FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: CUSTODIAL DETENTION
SECURITY INDEX

FILE NUMBER: 100-358086

SECTION: 29



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

NOTICE

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1686

Office Men. n and um • united s. ites government

DATE: May 26, 1954

FROM

SUBJECT: SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS OF INDIVIDUALS PERSONNEL FILE REVIEWS
FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER
ST. LOUIS, MISSCURI

By letter May 18, 1954, captioned Photographs of Security Index Subjects," the St. Louis Office advised that it has received a large number of requests to recheck files in the Adjutant General's Office and the files at the Federal Records Center for photographs of subjects following a previous request to review the personnel files of the same subjects. St. Louis points out that this represents a duplication of effort in its Office.

The St. Louis letter advised that the files of the Adjutant General's Office do not contain photographs of individuals. However, in some instances photographs are available in the Federal Records Center.

photograph of the subject whose personnel file had previously been reviewed, St. Louis suggests that the field be instructed to advise St. Louis whether a photograph is desired in each instance when a lead is set forth to review a personnel file at the Federal Records Center.

RECOMMENDATION:

If you approve, the field will be so instructed by the attached SAC Letter. Instructions do not require Manual change.

Attachment

· UNRECORDED

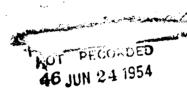
5.A.C. Latter # 54-27.

Security India - Gamuel

(L) SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS OF INDIVIDUALS - PERSONNEL FILE REVIEWS-FEDERAL RECORDS CENTER - ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI -- The St. Louis Office has advised that it has received a large number of requests for photographs of subjects of security investigations from the files of the Adjutant General's Office and the Federal Records Center Tollowing a previously requested review of the personnel files of the security subjects at these facilities.

For your information, the files of the Adjutant General's Office do not contain photographs or individuals. In some instances, however, such photographs are available in the files of the Federal Records Center.

In the future, to eliminate the rechecking of a subject's personnel file at the Federal Records Center to secure a photograph of a subject whose personnel file has been previously reviewed by the St. Louis Office, each initial request for a review of a personnel file at the Federal Records Center concerning the subject of a security investigation must indicate whether or not a photograph is desired.



SECRET

Deputy Attorney General

June 3, 1954

Director, FBI

LABBILICY SITUATION PROGRAM . FBI File

Reference is made to previous economications relating to Security Index subjects employed by the Federal Sovernment.

Army Lignal Corps Photographic Center in New Tork City, a question had arisen us to its effective date. It was stated that according to an Army source the actual receipt of the removal notice executed by the Secretary of the Army had not been verified. For that reason, final separation from Fourment rolls had not been early date.

Please be advised that on May 24, 1954, the notice of removal was dispatched by registered mail to by the Security Office of the United States. Army Signal Corps, 35-11 35th Avenue, New York City. As a result, the subject was formally removed from reaeval rolls.

New form area and no information has been received indicating that he had taken any steps to be restored to Federal employment.

The foregoing is for your information and the completion of your records. Any further data received in this matter will be brought to your attention promptly upon receipt.

EMERGENCY DETENTION PROGRAM rbl file

Te follow the field weekly on the status of Jecurity Index subjects employed by the Federal Covernment. The field advices us of the sound of those subjects as of each Friday and, in the interim, bring any pertinent developments to our attention as they occur.

As of Friday, June 4, 1954, a total of 14 Security Indez subjects were carried on Federal rolls, a drop of 2 from the previous week. Of the 14, 9 are suspended. The subjects are:

was discharged from his employment with the Department of Health, Aucation and elfare in Detroit. This was called to the attention of the Department by memorandum to dated 6/4/54.

an employee of the Separtment of Interior in Oregon who had resigned , clad on 0/3/54. effective

, Army employee in Chicago, was suspended on

) for the Veterans Administration in Saltimore has been omitted from the list of reappointments to be made by that agency on 7/1/54, indicating tenure will expire that

ACTION:

If you approve, the attached letter will be forwarded to , Leputy Attorney Ceneral, to advise of the developments with regard to subjects

SUBJECT: SECURITY OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

SYMO! CIG:

By memorandum dated February 2, 1054, Euranu furnished Attorney General for his information list of 173 loyalty investigations conducted between 1008-1000 covering cases wherein the reports reflect a document or an admission of Communist Party (CT) affiliation of some time or cases which Burcau had called to Department's attention upon receipt of information individuals rated eligible on loyalty. Check of records in January, 1054, developed no information indicating the 173 individuals not Government employed. Subsequent to February 2 low, Pureau has received coxies of several memoranda between Departmental officials reflecting Department is cheeling with and agencies to ascertain if these individuals are still employed in Government. Question rices regarding the thor Aureau should obtain and keep up-to-date information regarding current employment Istatus of these individuals. To maintain such information on a completely accurate basis would necessitate the initiation of a program of periodically checking on a field level with agencies where individuals are employed. Any check of records.could . not be considered entirely accurate as agencies may fail to alvise of resignations, terminations or transfers. Bureau does make weetly check on field level with agencies regarding employment status of Government employees on Security Index, however, the list of 172 cases can not be considered as being in Lune category as Security Index list. Executive Conference memoranium of April 25, 1951, (Photostat attached) discussed the necessity of Bureau following the continued employment of those Government employees in which loyalty or applicant investigations developed deregatory information. Memorandum observed that tiese cases wherein sufficient subversive information was developed parranting placing individuals on Accurity Index would be followed under that program. It a recommended that the Bureau not follow the continued employment of the other codes due to the volume and the great de l of administrative and investigative time that such a program would require. The investigations of the majority of the 173 cases were conducted under Executive Order 0835 (Monloyees Loyelty Order).

The others were conducted under Executive Order 10450 (Employees Security Program). Executive Order 10450 requires readjudication of full field investigations under Executive Order 9835 if individuals are still in Government unless their cases have previously been adijudicated under a standard commensurate with standard results of readjudication and CLU advises Bureau if Bureau investigation involved. Agencies also advise CEC of results of adjudication of cases immestigated under Executive Order 10450 and CSC in turn advises Bureau in instances where Bureau conducted the investigation. Since February 2, 105%, advice received from m that four of the 173 individuals no longer Government employed and two have been retained under Executive Order 10450. Attached is Photostat of memorandum from informent to be are not as dated April 26, 1954, regarding Emergency Detention Program wherein it was approved that field follow employment status of Security Index subjects employed in Government on a weekly basis but no instructions were being issued to field to follow the 173 cases.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) That the Bureau not follow the employment status of the 173 individuals listed in the Bureau's memorandum to the Attorney General of February 2, 1954, by checking with the employing agencies. Such a procedure would involve considerable work and might also lead the employing agencies to feel the Bureau is attempting to influence them to remove these individuals from their rolls.

(2) Stops have been placed in the Employees Security Section so that notices received from , be of dispositions made of these cases will be immediately tabulated. Further, a memorandum is being placed in the main files of these individuals requiring that any information received regarding Government employment status be brought to the immediate attention of the Employees Security Section.

abone recommendations
6-14
-2-

Bureau a copy discussing Security Index subjects in the Government. In the memorandum the Attorney General also made reference to the list of 173 cases furnished him under date of February 2, 1954. The Attorney General asked the Deputy Attorney General to give him a status report regarding both classes of cases and the details of the Deputy Attorney General's procedure for following with other agencies of the Government to determine if the individuals have been separated.

The Deputy Attorney General replied to the Attorney General under date of April 12. 1954, and furnished the European accordance of the memorandum. With respect to the 173 cares, the Deputy Attorney General stated each is being checked against the reports of full field investigations conducted which were then in the custody of for the Department and are concurrently being checked with and cach department and spency will be even of these cases so well as the contents of the investigative reports.

Detention Program - Federal Employee Security Program," the Deputy Atterney General Employee Security Program," the Deputy Atterney General Employee Security Program," the Deputy Atterney General Employee Security Program, the he had addressed to his First Assistant on April 16, 1974. The Deputy Attorney General's homograndum to dealing with the 173 deset stated that when this list of dases had first been cailed to his attention he had asked that each of the departments and agencies involved and SSS be notified at once. He requested to "have a comprehensive survey made to determine for once and for all whether these 173 are still amployed by the Federal Bovernment and, if so, the reason why they have not been removed. He stated "I want to make certain that if any department on a general still employs any of these 173 individuals, that if it is not writter to its mount on the interaction contained in the filled of the PDI." It is noted that the Bureau, of course, has discontanted all such reports to CSO in accordance with cotablished procedures for use in adjudication of the panes.

Under cate of asy 17, 1954, the Attorney General directed a memorandum to the Deputy Attorney General concerning Security Index subjects employed in the Government and the list of 173 cases. Concerning these individuals, the Attorney demand cald, "I think we should (even though we are not required to an so) check with the Mill Service Generation as see that in fact the agency is but gives written notice from the information concerning in the file. If the Mills want to take any chance that them saves are in the information of appropriate chance that the file of the information in the agency and cases from the information."

Under date of May 3, 1954, the Bureau received a telephone call from
Labor Relations Board, with respect to one of the cases on the list of 173, namely, that of advised that the confidence of the Department had called the National Labor Relations Board (NLAB) and made reference to the National Labor Relations Board (NLAB) and made reference to the National Labor Relations Board (NLAB) and made reference to the National Labor Relations Board (NLAB) and made reference to the National Labor Relations Wanted to the Department's files, had been affiliated with the DF at one time. Wanted to know what action NLAB was taking regarding the reduction of the Legal Constitution would be informed to the action in the constitution would be informed to the action in the constitution of the Legal Constitution would be informed to the action in the constitution of the Legal Constitution would be informed to the action in the constitution of the Legal Consti

under date of May 21, 1901, the Jureau received a teleprone sell from a L. 1. Security Different National Advisory Condittee for Accorations, i. with the first was one of the 173 cases. It is said the National Advisory Condittee for Acronautics had received a letter from the for the Department in which II. Made reflecence to the greate and said he felt it should receive the personal attention of officials of NACA. I advised that I whad made application for employment at NACA but that his application had been rejected and they had had so advised CSU and was advising to (1)

PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN CARRYING OFF PROGRAM OF TO FOR TO ACCUMAND YP-10-FATE TRADECTOR OF THE 172 TABLE

In order to have entirely accurate figures with respect to the employment status of these individuals, it would be necessary to check on a field least with the agencies where the persons are employed. A encek sould be made with the headquarters of the agencies in Mashington, however, this could not be considered always current as there may be some delay in the field shabion where the individual is working in notifying the headquarters of the agency of the termination, recignation or transfer. A central check could be made with the periodically. However, such a check would be here accurate than a smack with the headquarters of the agencies in instances may fail to a class of the recignations, terminations or transfers. Accordingly, should the bureau initiate a prograt of following the employment or thus these individuals in order that its liqures be employed to thus at these individuals in order that its liqures be employed to thus an those individuals in order that its liqures be employed to the soft these individuals in order that its liqures be employed to the agency, it should diese sheek on a field level with the employing agencies. Thereefter, ristless accide would have the boundary periodicity in every to head it are a second.

UNRECORDED 6-10-54

discussed the quention of whether the Sursey has a responsibility to follow the activities and employment status of those loyelty and applicant-typ, they in which derojatory information has been explosed by the lument's investigation. A Photostal of the noted that the expelse then being used was that when subversive investigation are reviewed by the Internal Becauty Pestion of the first Education Tabelliance Livinion for some levestigation are reviewed by the Internal Becauty Pestion of whether a Security Index can't should be prepared or investigation should be continued as a security make too they are to be should be continued as security asked to the fact that there are very few to determine from the investigation already conducted whether the individual should be on the leverity Lader and the matter the fact it is possible the individual should so on the leverity Lader conducted whether the individual should so on the leverity Lader and according to the fact of the Lumbau decided to follow on the cases in white derogatory information we developed, it could do so in one of the following three ways:

(1) All incompositional year on which any submountial developed on the Security Index. The memorandum from the usual standards as in the great majority of cases the acrogatory information related to

(2) Security could sould be opened when the loyally cases are completed on all subjects where derogatory information has been developed. The memorandua advised such a procedure would appear unsurpented as the loyalty investigation is as complete or more complete than the would be association; that the only thing they would be associationed by opening accurate whether the subject is still in Government.

(3) A list of the cases could be furnished the field and inverthe field sheek periodically to set if the subject relains in Covernment service. The incomment administrative procedure by a very burk really administrative procedure, but could be done if it was felt there are for the more about that the clief objective to much a procedure was not the emissional which involves the fact that the emissional gates of influencial, there is no affective estion the Descent our take with property of a

.

The Conference unanimously recommended that the Bureau continue its present procedure, that is, where investigations under the loyalty or applicant programs warrant consideration of the persons involved for the Security Index, the individuals be placed on the index but that the Bureau not set up a procedure whereby we follow the continued employment of Government employment.

It is to be pointed out that the Executive Conference recommendation was with mespectato all cases in which some the research of course, would be many more cases than the 173 names on the list to the Attender deposit of the list to the

The procedure of referring those according which substantial subversive information was developed by the loyalty investigation to the incornal formatic Destion of the loyalty investigation for consideration as to destine the individuals should be placed on the Decurity Index is still being used in the Bureau. It addition, Section 69% of the Manual of Instructions covering security investigations and Dection 670.7 c. (2) must constantly bear in mind that all individuals investigated Security Index subjects and where the information developed in the employ of security investigation the information developed should be considered as possible Decarity Index subjects.

Section 69 E.5. of the Manual of instructions contains instructions to the effect that if information is received subsequent to the completion of an EdE investigation reflecting with employment of the individual may not be clearly consistent with the interest of the national security such information should be submitted to the Sursay under an SGE caption. Engise information that may be received or developed by the field individuals remain in Covernment employment.

Attached is a Photostat of Lo.

Mr. Lated April 25, 1954, requesting the Emery a y
Detention Program. This memorances refers to the Deputy attracts
Generally descended of april 15, 1956, memorance under the
submach "information and ding appartment batter in a g
mandure to development a personal descended by the descended
to development regions are a personal descended by instruction of places are and a construction of places
to development of places a personal descended by instruction of places and a personal descended by instruction to represent a construction of the constructio

these. The recommendation advised that the field was not being instructed to follow and report employment status with respect to the 173 cases not on the Security Index. This recommendation was approved.

ANDIOU NURENO PROTTY S ROOM DON REPRESENTED ADDOCTORES ON A PRINCIPLE AND TO DELIVER A PRINCIPLE AND DELIVER A DELIVER A DELIVER AND DELIV

It is noted that the majority of the 173 cases in the Europe's list to the Attempt Ceneral of February 1, 1984, were conducted under Emecutive Order 2035. The remainder these and ducted under Emecutive Order 18420. The Barcan choice, therefore, receive advice flow 350 with respect to any readjudications involved in the 173 cases as well as any adjustmentions hade in those cases.

Office Men. r indum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 1688

FROM !

PREPARATION OF SUMMARY REPORTS

My memorandum of May 13, 1954, noted that as of May 1, 1954

19 offices, exclusive of New York, were still engaged in preparing

initial summary reports in Security Index cases. Upon our

initial summary reports are submitting progress reports the first

instructions these offices are submitting progress reports the first

of each month until the project is completed. We have reiterated

of each month until the project is completed. We have reiterated

that the deadline of July 14, 1954, must be met and that the SAC's

that the deadline of July 14, 1954, must be met and that the sac's

are being held personally responsible in this connection.

The status letters as of June 1, 1954, reveal that Albany, Anchorage and Boston have now completed their reports, leaving 16 offices still engaged in the project.

Attached is a tabulation setting out the status of the program in the 16 offices showing (1) the total number of summary reports scheduled (including Key Figure and Key Facility cases); (2) total completed as of May 1, 1954; (3) total completed as of June 1, 1954; (4) number yet to submit and (5) percentage completed.

We are directing letters to the 10 offices indicated on the attachment by asterisks, which have submitted less than 90% of the summary reports, commenting upon their progress and reiterating the summary reports, commenting upon their progress and reiterating the necessity of meeting the bureau deadline of July 14, 1954, without fail.

Four of the 10 offices under 90% - Detroit, New Haven, Philadelphia and Seattle - in addition to noting their production figures, set out comments regarding their manpower commitments and assignments as they relate to captioned program.

Detroit letter of May 27, 1954, noted that during May, 1954, that office had submitted 111 reports, dictated 205 and had ready for dictation as of May 27, 1954, 54 summary reports. It was stated that their total accomplishments, including the foregoi in May was somewhat under their quota of 300 summary reports in May was somewhat under their quota of 300 summary reports originally set for that month and pointed out that failure to meet

Attachment
Bufile 100-358086 7

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the quota was attributable in part to the necessity of assigning Agents to surveillances in connection with Soviet and satellite matters. Detroit expects to have all their remaining summaries in dictation by June 30, 1954.

New Haven letter of June 3, 1954, indicates that in May, 1954, that office submitted only 27 summary reports leaving 55 for completion before the July 14, 1954, deadline. It was stated that Smith Act apprehensions by that office in the latter part of May had affected their summary report production requiring deferment of dictation in several instances. New Haven pointed out that with the addition of stenographic help approved by the Bureau and with the completion of the Smith Act apprehensions, captioned program will receive top priority and the Bureau deadline will be met.

Philadelphia letter of June 1, 1954, notes that the entire complement of the two Security Matter - C squads, 49 men, are now working almost exclusively on summary reports and, in addition, 25 men assigned to a third security squad are working part-time on the program. All remaining cases requiring summary reports have been assigned and the date of June 30, 1954, has been fixed as the deadline by which all their summaries must be completed or in alctation.

Seattle letter of June 1, 1954, states that during May, 1954, a total of 106 summary reports were submitted, leaving 113 for preparation by the deadline date. It is stated that difficulty is still being encountered in the matter of getting the reports dictated and transcribed in that Seattle is extremely short of stenographic personnel. It may be noted in my memorandum of May 13, 1854, the stenographic situation in Seattle was mentioned, as discussed in the status letter from that office dated May 4, 1954, under the above caption. Seattle letter of May 25, 1954, captioned "Bureau Applicant Investigations, Related Special Inquiries and SGE - Seattle Division," sets out the stenographic problem in that office in considerable detail. Seattle has re-emphasized that this project will definitely be completed by the deadline date insofar as the preparation of the reports by Agents are concerned.

ACTION:

We will continue to follow this program closely and Myou will be advised of its status as of July 1, 1954, promptly upon the receipt of the monthly status letters from the field.

STATUS OF SECURITY INDEX SUMMARY REPORT PROJECT AS OF JUNE 1, 1954

(Including Key Facility & Key Figure Cases)

•	& Key F	igure Cases	Number	Percentage Completed				
Baltimore Buffalo * Chicago Cincinnati * Detroit * Houston Indianapolis * Los Angeles * Newark * New Haven * Philadelphia * St. Louis * San Diego San Francisco * Sacttle VFO	Number Scheduled 329 240 1,532 190 1,379 60 266 2,510 799 498 970 172 141 2,265 611 250	5-1-54 316 224 1,277 177 956 50 234 1,694 575 428 645 137 72 2,138 399 215	323 226 1,370 179 1,059 53 242 2,010 651 443 745 148 113 2,191 498 235	To Submit 6 14 162 11 320 7 24 500 148 55 225 24 28 74 113 15	98% 93% 89% 94% 77% 88% 91% 80% 89% 77% 86% 80% 97%			

(* Letters being sent to these offices)

SEC3ST

June 9, 1354

Deputy Attorney General

Director, FBI

EMERGENCY DETENTION PROGRAM FRI File

recarding records and to previous communications recarding retrievely subjects embloyed by the General Federal Covernment. Let out hereins fter are data received records the field relating to individuals in the above category.

employed by the Repartment of the Interior, rortland, Oregon, died on June 5, 1954.

, an employee of the United States
, Illinois,
use suspended on
originating with the Office of the Chief of Ordnance,
Washington, D. C.

with the Veterans Administration in Baltimore, Maryland, has been omitted from the list of reappointments to be made by that Agency on July 1, 1954, indicating that his services will be terminated by the Veterans Administration on

any further information received in this rotter will be brought to your attention promptly upon receipt.

Office Mem and united Tales Government

1689

DATE: June 11, 1954

SUBJECT: DELINQUENCY IN SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS

SYNOPSIS:

security work by analyzing the backlog of pending cases and delinquency in Espionage, Internal Security, Security Matter and foreign intelligent cases in classifications 65, 100 and 105. Status of these cases as of May 31, 1954, is set forth herein.

Pending active matters in the entire field in the security classifications decreased from 21,752 to 21,521. Delinquent matters increased from 6,757 to 7,822 with the resultant over-all statistical increase from 31.6% to 35.8%. The delinquency in security cases in the New York Office increased from 2,191 to 2,192, a continuing percentage of 45. The number of pending active matters in the 100 classification decreased in the New York Office from 4,328 to 4,067 and the delinquent items in this classification decreased from 2,014 to 1,894 or a continued statistical delinquency of 47%.

Letters are being sent to 28 offices either instructing them to reduce backlog and delinquency or, in some cases commenting upon their progress in bringing their security cases to current status.

RECOMMENDATION:

The field will continue to be followed closely in this matter and you will be advised of the results of the review of the June, 1954, administrative reports.

Bufile 30586

X gr.

DETAILS:

a monthly basis, the twelve field offices having a large proportion of our pending security work and since March, 1952, all offices. We have written letters to the twelve offices and to other offices where progress in reducing the backlog of work and delinquency has not been satisfactory.

The May, 1954, administrative reports from all offices reflect that the total pending active matters in the classifications 65, 100 and 105 decreased during this month from 21,752 to 21,521. The delinquent items increased from 6,757 to 7,822 which represents a statistical increase of from 31.6% to 35.8%.

The following statistics reflect the status of pending work including both pending active and pending inactive matters and delinquency for all field divisions as of December 31, 1951, and the progress for the last four months:

TOTAL PENDING MATTERS CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

Classifications	12-31-51	<u>2-28-54</u>	<u>3-31-54</u>	4-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>
65	1,314	1,155	1,109	1,127	1,163
100	32,812	21,743	21, 99 5	20,764	21,368
105	2,895	2,570	2,721	2,894	3,413
Total	37,021	25,4 68	25, 825	24,785	25,944

TOTAL DELINQUENT MATTERS CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

. •	Classifications	<u>12-31-51</u>	<u>2-28-54</u>	3-31-54	4-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>
	65	525	153	175	156	189
.•	100	22,518	5,408	5,803	5,962	6,870
•	105	1,719	446	639	523	763
Surestin	ر با در بازد و در ایک میکند. Total	24,762		6,617	6,757	7,822

The following statistics reflect the total of pending active matters, delinquency and percentage of delinquency of all offices since January 31, 1953.

CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

~	Pending Active <u>Kaiters</u>	Delinquent Yatters	Percentage <u>Delinguent</u>						
<u>Date</u>	NO VICE MOTOR								
1-31-53	24,098	- 11,772	48.8%						
2-28-53	22,935	11,233	46.9%						
	23,033	- 10, 890	47.3%						
3-31- 53	22,100	9,120	41.3%						
4-30-53		9,730	44.8%						
5-31- 53	21,740		45.6%						
6-30- 53	20,970	. 9,558							
7-31- 53	20,180	9,411	46.6%						
8-31-53	1 9 , 49 3	8,495	43.6%						
9-30-53	19,224	7,571	39.4%						
10-31-53	19,141	5, 580	34. 3%						
11-30-53	19,833	655 6	<i>33.5%</i>						
	19,947	6,749	<i>33.2</i> %						
12-31-53	13,341 00 500	7,494	36.5%						
1-31-54	20,520	6,007	27.9%						
2- 28 - 54	21,488		30.2%						
3- 31-54	21,848	6,617							
4-30-54	21,752	6,757	31.6%						
5-31-54	21, 863	7,822	35. 8%						

Status of Security Work in Twelve of the Larger Offices

The following statistics reflect the progress of the twelve larger offices we have been closely following since December, 1951.

These offices have approximately 80% of the total Security Index these offices have approximately 80% of the total Security Index cards and a high percentage of the pending work and delinquency in classifications 65, 100 and 105.

STATISTICS FOR TWELVE OFFICES SECURITY INDEX COURT AND FOR 65, 100 and 105 MATTERS

	Security Index Cards		Active rs 5-31-54	Percentage Delinquent <u>4-30-54</u> 5-31-			
<u>Office</u>	5-15-54	5,377	5,290	41%	41%		
New York	6,391		1,791	44%	51%		
Los Angeles	4,042	2 , 053		38%	31%		
a E	2,250	1,378	1,460	,			
	1,531	1,086	1,113	35%	40%		
: Chicago		1,008	910	37%	4 8%		
p Detroit	1,386		1,024	29%	40%		
* Philadelphia	1,156	1,005		23%	3 8%		
* Newark	813	1,129	1,157				
	683	451	4 9 5	17%	32%		
* Cleveland	680	5 59	377	32%	49%		
* Seattle		717	690	24%	<i>35%</i>		
# Boston	631			17%	15%		
Minneaml is	520	360	3 9 4	•	42%		
	513	455	429	_ 28%	40 j.		
* New Haven Total	20,596	15,578	15,130				
10 001	-		7 na (10 8	herein.			

^{*} Letters being sent to offices indicated. See page 8 herein.

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The over-all statistics for the eleven offices other than the New York Office since July 31, 1952, are as follows:

the New 101 h	Pending Active <u>Watters (65-100-105</u>	Delinquent Matters) (65-100-105	Percentage Delin- quent(65-100-105
Date 50	13,117	7,965	60.7%
7-31-52		7,5 69	60.2%
8-31-52		5,732	50.4%
9-30-52	11,367	4,957	43. 9%
10-31-52	11,286	-	43.5%
11-30-52	11,148	4,844	41.9%
12-31-52	10,937	4,578	43.8%
1-31-53	10,730	4,696	
2-2 8-53	10,721	4,358	40.6%
3-31- 53	10,069	4,019	39.9%
	9,411	2,887	30.7%
4-30-53	9,277	3,447	37.2%
5-31-53	8,964	3,532	39.4%
6-30-53		3,758	42.2%
7-31-53	8,908	3,6 18	42.3%
8-31-53	3,547	3,249	37.8%
9-30-53	8,601		31 • 4%
10-31-53	8, 845	2,785	30.4%
· 11-30-5 3	9,434	2,871	34.1%
12-31-53	9,552	3,261	33.8%
1-31-54	9,814	3,318	
2-28-54	10,288	3,021	29.4%
	10,188	2,998	29.4%
3-31-54	10,201	3,209	31.5%
4-30-54 5-31-54	9,840	3,920 - 5 -	39. 8%

New York Office

3

11

During 1953, the New York Office made a steady reduction in delinquent matters in the security classifications as well as a steady reduction in the case backlog. During November, 1953, the security delinquency dropped below 50% for the first time in 1953 to 47%. This was reduced even further in December to 43% as compared with January, 1953, delinquency of 76% in the security classifications. During January, 1954, however, New York delinquency in the security classifications took an upward trend, from 43% to 53%.

The May, 1954, administrative report reveals that its security delinquency remained constant during the past month at a percentage of 4½. The pending active security cases decreased in the New York Office from 5,377 for April, 1954, to 5,290 for May, 1954. Delinquent items increased from 2,191 as of April 30, 1954, to 2,192 as of May 31, 1954.

The New York Office has approximately 25% of the pending active matters in the 65, 100 and 105 classifications in the entire field. This office has approximately 28% of the number of delinquent items in these classifications throughout the field. The average delinquency in all other offices at the end of Eay, 1934, was approximately 34%. The New York delinquency remained at 41% as previously noted.

The bulk of the New York backlog and delinquency is in the 100 classification. During May, 1954, the number of pending active matters in the 100 classification in the New York Office decreased from 4,328 to 4,067. The number of delinquent matters in this classification decreased from 2,014 to 1,894 with no statistical change from the 47% for April, 1954.

Status of Security Work in the Remaining Forty Of ices

The remaining forty offices are listed according to the percentage of delinquency on May 31, 1954, in total matters in classifications 65, 100 and 105. These statistics reflect the progress during May, 1954. It should be noted that many of the smaller offices have no pending matters in classifications 65 and 105 and their entire pending backlog is in classification 100 matters.

6,174

To tal

6,733

^{*} Letters sent to offices indicated regarding delinquent status.

See page 8 herein.

The following figures illustrate the progress of the forty offices as a whole since June 30, 1952, as reflected in the administrative reports:

	Pending Active Matters	Delinquent Matters	Percentage
Date	<u>(65-100-105)</u>	<u>(65-100-105)</u>	<u>Delinquent</u>
6 20 50	8,417	3,842	45.6%
6-30-52	7 776		40.6%
. , .7-31-52	7,776	3,054	44.0%
8-31-52	6,928	2,109	34.0%
9-30-52	6,198	1,279	20.8%
10- 31-52	6,126	1 709	27.8%
11-30- 52	6,129	1,703	27.2%
12-31-52	6,22 8	1,691	25.6%
1-31-53	6, 080	1,554	
2-28-53	6,103	1,515	24.6%
3-31-53	5 , 936	1,542	26.0%
4-30-53	5, 86 4	1,414	24.1%
5-31- 53	4,897	1,726	29.3%
6-30- 53	5,611	1,577	28.1%
7-31-53	5,146	1,358	26.4 %
	5,0 95	1,323	26. 0%
8-31-53	5,050	1,219	24.1%
9-30-53	1,087	1,087	21.8%
10-31-53		1,355	26.1%
11-30-53	5,1 80	1,301	24.6%
12-31- 53	5,280		25. 9%
1- 31-54	5,562	1,444	22.5%
2-28-54	5, 997	1,347	23.5%
3-31-54	6,0 79	1,431	
4-30-54	6,174	1,327	21.5%
5-31-54	6 , 733	1,710	25.4%

Letters to the Field

As noted previously, we are sending letters to 28 offices either instructing them to take appropriate measures to bring the investigations in the security classifications to, or maintain them in a current status. Letters are being directed to the offices indicated by asterisks on pages four and seven herein. It will be noted that the security delinquency of those offices for the month of May, 1954, appears in the extreme right hand column of the two lists on pages four and seven.

0

My

Office Memorandum • United States Government

. THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 11, 1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX - 7 Bufile

The following is a report on the increase in the Security Index since the last count was furnished to you on May 14, 1954:

Jan was a same	New Cards	Cards	Net
Week Of	Added	Cancelled	<u>Increase</u>
May 15-21	79	<i>32</i>	47
May 22-28	50	24	2 6
May 29-June 4	42	11	31
June 5-11	4 8	16	32
TOTAL:	219	83	136

For your information, during the preceding four-week period 260 cards were added and 64 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 196 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is 25,366.

ACTION:

This is for your information.

June 16, 1954

EMERGENCY DETENTION PROGRAM : FRI File

DURATIS:

subjects employed by the Federal Government. The field savises us of the status of Security Index of the status of Security Index of the status of the field savises us bring any pertinent developments to our attention as they occur.

As of Friday, June 11, 1954, a total of 15 Security Index subjects were carried on Federal rolls, an increase of one over the previous week. Of the 15, 10 are suspended. The subjects are:

ACTION:

If you approve, the attrohed letter will be forwarded to . Denuty Attorney Coneral, to advise of the to the Security Index. addition of

Deputy Attorney General

Juns 17, 1954

Director, 131

1100 - 1 - 1000

WEELOCK DOLUTION PROFILE FULL FILE

Reference is mile to provious communications temperature relating to Security Index subjects employed by the angular communications.

Ticase to mistoni time

New York, has been designated for inclusion in the Security Index.

is currently suspended from the above employment. Investignative reports bearing the character "espionage - " have been mide available to the records Administration Brench of the Separtment and to the Department of the Savy.

Any further information received in this matter will be forwarded to you promptly upon receipt.

Office Menwiandum • united states government

TO

DATE: June 18, 1954

FROM

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX

During the past week, 50 cards were added to the Security Index and 21 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 29 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,395.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

1642

Assistant Attorney Criminal Division June 21, 1954

Director, FBI

NPlut

SECURITY INDEX LIST

There is attached hereto a current list of
the names of the individuals maintained in the
Security Index. Asks included in the main portion
of the list are arranged alphabetically. The names
of individuals coming within five designated groups
of individuals coming within five designated groups
are listed on approve place. Tallouin, each name
is information reflecting the race, sex, birth date,
Bureau file number and the Bureau field office coverling the residence of the individual.

It is requested that this list be given utmost security.

ttachment

NOTE ON YELLOW ONLY:

Espionage Section of the Special Section not included.

The five designated groups are:

Foreign Government Employees
United Nations Employees
Pro-Tito Yugoslaus
U. S. Government Employees
Atomic Energy Program Employees

1110-55-006 164 1641

TO:

May 17, 1954

FROM:

I have your secret memorandum of May 14, giving an up-to-date report on the status of government employment of certain individuals investigated under Executive Order 10450. It reports that every name called to the attention of the Department has having been listed on the security index has been especially called to the attention of the appropriate agency by the Department of Justice.

I note that you will continue to report on the status of these cases at appropriate intervals. The only question that occurs to me is whether we should not investigate the one case of the person who was retained in government brought out in the agency's investigation leading to clearance, would not warrant us removing the individuals named from the security index. Please let me know your views on this.

You have also sent me copies of two memorands, written by you to under date of April 16, 1951, entitled "Imergency Detention Program". They refer to a list of 173 cases and another list of 13 cases. I am not sure whether the 13 are additional to the 173 or not, but in any event I think we should (even thought we are not) required to do so) check with the Civil Service Commission and see that in fact the agency has been given written notice about the information contained in the files of the FBI. Places check with on this as he has had some contact with the C.S. C. I do not want to take any chance that they may be included in a backlog of unprocessed cases over in the Civil Service Cormission.

I also have a report from the Director, TPI, dated May 11, Referring to 294 names, and suggest you process them in the same way.

SAC, Albany

PERSONAL ATTENTION

Director, FBI (100-358086)

SECURITY INDEX

There is attached hereto for each office an alphabetical list of its Security Index subjects prepared from the Bureau's Security Index as of June 15, 1954. Each subject the Bureau's Security Index as of June 15, 1954. Each subject the Bureau's Security Index as of June 15, 1954. Each subject the Bureau's formal for an analysis of the Special subjects carried in the various subdivisions of the Special subjects carried in the various subdivisions of the Special subjects carried in the various subdivisions of the Special subjects carried in the various subdivisions of the Special subjects and the subjects and the

Attackment

In checking this list against your Security Index the following items should be considered and handled as follow

- If the name of a subject on the attached list is not included in your Security Index, you should check that subject's case file to determine his correct Security Index status. In appropriate notation should be placed adjecent to the subject's name on the enclosed list reflecting the correct Security Index enclosed list reflecting the correct Security Index status for the subject. If his name should be deleted from the Bureau's Security Index the notation should refer to the previous communication from your office which recommended cancellation. If you connected should be in your Index, the notation should request the Bure to forward cards to your office.
 - In your Security Index which do not appear on the attached list, the names of such subjects and the Bureau file number (where known) should be set forth on a separate sheet of paper with the date that the subject was recommended for inclusion in the Security Index. Instances of this nature will occur in these cases where subjects have recently been recommended for inclusion in the Index and were not included therein a the time of printing of the attached list but cards he subsequently been prepared at the Bureau. Instances of this nature may also occur in those cases where cancellation of a Security Index card has recently been recommended by you and you have not yet received Bureau authorization to cancel.
 - In checking the Special Section of your Security Index against the attached list you should be certain that the subjects are in the same subdivision as those indicated on the attached list. Appropriate notations should be placed on the attached list if there are any discrepancies between your Special Section and the list
 - 4. To avoid an increasing number of discrepancies between the attached list and your Security Index due to current chances being made in the Security Index, this check must be instituted insudiately and confleted within 10 days of the receipt of this memoranium by each office. Upon completion, the attached list and appropriate notations should be returned to the Jureau by cover memorandum under instant captions.

Office Memorandum • UNITE ______SVERNMENT

TO

DATE: 6/22/54

FROM !

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX CARD STATISTICS

There are attached two copies of a table showing by Field Office the total number of Security Index cards in our files. This table indicates the nationalistic tendency, the dangerousness classification, sex, race, citizenship status, and others on one of the "Special Lists." A key to the abbreviations is also included.

These statistics are based on Statistical Section records as of June 15, 1954.

Attachments

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS USED IN SECURITY INDEX

ALAlien CS Comsab DC Detcom . KF Key Figure NA Naturalized Native Born NBTFTop Functionary Unknown UIV

Atomic Energy Program Employees Bulgarian Communist Party, USA Espionage subjects AEP BUL COM ESP Foreign Government Employees United States Government Employees FGE GOV HUN ISL Independent Socialist League MIS NPRPPA

Miscellaneous Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico Proletarian Party of America RUS RWL. SWP UNE

Revolutionary Workers! League
Socialist Workers! Party
United Nations Employees
Union of the People for the Establishment
of the Republic of Puerto Rico UPR

YUG

ENC !

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[•] Items do not aid to total column but are included in Sections 5, 5, 6 and 7.
•• 1 TO carried in FOE of Special Section.

11 1 1

SPECIAL SECTION

SPECIAL SECTION

Section 128 I

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-358086) (RM)

DATE: 6/24/54

FROM

SAC, KNOXVILLE (100-2359)

subject:

SECURITY INDEX

ReBulet to Albany 6/22/54

Enclosed is alphabetized list of Security Index subjects residing in the Knoxville Division which list was prepared by the Bureau.

The enclosed list has been checked against the Security Index of the Knoxville Division and it has been found that data on this list is correct in all respects.

100-356066 16

SICRIT

June 24, 1954

- Deputy Attornay General

Director, FEI

LAMIC NOT DITARTION FROIT M

Leference is made to the provious convergence relating to escurive India subjects who are engloyed by the Federal Covernment.

lunticulun regarance ta mudo to my letter dated June 17, 1954, hich advised of the for inclusion in the designation of Security Index and advised of his current state of augustaion from employment at the United States hew York. For your additional was suspended from his rederal information employment on March 15, 1954. On approximately April 20, 1.04, his wife requested that he be placed on annual leave, retroactive to the date of his suspension, rending the outcome of hearings being afforced to him by the security pearing courage Second Civil Service Regional District, Courrer's Island, New York. This request was granted and ta presently on annual leave.

Any further information received concerning these individuals who are included in the Jecurity Indem and who are employed by the received covernment will be preserved to you productly upon receipt.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

DATE: June 25, 1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX

During the past week, 61 cards were added to the Security Index and 26 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 35 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is 25,430.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

AIR TEL Transmit the following Tolytop message to:

WORD HAS BEEN RECEIVED CONCERNING

FBI, LOS ANGELES' JUNE 25, 1954 4:00 P.M.

DIRECTOR, FBI /

SECURITY INDEX, SPECIAL SECTION. REBUAIRTEL APRIL TWENTYSIXTH LAST AND MYAIRTEL JUNE EIGHTEENTH LAST. , PERSONNEL, INTERNAL REVENUE BUREAU, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT NO FURTHER

, VETERANS ADMINISTRATION, WEST LOS ANGELES, ADVISED THIS DATE THAT NO FURTHER WORD HAS BEEN RECEIVED CONCERNING .. BOTH SUBJECTS CONTINUE UNDER INDEFINITE SUSPENSION. THEY REMAIN ON THE PERSONNEL ROLLS BUT ARE NOT ON THE ACTIVE PAYROLL LIST.

1698

Office Memorandum · Unite

ES GOVERNMENT

TO

. DIRECTOR, FBI (100-358086)

DATE: 7/1/54

SAC, HOUSTON (100-9018)

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX

ReBulet to Albany 6/22/54.

Attached hereto is the list of individuals on the Security Index in the Houston Division. It has been checked against the SI Box and no discrepancies noted.

المهروري والمراجع والمنتقية والمنطقية والمراجع والمعاولة والمحاورة والمتحول والمتحول والمتحول والمتحولة والمتاريخ

100-358036-16

EMERGENCY DEPENTION PROGRAM

By memorandum dated 9/30/53, the Attorney General advised that for Budgetary r asons it would not be possible to continue the general review of all Security Index/cases. In a reply dated 10/15/53, we advised the Attorney General that it was our opinion that all security Index cases should be approved by the Capantagent but that Index cases should be approved by the Department but that if it was the Attorney General's decision to discontinue the general review consider. ation should be given to reviewing certain special types of cases. The Attorney General in a memorandum dated 11/17/53 advised that the general review had been discontinued but that the Criminal Division would review certain special types of cases including Security Index subjects certain apecial types of cases uncluding becurity index subjects identified as . S. Government, United actions, Foregin Government and Atomic Energy Program employees, certain specifically named individuals prominent in the business and professional fields not presently included in the Security Index and other special types of cases in which unusual or peculiar circumstances exist.

Since 11/17/53, to obtain approvals for the special type cases we have followed the Department by a memorandum to Assistant Attorney General dated 1/7/54, 2/17/51 and y/1/54. No approvals regarding the games of the Security Index subjects identified under the employment. categories named above have been received since the Attorney General's memorandum of 9/30/53 discontinuing the general review. No advice has been received as to whether the names of any of the 32 specifically identified prominent individuals should be added to the Security Index.

During the recent inspection of the Domestic Intelligence Division, the Inspector recommended that the Security Index Unit closes follow the cases not approved by the Department in the special types of employment listed above and the 32 specifically named prominent individuals to obtain Department approval as soon as possible. In the Director's letter to Assistant Director A. H. Delmont dated 6/21/54, commenting on the recent inspection of the Domestic Intelligence Division, the Director stated that additional inquiry should be made as to the progressof the Department of Justice in reviewing and approving the special types of cases mentioned above concerning which

Department approval has not yet been obtained as well as renewing the request to the Department for refiww of the remaining cases in the Security Index concerning which Departmental approval has not been obtained.

RECOMMENDATION:

If you approve, there is attached a letter to the Attorney General following this matter to obtain approval from the Department regarding the special types of Security Index dases mentioned above.

The letter does not specifically ask the Attorney General to consider reviewing all Security Index cases because we expressed our opinion in that matter in the memorandum to him dated June 1, 1954. The request for the Department to review all Security Index cases will be followed by a memorandum to the Attorney General at a later date.

> O.K. H.

AUF CAUEST

THE ATTURNSY CHAIRAL

July 2, 1054

Director, FBI

FROGRIM FOR APPREIENCION AND DETTUTION OF THE PLONE CONTINUED TO THE NATIONAL LAND, IS AND FIELD OF THE MATIONAL LAND, IS AND NEI FILE.

You are referred to previous communications, including my memorandum of June 1, 1984, in which I have urged that the Department proceed with the review of certain cases in connection with the necessity Indem Program.

out that for budgetary reasons it would not be consisted to conduct a general review of all Cacarity Index .

It was stated, however, that the Department fould is the special types of cases involving Training and the subjects identified as entted distress coveragent, butted wattons, oreign described and atomic interpy Trogram employees as well as certain individuals arouthent in the beginness and professional registed water have included in the ascurity andex.

I can beding this in our fill of results on a fill of results of the constitution of t

Office Λ

" • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 2, 1954

FROM 1

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX GRAPHAL

During the past week, 35 cards were added to the Security Index and 17 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 18 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,448.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: July 9, 1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX
Bufile

The following is a report on the increase in the Security Index since the last count was furnished to you on June 11, 1954.

Week of	New Cards Added	Cards Cancelled	Net Increase
June 12-18 June 19-25 June 26-July July 3-9	50 61 2 35 34	21 26 17 18	29 35 18 16
	180	82	98

For your information, during the preceding fourweek period 219 cards were added and 135 cards were cancelled a net increase of 83 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is 25,464.

ACTION:

This is for your information.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

DATE: July 9, 1954

FROM

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX - TI-

DETAILS:

exclusive of New York, which is exempted from the project, were still engaged in preparing initial summary reports in Security Index cases. We instructed these offices to submit the status of the program as of June 30, 1934, and to verify by letter on July 14, 1954, the deadline date, that the project has been completed.

The status letters have been received from the above 16 offices and they reveal that as of July 1, 1954, including the reports in dictation, all of the 16 offices had completed at least 95% of the reports. Five of the offices had completed all of the scheduled reports and a sixth office (San Francisco) had finished the program entirely, having actually submitted the reports with no backlog in dictation.

All offices naving reports remaining to be prepared as of June 30, 1954, have assured the Bureau that the deadline of July 14, 1954, will be met without fail.

Attached is a tabulation setting cut the figures pertaining to the program in the above 16 offices as of July 1, 1954, showing: (1) total number of summary reports scheduled (including Key Facility and Key Figure cases); (2) total submitted as of June 1, 1954; (3) total submitted as of July 1, 1954; (4) total in dictation as of July 1, 1954; (5) total completed, including reports submitted and in dictation and (6) percentage completed, including reports in dictation.

ACTION:

As noted previously, we have already instructed the remaining offices to submit letters on the deadline date of July 14, 1954, to reach the Bureau by July 16, 1954, without fail, verifying the completion of this project. You will be advised promptly upon the receipt of such letters.

STATUS OF SECURITY INDEX SUMMARY REPORT PROJECT AS OF JULY 1, 1954

(Including Key Facility and Key Figure Cases)

Office So	umber cheduled	Submi 6-1-54	tted 7-1-54	In Dictation 7-1-54	Total Completed (Submitted and In Dictation)	Percentag
Baltimore Buffalo Chicago Cincinnati Detroit Houston Indianapolis Los Angeles Newark New Haven Philadelphia St. Louis San Diego San Francisco Seattle Washington Field	335 240 1,532 190 1,372 72 266 2,510 820 504 974 173 144 2,271 588 250	323 226 1,370 179 1,059 59 242 2,010 651 443 745 146 113 2,191 498 235	334 233 1,458 180 1,254 69 264 2,301 703 480 886 160 134 2,271 544 240	1 7 63 5 104 1 2 209 77 13 69 13 5 0 28 5	335 240 1,521 185 1,358 70 266 2,510 780 493 955 173 139 2,271 572 245	100% 100% 99% 98% 97% 100% 100% 98% 100% 97% 100% 97%

FN C

1703

Office Memorandum • United States Government

date: 7/6/54

FROM !

TO

Executives Conference

SUBJECT:

SUGGESTION NO. 231-54

MADE BY SA(A) _
NEW YORK OFFICE
SECURITY INDEX - FORT FD-186
(NEW ORA NOUM FOR POSTING INFORMATION
ON SECURITY INDEX CABD)

THE SUGGESTION:

That Form FD-186 (Memorandum for posting information on Security Index Card) be revised to show the Security Index subject has been personally observed. (Samples attached.)

PRESENT PROCEDURE:

By SAC Letter 54-24 (L) dated 5/11/54, the field was instructed to personally observe their Security Index subjects, if this had not already been done, to aid in the reporting of if this had not already been done, to aid in the reporting of accurate descriptions and to prevent mistaken identities. In addition, it was further provided that "a notation or memorandum addition, it was further provided that be subject has been personally to the effect that the Security Index subject whose name is presently maintained in the Security Index subject whose name is presently maintained in the Security Index. In most instances such a notation will already appear in those case files, having been recorded there at the time the Security radex subject was personally observed by the Special Agent to whom the subject was assigned for apprehension purposes."

ADVANTAGES OF THE LOGGESTICE.

Domestic Intelligence Division. states that the recommended changes in Form FD-186 embody references to the personal observation and provides for necessary modifications to the data previously posted on the Security Index cards. With the proposed amendments, FD-186 may be used to (1) summarize descriptive data derived from all sources, including physical observations, for posting on the reverse side of the Security Index cards at the time they are originally approved and received inthe field and (2) to provide for the subsequent amendments in the data carried on the reverse side of the Security Index cards which may be derived from both physical observations and other sources. He believes form FD-186 can well be utilized for the dual purposes as suggested and notes that two amenaments to Form FD-186 have been approved providesly but no additional copies of the form have been run since their approval and there are presently 72,350 copies of the form on hand.

Attached for approval are appropriate Manual changes and a letter to the SAC, New York, advising of the adoption of the suggestion. Also attached is an SAC Letter advising of the amendments to be made in Form FD-186 and pointing out the purposes for which it may thus be utilized.

DISADVANTAGES OF THE SUGGESTION:

EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE CONSIDERATION:

7/6/54

Present at the Executives Conference on July 2, 1954, were Messrs.

The Conference unanimously favored suggestion.

There are attached an appropriate letter to New York, an SAC Letter and changes for the Manual of Rules and Regulations.

There is also attached a letter to SA(A)

2..

DATE: SAMPLE FD186 TO: FROM: SUBJECT: FILE NO: 75(5)
Section 87C, 88(44), Manual of Instructions, directed the description and photograph should be placed on the reverse side of the Security Index Card. In regard to the photograph, the most recent one should be used if there is a choice. A review of the subject's file reflects there is - is not - a photograph of the above-named captioned subject available for placing with the Security Index Card. (If more than one photograph is available, the Agent handling the investigation should indicate the photograph to be used.) A review of the subject's file also reflects the following to be the most complete and current description of the subject, which description should be placed on the reverse side of the Security Index card at the time it is made up: (1) Name and Aliases: (2) Sex: Race: (4) Age: (5) Residence: (6) Height: (7) Weight: (8) Build: (9) Hair: (10) Eyes: (11) Complexion:

(12)	Scars	and	Marks

- (13) Peculiarities:
- (14) Occupation:
- (15) Marital Status:

(17) Nationality:

(18) Country of Birth:

(19) Fingerprint Classification:

(20) FBI or Police Number:

(21) Criminal Record, showing sources:

(22) Social Sectrity Number:

(23) Seamen's Certificate Number:

Check following: where applicable:

Should subject be tabbed for Detcom (), Comsab ().

() The subject is exceedingly dangerous. The following statement should be added to the reverse side of Georgraphical Gard:

ENC

TI III

Office Memorandum • United

GOVERNMENT

ro : Director, FBI (

DATE: 7/14/54

FROM : SAC, Philadelphia

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX

Re SAC Letter #100 dated 12/28/50, Series 1950.

Office were reviewed in the last six months. The residence and employment addresses were verified in all but four cases. In these four cases other offices were requested to verify either employment or residence but have not as yet submitted this information to the Philadelphia Office. It is believed this information will be received within the next few days.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: July 13, 1954

TO

FROM

SUBJECT ADMINISTRATIVE HANDLING OF RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE PREPARATION AND CANCELLATION OF SECURITY INDEX CARDS Bufile

SYNOPSIS:

memoranda of December 30, 1953, and April 8, 1954, discussed steps involved in adding new names to the Security Index, noting that such steps are given close supervision, are in all instances double checked to insure consistent level of judgment, and questionable cases are referred to the Section, to me, to you, or in exceptional instances to the Executives' Conference, as circumstances dictate. With such procedure and including mechanical processes of actual preparation of the cards, the above memorandum of December 30, 1953, noted that a period of 12 days was required from the time the communications recommending subjects for inclusion in or deletion from the Security Index came to the Section until they ultimately clear it, with all action completed, for filing. The above memorandum of April 8, 1954, noted that an analysis of the mail in early April, 1954, had revealed that the time required for processing had dropped to 9 days: It was recommended and approved that this matter be restudied in approximately 90 days. An analysis of all mail in this Section recommending the addition of subjects to and deletion from the Security Index was made in the two-week period extending from June 21, through July 2, 1954, a total of 114 pieces. Such analysis reflected that the mail (FDs-122) recommending new cards required an average of 8.8 days, while mail recommending cancellation of caras required 7.6 days for complete handling. The over-all average, both types of mail, was 8.4 days.

RECOMMENDATION:

That deadline for handling mail, either recommending subjects for Security Index or deleting subjects from Security, Index, be set at 9 days.

DETAILS:

s memorandum of December 30, 1953, pointed out the problem involved in handling certain mail pertaining to the recommendations for inclusion of names in and deletion from our Security Index. It was stated that in order to give the matter of adding names to or deleting names from the Security Index, the close study and attention it must receive, we have established a procedure whereby the recommendations and cancellations are reviewed by at least two supervisors, one of whom reviews all such mail, in order that a consistent level of judgment may be achieved. It was further noted that in questionable cases the current communications and the file come to me, in some instances to you, and in exceptional cases, to the Executive Conference.

The above memorandum set out a resume of mechanical steps entailed in the process of reviewing, approving, and routing of the mail, preparation of the Security Index Card itself and the ultimate return of the mail to the Section for checking and initialing.

It was stated that since such process consumed between two and three weeks, the bulk of such mail would obviously require more than the specified limit of five days from the time it first reached the Section until it was eventually cleared and routed to the file.

It was recommended and approved that a period of 12 work days be allocated for the complete processing of such mail, consisting principally of Bureau Forms FD-122, recommending subjects for the Security Index and communications from the field recommending that the subjects be deleted from the Security Index.

's memorandum of April 8, 1954, noted that additional supervisors had been received in the Internal Security Section and that substantial reductions had been made possible in the time consumed in the receipt of the forms and letters and their approval for inclusion in or deletion from the Security Index.

A survey conducted in early April, 1954, reflected that the average time required for handling such mail had been reduced to approximately 9 days. It was recommended and approved that a period of 9 days be set for the complete handling of these forms and letters for a period of approximately 90 days.

We have continued to follow this matter closely to
determine if the 9-day period may be further reduced. As pointed
out in the above memorandum of April 8, 1954, the time required
in handling such mail is directly attributable to the separate,
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There are also those difficulties discussed in Yr. 's memorandum of December 30, 1953; namely, (1) cases in which the form or letter and the incoming report become detached, necessitating a delay until the two are matched, and (2) the instances in which the file cannot be located expeditiously, (2) the instances in which the file cannot be reviously, to conduct it being necessary in these cases, as stated previously, to conduct it to the file cannot be review of these cases prior to placing the subjects in a thorough review of these cases prior to placing the subjects in or removing them from the Security Index.

During the period June 21, through July 2, 1954, we analyzed each FD-122 placing subjects in Security Index and each communication recommending that subjects be deleted from the Security Index, a total of 114 pieces of mail. In the 76 cases in which persons were being added to the Security Index it was in which persons were being added to the Security Index it was determined that an average of 8.8 days was required for the complete handling of these forms. In 38 cases in which the subjects were being removed an average of 7.6 aays was required subjects were being removed an average of 7.6 aays was required for each piece of mail. The over-all average was computed at 8.4 days.

We have concentrated on handling these cases as rapidly as possible and the results of our survey make it quite apparent that the 9-day deadline which was set on these cases apparent that the 9-day deadline it takes to handle them and it was a fair estimate of the time it takes to handle them and it is recommended that this 9-day period be continued for handling is recommended that this category. We will, however, continue cases which fall in this category. We will, however, continue to concentrate on handling them as rapidly as possible.

Office Memorandum • UNITI

OVERNMENT

TO

DATE: July 16,1954

X FROM

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX

During the past week, 56 cards were added to the Security Index and 24 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 32 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,496.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

· ret 1500 - Tr

0-48 UNNECORNEY 7-20-54

Invoice of Contents from FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C.

Case References SECURITY INDEX PHOTOGRAPHIC WORK

Consigned to: SAC, Haw York

Two briefcases

JUL 23 1354 - 160 - 91

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Mail Room, place date of shipment and registry number; Shipping Room, show date of shipment, bill of lading number and initial this invoice; then return it to person whose name is checked in column at right. After this checked name has been initaled, invoice should be placed in administrative file.

VILECURIED

July 8, 1954

PROPOSED CHANGE IN SECTION 87C, MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS

Add as paragraph four of Section 870, page 30b, item 7b(5)(q):

Form FD-186 may also be utilized to record in the appropriate spaces the fact that a Security Index subject has been physically observed, as required under the provisions noted in 870 under the provisions noted in 870 developed in observation of the subject developed in observation of the subject should, of course, be noted on the FD-186 for posting on the reverse side of the Security Index card.

DATE: July 15, 1954

Office Memorandum • united states government

SUBJECT: DELINQUENCY IN SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS

SYNOPSIS:

Each month we follow the field closely on the status of security work by analyzing the backlog of pending cases and delinquency in Espionage, Internal Security, Security Matter and foreign intelligen cases in classifications 65, 100 and 105. Status of these cases as of June 30, 1954, is set forth herein.

Pending active matters in the entire field in the security classifications increased from 21,521 to 22,278. Delinquent matters decreased from 7,822 to 7,407 with the resultant over-all statistical decrease from 35.8% to 33.2%. The delinquency in security cases in the New York Office increased from 2,192 to 2,207, a continuing percentage of 41%. The number of pending active matters in the 100 classification decreased in the New York Office from 4,067 to 4,040 and the delinquent items in this classification decreased from 1,894 to 1,871 or a continued statistical delinquency of 40%.

The administrative report of Portland and the section of Pittsburgh's administrative report listing delinquent items had not been received at Bureau as of July 15, 1954. The items set forth below relating to these offices are estimates based on their administrative reports for past months. These estimates, as they relate to a relatively small number of items, do not materially affect the overall statistics of the field.

Letters are being sent to 16 offices either instructing them to reduce backlog and delinquency or, in some cases commenting upon their progress in bringing their security cases to current status.

RECOMMENDATION:

The field will continue to be followed closely in this matter and you will be advised of the results of the review of the July, 1954, administrative reports.

DETAILS

Since December, 1951, we have been closely following, on a monthly basis, the twelve field offices having a large proportion of our pending security work and since March, 1952, all offices. The have written letters to the twelve offices and to other offices where progress in reducing the backlog of work and delinquency has not been satisfactory.

The June, 1954, administrative reports from all offices reflect that the total pending active matters in the classifications 65, 100 and 105 increased during this month from 21,521 to 22,278. The delinquent items decreased from 7,822 to 7,407 which represents a statistical decrease of from 35.8% to 33.2%.

The following statistics reflect the status of pending work including both pending active and pending inactive matters and delinquency for all field divisions as of December 31, 1951, and the progress for the last four months:

TOTAL PENDING MATTERS CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 /LI FIELD DIVISIONS

Classification	<u> 12-31-51</u>	<u>3-31-54</u>	4-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>	<u>6-30-54</u>
65	1,314	1,109	1,127	1,163	1,110
100	32,812	21,995	20,764	21,368	21,143
105	2,895	2,721	2,894	3,413	4,125
${\it Total}$	37,021	25,825	24,785	25,944	26,378

**** 5 }

TOTAL DELINQUENT MATTERS CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

Classificati	ons	<u> 12-31-51</u>	<u>3-31-54</u>	4-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>	<u>6-30-54</u>	
k tolumen kantatoiss jan 65 vai vännin	ery - Terrorite	······································		156~	189	~~~222	
100		22,518	5,803	5,962	6,870	6,435	
105		1,719	639	<u>523</u>	763	750	
•	otal	24,762	6,617	6,757	7,822	7,407	

The following statistics reflect the total of pending active matters, delinquency and percentage of delinquency of all offices since January 31, 1953.

CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

Date	Fending <u>Active Matters</u>	Delinquent <u>Matters</u>	Percentage <u>Delinguent</u>
1- 31-53	24,0 98	11,772	48.8%
2-28-53	22, 935	11,233	46.9%
3-31-53	23 ,033	10, 890	47.3%
4-30-5 3	22,100	9,120	41.3%
5-31-53	21,740	· 9,730	44.8%
6-30-5 3	20,970	9, 558	45. 6%
7-31-53	20,180	9,411	46.6%
	19,493	8,495	43. 6%
8-31-53	19,224	7,571	3 9.4%
9-30-53	19,141	5,580	34.3%
10-31-53	19,833	6,655	33.5%
11-30-53	19,947	6,749	33.2%
12-31-53		7,494	36.5%
1-31-54	20,520	6,007	27.9%
2-2 8-54	21,488	6, 617	30.2%
3-31-54	21,848		31.6%
4-30-54	21,752	6,757	35. 8%
5-31-54	21,863	7,822	33.2%
6-30-54	22, 278	7,407	33 • £ 78

Status of Security Work in Twelve of the Larger Offices

The following statistics reflect the progress of the twelve larger offices we have been closely following since December, 1951. These offices have approximately 80% of the total Security Index cards and a high percentage of the pending work and delinquency in classifications 65, 100 and 105.

STATISTICS FOR TWELVE OFFICES - SECURITY INDEX COUNT AND FOR 65, 100 and 105 MATTERS

		Security Index Cards			Percentage Delinguent	
	Office	6-15-54	<i>5-31-54</i>	6-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>	<u>6-80-54</u>
*	New York	6,483	5,2 90	5,417	41%	41%
*	Los Angeles	4,057	1,791	1,818	51 %	46%
*	San Francisco	2,267	1,460	1,544	31%	31%
*	Chicago	1,529	1,113	1,128	40%	38%
*	Detroit	1,381	910	782	48%	50%
*	Philadelphia	1,164	1,024	1,048	40%	34%
٠ *	Newark	831	1,157	1,201	38%	41%
*	Cleveland	684	495	475	32%	28%
- 1	Seattle	672	377	3 09	49%	28%
₹		633	6 9 0	732	35%	27%
#	Bos ton	522	3 94	370	15%	16%
	Minneapolis	514	429	432	42%	35 %
# :	New Haven Total	20,737	15,130	15,256		

* Letters being sent to offices indicated. See page 8 herein.

- 4 -

The over-all statistics for the eleven offices other than the New York Office since July 31, 1952, are as follows:

	Date	Pending Active Matters (65-100-105)	Delinquent Matters (65-100-105)	Percentage Delin- quent(65-100-105
	7-31-52	13,117	7,965	60.7%
٠.	8-31-52	12,611	7,5 89	60.2%
. •	9-30-52	11,367	5,732	50.4%
eg a des	10-31-52	11,286	4,957	43.9%
	11-30-52	11,148	4, 844	43.5%
	12-31-52	10,937	4,578	41.9%
	1-31-53	10,730	4,696	43. 8%
	2-28-53	10,721	4,3 58	40.€%
	3-31-53	10,069	4,01 9	39.9%
•	4-30-53	9,411	2,887	30.7%
	5-31-53	9,277	3,4 47	37.2%
<u>م</u> ر د	6-30-53	8,964	3, 532	39.4%
	7-31-53	8, 908	3, 758	42.2%
	8-31-53	8,547	3,61 8	42.3%
	9-30-53	8,601	3, 249	37.8%
•	10-31-53	8,845	2, 785	31.4%
	11-30-53	9,434	2,871	30.4%
	12-31-53	9,552	3,261	34.1%
	1-31-54	9,814	3, 318	· 33.8%
	2-28-54	10,288	3,021	2 9.4%
	3-31-54	10,188	2, 998	29.4%
	4-30-54	10,201	3, 209	31. 5%
	5-31-54	9,840	3,920	3 9.8%
•	6-30-54	9,839	3, 679	37.5%
ν,	-		5 -	

New York Office

During 1953, the New York Office made a steady reduction in delinquent matters in the security classifications as well as a steady reduction in the case backlog. During November, 1953, the security reduction in the case backlog. During November, 1953 to 47%. This delinquency dropped below 50% for the first time in 1953 to 47%. This delinquency dropped below 50% for the first time in 1953 to 47%. This delinquency dropped below 50% for the security classifications. During 1953, delinquency of 76% in the security classifications. During 1953, delinquency of 76% in the security classifications took an upward trend, from 43% to 53%.

The June, 1954, administrative report reveals that its security delinquency remained constant during the past month at 41%. The pending active security cases increased in the New York Office from 5,290 for May, 1954, to 5,417 for June, 1954. Delinquent items increased from 2192 as of May 31, 1954, to 2,207 as of June, 1954.

The New York Office has approximately 24% of the pending active matters in the 65, 100 and 105 classifications in the entire field. This office has approximately 29% of the number of delinquent items in these classifications throughout the field. The average delinquency in all other offices at the end of June, 1954, was approximately 33%. The New York delinquency remained at 41% as previously noted.

The bulk of the New York backlog and delinquency is in the 100 classification. During June, 1954, the number of pending active matters in the 100 classification in the New York Office decreased from 4,067 to 4,040. The number of delinquent matters in this classification decreased from 1,894 to 1,871 with no statistical decrease from the 47% for April, 1954.

Status of Security Work in the Remaining Forty Offices

The remaining forty offices are listed according to the percentage of delinquency on June 30, 1954, in total matters in classifications 65, 100 and 105. These statistics reflect the progress during June, 1954. It should be noted that many of the smaller offices have no pending matters in classifications 65 and smaller entire pending backlog is in classification 100 matters.

ī.		Pending			Percentage	
			Matters	Deling		
	refice	5-31-54	6-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>	<u>6-30-54</u>	
••					and	
	ilwaukee	2 68	303	35%	37%	
	Little Rock	2 8	<i>30</i>	7%	36%	•
	isw Orleans	144	145	28%	31%	
	Jincinnati	342	34 8	34%	28%	
	San Diego	276	222	<i>3</i> 3%	27%	
	Libany	3 18	307	30 %	25%	
	it. Louis	289	233	24%	25%	,
		128	140	25%	25%	
	Springfield Cansas City	84	9 5	18%	24%	we take
		1224	178	44%	24%	
A CONTRACT OF STREET	San Juan Tashington Field	1,440	1,491	23%	24%	
		449	452	23 %	23%	
	Saltimore	149	136	36%	22%	•
	Jenver	65	94	30%	21%	
	Houston :	50	68	8%	21%	
	Louisville	<i>58</i>	80	24%	20%	
	Omaha .	179	182	28%	20%	
	Indianapolis Partland	104	109	18%	18%	
	Portland Potts burgh	360	327	2 8%	18%	
	Pittsburgh	33	35	20%	20%	
	Birmingham Salt Labor City	43	48	14%	19%	
	Salt Lake City	35	<i>35</i>	14%	17%	
	Anchorage	32	29	17%	17%	
	Savannah Chamlaita	71	<i>35</i>	29%	16%	
•	Charlotte Honolulu	42	43	0%	16%	
	Miami	195	210	29%	16%	
;	Phoenix	73	88	18%	16%	
	Knoxville	34	33	3 8%	15%	
	San Antonio	49	6 8	13%	15%	
		81	80	17%	14%	
	Al buque rque	534	740	14%	14%	
	Buffal o	46	49	24%	14%	
	Memphis	48	47	29%	14%	
-	Norfolk Pudda	43	56	14%	13%	
	Butte	88	99	22%	12%	
	Dallas	45	5 9	9%	10%	
	Mobile	86	66	9% 28%	10% 9% 7% 7% 4%	
1	Oklahoma City	6 9	72	30%	7%	
	Atlanta	86	95	29%	7%	
	Richmond	45	45	4%	4%	
	El Paso			•		
	To tal	6,733	7,022			

The administrative report of Portland and the section of the Pittsburgh administrative report listing delinquent items had not been received at the Bureau as of July 15, 1354. The items set forth above relating to these of fices are estimates based on their administrative reports for past months. These estimages, as they relate to a relatively small number of items, do not materially affect the over-all statistics of the field.

Letters cent to offices indicated regarding delinquent status. See page 8 herein.

- 7

The following figures illustrate the progress of the forty offices as a whole since June 30, 1952, as reflected in the administrative reports.

	Pending	Del inquent		
	Active Matters	Matters	Percentage	
Date	<u>(65-100-105)</u>	<u>(65-100-105)</u>	<u>Delinquent</u>	
6-30-52	8,417	3,842	45.6%	
7-31-52	7,776	3, 156	40.6%	
8-31-52	6,928	3, 054	44.0%	
2-30-52	6,198	2,109		
10-31-52	6,126	1,279	20.8%	
11-30-52	6,12 9	1,703	27.8%	
12-31-52	6, 223	1,691	27.2%	
1-31-53	6,080	1,554	25. 6%	
2-28-53	6,103	1,515	24. 6%	
3-31- 53	5, 936	1,542	26.0%	
4-30-53	5,864	1,414	24.1%	
5-31-53	4,897	1,726	29.3 %	
6-30-53	5,611	1,577	28.1%	
7-31-53	5,146	1,358	26.4 %	
8-31-53	5,095	1,323	26. 0%	
9-30-53	5,050	1,219	24 . 1%	
10 -31- 53	4,987	1,087	21. 8%	
11-30-53	5,180	1,355	26.1%	
12=31-53	5,200	1,301	24 . 6%	
1-31-54	5,562	1,44 4	25. 9%	
2-28-54	5,997	1,347	22. 5%	
3-31-54	6,079	1,431	<i>23.5%</i>	
4-30-54	6,174	1,327	21. 5%	
	6,733	1,710	25.4%	
5-31-54 3 -30-5 4	7,022	1,522	21.6%	

Letters to the Field

As noted previously, we are sending letters to 16 offices either instructing them to take appropriate measures to bring the investigations in the security classifications to, or maintain them in a current status. Letters are being directed to the offices indicated by asterisks on pages four and seven herein. It will be noted that the security delinquency of those offices for the month of June, 1954, appears in the extreme right hand column of the two lists on pages four and seven.



Office Memorandum • united states government

TO

DATE: June 25, 1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX - FD-186
SUGGESTION #231-54

purpose of compiling information to be posted on Security Index cards. This Form may be filled in by the Agent handling the case by legible handprinting and forwarded to the clerical employee designated to post this information on the Security Index card. After the Security Index card has been prepared or amended at the Bureau and forwarded to the field, and after the information appearing on the FD-186 has been post on the geographical Security Index card, this Form is filed in the investigative case file of the subject.

By SAC Letter 54-24 (L) dated May 11, 1954, the field was instructed to personally observe their Security Index subjects, if the had not already been done, to aid in the reporting of accurate descriptions and to prevent mistaken identities. In addition, it was further provided that "a notation or memorandum to the effect that the Security Index subject has been personally observed shall appear in the case file of every Security Index subject whose name is presently maintained in the Security Index. In most instances such a notation will already appear in those case files, having been recorded there at the time the Security Index subject was personally observed by the Special Agent to whom the subject was assigned for apprehension purposes."

New York Office that Form FD-186 be amended in order that it might be utilized to record the fact of such personal observation in addition to the purpose for which it is presently utilized as specified above since, in many instances, the physical descriptions of Security Index subjects will be modified and complemented as a result of the personal observations by the Agents. The recommended changes in the Form FD-186 embedy references to the personal observation and provides for necessary modifications to the data previously posted on the Security Index cards. That is to early, with the proposed amendments, FD-186 may be used to (1) summarize

descriptive data derived from all sources, including physical observations, for posting on the reverse side of the Security Index cards at the time they are originally approved and received in the fiel and (2) to provide for the subsequent amendments in the data carried on the reverse side of the Security Index cards which may be derived from both physical observations and from other sources.

The Internal Security Section believes that Form FD-186 can well be utilized for the dual purposes as suggested by the New York Office as indicated above. There is attached hereto a sample Form FD-1 embodying suggestions made by the New York Office together with the results of analysis by the Internal Security Section. It should be not that two amendments to Form FD-186 have been approved previously but not additional copies of the Form have been run since their approval. Thes amendments include the reference to Section 87C of the Manual of Instructions in paragraph 1, from "3h (4)" to "7h (5)" and on was 2 of the Form at the bottom of the page the addition of the words "where applicable" and the final entry pertaining to dangerous subjects. There are presently 72,350 copies of Form FD-186 on hand.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. That this memorandum and attachments be forwarded to the Training and Inspection Division to indicate that the Internal Security Section approves the suggestion of the New York Office that FD-136 be amended as indicated above.
- 2. That Form FD-186 be amended in content pursuant to the attached sample.
- 3. That if the foregoing recommendations meet with approval, the attached letter be transmitted to the New York Office.
- 4. That if the foregoing recommendations are approved, the attached SAC Letter be transmitted to the field advising of the amendments to be made in FD-136 and pointing out the purposes for which it may thus be utilized.
- 5. Subject to approval of the foregoing, that Section 870 of the Manual of Instructions be amended pursuant to the attached proposed changes.

(Typed June 28, 1954)

KOLTHULTA ANGCERA STRUCTURED TATESTEE

Letter To All Special Agento in Charge:

Re: SECURITY INDIX - FD-186

Dear Siri

that all decirity Index subjects must be personally observed in order to aid in the reporting of accurate descriptions and to prevent mistaken identities. It is further provided that a notation or memorandum to the effect that the decurity a notation or memorandum to the effect that the decurity Index subjects have been personally observed shall appear in the case files of all decurity Index subjects whose names are presently maintained in the decurity Index. In most instances, such notations will already appear in those case files, howing been recorned there at the time the decurity Index subjects were personally observed by the Special Agents to whom the subjects were assigned for apprehension purposes. Vany Decurity Index subjects had also also been observed during direct or pretext interviews, surveillances and on other occasions.

Four attention is directed to Esction CTS of the manual of instructions, youngly, saich notes that form II-166 has been provided for the purpose of compiling information to be posted on recurity Index cards. It was stated that this form can be filled in by the Age t handling the case by legible handrinting and forwarded to the clerical employee designated to post this information on the reverse side of the Security Index card. After the Security Index card has been prepared at the Lureau and submitted to the field, and the information appearing on the FD-186 has been posted on the reverse side of the geographical recurity Index card, this Form is filed in

Manual changes have been prepared

WGO:mjt

Errain ...

the investigative case file of the subject.

As a result of suggestion from the field, form TI-188
is being amended to provide for the recording of the physical
observation of Lecurity Index subjects, pursuant to the
instructions in the above FC Letter. The amended form will
also provide for the posting of any additional descriptive
deta fewelored deta result of the personal observation of
Lecurity Index subjects.

Attached hereto is one copy of the revised Form FL-186 which should be placed in the FBI Form Book maintained by your office. Form FI-186 in its present form should be used until your cupply is exhausted.

Appropriate Manual changes will be forwarded to your office at a later date.

Yery truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

ENC-3-

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: 7/16/54

FROM : Executives Conference

SUBJECT: WAR PLANS

T

Present at Ensoctives Conference 7/12/54 were

Office Memorandum • united states governmen

DATE: July 23, 1954

11

FROM !

TO :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX - 7.

During the past week, 38 cards were added to the Security Index and 17 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 21 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,517.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

Office M.

JUVERNMENT

DATE: July 21, 1954

FROM 1

SUBJECT: GECHETTY INDEX \mathbf{P}_{II} File

were still engaged in the preparation of summary reports having prepared as of July 1, 1954, at least 95 mer cent of the summaries in all instances. These offices were Chicago, Cincinnati, Detroit, Houston, Newark, New Haven, Philadelphia, San Diego, Seattle, and Washington Field. It was further stated that these offices were under instructions to sulet on July 14, 1954, the decidline for the completion of the project to verify that the program had been completed.

We are now in receipt of such letters which indicate that the Summary Report Program has been completed with the one exception noted in the next paragraph. In a few of the offices some of the reports have not actually been submitted to the Bureau but are in dictation and the Agents thus released for other assignments.

The Newark Office has noted that there remains one case in which the summary report has not been completed, the case in which the subject of an Internal Security - R involving Phil Levy, the subject of an Internal Security - R investigation. Comultible volume file (22 volumes at the Bureau), investigation. A review of this file reveals that prior to Rufile Internal Security - Review of this file reveals that prior to preparation of the report, Newark has been regulired to obtain characterizations of a number of capionage subjects from the New York Office. This matter is being followed elesely and a report is expected in this case in the neur future.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

DATE: 7/26/54

FROM !

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX CARD STATISTICS

There are attached two copies of a table showing by Field
Office the total number of Security Index cards in our files. This
table indicates the nationalistic tendency, the dangerousness classification, sex, race, citizenship status, and others on one of the
cation, sex, race, citizenship status, is also included.
"Special Lists." A key to the abbreviations is also included.

These statistics are based on Statistical Section records as of July 15, 1954.

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Items do not add to total column but are included in Sections 3, 5, 6 and
 2 TVG carried in FGE of Special Section.

Exc

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS USED IN SECURITY INDEX

AL CS KF	Alien Comsab Detcom Key Figure
na	Naturalized
nb	Native Born
tf	Top Functionary
un	Unknown

AEP BUL COM ESP	Atomic Energy Program Employees Bulgarian Communist Party, USA Espionage subjects
FGE GOV HUN ISL	Foreign Government Employees United States Government Employees Hungarian Independent Socialist League
MIS NPR PPA RUS	Miscellaneous Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico Proletarian Party of America Russian
RWI SWP UNE UPR	Revolutionary Workers! League Socialist Workers! Party United Nations Employees Union of the People for the Establishment of the Republic of Puerto Rico
YUG	Yugoslavian

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INT FED STATES DEPARTME

To: COMMUNICATION SECTION. JULY 26, 1954

Transmit the following message to: SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

STATISTICS TO REACH BUREAU WITHOUT FAIL BY JULY THENTYMINE NEXT COLON ONE, TOTAL NUMBER OF SECURITY INDEX SUBJECTS RESIDING OR WORKING IN METROPOLITAN AREA NEW YORK CITY, TWO, TOTAL NUMBER OF THOSE SUBJECTS TABLED COMMAND, TERRE, TOTAL NUMBER OF SABOTAGE OR POSSIBLE SABOTAGE COMPLAINTS RECEIVED BY YOU DURING THE FISCAL YEAR NUMBER OF SABOTAGE OCCURRED IN METROPOLITAN AREA OF NEW YORK CITY, INCLUDING A SEPARATE FIGURE FOR NUMBER OF FEDERAL TRAIN WRECK STATUTE CASES REPORTED WITHIN METROPOLITAN AREA.

HOOVER

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF . CE

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. JULY 26, 1954
Transmit the following message to: SAC, CHICAGO

URGENT

SECURITY INDEX, SABOTAGE MATTERS. SUTEL FOLLOWING

STATISTICS TO DEACH BUREAU WITHOUT FAIL BY JULY TWENTYWINE

NEXT COLON OME, TOTAL NUMBER OF SECURITY INDEX SUBJECTS

RESIDING OR WORKING IN METROPOLITAN AREA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

TWO, TOTAL MUMBER OF THOSE SUBJECTS TABBED COMMAB, THREE,

TOTAL NUMBER OF SABOTAGE OR POSSIBLE SABOTAGE COMPLAINTS

RECEIVED BY YOU DURING THE FISCAL YEAR MINETEEN FIFTYFOUR

WHERE ALLEGED SABOTAGE OCCURRED IN METROPOLITAN AREA OF

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, INCLUDING A SEPARATE FIGURE FOR NUMBER

OF FEDERAL TRAIN WRECK STATUTE CASES REPORTED WITHIN

HOOVER

SAC, Richmond

July 21, 1954

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL RECISES OF LAND HAIL SPICE LEVEL AND HAIL

Director, FBI

OSSCRITT THEY GENEIAL



You were also advised that a copy of the Security Index list would be forwarded and maintained by your office.

Enclosed herewith is a sealed package containing the Sccurity Index list prepared as of July 15, 1954, containing the names of all subjects carried in the general and Special Sections of the Security Index.

This package should be maintained in a sealed condition in your office safe and should be given utmost security. Up-vo-date lists will be furnished to you periodically at which time appropriate instructions will be issued as to the manner of aisposing of the lists transmitted previously to your office.

The Bureau should be advised of your receipt of the attached list.

Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins

July 20, 1954

Director, FBI

SECURITY INLEX LIST - 12 70 6

There is attached hereto a current list of the name's of the individuals maintained in the Security Index. Names included in the main portion of the list are areased alphabetically. The names of individuals coming within five designated groups of individuals coming within five designated groups are listed on separate pages. Following each name is information reflecting the race, sex, birth date, bureau file number and the Eureau field office covering the residence of the individual.

It is requested that this list be given utmost security.

Attachment

NOTE ON YELLOW ONLY:

Espionage Section of the Special Section not included.

The five designated groups are:
Foreign Government Employees
United Nations Employees
Pro-Tito Yugoslans
U. S. Government Employees
Atomic Energy Program Employees

July 28, 1954

SAC, Rev York

PERSONAL ATTENTION

Director, FEI !

O SECURITY INCLY - CHOCAL MICAL SECTION

Enclosed herewith are two conies of Tulet to Cleveland, dated July 27, 1954, which should be read

The Eureau has given careful study to urlet of July 8, 1954, and desires to make the following observations.

With regard to your suggestion in paragraph six, because of the heavy volume of forms involved in connection with the Eccurity Index, it is not practicable to use other than white cards.

Your proposed to note both the precinct numbers of a subject's residence and employment on each set of gaographical cards appears to be a desirable procedure. This matter is incorporated into Eulet to cleveland, noted proviously herein.

Urlet sets out two basic plans for consideration, utilizing a cocond cot of goographical cards to be filed by precences and governor by the capacitant of the Security Ander onlycoca.

Sugar to Blan timber one

Under your proposed plan mader one, discussed on reason top three in the said to the geometrical the geometrical and the geometrical particular problem and the cares for all only assauce

are employed in that precinct will be given to the supervising Agent or Agents for that precinct. In making assignments to the apprehension teams, the supervisory Agents would give out to these teams only the residence address cards and retain all of the employment address cards.

If the apprehensions are initiated before 7:00 a.m., you would arrest first thase subjects employed outside the given precincts; remaining subjects would be apprehended later.

If the apprehensions begin after 7:00 a.m., the subjects who may be expected to be found at home would be arrested first, with those employed outside the particular precincts to be apprehended later.

In conclusion, you note that "It is therefore felt that considerable manpower and time would be wasted if the apprehension teams were to be ordered to apprehend Security Index subjects amployed outside the area after the 7:00 a.m., deadline. It is further felt that if the manpower is concentrated on arresting the SI subjects who may be expected to be at home at such times, this phase of the program can be completed within a reasonable period of time and the manpower redeployed to precincts where it is most needed for apprehensions at employment addresses."

Suggested Flon Munber Two

four second plan calls for an election of one of the two sets of geographical cards, depending upon the hour the Program is initiated. If the arrests commence between the hours of 3:00 a.m., and 3:00 p.m., the geographical-employment cards would serve as the basis for your operations; otherwise the geographical-residence cards would be utilized.

Observations

The basic feature of your first plan lies in the fact that regardless of the time of day the arrests are initiated, the <u>residences</u> of your subjects would serve as

the focal point of your operations. With that in mind, the geographical-employment cards simply serve as auxiliary cids in coordinating the arrests. This fact auxiliary cids in coordinating the arrests. This fact is recognized in urlet on pages two and three wherein is recognized in urlet on pages two and three wherein the eliotopic card are regerred to accountly in supplementary. The sole advantage of the caditional supplementary. The sole advantages exceinatly in set of hearity index cures is stated exceinatly in urlet an ways two, paragraph what the campitation to appropriate two in the operation of employment to appropriate to the subject on hand. The time spent in photograph of the subject on hand. The time spent in relaying the information would thus be saved.

The question thus raised is as to the desirability of preparing and maintaining a complete third set of cards, including affixing Coscriptive data and photographs on a obstinuing basis. Easieally, such suggested plan is identical with that to be followed by other Eureau offices (excepting Gleveland and Los Angeles) since the arrests are predicated initially upon the residence addresses.

Your first plan, it is believed, fails to take into consideration the fact that your geographicalemployment cares will novicily is riled courting so residence in those indicances was such come cave no outsing englovenue as developed nore jully in the attached letter to theveloud, your geographicalemployment section will be technical in convent with the geographical-residence section. The caras of unemployed persons will, of course, be filed under the identical precinct number in both instances. Thus, by use of the residence cards during the Suytime hours (i.e., after 7:00 a.m.) and "concentrating" on those expected to be found at home, you are not availing y urcelf of the advantage gained in tasing such arrests on the chologuent earls and on the sine time being in a position to have apprehenators as pluses of analogments

In other words, the chief advantage of the cooperative of the cooperat

It is felt that through their use more simultaneous arrests may be accomplished and more subjects apprehended during the difficult working hours in the least possible time.

Conclusions:

with respect to the allocation of manbower discussed on page sense of wriet. The situation you mention in paragraph three is not unique to not a row city. In fact, the Eureau s decision to cuthorize the second geographical cards was predicated on the prevalence of this condition in most large industrial centers. That is to say, the very fact that subjects work in precincts other than those in which they reside led to the conclusion that greater mobility was required if arrests should be initiated during working hours. If the Lecurity Index card shows clearly that an indivitual may be found at a particular location during working hours, it seems reasonable for us to gear our plans accordingly.

Based on the foregoing comments and analysis, the Eurean feels that your second plan is preferable and you are authorized to utilize it under the conditions set out in the attached letter to Cleveland. You should begin at this time to droft the necessary amendments to your Emercency Desention Program buryey for sugmission to the Eureau immediately upon receipt of the third set of geographical cards. Buch amendments should incorporate the elements of your second plan, together with such modifications as are required in the light of the comments herein and in the attached letter to Cleveland.

It is observed that urlet of July 8, 1954, indicates that much thought has been given this retter by your office. Although the Lureau had not agreed with certain of your conclusions, urlet sets out lucidly the circumstance is also exist in rour division and contains covered observations of assistance to the Eureau in following this Program in the field.

MAS, Claveland (

July 28, 1384

Lirector, FBI (

TO TO MAL AT IN TIME

On the HITT TOLLE GOLD ON THE STAR

third set of ecurity index cords in the jield to the provisions of (AC Letter Care) (4) of Latter Care) (1) of Latter Care) (1) of Latter Care) (1) of Latter Care) (1) of Latter Care)

The Los Angeles Office has previously been authorized to premare spil utilize a first set of Security Index cares for filing prographically by employment. Your office and the New York office have requested such authorization in accordance with the above AG Letter, and have submitted in some detail the planning necessary to the inception of a prographical-amployment set of Security Index cards.

The Eureau recognizes that certain of the nechanica involved in implementing this Frogram must acceptably larged when differentiate which prevail within the various divisions. That is to say, a course of action adapted to the Los Angeles area wight not be conficile to the Kew Fore sivilian within and be conficiled to the Kew Fore sivilation within a first of the subjects; (a) concentration of population and (a) Location of insustrial centers with relation to prodominating residential areas.

Costrite to store the productive in your offices in or or it is not considered to the pour offices in or or it is a respective of a politicist who in the lurence of a result of the lurence of a result of the lurence of a result of the local of the lurence of a politicist of the local of the lurence of a politicist of the local of the lurence of a politicist of the local of the lurence of the l

From an analysis of Cleveland letter of June 18, 1954, Los Angeles letter of July 6, 1954, and New York letter of July 9, 1954, the Eurecu desires to offer the following observations which are desires to your three offices as a group and your planning with regard to 1.2 geographical-employment may be predicated accordingly:

- must be complete i.e., a third card for each and every security Index subject.
 - (2) deographical-residence and geographicalemployment carts should be marked thereon with
 the precinct designation for each location.
 That is, both geographical cards chould be
 marked to clearly reflect the precinct of
 morked to clearly reflect the precinct of
 both the residence and employment to facilitate
 reassignment of the apprehensions once they
 have been initiated.
 - (3) Coordinating Agents assigned to specific going should have notified to the the propreptical-restrance and or geographical-employment cares of the subjects residing and/or employed within the particular sones.
 - (4) One of the two sets of geographical cords must be used as the basis to initiate the urrests i.e., an election must be made, the urrests i.e., an election must be made, used upon the time of the places in effect, with planning perfected to permit transition to the other set of geographical cards. Unless such election is made the expected benefit from a second geographical card is obviouse. That is to geographical card is obviouse. That is to some unless the appropriate are launched explayment cards do not serve the intended employment cards do not serve the intended purpose.

that the recertify in the subjects in your three of icent total operationally do not entreed and subjects in the entire total operation toly do not also subjects in the entire field. For that reason, the areas fools that assume as producted to a would be subject to grantly as mornalized production of the entire last of cords to reproduction of our entire last of cords the reproduction of our entire last of cords

for the Cleveland and New York Offices to be run off at a fixed date. From such date forward, three cards will also be transmitted with each change occasioned by FD's 122 and FD's 128 making your two offices origin in individual cases.

Los Angeles, as noted above, maintains a third complete set of security Index cards prenared within the Los Angeles Office. Since considerable alerical time would be consumed in transposing the descriptive data and the photographs to a new set of mechanically produced cards, the Eureau will not prepare a complete third set of cards for Los Angeles. Instead, from the fixed date, three cards will be forwarded to Los Angeles with each change based on FD's 122 and FD's 128, as noted in the preceding paragraph.

Your offices will be advised in the near future of the date fixed for the preparation of the cards and subsequent procedure, outlined above.

For your information the FD's 122 and 128 pertaining to subjects in your offices will be processed separately at the Eureau with regard to the mechanical production of your cards.

As noted above, the adoption of the geographicalemployment procedure requires a complete third set of Security Index cards for your divisions. This means that there will be a third card for each of your subjects carried in the Inscial or Univerlable Sections. In these cases, of course, no card will be maintained in either of your geographical breakdowns. In the interest of uniformity, the following practice should be followed with respect to Special Lection and Unavailable Lection subjects: with one card to be filed in the alphabetical section, the remaining two cards should be stanled together and filed in the appropriate section. Inus, in the case of a Tederal employee, one card would, of course, be filed in the alphabetical section untile the remaining two would be stabled together and filed under the "Covernment" tob in the special beetim.

cleveland and New York will be required, of course, to a fix manually the appropriate description date and photographical exployment cards upon their receipt.

Hecessary modifications of your Surveys should be submitted immediately upon receipt of the third set of Security Index cards by the Cleveland and hew York Offices.

cleveland is advised that the planning
in this matter as set out in Cleveland letter of
inthis matter as set out in Cleveland letter of
foregoing observations herein and in Eulet of
June 9, 1951, such plans should be incorporated
into your levely for advisories as indicated in
the preceding paragraph.

A separate letter is being directed to New York discussing various espects of the planning in this matter contained in New York letter of July 8, 1954.

Los Angeles is advised that there is no objection to filing geographical-employment behind guide cards for Key Facilities suggested in Los Angeles letter of July 1, 1004. It is understood, of course, that such guide cards will themselves to filed under appropriate precinct or zone headings.

ene 🐔 erv

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

DATE: July 30,1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX -

During the past week, 47 cards were added to the Security Index and 26 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 21 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,538.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

(u) SECURITY INDEX - FD-186 - FBI FORM BOOK -- SAC Letter 54-24((L) dated May 11, 1954, requires that all Security Index subjects must be personally observed in order to aid in the reporting of accurate descriptions and to prevent mistaken identities. It is further descriptions and to prevent mistaken identities. It is further provided that a notation or memorandum to the effect that the provided that a notation or memorandum to the effect shall appear.

Security Index subjects have been personally observed shall appear in the case files of all Security Index subjects whose names are in the case files of all Security Index. In most instances, such

presently maintained in the Security Index. In most instances, such notations will already appear in those case files, having been recorded there at the time the Security Index subjects were personally observed by the Special Agents to whom the subjects were assigned for apprehension purposes. Many Security Index subjects have also been observed during direct or pretext interviews, surveillances and on other occasions.

Your attention is directed to Section 87C of the Manual of Instructions, 7b(5)(q), which notes that Form FD-186 has been provided for the purposes of compiling information to be posted on Security Index cards. It was stated that this Form can be filled in by the Agent handling the case by legible hand printing and forwarded to the clerical employee decignated to post this information on the reverse side of the Security Index card. After the Security Index card has been prepared at the Bureau and submitted to the Index card has been prepared at the Bureau and submitted to the field, and the information appearing on the FD-186 has been posted in the reverse side of the geographical Security Index card, this Form is filed in the investigative case file of the subject.

As a result of a suggestion from the field, Form FD-186 is being amended to provide for the recording of the physical observation of Security Index subjects, pursuant to the instructions in the above SAC Letter. The amended Form will also provide for the posting of any additional descriptive data developed as a result of the personal observation of Security Index subjects.

Attached hereto is one copy of the revised Form FD-186 which should be placed in the FBI Form Book maintained by your office. Form FD-186 in its present form should be used until your supply is exhausted.

office at a later date.

Charged to 41-47

STANDARD FORM 110, 64

Office Memorandum • United States, GOVERNMENT

ro :

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

7-28-54

FROM :

מיסינורדה אלאה

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

subject: @ DEGURITY INDEX

ReBulet July 21, 1094 as captioned and Bureau letter July 20, 1954 captioned, "BUREAU WAR PLANS - RECORDS DEPOSITORY."

This is to advise that the Security Index list prepared as of July 15, 1954 has been received and is being maintained in this office in accordance with your instructions.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: July 26, 1954

FROM I

SECURITY INDEX SUBJECT: PREPARATION OF SUMMARY REPORTS FBI File

Summary Report Program instituted by SAC Letter 53-48 of July 14, 1953, instructing the field, with the exception of New York, to complete the summary reports in all Security Index cases in one year - July 14, 1954. Program completed by deadline date with exception of one involved case in Newark as reflected in my memorandum of July 21, 1954. During past year project followed closely in Bureau to insure necessary planning by field to maintain continuous production of reports. Program reanalyzed in early February, 1954, at which time Director reiterated necessity of completion of the reports by the deadline date in order that Agents might be released to other assignments. In periodical status letters, field kept Bureau advised of progress and noted from time to time problems encountered and resolved including assignment of Agents, sienographic backlogs and the other fixed commitments of the offices in the security field. Even though this project by the very number of cases involved has represented an imposing task in a number of offices, the reports have continued to conform to existing Bureau requirements as to organization, content and accuracy. When considered in light of other commitments and accomplishments in security field, it is felt that on an overall basis the field has done excellent work in completing these reports by the appointed time. In ten of the offices concerted efforts by Agents, clerks and stenographers were manifested in order that the project might be completed. In selecting these offices we considered their commitments in the way of total number of reports to prepare, the resolution of specific problems encountered in the course of the Program, and their responsibilities and accomplishments in other phases of security work during the pertinent period. We are recommunating that the following ten offices be commended in line with the foregoing: · Chicago, · Detroit, (Los Angeles, Mewark; ·New Mayon, · (Philadelphia, St. Tours, Sun Diego: wan Franciscolordesses alor

In addition, we are recommending letters of commendation for specific individuals named in attached letters from Los Angeles and Philadelphia of July 19 and July 14, 1954, respectively.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) That letters of commendation be directed to
the Special Agents in Charge of the foregoing offices and
through him to the clerical, stenographic and agent personnel
who were instrumental in the successful completion of the
Summary Report Program in those offices.

21/8/2

directed to

Agent

The tindividual letters of commendation be

Miss

Tof the Los Angeles Office pursuant to
the recommendation of the SAC in the attached letter from
that office of July 19, 1954.

gran No

(3) That a letter of commendation be directed to

Wiss the supervisory stenographer of the Philadelphia office who, according to the attached letter from the Philadelphia office of July 14, 1954, exhibited an excellent attitude and contributed many extra duty hours in work related to this program.

John.

and attachments be referred to the Administrative Division jor appropriate action.

(FJB:nn) (5) That Special Agents. and and be commended for the vigorous and intensive supervisits of this matter which contributed materially to sustaining the momentum which brought this program to a savisfactory conclusion.

10 1 - 2 - X 40 Sent of week

DETAILS:

My memorandum of July 21, 1954, noted that the Summary Report Program has been completed in the field with the exception of one involved case in the Newark Office which is being prepared and will be submitted in the near future.

This Program was reinstituted by SAC Letter 53-48 of July 14, 1953, instructing the field, with the exception of New York, to complete the summary reports in all Security Index cases in one year - July 14, 1954. Considering the size of the Security in one year of the project represented an imposing Index, the completion of the project represented by requiring task for a number of the offices which we followed by requiring periodical status letters indicating the progress in producing these reports.

The Summary Report Program was reanalyzed in early February, 1954, at which time all the factors involved were considered. The question involved was, of course, whether the vast amount of time consumed in preparing summary reports was justified in light of the other pressing responsibilities of the Bureau. On memorandum of February 10, 1954, the Director in commenting on the Program noted, "If it can be completed by July 14, 1954, I will allow it to be continued."

In the latter phase of the project we followed the field closely to insure that appropriate planning had been made with regard to production, necessary assignment of Agents and the resolutions of stenographic problems as they arose. The field made note of various difficulties encountered along these lines which were brought to your attention in our series of memoranda dealing with the progress of this Program.

Considering the other fixed responsibilities of the field in security work and the sheer volume of reports to be prepared, we feel that the field has on an over-all basis done an excellent job in preparing these reports. In many instances the reports involved extended file reviews and the analysis of the reports involved extended file reviews and the Bureau has voluminous data. Processing of the reports at the Bureau has revealed that they have continued to maintain the same standard of excellence required in our security reports with regard to organization, content and accuracy.

In following this program to its conclusion, we have observed that ten offices have evidenced unusual resourcefulness and industry and are, we feel, deserving of commendation. The completion of the Program by these offices, without exception,

necessitated considerable voluntary overtime, placed unusual demands upon their stenographic and clerical personnel and involved teamwork on the part of all personnel. We also took into consideration other demands upon the manpower of those offices during the period these reports were being prepared.

Set out hereinafter are data relating to the following offices which are being recommended for commendation: Chicago, Detroit, Los Angeles, Newark, New Haven, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Diego, San Francisco and Seattle.

commendation for those employees named in the attached letters from Los Angeles and Philadelphia dated July 19 and July 14, respectively.

Chicago

Chicago had scheduled a total of 1,532 summary reports. In January of 1954, Chicago pointed out that in view of their decrease in Agent personnel they were having difficulty in reassigning Agents to this project while at the same time maintaining their security delinquency at reasonable levels. In addition, in the Spring of this year Chicago was forced to allocate a large number of their Agents to extensive investigation concerning members of the Nationalist Party of Pucrto Rico. Naccosary readjustments and reassignments were made in both instances; however, Chicago met the Bureau deadline of July 14, 1954.

Detroit

By letter of February 26, 1954, Detroit advised the Bureau of a miscalculation which had been made in that office regarding the status of the program. This matter was discussed in my memorandum of April 16, 1954. Necessary readjustments were made, the program was accelerated under the personal attention of the SAC and the deadline was met. Detroit had scheduled a total of 1,372 summary reports.

Los Angeles

Los Angeles had scheduled a total of 2,510 summary reports. My memorandum of April 16, 1954, noted that beginning in January Los Angeles had taken positive steps to complete this

program including the assignment of cases to all Agents assigned to Headquarters city. In addition Los Angeles had geared production to approximately 340 summary reports per month and had placed a voluntary staff of eleven stenographers on Saturday duty, with the Bureau approval. Los Angeles also rented one additional mimeograph machine to enable them to cope with their high rate of

Attached is a letter from Los Angeles dated July 19, production. 1954, which comments upon the excellent teamwork of their personnel and mentions three individuals whom the SAC considers deserving of commendation. This letter is referred to in our recommendations herein.

Newark had scheduled 820 summary reports. During the Newark past months Newark has maintained an average of approximately 90 reports per month in order to complete the program. The hearings conducted by the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations regarding Fort Monmouth employees in the late Fall of 1953 necessitated considerable work in preparing current investigative reports in a large number of cases. As a result Newark has prepared the majority of their summary reports since the beginning of this year.

New Haven, although a relatively small office, (66 Agents) New Haven has a high Security Index count and was committed to the preparation of 504 summary reports. New Haven had made satisfactory progress through April 1, 1954, having submitted approximately 80% of their reports as of that date. Since that time, however, New Haven has been engaged in extensive investigation relating to the Smith Act Natters and apprehensions were made by that office in the early Summer of this year. As a result New Haven was sorely pressed to meet the Bureau deadline with a production rate of 30 reports per month. Their manpower and stenographic difficulties were resolved however and New Haven met the Bureau deadline of July 14, 19

Philadelphia had 974 summary reports to prepare. In Philadelphia addition to the maintenance of the rate of approximately 130 summary reports per month during the past months Philadelphia has also been engaged in work relating to their Smith Act Trial. To meet the dealline, then by three Agents were assigned full time to the project and fifty-three others worked part time. Clerical

1719

problems arose and were resolved by Philadelphia in order to complete the program.

Attached is Philadelphia's final status letter of July 14, 1954, which makes specific reference to the contribution of their supervisory stenographer Miss to this project.

St. Louis

St. Louis had 173 summary report cases. That office was, of course, engaged in extensive investigation in the natter and their Smith Act trial extended from early February through May of this year. Concerted effort was required in order to meet the Bureau deadline.

San Diego

San Diego had 144 summary reports to prepare. As reflected in my memoranda of January 19, and April 16, 1954, San Diego was faced with difficulties in view of their then-pending case load at approximately 35 cases per Agent. Necessary readjustments were made including the handling of stenographic problems, and the deadline was met.

San Francisco

reports. Throughout this program the San Francisco Office has exhibited excellent planning and supervision. My memorandum of January 19, 1954, noted that San Francisco had as of that date completed 1,379 of the reports and had established a production rate of approximately 100 reports per month in order to complete the program. This rate was maintained and the San Francisco Offica met the deadline of July 14, 1954. When considered in the light of the other commitments and accomplishments of the San Francisco Office during the past months it is felt that captioned project was well handled.

Seattle

Although Seattle was beset with a number of problems, including a heavy volume of applicant investigations and resulting stenographic problems, Seattle completed the Summary Report Program at the appointed time. The SAC in his letter of May 25, 1954, "Bureau Applicant Investigations, Delated Special Indian and SGE-Seattle Division," discussed these matters in detail. It is felt that under the circumstances the summary report project was well handled in the Seattle Division.

DATE: July 21, 1954

FROM

CORRELATION CLERKS PREPARATION OF SUMMARY REPORTS FBI File

DETAILS:

Succession Ideas Com

whether it can be considered a duty of a correlation clerk to review files to obtain the documentation of information required in security summary reports and (2) suggests that consideration be given to compiling instructions as to the duties of correlation clerks in the field.

This memorandum is concerned only with item (1) above and only to the extent of pointing out the nature of the file reviews necessary to develop the documentary data required in the summary reports.

Our instructions in this matter are set out in Section 870 VII, (f) (11) b, vanual of Instructions, which state, "The following instructions concerning accumentation of reports applies to both investigative and summary reports written upon individuals when (1) the investigating Agent has reason to believe the subject's name will be included in the Security Index in the future or (2) the subject's name is already included in the Security Index. Complete documentation of information in reports consists of five elements, namely (1) identity of the source, (2) time of activity being reported, (3) date the information was received, (4) identity of the igent or Agents receiving the information for who can testify to the information obtained, (5) location of the original exhibit in the office files."

guch decumentation is confined to the data furnished by live informants with the exception of nigh-level leve informants.

It will be seen that the marshalling of the above data is essentially a clerical function in that it simply sets out specifically the history of information already in the possession of the field effices. From that standpoint it would anseen that

considerable Agent time might well be saved by utilization of qualified correlation clerks in obtaining the documentary material.

It should be pointed out that since these data are concerned exclusively with sources and informants within the Division, extreme care should be taken in selecting the employees to be so utilized and their work should be afforded close supervision and restrict their search to the particular files concerned. The latter are in most instances the files containing the original informant memoranda and, as noted above, involve only live informants.

It should also be emphasized that although the documentary data may be developed by clerical personnel it remains the complete responsibility of the dictating Agent to insure that such data are entirely accurate.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that this memorandum and the attached Baltimore letter be referred to the Administrative Division for information and to assist the Administrative Division in handling the required reply to the Baltimore Office.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : DIRECTOR, FOI

(DATE) 7/12/54

FROM : Q AC, BALTINORE (

SUBJECT: TILES OF CORRELATION CLERKS

When an office prepares a summary report on a subject, it is frequently necessary for the office preparing the summary to request an auxilliant office to furnish five summary to request an auxilliant office to furnish five summary to request on of information which the suxilliant office originally furnished concerning a subject. In such instances, can it be considered a subvert to correlation instances, can it be considered a subvert to correlation clerk to review the liftes including the abstraction of clerk to review the original information necessary to go into nurpose of obtaining that information necessary to go into the five column accumentation, or is this a subject, which can be handed by an agent?

Correlation instructions furnished by the Bureau agreer to have been compiled for use at the Bureau. Each of this is not applicable for field office use. If there are not already in existence correlation instructions designed specifically for field office use, it is suggested consideration be given to compiling such instructions. If there are instructions in correlation specifically for field office use, the Baltimore Office would like to be furnished with seven copies.

July 20, 1954

SAC, Baltimore

RECORDED -

Director, FSI

-1721

DITIES OF CORRELATION CLERKS

Rewritt dated 7/12/34 in which you requested information as to whether the reviewing of files and the abstraction of information from reports of infor a is in connection with "five column documentation" could be considered a clerical function or whether it is a tation" could be considered a clerical function or whether it is a duty which must be handled by an agent. In this letter you also duty which must be handled by an agent. In this letter you also suggested that constitution is jugal to proparing correlation instruct suggested that constitution is jugal to proparing correlation instruct designed specifically for field office use.

docu entation to which you rejet is escentially a clinical function in that it simply sets out specifically the history of information already in the possession of fittle agent time might be saved if qualified would appear that considerable agent time might be saved if qualified correlation clerks obtained the documentation material.

exclusively with sources and informants, extreme ware should be taken in selecting employees to be so utilized. There, of course, should be close supervicion in this connection and their search restricted to the particular files concerned.

It should also be insured that although the documentary data may be developed by clerical permonnel is remains the complete responsibility of the dictating agent to incure the accuracy of such datas

designed specifically for field use be prepared, you are advised that this is not considered feasible. Different field offices have this is not considered feasible. Different field offices have different problems in this regard, especially in type of work, differences in subject matter, and variety in general nature of cases differences in subject matter, and variety in general nature of cases involved. There is also constate and entire named a within any given off in the way in which the work is actually handled within any given off in the way in which the work is actually the same. No such instruction even though the purpose is essentially the same. No such instruction have been issued. You should, however, feel free, if you wish, to contain the instructions as may be emplicable to the requirements of our such instructions as may be emplicable to the Sarcau for approval.

Information concerning appropriateness of work for correction decrees furnished by Internal Leourity Section by memo dated 7/21/04. In permation concerning interactions for field that in correction 1922 charaction work obtained velophonically from

Office Memorandum • United States Government DATE: July 27, 1254

TO

FROM !

SUBJECT SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS OF INDIVIDUALS

We have pointed out to the field the absolute necessity of not only evaluating their cases prior to recommending subjects Jor inclusion to the Security Index, but to insure on a continuing . basis that the cases already approved for the Security Index are sound. Such instructions are incorporated in Section 870 of the Panual of Instructions, page 39, wherein it is provided: "Each time that a case is reopened and brought up to date it should be justified in the light of existing instructions. This procedure is to be followed on a year-to-year basis for each Security Index subject."

Our instructions also require that Security Index cases be reopened annually for investigative reports. Certain cases, including Key Figure, Key Facility and Top Functionary cases are reported more often.

We feel What the field should be reminded of our fixed responsibilities regarding these cases - that (1) all security cases must be carefully evaluated to determine if the subjects are potentially dangerous and should be included in the Security Index and (2) cases involving subjects already included in the Security Index should be analyzed on a continuing basis to be certain that they are entirely sound. Further, it appears desirable to re-emphasize the need for re-evaluation of those cases in which the subjects have been interviewed, particularly when denials by those subjects place in issue the reliability or accuracy of data furnished previously by persons, confidential sources or security informants. Any such questions raised should, of course, be resolved completely by recontacts with the appropriate sources.

RECOMMENTATION:

If you approve, there les attached a proposed sig Lette embodying the foregoing occurrance. No Manual changes are involve since, as noted above, the attached simply re-emphasizes orisain requirements and procedures.

(L) SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS OF INDIVIDUALS -- Evaluation of Potential Dangerousness

One of the purposes of security-type investigations is to determine the identities, whereabouts and activities of individuals who, because of their membership or activities in or association with subversive groups, are considered dangerous or potentially dangerous to the internal security of the country and the consequent collection of sufficient information concerning their activities collection of sufficient information concerning their activities to justify inclusion in the Security Index and apprehension in the to justify inclusion emergency.

To fulfill your responsibility for including in the Security Index the names of all potentially dangerous individuals,

TITT

8/3/54 SAC LETTER NO. 54-39 you must be alert at all times to evaluate each and every security investigation to be certain the case has been thoroughly investigated to resolve the question of the subject's dangerousness.

To fulfill your responsibility in connection with every case in which a subject's name is presently on the Security Index, you must be certain that the case receives appropriate re-evaluation so that at all times there is sufficient information developed to justify subject's detention in the event of an emergency.

On the other hand we have a definite responsibility to appraise cases fairly to be certain that names are either not added to the Security Index or are deleted therefrom when individuals no longer present a danger to the internal security of the country. Because of the underground operations of the Communist Party and the security measures adopted by the Party, it has become increasingly more difficult to evaluate certain cases because of the absence of open Party activity. Whenever doubts are reised for any reason as to whether a Security Index subject is still dangerous, additional positive, thorough and searching investigative action must be taken to resolve the question. In far too many instances you have failed to take such action and the Bureau has been forced to call individual cases to your attention. The Bureau desires to reiterate emphatically that it remains your responsibility to insure that your cases are properly evaluated and are investigated thoroughly without the necessity of repeating this basic instruction in correspondence in the individual cases.

An evaluation of dangerousness to decide whether or not a subject's name should be added to or retained in the Security subject. Index must be made following every interview of a security subject. If a subject on interview denies in whole or in part pertinent derogatory information contained in our files and there is not incontrovertible proof in the files that the subject is untruthful incontrovertible proof in the files that the subject is untruthful incontrovertible proof in the files that the subject is untruthful incontrovertible proof in the files that the subject is untruthful incontrovertible proof in the files that the subject is untruthful incontrovertible proof in the files that the subject in such denial subversive and security informants who of persons, sconfidential sources and security informants who of persons, sconfidential sources and security information regarding the subject originally furnished the subversive information regarding the subject originally furnished the correctness of the information previously in order to reaffirm the correctness of the information previously furnished and to determine if the individuals can recall any furnished and to determine if the individuals can recall any furnished and to determine if the individuals can recall any has come to their attention subsectionally. This is necessary in the subject's denial in these cases in which the evidence, view of the subject's denial in these cases in which the

8/3/54 SAC LETTER NO. 54-39 reasonably interpreted and analyzed, does not clearly establish the subject's dangerousness beyond doubt.

I cannot emphasize too strongly the absolute necessity that you be certain a subject has been properly identified as the person engaging in the subversive activities alleged. When there is any doubt on that point, particularly when on interview the subject denies the pertinent subversive allegations, the person, confidential source or security informant who is the source of the derogatory information should be thoroughly reinterviewed and exhibited a photograph of the subject, when available, to resolve the matter.

The above instructions are not intended to change existing policy and procedures in matters of this type but are to re-emphasize the necessity for logically resolving all questions pertaining to the dangerousness or potential dangerousness of the subject of each security investigation by reinterviewing sources and conducting additional investigation when warranted.

Office Me

7 • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro

DATE: August 6,1954

FROM !

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX.

During the past week, 39 cards were added to the Security Index and 9 cards were cancelled, a net increase of 30 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,568.

ACTION:

None. This is for your information.

Office Memirandum • United States Government

TO

DATE: July 21, 1954

FROM !

SUBJECT:

DISSEMINATION DATA DEVELOPED IN THE COURSE OF
SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS

DETAILS:

SAC Letter 54-33, part (C), of 6/29/54, re-emphasized the absolute necessity of completely discharging our responsibilities of disceminating to appropriate agencies the information coming to the attention of the Bureau. In order to crystallize such responsibilities in the security field, with particular reference to data developed on individuals we have prepared a unit treating the matter of dissemination at length and under a separate heading in the Manual of Instructions.

Sommer for the

Attached is a proposed set of instructions regarding the dissemination of information developed in security cases, to be added under a separate heading in Section 87C of the Manual of Instructions.

Bureau dissemination requirements in order to crystallize our responsibilities in the security field. We are pointing out that such proposed instructions must be read in the light of the provisions of Section 5 of the Manual of Rules and Regulations which discusses the Bureau's over-all responsibilities in dissemination, together with existing policies, qualifications and exceptions. Further, we have, as in the cases of Key Facility and U. S. Government employees, cross referenced our instructions with those existing manual provisions which set out with particularity the procedure required, including dissemination.

We are reiterating the absolute necessity of discharging our responsibilities of dissemination and impressing upon the field that the basic rule to follow is that security information must be furnished promptly to interested agencies and that the term "interested agency" must be interpreted in the light of reason and common sense.

Attention is directed to page three of the proposed amendment to Section 87C of the Manual of Instructions relating to individuals employed by state, county or municipal governments to individuals employed by state, county or municipal governments to individuals employed by state, county or municipal governments and (Responsibilities Program). This portion actually restates and qualifies data relating to the same category of individuals treated qualifies data relating to the same category of individuals treated in the Manual of Rules and Regulations, Part 5, page 2. Since the in the Manual of Rules and as such is handled on an individual case basis, it is believed and as such is handled on an individual case basis, it is believed and as such is handled on an individual case basis, it is believed that the matter of dissemination more properly belongs in Section 87C. that the matter of dissemination more properly belongs in Section 87C. That reason, we are recommending that the Manual of Rules and For that reason, we are recommending that the Manual of Rules and Regulations be amended to delete the reference to the Responsibilities Program, noted above.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- (1) If you approve, the attached instructions on dissemination will be added as item 8 of Section 870 of the Kanual of Instructions.
- -- (2) If you approve, there is attached a proposed amendment in the Manual of Rules and Regulations, Part 5, page 2, as suggested in the closing paragraph of this memorandum.
- (3) There is also attached for your approval a proposed SAC Letter advising the field of the added unit to Section 870 of the Manual of Instructions, and instructing that its provisions be called to the specific attention of the Agent personnel.

Uffice IV1emoj anaum • United States Government

TO

DATE: August 5, 1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX
PREPARATION OF SUMMARY REPORTS

My memorandum of July 21, 1954, noted that captioned program had been completed in the field. As you know, the New York Office was exempted from this program upon its reinstitution in July, 1953, because of New York's extensive backlog in the security investigation of individuals and because it was believed of paramount importance that these investigations be completed and all individuals dangerous or potentially dangerous to the Internal Security of the country be included in the Security Index.

The question of resumption of this program by the New York Office was reanalyzed during the inspection of that office in early December, 1953. The results were set out in detail in Mr. memorandum to Mr. dated December 12, 1953. In substance, it was found that if the summary report program were reinstituted the New York Office would require 65 Agents assigned exclusively to that project for one year to bring it to a current status. Further, it was noted that since the Security Matter - C cases represent a "grass roots" program, it was not desirable to take any action which would interfere with the development of all pending security cases looking toward the adding of a great number of the subjects to the Security Index.

With the foregoing considerations in mind, we have continued to follow the New York Office closely, analyzing each month their case loads as reflected in the New York administrative reports. A review of our records reflects that although the total number of pending active cases in the three security classifications, , andincreased from 5,144 in January, 1954, to 5,417 as of June 20, 1954, the pending active cases in the classification have dropped from 4,331 to 4,040 in the same period. Further, since our instructions now provide that all Security Index cases be reviewed and re-evaluated annually, it appears that New York should again be asked to explore the p ∞ sibilivies of resuming the summary report program. That is to say, it is imperative these cases be reviewed periodically to insure that they are entirely sound. With that in mind, there would appear to be a saving of time and effort if in reopening cases for such purpose summary reports might be prepared on a staggered basis. New York has submitted a number of

summary reports, e.g. when the report is an initial report and when one of their Security Index subjects transfers to another division. Further, New York had submitted several reports in the early stages of this prograprior to its discontinuance in that of fice. As of July 1, 1954, New York advised they had submitted a total of 2,018 summary reports of a total of 6,152 Security Index cases, leaving approximately 4,100 cases in which reports should be prepared.

Bulet of July 2, 1954, addressed to the SAC in New York and commenting upon the New York self-inspection in June of this year, made reference to the fact that approximately 80 Agents would be required to bring the summary reports to a current status in one year's time. It was pointed out, however, that such allocation is not desired at the cost of diverting investigative employees from ether needed security investigations and suggested that the recent reofficiation of security gations and suggested that the recent reoffice to reduce investigative assignments in New York would permit that office to reduce investigative delinquency and permit the resumption of the summary report project, working it on a continuing basis, as other commitments will permit.

RECOMMENDATION:

If you approve, the attached letter will be sent to New York instructing them to reanalyze their situation in line with the foregoing comments and to submit their recommendations with regard to the resumption of the summary report program by that office.

SAC, New York (

August 5, 1954

PROUDEAL ATT MILON

Tirector, FEI

SECURITY IN ST. SUSBARY REPORTS

that during the inspection of your office in early loss for, loss for given thorough study. You indicated program had been given thorough study. You indicated your concurrence with the inspector's comments that your concurrence with the inspector's comments that in order to bring your summary reports to a current in order to bring your summary reports to a current status in one year's time, a total of sixty-five status in one year's time, a total of sixty-five necessary, but looking at the entire security program and realizing limited personnel are aucilable, the and realizing limited personnel are aucilable, the use of sixty-five additional Agents on the summary use of sixty-five additional Agents on the summary report program exclusively was not recommended at that time.

In other words, it was felt that the immediate problem was to fully process the pending cases to insure that subjects whose background and activities indicated that they were potentially dangerous to the internal security of the country would be added to the Security Index without delay. with the foregoing in mind, the Europe has continued for julium closely your pending lackley of eccurity cases which have been the subject of periodic correspondence to your office under the caption "Lelinguency in Decurity Investigations." It has been noted from your administrative reports that your votel penality cotive closes in the three security classifications, ed, 100 and 103, have increased from 0.1.3 or of Jenuary 31, 1954, to 5,017 as of June co, 2002. Lrun; who core person, hor robr, pending coling cases in the 100 classification decreased from Z, (CI to file). To would a mour, the forest that some ! procress has less thece in recuestry pror incling to those eress in a son a number of a heart freezy louid he condidered for inclusion in the accuraty ander-

8/5/54

Tour letter of May 24, 1954, captioned

"Delinquency in Security Investigations" on page two makes

"pecific reference to your cases in the 100 classification.

**specific reference to your cases in the 100 classification.

**specific reference to your cases in the 100 classification.

**specific reference to your cases in the 100 classification.

**specific reference to your cases in the 100 classification.

**specific reference to your cases in the May 1, 1954, there cases were opened in that catsgory. As of May 1, 1954, there cases were 4,328 pending active cases and that "this would mean were 4,328 pending active cases and that "this would mean that the botal backlog of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case load of the 832 cases." You further state "although the case of the 832 cases." You further state "although the further state "although the same state "although the same state "although the same state "although t

that our Security Index cases be entirely sound. This fact is emphasized in existing Eureau requirements that all Security Index cases must be reviewed annually and re-evaluated Security Index cases must be reviewed annually and re-evaluated on a regulir basis. The summery report program affords an opportunity to completely analyze these cases while at the same time bringing them completely up to date. In many instances analyses of these cases can be integrated into your Security Informant frogram by consideration of interviews with those subjects who appear to have been inactive in preceding months. Of even creater importance, however, in the fact that with the preparation of summary reports your cases are in a state of readiness thould the Emergency Detention Frogram be invoked.

coming to your attention must be developed and proper subjects added to the Security Index, we must not loss sight of the long range aspects of the Exergency Istention Ingram compositing us to constantly unpraise these acres is insure that our classification of these incividuals potential dangerousness is well taken.

Considering all the factors involved, the Bureau desires at this time that you make a complete

analysis of the Security Index program and specifically develop the question of resumption of the summary report program. Your letter of July 1, 1954, reflected that you had submitted a total of 2,018 summary reports of a total of 6,152 Security Index cases leaving a backlog of approximately 4,100 summary reports for preparation. further noted that in 1,339 cases the files contained summary reports over one y ar old with the result that a total of 5,201 summary reports would have to be prepared. With regard to this latter figure, the Bureau desires to were point out that the fact a summary report is over one year old does not necessarily mean that an additional summary report will be necessary. As you know, the Bureau has dicountinued the requirement that supplemental summary reports be submitted annually in Security Index cases and for that reason if an initial summary report has been submitted under this program, the Bureau requires only that the case be brought up to date annually with an investigative report. For that reason, it is being assumed that your backlog stands at approximately 4,100 cases.

> Your letter of June 22, 1954, captioned Memorandum for the Director, Self-Inspection Report of j on page five The ham York Office, " your file estimated that reinstitution of the summary report program would now necessitate the services of approximately 80 Agents to bring the reports to a current status. Bureau letter of July 2, 1954, addressed to you personally stated that it would be desirable, of course, to bring the summary report program to a current status but not at the cost of diverting investicative employees from other needed security investications. It was suggested, however, that possibly the recent reorganization of the handling of security work would permit ou to shortly make a sharp reduction in the investigative delin uency of security type cases and then commence attacking the summary report project and work it on a continuing basis as other consistments will permit.

> You are accordingly instructed to reanalyze your security assignments, case loads, and commitments to determine whether the sum ary report program may be reinstitubed in jour effice under the circumstances outsined in the proceding paragraph. That is to say, the bureou

recognizes that it is not possible to commit &O Agents
to this project on a deadline basis. It is imperative,
however, that you begin attacking this problem at the
earliest possible moment to prevent the further accumulation
of the backlog in the cases requiring summary reports.

To that end arrangements must be made to commence assignment
of these cases for the preparation of summary reports on a
regular though limited basis.

You are requested to advise the Bureau within
fifteen days from the receipt of this letter of nour recommendations in this matter. Four letter should include an analysis
of your pending backlog in each of the classifications,
and including (1) the number of your Security Index
cases now open for any reason, (2) the number of non-Security
Index cases now open in which investigation must be conducted
to determine if the subject should be placed in the Security
Index and, (3) the number of pending cases in which other
Offices are origin.

This matter must receive your close personal attention.

....

пп

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO

DATE: 8/5/54

FROM !

SUBJECT: WAR PLANS

I would like to suggest that consideration be given to the microfilming of the fingerprint cards of those individuals concerning whom the Bureau has Security. These fingerprint cards are filed in the main fingerprint files of the Identification Division and constitute the finger impressions of those individuals who are on the Bureau's Security Index and whose fingerprints are available for the possibility of the exists that we would have approximately 25,000 such Security and it is felt that a microfilm file of these fingerprints are available for the set of these fingerprints are available for the set of these fingerprints and it is felt that a microfilm file of these fingerprints and it is felt that a microfilm file of these fingerprints are sould be of value if a question of identity ever did arise in connection with the detention of Security Index subjects. The cost of such microfilming would be negligible compared with the value that could be received.

In connection with the above suggestion, I feel that a consideration should be given to including on the index carrs in the Security Index File is part of the description the FRI much a where available and the fingerprint classification so that and means of possibly identifying an individual would be available.

Both of these suggestions should be referred to the Domestic Intelligence Division for their salignes.

...wrandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: August 11,1954

SUBJECT: WAR PLANS

1) MICROFILMING FINGERPRINT CARDS OF SEC RITY INLEX SUBJECTS 2) INCLUDING FINGERPRINT CLASSIFICATION AND FBI NUMBER IN DESCRIPTION ON REVERSE SIDE OF FIELD SECTRITY INDEX CARDS

Attached is a memorandum dated August 5, 1954, from Mr. to Mr. suggesting (1) that consideration be given to microfilming the fingerprint cards of those individuals against wicke record the field has placed Security Flash Notices in case questions of identity arise in an emergency and the Identification Division records are not available. A Security Flash Notice is a stop placed against the fingerprint records of Security Index subjects whenever such a record is known.

Mr. estimates that there would be about 1.5, 10 Legarity Flash Notices on file and an attached routing slip indicates the cost of microfilming at approximately 10 sents per pard.

(2) That consideration be given to inclusing on the Security Index cards as part of the descriptive data the a number and fingerprint classification whenever that data is known and a security of the Notice has been placed.

Observations:

TO DESE SEE THE 66-17380 /7-18-52).

NOT RECORDED 145 SL . 10 1954

Re suggestion number 1 I EICL

as of an ust 6, 1354, there were 15,500 at the Transit on file. Of course, fingerprint records of all de cuty in a subare not available and offices have been instructed to caucel to the Flash Notices whenever door ritu Inter cards are cancelled. no record of the autual norther of Security Flush Sotices on Sile ... it may be somewhat less than 25,000, cassily between 15,000 and 20,

Intermed as the Identification Division of present we atak a constant microfilming preject of Bureau versonn-1 fingerprint car it is believed that it would de extremely worth while to exteri minn filming to Security Index subjects a airch cham we curry Minch Notic are on file. This would be a continuing may be and it would, not be recessury to make any deletions in the microfilm recording

VNR 8-11-54

Although we have physical descriptions available in all cases and photographs available in a righ percentage of cases, many of the photographs may be old and inadequate to identify an individual who denies his identity. By reducing the fingerprint cards to microfilm we will have a means at hand to reproduce fingerprint cards for Security Index subjects. Many subjects may not be apprehended immediat following an emergency and become fugitives. By having copies of the fingerprint impressions available we will be in a position to positivel identify the individuals in those cases and place appropriate notices against incoming fingerprints from local law enforcement agencies. It would be practically impossible to reconstitute auch records should the records of the Identification Division be destroyed.

Re suggestion number 2

The description of Security Index subjects is maintained on the reverse side of cards maintained in the field offices. Such data is not on the cards at the Sect of Government. The held uses approved Eureau Form FD-186 at the time the descriptions are added to the Security Index cards received from the Suress. This Form has listed, for the assistance of the Agent numerous items of descriptive data which should be included on the Security Indicated in available. Among the items as suggested descriptive data are "Val or rolice Number" and "Fingerprint Classification." Of course, it most odess the finger-print classification is not known in the field office e en though they do know the FBI number and have the identification record.

It is believed that by furnishing the field the fragerprint classification along with the FRI number for inclusion on all Security Index cards where identification records are known, the cards will be more valuable in effecting quick identification. Is data could be furnished to the field at the time the cards are microfilme: which would bring it up to date as of that time and the FRI number and finderprint classifications could be forwarded substituting as additional Security Flash Notices are placed.

Including fingerprint classification sata in the less more on the back of the field Security Index cards will make the cross more adaptable for use as Security Index subjects may deep trentity and their photographs may not be available. On denial of identity the field could by use of the fingerprint classification tentatively identify the individual until comparisons can be more with the fingerprint impressions.

ACTION:



(1) It is recommended that the fingerprint cords of Survey

VNR 0-11-54

be microfilmed for storage at the evacuation site. It is assumed that both sides of the fingerprint card will be microfilmed inasmuch as the description on the reverse side also will be a valuable record to have at the evacuation site.

(2) It is recommended that if the fingerprint cards are microfilmed that the FBI number and fingerprint classification be furnished to the field in each case.

4

(3) If recommendations 1 and 2 are approved, an SAC Letter will be prepared advising that whenever a Security Flash Notice is on file the FFI number and finger rint classification will be furnished to the field for inclusion in the description on the reverse side of the Security Index card.

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SUBJECT: DELINQUENCY IN SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS

SYNOPSIS:

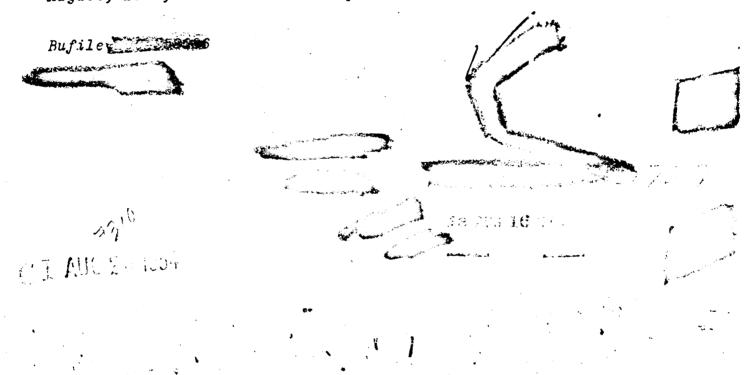
Each month we follow the field closely on the status of security work by analyzing the backlog of pending cases and delinquency in Espianage, Internal Security, Security Katter and foreign intelligence cases in classifications 65, 100 and 105. Status of these cases as of July 31, 1954, is set forth herein.

Pending active matters in the entire field in the security classifications increased from 22,278 to 22,977. Delinquent matters decreased from 7,407 to 7,163 with the resultant over-all statistical decrease from 33.2% to 31.6%. The delinquency in security cases in the New York Office increased from 2,207 to 2,225, a delinquency of 39%. The number of pending active matters in the 100 classification increased in the New York Office from 4,040 to 4,181 and the delinquent items in this classification increased from 1,871 to 1,912 or statistical delinquency of 46%.

Letters are being sent to 17 offices either instructing them to reduce backley and delinquency or, in some cases commenting upon their progress in bringing their security cases to current status.

RECOMMENDATION:

The field will continue to be followed closely in this matter and you will be advised of the results of the review of the August, 1954, administrative reports.



Since December, 1951, we have been closely following, on a monthly basis, the twelve field offices having a large proportion. of our pending security work and since March, 1952, all offices. We have written letters to the twelve offices and to other offices where progress in reducing the backlog of work and delinquency has not been satisfactory.

The July, 1954, administrative reports from all offices reflect that the total pending active matters in the classifications 65, 100 and 105 increased during this month from 22,278 to 22,977.

The delinquent items decreased from 7,407 to 7,163 which represents a statistical decrease of from 23.2, to 31.6%.

The following statistics reflect the status of pending work including both pending active and pending inactive matters and delinquency for all field divisions as of December 31, 1951, and the progress for the last four months:

TOTAL PENDING MATTERS CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

Classification	12-31-51	4-30-54	<u>5-31-54</u>	6-30-54	7-31-54
65	1,314	1,127	1,163	1,110	1,090
100	32,812	20,764	21,368	21,143	21,013
105 Total	2,895 37,021	<u>2,894</u> 24,765	<u>3,413</u> 25,944	<u>4,125</u> 26,378	<u>4,542</u> 26,645

TOTA, DELINQUENT MATTERS CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

<u>Classifications</u>	<u> 12-31-51</u>	<u>4-30-54</u>	<i>5-31-54</i>	<u>6-30-54</u>	<u>7-31-54</u> ◀
65	. 525	156	189	222	229
100	22,518	5,962	6,870	6,435	6,106
105 - To tal	<u>1,719</u> 2d.702	<u>523</u> 3,757	763	750 7,407	<u>828 -</u>

The following statistics reflect the total of pending active matters, delinquency and percentage of delinquency of all offices since January 31, 1953.

CLASSIFICATIONS 65, 100 and 105 ALL FIELD DIVISIONS

<u>Date</u>	Pending Active Matters	<u>Matters</u>	<u>Delinquent</u>
1-31-53 2-28-53 3-31-53 4-30-53 5-31-53 6-30-53 7-31-53 8-31-53 9-30-53 11-30-53 12-31-53 1-31-54 2-28-54 3-31-54 4-30-54 6-30-54	24,098 22,935 23,033 22,100 21,740 20,970 20,180 19,493 19,224 19,141 19,933 19,947 20,520 21,488 21,848 21,752 21,863 22,278	11,772 11,233 10,890 9,120 9,730 9,558 9,411 8,495 7,571 5,580 6,655 6,749 7,494 6,007 6,617 6,757 7,822 7,407 7,163	48.8% 46.9% 47.3% 41.3% 44.8% 45.6% 43.6% 43.6% 33.5% 33.5% 33.5% 31.6% 31.6%

Status of Security Work in Twelve of the Larger Offices

The following statistics reflect the progress of the twelve larger offices we have been closely following since December, 1951.

These offices have approximately 81% of the total Security Index These offices have approximately 81% of the total Mecurity Index cards and a high percentage of the pending work and delinquency in classifications 65, 100 and 105.

STATISTICS FOR TWELVE OFFICES SECURITY INDEX COUNT AND FOR 65, 100 and 105 MATTERS

		Office	Security Index Cards 7-15-54	Pending Natte <u>6-30-54</u>		Percei Deline 6-30-54	
den	مشهركة	New York	6,562	5,417	5,750	41%	39%
	*	Los Angeles	4,049	1,818	1,973	46%	41%
;	*	San Francisco	2,276	1,544	1,637	31%	31%
1	*	Chicago	1,534	1,128	1,175	38%	31%
	*	Detroit	1,374	782	897	50%	31%
	#	Phil adelphia	1,162	1,048	1,014	34%	2 9%
	*	Newark	841	1,201	1,184	44%	3 9%
		Clevelanc	685	475	507	2 8%	21%
		Seattle	672	30 9	367	28%	25%
		Boston	642	732	75 9	27%	24%
	*	Winneapolis	526	370	377	16%	28%
	*	New Haven	5.20	<u>432</u>	427	35%	29%
		Total	20,813	15,256	16,067		

^{*} Letters being sent to offices indicated. See page 8 herein.

The over-all statistics for the eleven offices other than the New York Office since July 31, 1952, are as follows: .

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	1 Martin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1727
Date	Pending . tive Matters (65-100-105)	Delinquent Mat rs (65-100-105)	Percentage Delinque (65-100-105)
7-31-52	13,117	7,965	60.7%
8-31-52	12,611	7,589	60.2%
9-30-52	11,367	5,732	50.4%
10-31-52	11,286	4,957	43.9%
11-30-52	11,148	4,844	43.5%
		1655 1471 1481 4.578	41.9%
1-31-53	10,730	4,696	43. 8%
2-28- 53	10,721	4,3 58	40.6%
3-31-53	10,069	4,019	39.9%
4-30-53	9,411	2,887	30.7%
5-31-53	9,277	3,447	37.2%
6-30-53	8,964	3, 532	39.4%
7-31-53	8,908	3, 758	42.2%
8-31-53	8,547	3,618	42.3%
9-30-53	8,601	3, 249	37.8%
10-31-53	8,845	2,785	31.4%
11-30-53	9,434	2,871	30.4%
12-31-53	9,552	3, 261	34.1%
1-31-54	9,814	3,318	33.6%
2-28-54	10,288	3,021	29.4%
3-31-54	10,188	2,998	29.4%
4-30-54	10,201	3,20 9	31.5%
5-31-54	9,840	3, 920	39.8%
6-30-54	9,839	3, 679	37. 5%
7-31-54	10,317	3,34 8	32.4%

New York Office

During 1953, the New York Office made a steady reduction in delinquent matters in the security classifications as well as a steady reduction in the case backlog. During November, 1953, the security delinquency dropped below 50% for the first time in 1953 to 47%. This was reduced even further in December to 45% as compared with January, 1953, delinquency of 76% in the security classifications. During January, 1954, however, New York delinquency in the security classifications took an upward trend, from 43% to 53%.

The July, 1954, administrative report reveals that its security delinquency decreased during the past month from 41% to 39%. The pending active security cases increased in the New York Office from 5,417 for June, 1954, to 5,750 for July, 1954. Delinque items increased from 2,207 as of June, 1954, to 2,225 as of July, 1954.

The New York Office has approximately 24% of the pending active matters in the 65, 100 and 105 classifications in the entire field. This office has approximately 31% of the number of delinquent items in these classifications throughout the field. The average delinquency in all other offices at the end of July, 1954, was approximately 29%. The New York delinquency was 39% as previously noted.

The bulk of the New York backlog and delinquency is in the 100 classification. During July, 1954, the number of pending active matters in the 100 classification in the New York Office increased from 4,040 to 4,181. The number of delinquent matters in this classification increased from 1,871 to 1,912 with a statistical decrease from 47% for June, 1954, to 46% for July, 1954.

Status of Security Work in the Remaining Forty Offices

The remaining forty offices are listed according to the percentage of delinquency on July 31, 1954, in total matters in classifications 65, 100 and 105. These statistics reflect the progress during July, 1954. It should be noted that many of the smaller offices have no pending matters in classifications 65 and 105 and their entire pending backlog is in classification 100 matters.

· ·	Pendi		Percen		_
		Natters	Delinq		•
Office	6-30-54	<u>7-31-54</u>	<u>6-30-54</u>	<u>7-31-54</u>	
<i>Milwaukee</i>	· · · · · 303	- 321-	37%	36%	
Cincinnati	34 8	408	28%	3 3%	
San Juan	178	169	24%	30%	
Little Rock	<i>30</i>	2 9	<i>36%</i>	28%	
Phoenix	8 8	<i>81</i>	16%	27%	
Vioni	210 45	201	16%	27%	· 44,745.98
El Paso	45	45	4%	27%	
Charlotte	<i>85</i>	8 4	16%	27%	
San Disgo	222	219	27%	<i>25%</i>	
Savannah	2 9	24	17%	<i>25%</i>	
Washington Field	1,491	1,0 83	24%	<i>25%</i>	
Denver	136	143	22%	24%	
Kansas City	95	115	24%	24%	
Buffalo	740	889	14%	<i>23%</i>	
Houston	94	106	21%	23%	
Mobile	5 9	<i>53</i>	10%	23%	
Baltimore	452	454	23%	22%	
Dallas	99	105	12%	22%	
Pittsburgh	327	427	18%	22%	
Indianapolis	182	184	20%	21%	
San Antonio	68	65	15%	21%	
Knoxville	33	30	15%	20%	
Anchorage	35	34	17%	19%	
•	307	271	25%	19%	
Albany	80	6 8	14%	18%	
Albuquerque New Orleans	145	110	31%	18%	
	68	64	21%	16%	
Louisville	47	53	14%	15 %	
Norjolk	48	<i>5</i> 9	19%	15%	
Sult Lake City	140	132	25%	14%	
Springfield	80	88	20%	14%	
Omaha	4 9	67	14%	13%	
Memphis	66	67	9%	12%	
Oklahoma City	233	234	25%	11%	
St. Louis	35	30	20%	10%	
Birmingham	9 <i>5</i>	8 8	7%	9%	
Richmond	5 <i>6</i>	<i>53</i>	13%	9%	
Butte	72	79	7%	6%	
Atlanta	43	39	16%	6%	
Honolulu	109	139	18%	9% 9% 6% 6%	
Portland	103		20/0	- ,-	
Total	7,022	6,910			

^{*} Letters sent to offices indicated regarding delinquent status.

See page 8 herein.

- 7 -

The following figures illustrate the progress of the forty offices as a whole since June 30, 1952, as reflected in the administrative reports.

<u>Date</u>	Pending Active Hatters (65-100-105)	Delinquent Matters (65-100-105)	Percentage <u>Delinquent</u>	•
6-3 0-52	8,417	3,842	45.6%	
7-31-52	7,776	3,156	40.6%	
8-31- 52	6, 928	3,054	44.0%	
9-30-52	6,198	2,109	34.0%	
10-31-52			20.8%	19. 18. Same
11-30-52	6,129	1,703	27.8%	
12-31- 52	6,228	1,691	27.2%	
1-31-53	6,080	1,554	25.6%	
2-28- 53	6,103	1,515	24. 6%	
3-31- 53	5, 936	1,542	26.0%	
4-30-53	5,864	1,414	24.1%	
5-31- 53	4,897	1,726	29.3%	
6-3 0 - 53	5,611	1,577	28.1%	•
7-31-5 3	5,146	1,358	26.4%	
8-31- 53	5, 095	. 1,323	26.0%	
9-3 0-53	5, 050	1,219	24.1%	
10-31- 53	4, 987 .	1,087	21.8%	
11-3 0-53	5,180	1,355	26.1%	
12-31- 53	5, 280	. 1,301	24.6%	
1-3 1-54	5,5ôž	1,444	25. 9%	
2-2 8-54	5, 997	1,347	22.5%	
3-31- 54	6,0 79	1,431	23.5%	
4-30- 54	6,174	1,327	21.5%	`
. 5-31- 54	6,733	1,710	25.4%	
6-30- 54	7,022	1,522	21.6%	
7-31- 54	6,910	1,590	23.0%	

Letters to the Field

As noted previously, we are sending letters to 17 offices either instructing them to take appropriate measures to bring the investigations in the security classifications to, or maintain them in a current status. Letters are being directed to the offices indicated by asterisks on pages four and seven herein. It will be noted that the security delinquency of those offices for the month of July, 1954, appears in the extreme right hand column of the two lists on pages four and seven.



Office Men.

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GOVERNM

Tre

· The Director

DATE: August 13, 1545

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX
Buffle 100-358086

The following is a report of the increase furnished to you on July 9, 1954.

Week of	New Cards	Cards	Ne t
v.cch or	Added	Cancelled	<u>Increase</u>
July 10 - 16	56	24	32
July 17 - 23	38	17	21
July 24 - 30	47	26	21
July 31 - Aug.	6 39	9	30
August 7 - 13	56	22	_34
3346455 1 ->	236	98	138

For your information, during the preceding four-week period 180 cards were added and 82 cards were cancelled. a net increase of 98 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is

25,602.

ACTION:

This is for your information.

TOP SECRET

Assistant Attorney General William F. Tompkins

August 19, 1954

Director, FBI

SECRITY INDIVISION CHE

There is attached hereto a current list of the names of the individuals maintained in the security India. Tomas included in the main portion of the list are arranged alphabette list. The solution of individuals coming within five designated groups of individuals coming within five designated groups are listed on separate pages. Following each name is information reflecting the race, sex, birth date, is information reflecting the race, sex, birth date, in the number and the Eureau field office cover-bureau file number and the individual.

It is requested that this list be given utmost security.

Attachmentile

NOTE ON YELLOW ONLY:

Espianage Section of the Special Section not included.

The five designated groups are:
Foreign Government Employees
United Nations Employees
Pro-Tito Yugoslaus
U. S. Covernment Employees
Catomic Energy Program Employees

UNITED ST... TES GOVERNMENT Office Memorandum

DATE: August 12, 1951+

TO

FROM !

SECURITY INDEX (REFERENCE TO SECURITY INDEX DATA SUBJECT: IN REPORTS AND CORRESPONDENCE)

Under existing procedures, the field is under instructions to maintain the information which appears on Security Index cards in a current condition at all times. Immediately upon receipt by the field of information which Immediately upon receipt by the field of information which would require the amendment of a Jecurity Indom card, the field would require the amendment of a Jecurity Indom card, the field has been instructed to submit Form FD-122 to reflect the necessary has been instructed to submit Form FD-122 to reflect the necessary amendment or change. These changes principally relate to the changes in spelling of the subject's name and aliases, the addition of aliases and changes with respect to the subject's place of residence and employment.

Frequently correspondence and reports are received at the Bureau which reflect information which would necessitate a change in the subject's existing Security Index card. As the incoming piece of mail will not indicate that Form FD-122 to amend the Security Index card has been submitted and as this form is not serialized and an abstract has not been prepared, the supervisor receiving the incoming letter is unable to determine at the time of his review of the incoming mail, whether or not the field has submitted the necessary recommendation to amend the existing Security Index card. In these instances, it is necessary that the supervisor set up a tickler to review the subject's file at a later date to determine whether or not a change has been submitted by the field. If the review of the subject's file at a later date reveals that the subject's Security Index card has not been amended and brought up to date to comply with the information previously received, it is then necessary that the field be instructed to submit Form FD-122 to reflect the necessary changes. This condition is undesirable as: (1) It requires additional unnecessary correspondence with the field; (2) the Jecurity Index curtain bloom instruces are not current and accurate as of the earliest possible date.

This condition can readily be eliminated by requiring that the field in each letter and report, concerning a Security that the lies in each setter and report, concerning a security index subject, which contains information relating to data appear on the existing Security Index card indicate in either the body of the letter or the administrative pages of the report the factorist information: information:

- 1. That the subject is included in the Security Index.
- 2. That the data appearing on the Security Index card is current and accurate or requires change.
- 3. If a change on the Security Index card is required that Form FD-122 has been submitted.

RECOMMENDATION: If you approve, the field will be instructed to follow the above-cutlined procedure by the attached SAC Letter. Appropriate additions to Section 87-C of the Manual of Instructions are also attached.

17.51

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

DATE: August 11, 1954

FROM :

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX - Bufile

SYNOPSIS:

Security Index cards, in addition to data relating to identity and location of subjects, indicate thereon by alphabetical symbols, the subversive groups or nationalistic tendency with which subjects identified. Most subjects fall into specified categories which include, e.g., Communist (COM), Independent Socialist League (ISL), Socialist Workers Party (SWP), Revolutionary Workers League (RWL), Independent Labor League (ILL), and Miscellaneous (MIS). The latter category as of July 15, 1954, embraced subjects identified with eight additional small coults or crowns including the Washim with eight additional small cults or groups including the Muslim Cult of Islam, a radical Negro organization and two independent groups split from the Socialist Workers Party - the Johnson-Forest Group and the Socialist Union of America. In order that members of the Muslim Cult of Islam, Johnson-Forest Group and Socialist Union of America in the Security Index (1) may more readily be determined and (2) so identified in the monthly Security Index statistical report, it appears desirable that these groups no longer be tabbed in the "Miscellaneous" categroy, but, instead be tabbed "MCI," "JFG," and "SUA," respectively, on the Security Index cards. This will eliminate necessity of running off mechanically on IBM equipment entire "Miscellaneous" subjects in order to determine exact strength of above three groups, the first of which is capable of violence and the latter two, active Trotskyite organizations. Appears desirable also to delete from the 14 specified categories the Revolutionary Workers League (only one Security Index subject) and Independent Labor League (no Security Index subjects) since both of these groups now inactive.

RECOMMENDATION:

- (1) If you approve, there is attached a proposed SAC Letter incorporating the above observations.
- (2) There are also attached for approval appropriate ... Manual changes.

DETAILS:

The Security Index cards in addition to the data relating to identity and location of the subjects indicate thereon the subversive groups or nationalistic tendency with which these subjects have been identified. The great majority of Security Index subjects fall within 14 such categories specifically indicated on pages 30 and 30a of Section 87C of the Manual of Instructions.

As of July 15, 1954, the Security Index breakdown in the 14 categories was as follows:

Organizational Affiliation or Nationalistic Tendency	Abbreviation on Card	<u>Numb</u>	<u>er</u>
Communist	COM	. 23, 8	28
Independent Socialist League	ISL	2	02
Socialist Workers Party	SWP	8	03
Revolutionary Workers League	RWL		1
Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico	$NP_{i}R$	4.	18
Independent Labor League	ILL		0
Union of the People for the Establishment of the Republic of Puerto Rico	<i>UPR</i>		6
Proletarian Party of America	PPA		37
Russian	RUS	:	42

Organizational Affiliation or Nationalistic Tendency	Abbreviation on Card	<u>Number</u>	
Bulgarian	BUL	. 1	
Rumanian	RUM	0	
Czechoslovakian	CZE	0	
eratungarian and a composition and a secondary	or granter HUN and the manifest	and a property of the second section of the second	
Yugoslavian	YUG	24	
Ki scellaneous	MIS	123	
	Total	25,487	

A survey has been conducted of the 123 Security Index cards tabled "Miscellaneous" embracing subjects in organizations not included in the 14 specific categories listed above. It was determined that as of 7/15/54 the "Miscellaneous" cases so tabled in the Security Index consisted of the following:

Johnson-Forest Group (ShF Branch)	61
Socialist Union of America (SWP Branch)	<i>5</i>
Muslim Cult of Islam	<i>31</i>
Libertarian Socialist Committee	13
Libertarian Socialist League	8
Israel (Nationalistic Tendency)	2
United Labor Party	2
No Affiliations	1
V	123

It will thus be seen that in order to determine just which of the 123 "Miscellaneous" subjects belong to the Muslim Cult of Islam, it would be necessary to run off mechanically on the IBM equipment all of the "Miscellaneous" subjects, then by checking files ascertain the Muslim Cult of Islam subjects. The same is true of the Johnson-Forest Group and Socialist Union of America.

Muslim Sult of Islam

The Muslim Gult of Islam is a radical Negro group, with headquarters in Chicago, which professes allegiance only to "Allah, the Supreme Scing." Its organization provides for military cadres Which units are designated the "Fruit of Islam."

As constituted, the group represents a potential source of violence which might take form at any time.

Johnson-Forest Group and Socialist Union of America

Both the Johnson-Forest Group and the Socialist Union of America are autonomous organizations which have split from the SWP within the past months. They function separately and each espouses its own program. Basically, of course, they are Trotskylte organizations and for statistical purposes it would appear desirable to set out specifically on the cards the abbreviated affiliations in order that the over-all Trotskylte strength as reflected on the Security Index cards might be readily available. With regard to the Socialist Union of America, it may be observed that although there were but five members of this group in the Security Index as of July 15, 1954, others will be added as their break from the parent organization becomes known in the field as the individual cases are processed.

In order that the Muslim Cult of Islam, the

Johnson-Forest Group and Socialist Union of America subjects
in the Security Index (1) may be more readily determined, and
(2) so identified in the monthly Security Index statistical
report, it is recommended that these groups no longer be
carried in the "Miscellaneous" category, but instead be tabbed
"MCI," "JFG" and "SUA" respectively, on the Security Index cards.

Revolutionary Workers League

It is also recommended that the single Scaurity Index cards pertaining to a Revolutionary Workers League adherent be designated for the Miscellaneous category and the references to it be deleted from Section 87 of the Manual of Instructions. It should be noted that this organization is inactive and, as noted, there is only one Security Index subject involved.

Independent Labor League

It is to be noted that there are no Security Index subjects at the present time whose inclusion therein has been based upon activities in the Independent Labor League, which is no longer active. It is accordingly recommended that reference to this organization also be deleted from page 30a, Section 87C of the Manual of Instructions.

LSC and LSL

It is recommended that the Libertarian Socialist Committee and the Libertarian Socialist League subjects continue to be carried under "Miscellaneous" tabbings. These groups have not been cited by the Attorney General and their membership figures have not increased during the past several months.

modifications, will include a reduced total of 27 subjects, based on current figures, representing adherents of four orgnizations, LSL, LSC, ULP and RML and Israeli nationalistic tendency group (only two such subjects at present). One individual included in the Security Index has no organizational affiliation.

August 11, 1954

PROPOSED CHANGES IN STORTON STO BANGAL OF IMMUNICATIONS

Page 23 - Under Item 1., amend to read as follows:

1. Introduction

In the interest of brevity and clarity the term basic revolutionary organization" or "basic revolutionary group" shall apply to any one or all of the following organizations and groups:

Communist Farty, USA
Socialist Vorbers Party
Independent Socialist League
Proletarian Tarty of America
Hationalist Party of Tuerto Rico
Johnson-Forest From
Socialist Hation of Emerica
(See also 872, 1, 1)

Ene 1

August 11, 1954

PROPOSED CHANGES IN SECTION 873 MARKED OF INCOMESTIONS

Page 12 - first paragraph under d., top of page, should be amounted to read:

A long-cotablished <u>crown</u> which would come under this category in the trale orian Party of America, a relatively small <u>creasination</u>.

Second paragraph should be changed to read:

There class are e for small promise compased of community of the community less the marry or the been espelled, usually for good analten.

Delete belance of this paragraph and paragraph #3.

Page 22 - item (4) chould be umended to readr

Other Marxist-Revolutionary groups
All reports and communications covering other
Marxist-Revolutionary groups should carry
the name of the organization and the
cleanification, Internal accurity, e.g.:

Proleterian Ponty of Imerica Internal Lecurity - PPA

ENC 2

August11, 1954

PROPOSED CHANCES IN ENGIOUS GIS MANUAL OF INSCOURTAGES

Amend pures 30 and 20a - 7b(5)(e) (lottom of page 30 and top of page 50 a) as follows:

(e) Organizational affiliation or Nationalistic tendency:

Communist Party, USA	COM
Independent Socialist League	ISL
Socialist corkers Party	SP
Johnson-Porest Group	JFG
Socialist enion of period	11/A
Nationalist Farty of Fuerto Rico	فحارشتم فألم
Union Lel Fueblo Pro Constituyente	
De La Republica Le Puerto Rico	
De La Republica de lacres de	
(Union of the Footle for the	
Establishment of the Republic	UPR
of Puerto Rico)	$P_{\perp}\Lambda$
Proletarian Party of America	FCI
Puslin Gult of Islan	NUS
Russian	BUL
Bulgarian	
Euranian	Willia
Crecheslovaktan	Casi
	BUN
Function	TUG
Yugo lavien	

Fuc 3

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO

MR. TOLSON

DATE: 8/13/54

FROM !

The Executives Conference

EUBJECT:

In addition, Mr. suggested that the fingerprint classification and FBI number be added to the descriptive data on the Security Index Cards presently maintained in the field offices.

purpose of facilitating the identification of Pecunity Intersubjects in case it becomes accusate.

The Johnston constants by the set of the supposition of the suppositions and the stantage of the suppositions and the stantage of the feature of the figure of the stantage of the st

SAC, Detroit (___

August 19, 1902; PERSONAL ATTENTION

Director, FBI (

C COUNTY DEDY CONTINUE PROBLEM

Rourlot detail annuat 9, 100h, no mosting authority to establish on additional was regularly evolunt evolunt of your apprehens subjects, annual to the provisions of Saintly Index subjects, annual to the provisions of SAC letter 5h-2h (L). You are sutherized to exablish a recommendant of plants of annity ladde.

For your information such authority has previously been granted to Cleveland, has Ampales and How York Offices, analosed herewith for your assistance is a cony of Pulet to Cleveland dated duty 20, 49th, setting out in cone dateil the mechanics shareby the geographical-oupleyment section may be assablished.

Your attention is directed to the last personal on page two of the enclosed letter which indicates that the Bureau will methodically premare the third bet of Decority Index cards for Cleveland and New York to be run off at a fixed date. From such date forward, three cards will also be transmitted with each change occasioned by als 122 or FDs 128 making these offices of all in in individual cards. It is also stated that from the rized date, three cards will be forwarded to Los Angeles which characty calutains a third complete set of fecunity force cards.

Low whose then the or drive for the property of the run off on the crickfied date the land of the crick field date the land of the property of the crick three times or as will be an usual to your office in the finished a wind a capable for the land of the land.

You are instructed to review carefully the enclosed latter and upon receipt of the third set of Security Index cards you should immediately submit appropriate amended pages for your debryancy Vetentian Program Europy, incomposating the necessary modifications in your planning resulting for the patablish care of the geographical—coployment section by your office.

Top its interpation of all offices receiving set for the printing of the complete third set of Accumity Index cends for all little, Tablette and new tork offices. They will be fo werded to your offices when the process has been completed. Further, beginning on that date, August 25, 1984, all FDs 122 and 128 pertaining to subjects of the Glaveland, Detroit, Los Anables and New York Offices will be preceded appropriately at the lurger, with three Security Index cards to be prepared and transmitted to those offices in each individual case.

etandard form no. 64

Office N....

2 • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

FROM

DATE: August 20, 1954

SUBJECT: SECURITY INDEX

During the past week 55 cards were added to the Security Index and 15 were cancelled, a net increase of 40 cards.

The Security Index count as of today is 25,642.