FILE DESCRIPTION PHILADELPHIA FILE SUBJECT HARRY GOLD FILE NO. 65-4307 VOLUME NO. 1815 SERIALS thru 27

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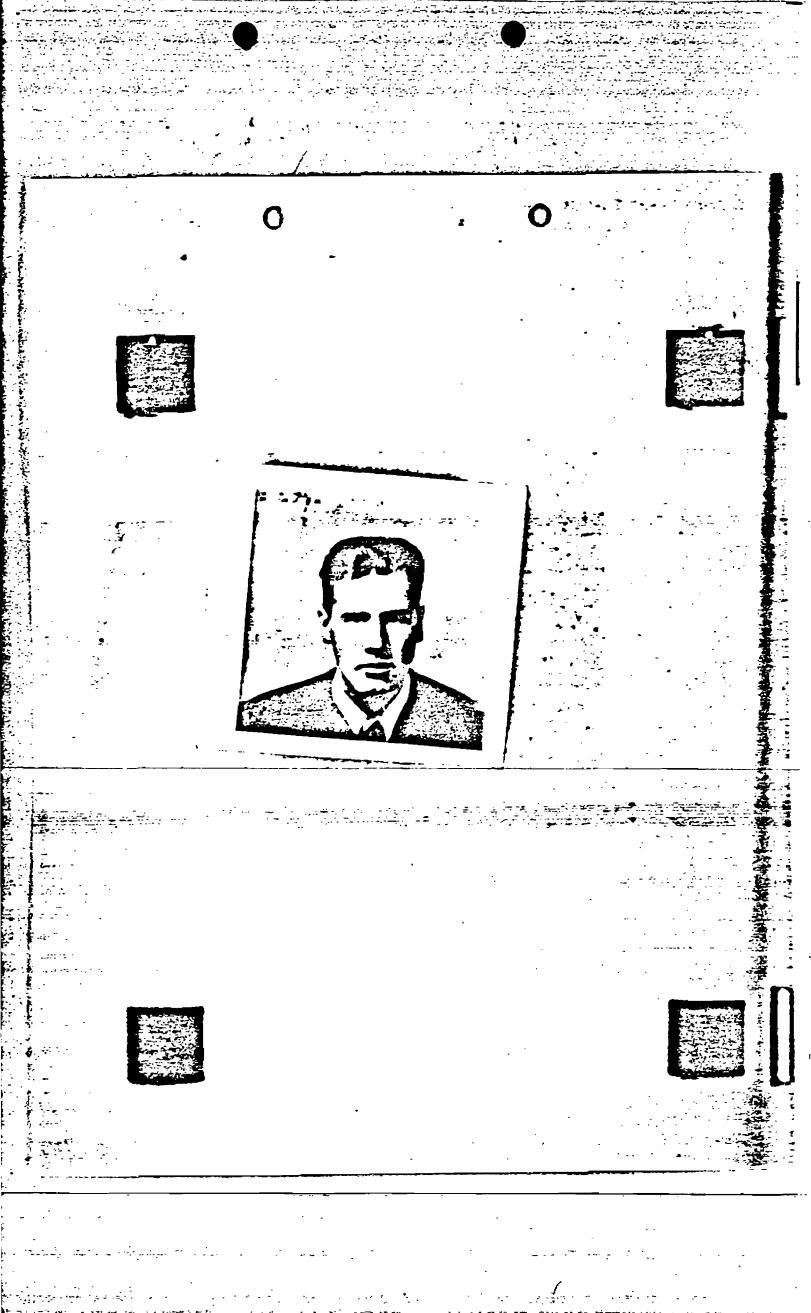
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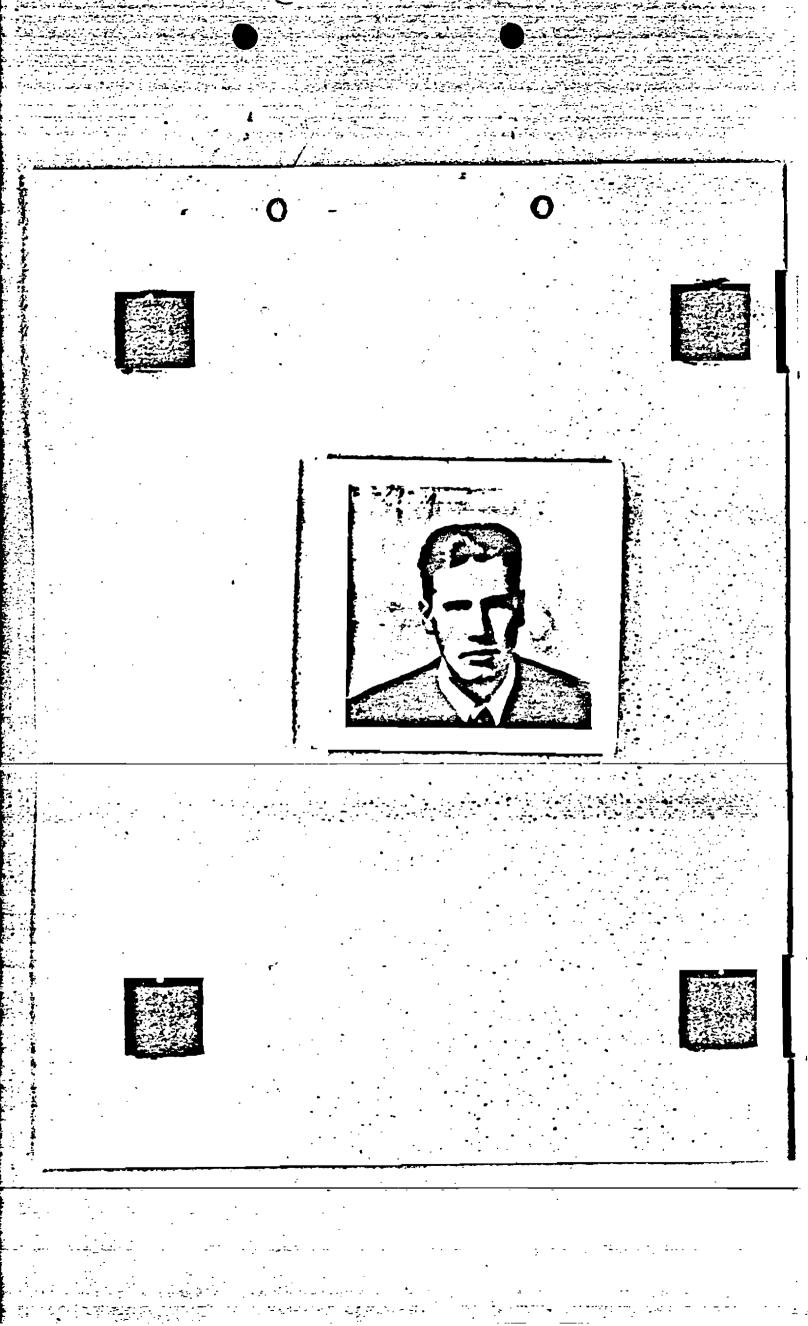
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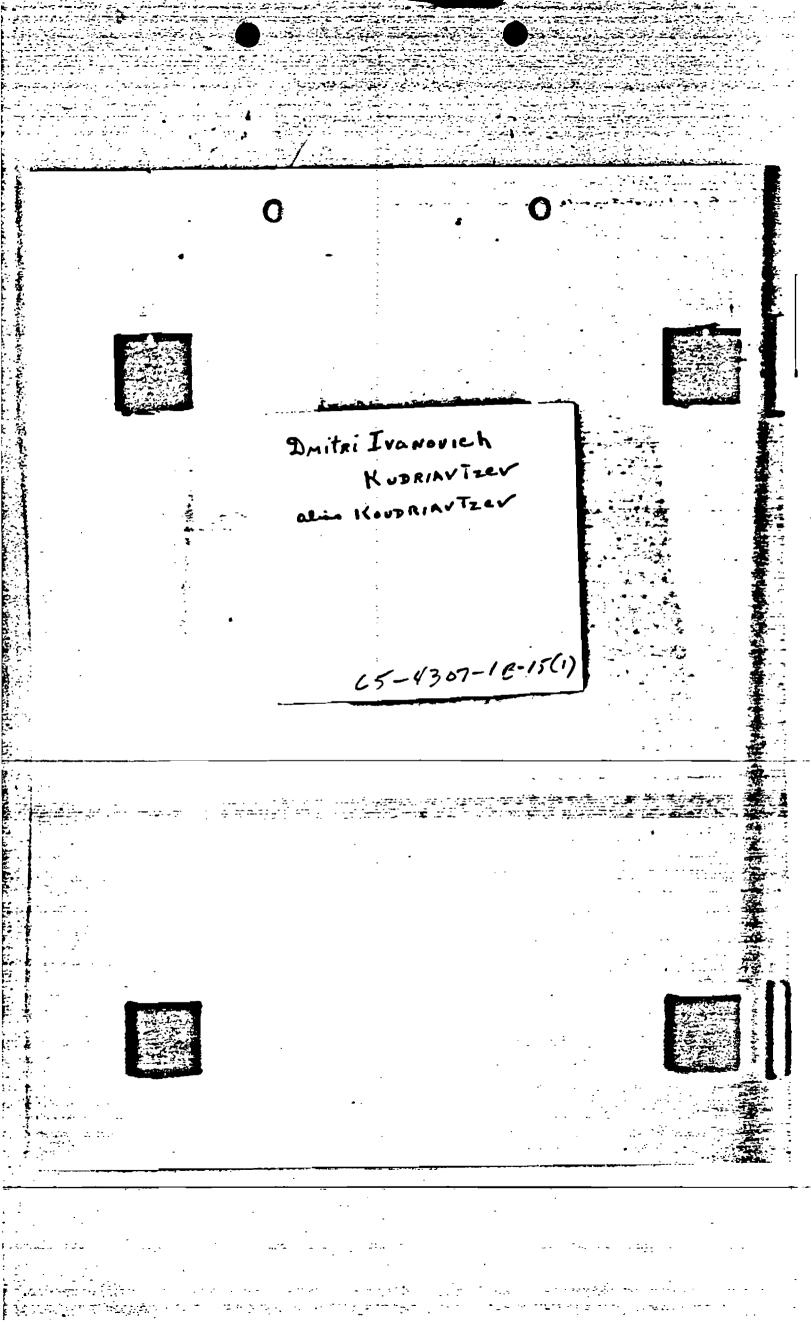
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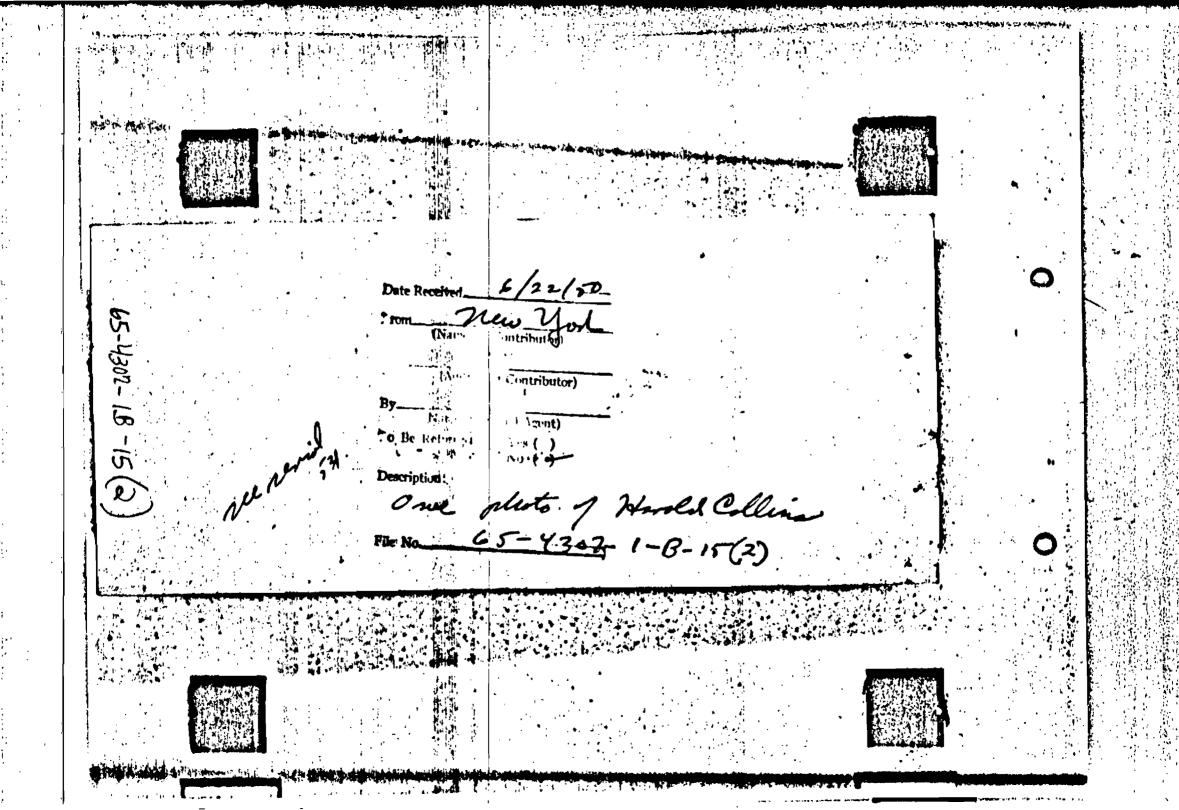
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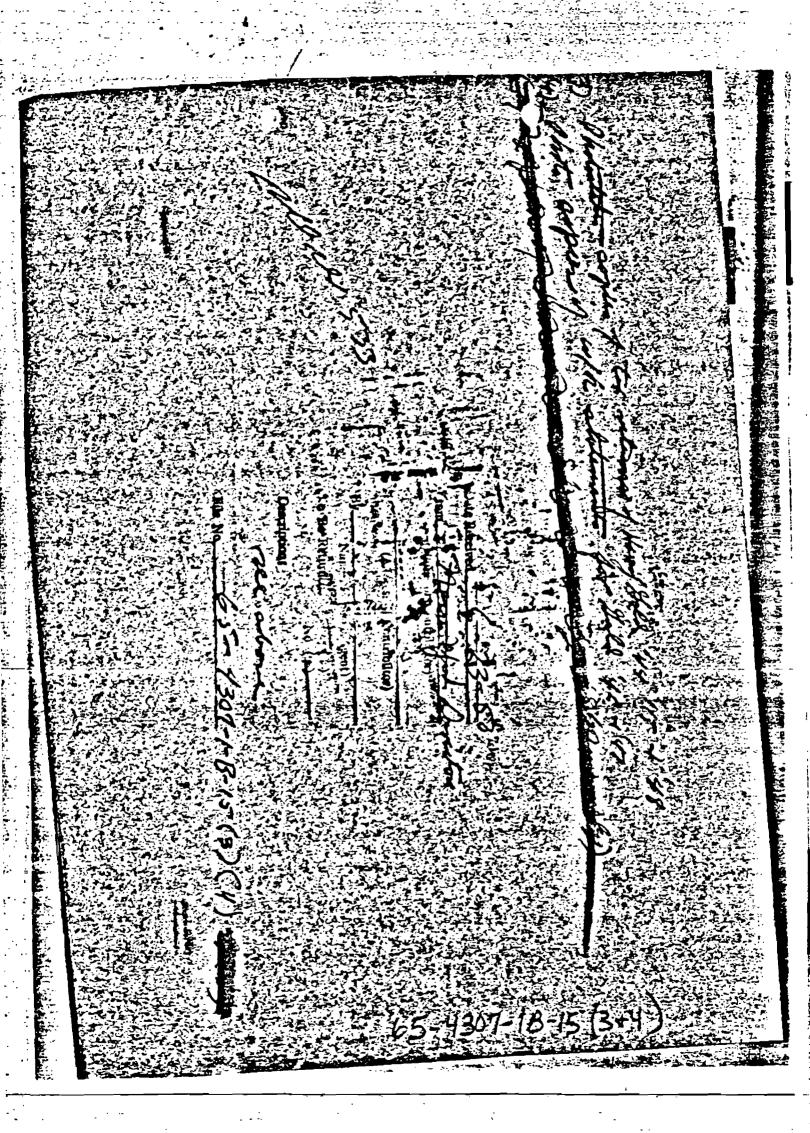
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Harold Collins
Ht: 5'6"
WT: 140
Hair: Black
Complexion: Sallow
Speech: Whining Voice
Resides: 410 Eastern Parkway,
Brooklyn

65-4307-18-19







Harry Gold 6823 Kindred Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (to BMPLOYEE: Change name and address if not surror e3100.00 A. Brethman and Associates 2928 - 11 Averse Long Island City L. New York 11-1510367



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The same of the sa Do Not Lose This Stateme 120 120 E To EMPLOYEE You may use the facts on the back of this original form W RATTY Gold 6623 Kindred Street Philadelphia, 24, Pa. 160-05-4277 (To EMPLOYEE: Change made and address if not correctly shows) Total wages (before pay-rell de-ductions) paid in 1946 **\$3300.00** 1544.50 EMPLOYER BY WHOM PAID (Home odd A. Brothman and Associates 2928 - 11 Avenue Long Island City 1, No Ye. 13-151h0h1

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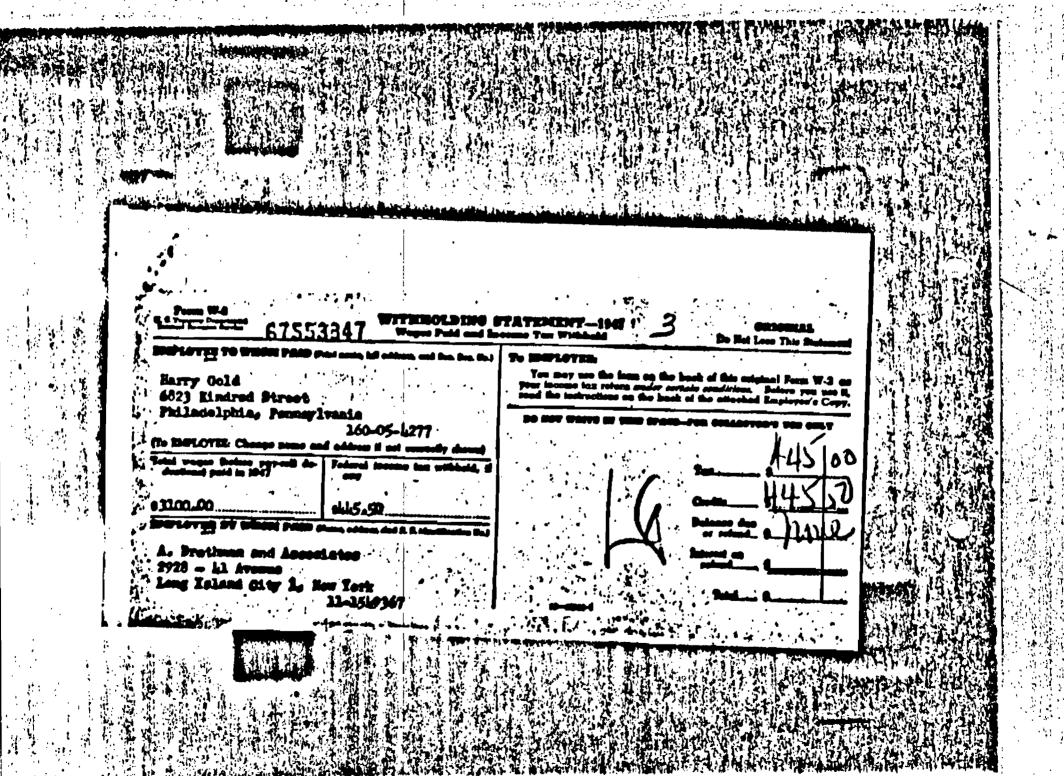
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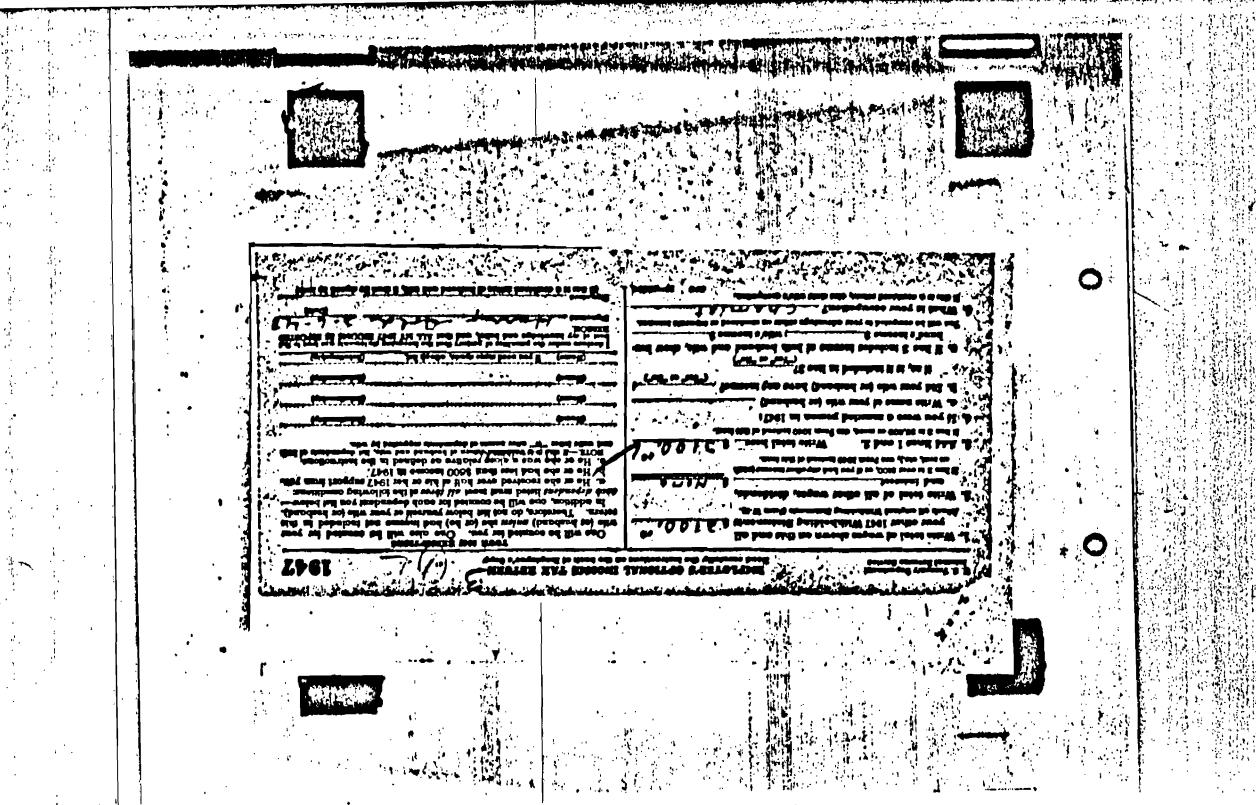
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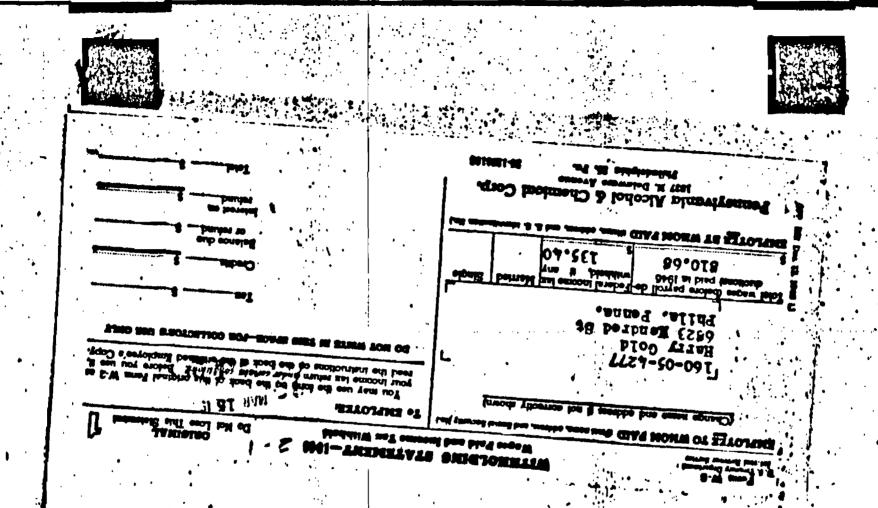
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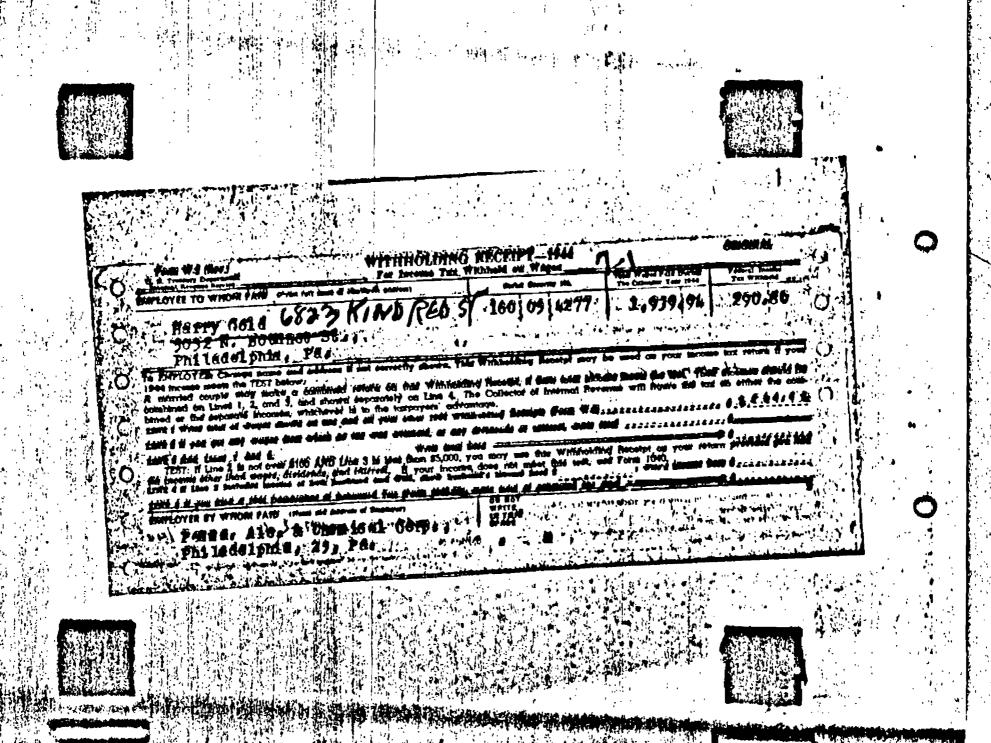
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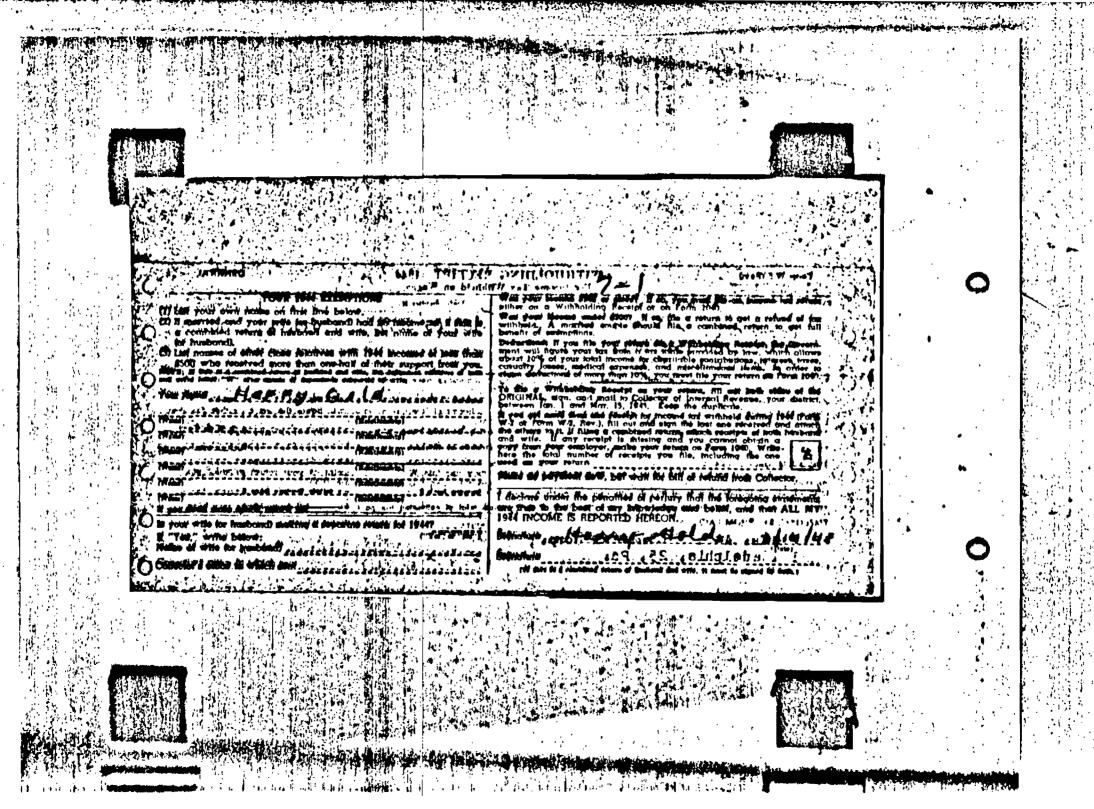
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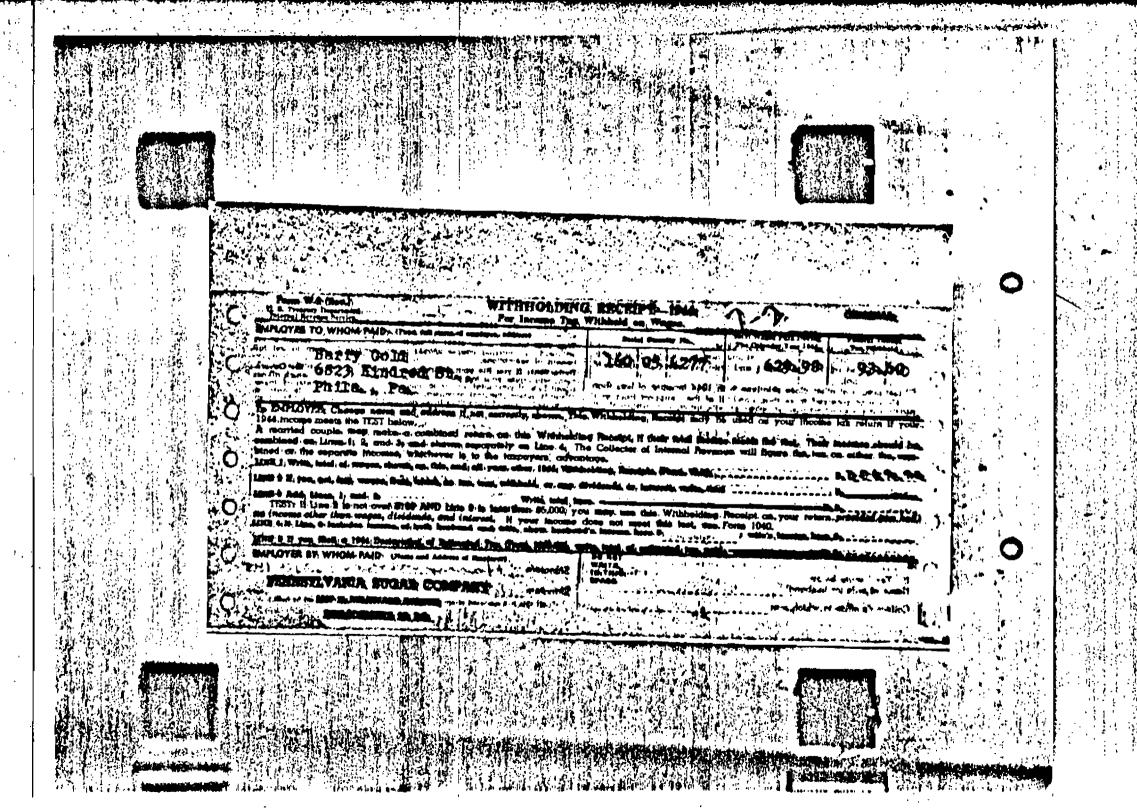


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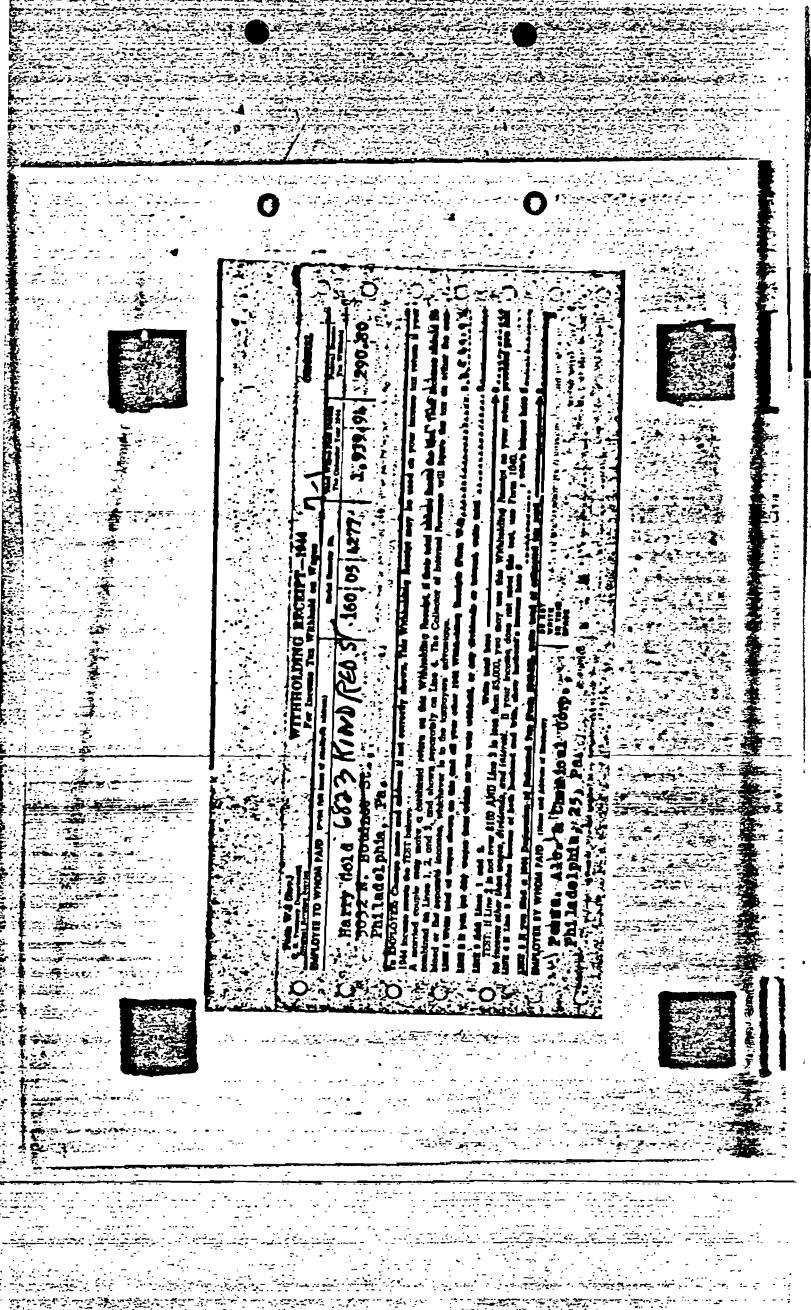


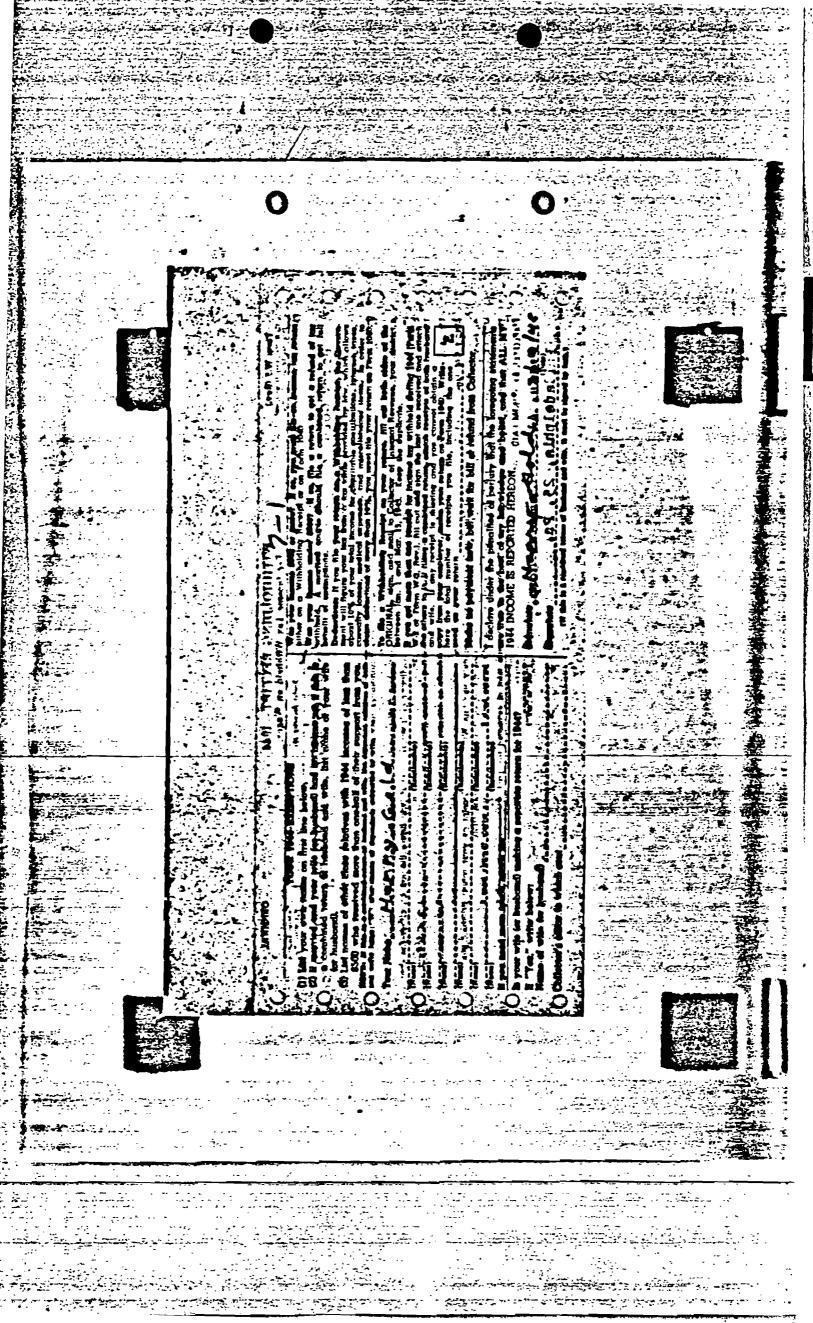


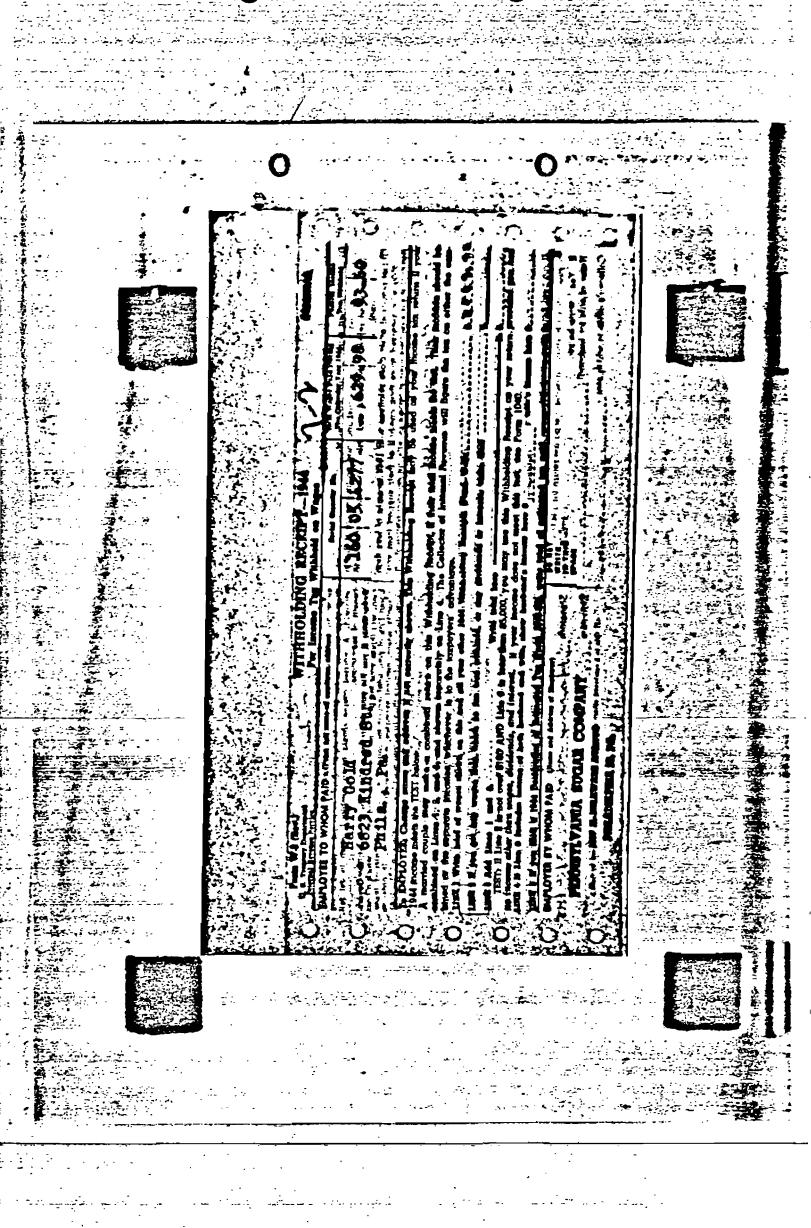


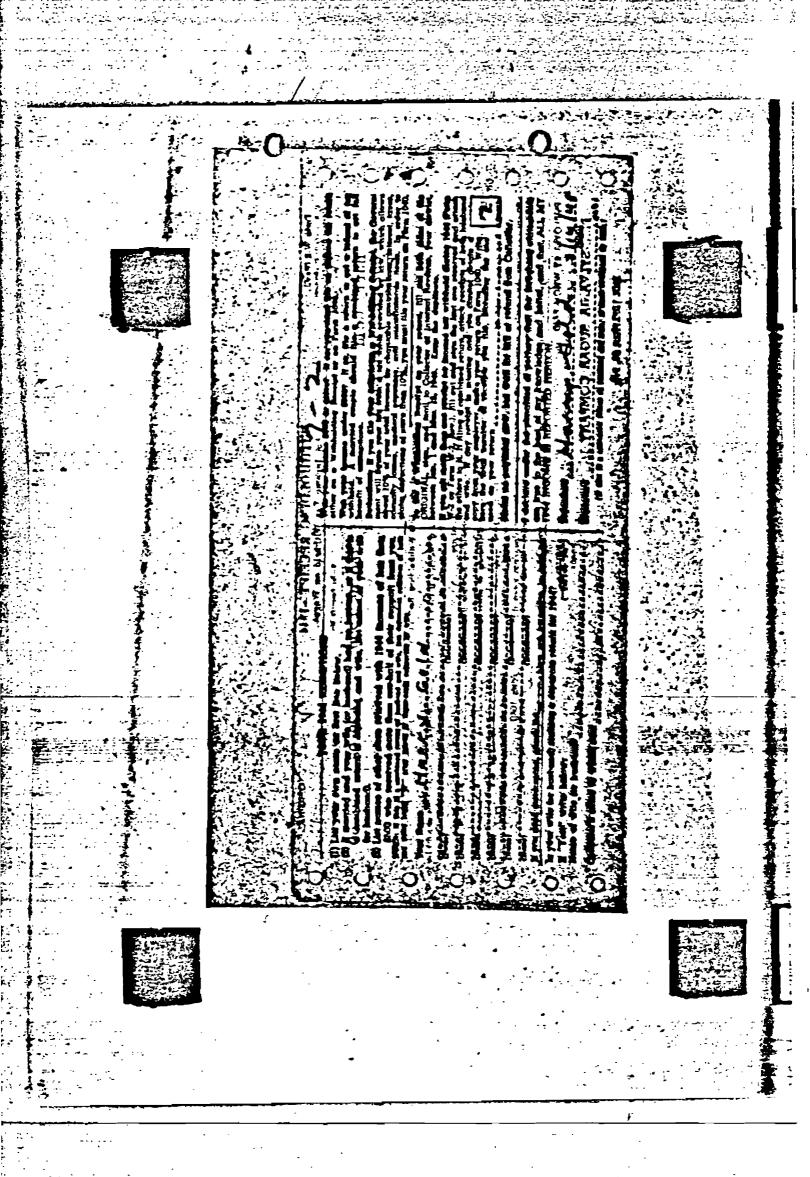
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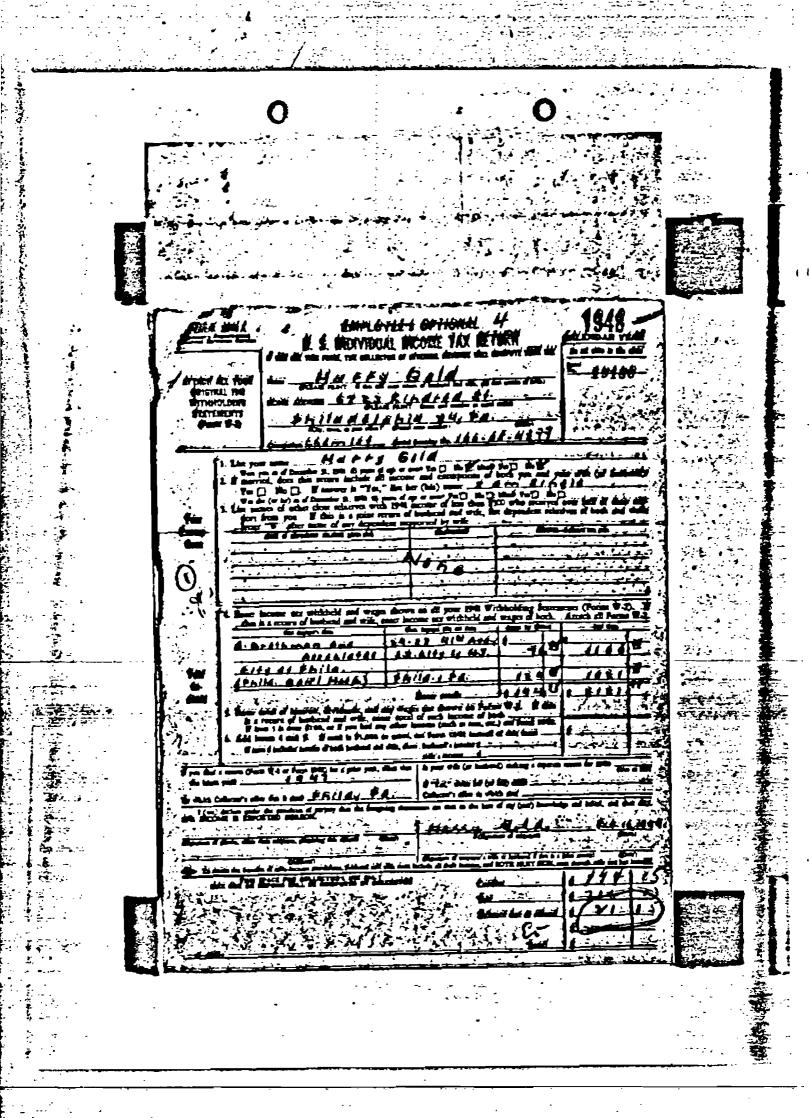
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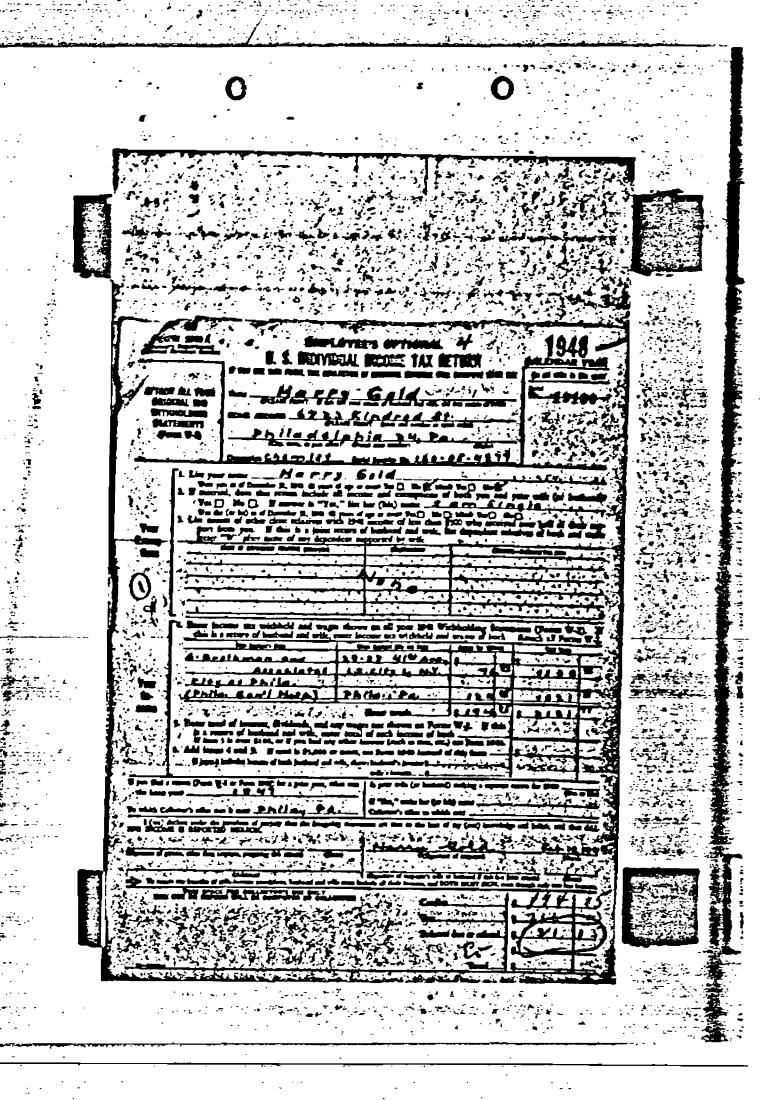
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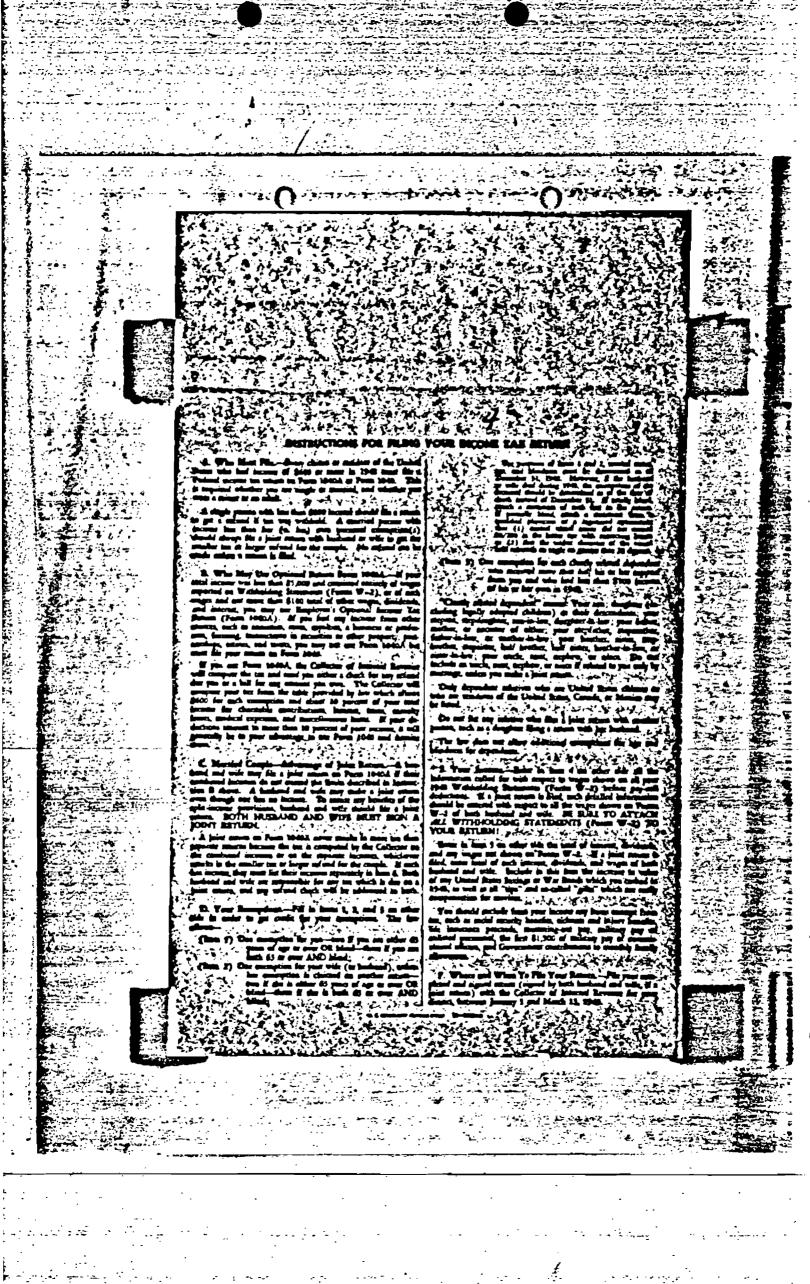
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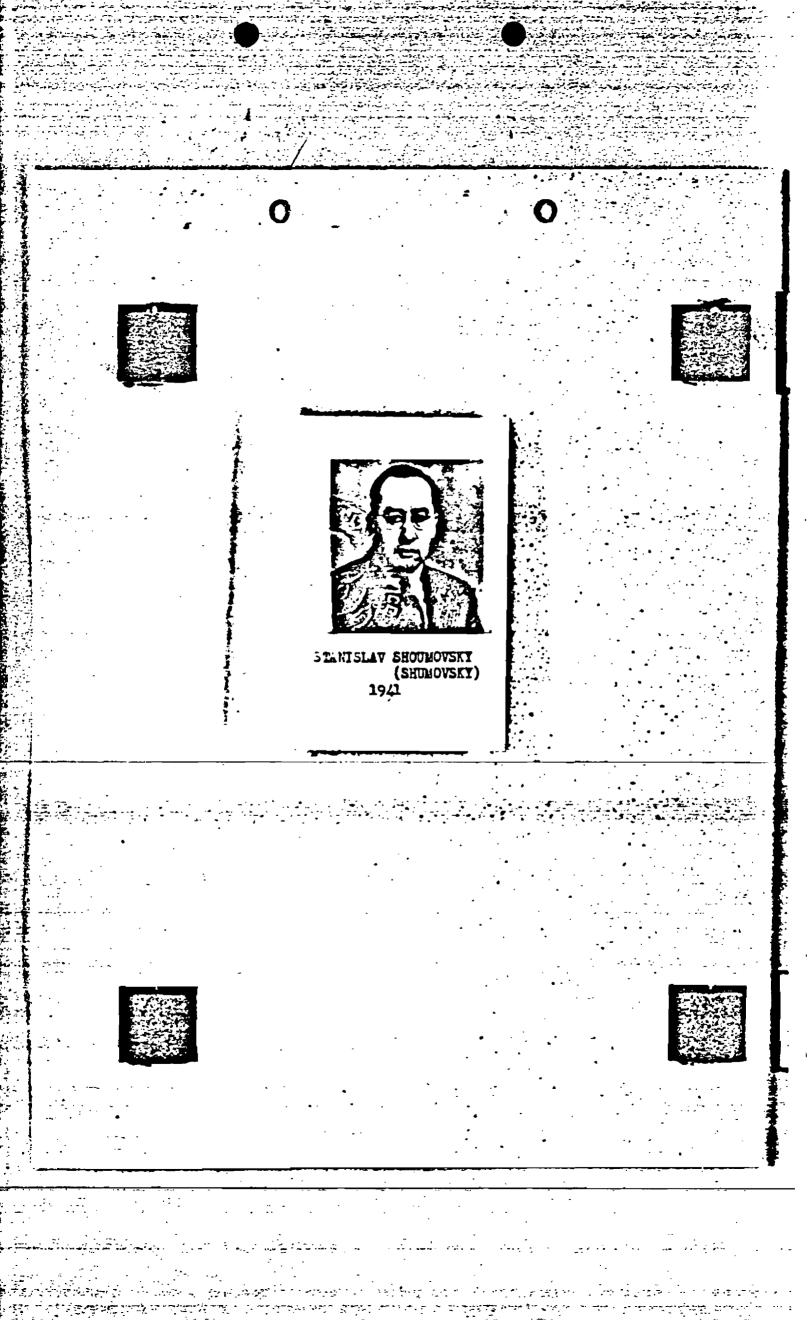


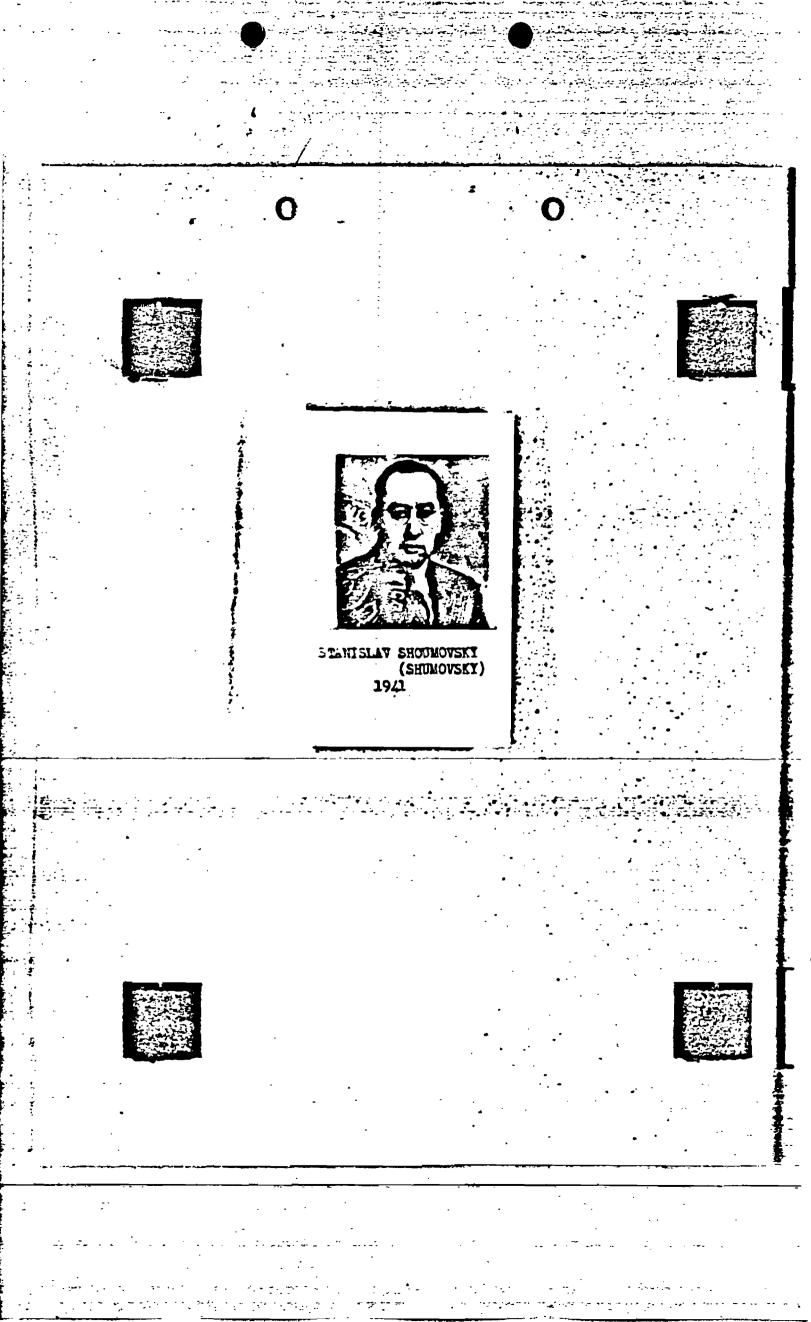






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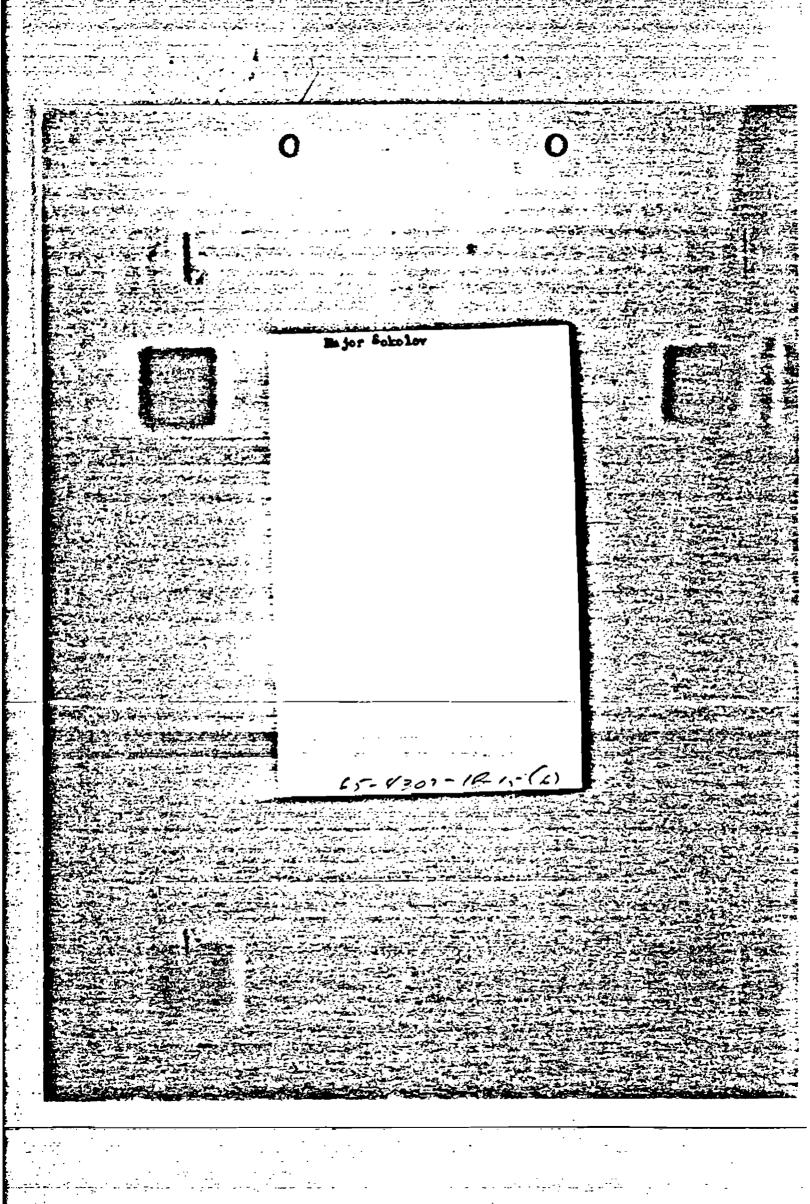




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Mojor Sokolov

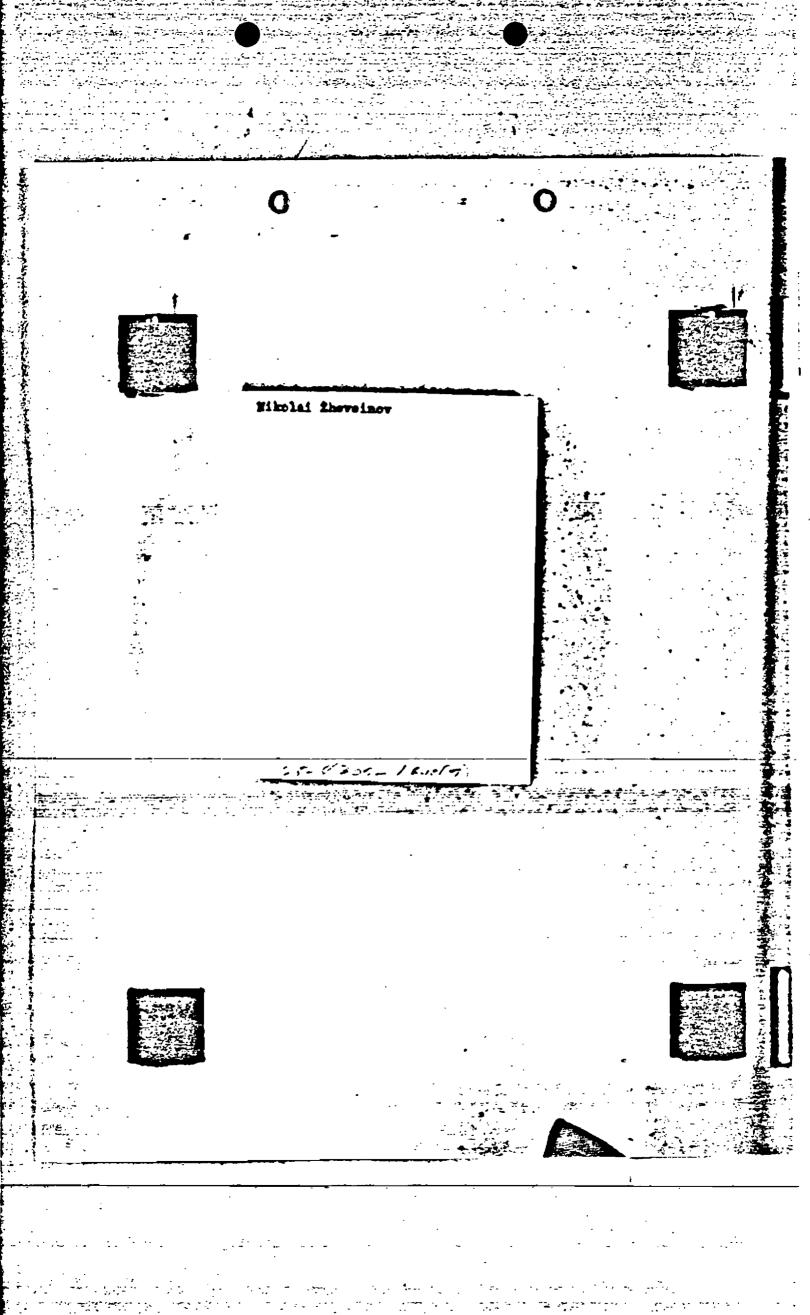
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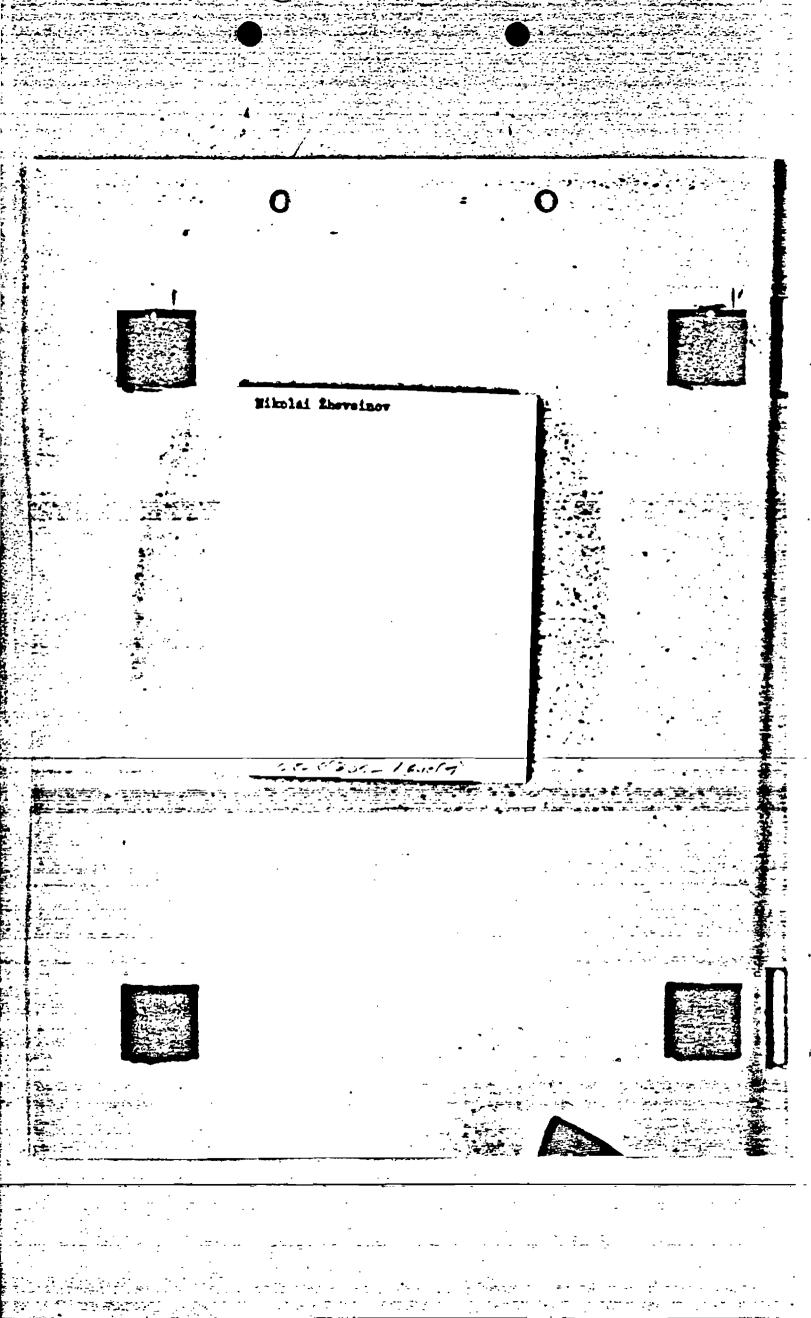


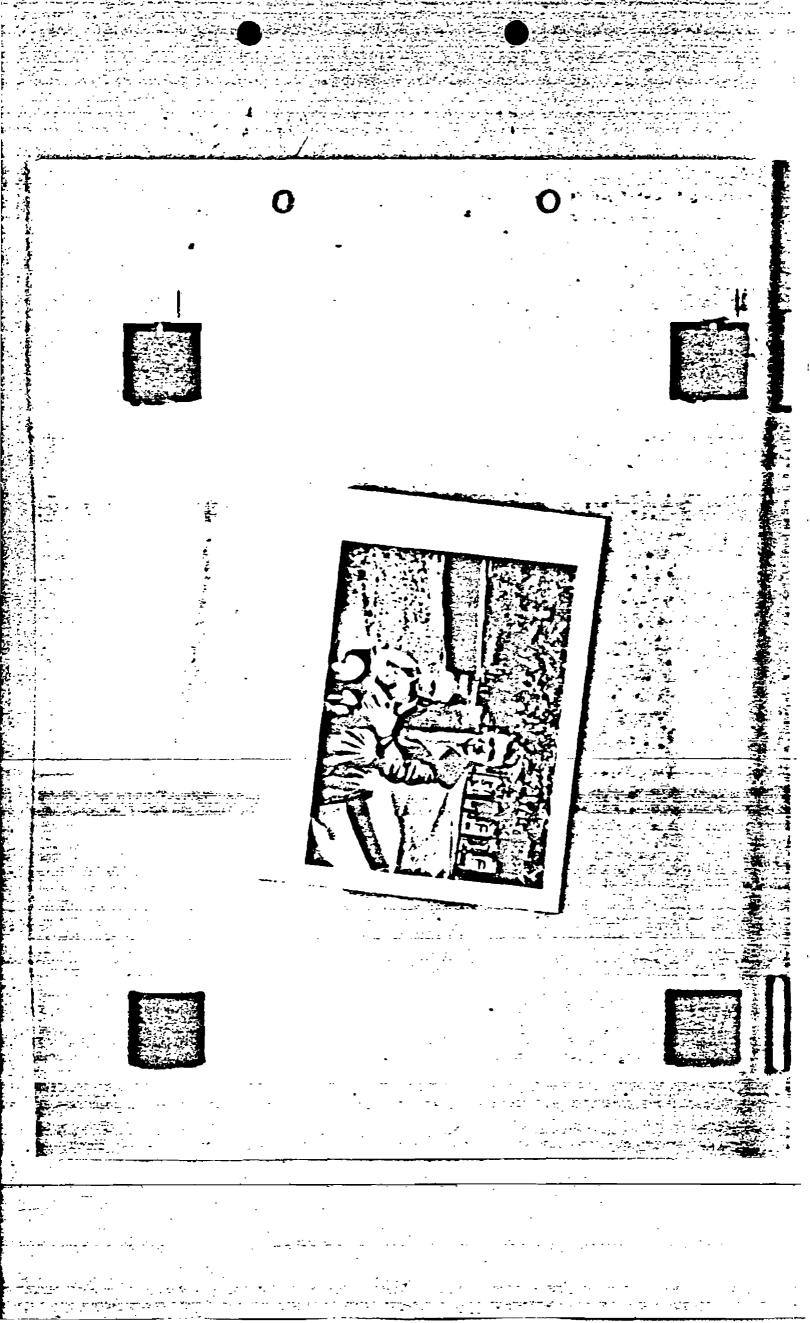


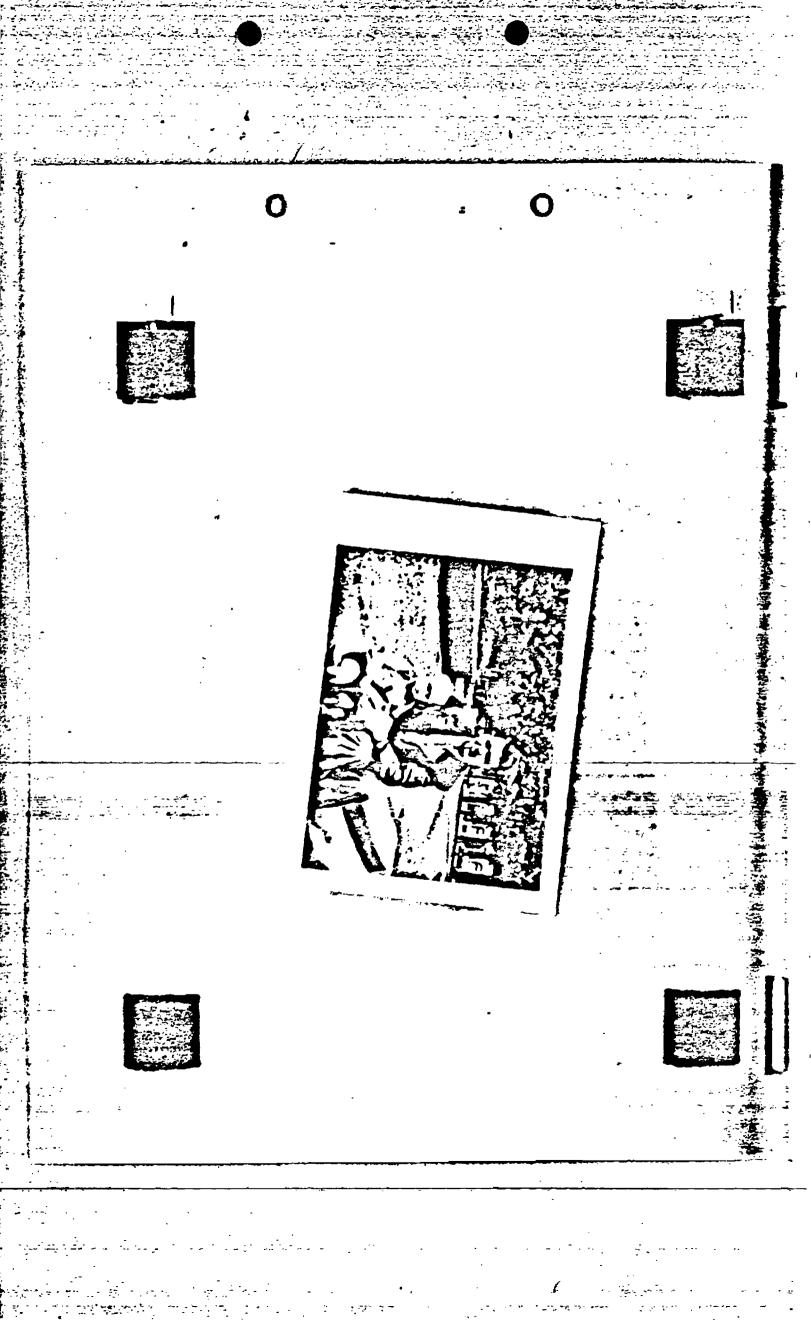


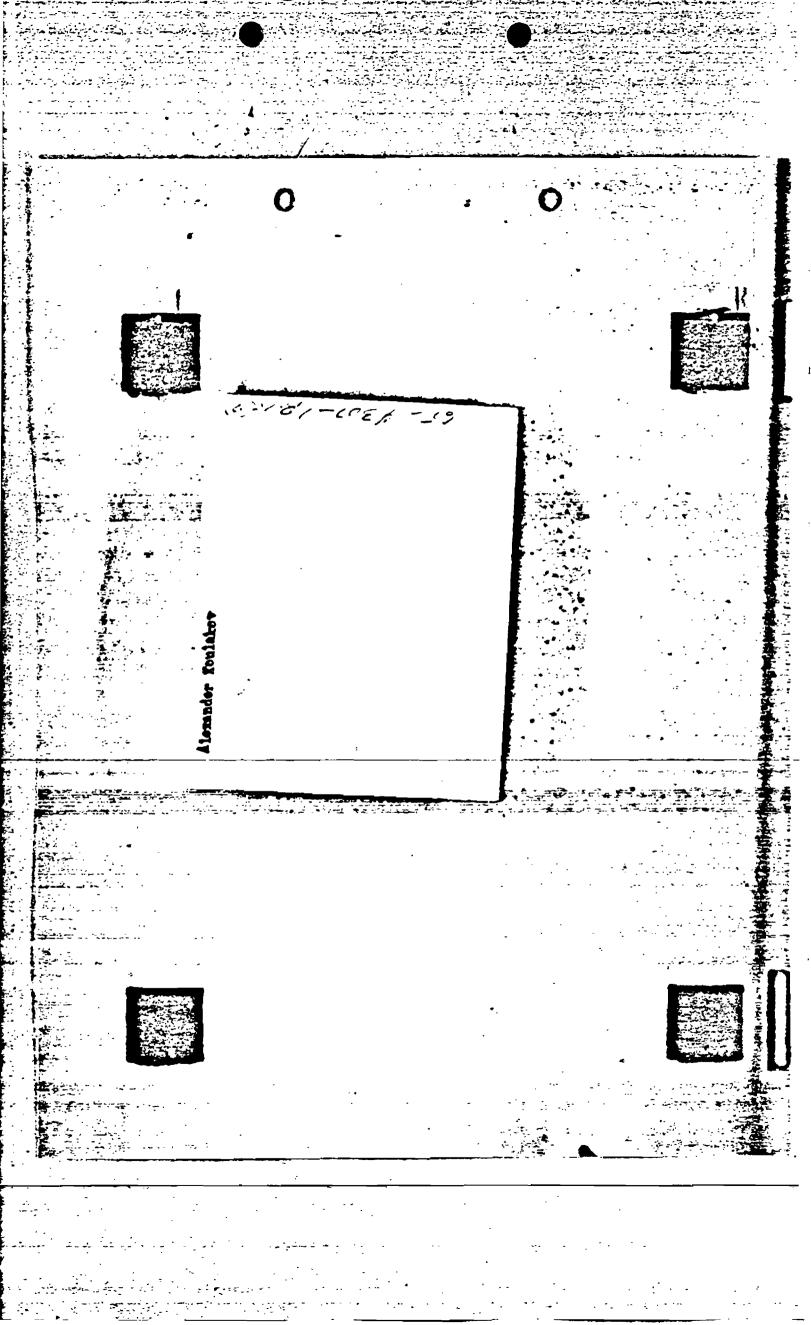


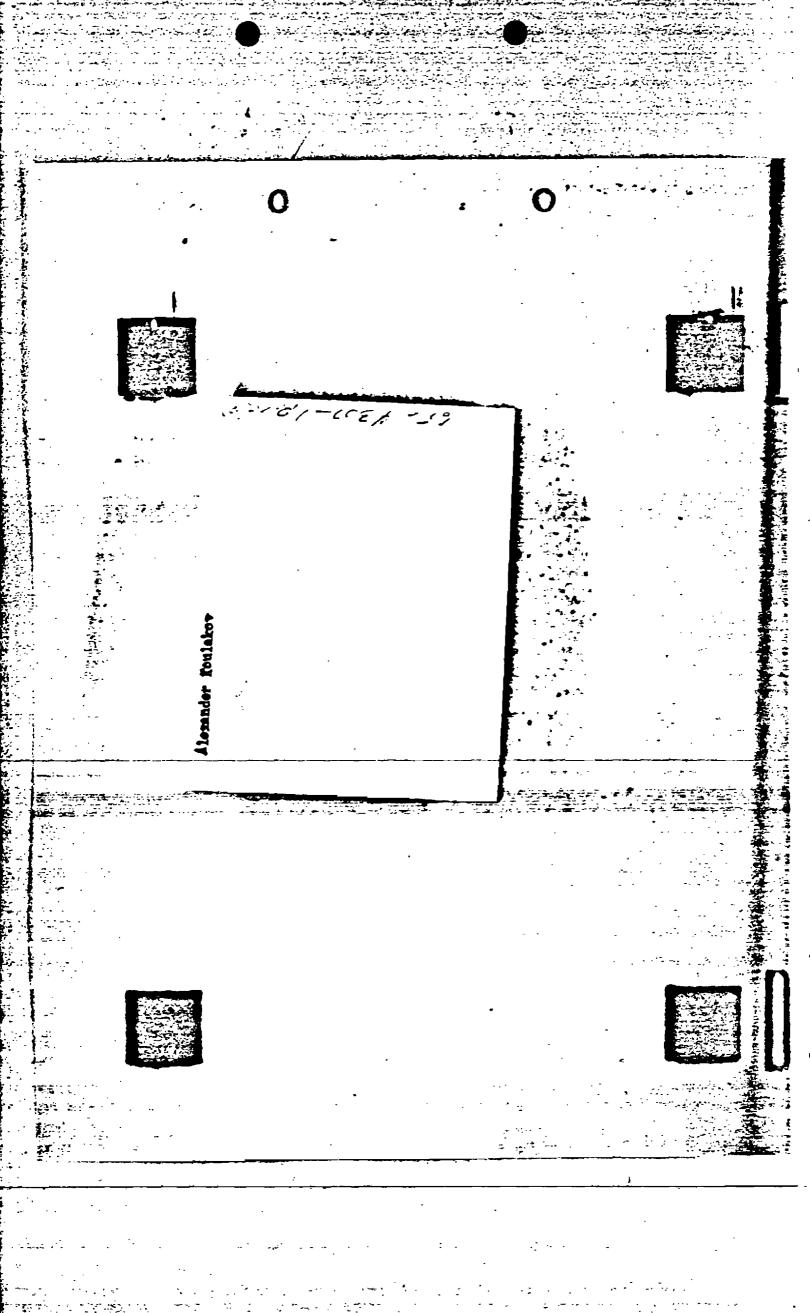


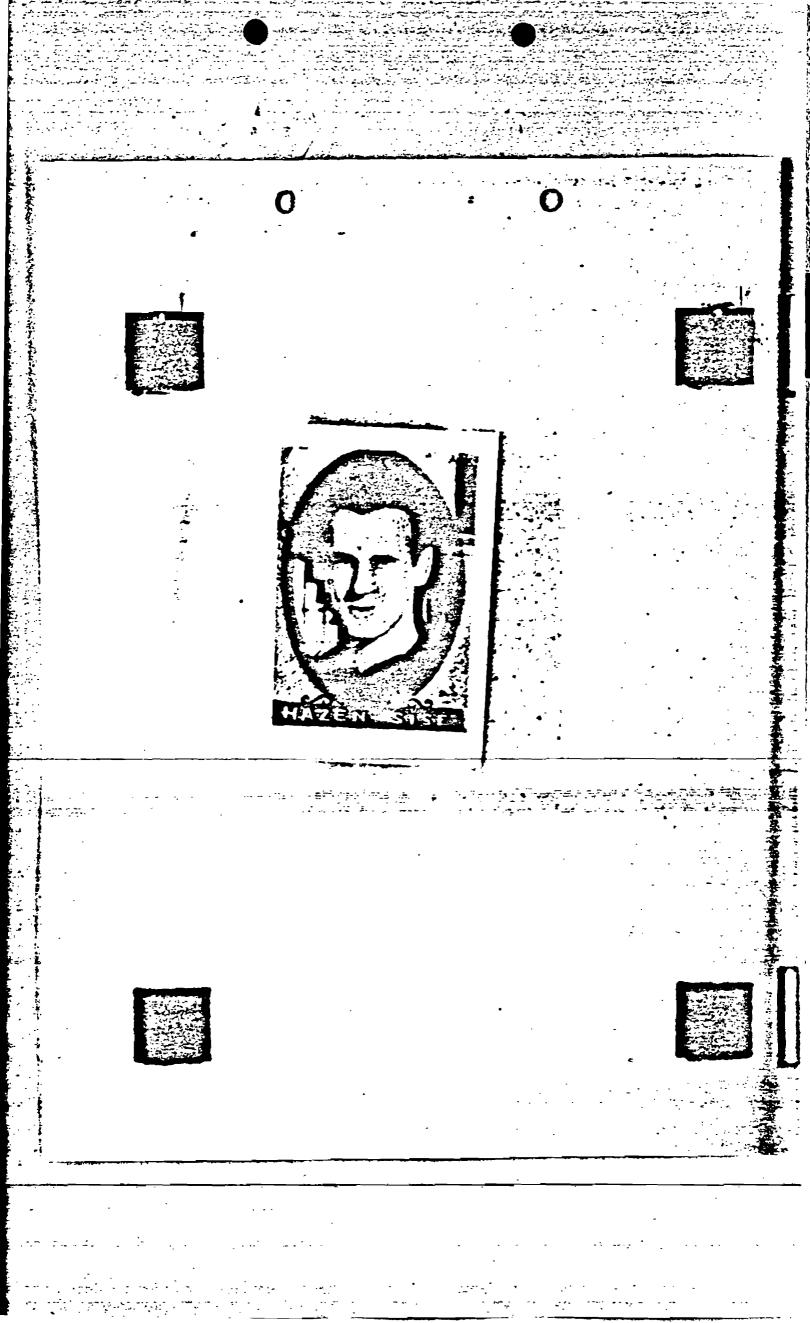


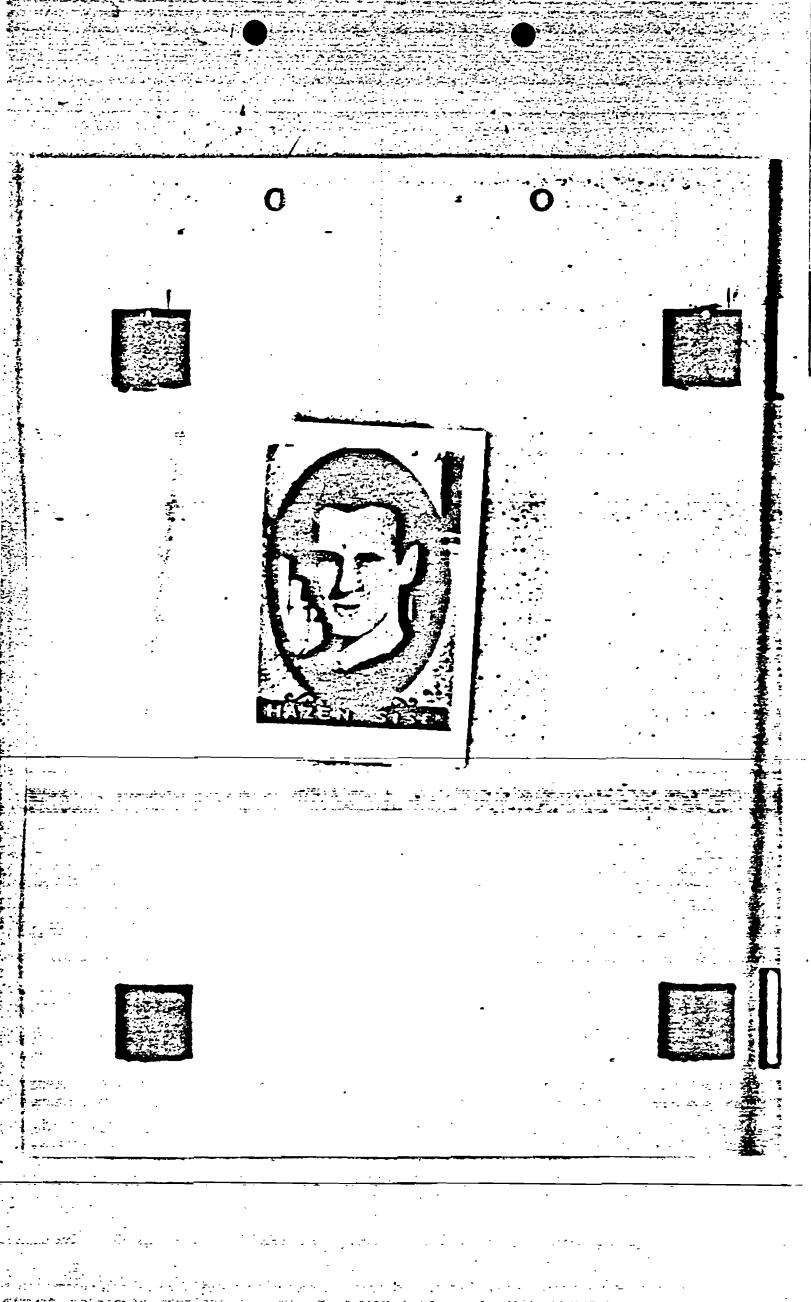












July 10, 1950 June 30, 1950 Philadelphia, Perma.

H.G.

statement to T. SCOTT MILLER, JR., and RICHARD E. BREMMAN, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Pederal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made me, and I realize that I do not have to make any statement, and any statement I do make may be used against me in a Court of Law. I realize that I have a right to counsel.

I would like to add the following to the statement which I gave the above Agents on May 22, 1950. The matter concerns an elaboration on my various meeting; with KLAUS FUCHS.

The first meeting took place in late Jamuary or very early February 1944, and was at the Henry Street settlement on the East side of New York.

The second meeting, and I had set the place, and the time had been agreed upon mutually by KIAUS and myself, was on the Northwest corner of 59th Street and Lexington Avenue; this was about ten days to two weeks after our initial contact. The corner I have specified has a bank with very tall colonnades, and there is a subway entrance in the bank building itself. I met KIAUS directly under one of the first colonnades, or possibly along 59th Street on the South side of the bank. We walked in the general direction of the Queensboro Bridge, the intention in my mind being that we would walk across the bridge and into Queens itself. However, this bridge was closed to foot traffic during this period, and instead we walked along 1st Avenue, North of the bridge.

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back to 2nd Avenue, and very likely we made at least several passages on the dark deserted streets between 1st Avenue and 2nd, between 55th Street and 70th Street.

Hy recollection of the third meeting with KIAUS FUCIS—

It occurred in March of 1914. I recall this clearly, it was still
quite cold and we both wore overcoats. This took place on Madison

Avenue in the 70's, and we immediately turned into one of the dark

described side streets toward 5th, and the transfer of information took

place there. The whole affair took possibly 30 seconds or one minute,

and I immediately walked ahead of KIAUS and down 5th Avenue toward 57th

Street and 6th Avenue, where approximately 15 minutes later I turned

over the information to JOHN. Here again the meeting was of the briefest

possible duration, possibly a minute or so.

The fourth meeting with KLAUS FUCKS took place in the Bronx of New York, and was in front of a large movie theater on the Grand Concourse near Fordham Road, but not quite that far.

we went for a walk partly along the Grand Concourse, but usually on the side streets, during which time we discussed the next meeting which was to be at Queens, and at which a second transfer of information was to take place, and the exact details were arranged.

After this I took KLAUS to dinner, it was a wet and somewhat chilled night for April, and as I recall, he had a bad cough, and I did not wish to expose him to the elements any more than was necessary. This whole procedure of going to dinner in a restaurant was against anything

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that we had previously set forth as a matter of technique of meeting but I felt that the circumstance justified such a deviation from the rules. We had a dinner at which we discussed a number of matters, including music and chass. It was also at this dirmer that we agreed that should either of us ever be questioned as to how we happened to meet, that the story would be that we had met at one of the New York Philharmonic's concerts sometime in March of 1944, and in Carninge Hall; the idea was that we had had adjacent seats and had talked together in the lobby during the intermission. Also, there was the idea that at a subsequent time I would go to the files of a New York paper, mostlikely the New York Sun, and I believe I mentioned this paper to KIAUS, and would look up the date of such a concert and would determine what numbers or what musical selections had been on the program. I would then give KIAUS a list of the musical selections so that we would both be familiar with the program were we questioned. The restaurant to which I took KLAUS to dinner was called Rosenhein's, and is adjacent to Alexanders Department Store at Fordham Road and the Grand Concourse. After we had dinner and emerged from Rosenhein's—the weather was still nasty—I recall a cold drizzle was falling, and took a cab and went downtown to the neighborhood of the 80's and Madison Avenue. There is some possibility that it may have been the 90's and Lexington Avenue. We went into a small bar which also contained tables, and sat at one of these tables and had several drinks. We then left the bar and I put KIAUS in a cab. I now recall that the reason for KIAUS taking the cab was that he lived on the other side of Manhattan, and

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TSV

Aircott transportation through Central Park late at night is very difficult. After KIAUS's cab had departed I waited for a few moments with an empty cab came along, and took this to the Pennsylvania Station and then took the next train to Philadelphia.

My fifth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in May of 1944, and was in Queens, not too far from Queensboro Plaza. I recall the event clearly because I got lost in the neighborhood of Queens! Plaza and had to take a cab for a distance of about a half a mile until I came to the spot I had indicated to KIAUS FUCHS. I was possibly two or three minutes late; he was already there. On this occasion FUCHS gave me the second packet of information, again consisting of some 25 to h0 pages. The total time of the meeting was not over three or four minutes, and after I left him, I walked rapidly further out in Queens, and then took an elevated train some distance further, possibly a ten minute ride. After leaving the elevated I was in the general area where I was to meet JOHN. —I still had about five minutes to wait and I recall stopping near a drug store, and taking a glimpse at the inform tion that KLAUS had turned over to me. This was in a very small but distinctive writing; it was in ink, and consisted mainly of mathematical derivations. There was also further along in the report a good deal of descriptive detail. I did not look at the report for much more than two mirrotes at the most. About five mirrotes after this I went to the place where I was to meet JOHI, this was somewhere between Roodsids and Jackson Heights, and somewhere close to the elevated line which runs Harry Gold REB

to JOHN, and The total time of transfer was not more than one minute with hardly a word said. The time of the meeting with KIAUS was about 7:00 o'clock in the evening, possibly somewhat earlier. The time of the meeting with JOHN was about 7:30. As I recall it was dark or certainly very early evening when I met JOHN, but this may have been due to the fact that the entire day was heavily overcast.

The sixth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS occurred in Brooklyn, and it was somewhere in the area of Boro Hall, This was in June, 1944.

During this meeting I recall that KIAUS FUCES told me that there was some possibility that his sister who lived in Cambridge, Massachusetts, he did not give me her name; however, might come to Now York. He explained to me that his sister was married and had two children, and that she was having great difficulty with her husband and that she was fully intending to leave her husband and come to Now York. Should this occur, KIAUS told me that he would like very much to be able to share an apartment with his sister. I gathered that he and his sister were very close to each other and also the fact that KIAUS was extremely fond of children. KIAUS told me that he brought up the matter because he first wanted me to inquire of my superior whether such an action would be all right. I said that I would make the inquiry. This conversation took place while we were walking away from Boro Hall and further into Brooklyn. I recall clearly that after this meeting I met JOHN, on the very same evening. The meeting with KIAUS took place

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at about 8:30 and lasted for possibly half to three quarters of an hour, possibly even an hour, so that I met JOHN sometime about 9:00.

There may have been during this meeting with JOHN and the just completed one with MAUS FUCHS, some transfer of information from KLAUS to me and then from myself to JOHN; however, I do not clearly recall such an event. I do not recall much of the subject of my conversation with JOIN, except that he was extremely satisfied with the way that things were going and that he left me after a very brief moeting of possibly five to ten minutes. It is this briefness of the meeting with JOEN that makes me think that there may have been some transfer of information.

The seventh meeting with KIAUS FUCHS occurred in either very late June, but most likely in early July of 19hl. This took place near an Art Museum in the 80's, and on the West side of 5th Avenue. We went for a long walk, almost entirely in Central Park and in the many winding roads and small paths leading through the park itself. This meeting took at least an hour and a half and was a very leisurely one. 🐔

During this walk KIAUS told me that there was some possibility het he would be transferred somewhere to the Southin the next year, the west. He thought that possibly this would be Mexico. He also told me at this time that his brother, GREMAND, was now in Switzerland and was convalescing as a result of having been only recently released from a Cerman concentration carp. I gathered from the conversation that CERMARD ee as KLAUS FUCES. I also told KLAUS was of the same political consoi that it would be perfectly all right, should his sister come to New York, Harry Gold

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for him to take an apartment together with her and the children. Actually I had not mentioned the matter to JOHN at all, but had taken it upon apartment to tell KIAUS that such a proceeding was O.K.

The eighth meeting was to take place in Brooklyn and was to becabout two weeks, possibly three, after the meeting in Central Park in July; this would place it about the end of July 1944. The meeting was to occur in front of the Bell Cinema, which is just off the Eastern Parkway in Brooklyn and vary close to the Brooklyn knasum of Art, only it is on the bestern side of the Parkway from the Buseum. This meeting did not take place, nor did a subsequent one which had been meheduled for such an eventuality, on Central Park West, and screening about 96th Street and possibly somewhat above 96th.

on the second occasion I became very worried, particularly since the area is very close to a section of New York where sanggings of ten occur, and also the fact that KIAUS was of slight build and might seem an inviting pred. I would like to emphasize that neither the meeting at the Bell Cinema in Brooklyn, nor the one on Central Park Hest, about 96th Street, occurred because of the fact that KIAUS FUCHS did not show up = = I was there on both occasions.

When I reported the fact of the second unsuccessful attempt with KIAUS FUCHS to JOHN, we held a very long discussion lasting possibly two hours, in which we speculated upon just what the difficulty might be. Our principal trouble was to decide whether KIAUS, for some reason was unable to keep the meetingsk theory he was still in New York, or whather he had actually left New York.

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On the occasion of my most meeting with JOHN, which was in, I believe, wory late August of 1914, the following events occurred:

This moeting took place on a very early Sunday morning, I would say about 8:30 to 9:00 o'clock, and it occurred in domntown New York, At this time Jelli to hi me that he had ascertained the address of KLAUS FUC'S, and that I should, that very norming, make inquiry at that address as to whether KLAUS was there. Toward this end I went some distance up town and in one of the railroad stations I purchased a book called, "JOSEPH THE PROVIDER" which had recently been published and had been written by THOMAS MANN. On the inside cover of this book I printed very legibly the following, W. FUCHS, 128 West 77th Street, New York, M.Y. " It was this book that I took with me to the address given. I recall the appearance of the building very well. It was some sort of white stone and looked never and better kept than the other buildings on the same block. It was, as I recall, about a four-story-dwelling, used as an apartment house. This building was on the South side of the Street. I looked around outside the building, and down a very short flight of steps, and just to the side of the door leading into the building was an old man whom I took to be a janitor; he was handling some rubbish from the spartment house. I believe that I made an inquiry of him as to whether KLAUS FUCHS lived there, but he appeared somewhat puzzled by my question. I then opened the door and went into the westibule. There may have been a very short flight of steps leading up to the vestibule. There to my gratification, among the nameplates, I saw

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gone reading, "Dr. KIAUS PUCHS," though it might have read, "Dr. K. FUCHS pressed the buszer, but there was no answer, and finally I opened the door leading from the vestibule into the main ball; thisknes unlocked. I went into the main hall, along the first floor, looking for the apartmont which as I recall had been given alongside the nameplate as being 1-E or 1F, (there is some possibility that it may have been 1-D). As I walked along the vestibule a door opened, either in the very sportment where MAUS was supposed to live or possibly in the one alongside it, and an old woman looked out. Also at that time there came behind me the janitor. I asked the woman for the spartment of Dr. FUCHS, and at this time the janitor joined in the conversation. I can not recall clearly whether it was he or she who told me that Dr. FUCHS was no longer there. On further questioning, when I asked how I could get in touch with him, they said that they did not think that I could; that he had left town for somewhere on a boat. I then explained to then that I was a friend of Dr. FUCHS and that I had merely wanted to return this book which he had losmed to me. I did not does it wise to make any further inquiries at 128 West 77th Street, but I do recall the janitor and the woman, who I believe was his wife, talking as I left.

later that morning, and somewhere between 10:00 and 11:00 of clock, possibly closer to 11:00, I met JOHK on Broadway, somewhere around 96th and Broadway, and possibly further up on Broadway and very close to Columbia University. I told JOHN about the results of my investigation and we held a long discussion, principally while walking

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along Riverside Drive and in the area of the 90's. We talked at great length as to how we might possibly send a latter or communication to the 77th Street address with the hope that it would be forwarded to FUCHS. I believe that our conclusion was that such a procedure might be too risky as it might involve an awkward explanation on KIAUS part to the surtherities, who were very likely consoring all mail. After some further discussion the only conclusion we could some to, and the advice which JOHN gave me was to sit tight.

On the occasion of a subsequent meeting in early September of 19hh, we again discussed at langth the matter of getting in touch with KLAUS FUCHS, and it was there, I believe, that I mentioned the fact that FUCHS had a sister who lived in Boston. Now it may be possible that form himself may have brought up the matter of FUCHS's sister. I believe this latter to be true, since I had not previously mentioned snything about FUCHS's sister to JOHN. In any event, JOHN told me that he thought that there lay our best line of inquiry.

On the occasion of the next meeting, about the middle of September, JOHN told me with great glee that he had ascertained both the name and the whereabouts of FUCHS's sister. The name that he gave me was that of Mrs. ROBERT HEINEMAN, and the address was morely tembridge, Massachusetts. I do not recall JOHN having given me the street and number.

I went by coach on a Sunday in very late September to Boston, lassachusetts. I arrived there very early in the evening, and recall looking up the address in the telephone directory of ROBERT HEINELAN This

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was, as I recall, like Lakeview Street or Avenue, in Cambridge. I want to this address and the entire street was dark as well as the home that the HEDNIGH'S lived. However, I knocked at the door and a wond sussered. I inquired for Mrs. HEDNIGH'S and the woman replied that the HEDNIGH'S were still away on their vacation and were not expected back until scretime in October. I gathered screhow that the woman was a housekeeper of some sort. I believe that the woman wanted me to leave my name and address, but I think that I merely said that I would call again scretime in October and that the matter was not very important. I gave no indication that I was from out of town.

First I returned from Boston to Philadelphia, and then several days later I met JOHN in New York and told him about the results of my trip. He was highly pleased that we had succeeded in locating Mrs. HEINILAN, and we agreed that in October I would take another trip to Cambridge.

October, and most likely early November. Upon this occasion I took with me a piece of paper or a card inclosed in an envelope, and on this piece of paper were the following inscriptions: There was given the name of a man and a phone number, I believe that the first name began with a "J" and that the last name was something like "KAPLOUN," but I am not very certain on this point at all. Also on the piece of paper was the information that KIAUS was to call the phone number given, any time—on any morning between the hours of 8:00 and 8:30, and was to give the following message: Merely to say, "I have arrived in Cambridge and will

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depair This message was printed by me in ngineering lettering, but the details were given to me by JOHN. Als the message was sealed in the envelope. As I have said, I arrived in Cambridge early on a weekday morning and sometime in early November of 19th. The reason for my making the trip during a weekday, and the reason the recollection I had of a warning for arriving in the morning, we from JOHN that it would be inadvisable to be at the HEININAN home while ROBERT HEIMELAN was there. The trip took place as I have indicated, and as it was planned. I arrived in Boston on a weekday morning early in November. I then went directly to Cambridge, and at 114 Lakeview Avenue, walked up to the door and rang the bell. A young woman appeared, somewhere in her very early 30's, and I asked for Mrs. HEINEMAN. She said that she was Mrs. HEINELAN. I told her that I was a friend of MIAUS FUCHS, and for a moment she seemed somewhat puzzled, and then she said, "Ch, yes, by any chance did you call scretime in September when we were any?" I said "Yes, I am the man," I entered the house and stayed there for possibly half an hour. I noticed that there were two children there, the oldest one a boy called STEVE, and I recall a very small child, and Digital; there is also some possibility at third child, considerably younger than STEVE, whom I took to be about seven years of age, and this third child was a girl of about four. We spoke for some time about MIAUS. and Mrs. HEDNEAN said that she was very glad that he was now in the United States, since they were very close and KLAUS was very fond of the children. No. of the Park

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She may, at this time have indicated that at some prior time tell visited Cambridge. I told her that I had met KIAUS in New York, and that we had become very firm friends, and that I just happened to be on business in the Boston area and had thought that I would stop by and inquire for him. Mrs. HEINEMAN told me that KIAUS had been transferred somewhere in the Southwest United States, but that she expected him home about Christmas time. I believe that she indicated that she hadd several letters from him. She said that she thought that he would certainly be home about Christmas, as he usually made a great event of bringing presents for the children. I told her that my plans for the future and my whoreabouts were very uncertain, and in that eventuality I would leave a message for MATS which would tell him how bost to get in touch with me. I them gave her the scaled envelope, and told her should KLAUS arrive, to give it to him.

I then returned to Philadelphia, and some days subsequent, possibly a week or so later, reported the results of my trip to JOHN. At this time, I recall, we made an emergency arrangement whereby JCHN could get in touch with me should this other party, the one with the phone number in Manhattan, advise JOHN that FUCHS was now in Cambridge. This emergency arrangement, which would even at that have involved the passage of several days, was never used, and instead, in the first week in January 1945, JOHN called me shortly before 7:00 A.M., on a weekday morning, just as I was getting ready to leave for work; with some difficulty he described to me the fact that he was in a gasoline station, mear what I finally determined to be Oxford Circle section of Philadelphia. JOHN wanted to know if I would come down there an meet him. I did so.

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It was a very snowy morning, I recall it wall, and JOHN was wet. got on the car again and wont down the terminal in Frankford, where JUEN told me that he had just the previous day received notification that FUCHS was now at Cambridge. He also told me at that time that the reason he had not used the emergency meeting was that he had some other affairs to attend to which would have taken him out of Now York, and where he would have been unable to get in touch with me. He then told me that I must, as soon as possible, arrange to go to Cambridge. I did so. I believe that I met JOHN on a Tuesday or a Wednesday, and that I arrived in Cambridge on most likely a Friday. I went directly to the HEIDELAN home, this was in the morning, and when I knocked I was admitted by, I believe, a servant girl. KIAUS was there and welcomed me. Mrs. HEINIMAN left after a few mirmtes and excused herself, saying, "I have to pick up the children from the school." MAUS asked me to go upstairs with him to his room, which was the front one looking out on the street, and we gat there for possibly 15 or 20 minutes, during which time the following took place: KIAUS told me that he was located at an atomic energy experimental station which was called los Alamos and which was located some 30 miles sway from Santa Fe, New Mexico. He said that Los Alamos had once been a very exclusive boys! school, and that there was nothing else in that area. The nearest habitation of any kind was Santa Fe. He told me that he was getting along very well there, but that he was strictly limited in regard to being able to leave Los Alamos. He said that it had only been with the greatest difficulty and due to the fact that he had gotten a bit ahead on his work, as regards the rest Harry Gold

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of the group, that he had been able to wangle time off to come to Cambridge. I had, proviously, that is on the occasion of my meeting with JOHN in Philadelphia, been told of an arrangement which involved meeting KIAUS again in Cambridge, should be make another trip. The place of the meeting was to be somewhere in the area of the Charles River. JOHN had told me that it would be inadvisable to meet at the HEINEMAN home again and we were only doing so this time because it was the only way that I could meet KIAUS without utilizing toplangthy a of instructions. When I mentioned the proceeding W.S. message or recti moeting mear the Charles River to KLAUS, he told me that such would be impossible; that he was ecrtain that it would be a very long time, possibly over a year, before he sould again loave les Alexes, and that the most mostly would have to take place in Sente Yes in discussed this matter at some length. I believe that KIAUS told me that about April he would again have information for me, but I told him that I could not possibly get to Santa-Fe in April. - We finally set a date which was very early in June, and we also set the exact hour, which as I recall, was 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon of Mrst Saturday in Anne, KLAUS showed me a map of Santa Fe, and indicated on it the Castillo Street Bridge over the Rio Santa Fo. He also told me that he would make every effort to keep this appointment.

scheduled meeting on the first Saturday in June not take place, that there was provision made for an alternate meeting, most likely on the first Saturday in the following month, and at the same time and place.

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MAIS gave me a quite considerable packet of information, and by this time, I recall, has HEINEMAN had returned and one of the children poored curiously into the room. Mrs. HEINEMAN called the child back, though possibly it may have been the housekeeper who called the child back. In any event the child was called sway. There also occurred the following events:

As a Christman present I gave MAUS a wallet of the very thin dress or opera type. Also, I had been given the sum of \$1,500.00 by JOHN with instructions to give it to KIAUS, but that I must proceed very delicately in this last matter so as not to offend him and that under no circumstance must I insist upon or make an issue of this matter. KIAUS did accept the wallet, but looked somewhat bewildered, and when I made some very tentative inquiries concerning whether he needed any money either for himself or possibly for his sister, the reply was so cold and final that I went no further with the matter. It was quite obvious that I had offended the man. I left shortly thereafter, by even mentioning a and returned to New York. There I turned over the information to JOHN and also returned to him the \$1,500.00, saying that I had made some tentative inquiry, but that KLAUS FUCHS had responded so violently that I deemed it inadvisable to pursue the subject further. I recall very well that on the occasion of my meeting KIAUS FUCHS at the REINLIAN's in Cambridge. that there was a heavy snow on the ground. This transfer of the information from me to JOHN was in New York City, but I do not believe it was in Manhattan, and I can not recall the exact borough.

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first trip, and in very late May of 1945, on a Saturday afternoon, I met JOHN in a bar near 42nd Street and 3rd Avenue. I believe it was actually the Southwest corner of 42nd Street at 3rd Avenue. JOHN verified the fact that I was going on the trip and we made arrangements for a moeting in New York on my return from Santa Fe. The actual place of the moeting was to be in Brooklyn.

I left Philadelphia and went by train to Chicago, just about the end of May, From the Union Station in Chicago, I went to the Dearborn Station, and managed to obtain space (an upper) to Albuquerque, New Mexico. I would like to state here that I had been told by JOHN to use a very circuitous route which involved going beyond Albuquerque and into Arisons, and them going from Arisona to El Paso, Texas, and them from El Paso to Santa Fe. However, I was extremely short of money, and had to watch what I had very carefully, and such a trip was completely out of the question. Also, there was the matter of time; it was only with the greatest difficulty and only at the last minute that I had been able to arrange to take part of my vacation that early in the year. I recall that the train that I took did not go directly to Albuquerque, but stopped at Clovis, New Mexico; there we took a coach, attached to a shunt engine for a distance of some 25 to 30 miles into Albuquerque. I would also like to add that KIAUS had advised me that Agetting off at Lamy, New Mexico, some 40 miles from Albuquerque, that I could get direct transportation into Santa Fe, without first going to Albuquerque. This last I had decreed inadvisable, as I thought that the only people going to Santa Fe would be those connected with the atomic energy project and

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they might wonder who this stranger was in their midst. Very likely, I deemed it certain that most of these people going from Lamy to Santa Cibugurque 30.2. moon, just shortly after 12:00 e'clock, and inquired the way to the bus station. I believe that either MLAUS had told me that there was transportation by bus from Albuquerque to Santa Fe, or that I had obtained such information from one of the porters or conductors on the Santa Fe line. I took the bus to Santa Fe, and arrived there about 2:50 in the afternoon. I had considerable time to spare until 4:00, and to avoid drawing attention to myself, I went as any ordinary tourist would, to the rather large historical museum located in Santa Fe. There I inquired about obtaining a map of Santa Fe, and they did give me one which I believe to be identical with the one which KLAUS had shown me in Cambridge, Massachusetts. I wanted such a map because I did not wish to ask the way to the Castillo Street Bridge and have any one in Santa Fe remember such an occurrence. I located the Castillo Streat Bridge on the map, and went there promptly at 4:00 o'clock. KLAUS arrived there possibly two or three minutes late, during which two or three minutes I became extremely uneasy, as the area around the Castillo Street Bridge was extremely sparsely settled. He finally came along Alam Street, a gravel road, and driving a dilapidated old car, a two seater. He parked the car and went for a walk, during which time the following events took place: 11.5.

MLAUS told me that he was getting along very well with his work in Los Alamos, and told me that he did not, however, believe, and that was a reiteration of his statement which he had made several times before,

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engin Cambridge and at least once or twice in New York, that the atomic sufficient time for use in the war against the Japanese.

He also told me that everyone concerned with this work was working wery hard, practically day and night, and that he himself put in an average of from 18 to 20 hours a day. We made arrangements for the next meeting, which KLAUS said should be sometime in August, but I demured, and we finally set it for the 19th of September 1945.

I would like to state here that the date offirst meeting, and, the one that I am now discussing in Santa Fe, was on the first Saturday in June of 1945.

packet of information. There should be added one more thing, and that is that KLAUS's insistence on a meeting in late August 1945, may have been due to the fact that he had mentioned that some important development was to take place during August, but he did not indicate what this development was. I left KLAUS and took the first bus from Santa Fe to Albuquerque. I had considerable difficulty that evening in trying to obtain a place to sleep, since I did not intend to leave Albuquerque until the following day, that is Sunday. I believe that in the course of searching for a hotel room, I registered at the Hilton with the understanding that should a room become available they would save it for me.

During the evening I made inquiry at practically every other hotel of any size in Albuquerque, including one that I recall, the San Francisco. Finally, about 12:00 o'clock night, the Hilton advised me that there was such a long waiting list ahead of me that they were certain that me

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room would be available that might. I thereupen wandered through Albaquerque and firelly, upon anking a policemen, he directed us to a private home near the main street of Albaquerque, Central Ayume, which had been temperarily converted into a rooming house. The only space that these people had, and I with difficulty talked these people into letting me Stay there, was in the hallway on the second floor of this home, where a maleshift screen was put up around a very sickety cote I spent the night there, and late the following afternoon, about 6:00 steleck, took the train from Albuquerque to Chicago, Here again I had been unable to make prior reservations, and only obtained my in the carly afternoon of Sunday. When I surrived in Chicago I es function, and determined that the e I send per as from Grisage de Washingtone Even So. as chasper them going by train from Chicago to New York or Philedelphia. Accordingly, I went by plane to Vashington, and arrived there about 1:130 or 5:00 in the afternoon, and then to the Permaylvania Rail road train from Washington to Box York. About 9,00 o'clock in the evening, and somethore in the area of letropolitan avenue in Brooklyn. and where Ketropolitan Avenue approaches Queens, I met Join and turned the information over to him, that is, the information I had received THE FILE PUCIES

Same We am September 19, 1965. Again I had the usual difficulties in Westering for this trip, first the matter of soney, and I did a consider this amount of borrowing toward this and, some of it at the very last minute. Also there was the matter of obtaining time off, and again with the same of the same o

Finiladelphia to Chicago, and stayed over in Chicago at the Palmer House.

And the Lag of Atomorant. In the evening I checked out of the Palmer
House and went again to the Dearborn Station, where I had earlier in the
day obtained space to Albuquerque. I arrived in Albuquerque early in
the week, possibly on a Tuesday or Wednesday, and registered at the
Hilton Hotel. I used the name "HARRY COID," the same which I had used
at the Palmer House. From Albuquerque I went to Santa Fe, and very
late in the afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, met KIAUS FUCHS. This moeting
place was on the outskirts of Santa Fe, and was near a large church.

For the first time in my association with FUCHS he was late

for a meeting which occurred, and by late I mean that he was fully twenty
or twenty five minutes tardy. He did come along driving from the extends
of Santa Fe in the direction of the city itself. He explained to me that
he was very sorry about not being punctual, but that he had great difficulty, first in obtaining the use of the car, and secondly, in being
able to get away from his friends with whom he worked at los Alamos. He
also explained to me that there were some bottles of liquor in the bottom
of the car, which, had been purchased by KLAUS and these friends, in preparation for a party which they were going to have back at los Alamos that
very evening. The purpose of the party was to celebrate the successful
use of atomic energy in the form of a weapon. KLAUS also told me, and
this occurred while he was driving away from Santa Fe and up into the
surrounding hill and desert country, that he himself was rather avestricken

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by what had occurred, and that, frankly he had not been too certain that the project might not have been abandoned before it was completed, and that certainly he had grievously underestimated the industrial potential of the United States in being able to complete such a gigantic undertaking. He was also greatly concerned by the terrible destruction which the weepon had wrought. He told me that whereas, before, the townspeople in Santa Fe had regarded them, the people at Los Alamos, as a sort of "boundoggle" joutfit engaged in work which they could not comprehend; that now they were hailed on all sides as conquering heroes, and the townspeople were now very friendly to them. He also told me that the relationship between the British mission and the United States, which once had been extremely cordial and free, had now become somewhat strained, and that there was no longer the free exchange of information between the two groups. He said that cortain sections of the project, which had been freely opened to him nor were barred. He further said that he had no idea as to how long he would continue to be at los Alamos, but that he expected that sometime in the near future, possibly about December of 1945, and possibly sometime early in 1946, that the British would have him return to England where he would again resume work on Atomic Energy, exclusively for them. He told me also that he had been notified by a member of the British intelligence that they were trying to contact KLAUS's father in Kiel, Germany, though it may be likely that MAUS actually said they were trying to repatriate his father from Switzer land to Kiel. I believe that MAUS said his father had for a time lived

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in Switzerland during the war, taking care of one of his grandchild the had been exphaned by the death of its parents in a German concent tion camp. In any case, MAUS was concerned because he told me that his father was very old, and was given to talking rather freely about his son's past, meaning MAUS's activities in the Communist Party in Germany in the years 1932 and 1933. MAUS told me that as far as he know the British had no inkling about his past as it related to his Communist activities, and he was arrious that this continue so. He told me that the British intelligence man had also mentioned that it might be possible to bring KIAUS's father to England, and again KIAUS was concerned, lest his father inadvertently let drop some hint as to KIAUS s past. He was also very much concerned about the welfare of the old man, and was in somewhat of a dileme. I could not give him very much advice, except to tell him to proceed as he thought best, and that possibly he was greatly overestimating the extent to which the old man would talk and also the extent to which the British might be interested in the pa I sould see that KIAUS was also very much concerned about the welfare and health of his father.

The following was made with ELAUS FUCUS for meeting him again should be be transferred to Great Britain; starting with the first Saturday in a given month, which month was to be determined from inquiry at KLAUS's sister's, and was to take place in England as soon as it could be arranged for someone to neet KLAUS there. To amplify, noither of was had any idea as to how soon we could determine from KLAUS's sister when he would actually leave, or had left for Britain. So that a month after

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arrival in England, and on the first Saturday, these meeting to begin. The time was to be 8:00 P.W., and the place was in London at a tubo express stop which contained the word "Crescent," and may have been something like "Paddington," or "Teddington," Crescont. The moeting was to be above the tube on the street, and the recognition signal was to be the following: " ...

In one hand the person meeting KLAUS would have five books bound together by a tight string. These books were to be carried by a comple of fingers hooked under the string. In the other hand the person was to have in her? containing the outside jacket of BENNETT CERP's book, popular at that time, and which contained a large collection of amendotes. The book jacket had, I believe, a yellow and green design on it. I can not recall what KLAUS was to have used for a recognition signal, beyond the fact that the person meeting him would have a complete physical description of KLAUS FUCHS. The other point about this meeting with MAUS FUCHS was that he mentioned that he had attended the first explosion of the bonb at Alamogordo, New Mexico, and he also mentioned to me that the people back at Los Alamos told him of having seen the flash even though it was raining and the sky was overcast. There was also provided for the contingency should KLAUS be in Cambridge later that year, the said that he hoped in any case to be able to again spend the time around Christmas with the HERELMI family in Combridge, and that the best way of ascertaining his whereabouts was to make an inquiry shortly before that time. This meeting took place as I have said in the hills surrounding Santa Fe and was a fair distance away, because below

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ms I could barely see the lights of Santa Fe in the distance. KIAUS drove me into Santa Fe and just on the outskirts of the central area of the town. The last event that transpired before KIAUS dropped me off in Santa Fe, on the outskirts of the central area of the town, was that KIAUS gave me the packet of information relating to atomic energy. This was in accordance with our procedure, whereby no information was to be passed until such time that we were ready to part. After a period of ancious waiting, about an hour and a half, I finally obtained a bus going back to Albuquerque.

I spent part of the night in a room at the Hilton Hotel, and very early in the morning, possibly 2:30 A.W., I was informed by the airlines that there was space for me as far as Kansas City. I was picked up by the Airline's limousine, and went to the Albuquerque Airport and from there by plane to Kansas City. At Kansas City I was forced to leave, and from there I took a day coach to Chicago, arriving late in the syuning. I just managed to catch a train leaving Is Salle Station and going to New York. I rode part of the way until the morning in the day coach, and the rest of the way on a Pullman space.

I went directly from Now York home to Philadelphia, and Carried on my person the information which MIAUS had given me for the next for days. Actually there was one meeting with JOHN which did not occur simply because I was far too rushed for time to keep such a meeting. It was all that I could do to accomplish this trip to Santa Fe and bank. I did meet JOHN some days later after my return to Philadelphia, and the place was in Queens, New York, and was somewhere between Jackson.

Harry Gold 7-10-50 Heights and Flushing, and also somewhere in the neighborhood of the elevated line that runs through Flushing. There I transferred the information which KLAUS FUCHS had given me to JOHN. Since this last meeting that I had with KLAUS FUCHS, in September of 1945, I have never seen nor heard from him again.

I would like to set out the conversations I had with MLAUS FUCHS concerning his work for the Manhattan Engineer Project.

On one occasion, and I believe this to be on the occasion of our fourth meeting, and that is the one where we had dinner at Rosenhein's Restaurant, KLAUS told me that the atomic energy project was being pursued, or was going to be pursued on a very large scale as regards the separation of the necessary isotope of uranium, somewhere in the Southeastern United States, and he thought possibly that the location would be in Georgia or possibly even Alabama. Also on the occasion of our last meeting in New York, this was the eight and occurred during a walk in Central Park, MLAUS told me that the place where he expected to be transferred was homewhere in the Southwest, and he thought most likely in Mexico, not New Mexico. Further, on the occasion of this meeting in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the Danish Mobel prize winner, MILS BOHR, was at present in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER. KLAUS said that obviously the pseudonym NICHOLAS BAKER was being used because too many people might recall that NIIS BOHR was the discoverer of the commonly accepted BOHR Theory of Atomic Struct Harry Gold

Harry Gold 7-10-50 and might relate this fact to the circumstance that some activity regarding atomic emergy was going on in the United States. I am certain that I turned the information concerning the separation of the isotopes of uranium by gaseous diffusion in the Southeast United States over to JOHN, as well as the fact that MIAUS was due to be transferred to the Southwestern part of the country, probably Mexico, and also the information that MILS BOHR was in this country under the name MICHOLAS BAKER, I then that MILS BOHR was in this country under the name MICHOLAS BAKER, I am analysis of the materials and the materials and the materials are methods.

I would like to add that KLAUS know of only two methods for the separation of the isotopes from uranium, that is methods as were being pursued here in the United States, and that these methods were. (1) The saseons diffusion process. (2) The electromagnetic exerction method.

for the separation of isotopes was given to me on the occasion of our second meeting, when we were walking along let Avenue in Manhattan. I also recall that at that time I had mentioned to KIAUS the possibility of the use of thermal diffusion as a means of separating isotopes, but that KIAUS had brushed this aside.

on any occasion when KLAUS gave me verbal information, either separate from, or which he wanted to go along with written information, I made good mental notes of such data and at the first opportunity I put this material in writing, and later handed it over to JOHN. The verbal information which KLAUS gave me was such as the fact concerning NILS BOHR being in the country under the name NICHOLAS RAKER:

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the information concerning the location of the atomic energy project on a large scale, involving gaseous diffusion in the Southeastern United States; and the information concerning the fact of the location of a large scale experimental station in the Southwestern part of the sountry, possibly even Mexico; were data I later reduced to writing and turned ever to JOHN.

I recall that on the occasion of the sixth meeting with MLAUS, near Boro Hall in Brooklyn, that JOHN had given me several type-written pieces of paper about three by nine inches, of irregular size, which had contained a number of questions relating to stonis energy. The phrasesless of these questions was entruedy poor, and I had great difficulty in making any sense out of them. For example, in place of the word "installation" the word "factory" was used; in place of the word "techniques or methods" the words "How to make out?" years used.

I believe that the original message was probably more accurately phrased, but that either in coding or in translating, or possibly both, that the person who had done such had no technical background whatever, possibly being on the level of a clerk, and as such, the message had become badly jumbled. I did make what sense I could cut of the message, and on this occasion of this meeting in Brooklyn, began to tell HAUS about what further information was desired. I did not get very far along this course because HAUS seemed to take offense at being instructed and said very briefly that he had already covered all of such matters very thoroughly, and would continue to do so.

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Harry Gold 7-10-50 I further believe that on the occasion of our first meeting in Sunta Fe, New Mexico, early in June 1945, that MAUS told me that among the data he had given me was a sketch of the atomic bomb itself. I did not, however, inspect this material, so I can not say whether there was any such, but I do recall clearly FUCHS statement to the effect.

I would like to add that throughout our entire meetings, the relationship between KLAUS FUCHS and me was that of two firm friends. Further, on the occasion of the last meeting in Santa Fe, KLAUS expressed the hope that sometime in the near future we might be able to meet openly as friends.

/e/ Harry Gold

I have read the above statement, consisting of this and 26 typewritten pages, and have signed each page as all statements contained therein are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

/s/ Harry Gold
July 10, 1950
Phila., Penna.

Witnesseds

T. Scott Miller, Jr., Special Agent F.B.I. Justice, 7/10/50, Phila., Pa.

Richard E. Brennan Special Agent, FBI, Justice July 10, 1950, Philadelphia, Pa. 5=4307-18-15(10)

fully 10, June 30, 1950, Paladelphia, Penn,

statement to T. SCOTT MILLER, JR., and RICHARD E. BRENNAN, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made me, and I realize that I do not have to make any statement, and any statement I do make may be used against me in a Court of Law. I realize that I have a right to counsel.

I would like to add the following to the statement which I gave the above Agents on May 22, 1950. The matter concerns an elaboration on my various meetings with KLAUS FUCHS.

The first meeting took place in late January or very early February 1944, and was at the Henry Street settlement on the East side of New York.

had been agreed upon mutually by KIAUS and myself, was on the Northwest corner of 59th Street and Lexington Avenue; this was about ten days to two weeks after our initial contact. The corner I have specified has a bank with very tall colonnades, and there is a subway entrance in the bank building itself. I met KIAUS directly under one of the first colonnades, or possibly along 59th Street on the South side of the bank. We walked in the general direction of the Queensboro Bridge, the intention in my mind being that we would walk across the bridge and into Queens itself. However, this bridge was closed to foot traffic during this period, and instead we walked along 1st Avenue, North of the bridge.

We may have walked as far North as 75th Street, and we may have gone back to 2nd Avenue, and very likely we made at least several passages on the dark deserted streets between 1st Avenue and 2nd, between 55th Street and 70th Street.

It occurred in March of 1914. I recall this clearly, it was still quite cold and we both wore overcoats. This took place on Madison Avenue in the 70's, and we immediately turned into one of the dark deserted side streets toward 5th, and the transfer of information took place there. The whole affair took possibly 30 seconds or one minute, and I immediately walked ahead of KIAUS and down 5th Avenue toward 57th Street and 6th Avenue, where approximately 15 minutes later I turned over the information to JOHN. Here again the meeting was of the briefest possible duration, possibly a minute or so.

The fourth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in the Bronx of New York, and was in front of a large movie theater on the Grand Concourse near Fordham Road, but not quite that far.

We went for a walk partly along the Grand Concourse, but usually on the side streets, during which time we discussed the next meeting which was to be at Queens, and at which a second transfer of information was to take place, and the exact details were arranged.

After this I took KIAUS to dinner, it was a wet and somewhat chilled night for April, and as I recall, he had a bad cough, and I did not wish to expose him to the elements any more than was necessary. This whole procedure of going to dinner in a restaurant was against anything

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that we had previously set forth as a matter of technique of meeting, but I felt that the circumstance justified such a deviation from the rules. We had a dinner at which we discussed a number of matters, including music and chess. It was also at this dirmer that we agreed that should either of us ever be questioned as to how we happened to meet, that the story would be that we had met at one of the New York Philharmonic's concerts sometime in March of 1944, and in Carnagie Hall; H. . the idea was that we had had adjacent seats and had talked together in the lobby during the intermission. Also, there was the idea that at . a subsequent time I would go to the files of a New York paper, most likely the New York Sun, and I believe I mentioned this paper to KIAUS, and would look up the date of such a concert and would determine what numbers or what musical selections had been on the program. I would then give KLAUS a list of the musical selections so that we would both be familiar with the program were we questioned. The restaurant to which I took KIAUS to dinner was called Rosenhein's, and is adjacent to Alexanders Department Store at Fordham Road and the Grand Concourse. After we had dinner and emerged from Rosenhein's-the weather was still nasty-I recall a cold drizzle was falling, and I took a cab and went downtown to the neighborhood of the 80's and Madison Avenue. There is some possibility that it may have been the 90's and Lexington Avenue. We went into a small bar which also contained tables, and sat at one of these tables and had several drinks. We them left the bar and I put KIAUS in a cab. I now recall that the reason for KIAUS taking the cab was that he lived on the other side of Manhattan, and

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direct transportation through Central Park late at night is very difficult. After KIAUS's cab had departed I waited for a few moments with an empty cab came along, and took this to the Pennsylvania Station and them took the mext train to Philadelphia.

My fifth meeting with KLAUS FUCHS took place in May of 1944, and was in Queens, not too far from Queensboro Plass. I recall the event clearly because I got lost in the neighborhood of Queens' Plasa and had to take a cab for a distance of about a half a mile until I came to the spot I had indicated to KIAUS FUCHS. I was possibly two or three minutes late; he was already there. On this occasion FUCHS gave me the second packet of information, again consisting of some 25 to 40 pages. The total time of the meeting was not over three or four minutes, and after I left him, I walked rapidly further out in Queens, and then took an elevated train some distance further, possibly a ten minute ride. After leaving the elevated I was in the general area where I was to meet JOHN. I still had about five minutes to wait and I recall stopping near a drug store, and taking a glimpse at the information that KIAUS had turned over to me. This was in a very small but distinctive writing; it was in ink, and consisted mainly of mathematical derivations. There was also further along in the report a good deal of descriptive detail. I did not look at the report for much more than two minutes at the most. About five minutes after this I went to the place where I was to meet JOHN, this was somewhere between Woodside and Jackson Heights, and somewhere close to the elevated line which runs

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to JOHN, and the total time of transfer was not more than one minute. With hardly a word said. The time of the meeting with KIAUS was about 7:00 o'clock in the evening, possibly somewhat earlier. The time of the meeting with JOHN was about 7:30. As I recall it was dark or certainly very early evening when I met JOHN, but this may have been due to the fact that the entire day was heavily evercast.

The sixth meeting with KIAUS FUCHS occurred in Brooklyn, and it was somewhere in the area of Boro Hall, This was in June, 1944.

During this meeting I recall that KIAUS FUCHS told me that there was some possibility that his sister who lived in Cambridge, Wassachusetts, he did not give me her name, however, might come to New York. He explained to me that his sister was married and had two children, and that she was having great difficulty with her husband and that she was fully intending to leave her husband and come to New York. Should this occur, KIAUS told me that he would like very much to be able to share an apartment with his sister. I gathered that he and his sister were very close to each other and also the fact that KIAUS was extremely fond of schildren. KIAUS told me that he brought up the matter because he first wanted me to inquire of my superior whether such an action would be all right. I said that I would make the inquiry. This conversation took place while we were walking away from Boro Hall and further into Brooklyn. I recall clearly that after this meeting I met JUEN, on the very same evening. The meeting with KIAUS took place

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at about 8:30 and lasted for possibly half to three quarters of an hour, possibly even an hour, so that I met JOHN sometime about 9:00.

There may have been during this meeting with JOHN and the just completed one with KIAUS FUCHS, some transfer of information from KIAUS to me and then from myself to JOHN; however, I do not clearly recall such an event. I do not recall much of the subject of my conversation with JOHN, except that he was extremely satisfied with the way that things were going and that he left me after a very brief meeting of possibly five to ten minutes. It is this briefness of the meeting with JOHN that makes me think that there may have been some transfer of information.

The seventh meeting with KIAUS FUCES occurred in either very late June, but most likely in early July of 1944. This took place near an Art Museum in the 80's, and on the West side of 5th Avenue. We went for a long walk, almost entirely in Central Park and in the many winding roads and small paths leading through the park itself. This meeting took at least an hour and a half and was a very leisurely one.

During this walk KIAUS told me that there was some possibility in the next year, that he would be transferred somewhere to the Southwest. He thought that possibly this would be Mexico. He also told me at this time that his brother, GERHARD, was now in Switzerland and was convalescing as a result of having been only recently released from a German concentration camp. I gathered from the conversation that GERHARD was of the same political sometimes as KIAUS FUCHS. I also told KIAUS that it would be perfectly all right, should his sister come to New York,

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for him to take an apartment together with her and the children. Actually, I had not mentioned the matter to JOHN at all, but had taken it upon appeals to tell KIAUS that such a proceeding was O.K.

be about two weeks, possibly three, after the meeting in Central Park in July; this would place it about the end of July 1944. The meeting was to occur in front of the Bell Cinema, which is just off the Eastern Parkway in Brooklyn and very close to the Brooklyn Museum of Art, only it is on the eastern side of the Parkway from the Museum. This meeting did not take place, nor did a subsequent one which had been scheduled for such an eventuality, on Central Park West, and somewhere about 96th Street and possibly somewhat above 96th.

On the second occasion I became very worried, particularly since the area is very close to a section of New York where "muggings" often occur, and also the fact that KLAUS was of slight build and might seem an inviting pray. I would like to emphasize that neither the meeting at the Bell Cinema in Brooklyn, nor the one on Central Park West, about 96th Street, occurred because of the fact that KLAUS FUCHS did not show up ~ - I was there on both occasions.

When I reported the fact of the second unsuccessful attempt with KIAUS FUCES to JOHN, we held a very long discussion lasting possibly two hours, in which we speculated upon just what the difficulty might be. Our principal trouble was to decide whether KIAUS, for some reason was unable to keep the meetings; though he was still in New York, or whether he had actually left New York.

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On the occasion of my next meeting with JOHN, which was in,
I believe, very late August of 1944, the following events occurred:
This meeting took place on a very early Sunday morning, I

would say about 8:30 to 9:00 o'clock, and it occurred in downtown New York, A At this time JOHN told me that he had ascertained the address of KIAUS FUCHS, and that I should, that very morning, make inquiry at that address as to whether KIAUS was there. Toward this end I went some distance up town and in one of the railroad stations I purchased a book called, "JOSEPH THE PROVIDER" which had recently been published and had been written by THOMAS MANN. On the inside cover of this book I printed very legibly the following, "K. FUCHS, 128 West 77th Street, "em Tork, N.Y. A It was this book that I took with me to the address given. I recall the appearance of the building very well. It was some sort of white stone and looked newer and better kept than the other buildings on the same block. It was, as I recall, about a four-story-dwelling, used as an apartment house. This building was on the South side of the Street. I looked around outside the building and down a very short flight of steps, and just to the side of the door leading into the building was an old man whom I took to be a janitor; he was handling some rubbish from the spartment house. I believe that I made an inquiry of him as to whether KIAUS FUCHS lived there, but he appeared somewhat puzzled by my question. I then opened the door and went into the vestibule. There may have been a very short flight of steps leading up to the vestibule. There to my gratification, among the nameplates, I saw

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one reading, "Dr. KIAUS FUCHS," though it might have read, "Dr. K. I pressed the buzzer, but there was no answer, and finally I opened the door leading from the vestibule into the main hall; this was unlocked. I went into the main hall, along the first floor, looking for the spartment which as I recall had been given alongside the nameplate as being 1-E or 1F, (there is some possibility that it may have been 1-D). As I walked along the vestibule a door opened, either in the very apartment where MAUS was supposed to live or possibly in the one alongside it. and an old woman looked out. Also at that time there came behind me the janitor. I asked the woman for the spartment of Dr. FUCHS, and at this time the janitor joined in the conversation. I can not recall clearly whether it was he or she who told me that Dr. FUCES was no longer there On further questioning, when I asked how I could get in touch with him, they said that they did not think that I could; that he had left town for somewhere on a boat. I then explained to them that I was a friend of Dr. FUCHS and that I had merely wanted to return this book which he had loaned to me. I did not seem it wise to make any further inquiries at 128 West 77th Street, but I do recall the janitor and the woman who I believe was his wife, talking as I left. with

o'clock, possibly closer to 11:00, I met JOHN on Broadway, somewhere around 96th and Broadway, and possibly further up on Broadway and very close to Columbia University. I told JOHN about the results of my investigation and we held a long discussion, principally while walking

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length as to how we might possibly send a letter or communication to the 77th Street address with the hope that it would be forwarded to FUCHS. I believe that our conclusion was that such a procedure might be too risky as it might involve an awkward explanation on KIAUS part to the authorities, who were very likely consoring all mail. After some further discussion the only conclusion we could come to and the advice which JOHN gave me, was to sit tight.

On the occasion of a subsequent meeting in early September of 1944, we again discussed at length the matter of getting in touch with KLAUS FUCHS, and it was there, I believe, that I mentioned the fact that FUCHS had a sister who lived in Boston. Now it may be possible that JOHN himself may have brought up the matter of FUCHS's sister. I believe this latter to be true, since I had not previously mentioned anything about FUCHS's sister to JOHN. In any event, JOHN told me that he thought that there lay our best line of inquiry.

On the occasion of the next meeting, about the middle of September, JOHN told me with great glee that he had ascertained both the name and the whereabouts of FUCHS's sister. The name that he gave me was that of Mrs. ROBERT HEINEMAN, and the address was merely Cambridge, Massachusetts. I do not recall JOHN having given me the street and number.

I went by coach on a Sunday in very late September to Boston,
Wassachusetts. I arrived there very early in the evening and redall looking up the address in the telephone directory of BOBERT HEINEMAN. This

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what as I recall, lit lakeview Street or Avenue, in Cambridge. I went to this address and the entire street was dark as well as the home M. I where the HEINEMAN'S lived. However, I knocked at the door and a woman answered. I inquired for Mrs. HEINEMAN and the woman replied that the HEINEMANS were still away on their vacation and were not expected back until sometime in October. I gathered somehow that the woman was a housekeeper of some sort. I believe that the woman wanted me to leave my name and address, but I think that I merely said that I would call again sometime in October and that the matter was not very important. I gave no indication that I was from out of town.

First I returned from Boston to Philadelphia, and then several days later I met JOHN in New York and told him about the results of my trip. He was highly pleased that we had succeeded in locating Mrs. HEINEMAN, and we agreed that in October I would take another trip to Cambridge.

October, but most likely early November. Upon this occasion I took with me a piece of paper or a card inclosed in an envelope, and on this piece of paper were the following inscriptions: There was given the name of a man and a phone number, I believe that the first name began with a "J" and that the last name was something like "KAPLOUN," but I am not very certain on this point at all. Also on the piece of paper was the information that KIAUS was to call the phone number given, any time—on any morning between the hours of 8:00 and 8:30, and was to give the following message: Merely to say, "I have arrived in Cambridge and will

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may days! This message was printed by me in Engineering lettering, but the details were given to me by JOHN. the message was sealed in the envelope. As I have said, I arrived in Cambridge early on a weekday morning and sometime in early November of 1944. The reason for my making the trip during a weekday, and the reason the recollection I had of a warning for arriving in the morning wer from JOHN that it would be inadvisable to be at the HEINEMAN home while ROBERT HEINEKAN was there. The trip took place as I have indicated, and as it was planned. I arrived in Boston on a weekday morning early in November. I then went directly to Cambridge, and at like Lakeview Avenue, walked up to the door and rang the bell. A young woman appeared, somewhere in her very early 30's, and I asked for Mrs. HEINEMAN. She said that she was Mrs. HEINEMAN. I told her that I was a friend of KLAUS FUCHS, and for a moment she seemed somewhat puzzled, and then she said, *Oh, yes, by any chance did you call sometime in September when we were away?" I said "Yes, I am the man." I entered the house and stayed there for possibly half an hour. I noticed that there were two children there, the oldest one a boy called STEVE, and I recall a very small child, and তি শ্রান্থি there is also some possibility, a third child, considerably younger than STEVE, whom I took to be about seven years of age, and this third child was a girl of about four. We spoke for some time about KIAUS, and Mrs. HEINEMAN said that she was very glad that he was now in the United States, since they were very close and MAUS was very fond of the children. The second second

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She may, at this time have indicated that at some prior time that KIAUS visited Cambridge. I told her that I had met KIAUS in New York, and that we had become very firm friends, and that I just happened to be on business in the Boston area and had thought that I would stop by and inquire for him. Krs. HEINEMAN told me that KIAUS had been transferred somewhere in the Southwest United States, but that she expected him home about Christmas time. I believe that she indicated that she had Asserted several letters from him. She said that she thought that he would certainly be home about Christmas, as he usually made a great event of bringing presents for the children. I told her that my plans for the future and my whereabouts were very uncertain, and in that eventuality I would leave a message for KIAUS which would tell him how best to get in touch with me. I then gave her the sealed envelope, and told her should KIAUS arrive, to give it to him.

I then returned to Philadelphia, and some days subsequent,
possibly a week or so later, reported the results of my trip to JOHN.

At this time, I recall, we made an emergency arrangement whereby JOHN
could get in touch with me should this other party, the one with the
phone number in Manhattan, advise JOHN that FUCHS was now in Cambridge.

This emergency arrangement, which would even at that have involved the
passage of several days, was never used, and instead, in the first week
in January 1945, JOHN called me shortly before 7:00 A.N., on a weekday
morning, just as I was getting ready to leave for work; with some
difficulty he described to me the fact that he was in a gasoline station,
hear what I finally determined to be Oxford Circle section of Philadelphia.

JOHN wanted to know if I would come down there an meet him. I did so.

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It was a very snowy morning, I recall it well, and JOHN was wet. got on the car again and went down the terminal in Frankford, where JOHN told me that he had just the previous day received notification that FUCHS was now at Cambridge. He also told me at that time that the reason he had not used the emergency meeting was that he had some other affairs to attend to which would have taken him out of New York, and where he would have been unable to get in touch with me. He then told me that I must, as soon as possible, arrange to go to Cambridge. I did so. I believe that I met JOHN on a Tuesday or a Wednesday, and that I arrived in Cambridge on most likely a Friday. I went directly to the HEINEMAN home, this was in the morning, and when I knocked I was admitted by. I believe, a servant girl. KLAUS was there and welcomed me. Mrs. HEINEMAN left after a few minutes and excused herself, saying, "I have to pick up the children from the school." KLAUS asked me to go upstairs with him to his room, which was the front one looking out on the street, and we sat there for possibly 15 or 20 minutes, during which time the following took place: KLAUS told me that he was located at an atomic bnergy experimental station which was called Los Alamos and which was located some 30 miles away from Santa Fe, New Mexico. He said that Los Alamos had once been a very exclusive boys' school, and that there was nothing else in that area. The nearest habitation of any kind was Santa Fe. He told me that he was getting along very well there, but that he was strictly limited in regard to being able to leave Los Alamos. He said that it had only been with the greatest difficulty and due to the fact that he had gotten a bit ahead on his work, as regarded the rest

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and the group, that he had been able to wangle time off to come to Cambridge. I had, previously, that is on the occasion of my meeting; with JOHN in Philadelphia, been told of an arrangement which involved meeting KLAUS again in Cambridge, should be make another trip. The place of the meeting was to be somewhere in the area of the Charles River. JOHN had told me that it would be inadvisable to meet at the HEINEMAN home again and we were only doing so this time because it was the only way that I could meet KIAUS without atilizing toolengthy a of instructions. When I mentioned the preceding message or meo! meeting near the Charles River to KIAUS, he told me that such would be impossible; that he was certain that it would be a very long time, possibly even a year, before he could again leave Los Alamos, and that the next meeting would have to take place in Santa Fe. Be discussed this matter at some length. I believe that KIAUS told me that about April he would again have information for me, but I told him that I could not possibly get to Santa Fe in April. We finally set a date which was very early in June, and we also set the exact hour, which as I recall, was 4:00 elclock in the afternoon of this first Saturday in June. KLAUS showed me a map of Santa Fe, and indicated on it the 🚜 Castillo Street Bridge over the Rio Santa-Fe. He also told me that he would make every effort to keep this appointment.

To the best of my recollection, I recall that should this scheduled meeting on the first Saturday in June not take place, that there was provision made for an alternate meeting, most likely on the first Saturday in the following month, and at the same time and place.

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MAUS gave me a quite considerable packet of information, and by this e, I recall, Mrs. HEINEMAN had returned and one of the children poered curiously into the room. Mrs. HEINEMAN called the child back, though possibly it may have been the housekeeper who called the child back. In any event the child was called away. There also occurred the following events:

As a Christmas present I gave KLAUS a wallet of the very thin dress or opera type. Also, I had been given the sum of \$1,500.00 by JOHN with instructions to give it to MIAUS, but that I must proceed very delicately in this last matter so as not to offend him and that under no circumstance must I insist upon or make an issue of this matter. KIAUS did accept the wallet, but looked somewhat bewildered, and when I made some very tentative inquiries concerning whether he needed any money either for himself or possibly for his sister, the reply was so cold and final that I went no further with the matter. It was quite obvious that by even mentioning so I had offended the man. I left shortly thereafter, and returned to New York. There I turned over the information to JOHN and also returned to him the \$1,500.00, saying that I had made some tentative inquiry, but that KIAUS FUCHS had responded so violently that I deemed it inadvisable to pursue the subject further. "I recall very well that on " the occasion of my meeting KLAUS FUCES at the REINEMAN's in Cambridge, that there was a heavy snow on the ground. This transfer of the information from me to JOHN was in New York City, but I do not believe it was in inhattan, and I can not recall the exact borough.

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Just prior to my trip to Santa Pe, and I am referring to the first trip, and in very late May of 1945, on a Saturday afternoon, I was near 42nd Street and 3rd Avenue. I believe it was actually the Southwest corner of 42nd Street at 3rd Avenue. JOHN verified the fact that I was going on the trip and we made arrangements for a meeting in New York on my return from Santa Fe. The actual place of the meeting was to be in Brooklyn.

I left Philadelphia and went by train to Chicago, just about the end of May, from the Union Station in Chicago, I went to the Dearborn Station, and managed to obtain space (an upper) to Albuquerque, New Merrico. I would like to state here that I had been told by JOHN to use a very circuitous route which involved going beyond Albuquerque and into Arisona, and then going from Arisona to El Paso, Texas, and then from El Paso to Santa Fe. However, I was extremely short of money, and had to watch what I had very carefully, and such a trip was completely out of the question. Also, there was the matter of time; it was only with the greatest difficulty and only at the last minute that I had been able to arrange to take part of my vacation that early in the year. I recall that the train that I took did not go directly to Albuquerque, but stopped at Clovis, New Mexico; there we took a coach attached to a shunt engine, for a distance of some 25 to 30 miles into Albuquerque. I would also like to add that KLAUS had advised me that getting off at Lamy, New Mexico, some 40 miles from Albuquerque, that I could get direct transportation into Santa Fe, without first going to Albuquerque. This last I had deemed inadvisable, as I thought that the only people going to Santa Fe would be those connected with the atomic energy project and

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they might wonder who this stranger was in their midst. Very likely. I deemed it certain that most of these people going from Lamy to Santa later Fe, would be in uniform. I arrived in Santa-Fe in the very early aftermoon, just shortly after 12:00 e'cleck, and inquired the way to the bus station. I believe that either KLAUS had told me that there was transportation by bus from Albuquerque to Santa Fe, or that I had obtained such information from one of the porters or conductors on the Santa Fe line. I took the bus to Santa Fe, and arrived there about 2:50 in the afternoon. I had considerable time to spare until 4:00, and to avoid drawing attention to myself, I went as any ordinary tourist would, to the rather large historical museum located in Santa Fe. There I inquired shout obtaining a map of Santa Fe, and they did give me one which I believe to be identical with the one which KLAUS had shown me in Cambridge. I wanted such a map because I did not wish to ask the way to the Castille Street Bridge and have any one in Santa Fe remember such an occurrence. I located the Cestille Street Bridge on the map, and went there promptly at 4:00 o'clock. MAUS arrived there possibly two er three minutes late, during which two or three minutes I become extremely uneasy, as the area around the Castillo Street Bridge was extremely sparsely settled. He finally came along whenthe Street, a gravel road, and driving a dilapidated old car, a two seater. He parked the car and went for a walk, during which time the following events took place: 4.9 . KLAUS told me that he was getting along very well with his

in Los Alemos, and told me that he did not; however, believe, and that was

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Harry Arld

7-10-50

a reiteration of his statement which he had made several times before.

Jon UB

engin Cambridge and at least ence or twice in New York, that the atomic energy project would be completed in sufficient time for use in the war against the Japanese.

He also told me that everyone concerned within work was working wary hard, practically day and night, and that he himself put in an average of from 18 to 20 hours a day. We made arrangements for the next meeting, which KLAUS said should be sometime in August, but I denurred, and we finally set it for the 19th of September 1945.

I would like to state here that the date of first meeting, and the one that I am now discussing in Santa Fe, was on the first Saturday in June of 1945.

The final occurrence was that KLAUS gave me a considerable packet of information. There should be added one more thing, and that is that KLAUS's insistence on a meeting in late August 1945, may have been due to the fact that he had mentioned that some important development was to take place during August, but he did not indicate what this development was. I left KLAUS and took the first bus from Santa Fe to Albuquerque. I had considerable difficulty that evening in trying to obtain a place to sleep, since I did not intent to leave Albuquerque with the following day, that is Sunday. I believe that in the course of searching for a hotel room, I registered at the Hilton with the understanding that should a room become available they would save it for me.

During the evening I made inquiry at practically every other hotel of any size in Albuquerque, including one that I recall, the San Francisco.

Out
Finally, about 12:00 o'clock night, the Hilton advised me that there was such a long waiting list shead of me that they were certain that me

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room would be available that night. I thereupon wandered through Duquerque and finally, upon asking a policeman, he directed me to private home near the main street of Albuquerque, Central Avenue, which had been temporarily converted into a rooming house. The only space that these people had, and I with difficulty talked these people into letting me stay there, was in the hallway on the second floor of this home, where a makeshift screen was put up around a very rickety cot. I spent the night there, and late the following afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, took the train from Albuquerque to Chicago. Here again I had been mable to make prior reservations, and only obtained my space in the early afternoon of Sunday. When I arrived in Chicago I inquired by telephone at the Airport Terminal and determined that the only space I could get was from Chicago to Washington. Even so, that was cheaper than going by train from Chicago to New York or Philadelphia. Accordingly, I went by plane to Washington, and arrived there about 4:30 or 5:00 in the afternoon, and then to the Pennsylvania Railroad train from Washington to New York. About 9:00 o'clock in the evening, and somewhere in the area of Metropolitan Avenue in Brooklyn, and where Metropolitan Avenue approaches Queens, I met JOHN and turned the information over to him, that is the information I had received from KLAUS FUCHS.

My last meeting with KIAUS FUCHS occurred as scheduled in Santa Fe on September 19, 1945. Again I had the usual difficulties in preparing for this trip, first the matter of money, and I did a considerable amount of borrowing toward this end, some of it at the very last minute. Also there was the matter of obtaining time off, and again with

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Philadelphia to Chicago, and stayed over in Chicago at the Palmer House, during the Day of Attnessant. In the evening I checked out of the Palmer House and went again to the Dearborn Station, where I had earlier in the day obtained space to Albuquerque. I arrived in Albuquerque early in the week, possibly on a Tuesday or Wednesday, and registered at the Hilton Hotel. I used the name "HARHY GOID," the same which I had used at the Palmer House. From Albuquerque I went to Santa Fe, and very late in the afternoon, about 6:00 o'clock, met KIAUS FUCES. This meeting place was on the outskirts of Santa Fe, and was near a large church.

for a meeting which occurred, and by late I mean that he was fally twenty are twenty five minutes tardy. He did come along driving from the outside of Santa Fe in the direction of the city itself. He explained to me that he was very sorry about not being punctual, but that he had great difficulty, first in obtaining the use of the car, and secondly, in being able to get away from his friends with whom he worked at Los Alamos. He also explained to me that there were some bottles of liquor in the bottom of the car which, had been purchased by KIAUS and these friends, in preparation for a party which they were going to have back at Los Alamos that very evening. The purpose of the party was to celebrate the successful use of atomic energy in the form of a weapon. KIAUS also told me, and this occurred while he was driving away from Santa Fe and up into the surrounding hill and desert country, that he himself was rather swestricken

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by what had occurred and that frankly, he had not been too certain that the project might not have been abandoned before it was completed and that certainly he had grievously underestimated the industrial potential of the United States in being able to complete such a gigantic undertaking. He was also greatly concerned by the terrible destruction which the weapon had wrought. He told me that whereas, before, the townspeople in Santa Fe had regarded them, the people at Los Alamos, as a sort of "boondoggla" outfit engaged in work which they could not comprehend; that now they were hailed on all sides as conquering heroes, and the townspeople were now very friendly to them. He also told me that the relationship between the British mission and the United States, which once had been extremely cordial and free, had now become somewhat strained, and that there was no longer the free exchange of information between the two groups. He said that certain sections of the project, which had been freely opened to him now were barred. He further said that he had no idea as to how long he would continue to be at los Alamos; but that he expected that sometime in the near future, possibly about December of 1945, and possibly sometime early in 1946, that the British would have him return to England where he would again resume work on the state of t Atomic Energy, exclusively for them. He told me also that he had been notified by a member of the British intelligence that they were trying to contact KLAUS's father in Kiel, Germany, though it may be likely that MIAUS actually said they were trying to repatriate his father from Switzer and to Kiel. I believe that KLAUS said his father had for a time lived

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in Switzerland during the war, taking care of one of his grandchild who had been orphaned by the death of its parents in a German concentry tion camp. In any case, KLAUS was concerned because he told me that his father was very old, and was given to talking rather freely about his son's past, meaning KIAUS's activities in the Communist Party in Germany in the years 1932 and 1933. KIAUS told me that as far as he knew the British had no inkling about his past as it related to his Communist activities, and he was anxious that this continue so. He told me that the British intelligence man had also mentioned that it might be possible to bring KIAUS's father to England, and again KIAUS was concerned, lest his father inadvertently let drop some hint as to KIAUS's past. He was also very much concerned about the welfare of the old man, and was in somewhat of a dilemma. I could not give him very much advice, except to tell him to proceed as he thought best, and that possibly he was greatly overestimating the extent to which the old man would talk and also the extent to which the British might be interested in his past. I could see that KIAUS was also very much concerned about the welfare and health of his father.

The following was made with KIAUS FUCHS for meeting him again should he be transferred to Great Britain; starting with the first w.d.

Saturday in a given month, which month was to be determined from inquiry at KIAUS's sister's, and was to take place in England as soon as it could be arranged for someone to meet KIAUS there. To amplify, neither of us had any idea as to how soon we could determine from KIAUS's sister when he would actually leave, or had left for Britain. So that a month after

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Ware to begin. The time was to be 8:00 P.N., and the place was in London at a tube express stop which contained the word "Crescent," and may have been something like "Paddington," or "Teddington," Crescent. The meeting was to be above the tube on the street, and the recognition signal was to be the following:

In one hand the person meeting KLAUS would have five books bound together by a tight string. These books were to be carried by a comple of fingers hooked under the string. In the other hand the person was to have in sand a copy containing the outside jacket of BENNETT CERF's book, popular at that time, and which contained a large collection of anecdotes. The book jacket had, I believe, a yellow and green design on it. I can not recall what KLAUS was to have used for a recognition signal, beyond the fact that the person meeting him would have a complete physical description of KIAUS FUCHS. The other point about this meeting with KIAUS FUCHS was that he mentioned that he had attended the first explosion of the bomb at Alamogordo, New Mexico, and he also mentioned to me that the people back at Los Alamos told him of having seen the flash even though it was raining and the sky was overcast. There was also provided for the contingency should MAUS be in Cambridge later that year, he said that he hoped in any case to be able to again spend the time around Christmas with the HEINEMAN family in Cambridge, and that the best way of ascertaining his whereabouts was to make an inquiry shortly before that time. This meeting took place as I have said in the hills surrounding Santa Fe and was a fair distance away, because below

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drove me into Santa Fe and just on the outskirts of the central area of the town. The last event that transpired before KLAUS dropped me off in Santa Fe, on the outskirts of the central area of the town, was that KLAUS gave me the packet of information relating to atomic energy. This was in accordance with our procedure, whereby no information was to be passed until such time that we were ready to part. After a period of anxious waiting, about an hour and a half, I finally obtained a bus going back to Albuquerque.

I spent part of the night in a room at the Hilton Hotel, and very early in the morning, possibly 2:30 A.M., I was informed by the airlines that there was space for me as far as Kansas City. I was picked up by the Airline's limonsine, and went to the Albuquerque Airport and from there by plane to Kansas City. At Kansas City I was forced to leave, and from there I took a day coach to Chicago, arriving late in the evening. I just managed to catch a train leaving Ia Salle 14.4. Station and going to New York. I rode part of the way until the morning in the day coach, and the rest of the way on a Pullman space.

I went directly from New York home to Philadelphia, and carried on my person the information which KIAUS had given me for the next few days. Actually there was one meeting with JOHN which did not occur simply because I was far too rushed for time to keep such a meeting. It was all that I could do to accomplish this trip to Santa Fe and bank. I did meet JOHN some days later after my return to Philadelphia, and the place was in Queens, New York, and was somewhere between Jackson

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Reights and Flushing, and also somewhere in the neighborhood of the allevated line that runs through Flushing. There I transferred the information which KLAUS FUCHS had given me to JOHN. Since this last meeting that I had with KLAUS FUCHS, in September of 1945, I have never seen nor heard from him again.

FUCHS concerning his work for the Manhattan Engineer Project.

in On one occasion, and I believe this to be on the occasion of our fourth meeting, and that is, the one where we had dinner at Rosenhein's Restaurant, MARS told me that the atomic energy project was being pursued, for was going to be pursued on a very large scale as regards the separation of the necessary isotope of uranium, somewhere in the Southeastern United States, and he thought possibly that the said location would be in Georgia or possibly even Alabama. Also on the occasion of our last meeting in New York, this was the eighth meeting and occurred during a walk in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the place where he expected to be transferred was somewhere in the Southwest, and he thought most likely in Mexico, not New Mexico. Further, on the occasion of this meeting in Central Park, KLAUS told me that the Denish and Mobel prize winner, NTLS BOHR, was at present in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER. "KLAUS said that obviously the pseudonym NICHOLAS BAKER was being used because too many people might recall that NILS BOHR as the discoverer of the commonly accepted BOHR Theory of Atomic Structure

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regarding atomic energy was going on in the United States. I am certain that I turned the information concerning the separation of the isotopes of wranium by gaseous diffusion in the Southeast United States over to JOHN, as well as the fact that KLAUS was due to be transferred to the Southwestern part of the country, probably Mexico, and also the information that NILS BOHR was in this country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER.

I would like to add that KLAUS knew of only two methods for the separation of the isotopes from uranium, that is methods as were being pursued here in the United States, and that these methods were. (1) The gaseous diffusion process. (2) The electromagnetic separation method.

I recall that this last information concerning the methods for the separation of isotopes was given to me on the occasion of our second meeting, when we were walking along lst Avenue in Manhattan. I also recall that at that time I had mentioned to KIAUS the possibility of the use of thermal diffusion as a means of separating isotopes, but that KIAUS had brushed this aside.

On any occasion when KLAUS gave me verbal information, either separate from, or which he wanted to go along with written information, I made good mental notes of such data and at the first opportunity I put this material in writing, and later handed it over to JOHN. The verbal information which KLAUS gave me was such as the fact concerning NILS BOHR being in the country under the name NICHOLAS BAKER;

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the information concerning the location of the atomic energy project; and large scale, involving gaseous diffusion in the Southeastern United States; and the information concerning the fact of the location of a large scale experimental station in the Southwestern part of the country, possibly even Mexico, were data I later reduced to writing and turned over to JOHN.

I recall that on the occasion of the sixth meeting with KLAUS, near Boro Hall in Brooklyn, that JOHN had given me several type-written pieces of paper about three by nine inches, of irregular size, which had contained a number of questions relating to atomic energy. The phraseology of these questions was extremely poor, and I had great difficulty in making any sense out of them. For example, in place of the word "installation" the word "factory" was used; in place of the word "techniques or methods" the words "How to make out!" were used.

accurately phrased, but that either in coding or in translating, ar possibly both, that the person who had done such had no technical background whatever, possibly being on the level of a clerk, and as such, the message had become badly jumbled. I did make what sense I could out of the message, and on this occasion of this meeting in Brooklyn, began to tell KIAUS about what further information was desired. I did not get very far along this course because KIAUS seemed to take offende at being instructed and said very briefly that he had already covered all of such matters very thoroughly, and would continue to do so.

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I further believe that on the occasion of our first meeting in Santa Fe, New Mexico, early in June 1945, that MAUS told me that among the data he had given me was a sketch of the atomic bomb itself. I did not, however, inspect this material, so I can not say whether there was any such, but I do recall clearly FUCHS statement to the leffect.

I would like to add that themshould one entire mentings, the Silationalis between plane free and me was that of the friends. Frather, on the original of the last metting in Lanta Fe, Klaus supressed the tope that sometime in the mean future me mises be able to meet oremly as primare.

I have read the above statement, consisting of this and 29 topswritten pages, and have signed sout page as all statements contained therein are true to the best of my knowledge and belief

Harry sold

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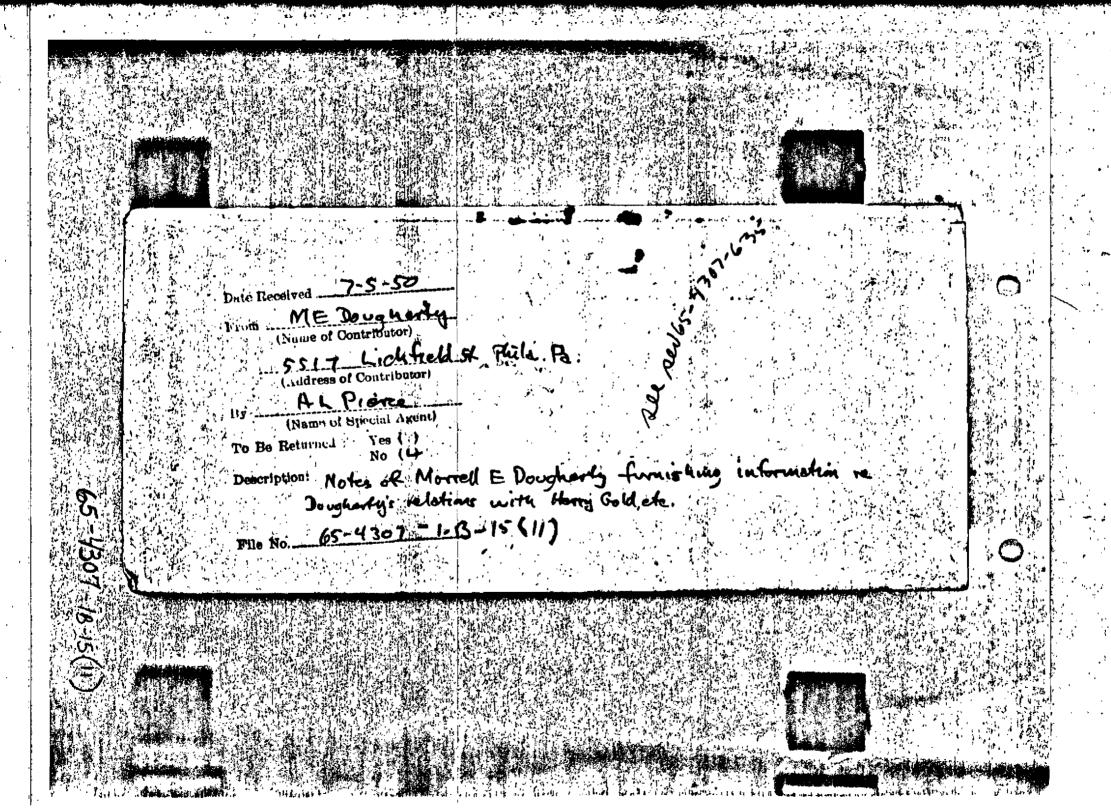
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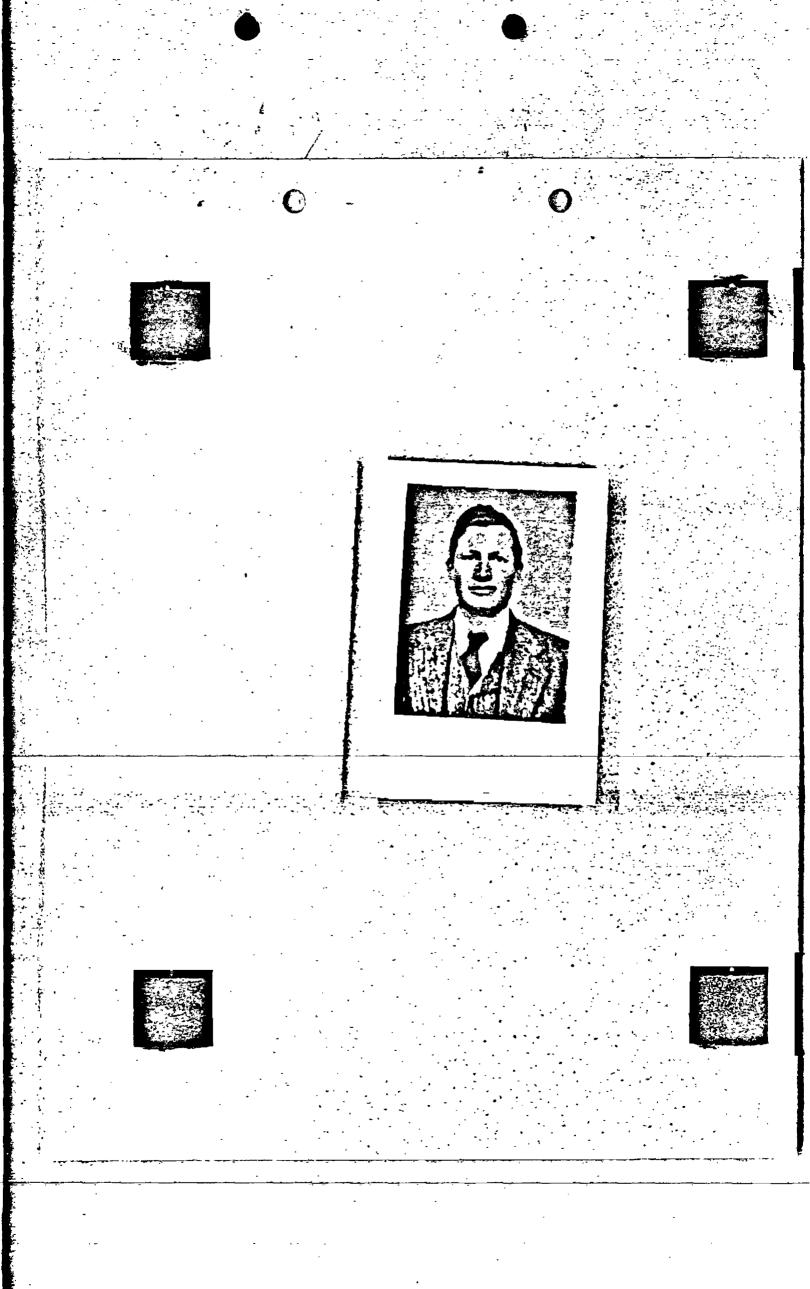
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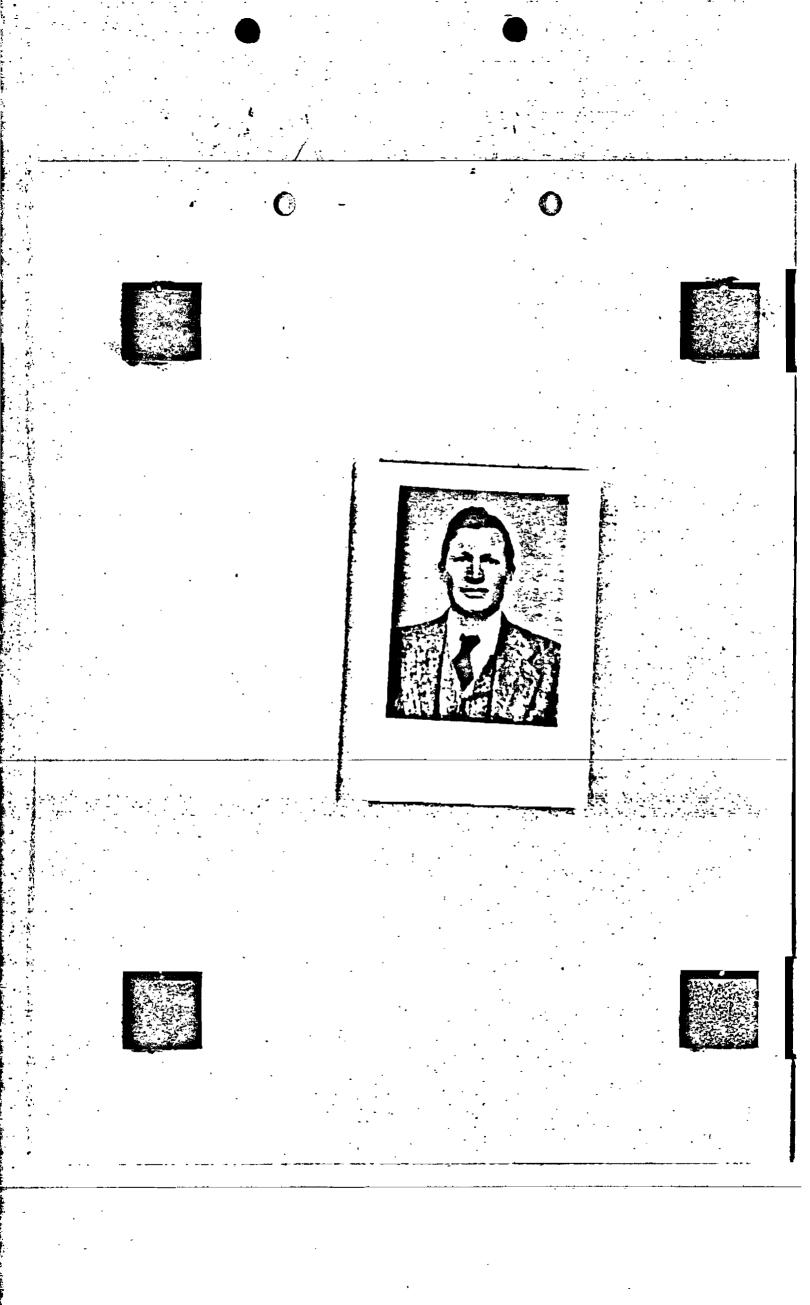
64-4307-1-8-15-(1) From M. E. Dougher Something which may be of year help. for asked me: To tell you what I'm Balland (Golf Panyer) had to kelytold you that he asked me about the frontly of giring testimony relative to his Client Chancer Ifore these Spy action come to light -I told m. Balland that I doubted very muchig he would desire me as a witness in my frame of mind about the whole dame. Case; I told him that been a friend of Soll's through working with them as the Run Sugar but after when he had done to his Country, to this friends and formly I felt that any friendship obligation had ended = I was ready to fell you the Sproyour Conversation on the totaghore whe I called you last week bus yourse Come into the office so I had the copy short. (a m. Chuschian) has they him I was ugaly abour the specifity of gutling in the Gold Cine and they he implicated and that if anyone started to gust me around I was to be sure to get in truck with him.

45-4307-/1-13-15(1) From . M. E. Loughest To al Pelise -I told him - no one was puching me award Contest with the proper authorities and even Congerating with them 100%. I de Balland) regested hunsely about getting in touch with him and I told him it would not be secessary the he mentioned again about Character withen and I told him I had commetted John B. Burno a langer about this Character withers place of the true and he gos off the gline Ammediately, Sometime ago, when I was talking to you and Maylor. I felieve naylor asked me: Did bold love with to you for money? Going over the whole they in my mind, herall they there when he was going to select as Larier bur. he was supposed to be working as rughts for a milk Concern, I believe be made some mistake (occurring to tim) and he lost him it - He wrote and asked if I Could help him bout: I had no morey but so he Soil he only needed is for a few weeks; I borrowed it from every good friend of book Isold a suggestymoney of the Com Pager- Whileie The anome woo for 250 - history be sent the money to me a few weeks later of Upon as Carter: Certer Hordlen dies andhelp in about 1942 (Ithe) boll spoke or time cour a father miller or mueller or there Viris And you ever cleak will him about the position be

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Francis Learmouth Chubb

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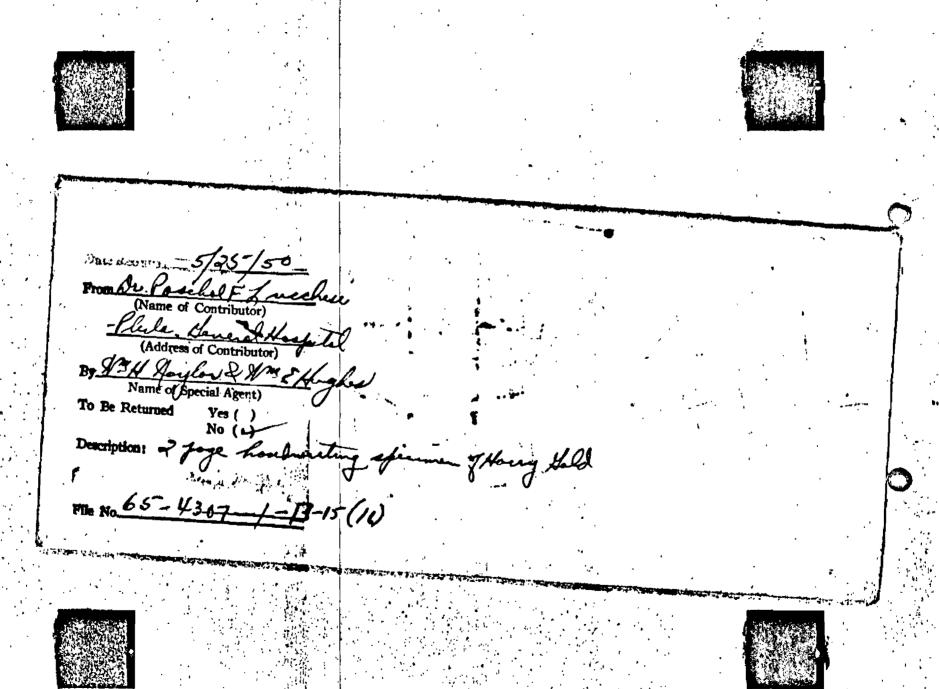
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3. Kaner University, Course en chemistry - 2 years, 1938-1940; seaduated dumma Cum Loude B.S. in Chemistry.

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PD-125 (1-25-50)

REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL DATA

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•		Date5_26
		File # 65-4318
Subject's	s name	Sam Gold
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		6823 Kindred
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PD-125 (1-25-50)

REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL DATA

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	File #	65-43	18
Subject's name	Joseph Go	ld	·
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65-4309-18-15(18)

May 22, 1950

I, Harry Gold, of 6823 Kindred Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, make the following voluntary statement to Richard E. Brennan and T. Scott Miller, Jr., who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice. No threats or promises have been made me, and I realize that any statement I make may be used against me in a court of law. I have been advised that I may secure the services of an attorney.

In the summer of 1936 I made several inquiries concerning the Communist Party of the United States. At this time I was employed as a chemist by the Pennsylvania Sugar Company, of 1037 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

In the fall of 1936 I was visited at my home by a man who identified himself as Paul Smith. He said that he understood that I was a chemist, and he thought that possibly I might be interested in aiding in the procurement of industrial information for the Soviet Union. This began a period of industrial espionage on my part which lasted until 1943. My association with Smith was of relatively short duration, during which time I furnished him with some data concerning processes that were being worked on in the laboratory of the Pennsylvania Sugar Company and subsidiaries. This data was as complete and factual as I could make it.

Smith, whose name was obviously false, was followed in succession by two men, one of whom identified themselves as Fred, who had a pronounced Russian accent.

In the early summer of 1938 the possibilities at Pennsylvania Sugar Company had pretty well petered out, and I was several times pressed to try and obtain other sources of information. By this I mean people who could furnish us with technical data. However, in my circle of friends there were none who were even the remotest likely candidate, and so I did nothing. This led to a break of over two years, during which time I attended college in Cincinnati. I graduated in 1940.

On my return to Philadelphia I was again contacted by the people with whom I had worked before. I was called on the phone in July, 1940, and I went down town to see this man, who turned out to be Jacob Golos.

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Harry Arld 5-22-50 He again pressed me to continue the work which I had done previously, and I agreed. However, it was pretty sporadic in nature, and, with the exception of the one contact that he gave me, Abraham Brothman, nothing much came of it. I was supposed to get information of a technical nature from Brothman, but very little came of that, simply because he was extremely unreliable in getting material together. He gave me some data on mixing equipment which was practically all his design, and it seemed to me that practically evarything he gave me at any time was his own invention or design. Brothman kept pressing me on several occasions, and wanted to know about the possibility of his doing consulting work for the Soviet Union on an open basis, as a private individual, and they acting as representatives of their government to this company, and whenever I mentioned it to the people with whom I was in touch they discounted the idea and wouldn't listen to it at all.

I never told Brothman of my association with the Soviet Union, but I think that he suspected it because of the way that I operated--I introduced myself by another name.

I knew Golos for a very brief time, and he was followed very shortly by a man called Sam about the end of 1940. It was with Sam that my association continued uninterruptedly as a contact. I used to meet Sam almost always in New York. Sometimes, very rarely, he would come to Philadelphia, but usually it was in New York, usually on a street corner that we met. Normally we went for a walk. Sometimes, but rarely, we had something to eat. Sam did not have a Russian accent, but I had an idea he was a Russian.

Shortly after I met Sam he told me that there was not much purpose to continuing this work in general, and that the best thing I could do would be to forget about it, and this state continued from late 1940 until the fall of 1941, after Russia was attacked by Germany. Then Sam called me up, I met him, and he told me that we had to begin an intensive campaign for obtaining information for the Soviet Union. This happened about a couple of months after Russia was attacked by Germany. At that time I made a half-dosen trips to upper New York state, namely, Syracuse, Rochester, and Buffalo. I was to transmit information—I acted as a go-between.

What I did on each of these occasions was to obtain information from someone that I didn't know but who was, I'm pretty sure, an American, a native, and I gave it over to Sam, or sometimes not to Sam but to someone who I did not know by name or anything. I just got it and either I received material whose nature I did not know except that they were very bulky packets, and in a matter of hours, or sometimes even minutes, turned it over to a third person, sometimes Sam. There was one man that I saw twice in Rochester,

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one man that I saw twice in Buffalo, and there were two others that I saw once, and I got the definite impression in each case that they were native Americans. Sometimes I travelled with the information from one city to the adjacent one, that is, say, from Rochester to Buffalo before turning it over.

In very early 1944 I was told by San that I was to undertake an extremely important effort. This was to be work of so critical a nature that I was to think twice and three times before I ever spoke a word con-cerning it to anyone, or before I made a move, before I spoke to anyone corning it to anyone, or before I made a move, a before I spoke to anyone concerned in it. He didn't elaborate on what the nature of the work actually was but he gave me the details of an arrangement whereby I met Doctor Klams Fuchs. This meeting took place on the east side of New York on a Saturday. As I recall, the arrangements for actual recognition included the fact that I was to carry a pair of gloves in one hand, plus a green-covered book, and Dr. Fuchs was to carry a hand ball in one hand. I cannot recall whether Sam gave me Dr. Fuchs' name, he may have. In any event, we met in, I believe, late February or early March of 1944. I introduced myself to him as Raymond. He never used the name. He knew it was a phony. He introduced himself to me as Klaus Puchs.

We went for a brief walk and then took a cab uptown to a restaurant around 3d Avenue in the 50's, where we had dinner, but we did not speak much there. Afterwards we went for a walk, during which we completed arrangements for further meetings. Among these arrangements were:

- 1. We were to be extremely careful and never __meet in a restaurant again. _
- We were only to meet for as brief a period as was necessary to complete whatever we bad to do.
- 3. Each meeting included complete arrangements for further meetings and provisions were made for alternate dates and places, but we were never to meet in the same place twice.

He told me during the first and second meetings that he was with the British Mission working with the Manhattan Engineer Project. He also explained to me the manpower set-up of the British group as he knew it. He told me that they were working on the separation of isotopes, and it seems to me that there was at least employed the eventual utilization of the energy produced by nuclear fission in the form of a weapon. One thing he told me on many occasions was that they worked in extremely tight compartments, and that one group did not know what the other group was doing. This I can verify by the fact that he told me that he thought that there was possibility

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of a large-scale installation for isotype separation projected for future development somewhere, he thought, down in Georgia or Alabama. This, of sourse, later turned out to be Oak Ridge.

The second meeting with Puchs consisted of an amplification of our arrangements for meeting and a description by Fuchs of the physical set-up of the Manhattan Engineer Project.

During these first two meetings neither Dr. Fuchs nor I made any direct reference to his supplying me with information, but it was more or less mutually understood that he was to supply me with information from the work he was doing.

The second meeting took place with Fuchs a few weeks following the first one somewhere in Upper Lanhattan. Successive meetings took place in a number of widely separated localities, including the Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, and Queens. There were, in all, until the summer of 1944, a total of in the neighborhood of five meetings, on at least two of which occasions I obtained (from Dr. Fuchs) information. This consisted of a number of folded sheets of paper containing (during one brief glance that I took on one occasion) mathematical equations which seemed to concern mathematical derivations. This data I turned over to, I believe, Sam's successor, John.

I would like to add that Sam was succeeded by a man named John shortly after I met Dr. Fuchs. I do not believe that I ever turned any information over to Sam.

obtained from Dr. Fuchs, the time interval involved was very short; by short I mean a half-hour at the most.

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The exact dates that the information was given to me in New York by Dr. Fuchs I cannot accurately say, except that they were probably between April and June or July of 1944. In August of 1944 Dr. Fuchs failed to show up for his scheduled meeting. This was to be in the vicinity of a movie theater near the Eastern Parkway in Brooklyn. He did not show up for the alternate appointment and I hap no means of telling where he had gone, though he had mentioned that he was due to leave for another location. The only information he had was that he thought it was somewhere in Mexico, not New Mexico. John then obtained the information whereby he was once more enabled to get in touch with Dr. Fuchs. He gave me the address of a Mrs. Heinemann in Cambridge, Massachusetts, who is, I believe, Dr. Fuchs' sister. I went to see her in Septem ber of 19th. The family was away on vacation. I did see her the second time that I went to Cambridge, which was in the fall of 1944. I told her that I was a friend of Dr. Fuchs; that I had met him in New York; that I happened to be passing through Boston on business and I just wondered if she knew where Klaus was. I used here the same name that I had used on meeting Klaus, which was Raymond. She told me that Klaus was due about Christmas time, was very fond of Mrs. Heinemann's children and he had written her that he would be coming home about that time. She did not tell me where he was except that it was somewhere out west. So, I left an envelope contain ing a name and telephone number in Eanhattan. This name I think may have contained the first name "Jerome" or at least a name with a "J" and was somewhat similar to Kaplun (phonetic). This is not the name. About all that I can say about it is that I evokes a familiar sound - a familiar memory chord.

Early in 1915, John got in touch with me and said that we had heard from Dr. Fuchs. I went up to Cambridge and saw Klaus there. He told me that he was working at a place called Los Alamos in New Mexico, he said some distance from Santa Fe. He also gave me written information at that time and we made an arrangement to meet in June of that year in Santa Fe. This meeting took place in the home of Mrs. Heinemann in Cambridge, Massachusetts, but she was not present at the time of our conversation. The whole meeting was of very brief duration. Before I met Dr. Fuchs on this occasion, I was given a sum of approximately \$1500, as I recall, to offer to Dr. Fuchs, should he need it. I was told to be very diplomatic about this matter so as not to offend him. He turned it down cold. He turned down cold even my tentative offer, so that when I returned to New York, I gave the money back to John, along with the information

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which Fuchs had given me at this time.

During my vacation in June of 1945, I went to Santa Fe via Albuquerque and not or. Fuchs there. He gave me another set of data and we agreed to meet again in late September of the same year in Santa Fe. I took this information back with me to New York and gave it to John. Our conversation there was extremely brief and even there, as when he worked in lkw York, he was dubious about the possibilities for any real and immediate utilization of atomic energy in the form of a weapon. I do not exactly recall the circumstances under which I turned this information over to John in New York. I traveled to Albuquerque on this first meeting wia train to Chicago, then by train to Albuquerque, and finally by bus to Santa Fe. My meeting with Dr. Fuchs was on Saturday afternoon. This meeting w in the city of South For Then I returned from Santa Fe to Albuquerque by bus on the same day. As I recall, I slept in the hallway of a rooming house where those who were unable to obtain hotel accommodations were bedded. I returned the following day from Albuquerque 🐃 to Chicago and then via Chicago by plane to either New York or Fashington and then by train to Philadelphia. This jumbled up method of travel was necessitated by the traveling conditions at that time.

Here, I would like to make the following statement: All of the expenses involved in any of the work that I did were paid for by me entirely out of my own funds. Immediately upon my return to New York, I turned over the information which Fuchs had given me, to John. The next meeting with Dr. Fuchs took place in late September 1915. I again met him in Santa Fe, this time on the outskirts. He had a car, a rather dilapidated affair, which he had borrowed, and we conducted all of our conversation in it. He gave me some information again. Also, he told me he had been present at the initial large-scale trial of nuclear fission at Alamogordo in New Mexico, and also described to me the tremendous wonderment that had desc ended upon even those who had the most intimate knowledge of the potentialities of the weapon — most especially on the occasion of the dropping of the bomb on Hiroshima. It is my best understanding that he was actually present with the group or certainly near the group that set off the trial bomb at Alamogordo.

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Dr. Puchs told me also at this time that he would probably return to England soon but that by paying a call to his sister I could ascertain just when. This statement may not be completely accurate in thesemas, it also seems to me that he gave a definite time, about Christmas week of 1945 when he expected to again be in Cambridge.

In early evening I returned by bus to Albuquerque and got an early morning plane from Albuquerque to Kansas City. There, I had to transfer to a train which took me to Chicago and I went from Chicago by way of New York Central to New York. From New York I went to Philadelphia and no more than several days later, turned over the information that Dr. Fuchs had given me to John in New York City. To the best of my recollection, it was out beyond Jackson Heights somewhere in Queens where I turned this information over to John.

Here again, I would like to repeat what I previously said, that this jumbled up method of travel was necessitated by the lack of facilities at that time and heavy travel at that time and was not intended as a means of throwing anyone off my trail.

This was the last time that I saw Dr. Fuchs or obtained information from him.

I made either one or two attempts to see Dr. Fuchs again at the home of his sister. This effort was not successful in that he was still in New Mexico. After the possible second attempt which was in either late Jammary or early February, 1946, my scheduled appointment to report to John did not take place. This was to be at the Earle Theater in the Bronx, New York.

I never saw or heard from John again.

In summary, to the best of my recollection, Dr. Fuchs gave me information on five occasions. Two times in New York in the Spring and Summer of 1944, once in Cambridge in very early 1945, probably Jammary and twice in Santa Fe, the first time in June, the second time in late September, both 1945. On each occasion I subsequently turned this information over to John. It is possible, although I doubt it, that Sam received from me the first information which I had obtained from Dr. Fuchs.

During my association with Dr. Fuchs, Sam and John, I fully realised that the information which Dr. Fuchs was supplying me and which I turned over to Sam or John was for the benefit of the Soviet Union. I also surmised that the information concerned the separation of isotopes and the

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