# FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: BARKER/KARPIS GANG
BREMER KIDNAPPING
FILE NUMBER: 7-576

**SECTION: 200** 



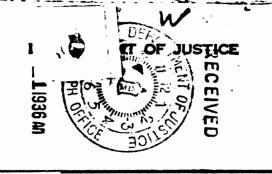
## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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STANDARD FORM No. 14A APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

## **TELEGRAM**

OFFICIAL BUSINESS-GOVERNMENT RATES



FEU. BU. OF THE

W3 14= BOCAGRANDE FLO 840A MAY 11 1936

DEPT OF JUSTICE=

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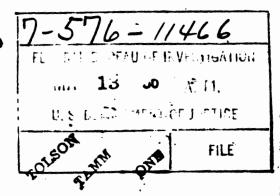
MAY 1 1 1936

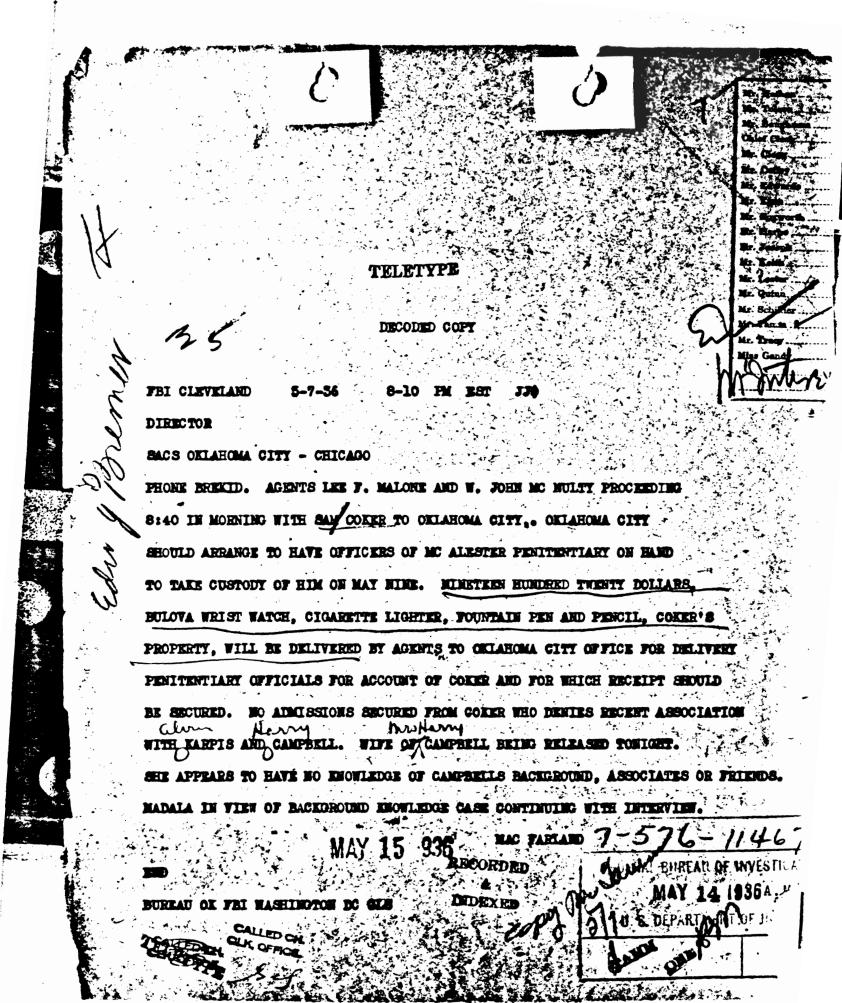
ALVIN KARPIS HARRY CAMPBELL TWO OTHER OUTLAWS WILL BE ... MIAMI FLORIDA NEXT WEDNESDAY NOON=

PETER LANZL.

RECORDED & INDEXED

MAY 14 1956





Post Office Box 1469, Little Rock, Arkansas, was forwarded to all field effices. office contains no unsolved bank robbery cases in which new and uncut) currency constituted a part of the loot. RECORDED 14 936 A.M. & INDEXED

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

EAT: CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation A. S. Bepartment of Justice

Washington, B. C. May 5, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Fred Hunter.

SAC Magee telephoned me from the New Orleans Office and said he has just been talking with the United States Attorney in New Orleans, who advised that he received a telegram this afternoon from United States Attorney Freed at Cleveland stating that he understands Fred Hunter is in custody in New Orleans, and wanting to know when he is going to be returned to Cleveland under their warrant for trial on the Gerrettsville train robbery case. Mr. Magee said that Mr. McIntire is through questioning Hunter, having gotten from/all the information possible, and is going to return to Washington at five o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Magee wanted to know what the Bureau desires done under the circumstances.

I discussed this matter with you, and told Mr. Magee that since we have already filed harboring charges against Fred Hunter, he should be arraigned at once on these charges. Thereafter, the United States Attorney at New Orleans should get in touch with the Department and request instructions as to whether he should be prosecuted in New Orleans or be returned to Cleveland.

Hunter will be arraigned the first thing in the morning.

Respectfully

MAY 15 1936

RECORDED

INDEXED

**IDENTIFICATION** ORDER NO. 1236

January 28, 1935.

#### WANTED

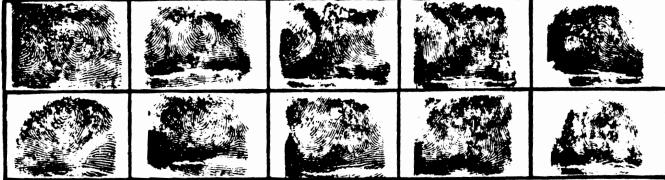
MARRY CAMPBELL, with alloses: BAVE CAMPBELL, T. C. BLACKBURN, GEORGE L. MARTIN, GEORGE MELSON, JOHN WALCOTT, GEORGE WALCOTT, GEORGE WINFIELD, GEORGE SWANSON, GEORGE F. SMMMERS.

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE WASHINGTON, D. C.

**Fingerprint Classification** 

15 0 30 W 000 1 24 W 101

**KIDNAPING** 



#### DESCRIPTION

Age, 35 years; Born, Jan. 1, 1900 at Mc-Clintocville, Pa.; Height, 5 feet, 5 inches; Weight, 135 to 140 pounds; Build, medium; Hair, brown; Eyes, blue; Com-plexion, ruddy-medium; Marks, scar corner left eye, vaccination scar upper left arm, lame in right leg; Teeth, decayed.

#### RELATIVES

George E. Campbell, father. 818 South Rockford St., Tulsa, Okla. Mrs. Lissa Campbell, mother, 818 South Rockford St., Tulsa, Okla. Mrs. Mickey Rheinsmith Campbell, wife, 123 East Crawford St., Pampa, Texas. Pearl Campbell, Edith Campbell Majors, and Laura Campbell, sisters, 818 S.

Rockford St., Tulsa, Okla. Mrs. Howard (Myrtle) McNeel, sister, Kemp City, Texas. Clarence Jack Campbell, brother,

Ranger, Texas. Cleil Campbell, brother,

Long Beach, California.

Harry Campbell is wanted for the kidnaping of Edward G. Bremer at St. Paul, Minnesota, on January 17, 1934. An indictment was returned by the Federal Grand Jury at St. Paul, Minnesota on January 22, 1935, charging Campbell and others with the kidnaping.

of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice. If apprehended, please notify the Director, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., or the

Special Agent in Charge of the office of the Division of Investigation listed on the back hereof which is nearest your city.

Law enforcement agencies kindly transmit any additional information or criminal record to the nearest office of the Division

issued by: JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR.

Photograph taken December 25, 1920.



Harry Campbell

#### CRIMINAL RECORD

As Harry Campbell, #1846, arrested Police Department, Tulsa, Okla., December 25, 1920; charge investigation; fined \$19 and costs.

As Harry Campbell, #11056, received State Penitentiary, McAlester, Okla., January 30, 1921, from Lincoln County, Okla.; crime, bank robbery, held for safe keeping; discharged June 11, 1921 on order

As Harry Campbell, #9420, arrested Sheriff's Office, Tulsa, Okla., April 20, 1932; charge, burglary; released on bond; case pending.

OHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR

EAT: TMF

Federal Bureau of Investigation

H. S. Department of Justice Bashington, B. C.

May 11, 1936

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

With reference to Sheriff O'Reilly of Toledo, you advised that we have no definite information indicating any crookedness or lack of cooperation on his part. As a matter of fact, the information furnished the Bureau from various confidential informants prior to the time of Campbell's apprehension indicated that Campbell had married the daughter of a former Sheriff and that Campbell had also purchased a dog from the former Sheriff.

The facts, however, were that Campbell was associating with the girl friend of a girl friend of the Sheriff's and it was through this connection that O'Reilly met Campbell and did in fact sell him a dog.

I was advised by telephone by Mr. Wynn of the Cleveland Office yesterday that after the raid on Campbell's residence, the Sheriff rushed out there, lost his head when he ascertained who had been picked up and consequently opened up to the newspaper men by telling about his association with Campbell and inadvertently mentioned the name of his girl friend, the McGraw woman, living at 2011 Adams Street, Toledo, Ohio, thereafter asking the newspaper reporters not to interview her. It was from these sources that the newspaper men obtained their stories indicating that Campbell and the Sheriff had been drinking beer together and otherwise associating together.

We have not interviewed O'Beilly concerning his associations with Campbell.

I am attaching hereto a photograph of Campbell taken after his arrest and an Identification Order issued upon Campbell, and you will observe from a comparison of the photographs that it would be impossible to identify Campbell from these pictures.

Respectfully,

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Post Office Box 812, Illinois. Chicago,

Special Agent in Charge, New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir,

Reference is made to report of Special Agent J. B. Dickerson, New York City, dated May 7, 1936, requesting advice as to the placing of a cover on the mail of Mr. and Mrs. John Post, 1375 East 18th Street, Brooklyn, H. Y.

It will be winecessary to place the above mentioned mail cover or to check an the activities of Mr. and Mrs. John Post, who were close friends of the parents of Alvin Karpis.

Very truly yours,

D. M. LADD, Special Agent in Charge

00-Bureau Cincinnati Cleveland St. Paul

RECORDED &

INDEXED

MAY 15 1936

Cleveland, Ohio Special Agent in Charge, St. Paul, Minnesota. Dear Sire It is respectfully requested that you immediately formard to the Cleveland office photographs of subjects Alvin Enryle and Harry lampbell, taken in various poses, that is, bust pictures of the regular police type, as well as full length pictures, both with and without coats and hats, showing both front and side views.

Tru previously furnished this effice with photographs. of Koryle, but they were turned over to Special Agent, in Charge 1. J. Connelley. The requested photographs are urgently moded in the Cleveland district incomes as it is sontemplated that in the near future an extensive investigation will be instituted. to - stients



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
Deleted under exemption(s) B3 Title 28 U.S.C. 534 with no segregable material available for release to you.  66,676
Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
 Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
For your information:
The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:  7-576 - NR 1/471

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX FBI/DOJ

Dienerar Bureau of Investiguemen

A. S. Bepartment of Justice

1448 Standard Building Cleveland, Ohio

May 12, 1936.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

EJW/EJB

CC - Cincinnati

Chicago St. Paul RE: BREKID

5-1596.

Reference is made to your letter of April 24, 1936 - (7-576) advising that the Bureau placed an appropriate wanted notice against the fingerprints of Ralph Nelson, Calias Sam Coker, McAlester, Oklahoma State Penitentiary #14023 FBI #3554535

Please be advised that this individual was apprehended at Toledo, Ohio by Bureau Agents on May 7, 1936, therefore, you may withdraw the wanted notice.

Very truly yours,

J. P. MacFARLAND Special Agent in Charge

FILE

Post Office Box 612,

Special Agent in Charge, Dallas, Toxas

There are emplosed herewith two copies of the photograph of Jim Thomas, Mebraska State Penitentiary No. 10730 as requested in the latter from the Cleveland Office to your Office dated April 84, 1986. The growth of the second of the spirit

A copy of this photograph is likevise being. tremsmitted to the Gineinzeti, St. Feul and Gleveland offices, and to the Bureau, with copies of this late ...

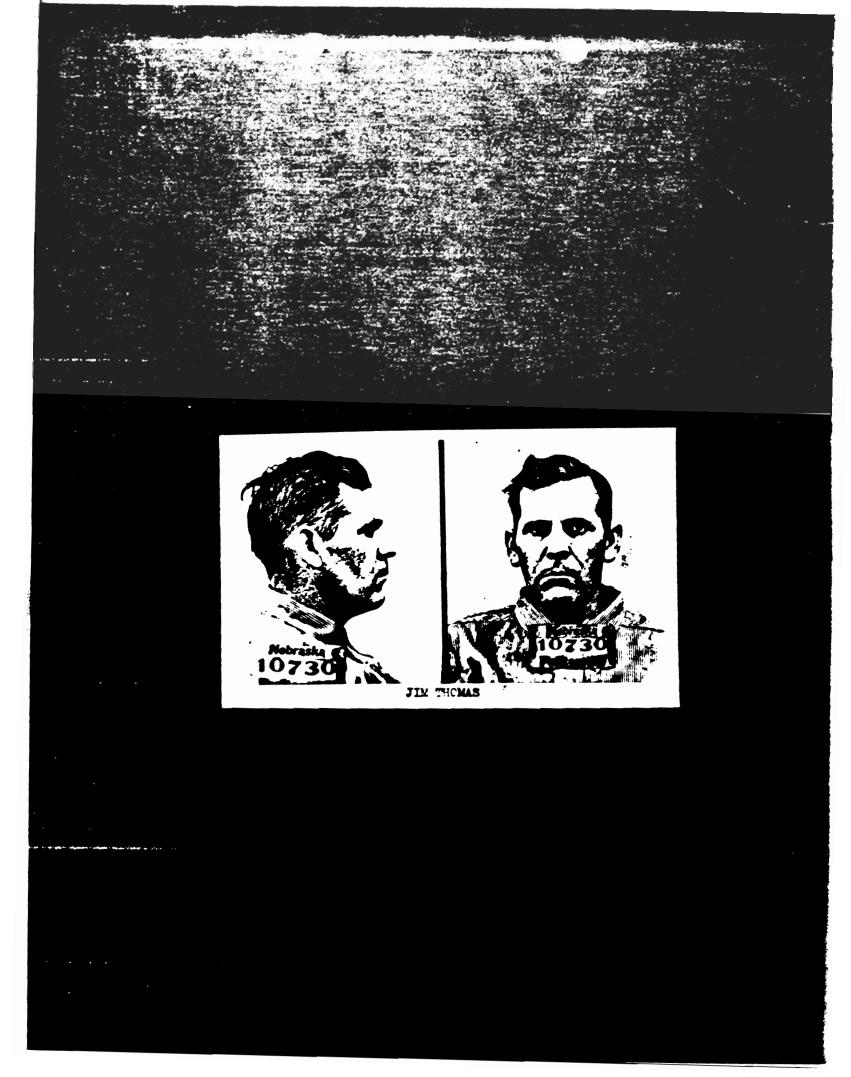
Very truly yours,

Cincimati (De) Cloveland (De) St. Paul (De)

& CORDEL INDEXED

MAY 15 1935 Hul

MA. 14 .836 \ M. OF JUSTICE FILE



DOMES TELEGRAM DAY LETTER HIGHT MESS	DEFERRED CABLE	al Telegra	М	VER'S RUMBER
BHIP RADIOG Pares desid the senses will be to Send the following the sense of the senses will be to the senses	RAM RADIOGRAM  Inch closs of service desired, otherwise transmitted as a fall-rate communication	al Cable Cable Radio	erica sy agreed to PCD:IST 7-33.	t For
Promor	Mr. R. B. Nathan, Federal Bureau of Investigati U.S. Department of Justice, 412 U.S. Court House & P.C. B Jacksonville, Florida.  BREKID SUMPORNA SERVED ON L E	1'my 9, 1936.  on,  ldg.,		
spund &	CUARGE - Gov.Rate.	LISTERIAN  RECORDED  A  INDEXED  MAY 15 1935	7-576-11 FETCE-11 THE OLF IN MIN. 14 .936	EVESTIGATION
		MAI 13 1833	Day Real	FILE NO

¥.

Post Office Box 1276, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, May 11, 1936

LBRILL

ing a newspaper article as to a \$1,000.00 reward effered by the Jovernor of the State of Oklahoms for the apprehension and con-

The activities of herry Compbell in the State of Oklahom are well known to the Oklahoms City Bureau office. It is a known fact that the offering of a \$1,000.00 resurd for the expture of Campbell was discussed but not actually offered by the State, State authorities are fully aware of the prosent status of flarg Compbell, and it is not believed advisable that any inquirie elong the line suggested in your letter, be made

FII

May 11, 1936

Time: 3:50 P.M.

memorandum for Mr. Tamm

RE: William Mahan

Mr. Stanley Carroll telephoned and inquired if there were any further developments in the recovery of ransom money in the Weyerhaeusercase. I stated that we were still working on the matter and that nothing else had been turned up besides the \$57,377.00 found on Mahan; that we were checking certain leads which may lead to the recovery of more money.

Mr. Carroll inquired if there was any connection between the capture of Karpis and the capture of Mahan. I stated that there was none. Mr. Carroll stated that a report was currect to the effect that Karpis had tipped off the Bureau as to where Mahan could be located. I stated that there was no foundation to this story.

Very truly yours.

John Edgar Hoover, Director,

RECORDED & INDEXED

7-576-11476
FEDERAL RUREALL DE 1914

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

1.001162

MIF

٠..(<sup>)</sup>

an.o. Li

Post Office Box 1469, Little Rock, Arkanses,

Birmingham, Alabama.

Dear Sire

Reference is made to your letter of May 5, 1986, making inquiry concerning a 1936 Ford Coupe bearing 1936 Arkansas license plates #68-424, /

The records of the Automobile Lisense Division of the State Revenue Department, State Capitol, Little Rock, Arkansas, disclose that 1956 Arkansas license #68-484 was issued to Rd Simmons of Osceola, Arkaneas, for a 1936 Ford Coupe, motor \$18-2255674, and was issued on Narch 19, 1936, in Mississippi County at either Blytheville or Occools, Arkansas.

In view of the recent developments in this case. no immediate investigation is being made at Elytheville ar Osceola concerning the parties mentioned in your letter and. the automobile, but appropriate inquiries will be made when next an Agent is in that vicinity.

ee-Chicage ec-Cincinneti ec-St. Paul

**RECORPEI** æ INDEXED

TELETYPE

5/3/36

FBI ST PAUL 4/8/86

7/85 PM SWE

DIRECTOR

PHONE HANAP ASSOCIATED PRESS AND STPAUL DISPATCH ADVISE CHICAGO
HERALD AND EXAMINER REPORTER HERE ISSUED DISPATCH TO HEARST CHICAGO
AND NEW YORK NEWSPAPERS THAT KARPIS HAS COMPESSED TO BOTH HAMM AND
BREMER KIDNAPPINGS. MR. SESSIONS CHICAGO HEARLD AND EXAMINER
REPORTER NOW IN ST PAUL INFORMED ME TELEPHONICALLY HE SENT SUCH
A DISPATCH TO HIS CHICAGO NEWSPAPER WITHOUT ANY FOUNDATION
BUT WITH HOPE THAT IT MAY BE TRUE. HE ADVISED ME AS TO ABOVE
SUBSEQUENT TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS HERE INFORMING ME AS TO ABOVE
STORY. THIS OFFICE HAS MADE NO COMMENT.

STRIN

END

ACKNOWLEDGE"

OK FBI WASHINGTON DC PCB

RECORDED

MAY 20 1936

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 13 1936 P. M.

U. S. DANKI MENT OF STICE

1307 STREET OF FEE

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There was a slight mixup re this wire. Mr. Tolson stated that someone should have called the Director. There was a shill put in by Quinn and Tamm at 10:50 last night but it was not completed as the Director had not returned. At 11:15 and 11:50 Mr. Tolson called Mr. Qdinn at home; I had sent copy to Tamm which was why Mr. Tolson hadn't been informed the Mr. Quinn had read the original while in my office. Mrs. Tolson called in at 11:15 one of the reasons being the fact that an alleged confiresion and statements by Agents had appeared in the Mew Tork American, and as Mrs. Tolson called Quinn he did not get the wire read-to him as he would have had Tamm completed the call. Tamm had the wire ready to read to the Director; I remember seeing it with his other matters. Also I sent him thecopy special thru Brines.

MAY 20 IUUL

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 18 1936 P. M.

U. S. DEFARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

pc

Kemark Airport. Lovark, How Jerogra

Ya:

Dear Mr. Burforde

I have just returned to Bashington and I mented you to know how much I approxiated your helpfulness and assistance in connection with the special flight which we took from Bash ington to Toledo on Wednesday evening, May 6th, and from Tolode to St. Paul on May 7th.

All arrangements in connection with the flight were perfectly handled and the suppression of anyimblicity with regard to the matter was of material assistance in connection with the location and apprehension of Margy O Campbell. I have been very much impressed by the ability and officiency of the officials and representatives of the Transcentinental and Wosters Air, Incorporated with whom I have some into scutact.

RECORDED & INDEXED With kind regards, I am

FELLIAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

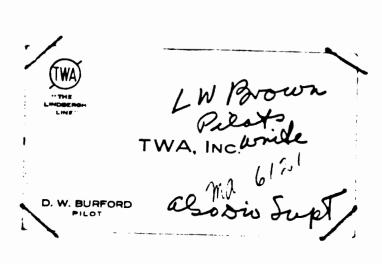
Sincerely years,

MAY 12 1936 P. M.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

J. Edgar Hoover 19nd. 11 COMMUNICATIONS SECTIONS 11 MAY 10 1936 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTMAT OR, U & PEFERTME TOF HEREILS



7-576-114.79

V.

### Federal Bureau of Investigation

II. S. Department of Justice 5262 Post Office Building, New Orleans, La. May 11, 1936.

DWL: cw. 7-15.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Re: BREKID.

Reference is made to letter of Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland, dated/at Cleveland, Ohio, May 8, 1936, requesting six copies of all type photographs taken of Subject Fred Hunter since his apprehension.

I am enclosing herewith, with the Cleveland Bureau Office copies of this letter, six photographs of Subject Fred Hunter, taken recently at the Federal Jail, New Orleans, where he is immate number 4472.

Inasmuch as the negatives of the photographs taken by the Recomer camera at the New Orleans Bureau Office have been forwarded to the Bureau, it is respectfully requested that the Bureau make necessary copies of the six views transmitted to the Bureau by New Orleans Bureau Office letter of May 9, 1936, and transmit same to the Cleveland Bureau Office, either natural size or enlargements as the Bureau may see fit.

Complete description of Subject Fred Hunter, with aliases, was furnished the Bureau and interested offices by New Orleans Bureau Office letter of May 9, 1936.

Very truly yours,

Special Agent in Charge.

6C-1 2-Cleveland (6 encs.) RECORDED -2-Cincinnati(1-R.J.Connelley) INDEXED 1-St.Paul 1-Chicago 2-New Orleans

FEDERAL BURGAR OF INVESTIGATION

KRM:TD 7-576 - 11480 Epopial Agent in Charges Cleveland, Chico

Ros ALVIE EARPIE, with allesed, et al - Mesed George Bresen, Victin - Kilmaping, ..

Reference is made to the letter of the Bow Orleans Office to the Bureau dated May 11, 1836, referring to photographs of Fred States obtained by the New Orleans Office by the use of a

In keeping with the request emtained therein, I am transmitting berowith to the Cleveland Office three sets of the said photographs; to the Cincinneti Office one set and to Mr. R. J. Exmeller, at Chicago, two sets of the said photographs.

With reference to the photograph of Fred Depter taken at the Federal Jail, New Orleans, Louisians, there are being transmitted berowith three corder of said photograph to the Cleveland Office, tus sanden to the Cindenati Office and too copies to Mr. R. Se Conneller at Chicago.

MAY 19 1936

P. M. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT ON U S DEPARTMENT OF JUST CE

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I. J. Connelley, Chicag Cincinneti

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POSTAL MAY 2 - 1936 DECODED COPY

W20 25/21 GOVT COLLECT

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DIRECTOR F'DERAL BUREAU OF INVISTIGATION

U S DEPT OF J'STICE WASHIN D C

BREKID AGENTS J W MADALA AND W J MCNULTY PROCEEDING TWELVE FIVE AM TOMORROW CLEVELAND OFIO WITH INFORMANT CLAYTON HALL

FLETCHER

RECORDED

MAY 15 19.6

7-576-11481
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 12 1936 A. M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LOCALITY

Mr. Le ter

Mr. Le ter

Mr. Cuirn and

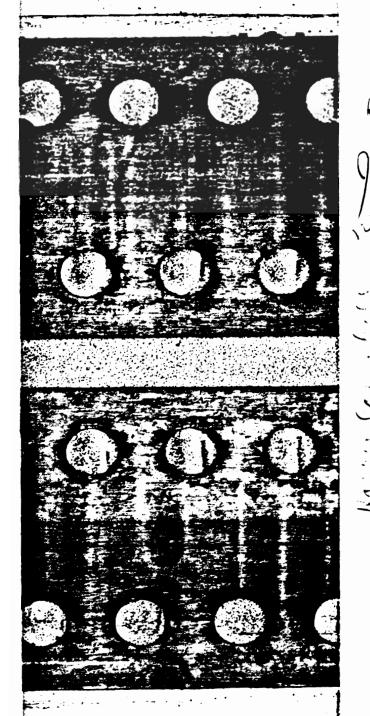
Mr. Torins

Mr.

UNRECORDED CORY FILES IN 66-32

5,

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OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

5/7/36.

Mrs. Tracy advised that stations

( WMAL at noon today broadcast a spot news item that Campbell was apprehended at Toledo by J. Edgar Hoover and agents; that Mr. Hoover personally led the raid.

st

She also advised that another station (1300 kyc - probably WOL) broadcast the same news item at about 1:30 pm.

st ⇒ 15 19 €

1-51, 11482

THORRED & INDEXED

THORRED IN MANUEL INVESTIGATION

MAY 14 1936 P. M.

COLEON VOID FILE

Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Benghman
Chief Clerk
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hoster
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Keith
Mr. Lester
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Schilder
Mr. Tumm
Mr. Trany
Mr. Trany

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR

EAT: CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation

A. S. Bepartment of Justice

Washington, N. C. May 6, 1936.

Time - 5:47 P.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Fred Hunter.

SAC Mages at the New Orleans Office telephoned me and haid h

just received a telegram from Thomas F. Farley, Chief of Detectives at Sioux City, Iowa, which reads as follows: "If possible send late photograph Fred Hunter, arrested with Karpis in your City. O Karpis photograph identified as one who stuck up bank this city.

I told Mr. Magee I could see no objection to furnishing them with this photograph; consequently, a wire should be sent to Mr. Farley advising him that SAC Alt at Omaha would furnish him with a photograph of Fred Hunter. I told Mr. Magee to furnish the Omaha Office with a photograph of Hunter by air mail, advising him to furnish this photograph to Mr. Farley.

Mr. Magee said that he has made arrangements at the jail down there whereby no outside officers will be permitted to talk with Fred Hunter, and the Bureau Agents will be present when the Post Office Inspectors talk to him.

In regard to the signature of Fred Hunter on his fingerprint card, Mr. Magee said he found the original fingarprint card hearing Hunter's signature in the file, and this is being sent to the Bureau. Additional specimens of the handwriting of Fred Hunter were taken, however, before he left the office.

Relative to the birthplace of Hunter, Mr. Magee said he was born in Warren, Ohio. Mr. Magee found this information among the notes which he took during the questioning of Hunter, and the same was dictated to the stenographer, but on account of the fact that she had been up all night, etc., it was inadvertently omitted when her notes were transcribed.

> RECORDED ں ۔ U. S. DEPA AMERIA OF J. STOCE INDEXED MAY 29 1956

1300 Liberty Trust Building Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Special Agent in Charge, Cleveland, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

There is enclosed herewith a Standard Oil Company Tax Exemption Card #6994, which was used by Special Agent T. N. Birch while on special assignment at the Cleveland Office.

There are also enclosed herewith three phote-

SAM COKER, Oklahoma State Femitentiary #14025 MILTON LETT, Akron, Ohio, Police #26537 HARRY CAME BELL

These photographs were sharged to Agent Birch while on special assignment at the Cleveland Office.

Enclosures (4)

DIDEXED

REGISTERED MAIL!

************************************
UFFICE OF DIRECTOR  FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  Br. Single  Br. Coffing
Record of Telephone Call or Visitor.  May 8  1936.  11:25
Name J.C. Brown of Hearst Metrotone News Str. Senten Str. Tomas St
Left the film concerning the capture of Karpis.  Mr. Quinn instructed the writer to send this film to him, which was done. He stated that he had called Mr.
Brown about this. cek
MAY 15 1936 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 14 1936 P. M.  U. S. DIFARTHENT OF JUSTIGE  ROTSON FILE  TO SON THE STATE OF JUSTIGE

Der Diri

Der Crice Building

New Cricene, Louisiers

Pay 11, 1936

Special Agent &s Charge

St. I and, bigNose tax

Dear Diri

Riskly secure and branenit to the New Coleans Street affice at your earliest opportunity one eartified copy of the Bretid indistrant containing counts against subject hivin farple, and secure at well a certified dopy of the servent with con-est poters and granenit some to the her Urleans office, where it is desired for use on the secure plated indictment against subject Fred Sohn Anntar, with alleads, of a substantive sharps of integrals as pull as a squarireary charge of her-boring.

An attempt will be made to secure an indictment charging subjects manter and Karpis with the harboring of Marpis. Mindly expedite the return of these sertified instruments.

Fory trely yours,

D. V. Magne, Special Agent in Charge.

Chicago
Cloveland
Cloveland
2-Jineland (1-2-J. Danielley)

FORM BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 15 936

MENT OF WE

.a. 13

TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR, INC.

SHORTEST ROUTE COAST TO COAST

FRANCISCAN HOTEL

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

Mr. Nathan ...

Mr. Tolson ...

Mr. Tolson ...

Mr. Clegg .....

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation U. S. Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Thank you for your kind letter of May 6th concerning the functioning of our organization in connection of the functioning of our organization in connection of the functioning of our planes from New York of New Orleans to St. Paul. I am glad that this trip was handled to your satisfaction as we have been anxious to cooperate with you in the splendid work that you are doing, and I hope that you will call on us any time in the future when we may be of service.

Sincerely yours,

JF/h

Jack Frye,
President

INDAXED
Y 2 3 1936

FILE

Mr. Joseph .....

\*

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED	CINCINNATI, C	Dhio	P FILE NO.	7-6
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE	FERIOD FOR	REPORT MADE BY	
EL PASO, Texas	5-10-36	5-1 to 9-36	R.H.Colvin	j£n.
mle ()	• 1		CHARACTER OF CARE	·
TOSEPH PAMORA	rith aliases - FUGITIVE AN with aliases - FUGITE , with aliases - FUGITE	TIVE, TO 1232;	KIDNAPING; HARB	ORING OF FUGITIVE
•	GEORGE PRESER, Victim	, ,	The second secon	- make a minage
TYNOPSIS OF FACT	Kenneth Dow, with all flew waco plane, lice via coloredo Springs Nello, landing in Chi or money and using a on theory they might sociates or William develops merely a me and that 4 strange mere residents of La who had resided at L tion, Karpis was cap ther leads El Paso d	sense NC 15240 is, La Junta and huahua City, Maliases enrouted have been convicted of the convergence of the	Pueblo, Golo, as Pueblo, Golo, as Pueblo, Golo, as Pueblo, Golo, as Pueblo, Without Error Investigation (eying Alvin Karpithe country. Interest of plane by in plane at Puebl former friends of this matter under puebl and Dainard	iabes, hington ad Roswell, edentials conducted is and as- restigation McCollum; lo, Colo., McCollum er investiga- i. No fur-
eferice:	Teletypes from El Pa Cleveland, May 1, 19	so to Bureau, D 36. Teletype f	enver, Portland, rom Portland to 1	Chicago and Il Paso 5-2-36.
san military a names of Welli 1936 in a new lification, but	On May 1, 1936 the Easo, and by a representation of Dawson and Marvi Waco plane bearing lice claimed that they were that one of the men bearing to the men bear of the men bea	tative of the E a, Mexico, were n Callowers, who ense NC 15246; e proceeding fr	l Paso Herald Pol holding two Ame: had landed there that they had no	ot that the Mexi- ricans giving the e on April 30, money or ident-
plane had firs	Sheriff Fox, by tele t appeared at Pueblo, W.Dow/Washington, and	Colos on April	. 29 with five max	he hotel register
FORWARDED	Tolini	7 1=-	1/2 - 1111	MAY 1 5 193
5- Bureau 1- Chicago 2- Cincinnati	2- Cleveland 1- Denver 2- Portland	107	311.	MAY 15 1035
2- El Paso	COPIES DESTROYED	)		

was illegible; that they had proceeded thence to La Junta, Coles, and the party was ostensibly enroute to Roswell, N.M., at which point the plane arrived on April 29, 1936 with only two men, who registered at the hotel as Earry Douns and C. W. Coullons The plane, upon arrival at Chihuahua, was reported to have displayed evidence of having landed in rough country, the pants to the wheels having been damaged.

In the meantime information had been received by Sheriff Fox and the newspapers that the above plane had been sold at Spokane, Wash, on April 25 to C.W.McCollum; and that Harry Douns (Kenneth Dow) was reported to be a mechanic and aircraft company representative.

Owing to the mystery connected with the flight of this plane, it was thought possible, in view of recent reports that subject Karpis and associates were frequently using planes, they might have been taking this means of making their escape from the United States, and it was deemed proper to institute investigation on that score. Consequently, teletype was sent to the Bureau, Denver, Chicago and Cleveland offices furnishing the gist of the above information. While this teletype was being transmitted, news flashes came in of the apprehension of Karpis in New Orleans. Therefore, an additional teletype was forwarded the Portland Office to investigate the departure of this plane from Spokane, on the theory that possibly William Dainard, of the Weyerhaeuser kidnaping case, might have been connected therewith. It is noted also that the Mexican military authorities at Juares, Chihuahua, had reported receipt of advices from Mexico City that the Sheriff at Portland, Ores, was enroute to Mexico to investigate this matter.

A teletype was received on May 2 from the Portland Office advising that Getil WincCollum had left Spokane, Washington, Monday, April 27, in the then described plane and accompanied by Kenneth Dow as pilot; that McCollum is a salesman, resident of Spokane, with a criminal record, presently badly wanted by the Sheriff's Office at Spokane for bad checks to the amount of ten er fifteen thousand dellars; and that Dow is a resident of Wenatchee, Washington, with a good reputation as a licensed pilot and not wanted; further that McCollum was not wanted by the Sheriff's office at Portland and report that the Sheriff from Portland was enroute to Mexico probably had its feundation in the fact that the Chief of Police was making a trip to Mexico City to attend the Peace Officers' Convention. The teletype added further that the Sheriff at Spokane had wired Mexican authorities for information as to the best procedure to extradite McCollum; and that any assistance the El Paso Office could render in the extradition matter would be greatly appreciated by the Spokane authorities. The description of McCollum furnished by the Portland Office in the above teletype was as follows:

Age Weight Hair Build 26 157 Black Medium

Height Complexion Lyes 5° 10° Medium Blue

FPC 9 A 0 13

Agent, accompanied by Sheriff Chris P.Fox, proceeded to Juares, Mexico, where we conferred with General Juan Felipe Rico, Military Commander of the northern district of Chihuahua, with headquarters at Juares, who assured us of his desire to cooperate to any extent in the matter. General Rico was requested to obtain photographs, fingerprints, and handwriting specimens of the men held at Chihuahua, which he immediately requested by telephone of the military authorities at Chihuahua City.

He made further inquiries as to what disposition was desired of the men in Mexico, whereupon he was informed that we would like to have them back at the border if such matter could be arranged. General Rico advised that while the matter would ordinarily be one for consideration of the Mexican Immigration authorities, he felt at liberty to assume that they were military prisoners, imasmuch as they could be held on suspicion of having imported the plane surreptitiously into Mexico for revolutionary purposes; and that if the military could retain control of them, he felt that he would be able to bring them to the border.

Meantime Sheriff Fox had received telegrams from the Sheriff at Spokane edvising that he held felony warrants for McCollum for forgery and embezzlement of the instant plane and would extradite. We then contacted George PeShaw, American Consul at Juarez, who conversed with Mr.L.B.Blohn, American Consul at Chihuahua City, who advised that the men were only in technical custody; and that they were apparently willing to return to the United States. General Ricc was then again contacted and requested to have the persons delivered to Sheriff Fox at El Paso, with which request he promptly complied, and subjects were brought to the El Paso, Texas, effice by Sheriff Fox on the morning of May 3, 1936, at which time McCollum was positively identified by fingerprints received from the Sheriff at Spokane, and was locked up in jail pending extradition from El Paso by the Sheriff at Spokane. Dow was released under parole to the Sheriff, having agreed to report to him if and when wanted, there apparently being no charges against Dow.

Agent interviewed Dow who stated that he had been a student aviator paying about \$25 per lesson; and that he had arrived at a point where in order to secure a some mercial pilot's license, it was necessary for him to have more hours in the air, and being unable to afford any further paid instruction and having no plane of his own, he had come in contact with McCollum who had recently purchased the plane and who was not a very good flier; that McCollum wanted to take a trip and proposed to take Dow along as co-pilot, as the latter was a better navigator than McCollum. By this agreement, Dow was to receive only his expenses plus credit for hours flown. He stated that he was only too glad of this opportunity to secure the additional meeded requirements towards securing a sommercial pilot's license; and that when he started out with McCollum, the latter had not told him where they were going, nor did he inquire. He stated that they were supposed to have gone to Portland; but after taking off he was told to head for Salt Lake City, at which place they first landed, proceeding thence to Colorado Springs, where they gassed the plane and where McCollum phoned to certain relatives or friends at La Junta, Colo., where he had been reared, and they then proceeded to La Junta, where they were met by a large number of McCollum's former friends to whom they gave a number of short joy rides around the La Junta airport. Dow stated there were no facilities for gassing at the La Junta airport and McCollum had ordered him to take the plane to Pueblo and fill up with gas at the air field, and had put four other men aboard, whom he supposed were friends of McCollum and whom he took with him to Pueblo and returned them to La Junta, McCollum having in the meantime remained at La Junta. Dow states that they then took off for Roswell, M., arriving there on the night of April 29 and remaining at the hotel; that they again gassed the ship and took off for an unknown destination, McCollum flying the plane at first and heading south and east. He afterwards, while in flight, turned the plane over to Dow, indicating that they were to proceed to Tucson, Arizons; that they encountered severe dust storms and rose to a great height endeavoring to get above the storms, but were unsuccessful and a cross wind probably drifted them to the east; at any rate, Dow, after some hours of flying and from observation of the terrain beneath was able to decide that they must be in Mexico.

Dow stated that at this point they were getting very low on gas and were flyeing over a practically uninhabited country, their exact whereabouts being entirely unknown. He advised McCollum of the status of conditions and the latter told him to keep on flying in the direction they were going. They finally hit a railroad and followed it to Chihuahua City, where they were able to land.

MsCollum was questioned briefly concerning the matter and verified Dow's story, explaining that the persons who had gone from La Junta to Pueblo with Dow were some pickup passengers from the crowd which had come there to see him at La Junta; and that they had paid him \$5 each for the round trip La Junta to Pueblo. He was evasive as to the purpose of his trip, other than saying that he was just taking a trip and had expected to return to Spokane. He asserted positively, as did Dow, that no other persons than the ones above mentioned had been in the plane from the time of its departure from Spokane until its landing in Chihuahua. He was not questioned further at this time, as Mr.Rasmussen, who had sold the plane to McCollum, had arrived in an effort to recover his plane, on which it developed a wing had been broken after landing at Chihuahua when Kenneth Dow attempted to take the Maxican air commerce inspector up for a ride, at which time the brakes on the plane jammed and threw it over on one side.

No Federal violation in connection with the transportation of the plane having developed and apparently there being no connection of any Bureau fugitive with the flight of the plane from Spokane to Mexico, investigation on the part of the El Paso Office was discontinued.

In the meantime McCollum was held in the County Jail at El Paso for extradition to Spokane, after having failed in attempting to secure his freedom on a writ of habeas corpus.

It is noted that the Denver Office has submitted a report on this matter under the caption of "Interstate Transportation of a Stolen Aeroplane," when as a matter of fact the plane was not stolen, but was merely a matter of removing mortgaged property from the State of Washington.

As above noted, during the progress of this investigation, Karpis was captured at New Orleans and prior to dictation of this report Campbell and Dainard were captured. There remain no undeveloped leads in the El Paso territory with respect to

Campbell or Karpis. Mail covers maintained on C.C.Campbell at Jal, N.M., and on C.C.Campbell at Midland, Texas, have been discontinued. The telephone cover on C.G.Campbell at Midland has also been discontinued and the matter is

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION

40

OFFICE OF ORIGINA

Jeheral Bureau of Investigation

H. S. Bepartment of Justice

3262 Post Office Building,

New Orleans, La.

May 4, 1936.

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Gridge

Mr. Tracy

Miss Gendy

Miss Gendy

er. D

Director, Tederal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

DWM: cw.

7-15.

Be: BREKID.

I am transmitting herewith three copies of a short statement secured by Special Agents R. L. Tollett and Tom E. Neal at the New Orleans Bureau Office, on May 4, 1936, from Fred J. Hunter. This was a verbal statement which Hunter refused to sign but admitted that it was correct in substance. This statement was secured for the purpose of indicating association between Fred J. Hunter and Alvin Karpis. The statement indicates that Hunter had knowledge of the identity of Alvin Karpis, and can be used in the event it becomes necessary for hearing on the harboring complaint.

Special Agent in Charge E. J. Commelley, at Cleveland, Ohio, by telephonic communication, advised the writer that should the United States Attorney agree, a harboring complaint should be filed secretly at New Orleans and the service of the warrant withheld pending further instructions.

Special Agent L. I. Bowman filed a secret harboring complaint before United States Commissioner Reginald Carter, Jr., at New Orleans, Louisiana, on May 4, 1356, charging Fred J. Eunter with concealing and harboring Alvin Karpis at New Orleans, knowing that Karpis was under indictment in the Bremer kidnaping case. Bond was set at \$200,000.00. All papers were left in the New Orleans Bureau Office and will be returned to the United States Commissioner for service when same is desired.

Rene Viosca, United States Attorney at New Orleans, authorized this procedure and advised that Hunter could be held under secret complaint for several days. The warrant has not been served on Hunter at the present writing.

One copy of this transmittal letter and unsigned statement of Fred J. Bunter is being transmitted to Special Agent in Charge E. J. Commelley at Cleveland, Ohio, under personal and confidential cover.

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1 NUMBER

D. W. Mages,

MAY 15 36 A M.

MAY 15 1936

MAY 15 1936

MEW CRLEAMS, May 4, 1936.

My name is Fred J. Hunter. I was born October 13, 1899.

From June to the early part of September 1935 Alvin Karpis and I were together at Hot Springs, Arkansas. We lived at a cabin on Lake Hemilton, which is located a few miles out of this town. I was using the name of Harold King while Karpis used the name of Ed. King.

During early September 1935 Karpis drove me over to Little Rock, Arkansas, where I caught a plane for Cleveland, Ohio, using the name of Harold King. I laid over in Cleveland for a few hours and caught a Pennsylvania train from there to New York City, where I stopped at some hotel in the vicinity of Times Square. After seeing the Baer-Louis prize fight I stayed around New York City three or four days before returning to Hot Springs. I traveled by plane from New York City to Cleveland and from there on by Greyhound Bus.

After my return to Hot Springs, Karpis and I stayed for several weeks at the cabin on Lake Hamilton.

About the middle of November 1935 I made a trip to San Antonio, Texas, in a privately owned airplane, which I engaged for the flight. After about one week spent in San Antonio, Texas, I went to Corpus Christi, Texas, where I stopped at the Princess Louise Hotel. This trip was made by bus. After spending about three weeks in Corpus Christi, Texas, I went to Galveston, Texas, where I stayed about a week, stopping at the Hawkins Tourist Camp. This trip was made in a 1935 Model Ford Coupe. I left Galveston, Texas, in the Ford Coupe and drove to New Orleans, Louisiana, stopping there for one might at the Arrow Tourist Camp. I stayed only one night in New Orleans and them proceeded to Hot Springs, Arkansas, where I stopped at the Mountain View Tourist Camp.

Alvin Karpis did not accompany me on this trip away from Hot Springs, and I did not see him when I returned to Hot Springs because he was out of the city.

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7-576-11488

About the middle of December I drove to Frederick, Oklahoma, where I stayed for about a week, stopping at the Frederick Hotel, registering under the name of Harold King. I returned to Hot Springs, Arkansas a day or two before Christmas 1935. I stayed there a few days and then left for Corpus Christi, Texas, in my Ford Coupe, where I stopped at the Grande Court Tourist Camp. After spending about a week in Corpus Christi, Texas, I drove to New Orleans, Louisiana, and then on to Florida.

I spent two months or more traveling and fishing in Florida before returning to New Orleans by way of Jacksonville, Florida, and Biloxi, Mississippi. I stopped for several days at the Dixie Tourist Camp in New Orleans. Then I proceeded to Hot Springs, Arkansas, going through Mississippi. Upon arrival in Hot Springs I stayed a night or so at the Mountain View Tourist Camp.

Alvin Karpis did not accompany me on my trip to Florida but I met him upon my return to Hot Springs, Arkansas, at which time he told me he had rented a house a few miles from Hot Springs, Arkansas, located on a high hill near Lake Catherine. I stayed with Alvin Karpis in this house for eight or ten days before I left for Rockport, Texas, where I stopped at a tourist camp. I stayed several days at this camp and Alvin Karpis was there also. He left his Buick Sedan at a garage in Corpus Christi, Texas, and accompanied me to Galveston, Texas, where we stopped at a tourist camp on the Beach. After spending a few days in Galveston, Texas, I drove to New Orleans, Louisiana, where I rented an apartment at 3343 Canal Street. Karpis rented another apartment in New Orleans, Louisiana.

Karpis was out of town some of the time before we both were arrested outside of my apartment at 3343 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, on May 1, 1936.

When Alvin Karpis and I were together in Hot Springs, Arkansas, I was aware of his correct identity and knew that he was wanted for Kidnaping by the Federal Government.

At no time has Karpis ever gotten me to do any jobs with him, but I have often accommodated him by being his front man in renting apartments, buying necessities, and other contacts with the public.

Witnesses:

an

Special Agent, Federal Bureau of

lear.

Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice,

New Orleans, Louisiana.

Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, New Orleans, Luisiana. JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR Jederal Bureau of Investigation M. S. Bepartment of Instice TDQ:RCL Bashington, D. C. May 10, 1936. MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON. Mr Turner of the United Press telephoned and desired to secure further details with regard to the apprehension of Harry Campbell at Toledo and was informed that in view of the fact that this was a matter being handled by the Director personally, no comment could be made. Respectfully, RECORDED INDEXED MAY. 14 1936 4. M. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF PROTOE FILE

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IDENTIFICATION
ORDER NO. 1218
March 22, 1934.

# DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

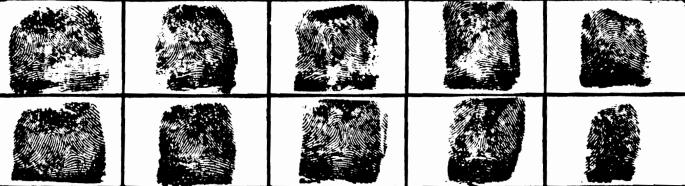
Fingerprint Classification

13 1 Rr 5

WANTED

ALVIN KARPIS, with aliases, A. CARTER, RAYMOND HADLEY, GEORGE MALLER, ALVIN KORPIS, EARL PEEL, GEORGE DUNN. R. E. MAMILTON, RAY MUNTER.

**KIDNAPING** 



Photograph taken May 19, 1930.

#### DESCRIPTION

Age, 25 years (1934); Height, 5 feet, 9-3/4 inches; Weight, 130 pounds; Build, slender; Hair, brown; Eyes, blue; Complexion, fair; Harke, I inch cut scar lower knuckle left index finger.

#### RELATIVES:

Mr. John Karpis, father, 2842 North Francisco Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Mrs. Anna Karpis, mother, 2842 North Francisco Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Mrs. Emily Newbold, sister, 2840 North Francisco Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Mrs. Robert (Clara) YeNute, sister, 1829 West Erie Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Mrs. Albert (Amelia) Grooms, sister, 1234 North Monroe Street, Topeks, Kansas. alin Is orper

CRIMINAL RECORD

As Alvin Karpis, \$7071, received State Industrial Reformatory, Mutchinson, Kambas, February 25, 1926; crime, burglary-2nd degree; sentence, 10 years; escaped March 9, 1929; returned March 25, 1930.

As Raymond Hadley, \$17902, arrested Police Department, Kansas City, Missouri, Harch 23, 1930; charge, larceny-auto and safe blower; released to State Industrial Reformatory, Hutchinson, Kansas, as an

As Alvin Karpis, #1539, received State Penitentiary, Lansing, Kansas, May 19, 1930 transferred from State Industrial Reformatory; crime, burglary-2nd degree; sentence, 5 to 10 years.

As George Haller, #8008, arrested Police Department, Tuisa, Okiahoma, June 10, 1931; charge, investigation-burglary; delivered Police Department, Okmulgee, Okiahoma.

As A. Korpis, 91609, arrested Pelice Department, Okmulges, Oklahoma, June 10, 1931; charge, burglary; sentenced September 11, 1931, 4 years, State Penitentiary, McAlester, Oklahoma; pareled.

Alvin Karpis is wented for questioning in connection with the kidnaping of Edward 8. Bromer at St. Paul, Hinnesota, on January 17, 1934.

Law enforcement agencies kindly transmit any additional information or criminal record to the nearest office of the Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice.

if apprehended, please notify the Director, Division of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., or the Special Agent in Charge of the office of the Division of Investigation listed on the back hereof which is nearest your city.

(ever)

[asset by: J. EDGAR MOOVER, DIRECTOR.

11.571 - 11440



# Federal Bureau of Investigation

AR:LL 7-576 A. S. Department of Justice **Bashington**, **B. C.** 

April 25, 1936

Re: ALVIN KAFPIS

Mr Tulson ! Mr. Bacchman ..... Mr. Coffer .. Hr. Edwards Mr. Etan.... Mr. Forworth ..... M.z. Esrbe ..... Mr. Joseph ..... Mr. Eshis .....

Mr. Nathan

Reference is made to the Director's memorandum of April 23, 1936, to you, concerning an apparent gap in the criminal record of Alvin Kerpis, as reflected on the Identification Order which has been prepared concerning this person, and particularly Mr. Suydam's desire to know

how Kerpis got out of the Kansas Penitentiary.

The Identification Order, a copy of which is attached hereto, reflects that as Alvin Karpis, No. 1539, he was received at the State Penitentiary, Lansing, Kenses, on May 19, 1930, having been transferred from the State Industrial heformatory, to serve a sentence of from five to ten years. In this connection, it should be noted that on March 9, 1929, Karpis escaped from the State Industrial Reformatory at Hutchinson, Kansas, where he was received on February 25, 1926, and was returned to that institution on Merch 25, 1930, to complete the sentence previously imposed. On May 31, 1931, Karpis was released from the Mansas State Penitentiary. Subsequent to this time, he was arrested by the Police Department at Tulsa, Oklahoma, as is reflected on the Identification Order.

RECORDED A. Rosen.

INDEXED

MAY 14 (956 F.M.

TELETYPE

DECCED COPY

FBI ST PAUL

DIRECTOR

PHONE. BREKID. CAMPBELL STILL REFUSES TO DISCUSS CASE.

STELL

CC CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, CLEVELAND

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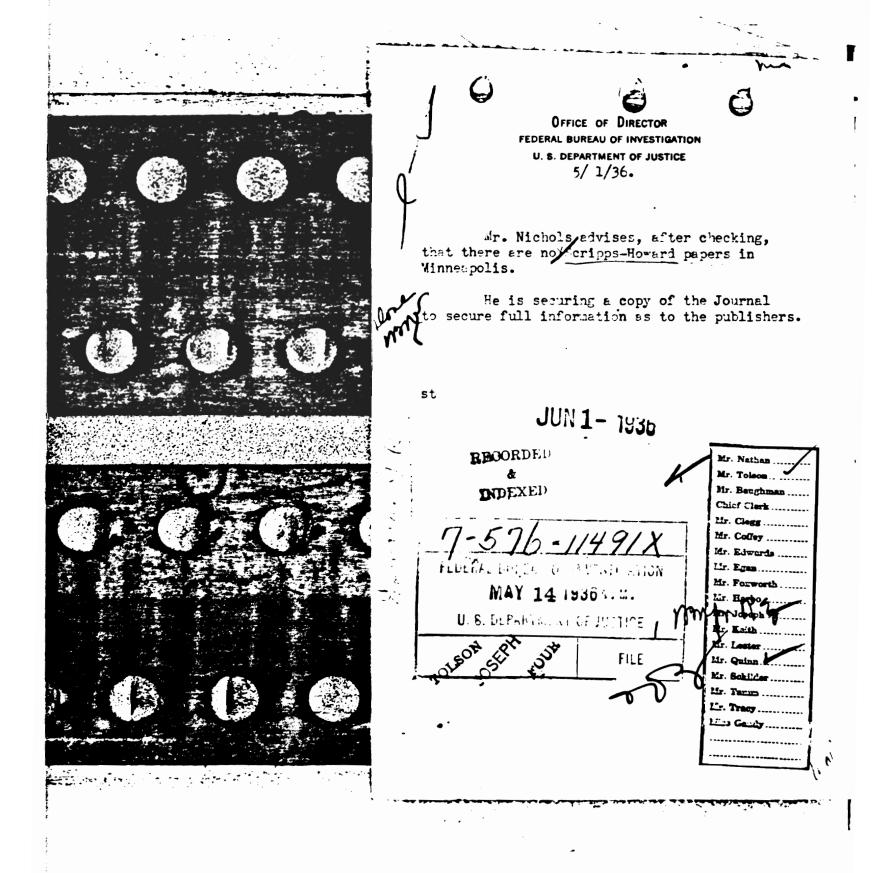
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 14 1936 -. M.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

MAY 15 1936



### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1 This case originates	Cincinnati		S.A. FILE NO.	7-41
REPORT MADE AT	. DATE WHEN MADE	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE	REPORT MADE BY	
	Texas. May 11, 1956			
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SYNOPSIS OF FAC				
1 %	Karpis' marcon Buick	sedan motor 6-3	52198, 1956 Arka	nses
	license #5-752 locate	ed in private ga	rage at 715 Water	
	Street, Corpus Christ with negative results	ti, Tex. Car pr	cossed for finger	ryrints
フ	tained 700 rounds 22	calibor comunit	ion and magazine	ror
	Colt 22 caliber autom			
h1	sister at Sen Antonio	•• <b>?•</b>	A.	
	Reference: Telegram	from SAC R. J.	connaîley, dated	
:	Cleveland, Chio, May	2, 1936, and re	port Special Agen	
	J. U. White, San Anto	onio, Texas, May	5, 1936	ALE .
	e jednom sa manere	en a company and a second control of	The state of	E. 20
details:			10.0	11.
	Upon receipt of refer	rence telegrem a	dvising that Karp	is' maroon
Buick sedan w	as stored in a private Karpis from L. C. Gr	e garage at Corp	La Christi, Texas	OR ADELL
yes rented by	ter and Special Agent	L. M. McInerney	proceeded to Cor	ous Christi and
ascertained t	hat Telephone 800 is	shat of B. W//Gr	ant, proprietor of	the Grant
Gravel and Sh	ell Co., and that L.	G. Gray was open	ator of a Liquor	Package House at
713 Water Str	eet and lived at 1024	He Hesquite Str	ot, corpus ouris	•10
	Postmaster Gilbert M	oGloin stated th	at both of these	men were believed
reliable and	so far as he know had	no eriminal con	nection.	
	It was ascertained t	hat R. W. Grant	owned 55 individu	al garages in
the rear of ?	15 Water Street, Corn	na Christi. and	that L. C. Gray h	andled the rest-
Ann of these	caragas. T. C. Gray	stated that he k	new the occupants	OI STT ESTATES
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build, dark hair and dark complexion came to his Liquor Store just about dark and wanted to rent a garage, stating that he wanted to leave his car there for six weeks or two months as he had a job at Port Isabel and would not need the care Gray states that this men paid him \$10,00 for two months' rental and in addition paid him 55 cents for a Tale lock. Gray gave this man a penciled receipt for the money and states he has no recollection of making a duplicate receipt and that he gave the man a lock and that this was the only time that he ever saw this man and that he had never seen the car but noticed the next morning that the garage was closed and the lock was on the door. Gray did not know what kind of a car this was and reiterated that he had never seem the car nor had he seen the man since that time and that no one else had been there making inquiry concerning this ear. He stated that he had given the only key to the Yale lock to this man and that he had no key. By looking through the cracks Agents ascertained that the ear in garage \$24 was a marcon colored Buick sedan and thereafter removed the lock with a cold chisel. This lock is a Yale Junior disk tumbler lock #603 and is now in possession of the San Antonio effice. The doors of this car were not looked and the key to the ignition, doors, and dash compartment was found under the floor mat on the right hand side in the front part of the ear. This key opens all locks on the car.

Examination of this car revealed the following identification numbers:

Motor # 6-3052198
Serial #2895972
1936 Arkansas license #5-752 (Rear only)
Hot Springs, Ark. City License #1259 (Front ealy)
Speedometer reading, 12326
1936 Model Series #61
Style #36-4619
Body #8415
Trim #247
Paint Job #429
Key #8110

Accessories:
Buick hester
Buick radio
Wind-shield defroster

This car had five U.S. Royal tires size 7x15 all well worm.
There were brownish gray seat covers on the rear sushion
and back of rear seat. On the left lower corner of the windshield was a sticker indicating that this car had been greased
and the oil changed at 2871 miles by the Reed Automobile Co.,
of Corpus Christi, Tex.

In the built-in trunk were a spare tire, a brown check blanket, and a Gillett razor blade. The dash-board compartment contained the following:

1 black eyeglass case bearing stamped impression "Harrington 4

1 pair dark glasses with one lense missing

l cartridge elip for Colt "ACE" 22 caliber long rifle automatic
pistol

1 Buick owner's Manual

1 Buick owner's Identification Card(blank)

1 Buick owner's Service Policy (blank)

- l Brinted card "Creason Buick Pontiac Co. 518 Market Str.,
  Hot Springs, Ark. Phone 522, "on the back of which was written
  in pencil "Buick 56-61, motor #65052198 N. C. Bell, 518 Market
  Street, Hot Springs, Ark."
- 1 Conoco Road Map of Arkansas (unmarked)

All of the above articles found in this compartment are at the San Antonio Bureau office.

On the back sushion of this car were found two boxes, one containing 500 rounds and the other 200 rounds of Winchester 22 caliber long rifle ammunition. There were also found approximately 500 standard short range targets for 22 caliber pistole

The garage in which this car was located has corrugated iron walls and roof and a cement floor and is located approximately 100 feet from the water front. An examination of this garage was negative. The action of the salt air has already started the chronium hardware on this car to rust and the car is rusting round the door joints and other joints not thoroughly painted. This car was thoroughly processed for fingerprints with negative results, due to the action of the salt air over a period in excess of a month. The exterior of the car was very dusty and it appeared to have been in a hard rain just prior to being stored although there was no mud on it.

Upon completion of the examination of this ear it was again placed in garage #24, the doors and ignition locked and a new Corbin lock was purchased and placed on the garage door. Both keys to this lock as well as the car key are in the San Antonio office.

Mr. D. W. Grant, who was extremely cooperative in this matter, but who was not told of the identity of the owner of this car, was furnished with a written notice that this car has been impounded by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, and no one was to be allowed to examine or remove the car without written instructions from this effice. Mr. Grant was teld that this was a stolen car and that the thief had been apprehended in Dallas and had told of its location. Both Mr. Gray and Mr. Grant were instructed to say nothing whatever to any one concerning this car and its examination by Agents was believed to have been unobserved by persons other than Mr. Gray and Mr. Grant. This car was stored in this garage at the expense of the owner and the Bureau assumed no responsibility for the storage.

The Wested Notice placed on this ear with the State Highway Department, Austin, Texas, has been withdrawn and it is suggested that all effices receiving copies of this report take similar action.

On May 6, 1936, Harry Phelps, who owns the premises at 518 South

gress Street, San Antonio, which premises are occupied by Mrs. Dortha Kirkpatrick, advised that Ruth Hamm, Mrs. Kirkpatrick's sister, and the former associate of Fred Hunter, had come to the South Press Street address about 11:30 A.M.
on May 6, 1935, and apparently had intended to remain with Mrs. Kirkpatrick.
Mr. Phelps was instructed to advise no other local enforcement agency or any other
person of the whereabouts of Ruth Hamm and to immediately communicate with this
office when she left San Antonio, which he stated he would dee

Beithar Grant nor Gray sould find any duplicate receipt or record of deposit or other entry to establish exact date this car was stored.

Pending.

-f-

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

EAT: CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation H. S. Department of Instice Washington, D. C. May 9, 1936. Mr. Teleen
Mr. Beughmen
Chief Clerk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Egan
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Harbs
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Keith
Mr. Loster
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Schilder
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tamm

ア

Time - 11:20 A.M.

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

I telephoned Special Agent Dameron at the Little Rock Office and told him that upon the arrival of Mr. Connelley there at 11:15 today, Mr. Connelley should be instructed to immediately telephone you at the New Yorker Hotel in New York, Room 2816. I told him to further inform Mr. Connelley that Special Agent Sam McKee is now in Washington and is going to remain over until Monday for a conference with the Director.

Respectfully,

E. A. TAMM.

REJORDEL

MAY 15 1938

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MAY 13 1836 1. M.

U.S. 2 - KIGGENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

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### WESTERN UNION

MAY 2 - 1936

WM11 36 DL XC

AK AIRPORT CLEVELAND OHIO MAY 2 1220P

#### J EDGAR HOOVER

DEPT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
SUGGEST YOU CONTACT DOCTORS SCHWAB AND COBB ON KARPIS
SCHWAB AT BOSTON PSYCHOPATHIC HAS NEW
SURGICAL TECHNIQUE ON BRAIN PHOTOGRAPHY COBB AT MASS
MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL NOW REPEATING PAVLOV AND NEEDS
HUMANS INSTEAD OF DOGS FOR A CHANGE

LLOYD KENNDEDY.

1247PM

) MAY 19 1935

no record in file. or in develand directors. 7-576-11494 OF HALSTIGHTION INAY 14 1936 P.M.
U.S. 95748 A 31 JUSTICE

FILE

in Letter

5/1/36

Special Agent in Charge, Cleveland, Chie.

Ro: ALVIN EARPIS, with aliason, ot al Edward George Breser, Victia ELIMAPING.

Dear Sire

The Bureau is in receipt of the following telegram from "Lloyd Kenndedy", dated at the Airport, Cleveland, Chio, Hey 2, 1986:

"Suggest you contact Doctors Schweb and Gobb on Karpis. Schweb at Boston psychopathic has new surgical technique on brain photography. Gobb at Massachusetts General now repeating Pavlov and needs humans instead of dogs for a change."

There does not appear to be any record of a Llayd Kenndedy in the children with the sure and it is, therefore, suggested that you interpres, this person relative to the contents of his telegram.

### MAY 12 1936

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT ON.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUST CE

sech stern house

John Edgar Hoover, Director,

Mr. Tolous

Mr. Banghman

Chief Clerk

Mr. Clegy

Mr. Colley

Mr. Edwards

Mr. Egen

Mr. Fenwerth

Mr. Harbe

Mr. Joseph

Mr. Kelth

Mr. Looter

Mr. Quinn

Mr. Fenma

Mr. Trans

Mr. Trans

Mr. Trans

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### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

HIS CASE ORIGINATED AT CINC	INNATI, OHIO.	PHILADELPHIA PILE	No. 7-45 /est
REPORT MADE AT	DATE WHEN MADE PERIOD POR WHICH MADE		
PHILADEIPHIA, PA.	B/15/86 5/13	/36	PALLON
DR. JOSEPH P. MORA	aliases, I. 0. FIR18; Whith aliases - FUGIT	IVE, HARBORIA	G OF FUCITIVES:
I. 0. #1236; et al	CAMPERIL, with aliance		TIBLATMS ACT.
EDWARD CEORGE BREM			
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:			
	Subjects Karpis and destody. No further		
	district.		
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		19 以从《城市、黄州	A State of the Sta
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RFERENCE:	Report of Special Age	nt J. C. White, San	
	Antonio, Texas, date	1 May 5, 1986.	the state of the state of
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Tails:	AT DUTI ATRITUTA DA		
	AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.	A Committee of the second	
A . 9	Inamuch as Subjects	Karpis and Campbell	Were
taken into	custody, and since then conducted in the distri	e is no further inv	estiga-
phia Office	, this case is being cl	losed, subject to re	eopening
in the ever	it any further leads are	Pose ived.	
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	Hard Control	V. Carlot	
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PORWARDED: 3	TECHL AMOUT	SO NOT WRITE IN THE	SE SPACES
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DECODED COPY

T PAUL 5-8-36

BIN

DIRECTOR AND SAC CONNELLEY AT CHICAGO

PHONE. BREKID. CAMPBELL CONTINUES TO DENY PARTICIPATION IN KIDNAP BUT
JAMITS ACSOCIATION WITH BARKER BROTHERS, KARPIS AT CHICAGO, RERO AND ST PAUL
PHIOR TO KIDNAP AND ASSOCIATION WITH WEAVER DAVIS, SAVIER GIBSON, MORAN
AND PRIOR HAMED SUBJECT AT TOLEDO AND CLEVELAND ONIO IN SPRING MINETERS THIRTY
FOUR. DENIES KNOWING BORTON ALDERTEN BEEG. ADMITS ASSOCIATION WITH CONTY
BUT DENIED KNOWING LATTER INTIMATELY AND LIKE STATEMENT AS TO KIMER FARMER.
CLAIMS ON STREETS BETWEEN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS AND HAMMOND, INDIANA ON DATE OF
KIDNAP, BELLE BORN HAS RETAINED ATTORNEY MCMERKIN TO REPRESENT HER IN OBTAINING MONEY IN SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX NAUKBOON, ILLINOIS. MCMERKIN STATING BELLE
HAS LEARNED MRS. VIOSKI ED LONGER HAS KEY. IN ACCORDANCE WITH MY PRIOR CONVERSATION WITH MR CONNELLEY USA SULLIVAN APPROVES AND IS ADVISING HAMM LAWYER
LOCATION OF MONEY SO SAME MAY BE ATTACHED AS FITZGERALD CHARGED WITH HAMAP

INDEXED

MAY 15 .936

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OC CINCINNATI AND CLEVELAND

OK FBI CHICAGO LJM

J. Jown, Pa. May, 7, 1936. Mr. Edgar Hoc Washington, I ... 092880 Gee! Man: Do you know what to do in case you should see a stead boat approaching you acrost the prarie? That best to inquire this is one of the essentals for a man of your vocation. Yes, you caught Carpus, but had to surprise him while he was making love, when a fellow is completely off his guard; bet your quint couldn't catch me in my Whippett for it goes so fast I ride right childer..... over the sound of My horn, and when I want to blow it must slow. Take down so to be sure it's making a noise. Well, I'll put you wise on the steamboat not being sure you... know; you would just halt the steamboat and advance the chamber ..... maid with the countersign, like we used to do out in Montana. No use you coming hereabouts, I'm the worst man here, but I'm too old now to be dangerous. Hold Carpus; Gracefully yours, INDEXED

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

EAT: CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation

M. S. Department of Instice Washington, B. C.

May 6, 1936.

Bremer Case.

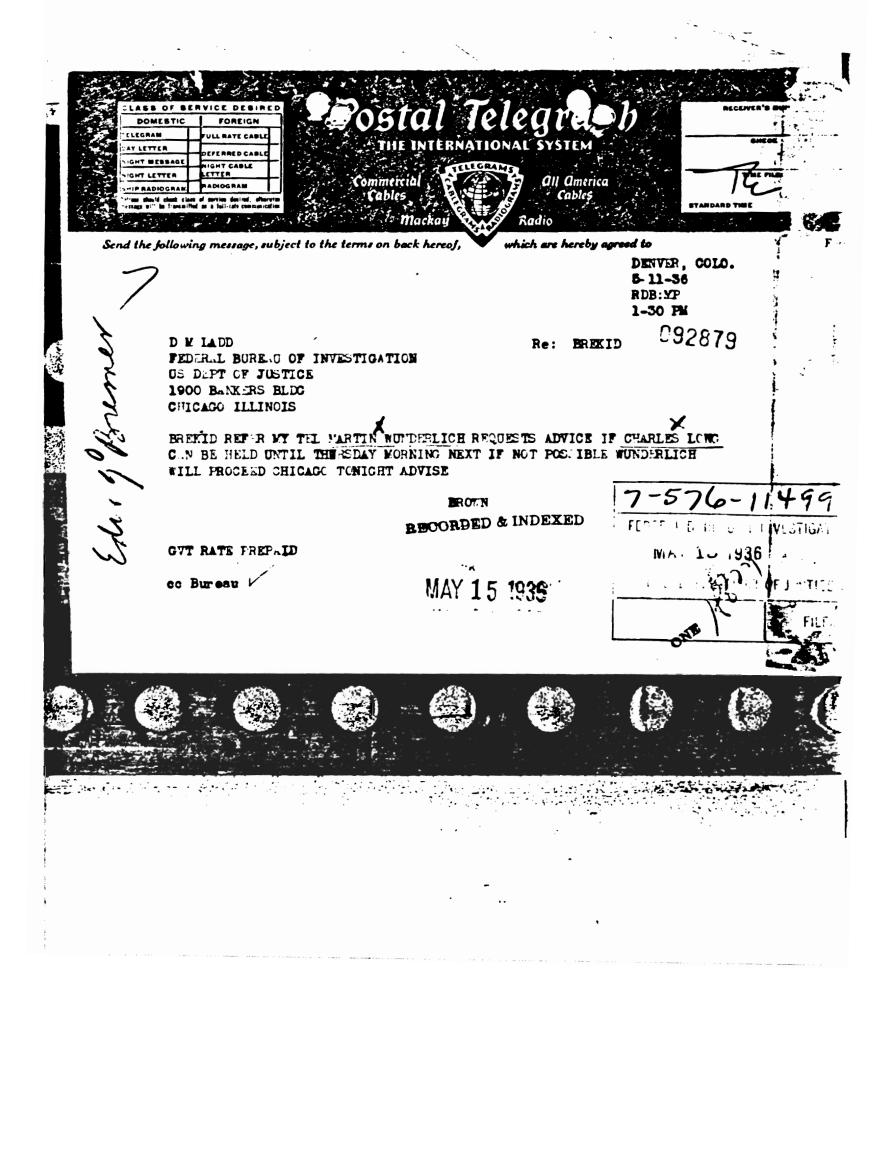
I telephoned SAC Ladd at the Chicago Office to clear up some points in connection with his teletype to the Bureau indicating that an associate of William E. Meade by the name of Long had been picked up, inquiring of him as to who picked the man up, and where he is being held. Mr. Ladd said that he personally arrested Long, and placed him in the police lockup last night, returning him to the office this morning, where he now is.

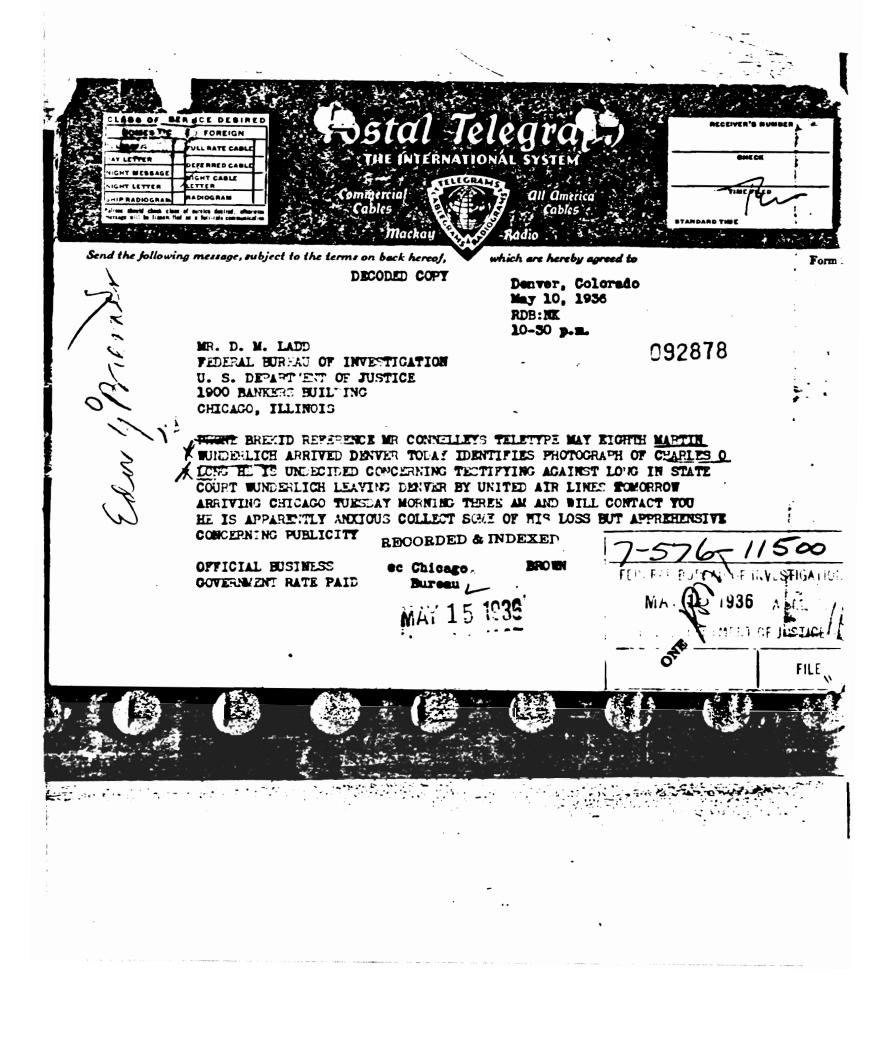
Mr. Ladd stated that Long informs the only way in which he could contact Meade is through the hotel in San Antonio; that he understends, they have rented a store down there where they are going to put in some pictures of some kind, and use this place as a front to bring victims in for their confidence game. Mr. Ladd mentioned that in the file of the Bremer Case in that office, they find a copy of a letter from the Little Rock Office to the San Antonio Office furnishing practically this same information. He said that he is preparing a teletype at this time to the Bureau and to the San Antonio Office in which this and other information is being set forth.

I told Mr. Ladd that you desire to turn this man over to the appropriate State officials after we have gotten from him all of the information we can. I told Mr. Ladd to furnish the Bureau with the details surrounding the apprehension of this man, so that we might subsequently make a release here in Washington indicating that we are turning Long over to the State officials.

RECORDED & INDEXED

MAY 23 1958





JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR

TDQ:RCL

Tederal Bureau of Investigation U. S. Department of Instice

Washington, N. C.

May 9, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON.

Mr. Keith

Mr. Lefter

Mr. Quant

Mr. Schille

Mr. Tail

11:25 A. H.

M:. E . 5

Mr. dosept ...

Mr. Nathen .... Mr. Teleon ...

Hor

Mr. O'Rourke, city editor of the Cleveland News, telephoned and stated that the opposition paper was carrying a story to the effect that approximately 20 G-Men were now in Cleveland making further investigation with regard to individuals, particularly politicians, who might have aided, abetted, or harbored Harry Campbell and wanted to know if information could be furnished to his paper along these lines.

I informed Mr. O'Rourke that in the absence of the Director, no comment could be made.

Respectfully,

T. D. Quinn.

RECORDED &

INDEXED

MAY 16

7-576-1/50/
FLETERAL PUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 13 1936 APP 1!

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WALL Y

( , o,

Federal Bureau of Investigation W. S. Department of Justice, Post Office Box 766, Cincinneti, Ohio. Dear Mr. Comellers I am inclosing herewith a copy of elipping which appeared in this morning alless ington Herald, in which I thought you would be interested. This, I believe, rather succinetly presents a true picture. I have ascertained that some of the members of the press had already had indications of this condition, and of course I think that the situation is one that is not only outrageous but practically criminal malfeasance upon the part of the Post Office Inspectors for having taken the actions which they did to themr and block this case. Yery truly yours, C Edgar Boover John Edgar Koover Director. (Article entitled "Widening Drive on Cris Karpis Net Traps High Officials") **COMMUNICATIONS SECTION** MAY - 6 1936

. Clogg ...... . Colley ...... . Edwards .....

r. Ngan r. Foxwerth r. Harbe

Tr. Reith

(남. 김개교) ...... 그ù G크라) ..... P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT ON,
U.S. DEFARTMENT OF JUST CE

Serial Partially Deinner Widening Drive on Crime:

## KARPIS NET TRAPS HIGH OFFICIALS

### Arrests of Police Near; G-Men to Round Up All Who Aided Fugitive

Arrest of high police officials in two Middle Western cities in a sensational aftermath of the capture of Public Enemy Alvin Karpis is scheduled in the next few days, the Washington Herald has learned.

Karpis was seized in New Orleans last week by John Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and a squad of agents.

### TWO TOOK MONEY

Since his arrest and return to St. Paul, Minn., where he is wanted in two kidnapings and several other major crimes, Karpis has made voluminous confessions, the Herald has learned, involving high law officers.

At least two men, it has been learned, are known to have sheltered Karpis and taken money from him when the gangster was being hunted over the nation as a murderer and kidnaper.

Following the same technique that has sent more than 20 persons to jail for harboring members of the John Dillinger mobth the G-men have begun a drive to round up every person who gave Karpis any aid, it is declared.

HUNTER HELD AS AIDE
Fred Hunter, alleged mail robber captured with Karpis, stready
is charged with harboring the

gang leader.

This move, the Herald learned, was made to keep Hunter under jurisdiction of the Department of

Justice until he completes making statements that he began immediately after his errest. The Department of Justice, it is reported, has had to combat efforts of other governmental agencies seeking to get Hunter out of the hands of the G-men.

INTERFERENCE CHARGED

While Karpis was being pursued through the Middle West, the Herald has learned Gmen were hampered by postal inspectors who, apparently jealous of Department of Justice success in pursuing ganagsters, made repeated afforts to "muscle in" and seize Karpis first

One man, it is alleged, made a public disclusure of a "plant" on a Karpis hideout in a Mid-Western resort fown when he found that the G-men were about to make an arrest, with the result that the gangster escaped.

(Pictures on Back Page).

### Hoover Denies P. O. Tip On Karpis Hideaway

Reports from Cleveland that a post office inspector and the U. S. District Attorney there had told G-men where to find Alvin Karpis, notorious gang leader, were hotly denied last night by J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Hoover said:

Hoover said:
"There is not a scintilla of foundation to such a statement.
"The bureau received no information, nor was any cooperation extended by the Post Office inspectors, which led to the apprehension of Alvin Karpis and Fred Hunter."

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Benghman
Chief Cherk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Egwards
Mr. Egwards
Mr. Foxwords
Mr. Foxwords
Mr. Foxwords
Mr. Foxwords
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Legiet
Mr. Legiet
Mr. Legiet
Mr. Tagma
Mr. Tagma
Mr. Tagma
Mr. Tragm
Min. Tragm

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7-576-11502

WASH HERALD MAY 6 1936

/h<sub>e</sub>,

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE MECHANICAL SECTION

In confirmation of telephonic advice furnished you on May 7, 1936, you are advised that the form letter to be addressed to all field offices concerning cancellations to be made in the latest issue of the Pocker Identification Order Booklet should be amended to include the following names:

WILLIAM MAHAN

No. 2

HARRY CAMPBELL

Ho. 4

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover, Director,

BECORDED & INDEXE

7-576-11504

FEDERAL BUNEAU OF INVESTIGATION MAY 13 1936 P.M.

U. S. DEFARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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### Federal Bureau of Inbestigation

H. S. Bepartment of Justice

1448 Standard Building Cleveland, Ohio

May 12, 1936.

TO ALL FIELD OFFICES:

RE: BREKID

Reference is made to the mimeographed letter to all field offices dated at Cleveland, Ohio, May 6, 1936, notifying all offices to place MILTON TEXT and/or SAL TOKER under surveillance in the event these individuals were located.

Inasmuch as subject Harry Campbell and Sam Coker were apprehended at Toledo, Ohio, on May 7, 1936, it is now believed that should Milton Lett be located he should be immediately interrogated with reference to his associations with subject Campbell, particularly in the Cleveland district, securing from him all information possible which may be of value from the standpoint of preferring harboring charges against individuals with whom Harry Campbell was acquainted. Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley and the Cleveland Bureau office should be immediately notified of his location.

EJW/EJB

Very truly yours,

J. P. MacFARLAND Special Agent in Charge

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MAY 15 1936

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Bureau

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION.

Transmit the following message to:

BREKID ADVISE AGENT DECKE BEATING AT MISSE MOSTLA CONTINUED WITTL SEPTIM

78 MAR 24 1965

POSTAD

SENT VIA

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR

EAT: CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation

A. S. Bepartment of Justice Washington, B. C.

May 8, 1936.

Time - 11:21 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Charles Long; William E. Meade; Bremer Case. Mr. Forwarth....
Mr. Earbo .....
Mr. Joseph .....
Mr. Kelth ....
Mr. Lastar ....
Mr. Quing
Mr. Schilder ....
Mr. Trans ....
Mr. Trans ....
Mr. Trans ....

I talked with SAC Ladd in the Chicago Office, and he said that they have now obtained from Charles Long all of the information which he will give us, and they are now ready to turn this man over to the local authorities. He said that he wanted to advise the Bureau of this so that any release we might desire to make could be made before the man is turned over to the local authorities.

I told Mr. Ladd that I did not know at this time what your desires were in this regard, but that if he did not hear from the Bureau by 2:30 this afternoon, the man should be turned over.

Respectfully,

E. A. TANO.

RECORD

RECORDED & INDEXED

MAY 15 14 VF

7-576-11508

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FBI CHICAGO

DIRECTOR

SACS SAN ANTONIO AND LITTLE ROCK

PHONE BREKID. CHARLES LONG INFORMANT ADVISES RECEIVED TELEGRAM LATTER PART OF PEBRUARY FROM WILLIAM EIMER MEAD USING MAME OF HALL FROM SAN ANTONIO. INFORMANT STATES THAT PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED INFORMATION THAT SAMMINGATES HAD FIXED POLICE DEPARTMENT AND COUNTY AUTHORITIES SAN ANTONIO AND HAD ARRANGED ESTABLISHMENT OF PHONEY HORSE RACE OR BROKERAGE OFFICE IN VICINITY SAINT ANTHONY HOTEL FOR USE OF MEAD, GATES, AND UNKNOWN ASSOCIATES IN CONFIDENCE GAMES. LONG WOULD LOCATE MEAD BY GOING TO LOBBY OF SAINT ANTHONY HOTEL AND INQUIRING FOR SAMALE GATES FROM OTHER CONFIDENCE MEN WHO WILL BE THERE. LONG SAYS MEAD WAS ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE AND WAS DRIVING A 1984 DARK COLORED FORD OR CHEVROLET SEDAN OR COACH AT WEST PAIN BEACH FLORIDA IN JANUARY 1956. REFERENCE IS MADE TO LETTERS FROM LITTRE BOCK OFFICE TO SAN ANTONIO OFFICE DATED MARCH 19, 1936 VERIFYING GATES AND MEAD HAVING BEEN IN SAN ANYONIO. LONG BEING HELD THIS OFFICE FOR QUESTIONING PENDING FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS. SUGGEST LITTEL ROCK MAKE IMMEDIATE RECONTACT INFORMANT MENTIONED IN ABOVE LETTER. PHOTOGRAPHS MR. AND MRS: MEAD BEING FOR-RECORDED

deral Bureau of Investig ion A. S. Bepartment of Instice 1448 Standard Building Cleveland, Ohio PERSONAL AND CONFI May 10, 1936. Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C. Dear Sir: AKCORDED COPY PILED IN / 3 / Transmitted herewith is personal and confidential memorandum prepared by Special Agents E. J. Wynn, C. E. Smith, and John L. Madala with reference to the police situation in connection with the BREKID investigation. Very truly yours, JPM/EJB Enclosures (4) Special Agent in Charge CC - Mr. E. J. Connelley DENEXED

Cleveland, Ohio, May 10, 1936.

#### PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

This memorandum is being submitted at this time representing the joint efforts of Special Agents John L. Madala, C. E. Smith, and E. J. Wynn, and concerns itself with the situation existing at Cleveland, Ohio, in September 1934, indicating connections between certain underworld individuals and the police department, which resulted apparently in members of the Berker-Karpis mob being tipped off to the fact that several women of the mob were under arrest by the Cleveland Police Department, which tip caused the remaining members of the mob to safely flee from the city.

The facts set out in this memorandum are based upon previous investigation and reference to specific reports will be made throughout.

The report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, dated at Detroit, Michigan, September 25, 1934, on page twenty-nine, and his report dated April 9, 1935, page 16, indicate that Alvin Karpis and Doloras Delaney under the name of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Milgreth, when first arriving in Cleveland, resided at 18109 Flamingo Street, the property apparently owned by William J. Mitchell Real Estate Organization.
William J. Mitchell being the head of the same. They moved from this address to 3973 West 140th Street, renting the last mentioned property from the A. W. Hebebrand Organization, Inc., 971 Denison Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, on July 6, 1934, 88 noted on page twenty-three of the report of Special Agent B. E. Hall, Detroit, Michigan, dated September 25, 1934. The report of Agent Hall dated at Detroit on pages sixteen and seventeen, sets forth that one Mrs. Peter Karcher, 1580 Larchmont Avenue, Lakewood, Ohio, was interested in renting the Premises, but was told by a representative of the Hebebrand organization that the house was not for sale or rant. The fact that Karpis actually resided at this address,

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as indicated, is supported by the story of Mrs. O. W Blackman, as related in the report of Special Agent C. E. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio, dated December 20, 1935, and the above referred to reports of Special Agent D. E. Hall.

In September, 1934, Fred Barker and Paula Harmon, together with Harry and Glady Samyer, resided at 4419 West 171st Street, Cleveland, Ohio. Reference to the report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, dated at Detroit, Michigan, September 29, 1934, page thirtynine, with reference to information regarding a rental receipt found in this house, indicates that the house was rented on August 16, 1934, in the name of John E. Matterson, said receipt having been signed by C. N. Mitchell (the son of William J. Mitchell). Various members of the Barker-Karpis mob were identified at this house by neighbors as set out in the report of Special Agent D. E. Hall just referred to, and also as set out in the report of Special Agent C. E. Smith, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, December 20, 1935.

Subject Harry Campbell, in September, 1934, was residing at 7009 Franklin Street, Cleveland, Ohio, but the investigation established that neither the Hebebrand nor the Mitchell organization had control over this last mentioned property.

There appears to be a definite connection between William J. Mitchell, the head of the William J. Mitchell Realty Organization, and Art/Hebebrand, the head of the A. W. Hebebrand Realty Organization, and for substantiation of this, reference should be made to the report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, Detroit, Michigan, dated December 3, 1934, where it is noted on page seventeen, as related by Frank J. Noonan, a private detective of Cleveland, Ohio, concerning whom more will be said later in this memorandum, advised that he often frequented the XHarvard Club, a famous gambling institution in Cleveland, and that it was his understanding that William F Fergus, Arthur W. Hebebrand and W. J. Mitchell were actively interested in the operation of the club. Further reference to the report of Special Agent R. P. Burruss, Washington, D. C., dated December 12, 1935, reflects that W. J. Mitchell, Clarence/Hebebrand, a brother of Art Hebebrand, and William F. Fergus. went abroad together in July, 1935. Investigation in this matter has developed that the aforementioned men went abroad for the purpose of placing alot machines in certain foreign countries in Europe, and it is definitely known that they visited Roumania, and Poland, as set out in the report of Special Agent J. B. Dickerson, New York City, dated December 31, 1935.

C. N. Mitchell, who signed the rent receipt for the premises at 4419 West 171st Street, as related above, is known as Meil/Mitchell. It is understood that he is presently serving a

six months' sentence at the Federal Detention Farm, Milan, Michigan, having been convicted by the United States District Court at Cleveland, Ohio, for perpetrating frauds in connection with securing home owners' loans.

Reference to the report of Special Agent John L. Madala. Chicago, Illinois, dated February 6, 1936, page thirty, reflects that during an interview with Dolores Delaney she stated that while she and Alvin Karpis were residing on Flamingo Street, Cleveland, Ohio, Karpis on one occasion displayed to her a commission card bearing his photograph and which identified him as a private investigator for a detective agency, which sounded like it might have been the Noonan Detective Agency. She further stated that while they were residing at the above address, she purchased a vacuum cleaner and when it was delivered to her she gave the salesman four \$10 notes issued on the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, California. She stated that this selesmen apparently became suspicious because of the type of the notes, and subsequently made inquiry of Mr. Mitchell of the Mitchell Realty organization at Cleveland, concerning the identity of his tenants. She stated that this information was subsequently relayed to Alvin Karpis by Mr. Mitchell, and when the salesman returned to their home several days later Alvin Karpis exhibited to him the above described commission eard and threatened to have the salesman put in jail if he continued to annoy them. As set out in the report of Special Agent E. Fr Wynn, Cleveland, Ohio, dated February 13, 1936, pagestwentyone and twenty-two, Mr. Ralph W Pierce was the salesman mentioned above and he related that he recalled the invident of visiting the address 18109 Flamingo Street, at which time the man of the house "flashed" on him detective credentials, although he could not recall the detective agency. It is to be noted that Mr. Pierce advised that he recognized the house as one over which the Mitchell Realty organization had the management and based upon his suspicions of the tenants he made inquiry of Neil Mitchell, whereupon Mr. Mitchell told Mr. Pierce that the people were alright and that they had been purchasing a lot of things. It should also be noted that Mr. Pierce identified a photograph of Alvin Karpis as being the likeness of the man who "flashed" the detective credentials on him.

The report of Special Agent R. D. Brown, Cleveland, Chio, dated June 1, 1935, page three, sets forth an interview by that Agent with

indicating that identified tentatively the photographs of Alvin Karpis, Fred Barker, Harry Sawyer, Volney Davis, and William J. Harrison as persons who frequented the Harvard Club. The report of Special Agent John L. Madala, Chicago, Illinois, dated February 6, 1936, reflects that in an interview with Dolores Delaney she advised that Alvin Karpis and she on several occasions frequented the Harvard Club to do some gambling, and that Karpis was well known

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but she was unable to furnish any information with reference to the identity of any of these persons. When questioned as to the most likely places where Karpis and Campbell would attempt to find refuge should this become necessary, Dolores Delaney mentioned the Harvard Club, and also a small tavern, which she described in such a way as to indicate definitely that she referred to the Silver Grill, 28th and Detroit, Cleveland, Ohio, which place is undoubtedly owned by James ... Shimmy Patton, who is closely allied with Art Hebebrand in gambling activities, and which place is a favorite rendezvous for the gambling fraternity connected with the Harvard Club. It has been definitely established, as a result of telephone taps, which were maintained on the telephones of Art Hebebrand, and one of his chief lieutenants, James "Tip" O'Neil, an ex-convict with a long record, that various gamblers and hoodlums assembled at the Silver Grill late at night apparently to discuss their plans. Further indicating the presence of Karpis and others of the mob at the Harvard Club is the information set out in the report of Special Agent John L. Madala, Chicago, Illinois, dated October 17, 1935, reflecting that Volney Davis in an interview with Agent Hadala, stated that Alvin Karpis on one occasion informed him that he had been offered a proposition by certain gamblers in Cleveland, Ohio, whereby he could purchase an interest in an international slot machine enterprise for \$5,000; that this syndicate had been negotiating with several large gambling syndicates in Europe for the purpose of establishing slot machines in their respective countries. Alvin Karpis further advised Volney Davis that these men wanted him to travel to Europe and assist in the negotiations and in this connection, according to Volney Davis, he and Karpis discussed at great length the possibilities of the latter's getting out of the country, and Karpis seemed confident that he could do so without apprehension. Karpis further informed Volney Davis that he was enthusiastic about this proposition and that he wanted to buy an interest at that time, but that the syndicate would not accept ransom money, which at that time was all he could offer them. With further reference to this matter Karpis informed Volney Davis that as soon as he was successful in changing portions of the ransom money he would return to Cleveland and contact these people. Volney Davis went on to relate that he had particular reference to Art Hebebrand and James "Shimmy" Patton and continued that Karpis had implicit faith in both these individuals, inasmuch as they were the ones who tipped him off in regard to the contemplated raid on his place after Gladys Sawyer, Paula Harmon and Wynone Burdetts were arrested in Cleveland. Volney Davis further stated to Agent Madala that it was his understand ing that the premises occupied by Karpis and others in Cleveland were obtained through these individuals; that Art Habebrand is supposed to have an interest in a large real estate concern in Cleveland, which bears his name.

The above information furnished by Volney Davis with reference to the international slot machine venture is substantiated by the fact, as related above, that William Fergus, Clarence Hebebrand, and William J. Mitchell of Cleveland, Ohio, all close friends of Art Hebebrand and "Shimmy" Patton, Clarence being the brother of Art Hebebrand, did go to Europe and as set out in the report of Special Agent J. B. Dickerson, New York City, dated December 31, 1935, wherein on page five, Mr. Carol Targaounn, in charge of the Consulate General of Roumania, room 1408, 1819 Broadway, New York City, was interviewed by Special Agent J. B. Dickerson and he stated that William F. Fergus, Clarence Hebebrand and another American, in company with three Roumanians, namely Nicolao Nestor, Joseph J. Vraniak, and Banatenau arrived in Bucharest, Roumania, and set into operation slot mechines. However, the newspaper of Roumania created such a furor about children being allowed to play these machines, that the Roumanian authorities prohibited the further operation of the slot machines. He also indicated that at approximately the same time the Roumanian authorities prohibited the operation of slot machines, some Cleveland newspaper had an editorial to the effect that Roumania had given the United States some good citizens and it was a shame to give Roumania someone like Bill Fergus in exchange.

The report of Special Agent K. R. McIntire, Chicago, Illinois, dated February 11, 1935, sets out information on page three, as secured from Byron Bolton by Special Agent John L. Madala, that the Cleveland contacts for the Barker-Karpis mob are individuals known to him only as Art and "Shimmy."

The report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, Cleveland, Ohio, dated April 22, 1936, page twenty-three, sets out information received by Special Agent E. J. Dowd from the post office inspectors working on the Carrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery, to the effect that John Brock, who is being held as a participant in that job by the post office inspectors, advised that "Shimmy" Patton and Art Hebebrand formerly financed various jobs for Karpis, and that at such times as Karpis visits Cleveland be contacts these two individuals, and further that Karpis arranges his Toledo contacts through an ax-prize fighter, who is employed at the Harvard Club. The ex-prize fighter is thought to be "Smoky" Sharkey/Gordon, who has been mentioned frequently in investigations conducted in the Cleveland district as a bodyguard for Art Hebebrand and a contact man for him.

The report of Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley, Chicago, Illinois, dated February 5, 1935, page sixty-six reflects that undoubtedly Fred Barker using the name of T. C. Blackburn on Movember 28, 1934, wired a dozen roses from Ocala, Florida to "Art Theavebrandt and James Paxon, c/o Harvard Club, 539 Harvard Avenue, Cleveland." Undoubtedly the individuals to whom the flowers were

Hebebrand by Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley, as set forth in the latter's letter to the Director, dated February 11, 1936, page two, second paragraph, relates that Art Hebebrand advised that he recalled receiving flowers from Ocala, Florida from a party by the name of Blackburn, but that he had no idea as to the identity of the sender.

The foregoing information, it is believed, establishes the fact that the various members of the Barker-Karpis mob were in association with Art Hebebrand and James "Shimmy" Patton of the Harvard Club.

\* Wood

A telephone tap was maintained on the home telephone of Art Hebebrand at Cleveland, Ohio, from February 6, 1936 to February 29, 1936, inclusive. On January 11, 1936 the Harvard Club, operated by James "Shimmy" Patton was raided by the county prosecutor's office. However, as indicated in the telephone tap, Art Hebebrand and James "Shimmy" Patton almost immediately began figuring on opening a new spot. The Harvard Club was located in Newburg Heights, which is a separate city corporation from that of Cleveland, but is located immediately adjacent to the corporate limits of Cleveland. The log of the telephone tap maintained on the telephone of Art Hebebrand is being enclosed with this memorandum for the purpose of showing the procedure adopted by them in applying "the fix" on the officials of the village of Newburg Heights, Ohio, in order to open a new gambling spot in that corporation. Reference is made to the telephone call made by Art Hebebrand on February 14, 1936 at 5:20 P. M. to Michigan 5545, which is the village hall of Newburg Heighta. It is indicated that he talked with a party by the name of Fred, who is helieved to be Frank Ptak, the village marshal. It is noted that in the conversation Art nebebrand advised the village mershal that he and Shimmy were going. to open up their new gambling spot whether he liked it or not, and when the marshal advised Hebebrand that he would not permit the place to open, apparently because of some difference in the amount of the payoff. Hebebrand advised him that "Shimmy don't give a damn for you or anyone else. I know you are shaking him, but you or no other S can handle him. He doesn't sare or isn't atraid of any S in the world."

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It is also noted in the log covering the telephone tap that after Art Hebebrand was brought to the Cleveland Bureau office to be interrogated by Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley there was an incoming call at 11:20 P. M. on February 7, 1936, it appearing that the party calling was Art's mother and that she talked with Mrs. Art Hebebrand; that the latter was apprehensive and said, "No, mother, the police said the wires are tapped."

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As set out in the report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, dated at Detroit, Michigan, 9-25-34, there was found at 5975 West 140th Street, Cleveland, Ohio, premises occupied by Alvin Karpis and Dolores Delaney as Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Hilgreth, after the place was abandoned by them and raided by the police, pay envelopes of the Frank J. Noonan Detective Agency, having written on them the name of H. G. Milgreth, and there was also found on the premises at 4419 West 171st Street abandoned by Fred Barker a Bureau transcript of the criminal record of one Charles Carroll, which was secured from the Bureau through a deputy sheriff at the request of Mr. Frank J. Noonan.

Frank J. Noonan, as set out in the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, 2-13-56, on page 19, originally came from a very good family and inherited considerable money, but as a young man established himself as a play-boy around Cleveland, always surrounded by an air of mystery; as time went on he became closely allied with one Tommy McGinty, a powerful Cleveland politician, who is reputed to have set up Noonan in the private detective business; that McGinty was interested in various race tracks and gambling institutions in the city of Cleveland, and, as a result, Noonan secured the "in" so far as protecting such enterprises are concerned; that he spends most of his time around the Hollenden Hotel "chinning" with various rackateers and confidence men who are to be found loitering in the lobby. Some insight into his past may be gleaned from an anonymous letter which Mr. J. M. McGrath, operator of a large private detective agency in Cleveland, received from some unknown person connected with the Cleveland, Ohio, Police Department, said communication being dated May 10, 1930, and is quoted as follows:

My dear Jim:

"I want to put you wise to what is happening about race tracks and why you cannot get the job. This fellow, Frank Noonan, who was a strike breaker, was run out of Cleveland many years ago for passing bum checks and double-crossing Pop Coach, his employer, and is now soliciting the race track work through the ald of Gideon Rabshaw the biggest crook and dummy that was ever in the Police Department.

\*Rabshaw is telling the race track people that if they do not employ Moonan, Sheriff Hanratty will not let them race. The reason of this is, that Rabshaw and Moonan and Joe Ball are going 50-50 on the profits. If the race tracks open, watch these fellows work together. When Rabshaw was in the police department and even now, as you know, he did not have a friend. When Frank Woods was a

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member of the detective department, Rabshaw and Moonan tried to frame him but several of the other boys got wise to it and Frank Woods was so mad that he chased Noonan out of town and Moonan never returned until after Woods' death. He met him on Euclid Avenue and ran him to the Star Theatre, over the stage and out on Vincent Street.

"This Rabshaw has been double-crossing Hanratty ever since he has been in office and if they use the power of the Sheriff's office to get your work, I will furnish you the names of payoff guys who settled with Rabshaw on the slot machines and booze joints in the county. Mate Weinberger and Tony Fitspatrick are some of the payoff guys.

"You can use this letter for whatever it is worth. Only last week Rabshaw and Noonan were at the Hollenden Hotel in a conference with EdyStronge and his bunch making arrangements to protect Thistledown. If you want to know anything further about Rabshaw, ask Emmett Potts, Inspector Cody, Andy Hagen,

or John Toner.

"Noonen and this fellow Biddlemeyer, who is now in a jam in the Fleming double-cross racket which Ray Miller, the County Prosecutor, is now checking up, blackmailed a lot of people when they worked together. This fellow, Moonan, recently double-crossed Sheriff Maloney out of Painesville. He was employed to investigate liquor cases and get his money and afterwards tipped the bootleggers off. Ask Maloney about this and he will tell you the facts. Now Noonan wants to work with Gideon and shake the bookmakers down. Now you know why you, the Burns', Jake Mintz Folger, and McGrath. cannot get any of the detective and police work in the county. If I were you, I would make some copies of this letter and mail them to everybody concerned. Some day when you are down in the department, I will let you know who wrote this but under the conditions that are now existing in the police department, I will just have to remain, your friend.

I.Y.Z.

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Report of Special Agent D. E. Hall dated at Detroit, Michigan December 3, 1934, beginning on page fifteen sets forth various interviews had with Frank J. Noonan by Agents of the Bureau, in which interviews Noonan stated that he has since 1927 operated a private detective agency known as the Noonan Detective Agency located at 1900 Euclid Avenue; that during the summer months he furnishes watchmen and police to the race tracks and various enterprises of a similar nature in the city of Cleveland; that with reference to the pay envelopes of his agency found on the premises formerly occupied by subject Karpis at 5973 West 140th Street, Cleveland, Ohio, he recognized them as property of his agency, but was unable to account for their presence in the possession of Alvin Karpis; with reference to the criminal record of Charles Carroll, FBI jacket No. 30222, found on the premises abandoned by Fred Barker, Noonan could offer no explanation for the presence of the record there. However, he admitted securing this record through the Sheriff's office at Chardon, Ohio.

In this last mentioned report of Special Agent D. E. Hall Mr. Noonen has indicated on pages twenty-three and twenty-four, in conclusion that the pay envelopes of his agency were left by him in a hotel suite which he had at the Cartar Hotel in Cleveland. Ohio, and which he subsequently turned over to Art Hebebrand for the latter's use in having parties, and in view of this it is likely that the pay envelopes could have been secured by Hebebrand. As a matter of fact, Mr. Noonen definitely indicated that the pay envelopes reached Alvin Karpis through Art Hebebrand.

Moonan further related to Special Agent Peters that he learned that when the women were arrested by the Cleveland police a policewomen was locked up with them in an effort to ascertain the identity of the women and their connections in the city. Mr. Noonan also informed Special Agent Peters of the incident hereinafter set out in which one Mr. Allen called at the Cleveland Police Department reporting certain suspicious people later identified as Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis, and came back several days later inquiring why nothing had been done about it. Mr. Noonan made the statement that the police department is divided between the administration and the anti-administration forces, that is, between the forces supporting Mayor Harry Davis and those opposed to him, and that in the future if it becomes necessary for the Bureau to request any assistance from the police department in matters concerning this case, It would be advisable for the Bureau to first ascertain whether or not the officers assisting are on one side or the other. Mr. Moonan intimated that the city, as well as the county, is filled with graft and corruption; that the administration knows that gambling, prostitution and the like are going on unmolested and that the supporters of the administration will not make any moves until the higher-ups in\_ the administration's politics have been consulted.

To quote Mr. Noonan: "You have undoubtedly heard that Toledo invites this element. Hell, if you have the right connections in this town, Toledo doesn't run 1-2-3 with Cleveland".

By his own admissions Mr. Noonan advised that if anyone goes to the police department or the City Hall making inquiries about something in which he is interested he knows about it within ten minutes after the individual has left the building.

Mr. Noonan further stated that in connection with his private detective agency he furnishes detectives, guards and watchmen for various gambling establishments in the city of Cleveland and vicinity; that until about nine months ago he had been employed to furnish guards and detectives at the Harvard Club for the protection of guests and to prewent robberies of the club. He stated that while he did not know positively, he believes that the individuals who are actively interested in the Harvard Club are Billy Fergus, A. W. Hebebrand, William J. Mitchell and Shimmy Patton. He stated that Fergus, as a rule, acts as general manager of the club during the gambling hours and is usually assisted by Hebebrand and Mitchell. He further stated that during the summer of 1934 Fergus and Mitchell went to Roumania where they attempted to establish slot machines in the country but were forced out by the Roumanian government. With reference to Hebebrand and Mitchell, Noonan advised that these two individuals work closely together in the real estate business; that prior to the depression Hebebrand controlled a number of unimproved lots in Cleveland and Mitchell was a contractor. Noonan further stated that at the time of the interview with Agent Peters the Cuyahoga County Grand Jury was making an extensive investigation into the operations of the various gambling places in the county; . that the operators of the Harvard Club believed themselves so firmly entrenched that they will not have to move.

The report of Special Agent D. E. Hall dated 9-25-34, at Detroit, Michigan, reflects information with reference to the arrest of Wynona Burdette, Mrs. Harry Sawyer and Paula Harmon at Cleveland, Chio on September 5, 1934. The report indicates that on the afternoon of September 6, 1934, Captain Frank Story of the Detective Bureau of the Cleveland Police Department, communicated with Special Agent W. E. Peters, advising him of the arrest of the women who were then known as Ethel Matterson, Gladys Sawyer and Wynong Wolcott. Captain Story advised Agent Peters that the women were arrested at 5:50 p.m., September 5, 1934, at the Cleveland Hotel when they were engaged in a drunken brawl.

Agent Peters immediately interviewed Captain Story, at which time he related that on the morning of September 5, 1954, an unknown man came to the Detective headquarters, stating that he wanted to see

a picture of Baby Face Nelson, indicating that he knew the latter's whereabouts, but when taken to the Detective Bureau was unable to identify Baby Face Nelson's photograph as the man to whom he referred, but requested that he be shown photographs of other gangsters, whereupon he was informed that a complete file was not available, at which time the man stated that he was positive that the criminal he referred to was wanted and was living at 4419 West 172nd Street in Cleveland. The complainant was dismissed from Detective headquarters without the formality of even securing his name and address.

Captain Story at that time further told Agent Peters that one of the women arrested after being turned over to the Detective Bureau for questioning gave an address similar to the address furnished by the unknown complainant earlier in the day, and a check was then made by the Detective Bureau, who found that the 172nd Street address had been given to a crusing squad, who reported that there were no houses located in the 4400 block on West 172nd Street. Later on it dawned upon Detective headquarters that there was a possibility that the complainant, whose name and address they had not bothered to secure, might have been referring to 4419 West 171st Street instead of 172nd Street; that as a result about 4 a.m. on the morning of September 6, 1934, a squad car raided 4419 West 171st Street and found it deserted.

Captain Story further advised, as set out on page nineteen of the report that on the night of September 5, 1934, a raid was staged by the police on the premises at 5973 West 140th Street, but no one was there, the house having been deserted by the occupants.

Report of Special Agent D. E. Hall dated at Detroit, Michigan, 12-3-34, page fourteen, reflects that Captain Frank W/Story of the Detective Bureau, Cleveland, Ohio, Police Department, confidentially advised Special Agent D. E. Hall that on the late evening of September 5th or the early morning of September 5th, 1934, after Gladys Sawyer, Paula Harmon and Wynona Burdette had been arrested by the police department, a telephone call was made from police headquarters by an unknown person, whom he strongly suspected as being an officer of the department, to the Harvard Club to get in touch with the subjects in this case, and that the person who answered at the Harvard Club, unknown to Captain Story, tipped off the subjects that the women had been arrested. He further advised that the unknown officer had telephoned to another officer of the police department, who was not at headquarters at that time, and asked him what he could do for the woman, but on the following day before the officer had done anything he called the officer and told him to lay off, as he did not know the connections of the women at the time of the first call.

captain Story was interviewed again on this matter, as set out in the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, 2-13-36, wherein it is noted on page eighteen that he furnished the information to Special Agents C. E. Smith and E. J. Wynn that he had learned that the police officer who made the telephone call is now deceased and stated that, in his opinion, the call was an anonymous one, inasmuch as the officer was of the opinion that the women were associated with some gambler employed at the Harvard Club. He further advised that he had received information indicating that Captain Potts, the Captain of Detectives, also called the Harvard Club with reference to the arrest of the women but that he, Story, could not learn definitely the circumstances under which Potts called or just what he said during the conversation.

It is to be observed that the statements made by Captain Story are in conformity with the statements of Volney Davis, as set out hereinbefore to the effect that it was his understanding that Art Hebebrand and Shimmy Patton tipped off Karpis and others of the mob to the effect that the three women had been arrested by the Cleveland, Ohio, Police Department.

In connection with the alleged tip-off, Special Agent C.

E. Smith on May 9th, 1935, was advised by Lieutenant Charles Yvac
of the East Claveland Police, Department that during a conversation
he had with Captain Fred W./Clarke of the Shaker Heights folice Department, Septain Clarke had remarked that he heard the pay-off for
the tip-off was a diamond bracelet. On the following day Captain
Clarke was interviewed by Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland
and Special Agent C. E. Smith and requested to furnish agents with
any information he had relative to the warning allegedly given by
a Cleveland police officer to Karpis and Barker in the fall of 1934.
Captain Clarke stated that he was unable to advise who the individual was who received the diamond bracelet as a reward for the tipoff but did state that Captain Frank Story, now Deputy Inspector
of the Cleveland Police Department, knew the whole story and suggested that he be contacted.

It may be that the diamond bracelet referred to in the preceding paragraph was, in fact, a diamond bar pin, which is mentioned in a letter from the St. Paul office to the Cleveland office, dated September 4, 1935, said letter advising that Mrs. Harry Sawyer thru her attorneys at St. Paul complained that Bureau agents had taken from the house at West 171st Street, Cleveland, Ohio, one bar pin set with three diamonds and two sapphires together with one throw made up of two silver foxes, matched furs, valued at \$850.00. It is to be recalled that the West 171st Street premises had been occupied some time by the Cleveland, Ohio, Police Department before Bureau agents inventoried the premises and also that the matter with reference to the alleged disappearance of the property was investigated in so far as Bureau agents were concerned.

Helen Ferguson, who for a considerable period of time was a confidential informant for the Bureau, furnished information, with reference to a police tip-off, as set forth in report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, dated at Detroit, Michigan, 9-25-54, pages eight and nine. It is related there that Helen Ferguson on September 7th, 1934, was visiting the Casino Club at Toledo, Ohio, where she met Ted/Angua and that Ted Angus was called out of the Casino Club, where he talked to some man, and upon Angus\* return to the Casino Club told her that he had just talked to a man who came in from Cleveland and that the unknown individual told him that the gang, not stating which particular members, had left Cleveland that afternoon for Chicago, Illinois, and further related that some of the women had been arrested at Cleveland and that as soon as the police learned their identities someone from the police department went to one of the addresses which had been given by these women and warned the men to get out of town and that the gang abandoned the house about five or ten minutes prior to the arrival of squad cars.

With reference to what took place on the night of September 5, 1934, as related by Dolores Delaney to Special Agent John L. Madala, which information is contained in this agent's report dated at Chicago, Illinois, February 6, 1936, it should be noted that according to Dolores Delaney she and Alvin Karpis went to bed at about nine o'clock that evening; that at about 11:00 p.m. while she and Alvin Karpis were in bed, Harry Campbell, Fred Barker and Doc Barker came to their house and that Alvin went to the door to let them in and at this time Fred Barker told Karpis that Wynona Burdette, Gladys Sawyer, Paula Harmon and Dolores Delaney had been arrested. Alvin Karpis remarked that Dolores Delaney was with him, whereupon Fred Barker then told him that Wynona, Gladys and Paula were arrested at the Cleveland Hotel for causing some sort of a disturbance. Dolores Delaney went on to relate that Alvin Karpis then told her to get dressed and to go into the living room and maintain a look-out. Thereafter Harry Campbell and Doc Barker laid down to get some sleep, while Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis talked privately, none of which conversation she had been able to hear. Dolores Delaney further stated that about an hour or so Alvin Karpis and Fred Barker went out and returned fortyfive minutes later, stating that there were cops and squad cars all around Fred Barker's residence. She stated that at about 4:50 a.m. she observed two police squad cars driving slowly about the house, and it appeared to her that they were watching the place.

She stated that she immediately called Alvin Karpis' attention to this, whereupon he instructed her to start packing the things that they would absolutely need and to forget about the rest; that fifteen minutes later Alvin Karpis, Fred Barker, Doc Barker, Harry Campbell and she departed in three automobiles and proceeded directly to Toledo, Ohio. From the above it appears that if any tip-off was made as to the arrest of the three women in question, the same was made to either Fred Barker or Harry Campbell.

As previously set out in this memorandum, a citizen on September 5, 1934, advised the Cleveland police with reference to the presence of a person whom he believed to be a gangster at 4419 West 172nd Street, and at the time of the complainant's call he requested to see a photograph of Baby Face Nelson, which he could not associate with the gangster, but did request photographs of other outstanding gangsters, stating that he was certain that he had seen his picture some place previously, but was advised that that was impossible and was dismissed.

As set out in the report of Special Agent D. E. Hall dated at Detroit, Michigan, 9-25-34, this citizen was subsequently identified as being Mr. A. L. Allen, of 10615 Florian Avenue, and he identified the photographs of Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis, who formerly occupied an apartment in the apartment building in which he lived. It is stated that he became suspicious of them and that after they moved he learned from the laundry man that they had moved to West 172nd Street; that apparently he misunderstood the laundry man and he probably told Allen West 171st Street.

As set out above, it is to be noted that the police department made no record whatsoever of this complaint.

There is in the Cleveland file a memorandum submitted by Special Agent W. E. Paters dated September 50, 1934, reflecting the experience of a Mr. A. Guttentag with the Cleveland, Ohio, Police Department on the occasion of his furnishing information to the Cleveland Police Department concerning the presence of Doc Barker at a gambling joint in Cleveland, Ohio. Pertinent information contained in this memorandum is as follows:

On the morning of September 29, 1934, confidential informant, Mr. A. Guttentag. American Building Repair Company, 523 Union Bank Building, appeared at the Cleveland office stating that he had been at the office several times on the afternoon of Thursday, September 27, but had been unable to find anyone in attendance.

In connection with the information about to be set forth as having been secured from this informant, it should be stated that at the time of her arrest at Cleveland, Ohio, on September 5, 1934, Paula Harmon, as Ethel Matterson, stated that her husband Earl J. Matterson was employed as a dealer in a gambling joint located at 722 East Superior Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. This spot is operating under the police protection of the city and is well known to Inspector Sweeney, Inspector Sweeney being in charge of gambling, rackets and the like. When this statement was made by her, Inspector Sweeney got in touch with the operator of this spot, had him in for interrogation at which time he denied having anyone in his employ by the name of Early Matterson.

When Paula Harmon returned from her sojourn in Chicago, I asked her why she happened to state that her husband worked at 722 Superior Avenue and she stated that she had no perticular reason for making the statement other than that she knew that this place was frequented by the boys and because it was the first place she could think of.

Now for the story of the informant. He stated that he was in the place at 722 Superior Avenue on the afternoon of September 3, 1934, placing a few bets on the horses. While awaiting the results of the races, he noticed one of the men at the black-jack table losing very heavily. He also noticed that this man was not gambling with anything other than \$100 bills, and, as fast as he would lose the bills in front of him, he would reach into his wallet and bring forth another supply of \$100 bills. So fast was this individual losing his money that the informant recalls mentioning to a bystander that "even if he could manufacture \$100 bills, he wouldn't like to lose them that fast."

On the following day, September 4, 1934, informant again saw this individual walking down Euclid Avenue in Cleveland. He stated that he looked to be a polished gentleman, wore very good clothes, and informant believed him to be someone connected with a race track or other similar gambling racket.

The three women were arrested September 5, 1934, and on September 7, 1954, there appeared in the Cleveland News photographs of Doc Barker, Fred Barker and Alvin Karpis. Upon seeing these photographs, informant immediately identified the photograph of Doc Barker as that of the individual he had seen losing so heavily. He went to the Cleveland police with this information but was advised that they didn't want to be bothered with it. He was "pushed around" from one police efficer to another until he finally adopted a "to hell with it" attitude and left the police station.

On the afternoon of September 27, 1934, he was again in the 722 Superior Avenue address at which time he again saw this individual identified as Doc Barker at the black-jack table, but this time instead of playing \$100 bills he was playing twenty-five cent pieces. Standing immediately behind Doc Barker was a man identified by informant as Fred Barker. Informant stated that, aside from the fact that both men are dark complexioned, they do not appear to be brothers. He stated that Fred looks younger, shorter and slightly heavier than does Doc. They remained at the gambling table throughout the afternoon during which time informant left the building several times and tried to reach Agent, without success. On the night of September 27, 1934,

the Cleveland News carried a photograph of Paula Harmon and a story to the effect that sixty-four Federal Agents had been thrown into Cleveland as information had been received that the Barker-Karpis gang were still in the city. Informant did not see the men in the joint on Friday, the 28th.

With reference to this spot, it is known as The Business Men's Whist Club, and is located on the second floor of a three story building, the first floor being vacant, and the third floor being occupied by the Argonne Athletic Club. Informant supplied Agent with two cards, either one of which will be a sufficient passport to gain admittance. He will also secure for me some old record slips of bets so that anyone going in can establish with these slips the fact that he is an old customer. Informant stated that he has been present when police raided the joint and that on these occasions a telephone call is generally received about an hour in advance and the proprietors then place all of the money in a safe place and continue operations on a small scale. It seems that when this procedure has not been followed in the past, the police confiscate all of the money which is lost track of between the joint and the police station. and the proprietors have become slightly angry at the treatment received from the police. Upon the arrival of the police at the joint, it generally takes about half an hour before the police and the proprietors can decide whose turn it is to take the ride to the station and remain in custody until bond can be arranged.

Informant also stated that upon reaching the second floor of the building there is a landing and, by turning to the right on this landing, one arrives at a large unusually heavy door. Upon rapping at this door, an iron grating is removed, and the man on the other side of the door examines the credentials of the visitor. If he is satisfied, he admits the visitor to a vestibule, but the visitor is not yet in the sanctum sanctorum. The doorkeeper wraps on the inner door and another iron grating is then removed and the visitor must display his credentials to the inner doorkeeper. If he is satisfied, the visitor is then admitted to the inner of inners. Once inside the second door there is a large board covering almost the entire opposite wall upon which are written the entries and results for that day. While awaiting the results of the races, there are two black-jack tables at which one may while away the idle moments. These tables are of the half-moon design, the center of the table being removed, and the dealer stands in the center of the removed portion so that he will be in closer contact with the players. Informant states that Doc Barker has a fondness for the seat either at the extreme right or the extreme left of the dealer.

Recent newspaper clippings have been furnished the Bureau which reflect criticisms and exceptions to the statements of Director Hoover by Lieutenant Bernard Wolf of the Cleveland Police Department.

With reference to Lieutenant Wolf, your attention is respectfully called to the case entitled, MORRIS BLOCK; Impersonation, origin - Cleveland, Ohio. This report reflects that one Oliver Felt, a former employee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. complained that Morris Bloom, an attorney with offices in the Standard Building, Cleveland, Ohio, represented himself as federal district attorney, further stating that he had been arrested by Wolf, who was then a sergeant of the Cleveland Police Department and while he was being questioned by Sergeant Wolf, Bloom had made his appearance. However, there was nothing to show that Wolf informed Felt that Bloom was not a federal district attorney. The file further reflects that Mr. C. W. Scranton, also a member of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, alleges that on 5-14-35 he was arrested by Detective Sergeant Wolf, no charge being placed against him, but while confined in the city jail at Cleveland, Ohio, Sergeant Wolf told him that a man from the office of the federal attorney general wanted to speak to him. Sergeant Wolf took Mr. Scranton to Morris Bloom, at which time Bloom is alleged to have represented that he was from the office of the federal attorney general. The file further reflects that Mr. Francis B. H. Meade of 1748 North Walshtenaw Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, was also arrested at the same time that Scranton was, and he stated that he did not believe that subject Bloom was a member of the Attorney Seneral's office as Bloom and Sergeant Wolf had represented Bloom to

However, Meade stated that he did not furnish any information on the basis of such representation, which he would not have furnished had Bloom not made such representation. Felt at the present time has instituted a civil suit against Lieutenant Wolf and Mr. A. F. Thitney, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, for damages in connection with the arrest, which he considers illegal and in connection with his discharge by Mr. Whitney as an employee of the Brotherhood. The facts in this case were presented to the U.S. Attorney at Cleveland, Ohio, on January 51st, 1936, for his opinion, and on February 3, 1935, Assistant U. S. Attorney Frank Wiedemann recommended that no further investigation be made either with a view to instituting prosecutive proceedings or disbarment proceedings against the alleged offender. Morris Bloom, for the reason that "the federal statute pertaining to the impersonation of a federal officer provides that it shall be a violation of the statute to impersonate a federal officer and obtain anything of value. In this case it is doubtful if the information Bloom obtained could be considered a thing of value; that he does not believe that a successful prosecution could be had on the testimony of the prosecuting witnesses.

In conclusion, it should be noted that Grace Goldstein and informant Clayton Hall confidentially advised Agent Madala that Karpis informed them that he had a connection in the city of Claveland, Ohio, whereby he is informed of all activities concerning himself. Both of these individuals are unable to state whether the so-called "connection" was within the Cleveland Police Department.

Respectfully submitted,

La Some

C. R. SMITH

JIL. MADALA Special Agents

cc: E. J. Connelley

2/6/36 10:00 p.m. Schoole trying to get the number from eutside. Does not answer after ringing for sometime. ETDoud Incoming call 11/40 p.m. Man calling in From outside. Rough voice Moman answers; Incoming sall Man calling in from outside - wo lise gainsoul 11:05 s.m. Mrs. Hobelrand as Woman selled Clearwater 8890 Mrs. Bababrand A new selled and oaked for Art -



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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3	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	Deleted under exemption(s) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
<b>U</b>	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX FBI/DOJ

I have just returned to Makington after several days! absence and I manted you to know how such I appreciated the sourtesies which you extended to me and the numbers of my party during our brief stay at the Cleveland Notel on the norming of May 7th, when we were there in connection with the apprehension of Harry Compbell.

The uniform helpfulness rendered and the courtesies extended to me and the members of my party by the employees of your organisation more . deeply approciated.

I trust that if you are over in Bushingten, you will call to see me so that I may at least endonver to reciprocate your kindnesses.

Sincerely yours,

To Idear Hoover

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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FBI NEW ORLEANS

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DIRECTOR

PHONE BREKID. HUNTER INTERROGATED BY BUCHANAN DENIES PARTICIPATION

POSTAL CASES OR ACQUAINTANCE WITH SAM COKER ADMITTED HE HAD HEARD OF

AFFAIR UNDOUBTEDLY HAS KNOWLEDGE BUCHANAN WILL INTERROGATE AGAIN 12TH INSTANT.

ONE LOCAL NEWSPAPER REPRESENTATIVE OF NEW ORLEANS TRIBUNE ENDRAVORED PRESENT

LETTERS FROM MOTHER CONNIE MORRIS REQUESTING ASSISTANCE HER LOCATION. PRESSING

ENDRAVOR HER LOCATION WILL AVOID COMMENT SUGGEST REITERATION HER BUREAU RELEASE.

MAGEE

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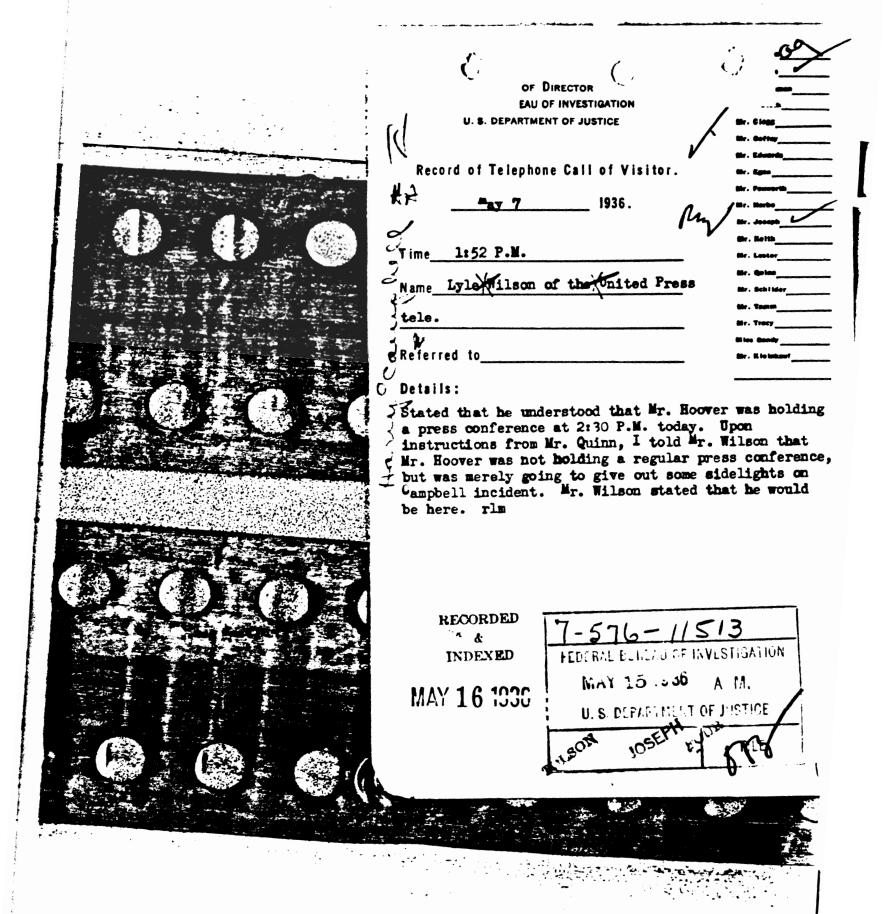
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## Federal Bureau of Investigatum

H. S. Department of Justice 420 Post Office Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

May 12, 1936.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C.

RE: BREKID.

Dear Sir:-

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated 4/30/36 requesting investigation be conducted at Tyler, Texas, in accordance with certain information having been furnished the Washington Field office by one Harry L. Sherman, 481 Hudson &ve., Albany, N.Y.

Special Agent Arterberry interviewed Tom Sikes,
Sheriff, Smith County, Tyler, Texas; Cliff Hudson, Deputy U.S.
Marshal, Tyler, Texas; and Paul Kern, former U.S. Commissioner,
Tyler, Texas; and each advised that Harry L. Sherman was unknown to them; that "Slim" Hutchins or Hudson was unknown to
each of them; that no such street existed in Tyler named Green
Street, or Tyler Street, and evidently Mr. Sherman had some
other town or city in mind when discussing instant matter.

. Very truly yours,

F.J. Blake,
Special Agent in Charge.

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cc St.Paul
Chicago
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Cleveland
W. Field.

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Federal Bureau of Investigation

H. S. Bepartment of Justice 420 Post Office Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

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Very truly yours,

Special Agent in Charge.

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JOHN FDGAR HOOVER

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EAT: CDW

Jeveral Bureau of Investigation.

A. S. Bepartment of Justice

Washington, D. C.

May 1, 1936.

Time - 9:43 A.M.

## MEMORANDUM

Re: OBremer Case.

SAC Magee of the New Orleans Office telephoned me and said the proposed raid down there did not take place as anticipated for the reason that they were not sure Alvin Karpis was in there; that they knew Fred Hunter and Connie Morris are in the place, but it is not definitely known if Karpis is in there; that they did not want to flush the place without his being in there. Mr. Magee said Mr. Connelley had discussed the matter with the Director, and it was decided that the negro caretaker would be picked up and questioned as to just what the situation was in the setup there. I mentioned to Mr. Magee in this regard that the possibility exists of the people getting suspicious if this caretaker suddenly drops out of sight, and Mr. Magee said he would mention this point to Mr. Connelley.

Mr. Magee said the Director is at this time occupying Room 924 at the Roosevelt Hotel, having arrived around 11:30 last night, and that Mr. Glavin is occupying Room 930.

E. A. TANN.

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DIRECTOR FED BUREAU OF INV

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CONNELLY.

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MAY 13 1936

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER

EAT: CDW

Federal Bureau of Investigation .

H. S. Department of Instice

Mashington, A. C.

May 9, 1936.

Time - 10:25 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Harry Campbell.

Relative to the difficulty we are having with Harry Campbell out in St. Paul, and hisnot living up to his promises made to you, I telephoned SAC Stein at the St. Paul Office and told him what your desires are in connection with their relations with this man. I have stressed that he should be informed we have lived up to our side of the deal, and if he doesn't care to live up to his, we have no time to spend on him; that we will just pick his wife up and prosecute her for harboring and put her, in jail for a long period of time; that we will file a detainer against Sam Coker at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary and keep him in there for 50 years if we want to. I told Mr. Stein it is believed the wife angle of this matter is the best point upon which to work with this man, since we understand he is quite in love with her.

Mr. Stein understands fully what you desire done in this regard, and said after they have talked with Campbell some more, they will advise the Bureau by telephone what his attitude is.

While talking on the subject of Harry Campbell, Mr. Stein said the papers out there are hounding him for photographs of Campbell. I discussed this with Mr. Quinn and he said you instructed no photographs were to be given out in St. Paul, but that a complete set should be sent to the Bureau. Mr. Stein was so advised.

E. A. TANK.

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MAY 15 1530 -- !

Federal Bureau of Investigation 31. S. Department of Instice 1448 Standard Building Cleveland, Chio

PERSONAL and CONFIDE

Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Re: BREKID

Dear Sir:

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This letter and the attached memorandum prepared by the various personnel assigned to this case are submitted for the purpose of covering the activity of the post office inspectors assigned to the investigation of the Garrettsville train robbery on November 7th, 1935, in which were involved Alvin Karpis, Harry Campbell, John Brock, Fred Hunter and another party identified only as Sam. This is intended to cover the activities of the post office inspectors in their search for Campbell and Karpis and the details of their activity, wherein they have failed to cooperate and have by reason of their activities interfered seriously with the earlier apprehension of these two subjects.

Post Office Inspector Wallace Briggs, Cincinnati, Chio, covers the states of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. They have assigned to the investigation of the above-mentioned train robbery Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick, located at Cleveland, Chio, and there have been numerous other inspectors assigned to work under his supervision, as well as the supervision of Post Office Inspector in Charge Briggs. These inspectors in their investigation have also extended their inquiry into the states of Oklahoma, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana and Kansas. Apparently by reason of the fact that they had no one sufficiently experienced or substantial to handle the situation should they come upon Alvin Karpis or Harry Campbell they have been carrying around with them over the country one Joe Anderson of the Kansas State Police, who has participated in investigations over the country with them, and apparently they have not been very careful to distinguish as between themselves: that is, that Joe Anderson is not a government officer. This latter party, of course, has no jurisdiction outside of the state of Kansas. . .

The following information will supplement that contained in the attached memorandum and will cover also certain additional inform ation as to occurrences in other districts.

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Miss Gandy

With reference to the possible apprehension by the post office inspectors of kilton lett and the raid upon the home of his mother at Wann, Oklahoma, if these parties had cooperated with us and advised us that they wished this party located, I am satisfied that we could have got to him and had him appear for questioning. However, after they had caused him to take flight, he has never been apprehended since that time, although apparently they have sufficient information to involve him as a subject in the train robbery.

They endeavored at all times, up until the time we had definitely identified these parties ourselves in the train robbery, to confuse the situation by not disclosing that they had definite and conclusive identifications as to Karpis and Campbell as participants in the Garretts-ville mail train robbery.

As will be noted, John Brock was apprehended by these parties and held for a long period of time, without process, incommunicade, at Youngstown, Ohio, in the office of the United States Marshal, apparently an arrangement being made whereby they employed guards to maintain custody of this party in the manner indicated, and, as I understand, one of these guards was the son of the Deputy United States Marshal at Youngstown, Ohio.

It is noted that Post Office Inspector Claggett indicated that they had furnished us with all the information given by John Brock, which would assist in the apprehension of Campbell and Karpis. However, they have given us practically nothing as to what he furnished them, and what they have given us has been the result of an inquiry as to what we ourselves already had, after which they would furnish us with the details. We have obtained considerable details of what this party furnished by reason of the fact that there is a somewhat disgruntled situation existing among the post office inspectors themselves, whereby certain of these furnish information in conversation with the agents as to what they are doing, and much of this was inadvertently disclosed, I believe, to us and, undoubtedly, contrary to the wishes of Messrs. Briggs and Hettrick. Neither of these two individuals when they had an opportunity to discuss this case with either Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland or me offered any such information to us.

There has been some indication that the reason they did not want us to talk to John Brock was that he had furnished information about Harry Campbell and Alvin Karpis being responsible for the mail robbery at Warren April 19, 1955, one other subject being involved with them.

In this connection two individuals: namely, George Sargent and Tony Labrizetta, have on two occasions been convicted in trial at Cleveland, Ohio, for this robbery and are presently under sentence of twenty-five years, each, for such mail robbery. It is to be noted that Karpis, since his apprehension, has also indicated that these two individuals are innocent of this particular charge.

There is no question but what the post office inspectors immediately upon identifying Karpis and Campbell as subjects in their case availed themselves of the information as to any and all mail covers placed by us in Oklahoma and Ohio, which furnished them with considerable information as to the contacts of Karpis and Campbell, thus being able to obtain this information without submitting anything to us or discussing the situation with us. In fact, one post office inspector has indicated that in a conference when he called attention to the fact that he believed the search for these two individuals should be turned over to the Bureau, the offer was coldly received, and that the matter of what mail covers we had placed was discussed at this time, this inspector being Mr. Casey from Toledo, Chio, whose confidential advice as herein indicated to us should be carefully protected.

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With reference to the attached memorandum and the incident of the possible publicity occurring, referred to on page ten, as of April 30th, Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland immediately upon learning this called United States Attorney Freed, advising that if any such contemplated action occurred it would seriously interfere with the investigation being made by us. Mr. Freed advised he would do nothing to cause such interference. However, it is to be noted that in connection with the publication by the U. S. Attorney or the post office inspectors of certain details of the statement as furnished by Brock, they referred to what could be readily identified as the Rochet farm and the home of the statement and the possibility of Harry Campbell making contact, particularly at the farm of Rochet, which was still a definite possibility, if these disclosures had not occurred.

In connection with the plant maintained at the home of at Youngstown, Ohio, the inspectors assigned to this plant indicated by their actions that they were thoroughly unfamiliar with firearms; that they were inexperienced and untrained in this line of work and that whenever anything occurred, they either became excited or frightened, and indicated by their handling of their weapons that they were not familiar with the use of same. Also, these men indiscreetly discussed in the presence of the wife of the situation as to what they would do as to killing Karpis and others, should they appear; however, I doubt very much if they would

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have been at the place for any length of time after they appeared. This, of course, tended to frighten

As will be noted from the information contained in the attached memorandum and that set out above, since it was determined there was a connection between our investigation and that of the post office inspectors with regard to the Garrettsville train robbery, upon my instructions the agents of the Cleveland office maintained close contact with the post office inspectors for any developments in this investigation with the result that they did not at any time offer to furnish us with any detailed information as to what they had and very zealously guarded anything they possibly had in the way of information which would have any possibilities in the future. Further, it is my opinion they deliberately deceived us in not definitely advising as to the positive identifications of Campbell and Karpis, which undoubtedly they had very early in their investigation. As to this same situation, we furnished them with pictures of various parties they were interested in and offered them any and all possibly cooperation, which, however, was impossible by reason of their reluctance to discuss definitely the possibilities they had. These parties themselves never did approach us over a period of several months as to this case, although they knew that we had been investigating the Bremer kidnaping, in which Karpis and Campbell were involved, for a considerable period of time prior to their inquiry and would, undoubtedly, have considerable details and information as to how and where they might possibly be apprehended.

The first contact of these individuals with us as to this was after they had apprehended our informant, who was on his way to the Cleveland office at the time they picked him up. As will be noted, he identified himself and advised them where he was going, and notwithstanding this they picked him up and did not advise us of the situation. They took him to the Youngstown Police Department, where he was placed in a show-up on two or three occasions, realizing fully that this undoubtedly would vitiate the possibility of him being of any use to us in the future.

STATE OF THE PERSON OF THE PER

When we started an inquiry as to what had become of this man and started tovering the activities around the started home they realized that it would be necessary to get in touch with us, and when agents contacted them they finally admitted they had in custody. However, they did not offer to allow us to see him. Neither did they advise us where they had him held. This was upon the specific instructions of Post Office Inspector in Charge Briggs and his assistant, Hettrick. This is the occasion when they communicated with the Post Office Department in Washington and had them communicate with the Department of Justice.

They also communicated with the office here in Cleveland and requested an interview with me, I being in the vicinity of Toledo at the time, and a conference was arranged for the following morning, which was had at the Bureau office at Cleveland, Post Office Inspector in Charge Briggs and Inspector Hettrick being in conference together with S. A. C. MacFarland and the writer.

These individuals then advised us that they wished to cooperate fully with us and immediately started into a discussion which had for its purpose nothing more than eliciting information from us rather than advising us of what they were doing or what they were trying to do.

Undoubtedly, previous to this time, informant informed the post office inspectors he would discuss nothing unless we were present, and this motivated their action in coming to us, in part at least. In the discussion we had with them they volunteered information only after they verified that we knew the same partially. In one particular instance I recall they indicated they had located the pilot or air plane which had been used in taking these subjects out of Ohio to Arkansas after the robbery on November 27, 1935, and made a roundabout statement that this place and pilot were possibly within twenty-five or fifty miles of Sandusky, Ohio. They would not disclose this until we definitely disclosed that we knew the place was Port Clinton, Ohio. The balance of the conversation was carried on with this same general idea being pursued by them, and the net results of what we obtained from them as to their activities in this particular conference are more fully set out in my report of April 11th, 1936 in the Brekid matter, but was of a very limited nature.

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As a result of the above conference, after a lengthy interview on Saturday night, March 28, 1936, furnished to Inspect Briggs, Hettrick, Joe Anderson of the Kansas State Police, whom the furnished to Inspector post office inspectors insisted upon having present at this confidential interview with this informant, Special Agent C. E. Smith and the writer information as to the location of the hideout of Karpis and Hunter seven miles southeast of Hot Springs, Arkansas, and thereafter Inspectors Hettrick, Cordrey, State Police Officer Anderson, Agent Smith and I proceeded at 3:00 a.m. Sunday morning, March 29th by plane to Little Rock, Arkansas. The details of the raid conducted as to this hideout are covered in my report of April 11, 1936 and of possible interest to the situation reflected above it is noted that we arrived in Little Rock, Arkansas sometime Sunday afternoon; that Windt Smith of the Kansas State Police, a superior to Joe Anderson, was present in Hot Springs, Arkansas Sunday before we arrived in the state of Arkansas. In conducting the above-mentioned raid, the fact that Karpis was sought was not disclosed. However, the press dispatches carried a statement of Windt Smith, head of the Kansas State Police, to the effect that he and his men had participated in this raid and that the man sought was Alvin Karpis. This resulted in unfavorable publicity and undoubtedly interferred with the subsequent search for Alvin Karpis.

Subsequent to the above raid in the first part of April with the full knowledge of the post office inspectors, both at Cleveland, Ohio and Hot Springs, Arkansas, for the possibility of making a confidential contact with Grace Goldstein, the girl friend of Karpis. Thereafter with the knowledge of and in cooperation with the post office inspectors we located at Paris, Texas the two brothers of Grace Goldstein, the Ford automobile which was placed there by Karpis for a getaway, the black Great Dane dog of Grace Goldstein, and we established the only possible plant which could be made upon this place without frightening anybody away who might come there, and on April 23, 1936 at Texarkana upon my instructions Special Agent in Charge Dwight Brantley held a conference with Post Office Inspector Cordrey, Joe Anderson of the Kansas State Police and Special Agent Frank Smith. At this time it was explained to Inspector Cordrey the entire setup at Paris, Texas and vicinity, and the above intimate information was furnished to him in order that they might have this information and also in order to have them avoid making any open inquiry in that vicinity, which open inquiry would have been fatal to any possible success of future investigations, and at this time inasmuch as Cordrey was working in Hot Springs under the direct instructions of Post Office Inspector in Charge Briggs and his assistant, Hettrick, he was requested by Special Agent in Charge Brantley to defer any direct investigation at Hot Springs, particularly as to the house of prostitution conducted by Grace Goldstein at the Hatterie Hotel, and he was requested not to contact any of the girls in this house or others in the absence of Grace Goldstein, and he was advised that to do so would seriously interfere with the investigation being conducted by us.

Notwithstanding this definite understanding and agreement with Cordrey, he upon returning to Hot Springs, Arkansas, on April 24th, proceeded to advise "Dutch" Akers, the Chief of Detectives at Hot Springs, whose background he is thoroughly familiar with, of the full details of the setup at Paris, Texas, and thereafter, together with "Dutch" Akers proceeded to the house of prostitution at the Hatterie Hotel and made a search of the place and also vigorously interviewed all of the girl inmates, including the one who is in. charge, threatening them with arrest, and endeavoring to get out of them the location of Grace Goldstein or information as to when she would return. After having thoroughly and definitely interfered with our working arrangement as to this situation through then proceeded to his headquarters in Ohio. The above information was furnished to us by "Dutch" Akers, who although participating with them in this, indicated that he did not approve of the activity carried on by the post office inspectors.

This Inspector Charles Cordrey is also directly responsible for much of the activity carried on in Oklahoma, referred to previously above and in the attached memorandum.

It is my opinion that this inspector should be definitely charged with this breach of cooperation and actual interference with our inquiry, and inasmuch as he, undoubtedly, did same with the complete knowledge of his two superiors, Hettrick and Briggs, they should be held accountable for same until they have satisfactorily explained that they were not responsible.

Subsequent to the above Dutch Akers advised Grace Goldstein that we had her family located at Paris, Texas, giving her all details as to the automobile, the dog, et cetera, which, however, cannot be disclosed by reason of the fact that we obtained this information from our confidential informant, who contacted Grace Goldstein.

Aker's objective was, undoubtedly, to prevent, if possible, our apprehending these parties through this plant and further enhance the possibility of he, himself, obtaining information as to their location and collecting the reward.

In view of the inexperience demonstrated by the post office personnel in the handling of firearms at the plant maintained at the home above referred to, it is my recommendation that if it is necessary for Bureau agents to again cooperate in a joint plant of this kind, provided no experienced personnel is available, we should not associate ourselves with them in such a project.

It is my further recommendation that by reason of the activities of Post Office Inspector Charles Cordrey no Bureau agents be assigned to work with him on any matter in the future. It is my understanding that he is possibly under charges of this kind within his own organization for some indiscretion in connection with his investigative activity. However, I have no actual proof of this.

ery truly yours,

Special Agent in Charge

EJC:h

Cleveland, Ohio, May 4, 1936.

## MEMORANDUM FOR SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE E. J. CONNELLEY

Pursuant to your instructions to the effect that a memorandum be prepared dealing with the activities of post office inspectors in their investigation of the Garrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery, in so far as they failed to cooperate and their endeavors conflicted with our investigations seeking the whereabouts of Alvin Karpis and Harry Campbell, fugitives in the BREKID case, the following is submitted by Special Agent E. J. Wynn in collaboration with Special Agents E. J. Dowd, T. M. Birch and John L. Madala.

The Garrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery occurred on November 7, 1935. The first contact had with post office inspectors is set out in the report of Special Agent C. E. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio, dated November 27, 1935, indicating a list of witnesses which was secured. The next contact is set out in the report of Special Agent C. E. Smith, Cleveland, Ohio, dated December 16, 1935, particularly pages nine to twelve, inclusive, reflecting that Special Agent T. M. Birch, on December 12, 1935, while on surveillance work in the Registry Section at the Cleveland, Ohio post office, in connection with registered letters which had been meiled by some unknown person to Maggie Lett at Wamn, Oklahoma, and which surveillance was first effected on November 27, 1935. as set out in the above-referred to report of Special Agent C. E. Smith, and continued to January 20, 1936, as set out in the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, Cleveland, Ohio, dated February 23, 1936, contacted Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick at Cleveland, Ohio, it being recalled by Special Agent T. M. Birch that Jack Hanley, superintendent of the Registry Section, arranged the meeting with Mr. Hettrick.

As set out in the above-referred to report, Mr. Hettrick at that time advised Special Agent Birch with reference to one Thomas J. Shaw, who had been arrested at Akron, Ohio as having been the person whom

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post office inspectors identified as purchasing the Plymouth four door sedan, which was used in the Garrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery and during this interview Mr. Hettrick expressed the opinion that the post office inspectors were of the opinion that the Garrettsville job had been pulled, among others, by subjects Karpis and Campbell, but, however, they had effected no positive identification. Post office inspector Casey, who was present, displayed to Special Agent Birch a photograph of Alvin Karpis, among others, and also a photograph of Sam Coker, Tulsa Police Department No. 8009, and at that time Post Office Inspector Casey advised that one of the witnesses had identified Coker as a participant, but that was the only identification they had obtained, and in this regard stated that they had no other positive identifications inasmuch as the witnesses were too frightened to make any identifications.

The Cleveland office by circular letter to all field offices dated December 12, 1935, furnished the field offices with a complete description of the 1935 Plymouth four door sedan, which the post office inspectors had identified as having been used in the Garrettsville job, and which was purchased, according to them, by one Thomas J. Shaw (who was subsequently identified as Milton Lett) and this letter requested all field office to place appropriate wanted notices with the respective state auto bureaus. Based upon information which post office inspectors had furnished to Special Agent Birch to the effect that they had no identifications of Karpis and Campbell, this circular letter contained the following phraseology:

"The post office inspectors working on this case are satisfied in their own minds that subjects Karpis and Campbell are involved in the holdup, however, they have not been able to secure positive identifications."

More in the spirit of cooperation than anything else the Cleveland office, by letter to the Bureau dated January 4, 1936, requested the Bureau to furnish the Cleveland office with the complete criminal record of the person known as Thomas J. Shaw, who had been identified by post office inspectors as being the individual who purchased the Plymouth car used in the Garrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery, and in the same letter requested the Bureau to place an appropriate wanted notice against this individual's fingerprints. The above referred to letter contains the following phraseology:

"Inasmuch as the post office inspectors are actively engaged in the investigation of the Garrettsville, Ohio robbery, it is not the purpose of this office to carry on any investigation in connection therewith as will tend to conflict with any of the activities of the post office inspectors. However, it is deemed advisable at this time to request the Bureau to place an appropriate notation against the fingerprints of Carl Baker, alias Thomas J. Shaw, in order that the Cleveland office of this Bureau may be notified in the event he is apprehended at any time in the future, as this information may serve to develop leads in connection with the investigation seeking the whereabouts of Karpis and Campbell and may also serve to gain further entry into the confidence of the post office inspectors."

The Bureau letter dated January 13, 1936 (7-576) in answer to the inquiry made by the Cleveland office in lefter referred to in the preceding paragraph, advised that Thomas J. Shaw referred to above was identical with Milton Lett, and the transcript of the latter's criminal record, as furnished by the Bureau, indicated that the complete record in the case of this individual had been disclosed while extending the Bureau's files. Immediately upon receipt of this criminal record, inasmuch as the post office inspectors had previously advised that the Akron Police Department had been notified by the Bureau that Thomas J. Shaw had no previous criminal record, Special Agent E. J. Dowd, on January 17, 1936, upon instructions from Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland, personally delivered to Post Office Inspector Hettrick a transcript of the criminal record of Milton Lett, who was known to the post office inspectors as Thomas J. Shaw. Reference to the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn. dated at Cleveland, Ohio, January 20, 1936, beginning on page thirteen, reflects information to the effect that the Akron Police Department also advised the post office inspectors of the identification of Thomas J. Shaw as being identical with Milton Lett.

As indicated hereinbefore the post office inspectors at this particular time were cognizant of the fact that Agents of this Bureau were maintaining a surveillance in the registry section of the Cleveland post office with reference to registered letters having been mailed at that office to Maggie Lett of Wann, Oklahoma, inasmuch as the arrangements for this surveillance had been perfected through the post office inspectors, and as previously indicated this surveillance was in effect from November 27, 1935 until January 20, 1936. Despite the fact apparently that Post Office Inspector Hettrick knew of this situation, and knew that the Bureau was interested in Maggie Lett of Wann, Oklahoma, the post office inspectors, without taking the matter up with the Cleveland office, and apparently without contacting any Agents of the Oklahoma City office, proceeded immediately to Wann, Oklahoma, where, as set out in the report

of Special Agent in Charge Dwight Brantley of the Oklahoma City office, dated January 30, 1936, they took their problem up with the Kansas State Highway Patrol and deputy sheriffs, and as a result conducted a raid on the premises of Mrs. Maggie Lett, the mother of Milton Lett, and this was done in spite of the fact that they had good reason to believe that the Bureau was interested in Milton Lett and Mrs. Maggie Lett.

Reference to the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, January 7, 1936, page eight, reflects an interview with Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick by Special Agent E. J. Dowd, at which time, as set out in the report, Special Agent Dowd advised Inspector Hettrick that it was not the intention of the Bureau to interfere in any way with investigations being conducted by the post office inspectors with regard to the Garrettsville mail train robbery.

The report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, deted at Cleveland, Ohio, February 13, 1936, on page thirteen, sets out an interview had with Inspector S. J. Hettrick by Special Agent E. J. Dowd, where for the first time the post office inspectors advised Agents of the Bureau of their action in Kansas and Oklahoma seeking the whereabouts of Milton Lett, and at that time Mr. Hettrick advised that four post office inspectors were endeavoring to secure a line on Lett. At this time Mr. Hettrick doe advised that the post office inspectors were seeking the whereabouts of Karpis and Campbell in a diligent manner, although he in no way indicated that he had received any positive identification that they were involved in the Garrettsville robbery.

It appearing, however, that the post office inspectors were conducting diligent investigation seeking the whereabouts of Karpis and Campbell it was deemed advisable by the Cleveland office to interview the witnesses to the Garrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery, whose names were previously secured, as indicated in this memorandum, by Special Agent C. E. Smith from post office inspectors. As set out in the report of Special Agent W. B. O'Mahoney dated at Cleveland, Ohio, March 10, 1936, covering investigation from January 30, 1936 to March 5, 1936, several withesses to the Garrettsville mail train robbery did identify photographs of subjects Karpis and Campbell as having been participants in that job. Page twenty-two of that report reflects interview with Mrs. W. L. Scott of Garrettsville, one of the principal witnesses, who positively identified Alvin Karpis as the person who was in charge of the robbery. Page twenty-three reflects an interview with Earl N. Davis of Garrettsville, Ohio, a witness, who immediately identified the photograph of Alvin Karpis as being the leader of the gang. Mr. Davis in this interview indicated to Special Agent W. B. O'Mahoney that he had seen all the pictures exhibited to him by Special Agent O'Mahoney on previous occasions. Page twentyfour of the aforementioned report reflects interview with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brockett, reflecting that they identified the photograph of Alvin

Karpis as being a participant in the mail train holdup and further that Mrs. Brockett identified the photograph of Harry Campbell as a participant.

As reflected by the various reports emanating from the Cleveland office, the post office inspectors, particularly through Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick, expressed the opinion that they were willing to cooperate with the Bureau in this matter. However, it is to be noted, as set out above, that at no time during this period did they positively state that they had secured identification of Karpis and Campbell as having been participants in the mail train robbery.

Reference is made to the teletype message from the Cleveland office to the Bureau, dated February 26, 1936, containing information to the effect that Burrhead Keady was apparently in custody of post office inspectors at Cleveland. The post office inspectors despite the fact that they on that date furnished information to the press that Burrhead Keady was in custody did not communicate with the Cleveland office in this regard. In this connection reference is made to the letter from the Cleveland office to the Oklahoma City office, dated February 27, 1936, containing information to the effect that Special Agent E. J. Dowd on February 24, 1936, had an interview with Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick ascertaining that prior to February 17, 1936, he had spent ten days in and around Tulsa, Oklahoma and Coffeyville, Kansas, in connection with the investigation in the Garrettsville mail train robbery, and at that time complained that the activities of Bureau Agents had caused Milton Lett to flee from that vicinity, in spite of the fact, as previously indicated, the post office inspectors conducted a raid on the house. During this interview although Burrhead Keady was in custody, Mr. Hettrick advised Special Agent Dowd that Keady had not been picked up by or for the post office inspectors, and that his present whereabouts was unknown to him.

March 25, 1936, serves to point out in some degree the attitude of the post office inspectors toward the Bureau, this letter containing information to the effect that a confidential informant of the Oklahoma City office was invited to a conference in a Tulsa, Oklahoma hotel where the confidential informant met Post Office Inspectors Haynes and Hill, Joe Anderson of the Kansas State Highway Patrol, and Post Office Inspectors Claggett and Cordrey of the Cleveland district. In the informant's presence, apparently without any degree of propriety, these individuals expressed their antagonism toward the Bureau, undoubtedly motivated by jealousy because of the credit, which has accrued to the Bureau as a result of the apprehension of notorious criminals, the confidential informant advising that this situation tended to irk and annoy the post office inspectors considerably.

The report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated April 22, 1936, at Cleveland, Ohio, contains information with reference to Special Agents W. B. O'Mahoney and E. J. Wynn approaching of Youngstown, Ohio, with reference to becoming a confidential informant, said report reflecting that at the time he was contacted on March 25, 1936, he admitted knowing Fred Hunter and identified a photograph of Karpis as a person known to him as Ray Miller. The report further reflects that agreed to appear at the Cleveland Bureau office on the following day and for this purpose was given five dollars and furnished with the name and address of the Cleveland Bureau office, which was written on a piece of paper, together with the name of Special Agent E. J. Wynn.

In the afore-mentioned report information concerning this subsequent pick-up by the post office inspectors, contact and Joe Anderson of the Kansas State Highway Patrol and local state highway patrolmen, is covered from pages 3 to 7. Special Agent L. J. Dowd in the memo, which appears in the report on page 5, recites his contact with Post Office Inspector in Charge W. R. Briggs, at Youngstown, Ohio, March 26, 1936, at which time Agent Dowd inquired of Mr. Briggs as to the whereabouts of and Mr. Briggs stated that he was not under arrest but, "we have him in tow and at the proper time will produce him". This report reflects that the post office inspectors subsequently contacted Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley and arranged to permit Mr. Connelley to interrogate but, however, before any information was furnished to this office at all that they had him in custody, they had extensively interrogated him, and it was only upon his insistence that the Department of Justice representative be present that the Cleveland Bureau office was notified.

On page 9 of the afore-mentioned report it is indicated that Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley and Special Agent E. J. Wynn on April 10th, 1956, had a conference with Post Office Inspector Hettrick, at which time he advised that on March 25th he did not have under surveillance and found that at the time picked up on March 26, 1936, by the post office inspectors and state highway patrolmen there was found on the person of slip of paper showing the name and address of the Cleveland Bureau Office and the name of Special Agent R. J. Wynn together with a fivedollar bill and that at the time of arrest he his way to the Cleveland Bureau office. However, as indicated in the report, the post office inspectors did not notify the Cleveland Bureau office of this matter until some time later, and the post office inspectors in an interview on April 10th stated that immediately upon picking up they realized that there was a conflict of endeavors with this Bureau.

As reflected in the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, April 22, 1936, John Brock was apprehended by the post office inspectors in Oklahoma and brought to the state of Ohio, where he was held incommunicado. Details with reference to his apprehension and his trip to Ohio are contained in a memorandum which appears in the afore-mentioned report, beginning on page 19, the said memorandum having been submitted by Special Agent E. J. Dowd, and further reference concerning John Brock appears in a report submitted by Special Agent E. J. Dowd dated at Cleveland, Ohio, April 27, 1936, reflecting that Brock was being held in the marshal's office of the Post Office at Youngstown, Ohio.

On April 2nd, 1936, Agent T. M. Birch was advised by Post Office Inspector in Charge Wallace R. Briggs that he, Mr. Briggs, would allow Agent Birch to interview John Brock, then being held by the post office inspectors on the third floor of the Post Office Building at Youngstown, Ohio, this interview being held in the presence of a post office inspector. Mr. Briggs was informed that Agent Birch would communicate with the Cleveland Bureau office as to the desirability of an interview with Brock. Agent Birch communicated with Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland, who advised that he would confer with Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley relative to this interview. Subsequently, Special Agent in Charge MacFarland advised Special Agent Birch that in view of the fact that Mr. Briggs had stated that he would allow Agent Birch to interview Brock, Mr. Connelley desired that this interview be held in an effort to obtain additional information from Brock relative to the location of subjects Karpis and Compbell.

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On April 3rd, 1936, while Special Agents Dowd and Madala were returning Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Rocket to Warren, Chio, Agent Madala, who had previously received authorization from Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley to interview John Brock at his place of detention discussed this matter with Postal Inspector Claggett, who accompanied the party to Warren. At this time Agent Madala asked Mr. Claggett from whom he, Madala, should receive authority to interview John Brock. It might be stated that Special Agent in Charge MacFarland had previously advised Agent Madala that Agent Birch had discussed with Post Office Inspector in Charge Briggs the possibilities of interviewing John Brock and getting from him information which might lead to the location of Alvin Karpis and Harry Campbell. When Agent Madala put the question to Postal Inspector Claggett concerning the authority to interview John Brock he stated that this would be impossible inemmuch as Postal Inspector Briggs had specifically instructed him that no one outside of the Post Office Department was to talk with Brock. He explained that his department had made certain definite promises to John Brock and that any interview with him by a representative of a department other than the Post Office Department might result in serious consequences in connection with

their case; that Brock had agreed to testify against the other persons who participated in the Carrettsville train robbery and that any possible indiscretion on the part of a Bureau representative during the questioning of Brock might result in his refusal to testify. At this time Agent Madala explained to Mr. Claggett that every precaution would be exercised not to interfere with their investigation in connection with the Carrettsville train robbery and that the only information the Bureau desired was that which might lead to the location of Alvin Karpis and Harry Campbell. In response Inspector Claggett advised Agent Madala that the Post Office Department had already furnished to our Bureau all information which they received from Brock which might lead to the location of Karpis and that it would be useless to talk with Brock any further in this regard.

He further stated that Brock had definitely stated to them he would under no circumstances talk with any person other than connected with the Post Office Department and that in view of this he felt that if they requested him to talk with an agent of this Bureau, it might disrupt their plans. In view of the statements made by Post Office Inspector Claggett, no further efforts were made to secure authority to interview John Brock.

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On April 4, 1936, Special Agent T. M. Birch conferred with Inspector H. W. Tavener relative to the statement of Briggs that he would allow an agent of this Bureau to interview John Brock and to the subsequent one on the part of Inspector Claggett refusing to permit an agent, John Madala, to interview John Brock. Inspector Tavener advised that he had nothing to do with this matter and called Inspector in Charge Briggs on the long distance telephone, Briggs being in his office in Cincinnati. Briggs advised Tavener that in view of the fact that Claggett probably had a more definite line on Brock's attitude he would be governed by Claggett's recommendation in the matter and that in view of Claggett's statement to Madala that he, Madala, not interview Brock, he would at this time decline to allow an agent of the Bureau to interview Brock.

Reference is made to report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, Cleveland, Ohio, dated April 22, 1956, where on page 69 Special Agent E. J. Dowd sets out that he received information from Post Office Inspector Casey that the primary reason for the refusal of the post office inspectors in permitting John Brock to be interviewed by Bureau agents was due to the fact that John Brock had apparently confessed to the inspectors that two innocent men had been convicted for the mail robbery at Warren, Chio, on April 19, 1955, it appearing that Brock implicated Karpis and Campbell in the Warren mail job.

As a matter of information, at the present time there are two men in the County Jail at Cleveland, Ohio, who stand convicted for the Warren mail robbery: namely, George Sargent and Tony Labrizetta.

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Reference is made to report of Special Agent E.J. Dowd, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, 4-27-36, on page 5, containing information to the effect that Post Office Inspector Hettrick stated to Agent Dowd that the Post Office Department contemplated issuing circulars on the participants in the Garrettsville mail train robbery and that, in his opinion, the plants being maintained at jointly by the post Youngstown, Chio, on the home of office inspectors and Bureau agents, as well as the plant being maintained on the home of Clyde Rochet at Newton Falls, Chio, by Bureau agents, and various plants at Toledo, Ohio, manned by Bureau agents would be practically worthless. Further, in this connection on the afternoon of April 29, 1936, Agent T. M. Birch and Post Office Inspector H. W. Tavener, having been out on an official investigation in Warren, Ohio, returned to Youngstown, Ohio, the trip having been made in a Bureau car.

Upon arriving at the Post Office Inspector H. W. Tavener purchased a carton of cigarettes and a Saturday Evening Post and advised Agent Birch that he was going to the County Jail, evidently to take the cigarettes and magazine to John Brock, and that if Agent Birch would proceed to his office, he would meet him there in a few moments. Agent Birch proceeded to room No. 202, Post Office Building, and entered the washroom and remained there a few minutes and during the interim Post Office Inspector Tavener returned and called Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick them in Cleveland on the telephone, Agent Birch at this time only hearing one side of the conversation which indicated that it was the plan of Post Office Inspector Hettrick to leave Cleveland on the morning of April 50th to proceed to Youngstown, accompanied by four Cleveland, Ohio, policemen armed with machine guns, several newspaper photographers, and the United States Attorney at Cleveland and his assistant, the idea in mind being to return Brock to Cleveland, with stops at Warren and Garrettsville, Ohio, to re-enact the robbery of the mail truck at Warren, and the robbery of the mail train at Garrettsville, Ohio, for the benefit of the U. S. Attorney, the pictures being taken by the newspaper photographers.

The conversation likewise indicated that the newspaper photographers would be furnished with the addresses of plants being maintained by Bureau agents and the post office inspectors on the home of Ridgewood Drive, Youngstown, Chio, and on the farm of Clyde Rochet, near Newton Falls, Chio. Upon the conclusion of the telephone call Post Office Inspector Albert White came into the office and Inspector Tavener advised him of the conversation that he had just had with Inspector Hettrick, and Agent Birch at this time was able to get complete details relative to the telephone conversation.

Agent Birch remained in the washroom for approximately one-half hour after the departure of Inspectors Tavener and White and then proceeded to the telephone and advised Special Agent in Charge J. P. MacFarland of what he had overheard.

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On the morning of April 50, 1936, Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick appeared at the Post Office in Youngstown, Chio, accompanied by Assistant U. S. Attorney Frank Wiedemann, two newspaper men from Cleveland, Post Office Inspector Cordrey and several Cleveland policemen, all of these persons being observed by Agent Birch.

Hettrick inquired of Agent Birch at this time the reason for continuing the plants in the visinity, stating that, "it's very funny that you people continue these plants in view of the publicity that has been given them". The inference was that the publicity had been given these plants by post office inspectors in an effort to have them discontinued. This was subsequently verified by Agent Birch in a conversation with Post Office Inspector P. J. McNeil on detail at the home of and at that time McNeil stated to Agent Birch that the postal inspection service did not have the men to continue these plants and that they were no good now, and it was the intention of the Post Office Department to bring such publicity as would make them worthless.

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In connection with the publicity mentioned by the Post Office Inspectors the Cleveland office forwarded to the Bureau newspaper clippings from the Warren, Cleveland and Youngstown, Ohio, newspapers, said clippings indicating that the newspapers had been informed as to the general location of the Rochet farm and a description of the Mone in such a manner that, undoubtedly, any person being wanted and who would be apt to proceed to one of these places would be sufficiently warned by the newspaper publicity to avoid them.

In this connection on several occasions Agent Birch was in the office of the post office inspectors when newspaper men would call and make the inquiry if there is "anything for us today?" On such occasions the postal inspectors would go into the hall, conferwith the newspaper men and upon returning to the room would advise that they had just contacted a confidential informant, who had given them some information, and in the event this information would prove of any value, they would disclose it to Bureau agents. Two of these reporters Agent Birch subsequently identified as being employed by the Youngstown Vindicator and the Youngstown Press. Agent Birch likewise noted that

immediately after copies of the Youngstown papers were placed on the street the postal inspectors, especially Hettrick, Tavener and Claggett, would immediately and hurriedly purchase copies of these papers and scan them for any indication of any release giving them credit for any part in this investigation.

The importance of the plants which were being maintained at the home of and Clyde Rochet near Newton Falls, Chio, may be appreciated by referring to the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, Cleveland, Chio, dated April 22, 1956, which report reflects the information that several members of the mob stayed at the home of Clyde Rochet on the night preceding the Garrettsville mail train robbery: namely, the night of November 6, 1935, and that an automobile which was purchased by Fred Hunter was left at the farm by Harry Campbell and that also the plant on the stated on several occasions that he felt reasonably certain that subjects Karpis and Fred Hunter would return to his home on or about April 15, 1936.

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In this connection Post Office Inspector P. J. McNeil advised Agent Birch confidentially that in the event Alvin Karnis or Fred Hunter should be apprehended at the home of wood Drive, Youngstown, Chio, it was the intention of the postal inspection service to ask the aid of the Chio State Highway Patrol and the Youngstown police in taking them from the custody of Bureau agents in that they might be retained in Youngstown to stand trial for the robbery of the Garrettsville, Chio, mail train, the postal inspection service being motivated in this regard by the fact that no warrants were outstanding in this district for either Karpis or Hunter.

Agent Birch during the time the plant was being maintained on the several occasions the post office inspectors upon a car approaching the house became very excited and on several occasions jumped up with a cocked pistol waving it around rather indiscriminately and that they on one occasion, that is, Post Office Inspector Hettrick advised Agent Birch that in the event Karpis should put in his appearance he, Hettrick, would take a machine gun, climb down off the roof of the go around the house and meet Karpis in front of the house. Birch advised Hettrick that in the event Karpis did put in his appearance, he, Birch would handle the machine gun and that Hettrick would not be allowed to use this Bureau weapon.

While Agent Birch was on duty at the wood Drive, Youngstown, Ohio, his personal mail was being forwarded to him in care of Post Office Inspectors, Youngstown, and in this connection on April 5, 1936, a letter addressed to Agent Birch, care of the postal inspectors at Youngstown, Ohio, was received at the Post Office and was

brought from the box of the post office inspectors to the office of Post Office Inspector H. W. Tavener. When this letter was received by Agent Birch it was evident that it had been opened and resealed, and Post Office Inspector Tavener advised that upon taking the letter from the box downstairs there was no evidence of its having been opened and resealed. Agent Birch took this as a personal matter and expressed himself in no uncertain terms for this action on the part of the post office inspectors, who neither denied nor admitted opening this letter. Because of the fact that Agent Birch took this as a personal matter, he did not keep the envelope in which this letter was mailed.

Indicative of the attitude of the post office inspectors toward the Bureau is the information contained in the report of Special Agent W. R. Hopton dated at Kansas City, Missouri, March 17, 1936, pages six and seven, where there is set out investigation conducted by Special Agent B. P. Cruise. It is there indicated that Agent Cruise interviewed a confidential informant of the Kansas City office, who stated that his wife had told him that a person set out in the report as Mr. Condry (this is probably Post Office Inspector Cordrey), and another man, who claimed to be a Government man, called upon her on the afternoon of March 10, 1936, after one Vivian Mantooth had left the house, stating that they desired to talk to Vivian, and during the conversation with the informant's wife the men informed her that they had been looking for Milton Lett in the vicinity of Coffeyville, Kansas, and in order to impress the informant's wife with the fact that they were Government officials they presented credential cards, which bore no pictures. They were driving a Ford V8 automobile bearing 1936 Kansas license tags from "42" county. (Undoubtedly the other individual with Cordrey was Joe Anderson of the Kansas State Highway Patrol, inasmuch as he drives a car answering the above description.) On page seven it is indicated that Vivian Mantooth told the confidential informant that the inspectors told her that they wanted Lett for a mail robbery and that they could also get him for running off with a girl under age and, further, that they wanted to catch Lett before the Department of Justice, or anyone else got him.

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, April 22, 1936, and to the report of Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley dated at Chicago. Illinois, April 11, 1936, setting out that on April 5, 1936, the last taken to Toledo, Ohio, for the purpose of pointing out the location of a place to which he had driven Karpis on or about January 15, 1936. As indicated in the report of Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley at that time pointed out a building on Adams Street in Toledo, Ohio.

Reference is made to the mentioned report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, particularly to page twenty, where it is indicated that Special Agent E. J. Dowd secured from the post office inspectors at Youngstown, Ohio, information which they claimed came from Brock to the effect that members of the mob at the time they were in Toledo just before the Gerrettsville, Ohio mail train robbery, at which time they were planting the job, lived in a furnished apartment at 1805 Adams Street. This information was not available at the time of the o Toledo, Ohio, on April 5, 1936, but was trip with obtained subsequently by Special Agent E. J. Dowd, and in this connection as pointed out in the report of Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley above referred to on Adams Street pointed out a location near 11th and Adams Streets, and although Post Office Inspector Casey was present at the time this occurred, he made no suggestion with reference to the address of 1805 Adams Street, although, as a matter of fact, during the talk with In Toledo. Ohio. he together with Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley an the address, 1805 Adams Street.

Respectfully submitted,

Special Agent.

EJW/AH

## Karpis' Holdup Role Revealed In Confession

While crack G-men scoured the nation for them, Alvin Karpis, public menace No. 1, and his limping pal, Harry Campbell, stood on a sunlit platform at Garrettsville, O., last Nov. 7, and directed a \$46,000 train robbery with machine gums.

This information is contained in a confession obtained by postal inspectors from John Brock, one of the Karpis gang now under arrest at Youngstown.

The signed confession, unusual in the realm of the tight-lipped underworld revealed for the first time

derworld, revealed for the first time many hitherto unknown facts about the operations of the notorious Karpis gang.

### Guard Against Reprisals

Because of fears of possible re-

prisal, Brock is being closely guarded in the Youngstown county jail.

Assistant District Attorney Frank Wiedeman will leave for Youngstown late today to ask that a bond of \$100,000 be set for Brock when he is arraigned.

of \$100,000 be set for Brock when he is arraigned.

Wiedeman yesterday issued warrants for Karpis, Campbell, Brock, Fred Hunter and a man known only as "Sam," charging them with the train robbery. All of the men were named in the confession.

Brock, breaking the underworld code of silence, said that the gang had alept in a farmhouse between Warren and Youngstown the hight preceding the robbery, that they left by auto early the next morning to wait for the train at Garrettsville, and that Campbell and Karpis took full command of the expedition. the expedition.

### Trapped by Securities

Brock was arrested 10 days ago in Oklahoma. He had been traced there, Wiedeman said, through se-curities stolen in the train robbery, which he tried to cash through a gambling house.

After his arrest, Brock, alias Har-

After his arrest, Brock, alias Harald Johnson, was flown back to
Bowling Green, O., under the
greatest secrecy and then later
lodged in the Youngstown jail.

At one point his confession warns
government agents that Karpis is
a dangerous criminal and a killer.

Other details of the confession are
being closely guarded by postal
guthorities.

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### Alleged Karpis Pal Still in Jail Here

Harold Johnson, who federal men say has admitted participating in the 846,000 Garrettsville mail train hobbery Nov. 7 and has named Alvin Earpis and Harry Campbell as companion

bandits, still was in county jail today.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Matthew
Wansach said he had received no
orders to take Johnson, also known
as John Brock, to Cleveland.

Meanwhile postal inspectors obtained a signed confession from Johnson, relating that Johnson said the Karpis gang alept in a farmhouse between Warren and Youngstown the night preceding the robbery.

the Karpis gang alept in a farmhouse between Warren and Youngstown the night preceding the robbery. The gang left, by auto early the next morning to wait for the train at Garrettsville and Karpis and Campbell took full command of the robbery, the purported confession said.

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## PLANE TO BRING PAL OF KARPIS

Hunter Faces Federal Action in \$48,000 Garrets-ville Mobbery

Fred Hunter, captured with Alvin Karpis last night in the desperado's New Orleans hideout, was to be flown to Cleveland today for trial for his participation in the \$46.000 Garretsville, (O.) mail train robbery Nov. 7.

Hunter will be brought on from

Hunter will be brought on from St. Paul, where Karpis, his hand-cuffed companion in the flight from New Orleans, probably will be dropped off to face charges of kidnaping "August Bremer, wealthy brewer.

### Arrest Imminent

This was the information received by Emerich B. Freed. U. S. district attorney, who planned to ask Washington later today whether Karpis also can be brought here for trial.

also can be brought here for trial.

Meanwhile, Sylvester Hettrick.

postal inspector, revealed that the capture of Harry Campbell, accused confederate of Karpis and Hunter in the Garrettsville job, is near.

the Garrettsville job, is near.
"The trail is hot and his arrest
is imminent," Inspector Hettrick
and

District Attorney Freed said he believed there was little likelihood Karpis would be brought here for trial.

Mr. Freed today telephoned Joseph B. Keenan, assistant attorney general at Washington in charge of prosecuting racketeers.

Mr. Keenan, Mr. Freed said, promised to let him know whether the kidnaping charge against Karpis in St. Paul, and murder charges against him elsewhere, can be made "to stick."

"If not," Mr. Freed said. "we've got an air-tight case against him here"

Neither Mr. Preed nor Mr. Hettrick would reveal whether Karpis' capture resulted from information furnished by John Brock, another member of the mail robbery gang who has been held in jail here since his capture in Tulsa, Okla., three days ago.

days ago.
"The G-men got him, give them the credit," Mr. Hettrick said.
Six men, in all, were named in

Six men, in all, were named in the warrants issued here several days ago by Frank Wiedemann, assistant district attorney.

Besides Karpis, Hunter, Campbell and Brock, warrants were issued against "John Doe, alias Sam" and Grover Keady, 43, who was arrested in Tulsa several months ago and also is held in County Jail here.

An unusual feature of Karpis' capture was the fact that at the very hour it happened Inspector Hettrick and his men, a thousand miles away, were laying the Karpis with machine guns set up in a barber shop across the street from a spot in Akron where they had been tipped Karpis would meet a friend. An hour or two after the elabo-

rate trap was set they received word of his capture in New Orleans. The Garrettsville robbery, whose biggest loot was the mail sacks containing the Republic Steel Corp.'s payroll, was staged in old-style

Western fashion.

The gunmen forced the Erie train crew from the cars and kept a close guard on passengers.

No officer

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By P.O. I.

# ASKS KARPIS TRIAL HERE FOR ROBBERY

Freed Urges Gunman Bo Held for Garrettsville 7 Mail Holdup.

United States Attorney Emerich B. Freed today will ask Joseph B. Keenan, assistant attorney general in charge of criminal investigation, if Alvin Karpis, public enemy No 1, and Fred Hunter, his henchman, both caught in New Orleans last night, can be brought here for trial on the charge that they participated in the sensational \$34,000 Garretts-ville (O.) train robbery last November.

If Mirhesota kidnaping charges do not take precedence, Freed will urge that Karpis and Hunter be returned to Cleveland immediately to go on trial with John Brock, 34, also accused in the holdup of the mail train, Freed said last night.

Brock, Karpis, Hunter, Harry Campbell and one John Doe were named in warrants sworn out by federal agents Monday as members of the gang which lined up six persons on the station platform of the village, forcing postal clerks to load mail bags containing money into the robbers' car.

Denies Prisoners Iniked.

Brock and Grover Keady, 45, both of Tulsa. Okla., have been prisoners in County Jail. Brock since Thursday and Keady, held in connection with the train holdup although not named in the warrant, since Feb. 26. Neither, deputies said, had been informed of the capture of Karpis last night.

Brock, under orders from postal inspectors who brought him here from Youngstown, where he pleaded not guilty to the charge, has been held incommunicado, alone in a sixth floor cell.

Although Brock is believed to have given the information which caused the issuance of the warrants against the Karpis gang, Sylvester J. Hettrick, postal inspector, said last night that the capture was not made from (Centinued on Page 4, Column 2)

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(Centinued From First Page)
anything learned from Brock or
Keady. Both have denied knowledge
of Karpis' whereabouts, Hettrick
said.

It was in the early afternoon of Nov. 7 when the Erie train from Cleveland stopped in Garrettsville station. Postal clerks were beginning to take out the mail bags when six men, some masked with handkerchiefs, stepped to various parts of the train with drawn revolvers and sub-machine guns.

Threatened With Death.

One held up the engineer and fireman. Another guarded a woman who came to the train to mail a letter to her husband, away on a hunting trip. The others forced the frightened clerks and a news agent who had come to pick up newspapers from Cleveland to load the sacks containing the money from the mail

from Cleveland to load the eachs containing the money from the mail car into a new sedan parked near by. With one robber threatening a clerk with death if he did not reveal the whereabouts of another sack, supposedly from the Federal Reserve Bank in Cleveland, the others suddenly shouted "Let's go!" All disappeared in the car on a dirt road leading from Garrettaville to State Route 83. Two persons saw their car headed for Ravensa. No further clew was found.

Carried out in wild west frainrobber fashion, the holdup came only a few months after the \$66,000 robbery of a Warren (O.) mail truck driver by a group of Akron gunmen. Two in this robbery are serving sentances.

. 3 Women Questioned.

The arrest in New Orleans also recalled to Cleveland police a day in September, 1934, when a squad of detectives raided an empty house on West Boulevard near Lorain Avenue only a few hours after three men identified later as Karpis and the brothers. Arthur and Fred Barker.

had fied. Fred Barker is now dead.

The raid came after three women, one a "girl friend" of Karpia, as was later established, were questioned after a brawl in a downtown hotel. It was disclosed that the women had been living at the West Boulevard address all summer with the men and a five-year-old girl while a search had been going on through middle-western cities for the kidnapers. Fingerprints of one man found on a slip of paper were identified as Arthur Barker's by Otto Mosholder, Cleveland Bertillon expert

The state of the s

pert.

A posse of Summit County deputy sheriffs, gave a Wadsworth barber a jittery afternoon when they set a trap for Karpis near his shop yesterday. Using his place as an advance post, the deputies disbanded after word came of Karpis' capture in Naw Orleans.

in New Orleans.

The deputies and postal inspectors, also present, supposedly were acting on a tip that Karpis, low in funds, would meet an accomplice in Wadsworth for a "cut" on the Garretts-ville loot.

ville loot.

It was recalled that Karpis and Campbell, who is still a fugitive, fled through Wadsworth once before, releasing an Allentown (Pa.) physician near the town early in January.

1835. The physician had been kidnaped at his home.

**Tip From Cleveland Put** G-Men on Karpis Trail

Fred Hunter, member of the notorious bandit gang headed by Alvin Karpis, today was being rushed to Cleveland in federal custody, following the raid in New Orleans last night, in which Karpis, too, was captured.

Hunter will be fried here for the Garrettsville, O., mail rob-

bery, last November, and thus faces

a possible 35-year sentence. Karpis may be brought here for trial on the same indictment, but this hinges upon whether or not the government prefers to try him first on the more serious charge of the Bremer kidnaping.

#### Freed Seeks Trial Here

United States District Attorney Emerich B. Freed said today he had queried in Washington, asking that this district be given precedence in the Karpis matter.

The mail robbery case against both Karpis and Hunter is regarded as complete, leaving little or no

chance for acquittal.

Last night's raid in New Orleans
by G-men really grew out of investigations made here by Postal
Inspectors Sylvester Hettrick of
Cleveland and Charles Cordray of

Postal inspectors' investigations began the day of the \$46,000 train

## stolen in the spectacular holdup.

member of the Karpis gang, who was kept in close seclusion in Mahoning county jail at Youngstown for seven weeks and later brought to Cleveland, after he had made a detailed confession involving Karpis, Harry Campbell (still at large), Hunter and another man known as "Sam," who likewise has not been caught. not been caught.

Warrants charging the five with molesting mail and with forcibly entering mail bags were issued by Assistant United States District Attorney Frank Weidemann.

Brock, after pleading not guilty when arraigned before United States Commissioner John B. Morgan of Youngstown, was brought here in lieu of \$50,000 bond. The Oklahoma gambler, not a

member of the gang, has been held incommunicado in county jail here, but his release today was expected momentarily.

began the day of the \$46,000 train robbery and they struck their first clew with the arrest of an Oklahoma gambler who had in his possession a quantity of securities stolen in the spectacular holdup.

Informentarily.

The Garrettsville mail robbery, on the afternoon of Nov. 7, 1935, was staged when the Erie train from Detroit stopped at that town. Six men, some of them masked with the standard property of the standard property. Karpis Gangster Arrested

He was brought here in February and information he gave led to the arrest, in March, of John Brock, a

NO Warrant
47/1- 4/27/3

# JOIN G-MEN'S HUN FOR KARPIS AND AID

Postal Inspectors Hit Trail From Ohio Mail Robbery by Public Enemy.

Having obtained positive information that Alvin Karpis, the country's most-sought gangster, and Harry Campbell, his first lieutenant, led the mail train robbery at Garretts-ville last November, postal inspectors last night added their resources to those of the G-men in the most extensive search for a gangster since John Dillinger's death.

A postal inspector here said: "There is absolutely no doubt whatsoever that Karpis and Campbell were leaders of the gang that robbed the mail train."

were leaders of the gang that robbed the mail train."

It long has been suspected that Karpis engineered the \$46,000 robbery, but confirmation was not obtained until a few days ago, it was learned, when a man arrested in Youngstown and charged with being a "suspicious person" told "the whole story of the robbery."

On the basis of his information, it was said, warrants were sworn to yesterday by a postal official charging Karpis, known to the underworld as "Old Creeps," Campbell and three others, including the Youngstown prisoner, with the rob-

bery.

The man held in Youngstown was booked as Harold Johnson. One of the warrants was for John Brock, alias T. F. Evans, alias Harold Johnson, and federal officials said Brock was the man arrested April 17 in Youngstown and held incommunicado in Mahoning County Jail since.

Other warrants were for Fred Hunter, alias Fred Harris, and for John Doe alias "Sam," otherwise unidentified.

Federal officials last night admitted the new evidence tended to weaken their case against Grover (Burrhead) Keady, arrested Feb. 26 in Tulsa,

# Police Reveal Karpis Had Hideout In Canton Where Agents Set Trap

Man Identified As Host To Notorious Bandit Later Arrested On Narcotic Charge.

WHILE the federal government's best man hunters scoured the nation in their long hunt for Alvin Karpis, public enemy No. 1, the elusive bandit spent part of his time in a Canton hideout within a few blocks of police headquarters, it was revealed today by local authori-

The tip that Karpis had established a hideout here came to police after the bandit had fled to California as federal men clung relentlessly to his trail which led them into Ohio. He came to Canton from Youngstown and for a time remained in seclusion in the vicinity of Walnut ave and 4th st SE, police claim. This was early in Pebruary.

Pails To Beturn Here. Federal investigators and postal inspectors came to Canton and laid a trap for the bandit after they had been told he left \$300 here to maintain the hideout to which he expected to return Feb. 23. When Karpis failed to show up federal agents closed in on the place and arrested his alleged host early in March on a narcotic charge and stook him to Cleveland.

Information that Karpis had been in Canton was obtained by Canton police following the arrest Feb. 13 of Archie Negelman, 33, of Belle law violation charge and for jump-Vernon, Pa. Negelman, a former ing a \$6,000 bond posted in federal Sederal prohibition officer who was court at Pittsburgh, told detectives sections of the county last winter.



ALVIN KARPIS. His Trail Led Through Cant

wanted in Pennsylvania on a liquor

Left Here Early In February And Was Expected To Return Late That Month.

he was well acquainted with Karpis and that the bandit had been staying here. Other information uncovered by detectives supported his story and federal men were called in. A trap was set in the hope that Karpis would return on the appointed date, Peb. 23.

While a close watch was kept on the Canton hideout, Negelman was taken to Youngstown where he pointed out to postal inspectors investigating the Garretsville, O., mail robbery a house where Karpis had been concealed before he came to Canton. The information coincided with data which federal men had assembled and strengthened the belief of officers that Negelman had given them truthful information concerning the fugitive ban-

Fred Hunter Also Here.

Negleman, police and federal agents asserted knew many underworld characters and his knowledge of their activities appeared to be authenttic. He was returned to Pittsburgh following his arrest here and given a fine and sentence in federal court on a liquor law violation charge.

It also was learned today that Fred Hunter, the man arrested with Karpis in New Orleans, had been in Canton early this year and is believed to have been the same Fred Hunter who was known among followers of cock fighting in isolated

# Postal Official Declines To Talk About Karpis Tip.

By The Associated Press.
CLEVELAND, May 2.—Sylvester
J. Hettrick, postal inspector told
questioners today he was "not supposed to talk" on whether a prisoner
held here in a \$46,000 train robbery
gave the tip leading to the capture
of Alvin Karpis.

"I'm not supposed to talk. I wouldn't say anything one way or another," Mr. Hettrick said.

"It's kind of tough not to be able to tell you, but we haven't been quoted for months. We don't know anything about it—not now, anyhow."

The prisoner, John Brock, 34, of Tulsa, Okla., was believed to have given information which caused postal inspectors to issue warrants. Monday charging five persons with participation in the mail robbery of a train at Garrettsville, O. It was carried out last Nov. 7 in wild west style.

The five named were Karpis, Brock, Harry Campbell, Fred Hunter and John Doe, alias Sam. Grover (Burrhead) Ready is held here on the same charge on a warrant issued earlier, pending identification of John Doe.

Mr. Hettrick said Brock was arrested at Youngstown, O., March 13. Informed that Hunter and an unidentified woman had been arrested with Karpis, Mr. Hettrick said:

"I guess Hunter will be brought here. It is up to Hoover." He said he did not know about Karpis.

The inspector said chance of capture of Campbell also was "pretty good." "When you're after a mob arrests are always near. It can be any minute."

Brock pleaded innocent when arraigned Thursday on charges in connection with the mail robbery. He was held for the federal grand jury under \$50,000 bond.



Garrettsville Robbery Gave G-Men Trail That Led to New Orleans

[By The Associated Press] Tulsa, Okla., May 2.—An Ohio mail train robbery was described today by Lieut. Earl Gardner of the Tulas po-lice department as the beginning of

the end of Alvin Karpis' crims trail.
Lieutenant Gardner, who knew Karpis long before the gangster be-came Public Enemy No. 1, said his capture yesterday at New Orleans

was hastened by participation in the 946,000 mail train robbery at Gerrettsville. O., last Nov. 7.

"Department of Justice agents and postal inspectors have been just a jump behind Karpis since the robbery," he maid.

The officer who sided here in the

The officer who sided here in the arrest of George (Burrhead) Keady and John Brock, alleged members of the robber gang, said he had been upped that Keady furnished Karpis at least two men for the crime.

"Pollowing the arrest of Keady and (Continued on Page 3, Column 8)

. ... }

Brock we were told the complete story behind the train robbery," Gardner said.

"We were informed that in addition to Karpis, Brock, Harry Campbell and Fred Hunter, another Oklahoma ex-convict named Kosarth participated in the robbery.

"The gang abandoned their getaway automobile at Toledo and with the exception of Kozarth and Campbell, took a chartered plane.

"Karpis left the plane at Hot Springs, Ark., Brock at Fort Smith and Hunter with a girl picked up at Hot Environment to San Antonio.

Hot Springs went to San Antonio, Tex."

Gardner said his information was that Hunter and his girl friend later joined Karpis at Hot Springs and moved into a house at the sutakirts.

This was the place that federal officers raided March 31 following a tip from under world sources here that the three had "holed up" at

Hot Springs.
"The three fugitives beat the Sederal agents by less than 12 hours,"

Gardner recalled.

"Federal agents later received in-formation they had stopped in New Orleans and the successful raid was arranged."

7

TELETYPE

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FEI ST PAUL

5-10-56

5-50 PM RWM

DIRECTOR

PHONE. BREKID. CAMPBELL NOW DESIRES TO CONSULT AN ATTORNEY
BEFORE DISCUSSING CASE FURTHER.

STEIN.

CC-CHICAGO, CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI...

END

OK FBI WASHINGTON DC RWF

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MAY 18 1936

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FLOURAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 14 1936 A.M.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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Fost Office Box #2344, Boston, Massachusetts.

Ĉ,

Cincinnati, Ohio.

Reference is made to your letter of May 11, 1986, in the above entitled case, addressed to me at Boston, Kassachusetta.

A short time after receiving your instructions on May 1, 1936, relative to the Colt Super-Automatic pistel which was in Bureau Hudson #9 of the New Orleans Office, I advised Agent in Charge Pages of the information you furnished me. As I recall 18 at the time I discussed this matter with Mr. Magee I was seated · in the office with two Subjects in the instant case, who had been apprehended.

It was my understanding that you desired me to call this metter to the attention of the Special Agent in Charge, but I did not understand that you desired me to personally obtain the pistol from the comportment in the above mentioned automobile.

I regret my misunderstanding in this matter,

es - New Orlean

W. JOHN MONULTY

FEBERAL BURFAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 15 1936 P.M.

U. S. DIPPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

## Federal Bureau of Investigation A. S. Bepariment of Instice

827 Broad Street National Bank Building Trenton New Jersey

Мау 14, 1936.

Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

BREKID

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to a copy of your letter of May 1, 1936 addressed to Mr. A. M. Heywood, Newark, N. J., in which he was advised that an Agent of this office would call upon him to receive certain information regarding Alvin Karpis and Harry Campbell.

Mr. Heywood was called upon by an Agent of this office and was thanked for his interest in this matter. He advised that since the apprehension of Karpis and Campbell, the individuals whom he had previously suspected had become known to him as other individuals.

Very truly yours,

E. L. RICHMOND

Special Agent in Charge

JAM: CMS cc:St. Paul cc:Cincinnati cc:Cleveland cc:Chicago 7-4

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INDEXED

TDQ: RCL

Please be advised that in compliance with the Director's instructions, the fingerprints of Alvin C Karpis were placed in the Exhibit Room on this date.

Respectfully,

INDEXED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 15 1936 P. M.
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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JOHN EDGAR HOOVER DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation

A. S. Department of Justice

TDQ:RCL

Washington, P. C.

May 6, 1936.

88/2

MEAORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON.

Please be advised that in compliance with the Director's instructions, the fingerprints of Alvin Karpis were placed in the Exhibit Room on this date.

Respectfully,

T. D. Quinn.

7-576-11520

May 10, 1936.

### MEDICANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON.

Rex Collier called at the office yesterday morning and santed to know if there was any further information that could be given out with regard to the so-called break between the FMI and Post Office Inspectors; stating that if there was any information available, he would like to write a follow-up story on this angle of the case,

I advised Mr. Collier that as far as the Bureau was concerned, this was a closedissued and I thought it desirable to less the entire matter drop in view of the fact that the Bureau had sommiderable work now to perform in connection with other cases on which we would have to concentrate.

Mr. Collier stated that while this might be the desire of the Sureau, he doubted seriously whether the matter could be dropped as early as that and he stated that undoubtelly someone on the hill would bring the matter up in order that the lack of ecoperation on the part of the Post Office Inspectors might be gone into more thoroughly.

Mr. Collier did Agree, in scholience with my request not to print anything further on this matter until the Director returned to the city and he had an apportunity to talk with him.

Respectfully,

To B. Grine

FEDERAL BUTTAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 15 1936 P.M.

U. SEPARIMENT W JUSTICE

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FILE

7-576-11522

Transcontinental and Western Housek Airports Benerk, Bon Jeroey.

I mested you to know how much I appreciated your helpfulness in commestion with the special chartered flight taken by representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation from Mashington to Teledo on May 6th, and from Toledo to St. Paul on May 7th, in commection with the apprehension of Harry Campbelle

The assistance rendered by you and Pilot D. W. Burford was quite helpful to us in the successful consummation of this case and I se taking pleasure in writing to the Mivision Esperistendent at the Sewark Airport sommending you and Pilet Burford for the manner in which you performed your deties.

RECORDED & INDEXER Mith kind regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Boover

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 12 1936 P. M.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE .

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION FEDERAL BUREAU OF MYESTIGAT ON

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L. W. BROWNE

PILOT
TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR, INC.

7-576-11522

# FOUR GAMBLING CHIEFS INDICTED

Joe and Benny Aronoff, Levine and Warnke Cited After Grand Jury Probe

Four Toledo gambling opera-tors—Bennis vronoff, Jor vronoff, Edward varnice and Harry vine —Were undicted Friday by the Lucas County Grand Jury.

The indictments followed a oneday probe of gambling Thursday in which the grand jurors heard more than a dozen witnesses, including several persons who have filed suits within the last 16 months to recover money alleged to have been lost in gambling establishments operated by the three

Bennie Freed On Bond.

Buckeye Social Club, 229½ Superior Street; Warnke operates the boval Club, 631 St. Clair Street, and Levine's establishment is at 513 Jefferson Avenue. Joe Aron-

off is Bennie's brother.

Bennie Aronoff surrendered at the sheriff's office Friday aftermoon and was released under \$500 bond.

Two counts are included in each indictment. One, charging the men with being common gamblers, carries a maximum penalty, upon conviction, of a \$500 fine and 90 days in jail. The other, charging keeping a gambling room, carries a maximum penalty of \$500 and 20 days.

Warrants for the four were to be served immediately by deputy sheriffs.

Harris Asks New Trial

The indictments follow closely the conviction of Bennie Harris, operator of the Superior Sports Center, 120 Superior Street, in Municipal Court. Harris, charged with numbers game violations, has filed a motion for a new trial. He was one of 16 persons arrested in numbers game raids by vice squad members April 28.

Assistant Prosecutor Thomas Bretherton said evidence presented in trials of the numbers game operators probably would be used in the trials of the somoffs, Living

and Warnke. 🛹 Bretherton said the grand in rors' investigation cluded all phases of situation in Toles

Witnesses Thursday Frank cones, James is and Je-rome Deinberg. These three wit-nesses previously had been questioned by Mr. Bretherton in nection with the slugging of "i bers" salesmen for Harris.

Refuse To Testify.

The assistant prosecutor said the three declined to testify on the advice of their attorney, Ira Bame.
Jones and Ash, both "writers" for Harris, were among five persons "muscled" it was alleged, by representatives of rival gamblers. Kleinberg formerly was employed by Aronoff as bookkeeper.

Although the original investiga-tion included a check-up of owners of property in which gambling establishments are located, Mr. Bretherton said "we contemplate no grand jury action against the property owners?"

Witnesses Guarded.

The grand jury foreman reported Thursday that he saw several men mingling with the witnesses and asked Mr. Bretherton to provide police protection for them. John Nyitray, deputy sheriff, was assigned to guard the witnesses, after Mr. Bretherton issued strict orders for them to talk to no one.

Inquiry Completed.

At the conclusion of Thursday's investigation, Mr. Bretherton an-nounced that the grand jurors had completed their inquiry "for the present."

Eleven suits have been filed in Common Pleas Court against Aronoff, Warnke and Levine since Jan. 1, 1935. Seven were brought against Warnke, two against

Aronoff and two against Levine.
Three of the suits, the two against Levine and one against Warnke, were dismissed "with Warnke, were dismissed "with prejudice at plaintiff's costs." The others, according to the sourt journals, are still pending. One against Warnke is now on trial before a jury in Judge Robert G. Gosline's court.

Plaintiffs Listed.

Plaintiffs in the suits against Warnke are Elia Exportoff, 428 Front Street; Thero Capitanos, 787% Summit Street; Harriet Hernath, 310 Condley Drive; Hattie, Williams, 3830 Almeda Drive; Fred Kropla, 831 Clay Avenue; David Dabit, 227 Superior Street, and Corrine Olrich, 546 Woodville Street.

Bringing actions against Aromoff were Ray V. Tool. 3943 Burham Avenue, and Mari-lofman, SinMulberry Street.
Plaintiffs against Levine were

Boche Sandett, \$22 Front Stand Michael Livott, 428 Fr

TOLIZO ESTS-BEE

NOT RECORDED

Post Office Box 515, St. Faul, Minnesota.

Cleveland, Chie.

On May 10, 1936, Ivan Burg, Circulation Manager of the 3t. Paul Daily News, telephonically advised me that on either April 20 or 21, 1936, he received an air mail request from Mack Russell, 1880 Winnors or Mymore Avenue, Cleveland, requesting he be furnished a copy of the edition printed by the St. Paul Daily News on April 18, 1236, which contained a summary of the activity of KARPIS, Chiractle, and the RIRKER boys in connection with the Bremer kidnaping.

It is suggested that you ascertain why Russill displayed such an unusual interest in that ease,

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MAY 18 1935

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### memorandum for the director

I have revised and changed somewhat the at memorandum for the Attorney General on the lack of cooperation en the part of Post Office authorities. I went ever this in detail with Connelley on the telephone this morning and he is of the opinion that as new written it is correct and the allegations contained therein can be substantiated. I believe it is conservative and we need not fear any definite attack upon ... the statements contained therein. Of course, such of 18 is based upon confidential information secured by us, particularly from Pest Office Inspectors. If forced to a show down and if we were compelled to divulge the sources of our information, these Inspectors night deny that they had made the statements attributed to them. I do not believe the identity of confidential informants should at any time be revealed. I think so should stand pat upon the information we have given, as sentained in this semorandum.

Tow will note that the form of the memorandum in question is a little bit wavenal, but I think it serves to throw to the foreground the various details of this lack of a cooperation, as well as to indicate somewhat forcestilly our opinions relative thereto.

Yory truly yours,

B. Bathen

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FEDERAL BURGAU OF INVESTIGATION

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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM NO. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT CINC	DINATI, OHIO.	granikanski grafitanski seri	PILE NO. 7	- L. SES
REPORT MADE AT		ERIOD FOR REPORT	MADE BY	A DONE WE WAY
TRENTON, NEW JERSEY.	1 '. 1 '	4=30; 5=7=36	. D. WILLS	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
DR. JOSEPH P. MORAN, with HARRY CAMPBELL, with al EDWARD GEORGE BRELER	th aliases, IO # iases, IO #1236,	18, FUGITIVE, CHARACTERS 1232, FUGITIVE;	JUSTICE; MAT	ARBORING OF BSTRUCTION OF IONAL FIREARS
SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:	John Connelly February in F thinks Karpis description g respect simil Donnelly unab	advises he saw manarison, N.J., that it is not seen manarisen of this personar to that of Karple to identify any stigation at Swede	since; n im no life; photo-	
		ject Campbell prod		
<b>)</b>	-	- P		
	• • • • • • •	~ <b>~</b> ~ ~ ~ <b>~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~</b> ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	New Conference	manufactorial actions of
	n from Mr. John n relative to Al	Connelly, Kearny, win Karpis.	M.J., that h	e possessed
	AT KEARNY, N.	<u>J.</u>		
	ve the following	1936, Connelly in	company wit	h a friend
became slightly intoxicated and that he did not wish to go home in his inebriated condition, so after parting from his friend he proceeded on foot toward Newark, N.J. As he was walking down Searing Avenue, Harrison, N.J., a woman who was leaning out of a window				
apparently	watching passes	reby called to him	and invited	him into
APPROVED AND LACKEN	SPECOL ACENT	DO NOT	WRITE IN THESE SPACE	
	0	7 576-	- 1/52	MAY 16 1936
12 St. Paul	DESTROYED  MAR 84 1945	MAY 15 P.M		14 18 1536
2 Cleveland 78 2 Trenton		OF		/ "

the house, which was 42 Searing Avenue. Connelly accepted the invitation and entered the house. Connelly told the woman that he was on his way to Newark, M.J., to spend the night in a hotel there as he could not go home drunk. The woman suggested that he spend the night in her house, that he could sleep on the sofa in the room. During this con versation a man entered the hous of and Connelly was introduced to this man who gave the name of Wilson and was supposed to be the husband of the woman. However, Connelly sent to a neighboring saloon and had a bottle of liquor purchased. When Wilson returned with the liquor, he took a drink and then left the house. Connelly also took a drink of this liquor and then lay down on the sofa to sleep. Sometime later Connelly was awakened by being assaulted by Wilson, who had returned to the house and found Connelly still there, Wilson asked the woman for his gun, but she told him she would not get it for him. Immediately after this assault Connelly left the house and has not since been there. والمرابع والمرابع والمرابع والمرابع والمرابع والمرابع والمرابع

Sometime later Connelly saw one of his friends, Bill Lunningham, Searing Avenue, Harrison, N.J., and he asked Cunningham if Wilson was still in the neighborhood. Cunningham replied that he had not seen him. Connelly saw Cunningham again about the first of March, 1936, at which time Cunningham advised that he had seen Wilson or Williams as he was also known. Connelly requested that Cunningham contact him immediately if he ever saw Wilson again in the neighborhood as he was of the opinion that this man was Earpis.

Connelly saw Curningham on the streets of Harrison, N.J., about three or four weeks ago at which time Cunningham advised that he had seen Wilson shortly prior to this meeting and had tried to get in touch with Connelly but Connelly had gone out of town for a visit. Connelly has not seen or heard of Wilson since this time; the only time Connelly ever saw Wilson was February 1936, and at that time Connelly was under the influence of liquor.

Agent exhibited a group of pictures, this group contained three photographs of Karpis, to Connelly and he was unable to identify a single picture. Agent called his attention to the "stand-up" picture of Karpis and Connelly stated definitely and positively that picture did not in any respect resemble the man he saw; on the front view and profile picture Connelly called attention to this picture by stating that the man he saw had a much fuller or oval face as contrasted to the thin and sharp features of the picture exhibited.

A description of the man seen by Connelly

is

Name: WILSON alia Williams
Height: 5' 9" or 5' 10"
Weight: 180
Build: Stout

Stout Full lips.

In view of the fact that the above information was not given in a clear consistent manner and that the description of the man seen by Connelly as well as Connelly's definite statement that the photograph of Karpis was in no respect similar to the man he had seen, Agent did not deem it necessary to investigate further into this story.

On May 7, 1936, information was received at the Trenton Office that a Milton/Horner, a resident of Swedesboro, W.J., had seen a man register at the Yord Hotal in Swedesboro, who resembled Subject Campbell,

Special Agents J. A. Murphy and M. R.Griffin proceeded to Swedesboro and ascertained from Mr. C. H. Kirch-hoff, manager of the Ford Hotel, that an Adam Kacker had

registered at that hotel on May 2, 1936, from Jersey City, N.J. Mr. Kirchhoff advised that this was the individual referred to by Milton Horner, and whom individuals in Swedesboro had spoken about as possibly being Harry Campbell.

Agents Murphy and Griffin arranged to observe this individual and it was found that he was 5' 10" tall, weighing 180 pounds, and in no manner answered the description of Harry Campbell. Mr. Horner was contacted and so informed.

- PENDING -

## Federal Bureau of Investigation

IL S. Department of Instice 326 Post Office Building New Orleans, Louisiana May 10, 1936

DWA: bu

Dear Sir:

PERSONAL AND CONFIDER

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Re: BREKID

On telephonic instructions from Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley the night of May 4, 1936, the writer, assisted by other Agents of the New Orleans Bureau office, on the early morning of May 5, 1936 removed Ruth Hamm Robsion, with aliases, from the New Orleans Bureau office. She was driven by automobile, accompanied by Special Agent (A) R. L. Tollett and Special Agent (A) J. M. Baker, to Baton Rouge, La., after first having ascertained that she was not being followed by unauthorized individuals.

The removal from the New Orleans office was uneventful, with the exception of the presence in the rear of the Post Office Building of an Associated Press photographer who secured one flash, which was not of such character to definitely identify Ruth Hamm Robsion.

I am transmitting herewith three copies of a memorandum prepared by Special Agent (A) R. L. Tollett in connection with the above subject matter. Er. E. J. Connelley, by personal and confidential cover, is being furnished copies of this letter and enclosures.

It is my belief that for the time being this girl will quietly remain under cover at San Antonio, Texas. Press interest concerning her has subsided.

It is my suggestion that hereafter in all major cases where women are involved that they not be brought to a Bureau office, but quietly placed in an apartment or hotel room under guard. The latter procedure was followed in the Richard Galatas case at New Orleans, which resulted in the control of any outside interference, particularly from the press.

RECORDED & INDEXED

Special Agent in Charge For All All

RLT:cw. 7-15.

1 ...

New Orleans, La. May 7, 1936.

MEMORANDUM FOR SAC D. W. MAGEE:

Re: BREKID.

At 3:45 a.m. on May 5, 1936, Special Agents (A) R. L. Tollett and J. M. Baker left the Post Office Building at New Orleans, Louisians, with Ruth Ham Robsion, in Bureau-owned Buick Sedan. Previous to departure, Buth Robsion's schedule from Baton Rouge, Louisians, to San Antonio, Texas, had been arranged.

Agents, with Buth Robsion, arrived in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, at 5:50 a.m. The trip was uneventful and no photographers or news men were seen after leaving the Post Office Building.

Before reaching Baton Rouge, Ruth Robsion emphatically requested that she be given an epportunity to bathe and take a treatment before departure on her long ride to San Antonio, Texas. Upon arrival in Baton Rouge, agent parked the Bureau-owned Buick Sedan about a block from the Heidelberg Hotel, and after determining that there were no people in the lebby of the hetel, obtained room 1012 in the name of Ginger Morgan, explaining to the clerk that we three were proceeding to New Orleans and were going to be in Baton Rouge for three or four hours. Buth Ham Robsion was out of the hotel by 6:30 a.m., after which time the agents took her, driving in the car to the campus of Louisiana State University, where we parked, without being observed, until about eleven e'clock.

About 7:00 a.m. this agent purchased a one way coach ticket to San Antonie, Texas. At three minutes before train time, Agents Tollett and Baker placed Buth Ham Robsion, alias Cennie Morris, on the train, which was the first time she had come near the railroad station.

After excusing themselves from her presence, agents observed from cover that the train left, bearing her as a passenger.

The train left at 11:40 a.m., and her itinerary scheduled her arrival in San Antonio, Texas, at 7:00 a.m. the morning of May 6, 1956.

R. L. Tellett, Special Agent (A).

7-576-11525

Please refer to the report of Special Agent R.S.

Wynn, rendered at Oleveland, Ohio, Nay 5, 1936 which contained an undereloped lead for the Pittsburgh Office to interview ARCHIE MEGLEMAN at the Northeastern Penitentiary at Levisburg,

Please advise me, if is view of the recent developments is case, it is still desired that Beglessa be contacted.

Yery truly yours,

Cincinnett.

INDEXED

MAY 19 1030

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Cincinnati, Chio DATE WHEN MADE 2/24-5/4, 18, 5/12/36 B. L. MIROS Little Rock, Arkanass. ALVIN KARPIS, with aliases, FUGITIVE, I.O. 1218; KIDNAPING; HARBORING OF FUGI-MARRY CAMPBELL, with alianes, FUGITIVE, I.O. 1856; TIVES; OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE; BR. JOSEPH P. MCRAN, with aliases, FUGITIVE, I. C. MATICNAL FIREARMS ACT. 1858; et el. EDMARD GEORGE, BREMER - VIGTIM SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: No indications that Meed was at Not Springs, Arkanes during Cableun Park Race mosts. No record of Mr. or Mrs. Fred Murray at Hot Springs, Arkansas. Mrs. Boy Williamson, Arkadelphia, Arkanses, states she and her husband have heard nothing further of Meed. Information received Mead possibly in San Antonie. REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent R. C. Suran, Chicago, Illinois, dated February 7, 1956. Report of Special Agent T. E. Billings, Los 10 Angeles, California, dated March 12, 1954. Letter from Denver office to the Bureau dated April 7, 1936. DETAILS: Reference is made to the report of Special Agent R. G. Suran, Chicago, Illinois, dated February V, 1936, wherein it is stated that information has been received that a large group of confidence men were expected to be at Not Springs, Arkansas, during the Oeklamn Park Race Track meet and requested investigation to escertain if Mead appeared in Hot Springs. The writer was in attendance of the reces at Bot Springs, Arkaneas, intermittently from the opening date on February 22, 1936, until the closing date and on several occasions was accompanied by Special Agent C. A. Mahan, during which time efforts were made to locate Mond at the race track, gambling establishments and at the leading hotels but with negative results. During this canvass and investigation, the Identification Order as to Mead was exhibited to Lieutenant Cocil Brock of the Hot Springs Police Department the has, on occasions, cooperated, but he stated that he had never heard of Mood being in Hot Springs. The Identification Order was also shown to Robert Moore, detective of the Hot Springs Police Department, who was MAY 1 8 1925 2 Cincinnati 3 Bureau -1 St. Peul 2 Chicago 1 Denver 1 Los Angeles 1 Betroit 2 San Antonio

2 Tittle Rock

on special duty at the Bouthern Grill, one of the leading gambling establishments, but he, too, stated that Need was unknown to him.

The reference report of Special Agent Billings requests investigation at Hot Springs, Arkansas, concerning Mr. and Mrs. Fred Murray, General Delivery. Hot Springs, correspondents of Derothy Figher. Inquiry at the Post Office at Hot Springs, Arkansas, disclosed no record of Mr. or Mrs. Fred Murray or Fred Pitts at the General Delivery window, and a search of the removal orders from December 1, 1955, to March Ml. 1956, disclosed no record of any forwarding address for these parties. It will be noted from the reference report of Agent Billings that Mrs. Fred Murray corresponded with Dorothy Fisher on several occasions giveing, in addition to the Hot Springs address, the addresses of 5160 Second Blvd., Detroit, Michigan, and General Belivery, Salt Lake City, Utah. Apparently, Mrs. and Mrs. Fred Murray are identical with Mrs. and Mrs. Is Murray. It will also be noted on page five of the reference report of Agent Billings that Mrs. Is Murray. In view of the fact that no date is given as to the address of Mr. and Mrs. F. Murray in Hot Springs, Arkansas, it would appear that they were merely visiting in that city some time in the past.

The reference letter from the Denver effice to the Bureau under date of April 7, 1936, requested a reinterview with Roy Williamson, a former associate of Moad, who is now residing at Arkadelphia, Arkansas. Upon calling at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Williamson, the writer assertained that Mr. Williamson was on a fishing trip and was not available for interview. However, the writer engaged in a conversation with his wife for approximately thirty minutes, during which time she stated that neither she not her husband had heard enything of er from Moad gince their last interview by the writer.

On March 18, 1956, Richard Tallman Coletas of Hot Springs, Arkansas, whose identity and reputation is well known to the Bureau and being one of the leading confidence man, called at the Little Book office with reference to the sentence he received in the Kansas City Massacre Case. During the course of ... conversation between he and Special Agent in Charge Chapmon Fletcher, Galatus edvised that about the first part of March, 1936, Meed was in San Intonio, Texas, at which time he was driving an automobile, the make of which was unknown; that about the middle of March, 1936; the Chief of Police at San Antonio had conducted a drive on confidence men and in this drive Meed had been forced to leave Sex Antonie but his destination thereafter was unknown. Salatas further stated that while Moed was in San Antonio he was in company with one Sermis. Cates, a confidence man known to the San Antonie police, and in the event Mond should return to San Antonio and Gates was still there, Meed would immediately contact Gates. It was Galatas' epinion that Gates had also left San Antonio at the time the drive was instituted by the Police Department and might have left with Moed. Galatas further stated that in the event Moed should return to

Sen Antonio and Getes was not there, in his opinion, Mead would immediately esnetect "Boobie Opiedorff (phonetie), who operates a carnival concession at Sen Antonio; that Opiedorff has the confidence of the Chief of Police and that the Chief protects this man. This information was submitted to the San Antonio office by letter dated March 19, 1936, and, it will be noted, is in line with information obtained by the Chicago office from their informant, Charles Owen Long, and mentioned in the teletype and letter from the Chicago office to the San Antonio office under date of May 6, 1936. It is noted from the above mentioned teletype that the Little Rock office was requested to immediately recontact the informant from whom this information was obtained which, of course, is impossible due to the fact that Calatas is now confined in the United States Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas.

Although no further leads are outstanding in this district as to the location of Mead or other investigative activity, this file is being held pending in the Little Rock district as other investigative activity may be desired.

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# Federal Bureau of Investigation

A. S. Bepartment of Justice

1448 Standard Building Cleveland, Ohio

May 8, 1936.

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

RE: BREKID

Transmitted herewith, in accordance with instructions from Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley, are memorandums submitted by the following Agents relative to the circumstances in connection with the investigation looking toward the apprememorandums is being furnished to Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley.

Joint memorandum of Special Agents J. M. Jones and E. J. Wynn;

" Agent J. L. Madala;

T. M. Birch; E. J. Dowd;

C. E. Smith.

JPM/EJB Enclosures (5)

CC - E. J. Connelley

Very truly yours, P. MacFARLAND Special Agent in Charge

end, RECORDED INDEXED

RECORDED CCPX FILED IN

Cleveland, Ohio, May 8, 1936.

#### MEMORANDUM! FOR SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE E. J. CONNELLEY

The following memorandum is submitted by Special Agent E. J. Dowd relative to his contacts with post office inspectors at Toledo, Ohio, beginning Tuesday, May 5, 1936, and ending Thursday, May 7, 1936.

This Agent proceeded from Cleveland, Ohio on May 6, 1936 with Special Agent T. M. Birch and arrived at Toledo, Ohio about six P. M. About an hour later this Agent and Agent Birch went to Dyer's Restaurant on Superior Street, Toledo, Ohio, and while there Post Office Inspectors E. Claggett and F. R. Casey entered the restaurant, sat down at our table and we all had dinner. Immediately thereafter this Agent and Agent Birch left the restaurant with Post Office Inspectors Casey and Claggett and walked to the Waldorf Hotel. Agent Birch went ahead with Post Office Inspector Casey, while this Agent and Post Office Inspector Claggett followed.

Inspector Claggett, who inquired as to the reason for Agents being at Toledo, Ohio, and when told that we were there on official business in connection with the whereabouts of Harry Campbell, Inspector Claggett, who appeared very bitter toward Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick, in charge of the post office inspectors, who were assigned to locating Harry Campbell, stated that he, Claggett arrived at Toledo om Monday, May 4, 1936, and during that day and the succeeding day, May 5, 1936, he remained in Inspector Casey's office awaiting the arrival of Post Office Inspector Hettrick, who was expected at Toledo, Ohio on the morning of May 6, 1936. Inspector Claggett then confided to Agent that Harry Campbell undoubtedly was at Toledo, and probably residing there; that through one of their confidential informants they learned that Sam Foker and Milton Lett departed from St. Louis,

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Missouri and were also supposed to be at Toledo, Ohio; that additional information had been furnished to the post office inspectors by John Brock, now in custody at Cleveland, Ohio; that prior and subsequent to the Garrettsville mail train robbery on November 7, 1935, Sam Coker had been confined in Mercy Hospital where he was taking treatment in connection with a venereal disease, it being necessary for the doctors to operate on Coker, who was in the hospital under the name of "Tom." Inspector Claggett did not tell Agent the full name used by Coker. He further stated that Brock advised that since Coker's discharge from the hospital, Coker was visiting and going with one of the nurses, who had been assigned to his case at the time Coker was in the hospital; that Coker was quite enamored of this nurse. Inspector Claggett also advised that Brock stated that Coker's hospital bill was paid by Harry Campbell, who lived with his wife, or a women, in an apartment in the vicinity of the hospital, and that if the post office inspectors looked up this nurse, and placed her under surveillance, she would probably lead them to Harry Campbell.

Inspector Claggett confided to Agent that this was considered highly important information, and that just as soon as Inspector Hettrick arrived at Toledo, the post office inspectors - intended checking the hospital records and contacting the nurse and doctor, and it was further their intention to interview and pick up several other individuals at Toledo, Ohio, in an effort to locate Harry Campbell.

The result of the interview by this Agent with Inspector Claggett was transmitted to Special Agent E. J. Wynn on May 6, 1936, and he advised that he would personally check the hospital records, and conduct any other investigation at Toledo, Ohio, in connection with this information.

This is the only contact this Agent had with post office inspectors while at Toledo, Ohio, during the above period.

EID/EIB

J. DOMD Special Agent

Cleveland, Chic, May 8, 1936.

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

This memorandum is being submitted at this time pursuant to instructions received from Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley concerning contact had by Special Agents J. M. Jones and E. J. Wynn with Post Office Inspectors S. J. Hettrick, J. T. Cordrey and E. Claggett at Mercy Hospital, Toledo, Ohio, on May 6, 1936.

At about four P. M. on May 6, 1936 Special Agents J. M. Jones and E. J. Wynn called at the Mercy Hospital, Toledo, Ohio, for the purpose of ascertaining the hospital record of Sam Coker. who, as indicated in the report of Special Agent E. J. Wynn, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, April 22, 1936, was alleged to have been confined there at about the time of the Garrettsville. Ohio mail train robbery on November 7, 1935. Upon entering the waiting room at the Mercy Hospital, Agents observed Post Office Inspectors, E. Claggett, J. T. Cordrey and S. J. Hettrick seated there. At this time Special Agent E. J. Wynn advised Post Office Inspector Hettrick that Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley desired to talk with him on the long distance telephone, having previously received instructions from Special Agent in Charge Connelley to convey this message to Mr. Hettrick, Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley advising that he desired to give Mr. Hettrick permission to interview Fred Hunter at New Orleans, Louisiana. At this particular time Special Agent J. H. Jones was not acquainted with the post office inspectors, and accordingly Special Agent E. J. Wynn introduced him as a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Very shortly after the meeting of the post office inspectors it was noted that the sister superior motioned for Post Office Inspector Hettrick, who entered the sister superior's office and it was observed that he was taking notes from an index eard approximately 4 x 6 in size, which the sister superior furnished to him and after taking his notes he came out again into the reception

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room at which time Special Agent E. J. Wynn, in the presence of Special Agent J. M. Jones, asked Mr. Hettrick if he desired to furnish the information which he had received from the sister superior. Whereupon Mr. Hettrick stated to Agent Wynn, "You had better go in and get it yourself," and immediately he and Inspectors Cordrey and Claggett left the hospital.

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Special Agents J. M. Jones and E. J. Wynn thereupon interviewed the sister superior requesting her for information with reference to the hospitalization of Tommy Coleman or Sam Coker, inasmuch as it was understood that Coker had used the name of Coleman, and further upon the basis of information received earlier on May 6, 1936 from Special Agent E. J. Dowd in Toledo, who advised that on the evening of May 5, 1936, Post Office Inspector Claggett had advised him that Coker had been in the Mercy Hospital under the name of Tommy. The sister superior was unable to locate any record under the name of Coleman or Coker, and after some discussion with her she appreciated that inquiry was being made with reference to the same individual about whom the post office inspectors had made inquiry, whereupon she advised that the name of the person about whom the post office inspectors had made inquiry was Robert Pratt, and at the request of Agents Jones and Wynn she exhibited the entrance card of that individual, which reflected that Robert Pratt entered the hospital on October 30, 1935 and was discharged on November 25. 1935; that his attending physician was Dr. Howard Murphy; that he paid his bills in cash; that he indicated no friends or relatives: that he was employed by the Milan Oil Company of Oklahoma, which company was to be notified in case of emergency. As far as could be determined by the Agents, investigation conducted by the post office inspectors included only that information which they received from this index card.

Special Agents J. M. Jones and E. J. Wynn conducted further investigation at the hospital, examining the clinical records, list of attending physicians and nurses, which resulted in eventually locating the name of Miss Bobbie Robbleto, who was interviewed and furnished information which lead directly to the location and apprehension of Sam Coker and Harry Campbell on May 7, 1936. The details of this particular investigation conducted by Special Agents J. M. Jones and E. J. Wynn are being reported separately.

On the morning of May 7, 1936, Special Agent E. J. Wynn was having breakfast in the coffee shop of the Hillcrest Hotel in Toledo and was joined by Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick, who desired to know whether or not the meeting in the reception room of Mercy Hospital on the day previous was a coincidence, and stated that if it were it was indeed a lucky one for the Agents, and asked Agent Wynn at that time whether or not the Agents, upon going to the hospital, knew the name under which Coker was a patient there, explaining that he was certain that they did not and that undoubtedly we would not have been able to locate the record, not knowing the name, except by making inquiry immediately after they left.

Respectfully submitted,

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J/M. Jones Special Agent.

Special Agent.

Cleveland, Ohio, May 8, 1936.

#### MEMOPANDUM FOR SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE E. J. CONNELLEY

The following memorandum is submitted by Special Agent T. M. Birch and deals with investigation made in Toledo, Ohio, on May 4, 1936 and May 5, 1936, and sets out specifically contacts with Post Office Inspectors S. J. Hettrick, J. T. Cordrey, E. Claggett, and F. R. Casey.

Special Agent E. J. Dowd and the writer arrived in Toledo, Ohio at about six P. M. on May 4, 1936, and registered at the Waldorf Hotel. At about seven P. M. Agents Birch and Dowd entered Dyers Restaurant on Superior Street, and were seated at a table when Post Office Inspectors Claggett and Casey entered and seated themselves at the same table. The conversation during the meal was general. After the meal Agents Birch and Dowd, accompanied by Inspectors Claggett and Casey, went to Agents' rooms at the Waldorf Hotel. At this time Agent Dowd and Inspector Claggett walked together, and Agent Birch and Inspector Casey walked together. Inspector Casey was very critical of the lack of cooperation displayed by the post office inspectors toward Agents of the FBI with regard to this investigation, and was very outspoken in this regard. Inspector Casey inquired of Agent Birch as to whether a check had been made at the Mercy Hospital relative to the length of time Sam Coker was hospitalized there prior and subsequent to the Carrettsville mail train robbery on November 5, 1935. Agent Birch advised Inspector Casey that he had no knowledge of this inquiry having been made, and this matter would be handled by Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley. Ho further conversation in this regard was had at this time. Agents Dowd and Birch and Post Office Inspectors Claggett and Casey then went to Agents' rooms at the Waldorf Hotel and remained there for approximately one hour, the conversation being of a general nature.

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The next day about twelve-thirty P. M. after Agents Birch and Dowd had finished lunch in the coffee shop of the Waldorf Hotel and were going out into the lobby when they encountered Post Office Inspectors Hettrick, Casey, Claggett, and Cordrey, who were seated at a table having lunch. At this time Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick advised Agent Birch that he had important information to convey to Mr. Connelley and made inquiry as to whether or not he was in Toledo, and if he was not there, who was in charge. Agent Birch informed him that Special Agent E. J. Wynn was in Toledo and he then stated he would get in touch with Special Agent Wynn. Later, about one-thirty P. M., Post Office Inspector S. J. Hettrick telephoned to Agent Birch, who was in his room at the time, requesting the whereabouts of Agent Wynn. After this telephone call Inspector Hettrick came to Agent Birch's room and confided to Agent Birch that it was his intention to pick up Joe Roscoe, bring him to the post office building and interrogate him in an effort to obtain information relative to the location of Harry Campbell, and in addition to interview and pick up a number of persons, among whom was former Sheriff Jake Taylor. Inspector Hettrick asked Agent Birch as to his knowledge of the present location of Joe Roscoe, and Agent Birch advised Inspector Hettrick that he had no knowledge of Roscoe's whereabouts. In view of the above information from Mr. Hettrick it was deemed advisable to communicate with Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley, and in this connection advised Inspector Hettrick accordingly.

Agent Birch accompanied Post Office Inspector Hettrick to a private telephone booth from which a call was placed to Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley at Cleveland, advising him of the contact had with Post Office Inspectors Hettrick and Cordrey, and of their intention to pick up Joe Roscoe and interrogate him at the post office, likewise Jake Taylor and others. Mr. Connelley asked to talk with Mr. Hettrick and after a short conversation Agent Birch again talked with Mr. Connelley who advised Agent Birch that it was satisfactory with him if the post office inspectors picked up Joe Roscoe and Jake Taylor and interviewed them. After this telephonic conversation with Special Agent in Charge Connelley Agent Birch returned to his room where he awaited the arrival of Special Agent E. J. Wynn.

At three-thirty P. M., Special Agent E. J. Wynn called Agent Birch on the telephone and requested that Agent Birch immediately contact Inspector Hettrick and request him to get in touch with Mr. Connelley by telephone. Agent Birch made several attempts to contact Inspector Hettrick at the post office and also at the Waldorf and Hillcrest Hotels, but was unsuccessful. Agent Birch then proceeded to the office of the post office inspectors and there located Post

Office Inspector Frank Casey, who advised Agent Birch that Inspectors Hettrick, Claggett and Cordrey were then at Mercy Hospital conducting an investigation. Agent Birch advised Inspector Casey of the request of Mr. Connelley that Mr. Hettrick contact him. Before Agent Birch left the office of Post Office Inspector Casey, Post Office Inspectors Hettrick, Claggett and Cordrey entered and Agent advised Inspector Hettrick of Mr. Connelley's request. Mr. Hettrick immediately put In a long distance call to Mr. Connelley and upon conclusion of the conversation advised Agent Birch that Mr. Connelley had granted the post office inspectors permission to interview Fred Hunter, who was then in custody at New Orleans. Post Office Inspector Classett. during the time Inspector Hettrick was conversing with Mr. Connelley. advised Agent Birch that Inspectors Cordrey, Hettrick and himself had just returned from Mercy Hospital where they made investigation relative to the time Sam Coker was confined in that hospital, particularly during the Carrettsville robbery on November 7, 1935. Inspector Claggett gave no further details but upon conclusion of Inspector Hettrick's telephone conversation with Mr. Connelley, he advised Agent Birch that he, Hettrick, had just returned from Mercy Hospital and on leaving had encountered Special Agent E. J. Wynn, who was then entering the hospital. Mr. Hettrick's statement is as follows: Wynn asked me what I found out about Coker. I told him (with a wave of his hand) there it is; go get it for yourself." Hettrick then asked Agent Birch the following question: "Say, are we cooperation \_\_\_\_ or not?" Agent Birch replied, "As far as I know, we ere. All matters of policy are governed by Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley." At this time Inspector Cordrey attempted to engaged Agent Birch in a dispute relative to activities of IBI Agenta and ... post office inspectors at Hot Springs. Agent Birch advised Inspector Cordrey that he had no knowledge of this and could make no comment about it. Agent Birch then left the post office.

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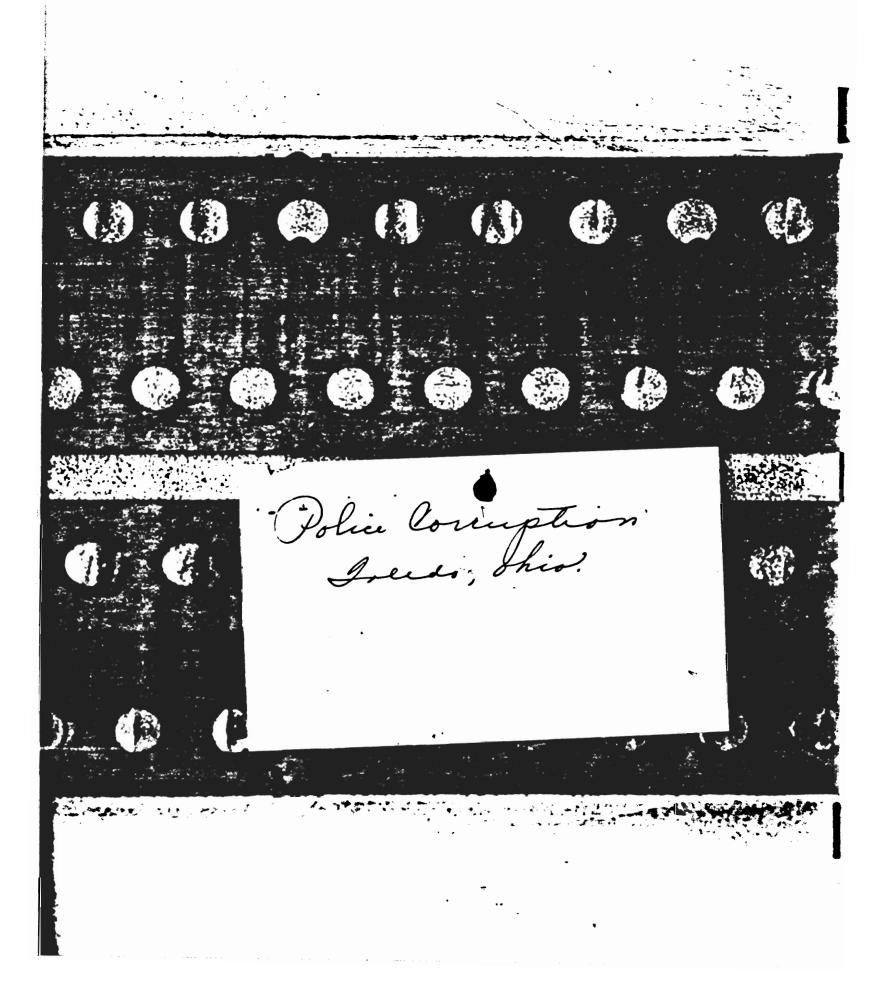
This statement includes the details of all contacts had by these Agents with post office inspectors at Toledo, Ohio

TMB/EJB

1. M.K

Respectfully submitted

Special Agent



Cleveland, Ohio, May 8, 1936.

#### MEMORANDUM FOR SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE E. J. CONNELLEY

With reference to the statement appearing in the Cleveland Press, dated May 8, 1936, made by Chief of Police Ray Allen of Toledo, Ohio, demanding to know why Director John Edgar Hoovar chose to ignore the Toledo police in conducting the raid, which resulted in the apprehension of Harry Campbell at Toledo, Ohio, thus implying that Toledo police officers could not be trusted, the writer desires to report the following information which he obtained from Edna Murray while she was confined in the Missouri State Penitentiary at Jefferson City, Missouri:

It will be recalled that Edna Murray was the consort of Volney Davis during the time that they, with other members of the Barker-Karpis mob established themselves in Toledo during the spring and summer of 1954.

with reference to the setup at Toledo, which made it safe for them to reside there without apprehension, she advised that Bert and Ted Angus, owners of the Lesino Club were very friendly with George Timeny, who at that time was in charge of the hoodlum squad of the Toledo Police Department. In this connection, Edna Murray related that both Bert and Ted Angus and their clique were fully aware of the identities of the various members of the mob; that when Doc Barker brought Volney Davis to Toledo in February, 1934, Doc made the statement to Volney that he might not like the setup at Toledo, but that the people with whom they would be connected and would associate knew who they were and what they did. She stated that Volney Bavis was very much opposed to this situation, particularly after he learned that police officer Timeny of the Toledo Police Department was included in the clique. She further advised that Bert and Ted Angus claimed that Timeny was a very good friend of theirs.

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Edna Murray further stated that George Timeny observed them on numerous occasions at the Casino Club and became acquainted with several members of the mob; that he referred to them by their first names and the boys referred to him as Tim"; that shortly after Doc Barker and Russell Gibson arrived in Toledo they either purchased or rented a motor hoat from Timeny; that this boat is described as being dark maroon in color, seven passenger capacity, built-in motor with steering wheel; that the boat was usually docked in the small harbor directly across from the Casino Club and near the golf course. She further advised with reference to this boat that it was her understanding that the same at one time had been used to run rum and was confiscated by the police; that through useage it became very dilapidated and every time it was taken out the boys had to do considerable bailing. She further stated that during the mob's entire stay at Toledo they had access to this launch and that the keys were kept at the Casino Club.

Another incident which greatly indicates that the Barker-Karpis mob was residing in Toledo with police protection is as follows: Edna stated that on the night Harry Campbell was to have his fingers operated on by Dr. Moran, Campbell came up from the basement of his home in a very excited frame of mind. He told the boys that he believed that someone was "casing" the house. A discussion was immediately had as to what to do, during which discussion Fred Barker entered the room. When he was informed of Harry Campbell's observation he stated that he would immediately go to the Casino Club and find out whether there was any "heat" on the place. He returned later that evening and stated that they, meaning the Angus brothers, would find out what it was about; that on the next morning Fred Barker came to Alvin Karpis! apartment at the Jarvis Apartments in Toledo, and in the presence of Edna Murray stated that the Angus brothers had learned from Timeny that as far as he knew there was no "heat" on their place. Edna Murray advised that the boys later conjectured that Campbell concocted the above story, which he based on his observation, in order to avoid being operated on that night.

Edna Murray further advised the writer that on another occasion while she and other members of the mob were drinking at the Casino Club she was in a booth with Rene Holst and Madeline Angus, the wife of Bert Angus; that while in this booth, George Timeny, who was partially intoxicated, came to their booth and asked Rene for a dance. Rene refused him and when Timeny walked away, Edna made the remark to her, "What the hell does that son-of-a-bitch want?" According to Edna, Rene laughed and said, "Oh, he's alright. You have nothing to worry about."

The foregoing information was previously reported in the report of Special Agent John L. Madala, Chicago, Illinois, dated October 17, 1935.

Respectfully submitted,

JIM/EJB

John L. madala

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JOHN L. MADALA Special Agent.

- 5 -

Cleveland, Ohio May 8, 1956

#### MEMORANDUM TO SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE B. J. CONNELLEY

With reference to the situation existing in the police department at Toledo, Ohio, and agent's contacts with the department during the investigation of the Brekid case at Toledo, Ohio, the writer has confined his contacts to Detective Harry K. Manson and former Detective Merle Unkle, present Chief of Police at Mansfield, Chio, for the reason agent was advised by former Special Agent D. E. Hall, who was formerly assigned to the Brekid case in the Detroit office, that the above two individuals had furnished splendid cooperation and could be trusted. Agent later contacted Sergeant Frank Baumgartner, and en one occasion Detective Owen Green.

A perusal of the Cleveland file of the Brekid case has been made, and the following is set forth, which reflects incidents and statements made by various individuals when interviewed by Bureau agents at Toledo, Ohio, during the course of this investigation.

Your attention is respectfully directed to the report of Special Agent J. L. Madala, Chicago, Illinois, dated 10-17-55, especially page 54, wherein an interview was had with Special Agents A. P. Barber and C. E. Smith with VernyRoyer, 5512 Mankattan Boulevard, golf professional, Bayview Golf Course, which course is located across the street from the Casino Club, formerly operated by Bert and Ted Angus. According to Mr. Royer, some time during August 1934 unknown individuals had driven an automobile apparently from the Casino Club across number two fairway and green to the Bayview Yacht Club. A short time later Russell Simpson, a hanger-on at the golf course, observed the individuals and later recognized them when \_\_\_\_ Viewing photographs of Doc Barker and Alvin Karpis. Simpson advised Royer of this incident, and Royer, in turn, notified some Toledo, Chio detectives of Simpson's experience, and the detectives advised him that if he was not sure of the identity of these persons he should forget it, as they were a dangerous crowd, and if a raid were made on the Casino Club and nothing found, might cause trouble.

Later Special Agent C. E. Smith contacted Detective Harry Manson as reflected in report of Agent Smith, Cleveland, Chio, dated 11-16-35, page 2, and was advised by him he had heard that Detective

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Owen Green could possibly secure a photograph of some of the subjects of this case standing beside the motor boat of Ted Angus at the Bayview Golf Course. Detective Manson further advised that, in his opinion, Green was straight, and if approached in the proper manner, would cooperate. Agent's interview with Detective Green is set forth later in this memorandum.

Attention is also directed to letter of Special Agent in Charge E. J. Connelley to the Director, dated at Cleveland, Chio, 2-5-36, wherein on page 6, Lillian "Lou" Poole, a former immate of the call house of Edith Barry, advised SAC E. J. Connelley that "Edith is undoubtedly paying off to someone in the city hall, as the police never interfere with the operation of her house in any way and even the officer on that particular beat never calls at the place". Attention is also called to the report of Special Agent J. L. Madala, Chicago, Illinois, 2-6-35, wherein on page 48 it is reflected in the statement made by Wynona/Burdette to Agent Madala and Special Agent D. P. Sullivan that "the boys" told her that Willie@Harrison had been picked up by the Toledo police; that he, Willie, told the police he was a friend of Bert and Ted Angus, and the police thereafter took him out to the Casino Club. Wynona further states later she learned the matter was merely a joke played on Willie by Bert and Ted Angus.

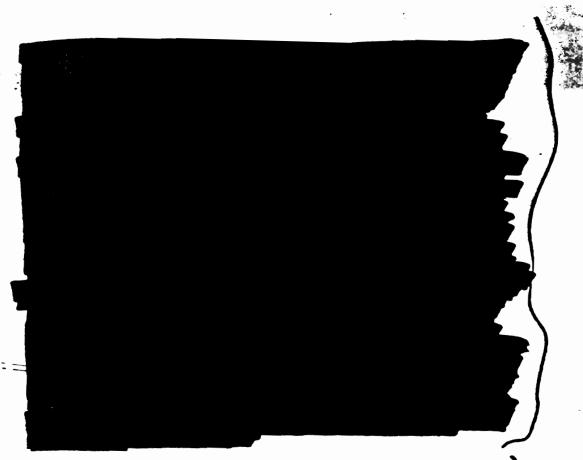
Attention is called to report of Special Agent W. B. O'Mahoney dated atCleveland, Ohio, S-10-56, wherein on page 6 Special Agent C. E. Smith was advised by Lillian "Lou" Marea, formerly Lillian "Lou" Poole, that on one occasion a police officer had entered Edith Barry's house while looking for a man and Edith had called Captain Fruchi of the police department and that was the last time she was bothered.

On March 15, 1936, at 7:51 Special Agent C. E. Smith was maintaining a tap on the telephone of Edith Barry and recorded the following conversation:

Outgoing call

Agent subsequently learned that Edith Barry had just been raided, and at 8:50 pm after three calls were made by Edith Barry to Forest 3012-J, which is the home telephone of Detective James Ford, the following conversation was recorded. It will be noted that this was an incoming call and agent could not recognize the individual's voice.

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As a matter of information, James H. Ford is a Toledo city detective and resides at 1718 Joffrie Avenue, telephone number Forest 5012-J. The records of the County Prosecutor's office reveal that on June 20, 1951, Ford was indicted by the Lucas County Grand Juny on a charge of public official soliciting and accepting a bribe under indictment number 20270. On August 12, 1952, the charge was molled. Briefly, the facts of the case are, according to Detective Harry K. Manson, as follows: Ford accepted money from David Britz, operator of the Palm Hotel, on Cherry Street, which was also a house of assignation. Detective Ford was arrested in the act of receiving the money. Detective Manson also advised that David Britz is the father of Morris Britz, a former Toledo City Police Prosecutor.

It will also be noted on page 4 in report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, Detroit, Michigan, 7-30-34, that Special Agent D.P. Dickstein exhibited a photograph of C. D. Harris alias Clyde Nimerick alias Dutch to Captain George Timmoney, and according to Agent Dickstein Timmoney seemed to be very eool and would not furnish Agent Dickstein with any information. It will also be noted in the summary report of Special Agent D. E. Hall at Detroit, Michigan, 4-27-35 on page 15, Agent Hall states that George Timmoney, Captain

of Detective Bureau, Toledo Police Department, is a close friend of various underworld characters in Toledo, and especially Ted and Bert Angus; that he is not reliable and has not been contacted to date. Attention is also called to pages 40 and 41 of report of Special Agent J. L. Madala, at Chicago, Ill., 10-17-35, wherein Edna Murray stated to Agent Madala that Volney was very much opposed to the situation at Toledo, particularly after he learned that a police officer was among the Angus clique. She continued that she : referred to George Timmoney, a plain clothesman in the Toledo Police Department, a very good friend of both Bert and Ted Angus. Edna further stated that George Timmoney referred to "the boys" by their common names and that "the boys" referred to Timmoney as Tim. Edna further stated that Doc Barker and Russell A Gibson either purchased or rented Timmoney's motor boat and during their entire stay in Toledo they had access to this launch, and the keys to it were kept at the Casino Club. It is stated here that no investigation has been conducted to date to ascertain whether Captain Timmoney or his paramour, Edith Marks, owns the motor boat.

Your attention is also directed to the report of Special Agent D. P. Sullivan, dated at Chicago, Illinois, 12-21-35 and especially to pages 9 and 10, wherein Edna Murray in a second state ment made to Agent Sullivan again stated that on one occasion Wynona Burdette, she and Willie Harrison when staying at the Algo Hotel, Toledo, Chio, while asleep Detective Timmoney and another policeman named George, at the instigation of Bert Angus made a fake raid in the Algo Hotel, kicked in the door of Harrison's room, placed him under arrest and proceeded to take him to the police station, and Harrison while on his way strongly objected and stated that he was a friend of Bert and Ted Angus, whereupon Timmoney took him to the Casino Club for the purpose of verifying Harrison's statements. A black-jack had also been planted in Harrison's car and the individuals who were present at the Casino Club at the time greatly enjoyed Harrison's discomforture before they advised him that it was a joke. Edna further states that while talking with Bert Angus later about the Harrison incident, Bert stated, "When we arrested Willie, we didn't know that that was a bunch of kidnapers at the Algo Hotel".

It will also be noted on page 4 in the report of Special Agent C. E. Smith, dated at Cleveland, Ohio, 7-11-55, that Detective Owen Green upon interview with Special Agents Smith and B. M. Hirsh relative to information he had about someone who had a photograph of Karpis and Campbell standing by Ted Angus' boat,

indicated that during the summer of 1934 he had heard a rumor about the mob hanging around the Bayview Yacht Club; that he and his partner, Ray Sheets, contacted Russell Simpson, who was employed at the Municipal Golf Course, adjacent to the Yacht Club, who stated he had secured the photograph. Green stated that he had requested the photograph and told Simpson that there was heavy money out for the men, and if Simpson would help them, he would get a cut on it. He said later that Simpson alibied out of the deal, and it was the impression of Green that someone had reached Simpson. When questioned by agents relative to who might have reached Simpson he stated that he did not know as he had not continued the investigation, giving agents the impression that his activities had been interfered with by some official. Green further stated that the Angus brothers, no doubt, were hiding the boys and their contact in the police department was Captain Timmoney, and Captain Timmoney was known to be close friend of the Angus'.

Your attention is also called to report of Special Agent D. E. Hall, Detroit, Mich., 2-25-35, wherein on page 26 Special Agent A. Dickstein contacted Kenneth Larson, motorcycle police officer. who resides at 1361 Rollins Road, Toledo, Ohio, who had approached Assistant U. S. Attorney Gerald P. Openlander, stating he had certain information relating to the Karpis-Barker gang, and he was referred to this office by Mr. Openlander in order that investigation be conducted by the Detroit office at Toledo, Chio. Officer\_\_\_ Larson stated he should be treated as a confidential informant, due to known existing conditions in the Toledo Police Department, and under no circumstances should the fact that he was furnishing information in this regard be revealed to anyone outside of the Bureau. It will also be noted on page 11 in the summary report of Special Agent D. R.Hall, dated at Detroit, Mich., 4-27-55, that Special Agent D. E. Hall also stated that Kenneth Larson, motorcycle policeman, Toledo Police Department, should not be contacted at any time at the police department, but always at his home due to known existing conditions in the Toledo Police Department.

Attention is also called to the report of Special Agent
D. E. Hall, dated at Detroit, Michigan, 8-22-54, wherein on page 10
it is reflected that Agent Hall interviewed Assistant U. S. Attorney
Gerald P. Openlander, in order to obtain a reliable contact, whe
was acquainted with the activities of Theodore Angus and Elwood
Tonkers, and he stated that as a whole he had little or no confidence in the Toledo Police Department; however, he stated that
Gaptain Charles Hammassy had always impressed him as being an
honest and upright officer. He further advised that he had received
information to the effect that he could not be bought and stood for
honest and efficient law enforcement. He further stated that the

first of the current year, 1935, rice investigations had been turned over to Captain Hennessey and in shout three months he did more to clean up vice than any of his predecessors had in Toledo, but due to vigorous politics he had been removed from this position and placed at squad duty again. Captain Hennessey. stated that the Angus brothers owned the Casino Club and it was also felt that Captain George Timmoney, now in charge of the vice squad, had an interest in this club. He stated that the Angus brothers and Timmoney were inseparable Triends and it was learned, or there was no doubt in his mind that they were playing in the protection game in Toledo and it was generally understood that during the term of office of former Mayor Hatcher (Thatcher, correct name) it was commonly known that Angus was a graft collector and vice boss.

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D. E. Hall that he would not contact any of the heads of the Toledo
Police Department concerning Angus, as he believes the Angus' are
closely allied with them and they would tip him off and render no
assistance of value concerning the various members of the KarpisBarker gank. Captain Hennessey further stated that there was no
question in his mind that Captain Timmoney was creeked. Captain
Hennessey referred Special Agent D. E. Hall to Detective R. L.
Peters of the Toledo Police Department, who was at that time assigned to the vice squad under Captain George Timmoney, but whom he
considers an honest officer and who had often remarked to him concerning the way Timmoney was grafting.

As reflected in the same report but on page 12, Captain Hennessey took Special Agent D. E. Hall to the home of Detective R. L. Peters, 1801 Monroe Street, and Detective Peters advised Agent Hall of practically the same information with reference to the Angus brothers and Captain George Timmoney. He also stated that he was satisfied in his own mind beyond any question of doubt that Timmoney was crooked and the Whole administration of the Toledo Police Department was wrong. Detective Peters advised Agent Hall that In the event the Detroit office desired to contact him. They should, under no eircumstances, contact him at the police department but always at his home, stating that if Captain George Gimmoney became aware of the fact that he was making any inquiries or assisting in any way in the investigation of Theodore Pangus, Timmoney would probably try to have him fired from the police department. Captain Hennessey made a like request.

With reference to present Sheriff James O'Reilly, the following conversation was had by Special Agent Smith with Assistant U. S. Attorney Gerald P. Openlander, who stated that he was giving agent this information and did not care to be quoted: that Toledo had had a lot of bumisheriffs, and James O'Reilly was fast becoming the wors. In view of the fact that no investigation was being conducted at that time on the present sheriff, it is not a reflected in the files of the Brekid case.

During the course of Special Agent B. M. Hirsh's presence in Toledo, Ohio, as resident agent, the following information was obtained by him as a result of confidential talks with various police officers in that city.

While talking with Assistant U. S. Attorney Gerald P. Open-lander, he advised that for several years prior to his appointment as Assistant U. S. Attorney, he was a member of the city law department; that as such he took part in removal proceedings of one or two officers from the police department; that during his tenure of office he had the confidence of many of the members of the force and that he learned from these officers the names of other officers who were "on the take" and who were grooked.

It is recalled that Mr. Openlander mentioned that Detective George Timmoney was one of those who was known to be "on the take", and Inspector Haas, now resigned, had also for many years, even while serving as chief of police, had been "on the take". Detective Arthur Langendorfer and others, names not recalled.

In numerous conversations with John Louy, Superintendent of the Eureau of Identification and Records, Teledo, Ohio, Police Department, Mr. Louy advised that he knew of several members in the police department who owned beautiful homes, who could not have purchased such homes from monies earned by them from their salaries alone, even though they had managed to save their entire salaries without deducting living expenses. Mr. Louy indicated that such persons definitely had been on the take for many years. Mr. Louy did not advise the writer definitely as to the names of these persons but did advise agent that if he had occasion to work with or go to any of these officers for assistance, if these officers were known and inquiry was made of him by agent, he would, if the officer was wrong, steer agent clear of him.

During the course of a general conversation with Detective Owen Green of the Toledo Police Department, on one occasion, he became very confidential with the writer, at which time he generally discussed the inefficiency of most of the members of the Detective Bureau and the police department. In this connection he advised very confidentially that one of the detective captains, Rydman, was particularly inefficient and had no particular ability as a captain; that his promotion had been the result of politics and his friendshi with persons who had "pull"

Detective Green stated that he was very friendly toward Rydman and liked him personally; that he was a nice fellow but was grossly inefficient. He also indicated that he had been very friendly for many years with Inspector Haas, now resigned; that he considers Haas very inefficient and not a very able officer. Detective Green also advised that Inspector, on one or two occasions, while Chief of Police of the Toledo Police Department, had been non the take in a big way for many years.

In this connection, Detective Green stated that Haas informed him, Green, of the various amounts which he had received as a "pay-off"; although Detective Green would not mention the exact amounts, he did indicate that this amounted to several thousands of dollars per month. Detective Green also indicated that Captain George Timmoney long in charge of the hoodlum squad in Toledo had been "on the take". He considered Detective Timmoney a capable officer but one who had always been among those "paid off".

Respectfully submitted,

73. M. Hirsh, Special Agents and

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The Man William Street

## UNITED STATES BUREAU OF

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT ST. TATL MENN SOUTA St. Paul, Minnesota CHANGED: Charles JOSEPH FITZGERALD, eliases: Charles Morgan, J. Collisamond, W. M. Funk, Slimbilliams, Branks Fest, Charles Mogan, Charles Mose, Pailip Pitzgerald, W. M. Trans, W. D. Witzgerald, J. G. Adoms, Daniel Mathias Logan, Charles Tordons Propresentation W. E. Fitsgereld, Chi Slim, Big Cherley, Big Ben, Big Fits, Long Charley, Old Cherley, Billiam Funk, C. J. Eurphy, Charles Joseph Lurray, J. C. Foster, Jenes Charles Toster, Judge Fitzgereld, G. W. Filson; JCHN P. FRIFE alias Jack Ficifier; EDWARD C. BARTHOLMEY; ALBIN FRANCISTARPIS, aliaseq: Alvin Earpis, Alvin Earpavier, A. Corter, Raymond Handley, George Haller, Alvin Korpis, A. Korpis, Barl Peel, Alvin Kapis, George Dunn, R. R. Hemilton, Ray Hunter, Ray Karpis, E. L. Burns, Barl Lyman OBurns, E. L. Burns, J. J. Durns, William lobman, William B. Clohman, R. L. Welson, Marion Gradford, Marion Bradford, H. J. Wilgreth, H. G. Wilgreth, Howard Wilgreth, L. LoBurnes, Ray Hall, Dan Murphy, Chi Karpis, Raymond Hadley, Labin Karpis, Lames, Charles M. Bronson, Laroy Morrison, E. M. Ragner, H. C. Haggoner, Elmer Wagner, E. M. Fagner, Edward H. Sagner, L. C. Woods, A. S. Green, Ray Green, E. M. Green, Charles A. Richards, W. S. Lohman, Slin, Raymond Alvin Karpis, Bay Carson, T. M. Helson, R. J. Burns, Bay Madley, R. S. Carson, F. M. Dawson, R. G. Hayes, Jr.; ARTHUR R. BARKER, aliases: Dod Barker, Claude Dale, Bob Barker, Change Hayes, Jr.; ARTHUR RIBARKER, aliases: Dod Herker, Claude Dale, Bob Barker, R. L. Hurray, J. H. Harvey, A. S. Hunter, Dock Barker, Claude Barker, Arthur Barker, F. E. Gordon, H. J. Harvey, Ignes, Ray Gordon, Joe. Shorty, Herri.

SILLIAK BRYAN BOLTON, aliases: Byron Polton, Monty Carter, Owen D. Carter,

Owen Bernard Carter, Owen B. Carter, James Martin, O. Br Jeyes; FRAD BARKER

(Deceased), gliases: F. G. Ward, Tee Marphy, J. Barrows, E. E. Davis, J. E.

OBlackburn, T. C. Blackburn, A. S. Hunter, J. Barl Matterson, J. Stanley Smith,

Fred E. Gordon Bradford, Earl J. Matterson, F. C. Blackburn, F. B. Leng, Shotgum Zeigler, The Dutelman, James George Zeigler, George B. Siebert, A. "Johnson, W. A. Johnson, George B. Seibert, George B. Johnson, Flord C. Zeigler George 7. Seibert; RIMER TARMER; 6-Bureau (5 Brekid) 4-Chicago (2 Brekid) 2-Cloveland (1 . ) PARTIALL S-Cincinneti (8 " ) Dr 1825 8-U.S. Atty., St. Paul - TH/5

Synopsis of Taste:

Subject Karpis arrived St. Peal, Miss., May 2, 1936 in custody of Director and Bureau Agents. Questioned St. Paul Office May 2 to 6, 1936 and schitted his milt in both Hunap and Brakid kidnapings. Admissions of guilt by Karpis relate only to his participation. [44] Karpis has definitely refused to implicate other persons or to make signed statement, although he admits knowing all subjects in Hemap and Brekid Midnapings except Burtholmey. V.S. Attorney Sulliven, St. Funl, refused proposition from Karpis that he plead guilty to one kidmaping and have other dismissed. Kerpis taken into 🐃 quetoly by U.S. Karshal, St. Fml, Minn., May 6, 1936 and ecomitted Runsey County Jail, St. Paul, Minni, on some date in default of total bond of \$600,000 in both kid-Rapings. Attengenents made at Ransey County Jail to 🎋 have 24 hour agent guard on Karple and to keep nonepapers and visitors from him.

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Report of Special Agent S. R. Mekes, St.Fml, Mirmosota, 4-87-86.

DETAILS

The title of this case is being thanged in order to set out the true name of Subject EARPIS, which he has stated to be ALMER FRANCIS EARPIS.

At about 6:00 P.M. on May 1, 1936, the Director communicated telephonically from Now Gricens, Louisians, with Special Agent in Charge 6. 1. Stein of the St. Punl Bureau Office, and advised that publicat EARPIN and just been taken into distody at New Gricens and was being removed to St. Punl immediately by plane in quotody of Bureau Agents. It was stated that the plane would probably reach St. Punl, Minnesota, during the early hours of the morning, and instructions were given that appropriate extensions to made to made the plane in order that the party might be secorted to the St. Punk Office.

EARPIS errived at the Bolmen Municipal Airport, St. Paul, Minnesota, at about 8:45 A.M., May R, 1956 in custody of the Director; Assistant Director G. A. Telson; Special Agents in Charge L. J. Connelley and Dwight Brantley, and Special Agents E. R. Glavin and Clarence Mirt. He was impediately taken to the St. Faul Bureau Office for questioning.

On May 2, 1936 Subject ALVIX KARPIS was questioned by Special Agent J. K. Nekee in the presence of Special Agent G. A. Paulson, at which time he made some admissions. On May 8 and 4, 1936 KARPIS was questioned by Special Agents R. C. Suran and S. K. Mekee and during this period the admissions made to Special Agent Mekee on the first mentioned date were repeated by Earpia, and for that reason it is to be stated that all admissions made by Earpis have been made in the presence of both Agents Suran and Mekee.

Then the questioning of Karpis was commerced he refused to answer any questions which related to any alleged offences committed by him. However, when questioning was continued he commerced to furnish answers of such a nature that he seemed to be assuming that the Aureeu was in possession of correct facts relative to both the Humm and Bremer kidnapings. During the time of this questioning Karpis was very definite in his assertions that he would not answer any questions or supply any information which would affect any friends of his, that is, persons possibly jointly involved with him in the commission of a crime, or persons who had befriended him while he can a fugitive. He also stated that he would at no time make any signed statement.

At the beginning of his questioning larges identified photographs of the various persons allegedly involved along with him in the imma kidnaping. The natter of these identifications and the information supplied by him as to the various persons conserved will be treated hereinafter.

On the wight of May 2, 1956, when Earpis was being questioned by Special Agent Mekee, notes of the questions and answers were taken by Special Agent G. A. Peulson unbeknown to Earpis, and some will be made a part of this file. The substance of the advissions secured at this time is that Karpis admitted he was guilty of both the Hean and Brower Midnapings, and that he drove the ear used in the actual Midnaping of Victim Hums. Earpis admitted being acquainted with all of the persons under indictment in the Hums case with the exception of Burthalmay, and in the case of Burthalmay he refused to answer any questions.

Karpis, of his own valition, mentioned that he would possibly enter a plea of guilty to one of these kidnapings if the pistriet Attorney would agree to dray the other, but that he would not consider entering pleas of guilty to both kidnapings. Of his own volition he also stated that he knew that Agents Kekee and Paulson could testify against him in court with respect to his statements that he was guilty of both kidnapings and had driven the our used in the abdustion of Hamm. During this questioning Agent Makee advised Karpis that he could testify against him with respect to any admissions he might make, and in response to questions refused to discuss with Karpis the matter of any sentences he might require, stating in this connection that the matter of passing sentence was entirely one for the consideration of the courts.

A group of about fifty photographs were exhibited to Livin Karpis and he stated that he would set aside those photographs which he recognized as being the likewesses of individuals known to him. He advised that of the photographs which he refused to identify there might be some persons whom he knew but concerning whom he would not identify photographs or make my statements. The felldwing is a resume of photograph identifications made by Karpis and of the information supplied by him concerning these persons:

FRED BLREER - Advised he become sequalisted with this individual while both of them were confined in the Kensus State Penitentiary at Lansing, Kensus, prior to 1951, Freddie being the first of the so-called Barkin-KARPIS mob with when he become sequainted.

ARTEUR "POO" BANKER - Stated he not Doc Barber in the Pall of 1938 at St. Paul, Minnesota, and that he, Karpia, and Fred Barber Furnished the money through which Doc's release from the Oklahema State Positortiary was secured. Karpis refused to elaborate on the pirounstances under which Doc's release was necessed.

FUED SOUTH - Stated he first was introduced to Goots in M.
Fool, Himsesta, some years age but really became acquainted with him during the Spring of 1935 when Goots was living with his wife Irone and a little bey in a bungalow located in Amburst, Althois. Empise would not state who introduced him to Goots or the connections in which the visits to the Almburst house were made.

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GHARLES 7. FITZGERALB - Karple stated he became acquainted with litzgerald in Chicago, Illinois, in the summer of 1932; that We first became negleciated with him pubesquent to the date that Im Miciden. Francis yesting, and Marvey Entley were arrested in Annua City, Missouri, during the first part of July 1988; that after the errort of those individuals he, with Fredile Burker, Larry Corel, Bernard ballips, and "Ma Warker come to St. Paul, Minnesota, and that shortly thereafter he, Karpis, went to Chisage, Illinois, and met Pitzgerald at the O P Inn operated by Bod Tasey. He also stated that he often our Fitzgerald with Balle Bory, and said that Fitzgerald was friendly sith two non know to his asybig Honor" and Ous. "Bith '?" respect to Gus, Karpis stated that he was about the mise of Agent McKee, Agent McKee being approximately 5 feet, 8 inches in height; weight about 160 pounds. Earpis said that Oue was possibly broader through the shoulders than Agent Mekee and was about 42 years of age; that he had nedium brown bair, and was supposed to be interested along with Qualinkier in some night club located in the morth Side of Chicago.

BRYAN BOLTON - Karpis said he become acquainted with Bolton at about the time he met Coets; that Bolton and Coets were very close friends and Bolton was generally regarded as being Coets' bodymard. Earpis advised that from various actions and remarks made by Bolton during times he was in his company, he received the impression that if Bolton was arrested that he would "Tall everything he know" and that for this reason he on several occasions mentioned to Coets that he thought it would be a good idea if he would break away from him.

JACK PAIRIE - Kurpis stated he become acquainted with Jock
Poifer at 34. Paul, Minrosota, when he first began to some to 54. Paul,
which was about 1982. He said that he was friendly with Poifer and
often some in contact with him at the delilybooks Inn, which was
operated at that time by Poifer as a restourent and smalling joint;
Further, that he saw Poifer on one occasion at the Clentation Inn on
White Boar Lake and on memoreus occasions at Harry Sawyer's salous.

MMM FARMER - Earpis stated he met Elmer Furner at his saleon in Beneenville, Illinois. He would not state who introduced him to this individual. He claimed that he has only been in Furner's saleon on two occasions, but that on numerous occasions he has driven to the place and remained outside in the ear while Farmer came out and talked to either him or whoever was with him at the time.

VOLKET DAVIS - No statement was made as to when he become acquainted with Volkey Davis; however, he advised that Davis was living with Fred Barker in a cottage at Long Lake, Illinois, during the summer of 1933, and that while this cottage was occupied by Barker, Davis, Paula Jarmon and Edna Lurray he made two visits to the cottage. He also stated that Davis did not participate in the Huma kidnaping. He would not either affirm or deny that Lavis took part in the Bremer kidnaping. He did state that during the early part of 1934 the mob believed that Davis was losing his mind because of his peculiar actions. He said that while he knew Davis, Edna Furray was living with him, and that after he, Karpis, moved out of an apartment house on Second Avenus in Paywood, Illinois, Davis and Adna Furray moved into the same building. He identified the photograph of Ama Burray and admitted that he had seen her at the Earker-Davis so thags on Long Lake, Illinois, during the summer of 1955.

Bill TORM - Kerple adultted that he had seen this women in the company of Charles J. Fitzgarald in Chicago, Illinois, but refused to adult that he had ever been to the apartment of Fitzgarald Located on Oglesby Avenue in Chicago, although he did state that he know Fitzgarald and Bulle Born resided at that place during the summer of 1935.

"FRISO DUTCH ATLIBURE - He stated he has seen "Friede Dutch" at numerous spots in St. Penl, Minnesota, including the Hollybooks Inn. Janyer's select, and also the Flantation at Mile Boar Lake, Minnesota.

during the Pall of 1932 or the early part of 1932 when he first enough to 30. Paul, Einsectal that he saw Surper mainly at his salcon. He also admitted that he had come in contact with Surper Guring the summer of 1934 at Cloveland, Ohio.

short five years, but that Compbell did not become connected with the mob until about the Fall of 1955 at Chicago, illinois, just prior to the time that the entire mob proceeded to Reno, Mevada. He advised that Campbell lived with Aynona burdette during this period as man and wife, and that after Aynona was arrested in Chevalund, Chio, and subsequently returned to her home in Chiahoma that Harry went to Oklahoma and drove her to Florida, where they lived until the date of

the Cklamba affair. Karpis stated that Ernone contended that did not furnish may information to the Covernment while she was under arrost, but that he, Karpis, did not believe her and told Compbell that he thought she was lying; that at the time that Hynone Burdette was brought to St. Foul, Minnesota, to testify in the second trial of the Brazer suse, farry Compbell refused to believe that she would testify for the Covernment; that byname sent a telegram to her relatives in Oklahous, which he stated he recalled read in substance. "Floase send fifty dollars for attorney fees"; that he and Harry Comptell drove to Oklahom and not some relative of Zynona Burdette's and furnished this relative with money to transmit to typona, and that the money so transmitted belonged to him, Karpis. He asked be much money Tynone received, and was advised the sum was \$60.00, and Karpis replied that he thought that would be the way it turned out. indicating that a larger sum of money was left with the relative. He refused to divulge how farry Campbell and hinself learned that the belogram had been received by the relatives of Lynons, and refused to disclose the identity of this relative. With respect to Compbell, Karpis refused to state which of the several photographs in possession of the Sureun was the best present likeness. He did state, however, that he last saw Compbell during Movember 1935. He would not state where this meeting eccurred, but he did may that Campbell at that time was drinking very beavily and while drinking did not know what he did or said; that on several essusions they had quarrals, and Compbell threatened to kill him, and he felt that if was best to leave Campball as he felt he would fave to kill him in the event and remained together.

Finally Line - Employment that he become acquainted with Jimmie Filmon through Explorer in Chicago, Illinois, and that Jimmie Mison also visited the various numbers of the gang in Cleveland and Taledo, Chie. He refused to go into further details concerning this individual other than to state that he sas always trying to be a "big abot", and that the sentence which Jimmie Alson received after this conviction in the France case was a just sentence; that Jimmie Filmon did not take cure of him while he, Emple, was recovering from his facial and fingertly operations, but did nowit that Jimmie Filmon took care of Empy Compbell after Dr. Horum had operated upon him.

WILLIAM RATION - Karpin stated he first become acquainted with Harrison at Calumet City, Allineis, when Harrison was running a

saloon in that spot along with one of the angus brothers, but that he does not recall the circumstances surrounding this meeting or who took him to Calumet Gity. He stated that he last saw villie Barrison in Mismi, Florida, during the latter part of 1954, at which time he, Karpis, gave Willie some money to go to Galifornia, where Harrison was supposed to open up a filling station and turn "legitimate". He stated that Harrison was not guilty in connection with the Brener kidnaping, but that Willie did assist the members of the gang in renting various apartments and running other errands for the crowle

RUSSEL GIBHON - Karpis merely identified this photograph as being an individual known to him as "Slim" and who associated with the same.

The standard was the standard of the standard

KATE DERKER - Karpis identified the photograph of this some as being the mether of Fred and Doc, and that he associated with her frequently, and lived in the same apartments with Kate and Freddie on various occusions in Kansas City, Missouri; St. Punl, Minnesota, and Chicago, Illinois, and he was very friendly with Kate, but that towards the last months of her life Kate Barker appeared to be endeavoring to cause trouble between the various members of the gang in that she would make statements to one member of the gang desognatory to the other, and that he balisved that she was going insane from warry. He stated that he Barker had knowledge of the criminal activities of her some but at me time did she mid in planning the crimesor have prior knowledge of them

first began concerting with Dolores beloney. He insimuted, however, that it was during the Spring of 1935 at about the time he rented an apartment in River Forest, Illinois. He said that while living with Dolores Delaney he did not tell her smything, and when he want out with various members of the mob he would never take her along as he did not want her to know too much about his business. He stated that he has never married Dolores, but that during the winter of 1934 at Kismi, Florida, he and Dolores contemplated going through a marriage caremony in vice of the approaching birth of her child, but did not go through with their plane insample as he did not know his marital status and felt that the marriage if perfumed would not be lagal and the status of the child would be the same as if no corresony had been gone through. In connection with the child which was later born to Bolores.

. .

He said that if he ever gote the course that is a persevely willing to marry palores if a marriage of the present time will place logitimacy on his son. It is also to be stated that Karpis has remarked that both polares and his son have been taken care of; that he has made provisions for them and that his son is assured of at least a callege education. Then attempts were made to assertain if he had catablished a trust fund or to learn the mana through which provisions had been made for Delores and the beby, he was noncomital.

FRADULTIR - Karpis stated he not this individual in this but refused to diaborate on his acquaintenceably with this individual. He said he knew him as a gambler and as a salesman for gambling equipment. Then questioned with respect to Hunter being involved in the Carrettsville mail robbery, Karpis meruly replied: "He tasseer".

VILLER ELVER - Karpie stated he not Bill Conver shortly of ter the latter's release from the Oklahoma State Fenitentiary some time in 1931, and that in fact he, Karpis, move Bill Seaver his first suit of clothes after the latter's release. He stated that he associated with Bill beaver from this time until the summer of 1934, when Bill left the gang. He refused to be more specific in connection with his association with Neuver, but did state that Bill Neuver was not connected with the kidneping of billion hom, Ir., and only entered with the gang in the kidnaping of Bremer after certain circumstances made it imperative that he do so. He refused to say that the other members of the game forced him into perticipation but he refused to discuss the direcustances which /lend to Seaver's perticipation. In stated he also know that Kyrtle Frieton and Bill Seaver resided together as men and wife, and he refused to discuss these individuals further because he stated he was not assured of the present status of Kyrtle Jaten in connection with the indictments which have been returned against her in connection with both the Brand's kidneping and for berboring William Yourer.

during 1921; that he and Coker were joint participents in the rebbery of a jessley at Menriotta, Glichama, following which Other was sentenced to the Other was sentenced to the Other mas sentenced to the Other mas sentenced make as to his resent associations with Ocker was that Ocker had a lot of gald tooth in the upper front part of his mouth, and that he had to have those tooth put in after being shot through the ness or reef of his mouth; that Ocker was part Indian, and was released from the Other mas just indian, and was released from the Other mas just indian; and was released from the

JOS HURARD - He stated Joe Roward was also involved in the jewel robbary at Henrietta, Chiahoma, in 1931; that following his arrest in Tules, Chiahoma, Howard furnished a bond and justed sees. He said he has not seen flowerd since this occasion.

ENTE - Earpie stated he became acquainted with id Bents in Chicago, Illinois; that he has seen him in other places which he would not make; that Bents was associated with Charles J. Fitzgerald, and that he, Earpis, has had opportunities on evveral occasions to go in on jobs with Bents. In this connection he said that Bents was "crazy" and that he would just as soon go on a job with him as with "Bachine Cun "helly, when he described as the crazioss was he has ever known.

FRANKFIASH - Karpis stated he know Frank Mak as an escociate of VernoViller and Charles J. Fitzgarald, and that he not mak at the O P Inn in Shienge, Illinois, in 1838.

FRANCE ALIE - Earpie stated he knee this some as the wife of Frenk Mash.

Spoil CHOTAN - He seried he know this men as the proprietor of the Argen Lantern Tovern in Chicago, Illinois, located on the South Side of Chicago, where at one time he, Karpis, lived. Karpis stated he never visited this tovern with any other person.

some the photographs which karpis would not identify, but concerning which he was questioned, at which time he stated he had "no answer" to make with respect to those individuals, are the following: Similar & Britishing, Michaeling, and Turricaling. In was shown the photograph of John jurishing and stated that he know the John Davenport was but had never associated with him. In one also shown a photograph of Frunk Joseph and he stated that he did not know this individual, and likewise he falled to identify the photograph of Willie Magnety.

Stager; that he spent considerable time around theme Firm which was spented by Dos Stager; that he also was acquainted with Rosey theory, "Blues" claser, and Johnny Stager, brothers of Dos Stager.

After Karpis on several occasions admitted to agents keese and Suran that he was guilty in both the Heam and Brener hidnapings, which statement he makes unqualifiedly, and after stating that he drove the ear in which Heam was kidnaped; also after he had remarked on several occasions that in the event he decided to enter a plea of guilty he might furnish the details of his own part in the kidnaping, he was pressed for a statement as to whether he was a guard at the hideout in Bensenville, Illinois, during the Heam kidnaping, also for a statement concerning how much of the remach money he received. He flatly refused to admit having been at the hideout or to make any statement as to what money he received, saying that he would not ensure these questions for obvious reasons. He was pressed for answer to these questions on numerous occasions but has consistently declined to any anything except "No ensure".

Earsis has stated that the gottage at Tail Ingle Labe, Minneseta, was rented with his money but that he did not rent the cettage. He refused to state who netually rented same, and said he honestly equid not recall how much rent one paid. He adulted that Doc Barker, Fred Barker, and Poula Harmon were at this dottage, and when asked about others stated he did not care to answer. At a later time, however, he admitted that Fred Costs had been at this so ttage, stating in this somestion that he did not remember having seen Fred Goots taking su bathe in the rear of the cottage. On another occasion he said he recalled that Fred Barker had a Ford Coupe at the Bald Single lake so thate and that this extensible was usually kept standing outside of the garage. He also equitted that there was a Buleon Bedan kept in the garage in the year of this actinge, but he would make no statement concerning the emership of this ear. Then questioned concerning Jack Poifor, Charles J. Fitzgerald, and Beyon Bolton having been at the cottage, he would make no statement chatecover, merely replying. "H

On another occasion Karpis was asked if he had returned to the Bald Engle lake entage after Herm was released, and he advised that after Herm was released he did not return to the cottage but went back by an indirect route to his apartment in River Forest, Illinois, where he effected a contact with Dolores Deleney and left the place immediately. He would not state where he and Dolores went immediately after they left River Forest, Illinois, advising in this connection that there was a possibility of hurting someone. Eurpis advised that after a period of possibly a month or more he lived with Dolores Deleney at the Country Glub Hotel in Chicago, Illinois, and with respect to this piece he said he was taken there by Fred Goetz, when he knew was well nequalited

out the management. He also remerked that after moving into the Country Club Hotel that he was visited by Harry and Gladys Savyer, and that while they were visiting him they attended the World's Fair. He was questioned as to whether he knew Charles Grosseurth at the Country Club Hotel, and he replied "No answer".

Earpis at first refused to ensuer questions concerning the house at 304 Verson Avenue in Mt. Paul, Minnesota, but he later admitted that this was Freddie Burker's place; that he had been to the house on several occasions and had spent one night there. Earpis was questioned concerning a tip off received by the occupants of the house at 304 Verson Avenue immediately after Huma had been released, and although his answers in this connection were very evasive, he did admit that there had been a tip off and that the source was the same as that of the tip off received by Fred Burker, Kate Burker and himself during April 1982 while they were reciding in a house on Robert Street in 36. Faul, Minnesota.

Earpis was also questioned concerning his having resided in on apertment on Second Arence in Maywood, Illinois, and in an apertment on Thateber Avenue in River Perest, Illinois, immediately preceding the kidnaping of Hum. He advised that he lived in the throcod, Illinois, apartment for possibly a mosth under the name of Danson and that shortly after he moved out of this agartment Volumey Davis and Sign Murray moved into the same building. He was asked if it was not a fact that "Sings" Stacer moved his effects from the Mayocod, Illinois, apartment but he would not roply to this question. With respect to the River Percet. Illinois, apartment he stated that he lived at this place with belores Delaner and that this was his apartment during the period of the Home. kidneping, and that during the kidneping Delares remained at this place. He was questioned concerning a girl with blonde hair who visited the River Forest, Illinois, apartment, but he declined to identify her, saying that she was an old friend of Dalores; that she was legitimate, and that to state her name would only same underressment to her and would not be related to this investigation in any map.

It is to be stated that Karpis on immerable assasions has positively stated that he will not make any statements which will hart anybody either associated with his in criminal enterprises or who have assisted him while he has been a fugitive. So frankly edults that this is the code of the underworld; that he has operated outside of the law since he was about fifteen years of ago, and that he intends to abide by this code.

Then questioned concerning what typesriter or typesriters was used in the preparation of the ranson notes in the Hem and Gremer kidnapings, Karpis stated that different machines were used in mach case. He advised that he did not know the crigin of the typewriter mood in the Hum case, but that he knows it is still in existence: also that he knows where it is located. He refused to elaborate su this statement, advising that if he told the location of this machine that it would hurt somebody who is in jail at the present time. With respect to the typewriter used in the Brener kidneping, he admitted that a short time prior to the date Brener was kidysped he purchased this machine, which he described as a portable typewriter, possibly a .... Gorona or Reyal, at some second hand shop legated on the south side of Kadison Street, a short distance west of the railroad stations, in Chicago, Illinois; that he does not recall the name or exact location , of the place where this machine was bought, but he does remember having walked four or five blocks in an effort to locate a place there a second hand machine could be bought. He said that after the kidnaping he recalls that this machine was disposed of in some fashion, and that it is his recollection that he disposed of the machine although he comet remember exactly what he did with it.

Exrpis was asked if he knew where Charles J. Fitagerald was living during the summer of 1983, and he answered that Fitzgerald whs living at an apartment on Oglosby Avenue. Then maked if he had visited this apartment during that period he refused to answer.

Agents questioned Kurpis concerning his having been at long lake, Illinois, and he edulated that he had been in that place on two escasions. Then asked where in long lake he had been, he said that he had gime to a so thage on the lake rented by Fred Barker and Falmey Davis and eccupied by them along with Fuels harmon and Edna Kurray. He would not state the purpose of his visits to this cottage, nor did he admit that he had sten may other persons there except fred Barker, Velney Davis, Faals Harmon, and Man Kurray. In response to a question as to whether the rangem money in the Human kidnuping was divided at this cottage, Karpis merely smiled and replied, "No excess"

Earpis was questioned concerning whether he were a chauffour's cap at the time from was kidnaped and he answered that he did wear such a cap. With respect to this cap he said that it was purchased shortly before the kidnaping but that he did not buy it. When asked about the present whereabouts of this cap, he answered that he honestly could not remember what he did with it but that he must have thrown it away.

Karpis was asked for information concerning who was in charge of the guards at the nideous and who was in charge of the regotiations to collect the remain money in the Haum case. His ensuer was that he had nothing to any about the hideous; further, that he had nothing to do with the collection of the ransom money. In this connection he was asked if it was not a fact that after Hum had been kidnaped the car was driven to a point possibly thirty miles away from St. Peal, where it was stopped and Haum's signatures were secured to several papers later used as ransom notes. Karpis answered that he had nothing to say about this incident, but when inquiry was made as to whether he was present at this time, he said "Tos, I was there but I have nothing to say about its."

Rarple on several secasions, of his own volition, has said that he would plead guilty to either the Hemma kidnaping or the Grener kidnaping; that he fully expected to receive a life sentence, but that he would not plead guilty to both kidnapings because he fait that if he did he would receive two life sentences. His reason for this position is that if he is to receive two life sentences through entering place of guilty, he might as well stond trial as he feels the result will be the same through both procedures. On secasions who talking in this your Karpis has asked if Agents did not think he would get two life sonteness on pleas of guilty, but he has been told that we sould not promise him enything in any connection and would not even talk about sentences. Kerpis has also said on a number of ecousions that he would orter a plea of guilty to either kidnaping if the proper essurence was received by him that prosecution as to the second kidnaping would be dropped. In this connection he has remarked that he realized he was asking a let of the Government, but that we burn sould be done in trying to make a burgain.

As proviously related in this report, Karpis advised that he had known Herry Compbell for about five years, and that fast a few months prior to the Aremer kidneping Harry Compbell joined members of the gang at Chicago, Illinois. He would not go into details as to just she Compbell met in Chicago on this occasion, but that he, Karpis, was one of them. He was maked if in fact this moeting did not take place at sillie Harrison's saloon in Calumet City, Illinois, and he merely replied, "no answer". He did state, however, that shortly after this meeting he, with other numbers of the gang whom identities he would not reveal, did proceed to Rene, Herada, but that he would

not state the residences of the various numbers of the gang at that place. Karpis admitted that just prior to the kidnaping the numbers of the mob who were in Runo left that place, part of them returning to St. Paul, Kinnesota. He stated that he personally returned to Chicago, Illinois, where he remained for a short while before eating to St. Paul, Hinnesota, to participate in the Brener kidnaping. He stated that during the period of the Brener kidnaping he had an apartment on Tates Avenue in Chicago, Illinois, and that Dolores Polancy remained at that place during this period of time. He would not disclose the residences of the various other numbers of the mob at this time.

Earpis admitted that after the collection of the reason mency be went to Chicago, Illinois, and subsequently to Teledo, Chic, and to Cleveland, Chic. He admitted that he made at least two visits to the apartment building occupied by Bill Heaver at Aurera, Illinois, but claimed that he did not go into the apartment occupied by this individual. His only purpose in going from Chicago to Aurora, Illinois, was to drive Bill touver to that place. He admitted that during the period of time that the reason money was collected, and the time that he proceeded from Chicago, Illinois, to Baledo, Chic, Br. Heren operated on his fingertips and his face at the Irving Hotel in Chicago, Illinois; that at this some time Dr. Norma also performed operations on Freddic Barker. He refused to state the assisted Dr. Norma in performing these operations, or the harbored him thile he was recovering from said operations.

He stated that he never had any dealings with "Des Michaghlin, and to his knowledge had never seen this individual. He rethod to state the put the gang in touch with "Boss" McLanghlin, and he likewise refused to state how he was put in touch with Dr. Moren, but he did advise that Dr. Moren had previously operated on the fingertipe and face of two of his friends, whose identities he refused to disclose, but intinated that these individuals are still at liberty and that Dr. Moren did a very good job of operating on the fingertipe of these men, as one of these nen was picked up for investigation on one occasion and was not identified through his fingertipe. Karpis advised that during the paried that he was recovering from his operations Fred Goots not with his death in Giocre, Ellinois; that he declined to may that this quased excitanent among the gang which counsel them to investigately proceed to vilmington, Illinois, to obtain the money. In this

connection, however, Karpis stated that after the death of Goots, Goots, share of the remean money was given to Bryon Bolton, with instructions to hand it over to Irone Coreey; that the mob well know that Irone Deresy only received \$1,000.00 of this sum of money, and when Doe Barker and he, Karpis, accused Bolton of not giving this money to Irone Dorsey, Bolton stated that he would turn it ever to her. Karpis stated that Bolton made more out of the kidnaping than employed also but he refused to go into details on the division of the remson money. Upon leaving Chicago, Illinois, around April 1934 Karpis advised that he did go to Toledo, and he further admitted that he know Burt and Ted Angus at this place, but refused to discuss them further.

Karpis stated he recalled newspaper publicity concerning the recovery of some of the renson money in Diffelo, New York, and concerning this he stated that he had a talk with the person she passed this money, whose identity he would not disclose, at shigh time he, Enrpia, was planning on a trip with Dolores Delaney to Misgare Falls, and knew that the person who was to pass the renson money was also going to Buffalo, New York, and that he exacted a premise from this individual that the money would not be passed while he, Karpis, was in the visinity of Buffalo, New York, but, however, this promise was visiated and the money passed a day before be, Karpis, arrived in duffalo.

Although consistently refusing to more the identities of the other individuals who participated in the Frence kidnaping, Karpis stated that he figured he could not hurt fill Heaver immends as Heaver was serving a life sentence, and that he would therefor state that fill Meaver at first refused to enter into the plot to kidnap frence but due to certain circumstances Meaver was more or loss forced into participation. However, he refused to go into details concerning tasse circumstances. As for Harry Sauyer, he refused to state fast what part Sauyer played but advised that Sauyer rem away from St. Poul on "hom" advice; that he realized that Harry Sauyer's biggest mistake was in leaving St. Poul and joining the mob at Cleveland, Chio; that Sauyer acted on the advice of some of his so-called friends in St. Paul, Kinneseta; that these non were politicians and apparently were not as good friends of Sauyer acted to the pretance to discuss this matter further.

Karpis did admit that he received mail at General Delivery in Cleveland, this, from there Sauver advising him that Sauver and his wife, Cladys, were coming to Cleveland. He refused to state how he made contact with Marry Sauyer while the latter was in the vicinity of Mone, Mevada. He further stated that he followed both Mremer trials through the newspapers, purchasing various St. Full and Kinneapolis papers wherever he could seture them, and that through this source he learned that Mryan Malton testified that Marry Sauyer was in Chicago, Illinois, in Fred Coets' apartment during the that Bremer was held in Monsenville. Karpis stated that this was a lie; that to his knowledge Sauyer was not out of St. Paul during the time that Bremer was kidnaped, and did not believe that Sauyer was out of St. Paul, Minnesota, until he left on the advice of friends, as proviously stated.

Concerning individuals known to him at Cleveland, Onio,
Karpis admitted that he frequented the Harverd Club, at which place
he was sequeinted with Artificberbrand, Shimpiet atten, and "Tip" of weil,
and that he at one time contemplated going into the alet machine
business with Art Heberbrand, and that he also contemplated putting
some money into the alet machines which were to be placed in foreign
countries but this deal was never consumnted. Karpis devied that he
know Hill Forgus.

Karpis admitted that he was instrumental in securing criminal record of Minterbalter which was later found in the house compled by a number of the gang in Gloveland, Ohio. So declined to state of the purpose the newtors of the gang decired this record, and further refused to state just how the record was secured.

Efforts were node to secure from Empis information concerning the alleged identification eard which he is supposed to have obtained through Frank Mooney, private detective at Cleveland, Ohio. The pretent was used that we had definite information concerning the existence of this eard and that we possibly had a copy of it. He would not admit having possessed such a eard, but did state that he was acquainted with Mooney, when he described as being connected with the Hervard Club. He said, "I know the man is created, but aren't all private detectives creaked?" "He helped no when I needed help and I wont say enything to get him in trouble". Earpie was present for further details as to Moonen but he definitely refused to elaborate on these statements.

In this connection, however, Karpis did state that he at one time carried a card which purported to be an identification issued

by the Associated Meme Dervice, but it is not balloved that this is the eard supposedly obtained by him from Meenan, Imamueh as Earpis stated that he successfully used this eard in Chienge, Ellineis, during 1953 to avoid arrest; that he was parked in front of a bank about midnight on one occasion to make a "meet" and a squad approached him and jarked him from the ear, but upon embliting the identification eard of the Associated News Dervice the police officers applegised profusely and released him.

As previously stated, Karpis souits being sequainted with Jos Hoseos, and also admits being sequainted with Jos Hoseos, and that he has heard that Jos Hoseos was supposed to be the bay friend of Mith Barry, whom Karpis knows. He stated that he was in the house of Mith Barry on at least two occasions; that these visits were not for the purpose of obtaining a date but he declined to specify the reasons for these visits. He stated that he also, while visiting the house of Mith Barry, became asquainted with two girls known only to him as "Peaches" and "Lest". He denied that he ever had a date with either of these two women, and further denied that Jos Hoseos is the individual who took him to Mith Barry's place.

Karpis stated he know mig. Polisins, who operated a signr stare in Toledo, Chio, and that he also know a man who was supposed to be caretaker at Middle Island, but that he did not know this individual's name. Karpis would not go into detail with respect to persons known to him at Toledo, Chio, and he at we time mentioned any address in Toledo. He refused to state that he was acquainted with 6. W. Hoods or Allano Mayt.

Excepts advised that after the except of Gladys Seayer, Tyrona Surfette, and Paula Harmon in Glaveland, Ohio, in September 1934, he and Freddie Barker left the house wherein the circular bearing Fred Barker's fingarprints was later found; that after leaving the house they recalled that they had left this wanted circular behind and decided to return to get it, but upon approaching the house they observed the officers surrounding the place and they immediately departed. Extra stated that after this occurrence that he teld Delores Delangy to go to Taleda, Chio, and register in a hetal under the name Deaudry, and that he subsequently not Delores at this hetal, name not given, and teld her to go to a hotal in Chicago, Illinois, where he would contact her; that he later contected her at this motal by telephone and instructed her to go to the Diversy Arms Hotal in

Chicago, where she should meet kate Barker and that he would get in teach with her at that place, which he did, following which they proceeded to Mismi, Florida. Karpis states that this is the last time he was in Chicago, Illinois.

Karpis has savised that he has not seen his perents or any relatives in Chicago since December 1955. Then asked if he has not been sending money to his parents, both to assist them and for the purpose of earing for his infant sen, he answered by inquiring, "That do you think?" In this connection he later remarked that he has seen to it that both Dolores Delancy and his boy will be taken eare of when Dolores is released from prison and when the boy becomes elder. He would not go into any details as to how he had made provision for them, but the intimation is that he has created a trust fund.

Earpis was asked if shortly following the conviction of Delawes Delancy at Mismi, Florida, he contacted an atterney wased John Cars of Dayton, Chic, with respect to taking some action regarding a possible change in Delores' sentence. He would not ensure "Jes" or "Ma" to this question, but did state that he know atterney Igam. He also advised that he is aware of the fact that Joe Rosses of Toleda, Chic, is well acquainted with Egam. Karpis has often remarked that he classes lawyers in the same category with private detectives, and that in his opinion they are all erocked. He advised that he has been to see accord lawyers within the past year or so, he not being milling to state the purpose of his visite; that these lawyers have known his identity and here talked his proposition over with him, but have not been willing to represent him in any expecity.

Earpis we questioned concerning his contacts with Joe Afrage and Dake Randall. He would not make any definite statements concerning these individuals, other than to state that Afrans at one time had \$6,000 belonging to him and that when he, Karpis, departed from Michall in January 1936 he instructed Dukapinghall to give Afrans the balance of the \$1,000 bill after railroad fickets had been purchased for Belores Delaway and symona Burdette. He exid that if Randall gave this money to Adams it was the only money Afrans was paid by him, Karpis, for Adams' own use. In connection with Duke Randall, Karpis peferred to him as a "Dirty, smitching, - - - ", and advised that he had received definite information from a contact in Michal that Randall had told the authorities to what point the girls were proceed-

ing in atlantic City, New Jersey. He advised further that although he regards Randull as a "double-crosser" he will not do anything to aid in his prosecution, and when eaked if it was not correct that both admis and Randall knew his true identity, he merely eniled and said, "No answer".

With respect to Cussius KeDowald, Karpis states that MeDowald did some to his home in Histi, Morida, on Christmas Day 1934. 20 would not furnish information as to the reason for this visit, but did state that adams had communicated with him by telephone prior to the time Kelonald some to the house. He would not state the purpose of MeDonald's visit, saying in this connection that Terese/Carmichael had told us about the whole thing. At this time Karpis remarked that he would like to see Ousakishould now as he had something he wanted to talk over with him. Thiring the time conversation was had with Karpis concerning Cassius Hellowald, he was, of ecurse, asked for 🔣 information as to Kellonald having switched some of the Braner regets money in Havena, Oubs. He refused to either affirm or dony HeDunald's setivity in this regard, but did state that during the time he was in Outs he went to a bank in order to get change for some "G" notes and that the bank tellor gave his in exchange for his money several approximately packages of \$5,00 and \$10,00 bills issued by the Pederal Reserve Bank . of Himmopolis, Himmosota, and he immediately formed the conclusion that they were part of the Brener renson money. He stated that he ten this soney from the benk but felt very ill at ease while he had it is his possession; that he sas afraid to spend it in Exymna, Otha, and ... united until he had left that place before he disposed of the \$6.00 ? and \$10.00 bills which had been issued by the Federal Reserve Sank in Kinnerpolis, Rinnerota. Further concerning the Braner Fenson money, & he stated that it was entirely composed of \$6.00 and \$10.00 bills.

Pering questioning of Earpis he has remarked that while a fagitive he regularly bought all defective magnature, both in order to read stories about his various activities and in order to essentials in which magnature his photograph appeared. He also said that he read all newspapers in cities where he was living at a particular time, and that during the two trials in the Bremer case he read all bt.Poul newspapers in order to follow the trials and ascertain what evidence case being presented by the Government. In sommetion with the detective magnature, Earpis stated that when he needed heirents he would go to barber shops in outlying sections of the city and that upon entering a barber shop he would glames around to see if a

detective magazine containing his picture and in the place, and if he noticed such a publication he would immediately leave the place,

Rarpis has stated in connection with his approaching proceection in the Hass and Bruner kidnaping cases that he does not need a lawyer and will not be represented by a lawyer unless the court appoints one for him. He stated, however, that he may seeme a lawyer in order to look after a few interests which he has in various parts of the country. At this time he mentioned that he presently came five or six automobiles, and he facetiously remarked that if he pas going to get a lawyer that he might secure the services of Jack DeSourcy, as he has heard that DeSourcy takes in ald automobiles for fees.

that he tald Mr. Hoover that he would either ensuer questions truthfully or would not say enything. After he had not mute on numerous econsions, he suggested that he either furnish truthful ensuers or reply "No ensuer". This arrangement was carried on for some time. Later Karpis changed his mode of ensuering from "No ensuer" to "No comment", and when asked the reason for his change, he advised that he had read in numerous necespapers that when Kr. Hoover was interviewed he often stated he had no comment to make, but that the necespapers woully wrote about a column enymy; that in view of this, and as he had talked with Mr. Hoover enroute from Mor Orienze to 3t. Faul, he thought he might as well start saying "No comment" alose. In this connection he mentioned the fact that the "No comment" answer was the easy thing which he and Mr. Hoover had in common, so it is well known that they are an apposite sides of the force in all other respection.

On one occasion Euryle inquired sky the Coverment had not proudent the information that he was left-handed and wrote with his left hand. He said in this correction that he seamed necespaper and magazine articles very closely for information of this character has he felt that if hotel clarks know he was left-handed they would have less trouble spotting him. He advised that if he had known the Coverment had circularized the uniter of him writing with his left hand that he would have never stopped at a hotel, but would have lived constantly in automobiles, tourist camps, and possibly freight care.

Except stated that the gang had a bomb which was designed to force individuals to whom it might be attached to emply with all wishes and instructions given to them. He stated that this was a contraption designed with a time clock and dry cell bettery; that it was strapped to a person's leg and could be set from engalers of the one second to twalve hours, in accordance with the desires of the gang; that if the wishes of the gang were not complied with the bomb would explode; that the explosion would be caused by nitroglycerine. He refused to say who deviced this bomb or where its present location might be. He did state, however, that it was never used but that they had contemplated using it upon a certain individual, not for the purpose of securing funds but for personal satisfaction. He stated that the bomb could be used in kidnaping cases but no particular victim had been chosen for this purpose.

Eary is admitted being acquainted with Frank Cockrane, proprietor of the Air Service Carage in Sono, Nevada, and said that he had taken entomobiles to this garage for repairs on numerous seemsions; that he was introduced to Cockrane by Lester Villis, and for this reason he was positive Cockrane knew his identity. In response to questions he also advised that he was well acquainted with both Graham and NeKey of Rome, Nevada, but declined to discuss may dealings with them. He admitted being acquainted with "Sony" Normal of Son Francisco, California, also advising that he was acquainted with Louis Tumbini, also of Son Francisco, Se admitted knowing "Tobe Williams of Valleje, Galifornia, and that he had his tonsile removed in Villiams hospital during about 1935.

Earpis we ested if he was sequeinted with Jookish, Man Amer, and Erroman, and Misemon of Conton, Chie, but he would not respond to these inquiries.

Of his own valition Karpis stated that he know "Lacky" [Related of your Tork City, and that more or less recently he had run into him on the street in Art Springs, Litterson, and had chatted with him for a while but refused to go into detail with his association with lunione in Not Springs. At this time he also beried that he had been in Now York City on a number of occasions, but he would not state with whom he was negatiated in Now York, and denied knowing Louis Sachaiter.

Karpis was questioned in detail encorning his sejourn in Marana, Quba, during the latter part of 1934. He scholted being well sequelyted with Mathemieli Maller and George Arris, and admitted that Heller had purchased his ford sutamobile for him in Havene. To admitted his residence of Veradoro Heach and his acquaintance with Mr. and Mrs. Bermides. Karpis was asked why he had left Havena so suddenly, and he advised that shortly before his departure he had driven into Barana to secure some greenies and other supplies and he went to the Farkview Hotel to register and noticed two men registered from Chicago, Illinois, He said he felt peculiar about this incident and that he talked with "someone" at the hotal about these men and sould learn nothing about them, but at the time of this conversation he was told that a Department of Justice Agent had registered at the hotel on the same date, and he said when he received this information he immediately drove back to Vuradero Beach and mude rabid plans to leave Cubs. Karpis has been present for information "" as to the identity of the person who told him about the Department of Justice agent having registered at the hotel, but he would not ensure may questions in this regard. Karpis did state that after erriving in Missi, Florida, from Savena, Cuba, he received a letter advising that bessome had talked with ir. King and had learned that Hr. King's company was sending quite a few representatives to Duba, which he stated was information that the Our arresent was sending some man to Ouba. Xarpis likewise definitely declined to state the source of this information.

With respect to his eccape from the James Hotel in Atlantic City, New Jersey, on Jenuary MD, 1938, Karpis advised that when he and Compbell entered the loby of this hotel they reticed a comple of new Purning them but that they registered at the hotel regardless of this as they felt that they might be undally suspicious. As said that when the efficers get hold of him he merely inquired what it was all about, and when saked concerning Compbell he told them Campbell was drunk but that he would go in and get him my that he did go to the room and same out shooting with a machine gen. He advised that he did not try to sheet the efficers, and said that he and Compbell were successful in getting away as the police officers were so frightened that they could not stand still much loss shoot.

Earpis was questioned concerning the kidnaping of Dr. Albertoker and he advised that he and Compbell stopped this men on the read schembers near Allentows, Pannsylvania; that he was driving a Plymouth

Four-door medum; that they inquired if he know the read to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and when he said he did not, they referred to read maps and drove north and them west, leaving Pennsylvania at Appearable on Boute 224 and keeping on this route merces this to a point assessment near Toledo. Karpis would not state where Dr. Hensieker was put out of the ear and said he did not know at what point he end Campbell left Route 224, remarking in this connection that the map they had been using blow out of the ear. He admitted that he and Campbell "Fied the doctor up" but refused to give further details concerning this. He said he and Campbell abendoned the Plymouth submobile outside of Toledo, this, but he would not ensure any questions concerning his movements after this automobile had been disposed of.

Karpis was questioned concurring various erimes it is alleged that he committed. Concerning the Third Morthwestern Mational Bonk at Minneapolis, Minnesota, he stated that the man Hunkins who had been convicted of this crime was entirely imposent, and that he knew that Larry Devol and Jeas Doyle had made a complete confession involving him, Kurpis, in this crime and exonerating Hankins, but that becover these two confessions did not seem to do any good in effecting the ... release of Hankine from the ponitontiary and that he did not know that good it would do him to make such a statement, although he would be willing to do everything he could to effect the release of Henkins from the Minnesote State Penitentiary, and that he would make much a statement if assurance was given that Henkins would be released. However, Karpis stated he would sent more than the desurance of Mr. GoM, the proceeding attorney in Kinneagolia, Minneagota, as apparently Geff did not went to admit he had made a mistake in convicting Bankins. Earpis would make me direct admission that he participated in this rebbery or the subsequent nurders winer than that as stated above. Then questioned concerning the meil robbery at Marron, Chie, he merely answered, "No answer", but elaborated by saying that Joe Sargent and the other men, whose name to did not know, had been arengfully convicted, and that he definitely know they were innocent of participation in this robbary, but that heterer so far as Jee Cargent was concerned, Jargent could "Not in the pen before he, Karpin, would do knything to help him. He stated that his reason for feeling this my toward dargest was that Sargest because he was jeelous of Doc Barker's association with Hildrody Tukiman, endeavered to put Doe Barker on the spot in Chicago, Illinois, and that for this purpose he had gone to certain numbers of the Chicago syndicate in Chicago, Illinois, but the syndicate had refused to put

Doe Barker on the spot. Karpis stated he believed, however, that Sargent ultimately was successful in doing this. He stated further that Sargent murdered a friend of his, Karpis, but Karpis refused to reveal the name of the murdered man, and when maked if it was in Toledo, Chio, he merely replied, "we answer". Karpis did admit, however, that he had made stronous efforts to locate Jargent and that it was his intention of killing him.

Concerning the robbery of the bank af Memomonia, Wisconsin, Karpis also stated that the man, Newburne, who had been convicted of participation in that robbery was also innocent. Karpis denied, however, that he participated in this bank robbery, but that he knew who did and had talked with them, and for this reason knews definitely that Memburne is innocent. He stated that he also would be willing to make an affidavit to this effect if it would assist Memburne in securing his release. Karpis stated that this was the bank rebbary on which Charlie Harmon was killed.

Concerning the pubbery of the bank in fort Scott, Empas, in June 1958, Karpis claimed also that innocent non were convicted on that job, but he refused to claberate. Then questioned concerning the religious Metraska, bank robbery and the rebbery of the St. Cloud County Bank at Concerdia, Kansas, he merely replied, "Me comment".

Expis also advised that on one occasion in 1835 louis (empages, reputed "Rig shot" in the Capone syndicate, sent a representative to him and effered him a position to pest for the syndicate, for which he would have been paid \$250.00 per week sed protection; that this position was to do the strong arm work for the syndicate. Earpie stated he flatly refused to even see Campages in connection with this, and that he was threatened by the representative of the syndicate, at which time he was advised that if he know what was good for his own health he would do as Gampages said. In this connection Karyla advised that he did not consider himself as a headling that a headling is his estimation is a person who kills for money, and that he has never done that. In decertion himself as a thiof, stating that he may have secured money dishonestly and that he may have killed combody; that he was not shufting any of those of fenses but that if he had killed anybody it was not for money.

Fith respect to his alleged participation in the nurser of Sheriff G. B. Kelly of Nest Plains, Missouri, Earpis emphatically denied that he participated in this erims. He did state, however, that Freddie Barker was guilty in that matter; that there was a second person with him whose identity he definitely would not disclose.

In connection with the robbery of the Teleral Recerve messenger on August 80, 1933 at the intersection of Jackson Boulevard and La delle Streets in Chicago, which robbery was perpetrated by six men operating in an armored Bidson sedan, Karpla was questioned and he made no comment. However, when mention was made of the fact that police officer Miles Aumingham had been shot without warning, Karpla remarked, "That is not so, he sue teld to stick up his hands". Be would not go into further detail in this matter.

The questioning of Alvin Karpis was continued on May 5 and 6, 1936, and Karpis admitted that the ranson notes which were signed by William Herm, Jr., were signed at a point twenty-five to thirty miles out of St. Pail, Minnesota, a short distance past Hudson, Wisconsin. This admission was in addition to the admission that he had previously made that he was present during the signing of these notes. Karpis further admitted that enroute to the hideaut with Mr. Herm that the main highways were used part way and the rest of the trip being made on eids reads.

Earpis was asked by Special Agent S. K. McKee she was easier to get along with, Home or Brener, and Karpis replied, "Home". He was then questioned concerning the treatment accorded the vistims of the kidnapings, and he advised that both of them, meuning Mr. Home and Mr. Brener, were treated well; that Brener was not forced to keep his geggles on at all times while being held; that Brener was given magazines to read, and also that he, Karpis, gave Mr. Brener a book, from which he, Karpis, first tore out the copyright number in order to defeat the possible identification of this book at a later time. It is to be stated that Karpis was questioned specifically as to whether he gave the magazines as well as the book to Brener while Brener was in the hideout, and that in response to such questions he merely smiled and said, "I gave them to Brener but I did not say I was at the hideout. I could have given him the book on the way back". Karpis also stated that Brener was permitted to sleep at any time he desired to do so, and that the hideout room was kept sum for him.

Earpis was further questioned concerning what part any other individual may have played in this kidneping, and the only further admission obtained at this time was that Ollisylary acted as a guard of the money during the time that it was being exchanged in Chicago, Illinois, and that the life sentence received by Ollie Barg was unjust; and that he abould not have been given more than the other money changes.

Further concerning his activities at Toloto, this, Karpia edulated that he frequented the Casine Club sparated by the ingus brothers; that he used to go to this place and drink, and that on one occasion he saw a "copper" come into the place and that he sent out the back door. Explaced denied being acquainted with Captain Timony.

On May 5, 1936 Special Agent in Charge L. J. Connelley communicated with the St. Paul Office from Gleveland, Ohio, and instructed that Earpis be questioned specifically concerning the descriptions and locations of any automobiles owned by him. In response to questions

from Special Agent S. R. McKee, Karpie stated that he cons a black Terraplane Coupe, which he purchased from the Evens Motor Company of New Orleans, Louisians, under the name E. Colline. He stated this ear is present located at the United Motors in New Orleans, Louisians.

He advised that the Plymouth Coupe, black in calor, in which he and Fred Hinter were sitting at the time of their agreet is the property of Fred Hinter, and that this ear was purchased by Hunter under the name O'Hara from an automobile agency located at 1655 Canal Street, New Orleans, Louisians.

Earpis further stated that he come a 1936 Buick Scien, marcon in color, which he purchased under the alias of Sulliven from the Greases Buick Company, But Springs, Arkaness. He advised that this car is located in a private garage at Corpus Christi, Texas, and he said that the location of this garage could be secured from a receipt for rent on the garage located in his billfold, which was taken from him at the time of his arrest. This receipt was located and after examining same Earpis said the garage is owned by a men namedicirent of Gerpus Christi, Texas, whose telephone number is No. 800; that the car was stored in garage No. St under date of April 1, 1936, and that the key to the ignition switch could be found under the floor mat by the right front door of the car.

Karpis also informed during the period of questioning that he come a Terraplane Coupe which is located in Youngstown, Chie. In refused to state the location of this ear, advising that if he talk the location of same he would possibly get samebody in trouble.

Earpis also stated that more or less recently a 1956 Ford Grape, black in color, was bought at the Ford Agency in Paris, Texas. He stated this car is his property but was bought under the name of Mrs. X. X. X. X. A. M. Torrest to state the true name of the name for cribed as Mrs. A. Woods in whose name this car was purchased, and said that he honorsty did not know the input ion of this car, implying through this remark that same was in the possession of some wasen.

Letters have been directed to the appropriate Baroon offices requesting that investigation with respect to locating these automobiles and conducting any necessary investigation as to them be made.

Landing near Not Springs, Arkeness, and to this question he would only reply, "No ensure".

Concerning the cottage located year Not Springs which was Unsteensfully raided by Bureau Agents, Eurpis admitted that he had been living in this cottage with other persons whom he refused to identify. Earpis stated that about two days before he left this place he was under the influence of liquor and one of the persons who was with him in the sottage informed him that a strenger had been seen walking through the woods near the cottage, but that imasmuch as he was under the influence of liquor he did not pay much attention to 10, but later when he sobered up he become afraid that the house was being "spotted"; that on the following day this some man returned and he, Karpis, armed himself with a pistol and approached the men as he was passing the house and questioned him concerning his business. This man stated that he was going down into some gully and build a fire and go to sleep. Karpis stated he was dressed like a bun but that he, Karpis, noticed that his hands appeared to be too clean for a hobe, and not being satisfied with this man's explanation he took him into the house phere he was further questioned, and the stan made the statement that he had worked for the Postal Telegraph Company and san from Cloreland, Chie. Karpis stated he at first understood the men to day that he was working for the Postal Service, and that he, Kerpis, concluded that the men was a Post Office Inspector from Cleveland. Karpis stated he then questioned the man or to thy he was not securing an everecat. The man savised he had purmed the ever-coat that day in Bot Springs, Arkanous; for 80%, and he, Karpin, then drove this men into the springs and went to the pam shop uppre he, Karpis, verified the fast that the man, under the name of timeria, had passed an overteet for My. Harpin stated that he was then setisfied that the new mes got an officer. To was paked what he would have done should it have burned out that the pen was in fact on officer. He stated that he did not know but that he would have either killed the sum or tied him up in the sottage and left him there, but he followed that he would probably have killed him Controller of grown that our their a state

Karpis stated that the day before he left the entings near Not Springs, Arkensas, he also noticed a man driving a car he believes to be a Terrapiane Coape with Kansas license on it "Casing the place" with a pair of binoculars, and that he later learned that this same ear was at the place the following day when the raid was conducted; that he later learned this car was being driven by John Anderson, when

Karpis described as the most feared officer at one time in the State of Iklahoma, stating that all of the outlans in Iklahoma were afraid of Anderson.

Karpis was questioned concerning any other individuals be might have known in Not Springs, Arkmans, or any contacts be bed at this place, and to those questions he would only reply, "no ensuer". Earpis was also asked concerning any contacts or individuals he know at Kenses City, Kissourif and the only individuals he muld adult knowing were "alivered Kearide and Fritz Kelloy. Concerning Medride he stated he not this individual through Harvey Balley. Concerning 🦋 Hervey Bailey, Karpis advised that he was making exrengements to have Marvey Builey made a trusty at the Zhasas State Penitentiary, and if Harvey Balley and waited thirty more days before going "over the wall" at that institution May 30, 1933, he would have had the appartunity to include here walked away, inexact as he would have been made a trusty. Karpis stated that he had already paid \$2,000 for this purpose, but refused to further go into the subject. Exryls indicated that he was in Lansas City, Kissouri, on the date that Harvey Bailey cocaped from the Kansas State Penitentlesy.

Karpis stated that he last saw id Bonts at Long Boach, Indiana, in July 1935, and he definitely recalls that he saw Bonts during the period of time that he. Urechal was being held by his kidnapers; that Bonts at this time was with "Boby Face" Melson, who also had a hideout mear long Boach, Indiana, Karpis devied that he, Karpia, ever had a hideout which would ensuer the description of the hideout which was a hideout which would ensuer the description of the hideout which was furnished by id Bonts to Burom agents after his arrest in New York City. Karpis stated that Bouts was the biggest liar in the world, and that he was always bragging about how he sould sell hot bonds and securities, and that he always had money eased away in large sawe; that these statements on the part of Bouts were always false. For example, Bontz claimed that Charles Crechel was being held by a couple of Dagoes from Chicago, which Karpis stated he later learned, and it is now well known, was erroneous information.

Concerning the robbery of the bank at Grand Haven, Mishigan, in which if justs participated, Karpis advised that he knows that "Baby Face" Kulson also assisted in robbing this bunk; that the "Theel men" in this job was a man who was a very close friend of "Baby Face" nelson's, but that he became excited during the perpetration of this robbery and drove off leaving serl Dayle behind to be captured.

Earpis stated that so far as he knows the "wheel men", whose name he would not reveal, was still at liberty and hanging around (histographic lilinois. Karpis further described 2d Bentz as being yellow and stated that at one time Sentz was soming out of a bank after robbing the same corrying the money, and that someone fixed a gun and Bentz dropped the loot and ren. Karpis refused to furnish the name of the bank at which this incident occurred.

Rarpis on several occasions admitted that he was well acquainted with Verne Miller, but that it was quite some time before he knew that Verne Miller had been a sheriff. He stated that he received information that Verne Miller was a sheriff at one time, and that he questioned Miller concerning this, and Miller denied that he had ever been a law enforcement officer but stated to Karpis that it had been his educin. Karpis stated that after obtaining this information concerning Miller he refused to ren around with Miller, and would only speak to him when he saw him. Karpis stated that he did not care to associate with an "ex-copper", and after he learned that Hernard hillips had been a "copper" he also refused to associate with him.

Purther concerning Dolores Deleney, Karpis stated he believed that Deleres Deleney and Kynoma Rurdette rescived unjust sentences for herboring him is view of the sentences received by the somen the herbored John Millinger and the members of his mob. Karpis advised that he endouvered to make a contact with Judge Ritter in order to effor him \$10,000 to give Dolores Delendy and Tynoma Rurdette a bench parels, but that he was unable to figure out a way to make this contact. Karpis stated he hesitated to go too far with this in view of the position of Judge Ritter, but after the impreshment of Judge Ritter and the latter's conviction by the Senate of the United States he stated he regretted very much that he had not attempted to bribe Ritter as he believed it would have been successful. He stated, of course, that this was only his own opinion in the matter, but definitely advised that if he could have found a lawyer the would have contacted Ritter for him he would have made the proposition to the Judge.

On the afternoon of May 6, 2036 instructions were received telephonically from both the Director and Special Agent in Charge 2. J. Connelley to the effect that Karpis abould be turned over to the United States Marshal at St. Faul, Mirrosote, and incursorated in the Ramsey County Jail, as it was felt that he was not going to furnish any information concerning others than himself as to either

the Hamm or Bremer kidnaping. Instructions were received that a twentyfour hour guard should be placed on Earpis at the jail, and that this
guard should be composed of Agents. It was also instructed that Earpis
should not receive newspapers and should not be permitted to see supene
other than an attorney which he might retain. The Director advised that
communication be had with United States Attorney George Sallivan, St. Peal,
Minnesota, and that he be requested to confer with Earpis concerning a
possible plea of guilty prior to the time he was delivered to the United
States Marshal.

On the afternoon of May 6, 1936 United States Atterney George Sullivan conferred with Subject Karpis in the St. Paul Surceu Office, at which time Mr. Sullivan maked Karpis what he Intended to do in the may of a plea. Karpis then stated to Mr. Sullivan that if Mr. Sullivan would cause the dismissel of either of the indictments then pending against him that he, Karpis, would plead guilty to one kidnaping, and he did not care which indictment was dismissed. Mr. Sullivan advised Subject Karpis that the Government would not request that either indictment be dismissed, and that Karpis would therefor have to stand trial on both cases, and the jury would have to pass upon his guilt or immediate.

At 4:45 P.R. on May 6, 1936 Eurple was delivered to Deputy U. S. Murshels Morrison and Picha at 3t. Peal, Minnesota, and he was immediately taken before the Clerk of the U. S. District Court, St. Paul, Minnesota, where he was advised that five indictments against him were in existence, and that the bond on tech indistant had been set in the our of \$100,000. making a total bond on all indictments of \$500,000. He was asked if he sould furnish this bond and be replied in the negative. Expis was Semediately taken to the Remony County Juli by the Deputy Marshale and a guard of Agents, where he was placed in a coll, the arrangement of which is such that he carnot wither talk to or ecommicate with enyone. In conformity with instructions from the Rirector, a twenty-four hour, guard has been placed on Karpis, some being composed of Special Agente &. M. Hetestoon, M. A. Loughren, and G. M. Dunker. Instructions have been given to the authorities at the jail and also to Agents that Earpia is not to receive may necespapere; is not to have any visitors, and is not to see enyone except a duly appointed atternay, and then on written permission from the United States Attorney at St. Feel, Minnesota.

The Bureau was advised by teletype on May 6, 1936 of Karpis' equalitizant to the Remony County Jail and the arrangements made in connection therewith.

It is to be stated that any investigation to be conducted in connection with the information obtained from EARPIS will be requested of the particular field office by letter.

PHOING

JEHLAS

May 13, 1936

Pines State P. B.

## MENORANDON FOR MR. TAME

O RE: Alvin Earpis and Earry)Campbell.

In the course of a telephone conversation Mr. Brien McKahon inquired as to the present status of Karpis. I stated that Compbell had pleaded guilty and had been given a life sentence; that Karpis while admitting his guilt in both cases did not want to plead guilty waless he could be assured he would not get two sentences. I stated that Mr. Sullivan would not make a deal with Karpis which action I approved. I stated that Karpis might change his mind in a few days and decide to plead guilty. Mr. McTahon inquired if he had been arraigned. I said that he had and his bail had been set at \$500,000; that he was in jail with our men guarding him; that we could not continue to maintain this guard if he went to trial as he could not be tried until maxt Fall.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover, Director.

RECORDED

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 1 4 1935

FEDERAL BUREAU CE INVESTIGAT ON U. E. DECARTING THE MISTIGE 7-576-11530
FECT PAL BUREAU CF INVESTIGATION

MAY 15

C. S. DEFART!

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