

95369

1-2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Laboratory Work Sheet

Recorded 9-11-53 11:00 AM ch

Re: Insult; John D. Rockefeller, III

File # 9-24764-4
Lab. #

Examination requested by: NY

Date of reference communication: 9/9/53

Examination requested: Doc Ppt.

Result of Examination:

Date received: 9/16/53

Examination by:

b7C

Specimens submitted for examination

NY → NY

Letter to Lab

Specimens examined with negative results. 9-11-53

Specimens returned to NY, enclosed
dated 9/11/53

9-24764-4

17 NOV 1953

Best copy available

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

AIR-TEL
REGULAR MAIL

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. SEPTEMBER 10, 1953

Transmit the following message to:

SAC, NEW YORK

RECORDED - 94
59726

125 SUB., JOHN D. ROCKWELLER, III - VILEX. REURIT SEPTEMBER 9,

1953. CONCLUDED QUESTIONED SCRIPT HANDWRITING ON THREE LETTERS
WRITTEN BY GALT PERLOI. QUESTIONED WRITING SEARCHED THROUGH
ANONYMOUS LETTER FILE BUT NO IDENTIFICATION MADE. NO WATERMARKS

FOUND IN ANY OF QUESTIONED SPECIMENS. ENVELOPE POSTMARKED

COLUMBUS, GEORGIA, AUGUST 26, 1953, IS WHITE PAPER MEASURING

ABOUT 6.5 BY 3.6 INCHES. ACCOMPANYING SHEET OF PAPER IS WHITE
RULED NOTEBOOK PAPER WITH 26 BLUE-GREEN LINES ABOUT 0.84 INCHES

APART AND SHEET MEASURES ABOUT 7.1 BY 10.9 INCHES. ENVELOPE

POSTMARKED COLUMBUS, GEORGIA, APRIL 9, 1953, IS LIGHT BLUE

ENVELOPE MEASURING ABOUT 5.1 BY 4.1 INCHES. THREE ACCOMPANYING

SHEETS ARE UNRULED LIGHT BLUE STATIONERY WITH WHITE BORDERS

EACH SHEET MEASURING ABOUT 8.2 BY 7.0 INCHES. ENVELOPE POSTMARKED

NEW YORK, NEW YORK, (NY 100) IS LIGHT BLUE PAPER MEASURING

ABOUT 7.1 BY 10.9 INCHES. ACCOMPANYING SHEET OF PAPER IS

WHITE PAPER MEASURING ABOUT 6.5 BY 3.6 INCHES. ENVELOPE

POSTMARKED COLUMBUS, GEORGIA, AUGUST 26, 1953, IS WHITE

PAPER MEASURING ABOUT 6.5 BY 3.6 INCHES. ACCOMPANYING

SHEET OF PAPER IS WHITE PAPER MEASURING ABOUT 7.1 BY 10.9

INCHES. ENVELOPE POSTMARKED COLUMBUS, GEORGIA, APRIL 9, 1953,

IS LIGHT BLUE PAPER MEASURING ABOUT 5.1 BY 4.1 INCHES.

THREE ACCOMPANYING SHEETS ARE UNRULED LIGHT BLUE

STATIONERY WITH WHITE BORDERS EACH SHEET MEASURING

ABOUT 8.2 BY 7.0 INCHES. ENVELOPE POSTMARKED NEW YORK,

NEW YORK, (NY 100) IS LIGHT BLUE PAPER MEASURING ABOUT

7.1 BY 10.9 INCHES. ACCOMPANYING SHEET OF PAPER IS

WHITE PAPER MEASURING ABOUT 6.5 BY 3.6 INCHES. ENVELOPE

POSTMARKED COLUMBUS, GEORGIA, AUGUST 26, 1953, IS WHITE



✓ B R

100

September 11, 1953

SAC, New York

Director, FBI

UNKNOWN SUBJECT
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER III, VICTIM
EXTORTION

Reurlet September 9, 1953, forwarding three envelopes and accompanying letters, described in the laboratory report as specimens Q1 through Q8, for examination in the above case.

Specimens examined, but no latent impressions were developed thereon. Submitted material returned herewith.

Laboratory report separate.

Sp266

9-24749-4

RECORDED-74

95-50726-1

Director, FBI
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY
SAC, NY (9-New)

9/3/53

Best copy available

UNSUB
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III; VICTIM
EXTORTION

ROBERT W. GUMBEL turned over to agents of the NYO this date a letter addressed to Mr. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III, in care of Rockefeller Foundation, West 10th St., NYC, NY, post marked Columbus, Georgia, 8/26/53. This letter begins "Here I go again...". This letter is being forwarded to the Laboratory as an enclosure. It is requested that it be compared with letters on file in the anonymous letters file.

There is also being enclosed a letter addressed to JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III, in care of Rockefeller Foundation, West 10th St., NY, post marked Columbus, Georgia, 4/9/53. This letter begins "Dear John: This is a most peculiar...". There is an additional enclosure consisting of a letter address to JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III, in care of Rockefeller Foundation, West 10th St., NYC, NY, post marked Columbus, Georgia, 7/20/53, beginning "John so you sent a couple...".

It is requested that the handwriting in these last two letters be compared with the handwriting in the first-mentioned letter to determine whether or not the same writer wrote all three letters. The Laboratory is requested to furnish any assistance that may be provided from an examination of the paper used in each of these letters.

It is requested that the letters be examined for any latent fingerprints. In this connection, it should be noted that these letters were located by the private personnel of Mr. ROCKEFELLER's office consisting of approximately five to six individuals. The Laboratory is requested to expedite its report to the NYO of the results of this examination.

9/3/53

Best copy available

Rm

[Handwritten signature]

WASH 3 FROM NEW YORK 10 7-35 PM
DIRECTOR URGENT

UNSUB, JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III, VICTIM, EXTORTION. REMYTEL SEPT. EIGHT LAST. AUSA, SYLVIO J. MOLLO, SDNY, DECLINED PROSECUTION IN THIS MATTER ON GROUNDS NO CLEAR THREAT OF VIOLENCE OR BODILY HARM AND NO SPECIFIC REQUEST OR ARRANGEMENT FOR RECEIVING MONEY. MR. ROBERT W. GUMBEL, PERSONAL SECRETARY TO JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR., WAS NOTIFIED OF THE OPINION OF THE USA-S OFFICE. THE MATTER OF POLICE PROTECTION WAS AGAIN THOROUGHLY DISCUSSED. MR. GUMBEL WAS ADVISED THE FBI WOULD NOT FURNISH POLICE PROTECTION AND IF VICTIM OR ANY OF HIS STAFF WERE APPREHENSIVE, THE NYCPD SHOULD BE NOTIFIED. IT WAS STATED TO MR. GUMBEL THAT THE VICTIM BE ALERTED TO EXISTENCE AND THAT HE EXERCISED DISCRETION IN MATTERS OF THIS KIND BUT DID NOT STATE WHETHER OR NOT HE INTENDED TO CALL LETTER TO VICTIMS ATTENTION.

RECORDED 9-24769-5
BOARDMAN SEP 14 1958

9 -24769-

Mr. Rosen

[Handwritten signature]

NY 100 3 WA RT

1000

10 OCT 2 - 1958

Best copy available

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b7c

MAN

REPORT NO. NEW YORK DATE 9/28/53 TO 9/9, 10, 11, 12/53 FROM [REDACTED]

SUBJECT JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III, VICTIM EXPORTATION

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS

ROBERT W. GUMBEL, personal secretary to J.D. ROCKEFELLER, JR. advised that a letter addressed to JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III was received 9/1/53, postmarked Columbus, Georgia August 26, 1953. Letter undated and unsigned. Mr. GUMBEL contacted NYO upon advice of THOMAS M. DEBEVOISE, personal counsel to JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR. Letter obtained. In concluding paragraph the writer feels that the victim is responsible for turning an un-named friend against the writer. The last sentence is as follows, "but I am hoping that your day will come soon- and it will, I'll see to that." AUSA, SDNY, SILVIO J. WOLLO declined prosecution on grounds that no clear threat of violence or bodily harm and no specific request or arrangement for receiving money was made.

9 - 24769 - 6

DETAILS:

Investigation in this case was conducted by [REDACTED] received by [REDACTED] personal secretary to [REDACTED]

Plaza, New York

9-24769-6	RECORDED - 11
INDEXED - 11	FILED
OCT 1 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

17-21-2

SECRET

I'm pleading again - and again - and again, let them give me money to leave here. My situation is so unbelievable it cannot be explained, especially to a tyrant with a thin skin one hand and the other encircling everything I need as a human being again. It's unbelievable that you are my neighbor. How you must hate me with a hate that knows no limit. Now I'll have the opportunity to return that hate. The trouble is that I don't have your name, address or telephone number. Oh why did I allow myself to be put in a "strange" place? Why did I allow myself to be put in a "strange" place? Why did I allow myself to be put in a "strange" place?

...to that."

Mr. OUYSEL furnished two additional letters which he stated in his opinion were written by the same person. These letters are not set out. The first of these additional two letters was addressed to JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER III in care of Rockefeller Foundation, East Tenth Street, New York, postmarked Columbus, Georgia April 9, 1953. This letter begins, "Dear John; This is a most peculiar ..." The second of these additional two letters was addressed to JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER III in care of Rockefeller Foundation, West Tenth Street, New York City, New York, postmarked Columbus, Georgia July 20, 1953 and begins "John; So you sent a couple..."

Under date of September 10, 1953 the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory advised that all three of these letters were written by the same individual. They further advised that the three letters had been searched through the anonymous letter file with negative results.

By letter dated September 11, 1953, the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory advised that all three letters had been processed for latent fingerprints with negative results.

... of this case was ... Assistant United
New York the ...
...
... for ...

9-24788-

NY 7-172

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

A description of the victim, JOHN D. RICHIE, III, is not set out inasmuch as he is not currently in the City and no contact was had with him.

REFERENCE: New York teletype to the Bureau 9-9-53.
New York letter to Laboratory 9-9-53.
Bureau airtel to New York 9-10-53.
Fulet to New York 9-11-53.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 10/1/53

FROM : SAC, New York (9-1931)

SUBJECT: UNSUB;
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III-VICTIM;
EXTORTION

Re: Rep SA [REDACTED] NYC, 9/28/53. **b7C**

Re: rep inadvertently carried the Bureau as office of origin.
It is requested that the Bureau copies be corrected to reflect New
York as origin. New York copies have been corrected.

64R-1

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE 7/26/55

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Belmont _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Mohr _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Mr. Gandy _____

TO : L. E. NICHOLS

FROM : D. J. PARSONS

SUBJECT: UNSUB;
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III - VICTIM
EXTORTION

95-50726

There is attached the file which has been maintained in the Laboratory in connection with the above-captioned matter. It is desired that this file be maintained as an enclosure behind the said file in the Records Section.

Attachment ENCL.

04 JUL 27 1955

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

9-24769-8

Laboratory Work Sheet

100-443887-100

Figure 1

File # 45-20146
Lab. # 1-17-11 AT

Examination requested by: SAC, New York 65-1571

Date of reference communication: 1-1-63

Date received: 9-10-92

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Result of Examination:

Examination by:

Specimens submitted for examination

TO SEP 9-11-53

- [illegible]

NO. 2

West 10th St. New York City, N.Y. 20
Envelope addressed "Mr. John D. Rockefeller III 30 Rockefeller Foundation
SPY."

Accompanying letter beginning "John So you sent a couple of.....
ending on second page "pleasure this time."

9 -24769- 9

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

7-2

Laboratory Work Sheet

Re *Isabel John H. Rockefeller, III*

File #
Lab. #

Examination requested by: *NY*
Date of reference communication: *9-9-53*
Examination requested: *Doc fpt*
Result of Examination:

Date received

9/10/53

Examination by

b7c

Specimens submitted for examination

Mr. J. P. M. L.
and Dean Lucille W. J.
Mr. J. P. R. S.
Mr. J. P. S.
John S. J. S.

9 - 24769 - 8

Best
copy available

... 1.2" from the edge ... 7.11"
... 0.34" x 0.035" ...
... 0.34" x 0.035" ...
... 0.34" x 0.035" ...

9-24769-8

muscle - bridge
section

7/12

to be done

Best copy
available

-24769-

3.5

9-10-60

2,9416

No. 2 ALE, n. y. + H. + ...
9-10-53

9-24769-Y

Best
Milafer

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION
COVER SHEET

SUBJECT: JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, III

FILE : 94-HQ-45303

John D. Rockefeller 3d Heads New Juvenile Crime Campaign

Committee on Youth and Justice Formed by Union of 2 Delinquency Groups

John D. Rockefeller 3d, who has made field trips of inspection to penitentiaries and other centers during the last seven years as a member of the committee on juvenile delinquency of the Bureau for Men and Boys, has been appointed chairman of an expanded committee for the study of the prevention of crimes by youth, it was announced yesterday.

The new group, known as the Committee on Youth and Justice, has been formed by merging the juvenile delinquency committee of the Bureau for Men and Boys and the similar committee of the Charity Organization Society. The group already is functioning with offices at 105 East Twenty-second Street. The offices were opened on June 1, it was said.

The committee will have as its objective to add to "existing knowledge in the field" of juvenile delinquency, and to "help with the promotion of new ideas and methods of treatment," it was announced by Community Service Society of New York, whose board of trustees set up the committee. This society was formed last month by the merger of the Charity Organization Society and the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

The other members of the committee are Edward L. Richards and Danforth Geer jr., who were associated with Mr. Rockefeller on the Bureau for Men and Boys committee, and Andre Maximov.

The committee's executive staff includes Leonard V. Harrison, former director of the Bureau of Social Hygiene, who has made extensive researches on delinquency and other social problems; George M. Hallwachs, director of the Bureau for Men and Boys, and Jack H. Stipe, who was in charge of the Charity Organization Society's delinquency work.

As chairman of the juvenile delinquency committee of the Bureau for Men and Boys, Mr. Rockefeller, since 1932, has made field trips of inspection to Sing Sing, the Tombs, the old penitentiary on Welfare Island and reformatories at Warwick, Hampton Farms and Randall's Island. Last May the work of his committee was summed up in a book, "Youth in the Toils," by Leonard V. Harrison and Pryor McNeill Grant, which indirectly drew public atten-



John D. Rockefeller 3d

tion for the first time to Mr. Rockefeller's work in the field.

Stanley P. Davies, executive director of the Community Service Society of New York, in announcing the new committee yesterday, drew attention to the recommendations made by the book: that a new court known as the Delinquent Minor Court, or Youth Court, be created; that the determination of guilt and the determination of treatment be separate functions, and that the disposition of offenders be based upon a diagnostic examination by experts.

Mr. Davies said that the proposals of "Youth in the Toils" would be "an important factor" in determining the program of the new committee.

Mr. Davies said that the Community Service Society of New York, a family welfare agency, had appointed the Committee on Youth and Justice in behalf of delinquents "because our studies have shown that delinquency in its origin is essentially a family problem."

"Despite some real advances in the understanding and treatment of the problems of delinquency," he said, "we are still in a stage of comparative unenlightenment in our handling of delinquents in relation to the progress we have made, for example, in the field of health."

The committee will concern itself primarily with the boy delinquent.

Rockefeller placed all given by 1939 mwc

Handwritten notes and signatures on the right margin, including a large signature that appears to be 'C. K. G. 1/5'.

94-4-275-4
NDV:ZEM June 15, 1939

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, 3rd
30 Rockefeller Plaza
Rockefeller Center
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Rockefeller:

I was delighted to read in the New York Herald Tribune for June 5, 1939, of your appointment as Chairman of the Committee for the Study of the Prevention of Crimes by Youth, and I did want to extend to you my hearty congratulations.

The juvenile delinquency problem existent in this country is of the utmost importance, and it is indeed gratifying to know that you are heading this organization of public-spirited citizens to study the youthful criminal. It is my opinion that the most effective manner in which to combat crime in this country is to prevent it at the source.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Nathan
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

ENCLOSURE

CB

MAILED

SE
RECORDED
&
INDEXED

N-94-45303-1

94-4-275-4

JUN 19 1939
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

102

b

Room 5600
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York

1a

JUNE 20
1939

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

Dear Mr. Hoover,

Thank you for your note of the 15th concerning the Committee on Youth and Justice. I appreciate very much your thought in writing.

The more I have studied the question of the youthful offender the more I have realized that the problem cannot be solved or even substantially relieved without approaching it from the many angles involved. An attack on a broad front is, of course, infinitely more difficult but is, it seems to me, essential.

RECORDED

Sincerely,

94-45303-2
94-4-275-5

John D. Rockefeller 3rd

RECORDED
NICHOLS
Wm. Gandy

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

John D. Rockefeller 3rd put in for

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.
April 6, 1940

EAT:TEB

Time 2:07 P. M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE

Inspector Gurnea called from New York and advised that Mr. Rockefeller's family is ill and therefore he requested that the appointment be postponed until 10 A. M. next Saturday.

He inquired what he should do in the meantime and I instructed him to work on the Western Union matter.

EAT
E. A. TAMM

*Re in
connection
with a new
house being
constructed
for him*

RECORDED

94-45303-3
94-45303-5X
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
1 APR 8 1940
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

MEG:GJD

May 3, 1940

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. Nathan	.....
Mr. E. A. Tamm	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Egan	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Lester	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

RE: SUGGESTED PROTECTION FOR
THE HOME OF JOHN D.
ROCKEFELLER, III.

Attached hereto, for inclusion in the file,
are eleven charts and blueprints of the home to be built by
John D. Rockefeller, III.

There is also attached hereto an advertisement
of the "Electric Eye" manufactured by the Ray-Alarm Company,
225 5th Street, Des Moines, Iowa, which is referred to in the
outlined suggestions.

Respectfully,

M. E. Gurnea
M. E. Gurnea

Enclosure

RECORDED

94-45203-4

71	7	6
FBI - BOSTON		
MAY 10 1940		
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE		
TAMM		

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

11 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☒ Deleted under exemption(s) b7C with no segregable material available for release to you.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
- ☐ Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies) _____, was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.

_____ Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); _____ as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):

☒ For your information: These are blue prints of
Rockefeller's house

☒ The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

94-45303-enclosure to 4

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 X DELETED PAGE(S) X
 X NO DUPLICATION FEE X
 X FOR THIS PAGE X
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Choice of CHIME or BELL

Included Without Charge in
Every RAY-ALARM Outfit



THE RAY-ALARM CHIME measures six inches on each side of the triangle. Beautifully designed and finished in the modern style, it harmonizes with any surroundings. It can be mounted on any flat surface. It sounds a clear, distinct and pleasant chime note each time the light beam is broken and is automatically re-set for the next stroke when the light beam is restored.



THE RAY-ALARM BELL gives a loud, clear, penetrating alarm. When the light beam is broken it will ring steadily until shut off. OR—can be set to ring ONLY WHILE THE BEAM IS INTERRUPTED, shutting off automatically when the beam is restored. Chime and bell both equipped with moulded plug ready to receive plug from RAY-ALARM cabinet.

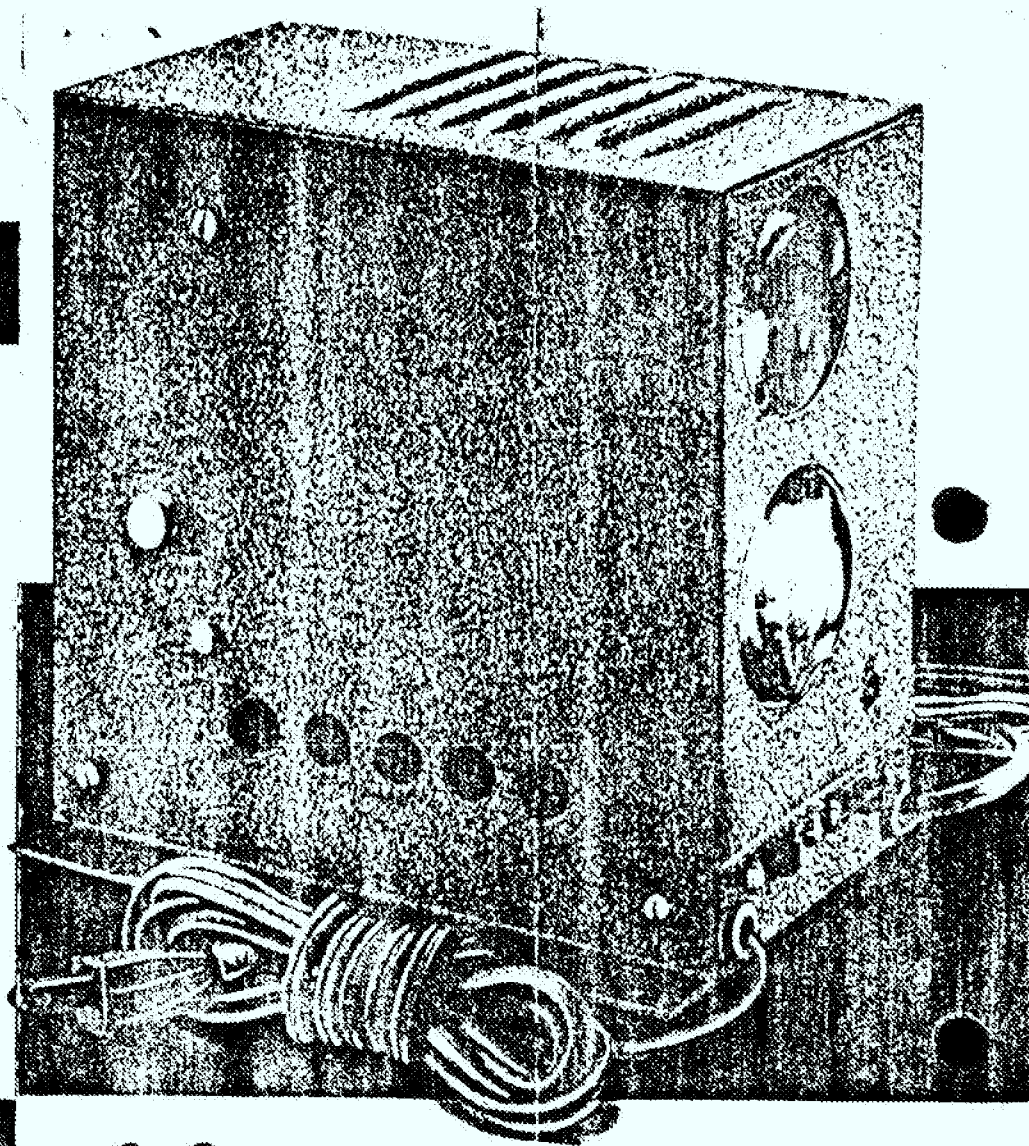
A SIGN like this furnished with each outfit for doors or windows of stores or homes.



STOP
ELECTRIC EYE
These Premises Are Protected by the Invisible Rays of the RAY-ALARM
Any object or person passing through these dark beams will set off double alarms or tear gas.
RAY-ALARM SYSTEMS
225 FIFTH STREET • DES MOINES, IOWA

Sold and Guaranteed by The RAY-ALARM COMPANY
225 Fifth Street, Des Moines, Iowa

YOUR LOCAL
DISTRIBUTOR



A Genuine
ELECTRIC EYE
PHOTO-ELECTRIC CELL

**AS AN ANNUNCIATOR — AS A BURGLAR
ALARM — AS A SMOKE DETECTOR FIRE ALARM**

NOW AT A PRICE THAT PUTS IT WITHIN
THE REACH OF ANYONE

IF YOU will just think of the RAY-ALARM as an ELECTRIC SWITCH its operation will be simple to understand. In the panel at the right each part is shown diagrammatically and its function explained. Many of the earlier and more expensive designs required two cabinets, one for the light and one for the cell, but RAY-ALARM is furnished

with a reflecting mirror that sends the beam BACK so that both the light and the cell are contained in the one compact cabinet. It operates on either visible or invisible ray and is so simply designed and constructed that anyone who can plug in a radio set can get satisfactory operation of the RAY-ALARM within a few minutes after its arrival.

THERE is no practical limit to the number of uses for the electric eye. From opening doors to matching colors in fabrics, its almost magical uses have astounded the public.

The most frequent need, however, for the public at large is for a compact unit with limited uses. It is to fill this need that RAY-ALARM is designed.

One of the most common uses of the RAY-ALARM is found in homes and stores as a burglar or fire alarm. Its invisible ray protects windows, doors, safes, cash registers, and valuable stocks. Whenever so much as the finger of an intruder—or his hat brim—breaks through this beam,

the "Eye" sets off an alarm that sends the thief scrambling from the premises. As a fire alarm, heavy smoke breaks the beam and the "Eye" reports the presence of smoke by ringing an alarm either on the spot or in another part of the store or house.

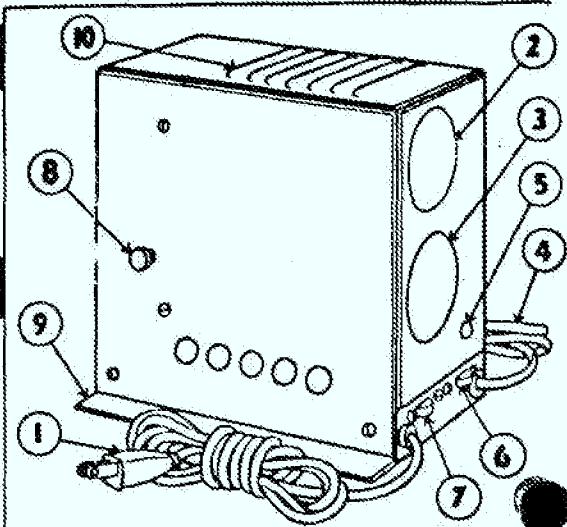
As a smoke-detector fire alarm the RAY-ALARM unit is fastened upside down or horizontally out from a rafter in the basement near the furnace or it is screwed to the ceiling of any room in which a fire may start. The mirror is mounted on the same level on the opposite side of the room.

As an annunciator for office or store use, or for filling stations, it can be used with the visible beam. The unit is mounted against the wall high up near the ceiling and the beams are focused diagonally down and across the door.

As a burglar alarm the entire unit can be concealed behind some other object or even recessed into a wall with only the two lenses visible. When used with the invisible light no intruder would suspect its presence until the clamor of the alarm told him he was discovered.

The standard RAY-ALARM Outfit fills the needs of the three largest markets and it is delivered complete. Nothing more need be bought for its perfect operation as a burglar alarm, smoke alarm or annunciator—and all the equipment is included in the one low price.

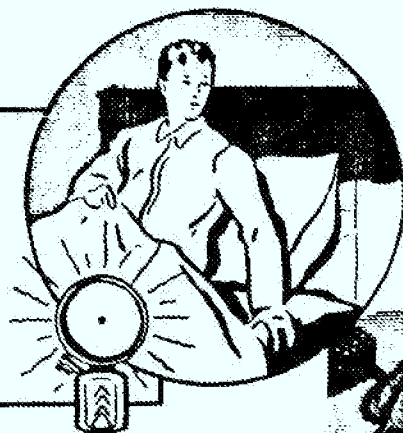
Dimensions: 9" x 4 1/2" x 8"; Shipping Weight, 14 pounds, including Stenol. Standard Unit operates over a distance of 35 feet. Special Model E2 operates up to 100 feet.



1. Plugs in a 110 volt A.C. circuit of 50-60 cycles.
2. Light beam leaves cabinet from upper lens.
3. Failing on mirror the beam is reflected back to the lower lens where it is focused on the photo-electric cell inside the cabinet.
4. Bell or chime is plugged into socket on output cord.
5. Screwdriver adjustment to increase or diminish sensitivity of cell.
6. Switch thrown to right causes bell to ring until it is shut off, once light beam is broken.

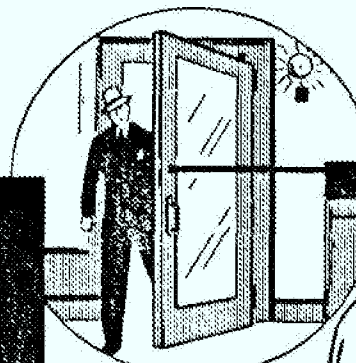
7. On and off switch for power to operate light.
8. Half turn on this knob makes light beam either visible or invisible.
9. Flange on each side of cabinet permits permanent mounting at any angle in any position.
10. Louvers permit heat to escape without showing light.

A LOUD alarm bell or several can be placed in different parts of the house to signal fire or presence of heavy smoke.



ALARM!

A burglar at your door or window will set off alarm outside house, in your bedroom, or bath. It will warn you and also scare him away.



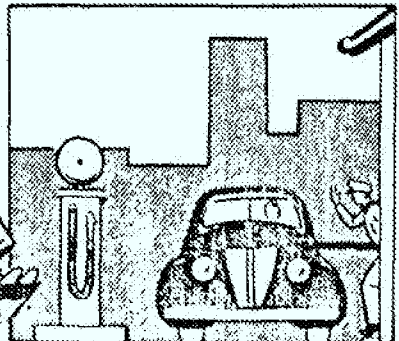
NOTIFIES

The second largest use for RAY-ALARM is as an annunciator. The slightest movement of a door or window can be made to ring an alarm or actuate the annunciator chime.



Uses either visible or invisible light beam
Operates on 110 Volt AC 50-60 Cycle Circuit

Filling station operators recognize at a glance what a boon they have in the RAY-ALARM. It can be focused to cover two drives or one. When a car drives in, it breaks the beam of light and the "Eye" strikes a chime annunciator in the station or in a nearby workshop or house to signal the presence of car requiring service. When the station closes at night the "Eye" can be re-focused in a jiffy—to protect the safe.



No "INSTALLATION" Required

THE design of the RAY-ALARM is intentionally simple. It has been engineered and built for the use of the layman who knows nothing about photo-electric cells or their use or adjustment. Anyone who can plug in a radio set can plug in the RAY-ALARM with equal ease.

With each unit we furnish a reflecting mirror mounted on a screw bracket and equipped with a universal neck joint so that the base can be screwed to a wall and the mirror adjusted to any angle AFTERWARD. When this is mounted in place, you simply swing the mirror until the beam of light emerging from the cabinet is reflected back to the lower lens. That's all there is to the "installation."

This great simplification is another feature that has made the photo-electric cell or electric eye a practical device for EVERYDAY use and large production has made possible a PRACTICAL PRICE for every day sale.

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

MEG:GJD

May 3, 1940

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

RE: SUGGESTED PROTECTION FOR
THE HOME OF JOHN D.
ROCKEFELLER, III.

There is attached hereto the report, or outline, of the suggestions made by the writer to Mr. John D. Rockefeller, III, during an oral conversation with him at his home near Mount Pleasant, New York.

There is also attached hereto a suggested rough draft letter of transmittal, which is subject to your approval.

Respectfully,

M. E. Gurnea
M. E. Gurnea

Enclosure

*Bulky destroyed per form 4-341
dated 5/12/69*

destroyed 5/26/69

*Encl. to be retained
per memo 5-28-58*

RECORDED

94-45303-5

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 9 1940
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
TWO

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

May 4, 1940

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, III
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York, New York

My dear Mr. Rockefeller:

There is attached hereto an outline of suggestions for the protection of your new home, as orally discussed with you by Mr. M. E. Gurnea of this Bureau. There is also attached a book of eleven exhibits which are referred to in the outline of suggestions.

If I can be of further assistance to you in this matter, I shall be happy to make the services of this Bureau available.

With best wishes and kind regards, I am

Sincerely,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosure

REGISTERED MAIL

Rough Draft.

74-15303-5

7-1-40

CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM

Although one does not desire to become an alarmist, it is believed that consideration should be given the proper action to be taken in the event a kidnaping or an attempted kidnaping should occur.

Past experience has proved that oftentimes a kidnaping investigation and the safe return of the victim is materially hampered by permitting too many persons to learn of the kidnaping immediately following its occurrence. A safe return of the victim oftentimes depends upon the assurance to the kidnapers that law enforcement agencies have not been advised. It is readily understood that news of a kidnaping travels rapidly and in a short period of time finds its way into the newspapers unless all information pertaining to the crime is closely guarded. It is therefore suggested that the servants be instructed that in the event such an emergency should arise, only the immediate family is to be notified. It is further suggested that if such an emergency should occur when you are not available that your family communicate with Mr. Kenneth Chorley who, I believe, is thoroughly capable of representing the family until such time as you may return. A telephone call should be made immediately to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D. C., or our New York City Office, advising of the known details of the case. If a ransom note is received, no outsider should be advised of its contents, and it should not be handled following such

94-45302-5
J. H. [unclear]

time as its contents are ascertained. This precaution is, of course, for the purpose of preventing the obliteration of latent fingerprints that may appear on the note.

Following the receipt of information indicating a kidnaping has occurred, this Bureau will instruct an official to immediately proceed to your home and be of every assistance possible in effecting the safe return of the victim. It is to be realized that not until such time as the victim is returned or while there is any possibility of his safe return will an open investigation be conducted or any other action taken which may jeopardize the victim's life or safety.

As a positive means of identification, it is suggested that consideration be given to the fingerprinting of all members of the family as well as all domestic employees. It is found to be highly desirable to fingerprint domestic employees so that their prints may be available for elimination in the event they should receive or handle a ransom letter. In this particular case it would also be possible to ascertain whether any of the domestic employees have a known criminal record. No doubt the regular family servants have been known over a considerable period of time. However, when opening a new home, it may be necessary to employ new servants about whom little is known.

If it is deemed desirable to fingerprint the family and servants, arrangements will be made to have an Agent of this Bureau proceed to

your home for the purpose of taking the fingerprints, which will be done in a manner that will not arouse suspicion on the part of the servants or apprehension on the part of the children.

The Bureau will file these fingerprints in its Civil Identification File in Washington or in so far as the immediate family is concerned, these prints may be retained by you in a safe place where they will be readily available at any time during the day or night.

RECORDED

94-45203-5

MEG:AI

May 7, 1940

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, III
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York City

My dear Mr. Rockefeller:

There is attached hereto an outline of suggestions for the protection of your new home as orally discussed with you by Mr. M. E. Gurnea of this Bureau. There is also attached a book of eleven exhibits which are referred to in the outline of suggestions.

There is also attached a memorandum for your confidential information, suggesting the plan of procedure in the event a kidnaping or a threatened kidnaping should occur.

If I can be of further assistance to you in this matter, I shall be happy to make the services of this Bureau available.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely,

Enclosure

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Nathan	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Miss Gandy	

On envelope - PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

REGISTERED

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
★ MAY 8 1940 ★
F. B. I.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
5 MAY 9 1940
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
H. T.

CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM

Although one does not desire to become an alarmist, it is believed that consideration should be given the proper action to be taken in the event a kidnaping or an attempted kidnaping should occur.

Past experience has proved that oftentimes a kidnaping investigation and the safe return of the victim are materially hampered by permitting too many persons to learn of the kidnaping immediately following its occurrence. A safe return of the victim oftentimes depends upon the assurance to the kidnapers that law enforcement agencies have not been advised. It is readily understood that news of a kidnaping travels rapidly and in a short period of time finds its way into the newspapers unless all information pertaining to the crime is closely guarded. It is therefore suggested that the servants be instructed that in the event such an emergency should arise, only the immediate

94-45303-5

~~44-4-15-7~~

family is to be notified. It is further suggested that if such an emergency should occur when you are not available that your family communicate with Mr. Kenneth Chorley who, I believe, is thoroughly capable of representing the family until such time as you may return. A telephone call should be made immediately to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D. C., or our New York City Office, advising of the known details of the case. If a ransom note is received, no outsider should be advised of its contents, and it should not be handled following such time as its contents are ascertained. This precaution is, of course, for the purpose of preventing the obliteration of latent fingerprints that may appear on the note.

Following the receipt of information indicating a kidnapping has occurred, this Bureau will instruct an official to immediately proceed to your home and

be of every assistance possible in effecting the safe return of the victim. It is to be realized that not until such time as the victim is returned or while there is any possibility of his safe return will an open investigation be conducted or any other action taken which may jeopardize the victim's life or safety.

As a positive means of identification, it is suggested that consideration be given to the fingerprinting of all members of the family as well as all domestic employees. It is found to be highly desirable to fingerprint domestic employees so that their prints may be available for elimination in the event they should receive or handle a ransom letter. In this particular case it would also be possible to ascertain whether any of the domestic employees have a known criminal record. No doubt the regular family servants have been

known over a considerable period of time. However, when opening a new home, it may be necessary to employ new servants about whom little is known.

If it is deemed desirable to fingerprint the family and servants, arrangements will be made to have an Agent of this Bureau proceed to your home for the purpose of taking the fingerprints, which will be done in a manner that will not arouse suspicion on the part of the servants or apprehension on the part of the children.

The Bureau will file these fingerprints in its Civil Identification File in Washington, or in so far as the immediate family is concerned, these prints may be retained by you in a safe place where they will be readily available at any time during the day or night.

Room 5600
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York 20, N.Y.

May 28, 1946.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Last week I saw Mr. E. E. Conroy,
the head of your New York office. I had a
most helpful conversation with him. He
was very understanding of my problem and
gave me the kind of guidance which I needed.

This note is just to tell you how
much I appreciated your kindness in making
the meeting possible.

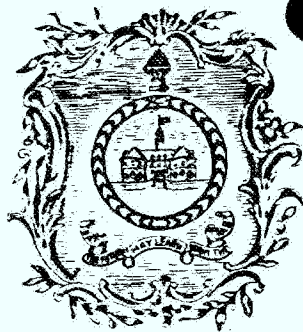
Sincerely,

Samuel R. Rockefeller 2nd

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
United States Department of Justice,
Washington, D. C.

59 JUN 13 1946

94-45303-6
~~94-45303-16~~
32 JUN 13 1946



Office of the Chairman

Colonial Williamsburg

Restored by John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York City

February 10, 1950



Dear Mr. Hoover:

As you may know, the Voice of Democracy winners are to spend the week-end of February 25th in Williamsburg in preparation for the special program that will be broadcast from the reconstructed Capitol on Monday afternoon, February 27th. General George C. Marshall has very generously accepted an invitation to give the principal address on that occasion. Preceding the broadcast Colonial Williamsburg will entertain a group of special guests at a luncheon at Williamsburg Inn in honor of General Marshall.

On behalf of Colonial Williamsburg I take pleasure in inviting you to spend Sunday and Monday in Williamsburg as our guest, and to attend this luncheon in honor of General Marshall on February 27th. It will give us great pleasure if you can come to Williamsburg sometime on Sunday and stay over for the very simple program that we are arranging on Monday. Because we have another special event - our House and Garden Symposium - beginning on Monday, the 27th, I regret it is not possible for us to urge you to stay longer. I do hope, however, that Sunday and Monday will be a convenient time for you and that you will let me know if you can attend so that we may make the necessary reservations for you at Williamsburg Inn.

Very sincerely,

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

(John D. Rockefeller, 3rd)

RECORDED - 16

INDEXED - 16

EX-115

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Ladd	✓
Mr. Clegg	✓
Mr. Glavin	✓
Mr. Nichols	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Tracy	✓
Mr. Egan	✓
Mr. Gurnea	✓
Mr. Harbo	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Mr. Nease	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

94-45303-7

174-45303-12
MAR 7 1950
34

February 14, 1950

RECORDED 18

94-45203-7
~~94-4-275-12~~

Mr. John D. Rockefeller, 3rd
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Rockefeller:

Your letter of February 10, 1950, has been received and I want to thank you for the invitation to spend the week-end in Williamsburg and attend the luncheon honoring General George C. Marshall on February 27, 1950.

While I deeply appreciate your kindness in this connection, I regret that prior commitments make it impossible for me to be with you on that occasion.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover.

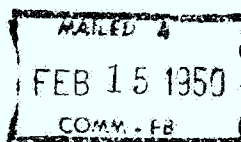
CC: New York

NJC:mcg
my

Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Nichols _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Tele. Room _____
Nease _____
Gandy _____

RECEIVED
FEB 15 1950
FEB 12 4 21 PM '50

52 MAR 9 1950



RECEIVED
FEB 15 1950
FEB 14 4 21 PM '50
S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE