FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

RYMUR

(JONESTOWN)

BUFILE: 89-4286
VOLUME 24

II

417

subject: RYMUR
file number: HQ 89-4286
section number: 24
serial(s):

363 pages Released

4-506 (REV. 11-20-72)

89-HQ-4286

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89-HQ-4286-24

SECTION 24

U. S. Department of Justice

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	Investigative Period
SAN FRANCISCO	SAN FRANCISCO	1/12/79	11/18/78 - 1/12/79

Title of Case	Report made by	Typed By:
RYMUR	SA DONALD R. HALE	jmr

Character of Case

CONGRESSIONAL ASSASSINATION STATUTE

XXXXXXX

PROSECUTIVE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11/16/92 BY 1048 [redacted] b7C

#289,125 & #284,126

1/19/79
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(1 - Associate AG)
(1 - Asst. AG - Crim.)
1 - USSS
2 - Personal Crimes Unit

Approved: [signature] Special Agent in Charge

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24 JAN 22 1979

Notations:

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FD-517 (12-2-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

PROSECUTIVE REPORT OF INVESTIGATION CONCERNING

LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON;
RONNIE DENNIS (Status unknown);
WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH (Deceased);
EDDIE JOE CRENSHAW (Deceased);
STANLEY BRIAN GIEG (Deceased);
RONALD DE-VAL JAMES (Deceased);
ERNEST JONES (Deceased);
ROBERT EDWARD KICE (Deceased);
THOMAS DAVID KICE (Deceased);
ANTHONY SIMON (Deceased);
DONALD EDWARD SLY (Deceased);
RONALD TALLY (Deceased);
ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE (Deceased);
JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON (Deceased);
CONGRESSMAN LEO J. RYAN - VICTIM (Deceased);
CONGRESSIONAL ASSASSINATION STATUTE

(u)

FBI/DOJ

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DRH:jmr

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(u)

FD-518 (12-2-77)

Copy to: 2 - USA, San Francisco (ATTN: AUSA DONDERO)
1 - Secret Service, San Francisco

Report of: DONALD R. HALE
Date: 1/12/79
Office: San Francisco

Field Office File #: 89-250
Bureau File #: 89-4286

Narrative of Offense:

The purpose of this report is to furnish an eyewitness account of the assault and assassination of Congressman Leo J. Ryan at Jonestown, Guyana and Port Kaituma, Guyana, South America. (U)

This investigation was initiated on 11/18/78, upon receipt of information from [redacted] District Attorney's Office, San Francisco, California, of reported murder of Congressman Ryan in Guyana, South America. (U) b7C

United States Congressman Leo J. Ryan, along with Jackie Speier, Legislative Counsel to Ryan; James Schollaert, Committee Staff to Ryan; Bob Flick, NBC News; Don Harris, NBC Correspondent; Bob Brown, NBC Cameraman; Steve Sung, NBC Soundman; Tim Reiterman, Journalist, San Francisco Examiner; Greg Robinson, Photographer, San Francisco Examiner; Ron Javers, Journalist, San Francisco Chronicle; Gordon Lindsey, Freelance writer; Charles Krause, Journalist, Washington Post; and the following concerned relatives: Timothy and Grace Stoen; Steve Katsaris; Clara Bouquet; Howard and Beverly Oliver; Jim Cobb; Wayne Pietella; Bonnie Thielman; Anthony Katsaris; Sherwin Harris; Nadine Houston; Micky Touchette; and Carolyn Boyd, arrived at Georgetown, Guyana on 11/14-15/78. Purpose of Ryan's visit was a Congressional inquiry into the activities of the People's Temple (PT) and the Reverend Jim Jones at Jonestown, Guyana. While in Georgetown, Guyana, Ryan met with U.S. Embassy officials; Guyanese Government officials; Mark Lane, and Charles Garry, Temple Attorneys. Ryan subsequently traveled to Jonestown, on 11/17/78, aboard a chartered aircraft which landed at Port Kaituma. He was accompanied by Lane, Garry, Speier, Richard Dwyer, Deputy Chief of Mission, U.S. Embassy, Georgetown, (U)

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Guyana; the four NBC crew members and the five journalists, listed above; and four concerned relatives: Beverly Oliver; Anthony Katsaris; Jim Cobb; and Carolyn Boyd. After some communication with Jim Jones in Jonestown, the Ryan entourage was permitted to visit Jonestown with the exception of Gordon Lindsey. (U)

On 11/17/78, Ryan spoke with Jones and conducted interviews in performance of his Congressional inquiry. On the following day in preparation to depart Jonestown, some Jonestown residents expressed desires to depart with Ryan. In the process of loading persons to return to Port Kaituma to await transportation for Georgetown, Congressman Ryan was assaulted with a knife by Donald Edward Sly. Sly was subdued by Attorneys Garry and Lane and the Ryan entourage, along with, Jonestown members desiring to leave, prepared and departed for Port Kaituma, via truck. Larry Layton demanded to accompany the entourage but was suspected by other "defectors" to be a traitor and not a true "defector". (U)

At Port Kaituma, the Ryan entourage, with the following Jonestown "defectors": Brenda, Gerald, Tracy, Dale, Edith, and Patricia Parks; Juanita, Tom, Edith, Teena, and James Bogue; Monica Bagby; Harold Cordell; Vern Gosney; and Chris O'Neal and alleged "defector" Larry Layton, prepared to board two airplanes, when a tractor trailer arrived at the airstrip carrying People's Temple (PT) members who subsequently opened fire on the Ryan entourage. (U)

Witnesses at the airstrip interviewed, and have identified: Wesley Karl Breidenbach (deceased); Eddie Joe Crenshaw (deceased); Ronnie Dennis (status unknown); Stanley Brian Gieg (deceased); Ronald De-Val James (deceased); Ernest Jones (deceased); Robert Edward Kice (deceased); Thomas David Kice (deceased); Larry John Layton (alive); Anthony Simon (deceased); Ronald Tally (deceased); Albert Ardell Touchette (deceased); Joseph Lafayette Wilson (deceased) as assailants. Killed during the assault by above persons were: (U)

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DRH:jmr

Congressman Leo J. Ryan; NBC Correspondent, Don Harris; NBC Cameraman, Bob Brown; San Francisco Examiner Photographer, Greg Robinson; and PT "defector" Patricia Parks. (U)

With the assistance of Richard A. Dwyer, U.S. Embassy; the Guyanese soldiers and surviving persons, the wounded and survivors were assisted and moved to safe location and were subsequently transported to Georgetown. (U)

This report contains results of all eyewitnesses interviewed to date. Charles Krause, Washington Post Journalist, has not made himself available for interview. (U)

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NAMES OF DEFENDANTS:

1. WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: September 15, 1959

2. EDDIE JOE CRENSHAW (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: July 26, 1953

3. RONNIE DENNIS (Status unknown)

   Date of Birth: December 20, 1961

4. STANLEY BRIAN GIEG (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: January 20, 1959

5. RONALD DE-VAL JAMES (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: November 1, 1955

6. ERNEST JONES (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: September 7, 1922

7. ROBERT EDWARD KICE (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: January 4, 1948

8. THOMAS DAVID KICE (Deceased)

   Date of Birth: November 18, 1935

9. LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON

   Date of Birth: [redacted] b7C

10. ANTHONY SIMON (Deceased)

    Date of Birth: July 22, 1954

(u)

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NAMES OF DEFENDANTS - CONTINUED:

11. DONALD EDWARD SLY (Deceased)

    Date of Birth: March 3, 1936

12. RONALD TALLY (Deceased)

    Date of Birth: October 15, 1945

13. ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE (Deceased)

    Date of Birth: September 13, 1954

14. JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON (Deceased)

    Date of Birth: June 29, 1954

(W)

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PROSECUTIVE STATUS: (U)

The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), San Francisco, has been in constant contact with United States Attorney's (USA) Office, San Francisco, since November 19, 1978, concerning violations of the Congressional Assassination Statute. Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA) Robert L. Dondero is handling this matter for the USA and is in daily contact with the FBI. (U)

On November 24, 1978, AUSA Dondero authorized complaints filed by Special Agent (SA) DONALD R. Hale, before U.S. Magistrate Frederick J. Woelflen, U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, charging: ROBERT EDWARD KICE; THOMAS DAVID KICE; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; RONALD DE-VAL JAMES; EDDIE JOE CRENSHAW; RONALD TALLY; and WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH with violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 351 (a) (d). Complaints and no bail warrants sealed. (U)

On December 8, 1978, on authorization of AUSA Dondero, above complaints unsealed. U.S. Magistrate Woelflen dismissed complaints and withdrew warrants in view of the fact that FBI investigation determined all subjects deceased. (U)

On December 8, 1978, Federal Grand Jury (FGJ), Northern District of California, San Francisco, California, began testimony. The FGJ has continued to meet on a regular basis. (U)

On January 12, 1979, AUSA Dondero authorized complaints filed by SA Hale before U.S. Magistrate Woelflen, charging Lawrence John Layton and Ronnie Dennis with violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 351 (a) (d), Congressional Assassination Statute. No bail warrants issued January 12, 1979, and complaints and warrant sealed. (U)

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PROSECUTIVE STATUS - CONTINUED: (U)

The FGJ continuing testimony and meets at least once a week. The FGJ periodically issues subpoenaes for witnesses and records at request of AUSA Dondero. (U)

The FBI, San Francisco, maintains daily contact with USA's Office and furnishes current copies of interview reports as received by San Francisco Office. (U)

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DRH:jmr

WITNESSES: (U)

b7c

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; RONNIE DENNIS; THOMAS DAVID KICE; and EDDIE JOE CRENSHAW as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: THOMAS DAVID KICE; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; RONALD DE-VAL JAMES; ERNEST JONES; and STANLEY BRIAN GIEG as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: ROBERT EDWARD KICE; THOMAS DAVID KICE; STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; and LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as members of the Port Kaiuma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: THOMAS DAVID KICE; ROBERT EDWARD KICE; STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; RONNIE JAMES; ERNEST (last name unknown, probably JONES); and LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group. (U)

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; RONNIE JAMES; THOMAS DAVID KICE; ROBERT EDWARD KICE; ERNEST JONES; ANTHONY SIMON; LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH; and ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: ROBERT EDWARD KICE; THOMAS DAVID KICE; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; RONNIE JAMES; EDDIE JOE CRENSHAW; RONALD TALLY; WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH; STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; and LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of the Port Kaituma assault group.

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WITNESSES - CONTINUED (u)

b7c

[redacted], can identify: THOMAS DAVID KICE; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; and JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

RICHARD A. DWYER can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH; THOMAS DAVID KICE; ROBERT EDWARD KICE; and JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; LARRY JOHN LATON; and JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group. (u)

[redacted] can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted] can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; RONNIE JAMES; and JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; THOMAS DAVID KICE; ROBERT EDWARD KICE; RONNIE JAMES; RONNIE DENNIS; and LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: ROBERT EDWARD KICE; THOMAS DAVID KICE; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; RONNIE DENNIS; RONNIE JAMES; STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; EDDIE JOE CRENSHAW; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; and WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

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WITNESSES - CONTINUED: (U)

b7c

[redacted] can identify: THOMAS DAVID KICE; ROBERT EDWARD KICE; RONNIE JAMES; RONNIE DENNIS; ERNEST JONES; STANLEY BRIAN GIEG; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; and LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as members of the Port Kaituma assault grou

[redacted], can identify: ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; (first name unknown) DENNIS (probably RONNIE DENNIS); LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; and JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; RONNIE DENNIS; THOMAS DAVID KICE; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; and RONNIE JAMES as members of the Port Kaituma assault group. (U)

[redacted], can identify: ROBERT EDWARD KICE; THOMAS DAVID KICE; JOSEPH LAFAYETTE WILSON; ALBERT ARDELL TOUCHETTE; WESLEY KARL BREIDENBACH; (first name unknown) JONES (ERNEST JONES); LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON; RONNIE DENNIS; and RONNIE JAMES as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as member of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted], can identify: STANLEY BRIAN GIEG and LAWRENCE JOHN LAYTON as members of the Port Kaituma assault group.

[redacted] can identify: STANLEY BRIAN GIEG as member of the Port Kaituma assault group.

The above individuals may each identify additional subjects through photographic line-up. (U)

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WITNESSES - CONTINUED: (u)

MARK LANE and CHARLES GARRY can identify DONALD EDWARD SLY as assailant in Jonestown.

JAMES SCHOLLAERT can identify RYAN staff, News Media and concerned relatives on trip to Guyana.

(u)

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DRH:jmr

EVIDENCE: (U)

Two bullets and a lead fragment from Congressman Leo J. Ryan being maintained by FBI Laboratory. (U)

A .308 caliber, Remington Winchester, Model 700 rifle, Serial Number 6742465, in possession of Commissioner, Guyana Police Department, Georgetown, Guyana, South America. (U)

F

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DRH:jmr

UNPRODUCTIVE INVESTIGATION: (U)

In view of attempt to limit this initial report to the actual assault and murder of Congressman Leo J. Ryan, a large volume of records, interviews and information currently in possession of FBI is not being included in this report. (U)

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DRH:jmr

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(u)

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of the

LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

December 22, 19

To: Commissioner
Guyana Police Department
Georgetown, Guyana, South America

AIRMAIL

Attention: Mr. C. A. Roberts
Assistant Police
Commissioner
Criminal Investigations
Division

FBI FILE NO. 89-4286

LAB. NO. 81219043 S N

Re:

YOUR NO.

Unknown Subjects;
Congressman Leo J. Ryan
(Deceased) - Victim;
Congressional Assassination Statute;
Foreign Police Cooperation

Examination requested by:

Addressee

Reference:

Examination requested:

Firearms

b7c

Specimens received from [redacted] on December 2, 1978:

Q1	Four pieces of shot from PATRICIA PARK (J57 HQ)
Q2-Q4	Two bullets and a lead fragment from LEO RYAN (J58 HQ
Q5-Q7	Bullet, bullet jacket and lead core from BOB BROWN (J59 HQ)
Q8	Bullet from DON HARRIS (J56 HQ)
Q9-Q10	Two bullets from MONICA BAGBY (J60 HQ)
Q11-Q17	Five .380 Auto cartridge cases and two. 303 Winchester caliber cartridge cases from Kaituma airstrip (J54 HQ)

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K1 . 38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Model 36, Serial Number 60J953 with five cartridges, recovered from MICHAEL CARTER (J55 HQ)

K2 .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Model 36, Serial Number 5J4831, with five cartridges, recovered from MICHAEL CROOKS (J62 HQ)

K3 .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Model 36, Serial Number J298732, with one cartridge, recovered from LARRY LAYTON (J61 HQ)

Items received on December 5, 1978, from [redacted]

b7c

K4 .38 Special Smith and Wesson, Model 10, revolver, Serial Number C911747

K5 .357 Magnum Ruger, Security Six, revolver, Serial Number 150-12987

K6 .22 caliber Harrington and Richardson, Model 922, revolver, Serial Number K8657

K7 .22 caliber Liberty Arms Corporation, Model Liberty 21, revolver, Serial Number 48805

K8 .38 Special Smith and Wesson, Model 36, revolver, Serial Number 273665

K9 .22 caliber Ruger automatic pistol, Serial Number 13-11054

K10 .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial Number S820402

K11 .380 Auto Walther, PPK/S, automatic pistol, Serial Number 138188S

K12 .25 Auto Colt automatic pistol, Serial Number 218752

K13 .22 caliber High Standard, Duramatic model, automatic pistol, Serial Number 512543

K14 .308 Winchester caliber Remington, Model 742, carbine, Serial Number 46316.

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K15 .308 Winchester caliber Remington, Model 700, rifle, Serial Number 6742465

K16 .30-06 Springfield caliber Remington, Model 742, rifle, Serial Number 15824

K17 .30-06 Springfield caliber Browning rifle, Serial Number 75866M9

K18 .308 Winchester caliber Remington, Model 788, rifle, Serial Number 6110319, with telescope

K19 .30-06 Springfield caliber Remington, Model 742, rifle, Serial Number A7402065

K20 .308 Winchester caliber Winchester, Model 88, rifle, Serial Number 82976, with telescope

K21 .243 Winchester caliber Ruger, Model 77, rifle Serial Number 72-24208 with telescope

K22 .30 caliber U. S. Carbine, M1, Serial Number 3084280

K23 .22 caliber Ruger, Model 10-22, rifle, Serial Number 116-53921

K24 .22 caliber Western Field, Model 88A-ECH, rifle, no serial number

K25 .22 caliber Armalite, AR-7 Explorer, rifle, Serial Number 73270

K26 .30-30 Winchester caliber Winchester, Model 94 Canadian Centennial, rifle, Serial Number 36519

K27 .30-30 Winchester caliber Sears, Model 54, rifle, Serial Number 34912

K28 12-gauge Remington, Model 870, shotgun, Serial Number T019755M

K29 12-gauge Universal Arms, Auto-Wing model, shotgun, Serial Number D3447

(U)

K30 12-gauge Savage, Model 6670H, shotgun, no serial number

K31 12-gauge J. C. Higgins, Model 60, shotgun, no serial number

K32 12-gauge Remington, Model 870, shotgun, Serial Number S946514M

K33 12-gauge Remington, Model 11, shotgun, Serial Number 773398

K34 12-gauge Western Field, Model XNH-565D, shotgun, no serial number

K35 16-gauge Stevens, Model 94H, shotgun, Serial Number A171004

(U)

b7c

Items received on December 11, 1978, from [redacted] from Kaituma airstrip:

Q18-Q20 Two bullet jackets and a lead bullet core

Q21-Q22 Two .30-06 Springfield caliber cartridge cases

Q23-Q27 Five .22 caliber cartridge cases

Q28-Q29 Two wads

Results of examination (U)

This report supplements and confirms the preliminary report furnished your office on December 12, 1978. (U)

Specimen Q1 consists of four pieces of lead shot which have been determined to be size "F". This size of shot is not commercially loaded into shotshells in either the United States or Great Britain. However, size "F" shot is available in many countries for hand or reloading purposes. (U)

Specimen Q2 is a .38 Special or a .357 Magnum bullet jacket which has been fired from a barrel rifled with six grooves, right twist, such as the K5 revolver. However, the barrel of specimen K5 was found to contain a large quantity of foreign material and corrosion which effected the microscopic markings used in identification. Therefore, it was not possible to determine if Q2 had been fired from K5. None of the other recovered weapons could have fired Q2. (U)

Specimen Q3 was identified as having been fired from the K15 rifle (U)

Specimens Q4, Q6 and Q20 are lead cores from jacketed bullets which do not contain any marks of value for identification purposes. Therefore, the origin of Q4, Q6 and Q20 could not be determined. (U)

Specimens Q5 and Q18 are .30 caliber bullet jackets which were fired from a barrel(s) rifled with four grooves, right twist such as the barrels in the K17 and K20 rifles. However, due to a lack of sufficient matching microscopic marks between Q5, Q18 and test bullets fired from K17 and K20, it was not possible to determine if Q5 or Q18 had been fired from K17 or K20. (U)

Specimen Q7 is a .380 Auto caliber jacketed bullet which was fired from a barrel rifled with six grooves, right twist. Although the barrel of the K11 pistol contains six grooves, right twist, nothing was found to indicate that Q7 had been fired from K11. (U)

Specimens Q8 and Q19 are .30 caliber bullet jackets which were fired from a barrel(s) rifled with six grooves, right twist such as the barrels in the K14 and K15 rifles. However, there are not sufficient microscopic marks of value for identification purposes in either Q8 or Q19. Therefore, it was not possible to determine if they had been fired from K14 or K15. (U)

The Q9 and Q10 bullets were identified as having been fired from the K3 revolver. (U)

The Q11 through Q15 cartridge cases were identified as having been fired in the same firearm; however, they were not fired in specimen K11. (U)

Specimen Q16 was not fired in any of the recovered .308 Winchester caliber firearms. (U)

Specimen Q17 was identified as having been fired in the K15 rifle. (U)

Specimen Q21 does not contain sufficient microscopic marks of value for identification purposes. Therefore, it was not possible to determine if Q21 had been fired in K19 or K17. Specimen Q21 was not fired in K16. (U)

Specimen Q22 does not contain sufficient microscopic marks of value for identification purposes. Therefore, it was not possible to determine if Q22 was fired in K17. Specimen Q22 was not fired in K16 or K19. (U)

The Q23 through Q27 cartridge cases were identified as having been fired by the K23 rifle. (U)

Specimens Q28 and Q29 are consistent with 16-gauge shot shell wads but could not be identified further. (U)

CENTRAL MEDICAL LABORATORY

P. M. No. 729/78

:...Leo Ryan.....AGE: 53 yrs:...ARMY:..Male..RACE: [illegible]...

E OF P.M. EXAMINATION: PMG Mortuary.....DATE: 20/11/78 TIME: 9.00a.m.

: 18/11/78.....TIME: Not known PLACE: Port Kaitoo, North West District.

TIFICATION: James T. Schollaert, c/o U.S. Embassy, Georgetown.

ESS: Assistant Superintendent, Lam, C.I.D. Headquarters.

RNAL EXAMINATION: The body is that of a male of Caucasian descent, measuring 6ft. 2 ins. It was fully clothed as follows

(1) Long sleeved shirt (light-green).

(2) Blue striped pants held in position by a buckle.

(3) Brown pair of shoes.

(4) Pair of socks.

The shirt, pants and shoes were blood-stained. There were tears of varying diameters in the pants (3) in the (R) buttock and (2) in the (L) buttock; in front of pants 6 cms. tear on (L) groin area. The pockets (2) in back on the pants were turned inside out.

(1) In the (L) front pocket there was an electioneering pin of Congressman Leo Ryan.

The body was identified by:-

James T. Schollaert Esq. of the U.S. Embassy in Georgetown, Guyana.

RNAL EXAMINATION:

(1) Perforated wound (L) groin 2½ c.ms. elliptical in outline and 1½c.ms. wide at its greatest/running downwards in line with the (L) inguinal ligament and parallel to it.

(2) Above wound (1) was another perforated wound 1c.m. x ½ c.m. above wound (1)

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(3) Linear contusion 2 c.ms. above wound No.2 running across abdomen for 6 c.ms.

(4) Twelve c.ms. above wound No.3. perforated wound 2c.ms. by 1 c.m. with contusion parallel to upper and lower ellipse. Wound is on the (L) lower aspect of the abdomen 10 c.ms. lateral to umbilicus.

(5) There was a raised area under the skin at the (L) subcostal area 15 c.ms. above wound No.4. Incision revealed a metal object (deformed bullet).

(6) Perforated wound on (L) chest 6 c.ms. above (L) nipple wound 2c.ms.x 1 c.m.

(7) There was a raised area under skin parallel with wound number (6), 5c.ms. from mid sternum metal object removed (deformed bullet).

(8) Perforating wound. (L) upper limb medial aspect 3c.ms. by 1½c.m.s. 6 c.ms. below axilla. Contusions around wound with 2 parallel cuts in the skin above and below the perforating wound 1½c.ms. one above 2 c.ms. the one below.

(9) Two perforating wounds on the (R) aspect of the neck 0.9c.m. diameter each, the lower one 13c.ms. from tip of (R) ear the upper one 11c.ms. from tip of (R) ear.

(10) Massive lacerated wound (R) side of neck 6c.ms. Muscles of neck exposed long upper end of wound 2½ c.ms. from tip of ear (R) medial to wound irregular abrasion extending from neck to angle of jaw. Under angle of jaw perforating wound 3c.ms. by 1½ c.ms., bone of angle of jaw exposed.

(11) (L) lateral aspect of shoulder perforating wound 3c.ms. by 2½c.ms. bony fragments at orifice - wound is 3c.ms. from root of neck.

(12) On the (L) neck posterior lateral aspect perforating wound 4c.ms. by 2c.ms. bony fragment protruding from wound. Wound is 2.c.ms. from

cap of (L) ear.

(23) Back of (L) ear perforating wound 30.mm. by 20.mm. The posterior attachment of the ear was detached.

(24) (L) aspect of parieto-occipital region of skull, compound comminuted fracture excavating scalp with herniation and protrusion of Brain. Brain substance blood-stained coming out.

(25) Puncture wound mid position of (L) thigh posterior aspect 23 c.mm. from popliteal fossa.

(26) Perforating wound 20.mm. by 10.m. on fold of (R) buttocks.

(27) 12 punctured wounds of varying sizes, both buttocks.

(28) (R) loin two areas of contusion.

(29) Contusion of (R) scotal.

(30) Bilateral ecchymosis with bilateral subconjunctival haemorrhages.

(31) Perforating wound (R) posterior lateral aspect of arm in line with shoulder joint wound 10.m. diameter.

(32) On the (R) thigh 8 c.mm. below the inguinal ligament two parallel linear contusions 30.mm. and 20.mm. in length each and 1½.mm. from each other.

NAL EXAMINATION:

OESOPHAGUS: Some amount of congestion upper ⅓ with large amount of submucous haemorrhage between thyroid cornua and hyoid bone.

TRACHEA & BRONCHI: Congestion in upper aspect with blood-stained froth in Bronchii.

THORACIC CAVITY:

LUNGS: (R) Was adherent to the pericardium and there were some pleural reaction at base. Small puncture wound in lower lobe.
(L) lung perforation of the basal lobe bony fragments in substance of (L) lung.

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HEART: Some increase of epicardial fat - normal in size. Myocardial normal; Coronary vessels patent and normal. Arch of aorta normal in appearances.

The chest cavity contained 125 ml. of blood on the (R) side and 200 ml. on the (L) side. Fracture of the 2nd and 3rd ribs on the (L) side.

ABDOMEN:

STOMACH: signs of gastritis (patchy) rugae normal - stomach empty - except for mucus.

LIVER: Some petechial subcapsular haemorrhage other wise pale in appearances.

GALL BLADDER: No gall stones.

PANCREAS: Normal appearances.

KIDNEYS: Normal appearances except slight increase of hilar fat.

BLADDER: Filled with urine straw coloured.

INTESTINES: Normal appearances.

APPENDIX: Normal.

(H)

HEAD AND NECK:

SKULL: Small pieces of the skull on the left side were missing, in the parietal and occipital areas. There was a compound comminuted fracture of the vault extending from the (L) fronto parieto-region and extending upwards and backwards into the parietal and occipital region and involving the bones of the (R) aspect of the vault. The bones of the base were also fractured in a comminuted manner - all the bones of the anterior, middle and posterior cranial fossae bilateral - fracture lines extending in all directions.

BRAIN: Only the Cerebellum was in the skull all the cerebrum had fallen out. Cerebellum shows some congestion.

...

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CAUSE OF DEATH: SHOCK AND HAEMORRHAGE FOLLOWING MULTIPLE GUN SHOT INJURIES:

(1) COMPOUND COMMINUTED FRACTURE OF THE SKULL WITH LACERATION AND INFORATION OF THE BRAIN.

(2) PERFORATION OF BOTH LUNGS WITH BILATERAL HAEMOTHORAX.

Dr. L. Mootoo,
L.M.R.C.P; L.M.R.C.S (Dublin),
D.G.O; D. Obst. (Dublin),
D.P.H. (Edin.),
Dipl.Forensic Med. D.F.M.(Vienna
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

[redacted]

INTERNATIONAL FORM OF MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF CAUSE OF DEATH

To the REGISTRAR of Division in the District,

in the County of

I hereby certify that I ~~attended~~ performed a post mortem examination on Lee Ryan aged 53 at the Georgetown Hospital Mortuary that I last saw h..... on 20.11.78 19.... , that he died on 18.11.78 at Port Kaituma and that the cause of h..... death was:

CAUSE of DEATH		Approximate interval between onset and death
I *Disease or condition directly leading to death**	(a) Shock and Haemorrhage following due to (or as a consequence of) Multiple injuries	
Antecedent causes. Morbid conditions, if any, giving rise to the above cause, stating the underlying condition last	(b) Perforation of both lungs due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(c) Fracture of Skull (multiple) with laceration and haemorrhage of the brain	
II *Other significant conditions* contributing to the death but not related to the disease or condition caus-		

* This does not mean the mode of dying, e.g., heart failure, asthenia, etc., it means the disease, injury, or complication which caused death.

Signed: [illegible]

Prof. Title: [illegible]

Address: Central Medical Laboratory

Georgetown, Guyana

Date: 20/11/78

Certify a true copy
American Embassy
Georgetown, Guyana

C.M.O.-NO. 12 C.O.P.GS.737/70

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FD-302 (REV. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 1/9/79

On December 13, 1978, Special Agent [redacted], U.S. Treasury Department, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (BATF) provided SA [redacted] a list of tracings of weapons located in Jonestown, Guyana. b7C

Attached hereto is a copy of that list.

Interviewed on 12/13/78 at San Francisco, California File # SF 89-250

by SA [redacted] b7C jmr Date dictated 12/19/78

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The following are traces of 31 firearms that were received from the ATF liaison via the State Department of 176 guns presumably found at the People's Temple encampment at Jonestown, Guyana. A list of 31 guns was forwarded to ATF Tracing to trace. The following are the firearms: (U)

1. Smith & Wesson, revolver, 4" barrel, .38 special, serial number C911747, traced to a [redacted] city unknown, DOB: [redacted], OCA 16159, Date of Transfer 03-10-73. b7

2. Walther Automatic Pistol, PPK Model, 9mm, serial number 138188S, licensed to Eugene B. Chaikin, Redwood Valley, Ukiah, California. Chaikin is an attorney for the People's Temple and is reportedly in Guyana or enroute to the United States. DOB: 12-18-32, Date of Registration is 08-04-71.

3. Smith & Wesson, revolver, 2" barrel, 5 shot, .38 caliber, serial number 273666, registered to Michael J. Prokes, Redwood Valley, Ukiah, California. He is the ex-newsman and public relations officer for the People's Temple and a member of the security force. DOB: 05-31-47, OCA A16613, Date of Transfer 04-03-74.

4. Sturm-Ruger, 10/22 carbine rifle, serial number 116-53921, registered to [redacted] DOB: [redacted] Date of Transfer 03-15-77. Purchased from Bob Chow's Gun Shop, San Francisco. Known temple member - presumed dead. b7c

5. Liberty, No. 21 revolver, .22 caliber, serial number 48805, registered to [redacted] DOB: [redacted] Date of Transfer 12-13-69. Known temple member - presumed dead. (U)

6. Sturm-Ruger, revolver, .357 caliber, 4" barrel, serial number 158-12987, registered to Timothy Maurice Swinney, Redwood Valley, Ukiah, California, DOB: 09-28-38, Date of Transfer 04-25-72 from Yokayo Rifle Shop, Ukiah.

7. Ruger Automatic Pistol, .22 long rifle, serial number 13-11054, registered Robert Edward Kice, Redwood Valley, Ukiah, California, DOB: 01-04-48, Date of Transfer 06-28-75, sold by Rod's Liquor and Sports, Ukiah. Known temple member - presumed dead.

8. Winchester Rifle, .243 caliber, serial number 72-24208, registered to [redacted] DOB: [redacted] Date of Purchase 03-09-77. She is the [redacted] for People's Temple. She picked up gun and ammunition the day before leaving for Guyana. [redacted] of Yokayo Rifle Shop, where the gun was purchased taught her how to shoot the weapon and advised he knew it was going to Guyana. b7c

b7C

9. Browning Slide Action Carbine, .30-06 caliber, serial number 75856M9, registered to [redacted] DOB: [redacted] Date of Purchase 09-16-69 from Roos-Atkins, San Francisco. Known temple member - presumed alive.

10. Sears & Roebuck, Model 54, .30-30 caliber, serial number 273810, registered to [redacted] DOB: [redacted] Date of Transfer 08-22-77, OCA 0480700.

11. H & R Model 922, 9 shot revolver, .22 caliber, serial number KB657, no state or Federal records for this period of time, manufactured in 1950; to Crown Jewelry, Mazoola, Montana.

12. High Standard Automatic Pistol, Model 101, .22 caliber, serial number 512543, registered to [redacted] Date of Transfer 02-27-58, OCA 401794.

13. Smith & Wesson revolver, 6" barrel, .38 caliber, serial number S820402, to Universal Hardware, Los Angeles, California on 04-02-46, no records available.

14. Olin Winchester Signal Flare Launcher, .25 mm, serial number 029432, no model number - unable to check.

15. Colt Automatic Pistol, .25 caliber, serial number 318752, sold to Montana Hardward, Butte, Montana 1922, no records.

16. Winchester, Model 88 Rifle, .308 caliber, serial number 82976, firearm manufactured in 1959, no disposition records kept by Winchester.

17. U.S. Army Carbine M-1 Model, .30 Caliber, serial number 3094280, military weapon - military has no record of this firearm.

18. Remington Model 742, .30-06 caliber, serial number 15824, date of manufacture was 1952 - no records available prior to 1957.

19. Western Field Model 880A, slide action rifle, .22 long rifle, no serial number - unable to trace firearm without serial number.

20. Remington, Model 742 Carbine, .308 caliber, serial number 46316, date of manufacture in 1955 - no records available prior to 1957.

21. Winchester, .30-30 caliber saddle gun, serial number 36519, no long gun records prior to 1968 - unable to trace.

22. Remington, Model 11 Shotgun, .12 gauge, serial number 773398, discontinued in 1942 - no records available.

23. Remington, Wingmaster, .12 gauge shotgun, Model 870, serial number S946514M, ~~Remington advised this is not a serial number - unable to trace.~~ [redacted]

DOB [redacted] POB Fl. CA # H0588466 b7C
DOT 3-22-75 Yokayo Rifle Shop Ukiah

24. J.C. Higgins, .12 gauge shotgun, Model 60, no serial number - firearm manufactured by High Standard, no serial number - unable to trace.

25. Foremost .12 gauge, Model 6670H, Savage Arms Company, no serial number - no serial number, unable to trace.

26. Universal Firearms, .12 gauge shotgun, serial number D3447. Went to Universal Sportings in Miami - business discontinued. Records showed acquisition but no disposition.

27. Western Field, .12 gauge, pump action shotgun, serial number XMH-565D, above is a production number indicating Noble as the manufacturer - this is not a serial number, unable to trace.

28. Remington, .12 gauge shotgun, Model 870, serial number T019755M. b7c
~~Remington advised that serial number indicated is not a Remington serial number - unable to trace.~~ [redacted]. Dot 3-22-75 [redacted] Dot AOC FL. [redacted]

A check with AFS/CII, Sacramento, California revealed that [redacted] has purchased the following handguns: 1. Sturm-Ruger, .357 caliber, serial number 15120167, Date of Transfer 02-22-75, OCA G173064. 2. Smith & Wesson, .38 caliber, revolver, serial number 636J9, Date of Transfer 05-10-77, OCA F061061, This weapon was licensed to her to carry in a concealable manner. 3. Smith & Wesson, .38 caliber, serial number 13K8953, Date of Transfer 09-23-77, OCA G803902. 14

On December 5, 1978, Charles R. Geary delivered three weapons to the San Francisco Police Department indicating that the weapons were in his possession for a considerable time and belonged to the People's Temple. The three weapons were: 1. Smith & Wesson, .38 caliber, serial number 636J9, which was registered to [redacted] 2. Sturm Ruger, Security Six, .357 caliber, serial number 15327760, which was registered to [redacted]. Also note: he purchased a Sturm-Ruger, 10/22 carbine rifle, serial number 116-53921 on 03-15-77. A check with AFS revealed no other firearms purchased by [redacted]. The third weapon was a Smith & Wesson, Chief Special, .38 caliber, serial number J142065, registered to [redacted] A check with AFS revealed no other firearms purchased by [redacted] b7c

On December 8, 1978 the following trace information was received for the three firearms omitted from the above list of 32 firearms:

29. Remington, Model 788, .308 caliber rifle, serial number 6110319, shipped to Western Hoegle, Glendale, California on 03-30-72; then shipped to White Front Store # 231, San Francisco, California on 07-12-72. Company out of business - no records available.

30. Remington Model 700, .308 caliber bolt action rifle, serial number 6742465, shipped to American Arms Co. warehouse, Massachusetts, on 07-25-74; then sold to San Francisco Gun Exchange, San Francisco on 09-29-74; then sold to [redacted] on 10-31-77. Identified as 5'10", 200 lbs. WM, DOB: [redacted]

b7C

31. AR7 Explorer rifle, .22 caliber, serial number 73270, sold to Powderhorn, Burbank, California on 04-25-66. Out of business - no records available.

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/6/78

[redacted] furnished the following information: (U) b7C

[redacted]

the following individuals from New York to Georgetown, Guyana, aboard a Pan American flight on November 14 - 15, 1978: (U)

JACKIE SPEIER
Legislative Counsel to RYAN

BOB FLICK
NBC News Crew

DON HARRIS
Correspondent

BOB BROWN
NBC Camera Man

STEVE SUNG
NBC Sound Man

TIM REITERMAN
Journalist
San Francisco Examiner

GREGG ROBINSON
Photographer
San Francisco Examiner

RONALD JAVERS
Journalist
San Francisco Cronicle

GORDAN LINDSEY
Free Lance Writer

(U)

Investigation on 11/25/78 at Arlington, Virginia File # SF 89-250-C340 AX 89-102

by SA [redacted] SA [redacted] sb b7C Date dictated 11/30/78

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AX 89-102

CHARLES KRAUSE
Journalist
Washington Post

TIMOTHY and GRACE STOEN
Concerned relatives and
former Peoples Temple (PT) members

STEVE KATSARIS
Concerned relative

CLARA BOUGUET
Concerned relative

HOWARD and BEVERLY OLIVER
Concerned relatives

JIM COBB
Concerned relative and
former PT member

WAYNE PIETELA
Concerned relative and
former PT member

BONNIE THIELMAN
Concerned relative and
former PT member

(U)

b7C

[redacted] the following listed individuals traveled on from Georgetown to Jonestown, Guyana on November 17, 1978, aboard a chartered aircraft.

LEO RYAN
United States Congressman

MARK LANE
Attorney for PT, Jonestown

JACKIE SPEIER
Assistant to RYAN

RICHARD DWYER
United States Embassy, Georgetown

The four man NBC Crew listed above

The five journalist listed above

An unknown individual with the Guyana Information Agency (officer)

(U)

b7c

[redacted] when he arrived in Georgetown, [redacted] RYAN [redacted] went to the United States Embassy where they met with the ambassador. A tentative agreement was consolidated for RYAN [redacted] to visit Jonestown the following Friday [redacted] talked to a SHARON AMOS, a member of the PT, telephonically whereby further plans were discussed. [redacted] observed a petition listing 650 names of PT members who objected to the visit. The list was in the possession of RICHARD DWYER at the United States Embassy in Georgetown. RYAN also visited the PT in Georgetown prior to leaving for Jonestown where he talked to SHARON AMOS, PT member. [redacted] recalled that RYAN mentioned he was pleased with this meeting. Negotiations continued on until RYAN chartered an 18 seat aircraft which departed for Jonestown on November 17, 1978. On November 17, 1978, a conference was again held with the interested parties and again extensive limitations were placed on who should visit Jonestown. RYAN wanted to bring along the press and relatives and the PT were hesitating on this request. (U)

[redacted] did not travel to Jonestown but rather stayed in Georgetown where he communicated via hand radio from Georgetown to Jonestown during RYAN's visit. (U) b7c

[redacted] had no direct knowledge as to what occurred at Jonestown, however, understood via hand radio that RYAN and his party talked to members of the congregation of the PT on November 17, 1978, and stayed over night. (U)

After the massacre in Jonestown, [redacted] assisted Guyanese authorities in identifying those who were killed. (U)

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b7c

[redacted] advised that RICHARD DWYER, Deputy Chief of Admissions, United States Embassy of Guyana, [redacted] RYAN's briefcase back to San Francisco arriving on November 21, 1978, at which time the items were given to JOE HOLSINGER, Administrative Aid to RYAN. [redacted] did not examine the contents of the briefcase, however, recalled that DWYER mentioned to him that he thought the briefcase had been broken into sometime while in Guyana. [redacted] was not aware as to why DWYER considered that the briefcase had been entered. (U)

[redacted] remarked that MARK LANE and CHARLES GARRY, Attorneys representing PT arrived in Georgetown, Guyana, on November 16, 1978. [redacted] recalled that RYAN had sent a telegram to JIM JONES, leader of the PT, requesting that they be allowed to visit Jonestown sometime during the Fall of 1978 and LANE telephonically contacted RYAN and stated that the visit would be allowed based on the following conditions: That there be no press, that the delegation be balanced and only if LANE was present during the visit. (U)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/29/78

b7c [redacted] (N)

[redacted], date of birth [redacted] (N)

[redacted] unable to identify any individuals involved in the shooting incident at the airstrip near Jonestown, Guyana, on November 18, 1978. (N)

She said RYAN began formulating plans to visit Jonestown in early summer, 1978, following West Coast media coverage of defection from People's Temple of DEBBIE LEYTON BLAKEY in May, 1978. RYAN interviewed BLAKEY about conditions in Jonestown in August, 1978 and subsequently was contacted by other relatives of Temple members in Jonestown. Liaison was established by RYAN's office with RICHARD MC COY, U.S. State Department, Washington, D.C., concerning a trip to Guyana to visit Jonestown. On November 1, 1978 a telegram was sent to Jonestown by RYAN, formally announcing his intention to visit the community. (N)

b7c [redacted] prior to leaving [redacted] RYAN spoke with AL and JEAN MILLS of Berkeley, California, who had been to Jonestown to obtain the names of any defectors that could be interviewed. (N)

The MILLS stated that TIM CARTER, a Temple defector, was in San Francisco two to three days prior to RYAN's planned departure for Jonestown and had inquired of the MILLS as to RYAN' flight schedule. The MILLS stated that although CARTER was an alleged defector, his San Francisco apartment was virtually bare of food or other indication of permanent residence. [redacted] it was also curious because upon arrival at Jonestown, TIM CARTER was there. (N)

b7c [redacted] stated RYAN's office received a curious call allegedly from Pan American Airlines a few days (N)

Investigation on 11/20-22/78 at Baltimore, Maryland File # BA 89-173

by SA [redacted] SA [redacted]rld Date dictated 11/23/78

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prior to departure. A female said she was making final arrangements for the flight, including V.I.P. treatment for RYAN, and to firm up the schedule and itinerary.

b7c

[redacted] a total of 16 concerned parents accompanied the Congressional party and press representatives to Guyana on November 14, 1978, arriving at Georgetown. All of the group stayed in Georgetown except BEVERLY OLIVER, STEVE KATSARIS, JIM COBB and CAROLYN BOYD, who stayed in Jonestown.

[redacted] RYAN went to Jonestown on Friday, November 17, 1978, and stayed until Saturday, November 18, 1978, taking about 20 declarations from Jonestown residents who desired to leave with the Congressman.

[redacted] on November 18, 1978 a truck containing 28 people, including 16 defectors, left Jonestown for the airstrip 8 miles away. The driver was STANLEY GINNS of Concord, California, who also had driven them from the airstrip to Jonestown the previous day. Among the defectors on the truck was LARRY LEYTON, brother of DEBBIE BLAKEY, mentioned above.

LEYTON

The trip to the airfield took more than an hour due to poor road conditions. Two planes were at the airstrip, a large and a small craft. [redacted] placing defector families in the large airplane, and single defectors in the smaller craft. It was obvious all present could not leave on the two planes, and that a return trip would be necessary.

LEYTON insisted on leaving on the first plane to take off. All defectors were checked for weapons before boarding. LEYTON, wearing a poncho, entered the smaller plane prior to search and was challenged. LEYTON pulled a pistol and began firing inside the plane, before gun wrestled from him by DALE PARKS. LEYTON then fled the area.

A few minutes later a tractor with flatbed on rear arrived at the airstrip with about ten men, both white and Negro. The truck began circling the planes as the men on the truck fired upon those not yet on board the two planes. SPEIER, RYAN and NBC newsman DON HARRIS attempted to hide behind the plane wheel. Both RYAN and HARRIS were hit by gunfire and killed. SPEIER played dead but was struck by bullets in the right forearm and right thigh. The attack lasted a few minutes.

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[redacted] wounded stayed near the planes following the assault, and a few others went to a nearby disco bar to await help. (U) b7c

She said there was no indication of any violence or a conspiracy to kill RYAN prior to their leaving for Jonestown. It was her opinion the incident at the airstrip was a spur-of-the-moment plan initiated after several defectors had come forth seeking RYAN's assistance in leaving the commune. (U)

[redacted] she resided at [redacted] telephone [redacted] or [redacted] telephone [redacted] (U) b7c

FD-302 (Rev. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/28/78

Richard A. Dwyer, Deputy Chief of Mission (DCM) of the American Embassy at Georgetown, Guyana, was contacted on 11/23/78, for details concerning the killing of Congressman Leo Ryan at Port Kaituma, Guyana, on 11/18/78. DCM Dwyer was the control officer for the visit of Congressman Ryan to Guyana, and was wounded at Port Kaituma. DCM Ryan advised he was preparing an official report, and would make a copy available. (U)

On 11/30/78, DCM Dwyer made available the attached copy of his official report of the shooting of Congressman Ryan. (U)

Interviewed on 11/30/78 at Georgetown, Guyana File # CAR84-4

by RJO Legat Robert J. Oglesby, Jr./sjy Date dictated 12/28/78

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4-750 (Rev. 9-21-94)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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FD-302 (Rev. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/22/78

b7C [redacted] An individual, who identified himself as [redacted] was contacted as he departed Delta Flight 956 at the San Francisco International Airport. This flight had been diverted to Western Airlines Gate Number 67 for disembarcation and [redacted] was advised of the identities of the interviewing Agents and [redacted], an investigator for the San Francisco District Attorney's Office, who was present during the interview. It is noted that [redacted] has had extensive contact [redacted] in the past regarding the People's Temple. (U)

[redacted] he first became acquainted with the People's Temple [redacted] His mother, at that time, had become a member of the People's Temple, whose leader was Reverend JIM JONES. [redacted] at the time that his mother became affiliated with the Church, it was not the custom for members of the Church to give offerings or turn over goods and possessions other than the traditional passing of the plate. This was in Indianapolis. [redacted] California, there was no offering collection at all. [redacted] identified his mother as [redacted] as far as he knows, she is still either at Jonestown, Guyana, or in the jungle outside of Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] when the Church moved to California, JONES brought them out to Redwood Valley, which is in the northern part of California; this occurred in 1963. The reason, [redacted] that JONES moved the Church to the West Coast was due to harassment and the fact that in Redwood Valley there existed a cave which the Church could take refuge in, in the event of a nuclear holocaust. [redacted] his father was reluctant to come to California in that he would have to sacrifice his many years of service on his job; however, after tremendous pressure placed upon him [redacted] he succumbed and journeyed to California with the family. [redacted] he came to Redwood Valley two or (U)

Interviewed on 11/21/78 at San Francisco International Airport, California File # SF 89-250-C-5

SAs [redacted] and

by [redacted] RAN/pah:vdj Date dictated 11/21/78

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three months after his family had come, and the reason that he came was due to letters he was receiving from his family saying that it was a paradise in that it was multiracial and there existed nothing but an atmosphere of love and kindness and equality. (U)

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[redacted] after his arrival, he was treated with such cordiality and kindness that he began to fall in love with the Church and its principles. He stated that the philosophy of the Church at that time as he could determine was one of sharing and welfare for all with equality in all things. (U)

[redacted] he stayed with the Church and in 1968 JONES began a new type of preaching from the pulpit which was comprised of denunciation of other churches wherein JONES was throwing Bibles on the floor, spitting on the American flag and denouncing generally the United States. JONES compared the United States to Hitler's Germany and stated that what happened to the Jews in Germany was certainly going to happen to the blacks in the United States. (U)

[redacted] at first JONES did not take offerings in the Church, but that circa 1968, 1969, JONES stated that other churches were taking money from their members and that it was time for the membership to begin donating. JONES gave a figure of 25 percent as being representative of other churches and stated that it was a voluntary contribution. In 1969, JONES again changed the policy and it became mandatory to give 25 percent of everything you had in order to stay in the Church as an active member. (U)

In the early seventies, circa 1971, [redacted] notice irregularities in the Church. At this time, [redacted] The youth were also given books to read as recommended by JONES, (U)

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[redacted] stated that JONES stated, on many occasions, that the ends justify the means to any activity. Even though he was [redacted] he made a concerted effort at staying off of committees and out of Church organizations in the general politics of the Church. [redacted] it was at this time that he noted that specific members of the staff surrounding JONES seemed to be privileged, and that it was not required for them to go to meetings on occasion. This seemed unfair [redacted] inasmuch as everyone else was required to be at all meetings in order to be in good standing. [redacted] also noted that when many families were suffering from severe poverty in that they could not afford to send lunches to school with their children, JONES' children would always appear with lunches comprised of excellent food and more than anybody else. [redacted] at this time he began to become disenchanted with the Church. /41

[redacted] even though inequalities existed, no one ever dissented because JONES had stated from the pulpit on numerous occasions, as late as 1969, that anyone who left the Temple would be killed or if you disclosed information regarding the People's Temple you would be killed. It is noted that the the word killed was specifically used. /41

Any activities that were conducted by any members of the People's Temple were conducted with total emphasis on the fact that anything that was done by the members was done for the betterment of the Church. In this regard, [redacted] people were instructed not to go to college unless they intended to stay with the group afterwards, because to go to college and break away from the Church was to rob the people of the money that they expended for your college. /41

[redacted] it was his desire to go to [redacted] school and so he proceeded to San Francisco to attend the [redacted] school at University of California at San Francisco. [redacted] he "ran himself ragged" trying to serve the People's temple as a janitor at night and go to college in the day. /41

[redacted] circa 1968, JONES made the members of the Church write things on paper of an incriminating nature to the member himself. These statements could range from /41

statements such as, "I'm a violent revolutionary," or, "I'm a homosexual," or statements which would threaten the life of the then President, President NIXON. [redacted] each different group of people, that is men and women, would sign different statements incriminating themselves based upon what their position was. These statements were then given to JONES which JONES would then use as leverage, should the individuals attempt to defect from the Church. (U)

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[redacted] to disassociate himself with the Church. The first time that he attempted to do this was in January of 1973. [redacted] to San Francisco where he stayed in his car and made it a practice to carry a .38 revolver for his protection. [redacted] he was indeed fearful for his life, as it was a known fact among the Church members that anyone who defected would be killed eventually. (U)

[redacted] in the ensuing months, even after JONES had told [redacted] not to have further conversations with him, [redacted] came to him and stated that it was not good that he had left the Church and that it was a bad example for his brothers and sisters. Based upon this and the persuasion that his mother had with him, he rejoined the Church a couple of months later. (U)

[redacted] in discussions with certain individuals, it was felt by him and his peers that there were problems with the Church which caused them not to want to be associated with the Church any longer. Based upon their feelings, [redacted], left the Church compound in Redwood Valley with the intent not to return. They were leaving the area in three separate vehicles and upon their departure, TOM KICE, who had a house on a ridge overlooking the valley, noted that they were leaving. [redacted] the rest of the group proceeded to the back of the house where they severed communication lines to the house so that this individual could not call the rest of the Church staff and (U)

advise them of the departure. These individuals then left the area and proceeded north into the states of Oregon, Washington, and on into the Canadian territories. (4)

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[redacted] (4)

[redacted] was a leader in the Youth Group. (4)

[redacted] in December of 1973, he proceeded to San Francisco and on the way visited his father [redacted] his father is an ex-member. From there, he went back to school in San Francisco. [redacted] stated that intermittently between this time, in order to get funds to go to school, he worked [redacted] This was during the summer of 1974. At the end of his employment in the summer of 1974, he proceeded to San Francisco and obtained an apartment located at [redacted] (4)

[redacted] it was at this time that he began to be harassed. These telephone calls consisted of threats against [redacted] and other unidentified individuals. [redacted] noted that based upon these threats, he began to miss classes trying to protect his family. [redacted] it was at this time when he began associating with other individuals his head began to clear regarding his association with the Church. (4)

[redacted] while he was around the Church and participating with it, he recalled occasions when JONES would talk about mass suicide. He recalled JONES talked about mass suicide the first time that he can remember in 1971. JONES (4)

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told the Church that due to harassment, if the Church was unable to reach the Promised Land or its objectives that it would become incumbent on the Church members to kill themselves and this would include JONES. JONES asked for a demonstration of anybody who opposed this principle and [redacted] no one opposed because the people were too fearful to dissent. [redacted] JONES made great efforts to befriend local government and police individuals. [redacted] he understood that the intercom system that is currently in use by the Ukiah Police Department was funded by JONES. [redacted] from the pulpit JONES would denounce government and police and frequently said that the FBI (Federal Bureau of Investigation) and CIA (Central Intelligence Agency) were fascist pigs. (U)

[redacted] at San Francisco, he filed a law suit against JONES in order to expose him. [redacted] the position that if they were going to kill him, then regardless of what his actions were he would be killed; so it was his intention to expose JONES as best he could before anything of that nature were to occur to him. (U)

[redacted] was asked various specific questions and provided the responses which will follow. [redacted] was asked if he had any specific knowledge of acquisition, licensing, or shipment of any weapons by People's Temple members. [redacted] he really knows nothing about the weapons other than he knew that they had guns. [redacted] TOM KICE as having had guns, in addition, [redacted] BOB CRABTREE also was a possessor of weapons. [redacted] told on many occasions by JONES that the Temple had enough weapons to defend itself. [redacted] stated that he believes the guns that were shipped to Guyana were shipped in the containers which went to Guyana from the People's Temple in San Francisco. [redacted] M-1 Rifles were purchased by KICE and RICK STAHL. These guns were purchased at the San Francisco Gun Exchange on Third Street, San Francisco, California. [redacted] he currently has one of the M-1 Rifles at his home address on [redacted] He stated he would make that rifle available at a later date. [redacted] they had a varied amount and varied inventory of rifles and that there was no one consistent weapon available. (U)

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[redacted] asked if he had any specific knowledge of firearms training received by People's Temple members including specific dates, places, and trainers. [redacted] the rumor at the time was that members were trying to get access to the Ukiah Police Department gun vaults. [redacted] on one occasion he proceeded to JIM RANDOLPH's place in Willits, California, where BOB KICE and a few others were shooting M-1s. [redacted] had an opportunity to fire the weapon but stated that he did not go with individuals handling guns again as he did not like this type of activity. [redacted] the individuals present at the time they proceeded to the ranch were [redacted] (U)

[redacted] asked if he had any direct knowledge of threats to harm any public officials or current or former People's Temple members as a result of persons attempting to expose the People's Temple; infiltrate the People's Temple or inducing a member to leave the People's Temple. [redacted] threats that defectors were going to get killed were frequently made and it was the understanding of everyone in the Church that this, in fact, was what was going to occur. [redacted] no one could expose the Church without having a threat on his life. [redacted] he was not familiar with any overt acts; however, the understanding of the membership of the Church was a concrete situation. (U)

[redacted] asked if he was aware of any cacheing of weapons or monies by JONES. [redacted] he was familiar that JONES would hide money and weapons, [redacted] had no idea as to where. [redacted] JONES [redacted] did indeed hide weapons and money. [redacted] it was a rumor in the Church that JONES had money hidden away in Swiss banks, but that he was not familiar how much or in what banks. [redacted] stated that the money that JONES transported to Guyana was taken into Jonestown, glued to the bodies of members so as to avoid any customs problems. (U)

[redacted] asked if he had any knowledge of discussions or copies of a contingency plan reportedly espoused by Reverend JONES as a means of retaliation against any persons (U)

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attempting to arrest or capture Reverend JONES. [redacted] JONES, on many occasions, stated that if he was put in jail that the members were not to stand still. The Planning Commission, [redacted] was responsible for actions to be taken by the group in securing the release of JONES. Beyond the Planning Commission there was the inner core. This group had specific instructions as to what actions they should take. [redacted] It was the intent that the Planning Commission would target the responsible interfering individual who was responsible for incarceration and in some fashion placé a threat to that individual which would secure JONES' release. (U)

[redacted] asked if he had any knowledge of a conspiracy or discussion by members of a specific federal official as a target. [redacted] no specific allegations were made towards any specific individual except to coerce individuals who were responsible for interference in the Church or the incarceration of JONES. (U)

[redacted] asked if he had any specific knowledge regarding hitmen or angels who were the inner core of the elite Planning Commission members who were utilized as body guards and reported hitmen by JONES. [redacted] individuals who met this criteria were CHRIS LEWIS, who is now dead; JACK BEAM, SR., who [redacted] is purported to be in Guyana and who is a known hitman for JONES; BOB KICE; BONNIE BECK; SANDY BRADSHAW (INGRAM); GUY YOUNG; DON SLY; ANDREW SILVER; TOM ADAMS; TERRY BUFORD; JEAN BROWN; JUNE CRYM; and LEONA COLLIER. (U)

[redacted] asked if he had any knowledge of specific People's Temple members being utilized to compromise public officials for the furtherance of People's Temple objectives. [redacted] (U)

[redacted] was asked to discuss his recent trip to Guyana. [redacted] he had become aware of the fact that Congressman LEO RYAN was planning to make a trip from (U)

New York City to Jonestown to investigate the People's Temple in Jonestown and allegations that various members were mistreated and were denied the right to leave the compound.

b7C [redacted] his mother, whom he identified as [redacted] was living in the compound in Jonestown along with [redacted] /41

[redacted] on Monday, November 13, 1978, at approximately 10:00 p.m., he left San Francisco, California, and took a flight to New York, New York, where he met Congressman RYAN. While in New York, he told Congressman RYAN that it was his intention to travel to Jonestown because he was concerned for the safety and welfare of his family members there. [redacted] Congressman RYAN told him that he had no objections to his accompanying their group to the compound in Jonestown. /41

On November 14, 1978, he, along with the entourage of Congressman LEO RYAN, arrived in Georgetown, Guyana. [redacted] stated that he stayed at the Pegasus Hotel. /41

On Friday, November 17, 1978, he, [redacted], took a flight to Jonestown. There were eighteen total members in the plane. At approximately 4:00 p.m. they arrived at Port Kaituma, which is the airport located outside of the Jonestown compound. [redacted], the pilot radioed to determine if they could land at the airport and were advised that it was too muddy; however, the pilot flew down and observed that the airport was safe to land and, therefore, landed at Port Kaituma. Upon disembarking, various Jonestown people were observed in the immediate vicinity and appeared to be hostile. One person was carrying a shotgun at that time. So at that time, the only individuals who disembarked were Congressman LEO RYAN, along with Attorneys GARRY and LAYNE. Also allowed to disembark was Congressional Aid JACKIE SPIEIR. /41

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At approximately 6:00 p.m., a yellow pickup truck came back and took everyone into the compound with the exception of a free lance reporter named GORDON LINDSAY. (U)

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[redacted] it is approximately three and one-half miles from the airport to the entrance to Jonestown and an additional three miles to the actual compound. Upon arriving at the compound [redacted], it appeared to him that all the individuals at the Jonestown compound appeared to be putting on a show for the people who were visiting. The whole act appeared to be a facade to show that all the individuals in the compound were extremely happy, free, well-fed, and all had adequate housing. [redacted] that night none of the visitors were allowed to stay in the compound; however, Congressman RYAN and his aide SPIEIR did, in fact, stay at the compound. [redacted] other individuals stayed the night at Mike & Son's Disco in Port Kaituma. (U)

[redacted] the following day he saw his family, and they appeared to be all malnourished and were residing in a small hut which is approximately fifteen feet by fifteen feet. There were five people living in this hut, and [redacted] JONES had promised to build his mother a large house; however, evidently failed to do so. [redacted], most of the people were residing in the small cottages or huts. [redacted] he got the feeling as they were walking around the compound, that he and the other individuals should not be there. (U)

[redacted] at one point he observed an unknown female blankly staring at a wall in some type of stupor. (U)

[redacted] it appeared that all the people at the Jonestown compound were putting on a show for NBC and refuted the statements of dissenters. [redacted] he told them that if his family were happy he would leave them there. (U)

[redacted], he got ready to leave in a dump truck on Saturday, November 17, 1978, at approximately 2:00 p.m. The truck was to take the visitors back to Port Kaituma. (U)

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including various defectors who wanted to leave the compound. At that time, [redacted] he heard that someone had tried to stab Congressman RYAN and that Attorneys GARRY and LAYNE subdued the assailant. At that time, everyone got onto the dump truck, including one of the close followers and alleged hitman of Reverend JIM JONES, LARRY LAYTON. LAYTON evidently told the individuals that he wanted to leave the compound, stating that it was a hell hole. At that time, [redacted] DALE PARKS and JERRY PARKS, who were defectors from the compound, said that it was bad, that LAYTON was a plant and should not be trusted. [redacted] at hearing this he told BOB FLICK and TIM REITTERMAN, who are with the news media, to watch LAYTON. [redacted] he was very uneasy and things began to drag. When they got to the gate to the compound, he observed JOE WILSON standing by the gate and as the truck arrived WILSON asked everyone to spread out so he could see who was in the truck. [redacted] he was in a hurry to get to the airstrip and he was afraid something was going to happen. He advised that at various times he bumped up against LAYTON to determine if LAYTON had a gun; however, he did not believe LAYTON had one at that time. PARKS stated that he had heard that LAYTON had asked JONES if there was anything he could do and JONES put him on the truck. (U)

[redacted] when they got to the airstrip at Port Kaituma, LAYTON wanted to be put on the first plane to leave and was adamant about his desire to leave first. (U)

[redacted], when they first got to the airstrip, there was only a small plane which could only carry five passengers. Various individuals of the entourage got on the small plane. The larger plane was now coming in for a landing and was five minutes late. It landed on the strip and parked with one engine running. At this time, [redacted] he then observed that a tractor pulling a trailer with People's Temple individuals on the trailer had pulled onto the edge of the clearing at the far end of the runway. [redacted] at this point he told Congressman LEO RYAN to hurry up, as he felt fearful that something was about to happen. At this point, Congressman RYAN was searching the individuals getting onto the plane and his aid was taking a list of names for boarding. (U)

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[redacted] the individuals whom he knew personally and identified as being on the trailer are as follows: (u)

BOB KICE
TOM KICE
JOE WILSON
ALBERT TOUCHETTE
RON JAMES
EDDY CRENSHAW
WESLEY (Last Name Unknown)
RON TALLY (Phonetic)

(u)

[redacted] while the tractor and trailer were a distance away from the airplane, he was able to identify certain individuals as being hitmen for the People's Temple. Because of this he urged RYAN to hurry operations to depart the airfield. [redacted] at this time he noticed that local Guyanese natives were being pushed back into the brush by People's Temple representatives. After seeing this, he tried to warn everyone he felt were in immediate danger. [redacted] he then attempted to help people get on the plane, and at this time [redacted] he noticed that GREG ROBERTSON was on the far side of the plane near the wheel. [redacted] he came around the tail of the aircraft to assist GREG ROBERTSON. The engines of the aircraft were drowning out all other noise on the airfield. [redacted] he turned around and then observed that the tractor and trailer had approached to approximately thirty feet from the aircraft and at that time he heard the first shooting. He immediately observed that Congressman RYAN fell to the ground. [redacted] people were just hitting the dirt all over the airfield. DON HARRIS then fell at approximately the same time as Congressman RYAN. [redacted] that he saw some of the guns that the individuals on the trailer were carrying and thought that someone was aiming at him. At this time, [redacted] he then observed another individual fall down and at this point he sprinted for the jungle which was approximately fifty yards away from the aircraft. Upon arriving at the edge of the clearing, he looked back and observed that TOM KICE shot DON HARRIS in the head at point blank range with what appeared to be a shotgun. He stated that he observed

(u)

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TOM KICE, BOB KICE, JOE WILSON, and ALBERT TOUCHETTE shooting the victims in the head at point blank range. At
b7C this point, [redacted] he dove into the jungle and ran for approximately two hours into the dense jungle and swamp. He then climbed a tree where he stayed until approximately 9:30 a.m. the next day, when he went back to the airport. Upon arriving at the airport, he observed what he hoped to be Guyanese soldiers checking the bodies lying on the airstrip. At that point, he decided that he would take the chance that the individuals he observed were indeed Guyanese soldiers and not followers of the People's Temple, as he was totally exhausted and demoralized from the ordeal. These individuals were determined to be Guyanese soldiers and he was afforded protective custody at that time. (U)

At this point, the interview [redacted] was terminated. He advised that he could be contacted at telephone number
b7C [redacted] for additional interview. (U)

The following description was obtained during the interview: (U)

Name:
Date of Birth:
Race:
Sex:
Nationality:
Place of Birth:
Residence:

Height:
Weight:
School:

[redacted] (U)

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 11/29/78

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[redacted] telephone [redacted], was contacted by Special Agents (SA's) [redacted] and [redacted] at approximately 10:30 p.m. on November 19, 1978. [redacted] was informed of the identity of the contacting agents and was advised that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) would desire to interview her regarding any knowledge that she might possess concerning the assassination of Congressman LEO J. RYAN on Saturday, November 18, 1978, at Port Kaituma Airport, Guyana, South America. [redacted] she was present at the time Congressman RYAN was killed and that she would most willingly furnish information regarding this matter at this time. (U)

[redacted] ROBERT HOUSTON, SR., an Associated Press (AP) photographer, was a personal friend of Congressman RYAN. [redacted]son, ROBERT, JR., had been a member of the Peoples Temple group from approximately 1969 until his death on October 5, 1976. ROBERT, JR.'s mangled body was found during the early morning hours of October 5, 1976, lying on the railroad [redacted] road bed in San Francisco, California. His death was listed as a train accident, however, [redacted] may have been the victim of foul play by members of the Peoples Temple group. On October 2, 1976, he had telephoned his second wife, JOYCE SHAW, advising her that he was leaving the Peoples Temple group. [redacted] had become a member of the group, which at that time called itself "Peoples Temple, Disciples of Christ", in approximately 1969 when the group was located on a farm in Redwood Valley, California. During the period 1969 up until the time of his death, ROBERT had very little contact with his family while he was a member of this group. (U)

Investigation on 11/19/78 at Camp Springs, Maryland File # BA 89-173

by SA [redacted] / SA [redacted]:cal Date dictated 11/24/78

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TED/GRD:cal

ROBERT HOUSTON, JR., his first wife, PHYLLIS HOUSTON, nee TUTTLE, and their two daughters, PATRICIA and JUDY HOUSTON, had all been involved with the Peoples Temple group. PHYLLIS and the two girls had continued their affiliation with the movement after the death of ROBERT, JR. The girls had been residing in the Jonestown settlement for the past 14 months. These girls, whose ages at this time would be 14 and 15, were the reason that the HOUSTON family was quite concerned about their welfare. The girls' mother, PHYLLIS, was allegedly in the San Francisco area during the week of November 5, 1978, because she telephonically contacted ROBERT HOUSTON, SR. inquiring if he and Mrs. HOUSTON would desire to go to Jonestown, Guyana with her in December, 1978 so that they could see the two girls. Mr. HOUSTON declined due to illness and told PHYLLIS that he would not be up to making the trip. (U)

In regards to the trip to Guyana [redacted] the concerned relatives group left from California and flew to New York where they met with Congressman RYAN, JACKIE SPEIERS, his aide, and a man named JIM (LAST NAME UNKNOWN). They thereafter flew to Georgetown, Guyana via Port of Spain. (U)

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The following concerned relatives were traveling with the RYAN party: (U)

TIM and GRACE STOEN, former members of the Peoples Temple group

CLAIR BOUQUEKET (Phonetic)

MICKEY TOUCHETT, former member

Mr. and Mrs. HOWARD OLIVER
(Mrs. OLIVER was a former member)

STEVEN and ANTHONY KATSARIS
(Daughter MARIA, age 23 or 24, was resident at Jonestown settlement)

BONNIE BURMAN, former member who reportedly had lived with JONES

It is also believed that MARIA KATSARIS was living with JONES.

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Upon arrival at Georgetown, RON JAVERS, a reporter for the San Francisco Chronicle traveling with the group, was refused entry into the country and had to spend the night at the airport. RYAN intervened with the Guyanese authorities and JAVERS was admitted the following morning. Reservations, which they allegedly had at a local hotel, were not honored and the explanation given was that there was a convention. Congressman RYAN stayed in the U. S. Ambassador's residence and the remainder found other accomodations. Congressman RYAN and a man from the embassy, DON ELLIS, were negotiating with JAMES JONES, the leader of the Peoples Temple group in Jonestown, to obtain entry into the Jonestown compound. On Friday morning, the group was told that they would be allowed to visit the compound. JONES had approved a representative number to meet with him at the Jonestown complex. Included in this group were ANTHONY KATSARIS; Congressman RYAN; JACKIE SPEIERS; a Guyanese information minister; CAROL BOYD; TIM REITERMAN, a reporter for the San Francisco Examiner; BEVERLY OLIVER, a concerned relative; DON HARRIS, an NBC reporter; ROBERT BROWN, an NBC cameraman; GREG ROBINSON, a photographer for the San Francisco Examiner; RICHARD DWYER, Deputy Chief of Mission, U. S. Embassy; and STEVE SUNG, NBC soundman. This group traveled from Georgetown via a charter airplane (Air Guyana), arriving at Port Kaituma Airport during the late afternoon of November 17, 1978. (U)

At approximately 6:00 p.m. on November 17, 1978, a dump truck arrived and took the group approximately four miles from Port Kaituma to the entrance to the Jonestown compound

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[redacted] They were then taken to a large pavilion type structure where Congressman RYAN addressed the group and thanked them for allowing the delegation to come to Jonestown. They then had dinner and were entertained by a "talent" show. Congressman RYAN made a speech after the talent show and then the group was told that they would have to leave. (U)

CHARLES KRAUSE, a reporter for the Washington Post, Congressman RYAN and JACKIE SPEIERS stayed overnight at the temple and the remainder of the party returned to Port Kaituma and stayed at "Mike's Disco", a local nightclub. (U)

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The next morning, Saturday, the 18th of November, the group was picked up at approximately 9:30 a.m. in the same dump truck and driven to the Jonestown compound. They were more or less on their own to mingle with relatives and talk to others as they wished. PHYLLIS HOUSTON, the mother of PATRICIA and JUDY HOUSTON, however, made it a point to remain with the girls [redacted] (U)

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Mrs. HOUSTON did allow the girls to hear a tape prepared by their grandfather, ROBERT HOUSTON, SR. This tape was personal in nature and endeavored to encourage the girls to return to the United States. The girls responded to the tape by indicating how much they were enjoying their stay in Jonestown. The girls' message was tape recorded to be returned [redacted] (U)

After visiting at the Jonestown compound for several hours on November 18, 1978, [redacted] was informed by JACKIE SPEIERS that some of the Jonestown people wanted to leave with the RYAN delegation. They were passing notes stating their desires to members of the delegation. DON HARRIS, NBC news reporter, was one of the persons who had received a note from one of the people who wanted to escape. (U)

[redacted] those who made their desires known to JONES were given their passports and $5,000 in Guyanese currency. As the delegation was preparing to depart Jonestown for Port Kaituma Airport, additional Jonestown residents tried to get on, but there was not enough room. Congressman RYAN then decided to remain with the group that was left behind until they could be transported to the airport. The truck pulled out and there was some commotion back in the group where Congressman RYAN was located. DON HARRIS left the truck and went back to see what the commotion was all about. Someone had tried to kill RYAN at the compound with a knife. The two lawyers, MARK LANE and CHARLES GARY, took the knife away from the assailant and it was decided at this time that Congressman RYAN should leave with the first group. The first group

(U)

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included an individual identified as LARRY LAYTON. Some of the departing Jonestown residents expressed apprehension about LAYTON's presence inasmuch as he was an avowed temple member. He was reportedly very close to JONES and was considered one of his trusted inner circle. When the group arrived at the airport, everyone got off the truck and all the baggage was removed from the truck. At this time, Congressman RYAN met with the news media and explained the commotion that took place inside the compound. A short time thereafter, a small plane arrived for the group. LARRY LAYTON made a concerted effort to get on this plane. JACKIE SPEIERS advised him that he was not one of the first individuals indicating a desire to leave Jonestown and accordingly, he would have to wait for the next plane. LAYTON then went to Congressman RYAN and apparently convinced him that he (LAYTON) would be the best source of information regarding the Jonestown group and accordingly, he should be allowed to leave immediately. Congressman RYAN then instructed that LAYTON be allowed to leave on the first plane. LAYTON was thereafter observed shaking hands with a group of spectators who had arrived at the airport, prior to boarding the plane. Because of fear of LAYTON's true intentions, he had previously been searched prior to his shaking hands with spectators. At that time, no weapon was noted to be in the possession of LAYTON. (24)

Prior to the first plane departing, a second and larger plane arrived. [redacted] At this time, some of the Peoples Temple defectors said that members from the temple who were at the airport had guns and were going to kill them. LARRY LAYTON said they had to get the plane off the ground immediately. At this point, shooting started. Someone yelled "hit the dirt".

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[redacted] Mrs. OLIVER had been hit in the legs. Those who were standing in the doorway were shot by individuals on a tractor and flatbed, which appeared to be circling the plane. After the tractor left, they [redacted] saw ANTHONY KATSARIS, who was still alive, but who had been shot in the chest. They carried JACKIE SPEIERS, who had multiple gunshot wounds, away from the plane. They knew that (24)

the tires were shot out and the plane received numerous hits in the engine and compartment area. The next thing she remembers is running into the jungle and thereafter, observing the five seater plane taking off with the pilots and some crew members from the larger plane. (U)

There were three or four Guyanese Army personnel located at the airport, camped out in a tent by a Guyanese Air Force plane which they were guarding. The Guyanese told them what to do relative to hiding out and the military personnel provided three stretchers. While they were rendering first aid to JACKIE SPEIERS and STEVE SUNG, LARRY LAYTON approached the group and he was told to leave by the others. LAYTON attempted to talk to the group, but they were fearful of him. Some of the group accused him of being involved in the shooting. At this point, at the direction of Guyanese people, the group decided to leave the injured members of RYAN's group in the tent with the Guyanese Army personnel and the remainder would be taken into Guyanese homes in Port Kaituma. Mr. DWYER and one of the members from RYAN's group remained with the injured. When help arrived on the morning of November 19, 1978, [redacted] informed of this by Mr. DWYER or someone who had been at the airport. They thereafter went to the Port Kaituma Airport, boarded a Guyanese military aircraft and were flown to Georgetown. On the same date, she departed Georgetown, Guyana on a United States medivac aircraft, which brought her and several of the other members of the group to Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland. (U)

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[redacted] could not identify from personal knowledge any of the assailants [redacted] (U)

[redacted] expressed great fear about reprisals from the Peoples Temple organization, particularly in light of her [redacted] She explained that from conversations that she had [redacted] with various members of the (U)

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Peoples Temple group, indications were that in the event something happened to the group, they would take retaliatory actions against those persons responsible. (U)

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[redacted] advised that she was born on [redacted]. She is currently employed as [redacted] at telephone number [redacted]. Her parents are [redacted] who reside at [redacted] telephone number [redacted] (U)

[redacted] can be contacted at the "Human Freedom Center, Berkeley, California". This organization is headed by a JEANNE MILLS and her husband, mostly for people who have "escaped" from the Peoples Temple organization. (U)

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who resides at telephone number was interviewed (4)

the People's Temple which was headed by Reverend JIM JONES and which is located at 1859 Gery Boulevard, San Francisco, California. She has known JONES since she first entered into the People's Temple approximately At that time she had been questioning some of the operational procedures on the part of JONES. Also in July, 1977, she began to make inquiries concerning who went to Guyana in 1977 for a "two week tour and never returned." She stated that left for Guyana in July, 1977, and in August, 1977, when they did not return, she and her husband being concerned, made inquiries to JONES' wife MARCELINE, whose nickname is MARCY. (4)

During their conversations with MARCY JONES, she indicated that if they wanted to leave and to return they could any time they wanted. However, MARCY JONES indicated that they should leave alone. With this remark, talked with their attorney, and indicated they needed his help as they wanted to get back. She pointed out at this point that a Pan American airline ticket was purchased and sent to Guyana for their return but this was to no avail. (4)

Interviewed on 11/20/78 at File # SJ 89-123 SJ 89-250

by SA /skg Date dictated 12/4/78

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[redacted] further advised that from the time [redacted] left for Guyana, they continually sent letters to [redacted] They did not receive any acknowledgements to the letters until right before they left for Jonestown, Guyana, during this recent trip. In these letters [redacted] stated how much they loved [redacted] and when the time was right they would return "but not yet." [redacted] mentioned at this point that they had made a trip to Guyana in the fall of 1977, and after waiting nine days without seeing [redacted] they returned to the United States. (U)

[redacted] During their attempt to get [redacted] home, they received little, if any, cooperation from the Guyanese Government. They were instructed to send airplane tickets to Guyana which they did but [redacted] still did not return. (U)

By this time a group of Concerned Relatives had formed and was madeup of former members of the People's Temple who still had relatives within the JONES group. A few weeks ago, the group made arrangements to travel to Guyana with Congressman LEO RYAN, who was going there to investigate the conditions at the Jonestown camp. Some of the people that went to Guyana included Congressman RYAN, his secretary, JACKIE, Mr. STEVE KATSARIS, his son ANTHONY KATSARIS, JAMES COBB, a former member from San Francisco, an NBC TV news members, several newspaper reporters including TIM REITTERMAN, CHARLES GARRY and MARK LANE, both attorneys for JIM JONES. (U)

[redacted] noted that on Monday, November 13, 1978, the group left San Francisco en route to Georgetown, Guyana. They arrived at Georgetown on Tuesday, November 14, 1978, and subsequently those chosen to go to the Jonestown camp flew from Georgetown to Jonestown on Friday, November 17, 1978. The group that went from Georgetown to Jonestown, Guyana, numbered possibly fifteen or sixteen people. They arrived by aircraft at the small airfield located near Jonestown at a place called Port Kaituma, Guyana. Their arrival was at approximately four p.m., Friday, November 17, 1978. (U)

On the way to Port Kaituma airstrip from Georgetown, the group seemed very jovial and no one had any unusual or odd feelings during the flight. [redacted] They arrived at the airstrip at Port Kaituma, however, JONES would not permit the group into the camp until his attorneys, CHARLES GARRY and MARK LANE, arrived. (14)

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When the group initially arrived at the airstrip, which included Congressman RYAN and his assistant, nothing seemed to be unusual according to [redacted] She saw no armed individuals and everyone, including their group and some of the members from the People's Temple, seemed to be in a rather jovial mood. Later on that Friday evening at approximately between five and six p.m., a truck from the People's Temple picked them up at the airstrip and proceeded to the camp which might have been approximately three to four miles away. When they arrived at the camp, there were a lot of people singing, dancing, mostly youngsters which numbered approximately nine hundred to a thousand, including adults. She noted that everyone was glad to see her and she shook hands with almost everyone [redacted] were there and she immediately wanted to talk with them. She asked them if they could go for a walk and talk and [redacted] said yes, however, they could not go to far from the camp. She talked with [redacted] and she asked them why they had not written in such a long time. She told them that she had written several times and asked if they had received the letters. They stated they received letters from various friends but not from her [redacted] During the conversation, [redacted] stated that he had been told that she was working for the Central Intelligence Agency and therefore he had to stop communicating with her since he was informed that she and the rest of the non-Temple members were out to kill all of them. (14)

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She also advised that she saw [redacted] names of which she could not recall. During the entire evening spent at the camp everything seemed alright and nothing appeared to be unusual. (4)

Later that Friday evening, approximately midnight, everyone except Congressman RYAN, CHARLES GARRY and MARK LANE, had to leave the camp. The rest of the group was transported by truck back to a guest house in Port Kaituma as they were not allowed to stay at the camp over night. In regards to the camp, [redacted] the camp was very nice considering that it was located in the middle of a jungle. (4)

The following day, Saturday, November 18, 1978, JIM JONES sent a truck back to Port Kaituma to pick up those group members that returned the night before. The truck picked [redacted] the rest of the group up and they arrived at the camp at approximately nine a.m. At that time she noticed that some of the children were watching a children's show on television. The group was served breakfast and they stayed at the camp for approximately two to two and a half hours. (4)

At about eleven thirty or twelve o'clock, JONES said that everyone had to leave so everyone got onto the truck except for Congressman RYAN. They waited for him prior to leaving and while they were waiting they heard that Congressman RYAN had been attacked by one of the members of the Temple, however, he was not injured. One man from the NBC TV news team stated that they would all leave together and no one would be left behind. Thereafter, everyone got on the truck, even those who wanted to defect from JONES' group and go back to the United States, who were at that time, living in the Jonestown camp. [redacted] received a note from one of Temple members prior to her leaving which stated "Keep your damn mouth shut." She noted that one of the Temple members handed the note [redacted] prior to the group leaving on the truck. (4)

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She noted that approximately thirty people were on the truck, including sixteen people who wanted to return to the United States and members of the Concerned Relatives along with two or three of JONES' followers. Among the people on the truck were DALE PARKS and his family. [redacted] described PARKS as a San Francisco associate minister of the Temple. She described him as a man in his late thirties, five feet four inches tall with black, greying hair and who had two scars on his face which looked like burn marks which she had not noticed there before. She also wanted to reiterate that accompanying the people on the truck were three of JONES' followers. (U)

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[redacted] advised that it was approximately one p.m. on Saturday, November 18, 1978, when the entire group arrived at the Port Kaituma airstrip after having left the Jonestown camp. The airplane had not arrived at the airstrip at this point and Congressman RYAN'S secretary, JACKIE, was making a list of names of those people to board the plane. When the planes arrived, DALE PARKS, as mentioned above, insisted that everyone get on the plane right away. He was very nervous and upset and he whispered to several of the Concerned Relatives Group that LARRY LAYTON, who had said that he wanted to leave and go back to the United States was possibly high on drugs and PARKS did not believe that LAYTON truly wanted to go. PARKS insisted that LAYTON be searched. [redacted] described LAYTON as a white male in his early twenties, about five feet tall, one hundred twenty-five pounds, bloodish hair which was curly and shoulder length. LAYTON was wearing an army poncho with a white summer shirt and pants. At this point, while waiting in line to board the plane, DALE PARKS insisted for everyone to hurry up and "move it." He kept telling everyone to search LAYTON because "he will get on the plane and blow of us up." When he said this, one of the members of the Concerned Relatives Group, JIM COBB, went over and slightly patted LAYTON down but apparently did not find anything. (U)

[redacted] in the meantime some of JONES' followers numbering about four guys as best as she could recall, arrived in a tractor. [redacted] did not know when they arrived or if, in fact, they followed the (U)

truck from the camp all the way to the airstrip. She recognized one of the followers to be RONNIE JAMES, who was sitting on the tractor. She described JAMES as being a negro male, approximately twenty-two years old, six feet tall, one hundred eighty-five pounds, slender build, black huge Afro, which was braided and wearing a shirt and short pants. She recognized JAMES as being a member of the San Francisco Church. She also noted that he lived on [redacted] in San Francisco and his mother, [redacted] still resides on [redacted] somewhere in the western section between [redacted] She noted that [redacted], who is now remarried, works in the dietary section of [redacted] in San Francisco. (14)

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[redacted] did not know exactly where his father, [redacted], lives but she believes that his residence is somewhere in the Breezeview section of San Francisco. When [redacted] saw RONNIE JAMES, she shook his hand and stated she had not seen him at the camp. To her, he appeared to be nervous and in a hurry. She also noticed JOE WILSON, whom she recognized and who also got off of the tractor. Of the individuals she saw in the tractor most she believed have relatives in San Francisco. They had all been Church members. [redacted] described JOE WILSON as follows: Negro, male, age as late twenties, five feet seven inches, weighing one hundred forty to one hundred fifty pounds, hair, black; eyes, brown. He was wearing jeans and a dirty shirt. (14)

After [redacted] boarded the plane, she heard bullets hit both sides of the plane [redacted] the mother of DALE PARKS, was shot in the head and she saw her brains fly out and onto the floor. The shooting lasted approximately five to ten minutes. After the shooting stopped all able bodied persons from the plane got off and tried to help the wounded that were lying on the ground in and around the vicinity of the airplane. She saw Congressman RYAN and several of the newspaper men lying underneath the plane, all of them appeared to be dead. [redacted] did not know who did the shooting. She also noted that by this

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time the tractor and truck were gone. LARRY LAYTON, whom she does know, [redacted] and she learned that DALE PARKS took the gun from LAYTON and was going to shoot him but discovered the weapon to be empty. When some Guyanese officials did arrive, PARKS told them that "This is one of the son-of-a bitches that did the shooting. Please hold him. Put him in jail. I took his gun." The Guyanese Government officials took LAYTON into custody. She pointed out at this point that all of the people involved, both the attackers and members of the visiting group, were Americans. (U)

Soon some Guyanese villagers in the area were visible but they offered no help to the wounded people. They did not want to become involved. Later, exact time [redacted] did not recall, some Guyanese militiamen came and did help the wounded. She, along with the other survivors, stayed near the airport all night, many of whom hid in the bushes so as not to be ambushed again. They all felt like the attackers would come back to kill the remainder of the survivors. (U)

The next morning, which was Sunday, November 19, 1978, Guyanese army troops in uniform, came in and guarded the survivors where they were staying. Some of the Guyanese people advised that they had never witnessed anything like the incident ever. Most commented they felt like something was wrong within the Jonestown camp and stayed away from that camp and did not mix with them except for business. (U)

[redacted] advised that she was subsequently flown back to Georgetown [redacted] (U)

[redacted] was asked if she could recall some of the people in the Jonestown camp that she talked to and she furnished the names of GEORGIA (last name unknown), TONY (last name unknown), DONNA (last name unknown), PONCHO (last name unknown), YVONNE WILSON, Mr. FERRIS, Mr. EDWARDS, JANE MUCHMAN, AVA COBB, and MARIA KATSARIS. (U)

She concluded by furnishing a bit of information concerning why JONES established the Jonestown camp. She (U)

recalled that JONES established the camp because Guyana is a black runned socialist country with no violence. JONES was quoted as saying that people can sleep with the doors open and there are no drugs. He described Guyana as a good place for he and his followers to live. [redacted] described JONES as a very egotistical person who wanted his own little world with him on the throne. He wanted the men and boys to work and the women to have babies. He didn't want people to come in and see how people were treated nor did he want people to leave. If people did not do what he wanted them to do, he would discipline them very severely. (U)

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[redacted] furnished her description and also that of [redacted], which is as follows: (U)

[redacted]

Race:
Sex:
Date of Birth:
Place of Birth:
Height:
Weight:
Hair:
Eyes:
Social security account number:

[redacted]

Race:
Sex:
Date of Birth:
Place of Birth:
Height:
Weight:
Hair:
Eyes:

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12/26/78

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[redacted] contacted at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA) subsequent to his arrival aboard Pan American Airlines flight number 228. [redacted] advised of the identity of [redacted] as a Special Agent (SA) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the identity of [redacted] as an agent of the United States Secret Service (USSS). It was explained [redacted] by Agent [redacted] that the FBI and the USSS were conducting a joint interview as a result of the murder of Congressman LEO RYAN in Guyana on November 18, 1978. (4)

[redacted] prior to his departure from Guyana on this date, he and the other returnees were told that they would be represented by an attorney upon their arrival at JFKIA whom he identified as [redacted] (phonetic). [redacted] he desired to contact the attorney or speak to a fellow returnee whom he identified as DALE PARKS before making any statement to the interviewing agents. [redacted] he was willing to cooperate with the US Government, but however desired to contact either PARKS or the attorney prior to furnishing any information. (4)

SA [redacted] advised [redacted] his request would be honored and asked [redacted] would have any objection to furnishing background and descriptive data concerning himself. [redacted] he did not have objection and descriptive data was obtained which is hereafter set forth at the end of this (4)

Investigation on 12/21/78 at Queens, New York File # BQ 89-495

b7c SA [redacted] RJI:rrv

by Date dictated 12/26/78

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Subsequent to obtaining the descriptive data, DALE PARKS met [redacted] and in the presence of the interviewing agents advised [redacted] he (PARKS) had discussed the nature of the interview with the attorney and [redacted], if he desired, should offer his cooperation to the interviewing agents. [redacted] at this point, that he consented to be interviewed and furnished the following information:

[redacted] he first became acquainted with the Peoples Temple (PT) church in late 1977 through [redacted] whom he knew when he was residing in Ukiah, California. He stated that the PARKS family was involved in the PT church for several years. [redacted] DALE PARKS, had been in the PT church for several years prior and that he had left the church some time in the middle part of 1977. He advised that DALE PARKS was persuaded by MARCELINE JONES, wife of PT church leader JIM JONES, to rejoin the church in late 1977. It was at this point, according to [redacted] that he decided to join the church [redacted] and in the beginning of 1978, he made his first visit to the PT headquarters in San Francisco, California. [redacted] on one such visit, which he described as a recruiting effort, a black male he named as HUGH FORSTSON made a presentation to a group of approximately 100 to 200 potential new members and described the church program. [redacted] after two to three more visits to the San Francisco church, he decided to join the church movement when [redacted] were leaving for the PT settlement in Jonestown, Guyana.

[redacted] in early 1978, he furnished to the church approximately $450, which he stated was his

Internal Revenue Service refund for the year and in turn was provided transportation to Jonestown, Guyana by the church. (U)

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[redacted] he arrived in Guyana in early April of 1978 [redacted] He stated that upon his arrival in Guyana, he resided for approximately one week at a church facility in Georgetown. Approximately one week later, he and other members [redacted] departed Georgetown for Jonestown aboard the church vessel the "Cudjole". (U)

[redacted] the "Cudjole" crew consisted of the captain, TIM SWEENEY, DAVID SOLOMON, and DON SLY. Aboard the "Cudjole" were two Russian nationals who were husband and wife. [redacted] he male was a correspondent for the Soviet news agency Tass. The two Russians stayed in Jonestown for a period of two or three days after their initial arrival. [redacted] said that he was housed in cottage number [redacted] at Jonestown and was immediately assigned to [redacted] at the Jonestown facility. (U)

[redacted] hortly after his arrival in Jonestown, he noticed the presence of individuals who were armed with shotguns and rifles walking around the Jonestown camp. It was initially explained [redacted] that these individuals were the Jonestown security force who were guarding the members from outside invaders. [redacted] advised that JIM JONES continually told the Jonestown residents that the security force was needed to protect JONES and the PT followers from mercenaries employed by the Central Intelligence Agency and the FBI. (U)

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[redacted] two members of the security force were TIM JONES, white male and adopted son of JIM JONES, and CALVIN DOUGLAS, black male. [redacted] the members of the security force seem to have certain privileges not afforded other members of the Jonestown camp, explaining that they were not forced to do any menial labor and existed primarily to discipline other Jonestown members. [redacted] the security force administered beatings to other Jonestown members for such infractions as not working or expressing displeasure with the unfavorable living conditions at Jonestown. [redacted] the term "angels" had no significant meaning to him. (u)

[redacted] Jonestown was a structured environment wherein most of the church members were forced to do hard physical labor and a few select individuals close to JIM JONES lived rather well and were excused from the hard physical labor forced upon the other members. [redacted] the following individuals as being close to JIM JONES and whom he considered to be JONES' privileged few: (u)

TERRY BUFORD

MIKE PROKES

TIM CARTER

STEVEN JONES

JIM JONES, JR.

TIM JONES

PAULA ADAMS

(u)

DEBBIE TOUCHETTE

SHARON AMOS

[redacted] he had heard from other individuals at Jonestown that a few of the female members of JONES' advisory staff who included SHARON AMOS, PAULA ADAMS, and DEBBIE TOUCHET had compromised local Guyanese government officials. He said that he had heard that the above individuals had granted sexual favors to these government officials and that they in turn were indebted to JONES. [redacted] it was also alleged that various members of the US Embassy in Guyana were also under JONES' control and the allegation was that they too had been compromised by the use of sexual favors or financial gain. [redacted] JIM JONES at one of his frequent talks to the entire Jonestown community once advised them that if any member of the Jonestown camp attempted to escape and leave the country, that an official from the US Embassy in Guyana would immediately notify JONES. [redacted] JIM JONES would often brag about the influence that he had and that one of the officials whom JONES was in good standing with, was Lieutenant Governor DI MALLEY (phonetic) of California.

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[redacted] from the day he arrived in Jonestown, the living conditions were terrible. He said that he lived with 14 other people in a wood building, approximately 12 feet by 20 feet, barracks style. He said that the food fed to the Jonestown community was extremely bad and consisted primarily of rice and gravy at each meal. He said that the only exception to the adverse living conditions came about when the camp would house vistors. [redacted] JIM JONES put on a propaganda effort and that the living conditions, being shorter work

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hours and better food would last for the duration of the visitor's stay. [redacted] throughout his stay in Jonestown, the presence of the Jonestown security force was a governing factor in his desire to keep his feelings to himself. (U)

[redacted] in September of 1978, Jonestown was visited by officials from the Soviet Embassy in Guyana. He stated that one of these visitors was a Soviet physician. [redacted] JIM JONES, at this time, was talking about moving everybody in the PT church to the Soviet Union. [redacted] was of the opinion that JONES had no intention to do so. (U)

With respect to the weapons seen at Jonestown [redacted] he advised he saw only shotguns, rifles, and cross bows. He said that it was his belief that the weapons were stored in the cottage where JIM JONES, JR. resided. (U)

Concerning any contingency plans made by JIM JONES in the event that the PT church was attacked, [redacted] related that meetings held by JONES known as "white night" consisting of the entire Jonestown community were held. JONES would advise his followers that should a government invasion of the PT church take place, mass suicide would be the response of the community. (U)

[redacted] such a "white night" was called by JIM JONES during the period that Congressman LEO RYAN's party was in Guyana in November of 1978. At this "white night", RYAN advised the Jonestown assembly that Jonestown was in imminent danger of being invaded and at the meeting had a number of Jonestown individuals and the security force on constant alert for these outside invaders. [redacted] the only other (U)

"white night" that he attended during the duration of his Jonestown stay occurred in May of 1978, when a former Jonestown member, DEBBIE BLAKELY, defected from the church. At this "white night", JONES denounced BLAKELY and accused the FBI and the US Government as being responsible for her defection and transportation out of Guyana. [redacted] the following information concerning the events of November 18, 1978 and the shooting at the Port Kaituma airstrip where Congressman RYAN and others were killed or wounded: (U)

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[redacted]

had told a female aide of Congressman RYAN, JACKIE SPIER (phonetic), that they wanted to leave Jonestown. SPIER made arrangements for [redacted] to leave and they departed Jonestown for the Port Kaituma airstrip in a dump truck driven by ED CRENCHAW. [redacted] advised that one LARRY LAYTON had accompanied them as defectors and that almost all of the Jonestown party warned SPIER and the other individuals traveling to Port Kaituma that LAYTON was a close associate of JIM JONES and should not be trusted. [redacted] some of the individuals traveling to Port Kaituma were all of the PARKS family, the BOGUE family, VERNON GODSBY, HAROLD CORDOVA, and JIM COBB. [redacted] COBB had come down with the RYAN contingent in an unsuccessful attempt to persuade members of his family at Jonestown to leave the PT church movement. (U)

When the defectors and the RYAN party arrived at the Port Kaituma airstrip, they began to board one of two aircraft. One of the aircraft was a small plane that carried six passengers, the other a larger aircraft which was owned by the Guyanese Government. During this period, LARRY LAYTON kept insisting that he wanted to board one of the aircraft first. [redacted] (U)

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[redacted] started to board the larger aircraft and when he got seated, he observed that the Jonestown dump truck and the trailer pulled by a tractor which had brought them to Port Kaituma had re-appeared and were heading towards the aircraft. (U)

[redacted] in the trailer, he saw the following individuals: (U)

JOE WILSON

TOM KICE

BOB KICE

RONNY JAMES

RONNY DENNIS

[redacted]

He stated that he saw the above individuals pick up rifles and begin to fire at the RYAN party and the defectors. He stated that PAT PARKS [redacted] suffered a head wound and was killed instantly. He advised that PAT PARKS was shot in the head and stated that "her brains were blown all over the plane and himself." He stated that the other passengers in the plane lied down on the floor and when the opportunity presented itself, they departed the plane and ran into the jungle where they stayed for approximately three days. (U)

[redacted] it was his opinion that the following surviving members of the PT church are capable of carrying out any contingency plan of JONES if in fact one does exist to include the assassination of public officials or church defectors. (U)

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TERRY BUFORD

STEVEN JONES

TIM JONES

JOHN JONES

JOHN COBB

JIMMY JONES, JR.

CALVIN DOUGLAS

EUGENE SMITH

(U)

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Concerning EUGENE SMITH, [redacted] he and the other returnees had heard that SMITH allegedly had the responsibility of killing himself and the other returnees and therefore did not want SMITH returning aboard flight 228 with them. (U)

When asked specifically about the original source of the allegations concerning SMITH, [redacted] advised that he could not furnish any further information, but that the word was that SMITH was given the responsibility of killing himself and other church defectors. (U)

[redacted] the following information concerning other PT church members or individuals affiliated with the PT church: (U)

TIM JONES - A leader of the Jonestown security force. (U)

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JIMMY JONES, JR.-	Member of the Jonestown security force.
ED CRENSHAW -	Driver of the dump truck that took RYAN party and Jonestown defectors to the Port Kaituma airstrip.
JOHNNY JONES -	A close confident of the late Rev. JIM JONES.
MARK CORDELL -	Worked as a kitchen helper in Jonestown and a member of the basketball team.
JIM MAC ELVANE -	Black male, head of PT security in the US.
BILLY OLIVER -	Black male, member of the security force.
STEVEN JONES -	Son of the late Rev. JIM JONE picked members of the Jonesto basketball team and according [redacted] more dangerous than his late father. Curren being held by Guyanese offic in Georgetown, Guyana.
TIM TUPPER JONES -	Member of the Jonestown security force.
LEE INGRAM -	Black male, Jonestown basketb coach, close confident of JIM JONES, did a lot of speaking at meetings to assembled Jonestown members.

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CALVIN DOUGLAS -	Black male, member of Jonestown security force.
MIKE PROKES -	White male, described [redacted] as a public relations man for JIM JONES.
TIM CARTER -	White male, [redacted] CARTER returned to the US from Jonestown investigating the activities of concerned relatives of Jonestown members two months prior to the mass suicide in Jonestown.
SANDRA BRADSHAW -	White female, close adviser to JIM JONES.
CLAIRE JANARO -	White female. This individua may have come down to Georget looking for any surviving family members after the mass suicide.
RICHARD JANARO -	Crew member aboard the PT church vessel "Albatros" located in Barbados.
CHUCK BEIKMAN -	White male, resided in the same cottage with [redacted] described as not too smart. BEIKMAN sold the possessions of Jonestown members that were confiscated upon their arrival. The profits realize by BEIKMAN were turned over to the PT church movement.

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CHARLIE TOUCHETTE	-	Crew member on the "Albatros".
MIKE TOUCHETTE	-	Operated bulldozer at Jonestown.
STANLEY CLAYTON	-	Worked in the Jonestown kitchen, lived in cottage number 45.
ODELL RHODES	-	Black male, present at Jonestown during the mass suicides, escaped, currently in Georgetown, Guyana. (U)
TIM CARTER	-	Described as public relations man for JIM JONES, operated the radio facility.
JIM COBB	-	Former PT church member who defected approximately five years ago, member of the RYAN party who unsuccessfully attempted to persuade remainin members of his family to leave Jonestown. Present at Port Kaituma airstrip at time of shooting, escaped with other defectors.
MARK LANE	-	[redacted] MARK LANE was present in Jonestown on at least two occasions wher he stayed for more than a day or two as a guest of JONES sir April of 1978. [redacted] the first visit that he knew about concerning LANE was one where the food and living conditions got better during LANE's stay. However,

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[redacted], at a later visit of LANE to Jonestown, the food and living conditions did not improve. [redacted] he ascertained that LANE was introduced to JIM JONES by LANE's former publisher, DONALD FREID. It is the impression [redacted] that LANE knew about the suicide drills and was close to JONES' attorney, CHARLES GARRY. (U)

An examination of personal papers found [redacted] prior to his interview, noted the following names and addresses: (U)

JAMES RESTON, JR.

[redacted]

English Department
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, North Carolina
919-942-7683
919-933-5401 (5481)

(U)

Observed in the possession of [redacted] letter addressed to [redacted] and signed by [redacted] (above apparently is a Guyanese address) (U)

The following descriptive data [redacted] was obtained through observation and interview: (U)

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Name
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Build
Hair
Eyes
Residence Address

Telephone
Occupation
Employment
Education

Marital Status
Relatives

Social Security
Account Number
Passport Number
Arrests
Destination Point

[redacted]

[redacted] Subsequent to the completion of the above [redacted] was photographed and fingerprinted by personnel of the FBI at JFKIA. (U)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/28/78

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[redacted] contacted at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA), Queens, New York (NY). She was advised of the identity of Special Agent (SA) [redacted] of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and Special Agent [redacted] of the United States Secret Service, who was also present. [redacted] as follows: (U)

[redacted] was a member of the People's Temple (PT) for four-five years and told [redacted] to go to Guyana. [redacted] advised, never went to Guyana. [redacted] she, herself, had attended only a few meetings of the PT in San Francisco. (U)

[redacted] she arrived in Jonestown July 13, 1978. When she first arrived in Georgetown, she stayed there at the PT Headquarters for approximately two weeks. [redacted] the headquarters in Georgetown was very confining. She was not permitted to go outside without permission. (U)

[redacted] the following individuals were located at the headquarters in Georgetown: (U)

SANDY COBB JONES -	House Supervisor and Radio Operator, believed dead
TIM CARTER -	Radio Operator
SHARON AMOS -	Radio Operator [redacted] believed her to be most important person at headquarters. [redacted] believed AMOS killed herself and her children
DEBBIE TOUCHETTE -	Radio Operator
PAULA ADAMS -	Public Relations

(U)

[redacted] after approximately two weeks in Georgetown, she and 29 other individuals were taken by boat to Jonestown. (U)

Investigation on 12/21/78 at Queens, New York File # BQ 89-495

by SA [redacted] lh Date dictated 12/26/78

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At Jonestown, they were taken to the Pavilion, where they were met by Reverend (Rev.) JONES, who welcomed them. [redacted] JONES told them they would not go back to the United States (US) and would be dealt with if they wanted to go back. [redacted] Rev. JONES seemed strange to her and afraid of people getting too close to him. (U)

[redacted] she lived in Dorm [redacted] which was composed mainly of seniors, older women, with the exception of her and another girl. (U)

[redacted] when she first arrived, the people in Jonestown seemed to be happy. [redacted] later felt this was done to give the newcomers a good impression. (U)

[redacted] in Jonestown, she worked in the [redacted] She worked seven days a week from 7 AM to 6 PM. After work, she would eat supper, shower and be at the rally which started at 7:30 PM. These rallies or meetings lasted until midnight or later every night. (U)

[redacted] at these meetings, people would inform on each other. For example, she advised, someone would state that another member wanted to leave Jonestown. Then, everyone would yell at the individual who wanted to leave. (U)

[redacted] she never saw anyone hit at these meetings, but some individuals had told her that they had been beaten during these meetings. (U)

[redacted] that PETER WATHERSPOON (phonetic), believed dead, told her he had sex with a child and was beaten by a group at a meeting. (U)

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[redacted] if you did not work hard enough, you could also be brought up on the floor at the rally. A penalty for not working hard enough was being placed on Public Service (PS). This, [redacted] consisted of working for very long periods of time with little sleep. This duty on PS could last one day or several days. (2)

[redacted] people who wanted to leave Jonestown were drugged. She advised these people were put in the Special Care Unit (SCU) and drugs were put in their food. (2)

[redacted] BEATRICE GRUBBS reported her husband for criticizing the food. [redacted] he was given the choice of going on PS or going to the Extended Care Unit (ECU). She stated he chose the ECU. (2)

[redacted] she heard about a "black box" in Jonestown, but was told it was gotten rid of after DEBBIE BLAKELY left. (2)

[redacted] she saw rifles and shotguns in cases in the cottages at Jonestown occupied by the COBB family and JOE WILSON. [redacted] Rev. JONES said he had enough weapons to arm every security guard. [redacted] she never heard gunshots nor knew of a practice range located in or around Jonestown. [redacted] that Rev. JONES said he always carried a gun on him. (2)

[redacted] at the rallies, the Rev. JONES said everyone should prepare for revolutionary suicide and prepare for death. [redacted] JONES talked about revolutionary suicide the day before Congressman RYAN arrived at Jonestown. [redacted] JONES said RYAN should be dead before the Congressman arrived. (2)

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[redacted] she had been told that approximately seven-eight months before Congressman RYAN arrived at Jonestown, a mass suicide had been practiced and kool-aid was used in this practice. (u)

[redacted] she decided to leave Jonestown because she was afraid. [redacted] Rev. JONES' statements about suicide before Congressman RYAN arrived caused her to fear a great suicide would take place. (u)

As a result, [redacted] she [redacted] wrote a note saying they wanted to leave Jonestown and [redacted] gave the note to a reporter the night RYAN arrived. [redacted] advised the reporter gave the note to Mr. DWYER, the American Ambassador. [redacted] spoke to the Ambassador and told him they wanted to leave. [redacted] the next day, Congressman RYAN asked them to speak into a tape recorder saying they wanted to leave Jonestown. [redacted] RYAN told them to stay in his sight and not leave the Pavilion. [redacted] they were joined by [redacted] who said they wanted to leave. (u)

[redacted] Rev. JONES asked them in the Pavilion why they wanted to leave Jonestown. She advised JONES told them America is not what you think it is. (u)

[redacted] 13 people who were leaving, the reporters and Congressman RYAN, were taken to the air field on a dump truck driven by EDDY CRENSHAW. (u)

[redacted] advised LARRY LAYTON was already on the plane and had a handgun. (u)

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[redacted] LAYTON shot [redacted] and tried to shoot DALE PARKS, but the gun did not fire. DALE PARKS struggled with LAYTON and took the gun away from him. [redacted] after the shooting started, [redacted] the pilot got out of the plane and hid in the bush. [redacted] GOSNEY was later flown to Washington, D.C. (U)

[redacted] the shooting by LAYTON started at the same time Congressman RYAN was shot. [redacted] RYAN had been standing on the air field with three reporters and PATRICIA PARKS when he was shot. [redacted] a trailer had moved close to RYAN's plane before the shooting started. [redacted] on this trailer, she saw RONNIE DENNIS, who she believed is dead and did not shoot, and TOM KICE. [redacted] she later heard JOE WILSON, BOB KICE, TOM KICE, and ALBERT TOUCHETTE were shooters. [redacted] she was later told with the exception of JOE WILSON, the others had been hidden on the trailer. (U)

[redacted] she did not see Congressman RYAN shot. (U)

[redacted] that before the shooting began, CRENSHAW pulled the dump truck to the end of the air field and pretended to be fixing the engine while he kept looking back toward the planes. (U)

[redacted] all the people leaving Jonestown with RYAN felt uneasy about LARRY LAYTON and did not trust him because he was very close to Rev. JONES. [redacted] Congressman RYAN's secretary said LAYTON had signed an affidavit to leave Jonestown. (U)

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[redacted] she would be afraid of any member of the PT who survived. [redacted] TINA BOGUE told her STEPHEN JONES had said all defectors of the PT should be killed. [redacted] she would consider STEPHEN JONES as a possible new leader of the PT. [redacted] TIM CARTER told her the PT members in San Francisco are dangerous people. (U)

[redacted] she does not believe everyone in Jonestown willingly drank poison in the mass suicide. [redacted] she believed they must have been forced to do it by the armed guards. (U)

[redacted] "White Nights" were alerts which required everyone to go to the Pavilion. [redacted] these alerts were called day or night. (U)

[redacted] the following individuals were Rev. JONES' personal bodyguards: (U)

CALVIN DOUGLAS
TIM DAY JONES
JIMMY JONES
JOHNNY COBB JONES (U)

[redacted] she had heard the terms Inner Core and Planning Commission, but did not know who was on them or what they were. She advised the term "Angels" was unknown to her. (U)

[redacted] that JONES had said if anyone went to the American Embassy in Georgetown, they would be brought back to Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] she recalled Rev. JONES mentioning Lieutenant Governor DIMALLEY of California, but could not recall in what regard. She further advised Rev. JONES had said he warned Mayor MOSCONE of San Francisco that something was going to happen to him. (U)

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[redacted] Russians had stayed a few days in Jonestown. [redacted] JONES had said everyone in Jonestown was going to Russia. (u)

[redacted] bows and arrows arrived in Jonestown and were sent in duffle bags and in luggage (u)

[redacted] that drugs were sent to Jonestown from the PT in San Francisco. These drugs were brought in by people carrying them in their luggage. [redacted] she had no knowledge of drugs being sent out of Jonestown. [redacted] toy dolls were made in Jonestown and sold in Georgetown. [redacted] she did not think they contained drugs. (u)

Concerning Doctor LAWRENCE SCHACHT, [redacted] she heard he did not have a medical degree, but was permitted to work as a doctor. (u)

[redacted] the following individuals were close associates of Rev. JONES: (u)

SARAH TROPP - Coordinator, dead
THERESA KASARAS - Secretary, dead
KAREN LAYTON - Secretary, had baby with Rev. JONES
CAROLYN LAYTON - Secretary

(u)

[redacted] CAROLYN and KAREN LAYTON, THERESA KASARAS and JOHN STOEN lived in West House with JONES. (u)

[redacted] the below listed individuals as follows: (u)

TIM JONES	Adopted son of JONES, Security Force

(u)

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JIMMY JONES, Jr.	Adopted son of JONES, Security Force
EDDY CRENSHAW	Drove dump truck during assassination of RYAN
HERBERT NEWELL	Worked on boat
JOHNNY COBB JONES	Security
MARK CORDELL	Worked in kitchen
JIM MAC ELVANE	Security Force, came from US two days before RYAN arrived
BILLY OLIVER	Security
LEE INGRAM	Coordinator, Coach of Basketball Team
TIM CARTER	Public Relations, travelled back and forth to US, close to JIM JONES
TIM PROKES	Close to JONES
CALVIN DOUGLAS	Captain of Security
CLEVELAND NEWELL	Security
BONNIE SIMON	Daytime Security
TOM GRUBBS	Principal of School, [redacted] saw him teaching archery a few days before RYAN arrived

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MARIE RANKIN also known as (aka) Duckett	Supervisor of PS, Security Force, armed guard in mass practice suicide, believed dead
RENNIE KICE	Medical Bond, where medical supplies kept
LORA JOHNSTON	Supervisor of PS, and disciplinarian
VERA YOUNG	Believed in San Francisco
JEAN BROWN	Visited Jonestown, in San Francisco
JUNE CRYM	Believed in San Francisco
SANDRA INGRAM aka Bradshaw	Believed in San Francisco
JUDY FLOWERS	Believed in San Francisco
HARRIET RANDOLPH	Called SARAH, believed dead
JIM RANDOLPH	In San Francisco, very dedicated to PT. [redacted] he is up to no good
LEONA COLLIER	Visited Jonestown and brought MARK LANE, now in San Francisco
DALE PARKS	Nurse

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(u)

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BURRELL WILSON	Basketball Team
PAULA ADAMS	Public Relations in Georgetown
TISH LEROY	In Jonestown, dead
ALBERT TOUCHETTE	Security Force and Basketball Team, dead
JOYCE TOUCHETTE	Head of kitchen, kept passports, dead
MICHELLE TOUCHETTE	Laundry room, dead
MIKE TOUCHETTE	In Georgetown, drove a cat which cleared brush
STANLEY CLAYTON	Worked in kitchen, survived suicide
MARY LEE BOGUE	Dead, said she would kill anyone who wanted to leave
TOM BOGUE	Worked in fields
TINA BOGUE	Worked in fields
ODELL RHODES	PS and teacher
JIM COBB	Left PT, came back with RYAN as concerned relative, alive
MIKE CARTER	Radio Room, contact from Jonestown to San Francisco PT

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CHUCK BEIKMAN	Always seemed nice, went in and out of Jonestown
CHARLES GARRY	Attorney for PT, visited Jonestown twice while [redacted] was there

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The following information regarding [redacted] gained through interview and observation: (U)

Name	[redacted]
Race	
Sex	
Date and place of birth	
Height	
Weight	
Build	
Hair	
Eyes	
Occupation	
Education	
Marital status	
Social Security Number	
Destination point	

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Mother

Father
Brothers

Sisters

[redacted] she did not intend to contact her mother, [redacted] because she felt her mother was mad at her for leaving Jonestown and not committing suicide. (21)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription ~~12/29/78~~

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[redacted] met at Pan American Airlines, Hangar 17, John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA) by SA [redacted] Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and SA [redacted] United States (US) Secret Service. [redacted] advised of the identities of the interviewers and the nature of the inquiry. [redacted] furnished the following information: (U)

[redacted] heard of Reverend JIM JONES in [redacted] Indianapolis, Indiana. [redacted] who died at Jonestown, Guyana, and a grandmother, who died of natural causes in Indianapolis several years ago, had joined JONES' Church and encouraged [redacted] began attending services and shortly thereafter he joined the Church, [redacted] recalls being known as the People's Temple Full Gospel Church-Interdenominational. [redacted] attracted to the Church and its pastor, JONES, because it espoused strong bible teachings and practical Christianity such as helping the poor, visiting the sick and following the actions of the Apostles. (U)

[redacted] an active member of the Peoples Temple (PT) during this period [redacted] while the Church was still in Indianapolis and one of his principal duties for the Church was in the position of [redacted] At this time, the Youth Group was not engaged in any physical training, but merely participated in bible classes, special services and held occasional parties. (U)

In approximately 1962, at a time when [redacted] interest in the PT was waning, JONES announced that he received a prophecy of nuclear war and destruction of the Northern Hemisphere and was therefore moving the Church to Brazil. [redacted] JONES had read an article in Esquire Magazine, which listed Brazil as one of a number of areas where people had the best chance of survival in the event of nuclear warfare. ~~Accompanying JONES to Brazil was JACK~~ (U)

Investigation on 12/21-22/78 at ~~Jamaica, New York~~ File # ~~BQ 89-495~~

by SA [redacted] dam Date dictated 12/28/78

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BEAM, his wife, RHEAVIANA BEAM and their daughter, JOYCE. The elder BEAMS died at Jonestown, while JOYCE, who was in Venezuela during the mass deaths, is currently in the United States (US). (U)

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Approximately one year elapsed before JONES and the BEAMS returned to Indianapolis from Brazil. [redacted] resumed active membership in the Church. Shortly thereafter in 1963, JONES moved the Church to Ukiah, California, a town which was also mentioned in the Esquire article as safe from nuclear warfare. Within two or three weeks, [redacted] among the 50 to 60 persons who followed JONES to Ukiah. Other members arrived later. [redacted] reason for moving to California was because his wife, [redacted] whom he had met and married in the Church [redacted] was a devout follower of JONES and desired to go. [redacted] who was also a Church member, had preceded him to California by about three weeks, and assisted [redacted] was a Church member for approximately 18 to 20 years, but had left the Church in mid 1977, after having become disillusioned with JONES. (U)

After the PT had resettled in Ukiah, [redacted] JONES and the Church were gradually changing. JONES' teachings became more political. JONES placed the blame for the ills of the world on the rich, the ruling class, the President of the US and especially in later yars, on President NIXON to the extent that JONES encouraged support be given to any of NIXON's political opponents. (U)

At Church meetings, JONES became increasingly intolerant of opposing viewpoints. Eventually those who dissented or attempted to argue a point were subjected to public humiliation by JONES or his assistants; in particular, RICHARD TRAPP and EDITH ROLLER, both former college professors who were capable debaters. Both of these individuals died at Jonestown. (U)

The complexion of the Youth Group also changed. In California, the position of Youth Leader was held by MIKE CARTMELL, who was married to JONES' adopted daughter, SUZANNE. The Youth Group now engaged in physical training,

(U)

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including athletic activities, hikes, night hikes, and military type training. [redacted] the training was leading to self defense and weapons instruction, but was unaware of this actually occurring. CARTMELL and his wife, SUZANNE both quit the Church prior to its move to Jonestown, over a conflict with JONES, who attributed their leaving the Church to their desire to live "high on the hog."

[redacted] presonal life also underwent strain during the years that the PT was situated in Ukiah. He and his wife were growing increasingly incompatable. During 1974 to 1975, in addition to his full time employment, [redacted] worked [redacted] The strain caused by the amount of time spent away from his wife and [redacted] children, in addition to the economic hardship of tithing 25% of his gross salary as required by the Church, finally resulted in a 1975 divorce [redacted] (U)

In 1976, the Church moved from Ukiah to San Francisco. JONES' reason for the move was to escape the racist attacks of the local citizens of Ukiah. [redacted] there was, in fact, a growing animosity in Ukiah toward the large influx of blacks brought into the community by the PT. (U)

After the move to San Francisco, JONES grew even more dictatorial in his running of the Church. [redacted] was a member of the Planning Commission of the Church. This group which consisted of long time Church members, acted as a Board of Directors and dealt in Church decisions and policy. The Planning Commission was increased by JONES to approximately 100 members, but were in effect a rubber stamp, since JONES held veto power over their decisions. (U)

JONES' increasingly authoritarian role in the Church was reflected in his more stringent pronouncements. Physical abuse in the form of spankings with paddles or belts and boxing matches in which an experienced athlete would fight the person to be punished. This physical abuse took place at membership meetings which were compulsory and open only to card carrying Church members. (U)

JONES began to threaten members not to leave the Church. At first he cautioned those who wished to leave, to make sure they settled more than 500 miles from the Church, but he amended this rule, threatening members not to leave the Church at all. Those who left the Church were rumored to be under surveillance by members who were specially trained. This select group which was not known [redacted] by any name, was composed principally of women and included PATTY CARTMELL, mother of MIKE CARTMELL and believed deceased at Jonestown; CAROLYN LAYTON, divorced wife of LARRY LAYTON and believed dead at Jonestown; JACK BEAM and possibly PAULA ADAMS, who is still in Georgetown, Guyana. The membership of the PT did not discuss the activities of this group. (14).

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When JONES announced his desire to move the Church to Jonestown in Guyana, [redacted] JONES gave many reasons for the move, including the chance to lead a simple agrarian life, freedom from harassment, expecially for black members, and the opportunity to escape the fear of nuclear warefare. [redacted] among those who voted against the move, but JONES prevailed and two teams were sent to Guyana, one to Georgetown and the other to the interior, where they would set up the grounds for Jonestown. Church members began moving to Jonestown in 1977 and [redacted] former wife and children moved there in the Fall of that year (4)

Because he wished to be near his children, [redacted] overcame his reluctance to leave the US and in January, 1978, he arrived in Jonestown. He was extremely disappointed in the settlement, but was told within his first week there that the road to Jonestown led in but did not lead out and that he could only leave when dead. Shortly afterward he saw a member beaten for attempting to leave or planning to leave, both proscribed activities. [redacted] similar beatings frequently. He described the atmosphere as that of a concentration camp with armed guards or security men, as they were known, preventing escape, although their stated purpose was to protect the camp from outside aggressors. In addition to beatings, those attempting to escape or other offenders were sometimes for several days being placed in "the box", a four foot by eight foot by seven foot cubicle placed partially underground. This punishment of "total sensory deprivation" was followed by couselling (4)

At the settlement JONES was like a king and was always surrounded by two to three security men with others on the periphery. The security men were armed with either rifles, shotguns, or handguns. JONES himself carried a handgun which was either a .38 caliber or a .357 magnum. (U)

JONES talked frequently about dying and seemed to be obsessed with this topic. On one occasion, JONES held a long meeting in which he stated that things were hopeless and the members of the PT had no choice but to take their own lives. At this point, a flavored water drink was brought out and everyone drank it. Many thought the drink was poison until after they had drunk it. [redacted] this activity was best described as a suicide drill. (U)

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On other occasions, JONES announced alerts on the camp public address system. All the members would then hasten to the pavillion where JONES would announce that the settlement was faced with some specific emergency situation of a threatening nature. Attendance was taken at these meetings, which were called "White night" or "Alphas" and security men with weapons were positioned throughout the crowd. JONES would then elaborate on the nature of the threat or emergency and the remedies to be taken. (U)

On occasion, visitors or govenment officials would arrive at Jonestown. These visitors were handled by a special group, who were supposedly trained for it. The group consisted of MIKE PROKES, TIM CARTER, LEE INGRAM, DICK TROPP, HARRIET TROPP, CAROLYN LAYTON, MARIE KATSARIS and JOHNNY JONES. (U)

Regarding the visit of US Congressman LEO RYAN, the settlement members were aware of his coming approximately five days in advance when they were told of it at a nightly meeting. JONES described RYAN as a racist, a troublemaker and one who was known to be on the side of oppression of poor people. (U)

Specific instructions were given regarding RYAN's group. Members were to stay away unless specifically instructed to speak. Members were permitted to answer if questioned, but were warned to be positive in their remarks about Jonestown, since their lives and the lives of their children were hanging on the results. (U)

Once, in an agitated state, JONES made the comment "Somebody ought to shoot RYAN." Again one or two days before RYAN's arrival, JONES said that his efforts to thwart RYAN's visit failed and that he was coming, but perhaps his plane would fall from the sky. (U)

When RYAN arrived, he was shown around the camp and on the first day was actually given a programmed tour and presentation. That night, RYAN, his assistant and the two attorneys, MARK LANE and CHARLES GARY slept in Jonestown. (U)

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On the morning of November 18, 1978, [redacted] They had previously talked to each other of attempting to leave Jonestown, but at this point they seriously decided to leave. They all felt that something bad would happen because of JONES' frequent references to RYAN. They weighed and then dismissed the possibility of travelling through the jungle to get help. Finally, two of the BOGUE children approached them and said that the PARKS family had told RYAN they wished to leave Jonestown. [redacted] went to the pavillion and told RYAN that they also wished to leave. RYAN and RICHARD DWYER advised them that they would be afforded protection and that they would leave with the RYAN party. [redacted] was very skeptical when he heard that LARRY LAYTON was among those who wanted to leave. (U)

RYAN was originally to remain in Jonestown until all those wishing to leave were boarded on the planes and leavnig, but a knife attack by DON SLY on RYAN caused the congressman to depart earlier. [redacted] JONES ordered the knife attack to get RYAN out of camp so he could be killed at the airport in Port Kaituma. (U)

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[redacted] the other "defectors", as those wishing to leave were called by JONES and the other members, were taken in a dump truck driven by EDDY CRENSHAW to the Port Kaituma Airport. After dropping the people off at the planes, the dump truck went to the end of the runway, where it turned around facing the planes and stopped. As he was boarding [redacted] noticed a tractor trailer pulling up next to the dump truck at the end of the airport. (U)

After boarding the plane, [redacted] in his seat when he heard the tractor trailer approaching quickly. Looking out the window, [redacted] the tractor trailer pull abreast of the plane on the left side, approximately 60 feet away. He then saw three armed men taking aim from the tractor trailer. [redacted] the three men as TOM KICE, who was carrying an automatic pistol, possibly a .45 caliber; ALBERT TOUCHETTE, who was armed with a rifle; and JOSEPH WILSON, who had a shotgun. He called for everyone on board to duck down. After the shooting commenced, [redacted] glanced out the window and saw these three individuals firing. [redacted] the shooting lasted about two minutes, after which the tractor trailer drove around to the right side of the plane. The shooting resumed on the right side for approximately two additional minutes. [redacted] heard the tractor trailer pulling away and when he looked out the pilot's window, he saw it heading back into the jungle towards Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] helped the others to disembark from the plane. He told the survivors to go into the bush, since he was sure that the attackers would return. He went into the bush with the children and they spent the night near the airport in Port Kaituma. The next day they were discovered by Guyanese officials. (U)

[redacted] no knowledge of any written or oral oaths made by members of the PT. (U)

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[redacted] the following individuals as armed body guards of JONES: (U)

TIMJONES "DAY" Also known as (aka) Tim Tupper Jones
JIMMY JONES
LOU JONES
JOE WILSON
RONNIE JAMES

(U)

[redacted] STEVEN JONES was possibly one of the body guards, but he has never seen him with a weapon. (U)

[redacted] the following individuals as members of the PI Security Force: (U)

STEVE JONES
TIM JONES "DAY" aka Tim Tupper Jones
ROBERT KICE
RONNIE JAMES
CHRIS CORDELL
CLEVELAND NEWELL
GARY JOHNSON aka "Poncho"
JOE WILSON
AL TSCHETTER
LOU JONES (Shift Supervisor)
DOUG SANDERS (in times of crisis)
SEBASTIAN MC MURRAY (part-time)
TEDDY MC MURRAY (part-time)
WALTER WILLIAMS (possibly security)
AL SIMON (part-time or time of crisis)
TINETRA FANI
DON FITCH, aka "Doc" (possibly security)
EUGENE SMITH (in time of crisis)
TIM JONES "NIGHT"
JIMMY JONES, JR. (Shift Supervisor)
EDDY CRENSHAW (reserve)
JOHNNY COBB JONES (Shift Supervisor)
JOHNNY BROWN JONES (Security Coordinator)
JIM MC ELVANE
BILLY OLIVER
BRUCE OLIVER

(U)

LEE INGRAM (Security Advisor)
CALVIN DOUGLAS (Captain of security)
BONNIE SIMON
PAUL MC CANN (possibly security)
MARIE RANKIN aka Duckett (possibly security) (W)
BURRELL WILSON (possibly reserve security)
MIKE TOUCHETTE (part-time)
ALBERT TOUCHETTE (part-time)
LARRY LAYTON (in time of crisis)

b7c [redacted] never heard of the term angels. (U)

[redacted] he had been a member of the Planning Commission in California, but he stated that it was disbanded when the move to Guyana was effected. When it existed, it consisted of approximately 100 people. He advised however that there was an inner core of persons close to JONES who assisted him in planning and decision making. These individuals are: (W)

TERRY BUFORD
MARIE KATSARIS
CAROLYN LAYTON
PATRICIA CARTMELL
KAREN LAYTON
JACK BEAM
JOHNNY JONES
LEE INGRAM
GENE CHAIKIN
HARRIET TROPP

(W)

b7c The only indication [redacted] has of influence peddling is that PAULA ADAMS was living in Georgetown with a Guyanese official in order to secure favorable treatment in things relating to the PT. While in California, JONES had befriended many politicians, including Mayor MOSCONE of San Francisco; HARVEY MILK, another San Francisco elected official, Governor GERRY BROWN of California, the District Attorney of San Francisco, and Mayor BRADLEY of Los Angeles. Some of these officials visited the PT Church in San Francisoc or Los Angeles. (U)

Another public official who was a close friend of JONES was Lieutenant Governor DIMALLEY of California who visited Jonestown twice and praised it. (U)

b7C

[redacted] no fugitives or persons who have committed crimes for which they are not charged, as being members of the PT. (U)

[redacted] an individual named TIMOFAYEV who was an official of the Russian Embassy in Guyana, visited the settlement at Jonestown. JONES later said that he invited the Russian official in order to ask him if the Soviet government would provide an alternate place to relocate in case the PT required this assistance. (U)

[redacted] no specific knowledge of the method whereby weapons were shipped to Jonestown, nor did he know of anycache of weapons, although JONES boasted of having a large store of weapons. (U)

[redacted] some of those at Jonestown engaged in firearms training in the jungle, but he did not know how extensive this training was. He never heard of weapons training while the Church was located in California. (U)

[redacted] if the PT or JONES were attacked verbally, that th eplan called for maintaining a defensive posture. In the event of physical attack, the ultimate defense was mass suicide rather than being overrun. (U)

[redacted] no knowledge of any officials in any govenment or international body being the targets for murder by anyone from the PT. (U)

[redacted] no knowledge of any relocation plans in the event of mass suicide, but he stated that in the event that the Church was attacked, JONES had said there would always be someone to avenge the Church against defectors, traitors and the like. (U)

b7c

[redacted] no specific knowledge of preparation for the assassination of Congressman RYAN, but he believes that these individuals would have not acted without authorization from JONES. (U)

[redacted] if an assassination plot existed, the persons he would estimate as most likely to carry it out are: (U)

STEVE JONES
TIM JONES "DAY" aka Tim Tupper
LOU JONES
JIMMY JONES, JR.
LEE INGRAM
TIM CARTER
MIKE BROOKS
CALVIN DOUGLAS
SANDRA BRADSHAW
JEAN BROWN
LEONA COLLIER

(W)

[redacted] no knowledge of PT radio or business conducted or codes used on the radio. He heard that codes were used on the radio and that it was used frequently. Among those who used the radio were: (U)

TIM CARTER
LEE INGRAM
MARIE KATSARIS
TERRY BUFORD
CAROLYN LAYTON
HARRIET TROPP

(W)

[redacted] no specific knowledge of a hit list, but he alluded to a vague listing of enemies who would pay for wronging the PT. (U)

In addition to living with a Guyanese official to obtain favorable treatment for the Church, PAULA ADAMS was also a sexual partner of JONES, according to boasting by JONES which was overheard by [redacted] (U)

b7C

[redacted] no knowledge of a primitive nuclear device or bomb at Jonestown, but he did hear rumors that DON FITCH aka "Doc" was building some sort of cannon or mortar to be used in the defense of the settlement. (U)

[redacted] Hut C-14 was the cottage where security men and their families lived. There was a cabinet in this cottage where the weapons were kept (U)

[redacted] Doctor LAWRENCE SCHACT was in charge of medical care at Jonestown. SCHACT had attended medical school in Mexico and finished in California. He was in the process of serving his internship when he went to Jonestown and therefore did not receive his license to practive medicine from the State of California. SCHACT was not acknowledged as a Medical Doctor by Guyanese authorities. The following individual were named [redacted] as associates of Doctor SCHACT: (U)

JOYCE PARKS - Nurse Practitioner
CHRISTINE YOUNG - Registered Nurse
JOYCE ROZYNKO - Registered Nurse
ANNIE MOORE - Registered Nurse
SHARON COBB - Pediatric Nurse Practitioner
DALE PARKS - Inhalation Therapist
LOIS PONTS - Registered Nurse

(U)

Descriptive information, position in the PT, and current whereabouts of the following individuals was provided [redacted] (U)

b7C

1.	Name	TIM JONES "NIGHT"
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	21-22 years
	Height	5'8"
	Weight	140 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Security Man
	Whereabouts	Unknown

(U)

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2.	Name	JIMMY JONES, JR.
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	18 years
	Height	6'5"
	Weight	160
	Hair	Black, short afro
	Build	Thin
	Position	Security Shift Supervisor
	Whereabouts	In US
3.	Name	EDDY CRENSHAW
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	30
	Height	5'10"-5'11"
	Weight	200 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Truck driver; part-time security man
	Whereabouts	Unknown
4.	Name	HERBERT NEWELL
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	23-24 years
	Height	6'
	Weight	150-160 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Crew of trailer Cudjoe
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
5.	Name	JOHNNY COBB JONES
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	19
	Height	5'10"
	Weight	160 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Security Shift Supervisor
	Whereabouts	Possibly in US

(21)

6.	Name	JOHNNY BROWN JONES
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	30-32 years
	Height	5'10"
	Weight	150 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Security Coordinator
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
7.	Name	MARK CORDELL
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	20-21 years
	Height	5'9"
	Weight	160 pounds
	Hair	Light blond
	Position	Worked in kitchen
	Whereabouts	US
	Miscellaneous	Adopted son of RICHARD CORDELL and nephew of HAROLD CORDELL
8.	Name	JIM MC ELVANE
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	40
	Height	6'4"-6'5"
	Weight	210-220 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Security man
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
	Miscellaneous	Head of security for PT in USA, arrived a few days before RYAN party

(21)

9.	Name	BILLY OLIVER
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	23-24 years
	Height	6'1"-6'2"
	Weight	185 pounds
	Hair	Black, short afro
	Position	Security man
	Whereabouts	Possibly deceased in Jonestown
10.	Name	STEVE JONES
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	20 years
	Height	6'6"
	Weight	180 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown, long
	Build	Thin
	Position	Security man
	Whereabouts	Police custody in Georgetown, Guyana
11.	Name	TIM TUPPER JONES "DAY"
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	20 years
	Height	6'4"
	Weight	175-180
	Hair	Blond, long
	Build	Medium
	Position	Security man
	Whereabouts	Possibly in US
	Miscellaneous	Wore moustache
12.	Name	LEE INGRAM
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	35 years
	Height	6'1"

(u)

	Weight	180 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Miscellaneous	Wore moustache
	Position	Security
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
	Additional	Was a trusted aide of JONES
13.	Name	CHRIS O'NEAL
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	18-19 years
	Height	5'9-5'10"
	Weight	150 pounds
	Hair	Dark blond
	Miscellaneous	Epileptic
	Position	Field worker
	Whereabouts	[redacted]
14.	Name	CALVIN DOUGLAS
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	21-22 years
	Height	6'
	Weight	170-175
	Hair	Black
	Position	Captain of security
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
15.	Name	CLEVELAND NEWELL
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	25-26 years
	Height	6'
	Weight	170 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Security man
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana, or US

b7c

(U)

16.	Name	BONNIE SIMON
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	24-25 years
	Height	5'3"
	Weight	120 pounds
	Hair	Blond
	Position	Security woman
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
17.	Name	PAUL MC CANN
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	30 years
	Height	6'3"
	Weight	170 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	Wood crew; possible reserve security man
	Whereabouts	Unknown
18.	Name	PAULINE GROTT
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	28-29 years
	Height	5'4"
	Weight	110 pounds
	Hair	Light brown
	Position	Chemical analysis of plants
	Whereabouts	Presumed deceased in Jonestown
19.	Name	TOM GRUBBS
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	35-40 years
	Height	5'11"
	Weight	160 pounds
	Hair	Light brown

	Position	School principal
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
20.	Name	MARIE RANKIN aka Duckett
	Sex	Female
	Race	Negro
	Age	25-30 years
	Height	6 foot
	Weight	150 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Teacher; possibly security woman
	Whereabouts	Unknown
21.	Name	TERRI BUFORD
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	25 years
	Height	5'7"
	Weight	110 pounds
	Hair	Light brown
	Position	Advisor to JONES
	Whereabouts	US
22.	Name	JEAN BROWN
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	31-32 years
	Height	5'1"
	Weight	130 pounds
	Hair	Blond
	Position	Administrative Clerk in San Francisco Temple
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California
23.	Name	CORINNE KICE aka Rennie
	Sex	Female
	Race	Negro
	Age	35-40
	Height	5'7"-5'8"
	Weight	140

	Hair	Black
	Miscellaneous	Wife of BOB KICE
	Position	Worker in medical bond (supply room)
	Whereabouts	Unknown
	Additional	Job entailed handling drugs
24.	Name	LAURA JOHNSON
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	30 years
	Height	5'6"-5'7"
	Weight	120 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	School teacher; former supervisor of field workers
	Whereabouts	US
25.	Name	VERA YOUNG
	Sex	Female
	Race	Negro
	Age	30 years
	Height	5'5"
	Weight	130 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Part-time secretary in San Francisco Temple
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California
	Additional	Was never seen in Jonestown
26.	Name	JUNE CRYM
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	30-35 years
	Height	5'2"
	Weight	140 pounds
	Position	Part-time legal secretary in San Francisco Temple
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California
	Additional	Visited Jonestown, for one week

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27.	Name	MIKE PROKES
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	30 years
	Height	5'10"-5'11"
	Weight	150-155
	Hair	Brown
	Position	Public relations and radio traffic
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
28.	Name	TIM CARTER
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	30 years
	Height	5'9"-5'10"
	Weight	155-160
	Hair	Light brown
	Position	Public relations at Jonestown
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
29.	Name	SANDRA INGRAM aka Bradshaw
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	25-30 years
	Height	5'2"
	Weight	120 pounds
	Hair	Blond
	Position	Administrator of Church in San Francisco
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California
	Additional	Greatly trusted by JONES
30.	Name	JUDY FLOWERS
	Sex	Female
	Race	Negro
	Age	30-35 years
	Height	5'6"
	Weight	140 pounds
	Hair	Black

	Position	Possibly money raising in San Francisco
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California
	Additional	Was never in Jonestown, was sister of LEONA COLLIER
31.	Name	JIM RANDOLPH
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	35-40 years
	Height	5'8"
	Weight	145 pounds
	Hair	Light brown
	Position	Worked in San Francisco organizing the shipping of materials between San Francisco and Guyana
	Whereabouts	San Francisco
	Additional	Never saw in Jonestown
31A.	Name	HARRIET RANDOLPH
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Height	5'4"
	Weight	120 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	School teacher
	Whereabouts	Deceased at Jonestown
	Additional	Close advisor to JONES
32.	Name	LEONA COLLIER
	Sex	Female
	Race	Negro
	Age	45-50
	Height	5'1"
	Weight	150 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Money raising in San Francisco
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California

33.	Name	DALE PARKS
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	35 years
	Height	5'10"-5'11"
	Weight	160-170 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	Inhalation therapist, nurse
b7c	Whereabouts	[redacted]
34.	Name	BURRELL WILSON
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	20 years
	Height	5'11"-6'
	Weight	160 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Wood crew; possible reserve security man
	Whereabouts	Possibly in Georgetown, Guyana
35.	Name	CLARE JANARO
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	45 years
	Height	5'4"
	Weight	240 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Build	Heavy
	Position	Operated home in Redwood Valley, California
	Whereabouts	California
	Additional	Was never in Jonestown
36.	Name	RICHARD JANARO
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	45-50
	Height	6'

	Weight	170 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown, graying
	Position	Worked in Georgetown purchasing supplies
	Whereabouts	Last known on ship Albatross bound for Barbados
	Additional	Would come to Jonestown to visit his children
37.	Name	BONNIE BECK
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	30-32 years
	Height	5'1"
	Weight	160-170 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	Worked in home in Redwood Valley, Calfironia
	Whereabouts	Redwood Valley, California area
	Additional	Never in Jonestown
38.	Name	MARIE KATSARIS
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	25 years
	Height	5'10"
	Weight	125-130 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown - long
	Position	Handled financial matters
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
	Additional	Was JONES' mistress
39.	Name	PAULA ADAMS
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	35 years
	Height	5'5"-5'6"
	Weight	120 pounds
	Hair	Blond
	Position	Public relations in Georgetown
	Whereabouts	Unknown
	Additional	Rarely visited Jonestown; lived with Guyanese official

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40.	Name	TISH LEROY
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	45 years
	Height	5'6"
	Weight	140
	Hair	Gray hair
b7c	Position	[redacted]
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
41.	Name	CHUCK BIEKMAN
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	45 years
	Height	5'8"
	Weight	200
	Position	Shoe repairman
	Whereabouts	In police custody in Jonestown for SHARON AMOS' murder.
42.	Name	JOYCE TOUCHETTE
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	45-50years
	Height	5'5"
	Weight	125 pounds
	Hair	Light brown
	Position	Kitchen supervisor
	Whereabouts	Deceased at Jonestown
42A.	Name	CHARLIE TOUCHETTE
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	50 years
	Height	5'9"
	Weight	185 pounds
	Hair	Gray
	Position	Supervisor of construction projects
	Whereabouts	Last known on ship Albatross bound for Barbados

42B.	Name	MICHELLE TOUCHETTE
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	18 years
	Height	5'
	Weight	110 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown, long
	Position	Laundry worker
	Whereabouts	Deceased at Jonestown
42C.	Name	MIKE TOUCHETTE
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	24-25 years
	Height	5'11"
	Weight	170-180
	Build	Muscular
	Position	Heavy equipment operator, part-time security
	Whereabouts	Deceased at Jonestown
43.	Name	STANLEY CLAYTON
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	25-30 years
	Height	6'
	Weight	170 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Assisted JOYCE TOUCHETTE in kitchen
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
44.	Name	MARY LEE BOGUE
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	18 years
	Height	5'
	Weight	140 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	Cared for children and teacher's aide
	Whereabouts	Deceased in Jonestown
	Additional	Daughter of EDITH and JIM BOGUE

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45.	Name	TOM BOGUE
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	17 years
	Height	5'5"-5'6"
	Weight	140
	Hair	dark brown
	Position	Was a student
b7C	Whereabouts	[redacted]
	Additional	Son of EDITH and JIM BOGUE
46.	Name	TINA BOGUE
	Sex	Female
	Race	White
	Age	23 years
	Height	5'4"
	Weight	135 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	Crew supervisor in cassava fields
	Whereabouts	[redacted]
b7C	Additional	Son of EDITH and JIM BOGUE
47.	Name	ODELL RHODES
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	30 years
	Height	5'10"
	Weight	175 pounds
	Hair	Black
	Position	Teacher
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
48.	Name	MIKE CARTER
	Sex	Male
	Race	White
	Age	22 years
	Height	5'4"

	Weight	135-140 pounds
	Hair	Dark brown
	Position	Radio operator
	Whereabouts	Georgetown, Guyana
	Additional	Brother of TIM CARTER
49.	Name	VERA INGRAM
	Sex	Female
	Race	Negro
	Age	25 years
	Height	Unknown
	Weight	Unknown
	Hair	Unknown
	Build	Unknown
	Position	Part-time Church worker in San FRancisco
	Whereabouts	San Francisco, California
	Additional	Never came to Guyana
	Name	JIM COBB
	Sex	Male
	Race	Negro
	Age	25-30 years
	Height	6'2"-6'3"
	Weight	185
	Hair	Black
	Position	Quit PT several years ago
	Whereabouts	Last seen fleeing into bush during shooting
	Additional	Was brother of JOHNNY COBB JONES. As a "concerned relative" who wanted Jonestown investigatied and as traitor who left Church was hated by JONES

b7c

[redacted] there was a large store of drugs in the medical bond (storeroom) at Jonestown. JONES had stated at a meeting that a wealthy benefactor was donating thousands of dollars worth of drugs [redacted] did not believe that drugs were produced by the PT in Guyana. (U)

[redacted] there were two boats which were operated by the PT; the trawler Cudjoe, which carried supplies between Georgetown and Cape Kaituma and the Albatross, which was rented or leased, which also carried supplies. (U)

[redacted] PT members in Jonestown manufactured toy dolls at the rear of the pavillion under the supervision of KAY NELSON. These dolls were sold to J.P. SANTOS, a large store in Georgetown, Guyana. (U)

The following descriptive data regarding [redacted] was obtained through interview and observation: (U)

Name
Alias
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Build
Hair
Eyes
Scars and Marks
Other
Residence

[redacted]

(U)

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b7C

Occupation
Education

Martial Status

Family Members
Children

Social Security
Account Number
Arrests
Miscellaneous

Destination Point

[redacted]

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b7C

after a divorce from [redacted] plan to marry

(b3)

Rule F.R.C.P. 6(e)

FD-302 (REV. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 12/8/78

b7C

[redacted], who resides at [redacted] telephone number [redacted] was interviewed [redacted] the shooting incident which took place on November 18, 1978, at Jonestown, Guyana. (U)

He advised that he is an [redacted] He also advised that [redacted] is a member of the People's Temple and resided in Jonestown, Guyana. He noted that [redacted] some months ago, began telling him of the possible problems [redacted] might be faced with as a member of the People's Temple. [redacted] also said that a group of relatives of various members of the People's Temple had formed a group called the Concerned Relatives and were planning a trip to Guyana with Congressman RYAN. (U)

He stated that [redacted] telephonically contacted him in early 1978. He had not heard from her for about one year and it was during this contact that she suggested [redacted] to come to the Jonestown camp in Guyana as she thought he would be interested in seeing the [redacted] system that had been established there. He wasn't sure he could go to Guyana in early October [redacted] made several other calls to him in October and during these calls she utilized a short-wave patch through the People's Temple in San Francisco. During these conversations, [redacted] consistently put pressure [redacted] to go to Guyana. She made approximately five calls to him and he possibly tape recorded approximately four of them. (U)

[redacted] advised, that by mid-October the Concerned Relatives trip was getting organized to go. He went to a meeting of the Concerned Relatives Group on Saturday, November 4 and also on that date, he telephonically contacted [redacted] (U)

Interviewed on 11/25/78 and ~~11/27/78~~ at [redacted] File # SJ 89-123 ~~SF 89-259~~

by ~~SA~~ [redacted] ~~skg~~ Date dictated ~~11/30/78~~

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b7C [redacted] had made up his mind to go and during his conversation [redacted] he requested [redacted] tell her when he would arrive. [redacted] made the comment "Oh, you have changed your mind." (U)

On Sunday, November 5, 1978, [redacted] called collect via a commercial telephone line. It was not through the radio patch normally utilized by her via the People's Temple short-wave radio. [redacted] stated that he taped this conversation also. (U)

During the conversation, [redacted] He thought that this comment was highly unusual [redacted] said she had gone there to do work for the People's Temple. Also, during this conversation, she said that she had learned that RYAN and a party of relatives were coming to Jonestown. She described RYAN as a right-wing fascist Congressman who supported the military junta in Chile. [redacted] at this point that she sounded scared and she said she "was shaking in her boots." She commented to him that it was a strange time for him to come to Guyana. [redacted] the Temple was afraid that RYAN was coming down there to destroy the Temple. He tried to reason with her and stated that he was coming there and would be very objective and wanted to see what was going on and make his own opinions, [redacted] (U)

[redacted] stated that during this conversation [redacted] she constantly tried to persuade him not to go to Guyana with the Concerned Relatives Group. She stated that it would not be a good time to come and [redacted] at this point, wanted to emphasize that [redacted] went on and on and on in her attempt to persuade him not to go to Guyana. After the conversation was over, he never talked to her again until his arrival in Guyana. He also stated at this point that he will make available the tape of this conversation. (U)

[redacted] the details of the trip by the Concerned Relatives Group were finalized and the Group left San Francisco for Guyana on November 13, 1978. Prior to (U)

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their departure and while at the San Francisco International Airport, two members of the Concerned Relatives Group, GRACE STOEN or JIM COBB, both former members of the People's Temple, told him that they had spotted a People's Temple member at the airport watching the group as it departed. The group left San Francisco at ten p.m. on November 13, 1978, by United Airlines. They arrived in New York City between five and six a.m. on November 14, 1978, and left New York at approximately three p.m. the same date on board a Pan American flight to Guyana. They arrived in Georgetown, Guyana, on November 14, 1978, at approximately eleven-thirty p.m. (U)

Upon arrival at Georgetown, Guyana, they went to the Pegasus Hotel, however, upon arrival they were told that no rooms had been reserved for them, but eventually the room reservation problem was resolved and everyone went to sleep. [redacted] furnished the following list of names of those people that madeup the Concerned Relatives Group: (U)

b7c

ANTHONY KATSARIS
STEVEN KATSARIS
CAROL BOYD
CLAIR BOUQUETTE
JIM COBB
SHERWIN HARRIS
NADINE HOUSTON
WAYNE PETELIA
Mr. and Mrs. OLIVER
GRACE and TIM STOEN
MICKY TOUCHETTE

(U)

Most everyone slept most of the morning of November 15, 1978, and around four p.m. that Wednesday afternoon, the group went to the Georgetown location of the People's Temple at Number 41 Lamaha Gardens in Georgetown. They arrived there at approximately four p.m. and met with a woman who was identified as MARY ANN CASANOVA. [redacted] overheard her tell [redacted] that the people were not welcome at the Temple, therefore, don't get out of the car. At this time he noticed that Mrs. OLIVER possibly recognized two girls also at the Temple and engaged them in a conversation. No one was allowed into

b7c

(U)

the People's Temple in Georgetown and prior to leaving. [redacted] After Mrs. OLIVER finished talking with the two girls, the group returned to the hotel. [redacted] furnished the following description of MARY ANN CASANOVA: (U)

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Race:	Caucasian
Sex:	Female
Age:	About 40
Height:	5'6"
Weight:	140 pounds
Hair:	Light brown and greying
Miscellaneous:	Wore glasses

(U)

After the group returned to the hotel, later on during the evening of November 15, 1978, everyone met with United States Ambassador BURKE. They met with him again on the morning of November 16, 1978, and he advised that his hands were tied in regards to permission for the group to travel to the Jonestown camp. Then, after leaving the Embassy, went back to the hotel arriving in the early afternoon. Everyone was sitting around in the hotel lobby [redacted] requested him to come outside and listen to this old Guyanese man make speeches. [redacted] speculated that the man, at one time, might have been a member of parliment and liked to hear himself speak. They described him as the "orator." (U)

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[redacted], went outside to listen to the old man. While they were out there, a Guyanese individual drove by in a car and talked to [redacted] saw the individual drive up to a seawall located near the hotel and then the man in the car returned and told [redacted] some members of the People's Temple from Jonestown and their van were located near the seawall. [redacted] went to talk to the group. They walked up to the seawall and engaged in a conversation between themselves and a group of People's Temple members. The People's Temple members were comprised of six blacks and two whites. During the conversation they all exchanged hellos and everyone claimed to be from California. He noticed that the two white men stood back to back and was looking "wild-eyed" in every direction as if they might fear for their safety. He thought this to be very unusual. (U)

The group of six black and two whites admitted that they were from the Jonestown camp and they wanted to know why the Concerned Relatives were in Guyana. (U)

[redacted] could not remember much of the details of the conversation but did recall their conversation with one of the men whose name was LEE INGRAM. [redacted] talked mostly to INGRAM about the trouble he had had with [redacted] INGRAM kept silent most of the time and just listened. He described INGRAM as follows: (U)

Race:	Negro
Sex:	Male
Age:	Late twenties
Height:	6'
Weight:	175 pounds
Hair:	Short Afro with corn rows

(U)

[redacted] (U)

While they were talking to INGRAM, [redacted] arrived and indicated that she recognized another member of the group to be STEVE JONES. She apparently knew STEVE JONES very well as she hugged him and they [redacted] and JONES) separated from the group and talked for a long time. (U)

Later while they were still talking with the group of boys, [redacted] arrived and recognized [redacted] MICHAEL TOUCHETTE, whom she had not seen for between five and six years. [redacted] pointed out at this point that [redacted] from the Concerned Relatives Group arrived and talked with some of the individuals. (U)

[redacted] noted that at no time did he feel there might be trouble and noted that the group of Temple members indicated that they were there to play basketball and had been there for a couple of days and would be there for about a month. He did recall STEVE JONES making a comment that there might be some difficulty in having some of the relatives from the Jonestown camp come into Georgetown to see their visiting relatives. The groups eventually split (U)

up and those members of the Concerned Relatives Group went back to the Hotel Pegasus somewhat excited about the meeting. (U)

Later that evening, they had a meeting with Congressman RYAN and told him that they were excited about their meeting with the basketball players but a little confused and people began to wonder if, in fact, the basketball team had been planted there to spy on the group. (U)

After dinner that Thursday evening, November 16, RYAN explained to members of the Concerned Relatives Group his plans for the trip to the Jonestown camp the next day, which was Friday, November 17. He indicated to them that he had chartered a plane and the group would have to decide which members would represent the Concerned Relatives Group as the plane did not have enough seats available to take the entire group. (U)

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On Friday morning, November 17, 1978, several members of the Concerned Relatives Group, [redacted] went to the United States Embassy and talked with Embassy representative DICK ELLIS. Also, several members of the group went to the office of the Guyanese Prime Minister. After those meetings respectively, Congressman RYAN indicated to them that they had the plane and had approximately eight seats available but only four people from the Concerned Relatives Group could go. With this information, [redacted] attempted to contact as many members of the Concerned Relatives Group as possible and in a fair way, determine who would go. (U)

(At this time, [redacted] indicated that he would like to rest and therefore, the interview would continue on Monday, November 27, 1978.) (U)

The following is a continuation of the interview which commenced on Saturday, November 25, 1978: (U)

At the hotel a list of people was being made up regarding who was to go to Jonestown camp and who was to stay behind at the hotel in Georgetown. Several people volunteered [redacted] to remain at the hotel. [redacted] could recall (U)

the following individuals boarded the plane to go to Jonestown: (U)

Congressman LEO J. RYAN;
JACKIE SPEIR, his assistant;
JIM COBB;
Mrs. BEVERLY OLIVER;
CAROL BOYD;
DON HARRIS;
BOB FLICK;
TIM REITTERMAN;
GREG ROBINSON;
STEVE (last name unknown). (U)

The latter five individuals were newsmen accompanying the group. (U)

They departed in the aircraft from Georgetown, Guyana at approximately two p.m. Friday, November 17, 1978. They arrived at the airstrip at Port Kaituma, Guyana, approximately one hour later. When they arrived at the airstrip, the pilot told them that they could not land because the airstrip was not in good condition. At this time, the pilot circled the airstrip for a short while taking them once over the Jonestown camp so that the photographers in the group could take some pictures. After circling for a while, the pilot told the passengers he was going to land because he felt the airstrip was in good enough condition, so they landed. At the airstrip the group was met by some Guyanese officials and some members from the People's Temple at the Jonestown camp. [redacted] stated he remembered seeing JIM MC ALVANE in the group of People's Temple members. He also recalled that Mrs. OLIVER knew some of the individuals there from the People's Temple as she engaged in conversation and shook their hands. There were approximately six members of the People's Temple there to greet them, however, JIM MC ALVANE is the only name that he could recall. (U) b7C

The members of the Concerned Relatives Group remained at the Port Kaituma airstrip waiting for permission to enter the camp. First, some People's Temple members took Congressman RYAN, JACKIE SPEIR and the two attorneys, MARK LANE and CHARLES GARRY, in a dump truck to the camp. (U)

They told the remainder of the group to wait at the airstrip. They waited for approximately one hour or so for them to return and then a truck was sent from the Jonestown camp back to the airstrip to pick them up and take them back to the camp. However, the People's Temple members that were on the returning truck informed GORDON LINDSAY that he had to go back to Georgetown, Guyana on the plane, as he did not have permission to enter the camp. By this time it was approximately six p.m. and LINDSAY got on the plane and went back to Georgetown, Guyana. The remainder of the group climbed on board the dump truck and went to Jonestown. He described the location of Jonestown camp as being approximately six miles from the airstrip. They arrived at the camp at approximately seven p.m. that Friday evening, November 17, 1978. He said they stayed for approximately three hours there. (u)

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On the way to the camp in the truck, [redacted] engaged in conversation with JIM MC ALVANE and a woman by the name of JUDY whose last name he could not recall. (u)

When they arrived at the camp, a number of people from the People's Temple were standing around and JUDY pointed out [redacted] saw him but did not approach, [redacted] went over to her and hugged her. She was very cold [redacted] thereafter walked up to the pavilion or meeting hall and after he put his bags down he immediately started talking with [redacted] immediately said to him that she did not like the photographers there [redacted] never did like having her picture taken). At that point MARCELINE JONES (JIM JONES' wife) went upon the stage at the pavilion and announced that the photographers were taking pictures and if someone did not want their picture taken just speak up and it wouldn't be.

[redacted] were sitting there, [redacted] would not voluntarily engage in conversation with [redacted] He talked to [redacted] for approximately ten minutes and then dinner was served. After dinner a show was given by members of the Temple. (u)

At this point during the interview, [redacted]

indicated that he never, up until this time, feared for his safety. He never saw any weapons but did notice JIM JONES had a man standing by him always who appeared to be a body guard. [redacted] described this individual as a black male in his mid-twenties, approximately five feet eleven inches tall, one hundred sixty-five to one hundred seventy pounds with black hair and brown,"beady" eyes. (U)

[redacted] up until this time he had not been able to talk [redacted] alone, therefore, he decided that the only way he could get to be alone with her was to ask her to show him to the bathroom so [redacted] took him outside to an outhouse. Later he started talking [redacted] did not want to talk to him at all. She talked very little and continuously tried to make her way back inside the pavilion. (U)

When the two finally were back inside the meeting hall, JIM JONES was going around introducing himself to all of the Concerned Relatives and had the photographers taking pictures of him and the Concerned Relatives shaking hands. [redacted] noticed CAROL BOYD was shaking hands with him and the photographers were taking pictures. When JONES came over [redacted] blocked his face so that no picture could be taken [redacted] just shook hands with JONES and said "hello". (U)

[redacted] at this point, that someone told him that JONES was very ill. [redacted] JONES did not look in good physical health and looked "spaced out" and was not very sharp in answering questions as he usually was remembered to be. (U)

Everyone was watching the entertainment which the People's Temple was providing. While this was going on, [redacted] left and came back with GRACE STOEN'S child who, [redacted] JONES claimed was his child. [redacted] made a comment to [redacted] to the effect that the boy looked just like JIM JONES. [redacted] (U)

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b7c [redacted] He described the child as being approximately six years old. (u)

[redacted] up to this point nothing unusual appeared to be happening except [redacted] kept making weird comments such as the stew that they were eating was poisoned and that it was made from human flesh. She called it "human stew". [redacted] A short time later, JIM MC ALVANE came over and engaged them in conversation. [redacted] was saying was that the members of the People's Temple do a good job of harassing the reporters who write the bad stories in the newspapers. (u)

[redacted] he did not want to talk with her while other people from the People's Temple were with them. The two, thereafter, after the show, walked outside behind the meeting hall and [redacted] tried to talk [redacted] about the situation at home. [redacted] made a comment that he [redacted] could have come down at a better time when things weren't so bad. [redacted] and she was talking to him at the same time. She continued to talk [redacted] and at one point he held her by the arm. She got very tense and yelled for help. He stated [redacted] yelled for the guards. [redacted] became freightened. It was a shock to him [redacted] would react in such a manner. He was so startled by the fact that she yelled for the guards that he jumped back and walked away from her. [redacted] stated she did not want to go home at this time. She stated (u)

she really enjoyed what she was doing and did not want to change her lifestyle at this point. She told [redacted] that he could not put any conditions on her whatsoever. She kept insisting that no one put conditions on her. (u)

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By this time it was around ten or eleven p.m. on November 17 and the group was called together and told it was time for them to depart the camp. [redacted] if he could stay at the camp but was informed he could not as there was no room for him to stay. At this point MARCY JONES, the wife of JIM JONES, said [redacted] that he could see [redacted] The group of Concerned Relatives then departed in the dump truck and went back to Port Kaituma. He noted at this point that Congressman RYAN, JACKIE SPEIR and the Guyanese official stayed at the camp that evening. The remainder of the group stayed in Port Kaituma after arriving there at approximately eleven p.m. [redacted] everything as seemingly to be okay with no problems and no one was suspicious that anything might happen. (u)

The next morning, Saturday, November 18, 1978, the group was to be picked up early in the morning and returned to the camp. The truck was late and they did not get to leave Port Kaituma for Jonestown until approximately ten-thirty a.m. The Concerned Relatives Group arrived back at the camp sometime between eleven and eleven-thirty a.m. that Saturday morning. When they arrived at the entrance to the camp, there was a chain across the road near the guard house. The driver of the truck talked to the guard for a while and then he removed the chain and the group was on their way toward the camp. When they arrived at the camp, [redacted] MARCY JONES saw [redacted] and told him she would get someone to find [redacted] They were asked if they wanted breakfast [redacted] stated that he would rather go on a tour of the camp rather than have breakfast. (u)

At this point, [redacted] stated that he would like to bring up a point about something that happened that evening before. He stated the Congressman stated that Friday evening that history was going to be made because he was going to take a family back to the States with the Concerned Relatives Group. [redacted] volunteered to stay at the (u)

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camp if room was needed on the airplane back to Georgetown. "Now", he said, "Back to Saturday morning..." (U)

[redacted] he was instructed to go to wait [redacted] When she did arrive, she told him that she was up late the previous evening and slept late that morning. He noted at this time everything seemed to be alright and he did not suspect any trouble. [redacted] seemed to be very cold and hard. The two of them then had breakfast and took a tour of the camp. (U)

He noted that during the conversation that morning there were a couple of times [redacted] wanted to break away [redacted] and not talk with him any more. At one point she did walk away from him and went and sat with the two Attorneys, LANE and GARRY. [redacted] left to talk to the two attorneys, a People's Temple member by the name of WESLEY walked over and talked to [redacted] He did not know WESLEY'S last name; also, at this point [redacted] (U)

Later on that morning [redacted] (U)

[redacted] did not know [redacted] later she came back and the two of them engaged in conversation again. At the end of the conversation it was time to leave and they started walking toward the truck. They spent about a total of three hours at the camp that Saturday morning before going back to the airstrip. They headed back at approximately two p.m. (U)

When everyone was at the truck getting ready to go back to the airstrip, [redacted] noted two or three members of the People's Temple getting on the truck. He (U)

recognized two of them. The two were WESLEY (last name unknown) and LARRY LAYTON. LAYTON was the very last one to get on the truck. While they were all on the truck, it did not start moving for quite some time and VERNON GOSNEY, who was also a member of the People's Temple who was going to return with the group to the United States, kept insisting that everyone should get going and get out of the camp. All the so called defectors kept saying "Let's get going, let's get going." But as soon as the truck began to leave, it stalled and then it got stuck in a ditch. The defecting People's Temple members told him that this thing about the truck stalling and getting in a ditch was a setup. As they reached the top of the hill [redacted] looked back and saw people running around and heard people yelling. [redacted] The truck stopped and DON HARRIS, the NBC News Reporter, went to see what had happened. (U)

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Soon afterwards, a bulldozer came and pulled the truck out of the ditch. [redacted] felt as if they were deliberately being delayed. (U)

[redacted] stated that when DON HARRIS came back to the truck, HARRIS told them that someone had tried to assassinate the Congressman but the People's Temple members saved him. He stated that the person who tried to assassinate the Congressman was a young white man [redacted] did not know his name. Congressman RYAN walked down the road to the truck and when he arrived at the truck he seemed to be in a state of shock. He then climbed in the cabin of the truck and the truck began moving down the road. (U)

When the truck reached the entrance to the camp, the chain was again across the road and there was a black male individual at the guard station. He instructed everyone to move around in the back of the truck as he wanted to see if his children were on the truck. This black guard then got on the truck and stayed on the truck and drove to the air-strip with them. [redacted] stated that he started to worry that something might be going to happen. (U)

Finally they reached the airstrip and were let off of the truck and the truck left. The airplanes were not

there yet and it now seemed that everything was going wrong. They placed all of their personal belongings in the aluminum shed at the airstrip. (U)

A few minutes later, a small airplane came and then they began loading luggage on it. It was at this time [redacted] noticed the truck which they road to the air-
b7c strip on and a tractor pulling a wagon arrive in the area. He only remembered seeing a blonde haired man on the tractor whom he had seen in Jonestown. He also recalled seeing this young man as a member of the People's Temple group which had met the Congressman and the party when it initially arrived at the airstrip on Friday afternoon, November 17, 1978. (U)

The smaller plane was being loaded and some of the so called defectors said that everyone should be searched, [redacted] helped search the people and luggage but did not find any weapons. After they were searched, LARRY LAYTON got into the small plane at which time JIM COBB stated that LAYTON was not searched. At this point JACKIE SPEIR became very nervous. LAYTON was never searched as it was very hectic and confusing at that time. [redacted] stated at this point that he could probably identify LARRY LAYTON if he saw him again. (U)

By this time, the larger plane had arrived and was loaded. [redacted] Congressman RYAN take a big chest over to the larger plane and put it in the nose of the aircraft. Some people were standing by the door and one of the Guyanese officials got on the plane and was just sitting there. JACKIE SPEIR sat down beside him in the aircraft and told him he had to get off and with this the Guyanese official, who was probably from Port Kaituma, exited the aircraft. (U)

[redacted] does not remember seeing the tractor come closer to the aircraft. It probably did but he did not notice it. Then all of a sudden he noticed that the tractor and truck were parked parallel to the larger airplane. He heard a gunshot and then another and didn't know exactly what was happening. He looked around and thought there was shooting so therefore he ran to the far side of [redacted] and saw that JACKIE SPEIR had received gunshot wounds to her legs. He (U)

knew the shooting was coming from the direction of the tractor but did not see anyone in particular doing the shooting. He did not know or see who the individual was [redacted] While the shooting was still going on, DON HARRIS, one of the newsmen, came over and told them to lie still and to keep very quiet, then HARRIS ran away from them. [redacted] it sounded like the gunshots were being made by rifles. After all the shooting had stopped [redacted] then he heard three or four more shots. He realized that the shooters were going around checking to see who was dead or alive and he figured he was going to be killed next. Eventually the shooting stopped and there was no more noise whatsoever.

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He further advised that [redacted] got up figuring the people that did the shooting were gone. He looked around and did not see the tractor any where in sight. He noticed that JACKIE SPEIR climbed into the cargo compartment of the larger airplane. [redacted] At this time the plane engines shut down. He looked around and saw dead people lying all around him.

Some of those that were not hurt or who were wounded and able to walk opened the door of the airplane and brought JACKIE SPEIR off. Also, CAROL BOYD got off the airplane. [redacted] later on an employee of the American Embassy came over and asked him if he was alright. The embassy employee stated that everyone would be taken care of. With that, some of the other people came over [redacted] along with the others, thought the killers would come back to finish everyone off. [redacted] Then they heard fire engines and CAROL ran off. They heard the engines [redacted] rolled deeper into the bushes. After a while, someone else came over to see him and he realized that it was DALE PARKS.

[redacted] lay on the ground for a while in the bushes and as it was becoming dark, a few Guyanese people

came over to him. They took him to where a tent had been set up and when he arrived, he saw VERNON GOSNEY, who had been wounded, JACKIE SPEIR, who had been wounded, STEVE SUNG, who had been wounded and also BOB FLICK and two Guyanese officials. They stayed at the tent the remainder of the evening while the rest of the non-wounded people went into town and stayed with someone there. (U)

During the entire evening, there were rumors that planes were coming to pick them up that night but they never arrived. The next morning, a Guyanese army medic came and gave each of them two aspirins and checked their wounds. He did not do anything else. Later, all the wounded, along with the rest of the survivors were flown to Georgetown, Guyana [redacted] (U)

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[redacted] was shown a copy of the NBC video tape of the shooting and their stay in the Jonestown camp. He pointed out that the young blonde haired male that was seen greeting the party upon its arrival at Port Kaituma on Friday, November 17, he also saw this same individual on the tractor during the shooting incident and assumed this individual was engaged in the shooting. He also pointed out that in the interview of JIM JONES, standing behind JONES was a tall, young-looking white male with curly and bushy brown hair and he identified this individual as WESLEY (last name unknown) whom he had talked to while at the camp. (U)

The following is a description of [redacted] obtained during the interview and from observation: (U)

Race:
Sex:
Date of Birth:
Place of Birth:
Height:
Weight:
Hair:
Eyes:
Build:
Miscellaneous:
Employment:

[redacted] (U)

FD-302 (REV. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date of transcription 12/7/78

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[redacted] was interviewed [redacted]. He was interviewed [redacted] (U)

[redacted] prior to his leaving Guyana, he was there for approximately [redacted] He went to Jonestown, Guyana, in [redacted] He has been affiliated off and on with the People's Temple (PT) since 1972. [redacted] interested in the PT through a friend [redacted] who told him about the healings and good deeds that the PT did. [redacted] indicated that during this period he held no official capacity within the church. At this point he indicated that he would like to mention a little bit about the structure of the church. (U)

He advised that JIM JONES was the head of the church and his immediate subordinate was his wife, MARCELINE. Immediately under JONES and his wife were several committees, for example the Board of Trustees and the Planning Commission, which made the overall decisions and policies of the entire church. JONES also had several assistant ministers which were within another category. (U)

[redacted] not sure of the exact number of members that were within the Planning Commission because some of the members would "defect" or in other words leave the church or the members would swap places with other members, and therefore, changes took place frequently and the number of members of the Planning Commission would vary from time to time. Two members of the Planning Commission whose names he did recall were DEBORAH BLAKEY and CAROL LAYTON. (U)

Interviewed on 11/27/78 11/28/78 at [redacted] File # SJ 89-123 SF 89-250

by SA [redacted] nta Date dictated 12/5/78

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[redacted] clarified two terms. He stated that in fact the word "traitor" was used instead of the term "defector." A traitor was a PT member that left the temple. This was the term that JONES labeled those persons that did in fact leave. [redacted] so many people were afraid to leave the temple for fear of their lives. JONES said that if anyone were to leave the organization, the "traitors" would be killed. (U)

[redacted] not have a large amount of information regarding the San Francisco based PT. He advised this because he really did not know much about the workings of the San Francisco Church. He never was involved much in San Francisco to the extent of his involvement in the Jonestown, Guyana camp. [redacted] the following names of people that he knew to be currently in charge of the San Francisco PT: TOM ADAMS, JEAN BROWN, PHILLIS HOUSTON and JIM RANDOLPH. (U)

[redacted] advised that there are a few hundred people still remaining in the San Francisco PT. (U)

[redacted] he was accompanied to Guyana by [redacted] (U)

[redacted] the Jonestown Camp of the PT was established in approximately December of 1973. JIM JONES was not permanently living in Jonestown at this time, but he would frequently visit to see how it was being maintained and structured. The purpose for the establishment of the PT in Jonestown was because all PT members were to eventually go and live there. The reason behind the establishment was with the idea that JONES wanted to build the "perfect society." That was JONES' main goal [redacted]. JONES' interpretation of a perfect society was that their would be no hunger, no poor people, no rich people, no one would be looked down upon, there would be little work, and a lot of play, and everyone would be treated equally. In terms of punishment if someone did something wrong, they would be punished by beatings which were inflicted by other members of the PT who volunteered. Anyone JONES chose to inflict the beatings would either use their hands, fist, or rubber hoses.

(U)

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[redacted] JONES moved to Guyana permanently in July of 1977, which would be approximately one and one-half years ago. Before that time he made frequent trips. [redacted] did not know the exact number of members living in Guyana, but [redacted] in March the number was supposedly around one thousand, although he does not believe this to be true. [redacted] believes this figure to be exaggerated. (24)

[redacted] the first time he knew anything about Congressman RYAN's visit to Jonestown, Guyana was the day before the Congressman arrived. At that time JONES told everyone that RYAN and a group of people were to visit the camp and JONES described this group of visitors as fascists. JONES told everyone they were coming down to investigate the Jonestown camp and he ordered everyone not to say anything to any member of RYAN's group unless they were instructed to. JONES made a list of those people who were to do all the talking. JONES, prior to the arrival of the Congressman and the others, briefed those people on the list on what to say and what not to say. This briefing took place prior to the Congressman's arrival. [redacted] noted at this point that after the Congressman arrived, he [redacted] slipped a note to one of the reporters stating that he wanted to get out of Jonestown. [redacted] the note said, "Help us get out of Jonestown." On the bottom of the note was his name and the names of other persons interested in leaving Jonestown. RYAN arrived at Jonestown during the afternoon or early evening of November 17, 1978. (24)

[redacted] he wanted to leave Jonestown because it was a dictatorship. There was no freedom, no freedom of choice, your life was planned, and also your death was planned. At 6 AM every morning JONES would get on the public address system and wake everyone up. Over the public address system would be the worldwide news and JONES would tell everyone the news was to show them how bad the rest of the world was, and what a mess the world had found itself. After the news everyone would be tested on what they heard over the public address system regarding the news. Everyone worked each day from 7 AM until 6 PM for six days a week. [redacted] He reiterated at this point that there was absolutely no freedom. JONES even took each members individual passports and would not return the (24)

passports to them, therefore, they could not leave Guyana. To reflect what a distatorship JONES had set up, [redacted] if someone wanted to have a "relationship" with another person, it would have to be taken to the "Relationship Committee" who would decide if the relationship should be carried out. This would usually take approximately three months. (U)

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[redacted] getting ready to leave on Saturday, November 18, 1978, with the others, he was briefed by JONES who told him not to speak with any Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) personnel or any members of the news media. Before they all left the camp, JONES apparently had talked to the remaining members of the "traitors" who were leaving that they were all welcome to come back at any time. JONES said that he was not mad at anyone for leaving. (U)

[redacted] he had been planning to leave Jonestown two to three weeks prior to Congressman RYAN's visit, but in fact he was afraid to leave. [redacted] he wanted to leave Jonestown since the first day he arrived there, but knew if he did try to leave he would be stopped by members of the PT. He noted that one day officials from the United States Embassy came to Jonestown and he and his friend [redacted] (LNU) wanted to tell them they wanted to leave, but [redacted] just did not have the nerves to do it. [redacted] stated he felt like it was not hard to do, but he knew that if they did something would happen to him [redacted] He noted that there were literally hundreds of people who wanted to leave, but many knew what would or could happen to them if they did leave. No one ever talked about leaving because if they were overheard they would be punished. Punishment many times was by beatings, however, JONES eventually stopped the beatings because of public criticism. However, one to be punished would be put in a center surrounded by other members of the PT and everyone would ridicule, criticize, and humiliate that person being punished. JONES always stated that he would kill all of the traitors who left even if he had to hire the mafia to do this. (U)

[redacted] remembered those PT members who rode on the truck from Jonestown to the air strip with Congressman RYAN and the others. Those members were: JOE WILSON, the Head Security man for JONES, BOB and TOM KIZE, and LARRY LAYTON was (U)

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b7C put in the group at the last minute. [redacted] opinion was that LAYTON was a plant in the group, as LAYTON wanted to do something significant for the PT. He noted at this point to his knowledge LAYTON has no mental problems. LAYTON is extremely loyal to JIM JONES. (U)

[redacted] there were many guns in the camp. The guns were kept in STEVE JONES' room. STEVE JONES is the son of JIM JONES. There were rifles and handguns of some sort. He was not sure how many guns the PT had, but heard other people in the camp talking about the guns and he figured there were no more than two cases of rifles with about fifty in each case. [redacted] the guns which were in Jonestown were brought in piece by piece in luggage and then assembled at the camp. Different people brought in the weapons and some of the weapons may have been brought in by boat; however, he does not have any direct knowledge of this. (U)

The Security Staff of PT had training with the guns. There had also been training in California. JONES' sons were part of the Security Staff. They were the top security men. The following are names [redacted] on some of the Security Staff: STEVE JONES, TIM JONES, (white male), TIM JONES (black male), LOU JONES, JIMMY JONES, JR., CALVIN DOUGLAS, JOHNNY COBB JONES, JOHNNY JONES, JR., and DOUG SANDERS. There were approximately thirty to thirty-five members of the Security Staff. (U)

[redacted] stated that the Security guards did receive training in Guyana and also in California, but he had no direct knowledge [redacted] described himself as not one of JONES' trusted people. (U)

[redacted] was asked if he had information regarding TIM CARTER and he indicated that CARTER was JONES' top aid and advisor. CARTER was at the camp at the time Congressman RYAN and his party were there, [redacted] did not know why CARTER went to San Francisco prior to the Congressman's arrival in Jonestown. (U)

He advised that the Congressman and members of the party arrived at the camp on Friday, November 17, 1978. The general feeling at the camp during RYAN's visit was that of excitement because of RYAN's notoriety, but the atmosphere was very tense because if one person approached the Congressman or his party and told them how they truly felt against JONES, everything would be "messed up". [redacted] when JONES talked with RYAN he told RYAN anyone could leave at any time. [redacted] reiterated that in fact they could not because JONES had seized everyone's passport. [redacted] no direct knowledge of any plan by JONES or his followers to cause any trouble if anyone wanted to leave. [redacted] noted at this point that many people of the temple were very suspicious, specially when JONES appeared to be letting those people who wanted to leave go. [redacted]'s suspicions was the fact that on the group's way to the air strip on the day that they were all leaving, the truck appeared to be deliberately stalled and then it appeared to be deliberately stuck in the mud. Following that, Congressman RYAN was attacked by someone back at the camp. His suspicions were also aroused by the fact that STANLEY GIEG, the driver of the truck that was transporting everyone from the camp to the air strip, was driving very slowly and when the truck arrived at the front entrance of the camp the security guards made everyone in the back of the truck shift around so as to count everyone and note who was on the truck. One of the security guards used the story that he was looking for his sons. [redacted] this always happened when visitors came to the camp. The visitors would always have to wait until JONES wanted them to come to the camp and they would be also delayed after they came and wanted to leave the camp. It was very easy to delay visitors because there was only one way in and one way out. (U)

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[redacted] on the truck and planning to leave with RYAN, knew that the group was definitely being stalled. Also, when the group left for the air strip the day of the shooting an assembly was called by JONES at the temple. This assembly, as in the past, was called so a decision could be made as to what could be done about the traitors and RYAN's group. [redacted] it always happened this way. If someone was to leave, there was always an assembly called and a decision would

(U)

be made what to do with that person. Usually, if the person left, a group of JONES' security men would search for that particular person until he was found and bring him back to the camp. When they were returned to the camp, they would be severely punished. (4)

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[redacted] knew that an assembly was being called because everyone was gathering at the pavillion. (2)

As they were leaving the Jonestown camp that Saturday afternoon, November 18, [redacted] the following persons being on the truck en route to the air strip: VERNON DEAN GOSNEY, MONICA BAGBY, TOMMY BOGUE, JIMMY BOGUE, EDITH BOGUE, JUANITA BOGUE, TIMMY BOGUE, HAROLD BOGUE, CHRIS O'NEIL, and LARRY LAYTON. Everyone knew LARRY LAYTON was a plant as LAYTON was stuck on the truck at the very last minute. [redacted] "There was no possible way Layton would be defecting as he was extremely loyal to Jones." Also on the truck were: EDITH PARKS, PATTY PARKS, DAYLE PARKS, TERRY PARKS, BRENDA PARKS. (2)

[redacted]

That Saturday, November 18, 1978, they left the Jonestown camp at approximately 5:30 PM [redacted] stated that he is not sure and believes he could be way off on the time. (4)

Before everyone got on the truck at the camp for the trip to the air strip, JONES talked to all of them. JONES told them that America was what they thought it was and that they (4)

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should not speak to anyone from the FBI or news media. During the talk with JONES, [redacted] JONES was planning to do something to stop them. His feelings were tensed when he recalled JOE WILSON getting on the truck. JOE WILSON, [redacted] is JONES' top security guard. [redacted] something was wrong and that something was going to happen since WILSON was the Acting Head of Security at that time and he got on the truck to accompany everyone to the air strip. [redacted] WILSON as a negro male, dark complexion, 25 years old, six feet, 170 pounds, short black afro, and very muscular. [redacted] did not notice any weapon on WILSON at that time. He also suspected along with WILSON that LARRY LAYTON was up to something. (U)

As they departed the Jonestown camp, the truck driver was STANLEY GIEG. GIEG is described as a white male, about 18 years old, 5'8" tall, 160 pounds, blond hair, very muscular and very hairy. (U)

When [redacted] the group along with RYAN and the others arrived at the air strip, it was approximately 5:30 PM, as best as he could recall. They unloaded their belongings from the truck and put them in the aluminum shed located near the air strip. The airplanes were not there at the time of their arrival on the truck. After everyone got off of the truck, WILSON and GIEG departed for a short while. (U)

By this time the aircraft had arrived and Congressman RYAN's assistant, JACKIE SPEIR, was making a list of people who were to go on either the large or small airplane. She obtained the list but LAYTON insisted that he wanted to go on the small airplane. [redacted] LAYTON wanted to go on the plane because he felt like WILSON's job was to shoot up the big one. [redacted] recalled that on the trip to the air strip JOE WILSON asked the departing members of the PT why they wanted to leave. [redacted] that the people did not have any freedom or free will to decide if they wanted to stay or go. WILSON told [redacted] the people could have left at a better time or done it in another way. He said the group of PT members that were leaving would make the PT look bad. (U)

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Several people were put on the small plane, [redacted] The engines started, [redacted] noticed the tractor and truck return to the area of the two airplanes. [redacted] believed that JOE WILSON initially left to go back to get the guns. He stated that WILSON and the others were gone approximately thirty minutes. At this time [redacted] advised that he was extremely tired and that he would like to rest and continue the interview on Tuesday, November 28, 1978. (U)

The interview resumed on Tuesday, November 28, 1978, and reflected the following information: (U)

[redacted] There was a conflict at this time as to whether or not LARRY LAYTON should be getting into the small plane, but since he insisted he did board the aircraft. [redacted] then he noticed the larger plane arrive. By this time the tractor and truck came back to the air strip and passed by the small plane and went directly to the vicinity of the large plane, circling it once. On the tractor [redacted] JOE WILSON, who was holding a rifle. WILSON began shooting and "kept shooting at the people, the airplane, the tires of the airplane, and everthing." [redacted] LAYTON was sitting in the smaller aircraft [redacted] took the gun away from LAYTON. The pilot told everyone to immediately get out of the airplane, but they could not get the doors of the plane open so they crawled out the front of the aircraft. (U)

At this point [redacted] that he recalled that there were approximately ten individuals on the tractor. Some of those on the tractor are as follows: (U)

1. STANLEY GIEG, who was doing some of the shooting and who has been previously identified.

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2. WESLEY BRYDENBACK (phonetic), [redacted] described as a white male, 20 years of age, 6'1" tall, 150 to 160 pounds, dirty blonde hair which was long and curly and was not wearing a shirt. [redacted] not recall seeing BRYDENBACK with a weapon.

3. TOM KICE, [redacted] described as a white male, approximately 45 years old, 6'2" tall, 170 pounds, brown hair with gray, and very slender. Both TOM KICE and his brother BOB KICE were also seen [redacted] as being some of the shooters.

[redacted] advised that only certain people within the camp were authorized to have guns. Those authorized were JOE WILSON, BOB KICE and his brother TOM KICE, STANLEY GIEG, and WESLEY BRYDENBACK (phonetic). He noted that the above individuals who were doing the shooting stayed on the tractor while the shooting was going on. At least he saw them stay on the tractor and there might have been others who got off of it.

After [redacted] he ran into the bushes and stayed there until a Guyanese person found him [redacted]

At this point in the interview, began a series of questions and answers which are as follows:

Question: Were you aware of an assassination list?
Answer: "I am sure there was one, but I never saw it."

Question: Who was on the list and where is the list?
Answer: "I don't know"

Question: Are you familiar with the "angels"?
Answer: "Well, sort of. There are approximately eighty angels. The angels are there because if anything messes up, meaning harm to Jones or the temple, the angels are to kill all people who have hindered the working of the temple or who have caused any problem or written anything such as newspaper stories."

Question: Were there "angels" in the camp?
Answer: "I'm sure there were."

Question: In San Francisco?
Answer: "Yes."

Question: Were you ever beaten up?
Answer: "Yes, before I left to come back to the States"

Question: Why?
Answer: "I did not obey the rules."

Question: Who beat you up?
Answer: "About twenty people at once."

Question: Where were you beaten up?
Answer: "At times in the temple in San Francisco in the middle of the night."

Question: Who enforces order in San Francisco?
Answer: "There are no heavies there."

Question: Can you speculate who the "angels" are?
Answer: "No."

Question: In the camp
Answer: "Joe Wilson and some of the other guys previously mentioned, I'm sure they are angels. They are going to the United States and they are going to do more. They have a plan when they get there. They will eliminate a lot of people who are traitors. This was always big talk all of the time. If someone wants to be a heroe they request to go back go the United States and kill someone."

Question: Are TIM CARTER, MICHAEL PROKES, and MICHAEL CARTER, "angels"?
Answer: "Yes."

Question: Do you know anything regarding any bank accounts?
Answer: "JONES said that he had four million dollars in the Guyana banks, that he had a surplus of gold stacked away in some place, a very large surplus. He had money in the United States over one million dollars. He could have money in other places too."

Question: Who handled the money?
Answer: "MARIA KATSARIS handled the money. Also TISH LAROY (phonetic).

Question: Do you know anything regarding the storage of weapons?
Answer: "The only place where I know they kept the weapons was in STEVE JONES' room. Oh, the other members of the angels are DON BECK and KLINGMAN. I do not know KLINGMAN's first name. DON BECK is described as a white male, thirty to thirty-five years of age, 5'10" to 5'11", short and stocky, 180 to 190 pounds, short blonde hair and from Ukiah, California, where he is a school teacher. KLINGMAN is described as a white male, thirty-five years of age, 5'11" tall, heavy set, 200 pounds, blonde hair, curly and of medium length, and he is from the San Francisco area. These are the two people I am concerned with most because when in Jonestown there were always attacks going on. When the concerned relatives group came, JONES told everyone that the concerned relatives would kill them (PT members) and drink their blood."

Question: While in Guyana, the Congressman's party met a group of boys who stated they were playing basketball. They were MICHAEL TOUCHETTE, COBB INGRAM, and others. Were they actually playing basketball?
Answer: "Yes, but after they went back to Jonestown and found the Congressman was in Guyana, they were sent back to the hotel to scare them away. Also, any guns that came into the camp had to pass through 41 Lamaha. [redacted] put this information in about the guns at this point because he happened to think of it and it should be noted that 41 Lamaha was the address of the PT in Georgetown, Guyana).

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Question: Was there an assembly before the group came to Jonestown?
Answer: "Yes, the night the reporters came in. Everyone was against Jones. The People's Temple members would have practice alerts where everyone would pick up machetes and wouldn't let anyone up to the temple. This time the alert was held around noon on Friday. They had alerts quite often. There were 85 alerts since the time I came in March. Well, 85 since September and when people tried coming in before. They would guard the entranceway to the temple."

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[redacted] reflected the following information about JOE MAZOR:

JOE MAZOR, [redacted], was a private investigator from the San Francisco area. He actually was a double agent in the sense that he was hired by JONES to spy on the concerned relatives group. In contacts with the concerned relatives, MAZOR would tell them that he was actually there to help the concerned relatives get their family members out of Jonestown, when in fact he was actually working for JONES in an attempt to get information about the concerned relatives group. He was being paid by PT to tell everything he knew about the concerned relatives group. At one time in Jonestown, he talked to the assembly and told everyone that he did not know if they were guilty or what they were doing, but said that the concerned relatives group had bazookas to blow everything up. This was a fictitious story [redacted]. Also, at one time when MARK LANE came to Jonestown he told everyone during an assembly that there was a plot to destroy the Jonestown camp. MARK LANE told everyone that there was a planned conspiracy against Jonestown and that the group coming from the United States were members of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

[redacted] mentioned that JONES despised Senator JOHN STENNIS, as he had told this many times to the assembly [redacted] stated that "I would not be surprised if they killed Senator Stennis."

At this point the interview reverted back to the question and answer-type interview.

Question: Did MARIA KATSARIS know there was going to be a shooting?
Answer: "I think so.

Question: When was the decision made (referring to the shooting)?
Answer: "Obviously, everything was set up. Layton had a gun.

Question: Was there any talk in the assembly at the camp regarding the killings:
Answer: "No."

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Question: Was there talk among the people of what was to happen?
Answer: "No, more or less considered, it was one of those things."

Question: Was JIM JONES crazy?
Answer: "Yes"

Question: Who was keeping him in line (referring to JONES)
Answer: "Actually, he was so very ill for a long time. He would hardly ever come out of his house. He had a public address system set up from his house telling the people what to do. He would talk all day long. He sounded drugged. He was not responsive to anyone. CAROLYNE and MARIA would use as much influence on JONES as possible.

Question: Who would conduct rallies?
Answer: "He would from his house, or Johnny JOnes or Marceline Jones.'

Question: How late would you stay up?
Answer: "Until two or five in the morning, but then we got two hours or more of sleep."

Question: Who was responsible for the guns?
Answer: "Steve Jones is responsible for the guns. He is crazy. He is a maniac. Very, very violent. He would beat people up in the camp. He would make an ass out of people. He was an enforcer. Lee Ingram is the head guard and an angel. Claire Janaro she was high up. She was one of the heads. Janaro's husband was also high up. His name is Richard. Helen Swinney and Cleve Swinney are angels. Debbie Touchette spent most of her time in Georgetown, but when Deborah Blakey left, she moved back to Jonestown. She knows of some of the money. Paula Adams spent most of her time in Jonestown. She had a thing going on with an Ambassador.

Tim Clancy was an angel and is described as a white male, six feet tall, 25 years of age, 155 to 160 pounds, brown scraggly hair, from the San Francisco temple."

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Question: Who are you scare of?
Answer: "Joe Wilson and Tom Adams if he has a gun, Sandy Bradshaw, Gene Brown, and June Crim"(phonetic):

Question: Are you afraid of anyone else at the temple?
Answer: "Leona Collier. Leona Collier is a black female, 45 to 50 years old, approximately 5'6" tall, and heavy set, with black hair and brown eyes.

Question: Did you know they were being monitored through the radio?
Answer: "Yes."

Question: What did they do?
Answer: "They told use the lines between the United States and People's Temple were cut off."

Question: Did a lot of people want to get out?
Answer: "Yes, hundreds.",

The following is a description of [redacted]

Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Tattoo

[redacted]

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 1/2/79

b7c

An individual, who identified himself as [redacted] contacted as he departed Pan Am flight 228 at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA), Queens, New York (NY). [redacted] was advised of the identities of Special Agent (SA) [redacted] Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and SA [redacted] United States Secret Service (USSS). [redacted] the nature of the interview concerned the assassination of Congressman LEO RYAN and the activities of the People's Temple. After conferring with Attorney, [redacted] advised that he was willing to provide information to the interviewing Agents. (u)

[redacted] his first affiliation with Reverend JIM JONES was [redacted] indicated that his parents would take him to hear JONES speak either in [redacted] explained that he saw JONES as a good person, concerned for racial equality and healing the sick. [redacted] when JONES was in Redwood Valley, California. He advised that his family had moved to Ukiah, California, at this time. [redacted] recalled that JONES had proclaimed that the area of Redwood Valley was a "protective zone" from a nuclear attack. [redacted] stated that he was active in the People's Temple youth groups [redacted] stated that he also helped JONES in the congregational meetings and with the general organization of the Pople's Temple. (u)

[redacted] his parents did not have a title within the People's Temple. [redacted] (u)

Investigation on 12/21/78 at Queens, New York File # BQ 89-495

by SA [redacted] pm Date dictated 12/28/78

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[redacted]

(u)

[redacted] stated that he remained in San Francisco and that he was beginning to have doubts about the People's Temple and JIM JONES. [redacted] he left the church in July of 1977. [redacted] was afraid of threats previously made by JONES and was also concerned about his family. He explained that JIM JONES' wife, MARCELINE JONES, found in in December of 1977 in San Francisco. [redacted] MARCELINE JONES begged him to return to the People's Temple and gave him money plus a round trip airline ticket to Guyana. [redacted] he decided to go to Jonestown to check it out and that he arrived in Jonestown on January 12, 1978. Upon his arrival, [redacted] he was ushered into the settlement by armed guards, his return trip airlines ticket was taken from him, and all his other possessions were taken from him. [redacted] he was forced to stay in the Jonestown settlement from the first day he arrived. He stated that he was forced to write letters to people in the United States (US) describing how beautiful it was. He also indicated that JONES forced people to send similar radio messages. [redacted] the mail was also censored. He indicated that RITA TUPPER was in charge of the letter writing committee. [redacted] those individuals who did not comply with the rules of the settlement were beaten or made to do things at gunpoint. He also explained that one several occasions, he saw a large snake put around one's neck. [redacted]

(u)

b7C [redacted] the beatings were horrible and that they were always for some ridiculous reason. [redacted] sexual relationships had to be approved by JONES. He described one situation when a KAY ROSES and an unknown male, who were caught having sexual relations without having gotten approval from JONES. JONES made an example of them by making them undress in front of the group at the Jonestown pavilion and told to perform sexual intercourse. (U)

[redacted] church members did sign written oaths of incriminating information. He said this was accomplished in San Francisco when you had to sign a blank piece of paper as you attended the congregational meetings. PARKS advised that in Jonestown, JONES would make you write incriminating statements about yourself and that it was not dated. (U)

[redacted] JIM JONES did have personal bodyguards and that they were sometimes armed depending on the circumstances. To be a bodyguard meant that you were well-trusted and you were able to move about more. [redacted] the following individuals as being among JONES' bodyguards: JIMMY JONES Jr., TIM GLEN JONES, LOU JONES, STEPHEN JONES, JOE WILSON, BOB KICE, CALVIN DOUGLAS, JOHN RAPHAEL COBB and PANCHO JOHNSON. [redacted] JIMMY JONES and JOE WILSON would take charge in the absence of JIMMY JONES, Jr. [redacted] when JONES called an "Alert" meeting, the Security Force usually was armed. (U)

[redacted] suspicions as to whether TOM KICE was actually involved with the Security Force. [redacted] it never actually appeared that KICE was a security member, in fact, KICE had even been publicly beaten. But now, in view of the fact that KICE was a participant in the Port Kaituma

(U)

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airstrip shooting [redacted] questioned KICE's role in the settlement. [redacted] JONES had sent TOM KICE to Caracus, Venezuela three days before the shooting. [redacted] TOM KICE was the individual who shot [redacted] PATRICIA PARKS, at point blank range in the head with a rifle. [redacted] the shooting at the Port Kaituma airstrip on November 18, 1978. (14)

[redacted] with information regarding the Security Force by stating that they were not always armed. [redacted] there was a "secret" security force in addition to those individuals who were known to be security. The secret security was always present spying on the settlement members trying to learn of any derogatory information. [redacted] the duties of the Security Force as follows: (14)

1) The roamers - Observe people on suspect list as being "negatives", which included all those previously brought on pavilion stage or those who had expressed a desire to leave

2) To watch those individuals that were being held against their will

3) To protect the property and watch the gate entrance. (14)

[redacted] BOB KICE was in charge of the daily roaming security. [redacted] DANNY MARSHALL, black male, age 19 and PATSY JOHNSON, black female, age 28, as being security force members not previously mentioned. [redacted] indicated that PANCHO JOHNSON would assist BOB KICE and that JOHNSON was often the personal bodyguard of MARCELINE JONES. PANCHO JOHNSON was a black male, approximately 22 - 26 years old. [redacted] BONNIE SIMON, white female, 30's; CLIFFORD GEIG, white male, 18 - 19; and STANLEY GEIG, white male, 16 - 17, as being members of the Security Force. [redacted] STANLEY

(14)

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b7C GEIG had driven the tractor onto the Port Kaituma airstrip during the November 18th shooting incident. [redacted] not familiar with the term "Angels". (2)

[redacted] indicated that the members of the Planning Commission were to be a cross-representation of the total membership. He indicated that all of the planning commission members were well trusted by JIM JONES. [redacted] the Planning Commission did not actually exist in Jonestown. [redacted] the Planning Commission was comprised of approximately fifty people and that they usually met about once a week. [redacted] the following individuals as being members of the Planning Commission: TERRY BUFORD, CAROLYN LAYTON, KAREN LAYTON, SHARON AMOS, SANDY BRADSHAW, MARIA KATSARIS, HARRIET TROOP, DICK TROOP, GRACE STOEN, TIM STOEN, JOYCE PARKS, MIKE PROKES, TIM CARTER, RICHARD JANERO, CLAIRE JANERO, ARCHIE IJMES, HELEN SWINNEY, CLEAVE SWINNEY, BEATRICE GRUBBS, TOM GRUBBS, KAY NELSON, DEBBIE BLAKELY and LEE INGRAM. [redacted] any of JONES' sons were also allowed to attend the meetings. [redacted] if you were a member of the "Inner Core" of the Planning Commission, you were very trusted. [redacted] mentioned the following individuals as being in the "Inner Core": TERRY BUFORD, SANDY BRADSHAW, SHARON AMOS, MARIS KATSARIS, CAROLYN LAYTON, KAREN LAYTON and DEBBIE BLAKELY. [redacted] a great concern over TERRY BUFORD. [redacted] BUFORD was JONES' "right arm" and that she was an identical replica of his mind. [redacted] stated that she is the most dangerous individual alive. [redacted] the reason BUFORD is cooperating now is to get us off her back and that she is the one actually responsible for keeping the movement going. [redacted] BUFORD was not a defector, that she was assigned by JONES to leave the church. [redacted] BUFORD always followed every command JONES gave to her and that she

(2)

b7c

was extremely loyal to the People's Temple. [redacted] BUFORD is just using MARK LANE. [redacted] JONES got MARK LANE involved with the People's Temple because of his notoriety. LANE made several visits to Jonestown, at which time there were always eloquent dinners and shows. [redacted] MARK LANE never really saw what Jonestown was really like. (U)

[redacted] officials of the American Embassy and also the Guyanese Government had been compromised by JONES. [redacted] JONES bribed officials with women and their sexual favors. [redacted] mentioned PAULA ADAMS, white female, 28; SHARON AMOS, white female (Jewish), 45 and DEBBIE TOUCHETTE, black female, 25, as being three women he knew that were probably involved in this matter. [redacted] these three individuals spent most of their time in Georgetown. [redacted] indicated that TIM CARTER was used to infiltrate the Concerned Parents Group. (U)

[redacted] not have any specific information regarding TIM JONES' contact or influence over officials of the State of California. [redacted] he was very suspicious about the shooting death of Mayor MASCONE. (U)

[redacted] Soviet officials had visited JONESTOWN. He indicated that JONES apparently had entertained ideas of moving the group to the Soviet Union. [redacted] JONES had realized that he had backed himself into a corner and that the People's Temple settlement was not working out. [redacted] MIKE PROKES, TIM CARTER and MIKE CARTER had escaped the mass suicide in possession of a letter to the Soviet Embassy. [redacted] possibly the letter revealed financial discloses to the Soviets. (U)

b7C [redacted] estimated that there were more than fifty weapons in Jonestown. He indicated that there was a larg variety of weapons including revolvers, automatics, rifles, and shotguns. [redacted] he observed one machine gun. [redacted] weapons were kept in Hut fourteen where JOHN RAPHAEL COBB, JIMMY JONES Jr., and JOEL COBB lived. [redacted] weapons were kept in the backside of a warehouse. [redacted] the warehouse as being located behind the coordinator's office. The coordinators were CHARLES and JOYCE TOUCHETTE. The TOUCHETTEs were in charge of coordinating work days, agricultural programs, and financial spending. [redacted] described this location by indicating that it was across from Mr. MUGG's cage. [redacted] MIKE TOUCHETTE and STEPHEN JONES also lived at the Coordinator's Office. [redacted] the Guyanese customs was very relaxed regarding incoming parcels. [redacted] when he arrived, the Guyanese Customs did not check four of his trunks. [redacted] it was not unusual for contrabond to be packed in the bottom of trunks of incoming People's Temple members. (2)

[redacted] not aware of any specialized firearms training either at Jonestown or in California. He did advise that STEPHEN JONES was a sharpshooter. (2)

When questioned regarding the existance of a contingency plan made in the event that JIM JONES or the People's Temple was attacked publicly, [redacted] he was not familiar with such a plan. He did acknowledge the fact that JONES had often spoke of "dealing" with defectors. [redacted] JONES often stated that the defectors will get their just reward. (2)

b7C

[redacted] not aware of any officials, state, federal or international, that have been targeted for assassination. (U)

[redacted] JONES held suicide practice drills. He felt that JONES did this in order to get a feel of what the people would do. [redacted] the "White Nights" were actually the emergency sessions called by JONES that would decide whether they would carry out the suicide plan. [redacted] JONES' suicide plan was his last resort stand against Fascist America and its Imperialism. JONES had taught that instead of allowing them to take our lives, we will take our own lives. (U)

[redacted] any information regarding a relocation plan except to say that if anyone would know about it that it would be TERRY BUFORD. [redacted] with JONES dead he did not think the People's Temple movement would continue. (U)

[redacted] the following information regarding the shooting at the Port Kaituma airstrip and the assassination of Congressman RYAN. (U)

RYAN arrived at Jonestown around 5:00 PM on Friday, November 17, 1978. At this time, everything was going well, as RYAN mingled among the congregation. There was loud applause when RYAN was introduced. The Security Force were not armed, but the "secret" security force was mixed among the congregation. That night, RYAN and some of his aides stayed in Jonestown. Members of the Press stayed at Port Kaituma. Saturday morning, November 18, 1978, a breakfast was held for RYAN and members of the Press. At 11:30 AM, things started to go bad. [redacted] (U)

b7C were talking about escape. RICHARD CLARK and DONNA LOUIE had already left, pretending to be going on a picnic. [redacted] thought their plan to leave had been discovered. [redacted] began talking to newsmen and RYAN about leaving the Jonestown settlement. PANCHO JOHNSON and MARCELINE JONES came to [redacted] JOHNSON and JONES attempted to bribe them to stay and stop talking about wanting to leave. [redacted] told [redacted] that they should not believe the bribe being offered by MARCELINE JONES. [redacted] that they confronted JIM JONES with their real problems, the poor living conditions, [redacted] was ill-nourished, and the inequality. [redacted] "If this is your idea of Socialism, I want no part of it". These events took place at approximately 1:30 PM. [redacted] JIM JONES reacted by giving them "fake" hugs and telling them that they were always welcome back and that they would be given $5,000.00 for expenses. At 2:30 PM, [redacted] indicated that there was a total of fifteen defectors. Those individuals were: BRENDA PARKS, CHRIS O'NEAL, GERALD PARKS, JUANITA BOGUE, TRACEY PARKS, TOM BOGUE, EDITH BOGUE, MONICA BAGBY, HAROLD CORDELL, JAMES BOGUE, TEENA BOGUE, DALE PARKS, EDITH PARKS, PATRICIA PARKS and VERN GOSNEY. In addition to the defectors leaving, there was Congressman RYAN, his aides, Press members and concerned relatives, who had come to Jonestown. At this last minute before the dump truck departed, LARRY LAYTON jumped on the truck indicating that he wanted to leave. LAYTON did not have any luggage or additional clothing. Everyone was very suspicious of LARRY LAYTON. [redacted] he had previously observed LARRY LAYTON talking with JIM JONES before he jumped onto the dump truck. [redacted] the attempted stabbing of RYAN occurred while the defectors were (21)

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waiting on the dump truck. RYAN was still in the settlement with CHARLES GARRY and MARK LANE. Apparently RYAN was discussing with LANE and GARRY about making arrangements for the other families, who wanted to leave Jonestown. DON SLY was reported to have been the individual attempting to stab RYAN. After RYAN finally arrived at the truck, they were ready to leave. [redacted] the truck started to pull away but got stucck in the mud. [redacted] this was done on purpose as a delay tactic. A caterpillar truck was summoned to pull them out. When the dumpt truck arrived at the entrance gate of the Jonestown settlement, JOE WILSON jumped onto the side of the truck. WILSON looked at everyone in the truck very hatefully, [redacted] WILSON may have been looking for his wife and child, who actually had left earlier in the day on a picnic. When they got to the Port Kaituma airport, [redacted], one individual observed JOE WILSON shake hands with LARRY LAYTON and hand him a gun. [redacted] the following people got into the small plane: MONICA BAGBY, LARRY LAYTON, VERN GOSNEY, TRACEY PARKS, DALE PARKS and the pilot. [redacted], LARRY LAYTON insisted on getting into this plan and sitting behind the pilot. As this plane began to taxi down the runway, [redacted] another trailer approaching the airstrip. [redacted]. At this time, RYAN was on the ground boarding the larger plan. [redacted] the shooting started with shots being fired from those individuals in the trailer. [redacted] the following people as being in the trailer: (u)

b7c

TOM KICE, Sr. - white male, 40's
BOB KICE - white male, 35
RONNIE JAMES - black male, 20
RONNIE DENNIS - black male, 18
ERNEST JONES - black male, 60's
STANLEY GEIG - white male, 18
JOE WILSON - white male.

(u)

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b7C

STANLEY GEIG was the driver of the vehicle. [redacted] was shot at point blank range in the back of the head. When the shooting started at the larger plane, the pilot of the small plane began to slow down. [redacted] began shouting to the pilot to stop the plane and get out. At this point, LAYTON pulled out a gun and began shooting at individuals in the small plane. [redacted] During this time, shooting was still going on at the larger plane. [redacted] after the shooting, the tractor trailer sped away from the scene. [redacted] observed some of the defectors getting off of the larger plans. [redacted] ran into the bush. [redacted] during this entire incident, that there were several Guyanese soldiers nearby but they gave no assistance. [redacted] he did not actually witness the shootings at the larger plane. (U)

Regarding the use of the radio at the People's Temple settlement, [redacted] MIKE CARTER would know the codes. (U)

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b7c [redacted] he did not have any knowledge of a "hit list" or of individuals to be assassinated. (U)

When questioned about the possible existance of a primitive nuclear device or bomb at Jonestown, [redacted] an incident in a Planning Commission session in San Francisco, California, when JIM JONES spoke about an explosion on a train that had been carrying military amunition. [redacted] remembered something JONES said about a large bomb, but could not provide any additional information. (U)

[redacted] when JIM JONES held "white nights" that he often stated that public officials and People's Temple defectors should be assassinated. [redacted] JONES had always indicated that he had people to take care of that. JONES would lash out against defectors with such statements as: "If I have to crawl after them myself or if I have to get the Mafia, I will get the defectors". JONES spoke to the congregation that Congressman RYAN was bad, that the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) was behind him and that the CIA wanted to overthrow the People's Temple. [redacted] explained that JIM JONES had no intention of letting Congressman RYAN visit Jonestown. [redacted] JONES' real plan was to have LARRY LAYTON make arrangements to cause the crash of RYAN's plane before it got to Jonestown. [redacted] everyone in the congregation was forced to sign a petition against having RYAN come to Jonestown. Apparently, individuals were made to sign the petition but did not know what it stated. The petition was presented to Congressman RYAN by SHARON AMOS. (U)

[redacted] the following information about D. LAWRENCE SCHACHT: (U)

SCHACHT had attended medical school in Guadalajara, Mexico. SCHACHT came to the People's Temple with emotional problems and addicted to drugs. JIM JONES took SCHACHT in and got him off of drug dependency. JONES apparently sent SCHACHT

(U)

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to school to finish his medical training. [redacted] SCHACHT was very poor at putting what he learned to practical use. JONES made SCHACHT publicly admit that they had sexual relations together. [redacted] SCHACHT had even told him that this was true. SCHACHT was not a licensed Medical Doctor and he had not satisfied any residency requirements. SCHACHT used the following drugs as control substances: thorosine, valium and librium. The Extended Care Unit was used to discipline individuals in the Jonestown settlement. Drug thearapy and brainwashing techniques were extensive. Thorosine was often put in milkshakes, not always necessarily done by the medical department. [redacted] ANNIE MOORE (sister of CAROLY LAYTON) was the individual who had access to all drugs. SCHACHT had to make requests through ANNIE MOORE. [redacted] no knowledge regarding the presence of cyanide at the Jonestown settlement. (U)

[redacted] TOM GRUBBS was the individual that had developed the boxes used to discipline children by placing them in solitary confinement. These boxes were destroyed after DEBBIE BLAKELY returned to the US and exposed their use. (U)

[redacted] he had no personal knowledge of the mass suicides on November 18, 1978, but that [redacted] had been witnesses. (U)

[redacted] descriptions of the following People's Temple members: (U)

1) TIM JONES - white male, basketball team, security force, planning commission, violent

2) JIMMY JONES, Jr. - Black male, basketball team, security force, planning commission, violent (U)

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3) EDDY CRENSHAW - black male, drove trucks, boat off loading crew, had heard that CRENSHAW wanted to leave

4) HERBERT NEWELL - black male, basketball team, security force

5) JOHNNY COBB - black male, basketball team, security force, violent

6) JOHNNY JONES - black male, former JOHN BROWN of San Francisco, knew alot of government officials, ran public arena for JONES in Jonestown

7) MARK CORDELL - white male, basketball team, security force

8) JIM MAC ELVANE - black male, head of People's Temple security in the US, mainly in San Francisco, brother of KAY NELSON

9) BILLY OLIVER - black male, security force, mother had come with RYAN as a concerned relative

10) STEVE JONES - white male, JONES' natural son, basketball team, security force, planning commission

11) LEE INGRAM - black male, basketball team, security force, managed basketball team, husband of SANDY BRADSHAW, violent

12) CHRIS O'NEAL - white male, worked in buck factory

13) CALVIN DOUGLAS - black male, basketball team, security force, violent

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14) CLEVELAND NEWELL - black male, basketball, security force

15) BONNIE SIMON - white female, security force, married to AL SIMON

16) PAUL MC CANN - white male, off loading crew, worked in agriculture, reserved security

17) PAULINE GROOT - white female, electrical crew, researcher medical department, intelligent

18) TOM GRUBBS - white male, school principal, developed discipline boxes

19) MARIE RANKIN, also known as (aka) DUCKETT - was on drugs, had criminal record.

20) TERRI BUFORD - white female, planning commission, JONES' "right arm", most dangerous individual alive

21) JEAN BROWN - white female, in San Francisco, very high in Public Relations, planning commission

22) RENNIE KICE - black female, planning commission, wife of BOB KICE, worked in medical drugs and supplies

23) LORA JOHNSTON - white female

24) VERA YOUNG - black female, in San Francisco temple, planning commission

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25) JUNE CRYM - white female, in San Francisco temple

26) MIKE PROKES - white male, ex-CBS reporter, top public relations representative to Guyanese Government, planning commission, violent - capable under order

27) TIM CARTER - white male, higher than MIKE PROKES in Public Relations, violent - capable under order

28) SANDRA INGRAM, aka BRADSHAW - white female, LEE INGRAM's wife, very loyal, planning commission, JONES' mistress

29) JUDY FLOWERS - black female, San Francisco temple secretary of membership

30) JIM and HARRIET RANDOLPH - white male, white female, in charge of all people leaving San Francisco to Jonestown, HARRIET RANDOLPH identical with HARRIET TROOP, who had some law experience

31) LEONA COLLIER - black female, in San Francisco, major membership secretary, visited Jonestown often, made other abide by rules but never did herself, made thousands of dollars for JONES by recruiting blacks, important to JIM JONES

32) BURRELL WILSON - black male, basketball team

33) CLAIRE JANARO - white female, never lived in Jonestown, planning commission, on ship "Albatross", had been purchasing agent in Ukiah, California for People's Temple

34) RICHARD JANARO - white male, planning commission, on ship "Albatross", Ppublic relations and purchasing agent

35) DON and BONNIE BECK - both white, college trained, in San Francisco, very loyal, on planning commission

36) MARIE KATSARIS - white female, Greek, JONES' mistress

37) PAUL ADAMS - white female, planning commission

38) TISH LEORY - white female, planning commission, head of accounting department, general inventory and balancing

39) CHUCK BEIKMAN - white male, charged with murder of AMOS, very violent, cannot read or write

40) JOYCE TOUCHETTE - white female, planning commission, coordinator at Jonestown

41) CHARLIE TOUCHETTE - white male, husband of JOYCE TOUCHETTE, on ship "Albatross", planning commission, coordinator in Jonestown of purchasing of equipment

42) MICHELLE TOUCHETTE - daughter of JOYCE and CHARLIE TOUCHETTE, planning commission

43) MIKE TOUCHETTE - white male, son of JOYCE and CHARLIE TOUCHETTE, basketball team, violent, close to STEVE JONES

44) STANLEY CLAYTON - black male, witness to suicides, worked in kitchen

45) LARRY LAYTON - white male, charged with murder of five people, planning commission, very close to JIM JONES, sat next to JONES on pulpit

46) VERA INGRAM - left a long time ago, daughter of ALICE INGRAM, who managed the warehouse

47) ALBERT TOUCHETTE - white male, 18 - 19, basketball team, violent, coordinator with father, CHARLIE TOUCHETTE

48) MIKE CARTER - white male, brother of TIM CARTER, planning commission, worked on radio

49) BRUCE OLIVER - black male, 18 - 20, security force, violent, observed with weapon

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[redacted] that TERRI BUFORD, PATTY CARTMELL, SANDY BRADSHAW, SHARON AMOS, CAROLYN LAYTON, KAREN LAYTON, RITA TUPPER and CHRISTINA LUCIANOS all had sexual relationships with JIM JONES. JONES referred to these individuals as his "staff". These staff members would divide up the California area and gather information on the membership. Cards were kept to assist JONES in the fake healings. The staff would go through your personal belongings and use the information obtained for JONES to make revelations.

[redacted] the following information about himself:

Name
Race
Sex

[redacted]

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Date of Birth (DOB)
Place of Birth (POB)
Height
Weight
Build
Hair
Eyes
Scars
Occupation
Education

Marital Status

Family Members

Social Security Number
Selective Service
Number

Destination Point

[redacted]

FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/28/78

b7c

[redacted] was interviewed at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA) after her departure from Pan American flight 228 arriving from Georgetown, Guyana. [redacted] the identity of Special Agent (SA) [redacted] Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and SA [redacted] United States Secret Service. (U)

[redacted] at which time she remembered attending meetings of the People's Temple Church. She advised she went to these meetings with her parents, although she didn't like attending. She stated the People's Temple (PT) was good to the family when her father was sick by helping pay his medical bills. Her mother and father believed and trusted Reverend (Rev.) JONES, but she found the meetings boring. (U)

[redacted] had an opportunity to leave California and go to Jonestown, Guyana. While in California, they saw movies of Jonestown and although it looked like a beautiful place to live, she still didn't want to go. [redacted] in Jonestown, everyone was supposed to be treated equal and be able to get good jobs. Between viewing the movies and hearing how good it was, [redacted] they left California for New York (NY), where they boarded a flight for Georgetown, Guyana. (U)

[redacted] upon arrival in Georgetown, they stayed at the PT Headquarters for approximately eight days; however, after that, they were transported to Jonestown on a boat called the "Cudjoe". She advised this ship was used to transport people and supplies from Jonestown to Georgetown. She advised there was another boat owned by the PT named the "Albatross", which also transported supplies. (U)

Investigation on 12/21/78 at JFKIA, Queens, NY File # BQ 89-495

b7c by SA [redacted] mlh Date dictated 12/26/78

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[redacted] from the first day in Jonestown, she disliked the place and it was nothing like the films she had seen in California. She stated the living conditions were terrible. You had to share a very small cottage with 12 or 14 other people, and you had no privacy. She advised the first day there, JOYCE TOUCHETTE advised her she was assigned [redacted]. It was so hot and they made you stay in the sun all day with only a break for lunch and 10 minutes off in the afternoon. She stated her first week there, Rev. JIM asked her how she liked Jonestown. She replied it was nice, but very hot. He smiled and told her to enjoy herself. That night at the meeting, Rev. JIM called her to the front of the group and yelled at her for not liking Jonestown. She stated that the whole group, including her family, all yelled at her for telling the Reverend that it was too hot in Jonestown. She stated this was the only time she was ever called in front of the group. (u)

[redacted] (u)

[redacted] a routine day in Jonestown began at 6 AM with breakfast and work began at 7 AM till 12:30 PM, when they would eat lunch. She stated lunch consisted of rice and gravy. After lunch, she would work till dinner time at 6 PM, when they would eat more rice. At 7:30 PM, everyone was required to attend the meeting at the Pavilion, where Rev. JIM would speak. These meetings generally lasted to midnight with the day's activities being discussed. (u)

[redacted] everyone was not treated equally as they had been told before leaving California. She stated that the people on JONES' staff and the people on the security patrol had better treatment than the other people in the group. She stated that these people only had to work eight hours a day, while we worked twelve, and they didn't have to wait on lines to eat, while we did. [redacted] the following individuals handled the administrative matters of Jonestown and were close to Rev. JONES and on his commission:

(u)

LEE INGRAM
SHARON AMOS
PAULA ADAMS
DEBBY TOUCHETTE
TERRY BUFORD
MIKE PROKES
TIM CARTER

Of the above individuals, she further advised that LEE INGRAM was the coach of the basketball team and PAULA ADAMS did public relations work for the PT in Georgetown. She stated she believed PAULA was very close with the Georgetown officials.

[redacted] the following people were members of the Jonestown Security Patrol:

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STEVE JONES
TIM JONES
JOHNNY COBB JONES
CALVIN DOUGLAS
CHARLES MARSHALL
JOE WILSON
BOB KIZE
BONNIE SIMON

Of the above, she stated STEVE and TIM JONES, along with JOHNNY COBB JONES and CALVIN DOUGLAS, were the elite members of the group as they were the closest members to the Reverend and were usually with him wherever he went. She advised they also carried weapons at the White Night meetings, but she never saw them practice with them. She stated these weapons were either rifles or shotguns; however, she didn't know how the weapons got to Jonestown. She explained that a White Night was when an announcement was shouted over the PA system that everyone should immediately get to the Pavilion. You had to stop what you were doing and get there as fast as possible. At these meetings, the Reverend

would talk to us sometimes lasting all night. He would warn us that the United States (US) Government might try to come to Jonestown and arrest some of us. He told us if anyone tried to take someone out of Jonestown, they would have to deal with all of us. He would also ask us if we were afraid to die and how would we like to die and that we should always be prepared to die. She stated when asked if she was afraid to die, she would say no because she was afraid to go against the Reverend again. If you said yes, he would call you up to the front of the group and ask you why. She stated at one of these meetings, the group practiced a suicide drill, although she was not there for this. At these White Nights, the security force walked around with weapons. She stated these weapons were kept in Cottage 14, where JOHNNY COBB, TIM JONES and CALVIN DOUGLAS resided. Besides the shotguns, [redacted] they also used bows and arrows for weapons. (U)

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She advised that although they had weapons in Jonestown, she was not aware of any threats made by Rev. JONES to murder any officials of another government. The only people she thought Rev. JONES would have killed were people who defected from the PT. Rev. JONES felt that you should remain loyal to him and the PT, and he didn't want any defectors. (U)

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[redacted] the only visitors to Jonestown besides Congressman RYAN that she saw were two Soviet males. She stated this was about three months ago. The Soviets spoke to the group and advised us they were proud of the work we were doing and were proud to be friends of the PT. The reason she remembers the Soviets is because after they came to visit, Rev. JONES wanted everyone to learn to speak Russian. Rev. JONES told us if we ever left Jonestown, we would relocate in Russia and that is why we should be familiar with the language. DON JACKSON was the individual that taught us Russian. (U)

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[redacted] Jonestown was a terrible place to live and she wanted to leave, but there was no way to get out. If you tried to escape and got caught, you were placed in the Extended Care Unit (ECU). This unit was headed by Doctor LARRY SCHACHT. In this unit, they would administer drugs to you continually and you would be in a daze for some period of time. The fear of the ECU would keep people from trying to escape. (u)

[redacted] she knew of no plan to assassinate Congressman RYAN by Rev. JONES. She stated that when Rev. JONES learned RYAN was coming to Jonestown, he advised all of us to be happy and friendly, but not to speak with RYAN. Rev. JONES didn't even want RYAN to come to Jonestown; however, after speaking with MARK LANE, Rev. JONES consented to let him visit. On the Friday night that RYAN was coming, Rev. JONES gave us a half day of work and gave us all day Saturday off, which was very unusual. [redacted] by this time, who were not pleased with life in Jonestown, thought Saturday would be a good time to plan an escape as security also had the day off. (u)

On Friday evening, when RYAN arrived, the PT committee put on a mini production show for him. After the show, we went to bed so that we couldn't have any conversation with RYAN. RYAN stayed at Jonestown that night, [redacted] believed his staff slept someplace else; however, Saturday morning, they were all back in Jonestown. As we were considering a possible escape from Jonestown, we did not know that my [redacted] had approached one of the men in RYAN's party and told him that we all wanted to leave with them. This man then took [redacted] to see RYAN and JACKIE SPIER and relate her story to them. RYAN advised her to [redacted] meet him at the Pavilion. [redacted] advised us to immediately go to the Pavilion. Upon arriving at the Pavilion, we met Congressman RYAN and Rev. JONES. RYAN

(u)

advised Rev. JONES that we expressed interest in leaving and that he was going to take us. Rev. JONES said that would be fine, but before we left, he would like to speak with us. Rev. JONES told us he would like us to stay, but that we could go home next week. He was afraid if we left with RYAN, it would make him and the PT look bad and he
b7C didn't want that. [redacted] advised Rev. JONES that they wanted to leave today and now. Rev. JONES agreed with this and told us we were free to leave. He hugged us and advised we could come back any time we wanted. [redacted] it was decided we were leaving, we all went back to our cottages to get our belongings and then returned to the Pavilion. [redacted] They were also leaving with us. As we were getting on the truck and saying goodbye, suddenly DON SLY approached RYAN and tried to stab him; however, this effort was stopped by MARK LANE and CHARLES GARY, who jumped on SLY. RYAN then stated farewell to Rev. JONES, advised he enjoyed his visit to Jonestown, and was pleased to have met him. RYAN got on the truck and we began our trip to Port Kaituma. As we were driving along, we heard cheering and clapping of hands coming from the Pavilion. As we arrived at the airstrip, the plane that was taking us to Georgetown had not as yet arrived. We all got off the truck and ED CRENSHAW drove away with the truck. Approximately 15 minutes went by before the plane landed; however, it was not large enough for all of us, so we had to wait for a second plane, which came in another 15 minutes. As the second plane was landing, [redacted] she noticed
b7C a tractor and a truck off a distance approaching the landing field. We were now starting to get on the plane. LARRY LAYTON, who was on the ride from Jonestown to Port Kaituma, kept saying how he was glad to get away from the Reverend and Jonestown; however, we all knew he was a close friend of Rev. JONES and couldn't understand why he was saying this. At the airstrip, we all kept telling RYAN that LAYTON

(u)

should not be trusted because he is loyal to Rev. JONES. When LAYTON kept insisting that he get on the plane first, Congressman RYAN and an aide both searched him for weapons; however, they didn't find any. By now, [redacted] the truck and tractor were fairly close to the plane and she could see that STANLEY GIEG was driving the tractor and ED CRENSHAW the truck, and each of them had passengers with them. Some of the individuals who were on one of the vehicles were: (14)

b7C

JOE WILSON
TOM KIZE
BOB KIZE
RONNY JAMES
RONNY DENNIS
ALBERT TOUCHETTE
WES BRIDENBACK

She advised that JOE WILSON walked over to LARRY LAYTON to shake hands with him, and it appeared that he handed something to LAYTON. At this point, WILSON walked away and LAYTON got on the smaller plane [redacted] She stated RYAN and his party were still on the ground outside the plane when she heard shots that came from the smaller plane. LAYTON had shot MONICA and VERN and then tried to shoot DALE, but the weapon didn't go off and LAYTON ran off the plane. As I was looking out the window, [redacted] the tractor and truck were right up close to the plane and suddenly shots were going off. First the shots were outside the plane; however, the vehicles then drove around the plane, shooting into it. After driving around the plane, the vehicles began to drive away. HAROLD CORDELL yelled we should get off the plane and hide in the jungle, because he thought they were coming back again. (21)

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b7C

[redacted] walked in the jungle along the Port Kaituma River for three days before finding men in a canoe on the river. They asked if we were [redacted] and we said yes. They told us that everyone in Jonestown was dead and [redacted] had given them our descriptions. [redacted] they went across the river in the canoe where the Guyana Defense Force (GDF) was waiting for them. The soldiers asked me who I was and I told them. They advised us that [redacted] were a short distance away in a house, while the other survivors from the assassination at the airport were in Georgetown. We stayed where we were for a night before going to Georgetown. In Georgetown, ORDELL RHOADES, who escaped the Jonestown suicide, told us that when the tractor and truck returned from the airport, they reported to Rev. JONES that everyone was dead. Rev. JONES appeared happy according to ORDELL. ORDELL advised on Saturday, when we were leaving Jonestown and heard the people shouting and clapping, it was because Rev. JONES explained to the group that RYAN and his friends weren't going anywhere. (U)

ORDELL explained that Rev. JONES stated that because of the shootings at the airport, the GDF would be coming to Jonestown, so he announced the mass suicide. First, the little babies were given the poison down their throat. Then some of the people took it voluntarily. Other people were forced to take it or be killed by the guards. ORDELL advised us while this was going on, he was hiding under a building and when it got dark, he escaped into the jungle. (U)

[redacted] while the shooting was taking place at the airport, there were Guyanese soldiers at the end of the airstrip, but they never attempted to stop the shooting or even help the survivors after the assassins left. (U)

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[redacted] she feels members of the PT Church in San Francisco or members of the Jonestown basketball team would be the people that might try to harm the survivors of Jonestown. She also advised she heard that STEVEN JONES had given EUGENE SMITH instructions to kill all the survivors, although she didn't know if SMITH would carry these instructions out. (U)

[redacted] while in Georgetown, she stayed at the Park Hotel. She advised they had to stay in Georgetown in order to testify at a hearing as to the facts surrounding what happened at the airport. When the time came, she advised it wasn't necessary for her to appear in court. She stated that [redacted] all testified at the hearing. (U)

[redacted] before leaving Georgetown, they were contacted by [redacted] of the United States Government, who had everyone fill out forms that we would repay the United States Government any money that they had spent on us. (U)

[redacted] she was glad to be out of Jonestown, and that she believed [redacted] would be going to a relative's home in [redacted] (U)

[redacted] following information about the below listed individuals she knew in Jonestown: (U)

Name	Position in Jonestown	Dead or Alive
TIM JONES, w/m	Security	Alive
JIMMY JONES, JR., b/m	Security	Alive
EDDY CRENSHAW, b/m	Truck and Tractor Driver	Dead

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Name	Position in Jonestown	Dead or Alive
JOHNNY COBB, b/m	Head of Security	Alive
JOHNNY JONES, b/m	Aid to Rev. JONES	Alive
MARK CORDELL, w/m	Worked in kitchen, basketball team	Alive
JIM MAC ELVANE, b/m	Unknown	Dead
BILLY OLIVER, b/m	Security	Dead
STEVE JONES, w/m	Anything he wanted, basketball team	Alive
LEE INGRAM, b/m	Planning Commission, Coach of basketball team	Alive
CHRIS O'NEAL, w/m	Brick factory	Alive
CALVIN DOUGLAS, b/m	Security	Alive
BONNIE SIMON, w/f	Security	Dead
PAUL MC CANN, w/m	Boat crew	
PAULINE GROOT, w/f		Dead
TOM GRUBBS, w/m	Schoolteacher	Dead
MARIE RANKIN, b/f	Supervisor of Public Service Crew	Dead
TERRI BUFORD, w/f	In United States	Alive

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Name	Position in Jonestown	Dead or Alive
JEAN BROWN, w/f	Public Relations in US	Alive
RENNIE KICE, b/f	Nurse	Dead
LORA JOHNSTON, w/f	Public Service Crew	
MIKE PROKES, w/m	Public Relations	Alive
TIM CARTER, w/m	Public Relations	Alive
SANDRA BRADSHAW, w/f	In United States	Alive
DALE PARKS, w/m	Respiratory Therapist	Alive
RICHARD JANARO, w/m	Worked on boat	
MARIE KATSARIS, w/f	Public Relations, close to Rev. JONES	Dead
PAULA ADAMS, w/f	Public Relations	Alive
TISH LEROY, w/f	Strong JONES supporter	Dead
CHUCK BEIKMAN, w/m	Salesman on the river	Alive
JOYCE TOUCHETTE, w/f	Kitchen	Dead
CHARLIE TOUCHETTE, w/m	Kitchen	
MICHELLE TOUCHETTE, w/f	Laundry room	Dead
MIKE TOUCHETTE, w/m	Truck driver	Alive
STANLEY CLAYTON, b/m	Cook	Alive

(21)

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Name	Position in Jonestown	Dead or Alive
MARY LEE BOGUE, w/f	Nurse's Office	Dead
TOM BOGUE, w/m	Field Worker	Alive
TINA BOGUE, w/f	Field Worker	Alive
ODELL RHODES, b/m	Teacher, took care of children	Alive
JIM COBB, b/m	In United States	Alive

(u)

The following information was obtained through interview and observation: (u)

b7C

Name
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Residence

Telephone
Occupation
Employment
Education

Marital status

[redacted]

(u)

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b7c

Family members

Destination Point [redacted]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 1/3/79

b7C

[redacted] was interviewed at John F. Kennedy International Airport after her departure from Pan American Airlines flight 228 arriving from Georgetown, Guyana. (U)

[redacted] advised of the identities of Special Agent [redacted] Federal Bureau of Investigation, and Special Agent [redacted] United States Secret Service. (U)

[redacted] were members of the Peoples Temple (PT) at that time. [redacted] her family moved to Ukiah, California where they remained until [redacted] when they moved to Jonestown, Guyana. (U)

This decision was made because [redacted] They were shown pictures depicting Jonestown as a beautiful resort and decided to move there. (U)

[redacted] were not happy at Jonestown and attempted to notify other relatives that were still in the United States not to come. However, the mail at Jonestown was censored by people appointed by Rev. JIM JONES and those who wrote unfavorable comments about the Jonestown compound were ridiculed at public rallies and sent to Public Service. [redacted] recalled being forced to write letters which were favorable to the PT. (U)

On November 18, 1978, [redacted] was leaving Jonestown with Congressman LEO RYAN and his party. Upon arrival (U)

Investigation on 12/21/78	at Queens, New York	File # BQ 89-495
by SA [redacted] DMW:rrv		Date dictated 12/28/78

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b7C

at the airfield, [redacted] Before boarding the plane, members of Congressman RYAN's party insisted that LARRY LAYTON be searched for weapons. Congressman RYAN searched LAYTON, but did not find a weapon. However, LAYTON did not immediately board the plane and subsequent to speaking with JOE WILSON came on board. At that time, a tractor pulling a flat-bed trailer arrived at the airfield [redacted] observed the following individuals with weapons: (U)

BOB KICE

TOM KICE

JOE WILSON

ALBERT TOUCHETTE

STANELY GIEG

RONNIE DENNIS

RONNIE JAMES

WESLEY BRIEDNBACK

(First Name Unknown) (FNU) JONES - black male, tall, and slim, lived in cottage 30

LARRY LAYTON

(U)

b7C

[redacted] LAYTON brandished a handgun and fired shots inside the plane. Ther est of the shooting was done outside the plane. [redacted] PATRICIA PARKS, was killed during the shooting. (U)

[redacted] asked various specific questions and provided the responses which will follow: (U)

Bodyguards (U)

[redacted] there were certain individuals who had a close association to Rev. JONES and identified them as: (U)

TIM JONES

LEE INGRAM

TERRY BUFORD

JEAN BROWN

MIKE PROKES

TIM CARTER

RICHARD JANARO

MARIE KATSARIS

PAULA ADAMS

TISH LEROY

JOYCE TOUCHETTEE

CHARLIE TOUCHETTEE

MICHELLE TOUCHETTEE

(U)

MIKE TOUCHETTE

TOM CARTER

(U)

Security Force (U)

b7C [redacted] the following individuals as members of the security force: (U)

TIM JONES

JIMMY JONES, JR.

JOHNNY COBB

CALVIN DOUGLAS

BONNIE SIMON

MIKE TOUCHETTE

BOB KICE

TOM KICE

RON TALLEY

JOE WILSON

(U)

b7C [redacted] never heard the term "angels" at Jonestown, but advised the security force was sometimes called "SAT" and "IS". (U)

[redacted] the security force kept control of all the members at Jonestown and were armed with rifles during "white nights". [redacted] seeing BONNIE SIMON and TOM GRUBBS carrying crossbow and that most members of the basketball team were also on the security force. (U)

Planning Commission (U)

No knowledge. (U)

Bribery or Influence Peddling (U)

No knowlege (U)

Criminal Offenses in United States (U)

No knowledge. (U)

Soviet Association (U)

b7c

[redacted] seeing three or four Russians once visit the Jonestown complex and Rev. JONES constantly talked about moving the PT to the Soviet Union if they were invaded by the enemy from the United States. The membership was also compelled to attend Russian language classes. (U)

Weapons (U)

b7c

[redacted] photographs in the Guyanese newspaper of soldiers carrying many weapons out of Jonestown, but except for those carried by the security force, did not see any while she was there. (U)

Firearms Training (U)

No knowledge. Some members practiced karate. (U)

Contingency Plan (U)

No knowledge. (U)

Murder Targets (U)

No knowledge. (U)

Suicide Drills (U)

b7c

[redacted] heard that there were suicide drills conducted at Jonestown, but never participated in them. (U)

Relocation Plan (U)

No knowledge. (U)

Assassination Plan (U)

Unaware of any discussions regarding the assassination of Congressman LEO RYAN or the existence of an assassination squad. (U)

[redacted] Congressman RYAN was threatened by DON SLY with a knife while at Jonestown. (U)

ODELL RHODES also told [redacted] that HERBERT NEWELL and EUGENE SMITH (members of Lamaha Gardens) were not wanted on the plane returning to the United States because she (RHODES) heard that SMITH was ordered by STEVE JONES to kill survivors of Jonestown. (U)

Radio (U)

The radio was used to call Lamaha Gardens at Georgetown and to order food and supplies. No knowledge of codes. (U)

b7c

[redacted] MIKE PROKES, TIM CARTER, and PAULA ADAMS as radio operators. (u)

Hit List (u)

No knowlege. (u)

PAULA ADAMS (u)

ADAMS worked in the radio room both at Jonestown and Georgetown. She was a very close associate of Rev. JIM JONES. (u)

Bombs (u)

[redacted] one time heard an explosion and shots being fired at Jonestown and was told it was the enemy. (u)

"White Nights" (u)

[redacted] she attended three or four "white nights" while at Jonestown. A "white night" was a gathering which lasted several days when JONES would preach to the membership. (u)

"Hut C-14 (u)

[redacted] unaware of the contents of hut C-14, but stated that guns were stored in the radio room. (u)

Dr. LAWRENCE EUGENE SCHACT (u)

[redacted] SCHACT was the medical doctor for the Jonestown compound and was closely associated with JONES. SCHACT ran the Special Care Unit (SCU), which was the medical hut and the Extended Care Unit (ECU), which was considered a hut for "crazy" people. (u)

MARK LANE and CHARLES GEARY (U)

b7C

[redacted] ODELL RHODES had told [redacted] that Rev. JONES had wanted "PONCHO" JOHNSON to kill MARK LANE and CHARLES GEARY at Jonestown. "PONCHO" took LANE and GEARY away, but then let them go because GEARY had done "PONCHO" a favor. (U)

Drugs (U)

Had no knowledge of any drug trafficking by PT members. (U)

Future Plans (U)

b7C

[redacted] Afterwards they will reside with [redacted] (U)

The following information was obtained through observation and interview: (U)

b7C

Name
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Residence

Education

Father

[redacted] (U)

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b7C

Mother
Brother
Sister
Aunt
Uncle

[redacted]

FD-302 (Rev. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/5/78

b7c

[redacted] was interviewed in Pan American Hanger 17, at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA), Queens, New York (NY), upon her arrival from Guyana. This interview was conducted in the presence of Special Agent (SA) [redacted] United States (US) Secret Service, [redacted] furnished the following information: (U)

[redacted] she first joined the Peoples Temple (PT) Church in [redacted] stated that Reverend JIM JONES had taken care of [redacted] and that this was partially the reason she joined the church. [redacted] she had [redacted] and was afraid to have an operation, until Reverend JONES assured her that everything would be alright. [redacted] she had the operation, it was successful, and this strengthened her belief in Reverend JONES. [redacted] moved to California, [redacted] however she returned to Indiana, and then [redacted] moved back to California [redacted] to live. (U)

[redacted] she paid 25% of her gross income to the church for years. [redacted] this was required by the church, and that since at this time she was not living communal. [redacted] the church would help support its members if they were layed off or lost their jobs. [redacted] throughout her association with the PT Church in California, she was content in her relationship with the church. (U)

[redacted] she travelled to Jonestown, Guyana, [redacted] Upon her arrival, [redacted] the Jonestown Commune was not the paradise that they had expected. [redacted] told her that he had tried to get word to her not to come to Jonestown. [redacted] they immediately began making plans to leave, however they were never able to get away or to get word outside the commune. [redacted] commune members referred to Reverend JONES as "Father." (U)

Interviewed on 12/2/78 at Queens, New York File # BQ 89-485

b7c

SAs [redacted] MAS.

by [redacted] /lxp Date dictated 12/4/78

KBK

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b7C and his wife MARCY was called "Mother." (U)

[redacted] discipline at Jonestown was extremely strict. Punishments included beatings, and "Public Service." [redacted] "Public Service" consisted of being made to cut grass and weeds in the hot sun. [redacted] this punishment was frequently given to children. [redacted] Reverend JONES told the people that they used to have boxes that they would put unruly commune members in and bury underground as punishment. [redacted] she never saw any of these boxes. (U)

[redacted] she believed there were six or seven security people at Jonestown, however she now feels that there had to be a lot more. [redacted] the guards or security force were generally not armed except on a couple of occasions, and she believed they were hunting. [redacted] she never heard the term "Angels" used at Jonestown. [redacted] one of the security force members was EDDIE CRENSHAW, a black male. [redacted] DOUG SANDERS was another security force member, and that she believed he is dead. (U)

[redacted] the Jonestown basketball team, was exactly that, a basketball team that went to Georgetown to play games. [redacted] CHUCK BIKEMAN and his son STEPHEN, were on the team. [redacted] she did not believe JOHNNY JONES, Jr. was a member of the basketball team. [redacted] JIM MCALVANE (ph) was not a member of the basketball team, since he arrived the day before she left Jonestown. [redacted] she believes MCALVANE to be dead now. [redacted] she did not know anyone named HERBERT NEWEL. [redacted] STANLEY GIEG was not a member of the basketball team. [redacted] she believed DON SLY was not on the basketball team, and stated she believes he is dead. [redacted] LEE INGRAM was an individual very close to Reverend JIM JONES, and that he was the coach of the basketball team. [redacted] (U)

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b7C [redacted] she believes he was also a member of the security force, and that he is the husband of SANDY BRADSHAW. [redacted] LEE INGRAM is alive. [redacted] CHRIS O'NEAL [redacted] and that his job at Jonestown was to make bricks. [redacted] She stated that O'NEAL is alive because he layed down on the floor of the plane when the shooting started. [redacted] STEVE JONES, Reverend JONES' blood-son, was on the basketball team. [redacted] JONES as a white male, 6'2", with a dark complexion. [redacted] JONES is in Georgetown at LAHAMA (ph) house. [redacted] she believed TIM TUPPER to be TIM JONES, and stated that he might have been on the basketball team. [redacted] JONES was a white male with blonde hair. [redacted] she believes JIM JONES, Jr., may have been a member of the basketball team. She describes JIM JONES, Jr. as a black male, 6', slender build, approximately 17 to 18, and stated that he stutters. [redacted] LOU JONES, she did not believe to be a member of the basketball team. [redacted] not know an individual named CALVIN DOUGLAS. [redacted] JOHNNY COBB JONES might have been a member of the team. [redacted] JOHNNY COBB JONES as a black male, 17 to 18 years old, 5'10", slender build. [redacted] JONES is the brother of JIM COBB. /N/

[redacted] TERRY BUFFORD was a very close associate to Reverend JIM JONES. [redacted] she was high up the ladder in the PT Church, [redacted] did not know what BUFFORD was doing. [redacted] she heard BUFFORD left, and that the PT Church had sent people looking for her. [redacted] PAM BRADSHAW was in Lahama Gardens, Georgetown, Guyana, [redacted] /N/

[redacted] from the time she arrived at Jonestown, [redacted] stated that a couple of months after she arrived there, Reverend JONES stated that relatives of the commune members had hired mercenaries to come down and "get us dead or alive." [redacted] when the people attended meetings, they had to sign a piece of paper going in to prove they had /N/

b7C attended. At these meetings Reverend JONES asked how many were willing to die when the people come in to get them. [redacted] stated that she had heard they had practiced drinking Kool-Aid, which supposedly contained poison, to show that they were not afraid to die. [redacted] this never happened while she was at Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] Reverend JONES had a close inner-group of associates which included the following: (U)

MIKE CROATES (phonetic), white male, 30, 5'8", slender build, dark brown hair;

MIKE CARTER, white male.

TIM CARTER, white male.

(U)

[redacted] these individuals were apprehended by the Guyanese officials following the suicide with a large sum of money. [redacted] told by people at Georgetown that MARIE TSARSIAS (phonetic) gave them the money and told them to leave. (U)

[redacted] the PT Church had a council, much like a parish council, and this consisted of CLEVE SWINNY, HELEN SWINNY, and ARCHIE IJAMES (U)

[redacted] the only former members of tne PT Church that she could recall are DIANE MYRTLE, believed to be in California; LIZ FOREMAN, whereabouts unknown; JIM COBB, whereabouts unknown; TIM STOEN, whereabouts unknown. [redacted] Reverend JONES had once remarked that if anybody "got someone" that left the church, it would be blamed on the church. [redacted] CHRIS LOUIS was killed approximately one year ago in San Francisco, and that he was a former member of the PT Church. PARKS believes this is what Reverend JONES was making reference to. [redacted] the PT Church would however, harass (U)

those members that left, in an attempt to get them to return to the Church. (U)

b7C

[redacted] she had no specific knowledge of the acquisition, licensing, or shipment of any weapons by the PT Church to Guyana. [redacted] she knew they had two or three guns, but she believed they were used for hunting (U)

[redacted] she had no knowledge of any firearms training received by PT members. (U)

[redacted] she had no knowledge of any threats to harm public officials. [redacted] JONES had once remarked that whoever was President of the United States (US), he was not really running things. [redacted] not sure what Reverend JONES meant by this remark. (U)

[redacted] she was not aware of any officials, Federal, international, or other who were designated targets for murder. (U)

[redacted] she was not aware of any bribery or influence peddling by members of the PT Church. [redacted] Reverend JONES used to say he expected the Prime Minister of Guyana to stop by the commune, however, he never arrived. [redacted] Reverend JONES told someone in the Guyanese government that if they did not stop bothering him, they would come out and find everybody dead. (U)

[redacted] she could not recall any discussion regarding the assassination of Congressman RYAN and his party (U)

[redacted] she had no knowledge of the existence of an assassination squad. (U)

[redacted] knowledge of assassination plans by members of the PT Church. (U)

b7C

[redacted] she had no information regarding the involvement of members of the PT Church in any criminal offenses. (U)

[redacted] the individuals that had access to the radio at Jonestown, were as follows: (U)

KARON LAYTON
CAROLYN LAYTON
MARIE TSARSIAS (phonetic)

[redacted] the general populace at Jonestown were not allowed to use the radio. [redacted] they were not allowed to write home, and if they did, these letters were censored by an individual named RITA TUPPER. (U)

[redacted] she had not made any written or oral oath to the PT Church. [redacted] the members had been required to sign pieces of blank paper, and later she learned that various statements had been written on these papers which would lead one to believe that they were signed confessions. [redacted] this is when she noticed the change in Reverend JONES. [redacted] you could not even talk to Reverend JONES. (U)

[redacted] she had no knowledge regarding relocation plans in the event of mass suicide. [redacted] most of commune members were under the impression that Reverend JIM JONES could not die. [redacted] Reverend JONES frequently stated "They'll come our way, or come out here and find us dead." (U)

[redacted] Jonestown was visited by an official from the Russian Embassy accompanied by a doctor. [redacted] the doctor gave Reverend JIM JONES a physical, and the Russian official spoke briefly to the occupants of Jonestown. [redacted] his english was not very good, however, he stated that he was very happy with the settlement. (U)

b7C

[redacted] Reverend JONES had said in the past that if they could not make a go of it in Guyana, he would take the people to Russia. (U)

[redacted] not aware, or did not really know if Reverend JIM JONES had a group of bodyguards. [redacted] on one occasion, she attempted to see Reverend JONES, and his adopted son, LOU JONES, stopped her, saying that Reverend JONES was asleep. (U)

[redacted] PAULA ADAMS was in Georgetown most of the time that she was there. [redacted] she did not know exactly what PAULA ADAMS' position was in Georgetown. (U)

[redacted] she had never heard any mention of a bomb or a nuclear device at Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] Dr. LAWRENCE EUGENE SCHACHT was the camp physician, however, she heard that Dr. SCHACHT had not taken his internship. [redacted] the Guyanese government was attempting to get him to come and take his internship. [redacted] this was one of the occasions when Reverend JONES stated if they continued to press him, they would come out and find everybody dead. (U)

[redacted] the poison used in the mass suicide came into Jonestown approximately two or three weeks prior to the suicide. [redacted] told her that no one knew who had ordered it or where it had come from. [redacted] thought it might be insecticide. (U)

[redacted] she was not aware of members of the PT Church using drugs, and stated that Reverend JONES was responsible for getting a great many individuals off drugs. [redacted] during the last couple of months she believed Reverend JONES himself often sounded drugged. (U)

b7C

[redacted] she has no knowledge of any drugs being produced by the PT in Guyana. [redacted] Thoresene, a drug, was used on individuals that attempted to escape when they were brought back to the commune. [redacted] she has no knowlege of drugs being sent outside Guyana. [redacted] she knows that the PT Church had a ship approximately 350 ton, named the "Albatross." They also had a smaller ship, about 20 feet named, the "Cudule." /U/

[redacted] members of the commune at Jonestown were making dolls to sell for Christmas in Georgetown. /U/

[redacted] the two pharmacists at Jonestown were DON FIELDS, believed dead; and LIZ RUZZERA. /U/

[redacted] PATTY CARTMEL was one of Reverend JONES' top moneymakers. [redacted] CARTMEL would make money by selling things in Georgetown. [redacted] CARTMEL to be dead. /U/

[redacted] SANDY BRADSHAW, believed to be in San Francisco, was very close to Reverend JIM JONES. /U/

[redacted] an individual named DEBBIE LAYTON, was supposed to have escaped a couple of months prior to the suicide. [redacted] furnish no additional information regarding LAYTON. /U/

[redacted] Reverend JIM JONES believed that the FBI and the CIA were behind the persecution of him and the PT Church. /U/

[redacted] she could not recall or was unaware of any meetings or contacts between officials of the State of California who may have visited with PT officials and the Guyanese government. [redacted] the Governor of /U/

California and Mayor MOSCONE, when they were running for office, had visited the PT Church in California seeking votes. (U)

b7C

[redacted] Reverend JONES advised the occupants of Jonestown that Congressman RYAN and a party were coming to Guyana. [redacted] Reverend JONES said that he would not allow this group into Jonestown. [redacted] Reverend JONES later changed his mind after he spoke with RYAN on the radio. [redacted] she never heard Reverend JONES mention killing Congressman RYAN. [redacted] her defection probably triggered the whole incident. (U)

[redacted] when Congressman RYAN was at Jonestown, she got word to one of the newsmen named HARRIS that she and [redacted] wanted to leave Jonestown. [redacted] someone took [redacted] in an attempt to keep [redacted] she went right up to confront Reverend JONES. [redacted] she and [redacted] confronted JONES and told them that they wanted [redacted] back. [redacted] JONES told his security patrol to bring [redacted] forward (U)

[redacted] when the party boarded the truck for the trip to the airfield, everyone was extremely nervous because LARRY LAYTON was on the truck. [redacted] she and the other PT members leaving Jonestown told Congressman RYAN that he could not trust LAYTON. [redacted] RYAN told them if LAYTON wished to leave he, RYAN, would have to take him along. When they arrived at the airfield, [redacted] DALE PARKS, kept insisting that Congressman RYAN search LAYTON. [redacted] LAYTON was searched and no weapons were found. [redacted] following the search JOE WILSON approached wearing a poncho and shook hands with LAYTON. [redacted] she later learned that WILSON had passed a gun to LAYTON. (U)

b7c

[redacted] they all began entering the planes [redacted] she observed a tractor pulling a wagon drive up to the airstrip. Men were laying down in the wagon, and suddenly got up and began shooting. [redacted] STANLEY GEIG was driving the tractor pulling the wagon, and that two or three blonde boys were shooting. [redacted] possibly one of the shooters was ALBERT TOUCHETTE. [redacted] another of the shooters was FNU (First Name Unknown) DENNIS. (U)

[redacted] they layed down in the airplane attempting to appear dead. [redacted] the wagon circled the aircraft still shooting. [redacted] proceeded to run with the other survivors toward the bush. [redacted] told her they could not leave the wounded behind. [redacted] returned to the plane and dragged the wounded to the shed. [redacted] she observed LARRY LAYTON walk by the shed. [redacted] LAYTON stopped, pointed the gun, [redacted] and pulled the trigger. [redacted] the gun misfired and [redacted] DALE took the weapon away from LAYTON. LAYTON was arrested by Guyanese soldiers and DALE furnished the gun to the soldiers. (U)

[redacted] a list was made by the survivors for the Embassy of PT members that they considered dangerous. [redacted] the list included Reverend JONES' son, JERRY, HAROLD CRUDELL (phonetic), and EDITH BOEG (phonetic). (U)

[redacted] a list of names of PT members on American Embassy stationery, and [redacted] this was a list of the dead. [redacted] the BOEGs (phonetic) had been looking for that list. [redacted] not know how the list was obtained. (U)

b7C

[redacted] she did not plan to continue as a member of the PT Church, and that she sincerely hoped the PT Church does not attempt to contact her. [redacted] she believed some of the members of the PT Church would attempt to get her for leaving. (U)

[redacted] she was afraid for her life until she learned that DON SLY, JOE WILSON, and TOM KICE were dead. (U)

The following information was obtained from an addressbook in the possession [redacted] (U)

485-787
8024
8835
Bonnie 0701 annex
8368

Doreen Greaves
1029 Geary Apt. B5
771-9867

Welfare 468-4431

Public Health
468-4461

SF Area
415
Cary Hikes
[redacted]
Millon Inf
47357

Beam Jack 6196

Bogue [redacted]

(U)

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b7C

Luna Buckley
[redacted] blood gas lab

Card Edith 7181
[redacted]

Louie M. Edmiston
[redacted]

Farrell B. [redacted]

Dr. Finkle 2300 Sutter
5G 94115
415-563-7701

Gunnerson E.
[redacted]

Georgetown 71924

Mission Village
P.O. Box 839
GEO Guyana

Hess Pat SF
[redacted]

Dr. Del Hadel
Redwood Radiology
121 Satogne
Santa Roca
707-525-1150 or 546-4062

(u)

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b7c

Hamilton [redacted]

Dr. Jurow
2533 Post
SF 94115
921-7555

Dr. Lampert
567-3040

(W)

The following description [redacted] obtained through observation and interview: (W)

Name
Alias

Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Build
Hair
Eyes
Scars or Marks
Other Characteristics
Residence

Telephone Number
Occupation
Employment

Education
Marital Status
Family Members

Social Security Number
Arrests

[redacted]

(W)

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FD-302 (REV. 3-8-77)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/28/78

b7c

[redacted] was interviewed at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA) upon his arrival from Guyana, in the presence of Special Agent (SA) [redacted] United States Secret Service (USSS), [redacted] the following information (U)

[redacted] he knew Reverend JONES back in Indiana, however, at this time he was not a member of the People's Temple (PT) Church. [redacted], he moved to California to obtain employment, and at this time joined the PT Church. [redacted] at the time he joined the PT Church it was located in Redwood Valley, California, and there were no requirements to become a member. [redacted], Reverend JONES started searching members of the PT Church as they entered the building. These searches were conducted because Reverend JONES stated that threats had been made on his life. Also, about this time, new members had to attended three or four meetings before they were issued a membership card in the PT Church (U)

[redacted] he never lived communal as other Church members did, and that he continued to reside and work outside the Church. [redacted] he donated 25% of his income to the PT Church, as was required. (U)

[redacted] he never made an oral oath or signed an oath to the PT Church. He stated that Reverend JONES did make members sign blank sheets of paper, and [redacted] this was some sort of attendance control. [redacted] he did not know what happened to these blank sheets of paper. [redacted] sometime later Reverend JONES required the members to write down statements incriminating themselves. [redacted] if you had a criminal record you would have to write this out and sign it. [redacted] other people were told to write down that they were homosexuals and sign the paper. (U)

Investigation on 12/21/78 at Queens, New York File # BQ 89-495

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by SA [redacted] /lxp Date dictated 12/26/78

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[redacted] Reverend JONES had approximately four to five bodyguards before he left Redwood Valley, California. [redacted] Reverend JONES took these bodyguards with him when he relocated in San Francisco. [redacted] he had no knowledge whether these bodyguards were armed or unarmed. [redacted] the bodyguards were called Security and also known as Apostolic Guardian. [redacted] he never saw a gun in the San Francisco Temple, however, he heard that there were guns there. [redacted] the searches of members entering the Temple continued in San Francisco. [redacted] Reverend JONES believed there was a conspiracy against him and the PT Church by deserters, or members who had left the Church. (U)

[redacted] the Planning Commission, which was made up of PT members close to Reverend JONES, began in Redwood Valley. [redacted] the Planning Commission really began to develop after Reverend JONES had moved to San Francisco. [redacted] he was not a member of the Planning Commission and had never attended a Planning Commission meeting. [redacted] he did not know what the purpose or function of the Planning Commission was, since had never been at their meetings. [redacted] the following PT members were in the Planning Commission and members of an inner core very close to Reverend JONES: (U)

SHARON AMOS
TERRY BUFFORD
JEAN BROWN
LEE INGRAM
JOHNNY BROWN JONES, Jr.
JIM RANDOLPH
PAULA ADAMS

(U)

[redacted] he was originally attracted to Reverend JONES because Reverend JONES appeared to be a humanitarian and preached equality for everyone. [redacted] (U)

b7C [redacted] Reverend JONES was not a religious man, and that he worked within the framework of a Church because it was profitable. [redacted] Reverend JONES often said he was the only God that the members would ever see. Reverend JONES told the members that if they waited for any other God, they would wait the rest of their lives. [redacted] in the beginning Reverend JONES did do a lot of good, and was responsible for helping a great many people give up narcotics. [redacted] Reverend JONES changed a great deal between the time he first knew him and the last days at Jonestown, Guyana. (U)

[redacted] discipline within the PT Church was very strict. Smoking, drinking, and sexual misconduct were not allowed. [redacted] Reverend JONES did not want the members to have anything to do with outsiders. [redacted] Reverend JONES wanted everyone to live communal. [redacted] punishment began with a few "smacks" in front of the entire membership. [redacted] the beatings began to get more severe as time progressed. He stated that Reverend JONES would call PT members out of the audience to administer the beatings. [redacted] eventually it got to the point where the accused was brought before the Planning Commission, and if they decided that he was guilty, he was then taken before the entire membership for punishment. [redacted] he has no knowledge of any "electric shock treatment" as a form of punishment. (U)

[redacted] he realized now that Reverend JONES had used politicians to serve his own ends, as he had used the PT members themselves. [redacted] Reverend JONES moved PT members in mass from one area of California to another to turn out the vote for favored candidates. [redacted] when JONES supported MOSCONE for Mayor of San Francisco, he supported DI MALLY, and President CARTER. [redacted] could not recall whether Reverend JONES had supported Governor BROWN in the race for Governor of California. [redacted] if Reverend JONES did support Governor BROWN it was not

(U)

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active a support as the other candidates mentioned above. [redacted] Reverend JONES was a very shrewd man, and that he may have used the politicians names for his own gain after he supported them. [redacted] he had no knowledge of a trip made by Lieutenant Governor DI MALLY to Guyana. (U)

[redacted] April 1, 1978, he went to Guyana. [redacted] he received his tickets and made arrangements for baggage with JIM RANDOLPH. [redacted] each departing member was allowed to take seven duffel bags with him. [redacted] took two duffle bags containing his belongings and five duffle bags that were furnished by the PT Church. [redacted] he does not know what the additional five duffle bags contained. [redacted] at Georgetown, Guyana, and spent five days there before continuing on to Jonestown. [redacted] at Georgetown, Guyana, they were met by MIKE CARTER and JOCELYN CARTER, and taken to Lahama Gardens. [redacted] SHARON AMOS and KAREN LAYTON were at Lahama Gardens. (U)

[redacted] upon arrival at Jonestown, he immediately realized that something was wrong. [redacted] the guards at the front gate leading to Jonestown were armed with guns. [redacted] he had no knowledge of how the guns were shipped to Jonestown. [redacted] there were at least 20 to 25 weapons at Jonestown, consisting of shotguns, rifles, and handguns. [redacted] he did not know where the guns were kept, and that he had no knowledge of what was kept in Hut C-14. [redacted] the weapons were kept out of sight for a period of time following the defection of DEBBIE BLAKELY, because Reverend JONES feared an investigation. [redacted] a couple of weeks prior to November 18, 1978, the weapons were back out being carried by the Security Force. (U)

[redacted] the Security Force at Jonestown, Guyana, consisted of the following individuals: (U)

STEVEN JONES
TIM TUPPER JONES

(U)

KEN MC MURRAY
JOE WILSON
RONNIE JAMES
RONNIE DENNIS
CALVIN DOUGLAS
JIM JONES, Jr. (Head of Security)
BONNIE SIMON
TINITRA LNU (Last Name Unknown), black female, early 20's
BOB KICE

(14)

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[redacted] Reverend JONES also had an Internal Security Force, consisting of members of the PT Church that spied on other members at Jonestown. [redacted] you could never be sure which members were part of this Internal Security, and therefore had to be very careful who you spoke with at Jonestown. [redacted] unlike the paradise they were promised, Jonestown was an armed camp where the PT members were held prisoners. (21)

[redacted] prior to his arrival in Guyana, he had never heard Reverend JONES talk of suicide. [redacted] at Jonestown, Reverend JONES repeatedly talked of dying with dignity. [redacted] Reverend JONES called it "Revolutionary Suicide." Reverend JONES told the people that he had the poison at Jonestown. [redacted] the term "white night" was a code word for "Revolutionary Suicide." (21)

[redacted] Reverend JONES was convinced, and had many members of the PT commune at Jonestown convinced, that there was a CIA conspiracy against Reverend JONES and the PT Church. [redacted] he and a lot of the other people at Jonestown did not believe this, however, they were afraid to confront Reverend JONES with their opinion. (21)

[redacted] it was Reverend JONES' custom to have two to three meetings a week with all the members of the commune. At these meetings various problems or projects at

(21)

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the commune were discussed. [redacted] on Friday night they usually had classes in Socialism. [redacted] this procedure changed during the last six weeks at Jonestown, stating that Reverend JONES held meetings which were called "Alerts" daily. [redacted] Reverend JONES kept the commune members busy day and night so that they were literally exhausted. [redacted] he learned at these alerts when JONES asked the people if they were ready to die with dignity, not to refuse. [redacted] the third day he was in Jonestown, he confronted Reverend JONES, stating that he saw no reason for suicide. [redacted] he was beaten by RONNIE JAMES and KENNY MC MURRAY, and from then on he never opposed Reverend JONES. /4/

[redacted] at these alerts Reverend JONES discussed problems that were confronting him and the PT Church. [redacted] Reverend JONES' biggest problem was the custody fight over "JOHN JOHN," the son of GRACE STONE. [redacted] on alert nights the Security at Jonestown were armed. Reverend JONES told the members of the PT Church that this was for their own protection, however, [redacted] he did not believe this. /4/

[redacted] he knows of one rehearsal in drinking unsweetened Kool-Aid, however, this occurred prior to his arrival at Jonestown. [redacted] this was supposed to be a test of the people's courage by Reverend JONES. /4/

[redacted] he could not recall any knowledge of Reverend JONES mentioning that Congressman RYAN would be assassinated. [redacted] Reverend JONES told the people that RYAN was working for the CIA and was out to get Reverend JONES and the PT Church. /4/

[redacted] Russian classes were being given to the members of the Jonestown commune. Reverend JONES told the people that the Russians had agreed to allow them into Russia.

/4/

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[redacted] Reverend JONES knew he had to get out of Guyana, that Guyana had been a bad choice. [redacted] this was because they were unable to raise any crops in Guyana. [redacted] on one occasion a member of the Russian Embassy accompanied by a Russian doctor, came to visit Jonestown. [redacted] on another occasion a reporter from the newspaper "Tass" was allowed to visit Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] every time a visitor came to Jonestown, Reverend JONES staged an act to impress them. [redacted] on these occasions the people were fed very well, and that they were given the answers to respond to any questions asked. [redacted] Reverend Jones had threatened the people with their lives if they did not give the correct answer to a question. (U)

[redacted] in addition to the beatings mentioned above, Reverend JONES also utilized as a form of punishment an Extended Care Unit. [redacted] the Extended Care Unit was a section of the clinic where individuals trying to escape from Jonestown when caught were taken and kept for a couple of days. [redacted] the individuals were drugged until they were completely helpless. [redacted] Dr. LAWRENCE SCHACT knew what was going on in the Extended Care Unit, and that Dr. SCHACT was not a qualified doctor. [redacted] this was another problem of Reverend JONES that was discussed during the nightly alerts. The Guyanese officials requested Dr. SCHACT to come into Georgetown for licensing. JONES told them not to push him too far or they would come out and find 1200 dead bodies. [redacted] JONES' reply was relayed to the Guyanese Government through SHARON AMOS, PAULA ADAMS, KAREN LAYTON, and DEBBIE TOUCHETTE. (U)

[redacted] he had been planning an escape from Jonestown for a couple of months before the end. [redacted] he planned to leave with [redacted] had hidden clothing along their escape route prior to the 18th of November, (U)

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1978. [redacted] on November 18, 1978, he saw an individual pick up a parcel of clothing that he had hidden. [redacted] Reverend JONES was on to his escape plan, and felt that they would be coming after him. [redacted] that he thought Reverend JONES knew of their escape plan. [redacted] went to ask Congressman RYAN if she and her family could leave with his party. [redacted] was talking with Congressman RYAN, MARCY JONES [redacted] attempted to have him talk [redacted] out of leaving Jonestown. MARCY JONES asked him to stay, and stated that things were going to change. [redacted] he knew she was lieing, and that he told her it was a mistake to be in Guyana. [redacted] it was impossible to raise crops at Jonestown. [redacted] the members of the Jonestown commune could not go on much longer continuing to purchase all of their supplies. He believed that the PT would run out of money. MARCY JONES told [redacted] that Reverend JONES had enough money to keep them for the rest of their lives. /21/

[redacted] he went to speak with Congressman RYAN, and told RYAN that he [redacted] wished to depart with RYAN's party. [redacted] Reverend JONES asked him not to leave with RYAN, and stated that he was free to leave the next day [redacted] knew Reverend JONES was lying. [redacted] he be allowed to leave with RYAN. [redacted] he told Congressman RYAN they were going to have trouble trying to get out of Jonestown. [redacted] he believed Reverend JONES would go through with his suicide idea rather than let everyone leave Jonestown. /21/

[redacted] he, 15 other PT members, RYAN, and the newsmen got onto the dump truck for the ride to the airstrip. [redacted] he observed LARRY LAYTON speaking with Reverend JONES. [redacted] it appeared LAYTON was trying to convince Reverend JONES to let him do something. [redacted] he belives this because LAYTON kept clasping his hands together in front of him in a prayer-like gesture. /21/

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[redacted] LAYTON put on a poncho and got on the truck explaining that he wanted to leave Jonestown. [redacted] he and other PT members leaving Jonestown attempted to convince RYAN and Ambassador DWYER (phonetic), who was from the Embassy and came to Jonestown with RYAN, not to allow LAYTON aboard the truck. [redacted] RYAN would not listen to them. [redacted] he and the other members departing Jonestown remained on the truck while RYAN spoke to the additional PT members wishing to leave Jonestown. [redacted] RYAN planned to leave with the people on the truck and put them on a plane, and then return to Jonestown for the other members wishing to leave. [redacted] at this time DON SLY attacked Congressman RYAN with a knife. Attorneys GARY and LANE restled the knife away from SLY. [redacted] he really did not believe that the people were going to get out of Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] RYAN got on the truck and they began to leave Jonestown. He stated that GARY and LANE remained behind, and he does not know the reason that they stayed. [redacted] when they reached the front gate of Jonestown, JOE WILSON got on the truck. As they proceeded along the road to the airstrip, WILSON kept staring at the PT defectors in the back of the truck. [redacted] when they arrived at the airstrip they got off the truck, and it started back towards the gate to the airfield. [redacted] there was only a small aircraft at the airstrip, and they had to await a larger plane. During this wait they demanded that Congressman RYAN have LAYTON searched before he was allowed on the plane. LAYTON was frisked, and the larger plane landed. [redacted] LAYTON insisted that he get on the first plane. Following the frisking of LAYTON, while he was still wearing the poncho, JOE WILSON walked up to LAYTON and shook his hand. [redacted] this is when WILSON handed LAYTON a gun. [redacted] as they began boarding the planes they saw the truck coming back being followed by a tractor and wagon. LAYTON, DALE PARKS, MONICA BAGBY, VERN GOSNEY, and TRACY PARKS boarded the smaller aircraft. [redacted] the remainders boarded the larger aircraft, [redacted] (U)

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[redacted] At this point, PARKS observed the tractor and wagon pulling up approximately 30 feet from the aircraft. (U)

[redacted] he observed RONNIE DENNIS, TOM KICE, JOE WILSON, ALBERT TOUCHETTE, and RONNIE JAMES, on the wagon being towed by the tractor. [redacted] STANLEY GEIG was driving the tractor pulling the wagon. At this point the individuals riding in the wagon opened fire on the aircraft. [redacted] the men were armed with M-16s and a gun that was fed by a belt of bullets, which appeared to be a machine gun. [redacted] other individuals aboard the dump truck were firing from the other side of the aircraft, however, he could not observe the individuals. [redacted] he fought to get his seat belt released and bent down as bullets were passing through the aircraft. [redacted] yelled, "My God look what they've done to Patty." [redacted] observed [redacted]'s head blown off, and noticed her brains splattered [redacted] the wagon circled the aircraft, continuing to fire at the aircraft and proceeded away toward the gate leading out of the airstrip. [redacted] pilot revved the engine of the aircraft attempting to take off. [redacted] a reporter banging on the door of the aircraft to enter, however, before the door could be opened the reporter crawled into the baggage door of the aircraft. [redacted] He asked the pilot not to take off without [redacted] The pilot told [redacted] he could not get the aircraft off the ground, and all of the people exited the aircraft and ran into the jungle. (U)

[redacted] returned to the aircraft to get the wounded. They dragged the wounded into the high grass because they feared that the gunman may come back to see if they had killed everyone. [redacted] (U)

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[redacted] there were Guyanese soldiers at the airstrip when they were being shot at. [redacted] why they did not offer help, and they stated "It's Americans shooting Americans." [redacted] the Guyanese soldiers did give them a First Aid kit, and Ambassador DWYER (ph) called the Guyanese Defense Force (GDF) at Matthews Ridge, Guyana. [redacted] during this time LARRY LAYTON approached DALE PARKS and attempted to shoot him, however, the weapon misfired. DALE PARKS wrestled the gun away from LAYTON. [redacted] Ambassador DWYER (ph), although wounded himself, worked throughout the night to help the other wounded PT members. The survivors were eventually transported to Georgetown by the GDF. (U)

[redacted] he has no knowledge of a PT "hit list." [redacted] at Georgetown he was told by STEPHANIE JONES that STEVE JONES told EUGENE SMITH to get rid of the defectors. [redacted] the individuals he considered possible "hitmen" are STEVE JONES, CALVIN DOUGLAS, EUGENE SMITH, TERRY BUFFORD, and SANDY BRADSHAW. (U)

[redacted] during his stay at Jonestown, he was aware that RITA TUPPER was censoring all mail leaving Jonestown. (U)

[redacted] he was not that familiar with the operation of the radio, however he knows that they were using codes on the radio. [redacted] he was not aware of what codes were being used. He stated that SHARON AMOS and KAREN LAYTON operated the radio at Georgetown. [redacted] not know who operated the radio at Jonestown, however, Reverend JONES himself spent a lot of time in the radio room until he began using narcotics. [redacted] at San Francisco, California, the radio was operated by SANDY BRADSHAW, JEAN BROWN, and TOM ADAMS. (U)

[redacted] PAULA ADAMS operated out of Georgetown, Guyana, and that her job was Public Relations. [redacted] (U)

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[redacted] ADAMS manipulated Guyanese officials by the use of sex. (U)

[redacted] he had no knowledge of a bomb at Jonestown. He stated that STEVE JONES and some of the top security men were working with dynamite a couple of months prior to November 18th. (U)

[redacted] JOHNNY JONES, Jr. operated as the Administrator of Jonestown, and was assisted by TERRY BUFFORD when she was there. (U)

[redacted] Dr. LAWRENCE SCHACHT operated a shabby clinic at Jonestown, however, Dr. SCHACHT did have some fairly decent equipment. [redacted] the clinic was separate from the Extended Care Unit mentioned previously. [redacted] others working in the clinic were EDITH PARKS, DALE PARKS, DIANE LOUIE ROZYNKO, and JOYCE PARKS (DALE's wife). [redacted] JOYCE PARKS was in Caracas on November 18, 1978. (U)

[redacted] he did not know of the cyanide being at Jonestown. He stated that he had found hundred pound bags of "mono floro phosphate," and thought that it was an insecticide. [redacted] RUSSELL MOTEN told him that it was poison. [redacted] he did not know who ordered this, however, that it had been delivered on the "Cudjoe," the boat that the PT used to get back and forth between Jonestown and Georgetown. [redacted] he also thought that the PT owned a ship named the "Albatross," however, he learned from newsmen later that the PT Church leased the ship. [redacted] the operators of the ship were CHARLIE TOUCHETTE and RICHARD JANERO, who was aboard the ship as a buyer. [redacted] they had an outside crew that actually did the manual labor aboard the ship. (U)

[redacted] he knew of no drugs being produced or used at Jonestown, other than those in the Special Care Unit. [redacted] thoresene (ph) and valium were used in the Special Care Unit. [redacted] towards the end Reverend JONES was using drugs, and he believes that his nurse, (U)

ANNIE MOORE, was administoring the drugs.(U)

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[redacted] the people at Jonestown were making dolls to sell in Georgetown at Christmas to earn additional money.(U)

[redacted] he did not have knowledge of how much money the PT Church possessed. [redacted] the only knowledge he had was what MARCY JONES told him before he left. This was that Reverend JONES had enough money to take care of everyone for the rest of our lives. [redacted] he has no knowledge of bank accounts or where money is kept.(U)

[redacted] throughout his association with PT Church Reverend JONES had set up interracial marriages, and wanted white families to adopt black children. [redacted] did not believe in this.(U)

[redacted] the following information on the individuals listed below:(U)

TIM JONES, white male, adopted son of Reverend JONES. [redacted] not believe TIM JONES would carry out violence to the extent some others might.(U)

TIM JONES, black male. (U)

JIMMY JONES, Jr., Head of Security, adopted son of Reverend JONES. [redacted] would not rule out that JIMMY JONES, Jr. would try and get some of the defectors.(U)

EDDY CRENSHAW, truck driver. [redacted] he drove them to the airstrip of November 18, 1978. [redacted] he also drove back with the Security people that shot at the aircraft. Believed dead.(U)

HERBERT NEWELL, black male, early 20's. [redacted] he was part time Security and member of the basketball team. [redacted] in the same position as JIMMY JONES, Jr. and TIM JONES. (U)

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JOHNNY COBB, black male, 20-21 years. Security, and member of basketball team. (U)

JOHNNY JONES, Second or Third in command at Jonestown. Black male, adopted son of Reverend JONES. Associated with administrative side of operation. (U)

MARK CORDELL, white male, 18-19 years, member of Security Force. Believed dead. (U)

JIM MACELVANE, handled real estate at Los Angeles for the last two years. At Redwood Valley was in charge of Security. Died at Jonestown. (U)

BILLY OLIVER, believed dead, might have been Security Patrol. (U)

STEVE JONES, white male, son of Reverend JONES. Believed to be one of the most dangerous members of PT. "Hot Head." (U)

LEE INGRAM, black male, 40's, the basketball team coach. Husband of SANDY BRADSHAW. [redacted] he would not trust INGRAM. (U)

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CHRIS O'NEAL, BRENDA PARKS' boyfriend, worked at the brick factory at Jonestown. (U)

CALVIN DOUGLAS, black male, 19-20 years, Security Guard and basketball team. Alive in Georgetown. (U)

CLEVELAND NEWELL, black male, 25 years, Security, believed dead. (U)

BONNIE SIMON, member of Security, believed dead. (U)

PAUL MC CANN, white male. (U)

PAULINE GROOT, white female, believed dead. Chemical Engineer, very intelligent person. (U)

TOM GRUBBS, white male, 35-40 years, school teacher. GRUBBS built box half buried which was used to dry grain, and to punish PT members at Jonestown. (U)

MARIE RANKIN, worked on insecticides. Very loyal supporter of Reverend JONES. (U)

TERRY BUFFORD, white female, very close to Reverend JONES. Capable of devising strategy JONES used. (U)

JEAN BROWN, white female, 40's, used to be a school teacher. Very high echelon PT member. (U)

RENNIE KICE, black female, BOB KICE's wife. Believed dead. (U)

LORA JOHNSTON, white female, 28-30 years. Loyal to Reverend JONES, however, she made too many mistakes to be trusted. (U)

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VERA YOUNG, not known [redacted] (U)

JUNE CRYM, handled Finances at San Francisco Temple. Very close to Reverend JONES. (U)

MIKE PROKES, white male, 35 years. Handled Public Relations in Georgetown. It was his job to keep the Guyanese Government satisfied. PROKES, TIM CARTER and MIKE CARTER, a white male, 24-25 years, were apprehended with $500,000 and a letter to the Russian Embassy. (U)

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TIM CARTER, white male, 28-30 years. (u)

SANDRA INGRAM, also known as (aka) Sandra Bradshaw, white female, 30 years. Top echelon PT member. She would be dedicated enough to carry out any plans Reverend JONES may have made. (u)

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JUDY FLOWERS, not known [redacted] (u)

JIM RANDOLPH, white male, early 40's, in San Francisco, in charge of transporting PT members to Jonestown. (u)

HARRIET RANDOLPH, white female, wife of JIM. Attended Law School, however, does not believe she finished. The same classification as BRADSHAW and JEAN BROWN. (u)

LEONA COLLIER, black female, believed to be in San Francisco. Very close to Reverend JONES, not believed dangerous. (u)

DALE PARKS, son of GERALD PARKS, Paramedic. Trained at Santa Rosa College. (u)

BURRELL WILSON, not known [redacted] (u)

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CLAIRE JANARO, white female. Operated care center, Redwood Valley, California. Arrived Guyana, November 18, 1978. (u)

RICHARD JANARO, white male, husband of CLAIRE. On the Albatros, operating as a buyer for Jonestown. (u)

DON BECK, white male, 30-35 years, school teacher at Ukiah, California. (u)

BONNIE BECK, white female, 30-35 years, wife of DON. Lived at the Care Center or Ranch with JANARO. (u)

MARIE KATSARIS, white female, very high echelon PT mmber. Her brother accompanied Congressman RYAN to Guyana. Believed dead. (u)

PAULA ADAMS, in Georgetown, knowledgeable of radio and codes, very high echelon PT member. Engaged in sexual activity with Guyanese officials to further PT cause. (U)

TISH LEROY, white female, 55 years, very intelligent, accountant. Believed dead. (U)

CHUCH BEIKMAN, white male. Uneducated, illiterate. In jail at Georgetown because of AMOS killing. (U)

JOYCE TOUCHETTE, white female, 45-50 years, CHARLIE TOUCHETTE's wife. Believed dead. (U)

CHARLIE TOUCHETTE, alive on the ship Albatros. (U)

MICHELLE TOUCHETTE, white female, 18 years. Believed dead. (U)

MICHAEL TOUCHETTE, white male, 22-23 years, drove caterpillar at Jonestown and member of basketball team. Believed to be alive in Georgetown and as dedicated as his father CHARLIE. MIKE TOUCHETTE would carry out any plans of Reverend JONES if they exist. (U)

STANLEY CLAYTON, black male, 30's, left Jonestown during killing. (U)

MARY LEE BOGUE, white female, 18-19 years, loyal to Reverend JONES. Believed dead. (U)

TOM BOGUE, white male, 17 years, MARY LEE's brother. Left Jonestown [redacted] (U)

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TINA BOGUE, white female, 23 years. [redacted] (U)

ODELL RHODES, black male, 35 years. Worked with problem children at Jonestown and ran Public Service (form of punishment, manual labor). Believed alive in Georgetown. (U)

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TIM CARTER, white male, 28-30 years. In Georgetown. (u)

VERA INGRAM, not known [redacted] (u)

JIM COBB, left the PT Church. Helps run a Human Freedom Center at San Francisco. COBB was at Jonestown as a concerned relative. (u)

The following description [redacted] obtained through observation and interview: (u)

Name
Alias
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Scars and Marks
Previous Employment

Social Security Number
Relatives

Previous Arrests
Destination Point

Other Relatives

[redacted] (u)

FD-302 (Rev. 11-27-70)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/29/78

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[redacted] member of the Peoples' Temple (PT), Jonestown, Guyana, was interviewed at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFKIA), Hangar 17, Queens, New York (NY). [redacted] advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and of the nature of the interview. United States Secret Service (USSS) Agent [redacted] was also present during the interview. [redacted] the following information regarding the PT and the Jonestown facility: (U)

[redacted] first became associated with the PT in [redacted], when she was approximately [redacted] She joined the church at that time [redacted] At the beginning the church congregated at the [redacted] and then at various locations until the temple was built in Redwood Valley, California. [redacted] went to the PT in San Francisco [redacted] She then joined [redacted] at Jonestown [redacted] (U)

While at Jonestown her jobs consisted mostly of [redacted] but occasionally she worked in [redacted] She stated that both she and [redacted] were not happy with the situation at Jonestown and decided they would attempt to escape at the first given opportunity. They felt that they were prisoners and were actually afraid for their lives if Reverend JONES knew they were planning to leave. (U)

Approximately seven months ago [redacted] tried to escape by running into the bush. They were subsequently caught and brought back to Jonestown where they were placed in leg irons. They were kept under armed guard and made to work extra hours. This was allegedly the beginning of the punishment known as Public Service. Public Service was extended work hours that individuals were made to perform for the infraction of any of the rules at Jonestown. People on Public Service in addition to working extra hours were also made to exercise and to run to their meals and various chores. Reverend JONES determined the length of time one was to serve on Public Service. (U)

[redacted] had turned over to the PT all their money and property prior to going to Jonestown. After (U)

Interviewed on 12/21/78 at Queens, New York File # BQ 89-495

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by SA [redacted] mk Date dictated 12/26/78

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arriving there they realized that they had made a mistake. She said that the living conditions were terrible, the food was not ample, and all the mail was censured. [redacted] have no intentions of remaining affiliated with the PT. (U)

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[redacted] was then asked specific questions regarding the following underlined topics. Her responses are as follows: (U)

Signed and Oral Oath: (U)

Approximately six years ago while at the PT in Redwood, California, she recalled Reverend JONES asking the church members to think of the worst possible thing that they could do that was against the law. He then asked them to write this down on paper in the form of a confession and that he would hold these documents to insure their loyalty to both him and the PT. She said she was very young at the time and does not recall whether she wrote a confession or not. She also recalled that while in San Francisco at every meeting of the PT (which was four or five times a week) everyone was made to sign a blank sheet of white paper. These were referred to as "meditation papers" and she believed these were used in the same fashion. She did not recall signing any papers since her arrival at Jonestown. (U)

Personal Bodyguards for JONES (U)

JONES had no specific bodyguards, however, there was certain trusted members of the Security Force that were constantly with him. JOHNNY JONES appeared to be his personal guard when in San Francisco, however, at Jonestown it seemed that different individuals took turns. There were always two armed guards outside JONES' house during the evening hours. (U)

Drugs (U)

Did not have any knowledge of either the use or production of drugs at Jonestown. All drugs, both medicinal and agricultural, were maintained in one storage hut. Upon anyones arrival at Jonestown they had to turn in all drugs, even asperin, at this particular building. (U)

b7C [redacted] almost the entire time she was at Jonestown and felt that she would know if narcotics were being grown in any quantity. (U)

Regarding the manufacturing of dolls, they were made by the senior citizens at the camp and were sold in Georgetown and an area called "up the river". (U)

The PT operated two boats, the smaller being called the "Cudgel" and the larger being the "Albatross". She did not have any knowledge as to the use of these boats other than routine transporting of supplies and people to Jonestown. She recalled JONES saying at a meeting once, never to admitt that we owned the "Albatross". He did not want the officials of the Guyana government to know. (U)

Soviet or Cuban Association (U)

Two or three Soviet officials visited Jonestown approximately two months ago. No names were recalled, however, one was believed to be a doctor who came to give JONES a physical. She did not recall them addressing the members of the PT, but related that at that time she was working late in the b7C [redacted] and did not make all the meetings (U)

JONES often mentioned that if all went well at Jonestown they would eventually move the community to the Soviet Union. No one took these statements seriously. (U)

Weapons (U)

Weapons were carried by certain members of the Security Force at Jonestown. She does not recall seeing any handguns, but said they had quite a few rifles. She could not give an exact number, but estimated 20 or 30. The PT was also in possession of approximately 20 long and cross bows. TOM GRUBBS instructed the people as to their use. When called on alert to guard the camp many of the people were issued knives along with the above mentioned weapons. (U)

She often saw STEVEN JONES and MIKE TOUCHETTE by the piggery carrying long rifles with scopes. She recalled Reverend JONES saying that STEVEN kept weapons at his house. She related that STEVEN JONES made a statement to the press in Guyana that no weapons were kept at Jonestown. (U)

Hut 14 was where the heads of the Security Force resided. She often saw weapons going in and out of the building, but did not know if they were stored there. She had no knowledge of how the weapons were shipped to Jonestown. She also had no knowledge of any nuclear device, however, she believed that PAULINE GROOT could possibly make a bomb. She heard that GROOT worked with Dr. SCHACHT on such a bomb that would be used against the soldiers of Guyana if they should ever attack Jonestown. She was not aware of any weapons training at Jonestown except occasionally with the bow and arrow. (U)

In the temple at San Francisco people were told that certain security guards carried guns in their attache cases, however, she never observed these weapons. There was a 24-hour Security Force at the temple in San Francisco. (U)

Dr. LAWRENCE SCHACHT (U)

Reverend JONES paid for the education of LAWRENCE SCHACHT. She did not know SCHACHT very well, but she did note

(U)

an extreme change in his manner after being at Jonestown. He often walked around talking to himself. He was constantly shaking and appeared to be a sick individual. He was not very well liked by the people of Jonestown. She understood that Reverend JONES told both Dr. SCHACHT and GEORGE TOUCHETTE to prepare the poison the Saturday of the mass suicide. Approximately one month prior to the suicides DALE PARKS, while unloading supplies from the boats, observed several cases of cyanide. He called the agronomists to find out if they ordered it as some form of insecticide, however, no one had knowledge as to who requistioned it. The cyanide was then placed in a storage hut with other chemical supplies and was not seen again. (U)

Contingency Plans, Assassination Plans, Hit List (U)

Not aware of any of the above. She said only the individuals that were very close to JONES would be knowledgeable of any such plans. She emphasized that although she has been associated with the PT for a long period of time, her jobs were menial in nature and she would not be privy to such information. She felt there may be a chosen few within the organization that would have possibly been assigned to kill certain defectors of the church such as the STOENS, MURTLES, DEBBIE BLAKELY and others, but does not know who they would be. She did not have any knowledge regarding any plans for murdering public officials (U)

Criminal Offenses (U)

No specific knowledge of any individual member of the PT that is a fugitive from justice. She recalls though at different meetings Reverend JONES would single out an individual and tell the congregation that that person was wanted by the police and that he was saving him by keeping him within the PT (U)

Radio Operation (U)

Had no knowledge of codes or operating procedures of radio at Jonestown. She provided the following names as known (U)

radio operators: (U)

1) TERRY CARTER
2) SANDY JONES
3) HARRIET TROOP
4) CAROLINE LAYTON
5) KAREN LAYTON
6) The CARTERS (U)
7) MIKE PROKES
8) MARYANNE CASSANOVA
9) SHARON AMOS
10) MARIA KATSARIS
11) PAULA ADAMS

MARYANNE CASSANOVA is believed to be the only one still alive that would have knowledge of codes. (U)

MARK LANE, CHARLES GEARY (U)

No knowledge of above individuals except that they are both attorneys for the PT. LANE was observed at Jonestown on two occasions while GEARY was there more often. (U)

White Nights, Alphas (U)

These were meetings called by JONES when he had a special message he wished to convey to the members. He usually called these when something was bothering him or when someone tried to escape. They often discussed at these meetings how if anything went wrong at Jonestown, they would take their lives. Everyone was required to attend. (U)

b7c [redacted] the first White Night or alert was called September 9, 1977. She recalls the date because the incident had such impact in her and she thought for the first time that she may actually die. (U)

At this alert everyone was called into Jonestown. They were told people were coming to invade the camp. Everyone was armed either with weapons, knives, sticks or bows and arrows. They were then taken to surround the perimeter of the camp. It was then that she actually realized that she was to give up her life. They were also instructed that if anyone saw another member trying to leave his or her position they were to kill them. (U)

At another alert approximately six months ago an actual suicide ritual was practiced. DEBBIE BLAKELY had defected from the PT, this upset JONES quite a bit. He called an alert and asked everyone to drink flavor aide that allegedly contained poison. After drinking the potion they were told to go outside to sit down and die. Several people refused to drink the flavor aide, however, JONES engaged them in a long debate and eventually everyone yielded. (U)

A White Night was called at approximately 3:00 PM the afternoon before Congressman RYAN was killed. Everyone was called to the Pavillion. [redacted] not arrive until the meeting was just ending. She was instructed to go home and get dressed and return at 5:00 PM. Everyone was drilled as to the proper responses they were to give if questioned by RYAN or his party. She did not go back to the Pavillion at 5:00 PM; she went to the senior citizens building and visited friends. (U)

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Bribery or Influence of Officials (U)

Would not have access to such information. Recalled that while in San Francisco she would do door-to-door canvassing at election time for certain officials. This was directed by JONES who gave the names of the officials they were to back. She does not recall specific candidates other than President CARTER and MARSCONI. (U)

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Security Force, Angels (U)

Not familiar with the term "Angels". There are two or three Security Forces within the PT. Two were responsible for guarding the settlement and the other responsible for internal security of the organization. With reference to internal security, JONES would plant certain individuals among the workers, trying to gain their confidence, and ask such questions testing their loyalty or to see if they were planning an escape. As a member of the PT you were responsible to write up anyone who you thought might be disloyal or knew anything about escape. Therefore, no one could trust each other, for the identities of the internal force were not known. JONES constantly stressed the importance of this write up for he said the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) had infiltrated the membership. These write ups were submitted to RITA TUPPER, EVA JONES, ROCHELLE HOCHMAN and MARIA KATSARES. (U)

The other two security factions consisted of the trusted heads of Security and the Regular Security force. (U)

The security heads were responsible for issuing weapons and scheduling the security watch. The security heads are listed as follows: JIMMY JONES, TIM JONES (DAY), JOHNNY COBB JONES, CALVIN DOUGLAS, JOE WILSON and BOB KICE. (U)

The regular security force consisted of TIM JONES (NIGHT), CLEVELAND NEWELL, PANCHO (GARY) JOHNSON, CARDELL NEAL, DANNY MARSHALL, TEDDY MC MURRAY, TOM KICE, RONNIE JAMES, JIM MC ELVANE. There are other security members who she can not recall at this time as well as people who were field workers or mechanics that were called upon to perform security duty on a regular basis. (U)

Planning Commission (PC) (W

The PC consisted of the most trusted members of the PT. These were the people who shaped the policies and programs that ran the PT. The final word for policy was always JONES', however, these people had a lot of influence in the initial forming of these policies. She believes the following are members of the PC who are still alive: CHARLIE TOUCHETTE, DEBBIE TOUCHETTE, PAULA ADAMS, LEE INGRAM, STEVEN JONES, SANDY BRADSHAW, TERRY BUFORD, CHRIS KICE, KATHY TROOP, TIM CLANCY, DEBBIE EVANS, VERA YOUNG. (W)

Extensive Care Unit (ECU) (W)

This was a part of the hospital at Jonestown where those who attempted to run away from the settlement were brought. There also was a period when several people tried to commit suicide rather than stay at Jonestown, these people also went to ECU. (W)

At ECU the people were kept under constant guard and were heavily sedated. They were not allowed out of ECU except to take an occasional shower. (W)

Individuals that she knew that had been committed to ECU are: (W)

PATSY JOHNSON
RICKY JOHNSON
(First Name Unknown) (FNU) COSTELLO
AQUENTTA ROBERTS
GARY NORWOOD
KEITH GUY

(W)

PAULA ADAMS (W)

ADAMS was a close and trusted worker of Reverend JONES who remained in Georgetown the majority of the time. Her

(W)

main function was that of public relations. She often hosted parties for officials of the Guyana government. She was dating a particular Guyanese official for about five years, b7c [redacted] does not recall his name or position. She related that ADAMS had to be extremely trusted by JONES because it was forbidden for any member of the PT to associate or date an outsider. She has no specific knowledge of sexual blackmail on the part of ADAMS or JONES (U)

Assassination of Congressman RYAN (U)

The BOGUE family had planned to escape several months prior to the arrival of Congressman RYAN. They had hidden some of their belongings in the bush in anticipation of such an escape. They had heard a rumor the night before the mass suicides that RYAN would not be leaving Guyana alive. The source of this rumor was DONNA PARKS, a laundry worker who died at Jonestown. The BOGUEs were planning their escape with the SIMONS and the PARKS. They met the Friday before and the morning of RYAN's death and decided this would be the day to go. (U)

The BOGUEs and the SIMONS met at the sawmill at Jonestown to plan their escape, however, someone had discovered their luggage hidden in the bush and they were made to go back into the town proper. It was then that they decided to tell Congressman RYAN that they wanted to leave with him. RYAN made them sign statements to the effect that they wished to leave and also took an oral statement, on tape, as to the same. (U)

The BOGUEs were then told to get on a truck along with the PARKS family, MONICA BAGBY, VERN GOSNEY, LARRY LAYTON, WESLEY BRIDENBACK, JIM COBB, a group of concerned relatives, the press and RYAN's aide. ED CRENSHAW was the driver. (U)

At one point while they were waiting to leave STANLEY GIEG got into the truck and drove it into a pocket of mud. A short time later the truck was pulled out and they started to leave. As they were leaving they heard screams from the Pavillion (U)

area. They stopped the truck and returned and picked up Congressman RYAN. They had determined that DON SLY had tried to stab the Congressman at that time. The defectors (BOGUEs and PARKS) tried to warn RYAN's entourage that there would be further trouble and that it was wrong for LARRY LAYTON to be with them. They were then told that they were alarmists and that everything would be all right. As the truck approached the front entrance of Jonestown it was stopped. JOE WILSON got aboard, checked out the truck and remained for the rest of the ride to the airport. (U)

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At the airport as RYAN was conducting a brief press conference [redacted] spoke to LAYTON and asked him why he was leaving. He responded that his mother had recently died and he wanted to leave. She did not believe him. As LAYTON walked across the field to a smaller airplane she saw JOE WILSON pass LAYTON a handgun [redacted] told RYAN what she saw and RYAN assured her he would have everyone searched. (U)

She then saw STANLEY GIEG driving a tractor toward the airstrip. They knew trouble was coming so they started boarding the large airplane. RYAN and the press remained on the airstrip. She stated to hear popping noises and saw the windows on the airplane shatter, she immediately ducked to the floor. She locked toward the rear of the airplane and saw PATTY PARKS shot in the head. She briefly looked out the window from a crouched position and saw the heads of BOB KICE, TOM KICE and she thinks JOE WILSON on a tractor adjacent to the airplane. The shooting continued for about five minutes. TEENA and TOMMY BOGUE managed to shut the door of the airplane. (U)

After the shooting stopped the survivors on the airplane decided they would make a run for the bush. They were fearful that others would return and kill them all. When the door was opened several of them ran straight into the jungle. [redacted] saw a wounded newsman lying by the airplane. She attempted to help him and convince him to hide in the bush. At this time the (U)

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the situation appeared to have calmed down and she saw the other bodies lying on the airfield. She saw Congressman RYAN's body on the ground and observed he had been shot in the face. She helped collect the bodies and put them in a shack at the airfield. She remained at Port Kaituma at the Rum Shop overnight and Sunday she was taken to Georgetown in the custody of the Guyana police. (U)

[redacted] information as to brief description, access to weapons (W), members of the PC, position held, alive or dead and present location, regarding the following individuals: (U)

TIM JONES - white/male, alive, son of Reverend JONES, PC, head of security, issued weapons.

JIMMY JONES, JR - black/male, alive in San Francisco, PC, security head.

EDDY CRENSHAW - black/male, possibly dead, truck driver, wanted to get out of Jonestown.

HERBERT NEWELL - black/male, alive, worked on "Cudgel", blamed survivors for what happened at Jonestown, trusted by JONES, not necessarily PC.

JOHNNY COBB JONES - black/male, alive, San Francisco, security worker (W). W

JOHNNY JONES - black/male, dead, PC, public relations work.

MARK CORDELL - white/male, alive, good friend of STEVEN JONES, security, possibly living with father in State of Washington.

JIM MC ELVANE - black/male, dead, PC, head of security for entire PT, sold property that was turned over to PT in San Francisco.

BILLY OLIVER - black/male, dead, head of security, brother of BRUCE OLIVER, also head of security (dead).

STEVE JONES - white/male, alive in Georgetown, PC, can not be trusted, could conceivably carry on father's work, natural son of Reverend JONES.

LEE INGRAM - black/male, PC, alive in Georgetown, wife is SANDY BRADSHAW. Can not be trusted, held as witness to SHARON AMOS murder.

CHRIS O'NEAL - white/male, alive, wanted to get out of Jonestown. (W)

CALVIN DOUGLAS - black/male, security (W), violent, alive in Georgetown.

CLEVELAND NEWELL - black/male, alive in Los Angeles, (W), Basketball Team.

BONNIE SIMON - white/female, dead, Internal Security.

PAULINE GROOT - white/female, dead, chemist.

TOM GRUBBS - white/male, dead, archery instructor, teacher at Jonestown.

MARIE RANKIN - black/female, security, PS supervisor, did not agree with overall PT program, dead.

TERRI BUFORD - white/female, PC, very close to JONES, however, loyalty to JONES questionable.

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JEAN BROWN - white/female, PC, Inner Circle, returned to San Francisco.

RENNIE KICE - black/female, dead, PC.

LORA JOHNSTON - white/female, alive in San Francisco, dangerous, PSU supervisor.

VERA YOUNG - black/female, PC, Inner Circle, never to Jonestown, security in San Francisco, carried weapon.

JUNE CRYM - white/female, PC in San Francisco, went to Jonestown for two weeks.

MIKE PROKES - white/male, PC, public relations worker in Georgetown, photographer, dangerous, wrote press articles pro-Jonestown.

TIM CARTER - white/male, alive, PC, Inner Circle, might possibly defect, loyalty questionable.

SANDRA BRADSHAW - white/female, PC, Inner Circle, dangerous (W).

JUDY FLOWERS - black/female, alive, PC in San Francisco.

JIM and HARRIET RANDOLPH - (HARRIET dead), JIM - white/male, alive, welfare worker in San Francisco.

LEONA COLLIER - black/female, PC, Inner Circle, handled money for PT, leading secretary in San Francisco.

DALE PARKS - white/male, alive, Resperatory therapist, hated JONES.

BURRELL WILSON - black/male, alive, Basketball Team, security, not violent.

CLAIRE JANARO - white/female, PC, never to Jonestown.

RICHARD JANARO - white/male, PC, dead, purchasing agent for PT.

DON and BONNIE BECK - PC, Inner Circle, both in San Francisco - (DON teacher at PT in Uriah), lost son at Jonestown.

MARIE KATSARIS - white/female, dead, PC, Inner Circle, handled money for PT, was Reverend JONES' mistress.

TISH LEROY - white/female, dead, PC, Inner Circle, agricultural secretary and income tax worker.

CHUCK BEIKMAN - white/male, security guard, illiterate, alive in Jonestown, held for murder of SHARON AMOS.

JOYCE TOUCHETTE - white/female, dead, PC, Inner Circle.

CHARLIE TOUCHETTE - white/male, alive, PC, worked on "Albatross".

MICHELLE TOUCHETTE - white/female, dead, on PC in San Francisco.

MIKE TOUCHETTE - white/male, alive, truck driver (W).

ALBERT TOUCHETTE - white/male, dead, coordinator (?)

STANLEY CLAYTON - black/male, alive in Georgetown, must stay in Guyana to marry a native girl.