBERTS)
8:33 PM	Man and woman, white, arrived in 1950 Buick sedan, 1954 Maryland license ab 7462. Registered to HENNY GREENBERG, 4406 Towarda Avenue, Baltimore (REE GREENBERG)
8:47 PM	ANGELA BOYER arrived on foot carrying paper bag, apparently containing groceries.
8:58 PM	woman, white, age 35-40, 5'6", 145-150, dark hair, wearing short tan coat, arrived on foot and entered.
9:12 PM 😅	Three women, white; one very aged, feeble; arrived on foot and entered.
9:22 PM	Two women, white, arrived in 1949 black Chevrolet sedan, 1954 Naryland license BE 23 12. Registered to VIVIENNE EDNA SHUB, 4100 Penhurst Avenue.
9:25 PM	Man, white, 5'9", 190 lbs., in shirt slooves, arrived in 1950 Packard, 1954 Maryland license BJ 1667. Registered to BENJAMIN FINO, 3105 Mendawmin Avenue, Baltimore.
9:30 PM	Woman, white, light-colored short coat and dark slacks, arrived on foot.
9:45 PM	MARSHALL JONES and woman, negro, short stocky, (Mrs. MARSHALL JONES) arrived by taxi and entered.

(Soveral additional license numbers of automobiles parked in the immediate vicinity of 1703 Gwynns Falls Parkway were also recorded but a check of registrations has revealed no portinency to this investigation)

BA 100-15241

11:30 PM Driver of 1950 Packard montioned above accompanied by M.RSHALL JONES and colored woman (Mrs. M.RSHALL JONES) exited and drove away.

11:35 PM Group of approximately seven people emerged and left on foot except for man and woman who arrived in 1950 Buick. The man and woman accompanied by a child departed in the aforementioned Buick.

11:55 PM Three women and a man emerged and drove away in the previously mentioned black Chevrolet.

Agents surveilled the black Chevrolet automobile to the Mt. Royal Hotel, Calvert Street and Mt. Royal where the man alighted and entered the hotel. This man is described as white, age 35, 5'8"-9", 150 lbs, medium build, straight black hair, heavy sideburns, fair complexion, sharp features, pointed nose, bare headed, dark suit.

A check of the records of the Mt. Royal Notel through the cooperation of revealed that one DAVID ALMAN, English Town, New Jersey, registered at the Hotel at 6 PM on April 25, 1954.

DAVID ALMAN has been previously identified as the Executive Secretary of captioned organization.

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO : SAC, NY

DATE: 4/30/54

FROM :

JOSEPH V. WATERS, SA (100-107111)

SUBJECT:

MATIONAL COMMITTED FOR JUSTICE IN THE

ROTINBERG - SOBELL CASE

15 - C

orally advised SA

JOSEPH V. WATERS that

a party sponsored by the Acchington Hel hts MONEMBERG - SOBELL Committee, scheduled to be held on 5/8/54 at 503 Miverside Drive, apartment 5-D, NYC. on the evening of that day.

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100-107/11-15

STANGARD FORM NO. 84

Office Memorandum . United States Government

TO :SAC, New York

DATE: MRY 5, 1954

MROM :Director, FBI

SUBJECT: NATIONAL ROSENBERG-SOBELL COMMITTEE, also known as NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re SAC Letter Number 53-72 relative to thumbnail sketches.

Bufiles fail to reflect the receipt of a thumbnail sketch from your office regarding the captioned organization. It is desired that an appropriate thumbnail sketch be submitted in the near future. This thumbnail sketch should, of course, be prepared in accordance with the provisions of SAC Letter Number 54-22.

100-107111-1466

2 A Harrington

7. - - - - - 430.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM	A NO.	•	
THIS	CABE	STIGINATED	AT

NET YORK

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FILE NO

SEATTLE, VASHINGTON	DATE WHEN PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 3/4,11,18,25;4/7, 8,13,15,16/54	REPORT MADE BY ROBERT E. MASON	msđ
TITLE		HINRAGILIR OF CADE	•
HATIONAL COMMITTEE TO S THE ROSENBERG CASE, Aka Sobell Committee		INTERNAL SECURITY - C	· .

SYNCTHIS OF PACTUE

ROSENBERG DEFENSE Group continues to operate in the State of Washington, with one CAROLINE "KELLEY" CANAFAX of Seattle as the dominent figure. Since the death of the two ROSENBERGS, the extent of the Committee's activities has been reduced. Informants reveal that Communist Party members control the Committee in this area.

- P# -

DETAILS:

The period of activity covered in this report is from June 10, 1953, until February 20, 1954.

Confidential Informants utilized in this report are of known reliability, unless otherwise described.

I. GENERAL ACTIVITIES AND PRINCIPAL MEMBERS

Confidential Informant T-1 advised that

President of the United States should be asked to grant clemency to both of

LOHAWIGITO: VEDENGELL /ND	SPECIAL AGENT	~~~~~	-		icse spaces	
1		100-	1071	//-	1467	
6 - Bureau (100-38) 3 - New York City (1 - DIO, 13th ND () 1 - RO #3 (NEG.) 1 - OSI. McChord F	7835)(REG.) (100-107111)(REG.)	RCHED INDIALIZED FRE MAY R 11 FBI - NEW YO	954	/	ENTE O	S.C. 5/25

PROPERTSeattles (1003-22197) ential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

the MOSENBERGS.

a picket line scheduled for June 13, 1953, to be held in behalf of the ROSEMBERGS in front of the Main Post Office in Seattle, commenc- 679 ing twelve noon that date.

The Civil Lights Congress has been designated by the United States Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Confidential Informant T-2

T-2 has advised that on November 9, 1951, BARBARA SPHUELL then I was known to be an active Communist Party member.

T 2 has advised that

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Confidential Informant T-3 has advised that as late as February 1954 AAY SUTHERIAND was known to be an active leading member of the Northwest District of the Obmmunist Party, USA.

T-1 has indicated that

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Dr. ALBERT V. FREEMAN has been identified by T-l as one of those individuals present at many of the functions of Communist Party front organizations at Seattle since 1950 who has devoted considerable time and effort in furthering and espousing the causes of those organizations.

Confidential Info mant T-4 was among those present

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Confidential Informant T-5 has advised that CAROLINE "KELLEY"
CANAFAX, during the spring of 1953, was transferred from the position
of South End Organizer, King County, Northwest District Communist
Party USA, to the position of organizer of Communist Party activities in the lest Seattle area of this district.

Confidential Informant T-6 has advised that a tters dated June 19, 1953, addressed to "Dear Friend" and signed "Sincerely, DAVID ALMAN", appealing for annesty for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, have been received by various individuals in the Aberdeen, washington area, who are active in the Civil Hights Congress in that vicinity. These letters from the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case also requested contributions to the fund to care for the ROSENBERG children, and further, to vindicate MORTON SOBELL.

Confidential Informant T-7

DAVID ALMAN, described

as the Executive Secretary of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Mosenberg Case. According to the informant,

ALMAN criticized the Government for allowing the MOSENBERGS to be executed. He alleged that the U. S. Government wanted to use the MOSENBERGS as a means of quieting "the people".

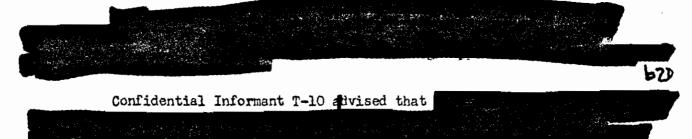
Confidential Informant T-9. while

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T-9 has advised that the Northwest Citizens Defense Committee was formed for the purpose of obtaining funds and providing legal counsel to the defendants involved in the recent Smith Act trial at Seattle.

T-4 has advised that on September 29, 1953, while perusing a copy of the March 16, 1953, edition of the "People's China," an English language fortnightly publication published in Red China, identified thereon as "number 6, 1953," contained inside the cover of this magazine has a large picture of JOSEPH V. STALIN, described as "the greatest genius of the present age." Page 30 of this magazine describes the ROSENBERGS' trial as a "frame up", indicating that because of it a wide-spread protest in China has developed.

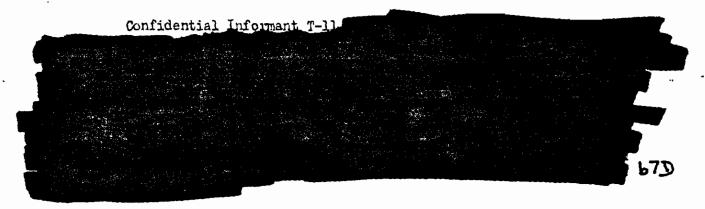
T-h has made available a copy of "People's China", which is identified as published by the Foreign Languages Press, 26 Kuo Hui Chieh, Peking, China, and doscribed as a fortnightly magazine, editor LTU TSUN-CHI.



T-1 has advised that Many Thiron GIBSON attended at least three of the Communist Party meetings at Seattle in late 1950 and early 1951.



T-4 has advised that since Dr. ALBERT V. FREEMAN departed from the Seattle area during December 1953, the local Rosenberg-Sobell Committee has been unable to attract new members, and its success has been seriously limited. According to the informant, those principally active in the local committee in January 1954 were CAHOLINE "KELLEY" CANAFAX and MARY GIBSON.



According to Confidential Informant T-12, both ART and KELLY MINK registered with the Communist Farty at Los Angeles for the year 1951. KELLY MINK held various section posts there in 1951, was advanced to the position of section organizer of the Eastern Division of the Los Angeles Communist Party.

In addition, Confidential Informant T-13 has advised that KLLLY MINK joined the Communist Party in 1940.

The "People's orld", Northwest Edition, dated February 12, 1954, page 2, column 4, carried an article captioned "Smorgasbord Dinner," indicating that chamber music will follow a smorgasbord dinner in behalf of the campaign for a new trial for MORTON SOBELL, described therein as an "imprisoned victim of the MOS_NB_RG atom spy frame-up." It was indicated that this affair will take place Saturday, February 20, 1954, at 708 Hamlin Street in Seattle, according to the Washington ROS_NBLRG-SOBELL Committee.

The "Paily People's World" is the West Coast mouthpiece of the Communist Party, according to the California Committee on Un-American Activities in their 1948 report, page 342.

The Mashington State Executive Board of the Communist Party in the "People's Forld," Northwest Edition, Friday, April 2, 1954, in an article found on pages 3 and 6, captioned "Communists urge People's Forld Drive Speed", called upon "Every communist and every communist committee and club" to give full support to the "Daily People's Forld," 1954 circulation drive.

a dinner sponsored by the 'ashington Rosenberg-Sobell Committee held on February 20, 1950, at 708 Hamlin Street in Seattle. MARY CIBSON and CAROLINE "KLLIEY" CANAFAX were the principal speakers making separate appeals for support and activities in behalf of SOBELL and also for the ROSENBERG children.

II. AINS AND OBJECTIVES

Confidential Informant T-lk advised that a national conference was held at Chica o on October 10 and 11, 1953, this conference having been called by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the mosenberg Case. On October 11, 1953, this organization created the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee. The latter application is to utilize the same offices at 1050 Sixth Avenue, New York City, formerly occupied by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. According to the informant it was announced that messages had been received from various cities where committees have been started but which could not afford to send delegates.

National of the cities so identified.

According to the informant, a mimeographed form was sent out by the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee about October 19, 1953, purporting to be an abbreviated form of the program adopted at the conference, and included the following:

"PROGRAM ADOPTED

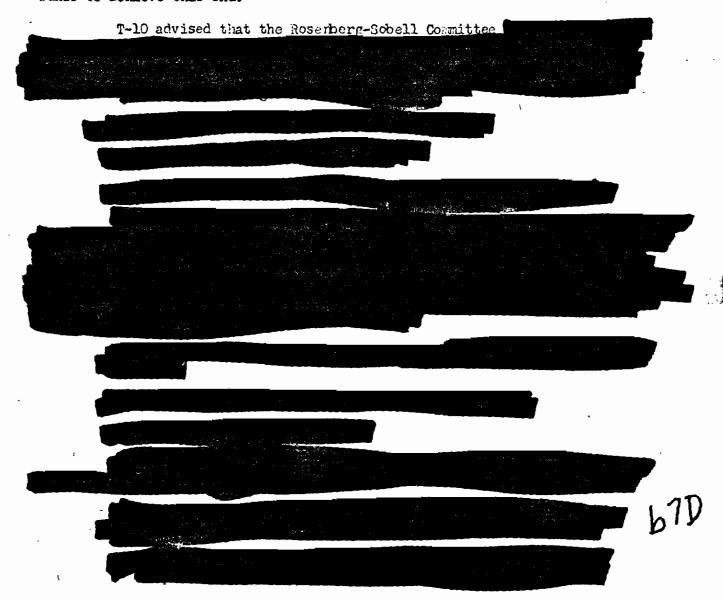
BY THE NATIONAL ROSENBERG-SOBELL CONFERENCE

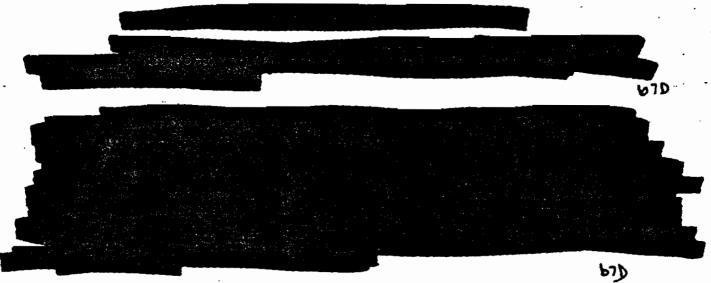
IN CHICAGO, OCTOBER 10-11, 1953

- "I A broad educational campaign on the Rosenberg-Sobell case, implemented by the distribution of one million pieces of literature in the next six months, shall be carried out so that the facts will be brought to all sections of the American people.
- "2 Circulation of an Amicus Brief, to be signed by prominent persons throughout the country, to be presented to the courts in behalf of Morton Sobell. Other groups should be encouraged to circulate similar briefs.
- "3 The incarceration of Norton Jobell in Alcatraz is cruel and unusual punishment, and makes it impossible for him to consult properly with his legal counsel. Therefore, a demand should be raised that he be transferred from Alcatraz pending outcome of legal appeals.
- "4 We direct that the new National Hosenberg-Sobell Committee be charged with the responsibility of working out the best methods of legal support for Sobell's fight in the court...
- "5 A detailed report of the conduct of the U. S. Attorney General's Office in the Rosenberg-Sobell case should be circulated to all committees and inter-

ested individuals to the end that, in the near future, a call can be made for an investigation of those responsible for this improper conduct.

"6 - We who devoted our energies to secure justice for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg feel it our serious responsibility to bend every effort to secure the well being and protection of Michael and Robert Rosenberg, innocent victims of this great tragedy. We pledge our Mullest support to guarantee the necessary nunds to achieve this end."





The "Vancouver Province," a daily newspaper at Vancouver, B.C., Canada, in the issue dated December 18, 1953, page 3, column 6, captioned "ROSENBERG Trust Fund Aid Asked," carried the announcement that EMANUEL BLOCH, attorney for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG, asked an audience at Vancouver, B.C., to join in setting up a trust fund for the ROSENBERG children. "The HOSENBERGS never concealed their political philosophy. They were progressives and proud of it," is one of the remarks credited to Mr. BLOCH by this newspaper.

III. FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Confidential informant T-15 has furnished information concerning the identity of various contributors to subject organization. According to this informant, Dr. ALEE V. FREEMIN, during the month of May 1953, was the chief contributor to the committee, having contributed \$26.00 in his name in that period.

T-15 further has advised that during July 1953 SARAH A. HESSE contributed 7.00 to the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and JOSEPHINE H. PATRICK had contributed \$5.00. In a dition, during September 1953 SARAH A. HESSE contributed 29.00 and Dr. ALBERT V. FREEMAN contributed \$10.00 to subject organization.

Confidential Info mants T-5 and T-17 have advised that JOSLPHINE PATRICK was a member of Branch 370 of the King County, Northwest, District, Communist Party USA, during late 1963.

Confidential Informant T-18 has identified SARAH HESSE as the wife of SIEGFRIED HESSE. Mr. SIEGFRIED HESSE has been identified by T-18 as one of the attorneys at Seattle consistently retained by the Communist Party at Seattle and currently one of the legal counselors in the appeal being conducted by persons recently convicted under the Smith Act at Seattle.

Confidential Informant T-19 has made available a leaflet on the letterhead of the Mashington Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, signed in the name of Caroline Canafax, which leaflet states that copies of the verbatim transcript of the ROSENBERG trial are for sale at the price of \$5.00 for a complete edition; also that "Death House Letters" of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG are selling at \$1.00 each.

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Informants

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Received	Agent To Thom Furnished	File No. Where Located
T-l is		6-15-53	Robert E.Mason	
·		6-15-53	Hobert E. Mas	
•	Characterization	11-3-53	Robert E. Mason Robert E. Hason	
T-2 is	Characterization Characterization	6-15-53	Joseph P.MacFarl J.Morton Arnold	land
	Clarac ter Tza Clon		F. Willard Ralsto	67 ^D
T-3 is	Characterization		Steve S. Carter & Robert E. Mason	
T-4 is		6-19-53	Robert E. Mason	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9-29-53	9-30-53	Robert E. Mason	
	Characterization		Robert E.Mason	
	1-10-54	2-1-54	Robert E.Mason	
T-5 is	Characterization		Ray W. Michardson	t .
T-6 is	6-20 - 53	6-25-53	Robert S. Bugbee	
T-7 is		7-28-53	Robert H. ick	
T-8 is		8-7-53 10 -	John L.Ketcham	

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

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T-9 is	Characterization N.W.Citizens De- fense Committee	11-6-53	David A. Mac- Culloch David A. Mac- Culloch
T-10 is	11-13-53	11-19-53	Robert J.Barry
		2-4-54	Robert J.Barry
	11-21-53	11-24-53	Robert J.Barry
T-11 is		2-9-54	William R. Mark-
•	2-20-54	2-26-5U	ham William R. Mark- ham
T-12 is	Characterization of		Timothy L. Don- ovan & Donald V. Gibbs
T-13 is	Characterization .		George H.Asdell
T-14 is CG5923-S*	10-10,11,19-53	10-10,11,	19-53
T-15 is	defer to NY letter to	Director	dated 8-14-53 (SE 100-22197-27)
Chase Nata Bank, who requested NY office keep his identity protected.		o Director	dated 11-23-53(SE 100-22197-31)
T-16 19	Characterization		Joseph P. Mac- Farland
T-17: is	Characterization		John Furrh
T-18 is	Characterization		Robert E.Mason
T-19 is	10-2-53	10-5-53	SAC R.D.AUERBACH 100-22197-300

who requested his identity be kept confidential.

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

LEADS

SEATTLE DIVISION

At Seattle, Lashington

The operations and activities of subject organization at Seattle will be followed until information has been received of its dissolution.

REFERENCE: R port of SA ROBERT E. MASON at Seattle, ashington, dated July 10, 1953.